**5008.E AMH LG H2690.1 - NOT FOR FLOOR USE**

**ESB 5008** - H COMM AMD

By Committee on Local Government

**NOT CONSIDERED 12/23/2019**

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"**Sec.**  RCW 58.17.020 and 2002 c 262 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter clearly requires otherwise, the words or phrases defined in this section shall have the indicated meanings.

(1) "Subdivision" is the division or redivision of land into five or more lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions for the purpose of sale, lease, or transfer of ownership, except as provided in subsection (6) of this section.

(2) "Plat" is a map or representation of a subdivision, showing thereon the division of a tract or parcel of land into lots, blocks, streets and alleys, or other divisions and dedications.

(3) "Dedication" is the deliberate appropriation of land by an owner for any general and public uses, reserving to himself or herself no other rights than such as are compatible with the full exercise and enjoyment of the public uses to which the property has been devoted. The intention to dedicate shall be evidenced by the owner by the presentment for filing of a final plat or short plat showing the dedication thereon; and, the acceptance by the public shall be evidenced by the approval of such plat for filing by the appropriate governmental unit.

A dedication of an area of less than two acres for use as a public park may include a designation of a name for the park, in honor of a deceased individual of good character.

(4) "Preliminary plat" is a neat and approximate drawing of a proposed subdivision showing the general layout of streets and alleys, lots, blocks, and other elements of a subdivision consistent with the requirements of this chapter. The preliminary plat shall be the basis for the approval or disapproval of the general layout of a subdivision.

(5) "Final plat" is the final drawing of the subdivision and dedication prepared for filing for record with the county auditor and containing all elements and requirements set forth in this chapter and in local regulations adopted under this chapter.

(6) "Short subdivision" is the division or redivision of land into four or fewer lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions for the purpose of sale, lease, or transfer of ownership, provided that:

(a) If the legislative authority of a county or city is not planning under RCW 36.70A.040, it may, by local ordinance, define short subdivision as the division or redivision of land into as many as nine or fewer lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions for the purpose of sale, lease, or transfer of ownership;

(b) If the legislative authority of a county or city is planning under RCW 36.70A.040, it may, by local ordinance, define short subdivision as the division or redivison of land into as many as nine or fewer lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions for the purpose of sale, lease, or transfer of ownership; and

(c) If the legislative authority of a county or city planning under RCW 36.70A.040 has adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations in compliance with chapter 36.70A RCW, it may, by local ordinance, define short subdivision as the division or redivison of land in any urban growth area, into as many as fourteen or fewer lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions for the purpose of sale, lease, or transfer of ownership. ((~~However, the legislative authority of any city or town may by local ordinance increase the number of lots, tracts, or parcels to be regulated as short subdivisions to a maximum of nine. The legislative authority of any county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 that has adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations in compliance with chapter 36.70A RCW may by ordinance increase the number of lots, tracts, or parcels to be regulated as short subdivisions to a maximum of nine in any urban growth area.~~))

(7) "Binding site plan" means a drawing to a scale specified by local ordinance which: (a) Identifies and shows the areas and locations of all streets, roads, improvements, utilities, open spaces, and any other matters specified by local regulations; (b) contains inscriptions or attachments setting forth such appropriate limitations and conditions for the use of the land as are established by the local government body having authority to approve the site plan; and (c) contains provisions making any development be in conformity with the site plan.

(8) "Short plat" is the map or representation of a short subdivision.

(9) "Lot" is a fractional part of divided lands having fixed boundaries, being of sufficient area and dimension to meet minimum zoning requirements for width and area. The term shall include tracts or parcels.

(10) "Block" is a group of lots, tracts, or parcels within well defined and fixed boundaries.

(11) "County treasurer" shall be as defined in chapter 36.29 RCW or the office or person assigned such duties under a county charter.

(12) "County auditor" shall be as defined in chapter 36.22 RCW or the office or person assigned such duties under a county charter.

(13) "County road engineer" shall be as defined in chapter 36.40 RCW or the office or person assigned such duties under a county charter.

(14) "Planning commission" means that body as defined in chapter 36.70, 35.63, or 35A.63 RCW as designated by the legislative body to perform a planning function or that body assigned such duties and responsibilities under a city or county charter.

(15) "County commissioner" shall be as defined in chapter 36.32 RCW or the body assigned such duties under a county charter.

**Sec.**  RCW 58.17.060 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 51 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of a city, town, or county ((~~shall~~)) must adopt regulations and procedures, and appoint administrative personnel for the summary approval of short plats and short subdivisions or alteration or vacation thereof. When an alteration or vacation involves a public dedication, the alteration or vacation ((~~shall~~)) must be processed as provided in RCW 58.17.212 or 58.17.215. Such regulations ((~~shall~~)) must be adopted by ordinance and ((~~shall~~)) must provide that a short plat and short subdivision may be approved only if written findings that are appropriate, as provided in RCW 58.17.110, are made by the administrative personnel, and may contain wholly different requirements than those governing the approval of preliminary and final plats of subdivisions and may require surveys and monumentations and ((~~shall~~)) must require filing of a short plat, or alteration or vacation thereof, for record in the office of the county auditor: PROVIDED, That such regulations must contain a requirement that land in short subdivisions may not be further divided in any manner within a period of five years without the filing of a final plat, except that when the short plat contains fewer than four parcels, nothing in this section shall prevent the owner who filed the short plat from filing an alteration within the five-year period to create up to a total of four lots within the original short plat boundaries: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such regulations are not required to contain a penalty clause as provided in RCW 36.32.120 and may provide for wholly injunctive relief.

An ordinance requiring a survey ((~~shall~~)) must require that the survey be completed and filed with the application for approval of the short subdivision.

(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, approval of short plats and short subdivisions creating ten or more lots in counties and cities planning under RCW 36.70A.040 and short plats and short subdivisions creating five or more lots in counties and cities not planning under RCW 36.70A.040 are subject to the provisions under RCW 58.17.110.

(3) Cities, towns, and counties ((~~shall~~)) must include in their short plat regulations and procedures pursuant to subsection (1) of this section provisions for considering sidewalks and other planning features that assure safe walking conditions for students who walk to and from school.

**Sec.**  RCW 58.17.110 and 2018 c 1 s 104 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The city, town, or county legislative body shall inquire into the public use and interest proposed to be served by the establishment of the subdivision and dedication. It shall determine: (a) If appropriate provisions are made for, but not limited to, the public health, safety, and general welfare, for open spaces, drainage ways, streets or roads, alleys, other public ways, transit stops, potable water supplies, sanitary wastes, parks and recreation, playgrounds, schools and schoolgrounds, and shall consider all other relevant facts, including sidewalks and other planning features that assure safe walking conditions for students who only walk to and from school; and (b) whether the public interest will be served by the subdivision and dedication.

(2)(a) A proposed subdivision and dedication shall not be approved unless the city, town, or county legislative body makes written findings that: ((~~(a)~~)) (i) Appropriate provisions are made for the public health, safety, and general welfare and for such open spaces, drainage ways, streets or roads, alleys, other public ways, transit stops, potable water supplies, sanitary wastes, parks and recreation, playgrounds, schools including but limited to school capacity and class size, and schoolgrounds and all other relevant facts, including sidewalks and other planning features that assure safe walking conditions for students who only walk to and from school; and ((~~(b)~~)) (ii) the public use and interest will be served by the platting of such subdivision and dedication. If it finds that the proposed subdivision and dedication make such appropriate provisions and that the public use and interest will be served, then the legislative body shall approve the proposed subdivision and dedication. Dedication of land to any public body, provision of public improvements to serve the subdivision, and/or impact fees imposed under RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090 may be required as a condition of subdivision approval. Dedications shall be clearly shown on the final plat. No dedication, provision of public improvements, or impact fees imposed under RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090 shall be allowed that constitutes an unconstitutional taking of private property. The legislative body shall not as a condition to the approval of any subdivision require a release from damages to be procured from other property owners.

(b) The written findings required under (a) of this subsection must address any public comments received under subsection (3) of this section.

(3) Any ordinance proposing the increased allowable number of lots pursuant to RCW 58.17.020 and 58.17.060 must provide for effective notice to neighbors, the community, and school districts servicing the lots, and provide an opportunity for public comment prior to the approval of any short plats or short subdivisions creating more than four lots.

(4) If the preliminary plat includes a dedication of a public park with an area of less than two acres and the donor has designated that the park be named in honor of a deceased individual of good character, the city, town, or county legislative body must adopt the designated name.

((~~(4)~~)) (5) If water supply is to be provided by a groundwater withdrawal exempt from permitting under RCW 90.44.050, the applicant's compliance with RCW 90.44.050 and with applicable rules adopted pursuant to chapters 90.22 and 90.54 RCW is sufficient in determining appropriate provisions for water supply for a subdivision, dedication, or short subdivision under this chapter."

Correct the title.

EFFECT: (1) Provides that a short subdivision is 4 lots, however counties and cities may increase:

(a) Up to 9 lots by local ordinance; or

(b) Up to 14 lots, by local ordinance, if they are planning under GMA, have adopted a comprehensive plan and is in an urban growth area.

(2) Requires any ordinance increasing the allowable number of lots under the act to provide for effective notice to neighbors, the community, and school districts servicing the lots, and provide an opportunity for public comment prior to the approval of any short plats or short subdivisions creating more than four lots.

(3) Requires that the written findings provided by the county/city must address any public comments received (relating to whether the short plats will have appropriate infrastructure provisions -- streets, transit stops, playgrounds, schools including but not limited to school capacity and class size, etc.).