

2SSB 6281 - H AMD 2094

By Representative MacEwen

OUT OF ORDER 03/06/2020

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and
4 cited as the Washington privacy act.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (1) The legislature
6 finds that the people of Washington regard their privacy as a
7 fundamental right and an essential element of their individual
8 freedom. Washington's Constitution explicitly provides the right to
9 privacy, and fundamental privacy rights have long been and continue
10 to be integral to protecting Washingtonians and to safeguarding our
11 democratic republic.

12 (2) Ongoing advances in technology have produced an exponential
13 growth in the volume and variety of personal data being generated,
14 collected, stored, and analyzed, which presents both promise and
15 potential peril. The ability to harness and use data in positive ways
16 is driving innovation and brings beneficial technologies to society;
17 however, it has also created risks to privacy and freedom. The
18 unregulated and unauthorized use and disclosure of personal
19 information and loss of privacy can have devastating impacts, ranging
20 from financial fraud, identity theft, and unnecessary costs, to
21 personal time and finances, to destruction of property, harassment,
22 reputational damage, emotional distress, and physical harm.

23 (3) Given that technological innovation and new uses of data can
24 help solve societal problems and improve quality of life, the
25 legislature seeks to shape responsible public policies where
26 innovation and protection of individual privacy coexist. The
27 legislature notes that our federal authorities have not developed or
28 adopted into law regulatory or legislative solutions that give
29 consumers control over their privacy. In contrast, the European
30 Union's general data protection regulation has continued to influence
31 data privacy policies and practices of those businesses competing in

1 global markets. In the absence of federal standards, Washington and
2 other states across the United States are analyzing elements of the
3 European Union's general data protection regulation to enact state-
4 based data privacy regulatory protections.

5 (4) With this act, Washington state will be among the first tier
6 of states giving consumers the ability to protect their own rights to
7 privacy and requiring companies to be responsible custodians of data
8 as technological innovations emerge. This act does so by explicitly
9 providing consumers the right to access, correction, and deletion of
10 personal data, as well as the right to opt out of the collection and
11 use of personal data for certain purposes. These rights will add to,
12 and not subtract from, the consumer protection rights that consumers
13 already have under Washington state law.

14 (5) Additionally, this act imposes affirmative obligations upon
15 companies to safeguard personal data and provide clear,
16 understandable, and transparent information to consumers about how
17 their personal data are used. It strengthens compliance and
18 accountability by requiring data protection assessments in the
19 collection and use of personal data. Finally, it empowers the state
20 attorney general to obtain and evaluate a company's data protection
21 assessments, to impose penalties where violations occur, and to
22 prevent against future violations.

23 (6) The legislature also encourages the state office of privacy
24 and data protection to monitor the development of universal privacy
25 controls that communicate a consumer's affirmative, freely given, and
26 unambiguous choice to opt out of the processing of personal data
27 concerning the consumer for the purposes of targeted advertising, the
28 sale of personal data, or profiling in furtherance of decisions that
29 produce legal effects concerning the consumer or similarly
30 significant effects concerning consumers.

31 (7) The legislature recognizes the unique business needs of
32 institutions of higher education and nonprofit corporations. However,
33 these entities control and process an extraordinary amount of
34 personal data and consumers should be afforded the rights provided by
35 this act regarding personal data. Therefore, it is the intent of the
36 legislature to delay the date of application for these entities by
37 three years in order to provide sufficient time to develop a plan to
38 comply with the provisions of this act.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
2 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
3 requires otherwise.

4 (1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled
5 by, or is under common control with, that other legal entity. For
6 these purposes, "control" or "controlled" means ownership of, or the
7 power to vote, more than fifty percent of the outstanding shares of
8 any class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over
9 the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals
10 exercising similar functions; or the power to exercise a controlling
11 influence over the management of a company.

12 (2) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine
13 that a request to exercise any of the rights in section 6 (1) through
14 (4) of this act is being made by the consumer who is entitled to
15 exercise such rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

16 (3) "Business associate" has the same meaning as in Title 45
17 C.F.R., established pursuant to the federal health insurance
18 portability and accountability act of 1996.

19 (4) "Child" means any natural person under thirteen years of age.

20 (5) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a freely
21 given, specific, informed, and unambiguous indication of a consumer's
22 agreement to the processing of personal data relating to the
23 consumer, such as by a written statement, including by electronic
24 means, or other clear affirmative action.

25 (6) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Washington
26 resident acting only in an individual or household context. It does
27 not include a natural person acting in a commercial or employment
28 context.

29 (7) "Controller" means the natural or legal person which, alone
30 or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the
31 processing of personal data.

32 (8) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as in Title 45 C.F.R.,
33 established pursuant to the federal health insurance portability and
34 accountability act of 1996.

35 (9) "Decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer
36 or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer" means
37 decisions that result in the provision or denial of financial and
38 lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment, criminal
39 justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to
40 basic necessities, such as food and water.

1 (10) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be
2 used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an
3 identified or identifiable natural person, or a device linked to such
4 person, provided that the controller that possesses the data: (a)
5 Takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be
6 associated with a natural person; (b) publicly commits to maintain
7 and use the data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt to
8 reidentify the data; and (c) contractually obligates any recipients
9 of the information to comply with all provisions of this subsection.

10 (11) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in RCW
11 70.02.010.

12 (12) "Health care information" has the same meaning as in RCW
13 70.02.010.

14 (13) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in RCW
15 70.02.010.

16 (14) "Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person
17 who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly.

18 (15) "Institutions of higher education" has the same meaning as
19 in RCW 28B.92.030.

20 (16) "Local government" has the same meaning as in RCW 39.46.020.

21 (17) "Nonprofit corporation" has the same meaning as in RCW
22 24.03.005.

23 (18) (a) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or
24 reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable natural person.
25 "Personal data" does not include deidentified data or publicly
26 available information.

27 (b) For purposes of this subsection, "publicly available
28 information" means information that is lawfully made available from
29 federal, state, or local government records.

30 (19) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of
31 operations which are performed on personal data or on sets of
32 personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as the
33 collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or
34 modification of personal data.

35 (20) "Processor" means a natural or legal person who processes
36 personal data on behalf of a controller.

37 (21) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of
38 personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects
39 concerning an identified or identifiable natural person's economic

1 situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability,
2 behavior, location, or movements.

3 (22) "Protected health information" has the same meaning as in
4 Title 45 C.F.R., established pursuant to the federal health insurance
5 portability and accountability act of 1996.

6 (23) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be
7 attributed to a specific natural person without the use of additional
8 information, provided that such additional information is kept
9 separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational
10 measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an
11 identified or identifiable natural person.

12 (24)(a) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal
13 data for monetary or other valuable consideration by the controller
14 to a third party.

15 (b) "Sale" does not include the following: (i) The disclosure of
16 personal data to a processor who processes the personal data on
17 behalf of the controller; (ii) the disclosure of personal data to a
18 third party with whom the consumer has a direct relationship for
19 purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer;
20 (iii) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of
21 the controller; (iv) the disclosure of information that the consumer
22 (A) intentionally made available to the general public via a channel
23 of mass media, and (B) did not restrict to a specific audience; or
24 (v) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as
25 an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other
26 transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part
27 of the controller's assets.

28 (25) "Security or safety purpose" means physical security,
29 protection of consumer data, safety, fraud prevention, or asset
30 protection.

31 (26) "Sensitive data" means (a) personal data revealing racial or
32 ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health condition
33 or diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration
34 status; (b) the processing of genetic or biometric data for the
35 purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person; (c) the personal
36 data from a known child; or (d) specific geolocation data. "Sensitive
37 data" is a form of personal data.

38 (27) "Specific geolocation data" means information derived from
39 technology, including, but not limited to, global positioning system
40 level latitude and longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that

1 directly identifies the specific location of a natural person with
2 the precision and accuracy below one thousand seven hundred fifty
3 feet. Specific geolocation data excludes the content of
4 communications.

5 (28) "State agency" has the same meaning as in RCW 43.105.020.

6 (29) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a
7 consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal data
8 obtained from a consumer's activities over time and across
9 nonaffiliated web sites or online applications to predict such
10 consumer's preferences or interests. It does not include advertising:

11 (a) Based on activities within a controller's own web sites or online
12 applications; (b) based on the context of a consumer's current search
13 query or visit to a web site or online application; or (c) to a
14 consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or
15 feedback.

16 (30) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public
17 authority, agency, or body other than the consumer, controller,
18 processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** JURISDICTIONAL SCOPE. (1) This chapter

20 applies to legal entities that conduct business in Washington or
21 produce products or services that are targeted to residents of
22 Washington, and that satisfy one or more of the following thresholds:

23 (a) During a calendar year, controls or processes personal data
24 of one hundred thousand consumers or more; or

25 (b) Derives over twenty-five percent of gross revenue from the
26 sale of personal data and processes or controls personal data of
27 twenty-five thousand consumers or more.

28 (2) This chapter does not apply to:

29 (a) State agencies, local governments, or tribes;

30 (b) Municipal corporations;

31 (c) Information that meets the definition of:

32 (i) Protected health information for purposes of the federal
33 health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and
34 related regulations;

35 (ii) Health care information for purposes of chapter 70.02 RCW;

36 (iii) Patient identifying information for purposes of 42 C.F.R.
37 Part 2, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 290dd-2;

38 (iv) Identifiable private information for purposes of the federal
39 policy for the protection of human subjects, 45 C.F.R. Part 46;

1 identifiable private information that is otherwise information
2 collected as part of human subjects research pursuant to the good
3 clinical practice guidelines issued by the international council for
4 harmonisation; the protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts
5 50 and 56; or personal data used or shared in research conducted in
6 accordance with one or more of the requirements set forth in this
7 subsection;

8 (v) Information and documents created specifically for, and
9 collected and maintained by:

10 (A) A quality improvement committee for purposes of RCW
11 43.70.510, 70.230.080, or 70.41.200;

12 (B) A peer review committee for purposes of RCW 4.24.250;

13 (C) A quality assurance committee for purposes of RCW 74.42.640
14 or 18.20.390;

15 (D) A hospital, as defined in RCW 43.70.056, for reporting of
16 health care-associated infections for purposes of RCW 43.70.056, a
17 notification of an incident for purposes of RCW 70.56.040(5), or
18 reports regarding adverse events for purposes of RCW 70.56.020(2)(b);

19 (vi) Information and documents created for purposes of the
20 federal health care quality improvement act of 1986, and related
21 regulations;

22 (vii) Patient safety work product for purposes of 42 C.F.R. Part
23 3, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 299b-21 through 299b-26; or

24 (viii) Information that is (A) deidentified in accordance with
25 the requirements for deidentification set forth in 45 C.F.R. Part
26 164, and (B) derived from any of the health care-related information
27 listed in this subsection (2)(c);

28 (d) Information originating from, and intermingled to be
29 indistinguishable with, information under (c) of this subsection that
30 is maintained by:

31 (i) A covered entity or business associate as defined by the
32 health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and
33 related regulations;

34 (ii) A health care facility or health care provider as defined in
35 RCW 70.02.010; or

36 (iii) A program or a qualified service organization as defined by
37 42 C.F.R. Part 2, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 290dd-2;

38 (e) Information used only for public health activities and
39 purposes as described in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 164.512;

1 (f)(i) An activity involving the collection, maintenance,
2 disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal information
3 bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit
4 capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or
5 mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, as defined in Title 15
6 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a(f), by a furnisher of information, as set forth in
7 Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681s-2, who provides information for use in a
8 consumer report, as defined in Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a(d), and by
9 a user of a consumer report, as set forth in Title 15 U.S.C. Sec.
10 1681b.

11 (ii) (f)(i) of this subsection shall apply only to the extent
12 that such activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure,
13 sale, communication, or use of such information by that agency,
14 furnisher, or user is subject to regulation under the fair credit
15 reporting act, Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq., and the information
16 is not collected, maintained, used, communicated, disclosed, or sold
17 except as authorized by the fair credit reporting act;

18 (g) Personal data collected and maintained for purposes of
19 chapter 43.71 RCW;

20 (h) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
21 pursuant to the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley act (P.L. 106-102), and
22 implementing regulations, if the collection, processing, sale, or
23 disclosure is in compliance with that law;

24 (i) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
25 pursuant to the federal driver's privacy protection act of 1994 (18
26 U.S.C. Sec. 2721 et seq.), if the collection, processing, sale, or
27 disclosure is in compliance with that law;

28 (j) Personal data regulated by the federal family educations
29 rights and privacy act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g and its implementing
30 regulations;

31 (k) Personal data regulated by the student user privacy in
32 education rights act, chapter 28A.604 RCW;

33 (l) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed
34 pursuant to the federal farm credit act of 1971 (as amended in 12
35 U.S.C. Sec. 2001-2279cc) and its implementing regulations (12 C.F.R.
36 Part 600 et seq.) if the collection, processing, sale, or disclosure
37 is in compliance with that law;

38 (m) Information and documents created specifically for, and
39 collected and maintained by, the news media, as defined by RCW

1 5.68.010, for the gathering, dissemination, or reporting of news or
2 information to the public; or

3 (n) Data maintained for employment records purposes.

4 (3) Controllers that are in compliance with the verifiable
5 parental consent mechanisms under the children's online privacy
6 protection act, Title 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6501 through 6506 and its
7 implementing regulations, shall be deemed compliant with any
8 obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** RESPONSIBILITY ACCORDING TO ROLE. (1)

10 Controllers and processors are responsible for meeting their
11 respective obligations established under this chapter.

12 (2) Processors are responsible under this chapter for adhering to
13 the instructions of the controller and assisting the controller to
14 meet its obligations under this chapter. Such assistance shall
15 include the following:

16 (a) Taking into account the nature of the processing, the
17 processor shall assist the controller by appropriate technical and
18 organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, for the
19 fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to consumer
20 requests to exercise their rights pursuant to section 6 of this act;
21 and

22 (b) Taking into account the nature of processing and the
23 information available to the processor, the processor shall assist
24 the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to
25 the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the
26 notification of a breach of the security of the system pursuant to
27 RCW 19.255.010; and shall provide information to the controller
28 necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document any data
29 protection assessments required by section 9 of this act.

30 (3) Notwithstanding the instructions of the controller, a
31 processor shall:

32 (a) Implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and
33 practices to protect personal data, taking into account the context
34 in which the personal data are to be processed;

35 (b) Ensure that each person processing the personal data is
36 subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the data; and

37 (c) Engage a subcontractor only after providing the controller
38 with an opportunity to object and pursuant to a written contract in
39 accordance with subsection (5) of this section that requires the

1 subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect
2 to the personal data.

3 (4) Processing by a processor shall be governed by a contract
4 between the controller and the processor that is binding on both
5 parties and that sets out the processing instructions to which the
6 processor is bound, including the nature and purpose of the
7 processing, the type of personal data subject to the processing, the
8 duration of the processing, and the obligations and rights of both
9 parties. In addition, the contract shall include the requirements
10 imposed by this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, as
11 well as the following requirements:

12 (a) At the choice of the controller, the processor shall delete
13 or return all personal data to the controller as requested at the end
14 of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data
15 is required by law;

16 (b) (i) The processor shall make available to the controller all
17 information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations
18 in this chapter; and (ii) the processor shall allow for, and
19 contribute to, reasonable audits and inspections by the controller or
20 the controller's designated auditor; alternatively, the processor
21 may, with the controller's consent, arrange for a qualified and
22 independent auditor to conduct, at least annually and at the
23 processor's expense, an audit of the processor's policies and
24 technical and organizational measures in support of the obligations
25 under this chapter using an appropriate and accepted control standard
26 or framework and audit procedure for such audits as applicable, and
27 shall provide a report of such audit to the controller upon request.

28 (5) In no event shall any contract relieve a controller or a
29 processor from the liabilities imposed on them by virtue of its role
30 in the processing relationship as defined by this chapter.

31 (6) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or
32 processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-
33 based determination that depends upon the context in which personal
34 data are to be processed. A person that is not limited in its
35 processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions,
36 or that fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller and not
37 a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A
38 processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions
39 with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a
40 processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others,

1 determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal
2 data, it is a controller with respect to such processing.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS. Consumers
4 may exercise the rights set forth in this section by submitting a
5 request, at any time, to a controller specifying which rights the
6 consumer wishes to exercise. In the case of processing personal data
7 concerning a known child, the parent or legal guardian of the known
8 child shall exercise the rights of this chapter on the child's
9 behalf. Where a controller processes personal data concerning a
10 consumer subject to guardianship, conservatorship, or other
11 protective arrangement under chapter 11.130 RCW, the controller must
12 allow the guardian or the conservator to exercise the rights of this
13 chapter on the consumer's behalf. Except as provided in this chapter,
14 the controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights
15 pursuant to subsections (1) through (5) of this section.

16 (1) *Right of access.* A consumer has the right to confirm whether
17 or not a controller is processing personal data concerning the
18 consumer and access such personal data.

19 (2) *Right to correction.* A consumer has the right to correct
20 inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer, taking into account
21 the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of
22 the personal data.

23 (3) *Right to deletion.* A consumer has the right to delete
24 personal data concerning the consumer.

25 (4) *Right to data portability.* A consumer has the right to obtain
26 personal data concerning the consumer, which the consumer previously
27 provided to the controller, in a portable and, to the extent
28 technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer
29 to transmit the data to another controller without hindrance, where
30 the processing is carried out by automated means.

31 (5) *Right to opt out.* A consumer has the right to opt out of the
32 processing of personal data concerning such consumer for purposes of
33 targeted advertising, the sale of personal data, or profiling in
34 furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a
35 consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer.

36 (6) *Responding to consumer requests.* (a) A controller must inform
37 a consumer of any action taken on a request under subsections (1)
38 through (5) of this section without undue delay and in any event
39 within forty-five days of receipt of the request. That period may be

1 extended once by forty-five additional days where reasonably
2 necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the
3 requests. The controller must inform the consumer of any such
4 extension within forty-five days of receipt of the request, together
5 with the reasons for the delay.

6 (b) If a controller does not take action on the request of a
7 consumer, the controller must inform the consumer without undue delay
8 and at the latest within forty-five days of receipt of the request of
9 the reasons for not taking action and instructions for how to appeal
10 the decision with the controller as described in subsection (7) of
11 this section.

12 (c) Information provided under this section must be provided by
13 the controller free of charge, up to twice annually to the consumer.
14 Where requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded or excessive,
15 in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller
16 may either: (i) Charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative
17 costs of complying with the request, or (ii) refuse to act on the
18 request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the
19 manifestly unfounded or excessive character of the request.

20 (d) A controller is not required to comply with a request to
21 exercise any of the rights under subsections (1) through (4) of this
22 section if the controller is unable to authenticate the request using
23 commercially reasonable efforts. In such cases, the controller may
24 request the provision of additional information reasonably necessary
25 to authenticate the request.

26 (7)(a) Controllers must establish an internal process whereby
27 consumers may appeal a refusal to take action on a request to
28 exercise any of the rights under subsections (1) through (5) of this
29 section within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's
30 receipt of the notice sent by the controller under subsection (6)(b)
31 of this section.

32 (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available and as
33 easy to use as the process for submitting such requests under this
34 section.

35 (c) Within thirty days of receipt of an appeal, a controller must
36 inform the consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to
37 the appeal, along with a written explanation of the reasons in
38 support thereof. That period may be extended by sixty additional days
39 where reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and
40 number of the requests serving as the basis for the appeal. The

1 controller must inform the consumer of any such extension within
2 thirty days of receipt of the appeal, together with the reasons for
3 the delay. The controller must also provide the consumer with an
4 email address or other online mechanism through which the consumer
5 may submit the appeal, along with any action taken or not taken by
6 the controller in response to the appeal and the controller's written
7 explanation of the reasons in support thereof, to the attorney
8 general.

9 (d) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken in
10 response to an appeal pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the
11 controller must clearly and prominently ask the consumer whether the
12 consumer consents to having the controller submit the appeal, along
13 with any action taken or not taken by the controller in response to
14 the appeal and must, upon request, provide the controller's written
15 explanation of the reasons in support thereof, to the attorney
16 general. If the consumer provides such consent, the controller must
17 submit such information to the attorney general.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** PROCESSING DEIDENTIFIED DATA OR
19 PSEUDONYMOUS DATA. (1) This chapter does not require a controller or
20 processor to do any of the following solely for purposes of complying
21 with this chapter:

22 (a) Reidentify deidentified data;

23 (b) Comply with an authenticated consumer request to access,
24 correct, delete, or port personal data pursuant to section 6 (1)
25 through (4) of this act, if all of the following are true:

26 (i)(A) The controller is not reasonably capable of associating
27 the request with the personal data, or (B) it would be unreasonably
28 burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the
29 personal data;

30 (ii) The controller does not use the personal data to recognize
31 or respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the
32 personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal
33 data about the same specific consumer; and

34 (iii) The controller does not sell the personal data to any third
35 party or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to any
36 third party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in
37 this section; or

1 (c) Maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain,
2 retain, or access any data or technology, in order to be capable of
3 associating an authenticated consumer request with personal data.

4 (2) The rights contained in section 6 (1) through (4) of this act
5 do not apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is
6 able to demonstrate any information necessary to identify the
7 consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and
8 organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing
9 such information.

10 (3) A controller that uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data
11 must exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any
12 contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or
13 deidentified data are subject, and must take appropriate steps to
14 address any breaches of contractual commitments.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROLLERS. (1)
16 *Transparency.*

17 (a) Controllers shall provide consumers with a reasonably
18 accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:

19 (i) The categories of personal data processed by the controller;

20 (ii) The purposes for which the categories of personal data are
21 processed;

22 (iii) How and where consumers may exercise the rights contained
23 in section 6 of this act, including how a consumer may appeal a
24 controller's action with regard to the consumer's request;

25 (iv) The categories of personal data that the controller shares
26 with third parties, if any; and

27 (v) The categories of third parties, if any, with whom the
28 controller shares personal data.

29 (b) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or
30 processes personal data for targeted advertising, it must clearly and
31 conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the manner in
32 which a consumer may exercise the right to opt out of such
33 processing, in a clear and conspicuous manner.

34 (c) Controllers shall establish, and shall describe in the
35 privacy notice, one or more secure and reliable means for consumers
36 to submit a request to exercise their rights under this chapter. Such
37 means shall take into account the ways in which consumers interact
38 with the controller, the need for secure and reliable communication
39 of such requests, and the controller's ability to authenticate the

1 identity of the consumer making the request. Controllers shall not
2 require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise a
3 right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing
4 account to exercise the consumer's rights under this chapter.

5 (2) *Purpose specification.* A controller's collection of personal
6 data must be limited to what is reasonably necessary in relation to
7 the purposes for which such data are processed, as disclosed to the
8 consumer.

9 (3) *Data minimization.* A controller's collection of personal data
10 must be adequate, relevant, and limited to what is reasonably
11 necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data are
12 processed, as disclosed to the consumer.

13 (4) *Avoid secondary use.* Except as provided in this chapter, a
14 controller may not process personal data for purposes that are not
15 reasonably necessary to, or compatible with, the purposes for which
16 such personal data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer,
17 unless the controller obtains the consumer's consent.

18 (5) *Security.* A controller shall establish, implement, and
19 maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data
20 security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and
21 accessibility of personal data. Such data security practices shall be
22 appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue.

23 (6) *Nondiscrimination.* A controller may not process personal data
24 in violation of state and federal laws that prohibit unlawful
25 discrimination against consumers. A controller shall not discriminate
26 against a consumer for exercising any of the rights contained in this
27 chapter, including denying goods or services to the consumer,
28 charging different prices or rates for goods or services, and
29 providing a different level of quality of goods and services to the
30 consumer. This subsection shall not prohibit a controller from
31 offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of
32 goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services
33 for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's
34 voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium
35 features, discounts, or club card program. A controller may not sell
36 personal data to a third-party controller as part of such a program
37 unless: (a) The sale is reasonably necessary to enable the third
38 party to provide a benefit to which the consumer is entitled; (b) the
39 sale of personal data to third parties is clearly disclosed in the
40 terms of the program; and (c) the third party uses the personal data

1 only for purposes of facilitating such benefit to which the consumer
2 is entitled and does not retain or otherwise use or disclose the
3 personal data for any other purpose. A controller may not enroll a
4 consumer in a facial recognition service in connection with a bona
5 fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card
6 program.

7 (7) *Sensitive data.* Except as otherwise provided in this act, a
8 controller may not process sensitive data concerning a consumer
9 without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the case of the
10 processing of personal data concerning a known child, without
11 obtaining consent from the child's parent or lawful guardian, in
12 accordance with the children's online privacy protection act
13 requirements.

14 (8) *Nonwaiver of consumer rights.* Any provision of a contract or
15 agreement of any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a
16 consumer's rights under this chapter shall be deemed contrary to
17 public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** DATA PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS. (1)

19 Controllers must conduct and document a data protection assessment of
20 each of the following processing activities involving personal data:

21 (a) The processing of personal data for purposes of targeted
22 advertising;

23 (b) The sale of personal data;

24 (c) The processing of personal data for purposes of profiling,
25 where such profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of: (i)
26 Unfair or deceptive treatment of, or disparate impact on, consumers;
27 (ii) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers; (iii)
28 a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the
29 private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would
30 be offensive to a reasonable person; or (iv) other substantial injury
31 to consumers;

32 (d) The processing of sensitive data; and

33 (e) Any processing activities involving personal data that
34 present a heightened risk of harm to consumers.

35 Such data protection assessments must take into account the type
36 of personal data to be processed by the controller, including the
37 extent to which the personal data are sensitive data, and the context
38 in which the personal data are to be processed.

1 (2) Data protection assessments conducted under subsection (1) of
2 this section must identify and weigh the benefits that may flow
3 directly and indirectly from the processing to the controller,
4 consumer, other stakeholders, and the public against the potential
5 risks to the rights of the consumer associated with such processing,
6 as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to
7 reduce such risks. The use of deidentified data and the reasonable
8 expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing
9 and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose
10 personal data will be processed, must be factored into this
11 assessment by the controller.

12 (3) The attorney general may request, in writing, that a
13 controller disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant
14 to an investigation conducted by the attorney general. The controller
15 must make a data protection assessment available to the attorney
16 general upon such a request. The attorney general may evaluate the
17 data protection assessments for compliance with the responsibilities
18 contained in section 8 of this act and with other laws including, but
19 not limited to, chapter 19.86 RCW. Data protection assessments are
20 confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying under
21 chapter 42.56 RCW. The disclosure of a data protection assessment
22 pursuant to a request from the attorney general under this subsection
23 does not constitute a waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work
24 product protection with respect to the assessment and any information
25 contained in the assessment.

26 (4) Data protection assessments conducted by a controller for the
27 purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may qualify
28 under this section if they have a similar scope and effect.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** LIMITATIONS AND APPLICABILITY. (1) The
30 obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter
31 do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to:

32 (a) Comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or
33 regulations;

34 (b) Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry,
35 investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, local, or
36 other governmental authorities;

37 (c) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or
38 activity that the controller or processor reasonably and in good

1 faith believes may violate federal, state, or local laws, rules, or
2 regulations;

3 (d) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend
4 legal claims;

5 (e) Provide a product or service specifically requested by a
6 consumer, perform a contract to which the consumer is a party, or
7 take steps at the request of the consumer prior to entering into a
8 contract;

9 (f) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential
10 for the life of the consumer or of another natural person, and where
11 the processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis;

12 (g) Prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security
13 incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive
14 activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity or
15 security of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those
16 responsible for any such action;

17 (h) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or
18 statistical research in the public interest that adheres to all other
19 applicable ethics and privacy laws if the deletion of the information
20 is likely to render impossible or seriously impair the achievement of
21 the research and the consumer provided consent; or

22 (i) Assist another controller, processor, or third party with any
23 of the obligations under this subsection.

24 (2) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under
25 this chapter do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to
26 collect, use, or retain data to:

27 (a) Conduct internal research solely to improve or repair
28 products, services, or technology;

29 (b) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or
30 intended functionality; or

31 (c) Perform solely internal operations that are reasonably
32 aligned with the expectations of the consumer based on the consumer's
33 existing relationship with the controller, or are otherwise
34 compatible with processing in furtherance of the provision of a
35 product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the
36 performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party.

37 (3) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under
38 this chapter do not apply where compliance by the controller or
39 processor with this chapter would violate an evidentiary privilege
40 under Washington law and do not prevent a controller or processor

1 from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person
2 covered by an evidentiary privilege under Washington law as part of a
3 privileged communication.

4 (4) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a
5 third-party controller or processor in compliance with the
6 requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this chapter if
7 the recipient processes such personal data in violation of this
8 chapter, provided that, at the time of disclosing the personal data,
9 the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge
10 that the recipient intended to commit a violation. A third-party
11 controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller or
12 processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is
13 likewise not in violation of this chapter for the obligations of the
14 controller or processor from which it receives such personal data.

15 (5) Obligations imposed on controllers and processors under this
16 chapter shall not:

17 (a) Adversely affect the rights or freedoms of any persons, such
18 as exercising the right of free speech pursuant to the First
19 Amendment to the United States Constitution; or

20 (b) Apply to the processing of personal data by a natural person
21 in the course of a purely personal or household activity.

22 (6) Personal data that are processed by a controller pursuant to
23 this section must not be processed for any purpose other than those
24 expressly listed in this section. Personal data that are processed by
25 a controller pursuant to this section may be processed solely to the
26 extent that such processing is: (i) Necessary, reasonable, and
27 proportionate to the purposes listed in this section; and (ii)
28 adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to
29 the specific purpose or purposes listed in this section. Furthermore,
30 personal data that are collected, used, or retained pursuant to
31 subsection (2) of this section must, insofar as possible, taking into
32 account the nature and purpose or purposes of such collection, use,
33 or retention, be subjected to reasonable administrative, technical,
34 and physical measures to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and
35 accessibility of the personal data, and to reduce reasonably
36 foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to such collection,
37 use, or retention of personal data.

38 (7) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an
39 exemption in this section, the controller bears the burden of

1 demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and
2 complies with the requirements in subsection (6) of this section.

3 (8) Processing personal data solely for the purposes expressly
4 identified in subsection (1)(a) through (d) or (g) of this section
5 does not, by itself, make an entity a controller with respect to such
6 processing.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** ENFORCEMENT. (1) The attorney general has
8 exclusive authority to enforce this chapter by bringing an action in
9 the name of the state, or as parens patriae on behalf of persons
10 residing in the state. In such an action, a controller or processor
11 that violates this chapter is subject to an injunction and liable for
12 a civil penalty of up to seven thousand five hundred dollars for each
13 violation.

14 (2) The attorney general has the same authority to investigate
15 alleged violations of this chapter that the attorney general has to
16 investigate alleged violations of chapter 19.86 RCW including, but
17 not limited to, the authority provided by RCW 19.86.110.

18 (3) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to diminish the
19 rights and remedies that consumers have under other law including,
20 without limitation, the common law, chapter 19.86 RCW, the Washington
21 state Constitution, and the United States Constitution. To that end,
22 consumers retain their existing rights to bring a civil action under
23 chapter 19.86 RCW for conduct relating to the processing of personal
24 data.

25 (4) Where more than one controller or processor, or both a
26 controller and a processor, involved in the same processing is in
27 violation of this chapter, the liability must be allocated among the
28 parties according to principles of comparative fault.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** CONSUMER PRIVACY ACCOUNT. The consumer
30 privacy account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from
31 the imposition of civil penalties under this chapter must be
32 deposited into the account except for the recovery of costs and
33 attorneys' fees accrued by the attorney general in enforcing this
34 chapter. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
35 Moneys in the account may only be used for the purposes of the office
36 of privacy and data protection as created under RCW 43.105.369, and
37 may not be used to supplant general fund appropriations to the
38 agency.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** PREEMPTION. (1) Except as provided in
2 subsection (2) of this section, this chapter supersedes and preempts
3 laws, ordinances, regulations, or the equivalent adopted by any local
4 entity regarding the processing of personal data by controllers or
5 processors.

6 (2) Laws, ordinances, or regulations regarding the processing of
7 personal data by controllers or processors that were adopted by any
8 local entity prior to January 1, 2020, are not superseded or
9 preempted.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT. (1) The attorney
11 general shall compile a report evaluating the liability and
12 enforcement provisions of this chapter including, but not limited to,
13 the effectiveness of its efforts to enforce this chapter, and any
14 recommendations for changes to such provisions.

15 (2) The attorney general shall submit the report to the governor
16 and the appropriate committees of the legislature by July 1, 2022.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** JOINT RESEARCH INITIATIVES. The governor
18 may enter into agreements with the governments of the Canadian
19 province of British Columbia and the states of California and Oregon
20 for the purpose of sharing personal data or personal information by
21 public bodies across national and state borders to enable
22 collaboration for joint data-driven research initiatives. Such
23 agreements must provide reciprocal protections that the respective
24 governments agree appropriately safeguard the data.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** This chapter does not apply to
26 institutions of higher education or nonprofit corporations until July
27 31, 2024.

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** Sections 1 through 16 and 18 of this act
29 constitute a new chapter in Title 19 RCW.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** This act takes effect July 31, 2021."

31 Correct the title.

EFFECT: (1) Removes all facial recognition provisions and related
definitions.

(2) Modifies one of the jurisdictional scope thresholds to make the obligations of the bill applicable to legal entities that derive over twenty-five, rather than fifty, percent of gross revenue from the sale of personal data and control or process personal data of at least twenty-five thousand or more consumers.

(3) Adds an exemption for certain news media activity.

(4) Provides that controllers must allow guardians or conservators to exercise consumer personal data rights on behalf of consumers subject to guardianship or conservatorship.

(5) Provides the Attorney General with the same authority to investigate violations of this chapter that it has to investigate alleged violations under the Consumer Protection Act.

(6) Provides that nothing in this chapter is to be construed to diminish the rights and remedies that consumers have under other law and that consumers retain their existing rights to bring a civil action under the Consumer Protection Act for conduct relating to the processing of personal data.

(7) Specifies that local laws, ordinances, or regulations regarding the processing of personal data by controllers or processors that were adopted prior to January 1, 2020, are not superseded or preempted.

(8) Removes facial recognition provisions and applicable definitions.

(9) Makes a technical correction in section 4.

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