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By Committee on Housing Stability & Affordability

ADOPTED 03/03/2020

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 1 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature makes the following findings: 4
- in temporary settings hosted by religious Residents organizations are a particularly vulnerable population that do not have access to the same services as citizens with more stable 7 8 housing.
  - (b) Residents in these settings, including outdoor uses such as outdoor encampments, indoor overnight shelters, temporary small houses on-site, and homeless-occupied vehicle resident safe parking, can be at increased risk of exploitation, theft, unsanitary living conditions, and physical harm.
  - (c) Furthermore, the legislature finds and declares that hosted outdoor encampments, indoor overnight shelters, temporary small houses on-site, and homeless-occupied vehicle resident safe parking serve as pathways for individuals experiencing homelessness to receive services and achieve financial stability, health, and permanent housing.
  - (2) The legislature intends that local municipalities have the discretion to protect the health and safety of both residents in temporary settings that are hosted by religious organizations and the surrounding community. The legislature encourages local jurisdictions and religious organizations to work together collaboratively to protect the health and safety of residents and the surrounding community while allowing religious organizations to fulfill their mission to serve the homeless. The legislature further intends to monitor the implementation of this act and continue to refine it to achieve these goals.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.01.290 and 2010 c 175 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a county may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that:
  - (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by the religious organization;
  - (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability;  $((\Theta r))$
  - (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

    A county has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
  - (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any calendar year. However, a county may enact an ordinance or regulation that requires a separation of time of no more than three months between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site;
  - (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
- 35 <u>(f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization</u>
  36 <u>outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any</u>
  37 <u>given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor</u>
  38 <u>encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located</u>
  39 <u>within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently</u>
  40 hosted by a religious organization;

- (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- 8 <u>(i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten</u>
  9 on-site parking spaces;
- 10 <u>(ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings</u>
  11 <u>on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the</u>
  12 <u>provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are</u>
  13 <u>hosted; and</u>
  - (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the county, but a county may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
- 21 (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an 22 indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits 23 due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except 24 that:
  - (i) If a county fire official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the county may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
  - (ii) A county may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
    - (A) Posted safe means of egress;
- 38 <u>(B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as</u>
  39 necessary, and fire extinguishers;

- 1 (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication 2 3 devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
  - (i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the following criteria:
- (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious 8 organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum 9 understanding; 10
- (ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred 11 12 twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- (iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the 13 14 local jurisdiction;
- (iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local 15 16 fire authority;
- 17 (v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious 18 19 organization also possess keys;
  - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;

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- (vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms 21 solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable 22 23 running water to be available if not provided within the individual 24 units, including accommodating black water;
  - (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.
- (3) (a) A county may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that requires a host religious organization and a distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property, owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses on-site, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a 33 34 memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the residents of 35 36 the county.
- 37 (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle 38 39 resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor 40 overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the Code Rev/RB:jlb 4 S-7153.1/20

resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.

- (4) If required to do so by the county, any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the county or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
- (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded managing agency, must work with the county to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight, extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings does not need to meet this requirement.
  - (6) For the purposes of this section( $(\tau)$ ):
- 39 <u>(a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious</u>
  40 <u>organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to</u>
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- 1 organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small
- 2 <u>houses on-site, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe</u>
- 3 parking program.

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- 4 <u>(b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure</u> 5 encampment, or both.
- 6 <u>(c)</u> "Religious organization" means the federally protected 7 practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution 8 that owns or controls real property.
- 9 <u>(d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not</u> 10 <u>using underground utilities.</u>
- 11 ((\(\frac{(4+)}{(4+)}\)) (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a
  12 county policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable
  13 consent decree that regulates religious organizations' hosting of the
  14 homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, or
  15 consent decrees:
  - (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;
- 17 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u>
  18 religious organizations; and
- 19 <u>(iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the</u>
  20 <u>religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.</u>
  21 <u>2000cc.</u>
  - (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section, those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
  - (8) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section.
- 133 (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle
  134 resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless
  135 that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host
  136 any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital
  137 status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin,
  138 honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of
  139 any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained

- dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
- 3 (10) (a) Prior to the opening of an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident 4 safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on 5 6 property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host 7 a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for discussion of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in 8 response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must 9 10 provide written notice of the meeting to the county legislative authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six 11 hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place, 12 and purpose of the meeting. 13
- 14 <u>(b) A county must provide community notice of the meeting</u>
  15 <u>described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the</u>
  16 following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:
  - (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the governing body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
    - (ii) Posting on the county's web site. A county is not required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it: (A) Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or update the web site;
    - (iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the location of the meeting; or
      - (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.
- 31 **Sec. 3.** RCW 35.21.915 and 2010 c 175 s 3 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments 34 for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious 35 organization whether within buildings located on the property or 36 elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.
- 37 (2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a city 38 or town may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other 39 action that:

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- (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by the religious organization;
- (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability; ((organge))
- (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

  A city or town has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
- (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any calendar year. However, a city or town may enact an ordinance or regulation that requires a separation of time of no more than three months between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site;
- (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
- (f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently hosted by a religious organization;
- (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- (i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten on-site parking spaces;

- (ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings
  on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the
  provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are
  hosted; and
  - (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the city or town, but a city or town may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
- (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:
  - (i) If a city or town fire official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the city or town may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
  - (ii) A city or town may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
    - (A) Posted safe means of egress;
- 30 <u>(B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as</u>
  31 necessary, and fire extinguishers;
- 32 (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are 33 familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication 34 devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
- (i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary

  small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious

  organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the

  following criteria:

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- 1 (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious
  2 organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum of
  3 understanding;
  - (ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- 6 (iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the local jurisdiction;
- 8 <u>(iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local</u>
  9 <u>fire authority;</u>
  - (v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious organization also possess keys;
    - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;

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- (vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms
  solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable
  running water to be available if not provided within the individual
  units, including accommodating black water;
  - (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.
  - (3) (a) A city or town may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that requires a host religious organization and a distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property, owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses onsite, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the residents of the city or town.
- 30 (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information 31 regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle 32 resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the 33 34 resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious 35 36 organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding 37 the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious 38 39 organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the 40 outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight Code Rev/RB:jlb 10 S-7153.1/20

- shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.
  - (4) If required to do so by a city or town, any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the city or town or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
    - (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded managing agency, must work with the city or town to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight, extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings does not need to meet this requirement.
      - (6) For the purposes of this section( $(\tau)$ ):
  - (a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small houses on-site, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe parking program.
- 38 <u>(b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure</u> 39 encampment, or both.

- 1 <u>(c)</u> "Religious organization" means the federally protected 2 practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution 3 that owns or controls real property.
  - (d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not using underground utilities.
  - ((\(\frac{(4+)}{(4+)}\)) (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a city or town policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable consent decree that regulates religious organizations' hosting of the homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, or consent decrees:
- 11 (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;

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- 12 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u>
  13 religious organizations; and
- 14 <u>(iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the</u> 15 <u>religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.</u> 16 <u>2000cc.</u>
  - (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section, those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
  - (8) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section.
  - (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin, honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
- 37 (10) (a) Prior to the opening of an outdoor encampment, indoor
  38 overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident
  39 safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on
  40 property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host
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- a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for discussion of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in
- 3 response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must
- 4 provide written notice of the meeting to the city or town legislative
- 5 authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six
- 6 hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place,
- 7 and purpose of the meeting.
- 8 (b) A city or town must provide community notice of the meeting
  9 described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the
  10 following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:
- (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the governing body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
- (ii) Posting on the city or town's web site. A city or town is
  not required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it:

  (A) Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time
  equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as
  defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or
  update the web site;
- 20 <u>(iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in</u>
  21 <u>height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be</u>
  22 <u>placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the</u>
  23 location of the meeting; or
- 24 (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.
- 25 **Sec. 4.** RCW 35A.21.360 and 2010 c 175 s 4 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
  - (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a code city may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that:
- 34 (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect 35 public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the 36 decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the 37 location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor 38 overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident

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- safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by
  the religious organization;
  - (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability;  $((\Theta r))$
  - (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

    A code city has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
- (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any calendar year. However, a code city may enact an ordinance or regulation that requires a separation of time of no more than three months between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site;
- (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
  - (f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently hosted by a religious organization;
  - (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- (i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten on-site parking spaces;
- (ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings
  on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the
  provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are
  hosted; and

- (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the code city, but a code city may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
- (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:
- (i) If a code city fire official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the code city may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
  - (ii) A code city may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
    - (A) Posted safe means of egress;
  - (B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as necessary, and fire extinguishers;
  - (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
- (i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary
  small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious
  organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the
  following criteria:
- (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious
  organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum of
  understanding;
- 37 <u>(ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred</u>
  38 twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- (iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the local jurisdiction;

- 1 (iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local 2 fire authority;
  - (v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious organization also possess kevs;
    - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;

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- 7 (vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable 8 running water to be available if not provided within the individual 9 10 units, including accommodating black water;
- (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to 11 partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways 13 to permanent housing.
  - (3) (a) A code city may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that requires a host religious organization and a distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property, owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses on-site, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the residents of the code city.
  - (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.
- 39 (4) If required to do so by a code city, any host religious 40 organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle Code Rev/RB:jlb 16 S-7153.1/20

- 1 resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the code 2 city or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender 3 checks of all adult residents and quests. The host religious 4 organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain 5 6 on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle 7 resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply 8 with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and 9 10 provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
- (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an 11 outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small 12 house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded 13 managing agency, must work with the code city to utilize Washington's 14 15 homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a 16 17 managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless 18 19 client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the 20 homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight, 21 extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings 22 23 does not need to meet this requirement.
  - (6) For the purposes of this section  $((\tau))$ :
- 25 (a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious
  26 organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to
  27 organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small
  28 houses on-site, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe
  29 parking program.
- 30 <u>(b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure</u> 31 <u>encampment, or both.</u>
- 32 <u>(c)</u> "Religious organization" means the federally protected 33 practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution 34 that owns or controls real property.
- 35 <u>(d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not</u> 36 <u>using underground utilities.</u>
- ((\(\frac{(4+)}{(4+)}\)) (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a code city policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable consent decree that regulates religious organizations'

- 1 <u>hosting of the homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of</u> 2 understanding, or consent decrees:
  - (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;
- 4 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u> 5 religious organizations; and
- 6 (iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the
  7 religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
  8 2000cc.
- 9 (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and
  10 consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section,
  11 those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section
  12 if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
  - (8) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section.
  - (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin, honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
  - (10) (a) Prior to the opening of an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for discussion of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must provide written notice of the meeting to the code city legislative authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place, and purpose of the meeting.

- 1 (b) A code city must provide community notice of the meeting 2 described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the 3 following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:
  - (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the governing body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
  - (ii) Posting on the code city's web site. A code city is not required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it: (A)

    Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or update the web site;
- (iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the location of the meeting; or
  - (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site."

## ESHB 1754 - S COMM AMD

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By Committee on Housing Stability & Affordability

## ADOPTED 03/03/2020

- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "organizations;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 36.01.290, 35.21.915, and 35A.21.360; and creating a new section."
  - EFFECT: (1) The exemption clause for local government ordinances and policies that already regulate the hosting of the homeless by religious organizations is clarified to when the ordinances and policies have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the federal religious land use and institutionalized persons act.
  - (2) Modifies the notice period a host religious organization must provide to the local government before hosting a public meeting to discuss neighborhood concerns from no later than 48 hours prior to the meeting to at least one week if possible but no later than 96 hours prior to the meeting.
  - (3) Clarifies notice requirements of the public meeting for local governments once they are notified by the host religious organization.

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