ESHB 2642 - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

ADOPTED 03/06/2020

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:
- 4 (a) Substance use disorder is a treatable brain disease from 5 which people recover;
- 6 (b) Electing to go to addiction treatment is an act of great 7 courage; and
- 8 (c) When people with substance use disorder are provided rapid 9 access to quality treatment within their window of willingness, 10 recovery happens.
- 11 (2) The legislature therefore intends to ensure that there is no 12 wrong door for individuals accessing substance use disorder treatment 13 services by requiring coverage, and prohibiting barriers created by 14 prior authorization and premature utilization management review when 15 persons with substance use disorders are ready or urgently in need of 16 treatment services.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 41.05
 RCW to read as follows:
- 19 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a 20 health plan offered to employees and their covered dependents under 21 this chapter issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, may not 22 require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for withdrawal 23 management services or inpatient or residential substance use 24 disorder treatment services in a behavioral health agency licensed or 25 certified under RCW 71.24.037.
- 26 (2)(a) A health plan offered to employees and their covered 27 dependents under this chapter issued or renewed on or after January 28 1, 2021, must:
- 29 (i) Provide coverage for no less than two business days, 30 excluding weekends and holidays, in a behavioral health agency that

- provides inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment prior to conducting a utilization review; and
- (ii) Provide coverage for no less than three days in a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services prior to conducting a utilization review.
- (b) The health plan may not require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for the services specified in (a) of this subsection as a condition for payment of services prior to the times specified in (a) of this subsection. Once the times specified in (a) of this subsection have passed, the health plan may initiate utilization management review procedures if the behavioral health agency continues to provide services or is in the process of arranging for a seamless transfer to an appropriate facility or lower level of care under subsection (6) of this section.
- (c)(i) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection must notify an enrollee's health plan as soon as practicable after admitting the enrollee, but not later than twenty-four hours after admitting the enrollee. The time of notification does not reduce the requirements established in (a) of this subsection.
- (ii) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection must provide the health plan with its initial assessment and initial treatment plan for the enrollee within two business days of admission, excluding weekends and holidays, or within three days in the case of a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services.
- (iii) After the time period in (a) of this subsection and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the plan may initiate a medical necessity review process. Medical necessity review must be based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act. If the health plan determines within one business day from the start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection that the admission to the facility was not medically necessary and advises the agency of the decision in writing, the health plan is not required to pay the facility for services delivered after the start of the medical necessity review period, subject to the conclusion of a filed appeal of the adverse benefit determination. If the health plan's medical necessity review is completed more than one business day after start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the health

plan must pay for the services delivered from the time of admission 1 until the time at which the medical necessity review is completed and the agency is advised of the decision in writing. 3

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- (3) The behavioral health agency shall document to the health plan the patient's need for continuing care and justification for level of care placement following the current treatment period, based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act, with documentation recorded in the patient's medical record.
- (4) Nothing in this section prevents a health carrier from 9 denying coverage based on insurance fraud. 10
 - (5) If the behavioral health agency under subsection (2)(a) of this section is not in the enrollee's network:
 - (a) The health plan is not responsible for reimbursing the behavioral health agency at a greater rate than would be paid had the agency been in the enrollee's network; and
- 16 (b) The behavioral health agency may not balance bill, as defined 17 in RCW 48.43.005.
 - (6) When the treatment plan approved by the health plan involves transfer of the enrollee to a different facility or to a lower level of care, the care coordination unit of the health plan shall work with the current agency to make arrangements for a seamless transfer as soon as possible to an appropriate and available facility or level of care. The health plan shall pay the agency for the cost of care at the current facility until the seamless transfer to the different facility or lower level of care is complete. A seamless transfer to a lower level of care may include same day or next day appointments for outpatient care, and does not include payment for nontreatment services, such as housing services. If placement with an agency in the health plan's network is not available, the health plan shall pay the current agency until a seamless transfer arrangement is made.
- 31 (7) The requirements of this section do not apply to treatment provided in out-of-state facilities. 32
 - (8) For the purposes of this section "withdrawal management services" means twenty-four hour medically managed or medically monitored detoxification and assessment and treatment referral for adults or adolescents withdrawing from alcohol or drugs, which may include induction on medications for addiction recovery.
- Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 38 NEW SECTION. RCW to read as follows: 39

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a health plan issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, may not require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for withdrawal management services or inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment services in a behavioral health agency licensed or certified under RCW 71.24.037.

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- (2)(a) A health plan issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, must:
- (i) Provide coverage for no less than two business days, excluding weekends and holidays, in a behavioral health agency that provides inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment prior to conducting a utilization review; and
- (ii) Provide coverage for no less than three days in a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services prior to conducting a utilization review.
- (b) The health plan may not require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for the services specified in (a) of this subsection as a condition for payment of services prior to the times specified in (a) of this subsection. Once the times specified in (a) of this subsection have passed, the health plan may initiate utilization management review procedures if the behavioral health agency continues to provide services or is in the process of arranging for a seamless transfer to an appropriate facility or lower level of care under subsection (6) of this section.
- (c)(i) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection must notify an enrollee's health plan as soon as practicable after admitting the enrollee, but not later than twenty-four hours after admitting the enrollee. The time of notification does not reduce the requirements established in (a) of this subsection.
- (ii) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection must provide the health plan with its initial assessment and initial treatment plan for the enrollee within two business days admission, excluding weekends and holidays, or within three days in the case of a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services.
- (iii) After the time period in (a) of this subsection and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the plan may initiate a medical necessity review process. Medical necessity review must be based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act. If the health plan determines within one

- business day from the start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection that the admission to the facility was not medically necessary and advises the agency of the decision in writing, the health plan is not required to pay the facility for services delivered after the start of the medical necessity review period, subject to the conclusion of a filed appeal of the adverse benefit determination. If the health plan's medical necessity review is completed more than one business day after start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the health plan must pay for the services delivered from the time of admission until the time at which the medical necessity review is completed and the agency is advised of the decision in writing.
 - (3) The behavioral health agency shall document to the health plan the patient's need for continuing care and justification for level of care placement following the current treatment period, based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act, with documentation recorded in the patient's medical record.
 - (4) Nothing in this section prevents a health carrier from denying coverage based on insurance fraud.
 - (5) If the behavioral health agency under subsection (2)(a) of this section is not in the enrollee's network:
 - (a) The health plan is not responsible for reimbursing the behavioral health agency at a greater rate than would be paid had the agency been in the enrollee's network; and
 - (b) The behavioral health agency may not balance bill, as defined in RCW 48.43.005.
 - (6) When the treatment plan approved by the health plan involves transfer of the enrollee to a different facility or to a lower level of care, the care coordination unit of the health plan shall work with the current agency to make arrangements for a seamless transfer as soon as possible to an appropriate and available facility or level of care. The health plan shall pay the agency for the cost of care at the current facility until the seamless transfer to the different facility or lower level of care is complete. A seamless transfer to a lower level of care may include same day or next day appointments for outpatient care, and does not include payment for nontreatment services, such as housing services. If placement with an agency in the health plan's network is not available, the health plan shall pay the current agency until a seamless transfer arrangement is made.

- 1 (7) The requirements of this section do not apply to treatment 2 provided in out-of-state facilities.
 - (8) For the purposes of this section "withdrawal management services" means twenty-four hour medically managed or medically monitored detoxification and assessment and treatment referral for adults or adolescents withdrawing from alcohol or drugs, which may include induction on medications for addiction recovery.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 71.24 9 RCW to read as follows:
- 10 (1) Beginning January 1, 2021, a managed care organization may not require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for withdrawal management services or inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment services in a behavioral health agency licensed or certified under RCW 71.24.037.
- 15 (2)(a) Beginning January 1, 2021, a managed care organization 16 must:
 - (i) Provide coverage for no less than two business days, excluding weekends and holidays, in a behavioral health agency that provides inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment prior to conducting a utilization review; and
 - (ii) Provide coverage for no less than three days in a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services prior to conducting a utilization review.
 - (b) The managed care organization may not require an enrollee to obtain prior authorization for the services specified in (a) of this subsection as a condition for payment of services prior to the times specified in (a) of this subsection. Once the times specified in (a) of this subsection have passed, the managed care organization may initiate utilization management review procedures if the behavioral health agency continues to provide services or is in the process of arranging for a seamless transfer to an appropriate facility or lower level of care under subsection (6) of this section.
- 33 (c)(i) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection 34 must notify an enrollee's managed care organization as soon as 35 practicable after admitting the enrollee, but not later than twenty-36 four hours after admitting the enrollee. The time of notification 37 does not reduce the requirements established in (a) of this 38 subsection.

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- (ii) The behavioral health agency under (a) of this subsection must provide the managed care organization with its initial assessment and initial treatment plan for the enrollee within two business days of admission, excluding weekends and holidays, or within three days in the case of a behavioral health agency that provides withdrawal management services.
- (iii) After the time period in (a) of this subsection and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the managed care organization may initiate a medical necessity review process. Medical necessity review must be based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act. If the health plan determines within one business day from the start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection that the admission to the facility was not medically necessary and advises the agency of the decision in writing, the health plan is not required to pay the facility for services delivered after the start of the medical necessity review period, subject to the conclusion of a filed appeal of the adverse benefit determination. If the managed care organization's medical necessity review is completed more than one business day after start of the medical necessity review period and receipt of the material provided under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the managed care organization must pay for the services delivered from the time of admission until the time at which the medical necessity review is completed and the agency is advised of the decision in writing.
- (3) The behavioral health agency shall document to the managed care organization the patient's need for continuing care and justification for level of care placement following the current treatment period, based on the standard set of criteria established under section 6 of this act, with documentation recorded in the patient's medical record.
- (4) Nothing in this section prevents a health carrier from denying coverage based on insurance fraud.
- (5) If the behavioral health agency under subsection (2)(a) of this section is not in the enrollee's network:
- (a) The managed care organization is not responsible for reimbursing the behavioral health agency at a greater rate than would be paid had the agency been in the enrollee's network; and
- 39 (b) The behavioral health agency may not balance bill, as defined 40 in RCW 48.43.005.

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- 1 (6) When the treatment plan approved by the managed care organization involves transfer of the enrollee to a different 2 facility or to a lower level of care, the care coordination unit of 3 the managed care organization shall work with the current agency to 4 make arrangements for a seamless transfer as soon as possible to an 5 6 appropriate and available facility or level of care. The managed care organization shall pay the agency for the cost of care at the current 7 facility until the seamless transfer to the different facility or 8 lower level of care is complete. A seamless transfer to a lower level 9 of care may include same day or next day appointments for outpatient 10 11 care, and does not include payment for nontreatment services, such as 12 housing services. If placement with an agency in the managed care organization's network is not available, the 13 managed organization shall pay the current agency at the service level until 14 a seamless transfer arrangement is made. 15
- 16 (7) The requirements of this section do not apply to treatment 17 provided in out-of-state facilities.
 - (8) For the purposes of this section "withdrawal management services" means twenty-four hour medically managed or medically monitored detoxification and assessment and treatment referral for adults or adolescents withdrawing from alcohol or drugs, which may include induction on medications for addiction recovery.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The health care authority shall develop an action plan to support admission to and improved transitions between levels of care for both adults and adolescents.
 - (2) The health care authority shall develop the action plan in partnership with the office of the insurance commissioner, medicaid managed care organizations, commercial health plans, providers of substance use disorder services, and Indian health care agencies.
- 30 (3) The health care authority must include the following in the 31 action plan:
- 32 (a) Identification of barriers in order to facilitate transfers 33 to the appropriate level of care, and specific actions to remove 34 those barriers; and
- 35 (b) Specific actions that may lead to the increase in the number 36 of persons successfully transitioning from one level of care to the 37 next appropriate level of care.

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1 (4) The barriers and action items to be identified and addressed 2 in the action plan under subsection (3) of this section include, but 3 are not limited to:

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- (a) Having the health care authority and department of health explore systems to allow higher acuity withdrawal management facilities to bill for appropriate lower levels of care while maintaining financial stability;
- (b) Developing protocols for the initial notification by a substance use disorder treatment agency to fully insured health plans and managed care organizations in regards to an enrollee's admission to a facility and uniformity in the plan's response to the agency in regards to the receipt of this information;
- 13 (c) Facilitating direct transfers to withdrawal management and 14 residential substance use disorder treatment from hospitals and 15 jails;
 - (d) Addressing concerns related to individuals being denied withdrawal management services based on their drug of choice;
 - (e) Exploring options for allowing medicaid managed care organizations to pay an administrative rate and establishing the equivalent reimbursement mechanism for commercial health plans for a plan enrollee who needs to remain in withdrawal management or residential care until a seamless transfer can occur, but no longer requires the higher acuity level that was the reason for the initial admission; and
 - (f) Establishing the minimum amount of medical information necessary to gather from the patient for utilization reviews in a withdrawal management setting.
 - (5) For medicaid services, specific actions must align with federal and state medicaid requirements regarding medical necessity, minimize duplicative or unnecessary burdens for agencies, and be patient-centered for medicaid managed care organizations.
- 32 (6) The health care authority shall develop options for best 33 communicating the action plan to substance use disorder agencies by 34 December 1, 2020.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. For the purposes of promoting standardized training for behavioral health professionals and facilitating communications between behavioral health agencies, executive agencies, managed care organizations, private health plans, and plans offered through the public employees' benefits board, it is the Code Rev/MW:jlb

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policy of the state to adopt a single standard set of criteria to define medical necessity for substance use disorder treatment and to 2 define substance use disorder levels of care in Washington. The 3 criteria selected must be comprehensive, widely understood and 4 accepted in the field, and based on continuously updated research and 5 6 evidence. The health care authority and the office of the insurance 7 commissioner must independently review their regulations and practices by January 1, 2021. The health care authority may make 8 rules if necessary to promulgate the selected standard set of criteria." 10

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ADOPTED 03/06/2020

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "services;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 41.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.24 RCW; and creating new sections."

- <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Standardizes terminology to refer to behavioral health agencies that are licensed or certified to provide withdrawal management services and/or inpatient or residential substance use disorder treatment services;
- (2) Removes references to the American Society of Addiction Medicine and replaces them with references to an established standard set of criteria;
- (3) Requires health plans and managed care organizations to advise the behavioral health agency of an adverse benefit determination in writing within the time limit to avoid incurring further payment obligations;
- (4) Removes requirements for health plans or managed care organizations to provide coverage for transportation between substance use disorder treatment facilities;
- (5) Specifies that the obligation to pay for services provided pending seamless transfer to a different facility or lower level of care by a managed care organization must be a payment at service level for the patient;
- (6) Removes definitions of "addiction stabilization services" and "substance use disorder treatment services";
- (7) Requires the Health Care Authority and Office of the Insurance Commissioner to select a single standard set of criteria to define medical necessity and levels of care for substance use disorder treatment in Washington by January 1, 2021, and authorizes the Health Care Authority to make rules to promulgate the criteria; and

(8) Makes additional technical corrections.

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