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HOUSE BILL 1439

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Doglio, Dolan, Macri, and Ormsby

Read first time 01/22/19. Referred to Committee on Civil Rights & Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to requiring permission to bring a concealed
- 2 firearm into another person's residence or dwelling place; amending
- 3 RCW 9.41.075; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; and
- 4 prescribing penalties.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9.41 RCW to read as follows:
- 8 (1) It is unlawful for a person to carry a concealed firearm into 9 the residence or dwelling place of another person without first 10 obtaining the express permission of the owner or person in legal 11 control or possession of the residence or dwelling place.
- 12 (2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable under RCW 9A.20.010.
- (3) Upon conviction for a violation of this section, the court 14 15 shall order the person to surrender any concealed pistol license and 16 prohibit the person from obtaining a concealed pistol license for a 17 period of five years from the date of conviction. The court shall 18 forward the date of conviction and a copy of the person's driver's 19 license or identicard, or comparable information, to the department 20 of licensing within three judicial days after conviction. 21 department of licensing shall immediately notify the license-issuing

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- 1 authority if the department of licensing's records indicate the
- 2 convicted person has a concealed pistol license. Upon receipt of the
- 3 notification, the license-issuing authority shall immediately revoke
- 4 the person's concealed pistol license for a period of five years from
- 5 the date of conviction in accordance with RCW 9.41.075.

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- 6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.41.075 and 2005 c 453 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) The license shall be revoked by the license-issuing authority 9 immediately upon:
- 10 (a) Discovery by the issuing authority that the person was 11 ineligible under RCW 9.41.070 for a concealed pistol license when 12 applying for the license or license renewal;
 - (b) Conviction of the licensee, or the licensee being found not guilty by reason of insanity, of an offense, or commitment of the licensee for mental health treatment, that makes a person ineligible under RCW 9.41.040 to possess a firearm;
 - (c) <u>Conviction of the licensee of an offense under section 1 of</u> this act;
- 19 <u>(d)</u> Conviction of the licensee for a third violation of this 20 chapter within five calendar years; or
- 21 $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) An order that the licensee forfeit a firearm under 22 RCW 9.41.098(1)(d).
 - (2) (a) Unless the person may lawfully possess a pistol without a concealed pistol license, an ineligible person to whom a concealed pistol license was issued shall, within fourteen days of license revocation, lawfully transfer ownership of any pistol acquired while the person was in possession of the license.
 - (b) Upon discovering a person issued a concealed pistol license was ineligible for the license, the issuing authority shall contact the department of licensing to determine whether the person purchased a pistol while in possession of the license. If the person did purchase a pistol while in possession of the concealed pistol license, if the person may not lawfully possess a pistol without a concealed pistol license, the issuing authority shall require the person to present satisfactory evidence of having lawfully transferred ownership of the pistol. The issuing authority shall require the person to produce the evidence within fifteen days of the revocation of the license.

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1 (3) When a licensee is ordered to forfeit a firearm under RCW 9.41.098(1)(d), the issuing authority shall:

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- (a) On the first forfeiture, revoke the license for one year;
- 4 (b) On the second forfeiture, revoke the license for two years; 5 or
- 6 (c) On the third or subsequent forfeiture, revoke the license for 7 five years.

Any person whose license is revoked as a result of a forfeiture of a firearm under RCW 9.41.098(1)(d) may not reapply for a new license until the end of the revocation period.

- 11 (4) Revocation of a concealed pistol license under subsection
 12 (1)(c) of this section shall be for a period of five years. The
 13 licensee may not reapply for a new concealed pistol license until the
 14 end of the revocation period.
- 15 <u>(5)</u> The issuing authority shall notify, in writing, the 16 department of licensing of the revocation of a license. The 17 department of licensing shall record the revocation.

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