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HOUSE BILL 2090

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Kraft, Stokesbary, Walsh, Irwin, Vick, and MacEwen Read first time 02/18/19. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

- AN ACT Relating to the relationship between the four-year 1
- 2 balanced budget and vetoes of fiscal legislation; amending RCW
- 3 43.88.055 and 43.88.110; and declaring an emergency.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 4
- 5 RCW 43.88.055 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 8 s 1 are each Sec. 1. 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) The legislature must adopt a four-year balanced budget as 8 follows:
 - (a) Beginning in the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium, the legislature shall enact a balanced omnibus operating appropriations bill that leaves, in total, a positive ending fund balance in the general fund and related funds.
 - (b) Beginning in the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium, the projected maintenance level of the omnibus appropriations bill enacted by the legislature shall not exceed the available fiscal resources for the next ensuing fiscal biennium. Beginning with budgets enacted for the 2019-2021 fiscal biennium, if a veto of appropriations or revenue legislation results in a projected maintenance level that exceeds available fiscal resources in the ensuing biennium, then the governor
- 19
- 20 must make prioritized allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110(8).
- 21 (2) For purposes of this section:

p. 1 HB 2090 (a) "Available fiscal resources" means the beginning general fund and related fund balances and any fiscal resources estimated for the general fund and related funds, adjusted for enacted legislation, and with forecasted revenues adjusted to the greater of (i) the official general fund and related funds revenue forecast for the ensuing biennium, or (ii) the official general fund and related funds forecast for the second fiscal year of the current fiscal biennium, increased by 4.5 percent for each fiscal year of the ensuing biennium;

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- (b) "Projected maintenance level" means estimated appropriations 10 11 necessary to maintain the continuing costs of program and service 12 levels either funded in that appropriations bill or mandated by other state or federal law, and the amount of any general fund moneys 13 projected to be transferred to the budget stabilization account 14 pursuant to Article VII, section 12 of the state Constitution, but 15 does not include in the 2013-2015 and 2015-2017 fiscal biennia the 16 17 costs related to the enhanced funding under the new definition of 18 basic education as established in chapter 548, Laws of 2009, and affirmed by the decision in Mathew McCleary et al., v. The State of 19 Washington, 173 Wn.2d 477, 269 P.3d 227, (2012), from which the 20 short-term exclusion of these obligations is solely for the purposes 21 22 of calculating this estimate and does not in any way indicate an intent to avoid full funding of these obligations; 23
- (c) "Related funds," as used in this section, means the Washington opportunity pathways account and the education legacy trust account.
 - (3) Subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section does not apply to an appropriations bill that makes net reductions in general fund and related funds appropriations and is enacted between July 1st and February 15th of any fiscal year.
- 31 (4) Subsection (1)(b) of this section does not apply in a fiscal 32 biennium in which money is appropriated from the budget stabilization 33 account.
- 34 **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.88.110 and 2014 c 162 s 4 are each amended to 35 read as follows:
- This section sets forth the expenditure programs and the allotment and reserve procedures to be followed by the executive branch for public funds.

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1 (1) Allotments of an appropriation for any fiscal period shall conform to the terms, limits, or conditions of the appropriation.

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- (2) The director of financial management shall provide all agencies with a complete set of operating and capital instructions for preparing a statement of proposed expenditures at least thirty days before the beginning of a fiscal period. The set of instructions need not include specific appropriation amounts for the agency.
- (3) Within forty-five days after the beginning of the fiscal period or within forty-five days after the governor signs the omnibus biennial appropriations act, whichever is later, all agencies shall submit to the governor a statement of proposed expenditures at such times and in such form as may be required by the governor.
- (4) The office of financial management shall develop a method for monitoring capital appropriations and expenditures that will capture at least the following elements:
- 16 (a) Appropriations made for capital projects including 17 transportation projects;
 - (b) Estimates of total project costs including past, current, ensuing, and future biennial costs;
 - (c) Comparisons of actual costs to estimated costs;
- 21 (d) Comparisons of estimated construction start and completion 22 dates with actual dates;
 - (e) Documentation of fund shifts between projects.
 - This data may be incorporated into the existing accounting system or into a separate project management system, as deemed appropriate by the office of financial management.
 - (5) The office of financial management, prior to approving allotments for major capital construction projects valued over five million dollars, with the exception of projects at institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, which may be valued up to ten million dollars, shall institute procedures for reviewing such projects at the predesign stage that will reduce long-term costs and increase facility efficiency. The procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following elements:
- 35 (a) Evaluation of facility program requirements and consistency 36 with long-range plans;
- 37 (b) Utilization of a system of cost, quality, and performance 38 standards to compare major capital construction projects; and
- 39 (c) A requirement to incorporate value-engineering analysis and 40 constructability review into the project schedule.

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(6) No expenditure may be incurred or obligation entered into for such major capital construction projects including, without exception, land acquisition, site development, predesign, design, construction, and equipment acquisition and installation, until the allotment of the funds to be expended has been approved by the office of financial management. This limitation does not prohibit the continuation of expenditures and obligations into the succeeding biennium for projects for which allotments have been approved in the immediate prior biennium.

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(7) If at any time during the fiscal period the governor projects a cash deficit in a particular fund or account as defined by RCW 43.88.050, the governor shall make across-the-board reductions in allotments for that particular fund or account so as to prevent a cash deficit, unless the legislature has directed the liquidation of the cash deficit over one or more fiscal periods. Except for the legislative and judicial branches and other agencies headed by elective officials, the governor shall review the statement of proposed operating expenditures for reasonableness and conformance with legislative intent. The governor may request corrections of proposed allotments submitted by the legislative and judicial branches and agencies headed by elective officials if those proposed allotments contain significant technical errors. Once the governor approves the proposed allotments, further revisions may at the request of the office of financial management or upon the agency's initiative be made on a quarterly basis and must be accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for significant changes. However, changes appropriation level authorized by the legislature, changes required by across-the-board reductions mandated by the governor, changes caused by executive increases to spending authority, and changes caused by executive decreases to spending authority for failure to comply with the provisions of chapter 36.70A RCW may require additional revisions. Revisions shall not be retroactively. However, the governor may assign to a reserve status any portion of an agency appropriation withheld as part of acrossthe-board reductions made by the governor and any portion of an agency appropriation conditioned on a contingent event by the appropriations act. The governor may remove these amounts from reserve status if the across-the-board reductions are subsequently modified or if the contingent event occurs. The director of financial management shall enter approved statements of proposed expenditures

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- into the state budgeting, accounting, and reporting system within forty-five days after receipt of the proposed statements from the agencies. If an agency or the director of financial management is unable to meet these requirements, the director of financial management shall provide a timely explanation in writing to the legislative fiscal committees.
 - (8) (a) Beginning with budgets enacted for the 2019-2021 fiscal biennium, if the legislature enacts an operating budget that complies with the ensuing biennium balance requirement in RCW 43.88.055, but vetoes of appropriations or revenue legislation result in projected maintenance level expenditures for the ensuing biennium that exceed projected available fiscal resources for the ensuing biennium, then the governor must make allotment reductions in accordance with the priorities established in this subsection (8). The allotment reductions in the current biennium must be sufficient to eliminate the shortfall by reducing projected maintenance level expenditures in the ensuing biennium.
- 18 <u>(b) The governor must make allotment reductions in appropriations</u>
 19 <u>in the following priority:</u>
- 20 <u>(i) The legislature, the judiciary, and statewide elected</u> 21 <u>officials in the executive branch;</u>
 - (ii) For all other state purposes not specifically listed in this subsection, excluding the state program of basic education and payments of principal and interest on state debt;
 - (iii) For public assistance programs;
- 26 (iv) For public health;
- 27 <u>(v) For public safety;</u>

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- (vi) For assessing and collecting state revenue;
- 29 <u>(vii) For education of children in grades kindergarten through</u> 30 <u>twelve</u>, other than the program of basic education.
- 31 <u>(c) In making allotment reductions under this section, the</u> 32 <u>governor must:</u>
- (i) Preserve funding for constitutionally essential functions of the legislature, the judiciary, statewide elected officials in the executive branch, the department of corrections, and the department of social and health services mental health division; and
- 37 <u>(ii) Make all permitted allotment reductions to agencies in each</u>
 38 <u>specified priority order before taking allotment reductions in the</u>
 39 next specified priority order.

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1 (d) For purposes of this section, allotment reductions apply to the general fund and related funds as defined in RCW 43.88.055.

- (e) To facilitate compliance with this subsection, the legislature in the omnibus operating appropriations act must assign agencies to one of the priority categories in (b) of this subsection. The legislature may divide the activities of an agency among multiple categories, but it is not required to do so.
- (9) It is expressly provided that all agencies shall be required to maintain accounting records and to report thereon in the manner prescribed in this chapter and under the regulations issued pursuant to this chapter. Within ninety days of the end of the fiscal year, all agencies shall submit to the director of financial management their final adjustments to close their books for the fiscal year. Prior to submitting fiscal data, written or oral, to committees of the legislature, it is the responsibility of the agency submitting the data to reconcile it with the budget and accounting data reported by the agency to the director of financial management.
- (((9))) <u>(10)</u> The director of financial management may exempt certain public funds from the allotment controls established under this chapter if it is not practical or necessary to allot the funds. Allotment control exemptions expire at the end of the fiscal biennium for which they are granted. The director of financial management shall report any exemptions granted under this subsection to the legislative fiscal committees.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

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