CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2308

66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 17, 2020 Yeas 60 Nays 38

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 5, 2020 Yeas 34 Nays 14

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2308** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2308

Passed Legislature - 2020 Regular Session

State of Washington66th Legislature2020 Regular SessionBy House Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives
Slatter, Tharinger, Wylie, and Appleton)by Representatives

READ FIRST TIME 02/11/20.

AN ACT Relating to requiring employers to periodically report standard occupational classifications or job titles of workers; amending RCW 50.12.070 and 50.12.220; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:

7 (a) Information collected by the employment security department of unemployment 8 from employers for the purposes insurance requirements includes certain information, such as the employee's 9 10 wages and hours worked. However, the information does not provide 11 sufficient detail to allow for identification of the occupation of an 12 employee; and

(b) Accurate occupational employment data would be useful in a 13 14 number of ways. Job seekers use occupational employment and wage data 15 planning occupational-based for career and to assess iob 16 opportunities within various industries and geographic areas in the 17 state. Economists and researchers also relv on occupational 18 employment and wage statistics to determine the composition of 19 employment and the scope of business investment in their communities. 20 development professionals Economic utilize employment data to 21 identify the occupational assets of the state's labor markets to

1 assist them in their efforts to attract businesses to their 2 communities. Occupational and wage data are utilized for program 3 planning, evaluating the effectiveness of training programs, and 4 guiding students on their career pathways.

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(2) The legislature further finds that:

6 (a) Without occupational data, the state is limited in its 7 ability to successfully evaluate the effectiveness of job training 8 programs;

9 (b) Other states recognize the importance of gathering this data 10 and have begun to require employers to identify each employee's 11 occupation; and

12 (c) Washington's future of work task force recommended adding an 13 "occupation" field to the quarterly employer reporting forms 14 collected by the employment security department to allow for more 15 accurate occupational trend analyses, and more effective evaluation 16 of education and training programs and whether or not they lead to 17 particular occupations.

18 (3) Therefore, the legislature intends to require that employers 19 include standard occupational classifications or job titles of 20 workers in their quarterly unemployment insurance reports.

21 Sec. 2. RCW 50.12.070 and 2013 c 250 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1) (a) Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate work 23 24 records, containing such information as the commissioner may 25 prescribe. Such records shall be open to inspection and be subject to being copied by the commissioner or his or her authorized 26 27 representatives at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary. The commissioner may require from any employing unit any 28 sworn or unsworn reports with respect to persons employed by it, 29 30 which he or she deems necessary for the effective administration of 31 this title.

32 (b) An employer who contracts with another person or entity for 33 work subject to chapter 18.27 or 19.28 RCW shall obtain and preserve 34 a record of the unified business identifier account number for and 35 compensation paid to the person or entity performing the work. In 36 addition to the penalty in subsection (3) of this section, failure to 37 obtain or maintain the record is subject to RCW 39.06.010.

38 (2)(a) Each employer shall register with the department and 39 obtain an employment security account number. Each employer shall

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1 make periodic reports at such intervals as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe, setting forth the remuneration paid for 2 3 employment to workers in its employ, the full names and social security numbers of all such workers, the standard occupational 4 classification or job title of each worker, and the total hours 5 6 worked by each worker and such other information as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe. Reporting the standard occupational 7 classification or job title of each worker is optional for employers 8 until October 1, 2022. 9

(b) If the employing unit fails or has failed to report the 10 11 number of hours in a reporting period for which a worker worked, such 12 number will be computed by the commissioner and given the same force and effect as if it had been reported by the employing unit. In 13 computing the number of such hours worked, the total wages for the 14 reporting period, as reported by the employing unit, shall be divided 15 16 by the dollar amount of the state's minimum wage in effect for such 17 reporting period and the quotient, disregarding any remainder, shall be credited to the worker: PROVIDED, That although the computation so 18 19 made will not be subject to appeal by the employing unit, monetary entitlement may be redetermined upon request if the department is 20 21 provided with credible evidence of the actual hours worked. Benefits paid using computed hours are not considered an overpayment and are 22 23 not subject to collections when the correction of computed hours results in an invalid or reduced claim; however: 24

(i) A contribution paying employer who fails to report the number of hours worked will have its experience rating account charged for all benefits paid that are based on hours computed under this subsection; and

(ii) An employer who reimburses the trust fund for benefits paid to workers and fails to report the number of hours worked shall reimburse the trust fund for all benefits paid that are based on hours computed under this subsection.

(3) Any employer who fails to keep and preserve records required by this section shall be subject to a penalty determined by the commissioner but not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars or two hundred percent of the quarterly tax for each offense, whichever is greater.

38 Sec. 3. RCW 50.12.220 and 2007 c 146 s 3 are each amended to 39 read as follows:

1 (1) If an employer fails to file a timely report as required by 2 RCW 50.12.070, or the rules adopted pursuant thereto, the employer is 3 subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars per violation, unless the 4 penalty is waived by the commissioner <u>or subsection (2)(c) of this</u> 5 <u>section applies</u>.

6 (2) An employer who files an incomplete or incorrectly formatted 7 tax and wage report as required by RCW 50.12.070 must receive a warning letter for the first occurrence. The warning letter will 8 provide instructions for accurate reporting or notify the employer 9 how to obtain technical assistance from the department. Except as 10 11 provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, for subsequent 12 occurrences within five years of the last occurrence, the employer is subject to a penalty as follows: 13

(a) When no contributions are due: For the second occurrence, the penalty is seventy-five dollars; for the third occurrence, the penalty is one hundred fifty dollars; and for the fourth occurrence and for each occurrence thereafter, the penalty is two hundred fifty dollars.

(b) When contributions are due: For the second occurrence, the 19 penalty is ten percent of the quarterly contributions due, but not 20 21 less than seventy-five dollars and not more than two hundred fifty 22 dollars; for the third occurrence, the penalty is ten percent of the quarterly contributions due, but not less than one hundred fifty 23 dollars and not more than two hundred fifty dollars; and for the 24 25 fourth occurrence and each occurrence thereafter, the penalty is two 26 hundred fifty dollars.

27 (c) An employer whose tax and wage report is incomplete due to a 28 failure to report the standard occupational classification or job 29 title of each worker must pay an incomplete report penalty under this 30 subsection only if the employer knowingly failed to report the 31 standard occupational classification or job title of each worker.

32 (3) If an employer knowingly misrepresents to the employment security department the amount of his or her payroll upon which 33 contributions under this title are based, the employer shall be 34 liable to the state for up to ten times the amount of the difference 35 in contributions paid, if any, and the amount the employer should 36 have paid and for the reasonable expenses of auditing his or her 37 books and collecting such sums. Such liability may be enforced in the 38 39 name of the department.

1 (4) If contributions are not paid on the date on which they are due and payable as prescribed by the commissioner, there shall be 2 assessed a penalty of five percent of the amount of the contributions 3 for the first month or part thereof of delinquency; there shall be 4 assessed a total penalty of ten percent of the amount of the 5 6 contributions for the second month or part thereof of delinquency; and there shall be assessed a total penalty of twenty percent of the 7 amount of the contributions for the third month or part thereof of 8 delinquency. No penalty so added shall be less than ten dollars. 9 These penalties are in addition to the interest charges assessed 10 11 under RCW 50.24.040.

(5) Penalties shall not accrue on contributions from an estate in 12 the hands of a receiver, executor, administrator, trustee 13 in 14 bankruptcy, common law assignee, or other liquidating officer subsequent to the date when such receiver, executor, administrator, 15 16 trustee in bankruptcy, common law assignee, or other liquidating officer qualifies as such, but contributions accruing with respect to 17 employment of persons by a receiver, executor, administrator, trustee 18 19 in bankruptcy, common law assignee, or other liquidating officer shall become due and shall be subject to penalties in the same manner 20 21 as contributions due from other employers.

22 Where adequate information has been furnished to (6) the department and the department has failed to act or has advised the 23 employer of no liability or inability to decide the issue, penalties 24 25 shall be waived by the commissioner. Penalties may also be waived for good cause if the commissioner determines that the failure to file 26 timely, complete, and correctly formatted reports or pay timely 27 28 contributions was not due to the employer's fault.

(7) Any decision to assess a penalty as provided by this section shall be made by the chief administrative officer of the tax branch or his or her designee.

32 (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny an 33 employer the right to appeal the assessment of any penalty. Such 34 appeal shall be made in the manner provided in RCW 50.32.030.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. By November 1, 2026, the employment 36 security department, in coordination with the workforce training and 37 education coordinating board, shall report to the appropriate 38 committees of the legislature and the governor on how the standard 39 occupational classification or job title data required to be reported

1 under section 2 of this act has been used to evaluate educational 2 investments, add new or modify existing training programs, or improve 3 worksource job placement results.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. This act takes effect October 1, 2021.

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