CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5017

66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2019 Yeas 49 Nays 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 9, 2019 Yeas 97 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of
the Senate of the State of
Washington, do hereby certify that
the attached is SUBSTITUTE SENATE
BILL 5017 as passed by the Senate
and the House of Representatives on
the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5017

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2019 Regular Session

## State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Salomon, Van De Wege, and Pedersen; by request of Uniform Law Commission)

READ FIRST TIME 01/25/19.

AN ACT Relating to the uniform unsworn declarations act; amending 1 2 RCW 5.50.010, 5.50.020, 5.50.050, 5.50.900, 5.50.901, 7.64.020, 3 7.70.065, 9A.04.030, 9A.72.010, 10.25.065, 11.96A.250, 18.104.093, 18.104.097, 39.04.350, 39.26.160, 46.09.320, 46.12.530, 46.12.555, 4 5 46.16A.435, 46.20.308, 46.20.720, 47.68.250, 71.09.070, 81.84.020, and 88.02.540; reenacting and amending RCW 59.18.030; repealing RCW 6 7 9A.72.085; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration 8 date.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10 Sec. 1. RCW 5.50.010 and 2011 c 22 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

12 In this chapter:

(1) (("Boundaries of the United States" means the geographic boundaries of the United States, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, and any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

17 (2)) "Law" includes ((the federal or a state Constitution,)) a 18 ((federal or state)) statute, ((a)) judicial decision or order, ((a)) 19 rule of court, ((an)) executive order, and ((an)) administrative 20 rule, regulation, or order.

1 (((-3))) (2) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium 2 and is retrievable in perceivable form. 3 ((((4))) (3) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or 4 adopt a record: 5 6 (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; ((or)) 7 (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process; 8 (c) To affix or place the declarant's signature as defined in RCW 9 9A.04.110 on the record; 10 (d) To attach or logically associate the declarant's digital 11 12 signature or electronic signature as defined in RCW 19.34.020 to the 13 record; 14 (e) To affix or logically associate the declarant's signature in the manner described in general rule 30 to the record if he or she is 15 16 a licensed attorney; or 17 (f) To affix or logically associate the declarant's full name, department or agency, and badge or personnel number to any record 18 that is <u>electronically submitted to a court, a prosecutor, or a</u> 19 magistrate from an electronic device that is owned, issued, or 20 maintained by a criminal justice agency if the declarant is a law 21 22 enforcement officer. 23 (((5) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any 24 25 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the 26 United States. (6))) (4) "Sworn declaration" means a declaration in a signed 27 record given under oath. The term includes a sworn statement, 28 verification, certificate, and affidavit. 29 (((-7))) (5) "Unsworn declaration" means a declaration in a signed 30 31 record ((that is)) not given under oath(( $\tau$ )) but ((is)) given under 32 penalty of perjury. The term includes an unsworn statement, verification, and certificate. 33 Sec. 2. RCW 5.50.020 and 2011 c 22 s 3 are each amended to read 34 as follows: 35

This chapter applies to an unsworn declaration by a declarant who at the time of making the declaration is physically located <u>within or</u> outside the boundaries of the United States, whether or not the location is subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. ((This

1 chapter does not apply to a declaration by a declarant who is 2 physically located on property that is within the boundaries of the 3 United States and subject to the jurisdiction of another country or a 4 federally recognized Indian tribe.))

5 Sec. 3. RCW 5.50.050 and 2011 c 22 s 6 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 An unsworn declaration under this chapter must be in 8 substantially the following form:

9 I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of Washington 10 that the foregoing is true and correct((, and that I am physically 11 located outside the geographic boundaries of the United States, 12 Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, and any territory or 13 insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United 14 States)).

15	(( <del>Executed</del> )) <u>Signed</u> on the day of ,
16	(date) (month) (year)
17	at
18	(city or other location, and state <u>or country</u> ) (( <del>(country)</del> ))
19	
20	(printed name)
21	

22 (signature)

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Sec. 4. RCW 5.50.900 and 2011 c 22 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: This chapter may be cited as the uniform unsworn ((foreign)) declarations act.

Sec. 5. RCW 5.50.901 and 2011 c 22 s 7 are each amended to read as follows: In applying and construing this uniform act <u>and chapter</u>, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the

law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. RCW 9A.72.085 (Unsworn statements, 33 certification—Standards for subscribing to an unsworn statement) and

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2014 c 93 s 4 & 1981 c 187 s 3, as now existing or hereafter amended,
 are each repealed, effective July 1, 2021.

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## CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

4 Sec. 7. RCW 7.64.020 and 2004 c 74 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) At the time of filing the complaint or any time thereafter, 7 the plaintiff may apply to the judge or court commissioner to issue 8 an order directing the defendant to appear and show cause why an 9 order putting the plaintiff in immediate possession of the personal 10 property should not be issued.

(2) In support of the application, the plaintiff, or someone on the plaintiff's behalf, shall make an affidavit, or a declaration as permitted under ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW, showing:

(a) That the plaintiff is the owner of the property or is
lawfully entitled to the possession of the property by virtue of a
special property interest, including a security interest,
specifically describing the property and interest;

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(b) That the property is wrongfully detained by defendant;

(c) That the property has not been taken for a tax, assessment, or fine pursuant to a statute and has not been seized under an execution or attachment against the property of the plaintiff, or if so seized, that it is by law exempt from such seizure; and

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(d) The approximate value of the property.

(3) The order to show cause shall state the date, time, and place of the hearing and contain a notice to the defendant that failure to promptly turn over possession of the property to the plaintiff or the sheriff, if an order awarding possession is issued under RCW 7.64.035(1), may subject the defendant to being held in contempt of court.

30 (4) A certified copy of the order to show cause, with a copy of 31 the plaintiff's affidavit or declaration attached, shall be served 32 upon the defendant no later than five days before the hearing date.

33 Sec. 8. RCW 7.70.065 and 2017 c 275 s 1 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

35 (1) Informed consent for health care for a patient who is not 36 competent, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), to consent may be 1 obtained from a person authorized to consent on behalf of such 2 patient.

3 (a) Persons authorized to provide informed consent to health care 4 on behalf of a patient who is not competent to consent, based upon a 5 reason other than incapacity as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(d), shall 6 be a member of one of the following classes of persons in the 7 following order of priority:

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(i) The appointed guardian of the patient, if any;

9 (ii) The individual, if any, to whom the patient has given a 10 durable power of attorney that encompasses the authority to make 11 health care decisions;

12 (iii) The patient's spouse or state registered domestic partner; 13 (iv) Children of the patient who are at least eighteen years of 14 age;

15 (v) Parents of the patient; and

(vi) Adult brothers and sisters of the patient.

17 (b) If the health care provider seeking informed consent for proposed health care of the patient who is not competent to consent 18 under RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), other than a person determined to be 19 incapacitated because he or she is under the age of majority and who 20 is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, makes 21 reasonable efforts to locate and secure authorization from a 22 competent person in the first or succeeding class and finds no such 23 24 person available, authorization may be given by any person in the 25 next class in the order of descending priority. However, no person 26 under this section may provide informed consent to health care:

(i) If a person of higher priority under this section has refusedto give such authorization; or

(ii) If there are two or more individuals in the same class and the decision is not unanimous among all available members of that class.

32 (c) Before any person authorized to provide informed consent on patient not competent to consent under RCW 33 behalf of a 11.88.010(1)(e), other than a person determined to be incapacitated 34 35 because he or she is under the age of majority and who is not 36 otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, exercises that authority, the person must first determine in good faith that that 37 patient, if competent, would consent to the proposed health care. If 38 such a determination cannot be made, the decision to consent to the 39

1 proposed health care may be made only after determining that the 2 proposed health care is in the patient's best interests.

3 (2) Informed consent for health care, including mental health 4 care, for a patient who is not competent, as defined in RCW 5 11.88.010(1)(e), because he or she is under the age of majority and 6 who is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, may be 7 obtained from a person authorized to consent on behalf of such a 8 patient.

9 (a) Persons authorized to provide informed consent to health 10 care, including mental health care, on behalf of a patient who is 11 incapacitated, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), because he or she 12 is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise authorized to 13 provide informed consent, shall be a member of one of the following 14 classes of persons in the following order of priority:

(i) The appointed guardian, or legal custodian authorizedpursuant to Title 26 RCW, of the minor patient, if any;

(ii) A person authorized by the court to consent to medical care for a child in out-of-home placement pursuant to chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW, if any;

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(iii) Parents of the minor patient;

(iv) The individual, if any, to whom the minor's parent has given a signed authorization to make health care decisions for the minor patient; and

(v) A competent adult representing himself or herself to be a relative responsible for the health care of such minor patient or a competent adult who has signed and dated a declaration under penalty of perjury pursuant to ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW stating that the adult person is a relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient. Such declaration shall be effective for up to six months from the date of the declaration.

31 (b)(i) Informed consent for health care on behalf of a patient 32 who is incapacitated, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), because he 33 or she is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise 34 authorized to provide informed consent may be obtained from a school 35 nurse, school counselor, or homeless student liaison when:

36 (A) Consent is necessary for nonemergency, outpatient, primary 37 care services, including physical examinations, vision examinations 38 and eyeglasses, dental examinations, hearing examinations and hearing 39 aids, immunizations, treatments for illnesses and conditions, and

1 routine follow-up care customarily provided by a health care provider 2 in an outpatient setting, excluding elective surgeries;

3 (B) The minor patient meets the definition of a "homeless child 4 or youth" under the federal McKinney-Vento homeless education 5 assistance improvements act of 2001, P.L. 107-110, January 8, 2002, 6 115 Stat. 2005; and

7 (C) The minor patient is not under the supervision or control of 8 a parent, custodian, or legal guardian, and is not in the care and 9 custody of the department of social and health services.

(ii) A person authorized to consent to care under this subsection 10 (2) (b) and the person's employing school or school district are not 11 12 subject to administrative sanctions or civil damages resulting from the consent or nonconsent for care, any care, or payment for any 13 care, rendered pursuant to this section. Nothing in this section 14 prevents a health care facility or a health care provider from 15 16 seeking reimbursement from other sources for care provided to a minor 17 patient under this subsection (2)(b).

(iii) Upon request by a health care facility or a health care 18 provider, a person authorized to consent to care under this 19 20 subsection (2) (b) must provide to the person rendering care a 21 declaration signed and dated under penalty of perjury pursuant to 22 ((<del>RCW 9A.72.085</del>)) chapter 5.50 RCW stating that the person is a school nurse, school counselor, or homeless student liaison and that 23 the minor patient meets the elements under (b)(i) of this subsection. 24 25 The declaration must also include written notice of the exemption 26 from liability under (b)(ii) of this subsection.

(c) A health care provider may, but is not required to, rely on 27 the representations or declaration of a person claiming to be a 28 relative responsible for the care of the minor patient, under (a) (v) 29 of this subsection, or a person claiming to be authorized to consent 30 31 to the health care of the minor patient under (b) of this subsection, 32 if the health care provider does not have actual notice of the falsity of any of the statements made by the person claiming to be a 33 relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient, or 34 person claiming to be authorized to consent to the health care of the 35 36 minor patient.

37 (d) A health care facility or a health care provider may, in its 38 discretion, require documentation of a person's claimed status as 39 being a relative responsible for the health care of the minor 40 patient, or a person claiming to be authorized to consent to the

health care of the minor patient under (b) of this subsection.
 However, there is no obligation to require such documentation.

(e) The health care provider or health care facility where 3 services are rendered shall be immune from suit in any action, civil 4 or criminal, or from professional or other disciplinary action when 5 6 such reliance is based on a declaration signed under penalty of 7 perjury pursuant to ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW stating that the adult person is a relative responsible for the health care of the 8 minor patient under (a) (v) of this subsection, or a person claiming 9 to be authorized to consent to the health care of the minor patient 10 11 under (b) of this subsection.

12 (3) For the purposes of this section, "health care," "health care 13 provider," and "health care facility" shall be defined as established 14 in RCW 70.02.010.

15 Sec. 9. RCW 9A.04.030 and 1999 c 349 s 1 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17 The following persons are liable to punishment:

18 (1) A person who commits in the state any crime, in whole or in 19 part.

20 (2) A person who commits out of the state any act which, if 21 committed within it, would be theft and is afterward found in the 22 state with any of the stolen property.

(3) A person who being out of the state, counsels, causes,
procures, aids, or abets another to commit a crime in this state.

(4) A person who, being out of the state, abducts or kidnaps by force or fraud, any person, contrary to the laws of the place where the act is committed, and brings, sends, or conveys such person into this state.

(5) A person who commits an act without the state which affects persons or property within the state, which, if committed within the state, would be a crime.

(6) A person who, being out of the state, makes a statement,
 declaration, verification, or certificate under ((RCW 9A.72.085))
 <u>chapter 5.50 RCW</u> which, if made within the state, would be perjury.

35 (7) A person who commits an act onboard a conveyance within the 36 state of Washington, including the airspace over the state of 37 Washington, that subsequently lands, docks, or stops within the state 38 which, if committed within the state, would be a crime.

1 Sec. 10. RCW 9A.72.010 and 2001 c 171 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 The following definitions are applicable in this chapter unless 4 the context otherwise requires:

5 (1) "Materially false statement" means any false statement oral 6 or written, regardless of its admissibility under the rules of 7 evidence, which could have affected the course or outcome of the 8 proceeding; ((whether a false statement is material shall be 9 determined by the court as a matter of law;))

10 (2) "Oath" includes an affirmation and every other mode 11 authorized by law of attesting to the truth of that which is stated; 12 in this chapter, written statements shall be treated as if made under 13 oath if:

(a) The statement was made on or pursuant to instructions on an
official form bearing notice, authorized by law, to the effect that
false statements made therein are punishable;

17 (b) The statement recites that it was made under oath, the 18 declarant was aware of such recitation at the time he or she made the 19 statement, intended that the statement should be represented as a 20 sworn statement, and the statement was in fact so represented by its 21 delivery or utterance with the signed jurat of an officer authorized 22 to administer oaths appended thereto; or

(c) It is a statement, declaration, verification, or certificate, made within or outside the state of Washington, which is ((certified <del>or</del>)) declared to be true under penalty of perjury as provided in ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW.

(3) An oath is "required or authorized by law" when the use of the oath is specifically provided for by statute or regulatory provision or when the oath is administered by a person authorized by state or federal law to administer oaths;

(4) "Official proceeding" means a proceeding heard before any legislative, judicial, administrative, or other government agency or official authorized to hear evidence under oath, including any referee, hearing examiner, commissioner, notary, or other person taking testimony or depositions;

36 (5) "Juror" means any person who is a member of any jury, 37 including a grand jury, impaneled by any court of this state or by 38 any public servant authorized by law to impanel a jury; the term 39 juror also includes any person who has been drawn or summoned to 40 attend as a prospective juror;

(6) "Testimony" includes oral or written statements, documents,
 or any other material that may be offered by a witness in an official
 proceeding.

4 Sec. 11. RCW 10.25.065 and 1981 c 187 s 4 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Perjury committed outside of the state of Washington in a 7 statement, declaration, verification, or certificate authorized by 8 ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW is punishable in the county in 9 this state in which occurs the act, transaction, matter, action, or 10 proceeding, in relation to which the statement, declaration, 11 verification, or certification was given or made.

12 Sec. 12. RCW 11.96A.250 and 2013 c 272 s 21 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

(1) (a) Any party or the parent of a minor or unborn party may petition the court for the appointment of a special representative to represent a party: (i) Who is a minor; (ii) who is incapacitated without an appointed guardian of his or her estate; (iii) who is yet unborn or unascertained; or (iv) whose identity or address is unknown. The petition may be heard by the court without notice.

20 (b) In appointing the special representative the court shall give 21 due consideration and deference to any nomination(s) made in the petition, the special skills required in the representation, and the 22 23 need for a representative who will act independently and prudently. 24 The nomination of a person as special representative by the 25 petitioner and the person's willingness to serve as special 26 representative are not grounds by themselves for finding a lack of 27 independence, however, the court may consider any interests that the nominating party may have in the estate or trust in making the 28 29 determination.

30 (c) The special representative may enter into a binding agreement 31 on behalf of the person or beneficiary. The special representative 32 may be appointed for more than one person or class of persons if the 33 interests of such persons or class are not in conflict. The petition 34 must be verified. The petition and order appointing the special 35 representative may be in the following form:

36	CAPTION	PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT
37	OF CASE	OF SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE

UNDER RCW 11.96A.250

2 The undersigned petitioner petitions the court for the 3 appointment of a special representative in accordance with RCW 4 11.96A.250 and shows the court as follows:

5 1. Petitioner. Petitioner . . [is the qualified and presently 6 acting (personal representative) (trustee) of the above (estate) 7 (trust) having been named (personal representative) (trustee) under 8 (describe will and reference probate order or describe trust 9 instrument)] or [is the (describe relationship of the petitioner to 10 the party to be represented or to the matter at issue)].

11 2. Matter. A question concerning . . . has arisen as to (describe 12 issue, for example: Related to interpretation, construction, 13 administration, distribution). The issue is a matter as defined in 14 RCW 11.96A.030 and is appropriate for determination under RCW 15 11.96A.210 through 11.96A.250.

3. Party/Parties to be Represented. This matter involves (include description of asset(s) and related beneficiaries and/or interested parties). Resolution of this matter will require the involvement of . . . . (name of person or class of persons), who is/are (minors), (incapacitated and without an appointed guardian), (unborn or unascertained) (whose identity or address is unknown).

22 4. Special Representative. The nominated special 23 representative . . . is a lawyer licensed to practice before the courts of this state or an individual with special skill or training 24 25 in the administration of estates or trusts. The nominated special 26 representative does not have an interest in the matter and is not 27 related to any person interested in the matter. The nominated special representative is willing to serve. The petitioner has no reason to 28 29 believe that the nominated special representative will not act in an 30 independent and prudent manner and in the best interests of the 31 represented parties. (It is recommended that the petitioner also include information specifying the particular skills of the nominated 32 33 special representative that relate to the matter in issue.)

5. Resolution. Petitioner desires to achieve a resolution of the questions that have arisen in this matter. Petitioner believes that proceeding in accordance with the procedures permitted under RCW 11.96A.210 through 11.96A.250 would be in the best interests of the parties, including the party requiring a special representative.

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1 6. Request of Court. Petitioner requests that . . . . . an 2 attorney licensed to practice in the State of Washington, 3 (OR) . . . an individual with special skill or training in the 4 administration of estates or trusts 5 be appointed special representative for . . . (describe party or 6 parties being represented), who is/are (minors), (incapacitated and 7 without an appointed guardian), (unborn or unascertained) (whose 8 identity or address is unknown), as provided under RCW 11.96A.250. 9 10 DATED this . . . day of . . . . . . . . . 11 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12 (Petitioner) 13 VERIFICATION 14 I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of 15 Washington that the foregoing is true and correct. 16 DATED . . . . . , ((<del>20..</del>)) <u>. . . . (year)</u>, at . . . . . , 17 Washington. 18 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 19 (Petitioner or other person 20 having knowledge) 21 CAPTION PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT 22 OF CASE OF SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE 23 UNDER RCW 11.96A.250

THIS MATTER having come on for hearing before this Court on Petition for Appointment of Special Representative filed herein, and it appearing that it would be in the best interests of the parties related to the matter described in the Petition to appoint a special representative to address the issues that have arisen in the matter and the Court finding that the facts stated in the Petition are true, now, therefore,

IT IS ORDERED that . . . is appointed under RCW 11.96A.250 as special representative (describe party or parties being represented) who is/are (minors), (incapacitated and without an appointed guardian), (unborn or unascertained) (whose identity or address is unknown), to represent their respective interests in the matter as

provided in RCW 11.96A.250. The special representative shall be 1 discharged of responsibility with respect to the matter as provided 2 in RCW 11.96A.250. The special representative is discharged of 3 responsibility with respect to the matter at such time as a written 4 agreement is executed resolving the present issues, all as provided 5 6 in that statute, or if an agreement is not reached within six months 7 from entry of this Order, the special representative appointed under this Order is discharged of responsibility, subject to subsequent 8 reappointment under RCW 11.96A.250. 9

10 DONE IN OPEN COURT this . . . day of . . . . . . . . 11 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12 JUDGE/COURT COMMISSIONER

13 (2) Upon appointment by the court, the special representative must file a certification made under penalty of perjury in accordance 14 15 with ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW that he or she (a) is not 16 interested in the matter; (b) is not related to any person interested 17 in the matter; (c) is willing to serve; and (d) will act 18 independently, prudently, and in the best interests of the 19 represented parties.

20 (3) The special representative must be a lawyer licensed to 21 practice before the courts of this state or an individual with 22 special skill or training in the administration of estates or trusts. 23 The special representative may not have an interest in the matter, 24 and may not be related to a person interested in the matter. The 25 special representative is entitled to reasonable compensation for services that must be paid from the principal of an asset involved in 26 27 the matter.

28 (4) special representative is discharged The from any responsibility and will have no further duties with respect to the 29 30 matter or with respect to any party, on the earlier of: (a) The 31 expiration of six months from the date the special representative was 32 appointed unless the order appointing the special representative provides otherwise, or (b) the execution of the written agreement by 33 all parties or their virtual representatives. Any action against a 34 35 special representative must be brought within the time limits provided by RCW 11.96A.070(3)(c)(i). 36

37 Sec. 13. RCW 18.104.093 and 1993 c 387 s 13 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

1 The department may issue a water well construction operator's 2 training license if the person:

(1) Has submitted a completed application to the department on
forms provided by the department and has paid to the department the
application fee required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;

6 (2) Has acquired field experience and educational training 7 required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;

8 (3) Has passed a written examination as provided for in RCW
9 18.104.080;

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(4) Has passed an on-site examination by the department; and

(5) Presents a statement by a person licensed under this chapter, other than a trainee, signed under penalty of perjury as provided in ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW, verifying that the applicant has the field experience required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter and assuming liability for any and all well construction activities of the person seeking the training license.

17 A person with a water well construction operator's training 18 license may operate a drilling rig without the direct supervision of 19 a licensed operator if a licensed operator is available by radio, 20 telephone, or other means of communication.

21 Sec. 14. RCW 18.104.097 and 1993 c 387 s 15 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

The department may issue a resource protection well operator's training license if the person:

(1) Has submitted a completed application to the department on
 forms provided by the department and has paid to the department the
 application fee required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;

(2) Has acquired field experience and educational trainingrequired by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;

30 (3) Has passed a written examination as provided for in RCW 31 18.104.080;

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(4) Has passed an on-site examination by the department; and

(5) Presents a statement by a person licensed under this chapter, other than a trainee, signed under penalty of perjury as provided in ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW, verifying that the applicant has the field experience required by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter and assuming liability for any and all well construction activities of the person seeking the training license.

A person with a resource protection well construction operator's training license may operate a drilling rig without direct supervision of a licensed operator if a licensed operator is accessible by radio, telephone, or other means of communication.

5 **Sec. 15.** RCW 39.04.350 and 2018 c 243 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) Before award of a public works contract, a bidder must meet 8 the following responsibility criteria to be considered a responsible 9 bidder and qualified to be awarded a public works project. The bidder 10 must:

11 (a) At the time of bid submittal, have a certificate of 12 registration in compliance with chapter 18.27 RCW;

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(b) Have a current state unified business identifier number;

(c) If applicable, have industrial insurance coverage for the bidder's employees working in Washington as required in Title 51 RCW; an employment security department number as required in Title 50 RCW; and a state excise tax registration number as required in Title 82 RCW;

19 (d) Not be disqualified from bidding on any public works contract 20 under RCW 39.06.010 or 39.12.065(3);

21 (e) If bidding on a public works project subject to the 22 apprenticeship utilization requirements in RCW 39.04.320, not have been found out of compliance by the Washington state apprenticeship 23 24 and training council for working apprentices out of ratio, without 25 appropriate supervision, or outside their approved work processes as outlined in their standards of apprenticeship under chapter 49.04 RCW 26 27 for the one-year period immediately preceding the date of the bid 28 solicitation;

(f) Have received training on the requirements related to public 29 30 works and prevailing wage under this chapter and chapter 39.12 RCW. 31 The bidder must designate a person or persons to be trained on these requirements. The training must be provided by the department of 32 labor and industries or by a training provider whose curriculum is 33 approved by the department. The department, in consultation with the 34 35 prevailing wage advisory committee, must determine the length of the training. Bidders that have completed three or more public works 36 projects and have had a valid business license in Washington for 37 three or more years are exempt from this subsection. The department 38 of labor and industries must keep records of entities that have 39

1 satisfied the training requirement or are exempt and make the records 2 available on its web site. Responsible parties may rely on the 3 records made available by the department regarding satisfaction of 4 the training requirement or exemption; and

5 (g) Within the three-year period immediately preceding the date 6 of the bid solicitation, not have been determined by a final and 7 binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the department of 8 labor and industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court 9 of limited or general jurisdiction to have willfully violated, as 10 defined in RCW 49.48.082, any provision of chapter 49.46, 49.48, or 11 49.52 RCW.

12 (2) Before award of a public works contract, a bidder shall 13 submit to the contracting agency a signed statement in accordance 14 with ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW verifying under penalty of 15 perjury that the bidder is in compliance with the responsible bidder 16 criteria requirement of subsection (1)(g) of this section. A 17 contracting agency may award a contract in reasonable reliance upon 18 such a sworn statement.

19 (3) In addition to the bidder responsibility criteria in 20 subsection (1) of this section, the state or municipality may adopt 21 relevant supplemental criteria for determining bidder responsibility 22 applicable to a particular project which the bidder must meet.

(a) Supplemental criteria for determining bidder responsibility,
 including the basis for evaluation and the deadline for appealing a
 determination that a bidder is not responsible, must be provided in
 the invitation to bid or bidding documents.

(b) In a timely manner before the bid submittal deadline, a potential bidder may request that the state or municipality modify the supplemental criteria. The state or municipality must evaluate the information submitted by the potential bidder and respond before the bid submittal deadline. If the evaluation results in a change of the criteria, the state or municipality must issue an addendum to the bidding documents identifying the new criteria.

34 (c) If the bidder fails to supply information requested 35 concerning responsibility within the time and manner specified in the 36 bid documents, the state or municipality may base its determination 37 of responsibility upon any available information related to the 38 supplemental criteria or may find the bidder not responsible.

39 (d) If the state or municipality determines a bidder to be not 40 responsible, the state or municipality must provide, in writing, the

1 reasons for the determination. The bidder may appeal the determination within the time period specified in the bidding 2 documents by presenting additional information to the state or 3 municipality. The state or municipality must consider the additional 4 information before issuing its final determination. If the final 5 6 determination affirms that the bidder is not responsible, the state or municipality may not execute a contract with any other bidder 7 until two business days after the bidder determined to be not 8 responsible has received the final determination. 9

10 (4) The capital projects advisory review board created in RCW 11 39.10.220 shall develop suggested guidelines to assist the state and 12 municipalities in developing supplemental bidder responsibility 13 criteria. The guidelines must be posted on the board's web site.

14 Sec. 16. RCW 39.26.160 and 2017 c 258 s 3 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) (a) After bids that are submitted in response to a competitive 17 solicitation process are reviewed by the awarding agency, the 18 awarding agency may:

19 (i) Reject all bids and rebid or cancel the competitive 20 solicitation;

21 (ii) Request best and final offers from responsive and 22 responsible bidders; or

23 (iii) Award the purchase or contract to the lowest responsive and 24 responsible bidder.

25 (b) The agency may award one or more contracts from a competitive 26 solicitation.

(2) In determining whether the bidder is a responsible bidder,the agency must consider the following elements:

(a) The ability, capacity, and skill of the bidder to perform thecontract or provide the service required;

31 (b) The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience, 32 and efficiency of the bidder;

33 (c) Whether the bidder can perform the contract within the time 34 specified;

35 (d) The quality of performance of previous contracts or services;

36 (e) The previous and existing compliance by the bidder with laws37 relating to the contract or services;

38 (f) Whether, within the three-year period immediately preceding 39 the date of the bid solicitation, the bidder has been determined by a final and binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the department of labor and industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court of limited or general jurisdiction to have willfully violated, as defined in RCW 49.48.082, any provision of chapter 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW; and

6 (g) Such other information as may be secured having a bearing on 7 the decision to award the contract.

8 (3) In determining the lowest responsive and responsible bidder, 9 an agency may consider best value criteria, including but not limited 10 to:

(a) Whether the bid satisfies the needs of the state as specified in the solicitation documents;

13 (b) Whether the bid encourages diverse contractor participation;

14 (c) Whether the bid provides competitive pricing, economies, and 15 efficiencies;

16 (d) Whether the bid considers human health and environmental 17 impacts;

18 (e) Whether the bid appropriately weighs cost and noncost 19 considerations; and

20

(f) Life-cycle cost.

21 (4) The solicitation document must clearly set forth the 22 requirements and criteria that the agency will apply in evaluating bid submissions. Before award of a contract, a bidder shall submit to 23 the contracting agency a signed statement in accordance with ((RCW 24 25 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW verifying under penalty of perjury that 26 the bidder is in compliance with the responsible bidder criteria requirement of subsection (2)(f) of this section. A contracting 27 agency may award a contract in reasonable reliance upon such a sworn 28 29 statement.

30 (5) The awarding agency may at its discretion reject the bid of 31 any contractor who has failed to perform satisfactorily on a previous 32 contract with the state.

33 (6) After reviewing all bid submissions, an agency may enter into 34 negotiations with the lowest responsive and responsible bidder in 35 order to determine if the bid may be improved. An agency may not use 36 this negotiation opportunity to permit a bidder to change a 37 nonresponsive bid into a responsive bid.

(7) The procuring agency must enter into the state's enterprise
 vendor registration and bid notification system the name of each
 bidder and an indication as to the successful bidder.

1 Sec. 17. RCW 46.09.320 and 2016 c 84 s 2 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) The application for a certificate of title of an off-road 4 vehicle must be made by the owner or owner's representative to the 5 department, county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by 6 the director on a form furnished or approved by the department and 7 must contain:

8 (a) A description of the off-road vehicle, including make, model, 9 vehicle identification number or engine serial number if no vehicle 10 identification number exists, type of body, and model year of the 11 vehicle;

12 (b) The name and address of the person who is the registered 13 owner of the off-road vehicle and, if the off-road vehicle is subject 14 to a security interest, the name and address of the secured party; 15 and

16

(c) Other information the department may require.

17 (2) The application for a certificate of title must be signed by 18 the person applying to be the registered owner and be sworn to by 19 that person in the manner described under ((<del>RCW 9A.72.085</del>)) <u>chapter</u> 20 <u>5.50 RCW</u>.

21 (3) The owner must pay the fee established under RCW 46.17.100.

(4) Issuance of the certificate of title does not qualify theoff-road vehicle for registration under chapter 46.16A RCW.

24 Sec. 18. RCW 46.12.530 and 2017 c 147 s 3 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) The application for a certificate of title of a vehicle must
be made by the owner or owner's representative to the department,
county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director
on a form furnished or approved by the department and must contain:

(a) A description of the vehicle, including make, model, vehicle
 identification number, type of body, and the odometer reading at the
 time of delivery of the vehicle;

33 (b) The name and address of the person who is to be the 34 registered owner of the vehicle and, if the vehicle is subject to a 35 security interest, the name and address of the secured party; and

36 (c) Other information the department may require.

37 (2) The department may require additional information and a 38 physical examination of the vehicle or of any class of vehicles, or 39 either. 1 (3) The application for a certificate of title must be signed by 2 the person applying to be the registered owner and be sworn to by 3 that person in the manner described under ((RCW 9A.72.085)) <u>chapter</u> 4 <u>5.50 RCW</u>. The department shall keep the application in the original, 5 computer, or photostatic form.

6 (4) The application for an original certificate of title must be 7 accompanied by:

8 (a) A draft, money order, certified bank check, or cash for all 9 fees and taxes due for the application for certificate of title; and

10 (b) The most recent certificate of title or other satisfactory 11 evidence of ownership.

12 (5) Once issued, a certificate of title is not subject to 13 renewal.

14 (6) Whenever any person, after applying for or receiving a 15 certificate of title, moves from the address named in the application 16 or in the certificate of title issued to him or her, or changes his 17 or her name of record, the person shall, within ten days thereafter, 18 notify the department of the name or address change as provided in 19 RCW 46.08.195.

20 Sec. 19. RCW 46.12.555 and 2014 c 12 s 1 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

(1) The application for a quick title of a vehicle must be submitted by the owner or the owner's representative to the department, participating county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director on a form furnished or approved by the department and must contain:

(a) A description of the vehicle, including make, model, vehicle
identification number, type of body, and the odometer reading at the
time of delivery of the vehicle, when required;

30 (b) The name and address of the person who is to be the 31 registered owner of the vehicle and, if the vehicle is subject to a 32 security interest, the name and address of the secured party; and

33

(c) Other information as may be required by the department.

(2) The application for a quick title must be signed by the
 person applying to be the registered owner and be sworn to by that
 person in the manner described under ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50
 <u>RCW</u>. The department must keep a copy of the application.

38 (3) The application for a quick title must be accompanied by:

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(a) All fees and taxes due for an application for a certificate
 of title, including a quick title service fee under RCW 46.17.160;
 and

4 (b) The most recent certificate of title or other satisfactory 5 evidence of ownership.

6 (4) All applications for quick title must meet the requirements 7 established by the department.

8 (5) For the purposes of this section, "quick title" means a 9 certificate of title printed at the time of application.

10 (6) The quick title process authorized under this section may not 11 be used to obtain the first title issued to a vehicle previously 12 designated as a salvage vehicle as defined in RCW 46.04.514.

13 (7) A subagent may process a quick title under this section in 14 accordance with rules adopted by the department.

15 Sec. 20. RCW 46.16A.435 and 2011 c 121 s 3 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish a declaration subject to the requirements of ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW, which must be submitted by an off-road motorcycle owner when applying for on-road registration of the off-road motorcycle. In order to be registered for on-road use, an off-road motorcycle must travel on two wheels with a seat designed to be straddled by the operator and with handlebar-type steering control.

(2) Registration for on-road use of an off-road motorcycle is prohibited for dune buggies, snowmobiles, trimobiles, mopeds, pocket bikes, motor vehicles registered by the department, side-by-sides, utility vehicles, grey-market vehicles, off-road three-wheeled vehicles, and, as determined by the department, any other vehicles that were not originally certified by the manufacturer for use on public roads.

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(3) The declaration must include the following:

32 (a) Documentation of a safety inspection to be completed by a 33 licensed motorcycle dealer or repair shop in the state of Washington 34 that must outline the vehicle information and certify that all off-35 road to on-road motorcycle equipment as required under RCW 46.61.705 36 meets the requirements outlined in state and federal law;

37 (b) Documentation that the licensed motorcycle dealer or repair 38 shop did not charge more than one hundred dollars per safety

1 inspection and that the entire safety inspection fee is paid directly 2 and only to the licensed motorcycle dealer or repair shop;

3 (c) A statement that the licensed motorcycle dealer or repair 4 shop is entitled to the full amount charged for the motorcycle safety 5 inspection;

6 (d) A vehicle identification number verification that must be 7 completed by a licensed motorcycle dealer or repair shop in the state 8 of Washington; and

9 (e) A release signed by the owner of the off-road motorcycle and 10 verified by the department, county auditor or other agent, or 11 subagent appointed by the director that releases the state from any 12 liability and outlines that the owner understands that the original 13 off-road motorcycle was not manufactured for on-road use and that it 14 has been modified for use on public roads.

15 (4) The department must track off-road motorcycles in a separate 16 registration category for reporting purposes.

17 Sec. 21. RCW 46.20.308 and 2016 c 203 s 15 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state is 19 20 deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath for the purpose of 21 22 determining the alcohol concentration in his or her breath if arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, the 23 24 arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 25 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or was 26 27 in violation of RCW 46.61.503.

(2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the 28 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to 29 30 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control 31 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or the person to have been driving or 32 in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in 33 a concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503 in his or her system 34 and being under the age of twenty-one. Prior to administering a 35 breath test pursuant to this section, the officer shall inform the 36 person of his or her right under this section to refuse the breath 37 test, and of his or her right to have additional tests administered 38 by any qualified person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW 39

1 46.61.506. The officer shall warn the driver, in substantially the 2 following language, that:

3 (a) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's license,
4 permit, or privilege to drive will be revoked or denied for at least
5 one year; and

6 (b) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's refusal 7 to take the test may be used in a criminal trial; and

8 (c) If the driver submits to the test and the test is 9 administered, the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive 10 will be suspended, revoked, or denied for at least ninety days if:

(i) The driver is age twenty-one or over and the test indicates either that the alcohol concentration of the driver's breath is 0.08 or more; or

14 (ii) The driver is under age twenty-one and the test indicates 15 either that the alcohol concentration of the driver's breath is 0.02 16 or more; or

17 (iii) The driver is under age twenty-one and the driver is in 18 violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504; and

(d) If the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive is suspended, revoked, or denied the driver may be eligible to immediately apply for an ignition interlock driver's license.

(3) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested exercises the right, granted herein, by refusing upon the request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of his or her breath, no test shall be given except as otherwise authorized by law.

(4) Nothing in subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section 27 precludes a law enforcement officer from obtaining a person's blood 28 29 to test for alcohol, marijuana, or any drug, pursuant to a search warrant, a valid waiver of the warrant requirement, when exigent 30 31 circumstances exist, or under any other authority of law. Any blood drawn for the purpose of determining the person's alcohol, marijuana 32 levels, or any drug, is drawn pursuant to this section when the 33 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is in 34 physical control or driving a vehicle under the influence or in 35 violation of RCW 46.61.503. 36

(5) If, after arrest and after any other applicable conditions and requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or

blood is 0.08 or more, or the THC concentration of the person's blood 1 2 is 5.00 or more, if the person is age twenty-one or over, or that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.02 or 3 more, or the THC concentration of the person's blood is above 0.00, 4 if the person is under the age of twenty-one, or the person refuses 5 6 to submit to a test, the arresting officer or other law enforcement 7 officer at whose direction any test has been given, or the department, where applicable, if the arrest results in a test of the 8 9 person's blood, shall:

10 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 11 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 12 license, permit, or privilege to drive as required by subsection (6) 13 of this section;

(b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing as provided by subsection (7) of this section;

(c) Serve notice in writing that the license or permit, if any, 18 is a temporary license that is valid for thirty days from the date of 19 arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is 20 21 given by the department following a blood test, or until the suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's license, permit, or 22 privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection 23 24 (7) of this section, whichever occurs first. No temporary license is 25 valid to any greater degree than the license or permit that it 26 replaces; and

(d) Immediately notify the department of the arrest and transmit to the department within seventy-two hours, except as delayed as the result of a blood test, a sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW that states:

(i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or was under the age of twenty-one years and had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having an alcohol or THC concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503;

38 (ii) That after receipt of any applicable warnings required by 39 subsection (2) of this section the person refused to submit to a test 40 of his or her breath, or a test was administered and the results

indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.08 or more, or the THC concentration of the person's blood was 5.00 or more, if the person is age twenty-one or over, or that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.02 or more, or the THC concentration of the person's blood was above 0.00, if the person is under the age of twenty-one; and

7 (iii) Any other information that the director may require by 8 rule.

9 (6) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by ((RCW 9A.72.085)) 10 chapter 5.50 RCW under subsection (5)(d) of this section, shall 11 12 suspend, revoke, or deny the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, as provided in RCW 13 46.20.3101, such suspension, revocation, or denial to be effective 14 beginning thirty days from the date of arrest or from the date notice 15 16 has been given in the event notice is given by the department 17 following a blood test, or when sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (7) of this section, whichever occurs first. 18

(7) A person receiving notification under subsection (5) (b) of 19 this section may, within seven days after the notice has been given, 20 21 request in writing a formal hearing before the department. The person shall pay a fee of three hundred seventy-five dollars as part of the 22 request. If the request is mailed, it must be postmarked within seven 23 days after receipt of the notification. Upon timely receipt of such a 24 25 request for a formal hearing, including receipt of the required three hundred seventy-five dollar fee, the department shall afford the 26 person an opportunity for a hearing. The department may waive the 27 required three hundred seventy-five dollar fee if the person is an 28 indigent as defined in RCW 10.101.010. Except as otherwise provided 29 in this section, the hearing is subject to and shall be scheduled and 30 31 conducted in accordance with RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing 32 shall be conducted in the county of the arrest, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be 33 conducted by telephone or other electronic means. The hearing shall 34 be held within thirty days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal 35 holidays, following the date of timely receipt of such request for a 36 formal hearing before the department or thirty days, 37 excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays following the date notice has 38 39 been given in the event notice is given by the department following a 40 blood test, unless otherwise agreed to by the department and the

person, in which case the action by the department shall be stayed, 1 and any valid temporary license under subsection (5) of this section 2 3 extended, if the person is otherwise eligible for licensing. Unless otherwise agreed to by the department and the person, the department 4 must give five days notice of the hearing to the person. For the 5 6 purposes of this section, the scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 7 believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control 8 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of 9 intoxicating liquor or any drug or had been driving or was in actual 10 11 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while having 12 alcohol in his or her system in a concentration of 0.02 or more, or THC in his or her system in a concentration above 0.00, if the person 13 14 was under the age of twenty-one, whether the person was placed under arrest, and (a) whether the person refused to submit to the test or 15 16 tests upon request of the officer after having been informed that 17 such refusal would result in the revocation of the person's license, 18 permit, or privilege to drive, or (b) if a test or tests were administered, whether the applicable requirements of this section 19 were satisfied before the administration of the test or tests, 20 whether the person submitted to the test or tests, or whether a test 21 22 was administered pursuant to a search warrant, a valid waiver of the 23 warrant requirement, when exigent circumstances exist, or under any other authority of law as permitted under this section, and whether 24 25 the test or tests indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.08 or more, or the THC concentration 26 of the person's blood was 5.00 or more, if the person was age twenty-27 28 one or over at the time of the arrest, or that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.02 or more, or 29 the THC concentration of the person's blood was above 0.00, if the 30 31 person was under the age of twenty-one at the time of the arrest. 32 Where a person is found to be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug 33 or was under the age of twenty-one at the time of the arrest and was 34 in physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in his or 35 her system in a concentration of 0.02 or THC concentration above 36 0.00, the person may petition the hearing officer to apply the 37 affirmative defense found in RCW 46.61.504(3) and 46.61.503(2). The 38 39 driver has the burden to prove the affirmative defense by a 40 preponderance of the evidence. The sworn report or report under a

1 declaration authorized by ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW submitted by a law enforcement officer is prima facie evidence that 2 the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been 3 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within 4 this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, 5 6 or both, or the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in 7 his or her system in a concentration of 0.02 or more, or THC in his 8 or her system in a concentration above 0.00, and was under the age of 9 twenty-one and that the officer complied with the requirements of 10 11 this section.

12 A hearing officer shall conduct the hearing, may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and 13 shall administer oaths to witnesses. The hearing officer shall not 14 issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at the request of 15 16 the person unless the request is accompanied by the fee required by 17 RCW 5.56.010 for a witness in district court. The sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 18 5.50 RCW of the law enforcement officer and any other evidence 19 accompanying the report shall be admissible without further 20 21 evidentiary foundation and the certifications authorized by the criminal rules for courts of limited jurisdiction shall be admissible 22 23 without further evidentiary foundation. The person may be represented by counsel, may question witnesses, may present evidence, and may 24 25 testify. The department shall order that the suspension, revocation, or denial either be rescinded or sustained. 26

(8) If the suspension, revocation, or denial is sustained after 27 such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is 28 29 suspended, revoked, or denied has the right to file a petition in the superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of 30 31 revocation by the department in the same manner as an appeal from a 32 decision of a court of limited jurisdiction. Notice of appeal must be filed within thirty days after the date the final order is served or 33 the right to appeal is waived. Notwithstanding RCW 46.20.334, RALJ 34 1.1, or other statutes or rules referencing de novo review, the 35 appeal shall be limited to a review of the record of the 36 administrative hearing. The appellant must pay the costs associated 37 with obtaining the record of the hearing before the hearing officer. 38 39 The filing of the appeal does not stay the effective date of the 40 suspension, revocation, or denial. A petition filed under this

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subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting 1 review. Upon granting petitioner's request for review, the court 2 shall review the department's final order of suspension, revocation, 3 or denial as expeditiously as possible. The review must be limited to 4 a determination of whether the department has committed any errors of 5 6 law. The superior court shall accept those factual determinations supported by substantial evidence in the record: (a) 7 That were expressly made by the department; or (b) that may reasonably be 8 inferred from the final order of the department. The superior court 9 may reverse, affirm, or modify the decision of the department or 10 11 remand the case back to the department for further proceedings. The 12 decision of the superior court must be in writing and filed in the clerk's office with the other papers in the case. The court shall 13 state the reasons for the decision. If judicial relief is sought for 14 a stay or other temporary remedy from the department's action, the 15 16 court shall not grant such relief unless the court finds that the 17 appellant is likely to prevail in the appeal and that without a stay 18 the appellant will suffer irreparable injury. If the court stays the 19 suspension, revocation, or denial it may impose conditions on such 20 stay.

21 (9) (a) If a person whose driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive has been or will be suspended, revoked, or denied under 22 subsection (6) of this section, other than as a result of a breath 23 test refusal, and who has not committed an offense for which he or 24 25 she was granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, petitions a court for a deferred prosecution on criminal charges 26 arising out of the arrest for which action has been or will be taken 27 28 under subsection (6) of this section, or notifies the department of licensing of the intent to seek such a deferred prosecution, then the 29 license suspension or revocation shall be stayed pending entry of the 30 31 deferred prosecution. The stay shall not be longer than one hundred 32 fifty days after the date charges are filed, or two years after the date of the arrest, whichever time period is shorter. If the court 33 stays the suspension, revocation, or denial, it may impose conditions 34 on such stay. If the person is otherwise eligible for licensing, the 35 36 department shall issue a temporary license, or extend any valid temporary license under subsection (5) of this section, for the 37 period of the stay. If a deferred prosecution treatment plan is not 38 39 recommended in the report made under RCW 10.05.050, or if treatment 40 is rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an

offered treatment plan, or if the person violates any condition mposed by the court, then the court shall immediately direct the department to cancel the stay and any temporary license or extension of a temporary license issued under this subsection.

(b) A suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 5 6 section, other than as a result of a breath test refusal, shall be stayed if the person is accepted for deferred prosecution as provided 7 in chapter 10.05 RCW for the incident upon which the suspension, 8 revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is 9 terminated, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, 10 11 or denial reinstated. If the deferred prosecution is completed, the 12 stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled. 13

(c) The provisions of (b) of this subsection relating to a stay of a suspension, revocation, or denial and the cancellation of any suspension, revocation, or denial do not apply to the suspension, revocation, denial, or disqualification of a person's commercial driver's license or privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

(10) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, revoked, or denied, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

25 Sec. 22. RCW 46.20.720 and 2017 c 336 s 5 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) Ignition interlock restriction. The department shall require that a person may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device:

(a) Pretrial release. Upon receipt of notice from a court that an
 ignition interlock device restriction has been imposed under RCW
 10.21.055;

(b) Ignition interlock driver's license. As required for issuance
 of an ignition interlock driver's license under RCW 46.20.385;

35 (c) **Deferred prosecution**. Upon receipt of notice from a court 36 that the person is participating in a deferred prosecution program 37 under RCW 10.05.020 for a violation of:

38 (i) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance; 39 or 1 (ii) RCW 46.61.5249 or 46.61.500 or an equivalent local ordinance if the person would be required under RCW 46.61.5249(4) 2 or 46.61.500(3) (a) or (b) to install an ignition interlock device on 3 all vehicles operated by the person in the event of a conviction; 4

(d) **Post conviction.** After any applicable period of suspension, 5 6 revocation, or denial of driving privileges:

7 (i) Due to a conviction of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local or out-of-state statute 8 or 9 ordinance; or

(ii) Due to a conviction of a violation of RCW 46.61.5249 or 10 11 46.61.500 or an equivalent local ordinance if the person is required 12 under RCW 46.61.5249(4) or 46.61.500(3) (a) or (b) to install an ignition interlock device on all vehicles operated by the person; or 13

(e) Court order. Upon receipt of an order by a court having 14 jurisdiction that a person charged or convicted of any offense 15 16 involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle may drive only a motor vehicle equipped 17 18 with a functioning ignition interlock. The court shall establish a 19 specific calibration setting at which the ignition interlock will 20 prevent the vehicle from being started. The court shall also establish the period of time for which ignition interlock use will be 21 22 required.

23 (2) Calibration. Unless otherwise specified by the court for a restriction imposed under subsection (1)(e) of this section, the 24 25 ignition interlock device shall be calibrated to prevent the motor 26 vehicle from being started when the breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. 27

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(3) Duration of restriction. A restriction imposed under:

(a) Subsection (1)(a) of this section shall remain in effect 29 30 until:

31 (i) The court has authorized the removal of the device under RCW 32 10.21.055; or

(ii) The department has imposed a restriction under subsection 33 (1) (b), (c), or (d) of this section arising out of the same incident. 34

(b) Subsection (1)(b) of this section remains in effect during 35 36 the validity of any ignition interlock driver's license that has been 37 issued to the person.

(c) Subsection (1)(c)(i) or (d)(i) of this section shall be for 38 39 no less than:

(i) For a person who has not previously been restricted under
 this subsection, a period of one year;

3 (ii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (c)(i)
4 of this subsection, a period of five years;

5 (iii) For a person who has previously been restricted under 6 (c)(ii) of this subsection, a period of ten years.

7 The restriction of a person who is convicted of a violation of 8 RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance and who 9 committed the offense while a passenger under the age of sixteen was 10 in the vehicle shall be extended for an additional six-month period 11 as required by RCW 46.61.5055(6)(a).

12 (d) Subsection (1) (c) (ii) or (d) (ii) of this section shall be for 13 a period of no less than six months.

(e) Subsection (1)(e) of this section shall remain in effect forthe period of time specified by the court.

16 The period of restriction under (c) and (d) of this subsection 17 based on incidents occurring on or after June 9, 2016, must be tolled 18 for any period in which the person does not have an ignition interlock device installed on a vehicle owned or operated by the 19 person unless the person receives a determination from the department 20 21 that the person is unable to operate an ignition interlock device due 22 to a physical disability. The department's determination that a person is unable to operate an ignition interlock device must be 23 reasonable and be based upon good and substantial evidence. This 24 25 determination is subject to review by a court of competent jurisdiction. The department may charge a person seeking a medical 26 exemption under this subsection a reasonable fee for the assessment. 27

(4) Requirements for removal. A restriction imposed under subsection (1)(c) or (d) of this section shall remain in effect until the department receives a declaration from the person's ignition interlock device vendor, in a form provided or approved by the department, certifying that there have been none of the following incidents in the one hundred eighty consecutive days prior to the date of release:

35 (a) Any attempt to start the vehicle with a breath alcohol 36 concentration of 0.04 or more unless a subsequent test performed 37 within ten minutes registers a breath alcohol concentration lower 38 than 0.04 and the digital image confirms the same person provided 39 both samples;

1 (b) Failure to take any random test unless a review of the 2 digital image confirms that the vehicle was not occupied by the 3 driver at the time of the missed test;

4 (c) Failure to pass any random retest with a breath alcohol 5 concentration of 0.025 or lower unless a subsequent test performed 6 within ten minutes registers a breath alcohol concentration lower 7 than 0.025, and the digital image confirms the same person provided 8 both samples; or

9 (d) Failure of the person to appear at the ignition interlock 10 device vendor when required for maintenance, repair, calibration, 11 monitoring, inspection, or replacement of the device.

12 (5) **Day-for-day credit.** (a) The time period during which a person 13 has an ignition interlock device installed in order to meet the 14 requirements of subsection (1)(b) of this section shall apply on a 15 day-for-day basis toward satisfying the period of time the ignition 16 interlock device restriction is imposed under subsection (1)(c) or 17 (d) of this section arising out of the same incident.

(b) The department must also give the person a day-for-day credit for any time period, beginning from the date of the incident, during which the person kept an ignition interlock device installed on all vehicles the person operates, other than those subject to the employer exemption under subsection (6) of this section.

(c) If the day-for-day credit granted under this subsection equals or exceeds the period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is imposed under subsection (1)(c) or (d) of this section arising out of the same incident, and the person has already met the requirements for removal of the device under subsection (4) of this section, the department may waive the requirement that a device be installed or that the person again meet the requirements for removal.

(6) **Employer exemption.** (a) Except as provided in (b) of this 30 31 subsection, the installation of an ignition interlock device is not 32 necessary on vehicles owned, leased, or rented by a person's employer and on those vehicles whose care and/or maintenance is the temporary 33 responsibility of the employer, and driven at the direction of a 34 person's employer as a requirement of employment during working 35 36 hours. The person must provide the department with a declaration pursuant to ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW from his or her 37 employer stating that the person's employment requires the person to 38 39 operate a vehicle owned by the employer or other persons during 40 working hours.

1 (b) The employer exemption does not apply when the employer's 2 vehicle is assigned exclusively to the restricted driver and used 3 solely for commuting to and from employment.

(7) Ignition interlock device revolving account. In addition to 4 any other costs associated with the use of an ignition interlock 5 6 device imposed on the person restricted under this section, the person shall pay an additional fee of twenty dollars per month. 7 Payments must be made directly to the ignition interlock company. The 8 company shall remit the additional fee to the department to be 9 deposited into the ignition interlock device revolving account, 10 11 except that the company may retain twenty-five cents per month of the 12 additional fee to cover the expenses associated with administering the fee. The department may waive the monthly fee if the person is 13 14 indigent under RCW 10.101.010.

(8) Foreign jurisdiction. For a person restricted under this 15 section who is residing outside of the state of Washington, the 16 17 department may accept verification of installation of an ignition 18 interlock device by an ignition interlock company authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the person resides, provided 19 the device meets any applicable requirements of that jurisdiction. 20 21 The department may waive the monthly fee required by subsection (7) of this section if collection of the fee would be impractical in the 22 23 case of a person residing in another jurisdiction.

24 Sec. 23. RCW 47.68.250 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 25 s 44 are each 25 amended to read as follows:

(1) Every aircraft must be registered with the department for each calendar year in which the aircraft is operated or is based within this state. A fee of fifteen dollars is charged for each such registration and each annual renewal thereof.

30 (2) Possession of the appropriate effective federal certificate, 31 permit, rating, or license relating to ownership and airworthiness of 32 the aircraft, and payment of the excise tax imposed by Title 82 RCW 33 for the privilege of using the aircraft within this state during the 34 year for which the registration is sought, and payment of the 35 registration fee required by this section are the only requisites for 36 registration of an aircraft under this section.

37 (3) The registration fee imposed by this section is payable to 38 and collected by the secretary. The fee for any calendar year must be 39 paid during the month of January, and must be collected by the

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secretary at the time of the collection by him or her of the excise tax. If the secretary is satisfied that the requirements for registration of the aircraft have been met, he or she must issue to the owner of the aircraft a certificate of registration therefor. The secretary must pay to the state treasurer the registration fees collected under this section, which registration fees must be credited to the aeronautics account.

8 (4) It is not necessary for the registrant to provide the 9 secretary with originals or copies of federal certificates, permits, 10 ratings, or licenses. The secretary must issue certificates of 11 registration, or such other evidences of registration or payment of 12 fees as he or she may deem proper; and in connection therewith may 13 prescribe requirements for the possession and exhibition of such 14 certificates or other evidences.

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(5) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

(a) An aircraft owned by and used exclusively in the service of
any government or any political subdivision thereof, including the
government of the United States, any state, territory, or possession
of the United States, or the District of Columbia, which is not
engaged in carrying persons or property for commercial purposes;

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(b) An aircraft registered under the laws of a foreign country;

(c) An aircraft that is owned by a nonresident if:

(i) The aircraft remains in this state or is based in this state,or both, for a period less than ninety days; or

(ii) The aircraft is a large private airplane as defined in RCW 82.08.215 and remains in this state for a period of ninety days or longer, but only when:

(A) The airplane is in this state exclusively for the purpose of
 repairs, alterations, or reconstruction, including any flight testing
 related to the repairs, alterations, or reconstruction, or for the
 purpose of continual storage of not less than one full calendar year;

32 (B) An employee of the facility providing these services is on33 board the airplane during any flight testing; and

34 (C) Within ninety days of the date the airplane first arrived in 35 this state during the calendar year, the nonresident files a written 36 statement with the department indicating that the airplane is exempt 37 from registration under this subsection (5)(c)(ii). The written 38 statement must be filed in a form and manner prescribed by the 39 department and must include such information as the department 40 requires. The department may require additional periodic verification 1 that the airplane remains exempt from registration under this 2 subsection (5)(c)(ii) and that written statements conform with the 3 provisions of ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW;

4 (d) An aircraft engaged principally in commercial flying 5 constituting an act of interstate or foreign commerce;

6 (e) An aircraft owned by the commercial manufacturer thereof 7 while being operated for test or experimental purposes, or for the 8 purpose of training crews for purchasers of the aircraft;

9 (f) An aircraft being held for sale, exchange, delivery, test, or 10 demonstration purposes solely as stock in trade of an aircraft dealer 11 licensed under Title 14 RCW; and

12 (g) An aircraft based within the state that is in an unairworthy 13 condition, is not operated within the registration period, and has 14 obtained a written exemption issued by the secretary.

(6) The secretary must be notified within thirty days of any 15 16 change in ownership of a registered aircraft. The notification must 17 contain the N, NC, NR, NL, or NX number of the aircraft, the full name and address of the former owner, and the full name and address 18 of the new owner. For failure to so notify the secretary, the 19 registration of that aircraft may be canceled by the secretary, 20 21 subject to reinstatement upon application and payment of a reinstatement fee of ten dollars by the new owner. 22

(7) A municipality or port district that owns, operates, or leases an airport, as defined in RCW 47.68.020, with the intent to operate, must require from an aircraft owner proof of aircraft registration as a condition of leasing or selling tiedown or hangar space for an aircraft. It is the responsibility of the lessee or purchaser to register the aircraft. Proof of registration must be provided according to the following schedule:

30 (a) For the purchase of tiedown or hangar space, the municipality 31 or port district must allow the purchaser thirty days from the date 32 of the application for purchase to produce proof of aircraft 33 registration.

34 (b) For the lease of tiedown or hangar space that extends thirty 35 days or more, the municipality or port district must allow the lessee 36 thirty days to produce proof of aircraft registration from the date 37 of the application for lease of tiedown or hangar space.

38 (c) For the lease of tiedown or hangar space that extends less 39 than thirty days, the municipality or port district must allow the

1 lessee to produce proof of aircraft registration at any point prior 2 to the final day of the lease.

3 (8) The airport must work with the aviation division to assist in
4 its efforts to register aircraft by providing information about based
5 aircraft on an annual basis as requested by the division.

6 Sec. 24. RCW 59.18.030 and 2016 c 66 s 1 are each reenacted and 7 amended to read as follows:

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As used in this chapter:

9 (1) "Certificate of inspection" means an unsworn statement, 10 declaration, verification, or certificate made in accordance with the requirements of ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW by a qualified 11 inspector that states that the landlord has not failed to fulfill any 12 substantial obligation imposed under RCW 59.18.060 that endangers or 13 impairs the health or safety of a tenant, including (a) structural 14 15 members that are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed 16 loads with safety, (b) exposure of the occupants to the weather, (c) plumbing and sanitation defects that directly expose the occupants to 17 the risk of illness or injury, (d) not providing facilities adequate 18 to supply heat and water and hot water as reasonably required by the 19 20 tenant, (e) providing heating or ventilation systems that are not 21 functional or are hazardous, (f) defective, hazardous, or missing 22 electrical wiring or electrical service, (g) defective or hazardous exits that increase the risk of injury to occupants, and (h) 23 24 conditions that increase the risk of fire.

(2) "Commercially reasonable manner," with respect to a sale of a deceased tenant's personal property, means a sale where every aspect of the sale, including the method, manner, time, place, and other terms, must be commercially reasonable. If commercially reasonable, a landlord may sell the tenant's property by public or private proceedings, by one or more contracts, as a unit or in parcels, and at any time and place and on any terms.

32 (3) "Comprehensive reusable tenant screening report" means a 33 tenant screening report prepared by a consumer reporting agency at 34 the direction of and paid for by the prospective tenant and made 35 available directly to a prospective landlord at no charge, which 36 contains all of the following: (a) A consumer credit report prepared 37 by a consumer reporting agency within the past thirty days; (b) the 38 prospective tenant's criminal history; (c) the prospective tenant's

1 eviction history; (d) an employment verification; and (e) the 2 prospective tenant's address and rental history.

(4) "Criminal history" means a report containing or summarizing 3 (a) the prospective tenant's criminal convictions and pending cases, 4 the final disposition of which antedates the report by no more than 5 6 seven years, and (b) the results of a sex offender registry and United States department of the treasury's office of foreign assets 7 control search, all based on at least seven years of address history 8 and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available 9 in the consumer credit report. 10

11 (5) "Designated person" means a person designated by the tenant 12 under RCW 59.18.590.

13 (6) "Distressed home" has the same meaning as in RCW 61.34.020.

14 (7) "Distressed home conveyance" has the same meaning as in RCW 15 61.34.020.

16 (8) "Distressed home purchaser" has the same meaning as in RCW 17 61.34.020.

(9) "Dwelling unit" is a structure or that part of a structure which is used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons maintaining a common household, including but not limited to single-family residences and units of multiplexes, apartment buildings, and mobile homes.

(10) "Eviction history" means a report containing or summarizing the contents of any records of unlawful detainer actions concerning the prospective tenant that are reportable in accordance with state law, are lawful for landlords to consider, and are obtained after a search based on at least seven years of address history and alias information provided by the prospective tenant or available in the consumer credit report.

30 (11) "Gang" means a group that: (a) Consists of three or more 31 persons; (b) has identifiable leadership or an identifiable name, 32 sign, or symbol; and (c) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and 33 acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

34 (12) "Gang-related activity" means any activity that occurs 35 within the gang or advances a gang purpose.

36 (13) "In danger of foreclosure" means any of the following:

37 (a) The homeowner has defaulted on the mortgage and, under the 38 terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee has the right to accelerate full 39 payment of the mortgage and repossess, sell, or cause to be sold the 40 property;

1 (b) The homeowner is at least thirty days delinquent on any loan 2 that is secured by the property; or

3 (c) The homeowner has a good faith belief that he or she is 4 likely to default on the mortgage within the upcoming four months due 5 to a lack of funds, and the homeowner has reported this belief to:

6 (i) The mortgagee;

7 (ii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 8 19.134 RCW;

9 (iii) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 10 19.146 RCW;

11 (iv) A person licensed or required to be licensed under chapter
12 18.85 RCW;

13 (v) An attorney-at-law;

14 (vi) A mortgage counselor or other credit counselor licensed or 15 certified by any federal, state, or local agency; or

16 (\*

(vii) Any other party to a distressed property conveyance.

(14) "Landlord" means the owner, lessor, or sublessor of the dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part, and in addition means any person designated as representative of the owner, lessor, or sublessor including, but not limited to, an agent, a resident manager, or a designated property manager.

(15) "Mortgage" is used in the general sense and includes all instruments, including deeds of trust, that are used to secure an obligation by an interest in real property.

25 (16) "Owner" means one or more persons, jointly or severally, in 26 whom is vested:

27

(a) All or any part of the legal title to property; or

(b) All or part of the beneficial ownership, and a right to present use and enjoyment of the property.

30 (17) "Person" means an individual, group of individuals, 31 corporation, government, or governmental agency, business trust, 32 estate, trust, partnership, or association, two or more persons 33 having a joint or common interest, or any other legal or commercial 34 entity.

(18) "Premises" means a dwelling unit, appurtenances thereto, grounds, and facilities held out for the use of tenants generally and any other area or facility which is held out for use by the tenant.

38 (19) "Property" or "rental property" means all dwelling units on 39 a contiguous quantity of land managed by the same landlord as a 40 single, rental complex. 1 (20) "Prospective landlord" means a landlord or a person who 2 advertises, solicits, offers, or otherwise holds a dwelling unit out 3 as available for rent.

4 (21) "Prospective tenant" means a tenant or a person who has 5 applied for residential housing that is governed under this chapter.

6 (22) "Qualified inspector" means a United States department of housing and urban development certified inspector; a Washington state 7 licensed home inspector; an American society of home inspectors 8 certified inspector; a private inspector certified by the national 9 association of housing and redevelopment officials, the American 10 association of code enforcement, or other comparable professional 11 association as approved by the local municipality; a municipal code 12 enforcement officer; a Washington licensed structural engineer; or a 13 14 Washington licensed architect.

(23) "Reasonable attorneys' fees," where authorized in this 15 chapter, means an amount to be determined including the following 16 17 factors: The time and labor required, the novelty and difficulty of the questions involved, the skill requisite to perform the legal 18 service properly, the fee customarily charged in the locality for 19 similar legal services, the amount involved and the results obtained, 20 and the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyer or lawyers 21 22 performing the services.

(24) "Reasonable manner," with respect to disposing of a deceased tenant's personal property, means to dispose of the property by donation to a not-for-profit charitable organization, by removal of the property by a trash hauler or recycler, or by any other method that is reasonable under the circumstances.

(25) "Rental agreement" means all agreements which establish or
 modify the terms, conditions, rules, regulations, or any other
 provisions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit.

31 (26) A "single-family residence" is a structure maintained and 32 used as a single dwelling unit. Notwithstanding that a dwelling unit 33 shares one or more walls with another dwelling unit, it shall be 34 deemed a single-family residence if it has direct access to a street 35 and shares neither heating facilities nor hot water equipment, nor 36 any other essential facility or service, with any other dwelling 37 unit.

38 (27) A "tenant" is any person who is entitled to occupy a 39 dwelling unit primarily for living or dwelling purposes under a 40 rental agreement.

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(28) "Tenant representative" means:

2 (a) A personal representative of a deceased tenant's estate if3 known to the landlord;

4 (b) If the landlord has no knowledge that a personal 5 representative has been appointed for the deceased tenant's estate, a 6 person claiming to be a successor of the deceased tenant who has 7 provided the landlord with proof of death and an affidavit made by 8 the person that meets the requirements of RCW 11.62.010(2);

9 (c) In the absence of a personal representative under (a) of this 10 subsection or a person claiming to be a successor under (b) of this 11 subsection, a designated person; or

(d) In the absence of a personal representative under (a) of this subsection, a person claiming to be a successor under (b) of this subsection, or a designated person under (c) of this subsection, any person who provides the landlord with reasonable evidence that he or she is a successor of the deceased tenant as defined in RCW 17 11.62.005. The landlord has no obligation to identify all of the deceased tenant's successors.

19 (29) "Tenant screening" means using a consumer report or other 20 information about a prospective tenant in deciding whether to make or 21 accept an offer for residential rental property to or from a 22 prospective tenant.

(30) "Tenant screening report" means a consumer report as defined in RCW 19.182.010 and any other information collected by a tenant screening service.

26 Sec. 25. RCW 71.09.070 and 2015 c 278 s 1 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) Each person committed under this chapter shall have a current
 examination of his or her mental condition made by the department at
 least once every year.

31 (2) The evaluator must prepare a report that includes 32 consideration of whether:

33 (a) The committed person currently meets the definition of a34 sexually violent predator;

35 (b) Conditional release to a less restrictive alternative is in 36 the best interest of the person; and

37 (c) Conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the 38 community.

1 (3) The department, on request of the committed person, shall 2 allow a record of the annual review interview to be preserved by 3 audio recording and made available to the committed person.

4 (4) The evaluator must indicate in the report whether the 5 committed person participated in the interview and examination.

6 (5) The department shall file the report with the court that 7 committed the person under this chapter. The report shall be in the form of a declaration or certification in compliance with the 8 requirements of ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW and shall be 9 prepared by a professionally qualified person as defined by rules 10 11 adopted by the secretary. A copy of the report shall be served on the 12 prosecuting agency involved in the initial commitment and upon the committed person and his or her counsel. 13

14 (6)(a) The committed person may retain, or if he or she is 15 indigent and so requests, the court may appoint a qualified expert or 16 a professional person to examine him or her, and such expert or 17 professional person shall have access to all records concerning the 18 person.

19 (b) Any report prepared by the expert or professional person and 20 any expert testimony on the committed person's behalf is not 21 admissible in a proceeding pursuant to RCW 71.09.090, unless the 22 committed person participated in the most recent interview and 23 evaluation completed by the department.

(7) If an unconditional release trial is ordered pursuant to RCW 24 25 71.09.090, this section is suspended until the completion of that 26 trial. If the individual is found either by jury or the court to continue to meet the definition of a sexually violent predator, the 27 28 department must conduct an examination pursuant to this section no later than one year after the date of the order finding that the 29 individual continues to be a sexually violent predator. 30 The 31 examination must comply with the requirements of this section.

32 (8) During any period of confinement pursuant to a criminal 33 conviction, or for any period of detention awaiting trial on criminal 34 charges, this section is suspended. Upon the return of the person 35 committed under this chapter to the custody of the department, the 36 department shall initiate an examination of the person's mental 37 condition. The examination must comply with the requirements of 38 subsection (1) of this section.

1 Sec. 26. RCW 81.84.020 and 2007 c 234 s 93 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) Upon the filing of an application, the commission shall give 3 reasonable notice to the department, affected cities, counties, and 4 public transportation benefit areas and any common carrier which 5 6 might be adversely affected, of the time and place for hearing on such application. The commission may, after notice and an opportunity 7 for a hearing, issue the certificate as prayed for, or refuse to 8 issue it, or issue it for the partial exercise only of the privilege 9 sought, and may attach to the exercise of the rights granted by the 10 11 certificate any terms and conditions as in its judgment the public 12 convenience and necessity may require; but the commission may not grant a certificate to operate between districts or into any 13 territory prohibited by RCW 47.60.120 or already served by an 14 existing certificate holder, unless the existing certificate holder 15 16 has failed or refused to furnish reasonable and adequate service, has 17 failed to provide the service described in its certificate or tariffs after the time allowed to initiate service has elapsed, or has not 18 19 objected to the issuance of the certificate as prayed for.

(2) Before issuing a certificate, the commission shall determine 20 that the applicant has the financial resources to operate the 21 22 proposed service for at least twelve months, based upon the submission by the applicant of a pro forma financial statement of 23 operations. Issuance of a certificate must be determined upon, but 24 25 not limited to, the following factors: Ridership and revenue forecasts; the cost of service for the proposed operation; an 26 estimate of the cost of the assets to be used in providing the 27 28 service; a statement of the total assets on hand of the applicant 29 that will be expended on the proposed operation; and a statement of prior experience, if any, in such field by the applicant. The 30 31 documentation required of the applicant under this section must 32 comply with the provisions of ((RCW 9A.72.085)) chapter 5.50 RCW.

33 (3) In granting a certificate for passenger-only ferries and 34 determining what conditions to place on the certificate, the 35 commission shall consider and give substantial weight to the effect 36 of its decisions on public agencies operating, or eligible to 37 operate, passenger-only ferry service.

38 (4) Until July 1, 2007, the commission shall not accept or 39 consider an application for passenger-only ferry service serving any 40 county in the Puget Sound area with a population of over one million

people. Applications for passenger-only ferry service serving any county in the Puget Sound area with a population of over one million pending before the commission as of May 9, 2005, must be held in abeyance and not be considered before July 1, 2007.

5 Sec. 27. RCW 88.02.540 and 2011 c 326 s 4 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) The application for a quick title of a vessel must be made by 8 the owner or the owner's representative to the department, 9 participating county auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by 10 the director on a form furnished or approved by the department and 11 must contain:

12 (a) A description of the vessel, including make, model, hull13 identification number, series, and body;

(b) The name and address of the person who is to be the registered owner of the vessel and, if the vessel is subject to a security interest, the name and address of the secured party; and

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(c) Other information as may be required by the department.

18 (2) The application for a quick title must be signed by the 19 person applying to be the registered owner and be sworn to by that 20 person in the manner described under ((RCW 9A.72.085)) <u>chapter 5.50</u> 21 <u>RCW</u>. The department must keep a copy of the application.

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(3) The application for a quick title must be accompanied by:

(a) All fees and taxes due for an application for a certificate
 of title, including a quick title service fee under RCW 88.02.640(1);
 and

26 (b) The most recent certificate of title or other satisfactory 27 evidence of ownership.

(4) All applications for quick title must meet the requirementsestablished by the department.

30 (5) For the purposes of this section, "quick title" means a 31 certificate of title printed at the time of application.

32 (6) A subagent may process a quick title under this section only 33 after (a) the department has instituted a process in which blank 34 certificates of title can be inventoried; (b) the county auditor of 35 the county in which the subagent is located has processed quick 36 titles for a minimum of six months; and (c) the county auditor 37 approves a request from a subagent in its county to process quick 38 titles.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 28. Section 23 of this act expires July 1,
 2021.

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