CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 5022

Chapter 234, Laws of 2019

(partial veto)

66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

HIGHER EDUCATION UNIFORMED PERSONNEL--BINDING INTEREST ARBITRATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 28, 2019

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2019 Yeas 47 Nays 2

CYRUS HABIB

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 10, 2019 Yeas 68 Nays 24

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 30, 2019 3:20 PM with the exception of section 2, which is vetoed.

CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5022** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

BRAD HENDRICKSON

Secretary

FILED

May 1, 2019

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SENATE BILL 5022

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2019 Regular Session

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senators Keiser, Conway, Van De Wege, Hunt, Hobbs, Wellman, and Kuderer

Prefiled 12/12/18. Read first time 01/14/19. Referred to Committee on Labor & Commerce.

AN ACT Relating to granting binding interest arbitration rights to certain higher education uniformed personnel; amending RCW 41.80.005 and 41.80.010; adding new sections to chapter 41.80 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 41.80.005 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 43 s 444 are each 7 amended to read as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

10 (1) "Agency" means any agency as defined in RCW 41.06.020 and 11 covered by chapter 41.06 RCW.

12 (2) "Collective bargaining" means the performance of the mutual 13 obligation of the representatives of the employer and the exclusive 14 bargaining representative to meet at reasonable times and to bargain 15 in good faith in an effort to reach agreement with respect to the 16 subjects of bargaining specified under RCW 41.80.020. The obligation 17 to bargain does not compel either party to agree to a proposal or to 18 make a concession, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

19 (3) "Commission" means the public employment relations 20 commission.

1 (4) "Confidential employee" means an employee who, in the regular course of his or her duties, assists in a confidential capacity 2 persons who formulate, determine, and effectuate management policies 3 with regard to labor relations or who, in the regular course of his 4 or her duties, has authorized access to information relating to the 5 6 effectuation or review of the employer's collective bargaining policies, or who assists or aids a manager. "Confidential employee" 7 also includes employees who assist assistant attorneys general who 8 advise and represent managers or confidential employees in personnel 9 or labor relations matters, or who advise or represent the state in 10 tort actions. 11

12 (5) "Director" means the director of the public employment 13 relations commission.

(6) "Employee" means any employee, including employees whose work
has ceased in connection with the pursuit of lawful activities
protected by this chapter, covered by chapter 41.06 RCW, except:

17 (a) Employees covered for collective bargaining by chapter 41.5618 RCW;

19 (b) Confidential employees;

20 (c) Members of the Washington management service;

21 (d) Internal auditors in any agency; or

(e) Any employee of the commission, the office of financial management, or the office of risk management within the department of enterprise services.

(7) "Employee organization" means any organization, union, or association in which employees participate and that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining with employers.

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(8) "Employer" means the state of Washington.

30 (9) "Exclusive bargaining representative" means any employee 31 organization that has been certified under this chapter as the 32 representative of the employees in an appropriate bargaining unit.

(10) "Institutions of higher education" means the University of
 Washington, Washington State University, Central Washington
 University, Eastern Washington University, Western Washington
 University, The Evergreen State College, and the various state
 community colleges.

(11) "Labor dispute" means any controversy concerning terms,
 tenure, or conditions of employment, or concerning the association or
 representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining,

1 changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment 2 with respect to the subjects of bargaining provided in this chapter, 3 regardless of whether the disputants stand in the proximate relation 4 of employer and employee.

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(12) "Manager" means "manager" as defined in RCW 41.06.022.

6 (13) "Supervisor" means an employee who has authority, in the 7 interest of the employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, direct, reward, or discipline employees, 8 or to adjust employee grievances, or effectively to recommend such 9 action, if the exercise of the authority is not of a merely routine 10 11 nature but requires the consistent exercise of individual judgment. 12 However, no employee who is a member of the Washington management service may be included in a collective bargaining unit established 13 14 under this section.

15 (14) "Unfair labor practice" means any unfair labor practice 16 listed in RCW 41.80.110.

17 <u>(15) "Uniformed personnel" means duly sworn police officers</u> 18 <u>employed as members of a police force established pursuant to RCW</u> 19 <u>28B.10.550.</u>

20 *Sec. 2. RCW 41.80.010 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 23 s 3 are each 21 amended to read as follows:

(1) For the purpose of negotiating collective bargaining agreements under this chapter, the employer shall be represented by the governor or governor's designee, except as provided for institutions of higher education in subsection (4) of this section.

(2) (a) If an exclusive bargaining representative represents more 26 27 than one bargaining unit, the exclusive bargaining representative shall negotiate with each employer representative as designated in 28 29 subsection (1) of this section one master collective bargaining 30 agreement on behalf of all the employees in bargaining units that the 31 exclusive bargaining representative represents. For those exclusive 32 bargaining representatives who represent fewer than a total of five hundred employees each, negotiation shall be by a coalition of all 33 34 those exclusive bargaining representatives. The coalition shall 35 bargain for a master collective bargaining agreement covering all of the employees represented by the coalition. The governor's designee 36 37 and the exclusive bargaining representative or representatives are 38 authorized to enter into supplemental bargaining of agency-specific 39 issues for inclusion in or as an addendum to the master collective

1 bargaining agreement, subject to the parties' agreement regarding the 2 issues and procedures for supplemental bargaining. This section does 3 not prohibit cooperation and coordination of bargaining between two 4 or more exclusive bargaining representatives.

5 (b) This subsection (2) does not apply to exclusive bargaining 6 representatives who represent employees of institutions of higher 7 education, except when the institution of higher education has 8 elected to exercise its option under subsection (4) of this section 9 to have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's 10 designee under the procedures provided for general government 11 agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section.

12 (c) If five hundred or more employees of an independent state 13 elected official listed in RCW 43.01.010 are organized in a 14 bargaining unit or bargaining units under RCW 41.80.070, the official 15 shall be consulted by the governor or the governor's designee before 16 any agreement is reached under (a) of this subsection concerning 17 supplemental bargaining of agency specific issues affecting the 18 employees in such bargaining unit.

(3) The governor shall submit a request for funds necessary to implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions in the master collective bargaining agreement or for legislation necessary to implement the agreement. Requests for funds necessary to implement the provisions of bargaining agreements shall not be submitted to the legislature by the governor unless such requests:

(a) Have been submitted to the director of the office of
 financial management by October 1 prior to the legislative session at
 which the requests are to be considered; and

(b) Have been certified by the director of the office of financial management as being feasible financially for the state or reflects the decision of an arbitration panel reached under section 5 of this act.

32 The legislature shall approve or reject the submission of the request for funds as a whole. The legislature shall not consider a 33 34 request for funds to implement a collective bargaining agreement 35 unless the request is transmitted to the legislature as part of the 36 governor's budget document submitted under RCW 43.88.030 and If the legislature rejects or fails to act on the 37 43.88.060. 38 submission, either party may reopen all or part of the agreement or 39 the exclusive bargaining representative may seek to implement the 40 procedures provided for in RCW 41.80.090.

1 (4)(a)(i) For the purpose of negotiating agreements for 2 institutions of higher education, the employer shall be the 3 respective governing board of each of the universities, colleges, or community colleges or a designee chosen by the board to negotiate on 4 its behalf. 5

6 (ii) A governing board of a university or college may elect to 7 have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's 8 designee under the procedures provided for general government 9 agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, except that:

10 (A) The governor or the governor's designee and an exclusive 11 bargaining representative shall negotiate one master collective 12 bargaining agreement for all of the bargaining units of employees of 13 a university or college that the representative represents; or

(B) If the parties mutually agree, the governor or the governor's designee and an exclusive bargaining representative shall negotiate one master collective bargaining agreement for all of the bargaining units of employees of more than one university or college that the representative represents.

(iii) A governing board of a community college may elect to have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's designee under the procedures provided for general government agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section.

(b) Prior to entering into negotiations under this chapter, the institutions of higher education or their designees shall consult with the director of the office of financial management regarding financial and budgetary issues that are likely to arise in the impending negotiations.

28 (c) (i) In the case of bargaining agreements reached between 29 institutions of higher education other than the University of Washington and exclusive bargaining representatives agreed to under 30 31 the provisions of this chapter, if appropriations are necessary to 32 implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of the 33 bargaining agreements, the governor shall submit a request for such funds to the legislature according to the provisions of subsection 34 35 (3) of this section, except as provided in (c)(iii) of this 36 subsection.

(ii) In the case of bargaining agreements reached between the University of Washington and exclusive bargaining representatives agreed to under the provisions of this chapter, if appropriations are necessary to implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions

of a bargaining agreement, the governor shall submit a request for such funds to the legislature according to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, except as provided in this subsection (4) (c) (ii) and as provided in (c) (iii) of this subsection.

5 (A) If appropriations of less than ten thousand dollars are 6 necessary to implement the provisions of a bargaining agreement, a 7 request for such funds shall not be submitted to the legislature by 8 the governor unless the request has been submitted to the director of 9 the office of financial management by October 1 prior to the 10 legislative session at which the request is to be considered.

(B) If appropriations of ten thousand dollars or more are necessary to implement the provisions of a bargaining agreement, a request for such funds shall not be submitted to the legislature by the governor unless the request:

(I) Has been submitted to the director of the office of financial management by October 1 prior to the legislative session at which the request is to be considered; and

18 (II) Has been certified by the director of the office of 19 financial management as being feasible financially for the state.

(C) If the director of the office of financial management does 20 21 not certify a request under (c)(ii)(B) of this subsection as being 22 feasible financially for the state, the parties shall enter into collective bargaining solely for the purpose of reaching a mutually 23 24 agreed upon modification of the agreement necessary to address the 25 absence of those requested funds. The legislature may act upon the 26 compensation and fringe benefit provisions of the modified collective 27 bargaining agreement if those provisions are agreed upon and 28 submitted to the office of financial management and legislative 29 budget committees before final legislative action on the biennial or supplemental operating budget by the sitting legislature. 30

31 the case of a bargaining unit of employees (iii) In of 32 institutions of higher education in which the exclusive bargaining representative is certified during or after the conclusion of a 33 34 legislative session, the legislature may act upon the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of the unit's initial collective 35 36 bargaining agreement if those provisions are agreed upon and submitted to the office of financial management and legislative 37 38 budget committees before final legislative action on the biennial or 39 supplemental operating budget by the sitting legislature.

1 (5) If, after the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of 2 an agreement are approved by the legislature, a significant revenue 3 shortfall occurs resulting in reduced appropriations, as declared by 4 proclamation of the governor or by resolution of the legislature, 5 both parties shall immediately enter into collective bargaining for a 6 mutually agreed upon modification of the agreement.

7 the expiration date of a collective bargaining (6) After agreement negotiated under this chapter, all of the terms and 8 9 conditions specified in the collective bargaining agreement remain in the effective date of a subsequently negotiated 10 effect until 11 agreement, not to exceed one year from the expiration date stated in 12 the agreement. Thereafter, the employer may unilaterally implement 13 according to law.

14 (7) For the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium, a collective bargaining agreement related to employee health care benefits negotiated between 15 16 the employer and coalition pursuant to RCW 41.80.020(3) regarding the 17 dollar amount expended on behalf of each employee shall be a separate agreement for which the governor may request funds necessary to 18 implement the agreement. The legislature may act upon a 2013-2015 19 20 collective bargaining agreement related to employee health care 21 benefits if an agreement is reached and submitted to the office of 22 financial management and legislative budget committees before final 23 legislative action on the biennial or supplemental operating 24 appropriations act by the sitting legislature.

25 (8) (a) For the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the governor may 26 request funds to implement:

27 (i) Modifications to collective bargaining agreements as set forth in a memorandum of understanding negotiated between 28 the employer and the service employees international union healthcare 29 30 1199nw, an exclusive bargaining representative, that was necessitated 31 by an emergency situation or an imminent jeopardy determination by the center for medicare and medicaid services that relates to the 32 safety or health of the clients, employees, or both the clients and 33 34 employees.

35 (ii) Unilaterally implemented modifications to collective 36 bargaining agreements, resulting from the employer being prohibited 37 from negotiating with an exclusive bargaining representative due to a 38 representation petition, necessitated pending by an emergency 39 situation or an imminent jeopardy determination by the center for

medicare and medicaid services that relates to the safety or health
 of the clients, employees, or both the clients and employees.

(iii) Modifications to collective bargaining agreements as set 3 4 forth in a memorandum of understanding negotiated between the employer and the union of physicians of Washington, an exclusive 5 6 bargaining representative, that was necessitated by an emergency 7 situation or an imminent jeopardy determination by the center for medicare and medicaid services that relates to the safety or health 8 9 of the clients, employees, or both the clients and employees. If the memorandum of understanding submitted to the legislature as part of 10 11 the governor's budget document is rejected by the legislature, and the parties reach a new memorandum of understanding by June 30, 2016, 12 13 within the funds, conditions, and limitations provided in section 204, chapter 36, Laws of 2016 sp. sess., the new memorandum of 14 15 understanding shall be considered approved by the legislature and may 16 be retroactive to December 1, 2015.

17 (iv) Modifications to collective bargaining agreements as set 18 forth in a memorandum of understanding negotiated between the 19 employer and the teamsters union local 117, an exclusive bargaining 20 representative, for salary adjustments for the state employee job 21 classifications of psychiatrist, psychiatric social worker, and 22 psychologist.

(b) For the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the legislature may act upon the request for funds for modifications to a 2015-2017 collective bargaining agreement under (a)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of this subsection if funds are requested by the governor before final legislative action on the supplemental omnibus appropriations act by the sitting legislature.

(c) The request for funding made under this subsection and any action by the legislature taken pursuant to this subsection is limited to the modifications described in this subsection and may not otherwise affect the original terms of the 2015-2017 collective bargaining agreement.

(d) Subsection (3) (a) and (b) of this section ((do)) does not
 apply to requests for funding made pursuant to this subsection.
 *Sec. 2 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 37 RCW to read as follows:

1 The intent and purpose of sections 4 through 10 of this act is to recognize that there exists a public policy in the 2 state of Washington against strikes by uniformed personnel as a means of 3 settling their labor disputes; that the uninterrupted and dedicated 4 service of these classes of employees is vital to the welfare and 5 6 public safety of the state of Washington; and that to promote such dedicated and uninterrupted public service there should exist an 7 effective and adequate alternative means of settling disputes. 8

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 10 RCW to read as follows:

11 (1) Negotiations between the employer and the exclusive bargaining representative of a unit of uniformed personnel shall be 12 commenced at least five months prior to the submission of the budget 13 to the legislature. If no agreement has been reached sixty days after 14 15 the commencement of such negotiations then, at any time thereafter, 16 either party may declare that an impasse exists and may submit the dispute to the commission for mediation, with or without the 17 18 concurrence of the other party. The commission shall appoint a mediator, who shall promptly meet with the representatives of the 19 20 parties, either jointly or separately, and shall take such other 21 steps as he or she may deem appropriate in order to persuade the 22 parties to resolve their differences and effect an agreement. A mediator, however, does not have a power of compulsion. The mediator 23 24 may consider only matters that are subject to bargaining under this 25 chapter.

(2) If an agreement has not been reached following a reasonable period of negotiations and mediation, and the executive director, upon the recommendation of the assigned mediator, finds that the parties remain at impasse, then the executive director shall certify the issues for interest arbitration. The issues for determination by the arbitration panel shall be limited to the issues certified by the executive director.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 34 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Within ten working days after the first Monday in September of every odd-numbered year, the state's bargaining representative and the exclusive bargaining representative for the appropriate bargaining unit shall attempt to agree on an interest arbitration

1 panel consisting of three members to be used if the parties are not in negotiating a comprehensive collective bargaining 2 successful 3 agreement. Each party shall name one person to serve as its arbitrator on the arbitration panel. The two members so appointed 4 shall meet within seven days following the appointment of the later 5 6 appointed member to attempt to choose a third member to act as the 7 neutral chair of the arbitration panel. Upon the failure of the arbitrators to select a neutral chair within seven days, the two 8 appointed members shall use one of the two following options in the 9 appointment of the third member, who shall act as chair of the panel: 10 11 (a) By mutual consent, the two appointed members may jointly request 12 the commission to, and the commission shall, appoint a third member within two days of such a request. Costs of each party's appointee 13 14 shall be borne by each party respectively; other costs of the arbitration proceedings shall be borne by the commission; or (b) 15 16 either party may apply to the commission, the federal mediation and 17 conciliation service, or the American arbitration association to 18 provide a list of five qualified arbitrators from which the neutral 19 chair shall be chosen. Each party shall pay the fees and expenses of its arbitrator, and the fees and expenses of the neutral chair shall 20 21 be shared equally between the parties.

22 (2) Immediately upon selecting an interest arbitration panel, the 23 parties shall cooperate to reserve dates with the arbitration panel for potential arbitration between August 1st and September 15th of 24 25 the following even-numbered year. The parties shall also prepare a 26 schedule of at least five negotiation dates for the following year, absent an agreement to the contrary. The parties shall execute a 27 written agreement before November 1st of each odd-numbered year 28 setting forth the names of the members of the arbitration panel and 29 the dates reserved for bargaining and arbitration. This subsection 30 31 imposes minimum obligations only and is not intended to define or 32 limit a party's full, good faith bargaining obligation under other 33 sections of this chapter.

If the parties are not successful in negotiating 34 (3) а comprehensive collective bargaining agreement, a hearing shall be 35 held. The hearing shall be informal and each party shall have the 36 opportunity to present evidence and make argument. No member of the 37 arbitration panel may present the case for a party to 38 the 39 proceedings. The rules of evidence prevailing in judicial proceedings 40 may be considered, but are not binding, and any oral testimony or

1 documentary evidence or other data deemed relevant by the chair of the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. A recording of the 2 proceedings shall be taken. The arbitration panel has the power to 3 administer oaths, require the attendance of witnesses, and require 4 the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements, and 5 6 documents as may be deemed by the panel to be material to a just 7 determination of the issues in dispute. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the arbitration panel, or refuses to be sworn or 8 to make an affirmation to testify, or any witness, party, or attorney 9 for a party is guilty of any contempt while in attendance at any 10 11 hearing held under this section, the arbitration panel may invoke the jurisdiction of the superior court in the county where the labor 12 dispute exists, and the court has jurisdiction to issue 13 an appropriate order. Any failure to obey the order may be punished by 14 the court as a contempt thereof. The hearing conducted by the 15 16 arbitration panel shall be concluded within twenty-five days 17 following the selection or designation of the neutral chair of the 18 arbitration panel, unless the parties agree to a longer period.

(4) The neutral chair shall consult with the other members of the arbitration panel, and, within thirty days following the conclusion of the hearing, the neutral chair shall make written findings of fact and a written determination of the issues in dispute, based on the evidence presented. A copy thereof shall be served on the commission, on each of the other members of the arbitration panel, and on each of the parties to the dispute.

26 (5) Except as provided in this subsection, the written27 determination shall be final and binding upon both parties.

(a) The written determination is subject to review by the
 superior court upon the application of either party solely upon the
 question of whether the decision of the panel was arbitrary or
 capricious.

32 (b) The written determination is not binding on the legislature 33 and, if the legislature does not approve the funds necessary to 34 implement provisions pertaining to compensation and fringe benefits 35 of an arbitrated collective bargaining agreement, is not binding on 36 the state.

37 (6) The arbitration panel may consider only matters that are38 subject to bargaining under this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 41.80
 RCW to read as follows:

An interest arbitration panel created pursuant to section 5 of this act, in the performance of its duties under this chapter, exercises a state function and is, for the purposes of this chapter, a state agency. Chapter 34.05 RCW does not apply to proceedings before an interest arbitration panel under this chapter.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 9 RCW to read as follows:

In making its determination, the panel shall be mindful of the legislative purpose enumerated in section 3 of this act and, as additional standards or guidelines to aid it in reaching a decision, shall take into consideration the following factors:

14 (1) The constitutional and statutory authority of the employer;

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(2) Stipulations of the parties;

16 (3) Comparison of the hours and conditions of employment of 17 personnel involved in the proceedings with the hours and conditions 18 of employment of like personnel of like employers of similar size on 19 the west coast of the United States;

(4) Changes in any of the circumstances under subsections (1)
 through (3) of this section during the pendency of the proceedings;
 and

(5) Such other factors, not confined to the factors under subsections (1) through (4) of this section, that are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of matters that are subject to bargaining under this chapter.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 28 RCW to read as follows:

During the pendency of the proceedings before the arbitration panel, existing wages, hours, and other conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either party without the consent of the other but a party may so consent without prejudice to his rights or position under sections 4 through 10 of this act.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 35 RCW to read as follows:

36 (1) If the representative of either or both the uniformed 37 personnel and the employer refuse to submit to the procedures set forth in sections 4 and 5 of this act, the parties, or the commission on its own motion, may invoke the jurisdiction of the superior court for the county in which the labor dispute exists and such court shall have jurisdiction to issue an appropriate order. A failure to obey such order may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

6 (2) Except as provided in this subsection, a decision of the 7 arbitration panel shall be final and binding on the parties, and may 8 be enforced at the instance of either party, the arbitration panel or 9 the commission in the superior court for the county where the dispute 10 arose.

11 (a) The written determination is subject to review by the 12 superior court upon the application of either party solely upon the 13 question of whether the decision of the panel was arbitrary or 14 capricious.

15 (b) The written determination is not binding on the legislature 16 and, if the legislature does not approve the funds necessary to 17 implement provisions pertaining to compensation and fringe benefits 18 of an arbitrated collective bargaining agreement, is not binding on 19 the state.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 21 RCW to read as follows:

22 The right of uniformed personnel to engage in any strike, work 23 slowdown, or stoppage is not granted. An employee organization 24 recognized as the exclusive bargaining representative of uniformed 25 personnel subject to this chapter that willfully disobeys a lawful order of enforcement by a superior court pursuant to this section and 26 27 section 9 of this act, or willfully offers resistance to such order, whether by strike or otherwise, is in contempt of court as provided 28 in chapter 7.21 RCW. An employer that willfully disobeys a lawful 29 30 order of enforcement by a superior court pursuant to section 9 of this act or willfully offers resistance to such order is in contempt 31 of court as provided in chapter 7.21 RCW. 32

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 34 RCW to read as follows:

35 (1) By January 1, 2020, the public employment relations 36 commission shall review the appropriateness of the bargaining units 37 that consist of or include uniformed personnel and exist on the 38 effective date of this section. If the commission determines that an

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existing bargaining unit is not appropriate pursuant to RCW
 41.80.070, the commission may modify the unit.

3 (2) The exclusive bargaining representatives certified to 4 represent the bargaining units that consist of or include uniformed 5 personnel and exist on the effective date of this section shall 6 continue as the exclusive bargaining representative without the 7 necessity of an election as of the effective date of this section. 8 However, there may be proceedings concerning representation under 9 this chapter thereafter.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. If specific funding for the purposes of 11 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not 12 provided by June 30, 2019, in the omnibus appropriations act, this 13 act is null and void.

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2019. Passed by the House April 10, 2019. Approved by the Governor April 30, 2019, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 1, 2019.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows: "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to Section 2, Senate Bill No. 5022 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to granting binding interest arbitration rights to certain higher education uniformed personnel."

This bill establishes interest arbitration for uniformed personnel, which is defined as sworn police officers employed as a member of a police force established by state universities, regional universities, or the Evergreen State College. Section 2 amends current law and exempts such arbitration awards from submission to the Office of Financial Management to be certified as financially feasible. This could result in requiring the governor to include funds necessary to implement the award in his/her budget regardless of whether it was financially feasible.

Although I support granting interest arbitration to uniformed personnel, it is important to ensure that any award from interest arbitration must be submitted for certification of financial feasibility before being included in the governor's budget proposal. This check and balance on arbitration awards protects the governor's discretion in developing future budget proposals.

For these reasons I have vetoed Section 2 of Senate Bill No. 5022. With the exception of Section 2, Senate Bill No. 5022 is approved."

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