CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5282

Chapter 187, Laws of 2020

66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

PELVIC EXAMS--INFORMED CONSENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 11, 2020

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2020 Yeas 49 Nays 0

CYRUS HABIB

President of the Senate

Passed by the House February 27, 2020 Yeas 98 Nays 0

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved March 27, 2020 2:29 PM

CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5282** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

BRAD HENDRICKSON

Secretary

FILED

March 27, 2020

Secretary of State

JAY INSLEE

State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5282

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2020 Regular Session

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senators Liias, Cleveland, Darneille, Short, Kuderer, Walsh, Brown, Randall, Dhingra, Rolfes, Billig, Das, Hunt, Keiser, and Pedersen

Read first time 01/16/19. Referred to Committee on Health & Long Term Care.

AN ACT Relating to informed consent for pelvic exams; amending RCW 18.130.180; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 18.130 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) A health care provider licensed under this title may not 8 knowingly perform or authorize a student practicing under their 9 authority to perform a pelvic examination on a patient who is 10 anesthetized or unconscious unless:

(a) The patient or a person authorized to make health care decisions for the patient gave specific informed consent to the examination;

14 (b) The examination is necessary for diagnostic or treatment 15 purposes; or

(c) Sexual assault is suspected, evidence may be collected if the patient is not capable of informed consent due to longer term medical condition, or if evidence will be lost.

(2) A licensed health care provider who violates subsection (1)
of this section is subject to discipline pursuant to this chapter,
the uniform disciplinary act.

p. 1

1 Sec. 2. RCW 18.130.180 and 2019 c 427 s 17 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 The following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute 4 unprofessional conduct for any license holder under the jurisdiction 5 of this chapter:

The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, 6 (1)dishonesty, or corruption relating to the practice of the person's 7 profession, whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act 8 constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a 9 condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, 10 11 however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the 12 ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the 13 person's violation of the statute on which it is based. For the 14 purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which 15 16 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or 17 18 suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under 19 chapter 9.96A RCW;

20 (2) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in 21 obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;

(3) All advertising which is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

22

(4) Incompetence, negligence, or malpractice which results in injury to a patient or which creates an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed. The use of a nontraditional treatment by itself shall not constitute unprofessional conduct, provided that it does not result in injury to a patient or create an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed;

(5) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual's license to practice any health care profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;

(6) Except when authorized by RCW 18.130.345, the possession, use, prescription for use, or distribution of controlled substances or legend drugs in any way other than for legitimate or therapeutic purposes, diversion of controlled substances or legend drugs, the violation of any drug law, or prescribing controlled substances for oneself;

p. 2

1 (7) Violation of any state or federal statute or administrative 2 rule regulating the profession in question, including any statute or 3 rule defining or establishing standards of patient care or 4 professional conduct or practice;

5 (8) Failure to cooperate with the disciplining authority by:
6 (a) Not furnishing any papers, documents, records, or other

7 items;

8 (b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation 9 covering the matter contained in the complaint filed with the 10 disciplining authority;

11 (c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the disciplining 12 authority, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the 13 accused in the proceeding; or

(d) Not providing reasonable and timely access for authorized representatives of the disciplining authority seeking to perform practice reviews at facilities utilized by the license holder;

(9) Failure to comply with an order issued by the disciplining authority or a stipulation for informal disposition entered into with the disciplining authority;

20 (10) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice when a 21 license is required;

22 (11) Violations of rules established by any health agency;

23 (12) Practice beyond the scope of practice as defined by law or 24 rule;

25 (13) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of 26 the business or profession;

(14) Failure to adequately supervise auxiliary staff to theextent that the consumer's health or safety is at risk;

(15) Engaging in a profession involving contact with the public while suffering from a contagious or infectious disease involving serious risk to public health;

32 (16) Promotion for personal gain of any unnecessary or33 inefficacious drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service;

(17) Conviction of any gross misdemeanor or felony relating to the practice of the person's profession. For the purposes of this subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter 9.96A RCW;

p. 3

1 (18) The procuring, or aiding or abetting in procuring, a 2 criminal abortion;

3 (19) The offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat 4 disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the 5 treating, operating, or prescribing for any health condition by a 6 method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge 7 upon demand of the disciplining authority;

8 (20) The willful betrayal of a practitioner-patient privilege as 9 recognized by law;

10 (21) Violation of chapter 19.68 RCW or a pattern of violations of 11 RCW 48.49.020 or 48.49.030;

12 (22) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary 13 proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the 14 disciplining authority or its authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to 15 16 prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or 17 any other legal action, or by the use of financial inducements to any patient or witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from 18 providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding; 19

20

(23) Current misuse of:

21 (a) Alcohol;

22 (b) Controlled substances; or

23 (c) Legend drugs;

24 (24) Abuse of a client or patient or sexual contact with a client 25 or patient;

(25) Acceptance of more than a nominal gratuity, hospitality, or subsidy offered by a representative or vendor of medical or healthrelated products or services intended for patients, in contemplation of a sale or for use in research publishable in professional journals, where a conflict of interest is presented, as defined by rules of the disciplining authority, in consultation with the department, based on recognized professional ethical standards;

33

(26) Violation of RCW 18.130.420;

34 (27) Performing conversion therapy on a patient under age 35 eighteen;

36 (28) Violation of section 1 of this act.

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2020. Passed by the House February 27, 2020. Approved by the Governor March 27, 2020. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 27, 2020.

--- END ---