

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5169

As of January 22, 2021

Title: An act relating to provider reimbursement for personal protective equipment during the state of emergency related to COVID-19.

Brief Description: Concerning provider reimbursement for personal protective equipment during the state of emergency related to COVID-19.

Sponsors: Senators Frockt, Holy, Carlyle, Das, Hunt, Kuderer, Lias, Randall, Robinson and Wilson, C..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Health & Long Term Care: 1/25/21.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires health carriers to reimburse health care providers a set amount for personal protective equipment for the duration of the COVID-19 emergency.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & LONG TERM CARE

Staff: Greg Attanasio (786-7410)

Background: In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Centers for Disease Control issued guidance on the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) in health care delivery. This guidance included implementing universal use of PPE, including increased use of masks, gloves, and eye protection, by the patient and provider to reduce the risk of COVID-19 transmission.

Increased demand for PPE led to global supply chains being overwhelmed since the COVID-19 pandemic began. This resulted in shortages and price increases of PPE.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Summary of Bill: For the duration of the state of emergency related to COVID-19, a health carrier must reimburse a health care provider who bills for PPE as a separate expense, using the American Medical Association's current procedural terminology code 99072 or as subsequently amended, \$6.57 for each individual patient encounter. This applies retroactively to claims associated with health care services delivered on or after January 1, 2021.

Enrollee cost sharing is limited to the covered service according to the terms and conditions of the health benefit plan and does not apply to an expense for PPE.

This act expires upon the termination of the state emergency related to COVID-19.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 21, 2021.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.