

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5765

As of March 14, 2022

Title: An act relating to the practice of midwifery.

Brief Description: Concerning the practice of midwifery.

Sponsors: Senators Randall, Keiser, Conway, Das, Hasegawa, Lovelett, Mullet, Nobles, Robinson, Saldaña, Stanford, Trudeau and Wilson, C..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Health & Long Term Care: 1/26/22.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Establishes a limited prescriptive license extension and a license extension to include medical devices and implants for licensed midwives.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & LONG TERM CARE

Staff: Julie Tran (786-7283)

Background: The Department of Health (DOH) certifies, licenses, and regulates health professions in Washington State. Most of these health professions are governed by a board, commission, or advisory committee which are supported by DOH. Each health profession's scope of practice is defined in law, and must fully cover the costs of its licensing and disciplining activities through fees for licensing, renewal, registration, certification, and examination. All health professions are subject to the Uniform Disciplinary Act (UDA).

A licensed midwife renders medical care for compensation to a woman during prenatal, intrapartum, and postpartum stages, up to the newborn or up to two weeks of age. To be licensed in Washington, a midwife must:

- have a high school education;

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- be at least 21 years of age;
- possess a certificate or diploma from a midwifery program;
- obtain a minimum of three years of midwifery training;
- meet minimum educational requirements;
- for a student midwife during training, undertake the care of at least 50 women in each of the prenatal, intrapartum, and early postpartum periods;
- observe an additional 50 women in the intrapartum period; and
- pass an examination.

Foreign candidates must present with the application a translation of the foreign certificate or diploma made by and under the seal of the consulate of the country in which the certificate or diploma was issued.

A midwife licensed under this chapter may obtain and administer prophylactic ophthalmic medication, postpartum oxytocic, vitamin K, Rho immune globulin—human, and local anesthetic, and may administer other drugs or medications prescribed by a physician.

Summary of Bill: A licensed midwife may seek a limited prescriptive license extension and an additional license extension to include medical devices and implants.

To obtain a limited prescriptive license extension, a candidate must complete additional study and training requirements including a number of obstetrical pharmacology training hours consistent with the training hours required for other similar prescribers and additional training consistent with guidelines commensurate with other professions providing family planning and treating common prenatal and postpartum conditions and any other sources.

To obtain an additional license extension to include medical devices and implants, a candidate must complete:

- the study and training requirements to obtain a limited prescriptive license extension;
- a minimum number of completed procedures under supervision;
- trainings as required by the device manufacturers; and
- any additional training consistent with guidelines commensurate with other professions providing family planning and treating common prenatal and postpartum conditions and any other relevant sources.

A midwife licensed in Washington State may obtain and administer prophylactic ophthalmic medication, postpartum oxytocic, vitamin K, Rho immune globulin—human, and local anesthetic, and may administer other drugs or medications prescribed by a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a naturopath.

A midwife licensed in the state of Washington who has been granted a limited prescriptive license extension by the Secretary of Health may prescribe, obtain, and administer medications and therapies for the prevention and treatment of common prenatal and postpartum conditions and hormonal and nonhormonal family planning methods.

A midwife licensed in the state of Washington who has been granted an additional license extension to include medical devices and implants by the Secretary of Health may prescribe, obtain, and administer hormonal and nonhormonal family planning medical devices.

Foreign candidates seeking a license to practice midwifery in Washington State are not required to have the foreign certificate or diploma's translation be made under the seal of the consulate of the country where the certificate or diploma was issued.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 17, 2022.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.