AN ACT Relating to the implementation of the national 988 system to enhance and expand behavioral health crisis response and suicide prevention services statewide by imposing an excise tax on certain telecommunications services; reenacting and amending RCW 71.24.025 and 71.24.025; adding new sections to chapter 71.24 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 82 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

PART I
CRISIS CALL CENTER HUBS AND CRISIS SERVICES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. (1) The legislature finds that:
(a) Nearly 6,000 Washington adults and children died by suicide in the last five years, according to the federal centers for disease control and prevention, tragically reflecting a state increase of 36 percent in the last 10 years.
(b) Suicide is now the single leading cause of death for Washington young people ages 10 through 24, with total deaths 22 percent higher than for vehicle crashes.
(c) Groups with suicide rates higher than the general population include veterans, American Indians/Alaska Natives, LGBTQ youth, and people living in rural counties across the state.

(d) More than one in five Washington residents are currently living with a behavioral health disorder.

(e) The COVID-19 pandemic has increased stressors and substance use among Washington residents.

(f) An improved crisis response system will reduce reliance on emergency room services and the use of law enforcement response to behavioral health crises and will stabilize individuals in the community whenever possible.

(2) The legislature intends to establish crisis call center hubs and expand the crisis delivery system in a deliberate, phased approach that includes the involvement of partners from a range of perspectives to:

(a) Save lives by improving the quality of and access to behavioral health crisis services;

(b) Further equity in addressing mental health and substance use treatment and assure a culturally and linguistically competent response to behavioral health crises;

(c) Recognize that, historically, crisis response placed marginalized communities, including those experiencing behavioral health crises, at disproportionate risk of poor outcomes and criminal justice involvement;

(d) Comply with the national suicide hotline designation act of 2020 and the federal communication commission's rules adopted July 16, 2020, to assure that all Washington residents receive a consistent and effective level of 988 and crisis behavioral health services no matter where they live, work, or travel in the state; and

(e) Provide higher quality support for people experiencing behavioral health crises through investment in new technology to create a crisis call center hub system to triage calls and link individuals to follow-up care. Other investments include the expansion of crisis teams, to be known as mobile rapid response crisis teams, as well as a wide array of crisis stabilization services such as 23-hour crisis stabilization units based on the living room model, crisis stabilization centers, short-term respite facilities, peer-operated respite services, and behavioral health urgent care walk-in centers. The overall crisis system shall contain components that operate like hospital emergency departments that
accept all walk-ins, and ambulance, fire, and police drop-offs. The use of peers must be incorporated as often as possible within the continuum of crisis care.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Establishing the state crisis call center hubs and crisis response system will require collaborative work between the department and the authority within their respective roles. The department shall have primary responsibility for establishing and designating the crisis call centers hubs. The authority shall have primary responsibility for developing and implementing the crisis system and services to support the work of the crisis call center hubs. In any instance in which one agency is identified as the lead, the expectation is that agency will be communicating and collaborating with the other to ensure seamless, continuous, and effective service delivery with the statewide crisis system.

(2) Prior to July 16, 2022, the department shall provide adequate funding for an expected increase in the use of the state's crisis lifeline call centers existing as of the effective date of this section using the 988 crisis hotline. The funding level shall be established at a level anticipated to achieve an in-state call response rate of at least 90 percent and shall be determined by considering call volume predictions, cost per call predictions provided by the national suicide prevention lifeline, guidance on center performance metrics, and necessary technology upgrades.

(3) By July 1, 2023, the department must adopt rules to establish standards that crisis call centers must meet to be designated as crisis call center hubs by the department as of July 1, 2024. The standards must, at a minimum, address the elements identified in subsection (4) of this section. The department shall collaborate with the authority and other agencies to assure consistency in standards and policies, and utilization of services. The department shall consider recommendations from the crisis response improvement strategy committee created in section 104 of this act in implementing this section.

(4) No later than July 1, 2024, the department shall designate crisis call center hubs to provide crisis intervention, triage, referrals, and connections to individuals accessing the 988 crisis
hotline from any jurisdiction within Washington 24 hours a day, seven
days a week.

(a)(i) To be recognized as a crisis call center hub and perform
the duties of a crisis call center hub, an entity must be designated
by the department under this subsection (4). To become designated and
maintain that designation, a crisis call center hub must demonstrate
to the department the ability to support the requirements of this
section.

(ii) Upon being designated, a crisis call center hub shall
contract with the department to provide crisis call center hub
services, as described in this section. The department may revoke the
designation of any crisis call center hub that fails to substantially
comply with the contracts.

(iii) The department may incorporate recommendations from the
crisis response improvement strategy committee created in section 104
of this act into the agreements with crisis call center hubs, as
appropriate.

(b) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the
authority, in collaboration with the department, must develop a new
technologically advanced behavioral health crisis call center system
with a platform that includes the capacity to:

(i) Receive crisis assistance requests through phone calls,
texts, chats, and other similar methods of communication that may be
developed in the future and promote access to the behavioral health
crisis system;

(ii) Access real-time information relevant to the appropriate
coordination of behavioral health crisis services, including
information about less restrictive alternatives and mental health
advance directives, from managed care organizations, including both
primary care providers and behavioral health providers within the
networks of managed care organizations, behavioral health
administrative service organizations, and other health care payers;

(iii) Assign and track local response to behavioral health crisis
calls, including the capacity to rapidly deploy mobile crisis teams
through global positioning technology;

(iv) Arrange next-day outpatient appointments and follow-up
appointments with geographically, culturally, and linguistically
appropriate primary care or behavioral health providers within the
person's provider network, or, if uninsured, through the person's
behavioral health administrative service organization;
(v) Track and provide real-time bed availability to crisis responders and individuals in crisis for all behavioral health bed types, such as crisis stabilization, psychiatric inpatient, substance use disorder inpatient, withdrawal management, and peer crisis respite, including voluntary and involuntary beds; and

(vi) Assure follow-up services to individuals accessing the 988 crisis hotline consistent with policies established by the department based upon recognized best practices.

(c) Crisis call center hubs must use the new technologically advanced behavioral health crisis call center system with the platform as described in this section.

(d) To provide crisis intervention services and crisis care coordination using the platform capabilities required under (b) of this subsection, crisis call center hubs must:

(i) Have an active agreement with the administrator of the national suicide prevention lifeline for participation within its network;

(ii) Meet the requirements and best practices guidelines for operational and clinical standards established by the department that are based upon the national suicide prevention lifeline requirements and other recognized best practices;

(iii) Provide data and reports and participate in evaluations and related quality improvement activities as required by the department, according to standards established in collaboration with the authority, for the 988 crisis hotline system;

(iv) Use technology that is demonstrated to be interoperable between and across crisis and emergency response systems used throughout the state, such as 911 systems, emergency medical services systems, and other nonbehavioral health crisis services, as well as the national suicide prevention lifeline;

(e) To provide crisis care coordination using the platform capabilities required under (b) of this subsection, the authority must develop systems that will give crisis call centers the authority to:

(i) Deploy crisis and outgoing services, including mobile crisis teams and coresponder teams according to guidelines and best practices established by the authority that are based upon recognized best practices, as applicable;

(ii) Actively collaborate with managed care organizations, including both primary care providers and behavioral health providers
within the networks of managed care organizations, behavioral health
administrative services organizations, and other health care payers
to coordinate linkages for persons contacting the 988 crisis hotline
with ongoing care needs, according to formal agreements established
by the authority, upon consultation with county authorities;
(iii) Coordinate access to crisis receiving and stabilization
services for individuals accessing the 988 crisis hotline through
appropriate information sharing regarding availability of services,
in accordance with information sharing rules established under (g) of
this subsection; and
(iv) Meet the requirements set forth by the authority for serving
high-risk and special populations, as identified by the federal
substance abuse and mental health services administration, including
training requirements and policies for transferring such callers to
an appropriate specialized center or subnetwork within or external to
the national suicide prevention lifeline network. Requirements for
high-risk and special populations shall be established with the goal
of promoting behavioral health equity for all populations
specifically in regards to race, ethnicity, gender, socioeconomic
status, sexual orientation, or geographic location. Appropriate
referrals must provide linguistically and culturally competent care.
(f) Crisis call center hubs must work in collaboration with the
authority and the national suicide prevention lifeline and veterans
crisis line networks for the purpose of assuring consistency of
public messaging about the 988 crisis hotline.
(g) The authority, in consultation with the department, must
adopt rules as necessary to implement this section. The rules must
allow appropriate information sharing and communication between and
across crisis and emergency response systems for the purpose of real-
time crisis care coordination including, but not limited to,
deployment of crisis and outgoing services, follow-up care, and
linked, flexible services specific to crisis response.
(5) The department must collaborate with the state enhanced 911
coordination office, emergency management division, and military
department to use technology that is demonstrated to be interoperable
between the 988 crisis hotline system and crisis and emergency
response systems used throughout the state, such as 911 systems,
emergency medical services systems, and other nonbehavioral health
crisis services, as well as the national suicide prevention lifeline,
to assure cohesive interoperability, develop training programs and
operations for both 911 public safety telecommunicators and crisis line workers, develop suicide assessment and intervention strategies, and establish efficient and equitable access to resources via crisis hotlines.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. (1) The department of health, in consultation with the health care authority, shall convene the 988 implementation team for the purpose of preparing for the successful transition of the state's call centers that are contracted with the national suicide prevention lifeline to the 988 crisis hotline.

(2) The 988 implementation team shall consist of the following members:

(a) A representative of the department of health, who shall serve as the chair of the 988 implementation team;

(b) A representative of the health care authority;

(c) A representative of the state enhanced 911 coordination office;

(d) A representative from each call center in Washington that is contracted with the national suicide prevention lifeline;

(e) A member with expertise in behavioral health crisis responses;

(f) A member who is a person with lived experience with mental health conditions and interaction with the behavioral health crisis response system;

(g) A member who is a person with lived experience with substance use disorder and interaction with the behavioral health crisis response system; and

(h) A representative from the behavioral health crisis delivery system.

(3) The 988 implementation team shall:

(a) Provide guidance and consultation to the department of health in performing its responsibilities under section 102(2) of this act;

(b) Assist in determining the necessary activities and resources required to achieve an in-state call response rate of at least 90 percent, including necessary staffing, training, and immediate technology needs; and

(c) Review the adequacy of training for crisis hotline center personnel and, in coordination with the state enhanced 911 coordination office, for 911 public safety telecommunicators with respect to their interactions with the crisis hotline center.
(4) Staff support for the 988 implementation team must be provided by the department of health.

(5) The 988 implementation team shall report its findings and recommendations to the governor and the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature by January 1, 2022.

(6) This section expires July 1, 2022.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 104.  (1) The crisis response improvement strategy committee is established for the purpose of developing an integrated behavioral health crisis response system containing the elements described in subsection (4) of this section.

(2) The office of financial management shall select a private entity to facilitate the proceedings and the development of findings and recommendations of the strategy committee. In addition, the entity shall serve as a liaison between agencies with responsibilities in the enhancement and expansion of behavioral health and suicide prevention crisis services as well as between the crisis response improvement strategy committee and the blue ribbon commission on the intersection of the criminal justice and behavioral health crisis systems established in the governor's executive order 21-02.

(3) The crisis response improvement strategy committee shall consist of the following members appointed by the health care authority, unless otherwise noted:

(a) A representative of the health care authority, who shall serve as the chair of the crisis response improvement strategy committee;

(b) A representative of the department of health;

(c) A representative of the state enhanced 911 coordination office;

(d) A representative from each call center in Washington that is contracted with the national suicide prevention lifeline;

(e) A member with expertise in behavioral health crisis responses;

(f) A member who is a person with lived experience with mental health conditions and interaction with the behavioral health crisis response system;

(g) A member who is a person with lived experience with substance use disorder and interaction with the behavioral health crisis response system;
(h) A representative from the behavioral health crisis delivery system;

(i) One member and one alternate member from each of the two largest caucuses of the senate, as appointed by the president of the senate;

(j) One member and one alternate member from each of the two largest caucuses of the house of representatives, as appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;

(k) A representative of the American Indian health commission for Washington state;

(l) A representative of behavioral health administrative services organizations; and

(m) A representative of medicaid managed care organizations.

(4) The crisis response improvement strategy committee shall identify barriers and make recommendations to implement and monitor the progress of the 988 crisis hotline in Washington and make recommendations on statewide improvement of behavioral health crisis response services. The implementation coalition must develop, review, and report on the following:

(a) A comprehensive assessment of the behavioral health crisis services system, including an inventory of existing statewide and regional behavioral health crisis services and resources, the identification of statewide and regional insufficiencies in necessary behavioral health crisis services and resources to meet population needs, goals for the provision of statewide and regional behavioral health crisis services and resources, and potential funding sources for each element of the statewide and regional behavioral health crisis services and resources;

(b) A recommended vision for an integrated crisis network in Washington that includes, but is not limited to: An integrated 988 crisis hotline and crisis call center hubs; mobile crisis response units for youth, adult, and geriatric populations; crisis stabilization facilities; an integrated involuntary treatment system; peer and respite services; and data resources;

(c) Recommendations for ensuring equity in services for individuals of diverse cultures and in tribal, urban, and rural communities;

(d) A work plan with timelines to implement local responses to calls to the 988 crisis hotline within Washington in accordance with
the time frames required by the national suicide hotline designation
act of 2020;

(e) The necessary components of a new statewide, technologically
advanced behavioral health crisis call center system with a platform,
as described in section 102 of this act, for assigning and tracking
response to behavioral health crisis calls and providing real-time
bed availability to crisis responders;

(f) The establishment of a system that requires behavioral health
providers to maintain and update real-time information regarding the
availability of behavioral health inpatient and residential bed
availability, and outpatient appointment availability to the crisis
call center system platform, as well as standards for hospitals
providing mental health treatment to a person pursuant to a single
bed certification issued under RCW 71.05.745 to similarly provide and
maintain updated, real-time information regarding those persons;

(g) A work plan with timelines to enhance and expand the
availability of community-based mobile rapid response crisis teams in
each behavioral health administrative services organization,
including specialized teams to respond to the unique needs of youth,
including American Indian and Alaska Native youth and LGBTQ youth,
and geriatric populations, including older adults of color and older
adults with comorbid dementia;

(h) The identification of the behavioral health challenges that
implementation of the 988 crisis hotline will address in addition to
suicide response and mental health and substance use crises;

(i) The development of a plan for the statewide equal
distribution of crisis stabilization services and beds, peer respite
services, and behavioral health urgent care;

(j) Requirements for health plans, managed care organizations,
and behavioral health administrative services organizations to
include coverage to assign a care coordinator to and provide next day
appointments for enrollees who seek services from the behavioral
health crisis system;

(k) The allocation of funding responsibilities among medicaid
managed care organizations, commercial insurers, and behavioral
health administrative services organizations;

(l) The recommended composition of a statewide behavioral health
crisis response oversight board for ongoing monitoring of the system
and where this should be established; and
(m) Cost estimates for each of the components recommended by the
crisis response improvement strategy committee.

(5) The crisis response improvement strategy committee may form
subcommittees to focus on discrete topics to be addressed in the
reporting requirements. The subcommittees may include participants
who are not members of the steering committee, as necessary to
provide expertise and professional and community perspectives.

(6) The proceedings of the crisis response improvement strategy
committee must be open to the public and invite testimony from a
broad range of professional and community perspectives. The crisis
response improvement strategy committee shall seek input from tribes,
veterans, the LGBTQ community, and communities of color to determine
how well the crisis response system is currently working and ways to
improve the crisis response system.

(7) Staff support for the crisis response improvement strategy
committee must be provided by the private entity selected by the
office of financial management.

(8) Legislative members of the implementation coalition shall be
reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
Nonlegislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel
expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf
of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any
reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter
43.03 RCW.

(9) The crisis response improvement strategy committee shall
report its findings and recommendations of the items in subsection
(4) of this section to the governor and the appropriate policy and
fiscal committees of the legislature by January 1, 2023.

(10) This section expires August 1, 2023.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 71.24
RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department and authority shall provide an annual report
of the 988 crisis hotline's usage and call outcomes and crisis
services inclusive of the mobile rapid response crisis teams and
crisis stabilization services. The report must be submitted to the
governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature each
November beginning in 2023. The report must include information on
the fund deposits and expenditures of the account created in section
205 of this act.
(2) The department and authority shall coordinate with the department of revenue, and any other agency that is appropriated funding under the account created in section 205 of this act to develop and submit information to the federal communication's commission required for the completion of fee accountability reports pursuant to the national suicide hotline designation act of 2020.

PART II
TAX

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. DEFINITIONS. (1) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "988 crisis hotline" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.24.025.

(b) "Crisis call center hub" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.24.025.

(c) "Fiscal growth factor" has the same meaning as in RCW 43.135.025.

(2) The definitions in RCW 82.14B.020 apply to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. TAX IMPOSED. (1)(a) A statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax is imposed on the use of all radio access lines:

(i) By subscribers whose place of primary use is located within the state in the amount set forth in (a)(ii) of this subsection (1) per month for each radio access line. The tax must be uniform for each radio access line under this subsection (1); and

(ii) By consumers whose retail transaction occurs within the state in the amount set forth in this subsection (1)(a)(ii) per retail transaction. The amount of tax must be uniform for each retail transaction under this subsection (1) and is as follows:

(A) Beginning October 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022, the tax rate is 30 cents for each radio access line;

(B) Beginning January 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, the tax rate is 50 cents for each radio access line; and

(C) Beginning July 1, 2024, the tax rate is 75 cents for each radio access line.

(b) The tax imposed under this subsection (1) must be remitted to the department by radio communications service companies, including...
those companies that resell radio access lines, and sellers of prepaid wireless telecommunications service, on a tax return provided by the department. Tax proceeds must be deposited by the treasurer into the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line account created in section 205 of this act.

(c) For the purposes of this subsection (1), the retail transaction is deemed to occur at the location where the transaction is sourced under RCW 82.32.520(3)(c).

(2) A statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax is imposed on all interconnected voice over internet protocol service lines in the state. The amount of tax must be uniform for each line and must be levied on no more than the number of voice over internet protocol service lines on an account that is capable of simultaneous unrestricted outward calling to the public switched telephone network. The tax imposed under this subsection (2) must be remitted to the department by interconnected voice over internet protocol service companies on a tax return provided by the department. The amount of tax for each interconnected voice over internet protocol service line whose place of primary use is located in the state is as follows:

(a) Beginning October 1, 2021, through December 31, 2022, the tax rate is 30 cents for an interconnected voice over internet protocol service line;

(b) Beginning January 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, the tax rate is 50 cents for an interconnected voice over internet protocol service line; and

(c) Beginning July 1, 2024, the tax rate is 75 cents for an interconnected voice over internet protocol service line.

(3) By March 1, 2025, and March 1st of each odd year thereafter, the department must revise the amount of the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax imposed by subsections (1) through (3) of this section for the upcoming biennium using the fiscal growth factor. The new statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax amount shall be effective for the upcoming biennium starting July 1, 2025, or July 1st of each odd year thereafter.

(4) Tax proceeds collected pursuant to this section must be deposited by the treasurer into the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line account created in section 205 of this act.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. COLLECTION OF TAX. (1) Except as provided otherwise in subsection (2) of this section:

(a) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax on radio access lines must be collected from the subscriber by the radio communications service company, including those companies that resell radio access lines, providing the radio access line to the subscriber, and the seller of prepaid wireless telecommunications services.

(b) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax on interconnected voice over internet protocol service lines must be collected from the subscriber by the interconnected voice over internet protocol service company providing the interconnected voice over internet protocol service line to the subscriber.

(c) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax on switched access lines must be collected from the subscriber by the local exchange company.

(d) The amount of the tax must be stated separately on the billing statement which is sent to the subscriber.

(2)(a) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax imposed by this chapter must be collected from the consumer by the seller of a prepaid wireless telecommunications service for each retail transaction occurring in this state.

(b) The department must transfer all tax proceeds remitted by a seller under this subsection (2) to the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line account created in section 205 of this act.

(c) The taxes required by this subsection to be collected by the seller must be separately stated in any sales invoice or instrument of sale provided to the consumer.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. PAYMENT AND COLLECTION. (1)(a) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax imposed by this chapter must be paid by the subscriber to the radio communications service company providing the radio access line, the local exchange company, or the interconnected voice over internet protocol service company providing the interconnected voice over internet protocol service line.

(b) Each radio communications service company, each local exchange company, and each interconnected voice over internet protocol service company, must collect from the subscriber the full
amount of the taxes payable. The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax required by this chapter to be collected by a company or seller, are deemed to be held in trust by the company or seller until paid to the department. Any radio communications service company, local exchange company, or interconnected voice over internet protocol service company that appropriates or converts the tax collected to its own use or to any use other than the payment of the tax to the extent that the money collected is not available for payment on the due date as prescribed in this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(2) If any radio communications service company, local exchange company, or interconnected voice over internet protocol service company fails to collect the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax or, after collecting the tax, fails to pay it to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of its own act or the result of acts or conditions beyond its control, the company or seller is personally liable to the state for the amount of the tax, unless the company or seller has taken from the buyer in good faith documentation, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or consumer or is otherwise not liable for the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax.

(3) The amount of tax, until paid by the subscriber to the radio communications service company, local exchange company, the interconnected voice over internet protocol service company, or to the department, constitutes a debt from the subscriber to the company, or from the consumer to the seller. Any company or seller that fails or refuses to collect the tax as required with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter or to gain some advantage or benefit, either direct or indirect, and any subscriber or consumer who refuses to pay any tax due under this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax required by this chapter to be collected by the radio communications service company, local exchange company, or interconnected voice over internet protocol service company must be stated separately on the billing statement that is sent to the subscriber.

(4) If a subscriber has failed to pay to the radio communications service company, local exchange company, or interconnected voice over internet protocol service company, the statewide 988 behavioral
health crisis response line tax imposed by this chapter and the company or seller has not paid the amount of the tax to the department, the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the subscriber or consumer for collection of the tax, in which case a penalty of 10 percent may be added to the amount of the tax for failure of the subscriber or consumer to pay the tax to the company or seller, regardless of when the tax is collected by the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. ACCOUNT CREATION. (1) The statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from the statewide 988 behavioral health crisis response line tax imposed pursuant to this chapter must be deposited into the account. Moneys may only be spent after appropriation.

(2) Expenditures from the account may only be used for (a) ensuring the efficient and effective routing of calls made to the 988 crisis hotline to an appropriate crisis hotline center or crisis call center hub; and (b) personnel and the provision of acute behavioral health, crisis outreach, stabilization services, and follow-up case management by directly responding to the 988 crisis hotline.

(3) Moneys in the account may not be used to supplant general fund appropriations for behavioral health services or for medicaid covered services to individuals enrolled in the medicaid program.

PART III
DEFINITIONS AND MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 301. RCW 71.24.025 and 2020 c 256 s 201 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Acutely mentally ill" means a condition which is limited to a short-term severe crisis episode of:

(a) A mental disorder as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020;

(b) Being gravely disabled as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, a gravely disabled minor as defined in RCW 71.34.020; or
(c) Presenting a likelihood of serious harm as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020.

(2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

(3) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program licensed or certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under this chapter.

(4) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority.

(5) "Available resources" means funds appropriated for the purpose of providing community behavioral health programs, federal funds, except those provided according to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and state funds appropriated under this chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW by the legislature during any biennium for the purpose of providing residential services, resource management services, community support services, and other behavioral health services. This does not include funds appropriated for the purpose of operating and administering the state psychiatric hospitals.

(6) "Behavioral health administrative services organization" means an entity contracted with the authority to administer behavioral health services and programs under RCW 71.24.381, including crisis services and administration of chapter 71.05 RCW, the involuntary treatment act, for all individuals in a defined regional service area.

(7) "Behavioral health aide" means a counselor, health educator, and advocate who helps address individual and community-based behavioral health needs, including those related to alcohol, drug, and tobacco abuse as well as mental health problems such as grief, depression, suicide, and related issues and is certified by a community health aide program of the Indian health service or one or more tribes or tribal organizations consistent with the provisions of 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1616l and RCW 43.71B.010 (7) and (8).

(8) "Behavioral health provider" means a person licensed under chapter 18.57, 18.57A, 18.71, 18.71A, 18.83, 18.205, 18.225, or 18.79 RCW, as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners.
(9) "Behavioral health services" means mental health services as described in this chapter and chapter 71.36 RCW and substance use disorder treatment services as described in this chapter that, depending on the type of service, are provided by licensed or certified behavioral health agencies, behavioral health providers, or integrated into other health care providers.

(10) "Child" means a person under the age of eighteen years.

(11) "Chronically mentally ill adult" or "adult who is chronically mentally ill" means an adult who has a mental disorder and meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Has undergone two or more episodes of hospital care for a mental disorder within the preceding two years; or

(b) Has experienced a continuous psychiatric hospitalization or residential treatment exceeding six months' duration within the preceding year; or

(c) Has been unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any mental disorder which has lasted for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. "Substantial gainful activity" shall be defined by the authority by rule consistent with Public Law 92-603, as amended.

(12) "Clubhouse" means a community-based program that provides rehabilitation services and is licensed or certified by the department.

(13) "Community behavioral health program" means all expenditures, services, activities, or programs, including reasonable administration and overhead, designed and conducted to prevent or treat substance use disorder, mental illness, or both in the community behavioral health system.

(14) "Community behavioral health service delivery system" means public, private, or tribal agencies that provide services specifically to persons with mental disorders, substance use disorders, or both, as defined under RCW 71.05.020 and receive funding from public sources.

(15) "Community support services" means services authorized, planned, and coordinated through resource management services including, at a minimum, assessment, diagnosis, emergency crisis intervention available twenty-four hours, seven days a week, prescreening determinations for persons who are mentally ill being considered for placement in nursing homes as required by federal law, screening for patients being considered for admission to residential
services, diagnosis and treatment for children who are acutely mentally ill or severely emotionally or behaviorally disturbed discovered under screening through the federal Title XIX early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program, investigation, legal, and other nonresidential services under chapter 71.05 RCW, case management services, psychiatric treatment including medication supervision, counseling, psychotherapy, assuring transfer of relevant patient information between service providers, recovery services, and other services determined by behavioral health administrative services organizations.

(16) "Consensus-based" means a program or practice that has general support among treatment providers and experts, based on experience or professional literature, and may have anecdotal or case study support, or that is agreed but not possible to perform studies with random assignment and controlled groups.

(17) "County authority" means the board of county commissioners, county council, or county executive having authority to establish a behavioral health administrative services organization, or two or more of the county authorities specified in this subsection which have entered into an agreement to establish a behavioral health administrative services organization.

(18) "Department" means the department of health.

(19) "Designated crisis responder" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.05.020.

(20) "Director" means the director of the authority.

(21) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

(22) "Early adopter" means a regional service area for which all of the county authorities have requested that the authority purchase medical and behavioral health services through a managed care health system as defined under RCW 71.24.380(6).

(23) "Emerging best practice" or "promising practice" means a program or practice that, based on statistical analyses or a well established theory of change, shows potential for meeting the evidence-based or research-based criteria, which may include the use
of a program that is evidence-based for outcomes other than those listed in subsection (24) of this section.

(24) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has been tested in heterogeneous or intended populations with multiple randomized, or statistically controlled evaluations, or both; or one large multiple site randomized, or statistically controlled evaluation, or both, where the weight of the evidence from a systemic review demonstrates sustained improvements in at least one outcome. "Evidence-based" also means a program or practice that can be implemented with a set of procedures to allow successful replication in Washington and, when possible, is determined to be cost-beneficial.

(25) "Indian health care provider" means a health care program operated by the Indian health service or by a tribe, tribal organization, or urban Indian organization as those terms are defined in the Indian health care improvement act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1603).

(26) "Intensive behavioral health treatment facility" means a community-based specialized residential treatment facility for individuals with behavioral health conditions, including individuals discharging from or being diverted from state and local hospitals, whose impairment or behaviors do not meet, or no longer meet, criteria for involuntary inpatient commitment under chapter 71.05 RCW, but whose care needs cannot be met in other community-based placement settings.

(27) "Licensed or certified behavioral health agency" means:

(a) An entity licensed or certified according to this chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW;

(b) An entity deemed to meet state minimum standards as a result of accreditation by a recognized behavioral health accrediting body recognized and having a current agreement with the department; or

(c) An entity with a tribal attestation that it meets state minimum standards for a licensed or certified behavioral health agency.

(28) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington.

(29) "Long-term inpatient care" means inpatient services for persons committed for, or voluntarily receiving intensive treatment for, periods of ninety days or greater under chapter 71.05 RCW. "Long-term inpatient care" as used in this chapter does not include:
(a) Services for individuals committed under chapter 71.05 RCW who are receiving services pursuant to a conditional release or a court-ordered less restrictive alternative to detention; or (b) services for individuals voluntarily receiving less restrictive alternative treatment on the grounds of the state hospital.

(30) "Managed care organization" means an organization, having a certificate of authority or certificate of registration from the office of the insurance commissioner, that contracts with the authority under a comprehensive risk contract to provide prepaid health care services to enrollees under the authority's managed care programs under chapter 74.09 RCW.

(31) "Mental health peer respite center" means a peer-run program to serve individuals in need of voluntary, short-term, noncrisis services that focus on recovery and wellness.

(32) Mental health "treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department of social and health services or the authority, by behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, by managed care organizations and their staffs, or by treatment facilities. "Treatment records" do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the entities listed in this subsection, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others.

(33) "Mentally ill persons," "persons who are mentally ill," and "the mentally ill" mean persons and conditions defined in subsections (1), (11), (40), and (41) of this section.

(34) "Recovery" means a process of change through which individuals improve their health and wellness, live a self-directed life, and strive to reach their full potential.

(35) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has been tested with a single randomized, or statistically controlled evaluation, or both, demonstrating sustained desirable outcomes; or where the weight of the evidence from a systemic review supports sustained outcomes as described in subsection (24) of this section but does not meet the full criteria for evidence-based.

(36) "Residential services" means a complete range of residences and supports authorized by resource management services and which may involve a facility, a distinct part thereof, or services which support community living, for persons who are acutely mentally ill,
adults who are chronically mentally ill, children who are severely emotionally disturbed, or adults who are seriously disturbed and determined by the behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. The services shall include at least evaluation and treatment services as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW, acute crisis respite care, long-term adaptive and rehabilitative care, and supervised and supported living services, and shall also include any residential services developed to service persons who are mentally ill in nursing homes, residential treatment facilities, assisted living facilities, and adult family homes, and may include outpatient services provided as an element in a package of services in a supported housing model. Residential services for children in out-of-home placements related to their mental disorder shall not include the costs of food and shelter, except for children's long-term residential facilities existing prior to January 1, 1991.

(37) "Resilience" means the personal and community qualities that enable individuals to rebound from adversity, trauma, tragedy, threats, or other stresses, and to live productive lives.

(38) "Resource management services" mean the planning, coordination, and authorization of residential services and community support services administered pursuant to an individual service plan for: (a) Adults and children who are acutely mentally ill; (b) adults who are chronically mentally ill; (c) children who are severely emotionally disturbed; or (d) adults who are seriously disturbed and determined by a behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. Such planning, coordination, and authorization shall include mental health screening for children eligible under the federal Title XIX early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program. Resource management services include seven day a week, twenty-four hour a day availability of information regarding enrollment of adults and children who are mentally ill in services and their individual service plan to designated crisis responders, evaluation and treatment facilities, and others as determined by the behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization, as applicable.

(39) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.

(40) "Seriously disturbed person" means a person who:
(a) Is gravely disabled or presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself or others, or to the property of others, as a result of a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW;

(b) Has been on conditional release status, or under a less restrictive alternative order, at some time during the preceding two years from an evaluation and treatment facility or a state mental health hospital;

(c) Has a mental disorder which causes major impairment in several areas of daily living;

(d) Exhibits suicidal preoccupation or attempts; or

(e) Is a child diagnosed by a mental health professional, as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, as experiencing a mental disorder which is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or school or with peers or is clearly interfering with the child's personality development and learning.

(41) "Severely emotionally disturbed child" or "child who is severely emotionally disturbed" means a child who has been determined by the behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization, if applicable, to be experiencing a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, including those mental disorders that result in a behavioral or conduct disorder, that is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or school or with peers and who meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Has undergone inpatient treatment or placement outside of the home related to a mental disorder within the last two years;

(b) Has undergone involuntary treatment under chapter 71.34 RCW within the last two years;

(c) Is currently served by at least one of the following child-serving systems: Juvenile justice, child-protection/welfare, special education, or developmental disabilities;

(d) Is at risk of escalating maladjustment due to:

(i) Chronic family dysfunction involving a caretaker who is mentally ill or inadequate;

(ii) Changes in custodial adult;

(iii) Going to, residing in, or returning from any placement outside of the home, for example, psychiatric hospital, short-term inpatient, residential treatment, group or foster home, or a correctional facility;

(iv) Subject to repeated physical abuse or neglect;

(v) Drug or alcohol abuse; or
(vi) Homelessness.

(42) "State minimum standards" means minimum requirements established by rules adopted and necessary to implement this chapter by:

(a) The authority for:

(i) Delivery of mental health and substance use disorder services; and

(ii) Community support services and resource management services;

(b) The department of health for:

(i) Licensed or certified behavioral health agencies for the purpose of providing mental health or substance use disorder programs and services, or both;

(ii) Licensed behavioral health providers for the provision of mental health or substance use disorder services, or both; and

(iii) Residential services.

(43) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances.

(44) "Tribe," for the purposes of this section, means a federally recognized Indian tribe.

(45) "Crisis call center hub" means a state-designated center participating in the national suicide prevention lifeline network to respond to statewide or regional 988 calls.

(46) "Crisis stabilization unit" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.

(47) "Mobile crisis team" means a team which includes peers that provide professional on-site community-based intervention such as outreach, de-escalation, stabilization, resource connection, and follow-up support for individuals who are experiencing a behavioral health crisis.

(48) "Triage facility" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.

(49) "988 crisis hotline" means the universal telephone number within the United States designated for the purpose of the national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system operating through the national suicide prevention lifeline.
Sec. 302. RCW 71.24.025 and 2020 c 256 s 201 and 2020 c 80 s 52 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Acutely mentally ill" means a condition which is limited to a short-term severe crisis episode of:

(a) A mental disorder as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020;

(b) Being gravely disabled as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, a gravely disabled minor as defined in RCW 71.34.020; or

(c) Presenting a likelihood of serious harm as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020.

(2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

(3) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program licensed or certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under this chapter.

(4) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority.

(5) "Available resources" means funds appropriated for the purpose of providing community behavioral health programs, federal funds, except those provided according to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and state funds appropriated under this chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW by the legislature during any biennium for the purpose of providing residential services, resource management services, community support services, and other behavioral health services. This does not include funds appropriated for the purpose of operating and administering the state psychiatric hospitals.

(6) "Behavioral health administrative services organization" means an entity contracted with the authority to administer behavioral health services and programs under RCW 71.24.381, including crisis services and administration of chapter 71.05 RCW, the involuntary treatment act, for all individuals in a defined regional service area.
"Behavioral health aide" means a counselor, health educator, and advocate who helps address individual and community-based behavioral health needs, including those related to alcohol, drug, and tobacco abuse as well as mental health problems such as grief, depression, suicide, and related issues and is certified by a community health aide program of the Indian health service or one or more tribes or tribal organizations consistent with the provisions of 25 U.S.C. Sec. 16161 and RCW 43.71B.010 (7) and (8).

"Behavioral health provider" means a person licensed under chapter 18.57, 18.71, 18.71A, 18.83, 18.205, 18.225, or 18.79 RCW, as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners.

"Behavioral health services" means mental health services as described in this chapter and chapter 71.36 RCW and substance use disorder treatment services as described in this chapter that, depending on the type of service, are provided by licensed or certified behavioral health agencies, behavioral health providers, or integrated into other health care providers.

"Child" means a person under the age of eighteen years.

"Chronically mentally ill adult" or "adult who is chronically mentally ill" means an adult who has a mental disorder and meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Has undergone two or more episodes of hospital care for a mental disorder within the preceding two years; or

(b) Has experienced a continuous psychiatric hospitalization or residential treatment exceeding six months' duration within the preceding year; or

(c) Has been unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any mental disorder which has lasted for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. "Substantial gainful activity" shall be defined by the authority by rule consistent with Public Law 92-603, as amended.

"Clubhouse" means a community-based program that provides rehabilitation services and is licensed or certified by the department.

"Community behavioral health program" means all expenditures, services, activities, or programs, including reasonable administration and overhead, designed and conducted to prevent or treat substance use disorder, mental illness, or both in the community behavioral health system.
(14) "Community behavioral health service delivery system" means public, private, or tribal agencies that provide services specifically to persons with mental disorders, substance use disorders, or both, as defined under RCW 71.05.020 and receive funding from public sources.

(15) "Community support services" means services authorized, planned, and coordinated through resource management services including, at a minimum, assessment, diagnosis, emergency crisis intervention available twenty-four hours, seven days a week, prescreening determinations for persons who are mentally ill being considered for placement in nursing homes as required by federal law, screening for patients being considered for admission to residential services, diagnosis and treatment for children who are acutely mentally ill or severely emotionally or behaviorally disturbed discovered under screening through the federal Title XIX early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program, investigation, legal, and other nonresidential services under chapter 71.05 RCW, case management services, psychiatric treatment including medication supervision, counseling, psychotherapy, assuring transfer of relevant patient information between service providers, recovery services, and other services determined by behavioral health administrative services organizations.

(16) "Consensus-based" means a program or practice that has general support among treatment providers and experts, based on experience or professional literature, and may have anecdotal or case study support, or that is agreed but not possible to perform studies with random assignment and controlled groups.

(17) "County authority" means the board of county commissioners, county council, or county executive having authority to establish a behavioral health administrative services organization, or two or more of the county authorities specified in this subsection which have entered into an agreement to establish a behavioral health administrative services organization.

(18) "Department" means the department of health.

(19) "Designated crisis responder" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.05.020.

(20) "Director" means the director of the authority.

(21) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or
psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

(22) "Early adopter" means a regional service area for which all of the county authorities have requested that the authority purchase medical and behavioral health services through a managed care health system as defined under RCW 71.24.380(6).

(23) "Emerging best practice" or "promising practice" means a program or practice that, based on statistical analyses or a well established theory of change, shows potential for meeting the evidence-based or research-based criteria, which may include the use of a program that is evidence-based for outcomes other than those listed in subsection (24) of this section.

(24) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has been tested in heterogeneous or intended populations with multiple randomized, or statistically controlled evaluations, or both; or one large multiple site randomized, or statistically controlled evaluation, or both, where the weight of the evidence from a systemic review demonstrates sustained improvements in at least one outcome. "Evidence-based" also means a program or practice that can be implemented with a set of procedures to allow successful replication in Washington and, when possible, is determined to be cost-beneficial.

(25) "Indian health care provider" means a health care program operated by the Indian health service or by a tribe, tribal organization, or urban Indian organization as those terms are defined in the Indian health care improvement act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1603).

(26) "Intensive behavioral health treatment facility" means a community-based specialized residential treatment facility for individuals with behavioral health conditions, including individuals discharging from or being diverted from state and local hospitals, whose impairment or behaviors do not meet, or no longer meet, criteria for involuntary inpatient commitment under chapter 71.05 RCW, but whose care needs cannot be met in other community-based placement settings.

(27) "Licensed or certified behavioral health agency" means:

(a) An entity licensed or certified according to this chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW;
(b) An entity deemed to meet state minimum standards as a result of accreditation by a recognized behavioral health accrediting body recognized and having a current agreement with the department; or

(c) An entity with a tribal attestation that it meets state minimum standards for a licensed or certified behavioral health agency.

(28) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington.

(29) "Long-term inpatient care" means inpatient services for persons committed for, or voluntarily receiving intensive treatment for, periods of ninety days or greater under chapter 71.05 RCW. "Long-term inpatient care" as used in this chapter does not include: (a) Services for individuals committed under chapter 71.05 RCW who are receiving services pursuant to a conditional release or a court-ordered less restrictive alternative to detention; or (b) services for individuals voluntarily receiving less restrictive alternative treatment on the grounds of the state hospital.

(30) "Managed care organization" means an organization, having a certificate of authority or certificate of registration from the office of the insurance commissioner, that contracts with the authority under a comprehensive risk contract to provide prepaid health care services to enrollees under the authority's managed care programs under chapter 74.09 RCW.

(31) "Mental health peer respite center" means a peer-run program to serve individuals in need of voluntary, short-term, noncrisis services that focus on recovery and wellness.

(32) Mental health "treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department of social and health services or the authority, by behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, by managed care organizations and their staffs, or by treatment facilities. "Treatment records" do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the entities listed in this subsection, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others.

(33) "Mentally ill persons," "persons who are mentally ill," and "the mentally ill" mean persons and conditions defined in subsections (1), (11), (40), and (41) of this section.
(34) "Recovery" means a process of change through which individuals improve their health and wellness, live a self-directed life, and strive to reach their full potential.

(35) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has been tested with a single randomized, or statistically controlled evaluation, or both, demonstrating sustained desirable outcomes; or where the weight of the evidence from a systemic review supports sustained outcomes as described in subsection (24) of this section but does not meet the full criteria for evidence-based.

(36) "Residential services" means a complete range of residences and supports authorized by resource management services and which may involve a facility, a distinct part thereof, or services which support community living, for persons who are acutely mentally ill, adults who are chronically mentally ill, children who are severely emotionally disturbed, or adults who are seriously disturbed and determined by the behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. The services shall include at least evaluation and treatment services as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW, acute crisis respite care, long-term adaptive and rehabilitative care, and supervised and supported living services, and shall also include any residential services developed to service persons who are mentally ill in nursing homes, residential treatment facilities, assisted living facilities, and adult family homes, and may include outpatient services provided as an element in a package of services in a supported housing model. Residential services for children in out-of-home placements related to their mental disorder shall not include the costs of food and shelter, except for children's long-term residential facilities existing prior to January 1, 1991.

(37) "Resilience" means the personal and community qualities that enable individuals to rebound from adversity, trauma, tragedy, threats, or other stresses, and to live productive lives.

(38) "Resource management services" mean the planning, coordination, and authorization of residential services and community support services administered pursuant to an individual service plan for: (a) Adults and children who are acutely mentally ill; (b) adults who are chronically mentally ill; (c) children who are severely emotionally disturbed; or (d) adults who are seriously disturbed and determined by a behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of becoming...
acutely or chronically mentally ill. Such planning, coordination, and
authorization shall include mental health screening for children
eligible under the federal Title XIX early and periodic screening,
diagnosis, and treatment program. Resource management services
include seven day a week, twenty-four hour a day availability of
information regarding enrollment of adults and children who are
mentally ill in services and their individual service plan to
designated crisis responders, evaluation and treatment facilities,
and others as determined by the behavioral health administrative
services organization or managed care organization, as applicable.

(39) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.

(40) "Seriously disturbed person" means a person who:

(a) Is gravely disabled or presents a likelihood of serious harm
to himself or herself or others, or to the property of others, as a
result of a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW;

(b) Has been on conditional release status, or under a less
restrictive alternative order, at some time during the preceding two
years from an evaluation and treatment facility or a state mental
health hospital;

(c) Has a mental disorder which causes major impairment in
several areas of daily living;

(d) Exhibits suicidal preoccupation or attempts; or

(e) Is a child diagnosed by a mental health professional, as
defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, as experiencing a mental disorder which
is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or
school or with peers or is clearly interfering with the child's
personality development and learning.

(41) "Severely emotionally disturbed child" or "child who is
severely emotionally disturbed" means a child who has been determined
by the behavioral health administrative services organization or
managed care organization, if applicable, to be experiencing a mental
disorder as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, including those mental
disorders that result in a behavioral or conduct disorder, that is
clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or school
or with peers and who meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Has undergone inpatient treatment or placement outside of the
home related to a mental disorder within the last two years;

(b) Has undergone involuntary treatment under chapter 71.34 RCW
within the last two years;
(c) Is currently served by at least one of the following child-serving systems: Juvenile justice, child-protection/welfare, special education, or developmental disabilities;

(d) Is at risk of escalating maladjustment due to:
   (i) Chronic family dysfunction involving a caretaker who is mentally ill or inadequate;
   (ii) Changes in custodial adult;
   (iii) Going to, residing in, or returning from any placement outside of the home, for example, psychiatric hospital, short-term inpatient, residential treatment, group or foster home, or a correctional facility;
   (iv) Subject to repeated physical abuse or neglect;
   (v) Drug or alcohol abuse; or
   (vi) Homelessness.

(42) "State minimum standards" means minimum requirements established by rules adopted and necessary to implement this chapter by:

   (a) The authority for:
      (i) Delivery of mental health and substance use disorder services; and
      (ii) Community support services and resource management services;
   (b) The department of health for:
      (i) Licensed or certified behavioral health agencies for the purpose of providing mental health or substance use disorder programs and services, or both;
      (ii) Licensed behavioral health providers for the provision of mental health or substance use disorder services, or both; and
      (iii) Residential services.

(43) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances.

(44) "Tribe," for the purposes of this section, means a federally recognized Indian tribe.

(45) "Crisis call center hub" means a state-designated center participating in the national suicide prevention lifeline network to respond to statewide or regional 988 calls.
"Crisis stabilization unit" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.

"Mobile crisis team" means a team which includes peers that provide professional on-site community-based intervention such as outreach, de-escalation, stabilization, resource connection, and follow-up support for individuals who are experiencing a behavioral health crisis.

"Triage facility" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.

"988 crisis hotline" means the universal telephone number within the United States designated for the purpose of the national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system operating through the national suicide prevention lifeline.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. Sections 201 through 205 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 82 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. Sections 201 through 205 of this act take effect October 1, 2021.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. Section 301 of this act expires July 1, 2022.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. Section 302 of this act takes effect July 1, 2022.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. Section 103 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2021, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

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