## HOUSE BILL 2122

State of Washington		67th Legislature			2022 Regular Session		
<b>By</b> Represen	ntatives Kloba,	Ryu,	Callan,	Wicks,	Dolan, and	d Bateman	
Read first	time 02/21/22.	Refe	erred to	Committ	tee on Appi	copriations.	

AN ACT Relating to protecting consumers from untested and 1 2 unregulated cannabinoid products by expanding agency regulatory 3 authority over cannabinoids that may be impairing, modifying definitions in the uniform controlled substances act, prohibiting the 4 sale of certain cannabinoid products except by licensed cannabis 5 6 businesses, regulating the use of additives in cannabis products, 7 requiring product testing and disclosures, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of artificial cannabinoids, requiring agency 8 rules before the manufacture and sale of synthetically derived 9 10 cannabinoids, prohibiting artificial cannabinoids and synthetically derived cannabinoids in products labeled as compliant with department 11 12 of health product standards and available for an existing sales and 13 use tax exemption, and establishing a temporary license fee surcharge on certain licensees of the liquor and cannabis board to fund 14 15 enforcement related to sales of cannabinoid products that may be impairing or are marketed as impairing; amending RCW 69.50.325, 16 17 69.50.326, 69.50.342, 69.50.363, 69.50.455, 69.50.375, 82.08.9998, 18 82.12.9998, 66.24.360, 70.345.050, 82.24.510, 82.24.530, and 82.26.170; reenacting and amending RCW 69.50.101; adding new sections 19 20 to chapter 69.50 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective 21 date; and providing expiration dates.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Due to the evolving nature of new cannabinoids being identified in the plant Cannabis that may be 2 impairing, the legislature finds there is a need to provide consumers 3 legal access to products that have been tested and which meet the 4 5 same standards for quality and safety as delta-9 6 tetrahydrocannabinol. The legislature further finds there is a need 7 to require labeling, serving size, potency, and ingredient disclosure standards for any impairing cannabinoid product. The legislature 8 further finds there is a need to distinguish cannabinoids derived 9 from natural plants that are prepared for human consumption and the 10 11 more unpredictable artificial cannabinoids created solely through 12 chemical reactions. The legislature further recognizes the need to maintain clarity between plants defined as marijuana and plants 13 defined as hemp. The primary purpose of this act is to authorize the 14 liquor and cannabis board to regulate all cannabinoids that may be 15 16 impairing, regardless of origin, and to direct the board to adopt 17 rules related to cannabinoid products and Cannabis isolates, except 18 those authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug 19 administration.

20 Sec. 2. RCW 69.50.101 and 2020 c 133 s 2 and 2020 c 80 s 43 are 21 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether
 by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to
 the body of a patient or research subject by:

27 (1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe (or, by the 28 practitioner's authorized agent); or

(2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.

31 (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or 32 at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. It 33 does not include a common or contract carrier, public 34 warehouseperson, or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson.

35 (c) <u>"Artificial cannabinoid" means a solely chemically created</u> 36 <u>substance that does not originate from the plant *Cannabis* but is 37 <u>structurally the same or substantially similar to the molecular</u> 38 <u>structure of any substance derived from the plant *Cannabis* that may 39 <u>be a cannabinoid receptor agonist and includes, but is not limited</u></u></u>

1 to, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that is not listed as a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the 2 3 Washington state controlled substances act. Artificial cannabinoids do not include: 4 (1) A naturally occurring chemical substance that is separated 5 6 from the plant Cannabis by a chemical or mechanical extraction 7 process; (2) Cannabinoids that are produced by decarboxylation from a 8 naturally occurring cannabinoid acid without the use of a chemical 9 10 catalyst; or (3) Any other chemical substance resembling in any manner a 11 12 compound found in the plant *Cannabis* that is identified by the board in consultation with the department, by rule. 13 14 (d) "Board" means the Washington state liquor and cannabis board. ((<del>(d)</del>)) (e) "Cannabinoid" means any of the chemical compounds 15 that are the active constituents of the plant Cannabis and their 16 acids including, but not limited to, tetrahydrocannabinol, 17 tetrahydrocanabinolic acid, cannabidiol, cannabidiolic acid, 18 cannabinol, cannabigeral, cannabichromence, cannabicyclol, 19 cannabivarin, tetrahydrocannabivarin, cannabidivarin, 20 cannabichromevarin, cannabigerovarin, cannabigerol monomethyl ether, 21 cannabielsoin, and cannabicitran. Cannabinoids do not include 22 23 artificial cannabinoids. 24 (f) "Catalyst" means a substance that increases the rate of a 25 chemical reaction without itself undergoing any permanent chemical 26 change. 27 (q) "CBD concentration" has the meaning provided in RCW 28 69.51A.010. 29 ((<del>(e)</del>)) (h) "CBD product" means any product containing or consisting of cannabidiol that does not exceed 0.3 percent THC on a 30 31 dry weight basis and that does not contain more than 0.5 milligrams 32 per serving or two milligrams total in the packaged product of a 33 cannabinoid that may be impairing. ((((f))) (i) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance 34 35 commission. 36 ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(j)</u> "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor included in Schedules I through V as set forth in 37 federal or state laws, or federal or commission rules, but does not 38 39 include hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020.

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1 (((<del>h)</del>)) (k)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance 2 the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the 3 chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and:

4 (i) that has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on
5 the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant,
6 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of
7 a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or

8 (ii) with respect to a particular individual, that the individual 9 represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or 10 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially 11 similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 12 central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule 13 I or II.

14 (2) The term does not include:

15 (i) a controlled substance;

16 (ii) a substance for which there is an approved new drug 17 application;

(iii) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355, or chapter 69.77 RCW to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption; or

(iv) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance.

26 ((<del>(i)</del>)) <u>(1)</u> "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual or 27 constructive transfer from one person to another of a substance, 28 whether or not there is an agency relationship.

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 $((\frac{j}{j}))$  (m) "Department" means the department of health.

30 ((<del>(k)</del>)) <u>(n)</u> "Designated provider" has the meaning provided in RCW
31 69.51A.010.

32 ((<del>(1)</del>)) <u>(o)</u> "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription 33 or order for a controlled substance and, pursuant to that 34 prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, 35 labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or 36 order for delivery.

37 ((<del>(m)</del>)) <u>(p)</u> "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

38 ((<del>(n)</del>)) <u>(q) "Distillate" means an extract from the plant Cannabis</u> 39 <u>where a segment of one or more cannabinoids from an initial</u> 1 <u>extraction are selectively concentrated through a mechanical or</u> 2 <u>chemical process</u>, or both, with all impurities removed.

3 <u>(r)</u> "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or 4 dispensing a controlled substance.

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((<del>(o)</del>)) <u>(s)</u> "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

6 ((<del>(p)</del>)) <u>(t)</u> "Drug" means (1) a controlled substance recognized as a drug in the official United States pharmacopoeia/national formulary 7 or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or 8 any supplement to them; (2) controlled substances intended for use in 9 the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease 10 11 in individuals or animals; (3) controlled substances (other than 12 food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and (4) controlled substances intended for 13 use as a component of any article specified in (1), (2), or (3) of 14 this subsection. The term does not include devices or their 15 16 components, parts, or accessories.

17 ((<del>(q)</del>)) <u>(u)</u> "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug 18 enforcement administration in the United States Department of 19 Justice, or its successor agency.

20 (((r))) (v) "Electronic communication of prescription 21 information" means the transmission of a prescription or refill 22 authorization for a drug of a practitioner using computer systems. 23 The term does not include a prescription or refill authorization 24 verbally transmitted by telephone nor a facsimile manually signed by 25 the practitioner.

26 ((<del>(s)</del>)) <u>(w) "Extract" means a solid, viscid, or liquid substance</u> 27 <u>extracted from a plant, or the like, containing its essence in</u> 28 <u>concentrated or isolated form.</u>

29 <u>(x) "Extraction" means the process to separate or obtain a solid,</u>
30 <u>viscid, or liquid substance from a plant or parts of a plant, by</u>
31 <u>pressure, distillation, treatment with solvents, or the like.</u>

32 <u>(y)</u> "Immature plant or clone" means a plant or clone that has no 33 flowers, is less than twelve inches in height, and is less than 34 twelve inches in diameter.

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((<del>(t)</del>)) <u>(z)</u> "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

36 (1) that the commission has found to be and by rule designates as 37 being the principal compound commonly used, or produced primarily for 38 use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;

39 (2) that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to40 be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; and

(3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or
 limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

3 ((<del>(u)</del>)) <u>(aa) "Impairing" in relation to a cannabinoid means a</u> 4 psychotropic constituent of the plant cannabis which may diminish a 5 person's cognitive, mental, or physical function or ability. For 6 purposes only of sections 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 of this act, the board 7 may further revise the definition of impairing by rule in accordance 8 with chapter 34.05 RCW.

9 <u>(bb) "Isolate" means extract from the plant Cannabis of 95</u> 10 <u>percent or more of a single cannabinoid compound.</u>

11 (cc) "Isomer" means an optical isomer, but in subsection ((<del>(gg)</del>)) 12 (oo)(5) of this section, RCW 69.50.204(a) (12) and (34), and 13 69.50.206(b)(4), the term includes any geometrical isomer; in RCW 14 69.50.204(a) (8) and (42), and 69.50.210(c) the term includes any 15 positional isomer; and in RCW 69.50.204(a)(35), 69.50.204(c), and 16 69.50.208(a) the term includes any positional or geometric isomer.

17 ((<del>(v)</del>)) (dd) "Lot" means a definite quantity of marijuana, 18 marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused 19 product identified by a lot number, every portion or package of which 20 is uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors that appear 21 in the labeling.

(((w))) (ee) "Lot number" must identify the licensee by business or trade name and Washington state unified business identifier number, and the date of harvest or processing for each lot of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuanainfused product.

27 (((<del>(x)</del>)) (<u>ff)</u> "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled 28 substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from 29 substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical 30 31 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, 32 and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include 33 the preparation, compounding, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or 34 relabeling of a controlled substance: 35

36 (1) by a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's 37 administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course 38 of the practitioner's professional practice; or

39 (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent 40 under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an 1 incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for 2 sale.

((<del>(y)</del>)) (qg) "Marijuana" or "marihuana" means all parts of the 3 plant *Cannabis*((*whether growing or not*)) with a ((THC)) 4 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration ((greater)) of more than 0.3 5 6 percent on a dry weight basis, whether growing or not; the seeds 7 thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant, including concentrated resins, cannabinoids, and the products thereof; and 8 every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or 9 preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not 10 11 include:

12 (1) The mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the 13 stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other 14 compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of 15 the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, 16 or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of 17 germination; or

18 (2) Hemp or industrial hemp as defined in RCW  $15.140.020((_{\tau}))$  or 19 seeds used for licensed hemp production under chapter 15.140 RCW<sub>L</sub> 20 <u>unless the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration is greater than 0.3</u> 21 <u>percent on a dry weight basis</u>.

((<del>(z)</del>)) (hh) "Marijuana concentrates" means products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant *Cannabis* ((and having a THC concentration)) containing greater than ten percent total THC such as, but not limited to, kief, live resin, rosin, hash, or bubble hash.

((<del>(aa)</del>)) <u>(ii)</u> "Marijuana processor" means a person licensed by 27 28 the board to process marijuana of natural origin, grown by a licensed producer, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from the 29 plant Cannabis as defined in subsection (tt) of this section, unless 30 sourced and used as an additive in accordance with RCW 69.50.326, 31 32 into marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, package and label marijuana concentrates, useable 33 marijuana, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets, 34 35 ((and)) sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets, and sell 36 marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused 37 products at wholesale to marijuana retailers. 38

39 (((bb))) (jj) "Marijuana producer" means a person licensed by the 40 board to produce, prepare, and propagate marijuana directly from a 1 <u>natural origin</u> and sell ((marijuana)) at wholesale to marijuana
2 processors and other marijuana producers.

3 ((<del>(cc)</del>)) <u>(kk)</u> "Marijuana products" means useable marijuana, 4 marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products as defined in 5 this section <u>and also includes any product with 0.5 milligrams or</u> 6 <u>more per serving or two milligrams or more per package of a</u> 7 cannabinoid that may be impairing or that is marketed as such.

8 ((<del>(dd)</del>)) <u>(ll)</u> "Marijuana researcher" means a person licensed by 9 the board to produce, process, and possess marijuana for the purposes 10 of conducting research on marijuana and marijuana-derived drug 11 products.

12 ((<del>(ee)</del>)) <u>(mm)</u> "Marijuana retailer" means a person licensed by the 13 board to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and 14 marijuana-infused products in a retail outlet.

15 (((ff))) (nn) "Marijuana-infused products" means products that 16 contain marijuana or marijuana extracts, <u>isolates</u>, <u>or distillates</u>, 17 <u>that</u> are intended for human use, are derived from marijuana as 18 defined in subsection (((y))) (gg) of this section, and ((have a THC))19 <u>concentration</u>) <u>contain</u> no greater than ten percent <u>total THC</u>. The 20 term "marijuana-infused products" does not include either useable 21 marijuana or marijuana concentrates.

((<del>(gg)</del>)) <u>(oo)</u> "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) Opium, opium derivative, and any derivative of opium or opium derivative, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. The term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.

31 (2) Synthetic opiate and any derivative of synthetic opiate, 32 including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, 33 esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, 34 ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical 35 designation.

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(3) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw.

37 (4) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves 38 from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives or ecgonine or their 39 salts have been removed.

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(5) Cocaine, or any salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.

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(6) Cocaine base.

2 (7) Ecgonine, or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of isomer3 thereof.

4 (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity 5 of any substance referred to in (1) through (7) of this subsection.

6 ((((hh))) (pp) "Opiate" means any substance having an addictionforming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or 7 being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or 8 addiction-sustaining liability. The term includes opium, substances 9 derived from opium (opium derivatives), and synthetic opiates. The 10 term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled 11 12 under RCW 69.50.201, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-nmethylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes 13 the racemic and levorotatory forms of dextromethorphan. 14

15 ((((ii))) (qq) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species 16 Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.

17 (((jj))) (rr) "Person" means individual, corporation, business 18 trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, 19 government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or 20 commercial entity.

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((<del>(kk)</del>)) <u>(ss)</u> "Plant" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.

((<del>(1))</del>) <u>(tt) "Plant Cannabis" means all plants of the genus</u> Cannabis, including marijuana as defined in subsection (gg) of this section, and hemp as defined in RCW 15.140.020.

25 <u>(uu)</u> "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the 26 opium poppy, after mowing.

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((<del>(mm)</del>)) <u>(vv)</u> "Practitioner" means:

28 (1) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW; a physician assistant 29 under chapter 18.71A RCW; an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; an optometrist licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW 30 31 who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010 subject 32 to any limitations in RCW 18.53.010; a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW; a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW; a 33 veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW; a registered nurse, advanced 34 registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse under 35 chapter 18.79 RCW; a naturopathic physician under chapter 18.36A RCW 36 who is licensed under RCW 18.36A.030 subject to any limitations in 37 RCW 18.36A.040; a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW or a scientific 38 39 investigator under this chapter, licensed, registered or otherwise 40 permitted insofar as is consistent with those licensing laws to

1 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer 2 a controlled substance in the course of their professional practice 3 or research in this state.

4 (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed,
5 registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct
6 research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in
7 the course of professional practice or research in this state.

(3) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a 8 physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a 9 dentist licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and 10 11 surgeon licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a 12 licensed physician assistant or a licensed osteopathic physician assistant specifically approved to prescribe controlled substances by 13 his or her state's medical commission or equivalent and his or her 14 supervising physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner 15 16 licensed to prescribe controlled substances, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in any state of the United 17 18 States.

19 (((nn))) (ww) "Prescription" means an order for controlled 20 substances issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in 21 the state of Washington to prescribe controlled substances within the 22 scope of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical 23 purpose.

24 ((<del>(oo)</del>)) <u>(xx)</u> "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, 25 cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.

26 ((<del>(pp)</del>)) <u>(yy)</u> "Qualifying patient" has the meaning provided in 27 RCW 69.51A.010.

28 ((<del>(qq)</del>)) <u>(zz)</u> "Recognition card" has the meaning provided in RCW 29 69.51A.010.

30 ((<del>(rr)</del>)) <u>(aaa)</u> "Retail outlet" means a location licensed by the 31 board for the retail sale of marijuana concentrates, useable 32 marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.

33 ((<del>(ss)</del>)) <u>(bbb)</u> "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the 34 secretary's designee.

35 ((<del>(tt)</del>)) <u>(ccc)</u> "State," unless the context otherwise requires, 36 means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the 37 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession 38 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

39 ((((uu))) (ddd) "Synthetically derived cannabinoid" means any 40 cannabinoid that is altered by a chemical reaction that changes the 1 molecular structure of any natural cannabinoid derived from the plant 2 <u>Cannabis</u> to another cannabinoid found naturally in the plant 3 <u>Cannabis</u>. 4 <u>(eee)(1)</u> "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" includes all

5 <u>tetrahydrocannabinols</u> that are artificially, synthetically, or 6 <u>naturally derived</u>, including but not limited to delta-8 7 <u>tetrahydrocannabinol</u>, delta-9 <u>tetrahydrocannabinol</u>, delta-10 8 <u>tetrahydrocannabinol</u>, THCv <u>tetrahydrocannabivarin</u>, THCP 9 <u>tetrahydrocannabiphorol</u>, THC-O-Acetate, and the optical isomers of 10 <u>THC cannabinoids</u>.

11 (2) Notwithstanding (1) of this subsection, tetrahydrocannabinol 12 includes concentrated resins or cannabinoids, and the products 13 thereof, produced from the plant *Cannabis*, whether or not the 14 cannabinoids were derived from a marijuana plant containing a THC 15 concentration greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.

16 <u>(fff)</u> "THC concentration" means percent of ((delta-9)) 17 tetrahydrocannabinol content per dry weight of any part of the plant 18 *Cannabis*, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the 19 combined percent of ((delta-9)) tetrahydrocannabinol and 20 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant *Cannabis* 21 regardless of moisture content.

((<del>(vv)</del>)) <u>(ggg)</u> "Total THC" means the sum of the percentage, by weight or volume measurement of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid multiplied by 0.877, plus, the percentage by weight or volume measurement of tetrahydrocannabinol.

26 (hhh) "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses 27 a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for the use of 28 a member of the individual's household or for administering to an 29 animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's 30 household.

31 ((<del>(ww)</del>)) <u>(iii)</u> "Useable marijuana" means dried marijuana flowers.
32 The term "useable marijuana" does not include either marijuana33 infused products or marijuana concentrates.

34 ((<del>(xx)</del>)) <u>(jjj)</u> "Youth access" means the level of interest persons 35 under the age of twenty-one may have in a vapor product, as well as 36 the degree to which the product is available or appealing to such 37 persons, and the likelihood of initiation, use, or addiction by 38 adolescents and young adults. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 69.50
 2 RCW to read as follows:

(a) Products containing or consisting of cannabinoids produced 3 and processed for any type of consumption into a human body, whether 4 marketed as such or not, exceeding 0.3 percent THC on a dry weight 5 6 basis, that contains more than 0.5 milligrams per serving or two milligrams total in the packaged product of a cannabinoid that may be 7 impairing, may only be sold by a marijuana producer, marijuana 8 processor, or marijuana retailer licensed by the board unless 9 authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug administration. 10

11 (b) All products containing cannabinoids described in subsection 12 (a) of this section, or cannabinoid products marketed as having 13 impairing effects, are within the scope of regulatory authority of 14 the board under this chapter, except those authorized as a drug by 15 the federal food and drug administration.

16 (c) Sale of products identified in subsection (a) of this section 17 is prohibited unless conducted by a business holding a valid 18 marijuana producer, marijuana processor, or marijuana retailer 19 license issued by the board.

20 (d) Products meeting any of the criteria identified in this 21 subsection may only be sold if such a sale is in compliance with 22 rules adopted by the board after the board has consulted with the 23 department of health and the department of agriculture. Products 24 subject to this requirement are:

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(1) Products containing cannabinoids that may be impairing;

(2) Products that contain greater than 0.3 percent THC on a dryweight basis; and

(3) Products that contain 0.5 or more milligrams per serving or
 two or more milligrams total in the packaged product of any
 cannabinoid that may be impairing.

(e) Products identified in subsection (d) of this section may not
 be sold to persons under 21 years of age, except for those in
 compliance with provisions of chapter 69.51A RCW.

34 (f) The requirement provided in subsection (d) of this section 35 does not apply to delta-9 THC products approved by the board prior to 36 January 1, 2022.

37 (g) Cannabis health and beauty aids compliant with RCW 69.50.575 38 are not subject to the provisions of subsections (a) through (d) of 39 this section. (h) Manufacturing and sales of artificial cannabinoids is
 prohibited.

3 (i) This section does not apply to unadulterated hemp flower that 4 is not further processed into extracts, infused products, or 5 concentrates.

6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 69.50.325 and 2020 c 236 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1) There shall be a marijuana producer's license regulated by 8 9 the board and subject to annual renewal. The licensee is authorized to produce, prepare, and propagate marijuana grown from seeds or 10 11 clones of natural origin: (a) Marijuana for sale at wholesale to marijuana processors and other marijuana producers; (b) immature 12 plants or clones and seeds for sale to cooperatives as described 13 under RCW 69.51A.250; and (c) immature plants or clones and seeds for 14 15 sale to qualifying patients and designated providers as provided 16 under RCW 69.51A.310. The production, possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana in accordance with the provisions 17 18 of this chapter and the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, by a validly licensed marijuana producer, shall not be a criminal or 19 20 civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana producer's 21 license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify 22 the location at which the marijuana producer intends to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof 23 24 shall not allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana producer's license shall be two hundred fifty 25 dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana 26 27 producer's license shall be one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A separate license shall be required for each location at 28 which a marijuana producer intends to produce marijuana. 29

30 (2) There shall be a marijuana processor's license to process 31 marijuana, from the plant Cannabis of natural origin and grown by a licensed producer, unless sourced and used as an additive in 32 accordance with RCW 69.50.326, and compound or convert marijuana 33 products from marijuana grown by a licensed marijuana producer as 34 specified by the board by rule, and prepare, package, and label 35 marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused 36 products, which contain greater than 0.5 milligrams per serving of a 37 38 cannabinoid that may be impairing, for sale at wholesale to marijuana processors and marijuana retailers, regulated by the board and 39

1 subject to annual renewal. The processing, packaging, possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana, useable marijuana, 2 marijuana-infused products, and marijuana concentrates in accordance 3 with the provisions of this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW and the 4 rules adopted to implement and enforce these chapters, by a validly 5 6 licensed marijuana processor, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana processor's 7 license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify 8 the location at which the licensee intends to operate, which must be 9 within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not 10 11 allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a 12 marijuana processor's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana processor's 13 license shall be one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A 14 separate license shall be required for each location at which a 15 16 marijuana processor intends to process marijuana.

17 (3) (a) There shall be a marijuana retailer's license to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused 18 products, and other products containing greater than 0.5 milligrams 19 per serving of a cannabinoid that may be impairing at retail in 20 21 retail outlets, regulated by the board and subject to annual renewal. 22 The possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana 23 concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted 24 25 implement and enforce it, by a validly licensed marijuana to retailer, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington 26 state law. Every marijuana retailer's license shall be issued in the 27 28 name of the applicant, shall specify the location of the retail outlet the licensee intends to operate, which must be within the 29 state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other 30 31 person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana 32 retailer's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana retailer's license shall be 33 one thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars. A separate license 34 shall be required for each location at which a marijuana retailer 35 36 intends to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products. 37

38 (b) An individual retail licensee and all other persons or 39 entities with a financial or other ownership interest in the business operating under the license are limited, in the aggregate, to holding
 a collective total of not more than five retail marijuana licenses.

3 (c)(i) A marijuana retailer's license is subject to forfeiture in 4 accordance with rules adopted by the board pursuant to this section.

5 (ii) The board shall adopt rules to establish a license 6 forfeiture process for a licensed marijuana retailer that is not 7 fully operational and open to the public within a specified period 8 from the date of license issuance, as established by the board, 9 subject to the following restrictions:

10 (A) No marijuana retailer's license may be subject to forfeiture 11 within the first nine months of license issuance; and

12 (B) The board must require license forfeiture on or before 13 twenty-four calendar months of license issuance if a marijuana 14 retailer is not fully operational and open to the public, unless the 15 board determines that circumstances out of the licensee's control are 16 preventing the licensee from becoming fully operational and that, in 17 the board's discretion, the circumstances warrant extending the 18 forfeiture period beyond twenty-four calendar months.

19 (iii) The board has discretion in adopting rules under this 20 subsection (3)(c).

(iv) This subsection (3)(c) applies to marijuana retailer's licenses issued before and after July 23, 2017. However, no license of a marijuana retailer that otherwise meets the conditions for license forfeiture established pursuant to this subsection (3)(c) may be subject to forfeiture within the first nine calendar months of July 23, 2017.

(v) The board may not require license forfeiture if the licensee has been incapable of opening a fully operational retail marijuana business due to actions by the city, town, or county with jurisdiction over the licensee that include any of the following:

31 (A) The adoption of a ban or moratorium that prohibits the32 opening of a retail marijuana business; or

33 (B) The adoption of an ordinance or regulation related to zoning, 34 business licensing, land use, or other regulatory measure that has 35 the effect of preventing a licensee from receiving an occupancy 36 permit from the jurisdiction or which otherwise prevents a licensed 37 marijuana retailer from becoming operational.

38 (d) The board may issue marijuana retailer licenses pursuant to 39 this chapter and RCW 69.50.335. 1 Sec. 5. RCW 69.50.326 and 2018 c 132 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana processors may use ((a)) CBD ((product)), other nonimpairing 4 cannabinoids, or nonimpairing plant *Cannabis* isolates as ((an)) 5 6 additives for the purpose of enhancing the ((cannabidiol)) nonimpairing cannabinoid concentration of any product authorized for 7 production, processing, and sale under this chapter. Except 8 as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, such ((CBD 9 10 product additives)) cannabinoid products or isolates must be lawfully produced by <u>a licensed marijuana producer</u>, or purchased from  $((\tau))$  a 11 12 producer or processor licensed under this chapter.

(2) Subject to the requirements set forth in (a) ((and (b))) 13 through (d) of this subsection, and for the sole purpose of enhancing 14 15 the ((cannabidiol)) nonimpairing cannabinoid concentration of any 16 product authorized for production, processing, or sale under this 17 chapter, licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana processors may use a CBD or other nonimpairing cannabinoid product 18 19 obtained from a source not licensed under this chapter, provided the CBD or other nonimpairing cannabinoid product: 20

(a) Has a THC level of 0.3 percent or less on a dry weight basis and does not contain greater than 0.5 milligrams per serving of any cannabinoid that may be impairing; ((and))

(b) Has ((been tested for)) passed pesticide, heavy metals, contaminants, and toxins testing by a testing laboratory accredited under this chapter and in accordance with testing standards established under this chapter and the applicable administrative rules;

29 (c) Is accompanied by a disclosure statement describing 30 production methods including, but not limited to, solvent use, 31 catalyst use, and synthesis methods; and

32 (d) Is only added to a product authorized for production, 33 processing, or sale under this chapter, and is not further processed 34 or converted into a substance that may be impairing.

(3) Subject to the requirements of this subsection (3), the ((liquor and cannabis)) board may enact rules necessary to implement the requirements of this section. Such rule making ((is limited to)) includes regulations pertaining to laboratory testing and product safety standards for ((those)) naturally and synthetically derived cannabidiol or other nonimpairing cannabinoid products used by

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1 licensed producers and processors in the manufacture of marijuana products marketed by licensed retailers under this chapter ((69.50 2 3 RCW)). Any synthetically derived cannabinoid used by licensed producers and processors in the manufacture of marijuana products 4 marketed by licensed retailers under this chapter must be in 5 6 compliance with rules adopted by the board, prior to manufacturing and sale to other licensees. Rule making by the board pertaining to 7 any synthetically derived cannabinoid must be in consultation with 8 the department of health and the department of agriculture. The 9 10 purpose of such rule making must be to ensure the safety and purity of cannabidiol and other nonimpairing cannabinoid products used by 11 12 marijuana producers and processors licensed under this chapter ((<del>69.50 RCW</del>)) and incorporated into products sold by licensed 13 recreational marijuana retailers. This rule-making authority does not 14 15 include the authority to enact rules regarding either the production 16 or processing practices of the industrial hemp industry or any 17 cannabidiol products that are sold or marketed outside of the regulatory framework established under this chapter ((69.50 RCW)). 18

19 <u>(4) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana</u> 20 processors may not use any artificial cannabinoids, as defined in 21 this chapter, as an additive to any product authorized for 22 production, processing, and sale under this chapter.

23 (5) Licensed marijuana producers and licensed marijuana 24 processors must disclose on packaging and labeling all synthetically 25 derived cannabinoids contained in products, and may not make any 26 statements or claims on packaging, labeling, or advertising, 27 indicating those cannabinoids are a natural substance.

28 (6) The board must revise rules as appropriate to conform to the 29 terminology described in this act.

30 Sec. 6. RCW 69.50.342 and 2020 c 133 s 3 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 according to their true intent or of supplying any deficiency therein, the board may adopt rules not inconsistent with the spirit of chapter 3, Laws of 2013 as are deemed necessary or advisable. Without limiting the generality of the preceding sentence, the board is empowered to adopt rules regarding the following: 1 (a) The equipment and management of retail outlets and premises 2 where marijuana is produced or processed, and inspection of the 3 retail outlets and premises where marijuana is produced or processed;

4 (b) The books and records to be created and maintained by 5 licensees, the reports to be made thereon to the board, and 6 inspection of the books and records;

7 (c) Methods of producing, processing, and packaging marijuana, 8 useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused 9 products; conditions of sanitation; safe handling requirements; 10 approved pesticides and pesticide testing requirements; and standards 11 of ingredients, quality, and identity of marijuana, useable 12 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products 13 produced, processed, packaged, or sold by licensees;

14 (d) Security requirements for retail outlets and premises where 15 marijuana is produced or processed, and safety protocols for 16 licensees and their employees;

17 (e) Screening, hiring, training, and supervising employees of 18 licensees;

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(f) Retail outlet locations and hours of operation;

(g) Labeling requirements and restrictions on advertisement of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, cannabis health and beauty aids, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets;

(h) Forms to be used for purposes of this chapter and chapter 24 25 69.51A RCW or the rules adopted to implement and enforce these chapters, the terms and conditions to be contained in licenses issued 26 under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, and the qualifications for 27 receiving a license issued under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, 28 29 including a criminal history record information check. The board may any criminal history record information check to the 30 submit 31 Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the 32 federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may 33 search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the forms. The board must 34 require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record 35 36 information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation; 37

(i) Application, reinstatement, and renewal fees for licensesissued under this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW, and fees for

anything done or permitted to be done under the rules adopted to
 implement and enforce this chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW;

3 (j) The manner of giving and serving notices required by this 4 chapter and chapter 69.51A RCW or rules adopted to implement or 5 enforce these chapters;

6 (k) Times and periods when, and the manner, methods, and means by 7 which, licensees transport and deliver marijuana, marijuana 8 concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products 9 within the state;

10 (1) Identification, seizure, confiscation, destruction, or 11 donation to law enforcement for training purposes of all marijuana, 12 marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused 13 products produced, processed, sold, or offered for sale within this 14 state which do not conform in all respects to the standards 15 prescribed by this chapter or chapter 69.51A RCW or the rules adopted 16 to implement and enforce these chapters;

17 (m) The prohibition of any type of device used in conjunction with a marijuana vapor product and the prohibition of the use of any 18 19 type of additive, solvent, ingredient, or compound in the production and processing of marijuana products, including marijuana vapor 20 21 products, when the board determines, following consultation with the 22 department of health or any other authority the board deems 23 appropriate, that the device, additive, solvent, ingredient, or compound may pose a risk to public health or youth access; ((and)) 24

(n) Requirements for processors to submit under oath to the department of health a complete list of all constituent substances and the amount and sources thereof in each marijuana vapor product, including all additives, thickening agents, preservatives, compounds, and any other substance used in the production and processing of each marijuana vapor product; and

31 (o) The production, processing, transportation, delivery, sale, 32 and purchase of naturally derived cannabinoids or synthetically 33 derived cannabinoids. This rule-making authority does not include 34 authority to adopt rules on activities identified in this subsection 35 (1)(o) related to:

36 (i) Hemp or products derived from hemp as defined in RCW 37 15.140.020, except products intended for use by a licensee as 38 provided in this chapter; or

39 <u>(ii) Products authorized as a drug by the federal food and drug</u> 40 <u>administration</u>. 1 (2) Rules adopted on retail outlets holding medical marijuana 2 endorsements must be adopted in coordination and consultation with 3 the department.

4 (3) The board must adopt rules to perfect and expand existing 5 programs for compliance education for licensed marijuana businesses 6 and their employees. The rules must include a voluntary compliance 7 program created in consultation with licensed marijuana businesses 8 and their employees. The voluntary compliance program must include 9 recommendations on abating violations of this chapter and rules 10 adopted under this chapter.

11 Sec. 7. RCW 69.50.363 and 2015 c 207 s 7 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

The following acts, when performed by a validly licensed marijuana processor or employee of a validly licensed marijuana processor in compliance with rules adopted by the ((state liquor control)) board to implement and enforce chapter 3, Laws of 2013, do not constitute criminal or civil offenses under Washington state law:

(1) Purchase and receipt of marijuana that has been properly packaged and labeled from a marijuana producer validly licensed under chapter 3, Laws of 2013;

(2) <u>Compound or convert marijuana products from marijuana grown</u> by a licensed marijuana producer, as specified by the board by rule. This section does not authorize compounding or converting hemp into cannabinoids that may be impairing for creation of marijuana products from hemp, except as authorized under RCW 69.50.326;

26 (3) Possession, processing, packaging, and labeling of quantities 27 of marijuana, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that 28 do not exceed the maximum amounts established by the ((state liquor 29 control)) board under RCW 69.50.345(4);

30 ((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(4)</u> Delivery, distribution, and sale of useable marijuana 31 or marijuana-infused products to a marijuana retailer validly 32 licensed under chapter 3, Laws of 2013; and

33 (((4))) (5) Delivery, distribution, and sale of useable 34 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products to a 35 federally recognized Indian tribe as permitted under an agreement 36 between the state and the tribe entered into under RCW 43.06.490.

37 Sec. 8. RCW 69.50.455 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 1201 are each 38 amended to read as follows:

1 (1) ((It)) Except as authorized under section 3 of this act and RCW 69.50.326, it is an unfair or deceptive practice under RCW 2 19.86.020 for any person or entity to distribute, dispense, 3 manufacture, display for sale, offer for sale, attempt to sell, or 4 sell to a purchaser any product that contains any amount of any 5 6 synthetic cannabinoid. The legislature finds that practices covered by this section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for 7 the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 8 RCW. Violations of this section are not reasonable in relation to the 9 development and preservation of business. 10

(2) (("Synthetic)) For the purposes of this section, "synthetic cannabinoid" includes any chemical compound identified in RCW 69.50.204(c)(30) or by the pharmacy quality assurance commission under RCW 69.50.201.

15 Sec. 9. RCW 69.50.375 and 2015 c 70 s 10 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) A medical marijuana endorsement to a marijuana retail license is hereby established to permit a marijuana retailer to sell marijuana for medical use to qualifying patients and designated providers. This endorsement also permits such retailers to provide marijuana at no charge, at their discretion, to qualifying patients and designated providers.

(2) An applicant may apply for a medical marijuana endorsement
 concurrently with an application for a marijuana retail license.

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(3) To be issued an endorsement, a marijuana retailer must:

(a) Not authorize the medical use of marijuana for qualifying patients at the retail outlet or permit health care professionals to authorize the medical use of marijuana for qualifying patients at the retail outlet;

30 (b) Carry marijuana concentrates and marijuana-infused products
 31 identified by the department under subsection (4) of this section;

32 (c) Not use labels or market marijuana concentrates, useable 33 marijuana, or marijuana-infused products in a way that make them 34 intentionally attractive to minors;

35 (d) Demonstrate the ability to enter qualifying patients and 36 designated providers in the medical marijuana authorization database 37 established in RCW 69.51A.230 and issue recognition cards and agree 38 to enter qualifying patients and designated providers into the 1 database and issue recognition cards in compliance with department 2 standards;

3 (e) Keep copies of the qualifying patient's or designated 4 provider's recognition card, or keep equivalent records as required 5 by rule of the state liquor and cannabis board or the department of 6 revenue to document the validity of tax exempt sales; and

7 (f) Meet other requirements as adopted by rule of the department 8 or the state liquor and cannabis board.

9 (4) ((The)) <u>Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the</u> 10 department, in conjunction with the state liquor and cannabis board, 11 must adopt rules on requirements for marijuana concentrates, useable 12 marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that may be sold, or 13 provided at no charge, to qualifying patients or designated providers 14 at a retail outlet holding a medical marijuana endorsement. These 15 rules must include:

16 (a) THC concentration, CBD concentration, or low THC, high CBD 17 ratios appropriate for marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or 18 marijuana-infused products sold to qualifying patients or designated 19 providers;

20 (b) Labeling requirements including that the labels attached to 21 marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused 22 products contain THC concentration, CBD concentration, and THC to CBD 23 ratios;

(c) Other product requirements, including any additional mold, fungus, or pesticide testing requirements, or limitations to the types of solvents that may be used in marijuana processing that the department deems necessary to address the medical needs of qualifying patients;

(d) Safe handling requirements for marijuana concentrates,useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products; and

31

(e) Training requirements for employees.

32 (5) <u>Artificial cannabinoids and synthetically derived</u> 33 <u>cannabinoids are prohibited in the marijuana concentrates, useable</u> 34 <u>marijuana, and marijuana-infused products that may be approved,</u> 35 <u>labeled, or represented as complying with requirements adopted by the</u> 36 <u>department under subsection (4) of this section.</u>

37 <u>(6)</u> A marijuana retailer holding an endorsement to sell marijuana 38 to qualifying patients or designated providers must train its 39 employees on: (a) Procedures regarding the recognition of valid authorizations
 and the use of equipment to enter qualifying patients and designated
 providers into the medical marijuana authorization database;

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(b) Recognition of valid recognition cards; and

5 (c) Recognition of strains, varieties, THC concentration, CBD 6 concentration, and THC to CBD ratios of marijuana concentrates, 7 useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, available for sale 8 when assisting qualifying patients and designated providers at the 9 retail outlet.

10 Sec. 10. RCW 82.08.9998 and 2019 c 393 s 4 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to:

13 Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, (a) or marijuana-infused products, that do not contain any artificial 14 cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 or synthetically derived 15 16 cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 and that are identified by the department of health in rules adopted under RCW 69.50.375(4) in 17 chapter 246-70 WAC as being a compliant marijuana product, by 18 marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements to qualifying 19 patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition 20 21 cards;

(b) Sales of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less to qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued recognition cards by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements;

(c) Sales of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.375 to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be beneficial for medical use, by marijuana retailers with medical marijuana endorsements, to any person;

31 (d) Sales of topical, noningestible products containing THC with 32 a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by health care 33 professionals under RCW 69.51A.280;

34 (e)(i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, 35 marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC 36 concentration of 0.3 percent or less produced by a cooperative and 37 provided to its members; and

38 (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor contributed by an 39 individual member of the cooperative in which the individual is a

1 member. However, nothing in this subsection (1)(e) may be construed 2 to exempt the individual members of a cooperative from the tax 3 imposed in RCW 82.08.020 on any purchase of property or services 4 contributed to the cooperative.

5 (2) Each seller making exempt sales under subsection (1) of this 6 section must maintain information establishing eligibility for the 7 exemption in the form and manner required by the department.

8 (3) The department must provide a separate tax reporting line for 9 exemption amounts claimed under this section.

10 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 11 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

12 (a) "Cooperative" means a cooperative authorized by and operating13 in compliance with RCW 69.51A.250.

(b) "Marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement" means a marijuana retailer permitted under RCW 69.50.375 to sell marijuana for medical use to qualifying patients and designated providers.

(c) "Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less" means all products containing THC with a THC concentration not exceeding 0.3 percent and that, when used as intended, are inhalable, ingestible, or absorbable.

(d) "THC concentration," "marijuana," "marijuana concentrates," "useable marijuana," "marijuana retailer," and "marijuana-infused products" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 69.50.101 and the terms "qualifying patients," "designated providers," and "recognition card" have the same meaning as provided in RCW 69.51A.010.

27 Sec. 11. RCW 82.12.9998 and 2019 c 393 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

29

(1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:

30 (a) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or 31 marijuana-infused products, that do not contain any artificial cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 or synthetically derived 32 cannabinoids as defined in RCW 69.50.101 and that are identified by 33 the department of health in rules adopted under RCW 69.50.375(4) in 34 chapter 246-70 WAC as being a compliant marijuana product, by 35 qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued 36 recognition cards and have obtained such products from a marijuana 37 38 retailer with a medical marijuana endorsement.

1 (b) The use of products containing THC with a THC concentration 2 of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients or designated providers 3 who have been issued recognition cards and have obtained such 4 products from a marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana 5 endorsement.

6 (c)(i) Marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement 7 with respect to:

8 (A) Marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-9 infused products; or

10 (B) Products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 11 percent or less;

(ii) The exemption in this subsection (1)(c) applies only if such products are provided at no charge to a qualifying patient or designated provider who has been issued a recognition card. Each such retailer providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.

(d) The use of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products, identified by the department of health under RCW 69.50.375 to have a low THC, high CBD ratio, and to be beneficial for medical use, purchased from marijuana retailers with a medical marijuana endorsement.

(e) Health care professionals with respect to the use of products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less provided at no charge by the health care professionals under RCW 69.51A.280. Each health care professional providing such products at no charge must maintain information establishing eligibility for this exemption in the form and manner required by the department.

(f) The use of topical, noningestible products containing THC with a THC concentration of 0.3 percent or less by qualifying patients when purchased from or provided at no charge by a health care professional under RCW 69.51A.280.

33

(g) The use of:

(i) Marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana,
 marijuana-infused products, or products containing THC with a THC
 concentration of 0.3 percent or less, by a cooperative and its
 members, when produced by the cooperative; and

38 (ii) Any nonmonetary resources and labor by a cooperative when 39 contributed by its members. However, nothing in this subsection 40 (1)(g) may be construed to exempt the individual members of a

1 cooperative from the tax imposed in RCW 82.12.020 on the use of any 2 property or services purchased by the member and contributed to the 3 cooperative.

4

(2) The definitions in RCW 82.08.9998 apply to this section.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 Upon publication of a notice of a proposed rule under RCW 34.05.320 related to cannabinoids that may be impairing or 8 synthetically derived cannabinoids, the board shall notify the chairs 9 10 and ranking minority members of the house of representatives commerce 11 and gaming committee and of the senate labor, commerce, and tribal affairs committee, and provide them with the information in RCW 12 13 34.05.320(1). A chair or a ranking minority member may, if either deems appropriate, recommend a review of the proposed rule to the 14 15 joint administrative rules review committee as provided in chapter 16 34.05 RCW.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2024, the board must apply and collect a license fee surcharge of \$50 for licenses identified in this section upon initial application and annual renewal of the licenses.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, licenses subject to the temporary surcharge established in this section are the following:

(a) Off-premises beer and wine retailers licensed under RCW
66.24.360. However, licensees holding a spirits retailer license
under RCW 66.24.630 or a combination spirts, beer, and wine license
under RCW 66.24.035 are exempt from the license fee surcharge
established in this section;

31 (b) Any vapor product licensee holding a license issued under RCW
 32 70.345.030 who conducts any retail sales of vapor products; and

33 (c) Any entity licensed under chapter 82.24 or 82.26 RCW to sell
 34 cigarettes, tobacco, and other tobacco products at retail.

35 (3) No business may be required to pay the license fee surcharge 36 on more than one license type identified in subsection (2) of this 37 section. 1 (4) Revenue collected under the license issuance and renewal 2 surcharge authorized under this section must be used by the board 3 solely to conduct enforcement operations regarding products 4 containing cannabinoids that may be impairing or are marketed as 5 impairing, including, but not limited to, products containing delta-8 6 THC, and not authorized for sale under this chapter.

7 (5) For purposes of this section, "enforcement operations" 8 includes efforts to attain compliance, prevent noncompliance, and the 9 removal of products containing cannabinoids that may be impairing and 10 that are not authorized for sale under this chapter.

11

(6) This section expires July 1, 2024.

12 Sec. 14. RCW 66.24.360 and 2017 c 96 s 2 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

(1) There is a grocery store license to sell wine and/or beer,
including without limitation strong beer at retail in original
containers, not to be consumed upon the premises where sold.

(2) There is a wine retailer reseller endorsement of a grocery 17 store license, to sell wine at retail in original containers to 18 retailers licensed to sell wine for consumption on the premises, for 19 20 resale at their licensed premises according to the terms of the license. However, no single sale may exceed twenty-four liters, 21 unless the sale is made by a licensee that was a contract liquor 22 store manager of a contract-operated liquor store at the location 23 24 from which such sales are made. For the purposes of this title, a grocery store license is a retail license, and a sale by a grocery 25 store licensee with a reseller endorsement is a retail sale only if 26 27 not for resale.

(3) Licensees obtaining a written endorsement from the board may
 also sell malt liquor in kegs or other containers capable of holding
 less than five and one-half gallons of liquid.

31 (4) The annual fee for the grocery store license is one hundred 32 fifty dollars, plus any temporary license fee surcharge that may 33 apply under section 13 of this act, for each store.

34 (5) The annual fee for the wine retailer reseller endorsement is35 one hundred sixty-six dollars for each store.

36 (6) (a) Upon approval by the board, a grocery store licensee with 37 revenues derived from beer and/or wine sales exceeding fifty percent 38 of total revenues or that maintains an alcohol inventory of not less 39 than fifteen thousand dollars may also receive an endorsement to permit the sale of beer and cider, as defined in RCW 66.24.210(6), in a sanitary container brought to the premises by the purchaser, or provided by the licensee or manufacturer, and filled at the tap by the licensee at the time of sale by an employee of the licensee holding a class 12 alcohol server permit.

6 (b) Pursuant to RCW 74.08.580(1)(f), a person may not use an 7 electronic benefit transfer card for the purchase of any product 8 authorized for sale under this section.

9 (c) The board may, by rule, establish fees to be paid by 10 licensees receiving the endorsement authorized under this subsection 11 (6), as necessary to cover the costs of implementing and enforcing 12 the provisions of this subsection (6).

13 (7) The board must issue a restricted grocery store license 14 authorizing the licensee to sell beer and only table wine, if the 15 board finds upon issuance or renewal of the license that the sale of 16 strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest. 17 In determining the public interest, the board must consider at least 18 the following factors:

(a) The likelihood that the applicant will sell strong beer orfortified wine to persons who are intoxicated;

(b) Law enforcement problems in the vicinity of the applicant's establishment that may arise from persons purchasing strong beer or fortified wine at the establishment; and

(c) Whether the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be detrimental to or inconsistent with a government-operated or funded alcohol treatment or detoxification program in the area.

If the board receives no evidence or objection that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest, it must issue or renew the license without restriction, as applicable. The burden of establishing that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine by the licensee would be against the public interest is on those persons objecting.

33 (8) Licensees holding a grocery store license must maintain a 34 minimum three thousand dollar inventory of food products for human 35 consumption, not including pop, beer, strong beer, or wine.

36 (9) A grocery store licensee with a wine retailer reseller 37 endorsement may accept delivery of wine at its licensed premises or 38 at one or more warehouse facilities registered with the board, which 39 facilities may also warehouse and distribute nonliquor items, and 40 from which it may deliver to its own licensed premises and, pursuant

1 to sales permitted by this title, to other licensed premises, to 2 other registered facilities, or to lawful purchasers outside the 3 state. Facilities may be registered and utilized by associations, 4 cooperatives, or comparable groups of grocery store licensees.

5 (10) Upon approval by the board, the grocery store licensee may 6 also receive an endorsement to permit the international export of 7 beer, strong beer, and wine.

8 (a) Any beer, strong beer, or wine sold under this endorsement 9 must have been purchased from a licensed beer or wine distributor 10 licensed to do business within the state of Washington.

11 (b) Any beer, strong beer, and wine sold under this endorsement 12 must be intended for consumption outside the state of Washington and 13 the United States and appropriate records must be maintained by the 14 licensee.

15 (c) Any beer, strong beer, or wine sold under this endorsement 16 must be sold at a price no less than the acquisition price paid by 17 the holder of the license.

(d) The annual cost of this endorsement is five hundred dollars and is in addition to the license fees paid by the licensee for a grocery store license.

(11) A grocery store licensee holding a snack bar license under RCW 66.24.350 may receive an endorsement to allow the sale of confections containing more than one percent but not more than ten percent alcohol by weight to persons twenty-one years of age or older.

26

(12) The board may adopt rules to implement this section.

(13) Nothing in this section limits the authority of the board to regulate the sale of beer or cider or container sizes under rules adopted pursuant to RCW 66.08.030.

30 (14) Any endorsement issued pursuant to this section or RCW 31 66.24.363 may be issued to a qualified combination spirits, beer, and 32 wine licensee in accordance with RCW 66.24.035(10).

33 (15)(a) A grocery store licensee that also holds a spirits retail 34 license under RCW 66.24.630 may, upon board approval and pursuant to 35 board rules, transition to a combination spirits, beer, and wine 36 license pursuant to RCW 66.24.035.

37 (b) An applicant that would qualify for a grocery store license 38 under this section and a spirits retail license under RCW 66.24.630 39 may apply for a single license pursuant to RCW 66.24.035 instead of

1 applying for a grocery store license under this section in addition 2 to a spirits retail license under  $((\pm 0))$  RCW 66.24.630.

3 Sec. 15. RCW 70.345.050 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 8 are each amended 4 to read as follows:

5 (1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary 6 <u>license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act</u>, 7 must accompany each vapor product retailer's license application or 8 license renewal application under RCW 70.345.020. A separate license 9 is required for each separate location at which the retailer 10 operates.

(2) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a vapor products retailer's license under RCW 70.345.020 and retailer's license under RCW 82.24.510 may pay a combined application fee of two hundred fifty dollars for both licenses.

15 Sec. 16. RCW 82.24.510 and 2019 c 445 s 203 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17

(1) The licenses issuable under this chapter are as follows:

18 (a) A wholesaler's license.

19 (b) A retailer's license.

20 (2) Application for the licenses must be made through the 21 business licensing system under chapter 19.02 RCW. The board must adopt rules regarding the regulation of the licenses. The board may 22 23 refrain from the issuance of any license under this chapter if the board has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has 24 willfully withheld information requested for the purpose of 25 26 determining the eligibility of the applicant to receive a license, or if the board has reasonable cause to believe that information 27 submitted in the application is false or misleading or is not made in 28 29 good faith. In addition, for the purpose of reviewing an application 30 for a wholesaler's license or retailer's license and for considering the denial, suspension, or revocation of any such license, the board 31 may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant, including 32 an administrative violation history record with the board and a 33 criminal history record information check within the previous five 34 years, in any state, tribal, or federal jurisdiction in the United 35 States, its territories, or possessions, and the provisions of RCW 36 9.95.240 and chapter 9.96A RCW do not apply to such cases. The board 37

1 may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the wholesaler's license or 2 retailer's license, subject to the provisions of RCW 82.24.550.

3 (3) No person may qualify for a wholesaler's license or a retailer's license under this section without first undergoing a 4 criminal background check. The background check must be performed by 5 6 the board and must disclose any criminal conduct within the previous five years in any state, tribal, or federal jurisdiction in the 7 United States, its territories, or possessions. A person who 8 possesses a valid license on July 22, 2001, is subject to this 9 subsection and subsection (2) of this section beginning on the date 10 of the person's business license expiration under chapter 19.02 RCW, 11 12 and thereafter. If the applicant or licensee also has a license issued under chapter 66.24, 82.26, or 70.345 RCW, the background 13 check done under the authority of chapter 66.24, 82.26, or 70.345 RCW 14 satisfies the requirements of this section. 15

16 (4) Each such license expires on the business license expiration 17 date, and each such license must be continued annually if the 18 licensee has paid the required fee, plus any temporary license fee 19 surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act for retailers, 20 and complied with all the provisions of this chapter and the rules of 21 the board made pursuant thereto.

(5) Each license and any other evidence of the license that the board requires must be exhibited in each place of business for which it is issued and in the manner required for the display of a business license.

26 Sec. 17. RCW 82.24.530 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 9 are each amended 27 to read as follows:

(1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary 28 license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act, 29 30 must accompany each retailer's license application or license renewal 31 application. A separate license is required for each separate location at which the retailer operates. A fee of thirty additional 32 dollars for each vending machine must accompany each application or 33 renewal for a license issued to a retail dealer operating a cigarette 34 vending machine. An additional fee of ninety-three dollars must 35 accompany each application or renewal for a license issued to a 36 37 retail dealer operating a cigarette-making machine.

38 (2) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a retailer's39 license under RCW 82.24.510 and a vapor products retailer's license

1 under RCW 70.345.020 may pay a combined application fee of two 2 hundred fifty dollars for both licenses, plus any temporary license 3 fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act.

4 Sec. 18. RCW 82.26.170 and 2016 sp.s. c 38 s 28 are each amended 5 to read as follows:

6 (1) A fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars, plus any temporary 7 <u>license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 of this act</u>, 8 shall accompany each retailer's license application or license 9 renewal application. A separate license is required for each separate 10 location at which the retailer operates.

11 (2) The fee imposed under subsection (1) of this section does not 12 apply to any person applying for a retailer's license or for renewal 13 of a retailer's license if the person has a valid retailer's license 14 under RCW 82.24.510 for the place of business associated with the 15 retailer's license application or renewal application.

16 (3) A retailer applying for, or renewing, both a retailer's 17 license under ((RCW 82.26.170)) this section and a vapor products 18 retailer's license under RCW 70.345.020 may pay a combined 19 application fee of two hundred fifty dollars for both licenses, plus 20 any temporary license fee surcharge that may apply under section 13 21 of this act.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. If any provision of this act or its 23 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 24 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 25 persons or circumstances is not affected.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. This act takes effect July 1, 2022.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 21. Sections 14 through 18 of this act expire 28 June 30, 2024.

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