CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5355

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 9, 2021 Yeas 25 Nays 24

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 6, 2021 Yeas 51 Nays 46

CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5355** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5355

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senate Labor, Commerce & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Senator Conway)

READ FIRST TIME 02/15/21.

AN ACT Relating to establishing wage liens; amending RCW 36.18.016 and 49.48.086; adding new sections to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 60 RCW; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. This act may be known and cited as the 7 Washington wage recovery act.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply 9 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 10 otherwise.

11 (1) "Account" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 62A.9A-102.

12 (2) "Chattel paper" has the same meaning as defined in RCW13 62A.9A-102.

14 (3) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.

15 (4) "Director" means the director of labor and industries.

16 (5) "Employ" includes permit to work.

17 (6) "Employee" includes any individual currently or formerly18 employed by an employer.

(7) "Employer" includes any individual, partnership, association,corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons acting

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1 directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to 2 an employee.

3

(8) "Goods" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 62A.9A-102.

4 (9) "Highly compensated employee" means any employee who was a 5 five percent owner of the business at which he or she is employed 6 during the current year or preceding year, or who received 7 compensation from the employer in the preceding year in excess of the 8 indexed compensation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Sec. 414(g).

9 (10) "Instrument" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 10 62A.9A-102.

(11) "Maintain" includes to maintain, clean, manage, improve, protect, repair, monitor, or restore real property at the instance of the owner or tenant or of any person acting by the owner's or tenant's authority.

15 (12) "Payment intangibles" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 16 62A.9A-102.

17

(13) "Signature" includes an electronic signature.

18 (14) "Wage claim" means a claim for any unpaid wages owed to the claimant as an employee of an employer, as well as any other 19 compensation, interest, statutory damages, liquidated damages, 20 21 attorneys' fees and costs, or statutory penalties that may be owed for violation of a local, state, or federal wage law, including but 22 not limited to chapters 39.12, 49.12, 49.46, 49.48, and 49.52 RCW, 23 and the fair labor standards act, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq. A wage 24 25 claim does not include vacation or severance pay, contributions to an 26 employee benefit plan, or paid leave except paid leave that is statutorily mandated. 27

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1)(a) An employee, except a highly 29 compensated employee, who complies with section 4 of this act has a 30 wage lien for wage claims on:

31 (i) Any real property in the state of Washington that is owned or 32 subsequently acquired by the employee's employer;

(ii) Goods and tangible chattel paper in the state of Washington that are owned or are subsequently acquired by the employee's employer;

36 (iii) Accounts and payment intangibles that are owned or 37 subsequently acquired by the employee's employer; and

1 (iv) Any real property in the state of Washington that the wage 2 claimant has maintained, for all wage claims for maintenance of that 3 property.

4 (b) A person does not have a wage lien under this chapter for any
5 wage claim that is or would be subject to a lien by that person under
6 chapter 60.04 RCW.

7

(c) A wage lien is effective against the estate of the employer.

8 (2) This chapter does not affect the ownership or title in 9 personal or real property of the state or other public entity or 10 public ownership, nor does any lien attach to the fee simple title of 11 the state or other public ownership.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) To establish a wage lien on real 13 property pursuant to section 3 of this act, the lien claimant must:

(a) File for recording a notice of claim of wage lien in thecounty where the property is located that includes:

16 (i) The name, telephone number, and address of the lien claimant 17 and, if the wage lien has been assigned, the name of the person who 18 assigned the lien;

19

(ii) The name of the employer;

20 (iii) The street address, legal description, and parcel number of 21 the real property subject to the wage lien;

(iv) The name of the owner or reputed owner of the property, if known, and if not known, a statement saying the name of the owner is not known;

25

(v) The principal amount for which the wage lien is claimed;

(vi) The signature of the lien claimant or of a person authorizedto act on the claimant's behalf; and

28 (vii) An acknowledgment and certification as set forth in 29 subsection (4) of this section;

30 (b) Pay a filing fee to the county auditor as required by RCW 31 36.18.010; and

32 (c) Mail a copy of the notice filed under this subsection (1) to 33 the employer's registered agent, the employer's registered business 34 address, or the address where the employer resides, and to the 35 property owner if known and if the employer is not the property 36 owner, by certified mail with return receipt requested.

37 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, to 38 establish a wage lien on personal property pursuant to section 3 of 39 this act, the lien claimant must: (a) (i) (A) For an employer located in Washington, file with the
 department of licensing a financing statement that satisfies the
 requirements of Part 5 of chapter 62A.9A RCW; or

(B) For an employer located outside Washington, file a financing
statement with the office designated by section 9A-501(a)(2) of the
uniform commercial code of the state in which the employer is located
and pay the filing fees established by the office.

8 (ii) For purposes of the financing statement filings in (a)(i) of 9 this subsection:

10 (A) "Debtor" means the owner of the property encumbered by the 11 wage lien; and

(B) A description of the collateral covered by the wage lien that states that the wage lien covers all goods and tangible chattel paper located in Washington state, as well as all accounts and payment intangibles is sufficient;

(b) If filing the financing statement with the department of licensing, pay the filing fee established by the department of licensing. All receipts from fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the department of licensing wage lien account created under section 20 of this act. Moneys in the fund may be spent only after appropriation and may be used only to administer the wage lien filings in this subsection; and

(c) Mail a copy of the financing statement filed under this subsection and a notice of claim of wage lien to the employer's registered agent, the employer's registered business address, or the address where the employer resides, by certified mail with return receipt requested. The notice of claim of wage lien must include:

(i) The name, telephone number, and address of the lien claimant
and, if the wage lien has been assigned, the name of the person who
assigned the lien;

31

(ii) The name of the employer;

32 (iii) A description of the personal property subject to the wage 33 lien or a statement that the wage lien covers all goods and tangible 34 chattel paper located in Washington state, as well as all accounts, 35 and payment intangibles;

36 (iv) The name of the owner or reputed owner of the property, if 37 known, and if not known, a statement saying the name of the owner is 38 not known;

39 (v) The principal amount for which the wage lien is claimed;

(vi) The signature of the lien claimant or of a person authorized
 to act on the claimant's behalf; and

3 (vii) An acknowledgment and certification as set forth in 4 subsection (4) of this section.

5 (3)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, to establish 6 a wage lien on goods covered by a certificate of title issued 7 pursuant to chapter 46.12 or 88.02 RCW, the lien claimant must:

8 (i) File a notice of claim of wage lien with the department of 9 licensing that includes:

10 (A) The name, telephone number, and address of the lien claimant 11 and, if the wage lien has been assigned, the name of the person who 12 assigned the lien;

13 (B) The name of the employer;

14 (C) A description of the goods subject to the wage lien, 15 including the vehicle identification number or hull identification 16 number of the goods;

(D) The name of the registered or legal owner or reputed owner of the property, if known, and if not known, a statement saying the name of the owner is not known;

20

(E) The principal amount for which the wage lien is claimed;

(F) The signature of the lien claimant or of a person authorizedto act on his or her behalf; and

23 (G) An acknowledgment and certification as set forth in 24 subsection (4) of this section;

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(ii) Pay a filing fee to the department of licensing; and

(iii) Mail a copy of the notice filed under this subsection to the employer's registered agent, the employer's registered business address, or the address where the employer resides, by certified mail with return receipt requested.

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(b) This subsection does not apply to:

(i) Goods held for sale or lease by a person, or leased by that person as lessor, if that person is in the business of selling goods of that kind; or

(ii) Vessels documented under Title 46 of the United States Code,
 for which Washington state title is required to be surrendered under
 Title 46 U.S.C. Sec. 12106.

37 (4) A notice of claim of wage lien, acknowledgment, and 38 certificate that is substantially in the following form is sufficient 39 to satisfy subsection (1)(a) of this section, provided it complies 40 with the formatting requirements of RCW 65.04.045 (1)(a) and (b), 1 (2), and (3). A notice of claim of wage lien, acknowledgment, and 2 certificate that is substantially in the following form is sufficient 3 to satisfy subsections (2)(c) and (3)(a)(i) of this section, provided 4 it also complies with any requirements created by the department 5 under section 19 of this act.

6 When Recorded Return to:.....

7 CLAIM OF WAGE LIEN

8 , claimant, vs. . . . , name of person indebted to 9 claimant:

Notice is hereby given that the claimant named below asserts a wage lien pursuant to chapter 60.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 22 of this act). In support of this wage lien the following information is submitted:

| 14 | 1. NAME OF LIEN CLAIMANT: |
|----|---------------------------|
| 15 | TELEPHONE NUMBER: |
| 16 | ADDRESS: |
| 17 | 2. NAME OF EMPLOYER: |

18 3. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AGAINST WHICH A WAGE LIEN IS CLAIMED (If real property, state the street address, legal 19 description, and parcel number. If personal property, provide 20 21 information that will reasonably describe the property, or statement 22 that the wage lien covers all personal property. If a vehicle or vessel, the vehicle identification number or hull identification 23 24 number of the vehicle or vessel):.... 25 26 27 28 29 4. NAME OF REGISTERED OR LEGAL OWNER OR REPUTED OWNER (If not 30 known, state "Unknown") 31

32 5. PRINCIPAL AMOUNT FOR WHICH THE WAGE LIEN IS CLAIMED IS:

1 2 6. IF THE CLAIMANT IS THE ASSIGNEE OF THIS CLAIM SO STATE HERE 3 4 5 7. IF THE PERSON SIGNING THIS CLAIM OF WAGE LIEN IS NOT THE CLAIMANT, BUT IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON THE CLAIMANT'S BEHALF, STATE 6 THE PERSON'S NAME AND REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY: 7 8 NAME:... 9 REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY (e.g., officer or employee of claimant; 10 attorney or agent; representative of lien filing service; 11 administrator, representative, or agent of trustees of employee 12 13 14 ACKNOWLEDGMENT 15 FOR AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN AN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY: 16 STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF 17, ss. 18 , being sworn, says: I, (name of person). . . . , am the claimant. I have read the foregoing claim of 19 wage lien, believe the claim of wage lien to be true and correct 20 21 under penalty of perjury, and believe the claim of wage lien is not 22 is made with reasonable cause, and is not clearly frivolous, 23 excessive. The foregoing claim of wage lien is my free and voluntary 24 act for the uses and purposes stated therein. 25 26 27 2.8 29 (Signature)

1 FOR AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY:

2 STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF

3 , ss.

. , being sworn, says: I, . . . (name of person). . ., am 4 5 authorized to act on behalf of the claimant. I have read the foregoing claim of wage lien, believe the claim of wage lien to be 6 7 true and correct under penalty of perjury, and believe the claim of wage lien is not frivolous, is made with reasonable cause, and is not 8 clearly excessive. The foregoing claim of wage lien is the free and 9 10 voluntary act of the claimant for the uses and purposes stated 11 therein.

| 12 | | • | .Dated | : | • | • • | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | • • | • | ••• |
|----|-------------|---|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 13 | | • | | ••• | | ••• | • • | | | | ••• | | | • | | • |
| 14 | | • | | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | ••• | | ••• | • • | | • | ••• | • |
| 15 | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| 16 | (Signature) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

17 CERTIFICATE

18 FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN AN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY:

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that . . . (name of person) . . . is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that he/she signed this instrument and acknowledged it to be his/her free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

| 24 | | |
|----------|-------------|--|
| 25 | | |
| 26 | | |
| 27 28 | (Signature) | |

29 (Seal or stamp)

| 1 | Title |
|--|---|
| 2 | My appointment |
| 3 | Expires |
| 4 | FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY: |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that (name of person) is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that he/she signed this instrument, on oath stated that he/she was authorized to execute the instrument and acknowledged it as the (type of authority, e.g., officer or employee, etc.) of (name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed) to be the free and voluntary act of such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument. |
| 13 | Dated: |
| 14 | |
| 15 16 | |
| 17 | (Seal or Stamp) |
| 18 | Title |
| 19 | My appointment |
| 20 | Expires |
| 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 | (5) (a) For a notice of claim of wage lien on real property filed under this section, the notice must comply with the recording standards in chapter 65.04 RCW and the county auditor shall record the notice in the same manner as deeds and other instruments of title are recorded under chapter 65.08 RCW. Notices of claim of wage lien for registered land need not be recorded in the Torrens register. (b) For a notice of claim of wage lien on vehicles and vessels filed under this section, the department of licensing shall record |
| 29 | the notice. |

30 (6) The notice of claim of wage lien must be filed within a 31 period of two years from when the wages were first due.

1 (7) Mistakes or errors in the claimed amount owed do not 2 invalidate the wage lien unless made with the intent to defraud.

3 (8) A wage lien under this chapter attaches to all identifiable
4 proceeds of the property subject to the wage lien except instruments
5 and chattel paper.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. The department of licensing shall file and 7 index the financial statement filings under section 4(2) of this act 8 in the same systems as those filings made under RCW 62A.9A-519.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. Any wage lien or right of wage lien 10 created by this chapter and the right of action to recover the wage 11 lien is assignable so as to vest in the assignee all rights and 12 remedies of the assignor, subject to all defenses thereto that might 13 be made.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) After a wage claim for which a wage lien has been recorded as to real property has been commenced in any court, but no later than eight months after the recording of the wage lien, the wage claimant or the claimant's assignee must file with the auditor of each county in which the property is situated a notice of the pendency of the wage claim, containing:

20 (a) The names of the parties and assignees, if any;

21

(b) The object of the action;

(c) The abbreviated legal description and assessor parcel numberof the real property located within that county; and

24 (d) The name of the court where the action was filed and the 25 cause number for the action.

(2) The county auditor must index the notice in a manner similar
to the auditor practice for indexing a notice of lis pendens filed
under RCW 4.28.320 or 4.28.325.

(3) The filing of the notice under subsection (1) of this section is constructive notice to every subsequent purchaser or encumbrancer, and such purchaser or encumbrancer is bound by all proceedings taken after the filing of the notice to the same extent as if he or she were a party to the action.

34 (4) The court in which the action was commenced may, at its 35 discretion, at any time after the action is settled, discontinued, or 36 abated, with notice and on a showing of good cause, order the notice

canceled, and such cancellation shall be evidenced by the recording
 of the court order with the county auditor.

3 (5) If a wage claim is filed with an administrative agency of a 4 local government, that agency must file a notice under the provisions 5 of this section, using a substantially similar form.

6 (6) If a wage claim is filed with the department, the department 7 must file a notice under the provisions of this section, using a 8 substantially similar form.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) A wage lien may be judicially 10 foreclosed by an action in:

(a) For real property, a superior court in any county in this state, or in United States district court for any district in the state of Washington when the action is brought by the United States department of labor;

(b) For personal property, a district court of this state if the amount of the claim does not exceed the jurisdictional limit of the district court provided in RCW 3.66.020; or

(c) For personal property, a superior court of this state if the amount of the claim exceeds the jurisdictional limit of the district court provided in RCW 3.66.020.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, an action to foreclose a wage lien may not be commenced more than eight months after the date the wage lien was recorded.

(3) If the claimant has instituted an action in a court of this state for the wage claim that is the subject of the wage lien, and that court is the court authorized by subsection (1) of this section to foreclose on the lien, that action shall be deemed an action to foreclose on the property subject to the lien.

(4) (a) If the claimant receives a judgment on a wage claim from a federal, state, or municipal court, the judgment, in addition to any applicable postjudgment interest, establishes the amount owed for the purposes of foreclosure under this chapter.

33 (b) If the claimant receives a judgment on a wage claim from a 34 federal, state, or municipal court, that is not authorized to 35 adjudicate the foreclosure of the claimant's wage lien, a separate 36 action to foreclose the wage lien must be filed within 90 days of the 37 date of that court's judgment. The entry of such a judgment shall not 38 revive a wage lien that has been extinguished pursuant to section 10 39 of this act.

1 (5)(a) A final and binding assessment of wages owed by the 2 department or by any local agency with authority to adjudicate wage 3 claims, in addition to any applicable postjudgment interest, 4 establishes the amount owed for the purposes of foreclosure under 5 this chapter.

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(b) A wage lien may also be foreclosed by:

7 (i) The department using the department's collection procedures 8 under RCW 49.48.086 when the claimant has pursued a wage claim in an 9 administrative proceeding and a final and binding citation and notice 10 of assessment has been issued;

11 (ii) The claimant if a final and binding citation and notice of 12 assessment has been issued by the department and the claimant has 13 timely notified the department that the claimant will pursue 14 foreclosure action on his or her own, without the department's 15 assistance; or

16

(iii) An administrative agency of a local government.

17 (c) The foreclosure pursuant to this subsection by the claimant 18 of a wage lien affecting real property must be commenced by the 19 filing of an action in superior court in the county where the real 20 property is located within 90 days of the date the department's 21 citation and notice of assessment becomes final and binding.

(d) The extinguishment of a wage lien pursuant to section 10 of this act does not preclude the department from using the collection procedures under RCW 49.48.086.

25 (6) A foreclosure action may be brought by the employee 26 individually, the department, an administrative agency of a local 27 government, the United States department of labor, the office of the attorney general, or a representative of the employee, including a 28 29 collective bargaining representative or class representative. Multiple wage claims against the same employer may be joined in a 30 31 single proceeding, but the court may order separate trials or 32 hearings.

33 (7) In the judgment resulting from an action to foreclose on the 34 wage lien, the court may order the sale at sheriff's auction or the 35 transfer to the lien claimant of title or possession of any property 36 subject to the wage lien. Whether or not the court makes such an 37 order as part of the judgment, a writ of sale may be issued for any 38 property subject to the wage lien for 10 years after a judgment for a 39 wage claim is issued. A wage lien based on an underlying judgment continues in force for an additional 10-year period if the period of
 execution for the underlying judgment is extended under RCW 6.17.020.

3 (8) In an action to foreclose on a wage lien on titled goods, the 4 lien claimant must comply with the requirements of subsection (1) of 5 this section and any other requirements of the department of 6 licensing regarding transferring title and taking ownership of the 7 vehicle or vessel.

8 (9) A lien claimant who prevails in a foreclosure action is 9 entitled to costs, including the cost of recording or filing the lien 10 and costs of title reports, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

Sec. 9. (1) A lien under this chapter may be 11 NEW SECTION. foreclosed and enforced as provided under section 8 of this act. The 12 court shall have the power to order the sale of the property. In any 13 action brought to foreclose a lien, the owner shall be joined as a 14 15 party. The interest in the property of any person who, prior to the 16 commencement of the action, has a recorded interest in the property, 17 or any part thereof, shall not be foreclosed or affected unless they 18 are joined as a party.

(2) A person shall not begin an action to foreclose a lien upon 19 20 any property while a prior action begun to foreclose another lien on the same property is pending, but if not made a party plaintiff or 21 defendant to the prior action, he or she may apply to the court to be 22 joined as a party thereto, and his or her lien may be foreclosed in 23 24 the same action. The filing of such application shall toll the 25 running of the period of limitation until disposition of the application or other time set by the court. 26

(3) The court shall grant the application for joinder unless to do so would create an undue delay or cause hardship which cannot be cured by the imposition of costs or other conditions as the court deems just.

31 (4) If a lien foreclosure action is filed during the pendency of another such action, the court may, on its own motion or the motion 32 of any party, consolidate actions upon such terms and conditions as 33 the court deems just, unless to do so would create an undue delay or 34 cause hardship which cannot be cured by the imposition of costs or 35 other conditions. If consolidation of actions is not permissible 36 under this chapter, the lien foreclosure action filed during the 37 pendency of another such action shall not be dismissed if the filing 38 was the result of mistake, inadvertence, surprise, excusable neglect, 39

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or irregularity. An action to foreclose a lien shall not be dismissed at the instance of a plaintiff therein to the prejudice of another party to the suit who claims a lien.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. (1) A wage lien is extinguished:

5 (a) If an action for the underlying wage claim is not brought 6 within eight months of the date the wage lien was recorded or if the 7 notice required by section 7 of this act was not recorded within 8 eight months of the date the wage lien was recorded;

9 (b) If the action for the underlying wage claim is dismissed with 10 prejudice and no appeal is filed within the applicable appeals 11 period. If an appeal is filed, the wage lien continues in force until 12 final judgment is rendered;

13 (c) Upon payment and acceptance of payment for the employee's 14 wage claim; or

15 (d) Upon proper recording or notice of a bond meeting the 16 requirements of section 15 of this act and, if applicable, 17 notification of the lien claimant as required under section 15 of 18 this act.

(2) (a) When the wage lien has been extinguished, the lien 19 20 claimant shall release the lien in writing within 15 days. For liens on real property and titled goods, the lien claimant shall file a 21 release of the wage lien at the place where the wage lien was 22 recorded and pay a filing fee established by the agency where the 23 24 notice is filed. For liens on personal property filed pursuant to section 4(2) of this act, the lien claimant shall file a termination 25 statement of the type used pursuant to chapter 62A.9A RCW with the 26 27 department of licensing and pay a filing fee established by the 28 department.

(b) If a lien claimant fails to release the wage lien, upon 29 30 demand and 15 days' notice by the employer or any affected party, 31 mailed to the lien claimant's address as indicated on the notice of the wage lien by certified mail with return receipt requested, the 32 employer or affected party may petition the court in which 33 foreclosure is authorized under section 8 of this act, for an order 34 releasing the wage lien. If no action to foreclose the lien claim has 35 been filed, the clerk of the court shall assign a cause number to the 36 application and obtain from the applicant a filing fee pursuant to 37 38 RCW 36.18.016(18). If an action has been filed to foreclose the lien claim, the application shall be made a part of that action. 39

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1 (c) If the lien claimant acted unreasonably and in bad faith in 2 refusing to file a release of the wage lien, the employer or affected 3 party shall be entitled to recover its attorneys' fees and costs 4 incurred in the action, and the court in its discretion may also 5 issue a fine not to exceed \$1,000.

6 (d) For liens on real property and titled goods, the release must 7 include:

8 (i) The name, telephone number, address, and relationship to the 9 wage lien of the person filing the notice;

10 (ii) The name, telephone number, and address of the lien 11 claimant;

12 (iii) The name of the employer;

13 (iv) A description of the property subject to the wage lien;

14 (v) The amount for which the wage lien was claimed;

(vi) The signature of the lien claimant, the lien claimant's assignor, or a person authorized to act on the lien claimant's behalf;

18 (vii) A certified acknowledgment as set forth in subsection (4) 19 of this section; and

20

(viii) The reference number of the original or amended wage lien.

(3) The person filing the release or termination statement shall mail a copy of the release or termination statement to the person against whom the lien claim was made by first-class mail within 10 days of filing the notice of release or termination.

(4) (a) A release of wage lien on real property must comply with the recording standards established in RCW 65.04.045 and the county auditor shall record the release in the same manner as deeds and other instruments of title are recorded under chapter 65.08 RCW.

(b) For liens on real property and titled goods, a release of wage lien substantially in the following form is sufficient, provided it complies with the formatting requirements of RCW 65.04.045 (1)(a) and (b), (2), and (3):

34 RELEASE OF WAGE LIEN

35, claimant, vs., name of person indebted to 36 claimant: Notice is hereby given that the wage lien described below is
 released.

8 RELATIONSHIP TO WAGE LIEN (lien claimant, representative of lien 9 claimant, assignee of lien claimant):....

10 IF THE PERSON SIGNING THIS NOTICE IS NOT THE CLAIMANT, BUT IS 11 AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE CLAIMANT, STATE THE PERSON'S NAME 12 AND REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY (e.g., officer or employee of claimant; 13 attorney or agent; representative of lien filing service; 14 administrator, representative, or agent of trustees of employee 15 16 17 18 19 20

21 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY AGAINST WHICH THE LIEN IS 2.2 CLAIMED OR FOR A LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY: (1) THE REFERENCE NUMBER OF 23 PREVIOUSLY FILED LIEN, (2) AN ABBREVIATED LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE 24 PROPERTY AS DESCRIBED IN RCW 65.04.045, AND (3) THE PARCEL NUMBER OF 25 26 27 28 29 30 5. NAME OF REGISTERED OR LEGAL OWNER OR REPUTED OWNER (If not 31 known, state "Unknown").....

| 1 2 3 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|----------------------|--|
| 4 | 6. AMOUNT OF WAGE LIEN CLAIM: |
| 5 | ACKNOWLEDGMENT |
| 6 | FOR AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN AN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY: |
| 7 | STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF |
| 8 | · · · · · , SS. |
| 9 10 11 12 | , being sworn, says: I, (name of person), am the (claimant/assignee of the claimant). I have read the foregoing release of wage lien and believe the notice to be true and correct under penalty of perjury. |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 16 | (Signature) |
| 17 | FOR AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY: |
| 18 | STATE OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF |
| 19 | , SS. |
| 20 21 22 23 | , being sworn, says: I, (name of person), am authorized to act on behalf of (claimant/assignee of the claimant). I have read the foregoing release of wage lien and believe the notice to be true and correct under penalty of perjury. |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |
| 26 27 | |
| 28 | CERTIFICATE |

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FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN AN INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY:

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that . . . (name of person) . . . is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that he/she signed this instrument and acknowledged it to be his/her free and voluntary act for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

| 7 | Dated: |
|----|-----------------|
| 8 | |
| 9 | |
| 10 | (Signature) |
| 11 | (Seal or stamp) |
| 12 | Title |
| 13 | My appointment |

- 15 FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT IN A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY:

16 I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that . . . 17 (name of person) . . . is the person who appeared before me, and said 18 person acknowledged that he/she signed this instrument, on oath 19 stated that he/she was authorized to execute the instrument and 20 acknowledged it as the . . . (type of authority, e.g., officer or 21 employee, etc.) . . . of . . . (name of party on behalf of whom instrument was executed) . . . to be the free and voluntary act of 2.2 23 such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

| 24 | • | • | • | • | • | • | Da | te | ed: | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
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- 27 (Signature)
- 28 (Seal or stamp)

| 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | Title |
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| 2 | • | • | • | • | • | • | My appointment |
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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. (1) Priority among wage liens recorded
pursuant to this chapter is determined by date of recording. The
first to be recorded has priority.

7 (2) A wage lien as to real property recorded pursuant to this 8 chapter shall be prior to any security interest, lien, mortgage, deed 9 of trust, or other encumbrance that attached to the real property 10 after, or was unrecorded at the time, such wage lien was recorded. A 11 wage lien as to real property recorded pursuant to this chapter shall 12 be subject and subordinate to any prior perfected security interest, 13 lien, mortgage, deed of trust, or other encumbrance.

14

(3) With respect to personal property:

(a) A security interest perfected pursuant to Title 62A RCW has 15 priority over a wage lien recorded pursuant to this chapter if the 16 security interest was perfected or a financing statement covering the 17 18 collateral was filed before the wage lien was recorded, provided there is no period thereafter when there is neither filing nor 19 perfection. For the purposes of this subsection, the time of filing 20 21 or perfection as to a security interest in collateral is also the 22 time of filing or perfection as to a security interest in proceeds of 23 the collateral.

(b) (i) A buyer of goods subject to a certificate of title that does not contain a statement that the goods are or may be subject to a wage lien takes free of a wage lien on such goods if the buyer gives value and receives delivery of the goods without knowledge of the wage lien.

(ii) A perfected security interest in goods subject to a certificate of title that does not contain a statement that the goods are or may be subject to a wage lien has priority over a wage lien on such goods.

33 (4) (a) A wage lien is not effective against:

34 (i) With respect to goods:

35 (A) A buyer in ordinary course of business, as defined in RCW
 36 62A.1-201(b)(9); or

1 (B) A buyer of goods from a person who used or bought the goods 2 for use primarily for personal, family, or household purposes takes 3 free of a security interest, even if perfected, if the buyer buys 4 without knowledge of the security interest, for value, primarily for 5 the buyer's personal, family, or household purposes; and before the 6 filing of the wage lien covering the goods;

7 (ii) Third persons who, prior to the filing of the wage lien 8 notice required under this chapter, acquired title in good faith, for 9 value and without actual notice of the wage lien, to property other 10 than goods; or

(iii) The interest in real property of any person, who, prior to the filing of the wage lien notice required under this chapter, was a grantee under a recorded instrument conveying such interest, provided such person acquired the interest in good faith, for value, and without actual notice of the wage lien.

(b) A wage lien that is not effective against any person pursuant to this subsection is ineffective against the heirs, successors, or assigns of such person.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A contract between an employer and 20 employee may not waive or require an employee to waive the right to a 21 wage lien under this chapter. A provision of a contract made in 22 violation of this section is void as against the public policy of 23 this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. The claim of wage lien, when filed as required by this chapter, constitutes notice to the spouse or the domestic partner of the person who appears on record to be the owner of the property sought to be charged with the wage lien, and subjects all the community interest of both spouses or both domestic partners to the wage lien.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) Any owner of real or personal 30 property subject to a recorded claim of lien under this chapter, or 31 lender or another lien claimant who believes the claim of lien to be 32 33 frivolous and made without reasonable cause or clearly excessive, may 34 apply by motion to the appropriate court, as specified under section 8 of this act, for the county where the property or some part thereof 35 is located, for an order directing the lien claimant to appear before 36 the court at a time no earlier than six nor later than 15 days 37

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1 following the date of service of the application and order on the 2 lien claimant, and show cause, if any he or she has, why the relief 3 requested should not be granted. The motion shall state the grounds 4 upon which relief is asked and shall be supported by the affidavit of 5 the applicant or his or her attorney setting forth a concise 6 statement of the facts upon which the motion is based.

7 (2) The order shall clearly state that if the lien claimant fails 8 to appear at the time and place noted the lien shall be released, 9 with prejudice, and that the lien claimant shall be ordered to pay 10 the costs requested by the applicant including reasonable attorneys' 11 fees.

(3) If no action to foreclose the lien claim has been filed, the clerk of the court shall assign a cause number to the application and obtain from the applicant a filing fee pursuant to RCW 36.18.016(18). If an action has been filed to foreclose the lien claim, the application shall be made a part of that action.

17 (4) If, following a hearing on the matter, the court determines that the lien is frivolous and made without reasonable cause, or 18 clearly excessive, the court shall issue an order releasing the lien 19 if frivolous and made without reasonable cause, or reducing the lien 20 21 if clearly excessive, and awarding costs and reasonable attorneys' 22 fees to the applicant to be paid by the lien claimant. If the court determines that the lien is not frivolous and was made with 23 reasonable cause, and is not clearly excessive, the court shall issue 24 25 an order so stating and awarding costs and reasonable attorneys' fees 26 to the lien claimant to be paid by the applicant.

(5) Proceedings under this section shall not affect other rightsand remedies available to the parties.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. (1) Any owner of property subject to a 30 recorded claim of lien under this chapter, or lender or another lien claimant, who disputes the correctness or validity of the claim of 31 lien, may either before or after the commencement of an action on the 32 wage claim underlying the lien, furnish a bond issued by a surety 33 company authorized to issue surety bonds in the state. The surety 34 35 company must be listed in the latest federal department of the treasury list of surety companies acceptable on federal bonds, 36 published in the federal register, as authorized to issue bonds on 37 38 United States government projects with an underwriting limitation,

including applicable reinsurance, equal to or greater than the amount
 of the bond to be recorded.

3 (2)(a) The bond shall contain a description of the claim of lien 4 and property involved, and must be in an amount equal to the greater 5 of \$5,000 or two times the amount of the lien claimed if the lien 6 claimed is \$10,000 or less, and in an amount equal to or greater than 7 one and one-half times the amount of the lien if the lien claimed is 8 in excess of \$10,000.

9 (b) If the bond relates to a claim of lien affecting more than 10 one parcel of real property and the claim of lien is segregated to 11 each parcel, the bond may be segregated the same as in the claim of 12 lien.

(c) A separate bond shall be required for each claim of lien made by separate claimants. However, a single bond may be used to guarantee payment of amounts claimed by more than one claim of lien by a single claimant so long as the amount of the bond meets the requirements of this section as applied to the aggregate sum of all claims by such claimant.

(d) The condition of the bond shall be to guarantee payment of any judgment or binding administrative assessment upon the lien in favor of the lien claimant entered in any action to recover the amount claimed in a claim of lien, or on the claim asserted in the claim of lien.

(3) For a lien on real property, the bond must be recorded in the office of the county recorder or auditor in the county where the claim of lien was recorded. Recording a bond that meets the requirements of this section releases the real property described in the notice of claim of lien from the lien and any action brought to recover the amount claimed.

30 (4)(a) For a lien on personal property, within five days of 31 furnishing a bond, the person furnishing the bond shall send notice 32 to the lien claimant, by certified mail return receipt requested, 33 notifying the lien claimant that a bond meeting the requirements of 34 this section has been furnished. The notification must include 35 sufficient documentation or other evidence showing that a bond 36 meeting the requirements of this section has been furnished.

37 (b) Within 15 days of receiving notice that a bond has been 38 purchased, the lien claimant shall release the lien pursuant to 39 section 10 of this act. If a lien claimant fails to release the wage 40 lien as required, upon demand and 15 days' notice by the employer or

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any affected party, mailed to the lien claimant's address as 1 indicated on the notice of the wage lien by certified mail with 2 return receipt requested, the employer or affected party may petition 3 the court in which foreclosure is authorized under section 8 of this 4 act, for an order releasing the wage lien. If the lien claimant acted 5 6 unreasonably and in bad faith in refusing to file a release of the wage lien, the employer or affected party shall be entitled to 7 recover its attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the action, and the 8 court in its discretion may also issue a fine not to exceed \$1,000. 9

10 (5)(a) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if no action is 11 commenced to recover on a lien within the time specified in section 12 10 of this act, the surety shall be discharged from liability under 13 the bond.

(b) If an action to enforce the lien is timely commenced, then on payment of any judgment or administrative assessment entered in the action or on payment of the full amount of the bond to the holder of the judgment or administrative assessment, whichever is less, the surety shall be discharged from liability under the bond.

19 (6) Nothing in this section shall in any way prohibit or limit 20 the use of other methods, devised by the affected parties to secure 21 the obligation underlying a claim of lien and to obtain a release of 22 real property from a claim of lien.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. This chapter is to be liberally construed 24 to provide security for all persons intended to be protected by its 25 provisions.

26 Sec. 17. RCW 36.18.016 and 2018 c 36 s 7 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

28 (1) Revenue collected under this section is not subject to 29 division under RCW 36.18.025 or 27.24.070.

30 (2)(a) For the filing of a petition for modification of a decree 31 of dissolution or paternity, within the same case as the original 32 action, and any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-33 party claim in any such action, a fee of thirty-six dollars must be 34 paid.

35 (b) The party filing the first or initial petition for 36 dissolution, legal separation, or declaration concerning the validity 37 of marriage shall pay, at the time and in addition to the filing fee 38 required under RCW 36.18.020, a fee of fifty-four dollars. The clerk

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of the superior court shall transmit monthly forty-eight dollars of 1 the fifty-four dollar fee collected under this subsection to the 2 state treasury for deposit in the domestic violence prevention 3 account. The remaining six dollars shall be retained by the county 4 for the purpose of supporting community-based domestic violence 5 6 services within the county, except for five percent of the six dollars, which may be retained by the court for administrative 7 purposes. On or before December 15th of each year, the county shall 8 report to the department of social and health services revenues 9 associated with this section and community-based domestic violence 10 11 services expenditures. The department of social and health services 12 shall develop a reporting form to be utilized by counties for uniform 13 reporting purposes.

(3) (a) The party making a demand for a jury of six in a civil action shall pay, at the time, a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars; if the demand is for a jury of twelve, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars. If, after the party demands a jury of six and pays the required fee, any other party to the action requests a jury of twelve, an additional one hundred twenty-five dollar fee will be required of the party demanding the increased number of jurors.

(b) Upon conviction in criminal cases a jury demand charge of one hundred twenty-five dollars for a jury of six, or two hundred fifty dollars for a jury of twelve may be imposed as costs under RCW 10.46.190.

25 (4) For preparing a certified copy of an instrument on file or of 26 record in the clerk's office, for the first page or portion of the first page, a fee of five dollars, and for each additional page or 27 28 portion of a page, a fee of one dollar must be charged. For 29 authenticating or exemplifying an instrument, a fee of two dollars for each additional seal affixed must be charged. For preparing a 30 31 copy of an instrument on file or of record in the clerk's office 32 without a seal, a fee of fifty cents per page must be charged. When copying a document without a seal or file that is in an electronic 33 format, a fee of twenty-five cents per page must be charged. For 34 copies made on a compact disc, an additional fee of twenty dollars 35 36 for each compact disc must be charged.

37 (5) For executing a certificate, with or without a seal, a fee of 38 two dollars must be charged.

1 (6) For a garnishee defendant named in an affidavit for 2 garnishment and for a writ of attachment, a fee of twenty dollars 3 must be charged.

4 (7) For filing a supplemental proceeding, a fee of twenty dollars5 must be charged.

6 (8) For approving a bond, including justification on the bond, in 7 other than civil actions and probate proceedings, a fee of two 8 dollars must be charged.

9 (9) For the issuance of a certificate of qualification and a 10 certified copy of letters of administration, letters testamentary, or 11 letters of guardianship, there must be a fee of five dollars.

12 (10) For the preparation of a passport application, the clerk may 13 collect an execution fee as authorized by the federal government.

14 (11) For clerk's services such as performing historical searches, 15 compiling statistical reports, and conducting exceptional record 16 searches, the clerk may collect a fee not to exceed thirty dollars 17 per hour.

18 (12) For processing ex parte orders, the clerk may collect a fee 19 of thirty dollars.

20 (13) For duplicated recordings of court's proceedings there must 21 be a fee of ten dollars for each audiotape and twenty-five dollars 22 for each video or other electronic storage medium.

(14) For registration of land titles, Torrens Act, under RCW
65.12.780, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.

(15) For the issuance of extension of judgment under RCW 6.17.020 and chapter 9.94A RCW, a fee of two hundred dollars must be charged. When the extension of judgment is at the request of the clerk, the two hundred dollar charge may be imposed as court costs under RCW 10.46.190.

30 (16) A facilitator surcharge of up to twenty dollars must be 31 charged as authorized under RCW 26.12.240.

32 (17) For filing an adjudication claim under RCW 90.03.180, a fee33 of twenty-five dollars must be charged.

34 (18) For filing a claim of frivolous lien under RCW 60.04.081 or 35 section 14 of this act or filing an action to release a lien under 36 sections 10 and 15 of this act, a fee of thirty-five dollars must be 37 charged.

38 (19) For preparation of a change of venue, a fee of twenty 39 dollars must be charged by the originating court in addition to the 40 per page charges in subsection (4) of this section. 1 (20) A service fee of five dollars for the first page and one 2 dollar for each additional page must be charged for receiving faxed 3 documents, pursuant to Washington state rules of court, general rule 4 17.

5 (21) For preparation of clerk's papers under RAP 9.7, a fee of 6 fifty cents per page must be charged.

7 (22) For copies and reports produced at the local level as 8 permitted by RCW 2.68.020 and supreme court policy, a variable fee 9 must be charged.

10 (23) Investment service charge and earnings under RCW 36.48.090 11 must be charged.

12 (24) Costs for nonstatutory services rendered by clerk by 13 authority of local ordinance or policy must be charged.

14 (25) For filing a request for civil arbitration, a filing fee may 15 be assessed against the party filing a statement of arbitrability not 16 to exceed two hundred fifty dollars as established by authority of 17 local ordinance. Two hundred twenty dollars of this charge shall be 18 used to offset the cost of the civil arbitration program. Thirty 19 dollars of each fee collected under this subsection must be used for 20 indigent defense services.

(26) For filing a request for trial de novo of a civil arbitration award, a fee not to exceed four hundred dollars as established by authority of local ordinance must be charged.

(27) A public agency may not charge a fee to a law enforcement agency, for preparation, copying, or mailing of certified copies of the judgment and sentence, information, affidavit of probable cause, and/or the notice of requirement to register, of a sex offender convicted in a Washington court, when such records are necessary for risk assessment, preparation of a case for failure to register, or maintenance of a sex offender's registration file.

31 (28) For the filing of a will or codicil under the provisions of 32 chapter 11.12 RCW, a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.

33 (29) For the collection of an adult offender's unpaid legal 34 financial obligations, the clerk may impose an annual fee of up to 35 one hundred dollars, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.780.

36 (30) A surcharge of up to twenty dollars may be charged in 37 dissolution and legal separation actions as authorized by RCW 38 26.12.260.

The revenue to counties from the fees established in this section shall be deemed to be complete reimbursement from the state for the

1 state's share of benefits paid to the superior court judges of the 2 state prior to July 24, 2005, and no claim shall lie against the 3 state for such benefits.

4 Sec. 18. RCW 49.48.086 and 2014 c 210 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

(1) After a final order is issued under RCW 49.48.084, if an 6 7 employer defaults in the payment of: (a) Any wages determined by the department to be owed to an employee, including interest; or (b) any 8 civil penalty ordered by the department under RCW 49.48.083, the 9 10 director may file with the clerk of any county within the state a warrant in the amount of the payment plus any filing fees. The clerk 11 of the county in which the warrant is filed shall immediately 12 13 designate a superior court cause number for the warrant, and the clerk shall cause to be entered in the judgment docket under the 14 15 superior court cause number assigned to the warrant, the name of the 16 employer mentioned in the warrant, the amount of payment due on it 17 plus any filing fees, and the date when the warrant was filed. The aggregate amount of the warrant as docketed becomes a lien upon the 18 title to, and interest in, all real and personal property of the 19 employer against whom the warrant is issued, the same as a judgment 20 in a civil case docketed in the office of the clerk. The sheriff 21 shall proceed upon the warrant in all respects and with like effect 22 as prescribed by law with respect to execution or other process 23 24 issued against rights or property upon judgment in a court of competent jurisdiction. The warrant so docketed is sufficient to 25 support the issuance of writs of garnishment in favor of the state in 26 a manner provided by law in case of judgment, wholly or partially 27 28 unsatisfied. The clerk of the court is entitled to a filing fee which will be added to the amount of the warrant. A copy of the warrant 29 30 shall be mailed to the employer within three days of filing with the 31 clerk.

32 (2) (a) The director may issue to any person, firm, corporation, other entity, municipal corporation, political subdivision of the 33 34 state, a public corporation, or any agency of the state, a notice and 35 order to withhold and deliver property of any kind when he or she has reason to believe that there is in the possession of the person, 36 37 firm, corporation, other entity, municipal corporation, political subdivision of the state, public corporation, or agency of the state, 38 property that is or will become due, owing, or belonging to an 39

employer upon whom a notice of assessment has been served by the 1 department for payments or civil penalties due to the department. The 2 effect of a notice and order is continuous from the date the notice 3 and order is first made until the liability out of which the notice 4 and order arose is satisfied or becomes unenforceable because of 5 6 lapse of time. The department shall release the notice and order when the liability out of which the notice and order arose is satisfied or 7 becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time and shall notify the 8 person against whom the notice and order was made that the notice and 9 order has been released. 10

(b) The notice and order to withhold and deliver must be served 11 12 by the sheriff of the county or by the sheriff's deputy, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by the director. A person, firm, 13 entity, municipal corporation, 14 corporation, other political subdivision of the state, public corporation, or agency of the state 15 16 upon whom service has been made shall answer the notice within twenty 17 days exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and 18 shall make true answers to the matters inquired of in the notice and order. Upon service of the notice and order, if the party served 19 possesses any property that may be subject to the claim of the 20 21 department, the party shall promptly deliver the property to the 22 director. The director shall hold the property in trust for 23 application on the employer's indebtedness to the department, or for return without interest, in accordance with a final determination of 24 25 a petition for review. In the alternative, the party shall furnish a 26 good and sufficient surety bond satisfactory to the director conditioned upon final determination of liability. If a party served 27 28 and named in the notice fails to answer the notice within the time prescribed in this section, the court may render judgment by default 29 against the party for the full amount claimed by the director in the 30 31 notice, together with costs. If a notice is served upon an employer 32 and the property subject to it is wages, the employer may assert in 33 the answer all exemptions provided for by chapter 6.27 RCW to which the wage earner is entitled. 34

35 (c) As an alternative to the methods of service described in this 36 section, the department may electronically serve a financial 37 institution with a notice and order to withhold and deliver by 38 providing a list of its outstanding warrants, except those for which 39 a payment agreement is in good standing, to the department of 40 revenue. The department of revenue may include the warrants provided

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by the department in a notice and order to withhold and deliver served under RCW 82.32.235(3). A financial institution that is served with a notice and order to withhold and deliver under this subsection (2)(c) must answer the notice within the time period applicable to service under RCW 82.32.235(3). The department and the department of revenue may adopt rules to implement this subsection (2)(c).

7 (3)(a) In addition to the procedure for collection of wages owed, 8 including interest, and civil penalties as set forth in this section, 9 the department may recover wages owed, including interest, and civil 10 penalties assessed under RCW 49.48.083 in a civil action brought in a 11 court of competent jurisdiction of the county where the violation is 12 alleged to have occurred.

(b) The department may use the procedures under this section to 13 foreclose wage liens established under chapter 60.--- RCW (the new 14 chapter created in section 22 of this act). When the department is 15 foreclosing on a wage lien, the date the wage lien was originally 16 filed shall be the date by which priority is determined, regardless 17 of the date the warrant is filed under this section. If a claimant 18 19 has timely notified the department that the claimant will pursue foreclosure on their own, without the department's assistance, the 20 department is not required to file a warrant under this section and 21 is relieved from any liability related to foreclosing on the 22 23 claimant's wage lien.

(4) Whenever any employer quits business, sells out, exchanges, 24 25 or otherwise disposes of the employer's business or stock of goods, 26 any person who becomes a successor to the business becomes liable for the full amount of any outstanding citation and notice of assessment 27 or penalty against the employer's business under this chapter if, at 28 29 the time of the conveyance of the business, the successor has: (a) Actual knowledge of the fact and amount of the outstanding citation 30 31 and notice of assessment or (b) a prompt, reasonable, and effective 32 means of accessing and verifying the fact and amount of the 33 outstanding citation and notice of assessment from the department. If the citation and notice of assessment or penalty is not paid in full 34 by the employer within ten days of the date of the sale, exchange, or 35 36 disposal, the successor is liable for the payment of the full amount of the citation and notice of assessment or penalty, and payment 37 thereof by the successor must, to the extent thereof, be deemed a 38 39 payment upon the purchase price. If the payment is greater in amount

1 than the purchase price, the amount of the difference becomes a debt 2 due the successor from the employer.

3 (5) This section does not affect other collection remedies that 4 are otherwise provided by law.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 43.24 6 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of implementing the notice and filing provisions under sections 4(2)(a) and 10 of this act that are applicable to the department of licensing, the department of licensing may, by rule, create wage lien forms specific to the department of licensing, so long as the forms include the information described in those sections.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 43.24 14 RCW to read as follows:

The department of licensing wage lien account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from wage lien filing fees collected by the department of licensing must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only to administer wage lien filings in section 4 of this act.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 21. This act takes effect January 1, 2022.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 22. Sections 1 through 16 and 21 of this act 23 constitute a new chapter in Title 60 RCW.

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