<u>2SHB 1368</u> - H AMD **903**By Representative Senn

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 02/09/2024

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that zero 3 "NEW SECTION. emission vehicle technology is crucial to protecting Washington's 4 children from the health impacts of fossil fuel emissions and to 5 limiting the long-term impacts of climate change on our planet. 6 7 Spurred by a supportive regulatory environment, the state has made great advances in recent years that have improved the performance and 8 reduced the costs of such vehicles. With the recent deployment of 9 financial incentives for clean transportation technology under the 10 11 federal bipartisan infrastructure law of 2021, the 12 reduction act of 2022, and state funding for early adopters of zero emission buses that began being made available in the 2023 enacted 13 14 budgets, the costs and performance of zero emission vehicles, including zero emission school buses, are forecast to continue to 15 improve in coming years. Zero emission school buses on the market 16 17 today feature reduced fuel, operations, and maintenance costs 18 compared to their fossil-fueled counterparts.
 - (2) Zero emission school buses and the related reduction of diesel exhaust will also have significant public health benefits for children, school staff, bus drivers, and communities, and decrease inequities. Residents in overburdened parts of Washington facing poor air quality are disproportionately communities of color, rural, and low-income and suffer from increased health risks, higher medical bills, are living sicker and dying younger, emphasizing the need for cleaner air and environmental justice.
- 27 (3) Further, the legislature finds that school districts need 28 funding support to enable the transition to zero emission buses, 29 including accurately reflecting the costs of zero emission buses in 30 the state's reimbursement schedule for school buses. Zero emission 31 buses are intended to include both battery electric technologies and 32 hydrogen fuel cell technologies.

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- 1 (4) Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to help transition school districts, charter schools, and state-tribal education compact schools to using only zero emission school buses.
- (5) During this transition, it is the intent of the legislature 4 to prioritize grants to communities that are already bearing the most 5 6 acute harms of air pollution, and to replace the oldest diesel vehicles that were manufactured under outdated and less protective 7 federal emission standards. During the time leading up to an eventual 8 phase out of fossil fuel powered school buses, electric utilities are 9 10 encouraged to plan and take steps to ensure any service upgrades necessary to support the onboarding of zero emission fleets of school 11 buses, including by making use of the grid modernization grant 12 program administered by the department of commerce. Schools and 13 school districts receiving zero emission school buses funded through 14 15 the program created in this act are encouraged to coordinate with 16 electric utilities to utilize the vehicles to support electric system 17 reliability and capacity through vehicle-to-grid integration when the buses are not in service. 18
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 70A.15 20 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The department must administer the zero emission school bus 21 22 grant program within the clean diesel grant program for buses, infrastructure, and related costs. 23
 - (2) (a) Appropriations to this grant program are provided solely for grants to transition from fossil-fuel school buses to zero emission vehicles. Eligible uses of grant funds include the planning and acquisition of zero emission school bus vehicles for student transportation, planning, design, and construction of associated fueling and charging infrastructure, including infrastructure to allow the use of zero emission buses in cold weather and other challenging operational conditions, the scrapping of old diesel school buses, and training drivers, mechanics, and facility operations personnel to operate and maintain the zero emission buses and infrastructure.
- (b) Grant recipients may combine grant funds awarded under this 35 section with any other source of funding in order to secure all funds 36 37 needed to fully purchase each zero emission vehicle and any 38 associated charging infrastructure.

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(c) Grants issued under this section are in addition to payments made under the depreciation schedule adopted by the office of the superintendent of public instruction. Grants may only be issued until the school bus depreciation schedule established in RCW 28A.160.200 is adjusted to fund the cost of zero emission bus purchases at which time the department must transition the program established in this section to focus solely on electric vehicle charging infrastructure grants.

- 9 (3) When selecting grant recipients, the department must 10 prioritize, in descending order of priority:
 - (a) School bus routes currently using school buses manufactured prior to 2007 and serving overburdened communities, including communities of color, rural, and low-income communities, highly impacted by air pollution identified by the department under RCW 70A.65.020(1);
 - (b) School bus routes serving overburdened communities, including communities of color, rural, and low-income communities, highly impacted by air pollution identified by the department under RCW 70A.65.020(1);
- 20 (c) If funds remain after reviewing grant applications meeting 21 the criteria of (a) of this subsection, the replacement of school 22 buses manufactured prior to 2007; and
 - (d) If funds remain after reviewing grant applications meeting the criteria of (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection, to applicants that demonstrate an unsuccessful application to receive federal funding for zero emission school bus purposes prior to January 1, 2024.
 - (4) The department must distribute no less than 90 percent of the funds appropriated under this section to grant recipients. Amounts retained by the department may only be used as follows:
- 31 (a) Up to three and one-half percent of funds appropriated under 32 this section for administering the grant program; and
 - (b) Up to six and one-half percent of funds appropriated under this section to provide technical assistance to grant applicants including, but not limited to, assistance in evaluating charging infrastructure and equipment and in coordinating with electric utility service adequacy.
- 38 (5) By June 1, 2025, the department in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction must submit a report to the governor and the relevant policy and fiscal committees of the Code Rev/CC:jlb 3 H-3204.1/24

- legislature providing an update on the status of implementation of the grant program under this section and a summary of recommendations and implementation considerations for transitioning the zero emission school bus grant program from competitive school bus vehicle depreciation schedule established in RCW 28A.160.200.
- 6 (6) For the purposes of this section, "zero emission vehicles"
 7 means a vehicle that produces zero exhaust emission of any air
 8 pollutant and any greenhouse gas other than water vapor.
- 9 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.160.140 and 1990 c 33 s 140 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
 - (1) As a condition of entering into a pupil transportation services contract with a private nongovernmental entity, each school district shall engage in an open competitive process at least once every ((five)) 15 years. This requirement shall not be construed to prohibit a district from entering into a pupil transportation services contract of less than ((five)) 15 years in duration with a district option to renew, extend, or terminate the contract, if the district engages in an open competitive process at least once every ((five)) 15 years ((after July 26, 1987)).
- 20 (2) (a) Beginning September 1, 2030, 75 percent of newly-21 acquired school buses used for pupil transportation services 22 contracts under this section must be school buses that are zero 23 emission vehicles, as defined in section 2 of this act.
 - (b) Once zero emission school bus total cost of ownership as defined by rule making authorized in RCW 28A.160.195(7) is determined to be at or below the total cost of ownership as defined by rule making authorized in RCW 28A.160.195(7) of diesel school buses, newly-acquired school buses used for pupil transportation services contracts under this section must be school buses that are zero emission vehicles, as defined in section 2 of this act.
- 31 (c) If zero emission school bus total cost of ownership is
 32 determined to be at or below the total cost of ownership of diesel
 33 school buses under (b) of this subsection, prior to September 1,
 34 2030, the provisions of (b) of this subsection take precedence over
 35 the provisions of (a) of this subsection.
 - (3) As used in this section:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) "Open competitive process" means either one of the following, at the choice of the school district:

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- 1 $((\frac{(a)}{(a)}))$ (i) The solicitation of bids or quotations and the award of contracts under RCW 28A.335.190; or
 - ((\(\frac{(\frac{(b)}{(b)})}{(ii)}\) The competitive solicitation of proposals and their evaluation consistent with the process and criteria recommended or required, as the case may be, by the office of financial management for state agency acquisition of personal service contractors;
 - ((\(\frac{(2)}{(2)}\)) (b) "Pupil transportation services contract" means a contract for the operation of privately owned or school district owned school buses, and the services of drivers or operators, management and supervisory personnel, and their support personnel such as secretaries, dispatchers, and mechanics, or any combination thereof, to provide students with transportation to and from school on a regular basis; and
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) "School bus" means a motor vehicle as defined in RCW 46.04.521 and under the rules of the superintendent of public instruction.
 - Sec. 4. RCW 28A.160.195 and 2005 c 492 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation 19 20 with the regional transportation coordinators of the educational service districts, shall establish a minimum number of school bus 21 categories considering the capacity and type of vehicles required by 22 school districts in Washington. Once zero emission school bus total 23 24 cost of ownership as defined by rule making authorized in subsection (7) of this section is determined to be at or below the total cost of 25 ownership as defined by rule making authorized in subsection (7) of 26 27 this section of diesel school buses, these school bus categories must solely include school buses that meet the definition of zero emission 28 vehicle in section 2 of this act, except as necessary to reimburse 29 diesel school buses purchased prior to the determination, and except 30 31 for use cases where needs, including the mileage needs of bus routes, are not capable of being met by the technological capabilities of 32 zero emission buses available to school districts for acquisition. 33 The superintendent, in consultation with the regional transportation 34 coordinators of the educational service districts, shall establish 35 competitive specifications for each category of school bus. 36 categories shall be developed to produce minimum long-range operating 37 38 costs, including costs of equipment and all costs in operating the vehicles. The competitive specifications shall meet federal motor 39

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- vehicle safety standards, minimum state specifications as established by rule by the superintendent, and supported options as determined by the superintendent in consultation with the regional transportation coordinators of the educational service districts. The superintendent may solicit and accept price quotes for a rear-engine category school bus that shall be reimbursed at the price of the corresponding front engine category.
- (2) After establishing school bus categories and competitive specifications, the superintendent of public instruction shall solicit competitive price quotes for base buses from school bus dealers, which must include the solicitation of competitive price quotes for zero emission buses that meet the definition of zero emission vehicle in section 2 of this act, to be in effect for one year and shall establish a list of all accepted price quotes in each category obtained under this subsection. The superintendent shall also solicit price quotes for optional features and equipment.
- (3) The superintendent shall base the level of reimbursement to school districts and educational service districts for school buses on the lowest quote for the base bus in each category. School districts and educational service districts shall be reimbursed for buses purchased only through a lowest-price competitive bid process conducted under RCW 28A.335.190 or through the state bid process established by this section. Once school bus categories include only school buses that meet the definition of zero emission as required in subsection (1) of this section, reimbursements must reflect for the full cost of zero emission buses, excluding operating costs covered under this chapter and infrastructure eligible for grants under section 2 of this act.
- (4) Notwithstanding RCW 28A.335.190, school districts and educational service districts may purchase at the quoted price directly from any dealer who is on the list established under subsection (2) of this section. School districts and educational service districts may make their own selections for school buses, but shall be reimbursed at the rates determined under subsection (3) of this section and RCW 28A.160.200. District-selected options shall not be reimbursed by the state.
- 37 (5) This section does not prohibit school districts or 38 educational service districts from conducting their own competitive 39 bid process.

- 1 (6) Nothing in this section prohibits the use of externally
 2 vented fuel-operated passenger heaters from November 15th through
 3 March 15th annually until other viable alternatives become available.
 - (7) (a) The superintendent of public instruction ((may)) must adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement this section.
 - (b) The department of ecology, in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction, must adopt rules to establish the formulas used to calculate the total cost of ownership for school buses. Prior to the establishment of total cost of ownership rules, the superintendent of public instruction must, in consultation with the department of ecology publish optional preliminary guidance that school districts, including those contracting for pupil
- 13 <u>transportation services</u>, may follow.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) By November 15, 2024, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the department of ecology, must carry out a survey of school districts, charter schools, and state-tribal education compact schools focused on the uptake and total cost of ownership of zero emission school buses. The office of the superintendent of public instruction must submit a report to the legislature summarizing their findings by December 1, 2024.
- 23 (2) The survey required under this section must collect 24 information from each school district and school on:
 - (a) Current zero emission vehicle charging and refueling capacity and infrastructure;
 - (b) Whether, assuming the availability of grant funds and depreciation schedule payments to cover the full cost of a vehicle, including the total cost of ownership of the vehicle, the school district or school would anticipate applying for funds to support zero emission school bus or bus infrastructure purchases in the next two years, and in the next five years;
 - (c) For any schools or school districts still using a school bus after the end of its applicable depreciation schedule, whether the bus was manufactured prior to 2007, and an explanation of why the school or school district has continued to use the bus past the end of its depreciation schedule;
- 38 (d) Responses to preliminary guidance from the office of the 39 superintendent of public instruction for calculating total cost of Code Rev/CC:jlb 7 H-3204.1/24

ownership and whether the school district or school utilizes the preliminary guidance or uses a different calculation methodology; and

- (e) Any other survey information deemed helpful by the department of ecology or the office of the superintendent of public instruction to facilitating the transition to zero emission vehicles.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "zero emission vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 2 of this act."

8 Correct the title.

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 $\underline{\text{EFFECT:}}$ The amendment makes the following changes to the second substitute:

- (1) Specifies that once bus depreciation schedules maintained by the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) are adjusted to fund the cost of zero emission buses (ZEBs), the zero emission school bus grant program at the Department of Ecology (Ecology) must focus solely on electric vehicle charging infrastructure grants.
- (2) Requires Ecology to consult with OSPI in developing the status report on the grant program.
- (3) Revises the requirement that 75 percent of school buses used for pupil transportation services contracts be zero emission by September 1, 2030, to a requirement that 75 percent of newly acquired buses be zero emission, unless the total cost of ownership (TCO) of ZEBs are determined to be lower than diesel buses, in which case, all newly acquired buses used under pupil transportation services contracts must be zero emission.
- (4) Revises rules for determining TCO to include Ecology and OSPI in establishing TCO formulas.
- (5) Adds exceptions to the requirement that the bus depreciation schedule include only ZEBs once TCO is equal or lower for use cases where needs, including mileage needs of bus routes, cannot be met by the technological capacities of ZEBs.
- (6) Specifies that once the bus depreciation schedule includes only ZEBs, reimbursements must reflect the full cost of ZEBs, excluding operating costs covered under the student transportation RCW and infrastructure eligible for ZEB grants from Ecology.
- (7) Revises the intent section to reference utilizing the grid modernization grant program administered by the Department of Commerce to support ZEBs.

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