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By Committee on Regulated Substances & Gaming

ADOPTED 04/10/2023

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 1 2 following:

- "Sec. 1. 2021 c 48 s 2 (uncodified) is amended to read as 3 follows: 4
 - (1) ((The board must implement the provisions of this section as expeditiously as possible. Liquor licensees may conduct activities authorized under this section before completion by the board of actions the board plans to take in order to implement this act, such as adoption of rules or completion of information system changes necessary to allow licensees to apply for required endorsements. However, licensees must comply with board rules when they take effect.
 - (2) The)) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the following licensees may sell alcohol products at retail for ((curbside and)) takeout ((service)) or delivery or both under liquor and cannabis board licenses and endorsements: Beer and restaurants; spirits, beer, and wine restaurants; taverns; domestic wineries; domestic breweries and microbreweries; distilleries; snack bars; nonprofit arts licensees; and caterers.
- (b) No alcohol products may be sold by delivery under this 21 section after July 1, 2025.
 - (((3))) (2) Spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees may sell premixed cocktails ((and cocktail kits)) for takeout ((or curbside service)) and, until July 1, 2025, for delivery. The board may establish by rule the manner in which premixed cocktails for offpremises consumption must be provided. This subsection does not authorize the sale of ((full)) bottles of spirits by licensees for off-premises consumption((, with the exception of mini-bottles as part of cocktail kits. Mini-bottle sales authorized under this subsection as part of cocktail kits are exempt from the spirits

1 license issuance fee under RCW 66.24.630(4)(a) and the tax on each 2 retail sale of spirits under RCW 82.08.150)).

- ((4+)) (3) Spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees may sell wine by the glass or premixed wine and spirits cocktails for takeout ((or curbside service)) and ((for)), until July 1, 2025, delivery. Beer and wine restaurant licensees may sell wine or premixed wine drinks by the glass for takeout ((or curbside service)) and ((for)), until July 1, 2025, delivery. The board may establish by rule the manner in which wine by the glass and premixed cocktails for off-premises consumption must be provided.
- ((+5)) (4) Licensees that were authorized by statute or rule before January 1, 2020, to sell growlers for on-premises consumption may sell growlers for off-premises consumption through ((-1)) takeout (-1) or until July 1, 2025, delivery ((-1)). Sale of growlers under this subsection must meet federal alcohol and tobacco tax and trade bureau requirements.
 - (((+6))) <u>(5)(a)</u> Licensees must obtain from the board an endorsement to their license in order to conduct activities authorized under subsections (((+2))) <u>(1)</u> through ((+5)) <u>(4)</u> of this section. The board may adopt rules governing the manner in which the activities authorized under this section must be conducted. Licensees must not be charged a fee in order to obtain an endorsement required under this section.
- (b) (i) Alcohol delivery under this section must be performed by an employee of an alcohol delivery endorsement holder who is 21 years of age or older and possesses a class 12 permit, in accordance with RCW 66.20.310.
- (ii) Delivery services conducted by beer and wine restaurant licensees and spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees under this section must be accompanied by a purchased meal prepared and sold by the license holder.
- 32 (c) Alcohol sold for takeout by beer and wine restaurant
 33 licensees and spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees under this
 34 section must be accompanied by a purchased meal prepared and sold by
 35 the license holder.
- 36 (d) Any alcohol product sold for takeout or delivery under this 37 section must be in a factory sealed container or a tamper-resistant 38 container.
- 39 (((7))) <u>(6)</u> Beer and wine specialty shops licensed under RCW 40 66.24.371 and domestic breweries and microbreweries may sell Code Rev/KB:jlb 2 H-1712.1/23

- prefilled growlers for off-premises consumption through takeout ((excurbside service)) and, until July 1, 2025, delivery, provided that prefilled growlers are sold the same day they are prepared for sale and not stored overnight for sale on future days.
- ((+8))) (7) The board must adopt or revise current rules to allow 5 6 for outdoor service of alcohol by on-premises licensees holding licenses issued by the board for the following license types: Beer 7 and wine restaurants; spirits, beer, and wine restaurants; taverns; 8 wineries; domestic breweries and 9 microbreweries; distilleries; snack bars; and private clubs licensed under RCW 10 11 66.24.450 and 66.24.452. The board may adopt requirements providing for clear accountability at locations where multiple licensees use a 12 shared space for serving customers. 13
- $((\frac{(9)}{(9)}))$ <u>(8)</u> Upon delivery of any alcohol product authorized to be delivered under this section, the signature of the person age 21 or over receiving the delivery must be obtained.
- 17 $((\frac{(10)}{(10)}))$ The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 19 (a) "Board" means the liquor and cannabis board.
- 20 (b) "Growlers" means sanitary containers brought to the premises 21 by the purchaser or furnished by the licensee and filled by the 22 retailer at the time of sale.
- 23 (((c) "Mini-bottles" means original factory-sealed containers 24 holding not more than 50 milliliters of a spirituous beverage.
- 25 (11) This section expires July 1, 2023.))
- Sec. 2. RCW 66.04.010 and 2019 c 61 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

In this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Alcohol" is that substance known as ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl, or spirit of wine, which is commonly produced by the fermentation or distillation of grain, starch, molasses, or sugar, or other substances including all dilutions and mixtures of this substance. The term "alcohol" does not include alcohol in the possession of a manufacturer or distiller of alcohol fuel, as described in RCW 66.12.130, which is intended to be denatured and used as a fuel for use in motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry.
 - (2) "Authorized representative" means a person who:

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- 1 (a) Is required to have a federal basic permit issued pursuant to 2 the federal alcohol administration act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 204;
 - (b) Has its business located in the United States outside of the state of Washington;
 - (c) Acquires ownership of beer or wine for transportation into and resale in the state of Washington; and which beer or wine is produced by a brewery or winery in the United States outside of the state of Washington; and
 - (d) Is appointed by the brewery or winery referenced in (c) of this subsection as its authorized representative for marketing and selling its products within the United States in accordance with a written agreement between the authorized representative and such brewery or winery pursuant to this title.
 - (3) "Beer" means any malt beverage, flavored malt beverage, or malt liquor as these terms are defined in this chapter.
 - (4) "Beer distributor" means a person who buys beer from a domestic brewery, microbrewery, beer certificate of approval holder, or beer importers, or who acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside of the United States, for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title, or who represents such brewer or brewery as agent.
 - (5) "Beer importer" means a person or business within Washington who purchases beer from a beer certificate of approval holder or who acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside of the United States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title.
 - (6) "Board" means the liquor and cannabis board, constituted under this title.
 - (7) "Brewer" or "brewery" means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing beer and malt liquor. Brewer includes a brand owner of malt beverages who holds a brewer's notice with the federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms at a location outside the state and whose malt beverage is contract-produced by a licensed in-state brewery, and who may exercise within the state, under a domestic brewery license, only the privileges of storing, selling to licensed beer distributors, and exporting beer from the state.
- 37 (8) "Club" means an organization of persons, incorporated or 38 unincorporated, operated solely for fraternal, benevolent, 39 educational, athletic, or social purposes, and not for pecuniary 40 gain.

- 1 (9) "Confection" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other 2 natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, 3 fruits, nuts, dairy products, or flavorings, in the form of bars, 4 drops, or pieces.
- 5 (10) "Consume" includes the putting of liquor to any use, whether 6 by drinking or otherwise.
 - (11) "Contract liquor store" means a business that sells liquor on behalf of the board through a contract with a contract liquor store manager.
- 10 (12) "Craft distillery" means a distillery that pays the reduced 11 licensing fee under RCW 66.24.140.
- 12 (13) "Delivery" means the transportation of alcohol to an
 13 individual located within Washington state from a licensed location
 14 holding an alcohol delivery endorsement as part of a delivery order.
 15 "Delivery" does not include services provided by common carriers.
- 16 <u>(14)</u> "Dentist" means a practitioner of dentistry duly and 17 regularly licensed and engaged in the practice of his or her 18 profession within the state pursuant to chapter 18.32 RCW.
- 19 $((\frac{(14)}{)})$ <u>(15)</u> "Distiller" means a person engaged in the business 20 of distilling spirits.
- $((\frac{(15)}{(15)}))$ <u>(16)</u> "Domestic brewery" means a place where beer and 22 malt liquor are manufactured or produced by a brewer within the 23 state.
- $((\frac{(16)}{(16)}))$ <u>(17)</u> "Domestic winery" means a place where wines are manufactured or produced within the state of Washington.
 - $((\frac{17}{17}))$ (18) "Drug store" means a place whose principal business is, the sale of drugs, medicines, and pharmaceutical preparations and maintains a regular prescription department and employs a registered pharmacist during all hours the drug store is open.
 - (((18))) <u>(19)</u> "Druggist" means any person who holds a valid certificate and is a registered pharmacist and is duly and regularly engaged in carrying on the business of pharmaceutical chemistry pursuant to chapter 18.64 RCW.
- (((19))) (20) "Employee" means any person employed by the board.
- $((\frac{(20)}{(21)}))$ (21) "Flavored malt beverage" means:
- 36 (a) A malt beverage containing six percent or less alcohol by 37 volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are 38 added that contain distilled spirits of not more than forty-nine 39 percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content; or

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(b) A malt beverage containing more than six percent alcohol by volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are added that contain distilled spirits of not more than one and one-half percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content.

 $((\frac{(21)}{(21)}))$ <u>(22)</u> "Fund" means 'liquor revolving fund.'

- (((22))) <u>(23)</u> "Hotel" means buildings, structures, and grounds, having facilities for preparing, cooking, and serving food, that are kept, used, maintained, advertised, or held out to the public to be a place where food is served and sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests, in which twenty or more rooms are used for the sleeping accommodation of such transient guests. The buildings, structures, and grounds must be located on adjacent property either owned or leased by the same person or persons.
- $((\frac{(23)}{(24)}))$ "Importer" means a person who buys distilled spirits from a distillery outside the state of Washington and imports such spirituous liquor into the state for sale to the board or for export.
- $((\frac{(24)}{)})$ <u>(25)</u> "Imprisonment" means confinement in the county 19 jail.
 - (((25))) (26) "Liquor" includes the four varieties of liquor herein defined (alcohol, spirits, wine, and beer), and all fermented, spirituous, vinous, or malt liquor, or combinations thereof, and mixed liquor, a part of which is fermented, spirituous, vinous or malt liquor, or otherwise intoxicating; and every liquid or solid or semisolid or other substance, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine, or beer, and all drinks or drinkable liquids and all preparations or mixtures capable of human consumption, and any liquid, semisolid, solid, or other substance, which contains more than one percent of alcohol by weight shall be conclusively deemed to be intoxicating. Liquor does not include confections or food products that contain one percent or less of alcohol by weight.
 - (((26))) (27) "Malt beverage" or "malt liquor" means any beverage such as beer, ale, lager beer, stout, and porter obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decoction of pure hops, or pure extract of hops and pure barley malt or other wholesome grain or cereal in pure water containing not more than eight percent of alcohol by weight, and not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume. For the purposes of this title, any such beverage containing more than eight percent of alcohol by weight shall be referred to as "strong beer."

- 1 (((27))) (28) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the 2 preparation of liquor for sale, in any form whatsoever.
 - $((\frac{(28)}{(28)}))$ <u>(29)</u> "Nightclub" means an establishment that provides entertainment and has as its primary source of revenue (a) the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises, (b) cover charges, or (c) both.
- 7 $((\frac{(29)}{(29)}))$ "Package" means any container or receptable used 8 for holding liquor.
- 9 (((30))) <u>(31)</u> "Passenger vessel" means any boat, ship, vessel, 10 barge, or other floating craft of any kind carrying passengers for 11 compensation.
- 12 $((\frac{31}{1}))$ (32) "Permit" means a permit for the purchase of liquor 13 under this title.
- 14 $((\frac{(32)}{)})$ "Person" means an individual, copartnership, 15 association, or corporation.
 - $((\frac{33}{3}))$ <u>(34)</u> "Physician" means a medical practitioner duly and regularly licensed and engaged in the practice of his or her profession within the state pursuant to chapter 18.71 RCW.
 - ((-(34))) (35) "Powdered alcohol" means any powder or crystalline substance containing alcohol that is produced for direct use or reconstitution.
 - $((\frac{35}{1}))$ <u>(36)</u> "Prescription" means a memorandum signed by a physician and given by him or her to a patient for the obtaining of liquor pursuant to this title for medicinal purposes.
 - (((36))) "Public place" includes streets and alleys of incorporated cities and towns; state or county or township highways or roads; buildings and grounds used for school purposes; public dance halls and grounds adjacent thereto; those parts establishments where beer may be sold under this title, soft drink establishments, public buildings, public meeting halls, lobbies, halls and dining rooms of hotels, restaurants, theaters, stores, garages and filling stations which are open to and are generally used by the public and to which the public is permitted to have unrestricted access; railroad trains, stages, and other public conveyances of all kinds and character, and the depots and waiting rooms used in conjunction therewith which are open to unrestricted use and access by the public; publicly owned bathing beaches, parks, and/or playgrounds; and all other places of like or similar nature to which the general public has unrestricted right of access, and which are generally used by the public.

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- 1 (((37))) (38) "Regulations" means regulations made by the board 2 under the powers conferred by this title.
 - (((38))) (39) "Restaurant" means any establishment provided with special space and accommodations where, in consideration of payment, food, without lodgings, is habitually furnished to the public, not including drug stores and soda fountains.
- $((\frac{39}{1}))$ (40) "Sale" and "sell" include exchange, barter, and 7 traffic; and also include the selling or supplying or distributing, 8 by any means whatsoever, of liquor, or of any liquid known or 9 described as beer or by any name whatever commonly used to describe 10 malt or brewed liquor or of wine, by any person to any person; and 11 12 also include a sale or selling within the state to a foreign consignee or his or her agent in the state. "Sale" and "sell" shall 13 not include the giving, at no charge, of a reasonable amount of 14 liquor by a person not licensed by the board to a person not licensed 15 16 by the board, for personal use only. "Sale" and "sell" also does not 17 include a raffle authorized under RCW 9.46.0315: PROVIDED, That the nonprofit organization conducting the raffle has obtained the 18 appropriate permit from the board. 19
 - ((40)) (41) "Service bar" means a fixed or portable table, counter, cart, or similar workstation primarily used to prepare, mix, serve, and sell alcohol that is picked up by employees or customers. Customers may not be seated or allowed to consume food or alcohol at a service bar.
 - ((-(41))) (42) "Soda fountain" means a place especially equipped with apparatus for the purpose of dispensing soft drinks, whether mixed or otherwise.
 - ((42))) <u>(43)</u> "Soju" means a traditional Korean distilled alcoholic beverage, produced using authentic Korean recipes and production methods, and derived from agricultural products, that contains not more than twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume.
 - ((43))) (44) "Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation, except flavored malt beverages, but including wines exceeding twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume.
- 35 $((\frac{44}{}))$ <u>(45)</u> "Store" means a state liquor store established under this title.
- $((\frac{45}{}))$ $(\frac{46}{})$ "Tavern" means any establishment with special space and accommodation for sale by the glass and for consumption on the premises, of beer, as herein defined.

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(((46))) <u>(47)</u> "VIP airport lounge" means an establishment within an international airport located beyond security checkpoints that provides a special space to sit, relax, read, work, and enjoy beverages where access is controlled by the VIP airport lounge operator and is generally limited to the following classifications of persons:

- (a) Airline passengers of any age whose admission is based on a first-class, executive, or business class ticket;
- (b) Airline passengers of any age who are qualified members or allowed guests of certain frequent flyer or other loyalty incentive programs maintained by airlines that have agreements describing the conditions for access to the VIP airport lounge;
- (c) Airline passengers of any age who are qualified members or allowed guests of certain enhanced amenities programs maintained by companies that have agreements describing the conditions for access to the VIP airport lounge;
- (d) Airport and airline employees, government officials, foreign dignitaries, and other attendees of functions held by the airport authority or airlines related to the promotion of business objectives such as increasing international air traffic and enhancing foreign trade where access to the VIP airport lounge will be controlled by the VIP airport lounge operator; and
- (e) Airline passengers of any age or airline employees whose admission is based on a pass issued or permission given by the airline for access to the VIP airport lounge.
- (((47))) <u>(48)</u> "VIP airport lounge operator" means an airline, port district, or other entity operating a VIP airport lounge that: Is accountable for compliance with the alcohol beverage control act under this title; holds the license under chapter 66.24 RCW issued to the VIP airport lounge; and provides a point of contact for addressing any licensing and enforcement by the board.
- (((48))) (49)(a) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermentation of fruits (grapes, berries, apples, et cetera) or other agricultural product containing sugar, to which any saccharine substances may have been added before, during or after fermentation, and containing not more than twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume, including sweet wines fortified with wine spirits, such as port, sherry, muscatel, and angelica, not exceeding twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume and not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume. For purposes of this title, any

- 1 beverage containing no more than fourteen percent of alcohol by volume when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer shall be referred 2 to as "table wine," and any beverage containing alcohol in an amount 3 more than fourteen percent by volume when bottled or packaged by the 4 manufacturer shall be referred to as "fortified wine." However, 5 6 "fortified wine" shall not include: (i) Wines that are both sealed or capped by cork closure and aged two years or more; and (ii) wines 7 that contain more than fourteen percent alcohol by volume solely as a 8 result of the natural fermentation process and that have not been 9 produced with the addition of wine spirits, brandy, or alcohol. 10
- 11 (b) This subsection shall not be interpreted to require that any 12 wine be labeled with the designation "table wine" or "fortified 13 wine."
- $((\frac{(49)}{(19)}))$ <u>(50)</u> "Wine distributor" means a person who buys wine from a domestic winery, wine certificate of approval holder, or wine importer, or who acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of the United States, for the purpose of selling the same not in violation of this title, or who represents such vintner or winery as agent.
- 20 (((50))) <u>(51)</u> "Wine importer" means a person or business within 21 Washington who purchases wine from a wine certificate of approval 22 holder or who acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of 23 the United States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to 24 this title.
- 25 $((\frac{(51)}{)})$ <u>(52)</u> "Winery" means a business conducted by any person 26 for the manufacture of wine for sale, other than a domestic winery.
- Sec. 3. RCW 66.20.310 and 2019 c 64 s 21 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 29 (1)(a) There is an alcohol server permit, known as a class 12 30 permit, for ((a)):
- 31 <u>(i) A</u> manager ((or bartender));
- (ii) A bartender selling or mixing alcohol, spirits, wines, or beer for consumption at an on-premises licensed facility; or
- (iii) An employee conducting alcohol deliveries for a licensee
 that delivers alcohol under section 1 of this act (as codified under
 section 7 of this act).
- 37 (b) There is an alcohol server permit, known as a class 13 38 permit, for a person who only serves alcohol, spirits, wines, or beer 39 for consumption at an on-premises licensed facility.

- 1 (c) As provided by rule by the board, a class 13 permit holder 2 may be allowed to act as a bartender without holding a class 12 3 permit.
 - (2) (a) Effective January 1, 1997, except as provided in (d) of this subsection, every alcohol server employed, under contract or otherwise, at a retail licensed premise must be issued a class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (b) Every class 12 and class 13 permit issued must be issued in the name of the applicant and no other person may use the permit of another permit holder. The holder must present the permit upon request to inspection by a representative of the board or a peace officer. The class 12 or class 13 permit is valid for employment at any retail licensed premises described in (a) of this subsection.
 - (c) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection, no licensee holding a license as authorized by this section and RCW 66.20.300, 66.24.320, 66.24.330, 66.24.350, 66.24.400, 66.24.425, 66.24.690, 66.24.450, 66.24.570, 66.24.600, 66.24.610, 66.24.650, 66.24.655, and 66.24.680 may employ or accept the services of any person without the person first having a valid class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (d) Within sixty days of initial employment, every person whose duties include the compounding, sale, service, or handling of liquor must have a class 12 or class 13 permit.
 - (e) No person may perform duties that include the sale or service of alcoholic beverages on a retail licensed premises without possessing a valid alcohol server permit.
 - (f) Every person whose duties include the delivery of alcohol authorized under section 1 of this act (as codified under section 7 of this act) must have a class 12 permit before engaging in alcohol delivery. A delivery employee whose duties include the delivery of alcohol authorized under section 1 of this act (as codified under section 7 of this act) must complete an approved class 12 permit course that includes a curriculum component that covers best practices for delivery of alcohol.
 - (3) A permit issued by a training entity under this section is valid for employment at any retail licensed premises described in subsection (2)(a) of this section for a period of five years unless suspended by the board.
- 38 (4) The board may suspend or revoke an existing permit if any of the following occur:

- (a) The applicant or permittee has been convicted of violating any of the state or local intoxicating liquor laws of this state or has been convicted at any time of a felony; or
 - (b) The permittee has performed or permitted any act that constitutes a violation of this title or of any rule of the board.
 - (5) The suspension or revocation of a permit under this section does not relieve a licensee from responsibility for any act of the employee or agent while employed upon the retail licensed premises. The board may, as appropriate, revoke or suspend either the permit of the employee who committed the violation or the license of the licensee upon whose premises the violation occurred, or both the permit and the license.
 - (6) (a) After January 1, 1997, it is a violation of this title for any retail licensee or agent of a retail licensee as described in subsection (2) (a) of this section to employ in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages, any person who does not have a valid alcohol server permit or whose permit has been revoked, suspended, or denied.
 - (b) It is a violation of this title for a person whose alcohol server permit has been denied, suspended, or revoked to accept employment in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages.
 - (7) Grocery stores licensed under RCW 66.24.360, the primary commercial activity of which is the sale of grocery products and for which the sale and service of beer and wine for on-premises consumption with food is incidental to the primary business, and employees of such establishments, are exempt from RCW 66.20.300 through 66.20.350, except for employees whose duties include serving during tasting activities under RCW 66.24.363.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 66.20.320 and 1996 c 311 s 2 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 (1) The board shall regulate a required alcohol server education 31 program that includes:
- 32 (a) Development of the curriculum and materials for the education program;
 - (b) Examination and examination procedures;
- 35 (c) Certification procedures, enforcement policies, and penalties 36 for education program instructors and providers; and
- 37 (d) The curriculum for an approved class 12 alcohol permit 38 training program that includes but is not limited to the following 39 subjects:

- 1 (i) The physiological effects of alcohol including the effects of alcohol in combination with drugs;
 - (ii) Liability and legal information;
 - (iii) Driving while intoxicated;

- (iv) Intervention with the problem customer, including ways to stop service, ways to deal with the belligerent customer, and alternative means of transportation to get the customer safely home;
 - (v) Methods for checking proper identification of customers;
- (vi) Nationally recognized programs, such as TAM (Techniques in Alcohol Management) and TIPS (Training for Intervention Programs) modified to include Washington laws and ((regulations)) rules; and
- (vii) Best practices for delivery of alcohol for a course approved for a person whose duties include the delivery of alcohol authorized under section 1 of this act (as codified under section 7 of this act).
 - (2) The board shall provide the program through liquor licensee associations, independent contractors, private persons, private or public schools certified by the board, or any combination of such providers.
 - (3) Each training entity shall provide a class 12 permit to the manager ((er)), bartender, or delivery employee who has successfully completed a course the board has certified. A list of the individuals receiving the class 12 permit shall be forwarded to the board on the completion of each course given by the training entity.
 - (4) After January 1, 1997, the board shall require all alcohol servers applying for a class 13 alcohol server permit to view a video training session. Retail liquor licensees shall fully compensate employees for the time spent participating in this training session.
 - (5) When requested by a retail liquor licensee, the board shall provide copies of videotaped training programs that have been produced by private vendors and make them available for a nominal fee to cover the cost of purchasing and shipment, with the fees being deposited in the liquor revolving fund for distribution to the board as needed.
- (6) Each training entity may provide the board with a video program of not less than one hour that covers the subjects in subsection (1)(d)(i) through (v) of this section that will be made available to a licensee for the training of a class 13 alcohol server.

- 1 (7) Applicants shall be given a class 13 permit upon the successful completion of the program.
- 3 (8) A list of the individuals receiving the class 13 permit shall 4 be forwarded to the board on the completion of each video training 5 program.
- 6 (9) The board shall develop a model permit for the class 12 and 7 13 permits. The board may provide such permits to training entities 8 or licensees for a nominal cost to cover production.
- 9 (10)(a) Persons who have completed a nationally recognized 10 alcohol management or intervention program since July 1, 1993, may be 11 issued a class 12 or 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of 12 such training to the board.
- 13 (b) Persons who completed the board's alcohol server training 14 program after July 1, 1993, but before July 1, 1995, may be issued a 15 class 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of such training 16 to the board.
- 17 **Sec. 5.** RCW 66.24.660 and 2013 c 89 s 1 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
 - Retailers may sell liquor as defined in RCW 66.04.010(((25))) through self-checkout registers if that register is programmed to halt that transaction during the purchase of liquor until an employee of the retailer intervenes and verifies the age of the purchaser by reviewing established forms of acceptable identification. Once age is successfully verified, the employee can release the transaction for payment. If the purchaser cannot provide acceptable forms of identification to verify age, the employee must refuse the purchase and void the transaction.
- Sec. 6. By November 1, 2023, the liquor and 28 NEW SECTION. cannabis board shall submit recommendations to the governor and 29 appropriate committees of the legislature for a comprehensive alcohol 30 31 delivery policy. The recommendations in the report must include a consistent, equitable structure for alcohol delivery licenses, 32 33 endorsements, permits, and fees, and a comprehensive plan to help ensure all deliveries of alcohol are made only to persons who are 21 34 years of age or older. 35
- 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Section 1 of this act is codified as a new section in chapter 66.24 RCW.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2023."
- 5 Correct the title.
 - $\underline{\text{EFFECT:}}$ (1) Prohibits alcohol products from being sold by delivery, after July 1, 2025, pursuant to the privileges that were established in Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1480 (2021).
 - (2) Requires alcohol sold for takeout (and not only for delivery) by beer and wine restaurant licensees and spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees pursuant to the privileges to be accompanied by a purchased meal prepared and sold by the license holder.
 - (3) Requires any alcohol product sold for takeout or delivery pursuant to the privileges to be in a factory sealed container or a tamper-resistant container.
 - (4) Eliminates the proposed requirement that a licensee delivering alcohol pursuant to the privileges must maintain a compliance rate of at least 95 percent per year in ensuring that all deliveries of alcohol are made only to a person who is 21 years of age or older who signs for the delivery.
 - (5) Changes the proposed definition of "delivery" in liquor statutes (Title 66 RCW) so the word would be defined as the transportation of alcohol to an individual located within Washington from a licensed location holding an alcohol delivery endorsement as part of a delivery order. Retains the provision in the proposed definition that specifies "delivery" does not include services provided by common carriers.
 - (6) Eliminates the proposed \$5 additional fee at the time of issuance and replacement of a class 12 permit of an employee who conducts deliveries for a delivery endorsement holder pursuant to the privileges.
 - (7) Eliminates the proposed requirement for the liquor and cannabis board (LCB) to create a \$50 license endorsement for restaurants, taverns, wineries, breweries, and distilleries to conduct alcohol deliveries under the privileges, to continue applying the existing requirement that these licensees must obtain a no-cost endorsement from the LCB to conduct delivery privileges.
 - (8) Requires the LCB to submit a report with recommendations to the governor and the legislature for a comprehensive alcohol delivery policy, by November 2023. Specifies that the recommendations in the report must include a consistent, equitable structure for alcohol delivery licenses, endorsements, permits, and fees, and a comprehensive plan to help ensure all deliveries of alcohol are made only to persons who are 21 years of age or older.
 - (9) Changes the effective date to July 1, 2023, from immediately.

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