Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research



Education Committee

HJR 4207

Brief Description: Amending the Constitution to allow 55 percent of voters voting to authorize school district bonds.

Sponsors: Representatives Harris, Stonier, Leavitt, Santos, Gregerson, Ryu, Tharinger, Senn, Bergquist and Walen.

Brief Summary of Bill

 Proposes a constitutional amendment to allow school districts to issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes, levy taxes to make payments on those bonds, and exceed the constitutional debt limit with approval of 55 percent of the voters.

Hearing Date: 1/15/24

Staff: Megan Wargacki (786-7194).

Background:

General Obligation Bonds.

The board of directors of a school district may borrow money and issue bonds for any capital purpose. The amount that may be borrowed is limited by the Washington Constitution (Constitution) and state statutes.

The Constitution sets a debt limit for school districts at 1.5 percent of the assessed value of property in the district, but permits school districts to exceed this limit for construction, up to 5 percent indebtedness, with approval of at least 60 percent of the voters voting at an election where the total number of voters is at least 40 percent of the total at the last preceding general election. State statute imposes a lower threshold of 0.375 percent indebtedness, and permits

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school districts to exceed this threshold to a total indebtedness of 5 percent for capital outlays with the approval of at least 60 percent of the voters voting at an election held for that purpose.

Property Tax Levies.

The Constitution limits regular property tax levies to a maximum of 1 percent of the property's value. Upon majority voter approval, school districts are authorized to collect excess levies above this 1 percent limit for purposes of enrichment, transportation vehicles, and capital projects.

School districts may also levy taxes above the 1 percent limit to make required payments of principal and interest on bonds issued for capital purposes, if approved by at least 60 percent of the voters at an election where the total number of voters is at least 40 percent of the total at the last preceding general election.

Constitutional Amendment.

To amend the Constitution, the amendment must be approved by two thirds of the members elected to each house of the Legislature, and then approved and ratified by a majority of the voters in the next general election.

Summary of Bill:

A proposed constitutional amendment is submitted to the voters at the next general election to allow school districts to issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes, levy taxes to make payments on those bonds, and exceed the constitutional debt limit with approval of 55 percent of the voters.

The Secretary of State must give proper notice of the amendment.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 9, 2024.

Effective Date: This bill takes effect on the date the constitutional amendment in House Joint Resolution 4207 is approved and ratified by the voters at the next general election, and certified by the Secretary of State.