**Final Bill Report**

**SSB 5917**

**Brief Description:** Concerning criminal penalties for bias-motivated defacement of private or public property.

**Sponsors:** Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Billig, Dhingra, Pedersen, Trudeau, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Llias, Lovick, Mullet, Nguyen, Nobles, Salomon, Valdez and Wilson, C.).

**Senate Committee on Law & Justice**  
**House Committee on Community Safety, Justice, & Reentry**

**Background:** A person is guilty of a hate crime offense if the person maliciously and intentionally commits one of the following acts because of the person's perception of the victim's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender expression or identity, or mental physical, or sensory disability:

- assaults the victim or another person;
- causes physical damage to or destruction of the property of the victim or another person; or
- threatens a specific person or group of persons and places that person, or members of the specific group of persons, in reasonable fear of harm to person or property.

The fear must be a fear a reasonable person would have under all the circumstances. Reasonable person is defined as a reasonable person who is a member of the victim's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, or sexual orientation, or who has the same gender expression or identity, or the same mental, physical, or sensory disability as the victim.

Words alone do not constitute a hate crime offense unless the context or circumstances surrounding the words indicate the words are a threat. Threatening words do not constitute a hate crime offense if it is apparent to the victim the person does not have the ability to carry out the threat.

Hate crime offenses are level IV class C felonies and classified as crimes against persons, meaning a person convicted of a hate crime who has no relevant criminal history would have a standard sentencing range of three to nine months imprisonment followed by up to

*This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.*
12 months of community custody.

**Summary:** The elements of the hate crimes statute are amended. A person is guilty of a hate crime if the person maliciously and intentionally: (1) assaults another person; (2) causes physical damage to or destruction of the property of another; or (3) threatens a specific person or group of persons and places that person, or members of the specific group of persons, in reasonable fear of harm to person or property because of the perpetrator's perception of another person's, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender expression or identity, or mental, physical, or sensory disability.

**Votes on Final Passage:**

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<th>Senate</th>
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**Effective:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.