FINAL BILL REPORT ESB 6089

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Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Eliminating certain minimum requirement equivalencies for electrical inspectors.

Sponsors: Senators King, Keiser and Mullet; by request of Department of Labor & Industries.

Senate Committee on Labor & Commerce House Committee on Labor & Workplace Standards

Background: With some exceptions, a person doing installation, alteration, or maintenance of any electrical system or equipment must first purchase an electrical work permit. When the work is complete, the person must request an electrical inspection within three business days after completing the work or within one business day after any part of the installation has been energized. A person may be subject to civil penalties for failing to obtain required permits or inspections.

The Department of Labor and Industries (L&I) administers the electrical requirements. Several cities issue their own permits and conduct their own inspections within their local city limits. L&I issues permits and conducts inspections throughout the state, except for within the cities that have their own inspection programs.

Electrical inspectors must meet certain minimum training and experience requirements. An electrical inspector must have:

- four years of experience as a journeyperson electrician in the electrical construction trade installing and maintaining electrical wiring and equipment;
- two years of electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing and four years continuous practical electrical experience installation work;
- four years of electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing and two years continuous practical electrical experience installation work;
- four years of experience as a journeyperson electrician performing the duties of an electrical inspector employed by L&I or a city or town with an approved inspection program; or

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• for inspections for work performed in accordance with the National Electrical Safety Code, certification as an outside journeyperson lineworker with four years of experience or four years experience as a certified outside journeyperson lineworker performing the duties of an electrical inspector employed by an electrical utility.

Summary: The provision allowing electrical inspectors to have two years of electrical training in a college of electrical engineering and four years of practical electrical experience in installation work, or four years of electrical training in a college and two years of practical experience, is removed. The term journeyperson electrician is changed to journey level electrician.

L&I and the Association of Washington Cities must work with cities that issue their own electrical permits and perform their own electrical inspections to identify appropriate pathways to qualify as an electrical inspector. L&I must submit a report to the Legislature with its findings and recommendations by December 15, 2024.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 49 0

House 96 0

Effective: June 6, 2024