HOUSE BILL 2110

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Representatives Nance, Simmons, Callan, Lekanoff, and Reeves

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AN ACT Relating to reorganizing statutory requirements governing 1 2 graduation by reordering requirements, hiqh school making 3 nonsubstantive revisions, and removing expired provisions; amending RCW 28A.230.090, 28A.655.260, 28A.230.212, 28A.230.300, 28A.230.320, 4 28A.150.220, 28A.300.900, 28A.300.750, and 28A.305.130; reenacting 5 and amending RCW 28A.655.250; adding new sections to chapter 28A.230 6 7 RCW; and recodifying RCW 28A.320.208, 28A.655.250, and 28A.655.260.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 10 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The purpose of a high school diploma is to declare that a student is ready for success in postsecondary education, gainful employment, and citizenship, and is equipped with the skills to be a lifelong learner.

(2) Except as provided in RCW 28A.230.320, graduation from a public high school and the earning of a high school diploma must include the following:

(a) Satisfying the graduation requirements established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090 and any graduation requirements established by the applicable public high school or school district; 1 (b) Satisfying credit and subject area requirements for 2 graduation;

3 (c) Demonstrating career and college readiness through completion
4 of the high school and beyond plan required by RCW 28A.230.212; and
5 (d) Meeting the requirements of at least one graduation pathway

6 option required by RCW 28A.655.250 (as recodified by this act).

7 (3) Successful completion of the requirements in subsection (2) 8 of this section signals a student's readiness to graduate with a 9 meaningful high school diploma that fulfills the purpose of a diploma 10 as established by this section.

11 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.230.090 and 2023 c 271 s 2 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 (1) ((The)) In accordance with statutory authority of the state 14 board of education provided in RCW 28A.305.130(4), the state board of 15 education shall establish high school graduation requirements or 16 equivalencies for students, except as provided in RCW 28A.230.122 and 28A.655.250 (as recodified by this act) and except 17 those equivalencies established by local high schools or school districts 18 under RCW 28A.230.097. ((The purpose of a high school diploma is to 19 20 declare that a student is ready for success in postsecondary education, gainful employment, and citizenship, and is equipped with 21 22 the skills to be a lifelong learner.

23 (a) Any course in Washington state history and government used to 24 fulfill high school graduation requirements shall consider including 25 information on the culture, history, and government of the American 26 Indian peoples who were the first inhabitants of the state.

27 (b) Except as provided otherwise in this subsection, the certificate of academic achievement requirements under RCW 28 29 28A.655.061 or the certificate of individual achievement requirements 30 under RCW 28A.155.045 are required for graduation from a public high 31 school but are not the only requirements for graduation. The requirement to earn a certificate of academic achievement to qualify 32 for graduation from a public high school concludes with the 33 34 graduating class of 2019. The obligation of qualifying students to earn a certificate of individual achievement as a prerequisite for 35 graduation from a public high school concludes with the graduating 36 37 class of 2021.

38 (c) Each student must have a high school and beyond plan to guide 39 the student's high school experience and inform course taking that is

1 aligned with the student's goals for education or training and career after high school as provided for under RCW 28A.230.212 and 2 28A.230.215. Any decision on whether a student has met the state 3 board's high school graduation requirements for a high school and 4 beyond plan shall remain at the local level. Effective with the 5 6 graduating class of 2015, the state board of education may not establish a requirement for students to complete a culminating 7 project for graduation. A district may establish additional, local 8 requirements for a high school and beyond plan to serve the needs and 9 10 interests of its students and the purposes of this section.

11 $\frac{d}{d}$ (i) (2) (a) The state board of education shall adopt rules to 12 implement the career and college ready graduation requirement proposal adopted under board resolution on November 10, 2010, and 13 14 revised on January 9, 2014, to take effect beginning with the 15 graduating class of 2019 or as otherwise provided in this subsection 16 ((((1)(d)))) (2). The rules must include authorization for a school 17 district to waive up to two credits for individual students based on a student's circumstances, provided that none of the waived credits 18 are identified as mandatory core credits by the state board of 19 education. School districts must adhere to written policies 20 21 authorizing the waivers that must be adopted by each board of 22 directors of a school district that grants diplomas. The rules must 23 also provide that the content of the third credit of mathematics and the content of the third credit of science may be chosen by the 24 25 student based on the student's interests and high school and beyond 26 plan with agreement of the student's parent or guardian or agreement 27 of the school counselor or principal, or as provided in RCW 28 28A.230.300(4).

((((ii))) (b) School districts may apply to the state board of 29 30 education for a waiver to implement the career and college ready 31 graduation requirement proposal beginning with the graduating class of 2020 or 2021 instead of the graduating class of 2019. In the 32 33 application, a school district must describe why the waiver is being requested, the specific impediments preventing timely implementation, 34 and efforts that will be taken to achieve implementation with the 35 graduating class proposed under the waiver. The state board of 36 education shall grant a waiver under this subsection (((1)(d)))37 (2) (b) to an applying school district at the next subsequent meeting 38 39 of the board after receiving an application.

1 (((2)(a) In recognition of the statutory authority of the state 2 board of education to establish and enforce minimum high school 3 graduation requirements, the state board shall periodically 4 reevaluate the graduation requirements and shall report such findings 5 to the legislature in a timely manner as determined by the state 6 board.

7 (b) The state board shall reevaluate the graduation requirements for students enrolled in vocationally intensive and rigorous career 8 and technical education programs, particularly those programs that 9 10 lead to a certificate or credential that is state or nationally recognized. The purpose of the evaluation is to ensure that students 11 enrolled in these programs have sufficient opportunity to complete 12 13 the program and earn the program's certificate or credential, and complete other state and local graduation requirements. 14

15 (c) The state board shall forward any proposed changes to the high school graduation requirements to the education committees of 16 the legislature for review. The legislature shall have the 17 opportunity to act during a regular legislative session before the 18 changes are adopted through administrative rule by the state board. 19 Changes that have a fiscal impact on school districts, as identified 20 21 by a fiscal analysis prepared by the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall take effect only if formally authorized and 22 funded by the legislature through the omnibus appropriations act or 23 24 other enacted legislation.

25 (3) Pursuant to any requirement for instruction in languages other than English established by the state board of education or a 26 local school district, or both, for purposes of high school 27 graduation, students who receive instruction in American sign 28 29 language or one or more American Indian languages shall be considered 30 to have satisfied the state or local school district graduation 31 requirement for instruction in one or more languages other than 32 English.

33 (4) Unless requested otherwise by the student and the student's 34 family, a student who has completed high school courses before 35 attending high school shall be given high school credit which shall 36 be applied to fulfilling high school graduation requirements if: 37 (a) The course was taken with high school students, if the

38 academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and 39 eighth grade classes, and the student has successfully passed by

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1 completing the same course requirements and examinations as the high

2 school students enrolled in the class; or

3 (b) The academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for 4 seventh and eighth grade classes and the course would qualify for 5 high school credit, because the course is similar or equivalent to a 6 course offered at a high school in the district as determined by the 7 school district board of directors.

8 (5) Students who have taken and successfully completed high 9 school courses under the circumstances in subsection (4) of this 10 section shall not be required to take an additional competency 11 examination or perform any other additional assignment to receive 12 credit.

13 (6) At the college or university level, five quarter or three 14 semester hours equals one high school credit.))

15 <u>Graduation requirements established by the state board of</u> 16 <u>education may not obligate students to complete a culminating project</u> 17 <u>as a graduation prerequisite.</u>

18 (3) In accordance with the duties required by subsection (1) of 19 this section, the state board of education shall also:

20 <u>(a) Periodically reevaluate the graduation requirements and shall</u>
21 report such findings to the legislature in a timely manner as
22 determined by the state board of education;

23 (b) Reevaluate the graduation requirements for students enrolled 24 in vocationally intensive and rigorous career and technical education 25 programs, particularly those programs that lead to a certificate or 26 credential that is state or nationally recognized. The purpose of the 27 evaluation is to ensure that students enrolled in these programs have 28 sufficient opportunity to complete the program and earn the program's 29 certificate or credential, and complete other state and local 30 graduation requirements; and

31 (c) Forward any proposed changes to graduation requirements to the education committees of the legislature for review. The 32 legislature shall have the opportunity to act during a regular 33 34 legislative session before proposed changes may be adopted by rule of the state board of education. Changes that have a fiscal impact on 35 school districts, as identified by a fiscal analysis prepared by the 36 office of the superintendent of public instruction, may take effect 37 only if authorized and funded through the omnibus appropriations act 38 39 or other enacted legislation.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230
 RCW to read as follows:

3 (1) Any course in Washington state history and government used to 4 fulfill high school graduation requirements established by the state 5 board of education shall consider including information on the 6 culture, history, and government of the American Indian peoples who 7 were the first inhabitants of the state.

(2) Pursuant to any requirement for instruction in languages 8 other than English established by the state board of education or a 9 local school district, or both, for purposes of high school 10 graduation, students who receive instruction in American 11 sian 12 language or one or more American Indian languages shall be considered to have satisfied the state or local school district graduation 13 requirement for instruction in one or more languages other than 14 15 English.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230
17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Unless requested otherwise by the student and the student's family, a student who has completed high school courses before attending high school must be given high school credit that is applied to fulfilling high school graduation requirements if:

(a) The course was taken with high school students, if the academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes, and the student has successfully passed by completing the same course requirements and examinations as the high school students enrolled in the class; or

(b) The academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes and the course would qualify for high school credit, because the course is similar or equivalent to a course offered at a high school in the district as determined by the school district board of directors.

32 (2) Students who have taken and successfully completed high 33 school courses under the circumstances in subsection (1) of this 34 section may not be required to take an additional competency 35 examination or perform any other additional assignment to receive 36 credit.

37 (3) At the college or university level, five quarter or three38 semester hours equals one high school credit.

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1 Sec. 5. RCW 28A.655.250 and 2023 c 349 s 2 and 2023 c 271 s 10 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

3 (1)(((a) Beginning with the class of 2020, except as provided in 4 RCW 28A.230.320, graduation from a public high school and the earning 5 of a high school diploma must include the following:

6 (i) Satisfying the graduation requirements established by the 7 state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090 and any graduation 8 requirements established by the applicable public high school or 9 school district;

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(ii) Satisfying credit requirements for graduation;

11 (iii) Demonstrating career and college readiness through 12 completion of the high school and beyond plan as required by RCW 13 28A.230.090 and in accordance with RCW 28A.230.212 and 28A.230.215; 14 and

15 (iv) Meeting the requirements of at least one graduation pathway 16 option established in this section.

17 (b) Successful completion of the components in (a) of this 18 subsection together signals a student's readiness to graduate with a 19 meaningful high school diploma that fulfills the diploma purpose 20 established in RCW 28A.230.090.

(2))) Each student graduating from a public high school and 21 earning a high school diploma must meet the requirements of at least 22 23 one graduation pathway option established in this section. The graduation pathway options ((established in this section)) are 24 25 intended to provide a student with multiple ways, including test-26 based, course-based, and performance-based options, to demonstrate readiness in furtherance of the student's individual goals for high 27 28 school and beyond. For the purposes of this section, "demonstrate readiness" means the student meets or exceeds state learning 29 standards addressed in the graduation pathway option. A student may 30 31 choose to pursue one or more of the graduation pathway options under 32 subsection (((3))) (2) of this section, but any <u>graduation</u> pathway option used by a student to demonstrate career and college readiness 33 must be in alignment with the student's high school and beyond plan. 34

35 (((3))) <u>(2)</u> The following graduation pathway options may be used 36 to demonstrate career and college readiness ((in accordance with 37 subsection (1)(a)(iv) of this section)):

38 (a) Meet or exceed the graduation standard established by the39 state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130 on the statewide high

1 school assessments in English language arts and mathematics as 2 provided for under RCW 28A.655.070;

3 (b) Complete and qualify for college credit in dual credit 4 courses in English language arts and mathematics. For the purposes of 5 this subsection, "dual credit course" means a course in which a 6 student qualifies for college and high school credit in English 7 language arts or mathematics upon successfully completing the course;

(c) Earn high school credit in a high school transition course in 8 English language arts and mathematics, an example of which includes a 9 bridge to college course. For the purposes of this subsection (((3)))10 (2)(c), "high school transition course" means an English language 11 12 arts or mathematics course offered in high school where successful completion by a high school student ensures the student college-level 13 placement at participating institutions of higher education 14 as defined in RCW 28B.10.016. High school transition courses must 15 16 satisfy core or elective credit graduation requirements established 17 by the state board of education. A student's successful completion of a high school transition course does not entitle the student to be 18 19 admitted to an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016; 20

(d) Earn high school credit, with a C+ grade or higher in AP, 21 international baccalaureate, or Cambridge international courses in 22 23 English language arts and mathematics; or earn at least the minimum scores outlined in RCW 28B.10.054(1) on the corresponding exams. The 24 25 state board of education shall establish by rule the list of AP, international baccalaureate, and Cambridge international courses of 26 27 which successful completion meets the standard in this subsection for 28 English language arts and for mathematics;

(e) Meet or exceed the scores established by the state board of education for the mathematics portion and the reading, English, or writing portion of the SAT or ACT;

32 (f) (i) Complete a performance-based learning experience through 33 which the student demonstrates knowledge and skills in a real-world context, providing evidence that the student meets or exceeds state 34 learning standards in English language arts and mathematics. The 35 36 performance-based learning experience may take a variety of forms, such as a project, practicum, work-related experience, community 37 service, or cultural activity, and may result in a variety of 38 39 products that can be evaluated, such as a performance, presentation, 40 portfolio, report, film, or exhibit.

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1 (ii) The performance-based learning experience must conform to state requirements established in rule by the state board of 2 education addressing the safety and quality of the performance-based 3 learning experience and the authentic performance-based assessment 4 criteria for determining the student has demonstrated the applicable 5 6 learning standards. The rules adopted by the state board of education 7 to implement the graduation pathway option established in this <u>subsection (2)(f)</u> may allow external parties, including community 8 leaders and professionals, to participate in the evaluation of the 9 10 student's performance and must include at least one certificated teacher with an endorsement in each relevant subject area or with 11 12 other applicable qualifications as permitted by the professional educator standards board. 13

14 (iii) To support implementation of the performance-based learning 15 experience graduation pathway option, the state board of education, 16 in collaboration with the office of the superintendent of public 17 instruction, shall establish graduation proficiency targets and 18 associated rubrics aligned with state learning standards in English 19 language arts and mathematics.

(iv) Prior to offering the performance-based learning experience graduation pathway option in this subsection (((3))) (2)(f) to students, the school district board of directors shall adopt a written policy in conformity with applicable state requirements;

(g) Meet any combination of at least one English language arts option and at least one mathematics option established in (a) through (f) of this subsection;

27 (h) Meet standard in the armed services vocational aptitude 28 battery; and

(i) Complete a sequence of career and technical education courses 29 that are relevant to a student's postsecondary pathway, including 30 31 those leading to workforce entry, state or nationally approved apprenticeships, or postsecondary education, and that meet either: 32 The curriculum requirements of core plus programs for aerospace, 33 maritime, health care, information technology, or construction and 34 manufacturing; or the minimum criteria identified in RCW 28A.700.030. 35 Nothing in this subsection (((3))) <u>(2)</u>(i) requires a student to 36 enroll in a preparatory course that is approved under RCW 28A.700.030 37 for the purposes of demonstrating career and college readiness under 38 39 this section.

1 (((4))) (3) While the legislature encourages school districts to 2 make all <u>graduation</u> pathway options established in this section 3 available to their high school students, and to expand their 4 <u>graduation</u> pathway options until that goal is met, school districts 5 have discretion in determining which ((pathway)) options under this 6 section they will offer to students.

(4) School districts $((, however_{t}))$ must annually provide students 7 in grades eight through 12 and their parents or legal guardians with 8 comprehensive information about the graduation pathway options 9 offered by the school district and are strongly encouraged to begin 10 11 providing this information ((beginning in sixth grade)) to students 12 in grade six. School districts must provide this information in a manner that conforms with the school district's language access 13 policy and procedures as required under RCW 28A.183.040. 14

15 (5) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement 16 the graduation pathway options established in this section.

17 Sec. 6. RCW 28A.655.260 and 2023 c 349 s 3 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall collect the 19 20 following information from school districts: Which ((of the)) graduation ((pathways under RCW 28A.655.250)) pathway options 21 22 established in RCW 28A.655.250 are available to students at each ((of the)) school district((s)); and the number of students using each 23 24 graduation pathway option for graduation purposes. This information 25 shall be reported annually to the education committees of the legislature beginning January 10, 2021. To the extent feasible, data 26 27 on student participation in each ((of the)) graduation pathway((s)) 28 option shall be disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, and receipt 29 of free or reduced-price lunch.

30 (2) The state board of education shall review and monitor the 31 implementation of the graduation pathway options to ensure school 32 district compliance with requirements established under RCW 28A.655.250 (as recodified by this act) and subsection (3) of this 33 section. The reviews and monitoring required by this subsection may 34 be conducted concurrently with other oversight and monitoring 35 conducted by the state board of education. The information shall be 36 collected annually and reported to the education committees of the 37 38 legislature by January 10, 2025, and biennially thereafter.

1 (3) (a) At least annually, school districts shall examine data on 2 student groups participating in and completing each graduation 3 pathway option offered by the school district. At a minimum, the data 4 on graduation pathway participation and completion must be 5 disaggregated by the student groups described in RCW 28A.300.042 (1) 6 and (3), and by:

7 (i) Gender;

8 (ii) Students who are the subject of a dependency proceeding 9 pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW;

10 (iii) Students who are experiencing homelessness as defined in 11 RCW 28A.300.542((-(++))); and

12

(iv) Multilingual/English learners.

(b) If the results of the analysis required under (a) of this subsection show disproportionate participation and completion rates by student groups, ((then)) the school district shall identify reasons for the observed disproportionality and implement strategies as appropriate to ensure the graduation pathway options are equitably available to all students in the school district.

19 Sec. 7. RCW 28A.230.212 and 2023 c 271 s 3 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) ((This section establishes the school district, content, and other substantive requirements for the high school and beyond plan required by RCW 28A.230.090)) Each student must have a high school and beyond plan to guide the student's high school experience and inform course taking that is aligned with the student's goals for education or training and career after high school.

27 (2) (a) ((Beginning by the seventh)) By grade seven, each student must be administered a career interest and skills inventory which is 28 intended to be used to inform ((eighth)) grade eight course taking 29 30 and development of an initial high school and beyond plan. No later than ((eighth)) grade eight, each student must have begun development 31 of a high school and beyond plan that includes a proposed plan for 32 first-year high school courses aligned with graduation requirements 33 and secondary and postsecondary goals. 34

35 (b) For each student who has not earned a score of level 3 or 4 36 on the middle school mathematics assessment identified in RCW 37 28A.655.070 by ((ninth)) grade <u>nine</u>, the high school and beyond plan 38 must be updated to ensure that the student takes a mathematics course 39 in both ((ninth and 10th)) grades <u>nine and 10</u>. These courses may

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include career and technical education equivalencies in mathematics
 adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.230.097.

3 (3) With staff support, students must update their high school 4 and beyond plan annually, at a minimum, to review academic progress 5 and inform future course taking.

6 (a) The high school and beyond plan must be updated in ((10th)) 7 grade <u>10</u> to reflect high school assessment results in RCW 8 28A.655.061, ensure student access to advanced course options per the 9 district's academic acceleration policy in RCW 28A.320.195, assess 10 progress toward identified goals, and revised as necessary for 11 changing interests, goals, and needs.

12 (b) Each school district shall provide students who have not met the standard on state assessments or who are behind in completion of 13 credits or graduation pathway options with the opportunity to access 14 interventions and academic supports, courses, or both, designed to 15 16 enable students to meet all high school graduation requirements. The 17 legal guardians shall be notified parents or about these opportunities as included in the student's high school and beyond 18 plan, preferably through a student-led conference, including the 19 parents or legal guardians, and at least annually until the student 20 21 is on track to graduate.

(c) For students with an individualized education program, the high school and beyond plan must be developed and updated in alignment with their school to postschool transition plan. The high school and beyond plan must be developed and updated in a similar manner and with similar school personnel as for all other students.

(4) School districts shall involve parents and legal guardians to
the greatest extent feasible in the process of developing and
updating the high school and beyond plan.

30 (a) ((The plan)) <u>High school and beyond plans</u> must be provided to 31 ((the)) students and ((the students')) <u>their</u> parents or legal 32 guardians in a language the students and parents or legal guardians 33 understand and in accordance with the school district's language 34 access policy and procedures as required under chapter 28A.183 RCW, 35 which may require language assistance for students and parents or 36 legal guardians with limited English proficiency.

37 (b) School districts must annually provide students in grades 38 eight through 12, and their parents or legal guardians, with 39 comprehensive information about the graduation pathway options 40 offered by the district and are strongly encouraged to begin

1 providing this information ((beginning in sixth)) to students in 2 grade six. School districts must provide this information in a manner 3 that conforms with the school district's language access policy and 4 procedures as required under chapter 28A.183 RCW.

5 (5) School districts are strongly encouraged to partner with 6 student serving, community-based organizations that support career 7 and college exploration and preparation for postsecondary and career 8 pathways. Partnerships may include high school and beyond plan 9 coordination and planning, data-sharing agreements, and safe and 10 secure access to individual student's high school and beyond plans.

11 (6) All high school and beyond plans must, at a minimum, include 12 the following elements:

13 (a) Identification of career goals and interests, aided by a14 skills and interest assessment;

15 (b) Identification of secondary and postsecondary education and 16 training goals;

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(c) An academic plan for course taking that:

18 (i) Informs students about course options for satisfying state 19 and local graduation requirements;

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(ii) Satisfies state and local graduation requirements;

(iii) Aligns with the student's secondary and postsecondary goals, which can include education, training, and career preparation;

(iv) Identifies available advanced course sequences per the school district's academic acceleration policy, as described in RCW 28A.320.195, that include dual credit courses or other programs and are aligned with the student's postsecondary goals;

(v) Informs students about the potential impacts of their course selections on postsecondary opportunities;

(vi) Identifies available career and technical education equivalency courses that can satisfy core subject area graduation requirements under RCW 28A.230.097;

32 (vii) If applicable, identifies career and technical education 33 and work-based learning opportunities that can lead to technical 34 college certifications and apprenticeships; and

35 (viii) If applicable, identifies opportunities for credit 36 recovery and acceleration, including partial and mastery-based credit 37 accrual to eliminate barriers for on-time grade level progression and 38 graduation per RCW 28A.320.192; 1 (d) Evidence that the student has received the following 2 information on federal and state financial aid programs that help pay 3 for the costs of a postsecondary program:

4 (i) The college bound scholarship program established in chapter
5 28B.118 RCW, the Washington college grant created in RCW 28B.92.200,
6 and other scholarship opportunities;

7 (ii) The documentation necessary for completing state and federal
8 financial aid applications; application timeliness and submission
9 deadlines; and the importance of submitting applications early;

10 (iii) Information specific to students who are or have been the 11 subject of a dependency proceeding pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW, who 12 are or are at risk of being homeless, and whose family member or 13 legal guardian will be required to provide financial and tax 14 information necessary to complete applications;

(iv) Opportunities to participate in advising days and seminars that assist students and, when necessary, their parents or legal guardians, with filling out financial aid applications in accordance with RCW 28A.300.815; and

(v) A sample financial aid letter and a link to the financial aid calculator created in RCW 28B.77.280; and

(e) By the end of ((the 12th)) grade <u>12</u>, a current resume or activity log that provides a written compilation of the student's education, any work experience, extracurricular activities, and any community service including how the school district has recognized the community service pursuant to RCW 28A.320.193.

(7) ((In accordance with RCW 28A.230.090(1)(c) any)) Any decision on whether a student has met the state ((board's high school graduation)) board of education's requirements for a high school and beyond plan shall remain at the local level, and a school district may establish additional, local requirements for a high school and beyond plan to serve the needs and interests of its students and the purposes of this section.

33 (8) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement 34 this section.

35 Sec. 8. RCW 28A.230.300 and 2021 c 307 s 1 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) Beginning no later than the 2022-23 school year, each school 38 district that operates a high school must, at a minimum, provide an 39 opportunity to access an elective computer science course that is

available to all high school students. School districts are encouraged to consider community-based or public-private partnerships in establishing and administering a course, but any course offered in accordance with this section must be aligned to the state learning standards for computer science or mathematics.

6 (2) In accordance with the requirements of this section, beginning in the 2019-20 school year, school districts may award 7 academic credit for computer science to students based on student 8 completion of a competency examination that is aligned with the state 9 10 learning standards for computer science or mathematics and course 11 equivalency requirements adopted by the office of the superintendent 12 of public instruction to implement this section. Each school district board of directors in districts that award credit under this 13 subsection shall develop a written policy for awarding such credit 14 15 that includes:

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(a) A course equivalency approval procedure;

(b) Procedures for awarding competency-based credit for skillslearned partially or wholly outside of a course; and

(c) An approval process for computer science courses taken before attending high school under ((RCW 28A.230.090 (4) and (5))) section 4 of this act.

(3) Prior to the use of any competency examination under this section that may be used to award academic credit to students, the office of the superintendent of public instruction must review the examination to ensure its alignment with:

26 (a) The state learning standards for computer science or 27 mathematics; and

(b) Course equivalency requirements adopted by the office of thesuperintendent of public instruction to implement this section.

30 (4) (a) For purposes of meeting graduation requirements under RCW 31 28A.230.090, a student may substitute a computer science course 32 aligned to state computer science learning standards as an 33 alternative to a third year mathematics or third year science course 34 if:

(i) Prior to the substitution, the school counselor provides the student and the student's parent or guardian with written notification of the consequences of the substitution on postsecondary opportunities; 1 (ii) The student, the student's parent or guardian, and the 2 student's school counselor or principal agree to the substitution; 3 and

4 (iii) The substitution is aligned with the student's high school 5 and beyond plan.

6 (b) A substitution permitted under this subsection (4) may only 7 be used once per student.

8 Sec. 9. RCW 28A.230.320 and 2023 c 271 s 8 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) Beginning with the class of 2020, the state board of 11 education may authorize school districts to grant individual student 12 emergency waivers from credit and subject area graduation 13 requirements established in <u>accordance with</u> RCW 28A.230.090, the 14 graduation pathway requirement established in RCW 28A.655.250 (as 15 recodified by this act), or both if:

16 (a) The student's ability to complete the requirement was impeded 17 due to a significant disruption resulting from a local, state, or 18 national emergency;

(b) The school district demonstrates a good faith effort to support the individual student in meeting the requirement before considering an emergency waiver;

(c) The student was reasonably expected to graduate in the schoolyear when the emergency waiver is granted; and

(d) The student has demonstrated skills and knowledge indicating
preparation for the next steps identified in their high school and
beyond plan ((under RCW 28A.230.212 and 28A.230.215)) required by RCW
<u>28A.230.212</u> and for success in postsecondary education, gainful
employment, and civic engagement.

29 (2) A school district that is granted emergency waiver authority 30 under this section shall:

31 (a) Maintain a record of courses and requirements waived as part32 of the individual student record;

33 (b) Include a notation of waived credits on the student's high 34 school transcript;

35 (c) Maintain records as necessary and as required by rule of the 36 state board of education to document compliance with subsection 37 (1)(b) of this section;

38 (d) Report student level emergency waiver data to the office of 39 the superintendent of public instruction in a manner determined by

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1 the superintendent of public instruction in consultation with the 2 state board of education;

3 (e) Determine if there is disproportionality among student 4 subgroups receiving emergency waivers and, if so, take appropriate 5 corrective actions to ensure equitable administration. At a minimum, 6 the subgroups to be examined must include those referenced in RCW 7 28A.300.042(3). If further disaggregation of subgroups is available, 8 the school district shall also examine those subgroups; and

9 (f) Adopt by resolution a written plan that describes the school 10 district's process for students to request or decline an emergency 11 waiver, and a process for students to appeal within the school 12 district a decision to not grant an emergency waiver.

13 (3)(((a))) By November 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, the 14 office of the superintendent of public instruction shall provide the 15 data reported under subsection (2) of this section to the state board 16 of education.

17 (((b) The state board of education, by December 15, 2021, and 18 within existing resources, shall provide the education committees of 19 the legislature with a summary of the emergency waiver data provided 20 by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under this 21 subsection (3) for students in the graduating classes of 2020 and 22 2021. The summary must include the following information:

(i) The total number of emergency waivers requested and issued, by school district, including an indication of what requirement or requirements were waived. Information provided in accordance with this subsection (3)(b)(i) must also indicate the number of students in the school district grade cohort of each student receiving a waiver; and

29 (ii) An analysis of any concerns regarding school district 30 implementation, including any concerns related to school district 31 demonstrations of good faith efforts as required by subsection (1)(b) 32 of this section, identified by the state board of education during 33 its review of the data.))

34 (4) The state board of education shall adopt and may periodically 35 revise rules for eligibility and administration of emergency waivers 36 under this section. The rules may include:

(a) An application and approval process that allows school
 districts to apply to the state board of education to receive
 authority to grant emergency waivers in response to an emergency;

(b) Eligibility criteria for meeting the requirements established
 in subsection (1) of this section;

3 (c) Limitations on the number and type of credits that can be 4 waived; and

5 (d) Expectations of the school district regarding communication 6 with students and their parents or guardians.

(5) For purposes of this section:

7

8 (a) "Emergency" has the same meaning as "emergency or disaster" 9 in RCW 38.52.010. "Emergency" may also include a national declaration 10 of emergency by an authorized federal official.

(b) "School district" means any school district, charter school established under chapter 28A.710 RCW, ((tribal compact school operated according to the terms of state-tribal education compacts authorized under)) state-tribal education compact school subject to chapter 28A.715 RCW, private school, state school established under chapter 72.40 RCW, and community and technical college granting high school diplomas.

18 Sec. 10. RCW 28A.150.220 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 506 are each 19 amended to read as follows:

20 (1) In order for students to have the opportunity to develop the basic education knowledge and skills under RCW 28A.150.210, school 21 22 districts must provide instruction of sufficient quantity and quality and give students the opportunity to complete graduation requirements 23 24 that are intended to prepare them for postsecondary education, gainful employment, and citizenship. The program established under 25 this section shall be the minimum instructional program of basic 26 27 education offered by school districts.

(2) Each school district shall make available to students thefollowing minimum instructional offering each school year:

30 (a) For students enrolled in grades one through ((twelve)) 12, at 31 least a district-wide annual average of ((one thousand)) 1,000 hours, which shall be increased beginning in the 2015-16 school year to at 32 least ((one thousand eighty)) <u>1,080</u> instructional hours for students 33 enrolled in grades nine through ((twelve)) 12 and at least ((one 34 thousand)) <u>1,000</u> instructional hours for students in grades one 35 through eight, all of which may be calculated by a school district 36 using a district-wide annual average of instructional hours over 37 38 grades one through ((twelve)) 12; and

1 (b) For students enrolled in kindergarten, at least ((four 2 hundred fifty)) 450 instructional hours, which shall be increased to 3 at least ((one thousand)) 1,000 instructional hours according to the 4 implementation schedule under RCW 28A.150.315.

5 (3) The instructional program of basic education provided by each 6 school district shall include:

7 (a) Instruction in the ((essential academic learning 8 requirements)) state learning standards under RCW 28A.655.070;

9 (b) Instruction that provides students the opportunity to 10 complete ((twenty-four)) 24 credits for high school graduation(($_{\tau}$ 11 beginning with the graduating class of 2019 or as otherwise provided 12 in RCW 28A.230.090)). Course distribution requirements may be 13 established by the state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090;

14 (c) If the ((essential academic learning requirements)) state 15 <u>learning standards</u> include a requirement of languages other than 16 English, the requirement may be met by students receiving instruction 17 in one or more American Indian languages;

18 (d) Supplemental instruction and services for students who are 19 not meeting academic standards through the learning assistance 20 program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065;

(e) Supplemental instruction and services for eligible and enrolled students and exited students whose primary language is other than English through the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080;

(f) The opportunity for an appropriate education at public expense as defined by RCW 28A.155.020 for all eligible students with disabilities as defined in RCW 28A.155.020; and

(g) Programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010through 28A.185.030.

30 (4) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to 31 require individual students to attend school for any particular 32 number of hours per day or to take any particular courses.

(5)(a) Each school district's kindergarten through ((twelfth)) 33 <u>12th</u> grade basic educational program shall be accessible to all 34 students who are five years of age, as provided by RCW 28A.225.160, 35 and less than ((twenty-one)) 21 years of age and shall consist of a 36 minimum of ((one hundred eighty)) 180 school days per school year in 37 such grades as are conducted by a school district, and ((one hundred 38 equivalent, 39 eighty)) 180 half-days of instruction, or in 40 kindergarten, to be increased to a minimum of ((one hundred eighty))

<u>180</u> school days per school year according to the implementation
 2 schedule under RCW 28A.150.315.

3 (b) Schools administering the Washington kindergarten inventory 4 of developing skills may use up to three school days at the beginning 5 of the school year to meet with parents and families as required in 6 the parent involvement component of the inventory.

(c) In the case of students who are graduating from high school, 7 a school district may schedule the last five school days of the ((one 8 hundred eighty)) <u>180-</u>day school year for noninstructional purposes 9 including, but not limited to, the observance of graduation and early 10 11 release from school upon the request of a student. All such students 12 may be claimed as a full-time equivalent student to the extent they could otherwise have been so claimed for the purposes of RCW 13 28A.150.250 and 28A.150.260. Any hours scheduled by a school district 14 for noninstructional purposes during the last five school days for 15 16 such students shall count toward the instructional hours requirement 17 in subsection (2)(a) of this section.

18 (6) Subject to RCW 28A.150.276, nothing in this section precludes 19 a school district from enriching the instructional program of basic 20 education, such as offering additional instruction or providing 21 additional services, programs, or activities that the school district 22 determines to be appropriate for the education of the school 23 district's students.

(7) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement and ensure compliance with the program requirements imposed by this section, RCW 28A.150.250 and 28A.150.260, and such related supplemental program approval requirements as the state board may establish.

29 Sec. 11. RCW 28A.300.900 and 2023 c 271 s 9 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

(1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the state board for community and technical colleges and the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, shall examine opportunities for promoting recognized preapprenticeship and registered youth apprenticeship opportunities for high school students.

38 (2) In accordance with this section, by November 1, 2018, the 39 office of the superintendent of public instruction shall solicit

1 input from persons and organizations with an interest or relevant 2 expertise in registered preapprenticeship programs, registered youth 3 apprenticeship programs, or both, and employer-based 4 preapprenticeship and youth apprenticeship programs, and provide a 5 report to the governor and the education committees of the house of 6 representatives and the senate that includes recommendations for:

(a) Improving alignment between college-level vocational courses 7 at institutions of higher education and high school curriculum and 8 graduation requirements, including high school and beyond plans 9 required by ((RCW 28A.230.090 and in accordance with)) RCW 10 28A.230.212 ((and 28A.230.215)). Recommendations provided under this 11 12 subsection may include recommendations for the development or revision of career and technical education course equivalencies 13 established in accordance with RCW 28A.700.080(1)(b) for college-14 level vocational courses successfully completed by a student while in 15 16 high school and taken for dual credit;

17 (b) Identifying and removing barriers that prevent the wider 18 exploration and use of registered preapprenticeship and registered 19 youth apprenticeship opportunities by high school students and 20 opportunities for registered apprenticeships by graduating secondary 21 students; and

(c) Increasing awareness among teachers, counselors, students, parents, principals, school administrators, and the public about the opportunities offered by registered preapprenticeship and registered youth apprenticeship programs.

(3) As used in this section, "institution of higher education"has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.600.300.

28 Sec. 12. RCW 28A.300.750 and 2018 c 177 s 502 are each amended 29 to read as follows:

30 (1) (a) In accordance with the criteria adopted by the state board 31 of education under subsection (2) of this section, the superintendent of public instruction may grant waivers to school districts from the 32 provisions of RCW 28A.150.200 through 28A.150.220, except as provided 33 in (b) of this subsection, on the basis that such waiver or waivers 34 35 are necessary to implement successfully a local plan to provide for all students in the district an effective education system that is 36 designed to enhance the educational program for each student. The 37 38 local plan may include alternative ways to provide effective

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educational programs for students who experience difficulty with the
 regular education program.

3 (b) The state board of education shall have authority to grant 4 waivers from the provisions of RCW 28A.150.220(3)(b) and to grant the 5 waivers set forth in RCW 28A.230.090(((1)(e)(ii))) <u>(2)</u> and 6 28A.655.180.

7 (2) The state board of education shall adopt rules establishing
8 the criteria to evaluate the need for a waiver or waivers under this
9 section.

10 Sec. 13. RCW 28A.305.130 and 2021 c 111 s 10 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

The purpose of the state board of education is to provide 12 advocacy and strategic oversight of public education; implement a 13 standards-based accountability framework that creates a unified 14 15 system of increasing levels of support for schools in order to 16 improve student academic achievement; provide leadership in the creation of a system that personalizes education for each student and 17 18 respects diverse cultures, abilities, and learning styles; and promote achievement of the goals of RCW 28A.150.210. In addition to 19 20 any other powers and duties as provided by law, the state board of 21 education shall:

(1) Hold regularly scheduled meetings at such time and place within the state as the board shall determine and may hold such special meetings as may be deemed necessary for the transaction of public business;

26 (2) Form committees as necessary to effectively and efficiently27 conduct the work of the board;

(3) Seek advice from the public and interested parties regardingthe work of the board;

30 (4) <u>Establish and enforce minimum high school graduation</u> 31 <u>requirements;</u>

(5) For purposes of statewide accountability:

32

(a) Adopt and revise performance improvement goals in reading, writing, science, and mathematics, by subject and grade level, once assessments in these subjects are required statewide; academic and technical skills, as appropriate, in secondary career and technical education programs; and student attendance, as the board deems appropriate to improve student learning. The goals shall be consistent with student privacy protection provisions of RCW

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1 28A.655.090(7) and shall not conflict with requirements contained in Title I of the federal elementary and secondary education act of 2 1965, or the requirements of the Carl D. Perkins vocational education 3 act of 1998, each as amended. The goals may be established for all 4 students, economically disadvantaged students, limited English 5 6 proficient students, students with disabilities, and students who are 7 not meeting academic standards as defined in RCW 28A.165.015, disaggregated as described in RCW 28A.300.042(1) for student-level 8 data. The board may establish school and school district goals 9 addressing high school graduation rates and dropout reduction goals 10 11 for students in grades seven through ((twelve)) 12. The board shall 12 adopt the goals by rule. However, before each goal is implemented, the board shall present the goal to the education committees of the 13 14 house of representatives and the senate for the committees' review and comment in a time frame that will permit the legislature to take 15 16 statutory action on the goal if such action is deemed warranted by 17 the legislature;

(b) (i) (A) Identify the scores students must achieve in order to 18 19 meet the standard on the statewide student assessment, and the SAT or the ACT if used to demonstrate career and college readiness under RCW 20 28A.655.250 (as recodified by this act). The board shall also 21 determine student scores that identify levels of student performance 22 below and beyond the standard. The board shall set such performance 23 standards and levels in consultation with the superintendent of 24 25 public instruction and after consideration of any recommendations that may be developed by any advisory committees that may be 26 established for this purpose; 27

28 (B) To permit the legislature to take any statutory action it deems warranted before modified or newly established scores are 29 implemented, the board shall notify the education committees of the 30 31 house of representatives and the senate of any scores that are 32 modified or established under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection on or after July 28, 2019. The notifications required by this subsection 33 ((-(4))) (5) (b) (i) (B) must be provided by November 30th of the year 34 proceeding the beginning of the school year in which the modified or 35 established scores will take effect; 36

(ii) The legislature intends to continue the implementation of chapter 22, Laws of 2013 2nd sp. sess. when the legislature expressed the intent for the state board of education to identify the student performance standard that demonstrates a student's career and college

1 readiness for the ((eleventh)) <u>11th</u> grade consortium-developed assessments. Therefore, by December 1, 2018, the state board of 2 education, in consultation with the superintendent of public 3 instruction, must identify and report to the governor and the 4 education policy and fiscal committees of the legislature on the 5 6 equivalent student performance standard that a ((tenth)) 10th grade student would need to achieve on the state assessments to be on track 7 to be career and college ready at the end of the student's high 8 school experience; 9

(iii) The legislature shall be advised of the initial performance 10 standards and any changes made to the elementary, middle, and high 11 12 school level performance standards. The board must provide an explanation of and rationale for all initial performance standards 13 and any changes, for all grade levels of the statewide student 14 15 assessment. If the board changes the performance standards for any 16 grade level or subject, the superintendent of public instruction must 17 recalculate the results from the previous ((ten)) 10 years of administering that assessment regarding students below, meeting, and 18 19 beyond the state standard, to the extent that this data is available, and post a comparison of the original and recalculated results on the 20 superintendent's website; 21

(c) Annually review the assessment reporting system to ensure fairness, accuracy, timeliness, and equity of opportunity, especially with regard to schools with special circumstances and unique populations of students, and a recommendation to the superintendent of public instruction of any improvements needed to the system; and

(d) Include in the biennial report required under RCW
28A.305.035, information on the progress that has been made in
achieving goals adopted by the board;

((((5))) (6) Accredit, subject to such accreditation standards and 30 31 procedures as may be established by the state board of education, all 32 private schools that apply for accreditation, and approve, subject to the provisions of RCW 28A.195.010, private schools carrying out a 33 program for any or all of the grades kindergarten through ((twelve)) 34 12. However, no private school may be approved that operates a 35 kindergarten program only and no private school shall be placed upon 36 the list of accredited schools so long as secret societies are 37 knowingly allowed to exist among its students by school officials; 38

39 (((6))) <u>(7)</u> Articulate with the institutions of higher education, 40 workforce representatives, and early learning policymakers and

1 providers to coordinate and unify the work of the public school
2 system;

(((-7))) (8) Hire an executive director and an administrative 3 assistant to reside in the office of the superintendent of public 4 instruction for administrative purposes. Any other personnel of the 5 6 board shall be appointed as provided by RCW 28A.300.020. The board may delegate to the executive director by resolution such duties as 7 deemed necessary to efficiently carry on the business of the board 8 including, but not limited to, the authority to employ necessary 9 personnel and the authority to enter into, amend, and terminate 10 contracts on behalf of the board. The executive director, 11 12 administrative assistant, and all but one of the other personnel of the board are exempt from civil service, together with other staff as 13 14 now or hereafter designated as exempt in accordance with chapter 41.06 RCW; and 15

16 (((+8))) (9) Adopt a seal that shall be kept in the office of the 17 superintendent of public instruction.

 NEW SECTION.
 Sec. 14.
 RCW 28A.320.208,
 28A.655.250,
 and

 19
 28A.655.260 are each recodified as sections in chapter 28A.230 RCW.

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