SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2173

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By House State Government & Tribal Relations (originally sponsored by Representatives Ybarra, Dye, Fitzgibbon, and Doglio)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/24.

- AN ACT Relating to executive sessions by publicly owned natural gas utilities under the open public meetings act in order to comply with the climate commitment act; reenacting and amending RCW 42.30.110; and creating a new section.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The climate commitment act requires 7 natural gas utilities to obtain greenhouse gas allowances to offset a Because the allowance auctions must 8 portion of emissions. 9 carefully regulated to guard against market interference, utilities 10 are strictly prohibited from disclosing any information about how 11 they plan to participate in a specific auction. Investor-owned 12 natural gas utilities, which are governed by a private board of 13 directors, are able to keep this information confidential. 14 contrast, publicly owned natural gas utilities are overseen by the 15 elected city council and are therefore governed by the open public 16 meetings act, which requires that deliberations be conducted in 17 public. Managers of publicly owned natural gas utilities face a 18 conflict between the mandates of the climate commitment act to keep 19 greenhouse gas allowance auction bidding information confidential, 20 and the open public meetings act which requires public decision 21 making. This act allows the governing body of a public owned natural

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- 1 gas utility to meet in executive session to consider the information
- 2 necessary to comply with the climate commitment act's protection of
- 3 all information necessary to participate in the greenhouse gas
- 4 allowance market.

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- 5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 42.30.110 and 2022 c 153 s 13 and 2022 c 115 s 12 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to prevent a governing body from holding an executive session during a regular or special meeting:
 - (a) (i) To consider matters affecting national security;
- 11 (ii) To consider, if in compliance with any required data security breach disclosure under RCW 19.255.010 and 42.56.590, and 12 13 legal counsel available, information regarding the infrastructure and security of computer and telecommunications 14 15 networks, security and service recovery plans, security risk 16 assessments and security test results to the extent that they 17 identify specific system vulnerabilities, and other information that if made public may increase the risk to the confidentiality, 18 integrity, or availability of agency security or to information 19 20 technology infrastructure or assets;
 - (b) To consider the selection of a site or the acquisition of real estate by lease or purchase when public knowledge regarding such consideration would cause a likelihood of increased price;
 - (c) To consider the minimum price at which real estate will be offered for sale or lease when public knowledge regarding such consideration would cause a likelihood of decreased price. However, final action selling or leasing public property shall be taken in a meeting open to the public;
 - (d) To review negotiations on the performance of publicly bid contracts when public knowledge regarding such consideration would cause a likelihood of increased costs;
 - (e) To consider, in the case of an export trading company, financial and commercial information supplied by private persons to the export trading company;
- 35 (f) To receive and evaluate complaints or charges brought against 36 a public officer or employee. However, upon the request of such 37 officer or employee, a public hearing or a meeting open to the public 38 shall be conducted upon such complaint or charge;

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1 (g) To evaluate the qualifications of an applicant for public employment or to review the performance of a public employee. However, subject to RCW 42.30.140(4), discussion by a governing body 3 of salaries, wages, and other conditions of employment to be 4 generally applied within the agency shall occur in a meeting open to 5 6 the public, and when a governing body elects to take final action hiring, setting the salary of an individual employee or class of 7 employees, or discharging or disciplining an employee, that action 8 shall be taken in a meeting open to the public; 9

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- (h) To evaluate the qualifications of a candidate for appointment to elective office. However, any interview of such candidate and final action appointing a candidate to elective office shall be in a meeting open to the public;
- (i) To discuss with legal counsel representing the agency matters relating to agency enforcement actions, or to discuss with legal counsel representing the agency litigation or potential litigation to which the agency, the governing body, or a member acting in an official capacity is, or is likely to become, a party, when public knowledge regarding the discussion is likely to result in an adverse legal or financial consequence to the agency.

This subsection (1)(i) does not permit a governing body to hold an executive session solely because an attorney representing the agency is present. For purposes of this subsection (1)(i), "potential litigation" means matters protected by RPC 1.6 or RCW 5.60.060(2)(a) concerning:

- (i) Litigation that has been specifically threatened to which the agency, the governing body, or a member acting in an official capacity is, or is likely to become, a party;
- (ii) Litigation that the agency reasonably believes may be commenced by or against the agency, the governing body, or a member acting in an official capacity; or
- (iii) Litigation or legal risks of a proposed action or current practice that the agency has identified when public discussion of the litigation or legal risks is likely to result in an adverse legal or financial consequence to the agency;
- (j) To consider, in the case of the state library commission or its advisory bodies, western library network prices, products, equipment, and services, when such discussion would be likely to adversely affect the network's ability to conduct business in a

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competitive economic climate. However, final action on these matters shall be taken in a meeting open to the public;

- (k) To consider, in the case of the state investment board, financial and commercial information when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when public knowledge regarding the discussion would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information;
- 8 (1) To consider proprietary or confidential nonpublished 9 information related to the development, acquisition, or 10 implementation of state purchased health care services as provided in 11 RCW 41.05.026;
 - (m) To consider in the case of the life sciences discovery fund authority, the substance of grant applications and grant awards when public knowledge regarding the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to the providers of this information;
 - (n) To consider in the case of a health sciences and services authority, the substance of grant applications and grant awards when public knowledge regarding the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to the providers of this information;
 - (o) To consider information regarding staff privileges or quality improvement committees under RCW 70.41.205;
 - (p) To consider proprietary or confidential data collected or analyzed pursuant to chapter 70.405 RCW;
 - (q) For municipal gas utilities authorized under Title 35 or 35A RCW, to consider greenhouse gas allowance auction bidding information that is prohibited from public disclosure under RCW 70A.65.100.
 - (2) Before convening in executive session, the presiding officer of a governing body shall publicly announce the purpose for excluding the public from the meeting place, and the time when the executive session will be concluded. The executive session may be extended to a stated later time by announcement of the presiding officer. The announced purpose of excluding the public must be entered into the minutes of the meeting required by RCW 42.30.035.

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