SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2242

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By House Postsecondary Education & Workforce (originally sponsored by Representatives Orwall, Pollet, Ramel, Callan, Fosse, Leavitt, Davis, and Morgan)

READ FIRST TIME 01/29/24.

1 AN ACT Relating to supporting sexual assault survivors at 2 institutions of higher education; amending RCW 28B.112.040; adding 3 new sections to chapter 28B.112 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

The legislature recognizes that policies 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. 6 concerning sex-based violence and harassment have evolved into a 7 survivor-focused, victim-centered approach on a state level. While 8 college campuses have been working in this area, this approach has 9 not been fully realized on college campuses, and sex-based violence 10 and harassment remain a major barrier for students working to achieve 11 their educational goals. Postsecondary students lack adequate 12 protections against sex-based violence and harassment as well as 13 avenues for justice. Survivors at postsecondary institutions should 14 be entitled to certain protections, resources, and accommodations to 15 help them navigate the aftermath of traumatic sex-based violence and 16 harassment.

17 The legislature has previously found in section 1, chapter 335, 18 Laws of 2020 that nondisclosure agreements, which prevent an 19 institution from disclosing that an employee has committed sexual 20 misconduct, create a high potential for students in jeopardy of being 21 victimized. Therefore, the legislature finds such nondisclosure

agreements between an employee and institution, pursuant to which the institution agrees not to disclose findings of sexual misconduct supported by a preponderance of evidence or not to complete an investigation, are against public policy and should not be entered into by any Washington postsecondary educational institution and should not be enforced by Washington courts.

7 The legislature also finds that the same public policy to protect 8 students, faculty, and staff from serial sexual misconduct should 9 extend to nondisclosure agreements proposed by a postsecondary 10 educational institution to a student who has filed a Title IX 11 complaint, other civil action, or criminal complaint arising from the 12 alleged sexual misconduct of a student or employee of the 13 institution.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28B.112
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 (1) In addition to all other rights provided in law, a student at 17 an institution of higher education in Washington who is a survivor of 18 sex-based violence and harassment has the right to:

(a) Engage with staff who have been trained in trauma-informed 19 20 care throughout the entirety of the disclosing process. Institutional 21 staff who are trained in trauma-informed care must be listed on each 22 institution of higher education's website in an easily accessible place. Title IX staff at each institution of higher education who may 23 24 interact with a survivor of sex-based violence and harassment must 25 receive at least three hours of training on relationship violence, abuse dynamics, impacts of trauma on the body, and other forms of 26 27 violence. The institution of higher education shall provide the training in accordance with section 4 of this act; 28

(b) A quick and timely institutional investigation process not to exceed six months from the date an investigation is initiated, unless extenuating circumstances exist. Students must be kept informed on the status of the investigation throughout the entirety of the process;

34 (c) In-person or live electronic education on reporting sex-based 35 violence and harassment at institutions of higher education and 36 available resources, including confidential advocates, for students 37 who have experienced sex-based violence and harassment on campus. 38 Education must be provided at the beginning of each academic term;

1 (d) Protection from legal retaliation for reporting sex-based 2 violence and harassment on campus, including strategic lawsuit 3 against public participation lawsuits advanced by a person being 4 accused of sex-based violence and harassment. Institutions of higher 5 education must have a policy against legal retaliation for reporting 6 sex-based violence and harassment;

7 (e) Mental health or counseling services, on campus or off-site, 8 regardless of whether the student chooses to make a formal report 9 through Title IX or to law enforcement. The institution of higher 10 education shall make a good faith effort to ensure students have 11 access to no less than six visits with the same mental health 12 provider either in person or electronically via telehealth;

(f) Access to confidential support services, which may include 13 peer advocates, confidential advocates, and gender-based violence 14 15 support groups. Beginning with the 2025-26 academic year, institutions of higher education must hire and train confidential 16 17 advocates. A confidential advocate trained in trauma-informed care must be available within two business days of a report being made. 18 Beginning with the 2027-28 academic year, the state college, state 19 universities, and regional universities that serve 8,000 or more 20 21 students shall provide students on campus and within a one-mile radius of campus 24/7 transportation access to sexual assault nurse 22 23 examiners and forensic medical services on campus or at a medical facility. Survivors must have the option to be accompanied by a 24 25 confidential advocate or peer advocate trained in trauma-informed care. Peer advocates must be trained in trauma-informed care and have 26 27 40 hours of basic advocacy training provided by the institution. 28 Confidential advocates may include personnel from the institution or from a partnership with a local victim's advocacy organization; 29

30 (g) Academic adjustments to prevent academic harm. Title IX staff 31 or a confidential advocate must be available to a survivor and that 32 survivor's instructors or supervisors to assist with the adjustment 33 request. Survivors must be permitted to participate in academic 34 activities through alternate means where feasible. Once an adjustment is requested under this subsection, the confidential advocate shall 35 collaborate with instructors or supervisors to identify the means of 36 37 adjustment that best preserves the benefits of the academic activity for the survivor. Adjustments must be available to sexual assault 38 39 survivors regardless of whether the student requesting adjustments has made a formal report through Title IX. Confidential advocates may 40

SHB 2242

not disclose any information regarding the survivor's experience to faculty in the course of negotiating academic adjustments under this subsection;

4 (h) Have court-issued no-contact and restraining orders honored 5 and reported to university police and security services by a trained 6 employee such as a confidential advocate when they become aware of 7 such an order; and

8 (i) Be made aware by an employee if the employee is a Title IX 9 mandatory reporter and to whom the employee reports.

10 (2) Unless otherwise stated, this section applies to (a) the 11 state universities, the regional universities, and the state college 12 as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and (b) all community and technical 13 colleges that serve 8,000 or more students.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28B.112
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 (1) The state universities, the regional universities, and the state college as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, and all community and 17 technical colleges that serve 8,000 or more students shall establish 18 or expand an existing committee to include a student health and 19 20 safety committee that includes representatives from various groups, 21 such as admissions, counseling, health care, student advocates, and 22 professors. The committee shall evaluate barriers that impact survivors of sex-based violence and harassment and their ability to 23 24 access services and obtain accommodations at institutions of higher education, and may collaborate with outside organizations and 25 entities focused on survivors of sex-based violence and harassment. 26

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(2) The student health and safety committee shall:

(a) Evaluate existing accommodations and make recommendations on
 how to facilitate existing processes to better serve survivors in
 requesting accommodations;

31 (b) Form community partnerships with local victims' advocacy 32 organizations; and

33 (c) Annually report its recommendations to the appropriate 34 committees of the legislature in accordance with RCW 43.01.036.

(3) Beginning with the 2025-26 academic year, the state college, the state universities, and the regional universities as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 that serve 8,000 or more students shall conduct surveys and outreach to collect student feedback on relevant issues, including on the availability of 24/7 transportation to a hospital or

SHB 2242

1 medical facility with sexual assault nurse examiners provided by 2 institutions.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28B.112
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) Beginning in the 2025 fall academic term, each state university, regional university, and the state college as defined in 6 RCW 28B.10.016, and all community and technical colleges that serve 7 8,000 or more students, shall provide at least three hours of 8 education on the Title IX reporting process for sex-based violence 9 10 and harassment, accessing support services, consent, and the availability and role of confidential advocates as defined in section 11 2 of this act either in person or electronically at the beginning of 12 each academic term. Additionally, institutions shall ensure that the 13 education is made available throughout the academic year. 14 15 Institutions shall make a good-faith effort to include perspectives 16 from sexual assault survivors.

17 (2) The education required in subsection (1) of this section must 18 be provided to all students and any employee of the institution of 19 higher education who may interact with a survivor of sex-based 20 violence and harassment.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28B.112 22 RCW to read as follows:

Postsecondary educational institutions may not propose, request, or pressure a student reporting sexual misconduct in a complaint filed with the institution under Title IX or otherwise, law enforcement, or in a civil court action to enter into a nondisclosure agreement relating to the alleged sexual misconduct by another student or employee of the institution.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28B.112
30 RCW to read as follows:

31 (1) The Title IX process may not exceed 180 business days from 32 the date a report is made unless extenuating circumstances exist. The 33 timeline for each step of the Title IX process is as follows:

(a) The institution of higher education must provide to the
 student information on available resources, including information on
 the Title IX process, counseling services, and confidential
 advocates, within two business days of making a report;

SHB 2242

1 (b) The initial assessment must be completed within 10 business 2 days of the student meeting with Title IX personnel and providing the 3 necessary information to complete an assessment, including whether 4 the investigation will proceed under Title IX or the institution of 5 higher education's internal process;

6 (c) The investigation must be completed within 120 business days 7 of the initial report or disclosure. This process includes the final 8 decision and subsequent hearings; and

9 (d) If a sanction is issued it must be determined and 10 administered within 10 business days of the final decision.

11 (2) If the process will take longer than 180 business days due to 12 extenuating circumstances, the institution of higher education shall 13 provide a written explanation to the student including the reason for 14 the delay and when the process is expected to be completed.

(3) Students must be kept informed on the status of the 15 investigation and, if conducted, the hearing, throughout the entirety 16 17 of the Title IX process. Beginning with the 2027-28 academic year, all state universities, regional universities, and the state college 18 as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 that serve 8,000 or more students shall 19 provide an online tool for students to track the process of the 20 21 investigation and, if conducted, the hearing. All institutions of 22 higher education are encouraged to provide the online tracking tool.

23 Sec. 7. RCW 28B.112.040 and 2023 c 79 s 2 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this ((section and RCW 28B.112.050 through 28B.112.080)) chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

"Applicant" means a person applying for employment as 28 (1) faculty, instructor, staff, advisor, counselor, coach, athletic 29 30 department staff, and any position in which the applicant will likely 31 have direct ongoing contact with students in a supervisory role or position of authority. "Applicant" does not include enrolled students 32 who are applying for temporary student employment with the 33 postsecondary educational institutions, unless the student is a 34 graduate student applying for a position in which the graduate 35 student will have a supervisory role or position of authority over 36 other students. "Applicant" does not include a person applying for 37 38 employment as medical staff or for employment with an affiliated organization, entity, or extension of a postsecondary educational 39

1 institution, unless the applicant will have a supervisory role or 2 position of authority over students.

3 (2) "Association" means a scholarly or professional organization 4 or learned society that sponsors activities or events for the benefit 5 of individuals affiliated with postsecondary educational 6 institutions, with a code of conduct forbidding sexual misconduct at 7 such activities or events, and established investigative procedures 8 for allegations that the code of conduct has been violated.

(3) "Employee" means a person who is receiving or has received 9 wages as an employee from the postsecondary educational institutions 10 and includes current and former workers, whether the person is 11 12 classified as an employee, independent contractor, or consultant, and is in, or had, a position with direct ongoing contact with students 13 in a supervisory role or position of authority. "Employee" does not 14 include a person who was employed by the institution in temporary 15 16 student employment while the person was an enrolled student unless 17 the student, at the time of employment, is or was a graduate student 18 in a position in which the graduate student has or had a supervisory 19 role or authority over other students. "Employee" does not include a person employed as medical staff or with an affiliated organization, 20 21 entity, or extension of a postsecondary educational institution, 22 unless the employee has or had a supervisory role or position of authority over students. A person who would be considered an 23 "employee" under this subsection, remains an "employee" even if the 24 25 person enrolls in classes under an institution's employee tuition waiver program or similar program that allows faculty, staff, or 26 other employees to take classes. 27

(4) "Employer" includes postsecondary educational institutions inthis or any other state.

30 (5) "Investigation" means a procedure initiated in response to a 31 formal complaint, as defined in 34 C.F.R. Sec. 106.30, provided that 32 the procedure fully complies with the provisions of 34 C.F.R. Sec. 33 106.45.

(6) "Postsecondary educational institution" means an institution
of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, a degree-granting
institution as defined in RCW 28B.85.010, a private vocational school
as defined in RCW 28C.10.020, or school as defined in RCW 18.16.020,
that participates in the state student financial aid program.

39 (7) "Sexual misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, 40 unwelcome sexual contact, unwelcome sexual advances, requests for

SHB 2242

1 sexual favors, other unwelcome verbal, nonverbal, electronic, or 2 physical conduct of a sexual nature, sexual harassment, and any 3 misconduct of a sexual nature that is in violation of the 4 postsecondary educational institution's policies or has been 5 determined to constitute sex discrimination pursuant to state or 6 federal law.

7 (8) "Student" means a person enrolled at ((a postsecondary 8 educational)) an institution and for whom educational records are 9 maintained.

10 (9) "Substantiated findings" means a written determination 11 regarding responsibility as described in 34 C.F.R. Sec. 106.45(b)(7) 12 prepared at the conclusion of an investigation, as amended by any 13 appeals process.

14 <u>(10) "Confidential advocate" means a person trained in trauma-</u> 15 <u>informed care to provide a safe and confidential space to help</u> 16 <u>survivors of sex-based violence and harassment identify what steps to</u> 17 <u>take, what resources they need, what their rights and options are,</u> 18 <u>and what options they have for reporting on campus and to law</u> 19 <u>enforcement. Confidential advocates do not report incidents to the</u> 20 <u>university.</u>

21 <u>(11) "Sex-based violence and harassment" includes sexual or sex-</u>
22 based harassment, including hostile environments or quid-pro-quo
23 harassment, sexual exploitation, stalking, domestic violence,
24 relationship and dating violence, and sexual assault.

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