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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2311

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By House Community Safety, Justice, & Reentry (originally sponsored by Representatives Davis, Maycumber, Paul, Robertson, Callan, Mosbrucker, Goodman, Griffey, Stearns, Reed, Ryu, Couture, Ramel, Ortiz-Self, Eslick, Bateman, Riccelli, Timmons, Simmons, Fosse, Peterson, Pollet, and Shavers)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/24.

- AN ACT Relating to supporting first responder wellness and peer support; amending RCW 5.60.060; amending 2023 c 475 s 218 (uncodified); adding new sections to chapter 43.101 RCW; and providing an expiration date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 43.101 7 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the commission shall convene a task force on first responder wellness in Washington state. To the extent possible, the membership of the task force should include representatives that reflect the diversity of the first responder professions, including diversity in geography, gender, sexuality, and race.
 - (2) The first responder wellness task force shall be cochaired by the executive director of the commission, or the executive director's designee, and a representative of the fire service, and consist of the following additional membership:
- 18 (a) Two members from each of the following professions:
- 19 (i) Emergency medical services frontline providers;
- 20 (ii) Emergency dispatchers; and
- 21 (iii) Jail corrections officers;

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- 1 (b) One member from each of the following entities:
- 2 (i) The Washington council of police and sheriffs;
- 3 (ii) The Washington state fraternal order of police;
- 4 (iii) The Washington state patrol troopers association;
- 5 (iv) The Washington state patrol lieutenants and captains 6 association;
 - (v) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs;
- 8 (vi) The Washington state council of firefighters;
- 9 (vii) The Washington fire chiefs association;

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- 10 (viii) The Washington state firefighters' association;
- 11 (ix) The department of labor and industries;
- 12 (x) The state board for volunteer firefighters and reserve 13 officers;
- 14 (xi) The state chapter of the association of public safety 15 communications officials;
- 16 (xii) The state chapter of the national emergency number 17 association; and
- 18 (xiii) International brotherhood of teamsters local 117;
- 19 (c) One member representing the interests of tribal law 20 enforcement officers and agencies;
 - (d) One member from the University of Washington department of psychiatry and behavioral sciences, who has implemented a regional state-funded law enforcement officer wellness program;
 - (e) One member from the Washington federation of state employees, representing the interests of the department of corrections' community corrections officers;
- 27 (f) The chief of the Washington state patrol, or the chief's designee;
- 29 (g) The secretary of the department of corrections, or the 30 secretary's designee; and
- 31 (h) Any other members that the commission determines should 32 participate in the task force to represent the interests of first 33 responders.
- 34 (3) The commission shall convene the initial meeting of the task 35 force no later than December 1, 2024.
 - (4) At a minimum, the task force shall meet quarterly.
- 37 (5) The task force shall:
 - (a) Monitor the implementation of this act;
- 39 (b) Evaluate the findings and recommendations of the task force 40 on law enforcement officer mental health and wellness in Washington

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- state as established under chapter 327, Laws of 2020 (SSB 6570), and determine ways in which the task force on first responder wellness may continue developing upon the recommendations of the task force on law enforcement officer mental health and wellness; and
- 5 (c) Make recommendations to improve first responder wellness 6 across the first responder professions in the state.
 - (6)(a) The task force shall also develop and publish model policies for first responder peer support services tailored to the following first responder professions:
 - (i) Law enforcement officers;
 - (ii) Firefighters;

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- 12 (iii) Emergency medical services frontline providers;
- 13 (iv) Emergency dispatchers; and
- 14 (v) Corrections officers.
- 15 (b) The task force must design the model policies to support
 16 efforts to establish and expand peer support services opportunities
 17 and networks for the professions specified under (a) of this
 18 subsection, and to develop best practices and resources for peer
 19 supporters from those professions.
- (c) In developing the model policies, the task force must obtain the services of an organization with expertise in peer emotional support and peer workforce development to provide technical assistance.
- 24 (d) The task force must publish the model policies by December 25 31, 2025.
- 26 (7) Beginning December 1, 2025, the task force shall submit an annual report to the legislature on the status of its work.
- 28 (8) This section expires December 31, 2028.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.101 RCW to read as follows:
- 31 (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this 32 specific purpose, the commission shall contract with an organization 33 with expertise in peer emotional support and peer workforce 34 development to develop and administer a 40-hour training program for 35 first responder peer supporters. The contracting organization must 36 have prior experience developing peer support training for first 37 responders in the state.
- 38 (2) The contracting organization must engage in in-depth 39 consultation with law enforcement officers, corrections officers,

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- firefighters, emergency services dispatchers or recordkeepers, and emergency medical personnel when developing the training program, and compensate the first responders for their consultation.
- (3) A portion of the training program's curriculum must be relevant to all first responder professions, and a portion must be specifically curated to address the unique needs of each first responder profession.
- 8 (4) The contracting organization must complete development of the 9 training program and begin administering it by August 1, 2025.
- 10 (5) The contracting organization must utilize current or retired 11 first responders as cotrainers to deliver the training program.
 - (6) For the purposes of this section:

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- 13 (a) "First responder" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 14 5.60.060; and
- 15 (b) "Peer supporter" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 16 5.60.060.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.101 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the commission shall contract with an organization with expertise in mental health and substance use disorder counseling and treatment of first responders to develop and administer training for mental health and substance use disorder professionals to engender familiarity and cultural competency in the treatment of first responder clients.
 - (2) The contracting organization must consult with mental health professionals, substance use disorder professionals, law enforcement officers, corrections officers, firefighters, emergency services dispatchers or recordkeepers, and emergency medical personnel when developing the training.
 - (3) The contracting organization may develop the training to have in-person, virtual, and hybrid participation options to expand availability and accessibility of the training.
 - (4) The commission must direct the contracting organization to offer a set number of training opportunities annually as determined by the commission, provided free of charge, to mental health and substance use disorder professionals who are interested in treating first responder clients.

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- 1 (5) For the purposes of this section, "first responder" has the 2 same meaning as defined in RCW 5.60.060.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 43.101 4 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the commission shall contract with an organization that provides free and confidential crisis response and referral services for Washington state active and retired first responders and their families, to develop and maintain:
 - (a) A first responder peer support network, which may include individual and group support options to help first responder peer supporters address the vicarious trauma and secondary traumatic stress incurred by performing their peer support duties; and
 - (b) A directory of licensed mental health and substance use disorder professionals who have cultural competency, experience, and training with treating first responders, which must indicate whether such professionals have completed the training established under section 3 of this act.
- 19 (2) The commission may also contract with an organization with 20 expertise in peer emotional support and peer workforce development to 21 provide technical assistance in developing the first responder peer 22 support network described in subsection (1) (a) of this section.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:

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- 24 (a) "First responder" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 25 5.60.060; and
- 26 (b) "Peer supporters" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 5.60.060.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 43.101 RCW to read as follows:
- 30 (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this 31 specific purpose, the commission shall establish and administer a 32 grant program to provide funding to first responder entities and 33 agencies for the implementation or expansion of peer support services 34 programs.
- 35 (2) Any first responder entity or agency that receives funding 36 through the grant program must:

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- (a) Ensure that every peer supporter designated by the entity or agency enrolls in and completes the 40-hour training program established under section 2 of this act after it is made available;
 - (b) Compensate every peer supporter designated by the entity or agency for their services in that role; and
- (c) Provide information to every peer supporter designated by the entity or agency about the first responder peer support network established under section 4(1)(a) of this act.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:

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- 10 (a) "First responder" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 11 5.60.060; and
- 12 (b) "Peer supporter" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 13 5.60.060.
- 14 **Sec. 6.** RCW 5.60.060 and 2023 c 202 s 2 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
 - (1) A spouse or domestic partner shall not be examined for or against his or her spouse or domestic partner, without the consent of the spouse or domestic partner; nor can either during marriage or during the domestic partnership or afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during the marriage or the domestic partnership. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against a spouse or domestic partner if the marriage or the domestic partnership occurred subsequent to the filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said spouse or domestic partner against any child of whom said spouse or domestic partner is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 71.05 or 71.09 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse or the domestic partner of a person sought to be detained under chapter 71.05 or 71.09 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.
- 35 (2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of 36 his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the 37 client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the 38 course of professional employment.

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(b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to the arrest.

- (3) A member of the clergy, a Christian Science practitioner listed in the Christian Science Journal, or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession or sacred confidence, be examined as to any confession or sacred confidence made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.
- (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 71.05.217 (6) and (7), a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon or podiatric physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:
- (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
- (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.
- (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.
- (6) (a) A peer ((support group counselor)) supporter shall not, without consent of the peer support ((group client)) services recipient making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the ((counselor)) peer supporter by the peer support ((group client)) services recipient while receiving ((counseling)) individual or group services. The ((counselor)) peer supporter must be designated as such by ((the)) their employing agency ((employing the peer support group client)) prior to the incident that results in ((counseling)) services. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the ((counselor)) peer supporter while acting in his or her capacity as a peer ((support

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- 1 group counselor)) supporter. The privilege applies regardless of whether the peer support services recipient is an employee of the 2 3 same agency as the peer supporter. The privilege does not apply if the ((counselor)) peer supporter was an initial responding first 4 responder, department of corrections staff person, or jail staff 5 6 person; a witness; or a party to the incident which prompted the 7 delivery of peer support ((group counseling)) services to the peer support ((group client)) services recipient. 8
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
- 10 (i) "First responder" means:
 - (A) A law enforcement officer;
 - (B) A limited authority law enforcement officer;
- 13 (C) A firefighter;

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- 14 (D) An emergency services dispatcher or recordkeeper;
- 15 (E) Emergency medical personnel, as licensed or certified by this 16 state; or
- 17 (F) A member or former member of the Washington national guard 18 acting in an emergency response capacity pursuant to chapter 38.52 19 RCW.
- 20 (ii) "Law enforcement officer" means a general authority 21 Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020.
 - (iii) "Limited authority law enforcement officer" means a limited authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020 who is employed by the department of corrections, state parks and recreation commission, department of natural resources, liquor and cannabis board, or Washington state gambling commission.
 - (iv) "Peer support ((group client)) services recipient" means:
- 28 (A) A first responder;
- 29 (B) A department of corrections staff person; or
- 30 (C) A jail staff person.
- 31 (v) "Peer ((support group counselor)) supporter" means:
- (A) A first responder, retired first responder, department of 32 33 corrections staff person, or jail staff person or a civilian employee of a first responder entity or agency, local jail, or state agency 34 who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and 35 36 ((counseling)) services to a peer support ((group client)) services recipient who needs those services as a result of an incident in 37 which the peer support ((group client)) services recipient was 38 39 involved while acting in his or her official capacity or to deal with

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other stress that is impacting the peer support services recipient's performance of official duties; or

- (B) A nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the first responder entity or agency, local jail, or state agency to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to a peer support ((group client)) services recipient who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the peer support ((group client)) services recipient was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.
- (7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication made between the victim and the sexual assault advocate.
- (a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a community sexual assault program or underserved populations provider, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.
- (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be presumed.
- (8) A domestic violence advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication between the victim and the domestic violence advocate.
- (a) For purposes of this section, "domestic violence advocate" means an employee or supervised volunteer from a community-based domestic violence program or human services program that provides information, advocacy, counseling, crisis intervention, emergency shelter, or support to victims of domestic violence and who is not employed by, or under the direct supervision of, a law enforcement

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agency, a prosecutor's office, or the child protective services section of the department of children, youth, and families as defined in RCW 26.44.020.

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- (b) A domestic violence advocate may disclose a confidential 4 communication without the consent of the victim if failure to 5 6 disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person. This 7 section does not relieve a domestic violence advocate from the 8 requirement to report or cause to be reported an incident under RCW 9 26.44.030(1) or to disclose relevant records relating to a child as 10 11 by RCW 26.44.030(15). Any domestic violence advocate 12 participating in good faith in the disclosing of communications under this subsection is immune from liability, civil, criminal, or 13 14 otherwise, that might result from the action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this subsection, 15 16 the good faith of the domestic violence advocate who disclosed the 17 confidential communication shall be presumed.
 - (9) A mental health counselor, independent clinical social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW may not disclose, or be compelled to testify about, any information acquired from persons consulting the individual in a professional capacity when the information was necessary to enable the individual to render professional services to those persons except:
 - (a) With the written authorization of that person or, in the case of death or disability, the person's personal representative;
 - (b) If the person waives the privilege by bringing charges against the mental health counselor licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW;
 - (c) In response to a subpoena from the secretary of health. The secretary may subpoena only records related to a complaint or report under RCW 18.130.050;
- 33 (d) As required under chapter 26.44 or 74.34 RCW or RCW 71.05.217 34 (6) or (7); or
 - (e) To any individual if the mental health counselor, independent clinical social worker, or marriage and family therapist licensed under chapter 18.225 RCW reasonably believes that disclosure will avoid or minimize an imminent danger to the health or safety of the individual or any other individual; however, there is no obligation on the part of the provider to so disclose.

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(10) An individual who acts as a sponsor providing guidance, emotional support, and counseling in an individualized manner to a person participating in an alcohol or drug addiction recovery fellowship may not testify in any civil action or proceeding about any communication made by the person participating in the addiction recovery fellowship to the individual who acts as a sponsor except with the written authorization of that person or, in the case of death or disability, the person's personal representative.

- (11) (a) Neither a union representative nor an employee the union represents or has represented shall be examined as to, or be required to disclose, any communication between an employee and union representative or between union representatives made in the course of union representation except:
- (i) To the extent such examination or disclosure appears necessary to prevent the commission of a crime that is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of a person;
- (ii) In actions, civil or criminal, in which the represented employee is accused of a crime or assault or battery;
- (iii) In actions, civil or criminal, where a union member is a party to the action, the union member may obtain a copy of any statement previously given by that union member concerning the subject matter of the action and may elicit testimony concerning such statements. The right of the union member to obtain such statements, or the union member's possession of such statements, does not render them discoverable over the objection of the union member;
- (iv) In actions, regulatory, civil, or criminal, against the union or its affiliated, subordinate, or parent bodies or their agents; or
- (v) When an admission of, or intent to engage in, criminal conduct is revealed by the represented union member to the union representative.
 - (b) The privilege created in this subsection (11) does not apply to any record of communications that would otherwise be subject to disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
 - (c) The privilege created in this subsection (11) may not interfere with an employee's or union representative's applicable statutory mandatory reporting requirements, including but not limited to duties to report in chapters 26.44, 43.101, and 74.34 RCW.
 - (d) For purposes of this subsection:

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- 1 (i) "Employee" means a person represented by a certified or recognized union regardless of whether the employee is a member of the union.
- (ii) "Union" means any lawful organization that has as one of its 4 primary purposes the representation of employees in their employment 5 6 with employers, including without limitation labor organizations defined by 29 U.S.C. Sec. 152(5) and 5 U.S.C. Sec. 7 7103(a)(4), representatives defined by 45 U.S.C. Sec. 151, and 8 bargaining representatives defined in RCW 41.56.030, and employee 9 organizations as defined in RCW 28B.52.020, 41.59.020, 41.80.005, 10 41.76.005, 47.64.011, and 53.18.010. 11
- (iii) "Union representation" means action by a union on behalf of one or more employees it represents in regard to their employment relations with employers, including personnel matters, grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, conditions of work, or collective bargaining.
- 17 (iv) "Union representative" means a person authorized by a union 18 to act for the union in regard to union representation.
- 19 (v) "Communication" includes any oral, written, or electronic 20 communication or document containing such communication.
- Sec. 7. 2023 c 475 s 218 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

23 FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION

- General Fund—State Appropriation (FY 2024).....\$53,805,000
 General Fund—State Appropriation (FY 2025).....\$50,466,000
 General Fund—Private/Local Appropriation....\$11,970,000
- 27 Death Investigations Account—State Appropriation. . . . \$1,708,000
- 28 Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account—State
- 30 Washington Auto Theft Prevention Authority Account—
- 32 Washington Internet Crimes Against Children Account—
- 34 24/7 Sobriety Account—State Appropriation. \$20,000
- The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

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(1) \$5,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$5,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs solely to verify the address and residency of registered sex offenders and kidnapping offenders under RCW 9A.44.130.

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- (2) Funding in this section is sufficient for 75 percent of the costs of providing 23 statewide basic law enforcement trainings in each fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025. The criminal justice training commission must schedule its funded classes to minimize wait times throughout each fiscal year and meet statutory wait time requirements. The criminal justice training commission must track and report the average wait time for students at the beginning of each class and provide the findings in an annual report to the legislature due in December of each year. At least three classes must be held in Spokane each year.
- (3) The criminal justice training commission may not run a basic law enforcement academy class of fewer than 30 students.
- (4) \$2,270,000 of the Washington internet crimes against children account—state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of chapter 84, Laws of 2015.
- (5) \$4,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$4,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for the mental health field response team program administered by the Washington association of and police chiefs. The association must distribute sheriffs \$7,000,000 in grants to the phase one and phase two regions as outlined in the settlement agreement under Trueblood, et. al. v. Department of Social and Health Services, et. al., U.S. District Court-Western District, Cause No. 14-cv-01178-MJP. The association must submit an annual report to the Governor and committees of the legislature by September 1st of each year of the biennium. The report shall include best practice recommendations on law enforcement and behavioral health field response and include outcome measures on all grants awarded.
- (6) \$899,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$899,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for crisis intervention training for the phase one regions as outlined in the settlement agreement

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under Trueblood, et. al. v. Department of Social and Health Services, et. al., U.S. District Court-Western District, Cause No. 14-cv-01178-MJP.

- (7) \$1,598,000 of the death investigations account—state appropriation is provided solely for the commission to provide 240 hours of medicolegal forensic investigation training to coroners and medical examiners to meet the recommendations of the national commission on forensic science for certification and accreditation.
- 9 (8) \$346,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal 10 year 2024 is provided solely for implementation of chapter 321, Laws 11 of 2021 (officer duty to intervene).
 - (9) \$30,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$30,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for additional grants to local jurisdictions to investigate instances where a purchase or transfer of a firearm was attempted by an individual who is prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm.
 - (10) \$2,500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$2,500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for the criminal justice training commission to provide grant funding to local law enforcement agencies to support law enforcement wellness programs. Of the amount provided in this subsection:
 - (a) \$1,500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$1,500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for the commission to provide grants to local law enforcement and corrections agencies for the purpose of establishing officer wellness programs. Grants provided under this subsection may be used for, but not limited to building resilience, injury prevention, peer support programs, physical fitness, proper nutrition, stress management, suicide prevention, and physical or behavioral health services. The commission must consult with a representative from the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and a representative of the Washington state fraternal order of police and the Washington council of police and sheriffs in the development of the grant program.
 - (b) \$1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for the Washington association

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of sheriffs and police chiefs to establish and coordinate an online or mobile-based application for any Washington law enforcement officer; 911 operator or dispatcher; and any other current or retired employee of a Washington law enforcement agency, and their families, to anonymously access on-demand wellness techniques, suicide prevention, resilience, physical fitness, nutrition, and other behavioral health and wellness supports.

- (11) \$290,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$290,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for academy training for limited authority Washington peace officers employed by the Washington state gambling commission, Washington state liquor and cannabis board, Washington state parks and recreation commission, department of natural resources, and the office of the insurance commissioner.
- (a) Up to 30 officers must be admitted to attend the basic law enforcement academy and up to 30 officers must be admitted to attend basic law enforcement equivalency academy.
- (b) Allocation of the training slots amongst the agencies must be based on the earliest application date to the commission. Training does not need to commence within six months of employment.
- (c) The state agencies must reimburse the commission for the actual cost of training.
 - (12) \$6,687,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$4,668,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely to establish and provide basic law enforcement academy classes at three new regional training academies, one in Pasco, one in Skagit county, and one in Clark county. Funding in this subsection is sufficient for 75 percent of the costs of providing six classes per year beginning in fiscal year 2024. The criminal justice training commission must schedule its funded classes to minimize wait times throughout each fiscal year and meet statutory wait time requirements. The criminal justice training commission must track and report the average wait time for students at the beginning of each class and provide the findings in an annual report to the legislature due in December of each year. The six classes per year are in addition to the classes in subsection (2) of this section.
 - (13) \$150,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 is provided solely for the criminal justice training

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- commission to develop plans for increasing training capacity. The planning process should include engagement with limited law enforcement agencies, tribal law enforcement representatives, and local law enforcement agencies and representatives. The criminal justice training commission will provide recommendations to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature in a preliminary report due November 15, 2023, and in a final report due September 30, 2024. The reports should include the following:
 - (a) Identifying the demand for additional basic law enforcement academy courses to support law enforcement agencies and develop a proposal to meet any identified training needs, including basic law enforcement academy and advanced training needs;

- (b) A plan for how to provide basic law enforcement academy training to limited law enforcement officers and tribal law enforcement officers, including providing additional capacity for training classes. The plan should also consider alternatives for distribution of the costs of the training course; and
- (c) A plan for providing at least two basic law enforcement training academy classes per year to candidates who are not yet employed with a law enforcement agency. The plan should, at a minimum, include the following:
- (i) A recruitment strategy that emphasizes recruitment of diverse candidates from different geographic areas of the state; diverse race, ethnicity, gender, and sexual orientation; and candidates with diverse backgrounds and experiences including nontraditional educational programs or work experience;
- (ii) Pathways from training to employment with a law enforcement agency; and
 - (iii) Plans to address capacity for and delivery of training.
- (14) \$1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for the criminal justice training commission to provide accreditation incentive awards.
- (a) The commission may provide an accreditation incentive award totaling up to \$50,000 to each law enforcement agency that receives an accreditation during the fiscal biennium from a national or state accrediting entity recognized by the commission. The commission must divide award amounts provided pursuant to this section equally among qualifying law enforcement agencies. A law enforcement agency may not

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receive more than one accreditation incentive award per fiscal biennium. Funds received by a law enforcement agency pursuant to this subsection must be made available to the law enforcement agency to which they are awarded and may not supplant or replace existing funding received by the law enforcement agency.

- (b) The commission must submit a report to the legislature by June 30th of each fiscal year during the biennium that lists each law enforcement agency that received an accreditation incentive award during the fiscal year.
- (15) \$1,085,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$1,040,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1028 (crime victims & witnesses). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 2023, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
- (16) \$236,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$226,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1132 (limited authority officers). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 2023, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
- (17) \$1,200,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$400,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for body camera grant funding to local law enforcement agencies.
- (a) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall develop and implement a body-worn camera grant program. The purpose of the program is to assist law enforcement agencies to establish and expand body-worn camera programs.
- (b) Law enforcement agencies may use the grants for: (i) The initial purchase, maintenance, and replacement of body-worn cameras; (ii) ongoing costs related to the maintenance and storage of data recorded by body worn cameras; (iii) costs associated with public records requests for body worn-camera footage; and (iv) hiring of personnel necessary to operate a body-worn camera program.
- (c) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall develop and implement a grant application process and review applications from agencies based on locally developed proposals to establish or expand body-worn camera programs.

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- (d) Law enforcement agencies that are awarded grants must:
 - (i) Comply with the provisions of chapter 10.109 RCW;

- (ii) Demonstrate the ability to redact body-worn camera footage consistent with RCW 42.56.240 and other applicable provisions;
 - (iii) Provide training to officers who will wear body-worn cameras and other personnel associated with implementation of the body-worn camera program; and
 - (iv) Agree to comply with any data collection and reporting requirements that are established by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs.
 - (e) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs must submit an annual report regarding the grant program to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1st of each year the program is funded. The report must be submitted in compliance with RCW 43.01.036.
 - (18) \$381,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2024 and \$628,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 2025 are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1715 (domestic violence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 2023, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(End of Bill)

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