CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 2260

68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 6, 2024 Yeas 97 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate February 29, 2024 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 2260** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 2260

Passed Legislature - 2024 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Representatives Waters, Reeves, Leavitt, Kloba, and Cheney; by request of Liquor and Cannabis Board

Read first time 01/10/24. Referred to Committee on Regulated Substances & Gaming.

AN ACT Relating to establishing civil penalties for the unlawful sale or supply of alcohol to minors; amending RCW 66.44.270; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that preventing 6 sales of alcohol to minors is a vital public health effort. However, 7 the penalties associated with underage sale vary depending upon the seller's occupation or location. While servers and bartenders have 8 administrative penalty options that are a component of the mandatory 9 10 alcohol server training, store clerks do not and instead receive a 11 citation for a gross misdemeanor.

12 The likelihood that these charges are filed varies by county, 13 leaving some with no penalty at all, and others with a criminal 14 record that may hamper their ability to find another job.

The legislature finds that retaining the criminal penalty is warranted in cases of intentional or repeat sales to minors. However, the legislature also finds that adding the option for administrative penalties would harmonize the penalties for store clerks with restaurant servers, and for store clerks found to have sold tobacco products to minors. 1 The legislature therefore finds that enabling the ability for the 2 liquor and cannabis board to issue administrative penalties and 3 creating an escalating schedule of monetary fines, would reduce 4 geographic disparities as well as reducing the number of people with 5 criminal records. The legislature further finds that this would not 6 harm public health or expand youth access.

7 Sec. 2. RCW 66.44.270 and 2015 c 59 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, or otherwise 10 supply liquor to any person under the age of ((twenty-one)) 21 years 11 or permit any person under that age to consume liquor on his or her premises or on any premises under his or her control. For the 12 purposes of this subsection, "premises" includes real property, 13 houses, buildings, and other structures, and motor vehicles and 14 15 watercraft. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor 16 punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

17 (2) The board may impose civil penalties as set forth in this 18 section on individuals for the sale, gift, or otherwise supply of 19 liquor to any person under the age of 21 occurring from a business 20 licensed by the board under this chapter, and by a person performing 21 acts of employment on behalf of the business. The board may impose a 22 civil penalty in lieu of issuing a criminal citation under subsection 23 (1) of this section.

(a) Any civil penalty imposed by the board may not be in addition
 to criminal enforcement, and the board may not issue a criminal
 citation in any matter in which it issues a civil penalty.

27 (b) Nothing in this section prevents criminal enforcement in lieu 28 of a civil penalty for continued violations, or violations involving 29 intentional sales of, or knowingly furnishing, alcohol to a person 30 under the age of 21 years.

- 31 (c) Nothing in this section prevents enforcement using provisions 32 of RCW 66.20.300 through 66.20.350 when a person holds an alcohol 33 server permit.
- 34 <u>(d) The monetary penalty that the board may impose based upon one</u> 35 <u>or more violations under this section may not exceed the following:</u>
- 36 (i) \$200 for the first violation;
- 37 (ii) \$400 for a second violation occurring within three years; 38 and

1 (iii) \$500 for a third, or subsequent, violation occurring within
2 three years.

3 (e) The board may develop and offer a class for retail clerks and 4 use this class in lieu of a monetary penalty for the clerk's first 5 violation.

6 <u>(f) The board may seek injunctive relief to enforce the</u> 7 provisions of this chapter. The board may initiate legal action to 8 collect civil penalties imposed under this chapter if they have not 9 been paid within 30 days after imposition. In any action filed by the 10 board under this chapter, the court may, in addition to any other 11 relief, award the board reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

12 (g) All proceedings under this section must be conducted in 13 accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

14 <u>(3)</u>(a) It is unlawful for any person under the age of ((twentyone)) <u>21</u> years to possess, consume, or otherwise acquire any liquor. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

18 (b) It is unlawful for a person under the age of ((twenty-one)) 21 years to be in a public place, or to be in a motor vehicle in a 19 public place, while exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor. 20 21 For purposes of this subsection, exhibiting the effects of having 22 consumed liquor means that a person has the odor of liquor on his or 23 her breath and either: (i) Is in possession of or close proximity to a container that has or recently had liquor in it; or (ii) by speech, 24 25 manner, appearance, behavior, lack of coordination, or otherwise, exhibits that he or she is under the influence of liquor. This 26 subsection (((2))) (3) (b) does not apply if the person is in the 27 presence of a parent or guardian or has consumed or is consuming 28 29 liquor under circumstances described in subsection $\left(\left(\frac{4}{4}\right), \frac{5}{4}\right)$ (7))) (5), (6), or (8) of this section. 30

31 (((3))) (4) Subsections (1) and (((2))) (3) (a) of this section do 32 not apply to liquor given or permitted to be given to a person under 33 the age of ((twenty-one)) 21 years by a parent or guardian and 34 consumed in the presence of the parent or guardian. This subsection 35 shall not authorize consumption or possession of liquor by a person 36 under the age of twenty-one years on any premises licensed under 37 chapter 66.24 RCW.

38 (((4))) <u>(5)</u> This section does not apply to liquor given for 39 medicinal purposes to a person under the age of ((twenty-one)) <u>21</u> 40 years by a parent, guardian, physician, or dentist.

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1 (((5))) <u>(6)</u> This section does not apply to liquor given to a 2 person under the age of ((twenty-one)) <u>21</u> years when such liquor is 3 being used in connection with religious services and the amount 4 consumed is the minimal amount necessary for the religious service.

5 (((6))) <u>(7)</u> This section does not apply to liquor provided to 6 students under ((twenty-one)) <u>21</u> years of age in accordance with a 7 special permit issued under RCW 66.20.010(12).

8 (((7))) <u>(8)</u>(a) A person under the age of ((twenty-one)) <u>21</u> years 9 acting in good faith who seeks medical assistance for someone 10 experiencing alcohol poisoning shall not be charged or prosecuted 11 under subsection (((2))) <u>(3)</u>(a) of this section, if the evidence for 12 the charge was obtained as a result of the person seeking medical 13 assistance.

14 (b) A person under the age of ((twenty-one)) <u>21</u> years who 15 experiences alcohol poisoning and is in need of medical assistance 16 shall not be charged or prosecuted under subsection ((+2)) <u>(3)</u> (a) of 17 this section, if the evidence for the charge was obtained as a result 18 of the poisoning and need for medical assistance.

(c) The protection in this subsection shall not be grounds forsuppression of evidence in other criminal charges.

21 (((+))) (9) Conviction or forfeiture of bail for a violation of 22 this section by a person under the age of ((+++)) 21 years at 23 the time of such conviction or forfeiture shall not be a 24 disqualification of that person to acquire a license to sell or 25 dispense any liquor after that person has attained the age of 26 ((++++)) 21 years.

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