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SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6295

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Senate Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Dhingra, Gildon, Kuderer, Nobles, and Wagoner)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/24.

AN ACT Relating to creating a path to recovery for high users of behavioral health crisis and criminal justice systems; adding new sections to chapter 10.77 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

- (1) When the *Trueblood* diversion work group created the *Trueblood* diversion plan in 2015, it found that 67.5 percent of a *Trueblood* class member sample population had two to five previous referrals for competency services, and 21.9 percent had six or more referrals;
- (2) Currently about 34 percent of *Trueblood* class members in King county received two or more referrals for competency services within the past 24 months;
- (3) Additionally, in King county there are 175 class members with three referrals for competency services within the past 24 months, and 165 people with four or more referrals;
- (4) To adequately serve the highest users of the competency system, supplemental funding and service enhancements to current system coordination is needed. Current gaps in resources and services include occupational therapists, designated nursing staff, medication prescribers, and access to permanent, low-barrier, supportive housing; and

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(5) The goal of this policy is to add funding to each regional behavioral health administrative services organization that will be available to create an enhanced, integrated care approach to provide resources to people who cycle through the criminal court system, have frequent legal involvement, episodes of crisis, and who are likely to have future competency services. These funds will provide necessary services for the highest users of services within the *Trueblood* class.

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- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 10.77 10 RCW to read as follows:
- 11 (1) The department shall collaborate with the authority, managed care organizations, and behavioral health administrative services 12 13 organizations within each regional service area to ensure that persons being discharged following a commitment under RCW 10.77.086 14 15 or 10.77.088 have access to supplemental enhanced resources. The 16 supplemental enhanced resources provided to the person must consist 17 a multidisciplinary team consisting of, at a minimum, 18 prescriber, substance use disorder professional, mental professional, low-caseload case manager, and occupational therapist. 19 20 The multidisciplinary team shall persist for at least six months 21 following discharge and until the individual is able to meet their 22 daily needs and is assessed as stable.
 - (2) The discharge planner at any facility where the person is committed for treatment shall coordinate with the receiving treatment provider to ensure the effectiveness of the supplemental enhanced resources provided in this section.
- 27 (3) Supplemental enhanced resources under this section must 28 include assistance with housing, which may include housing vouchers 29 if supportive housing is not available.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The designated crisis responder must alert the behavioral
 33 health administrative services organization within each regional
 34 service area when the designated crisis responder encounters an
 35 individual who has had three or more criminal cases within the last
 36 three years where competency was raised or the cases were dismissed
 37 due to a finding of incompetency to stand trial. Upon being notified,
 38 the behavioral health administrative services organization must first

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ascertain whether this individual qualifies for the forensic projects 1 for assistance in transition from homelessness program. If the 2 individual qualifies for the forensic projects for assistance in 3 transition from homelessness program, the behavioral health 4 administrative services organization must coordinate a warm hand off 5 6 to the forensic projects for assistance in transition from 7 homelessness program. For individuals not eligible for the forensic projects for assistance in transition from homelessness program, the 8 behavioral health administrative services organization is responsible 9 for establishing wraparound services through a multidisciplinary 10 11 team. The high acuity multidisciplinary team shall provide access, at a minimum, to a prescriber, substance use disorder professional, 12 mental health professional, occupational therapist, low-caseload case 13 14 manager, and housing, which may include housing vouchers supportive housing is not available. 15

(2) The multidisciplinary team shall persist for at least six months and until the individual is able to meet their daily needs and is assessed as stable.

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