CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5355

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 17, 2023 Yeas 48 Nays 0	CERTIFICATE
	I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SENATE
President of the Senate	BILL 5355 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.
Passed by the House April 10, 2023 Yeas 97 Nays 0	
	Secretary
Speaker of the House of Representatives	-
Approved	FILED
	Secretary of State State of Washington
Governor of the State of Washington	

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5355

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senators C. Wilson, Kuderer, Lovelett, Nguyen, Randall, Valdez, and Wellman

Read first time 01/13/23. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to mandating instruction on sex trafficking
- 2 prevention and identification for students in grades seven through
- 3 12; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section
- 4 to chapter 28A.300 RCW; and creating a new section.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature recognizes that:
- 7 (1) The United States has the second largest concentration of
- 8 past and current trafficking victims, and Washington state is
- 9 currently the sixth largest epicenter of sex trafficking in the
- 10 United States.
- 11 (2) More than 45 percent of all sex trafficking victims are
- 12 minors and attending our nation's schools every day.
- 13 (3) Currently, most trafficking avoids detection, with one study
- 14 from the national institute of justice finding that "fewer than half
- of all suspected traffickers in the United States had been arrested."
- 16 Recent national institute of justice supported research reveals that
- 17 labor and sex trafficking data appearing in the federal bureau of
- 18 investigation's national uniform crime reporting program may
- 19 significantly understate the extent of trafficking crimes in the
- 20 United States.

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(4) The undefined nature of human trafficking contributes to widespread ignorance for public agencies in a position to address the crime. Sixty percent of state and local prosecutors nationwide "do not consider trafficking a problem in their jurisdictions," and over 70 percent of local, state, and county law enforcement agencies wrongly "view human trafficking as rare or nonexistent" in their local communities.

- (5) Nearly half of prosecutors and law enforcement agencies across the country are unaware of specific existing antitrafficking laws or definitions that constitute acts of human trafficking, which manifests in current ineffective mitigation strategies.
- (6) Child sex trafficking survivors are disproportionately girls of color. In King county, 52 percent of all child sex trafficking victims are black and 84 percent of youth victims are female, while black girls comprise 1.1 percent of the population.
- (7) Sex traffickers are not overgeneralized to any demographic but are disproportionately white men. In King county, 80 percent of sex traffickers are white men.
- (8) Females of color bear the brunt of prostitution imprisonment as a result of sexual violence in sex trafficking due to mandatory arrests. For example, Latinx women account for nearly 61 percent of juvenile prostitution arrests. By contrast, sex traffickers face little to no consequences for their role in exploitation.
- (9) Twenty-five service agencies participated in a 2007 survey. Nineteen of these agencies provided information that aligned with what are understood to be "red-flag" indicators of trafficking situations. Victimization and human trafficking are considerable concerns for eastern Washington, particularly Spokane, and there is a wide spectrum of trafficking activities that include sex slavery, forced prostitution, forced panhandling, farm labor, janitorial work, and domestic servitude.
- 32 (10) On any given day, between 300 and 500 people, some as young 33 as 11 years old, are trafficked in the Puget Sound area for labor or 34 sex.
 - (11) Intersectional, accurate, and actionable sex trafficking education is necessary to enable all students to break down stereotypes of affected parties in sex trafficking and provide them with tools for identifying and combatting this crime.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Beginning no later than the 2025-26 school year, school districts must offer instruction in sex trafficking awareness and prevention. The instruction may be offered beginning in grade seven, but each student must be offered the instruction at least once before completing grade 12. The instruction, at the discretion of the school or school district, may be integrated into a relevant course or a course may be repurposed to include the instruction.
- (2) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, on or before June 30, 2024, the office of the superintendent of public instruction must review curricula related to the awareness and prevention of sex trafficking.
- (3) To the extent practicable, the office of the superintendent of public instruction must make available in the library of openly licensed courseware under RCW 28A.300.803, curricular resources related to the awareness and prevention of sex trafficking that include:
- (a) Information about the race, gender, and socioeconomic status of sex trafficking victims and perpetrators;
 - (b) Medically and legally accurate definitions of sex trafficking, and information about term stigmatization and how it may reduce reporting and increase the difficulty of detecting and prosecuting sex trafficking crimes;
 - (c) Information about reporting systems and community engagement opportunities with local, state, or national organizations against sex trafficking, and basic identification training to determine if an individual is at risk of or has been sex trafficked; and
 - (d) Information to help students recognize the signs and behavior changes in others that may indicate grooming for sex trafficking or other unlawful, coercive relationships.
- 32 (4) This section governs school operation and management under 33 RCW 28A.710.040 and 28A.715.020, and applies to charter schools established under chapter 28A.710 RCW and state-tribal education 35 compact schools established under chapter 28A.715 RCW to the same extent as it applies to school districts.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

The child sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention and identification public-private partnership account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from gifts, grants, or endowments from public or private sources, federal funds, and any appropriations made by the legislature or other sources must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for curriculum and professional development to support instruction on child sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention and identification. Only the superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

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