## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5935

68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate February 6, 2024 Yeas 29 Nays 20	CERTIFICATE
	I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE SENATE
President of the Senate	BILL 5935 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.
Passed by the House February 22, 2024 Yeas 55 Nays 38	
	Secretary
Speaker of the House of Representatives	
Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5935

Passed Legislature - 2024 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Senate Labor & Commerce (originally sponsored by Senators Stanford, Keiser, Conway, Dhingra, Frame, Kuderer, Liias, Nobles, and Saldaña)

READ FIRST TIME 01/24/24.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to noncompetition covenants; and amending RCW
- 49.62.005, 49.62.010, 49.62.020, 49.62.050, 49.62.080, and 49.62.090.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 49.62.005 and 2019 c 299 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 The legislature finds that ((workforce)):
- 7 (1) Workforce mobility is important to economic growth and 8 development((. Further, the legislature finds that agreements));
- 9 <u>(2) Agreements</u> limiting competition or hiring may be contracts of adhesion that may be unreasonable; and
- 11 <u>(3) The provisions in this chapter facilitating workforce</u>
- 12 mobility and protecting employees and independent contractors need to
- 13 <u>be liberally construed and exceptions narrowly construed</u>.
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 49.62.010 and 2019 c 299 s 2 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 18 (1) "Earnings" means the compensation reflected on box one of the 19 employee's United States internal revenue service form W-2 that is 20 paid to an employee over the prior year, or portion thereof for which

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- the employee was employed, annualized and calculated as of the earlier of the date enforcement of the noncompetition covenant is sought or the date of separation from employment. "Earnings" also means payments reported on internal revenue service form 1099-MISC for independent contractors.
- 6 (2) "Employee" and "employer" have the same meanings as in RCW 49.17.020.
- 8 (3) "Franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as in 9 RCW 19.100.010.
- (4) "Noncompetition covenant" includes every written or oral 10 11 covenant, agreement, or contract by which an employee or independent 12 contractor is prohibited or restrained from engaging in a lawful profession, trade, or business of any kind. A "noncompetition 13 covenant" also includes an agreement that directly or indirectly 14 prohibits the acceptance or transaction of business with a customer. 15 16 A "noncompetition covenant" does not include: (a) A nonsolicitation 17 (b) a confidentiality agreement; (c) a covenant 18 prohibiting use or disclosure of trade secrets or inventions; (d) a 19 covenant entered into by a person purchasing or selling the goodwill of a business or otherwise acquiring or disposing of an ownership 20 21 interest, but only if the person signing the covenant purchases, sells, acquires, or disposes of an interest representing one percent 22 or more of the business; or (e) a covenant entered into by a 23 franchisee when the franchise sale complies with RCW 19.100.020(1). 24
  - (5) "Nonsolicitation agreement" means an agreement between an employer and employee that prohibits solicitation by an employee, upon termination of employment: (a) Of any employee of the employer to leave the employer; or (b) of any <u>current</u> customer of the employer to cease or reduce the extent to which it is doing business with the employer.

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- 31 (6) "Party seeking enforcement" means the named plaintiff or 32 claimant in a proceeding to enforce a noncompetition covenant or the 33 defendant in an action for declaratory relief.
- 34 **Sec. 3.** RCW 49.62.020 and 2019 c 299 s 3 are each amended to 35 read as follows:
- 36 (1) A noncompetition covenant is void and unenforceable ((against 37 an employee)):
- 38 (a)(i) Unless the employer discloses the terms of the covenant in 39 writing to the prospective employee no later than the time of the

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- initial oral or written acceptance of the offer of employment and, if the agreement becomes enforceable only at a later date due to changes in the employee's compensation, the employer specifically discloses that the agreement may be enforceable against the employee in the future; or
  - (ii) If the covenant is entered into after the commencement of employment, unless the employer provides independent consideration for the covenant;

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- 9 (b) Unless the employee's earnings from the party seeking 10 enforcement, when annualized, exceed one hundred thousand dollars per 11 year. This dollar amount must be adjusted annually in accordance with 12 RCW 49.62.040;
  - (c) If the employee is terminated as the result of a layoff, unless enforcement of the noncompetition covenant includes compensation equivalent to the employee's base salary at the time of termination for the period of enforcement minus compensation earned through subsequent employment during the period of enforcement.
  - (2) A court or arbitrator must presume that any noncompetition covenant with a duration exceeding eighteen months after termination of employment is unreasonable and unenforceable. A party seeking enforcement may rebut the presumption by proving by clear and convincing evidence that a duration longer than eighteen months is necessary to protect the party's business or goodwill.
- 24 **Sec. 4.** RCW 49.62.050 and 2019 c 299 s 6 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
  - A provision in a noncompetition covenant signed by an employee or independent contractor who is Washington-based is void and unenforceable:
- 29 (1) If the covenant requires the employee or independent 30 contractor to adjudicate a noncompetition covenant outside of this 31 state; ((and))
  - (2) To the extent it deprives the employee or independent contractor of the protections or benefits of this chapter; or
- 34 (3) If it allows or requires the application of choice of law 35 principles or the substantive law of any jurisdiction other than 36 Washington state.
- 37 **Sec. 5.** RCW 49.62.080 and 2019 c 299 s 9 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

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(1) Upon a violation of this chapter, the attorney general, on behalf of a person or persons, may pursue any and all relief. A person aggrieved by a noncompetition covenant ((to which the person is a party)) may bring a cause of action to pursue any and all relief provided for in subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

- (2) If a court or arbitrator determines that a noncompetition covenant violates this chapter, the violator must pay the aggrieved person the greater of his or her actual damages or a statutory penalty of five thousand dollars, plus reasonable attorneys' fees, expenses, and costs incurred in the proceeding.
- (3) If a court or arbitrator reforms, rewrites, modifies, or only partially enforces any noncompetition covenant, the party seeking enforcement must pay the aggrieved person the greater of his or her actual damages or a statutory penalty of five thousand dollars, plus reasonable attorneys' fees, expenses, and costs incurred in the proceeding.
- 17 (4) A cause of action may not be brought regarding a 18 noncompetition covenant signed prior to January 1, 2020, if the 19 noncompetition covenant is not being enforced or explicitly 20 leveraged.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 49.62.090 and 2019 c 299 s 10 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
  - (1) (a) Subject to (b) of this subsection, this chapter displaces conflicting tort, restitutionary, contract, <u>including contract</u> <u>principles relating to discharge by assent or alteration</u>, and other laws of this state pertaining to liability for competition by employees or independent contractors with their employers or principals, as appropriate.
    - (b) This chapter does not amend or modify chapter 19.108 RCW.
- 30 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, this chapter 31 does not revoke, modify, or impede the development of the common law.

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