8672

By Senators Nobles, Liias, Nguyen, Saldaña, Valdez, Hasegawa, Shewmake, Salomon, J. Wilson, Lovelett, Dhingra, Stanford, Keiser, Wellman, Hunt, Kuderer, Pedersen, Frame, Robinson, Rivers, Billig, Boehnke, Lovick, Wagoner, Mullet, Kauffman, Holy, Trudeau, Hansen, Cleveland, C. Wilson, Van De Wege, Muzzall, and Warnick

1 WHEREAS, Carter G. Woodson and Jesse E. Moorland founded the 2 organization, Study of Negro Life and History, dedicating the 3 association to research and promote achievements by Black people; and 4 WHEREAS, It was the organization, Study of Negro Life and 5 History, that sponsored the Negro History Week in 1926; to honor the 6 achievements and lives of Black people; and

WHEREAS, In 1976, the Negro History Week evolved into the Black
History Month to honor the contributions and accomplishments of Black
people in every area of endeavor in our history; and

10 WHEREAS, It was Carter G. Woodson's hope that by celebrating this 11 month we could celebrate heroic Black figures, whether they were 12 inventors, soldiers, or entertainers, to preserve Black history; and

13 WHEREAS, Martha Jones became the first Black woman to receive a 14 patent for her application for "Improvement to the Corn Husker 15 Sheller" in 1868, just three years after the passage of the 13th 16 Amendment; and

17 WHEREAS, Ida B. Wells, an activist and investigative journalist 18 who documented and reported the horrors of lynching post-Civil War, 19 she was one of the founders of the National Association for the 20 Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), Wells was a civil rights 21 pioneer and she did not allow herself to be silenced, even though she 22 faced threats, lost property, and endured criticism; and

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WHEREAS, At the tender age of six, Ruby Bridges advanced the 1 2 cause of civil rights in 1960 when she became the first Black 3 student to integrate elementary school in the American South; 4 she then went on to graduate from a desegregated high school, 5 became a traveler, married, and had four sons, Bridges was a 6 lifelong activist for racial equity, and in 1999, Bridges 7 established the Ruby Bridges Foundation to promote tolerance and 8 create change through education; and

9 WHEREAS, Shirley Chisholm became the first Black woman 10 elected to Congress in 1968, where she worked on the Education 11 and Labor Committee and helped form the Black Caucus, and she 12 made history again in 1972 when she became the first Black woman 13 of a major party to run for a presidential nomination; and

14 WHEREAS, Nina Simone was one of the most extraordinary 15 artists of the twentieth century and an icon of American music; 16 Simone was a singer, songwriter, pianist, and civil rights 17 activist who spoke out about the Black freedom struggle, her 18 albums covered a wide range of styles and included both 19 politically motivated songs and reimaginations of popular songs; 20 and

21 WHEREAS, Audre Lorde, who said, "while we wait in silence 22 for that final luxury of fearlessness, the weight of that 23 silence will choke us," used her writing to shine a light on her 24 experiences as a Black lesbian, a mother, and person battling 25 cancer, she was one of the founding members of the Sisterhood in 26 Support of Sisters in South Africa who advocated on behalf of 27 women living under the Apartheid; and

28 WHEREAS, Mae Jemison entered orbit aboard the space shuttle 29 Endeavour in 1992, becoming the first Black woman in space, 30 where she orbited Earth 127 times, she also trained as a medical 31 doctor and engineer who frequently speaks to students and 32 encourages women and people of the global majority to enter math 33 and science; and

34 WHEREAS, In 1993, Rosa Franklin was the first Black woman to 35 serve as a Washington State Senator, winning reelection three 36 times; during her term, she established the Governor's 37 Interagency Council on Health Disparities and the Washington 38 Housing Policy Act, from being a nurse and volunteer to a long-

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time politician, Franklin has been deeply involved in service and community work; NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That this Black History Month, we honor and celebrate Black people's contributions to our state and country; let us remember how far we have come and

6 that the work continues.

- 7 I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate,
- 8 do hereby certify that this is a true and
- 9 correct copy of Senate Resolution 8672,
- 10 adopted by the Senate
- 11 February 19, 2024
- 12 SARAH BANNISTER
- 13 Secretary of the Senate