# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

# ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5152

Chapter 360, Laws of 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

# ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS—USE OF SYNTHETIC MEDIA

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 23, 2023

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2023 CERTIFICATE Yeas 32 Nays 14 I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of DENNY HECK Washington, do hereby certify that President of the Senate the attached is **ENGROSSED** SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5152 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates Passed by the House April 6, 2023 hereon set forth. Yeas 67 Nays 30 SARAH BANNISTER LAURIE JINKINS Secretary Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved May 9, 2023 10:59 AM FILED May 10, 2023 Secretary of State

State of Washington

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5152

### AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

# State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senate State Government & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Valdez, Hunt, Kuderer, Liias, Nguyen, and C. Wilson; by request of Secretary of State)

READ FIRST TIME 02/01/23.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to defining synthetic media in campaigns for
- 2 elective office, and providing relief for candidates and campaigns;
- 3 and adding a new chapter to Title 42 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The definitions used in chapter 42.17A RCW
- 6 apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires
- 7 otherwise.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) For purposes of this section
- 9 "synthetic media" means an image, an audio recording, or a video
- 10 recording of an individual's appearance, speech, or conduct that has
- 11 been intentionally manipulated with the use of generative adversarial
- 12 network techniques or other digital technology in a manner to create
- 13 a realistic but false image, audio, or video that produces:
- 14 (a) A depiction that to a reasonable individual is of a real
- 15 individual in appearance, action, or speech that did not actually
- 16 occur in reality; and
- 17 (b) A fundamentally different understanding or impression of the
- 18 appearance, action, or speech than a reasonable person would have
- 19 from the unaltered, original version of the image, audio recording,
- 20 or video recording.

(2) A candidate whose appearance, action, or speech is altered through the use of a synthetic media in an electioneering communication may seek injunctive or other equitable relief prohibiting the publication of such synthetic media.

- (3) A candidate whose appearance, action, or speech is altered through the use of a synthetic media in an electioneering communication may bring an action for general or special damages against the sponsor. The court may also award a prevailing party reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. This subsection does not limit or preclude a plaintiff from securing or recovering any other available remedy.
- (4) It is an affirmative defense for any action brought under this section that the electioneering communication containing a synthetic media includes a disclosure stating, "This (image/video/audio) has been manipulated," in the following manner:
- (a) For visual media, the text of the disclosure must appear in size easily readable by the average viewer and no smaller than the largest font size of other text appearing in the visual media. If the visual media does not include any other text, the disclosure must appear in a size that is easily readable by the average viewer. For visual media that is a video, the disclosure must appear for the duration of the video; or
- (b) If the media consists of audio only, the disclosure must be read in a clearly spoken manner and in a pitch that can be easily heard by the average listener, at the beginning of the audio, at the end of the audio, and, if the audio is greater than two minutes in length, interspersed within the audio at intervals of not more than two minutes each.
- 29 (5) In any action commenced under this section, the plaintiff 30 bears the burden of establishing the use of synthetic media by clear 31 and convincing evidence.
- 32 (6) Courts are encouraged to determine matters under this section 33 expediently.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) For an action brought under section 2 of this act, the sponsor of the electioneering communication may be held liable, and not the medium disseminating the electioneering communication except as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- 38 (2) Except when a licensee, programmer, or operator of a 39 federally licensed broadcasting station transmits an electioneering

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- communication that is subject to 47 U.S.C. Sec. 315, a medium may be 1 2 held liable in a cause of action brought under section 2 of this act 3
- (a) The medium removes any disclosure described in section 2(4) 4 of this act from the electioneering communication it disseminates; or

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- (b) Subject to affirmative defenses described in section 2 of this act, the medium changes the content of an electioneering communication such that it qualifies as synthetic media, as defined in section 2 of this act.
- (3) (a) No provider or user of an interactive computer service 10 11 shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by another information content provider. However, an 12 13 interactive computer service may be held liable in accordance with 14 subsection (2) of this section.
  - (b) "Interactive computer service" means any information service, system, or access software provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server, including specifically a service or system that provides access to the internet and such systems operated or services offered by libraries or educational institutions.
- (c) "Information content provider" means any person or entity 21 that is responsible, in whole or in part, for the creation or 22 development of information provided through the internet or any other 23 24 interactive computer service.
- 25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The public disclosure commission must 26 adopt rules in furtherance of the purpose of this chapter. Nothing in 27 this chapter constitutes a violation under chapter 42.17A RCW, or 28 otherwise authorizes the public disclosure commission to take action under RCW 42.17A.755. 29
- 30 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 42 RCW. 31
- 32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its 33 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 34 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. 35

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2023. Passed by the House April 6, 2023.

Approved by the Governor May 9, 2023. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 10, 2023.

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