## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5433

Chapter 227, Laws of 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

DERELICT AQUATIC STRUCTURES

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 23, 2023

Passed by the Senate March 6, 2023 Yeas 48 Nays 0

## DENNY HECK

## President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 11, 2023 Yeas 97 Nays 0

# LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved May 1, 2023 3:34 PM

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE**BILL 5433 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

## SARAH BANNISTER

Secretary

FILED

May 2, 2023

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

### SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5433

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senate Agriculture, Water, Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Muzzall, Shewmake, Liias, Lovelett, MacEwen, Nguyen, and Salomon; by request of Department of Natural Resources)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/23.

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- AN ACT Relating to derelict aquatic structures; and adding a new chapter to Title 79 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that nearshore 4 5 habitat is amongst the most important for threatened and endangered 6 species of salmon, yet nearshore habitat in populated areas is often 7 negatively impacted by man-made structures. There is a growing problem where aquatic or overwater structures become derelict or fall 8 9 into disrepair. These derelict aquatic structures are 10 nuisances and safety hazards as they can pose risks to navigation, 11 harm nearshore habitat for threatened and endangered species, detract 12 from the aesthetics of Washington's waterfronts, and threaten the 13 environment with the potential release of hazardous materials.
  - (2) The legislature further finds that the costs associated with the proper removal or repair of derelict aquatic structures are substantial and that in many cases owners of these structures lack the financial means to address the safety and environmental hazards the structures pose. As a result, the costs associated with the removal or repair of derelict structures becomes a burden on public entities and the taxpaying public.

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- 1 (3) The legislature also finds that removal of derelict aquatic 2 structures and restoration of surrounding habitat improves nearshore 3 habitat quality.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Aquatic lands" means all tidelands, shorelands, harbor areas, and the beds of navigable waters, including lands owned by the state and lands owned by other public or private entities.
    - (2) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
  - (3) "Derelict aquatic structure" means overwater and in-water structures where, as a result of catastrophic damage or disuse or neglect, conditions exist that make the structure unsafe for use, pose a hazard, or pose risks to public health or safety or the surrounding environment. Factors that indicate an aquatic structure is derelict include, but are not limited to, structures that:
    - (a) Are unsecured;

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- (b) Are abandoned and partially constructed;
- 19 (c) Are at risk of partial or full collapse;
- 20 (d) Are dilapidated by being in a state of disrepair due to 21 catastrophic damage or disuse or neglect;
- (e) Have received a notice from a building or safety authority with jurisdiction that identified structural defects that prohibit the structure from being used;
- 25 (f) Increase the risk of fire, accident, or environmental harm; 26 or
- 27 (g) Otherwise represent a risk to public or environmental health 28 or safety.
- (4) "Owner" means any natural person, firm, partnership, corporation, association, government entity, or organization that has a lawful right to possession of a structure by purchase, exchange, gift, lease, inheritance, or legal action whether or not the structure is subject to a security interest.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) To the extent not granted under other statutes, the department is granted authority to purchase, or acquire through gift, exchange, or other transfer, lands and facilities to carry out the purposes of this title. Following purchase or acquisition, the department also has the authority, subject to the

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- processes and limitations of this chapter, to remove, salvage, scrap, dispose of, refurbish, or repurpose a derelict aquatic structure found on or above aquatic lands within the jurisdiction of the department. Any removal and disposal must be done in an environmentally sound manner and in accordance with all federal,
- 6 state, and local laws, including the state solid waste disposal
- 7 provisions provided for in chapter 70A.205 RCW.

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- 8 (2) The primary responsibility to remove a derelict aquatic 9 structure belongs to the owner or lessee of the structure, and 10 secondarily to the department when it has jurisdiction over the 11 aquatic lands on which the structure lies.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Derelict aquatic structures will be disposed of by the department or an approved contractor in any appropriate and environmentally sound manner.
- 15 (2) Preference must be given to the least costly, environmentally sound, reasonable disposal option. Any disposal operations must be consistent with the requirements of all permitting authorities and state solid waste disposal provisions provided for in chapter 70A.205 PCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department shall submit all qualifying derelict aquatic structure removal projects or project elements on aquatic lands not managed by a port district under RCW 79.105.420 to the Puget Sound partnership nearshore credits program or other similar mitigation credit programs to generate conservation credits to help federal permit applicants meet obligations to offset impacts from their aquatic projects.
  - (2) Any payments or revenues the department receives from the sale of credits in the nearshore credits program or other similar mitigation credit program must be directed to the derelict structure removal account.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1)(a) The derelict structure removal account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from mitigation credit programs and those moneys specified must be deposited into the account. The account is authorized to receive fund transfers and appropriations from the general fund, as well as gifts, grants, and endowments from public or private sources as may be made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, for the use and benefit of

- the purposes of this chapter and expend the same or any income according to the terms of the gifts, grants, or endowments provided those terms do not conflict with any provisions of this section or any guidelines developed to prioritize reimbursement of projects associated with this chapter.
- 6 (b) Funds in the account resulting from transfers from the 7 general fund should be prioritized for the removal of large 8 structures.

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- (c) Moneys in the account may only be spent after appropriation.
- (2) Priority for use of this account is for the removal, 10 11 remediation, and revitalization of derelict aquatic structures that 12 are in danger of collapsing, breaking up, or blocking navigation channels, or that present environmental risks or significant habitat 13 14 impacts. The department must develop criteria, in the form of informal guidelines, to prioritize removal projects associated with 15 16 this chapter, but may not consider whether the applicant is a state 17 or local entity when prioritizing by January 1, 2024.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The department may enter into a contract with a private company, individuals, tribal nation, or state and local government agencies to carry out the authority granted in this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The department shall establish a grant program for lessees of state-owned aquatic land who need financial assistance to comply with the department's habitat stewardship measures for the protection of nearshore habitat. The department shall establish grant eligibility criteria and amounts by July 1, 2024.
- 28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The department may also acquire aquatic 29 structures and facilities that do not meet the definition of derelict 30 aquatic structures, but which could provide habitat benefits or amenities for the local community if either refurbished 31 32 repurposed, or both. The department may partner with a local 33 government, government agency, tribal nation or corporation, or nonprofit group to refurbish or repurpose an aquatic structure or 34 35 facility.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) This chapter is not intended to limit or constrain the ability and authority of any entity to enact and enforce ordinances or other regulations relating to derelict aquatic structures, or to take any actions authorized by federal or state law in responding to derelict or abandoned structures. This chapter is also not intended to be the sole remedy available to the department against the owners of derelict aquatic structures.

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- (2) The rights granted by this chapter are in addition to any other legal rights the department may have to obtain title to, remove, recover, sell, or dispose of a derelict aquatic structure, and in no way does this chapter alter those rights, or affect the priority of other liens on a structure.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 10 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 79 RCW.

Passed by the Senate March 6, 2023. Passed by the House April 11, 2023. Approved by the Governor May 1, 2023. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 2, 2023.

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