

E2SSB 5278 - H COMM AMD
By Committee on Appropriations

NOT CONSIDERED 04/27/2025

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that the youth of
4 Washington state are among its most valuable resources and that the
5 principles enumerated in RCW 13.40.010 are reaffirmed. Overcrowding
6 is preventing institutions from carrying out the rehabilitation of
7 youthful offenders.

8 Furthermore, the legislature recognizes the need for the
9 department to safely manage the populations of its institutions and
10 protect both youth in its care and state employees.

11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.40.020 and 2024 c 117 s 4 are each amended to
12 read as follows:

13 For the purposes of this chapter:

14 (1) "Assessment" means an individualized examination of a child
15 to determine the child's psychosocial needs and problems, including
16 the type and extent of any mental health, substance abuse, or co-
17 occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders, and
18 recommendations for treatment. "Assessment" includes, but is not
19 limited to, drug and alcohol evaluations, psychological and
20 psychiatric evaluations, records review, clinical interview, and
21 administration of a formal test or instrument;

22 (2) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the
23 following: Employment; attendance of information classes; literacy
24 classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs,
25 outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes,
26 education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty,
27 or other services including, when appropriate, restorative justice
28 programs; or attendance at school or other educational programs
29 appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district.
30 Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to
31 available funds;

1 (3) "Community-based sanctions" may include community restitution
2 not to exceed 150 hours of community restitution;

3 (4) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without
4 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the
5 offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community
6 restitution may be performed through public or private organizations
7 or through work crews;

8 (5) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the
9 court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an
10 order granting a deferred disposition. A community supervision order
11 for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex
12 offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other
13 offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community
14 supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from
15 committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community
16 supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the
17 mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to
18 inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community
19 supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of
20 the following:

- 21 (a) Community-based sanctions;
- 22 (b) Community-based rehabilitation;
- 23 (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
- 24 (d) Posting of a probation bond;

25 (e) Residential treatment, where substance abuse, mental health,
26 and/or co-occurring disorders have been identified in an assessment
27 by a qualified mental health professional, psychologist,
28 psychiatrist, co-occurring disorder specialist, or substance use
29 disorder professional and a funded bed is available. If a child
30 agrees to voluntary placement in a state-funded long-term evaluation
31 and treatment facility, the case must follow the existing placement
32 procedure including consideration of less restrictive treatment
33 options and medical necessity.

34 (i) A court may order residential treatment after consideration
35 and findings regarding whether:

- 36 (A) The referral is necessary to rehabilitate the child;
- 37 (B) The referral is necessary to protect the public or the child;
- 38 (C) The referral is in the child's best interest;

39 (D) The child has been given the opportunity to engage in less
40 restrictive treatment and has been unable or unwilling to comply; and

1 (E) Inpatient treatment is the least restrictive action
2 consistent with the child's needs and circumstances.

3 (ii) In any case where a court orders a child to inpatient
4 treatment under this section, the court must hold a review hearing no
5 later than 60 days after the youth begins inpatient treatment, and
6 every 30 days thereafter, as long as the youth is in inpatient
7 treatment;

8 (6) "Community transition services" means a therapeutic and
9 supportive community-based custody option in which:

10 (a) A person serves a portion of their term of confinement
11 residing in the community, outside of department institutions and
12 community facilities;

13 (b) The department supervises the person in part through the use
14 of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the
15 monitored person's presence or absence at a particular location;

16 (c) The department provides access to developmentally
17 appropriate, trauma-informed, racial equity-based, and culturally
18 relevant programs to promote successful reentry; and

19 (d) The department prioritizes the delivery of available
20 programming from individuals who share characteristics with the
21 individual being served related to: Race, ethnicity, sexual identity,
22 and gender identity;

23 (7) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of
24 children, youth, and families in a facility operated by or pursuant
25 to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention
26 facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The
27 county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county
28 detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to
29 operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the
30 department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than 31 days
31 imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served
32 consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

33 (8) "Court," when used without further qualification, means the
34 juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

35 (9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against
36 the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current
37 offense:

38 (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a
39 respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the

1 same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these
2 shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or

3 (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant
4 to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and
5 after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint
6 would be considered as part of the respondent's criminal history. A
7 successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before
8 July 1, 1998, or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part
9 of the respondent's criminal history;

10 (10) "Custodial interrogation" means express questioning or other
11 actions or words by a law enforcement officer which are reasonably
12 likely to elicit an incriminating response from an individual and
13 occurs when reasonable individuals in the same circumstances would
14 consider themselves in custody;

15 (11) "Department" means the department of children, youth, and
16 families;

17 (12) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by
18 the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to
19 have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a
20 disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes
21 county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile
22 basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

23 (13) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters
24 into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any
25 other person, community accountability board, youth court under the
26 supervision of the juvenile court, or other entity with whom the
27 juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise
28 such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community
29 accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the
30 legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in
31 accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of
32 this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board
33 comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile
34 offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The
35 boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven
36 members. If possible, the board should include a variety of
37 representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement
38 officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student,
39 parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural
40 diversity of the local community;

1 (14) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster
2 family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and
3 licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;

4 (15) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant
5 to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

6 (16) "Intensive supervision program" means a parole program that
7 requires intensive supervision and monitoring, offers an array of
8 individualized treatment and transitional services, and emphasizes
9 community involvement and support in order to reduce the likelihood a
10 juvenile offender will commit further offenses;

11 (17) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is
12 under the chronological age of 18 years and who has not been
13 previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110,
14 unless the individual was convicted of a lesser charge or acquitted
15 of the charge for which he or she was previously transferred pursuant
16 to RCW 13.40.110 or who is not otherwise under adult court
17 jurisdiction;

18 (18) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by
19 the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person
20 18 years of age or older over whom the juvenile court has
21 jurisdiction under RCW 13.40.300;

22 (19) "Labor" means the period of time before a birth during which
23 contractions are of sufficient frequency, intensity, and duration to
24 bring about effacement and progressive dilation of the cervix;

25 (20) "Local sanctions" means one or more of the following: (a)
26 0-30 days of confinement; (b) 0-12 months of community supervision;
27 or (c) 0-150 hours of community restitution;

28 (21) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either
29 impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a
30 serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this
31 chapter;

32 (22) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of
33 the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work,
34 or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours;
35 restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas;
36 requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to
37 remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other
38 conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not
39 include confinement;

1 (23) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if
2 committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any
3 ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law,
4 or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

5 (24) "Physical restraint" means the use of any bodily force or
6 physical intervention to control a juvenile offender or limit a
7 juvenile offender's freedom of movement in a way that does not
8 involve a mechanical restraint. Physical restraint does not include
9 momentary periods of minimal physical restriction by direct person-
10 to-person contact, without the aid of mechanical restraint,
11 accomplished with limited force and designed to:

12 (a) Prevent a juvenile offender from completing an act that would
13 result in potential bodily harm to self or others or damage property;

14 (b) Remove a disruptive juvenile offender who is unwilling to
15 leave the area voluntarily; or

16 (c) Guide a juvenile offender from one location to another;

17 (25) "Postpartum recovery" means (a) the entire period a woman or
18 youth is in the hospital, birthing center, or clinic after giving
19 birth and (b) an additional time period, if any, a treating physician
20 determines is necessary for healing after the youth leaves the
21 hospital, birthing center, or clinic;

22 (26) "Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient
23 security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure
24 the offender's appearance at required court proceedings and
25 compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of
26 release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means
27 a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if
28 approved by the court;

29 (27) "Rated bed capacity" means the number of in-residence
30 individuals at a juvenile rehabilitation institution pursuant to RCW
31 13.40.460(9) that should not be exceeded in order to provide
32 treatment aligned with juvenile justice standards;

33 (28) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to
34 have committed an offense;

35 (~~(28)~~) (29) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the
36 offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable
37 damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred
38 for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages
39 resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling
40 reasonably related to the offense. Restitution shall not include

1 reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or
2 other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or
3 replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or
4 offender;

5 ~~((29))~~ (30) "Restorative justice" means practices, policies,
6 and programs informed by and sensitive to the needs of crime victims
7 that are designed to encourage offenders to accept responsibility for
8 repairing the harm caused by their offense by providing safe and
9 supportive opportunities for voluntary participation and
10 communication between the victim, the offender, their families, and
11 relevant community members;

12 ~~((30))~~ (31) "Restraints" means anything used to control the
13 movement of a person's body or limbs and includes:

14 (a) Physical restraint; or

15 (b) Mechanical device including but not limited to: Metal
16 handcuffs, plastic ties, ankle restraints, leather cuffs, other
17 hospital-type restraints, tasers, or batons;

18 ~~((31))~~ (32) "Risk assessment tool" means the statistically
19 valid tool used by the department to inform release or placement
20 decisions related to security level, release within the sentencing
21 range, community facility eligibility, community transition services
22 eligibility, and parole. The "risk assessment tool" is used by the
23 department to predict the likelihood of successful reentry and future
24 criminal behavior;

25 ~~((32))~~ (33) "Screening" means a process that is designed to
26 identify a child who is at risk of having mental health, substance
27 abuse, or co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders
28 that warrant immediate attention, intervention, or more comprehensive
29 assessment. A screening may be undertaken with or without the
30 administration of a formal instrument;

31 ~~((33))~~ (34) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department;

32 ~~((34))~~ (35) "Services" means services which provide
33 alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or
34 been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion
35 agreement pursuant to this chapter;

36 ~~((35))~~ (36) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex
37 offense in RCW 9.94A.030;

38 ~~((36))~~ (37) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes
39 for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of
40 the respondent's sexual gratification;

1 (~~(37)~~) (38) "Surety" means an entity licensed under state
2 insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write
3 corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and
4 justified and approved by the superior court of the county having
5 jurisdiction of the case;

6 (~~(38)~~) (39) "Transportation" means the conveying, by any means,
7 of an incarcerated pregnant youth from the institution or detention
8 facility to another location from the moment she leaves the
9 institution or detention facility to the time of arrival at the other
10 location, and includes the escorting of the pregnant incarcerated
11 youth from the institution or detention facility to a transport
12 vehicle and from the vehicle to the other location;

13 (~~(39)~~) (40) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if
14 committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and
15 is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration;

16 (~~(40)~~) (41) "Violent offense" means a violent offense as
17 defined in RCW 9.94A.030;

18 (~~(41)~~) (42) "Youth court" means a diversion unit under the
19 supervision of the juvenile court.

20 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.40.460 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 616 are each
21 amended to read as follows:

22 The secretary or the secretary's designee shall manage and
23 administer the department's juvenile rehabilitation responsibilities,
24 including but not limited to the operation of all state institutions
25 or facilities used for juvenile rehabilitation.

26 The secretary or the secretary's designee shall:

27 (1) Prepare a biennial budget request sufficient to meet the
28 confinement and rehabilitative needs of the juvenile rehabilitation
29 program, as forecast by the office of financial management;

30 (2) Create by rule a formal system for inmate classification.
31 This classification system shall consider:

32 (a) Public safety;

33 (b) Internal security and staff safety;

34 (c) Rehabilitative resources both within and outside the
35 department;

36 (d) An assessment of each offender's risk of sexually aggressive
37 behavior as provided in RCW 13.40.470; and

38 (e) An assessment of each offender's vulnerability to sexually
39 aggressive behavior as provided in RCW 13.40.470;

1 (3) Develop agreements with local jurisdictions to develop
2 regional facilities with a variety of custody levels;

3 (4) Adopt rules establishing effective disciplinary policies to
4 maintain order within institutions;

5 (5) Develop a comprehensive diagnostic evaluation process to be
6 used at intake, including but not limited to evaluation for substance
7 addiction or abuse, literacy, learning disabilities, fetal alcohol
8 syndrome or effect, attention deficit disorder, and mental health;

9 (6) Develop placement criteria:

10 (a) To avoid assigning youth who present a moderate or high risk
11 of sexually aggressive behavior to the same sleeping quarters as
12 youth assessed as vulnerable to sexual victimization under RCW
13 13.40.470(1)(c); and

14 (b) To avoid placing a juvenile offender on parole status who has
15 been assessed as a moderate to high risk for sexually aggressive
16 behavior in a department community residential program with another
17 child who is: (i) Dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW, or an at-risk
18 youth or child in need of services under chapter 13.32A RCW; and (ii)
19 not also a juvenile offender on parole status;

20 (7) Develop a plan to implement, by July 1, 1995:

21 (a) Substance abuse treatment programs for all state juvenile
22 rehabilitation facilities and institutions;

23 (b) Vocational education and instruction programs at all state
24 juvenile rehabilitation facilities and institutions; and

25 (c) An educational program to establish self-worth and
26 responsibility in juvenile offenders. This educational program shall
27 emphasize instruction in character-building principles such as:
28 Respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness;
29 accountability; work ethics; good citizenship; and life skills;
30 ((and))

31 (8)(a) The department shall develop uniform policies related to
32 custodial assaults consistent with RCW 72.01.045 and 9A.36.100 that
33 are to be followed in all juvenile rehabilitation facilities; and

34 (b) The department will report assaults in accordance with the
35 policies developed in (a) of this subsection;

36 (9)(a) Promulgate rules related to the rated bed capacity of
37 juvenile rehabilitation institutions under its control, and revise
38 those rules as necessary.

1 (b) The rated bed capacity number established by the department
2 for each juvenile rehabilitation institution must include the
3 following conditions:

4 (i) Single occupancy rooms;

5 (ii) 10 percent of facility beds reserved for intensive
6 management unit beds and for flexibility of movement;

7 (iii) Appropriate bathroom and shower ratio to youth;

8 (iv) Adequate education space to ensure that all youth can
9 maintain a full class schedule; and

10 (v) Adequate indoor and outdoor recreation space to safely manage
11 population groups;

12 (10) Before a transfer to the department of corrections occurs
13 under RCW 72.01.410(2)(c), take discretionary action to reduce the
14 in-residence population of any juvenile rehabilitation institution
15 when the secretary concludes that the in-residence population exceeds
16 105 percent of rated bed capacity under this chapter or chapter 72.01
17 RCW, on a case-by-case basis, in the following descending order with
18 highest priority for the secretary to:

19 (a) Transfer a sufficient number of persons from a community
20 facility to placement in community transition services; and

21 (b) Transfer a sufficient number of persons from the juvenile
22 rehabilitation institution to community facilities or community
23 transition services to reduce the in-residence population;

24 (11) Monitor the number of persons residing in each institution,
25 and when that number reaches 90 percent of rated bed capacity, begin
26 planning and identifying methods to avoid exceeding rated bed
27 capacity at each juvenile rehabilitation institution including, but
28 not limited to:

29 (a) Notifying individuals who may be released or transferred to
30 community transition services or community facilities;

31 (b) Discussing with the department of corrections any early
32 release options under section 10 of this act for individuals
33 convicted in adult court of offenses that occurred before turning 18;
34 and

35 (c) Notifying county juvenile court administrators, the
36 legislature, and the governor of current rated bed capacity and any
37 measures or plans to reduce the population of a juvenile institution
38 to maintain a population that is at or below the rated bed capacity;

39 (12) Engage in transfer or transition planning for any individual
40 leaving a juvenile institution, including but not limited to

1 situations where an individual transfers to a department of
2 corrections facility, transfers to a different juvenile institution,
3 is placed on community transition services, placed in a community
4 facility, or releases to the community. The transition planning
5 required under this section must include, but is not limited to:

6 (a) Planning for medical and behavioral health needs;

7 (b) Planning for vocational training; and

8 (c) Family notification; and

9 (13) By December 1st, submit an annual report to the legislature
10 and the governor, in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, on the:

11 (a) Number of transfers that occurred in the prior 12 months, the
12 reason for each transfer, the age of each person transferred,
13 information about which department of corrections facilities people
14 were transferred to, and the outcome of each transfer hearing under
15 RCW 13.40.280;

16 (b) Monthly average population at each secure juvenile
17 rehabilitation institution;

18 (c) Number of individuals who have been placed in community
19 facilities and information regarding the overall utilization and
20 capacity of community facilities;

21 (d) Number of individuals who have been placed in community
22 transition services and the number of individuals who were eligible
23 for community transition services; and

24 (e) Current rated bed capacity for all available secure juvenile
25 rehabilitation institutions, projections for whether all available
26 secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions will have sufficient
27 rated bed capacity based on caseload forecasts provided by the
28 caseload forecast council as described under RCW 43.88C.010, and
29 updates regarding the development of additional secure juvenile
30 rehabilitation institutions.

31 **Sec. 4.** RCW 72.65.200 and 1981 c 137 s 35 are each amended to
32 read as follows:

33 (1) The secretary may permit a prisoner to participate in any
34 work release plan or program but only if the participation is
35 authorized pursuant to the prisoner's sentence or pursuant to RCW
36 9.94A.728. This section shall become effective July 1, 1984.

37 (2) The secretary, with the consent of the secretary of the
38 department of children, youth, and families, may directly transfer a
39 person who is in the custody of the department pursuant to RCW

1 72.01.410 from the custody of the department of children, youth, and
2 families and place the person in the custody of the department in a
3 work release program if, under section 5 of this act, the secretary
4 of the department of children, youth, and families concludes that the
5 in-residence population of any secure juvenile rehabilitation
6 institution exceeds 105 percent of the rated bed capacity as
7 described in RCW 13.40.460(9). The person shall meet eligibility
8 criteria for direct transfer to a work release program under section
9 5 of this act.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 13.40
11 RCW to read as follows:

12 (1) In accordance with RCW 13.40.460(10), the secretary may take
13 any of the actions outlined in this section when the secretary
14 concludes that the in-residence population of any secure juvenile
15 rehabilitation institution exceeds 105 percent of the rated bed
16 capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9), on a case-by-case basis.

17 (2)(a) When the secretary concludes that the in-residence
18 population of any secure juvenile rehabilitation institution exceeds
19 105 percent of the rated bed capacity as described in RCW
20 13.40.460(9), the secretary may transfer a sufficient number of
21 persons from community facilities to community transition services
22 under RCW 13.40.205 and 72.01.412.

23 (b) After taking steps outlined in (a) of this subsection to
24 transfer individuals to community transition services, if the
25 secretary concludes that the in-residence population of any secure
26 juvenile rehabilitation institution exceeds 105 percent of the rated
27 bed capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9), the secretary may
28 transfer a sufficient number of persons from the secure juvenile
29 rehabilitation institution to community facilities or community
30 transition services to reduce the in-residence population at the
31 secure juvenile rehabilitation institution to 95 percent of rated bed
32 capacity.

33 (c) The following persons shall not be transferred from a secure
34 juvenile rehabilitation institution to a community facility under
35 this subsection:

36 (i) A person that is deemed a high risk to reoffend;

37 (ii) A person that would be better served by the services
38 provided at an institution; or

1 (iii) A person who would be unable to comply with residential
2 disciplinary standards established by the department.

3 (d) When placing a person at a community facility under this
4 section, the requirements of RCW 72.05.420 (1)(b) do not apply, and
5 the notice requirements in RCW 13.40.215(1) (a) and (b) may be less
6 than 30 days.

7 (3)(a) Pursuant to RCW 72.65.200, and with the consent of the
8 secretary of the department of corrections, when the secretary of the
9 department concludes that the in-residence population of any secure
10 juvenile rehabilitation institution exceeds 105 percent of the rated
11 bed capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9), the secretary may
12 transfer a sufficient number of persons, who are in the custody of
13 the department pursuant to RCW 72.01.410, from the secure juvenile
14 rehabilitation institution to a work release facility operated by the
15 department of corrections to reduce the in-residence population at
16 the secure juvenile rehabilitation institution to 95 percent of rated
17 bed capacity.

18 (b) To be eligible for direct transfer to a work release facility
19 operated by the department of corrections under this subsection, the
20 person must be:

21 (i) Above the age of 21;

22 (ii) Be within 18 months of their earned release date; and

23 (iii) Be determined by the department of corrections that direct
24 transfer to a work release facility would be an appropriate placement
25 for the person.

26 (4) The hearing requirements of RCW 13.40.280 do not apply to
27 persons transferred under this section.

28 **Sec. 6.** RCW 72.05.420 and 1998 c 269 s 10 are each amended to
29 read as follows:

30 (1) The department shall not initially place an offender in a
31 community facility unless:

32 (a) The department has conducted a risk assessment, including a
33 determination of drug and alcohol abuse, and the results indicate the
34 juvenile will pose not more than a minimum risk to public safety; and

35 (b) ~~((The))~~ Except for offenders transferring to a community
36 facility under section 5 of this act, the offender has spent at least
37 ~~((ten))~~ 10 percent of his or her sentence, but in no event less than
38 ~~((thirty))~~ 30 days, in a secure institution operated by, or under
39 contract with, the department.

1 The risk assessment must include consideration of all prior
2 convictions and all available nonconviction data released upon
3 request under RCW 10.97.050, and any serious infractions or serious
4 violations while under the jurisdiction of the secretary or the
5 courts.

6 (2) No juvenile offender may be placed in a community facility
7 until the juvenile's student records and information have been
8 received and the department has reviewed them in conjunction with all
9 other information used for risk assessment, security classification,
10 and placement of the juvenile.

11 (3) A juvenile offender shall not be placed in a community
12 facility until the department's risk assessment and security
13 classification is complete and local law enforcement has been
14 properly notified.

15 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.40.215 and 2021 c 206 s 5 are each amended to
16 read as follows:

17 (1)(a) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection and
18 subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest practicable date, and
19 in no event later than (~~thirty~~) 30 days before discharge, parole,
20 or any other authorized leave or release, or before transfer to a
21 community residential facility or community transition services
22 program, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge,
23 parole, authorized leave or release, or transfer of a juvenile found
24 to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, to
25 the following:

26 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the
27 juvenile will reside; and

28 (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the juvenile will reside.

29 (b)(i) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection and
30 subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest practicable date, and
31 in no event later than (~~thirty~~) 30 days before discharge, parole,
32 or any other authorized leave or release, or before transfer to a
33 community residential facility or community transition services
34 program, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge,
35 parole, authorized leave or release, or transfer of an individual who
36 is found to have committed a violent offense or a sex offense, is
37 (~~twenty-one~~) 21 years of age or younger, and has not received a
38 high school diploma or its equivalent, to the designated recipient of
39 the school where the juvenile either: (A) Was enrolled prior to

1 incarceration or detention; or (B) has expressed an intention to
2 enroll following his or her release. This notice must also include
3 the restrictions described in subsection (5) of this section.

4 (ii) The community residential facility shall provide written
5 notice of the offender's criminal history to the designated recipient
6 of any school that the offender attends while residing at the
7 community residential facility and to any employer that employs the
8 offender while residing at the community residential facility.

9 (iii) As used in this subsection, "designated recipient" means:

10 (A) The superintendent of the school district, or his or her
11 designee, of a common school as defined in RCW 28A.150.020 or a
12 school that is the subject of a state-tribal education compact under
13 chapter 28A.715 RCW; (B) the administrator of a charter public school
14 governed by chapter 28A.710 RCW; or (C) the administrator of a
15 private school approved under chapter 28A.195 RCW.

16 (c) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall
17 be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in
18 writing about a specific juvenile:

19 (i) The victim of the offense for which the juvenile was found to
20 have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a
21 homicide;

22 (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the juvenile in any
23 court proceedings involving the offense; and

24 (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting
25 attorney.

26 Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting
27 the notice, information regarding any other person specified in
28 writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the
29 notice are confidential and shall not be available to the juvenile.
30 The notice to the chief of police or the sheriff shall include the
31 identity of the juvenile, the residence where the juvenile will
32 reside, the identity of the person, if any, responsible for
33 supervising the juvenile, and the time period of any authorized
34 leave.

35 (d) The ((~~thirty-day~~)) 30-day notice requirements contained in
36 this subsection shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs. The
37 notice requirements contained in this subsection may be less than 30
38 days for persons transferred under section 5 of this act.

1 (e) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection
2 will not require any extension of the release date in the event the
3 release plan changes after notification.

4 (2) (a) If a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a
5 sex offense, or stalking escapes from a facility of the department,
6 the secretary shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and
7 expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the
8 sheriff of the county in which the juvenile resided immediately
9 before the juvenile's arrest. If previously requested, the secretary
10 shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the offense which
11 the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin
12 if the crime was a homicide. If the juvenile is recaptured, the
13 secretary shall send notice to the persons designated in this
14 subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working
15 days after the department learns of such recapture.

16 (b) The secretary may authorize a leave, for a juvenile found to
17 have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, which
18 shall not exceed (~~forty-eight~~) 48 hours plus travel time, to meet
19 an emergency situation such as a death or critical illness of a
20 member of the juvenile's family. The secretary may authorize a leave,
21 which shall not exceed the time medically necessary, to obtain
22 medical care not available in a juvenile facility maintained by the
23 department. Prior to the commencement of an emergency or medical
24 leave, the secretary shall give notice of the leave to the
25 appropriate law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the
26 juvenile will be during the leave period. The notice shall include
27 the identity of the juvenile, the time period of the leave, the
28 residence of the juvenile during the leave, and the identity of the
29 person responsible for supervising the juvenile during the leave. If
30 previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses
31 and victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have
32 committed or the victim's next of kin if the offense was a homicide.

33 In case of an emergency or medical leave the secretary may waive
34 all or any portion of the requirements for leaves pursuant to RCW
35 13.40.205 (2) (a), (3), (4), and (5).

36 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is
37 under the age of (~~sixteen~~) 16, the notice required by this section
38 shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.

39 (4) The secretary shall send the notices required by this chapter
40 to the last address provided to the department by the requesting

1 party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a
2 current address.

3 (5) Upon discharge, parole, transfer to a community residential
4 facility, or other authorized leave or release, a convicted juvenile
5 sex offender shall not attend a public or approved private
6 elementary, middle, or high school that is attended by a victim or a
7 sibling of a victim of the sex offender. The parents or legal
8 guardians of the convicted juvenile sex offender shall be responsible
9 for transportation or other costs associated with or required by the
10 sex offender's change in school that otherwise would be paid by a
11 school district.

12 (6) For purposes of this section the following terms have the
13 following meanings:

14 (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW
15 9.94A.030;

16 (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

17 (c) "Stalking" means the crime of stalking as defined in RCW
18 9A.46.110;

19 (d) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and
20 children.

21 **Sec. 8.** RCW 72.01.410 and 2019 c 322 s 2 are each amended to
22 read as follows:

23 (1) Whenever any person is convicted as an adult in the courts of
24 this state of a felony offense committed under the age of
25 (~~eighteen~~) 18, and is committed for a term of confinement, that
26 person shall be initially placed in a facility operated by the
27 department of children, youth, and families, unless the facility in
28 which the person is to be placed is at or above 105 percent of rated
29 bed capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9) and the person is over
30 the age of 21 at the time of placement with an earned release date
31 after the age of 26. These individuals who are not placed in a
32 department of children, youth, and families facility must be notified
33 upon placement in a department of corrections facility of the ability
34 to request transfer according to this subsection and notified when
35 the population of the department of children, youth, and families
36 facility where they would have been placed is below 95 percent of the
37 rated bed capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9) and there is more
38 than one year remaining on the person's sentence that would be served
39 in the department of children, youth, and families facility and given

1 the option to request a transfer to a department of children, youth,
2 and families facility. A person who is eligible for transfer to a
3 department of children, youth, and families facility under this
4 subsection has the right to counsel and the department of children,
5 youth, and families shall process the transfer request with the
6 coordination of the department of corrections. The department of
7 corrections shall determine the person's earned release date.

8 (a) While in the custody of the department of children, youth,
9 and families, the person must have the same treatment, housing
10 options, transfer, and access to program resources as any other
11 person committed to that juvenile correctional facility or
12 institution pursuant to chapter 13.40 RCW. Except as provided under
13 ~~((d) of this))~~ (3) of this section, treatment, placement,
14 and program decisions shall be at the sole discretion of the
15 department of children, youth, and families. ~~((The person shall not~~
16 ~~be transferred to the custody of the department of corrections~~
17 ~~without the approval of the department of children, youth, and~~
18 ~~families until the person reaches the age of twenty-five.))~~

19 (b) If the person's sentence includes a term of community
20 custody, the department of children, youth, and families shall not
21 release the person to community custody until the department of
22 corrections has approved the person's release plan pursuant to RCW
23 9.94A.729(5)(b). If a person is held past his or her earned release
24 date pending release plan approval, the department of children,
25 youth, and families shall retain custody until a plan is approved or
26 the person completes the ordered term of confinement prior to age
27 ~~((twenty-five))~~ 25.

28 ~~((e))~~ (2)(a) The department of children, youth, and families
29 may not transfer a person placed in a facility operated by the
30 department of children, youth, and families under this section to the
31 custody of the department of corrections until the person reaches the
32 age of 25, unless one of the following exceptions in this subsection
33 (2) applies.

34 (b) If the department of children, youth, and families
35 ((determines)) establishes at a hearing before a review board under
36 RCW 13.40.280 that ((retaining custody of)) the person in a facility
37 of the department of children, youth, and families presents a
38 ((significant safety risk)) continuing and serious threat to the
39 safety of others in the institution, the department of children,

1 youth, and families may transfer the person to the custody of the
2 department of corrections.

3 (c)(i) Until January 1, 2031, except as provided in subsection
4 (iv) of this subsection (c), after taking actions outlined in RCW
5 13.40.460(10) and section 5 of this act and exhausting any remaining
6 transfer authority provided to the secretary of the department of
7 children, youth, and families that apply to individuals convicted in
8 adult court of an offense that occurred before turning age 18, if the
9 population of the juvenile rehabilitation institution exceeds 105
10 percent of rated bed capacity as described in RCW 13.40.460(9) and
11 the rehabilitative goals of the institution cannot be met as defined
12 in this section, the secretary of the department of children, youth,
13 and families may, with the consent of the secretary of the department
14 of corrections, only transfer a sufficient number of persons who meet
15 the requirements provided in (c)(ii) of this subsection (2) to the
16 custody of the department of corrections to reduce the in-residence
17 population of the facility to 95 percent of rated bed capacity in a
18 manner consistent with the requirements of this subsection (2)(c).

19 (ii) If the circumstances listed in (c)(i) of this subsection (2)
20 exist, the secretary of the department of children, youth, and
21 families, may only transfer a person who is age 21 or older, or if
22 the person is under 21 but is age 19 or older and has served at least
23 three years in the custody of the department of children, youth, and
24 families, and who consistently refuses to participate in available
25 rehabilitative programming, or engage in planning for such
26 programming, provided the person receives a transfer hearing under
27 RCW 13.40.280 prior to transfer.

28 (iii) Transfer hearings under this subsection (2)(c) shall take
29 into account whether the department of children, youth, and families
30 has offered the person culturally and age appropriate services based
31 on the person's diagnostic evaluation process used at intake as
32 described under RCW 13.40.460 or any other assessment conducted
33 during the person's intake to the department of children, youth, and
34 families institution, and the person's engagement in programming,
35 treatment needs, goals, future plans, length of confinement,
36 classification, current behavior, mental and emotional health, and
37 any disabilities or special needs impacting the safety or suitability
38 of transferring the person to the department of corrections, be
39 minimally disruptive, and ensure a person has at least seven calendar
40 days' notice to prepare for the hearing.

1 (iv) The department of children, youth, and families may no
2 longer use the authority provided in subsection (2)(c) of this
3 section when there are at least four fully operational secure
4 juvenile rehabilitation institutions operated by the department of
5 children, youth, and families and the department of children, youth,
6 and families projects based on caseload forecasts provided by the
7 caseload forecast council as described under RCW 43.88C.010 that the
8 projected caseload for secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions
9 will not exceed the rated bed capacity for all available secure
10 juvenile rehabilitation institutions.

11 ~~((d))~~ (3) The department of corrections must retain authority
12 over custody decisions relating to a person whose earned release date
13 is on or after the person's ~~((twenty-fifth))~~ 25th birthday and who is
14 placed in a facility operated by the department of children, youth,
15 and families under this section, unless the person qualifies for
16 partial confinement under RCW 72.01.412, and must approve any leave
17 from the facility. When the person turns age ~~((twenty-five))~~ 25, ~~((he~~
18 ~~or she))~~ the person must be transferred to the department of
19 corrections, except as described under RCW 72.01.412. The department
20 of children, youth, and families has all routine and day-to-day
21 operations authority for the person while the person is in its
22 custody.

23 ~~((2))~~ (4)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this
24 subsection, a person under the age of ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 who is
25 transferred to the custody of the department of corrections must be
26 placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is
27 separated from other persons in custody who are ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 years
28 of age or older, until the person reaches the age of ~~((eighteen))~~ 18.

29 (b) A person who is transferred to the custody of the department
30 of corrections and reaches ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 years of age may remain in
31 a housing unit for persons under the age of ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 if the
32 secretary of corrections determines that: (i) The person's needs and
33 the rehabilitation goals for the person could continue to be better
34 met by the programs and housing environment that is separate from
35 other persons in custody who are ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 years of age and
36 older; and (ii) the programs or housing environment for persons under
37 the age of ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 will not be substantially affected by the
38 continued placement of the person in that environment. The person may
39 remain placed in a housing unit for persons under the age of
40 ~~((eighteen))~~ 18 until such time as the secretary of corrections

1 determines that the person's needs and goals are no longer better met
2 in that environment but in no case past the person's (~~(twenty-fifth)~~)
3 25th birthday.

4 (c) A person transferred to the custody of the department of
5 corrections who is under the age of (~~(eighteen)~~) 18 may be housed in
6 an intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit
7 containing offenders (~~(eighteen)~~) 18 years of age or older if it is
8 necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In
9 these cases, the offender must be kept physically separate from other
10 offenders at all times.

11 (~~((3))~~) (5) The department of children, youth, and families must
12 review the placement of a person over age (~~(twenty-one)~~) 18 in the
13 custody of the department of children, youth, and families under this
14 section to (~~(determine whether the person should be transferred to~~
15 ~~the custody of the department of corrections))~~ provide information to
16 the person regarding voluntary transfer to the custody of the
17 department of corrections.

18 (a) The department of children, youth, and families may determine
19 the frequency of the review required under this subsection, but the
20 review must occur at least once before the person reaches age
21 (~~(twenty-three)~~) 23 if the person's commitment period in a juvenile
22 institution extends beyond the person's (~~(twenty-third)~~) 25th
23 birthday.

24 (b) At the review required under this subsection, the department
25 of children, youth, and families and the department of corrections
26 shall provide information in writing to the person on all available
27 placement options and availability of those options at the department
28 of corrections, and the person's specific eligibility for those
29 placement options based on their classification and custody level
30 determination made by the department of corrections in writing prior
31 to any voluntary transfer decision. The person shall be provided an
32 opportunity to consult with counsel during the review to confirm that
33 the person is making a knowing, voluntary, and fully informed
34 request.

35 (c) A person who, after the review, requests to be transferred to
36 the department of corrections shall have seven days to reconsider the
37 transfer request. Following the seven-day waiting period, if the
38 person confirms their continued request to transfer to the custody of
39 the department of corrections, the person shall be transferred
40 directly into the placement agreed upon by the secretary of the

1 department of children, youth, and families and the secretary of the
2 department of corrections. A person who has been transferred to the
3 department of corrections under this section may request to be
4 transferred and returned to the custody of the department of
5 children, youth, and families one time within 12 months after
6 transferring, provided the in-residence population of the juvenile
7 rehabilitation institution is below 95 percent rated bed capacity at
8 the time the department of children, youth, and families receives the
9 request. If the in-residence population of the juvenile
10 rehabilitation institution exceeds 95 percent rated bed capacity at
11 the time the department of children, youth, and families receives the
12 person's request, the request shall be placed on hold until the in-
13 residence population returns below 95 percent rated bed capacity, at
14 which time the department of children, youth, and families shall
15 process the transfer request with the coordination of the department
16 of corrections.

17 (d) The hearing requirements of RCW 13.40.280 do not apply to
18 persons transferred under this subsection.

19 (6) For the purposes of this section, "rehabilitative goals of
20 the institution" include, but are not limited to:

21 (a) Appropriate bathroom and shower ratio to youth;

22 (b) Adequate education space to ensure that all youth can
23 maintain a full class schedule; and

24 (c) Adequate indoor and outdoor recreation space to safely manage
25 population groups.

26 **Sec. 9.** RCW 13.40.280 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 6 s 611 are each
27 amended to read as follows:

28 (1) The secretary of the department of children, youth, and
29 families, with the consent of the secretary of the department of
30 corrections, has the authority to transfer a juvenile presently or
31 hereafter committed to the department of children, youth, and
32 families to the department of corrections for appropriate
33 institutional placement in accordance with this section.

34 (2) The secretary of the department of children, youth, and
35 families may, with the consent of the secretary of the department of
36 corrections, transfer a juvenile offender to the department of
37 corrections if it is established at a hearing before a review board
38 that continued placement of the juvenile offender in an institution
39 for juvenile offenders presents a continuing and serious threat to

1 the safety of others in the institution. The department of children,
2 youth, and families shall establish rules for the conduct of the
3 hearing, including provision of counsel for the juvenile offender.

4 ~~(3) ((Assaults made against any staff member at a juvenile
5 corrections institution that are reported to a local law enforcement
6 agency shall require a hearing held by the department of children,
7 youth, and families review board within ten judicial working days.))~~

8 The secretary of the department shall establish rules for defining
9 and developing an internal behavioral management infraction system
10 and procedures to respond to a continuing and serious threat to the
11 safety of others in the institution under this section. The rules
12 shall provide guidance on when the following circumstances present a
13 continuing and serious threat and warrant imposing a disciplinary
14 infraction by the department: Any assault involving serious bodily
15 harm and possession of any contraband that puts the safety of others
16 or the security of the institution at risk. The department shall also
17 establish a rule setting the amount of time for when the board must
18 hold a hearing. The board shall determine whether the accused
19 juvenile offender represents a continuing and serious threat to the
20 safety of others in the institution.

21 ~~(4) ((Upon conviction in a court of law for custodial assault as
22 defined in RCW 9A.36.100, the))~~ The department of children, youth,
23 and families review board shall ~~((conduct a second hearing, within
24 five judicial working days, to))~~ recommend to the secretary of the
25 department of children, youth, and families that the ~~((convicted))~~
26 juvenile be transferred to an adult correctional facility if the
27 review board has determined the juvenile offender represents a
28 continuing and serious threat to the safety of others in the
29 institution.

30 ~~((The juvenile has the burden to show cause why the transfer to
31 an adult correctional facility should not occur.))~~

32 (5) The secretary may, with the consent of the secretary of the
33 department of corrections, transfer an individual committed to the
34 department under RCW 72.01.410. The review board established under
35 this section shall determine whether the conditions for transfer, as
36 set forth in RCW 72.01.410, have been met. The hearing requirements
37 of this section do not apply to persons transferred under section 5
38 of this act or RCW 72.01.410(5).

1 (6) A juvenile offender transferred to an institution operated by
2 the department of corrections shall not remain in such an institution
3 beyond the maximum term of confinement imposed by the juvenile court.

4 ~~((+6))~~ (7) A juvenile offender who has been transferred to the
5 department of corrections under this section may, in the discretion
6 of the secretary of the department of children, youth, and families
7 and with the consent of the secretary of the department of
8 corrections, be transferred from an institution operated by the
9 department of corrections to a facility for juvenile offenders deemed
10 appropriate by the secretary.

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 72.01
12 RCW to read as follows:

13 (1) A person in the custody of the department of children, youth,
14 and families under RCW 72.01.410 is eligible to be released on or
15 after the person's earned release date by the department of
16 corrections if:

17 (a) The person's earned release date is within six months of the
18 person's 25th birthday;

19 (b) The person has not been deemed a high risk to reoffend; and

20 (c) The person has not committed any serious infractions as
21 defined by the department of children, youth, and families' internal
22 behavioral management infraction system.

23 (2) As part of the department of children, youth, and families
24 monitoring of rated bed capacity under RCW 13.40.460(11), when the
25 in-residence population of any juvenile rehabilitation institution
26 reaches 90 percent of rated bed capacity, the department shall begin
27 to plan and identify persons who may be released by the department of
28 corrections under this section.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** This act may be known and cited as the
30 juvenile rehabilitation overcrowding relief act or "J-RORA."

31 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** This act is necessary for the immediate
32 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of
33 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes
34 effect immediately.

35 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** If specific funding for the purposes of
36 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not

1 provided by June 30, 2025, in the omnibus appropriations act, this
2 act is null and void."

3 Correct the title.

EFFECT: Requires the Department of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF) to engage in transfer or transition planning for any individual leaving a juvenile institution.

Modifies the rated bed capacity percentage from 100 to 95 percent that triggers actions authorized in the underlying bill to reduce the institutional population and the threshold that allows individuals to request a return to a DCYF facility after a voluntary transfer to a Department of Corrections (DOC) facility.

Allows individuals who are no longer placed in a DCYF institution and instead placed in a DOC facility because the facility is at or above 105 percent of the rated bed capacity to request a transfer to a DCYF facility when the institutional population is below 95 percent of the rated bed capacity.

Terminates the authority provided to DCYF to transfer certain people who consistently refuse to engage in available programming when the rated bed capacity is at or above 105 percent on January 1, 2031, and specifies that this authority will terminate earlier than that date if there are at least four fully operational secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions operated by the DCYF and the DCYF projects that the projected caseload for secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions will not exceed the rated bed capacity for all available secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions.

Modifies the ages of individuals for whom DCYF is provided authority to transfer when those people consistently refuse to engage in available programming when the rated bed capacity at the institution is at or above 105 percent from over 21 or under 21 but over age 18 and has served at least three years in a DCYF institution to age 21 or older, or under age 21 but age 19 or older and has served at least three years in a DCYF institution.

Specifies that the transfer hearings provided for certain people who consistently refuse to engage in available programming when the rated bed capacity is at or above 105 percent must take into account whether the DCYF has offered the person culturally and age appropriate services based on the person's diagnostic evaluation process used at intake or any other assessment conducted during the person's intake to the department of children, youth, and families institution.

Modifies the general standard that must be met before transferring a person from a DCYF facility to a DOC facility that applies to individuals convicted in adult court of offenses that occurred before turning age 18 to match the standard that applies to individuals adjudicated in juvenile court who are transferred from a DCYF facility to a DOC facility (presents a continuing and serious threat to the safety of others in the institution).

Limits the early release provision in the underlying bill to only allow release on or after the person's early release date under the conditions provided in the underlying bill (earned release date within six months of the person's 25th birthday, not deemed a high risk to reoffend, and not committed any serious infractions).

Adds a requirement that the DCYF include in its annual report information regarding the:

- Monthly average population at each secure juvenile rehabilitation institution;
- Number of individuals who have been placed in community facilities and information regarding the overall utilization and capacity of community facilities;
- Number of individuals who have been placed in community transition services and the number of individuals who were eligible for community transition services; and
- Current rated bed capacity for all available secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions, projections for whether all available secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions will have sufficient rated bed capacity, and updates regarding the development of additional secure juvenile rehabilitation institutions.

Adds a null and void clause, making the bill null and void unless funded in the budget.

--- END ---