

SENATE BILL REPORT

SB 5450

As of February 4, 2025

Title: An act relating to increasing transparency regarding sewage-containing spills.

Brief Description: Increasing transparency regarding sewage-containing spills.

Sponsors: Senators Slatter, Hasegawa, Nobles, Saldaña, Shewmake, Wilson, C. and Wilson, J..

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Environment, Energy & Technology: 2/07/25.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Directs the Department of Ecology to establish a public website and create a notification system for providing information about unauthorized spills or discharges containing untreated or undertreated sewage.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY

Staff: Alicia Kinne-Clawson (786-7407)

Background: The federal Clean Water Act (CWA) sets a national goal to restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the nation's waters and to eliminate pollutant discharges into navigable waters. The CWA sets effluent limitations for discharges of pollutants to navigable waters.

The Department of Ecology (Ecology) has received delegated authority from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to carry out the CWA in Washington. As part of this responsibility, Ecology issues required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) wastewater discharge permits, except for federally owned facilities and for permits on tribal lands, as well as state water discharge permits under state law. The NPDES permits regulate discharges to surface water from commercial industry or publicly

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owned treatment works, also referred to as municipal wastewater treatment facilities, and state waste discharge permits also regulate discharges to groundwater. Wastewater discharge permits generally place limits on the quantity and concentrations of contaminants that may be discharged, and permits may require wastewater treatment or impose operating or other conditions, including monitoring, reporting, and spill prevention planning. The current Water Treatment Plant General Permit issued by Ecology requires a permit holder to notify Ecology immediately, and not later than 24 hours, upon becoming aware of a spill or discharge that could constitute a threat to human health, welfare, or the environment, and to take appropriate action to correct or minimize health or environmental threats from the spill.

Combined sewer overflow systems discharge untreated or partially treated sewage mixed with stormwater to waterways. They receive overflow from treatment plants or combined sewers when the capacity of those treatment plants or combined sewers is exceeded during heavy rain events.

Summary of Bill: By July 1, 2026 Ecology must develop and publish a public-facing website that includes a mapping interface with geographic information on locations where sewage spills occur and are reported under individual water quality permits. Notice on the website must include the following information about the sewage discharge:

- estimated volume, rate of discharge, and final volume discharged;
- level of treatment of the discharge
- location of the discharge;
- time the discharged ceased;
- geographic area potentially impacted by the discharge; and
- public safety precautions that should be taken if known.

By July 1, 2027 Ecology must implement a public notification system through which the public may choose to be notified of untreated or undertreated sewage spills or permitted sewage bypasses. Notification by Ecology must occur no later than four hours after receipt of a notice of a sewage spill or bypass.

By March 15, 2026 Ecology must provide a list of unauthorized spills or discharges containing untreated or undertreated sewage reported to Ecology during the prior calendar year.

By March 15, 2027, and each March 15th thereafter, Ecology must publish and make publicly available on the website an annual report of unauthorized spills or discharges containing untreated or undertreated sewage during the prior calendar year.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.