

# SENATE BILL REPORT

## SB 6017

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As of January 23, 2026

**Title:** An act relating to supporting crime victims and witnesses by promoting victim-centered, trauma-informed responses.

**Brief Description:** Supporting crime victims and witnesses by promoting victim-centered, trauma-informed responses.

**Sponsors:** Senators Orwall, Dhingra, Nobles and Wilson, C..

**Brief History:**

**Committee Activity:** Law & Justice: 1/26/26.

**Brief Summary of Bill**

- Permits a court to appoint a representative of a pro se defendant to question a victim or survivor during trial preparation and at trial in any case involving sexual assault or domestic violence at the request of the prosecutor or plaintiff.
- Allows any minor age 13 years or older to consent to a domestic violence assault involving nonfatal strangulation forensic examination.
- Provides victims of female genital mutilation certain rights under the Victims of Sexual Assault Act.
- Redesignates and reauthorizes the Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Best Practices Advisory Group.

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### SENATE COMMITTEE ON LAW & JUSTICE

**Staff:** Ryan Giannini (786-7285)

**Background:** The Right of Self-Representation. Persons accused of crimes have a federal

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and state constitutional right to the assistance of counsel for their defense. The Supreme Court of the United States held that a defendant also has the right to waive representation by counsel and represent themselves regardless of the crime charged. This is referred to as proceeding pro se.

Non-Fatal Strangulation. Strangulation involves external compression of a victim's airway and blood vessels, causing reduced air and blood flow to the brain. Victims may show no or minimal external signs of injury despite having life-threatening internal injuries including traumatic brain injury. Injuries may present after the assault or much later and may persist for months and even years post-assault. Victims who are strangled multiple times face a greater risk of traumatic brain injury. Traumatic brain injury symptoms are often not recognized as assault-related and may include cognitive difficulties such as decreased ability to concentrate, make decisions, and solve problems. Traumatic brain injury symptoms may also include behavior and personality changes such as irritability, impulsivity, and mood swings.

Strangulation or suffocation are often associated with sexual assault and domestic violence and are second-degree assaults and class B felonies. Class B felonies carry a maximum sentence of ten years in prison, a \$20,000 fine, or both.

Forensic nurse examiners are trained to recognize and evaluate victims of nonfatal strangulation for internal and traumatic brain injuries.

Rights of Sexual Assault Survivors. The Washington Constitution grants crime victims basic and fundamental rights, and additional rights are enumerated in statute. Sexual assault survivors are afforded specific statutory rights.

If a sexual assault survivor is denied a right, he or she may seek a court order directing compliance by the relevant party. Compliance with the right is the sole remedy available to the survivor.

Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Best Practices Advisory Group. In 2019, the state established the Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Best Practices Advisory Group (SAFE Advisory Group) within the Attorney General's Office and directed the SAFE Advisory Group to reduce the number of untested Sexual Assault Kits and review best practice models for managing all aspects of sexual assault investigations. The SAFE Advisory Group expires on July 1, 2026.

**Summary of Bill:** Self-Representation. In cases involving sexual assault or domestic violence in which a defendant is proceeding pro se, at the request of the prosecutor or plaintiff, the court may appoint a representative of the pro se defendant solely for the purpose of conducting direct questioning of the victim or survivor during trial preparation and at trial.

The court-appointed representative may only ask questions submitted by the pro se defendant. The court will permit reasonable recesses to allow the pro se defendant to submit written follow-up questions to the court-appointed representative.

Nonfatal Strangulation. A minor age 13 years or older may consent to a forensic examination for the purpose of gathering evidence for possible prosecution for domestic violence assault involving nonfatal strangulation.

Rights of Sexual Assault Survivors. The term sexual assault survivor is changed to sexual violence survivor. Victims of female genital mutilation are afforded the same statutory rights as sexual violence survivors.

Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Best Practices Advisory Group. The SAFE Advisory Group is redesignated and reauthorized until July 1, 2028. The purpose of the SAFE Advisory Group is shifted to recommending actionable, trauma-informed, victim-centered policies related to preventing and addressing sexual violence.

**Appropriation:** None.

**Fiscal Note:** Requested on January 8, 2026.

**Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members:** No.

**Effective Date:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.