HOUSE BILL 1133

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Representatives Leavitt and Couture; by request of Attorney General

Prefiled 12/24/24.

AN ACT Relating to sexually violent predators; amending RCW 71.09.020, 71.09.025, 71.09.030, 71.09.055, 71.09.060, 71.09.070, 71.09.090, 71.09.094, 71.09.096, 71.09.250, 71.09.280, and 9.94A.717; and adding new sections to chapter 71.09 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 71.09.020 and 2021 c 236 s 2 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

10 (1) "Department" means the department of social and health 11 services.

12 (2) "Fair share principles" and "fair share principles of 13 release" means that each county has adequate options for conditional 14 release housing placements in a number generally equivalent to the 15 number of residents from that county who are subject to total 16 confinement pursuant to this chapter.

"Health care facility" means any hospital, hospice care 17 (3) 18 certified health center, licensed or care facility, health 19 maintenance organization regulated under chapter 48.46 RCW, federally 20 qualified health maintenance organization, federally approved renal 21 dialysis center or facility, or federally approved blood bank.

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1 (4) "Health care practitioner" means an individual or firm licensed or certified to engage actively in a regulated health 2 3 profession.

(5) "Health care services" means those services provided by 4 health professionals licensed pursuant to RCW 18.120.020(4). 5

6 (6) "Health profession" means those licensed or regulated professions set forth in RCW 18.120.020(4). 7

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(7) "Less restrictive alternative" means court-ordered treatment in a setting less restrictive than total confinement which satisfies 9 the conditions set forth in RCW 71.09.092. A less restrictive 10 alternative may not include placement in the community protection 11 12 program as pursuant to RCW 71A.12.230.

(8) "Likely to engage in predatory acts of sexual violence if not 13 confined in a secure facility" means that the person more probably 14 15 than not will engage in such acts if released unconditionally from 16 detention on the sexually violent predator petition. Such likelihood 17 must be evidenced by a recent overt act if the person is not totally confined at the time the petition is filed under RCW 71.09.030. 18

19 (9) "Mental abnormality" means a congenital or acquired condition affecting the emotional or volitional capacity which predisposes the 20 person to the commission of criminal sexual acts in a degree 21 constituting such person a menace to the health and safety of others. 22

(10) "Personality disorder" means an enduring pattern of inner 23 experience and behavior that deviates markedly from the expectations 24 25 of the individual's culture, is pervasive and inflexible, has onset in adolescence or early adulthood, is stable over time and leads to 26 distress or impairment. Purported evidence of a personality disorder 27 28 must be supported by testimony of a licensed forensic psychologist or 29 psychiatrist.

(11) "Predatory" means acts directed towards: (a) Strangers; (b) 30 31 individuals with whom a relationship has been established or promoted 32 for the primary purpose of victimization; or (c) persons of casual 33 acquaintance with whom no substantial personal relationship exists.

(12) "Prosecuting agency" means the prosecuting attorney of the 34 county where the person was convicted or charged or the attorney 35 general if requested by the prosecuting attorney, as provided in RCW 36 71.09.030. 37

(13) "Recent overt act" means any act, threat, <u>course of conduct</u>, 38 39 or combination thereof that has either caused harm of a sexually 40 violent nature or creates a reasonable apprehension of such harm in 1 the mind of an objective person who knows of the history and mental 2 condition of the person engaging in the act or behaviors.

(14) "Risk potential activity" or "risk potential facility" means 3 an activity or facility that provides a higher incidence of risk to 4 the public from persons conditionally released from the special 5 6 commitment center. Risk potential activities and facilities include: Public and private schools, school bus stops, licensed day care and 7 licensed preschool facilities, public parks, publicly dedicated 8 trails, sports fields, playgrounds, recreational and community 9 centers, churches, synagogues, temples, mosques, public libraries, 10 11 public and private youth camps, and others identified by the 12 department following the hearings on a potential site required in RCW 71.09.315. For purposes of this chapter, "school bus stops" does not 13 include bus stops established primarily for public transit. 14

15 (15) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health 16 services or the secretary's designee.

17 (16) "Secure community transition facility" means a residential facility for persons civilly committed and conditionally released to 18 a less restrictive alternative under this chapter. A secure community 19 transition facility has supervision and security, and either provides 20 21 or ensures the provision of sex offender treatment services. Secure community transition facilities include but are not limited to the 22 23 facility established pursuant to RCW 71.09.250(1)(a)(i) and any community-based facilities established under this 24 chapter and 25 operated by the secretary or under contract with the secretary.

(17) "Secure facility" means a residential facility for persons civilly confined under the provisions of this chapter that includes security measures sufficient to protect the community. Such facilities include total confinement facilities, secure community transition facilities, and any residence used as a court-ordered placement under RCW 71.09.096.

(18) "Sexually violent offense" means an act committed on, 32 before, or after July 1, 1990, that is: (a) An act defined in Title 33 9A RCW as rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree by 34 forcible compulsion, rape of a child in the first or second degree, 35 36 statutory rape in the first or second degree, indecent liberties by forcible compulsion, indecent liberties against a child under age 37 fourteen, incest against a child under age fourteen, 38 or child 39 molestation in the first or second degree; (b) a felony offense in 40 effect at any time prior to July 1, 1990, that is comparable to a

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1 sexually violent offense as defined in (a) of this subsection, or any federal, military, tribal, or out-of-state conviction for a felony 2 offense that under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent 3 offense as defined in this subsection at the time of the filing of a 4 petition under RCW 71.09.030; (c) an act of murder in the first or 5 6 second degree, assault in the first or second degree, assault of a child in the first or second degree, kidnapping in the first or 7 second degree, burglary in the first degree, residential burglary, or 8 unlawful imprisonment, which act, either at the time of sentencing 9 for the offense or subsequently during civil commitment proceedings 10 11 pursuant to this chapter, has been determined beyond a reasonable 12 doubt to have been sexually motivated, as that term is defined in RCW 9.94A.030; or (d) an act as described in chapter 9A.28 RCW, that is 13 an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit 14 one of the felonies designated in (a), (b), or (c) of this 15 16 subsection.

(19) "Sexually violent predator" means any person who has been convicted of or charged with a crime of sexual violence and who suffers from a mental abnormality or personality disorder which makes the person likely to engage in predatory acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure facility.

(20) "Total confinement facility" means a secure facility that provides supervision and sex offender treatment services in a total confinement setting. Total confinement facilities include the special commitment center and any similar facility designated as a total confinement facility by the secretary.

(21) "Treatment" means the sex offender specific treatment program at the special commitment center or a specific course of sex offender treatment pursuant to RCW 71.09.092 (1) and (2).

30 Sec. 2. RCW 71.09.025 and 2023 c 453 s 26 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) (a) When it appears that a person may meet the criteria of a sexually violent predator as defined in RCW 71.09.020, the agency with jurisdiction shall refer the person in writing to the prosecuting attorney of the county in which an action under this chapter may be filed pursuant to RCW 71.09.030 and the attorney general, three months prior to:

38 (i) The anticipated release from total confinement of a person39 who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense;

1 (ii) The anticipated release from total confinement of a person 2 found to have committed a sexually violent offense as a juvenile;

3 (iii) Release of a person who has been charged with a sexually 4 violent offense and who has been determined to be incompetent to 5 stand trial pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(7); or

6 (iv) Release of a person who has been found not guilty by reason
7 of insanity of a sexually violent offense pursuant to RCW
8 10.77.020((-(3))) and 10.77.025.

9 (b) The agency shall provide the prosecuting agency with all 10 relevant information including but not limited to the following 11 information:

(i) A complete copy of the institutional records compiled by the department of corrections relating to the person, and any such outof-state department of corrections' records, if available;

15 (ii) A complete copy, if applicable, of any file compiled by the 16 indeterminate sentence review board relating to the person;

17 (iii) All records relating to the psychological or psychiatric 18 evaluation and/or treatment of the person;

(iv) A current record of all prior arrests and convictions, and full police case reports relating to those arrests and convictions; and

22 (v) A current mental health evaluation or mental health records 23 review.

(c) The prosecuting agency has the authority, consistent with RCW 72.09.345(4), to obtain all records relating to the person if the prosecuting agency deems such records are necessary to fulfill its duties under this chapter. The prosecuting agency may only disclose such records in the course of performing its duties pursuant to this chapter, unless otherwise authorized by law.

(d) The prosecuting agency has the authority ((to utilize the 30 31 inquiry judge procedures of chapter 10.27 RCW prior to the filing of 32 any action under this chapter)) to seek the issuance of compulsory process <u>under section 3 of this act</u> for the production of any records 33 ((necessary for)) relevant to a determination of whether to seek the 34 civil commitment of a person under this chapter. Any records obtained 35 pursuant to this process may only be disclosed by the prosecuting 36 agency in the course of performing its duties pursuant to this 37 chapter, or unless otherwise authorized by law. 38

39 (2) The agency, its employees, and officials shall be immune from40 liability for any good-faith conduct under this section.

1 (3) As used in this section, "agency with jurisdiction" means 2 that agency with the authority to direct the release of a person 3 serving a sentence or term of confinement and includes the department 4 of corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, and the 5 department of social and health services.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 71.09 7 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the attorney general believes that any person, 8 entity, or agency (a) may be in possession, custody, or control of 9 any original or copy of any book, record, report, memorandum, paper, 10 communication, tabulation, map, chart, photograph, mechanical 11 transcription, or other tangible document or recording, wherever 12 situated, which is believed to be relevant to the determination of 13 whether to seek the civil commitment of a person under this chapter, 14 15 or (b) may have knowledge of any information which the attorney general believes relevant to such a determination, he or she may, 16 prior to the institution of a civil proceeding thereon, execute in 17 writing and cause to be served upon such a person, a civil 18 investigative demand requiring such person to produce such 19 documentary material and permit inspection and copying, to answer in 20 21 writing written interrogatories, to give oral testimony, or any 22 combination of such demands pertaining to such documentary material or information. 23

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(2) Each demand executed under this section shall:

(a) State the relevant sections or subsections authorizing the issuance of the demand and further state that the demand is for the purpose of obtaining information to aid in a determination of whether to seek the civil commitment of a person;

(b) If the demand is for the production of documentary material, describe the class or classes of documentary material to be produced with reasonable specificity so as fairly to indicate the material demanded;

33 (c) Prescribe a return date within which the documentary material 34 is to be produced, the answers to written interrogatories are to be 35 made, or a date, time, and place at which oral testimony is to be 36 taken; and

37 (d) Identify the members of the attorney general's staff to whom38 such documentary material is to be made available for inspection and

copying, to whom answers to written interrogatories are to be made,
 or who are to conduct the examination for oral testimony.

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(3) No demand executed under this section may:

4 (a) Contain any requirement which would be unreasonable or 5 improper if contained in a subpoena duces tecum, a request for 6 answers to written interrogatories, or a request for deposition upon 7 oral examination issued by a court of this state; or

8 (b) Require the disclosure of any documentary material which 9 would be privileged, or which for any other reason would not be 10 required by a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of this state.

11 (4) Service of any demand executed under this section may be made 12 by:

(a) Delivering a duly executed copy thereof to the person to be served, or, if such person is not a natural person, to any officer or managing agent of the person to be served;

16 (b) Delivering a duly executed copy thereof to the principal 17 place of business in this state of the person to be served; or

18 (c) Mailing by registered or certified mail a duly executed copy 19 thereof addressed to the person to be served at the principal place 20 of business in this state, or, if said person has no place of 21 business in this state, to the person's principal office or place of 22 business.

(5) (a) Documentary material demanded under the provisions of this section shall be produced for inspection and copying during normal business hours at the principal office or place of business of the person served, or at such other times and places as may be agreed upon by the person served and the attorney general.

(b) Written interrogatories in a demand served under this section
 shall be answered in the same manner as provided in the civil rules
 for superior court.

31 (c) The oral testimony of any person obtained from a demand 32 served under this section shall be taken in the same manner as provided in the civil rules for superior court for the taking of 33 depositions. In the course of the deposition, the assistant attorney 34 general conducting the examination may exclude from the place where 35 the examination is held all persons other than the person being 36 examined, the person's counsel, and the officer before whom the 37 testimony is to be taken. 38

39 (d) Any person compelled to appear by a demand for oral testimony 40 under this section may be accompanied by counsel.

1 (e) The oral testimony of any person obtained from a demand 2 served under this section shall be taken in the county within which 3 the person resides, is found, or transacts business, or in such other 4 place as may be agreed upon between the person served and the 5 attorney general.

6 (6) At any time before the return date specified in the demand, 7 or within 20 days after the demand has been served, whichever period is shorter, a petition to extend the return date for, or to modify or 8 set aside a demand issued under subsection (1) of this section, 9 stating good cause, may be filed in the superior court for Thurston 10 11 county, or in such other county where the parties reside. A petition 12 by the person on whom the demand is served, stating good cause, to require the attorney general or any person to perform any duty 13 imposed by the provisions of this section, and all other petitions in 14 connection with a demand executed under this section, may be filed in 15 16 the superior court for Thurston county, or in the county where the 17 parties reside. The court shall have jurisdiction to impose such sanctions as are provided for in the civil rules for superior court 18 19 with respect to discovery motions.

Whenever any person fails to comply with any civil 20 (7) investigative demand for documentary material, answers to written 21 interrogatories, or oral testimony duly served upon them under this 22 23 section, or whenever satisfactory copying or reproduction of any such material cannot be done and such person refuses to surrender such 24 25 material, the attorney general may file, in the trial court of 26 general jurisdiction of the county in which such person resides, is found, or transacts business, and serve upon such person a petition 27 for an order of such court for the enforcement of this section, 28 29 except that if such person transacts business in more than one county such petition shall be filed in the county in which such person 30 31 maintains their principal place of business, or in such other county 32 as may be agreed upon by the parties to such petition. Whenever any petition is filed in the trial court of general jurisdiction of any 33 county under this section, such court shall have jurisdiction to hear 34 and determine the matter presented and to enter such order or orders 35 as may be required to carry into effect the provisions of this 36 section, and may impose such sanctions as are provided for in the 37 civil rules for superior court with respect to discovery motions. 38

39 (8) This section shall not be applicable to criminal 40 prosecutions. 1 Sec. 4. RCW 71.09.030 and 2023 c 453 s 27 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) A petition may be filed alleging that a person is a sexually violent predator and stating sufficient facts to 4 support such allegation when it appears that: (a) A person who at any time 5 6 previously has been convicted of a sexually violent offense is about 7 to be released from total confinement; (b) a person found to have committed a sexually violent offense as a juvenile is about to be 8 released from total confinement; (c) a person who has been charged 9 with a sexually violent offense and who has been determined to be 10 11 incompetent to stand trial is about to be released, or has been 12 released, pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(7); (d) a person who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity of a sexually violent offense 13 is about to be released, or has been released, pursuant to RCW 14 10.77.020(((3))), <u>10.77.025</u>, 10.77.110 (((1) or (3))), or 10.77.150; 15 16 or (e) a person who at any time previously has been convicted of a sexually violent offense and has since been released from total 17 confinement and has committed a recent overt act. 18

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(2) The petition may be filed by:

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(a) The prosecuting attorney of a county in which:

21 (i) The person has been charged or convicted with a sexually 22 violent offense;

(ii) A recent overt act occurred involving a person covered under subsection (1)(e) of this section; or

(iii) The person committed a recent overt act, or was charged or convicted of a criminal offense that would qualify as a recent overt act, if the only sexually violent offense charge or conviction occurred in a jurisdiction other than Washington, including military or tribal jurisdictions; or

30 (b) The attorney general, if requested by the county prosecuting 31 attorney identified in (a) of this subsection. If the county 32 prosecuting attorney requests that the attorney general file and 33 prosecute a case under this chapter, then the county shall charge the 34 attorney general only the fees, including filing and jury fees, that 35 would be charged and paid by the county prosecuting attorney, if the 36 county prosecuting attorney retained the case.

37 Sec. 5. RCW 71.09.055 and 2012 c 257 s 9 are each amended to 38 read as follows: 1 (1) The office of public defense is responsible for the cost of 2 one expert or professional person conducting an evaluation on an 3 indigent person's behalf as provided in RCW 71.09.050, 71.09.070, or 4 ((71.09.090)) section 10 of this act.

5 (2) Expert evaluations are capped at ((ten thousand dollars)) 6 <u>\$10,000</u>, to include all professional fees, travel, per diem, and 7 other costs. Partial evaluations are capped at ((five thousand five 8 <u>hundred dollars</u>)) <u>\$5,500</u> and expert services apart from an 9 evaluation, exclusive of testimony at trial or depositions, are 10 capped at ((six thousand dollars)) <u>\$6,000</u>.

(3) The office of public defense will pay for the costs related to the evaluation of an indigent person by an additional examiner or in excess of the stated fee caps only upon a finding by the superior court that such appointment or extraordinary fees are for good cause.

15 Sec. 6. RCW 71.09.060 and 2023 c 453 s 28 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17 The court or jury shall determine whether, beyond a (1) reasonable doubt, the person is a sexually violent predator. In 18 determining whether or not the person would be likely to engage in 19 predatory acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure 20 21 facility, the fact finder may consider only placement conditions and voluntary treatment options that would exist for the person if 22 23 unconditionally released from detention on the sexually violent 24 predator petition. The community protection program under RCW 71A.12.230 may not be considered as a placement condition or 25 treatment option available to the person if unconditionally released 26 27 from detention on a sexually violent predator petition. When the determination is made by a jury, the verdict must be unanimous. 28

If, on the date that the petition is filed, the person was living 29 30 in the community after release from custody, the state must also prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the person had committed a 31 recent overt act. If the state alleges that the prior sexually 32 violent offense that forms the basis for the petition for commitment 33 was an act that was sexually motivated as provided in RCW 34 35 71.09.020(18)(c), the state must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the alleged sexually violent act was sexually motivated as defined in 36 RCW 9.94A.030. 37

38 If the court or jury determines that the person is a sexually 39 violent predator, the person shall be committed to the custody of the

department of social and health services for placement in a secure 1 facility operated by the department of social and health services for 2 3 control, care, and treatment until such time as: (a) The person's condition has so changed that the person no longer meets the 4 definition of a sexually violent predator; or (b) conditional release 5 6 to a less restrictive alternative as set forth in RCW 71.09.092 is in the best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that 7 would adequately protect the community. 8

9 If the court or unanimous jury decides that the state has not met 10 its burden of proving that the person is a sexually violent predator, 11 the court shall direct the person's release.

12 If the jury is unable to reach a unanimous verdict, the court shall declare a mistrial and set a retrial within forty-five days of 13 the date of the mistrial unless the prosecuting agency earlier moves 14 to dismiss the petition. The retrial may be continued upon the 15 16 request of either party accompanied by a showing of good cause, or by 17 the court on its own motion in the due administration of justice provided that the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced. In 18 19 no event may the person be released from confinement prior to retrial or dismissal of the case. 20

21 (2) If the person charged with a sexually violent offense has 22 been found incompetent to stand trial, and is about to be or has been released pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(7), and ((his or her)) the 23 person's commitment is sought pursuant to subsection (1) of this 24 25 section, the court shall first hear evidence and determine whether 26 the person did commit the act or acts charged if the court did not enter a finding prior to dismissal under RCW 10.77.086(7) that the 27 person committed the act or acts charged. The hearing on this issue 28 29 must comply with all the procedures specified in this section. In addition, the rules of evidence applicable in criminal cases shall 30 31 apply, and all constitutional rights available to defendants at 32 criminal trials, other than the right not to be tried while incompetent, shall apply. After hearing evidence on this issue, the 33 court shall make specific findings on whether the person did commit 34 the act or acts charged, the extent to which the person's 35 incompetence or developmental disability affected the outcome of the 36 hearing, including its effect on the person's ability to consult with 37 and assist counsel and to testify on ((his or her)) the person's own 38 39 behalf, the extent to which the evidence could be reconstructed 40 without the assistance of the person, and the strength of the

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1 prosecution's case. If, after the conclusion of the hearing on this 2 issue, the court finds, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the person 3 did commit the act or acts charged, it shall enter a final order, 4 appealable by the person, on that issue, and may proceed to consider 5 whether the person should be committed pursuant to this section.

6 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the state shall 7 comply with RCW 10.77.220 while confining the person. During all court proceedings where the person is present, the person shall be 8 detained in a secure facility. If the proceedings last more than one 9 day, the person may be held in the county jail for the duration of 10 11 the proceedings, except the person may be returned to the 12 department's custody on weekends and court holidays if the court deems such a transfer feasible. The county shall be entitled to 13 reimbursement for the cost of housing and transporting the person 14 pursuant to rules adopted by the secretary. The department shall not 15 16 place the person, even temporarily, in a facility on the grounds of 17 any state mental facility or regional habilitation center because 18 these institutions are insufficiently secure for this population.

19 (4) A court has jurisdiction to order a less restrictive 20 alternative placement only after a ((hearing)) trial ordered 21 ((pursuant to RCW 71.09.090)) under section 8 of this act following 22 initial commitment under this section and in accord with the 23 provisions of this chapter.

24 Sec. 7. RCW 71.09.070 and 2019 c 232 s 25 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) Each person committed under this chapter shall have a current
 examination of ((his or her)) the person's mental condition made by
 the department at least once every year.

29 (2) The evaluator must prepare a report that includes 30 consideration of whether:

31 (a) The committed person currently meets the definition of a 32 sexually violent predator;

33 (b) Conditional release to a less restrictive alternative is in 34 the best interest of the person; and

35 (c) Conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the 36 community.

37 (3) The department, on request of the committed person, shall
 38 allow a record of the annual review interview to be preserved by
 39 audio recording and made available to the committed person.

1 (4) The evaluator must indicate in the report whether the 2 committed person participated in the interview and examination.

3 (5) The department shall file the report with the court that committed the person under this chapter. The report shall be in the 4 form of a declaration or certification in compliance with the 5 6 requirements of chapter 5.50 RCW and shall be prepared by a professionally qualified person as defined by rules adopted by the 7 secretary. A copy of the report shall be served on the prosecuting 8 agency involved in the initial commitment and upon the committed 9 person and ((his or her)) the person's counsel. 10

(6) (a) The committed person may retain, or if he or she is indigent and so requests, the court may appoint a qualified expert or a professional person to examine ((him or her)) the committed person, and such expert or professional person shall have access to all records concerning the person.

16 (b) Any report prepared by the expert or professional person and 17 any expert testimony on the committed person's behalf is not 18 admissible in a proceeding pursuant to RCW 71.09.090, unless the 19 committed person participated in the most recent interview and 20 evaluation completed by the department.

21 (7) If an unconditional release trial is ordered pursuant to section 8 of this act or RCW 71.09.090, this section is suspended 22 until the completion of that trial. If the individual is found either 23 by jury or the court to continue to meet the definition of a sexually 24 25 violent predator, the department must conduct an examination pursuant 26 to this section no later than one year after the date of the order finding that the individual continues to be a sexually violent 27 28 predator. The examination must comply with the requirements of this 29 section.

30 (8) During any period of confinement pursuant to a criminal 31 conviction, or for any period of detention awaiting trial on criminal 32 charges, this section is suspended. Upon the return of the person 33 committed under this chapter to the custody of the department, the 34 department shall initiate an examination of the person's mental 35 condition. The examination must comply with the requirements of 36 subsection (1) of this section.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 71.09 38 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) (a) After receipt of the annual report prepared under RCW 71.09.070, if the secretary determines that the person's condition 2 3 has so changed that the person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator, the secretary shall authorize the person 4 to petition the court for unconditional discharge. The petition must 5 6 be filed with the court and served upon the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment. The court, upon receipt of 7 the petition for unconditional discharge, shall within 45 days hold a 8 trial scheduling conference regarding a trial on the issue of 9 unconditional discharge. The committed person's petition shall only 10 be considered by the court at the show cause hearing held pursuant to 11 RCW 71.09.090. 12

(b) After receipt of the annual report prepared pursuant to RCW 13 71.09.070, if the secretary determines that the person's condition 14 has so changed that conditional release to a less restrictive 15 16 alternative is in the best interest of the person and conditions can 17 be imposed that adequately protect the community, then the secretary 18 shall authorize the person to petition the court for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative. The petition pursuant to 19 this section may not include a proposed less restrictive alternative 20 placement by the committed person, and shall only include the 21 22 secretary's authorization. The committed person's petition shall only be considered by the court at the show cause hearing held pursuant to 23 RCW 71.09.090. Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order 24 25 the department to identify a less restrictive alternative placement that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4). Once identified, notice 26 of the placement shall be filed with the court and served upon the 27 prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment, any person 28 or persons identified in RCW 71.09.140(2)(a) who have opted to 29 receive notifications under this chapter, and the person and the 30 31 person's counsel. If the department cannot identify a placement 32 available to the person that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4) within 90 days, the department shall provide a written certification 33 to the court, the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial 34 commitment, and the person and the person's counsel, detailing the 35 efforts of the department to identify a qualifying placement. Upon 36 the department's certification, the person may propose a placement 37 that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (3). After 38 а less 39 restrictive placement has been proposed by either the department or 40 the person, the court shall within 45 days order a hold a trial

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1 scheduling conference regarding a trial on the issue of whether the 2 person shall be conditionally released to the proposed less 3 restrictive alternative.

(2) (a) If the secretary does not authorize the person to 4 petition, the person may petition the court for conditional release 5 6 to a less restrictive alternative or unconditional discharge without the secretary's approval pursuant to the procedures of RCW 71.09.090. 7 The secretary shall provide the committed person with an annual 8 written notice of the person's right to petition the court for 9 conditional release to a less restrictive alternative or 10 11 unconditional discharge over the secretary's objection. A committed 12 person is restricted from petitioning prior to the completion of the annual report and may not petition more than once during the calendar 13 year. The committed person's petition shall only be considered by the 14 court at the show cause hearing pursuant to RCW 71.09.090. The notice 15 16 must contain a waiver of rights. The secretary shall file the notice 17 and waiver form and the annual report with the court. If the person 18 does not affirmatively waive the right to petition, the court shall 19 set a show cause hearing to determine whether probable cause exists 20 to warrant a trial on whether the person's condition has so changed 21 that:

(i) The person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator; or

(ii) Conditional release to a proposed less restrictive alternative would be in the best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the community.

(b) The show cause hearing shall be conducted according to the procedures set forth in RCW 71.09.090.

30 Sec. 9. RCW 71.09.090 and 2021 c 236 s 4 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

32 (((1)(a) If the secretary determines that the person's condition has so changed that the person no longer meets the definition of a 33 34 sexually violent predator, the secretary shall authorize the person 35 to petition the court for unconditional discharge. The petition shall be filed with the court and served upon the prosecuting agency 36 responsible for the initial commitment. The court, upon receipt of 37 38 the petition for unconditional discharge, shall within 45 days order a hearing. 39

1 (b) If the secretary determines that the person's condition has so changed that conditional release to a less restrictive alternative 2 is in the best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed 3 that adequately protect the community, then the secretary shall 4 authorize the person to petition the court for conditional release to 5 6 a less restrictive alternative. Upon receipt of the petition, the 7 court shall order the department to identify a less restrictive alternative placement that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4). 8 9 Once identified, notice of the placement shall be filed with the 10 court and served upon: The prosecuting agency responsible for the 11 initial commitment; any person or persons identified in RCW 71.09.140(2)(a) who have opted to receive notifications under this 12 13 chapter; and the person and his or her counsel. If the department cannot identify a placement available to the person that satisfies 14 15 RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4) within 90 days, the department shall 16 provide a written certification to the court, the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment, and the person and his or her 17 counsel, detailing the efforts of the department to identify a 18 qualifying placement. Upon the department's certification, the person 19 20 may propose a placement that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (3). 21 After a less restrictive placement has been proposed by either the 22 department or the person, the court shall within 45 days order a 23 hearing.

24 (2) (a) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the 25 person from otherwise petitioning the court for conditional release 26 to a less restrictive alternative or unconditional discharge without 27 the secretary's approval. The secretary shall provide the committed 28 person with an annual written notice of the person's right to 29 petition the court for conditional release to a less restrictive 30 alternative or unconditional discharge over the secretary's 31 objection. The notice shall contain a waiver of rights. The secretary 32 shall file the notice and waiver form and the annual report with the 33 court. If the person does not affirmatively waive the right to petition, the court shall set a show cause hearing to determine 34 35 whether probable cause exists to warrant a hearing on whether the person's condition has so changed that: (i) He or she no longer meets 36 the definition of a sexually violent predator; or (ii) conditional 37 38 release to a proposed less restrictive alternative would be in the 39 best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that would 40 adequately protect the community.

(b) (i)) (1) The court shall hold a show cause hearing pursuant to this section, unless otherwise waived by the person or unless the person is entitled to a trial on the issue of unconditional discharge pursuant to section 8(1) of this act. The show cause hearing must proceed as set forth in subsections (2) through (8) of this section.

6 (2) Whenever the department is ordered to identify a less 7 restrictive alternative placement under this chapter that satisfies 8 RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4), the only proposed placement the court 9 may consider at the trial on the issue of conditional release is the 10 one identified and filed by the department.

(3) The committed person shall have a right to have an attorney 11 12 represent him or her at the show cause hearing, which may be conducted solely on the basis of affidavits or declarations, but the 13 person is not entitled to be present at the show cause hearing. The 14 15 state may rely exclusively upon the annual report prepared pursuant to RCW 71.09.070. The committed person may present responsive 16 17 affidavits or declarations to which the state may reply. At the show 18 cause hearing, the prosecuting agency shall present prima facie 19 evidence establishing: (((A)))

20 <u>(a)</u> That the committed person continues to meet the definition of 21 a sexually violent predator; and (((B) that))

22 <u>(b) That</u> a less restrictive alternative is not in the best 23 interest of the person and conditions cannot be imposed that 24 adequately protect the community.

(((ii)(A) If the state produces prime facie evidence that the committed person continues to be a sexually violent predator, then the state's burden under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection is met and an unconditional release trial may not be ordered unless the committed person produces evidence satisfying: Subsection (4)(a) of this section; and subsection (4)(b) (i) or (ii) of this section.

31 (B) If the state produces prima facie evidence that a less 32 restrictive alternative is not appropriate for the committed person, 33 then the state's burden under (b)(i)(B) of this subsection is met, 34 and a conditional release trial may not be ordered unless the 35 committed person:

36 (I) Produces evidence satisfying: Subsection (4) (a) of this 37 section; and subsection (4) (b) (i) or (ii) of this section; and

38 (II) Presents the court with a specific placement satisfying the 39 requirements of RCW 71.09.092.

1 (iii) In making the showing required under (b)(i) of this 2 subsection, the state may rely exclusively upon the annual report 3 prepared pursuant to RCW 71.09.070. The committed person may present 4 responsive affidavits or declarations to which the state may reply.

5 (c)(i) If the court at the show cause hearing determines that 6 either: (A) The state has failed to present prima facie evidence that 7 the committed person continues to meet the definition of a sexually 8 violent predator; or (B) probable cause exists to believe that the 9 person's condition has so changed that the person no longer meets the 10 definition of a sexually violent predator, then the court shall set a 11 hearing on the issue of unconditional discharge.

12 (ii) If the court at the show cause hearing determines that the 13 state has failed to present prima facie evidence that no proposed less restrictive alternative is in the best interest of the person 14 15 and conditions cannot be imposed that would adequately protect the 16 community, the court shall enter an order directing the department to propose a less restrictive alternative that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 17 (1) through (4). If the department cannot identify a placement 18 available to the person that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4) 19 20 within 90 days, the department shall provide a written certification to the court, the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial 21 commitment, and the person and his or her counsel, detailing the 22 efforts of the department to identify a qualifying placement. Upon 23 24 the department's certification, the person may propose a placement 25 that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (3). After a less 26 restrictive placement has been proposed by either the department or 27 the person, the court shall set a hearing on the issue of conditional 28 release.

29 (iii) If the court at the show cause hearing determines, based on 30 the evidence submitted by the person, that probable cause exists to believe)) (4) (a) If the court at the show cause hearing determines 31 32 that the state has produced prima facie evidence that the committed 33 person continues to be a sexually violent predator, then the state's burden is met and an unconditional release trial may not be ordered 34 35 unless the committed person produces evidence that probable cause exists to believe that the person's condition has so changed that the 36 person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator. 37 (b) If the court determines that the state has failed to present 38 39 prima facie evidence that the committed person continues to meet the 40 definition of a sexually violent predator or find that probable cause

1 <u>exists to believe that the person's condition has so changed that the</u> 2 <u>person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator</u>, 3 <u>the court shall set a trial on the issue of unconditional discharge</u>.

(5) (a) If the state produces prima facie evidence that a less 4 restrictive alternative is not appropriate for the committed person, 5 6 then the state's burden is met and a conditional release trial may 7 not be ordered unless the committed person produces evidence that probable cause exists that the person's condition has so changed that 8 release to a less restrictive alternative would be in the best 9 10 interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the community. 11

12 (b) If the court at the show cause hearing determines that the state has failed to present prima facie that no proposed less 13 restrictive alternative is in the best interest of the person and 14 15 conditions cannot be imposed that would adequately protect the 16 community, the court shall enter an order directing the department to 17 propose a less restrictive alternative that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4). If the department cannot identify a placement 18 19 available to the person that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (4) within 90 days, the department shall provide a written certification 20 21 to the court, the prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment, and the person and the person's counsel, detailing the 22 23 efforts of the department to identify a qualifying placement. Upon the department's certification, the person may propose a placement 24 25 that satisfies RCW 71.09.092 (1) through (3). After a less restrictive placement has been proposed by either the department or 26 27 the person, the court shall set a trial on the issue of conditional 28 release.

(c) Should the court determine that probable cause exists that 29 the person's condition has so changed that release to a less 30 31 restrictive alternative would be in the best interest of the person 32 and conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the community, the court shall set a ((hearing)) trial on the issue of 33 conditional release if the person presents the court with a specific 34 35 placement that satisfies the requirements of RCW 71.09.092 (1) 36 through (3).

37 (d) If the court has not previously considered the issue of 38 release to a less restrictive alternative, either through a trial on 39 the merits or through the procedures set forth in RCW 71.09.094(1), 40 or if an immediately preceding less restrictive alternative was 1 revoked due to the loss of adequate housing or treatment for reasons 2 other than noncompliance with housing requirements, treatment, or 3 other conditions of the less restrictive alternative, the court shall 4 consider whether release to a less restrictive alternative would be 5 in the best interests of the person and conditions can be imposed 6 that would adequately protect the community, without considering 7 whether the person's condition has changed.

(((3)(a) At the hearing resulting from subsection (1) or (2) of 8 this section, the committed person shall be entitled to be present 9 10 and to the benefit of all constitutional protections that were 11 afforded to the person at the initial commitment proceeding. The 12 prosecuting agency shall represent the state and shall have a right 13 to a jury trial and to have the committed person evaluated by experts 14 chosen by the state. The prosecuting agency shall have a right to a 15 current evaluation of the person by experts chosen by the state. The 16 judge may require the person to complete any or all of the following procedures or tests if requested by the evaluator: (i) A clinical 17 interview; (ii) psychological testing; (iii) plethysmograph testing; 18 and (iv) polygraph testing. The judge may order the person to 19 20 complete any other procedures and tests relevant to the evaluation. 21 The state is responsible for the costs of the evaluation. The 22 committed person shall also have the right to a jury trial and the right to have experts evaluate him or her on his or her behalf and 23 24 the court shall appoint an expert if the person is indigent and 25 requests an appointment.

26 (b) Whenever any indigent person is subjected to an evaluation 27 under (a) of this subsection, the office of public defense is 28 responsible for the cost of one expert or professional person 29 conducting an evaluation on the person's behalf. When the person 30 wishes to be evaluated by a qualified expert or professional person of his or her own choice, such expert or professional person must be 31 32 permitted to have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of such evaluation, as well as to all relevant medical and psychological 33 records and reports. In the case of a person who is indigent, the 34 35 court shall, upon the person's request, assist the person in obtaining an expert or professional person to perform an evaluation 36 or participate in the hearing on the person's behalf. Nothing in this 37 38 chapter precludes the person from paying for additional expert 39 services at his or her own expense.

1 (c) If the issue at the hearing is whether the person should be unconditionally discharged, the burden of proof shall be upon the 2 3 state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the committed person's condition remains such that the person continues to meet the 4 definition of a sexually violent predator. Evidence of the prior 5 6 commitment trial and disposition is admissible. The recommitment proceeding shall otherwise proceed as set forth in RCW 71.09.050 and 7 71.09.060. 8

9 (d) If the issue at the hearing is whether the person should be conditionally released to a less restrictive alternative, the burden 10 11 of proof at the hearing shall be upon the state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that conditional release to any proposed less 12 restrictive alternative either: (i) Is not in the best interest of 13 the committed person; or (ii) does not include conditions that would 14 adequately protect the community. Evidence of the prior commitment 15 16 trial and disposition is admissible.

17 (4) (a))) (6) (a) Probable cause exists to believe that a person's condition has "so changed," under ((subsection (2))) subsections (4) 18 19 and (5) of this section, only when evidence exists, since the person's last commitment trial, or less restrictive alternative 20 21 revocation proceeding, of a substantial change in the person's 22 physical or mental condition such that the person either no longer 23 meets the definition of a sexually violent predator or that a 24 conditional release to a less restrictive alternative is in the 25 person's best interest and conditions can be imposed to adequately 26 protect the community.

(b) A new trial proceeding under ((subsection (3))) subsections (4) and (5) of this section may be ordered, or a trial proceeding may be held, only when there is current evidence from a licensed professional of one of the following and the evidence presents a change in condition since the person's last commitment trial proceeding:

33 (i) An identified physiological change to the person, such as 34 paralysis, stroke, or dementia, that renders the committed person 35 unable to commit a sexually violent act and this change is permanent; 36 or

37 (ii) A change in the person's mental condition brought about 38 through positive response to continuing participation in treatment 39 which indicates that the person meets the standard for conditional 1 release to a less restrictive alternative or that the person would be 2 safe to be at large if unconditionally released from commitment.

3 (c) For purposes of this section, a change in a single 4 demographic factor, without more, does not establish probable cause 5 for a new trial proceeding under ((subsection (3))) subsections (4) 6 and (5) of this section. As used in this section, a single 7 demographic factor includes, but is not limited to, a change in the 8 chronological age, marital status, or gender of the committed person.

9 (((5))) <u>(7)</u> When the court enters an order for unconditional 10 discharge of a person from an immediately preceding less restrictive 11 placement, the court must direct the clerk to transmit a copy of the 12 order to the department of corrections for discharge process and 13 termination of cause.

14 (((6))) <u>(8)</u> The jurisdiction of the court over a person civilly 15 committed pursuant to this chapter continues until such time as the 16 person is unconditionally discharged.

17 (((7))) <u>(9)</u> During any period of confinement pursuant to a 18 criminal conviction, or for any period of detention awaiting trial on 19 criminal charges, this section is suspended.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 71.09 21 RCW to read as follows:

22 (1) At the trial resulting from RCW 71.09.090 (4) or (5), the committed person shall be entitled to be present and to the benefit 23 24 of all constitutional protections that were afforded to the person at 25 the initial commitment proceeding. The prosecuting agency shall represent the state and shall have a right to a jury trial and to 26 27 have the committed person evaluated by experts chosen by the state. The prosecuting agency shall have a right to a current evaluation of 28 the person by experts chosen by the state. The judge may require the 29 30 person to complete any of the following procedures or tests if 31 by the evaluator: (a) A clinical interview; (b) requested psychological testing; (c) plethysmograph testing; and (d) polygraph 32 testing. The judge may order the person to complete any other 33 procedures and tests relevant to the evaluation. The state is 34 responsible for the costs of the evaluation. The committed person 35 shall also have the right to a jury trial and the right to have 36 experts evaluate the person on their behalf and the court shall 37 38 appoint an expert if the person is indigent and requests an appointment. 39

1 (2) Whenever any indigent person is subjected to an evaluation under subsection (1) of this section, the office of public defense is 2 responsible for the cost of one expert or professional person 3 conducting an evaluation on the person's behalf. When the person 4 wishes to be evaluated by a qualified expert or professional person 5 6 of their own choice, such expert or professional person must be 7 permitted to have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of such evaluation, as well as to all relevant medical and psychological 8 records and reports. In the case of a person who is indigent, the 9 court shall, upon the person's request, assist the person in 10 11 obtaining an expert or professional person to perform an evaluation 12 or participate in the trial on the person's behalf. Nothing in this chapter precludes the person from paying for additional expert 13 14 services at the person's own expense.

(3) If the issue at the trial is whether the person should be 15 16 unconditionally discharged, the burden of proof shall be upon the 17 state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the committed person's 18 condition remains such that the person continues to meet the 19 definition of a sexually violent predator. Evidence of the prior commitment trial and disposition is admissible. The recommitment 20 proceeding shall otherwise proceed as set forth in RCW 71.09.050 and 21 22 71.09.060.

23 (4) If the issue at the trial is whether the person should be conditionally released to a less restrictive alternative, the burden 24 25 of proof at the trial shall be upon the state to prove beyond a 26 reasonable doubt that conditional release to the proposed less restrictive alternative either: (a) Is not in the best interest of 27 28 the committed person; or (b) does not include conditions that would 29 adequately protect the community. Evidence of the prior commitment trial and disposition is admissible. 30

31 (5) When the court enters an order for unconditional discharge of 32 a person from an immediately preceding less restrictive placement, 33 the court shall direct the clerk to transmit a copy of the order to 34 the department of corrections for discharge process and termination 35 of cause.

36 Sec. 11. RCW 71.09.094 and 2001 c 286 s 11 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

(1) Upon the conclusion of the evidence in a ((hearing)) trial
 held pursuant to ((RCW 71.09.090)) section 10 of this act or through

1 summary judgment proceedings prior to such a ((hearing)) trial, if 2 the court finds that there is no legally sufficient evidentiary basis 3 for a reasonable jury to find that the conditions set forth in RCW 4 71.09.092 have been met, the court shall grant a motion by the state 5 for a judgment as a matter of law on the issue of conditional release 6 to a less restrictive alternative.

Whenever the issue of conditional release to a 7 less (2) restrictive alternative is submitted to the jury, the court shall 8 instruct the jury to return a verdict in substantially the following 9 form: Has the state proved beyond a reasonable doubt that either: (a) 10 11 The proposed less restrictive alternative is not in the best 12 interests of respondent; or (b) does not include conditions that would adequately protect the community? Answer: Yes or No. 13

14 Sec. 12. RCW 71.09.096 and 2021 c 236 s 6 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) If the court or jury determines that ((conditional release to 17 a less restrictive alternative is in the best interest of the person 18 and includes conditions that would adequately protect the community,)) the state did not meet its burden at the trial held 19 20 pursuant to section 10(4) of this act and the court determines that 21 the minimum conditions set forth in RCW 71.09.092 ((and in this section)) are met, the court shall enter judgment ((and direct a 22 23 conditional release)) on the less restrictive alternative at issue at 24 the trial. The court shall also enter judgment on a less restrictive alternative where prior to the trial held pursuant to section 10(4) 25 26 of this act the state concedes that it cannot meet its burden under 27 RCW 71.09.094(2) and that the minimum conditions set forth in RCW 71.09.092 are met. Before directing conditional release, the court 28 shall determine whether conditions exist that will both ensure the 29 30 person's compliance with treatment and protect the community pursuant 31 to subsection (4) of this section and whether the requirements of this section are met. 32

(2) ((The court shall impose any additional conditions necessary to ensure compliance with treatment and to protect the community.)) If the court finds <u>after considering what conditions to impose</u> <u>pursuant to subsection (4) of this section</u> that conditions do not exist that will both ensure the person's compliance with treatment and protect the community, then the person shall be remanded to the custody of the department of social and health services for control,

1 care, and treatment in a secure facility as designated in RCW 2 71.09.060(1). The court must make specific findings as to why 3 conditions do not exist that will both ensure the person's compliance 4 with treatment and protect the community.

(3) If the service provider designated by the court to provide 5 6 inpatient or outpatient treatment or to monitor or supervise any other terms and conditions of a person's placement in a less 7 restrictive alternative is other than the department of social and 8 health services or the department of corrections, then the service 9 10 provider so designated must agree in writing to provide such treatment, monitoring, or supervision in accord with this section. 11 12 Any person providing or agreeing to provide treatment, monitoring, or 13 supervision services pursuant to this chapter may be compelled to testify and any privilege with regard to such person's testimony is 14 15 deemed waived.

16 (4) (a) ((Prior to authorizing any release to a less restrictive 17 alternative, the court shall impose such conditions upon the person as are necessary to ensure the safety of the community. In imposing 18 19 conditions, the court must impose a restriction on the proximity of the person's residence to public or private schools providing 20 21 instruction to kindergarten or any grades one through 12 in accordance with RCW 72.09.340. Courts shall require a minimum 22 distance restriction of 500 feet on the proximity of the person's 23 24 residence to child care facilities and public or private schools 25 providing instruction to kindergarten or any grades one through 12. 26 The)) Upon entering judgment pursuant to subsection (1) of this 27 section or upon the parties' agreement, the court shall order the 28 department of corrections to investigate the less restrictive 29 alternative and, within 60 days of the order to investigate being 30 served on the department of corrections, recommend ((any additional)) 31 conditions to the court. ((These conditions shall be individualized 32 to address the person's specific risk factors and criminogenic needs and may include, but are not limited to[,] the following: 33 Specification of residence or restrictions on residence including 34 35 distance restrictions, specification of contact with a reasonable number of individuals upon the person's request who are verified by 36 37 the department of corrections to be appropriate social contacts, 38 prohibition of contact with potential or past victims, prohibition of 39 alcohol and other drug use, participation in a specific course of 40 inpatient or outpatient treatment that may include monitoring by the

1 use of polygraph and plethysmograph, monitoring through the use of global positioning system technology, supervision by a department of 2 corrections community corrections officer, a requirement that the 3 person remain within the state unless the person receives prior 4 authorization by the court, and any other conditions that the court 5 6 determines are in the best interest of the person or others. A copy of the conditions of release shall be given to the person and to any 7 designated service providers.)) 8

9 (b) After receiving the department of corrections' report and 10 recommendations, and prior to authorizing any release to a less 11 restrictive alternative, the court shall impose such conditions upon 12 the person as are necessary to ensure the safety of the community and 13 ensure the person's compliance with treatment.

(i) In imposing conditions, the court must impose a restriction 14 15 on the proximity of the person's residence to child care centers and 16 to public or private schools providing instruction to kindergarten or 17 any grades one through 12 in accordance with RCW 72.09.340. Courts shall require a minimum distance restriction of 500 feet on the 18 proximity of the person's residence to child care centers and public 19 or private schools providing instruction to kindergarten or any 20 21 grades one through 12.

22 (ii) Conditions upon the person must also include, but are not 23 limited to, the following: Prohibition of contact with potential or 24 past victims without authorization; prohibition of alcohol and other drug use; participation in a specific course of inpatient or 25 outpatient treatment that may include monitoring by the use of 26 polygraph and plethysmograph; monitoring through the use of global 27 positioning system technology; supervision by a department of 28 corrections community corrections officer; and a requirement that the 29 30 person remain within the state unless the person receives prior 31 authorization by the court.

32 (iii) As part of its conditions, the court may consider 33 specification of contact with a reasonable number of individuals upon 34 the person's request who are verified by the department of 35 corrections to be appropriate social contacts.

36 (iv) A copy of the conditions of release shall be given to the 37 person and to any designated service providers.

38 <u>(c)</u> To the greatest extent possible, the person, person's 39 counsel, prosecuting agency responsible for the initial commitment, 40 treatment provider, supervising community corrections officer, and 1 appropriate clinical staff of the special commitment center shall 2 meet and collaborate to craft individualized, narrowly tailored, and 3 empirically based conditions to present to the court to help 4 facilitate the person's successful transition to the community.

(5) (a) Prior to authorizing release to a less restrictive 5 6 alternative proposed by the department, the court shall consider whether the person's less restrictive alternative placement is in 7 accordance with fair share principles. To ensure 8 equitable distribution of releases, and prevent the disproportionate grouping 9 of persons subject to less restrictive orders in any one county, or 10 11 in any one jurisdiction or community within a county, the legislature 12 finds it is appropriate for releases to a less restrictive alternative to occur in a manner that adheres to fair share 13 principles. The legislature recognizes that there may be reasons why 14 15 the department may not recommend that a person be released to ((his 16 or her)) the person's county of commitment, including availability of 17 individualized resources, the person's support needs, or when the court determines that the person's return to ((his or her)) the 18 19 person's county of commitment would be inappropriate considering any court-issued protection orders, victim safety concerns that cannot be 20 21 addressed through use of global positioning system technology, the 22 unavailability of appropriate treatment or facilities that would 23 adequately protect the community, negative influences on the person, and the location of family or other persons or organizations offering 24 25 support to the person. If the court authorizes conditional release 26 based on the department's proposal to a county other than the county of commitment, the court shall enter specific findings regarding its 27 28 decision and identify whether the release remains in line with fair 29 share principles. A party's objection to the department's plan on this basis must be made within 30 days of receiving the plan unless 30 31 the deficiency was not reasonably discoverable at that time.

32 (b)(i) When the department develops a less restrictive 33 alternative placement under this section, it shall attempt to 34 identify a placement satisfying the requirements of RCW 71.09.092 35 that is aligned with fair share principles. The department shall 36 document its rationale for the recommended placement.

(ii) If the department does not support or recommend conditional release to a less restrictive alternative due to a clinical determination, the department shall document its objection and certify that the department is developing the less restrictive

1 alternative pursuant to a court order and not because of a clinical 2 determination.

3 (iii) When the department develops or proposes a less restrictive 4 alternative placement under this chapter, it shall be considered a 5 predisposition recommendation.

6 (iv) In developing, modifying, and enforcing less restrictive 7 alternatives, the department shall be deemed to be performing a 8 quasi-judicial function.

9 (c) If the committed person is not conditionally released to 10 ((his or her)) the person's county of commitment, the department 11 shall provide the law and justice council of the county in which the 12 person is conditionally released with notice and a written 13 explanation, including whether the department remains in compliance 14 with fair share principles regarding releases under this chapter.

15 (d) For purposes of this section, the person's county of 16 commitment means the county of the court which ordered the person's 17 commitment.

18 (e) This subsection (5) does not apply to releases to a secure 19 community transition facility under RCW 71.09.250.

20 (6) (a) When ordered by the court, the department must provide 21 less restrictive alternative treatment that includes, at a minimum:

(i) The services identified in the person's discharge plan as outlined in RCW 71.09.080(4);

24 (ii) The assignment of a community care coordinator;

25 (iii) Regular contacts with providers of court-ordered treatment 26 services;

27

(iv) Community escorts, if needed;

(v) A transition plan that addresses the person's access to continued services upon unconditional discharge;

30

(vi) Financial support for necessary housing;

31 (vii) Life skills training and disability accommodations, if 32 needed; and

33 (viii) Assistance in pursuing benefits, education, and 34 employment.

35 (b) At the time the department of corrections is ordered to 36 investigate a proposed less restrictive alternative placement, 37 subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific 38 purpose, the department shall assign a social worker to assist the 39 person with discharge planning, pursuing benefits, and coordination 40 of care prior to release. 1 (i) The social worker shall assist the person with completing 2 applications for benefits prior to the person's release from total 3 confinement.

4 (ii) To promote continuity of care and the individual's success 5 in the community, the department social worker shall be responsible 6 for initiating a clinical transition of care between the last 7 treating clinician at the special commitment center and the person's 8 designated community treatment provider. This transition between one 9 clinical setting to another shall occur no later than 15 days before 10 an individual's release from the special commitment center.

(iii) If applicable, the social worker shall assist the person with locating any needed disability accommodations in the community and with obtaining resources to help address the person's identified life skills needs prior to release from total confinement.

(7) Any service provider designated to provide inpatient or 15 outpatient treatment shall monthly, or as otherwise directed by the 16 17 court, submit to the court, to the department of social and health 18 services facility from which the person was released, to the prosecuting agency, and to the supervising community corrections 19 officer, a report stating whether the person is complying with the 20 21 terms and conditions of the conditional release to a less restrictive 22 alternative.

23 (8) Each person released to a less restrictive alternative shall have ((his or her)) the person's case reviewed by the court that 24 25 released ((him or her)) the person no later than one year after such release and annually thereafter until the person is unconditionally 26 discharged. Review may occur in a shorter time or more frequently, if 27 28 the court, in its discretion on its own motion, or on motion of the 29 person, the secretary, or the prosecuting agency so determines. The questions to be determined by the court are whether the person shall 30 31 continue to be conditionally released to a less restrictive 32 alternative, and if so, whether a modification to the person's less 33 restrictive alternative order is appropriate to ensure the conditional release remains in the best interest of the person and 34 adequate to protect the victim and the community. The court in making 35 its determination shall be aided by the periodic reports filed 36 pursuant to subsection (7) of this section and the opinions of the 37 secretary and other experts or professional persons. This section may 38 not be used as a substitute for a proceeding initiated under RCW 39 40 71.09.098, nor may it be used to substitute a different sex offender

1 treatment provider or housing other than the ones that were the

2 <u>subject of a judgment under subsection (1) of this section.</u>

3 Sec. 13. RCW 71.09.250 and 2021 c 236 s 9 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) (a) The secretary is authorized to site, construct, occupy, and operate (i) a secure community transition facility on McNeil 6 Island for persons authorized to petition for a less restrictive 7 alternative under ((RCW 71.09.090(1))) section 8 of this act and who 8 are conditionally released; and (ii) a special commitment center on 9 McNeil Island with up to four hundred four beds as a total 10 confinement facility under this chapter, subject to appropriated 11 funding for those purposes. The secure community transition facility 12 shall be authorized for the number of beds needed to ensure 13 compliance with the orders of the superior courts under this chapter 14 15 and the federal district court for the western district of 16 Washington. The total number of beds in the secure community transition facility shall be limited to 24, consisting of up to 15 17 18 transitional beds and up to nine pretransitional beds. The residents occupying the transitional beds shall be the only residents eligible 19 for transitional services occurring in Pierce county. In no event 20 shall more than 15 residents of the secure community transition 21 22 facility be participating in off-island transitional, educational, or employment activity at the same time in Pierce county. The department 23 24 shall provide the Pierce county sheriff, or ((his or her)) the sheriff's designee, with a list of the 15 residents so designated, 25 along with their photographs and physical descriptions, and the list 26 shall be immediately updated whenever a residential change occurs. 27 28 The Pierce county sheriff, or ((his or her)) the sheriff's designee, shall be provided an opportunity to confirm the residential status of 29 30 each resident leaving McNeil Island.

31 (b) For purposes of this subsection, "transitional beds" means 32 beds only for residents who are judged by a qualified expert to be 33 suitable to leave the island for treatment, education, and 34 employment.

35 (2)(a) The secretary is authorized to site, either within the 36 secure community transition facility established pursuant to 37 subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section, or within the special 38 commitment center, up to nine pretransitional beds. 1 (b) Residents assigned to pretransitional beds shall not be 2 permitted to leave McNeil Island for education, employment, 3 treatment, or community activities in Pierce county.

4 (c) For purposes of this subsection, "pretransitional beds" means 5 beds for residents whose progress toward a less secure residential 6 environment and transition into more complete community involvement 7 is projected to take substantially longer than a typical resident of 8 the special commitment center.

9 (3) Notwithstanding RCW 36.70A.103 or any other law, this statute 10 preempts and supersedes local plans, development regulations, 11 permitting requirements, inspection requirements, and all other laws 12 as necessary to enable the secretary to site, construct, occupy, and 13 operate a secure community transition facility on McNeil Island and a 14 total confinement facility on McNeil Island.

15 (4) To the greatest extent possible, until June 30, 2003, persons 16 who were not civilly committed from the county in which the secure 17 community transition facility established pursuant to subsection (1) 18 of this section is located may not be conditionally released to a 19 setting in that same county less restrictive than that facility.

(5) As of June 26, 2001, the state shall immediately cease any efforts in effect on such date to site secure community transition facilities, other than the facility authorized by subsection (1) of this section, and shall instead site such facilities in accordance with the provisions of this section.

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(6) The department must:

(a) Identify the minimum and maximum number of secure community
transition facility beds in addition to the facility established
under subsection (1) of this section that may be necessary for the
period of May 2004 through May 2007 and provide notice of these
numbers to all counties by August 31, 2001; and

31 (b) Develop and publish policy guidelines for the siting and 32 operation of secure community transition facilities.

33 (7) (a) The total number of secure community transition facility beds that may be required to be sited in a county between June 26, 34 2001, and June 30, 2008, may be no greater than the total number of 35 persons civilly committed from that county, or detained at the 36 special commitment center under a pending civil commitment petition 37 from that county where a finding of probable cause had been made on 38 39 April 1, 2001. The total number of secure community transition 40 facility beds required to be sited in each county between July 1,

1 2008, and June 30, 2015, may be no greater than the total number of 2 persons civilly committed from that county or detained at the special 3 commitment center under a pending civil commitment petition from that 4 county where a finding of probable cause had been made as of July 1, 5 2008.

6 (b) Counties and cities that provide secure community transition 7 facility beds above the maximum number that they could be required to site under this subsection are eligible for a bonus grant under the 8 incentive provisions in RCW 71.09.255. The county where the special 9 commitment center is located shall receive this bonus grant for the 10 11 number of beds in the facility established in subsection (1) of this 12 section in excess of the maximum number established by this subsection. 13

(c) No secure community transition facilities in addition to the 14 one established in subsection (1) of this section may be required to 15 16 be sited in the county where the special commitment center is located 17 until after June 30, 2008, provided however, that the county and its 18 cities may elect to site additional secure community transition 19 facilities and shall be eligible under the incentive provisions of RCW 71.09.255 for any additional facilities meeting the requirements 20 21 of that section.

22 (8) After the department demonstrates the need for additional bed 23 capacity to the appropriate committees of the legislature, and receives approval and funding from the appropriate committees of the 24 25 legislature to build additional bed capacity, the state is authorized 26 to site and operate secure community transition facilities and other conditional release and transitional facilities in any county in the 27 28 state in accordance with RCW 71.09.315. In identifying potential counties and sites within a county for the location of a secure 29 community transition facility or other conditional release and 30 31 transitional facilities, the department shall work with and assist 32 local governments to provide for the equitable distribution of such 33 facilities. In coordinating and deciding upon the siting of secure community transition facilities or other conditional release and 34 transitional facilities within a county, great weight shall be given 35 36 by the county and cities within the county to:

37 (a) The number and location of existing residential facility beds 38 operated by the department of corrections or the mental health 39 division of the department of social and health services in each 40 jurisdiction in the county; and

1 (b) The number of registered sex offenders classified as level II 2 or level III and the number of sex offenders registered as homeless 3 residing in each jurisdiction in the county.

(9) (a) "Equitable distribution" means siting or locating secure
community transition facilities and other conditional release and
transitional facilities in a manner that will not cause a
disproportionate grouping of similar facilities either in any one
county, or in any one jurisdiction or community within a county, as
relevant; and

10 (b) "Jurisdiction" means a city, town, or geographic area of a 11 county in which distinct political or judicial authority may be 12 exercised.

13 Sec. 14. RCW 71.09.280 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 s 212 are each 14 amended to read as follows:

15 When considering whether a person civilly committed under this chapter and conditionally released to a secure community transition 16 17 facility is appropriate for release to a placement that is less restrictive than that facility, the court shall comply with the 18 procedures set forth in RCW 71.09.090 through 71.09.096 and sections 19 20 8 and 10 of this act. In addition, the court shall consider whether the person has progressed in treatment to the point that a 21 significant change in the person's routine, including but not limited 22 23 to a change of employment, education, residence, or sex offender 24 treatment provider will not cause the person to regress to the point 25 that the person presents a greater risk to the community than can reasonably be addressed in the proposed placement. 26

27 Sec. 15. RCW 9.94A.717 and 2020 c 275 s 2 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(1) If an offender sentenced under this chapter or chapter 9.94B
RCW is supervised by the department, the offender may earn
supervision compliance credit in accordance with procedures that are
developed and adopted by the department.

33 (a) The supervision compliance credit shall be awarded to 34 offenders who are in compliance with supervision terms and are making 35 progress towards the goals of their individualized supervision case 36 plan, including: Participation in specific targeted interventions, 37 risk-related programming, or treatment; or completing steps towards

specific targeted goals that enhance protective factors and
 stability, as determined by the department.

3 (b) For each month in compliance with community custody 4 conditions in accordance with (a) of this subsection, an offender may 5 earn supervision compliance credit of ten days.

6 (c) Supervision compliance credit is accrued monthly and time 7 shall not be applied to an offender's term of supervision prior to 8 the earning of the time.

9 (2) An offender is not eligible to earn supervision compliance 10 credit if he or she:

11 (a) Was sentenced under RCW 9.94A.507 or 10.95.030;

12 (b) Was sentenced under RCW 9.94A.650, 9.94A.655, 9.94A.660, or 13 9.94A.670;

14 (c) Is subject to supervision pursuant to RCW 9.94A.745;

15 (d) Has an indeterminate sentence and is subject to parole 16 pursuant to RCW 9.95.017; or

17 (e) Is serving community custody pursuant to early release under 18 RCW 9.94A.730.

<u>(3) An offender is not eligible to earn supervision compliance</u>
 <u>credit on any cause being served concurrently with a less restrictive</u>
 <u>alternative subject to supervision pursuant to RCW 71.09.092.</u>

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. If any provision of this act or its 23 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 24 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 25 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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