## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1218

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

**By** House Civil Rights & Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Farivar, Macri, Reed, Simmons, Wylie, Pollet, Street, Ormsby, Scott, Salahuddin, Parshley, and Hill; by request of Governor Inslee)

READ FIRST TIME 02/20/25.

AN ACT Relating to persons referred for competency evaluation and 1 2 restoration services within the framework of the forensic mental 3 health care system consistent with the requirements agreed to in the Trueblood settlement agreement; amending RCW 10.77.074, 10.77.084, 4 5 10.77.086, 10.77.088, and 10.77.092; reenacting and amending RCW 43.84.092 and 43.84.092; adding new sections to chapter 10.77 RCW; 6 7 creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing 8 expiration dates.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10 Sec. 1. The legislature finds that individuals NEW SECTION. 11 referred for services related to competency to stand trial requiring 12 admission into a psychiatric facility are experiencing significantly 13 reduced wait times for competency services. In order to preserve 14 these critical gains, for the benefit of the state and those 15 individuals awaiting services, the legislature finds that 16 implementing measures to reduce the continued growth of referrals to 17 The state's forensic bed the competency system are necessary. 18 capacity forecast model indicates that if the state continues to receive competency referrals from local superior, district, and 19 20 municipal courts at the same volume, the state will again fall 21 behind.

1 The legislature further finds that historical investments and policy changes have been made in behavioral health services over the 2 3 past several years, designed to both increase capacity to provide competency to stand trial services and to reduce the need for them by 4 creating opportunities for diversion, prevention, and improved 5 6 community health. New construction at western state hospital has resulted in the opening of 58 forensic psychiatric beds in the first 7 2023, while emergency community hospital 8 quarter of contracts expanded to allow for the discharge or transfer of over 50 civil 9 conversion patients occupying forensic state hospital beds over the 10 11 same period. Sixteen beds for civil conversion patients opened at 12 Maple Lane school in the first quarter of 2023, with 30 additional beds for patients acquitted by reason of insanity opened in early 13 2024. The state also acquired a new facility in 2024, now known as 14 Olympic Heritage behavioral health, which added to this historic rise 15 16 in bed capacity in the state of Washington. Over a longer time 17 period, 350 forensic beds are planned to open within a new forensic hospital on the western state hospital campus between 2028 and 2029. 18 19 Policy and budget changes have increased capacity for assisted outpatient treatment, 988 crisis response, use of medication for 20 21 opioid use disorders in jails and community settings, reentry services, and mental health advance directives, and created new 22 23 behavioral health facility types, supportive housing, and supportive Forensic navigator services, outpatient 24 employment services. 25 competency restoration programs, clinical intervention specialists other specialty forensic services are now available and 26 and 27 continuing to be deployed in phase one, two, and three Trueblood 28 settlement regions.

The legislature further finds that these investments over a 29 period of many years have made significant improvements in the wait 30 31 times for competency services. Even so, there remains a need for 32 everyone to come together to find solutions to both reduce demand for forensic services and shrink the number of individuals whose only 33 access to behavioral health care is through the criminal justice 34 system. Forensic services should be reserved only for those where the 35 state's interest is sufficient to justify the detention and greater 36 37 efforts are needed to prevent or divert individuals with behavioral health needs from being unnecessarily incarcerated. The state needs 38 39 collaboration from local governments and other entities to provide 40 and develop services and supports to patients connected to the

1 forensic system, to reduce the flow of competency referrals coming 2 from municipal, district, and superior courts, and to improve 3 availability and effectiveness of behavioral health services provided 4 outside the criminal justice system.

5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 10.77.074 and 2023 c 453 s 5 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) Subject to the limitations described in subsection (2) of this section, a court may appoint an impartial forensic navigator 8 employed by or contracted by the department to assist individuals who 9 have been referred for competency evaluation for class B and class C 10 11 felonies and all misdemeanors and shall appoint a forensic navigator in circumstances described under RCW 10.77.072. Class A felonies will 12 not be referred to forensic navigators unless requested by a party to 13 the proceedings or the court. 14

15 (2) A forensic navigator must assist the individual to access 16 services related to diversion and community outpatient competency 17 restoration. The forensic navigator must assist the individual, 18 prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, and the court to understand 19 the options available to the individual and be accountable as an 20 officer of the court for faithful execution of the responsibilities 21 outlined in this section.

22 (3) The duties of the forensic navigator include, but are not 23 limited to, the following:

(a) To collect relevant information about the individual,
including behavioral health services and supports available to the
individual that might support placement in outpatient restoration,
diversion, or some combination of these;

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(b) To meet with, interview, and observe the individual;

(c) <u>To gather collateral information regarding the presence of</u> disabilities, injuries, or cognitive disorders, and other records <u>when appropriate to help inform referrals for diversion or services;</u>

32 <u>(d) When able to meet with the individual, to gather accurate</u> 33 <u>contact information for the individual, the individual's next of kin</u> 34 <u>or legal guardian, and other relevant persons to facilitate timely</u> 35 <u>contact if the individual is referred for services;</u>

36 <u>(e)</u> To assess the individual for appropriateness for assisted 37 outpatient treatment under chapter 71.05 RCW;

38 (((d))) <u>(f)</u> To present information to the court in order to 39 assist the court in understanding the treatment options available to 1 the individual to support the entry of orders for diversion from the 2 forensic mental health system or for community outpatient competency 3 restoration, to facilitate that transition;

4 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(g)</u> To provide regular updates to the court and parties 5 of the status of the individual's participation in diversion or 6 outpatient services and be responsive to inquiries by the parties 7 about treatment status;

8 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(h)</u> When the individual is ordered to receive community 9 outpatient restoration, to provide services to the individual 10 including:

(i) Assisting the individual with attending appointments and classes relating to outpatient competency restoration;

13 (ii) Coordinating access to housing for the individual;

(iii) Meeting with the individual on a regular basis;

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15 (iv) Providing information to the court concerning the 16 individual's progress and compliance with court-ordered conditions of 17 release, which may include appearing at court hearings to provide 18 information to the court;

19 (v) Coordinating the individual's access to community case 20 management services and mental health services;

(vi) Assisting the individual with obtaining prescribed medication and encouraging adherence with prescribed medication;

(vii) Assessing the individual for appropriateness for assisted outpatient treatment under chapter 71.05 RCW and coordinating the initiation of an assisted outpatient treatment order if appropriate;

26 (viii) Planning for a coordinated transition of the individual to 27 a case manager in the community behavioral health system;

(ix) Attempting to follow-up with the individual to check whether
the meeting with a community-based case manager took place;

30 (x) When the individual is a high utilizer, attempting to connect 31 the individual with high utilizer services; and

32 (xi) Attempting to check up on the individual at least once per 33 month for up to sixty days after coordinated transition to community 34 behavioral health services, without duplicating the services of the 35 community-based case manager;

36 ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(i) For individuals who are found by the court to be not</u> 37 <u>competent to stand trial and not restorable due to an intellectual or</u> 38 <u>developmental disability, dementia, traumatic brain injury, or other</u> 39 <u>neurocognitive disorders</u>, and diverted for services under RCW 1 <u>10.77.202</u>, to make a coordinated transition of the individual to 2 <u>appropriate case managers within the department;</u>

3 (j) If the individual is an American Indian or Alaska Native who 4 receives medical, behavioral health, housing, or other supportive 5 services from a tribe within this state, to notify and coordinate 6 with the tribe and Indian health care provider. Notification shall be 7 made in person or by telephonic or electronic communication to the 8 tribal contact listed in the authority's tribal crisis coordination 9 plan as soon as possible.

10 (4) Forensic navigators may submit recommendations to the court 11 regarding treatment and restoration options for the individual, which 12 the court may consider and weigh in conjunction with the 13 recommendations of all of the parties.

14 (5) Forensic navigators shall be deemed officers of the court for 15 the purpose of immunity from civil liability.

(6) The signed order for competency evaluation from the court 16 17 shall serve as authority for the forensic navigator to be given access to all records held by a behavioral health, educational, or 18 law enforcement agency or a correctional facility that relates to an 19 individual. Information that is protected by state or federal law, 20 21 including health information, shall not be entered into the court 22 record without the consent of the individual or their defense 23 attorney.

(7) Admissions made by the individual in the course of receiving services from the forensic navigator may not be used against the individual in the prosecution's case in chief.

(8) A court may not issue an order appointing a forensic navigator unless the department certifies that there is adequate forensic navigator capacity to provide these services at the time the order is issued.

31 Sec. 3. RCW 10.77.084 and 2023 c 453 s 6 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) (a) If at any time during the pendency of an action and prior to judgment the court finds, following a report as provided in RCW 10.77.060, a defendant is incompetent, the court shall order the proceedings against the defendant be stayed except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. Beginning October 1, 2023, if the defendant is charged with a serious traffic offense under RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony version of a serious traffic offense, the

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1 court may order the clerk to transmit an order to the department of 2 licensing for revocation of the defendant's driver's license for a 3 period of one year.

(b) The court may order a defendant who has been found to be 4 incompetent to undergo competency restoration treatment at a facility 5 6 designated by the department if the defendant is eligible under RCW 10.77.086 or 10.77.088. At the end of each competency restoration 7 period or at any time a professional person determines competency has 8 been, or is unlikely to be, restored, the defendant shall be returned 9 to court for a hearing, except that if the opinion of the 10 professional person is that the defendant remains incompetent and the 11 hearing is held before the expiration of the current competency 12 restoration period, the parties may agree to waive the defendant's 13 presence, to remote participation by the defendant at a hearing, or 14 to presentation of an agreed order in lieu of a hearing. The facility 15 16 shall promptly notify the court and all parties of the date on which 17 the competency restoration period commences and expires so that a 18 timely hearing date may be scheduled.

(c) If, following notice and hearing or entry of an agreed order 19 under (b) of this subsection, the court finds that competency has 20 21 been restored, the court shall lift the stay entered under (a) of 22 this subsection. If the court finds that competency has not been 23 restored, the court shall dismiss the proceedings without prejudice, except that the court may order a further period of competency 24 25 restoration treatment if it finds that further treatment within the time limits established by RCW 10.77.086 or 10.77.088 is likely to 26 restore competency, and a further period of treatment is allowed 27 28 under RCW 10.77.086 or 10.77.088.

(d) If at any time during the proceeding the court finds, following notice and hearing, a defendant is not likely to regain competency, the court shall dismiss the proceedings without prejudice and refer the defendant for civil commitment evaluation or proceedings if appropriate under RCW 10.77.065, 10.77.086, or 10.77.088.

35 (e) Beginning October 1, 2023, if the court issues an order 36 directing revocation of the defendant's driver's license under (a) of 37 this subsection, and the court subsequently finds that the 38 defendant's competency has been restored, the court shall order the 39 clerk to transmit an order to the department of licensing for 40 reinstatement of the defendant's driver's license. The court may

1 direct the clerk to transmit an order reinstating the defendant's 2 driver's license before the end of one year for good cause upon the 3 petition of the defendant.

4 (2) If the defendant is referred for evaluation by a designated 5 crisis responder under this chapter, the designated crisis responder 6 shall provide prompt written notification of the results of the 7 evaluation and whether the person was detained. The notification 8 shall be provided to the court in which the criminal action was 9 pending, the prosecutor, the defense attorney in the criminal action, 10 and the facility that evaluated the defendant for competency.

11 (3) The fact that the defendant is unfit to proceed does not 12 preclude any pretrial proceedings which do not require the personal 13 participation of the defendant.

14 (4) A defendant receiving medication for either physical or 15 mental problems shall not be prohibited from standing trial, if the 16 medication either enables the defendant to understand the proceedings 17 against him or her and to assist in his or her own defense, or does 18 not disable him or her from so understanding and assisting in his or 19 her own defense.

(5) At or before the conclusion of any commitment period provided 20 21 for by this section, the facility providing evaluation and treatment shall provide to the court a written report of evaluation which meets 22 the requirements of RCW 10.77.060(3). For defendants charged with a 23 felony, the report following the second competency restoration period 24 25 first competency restoration period if the defendant's or incompetence is determined to be solely due to a developmental 26 disability or the evaluator concludes that the defendant is not 27 28 likely to regain competency must include an assessment of the 29 defendant's future dangerousness which is evidence-based regarding predictive validity. 30

31 (6) For defendants who are on personal recognizance who are 32 waiting for competency restoration services, in a county with an 33 outpatient competency restoration program that has adequate space, 34 the department shall provide a recommended services plan to the court 35 and parties. Upon receipt of this recommended services plan, if 36 restoration is still required, the court shall order outpatient 37 competency restoration.

38 <u>(7) If, after two attempts to schedule or admit a defendant on</u> 39 personal recognizance status to a department facility for competency 40 evaluation or restoration, the department is not able to complete 1 scheduling the admission or the defendant does not arrive at the scheduled time of the admission, the department shall submit a report 2 to the court and parties and include a date and time for another 3 admission which must be at least two weeks later. The court shall 4 provide notice to the defendant of the date and time of the 5 6 admission. If the defendant fails to appear at that admission, the 7 court shall recall the order for competency evaluation or restoration and may issue a warrant for the failure to appear. The secretary may 8 adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement this section. 9

10 Sec. 4. RCW 10.77.086 and 2024 c 290 s 3 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the 12 defendant is charged with a felony and determined to be incompetent, 13 14 until he or she has regained the competency necessary to understand 15 the proceedings against him or her and assist in his or her own 16 defense, but in any event for a period of no longer than 90 days, the court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary for 17 18 inpatient competency restoration, or may alternatively order the defendant to receive outpatient competency restoration based on a 19 20 recommendation from a forensic navigator and input from the parties.

21 (b) For a defendant who is determined to be incompetent and whose 22 highest charge is a class C felony other than assault in the third degree under RCW 9A.36.031(1) (d) or (f), felony physical control of 23 24 a vehicle under RCW 46.61.504(6), felony hit and run resulting in injury under RCW 46.52.020(4)(b), a hate crime offense under RCW 25 9A.36.080, a class C felony with a domestic violence designation, a 26 27 class C felony sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, or a class C felony with a sexual motivation allegation, the court shall first 28 29 consider all available and appropriate alternatives to inpatient 30 competency restoration. The court shall dismiss the proceedings 31 without prejudice upon agreement of the parties if the forensic 32 navigator has found an appropriate and available diversion program 33 willing to accept the defendant.

34 (2)(a) To be eligible for an order for outpatient competency 35 restoration, a defendant must be clinically appropriate and be 36 willing to:

37 (i) Adhere to medications or receive prescribed intramuscular 38 medication; and

39 (ii) ((Abstain from alcohol and unprescribed drugs; and

1 (iii) Comply with urinalysis or breathalyzer monitoring if
2 needed)) Adhere to all rules and conditions of the identified
3 outpatient competency restoration.

4 (b) If the court orders inpatient competency restoration, the 5 department shall place the defendant in an appropriate facility of 6 the department for competency restoration.

(c) For a defendant ordered to inpatient competency restoration, 7 the department shall promptly notify the court and parties whenever 8 it appears the defendant's condition is such that a transfer to 9 outpatient competency restoration is appropriate. Any such notice to 10 the court and parties shall provide pertinent information concerning 11 the change in condition or the reasons supporting transfer to 12 outpatient competency restoration. Upon receipt of this notice, the 13 court shall schedule a hearing within 10 days to review the 14 information provided by the department, conditions of release of the 15 16 defendant, and anticipated release date from inpatient treatment. The 17 court shall issue appropriate orders if it finds that the defendant's condition has so changed that they are a suitable candidate for 18 19 outpatient competency restoration.

(d) If the court orders outpatient competency restoration, the 20 21 court shall modify conditions of release as needed to authorize the 22 department to place the person in approved housing, which may include 23 access to supported housing, affiliated with a contracted outpatient competency restoration program. The department, in conjunction with 24 25 the health care authority, must establish rules for conditions of 26 participation in the outpatient competency restoration program, which 27 must include the defendant being subject to medication management. 28 The court may order regular urinalysis testing. The outpatient competency restoration program shall monitor the defendant during the 29 defendant's placement in the program and report any noncompliance or 30 31 significant changes with respect to the defendant to the department 32 and, if applicable, the forensic navigator.

33 ((-(d))) (e) If a defendant fails to comply with the restrictions of the outpatient restoration program such that restoration is no 34 longer appropriate in that setting or the defendant is no longer 35 clinically appropriate for outpatient competency restoration, the 36 director of the outpatient competency restoration program shall 37 notify the authority and the department of the need to terminate the 38 39 outpatient competency restoration placement and intent to request 40 placement for the defendant in an appropriate facility of the

1 department for inpatient competency restoration. The outpatient competency restoration program shall coordinate with the authority, 2 the department, and any law enforcement personnel under ((((d))) (e) 3 (i) of this subsection to ensure that the time period between 4 termination and admission into the inpatient facility is as minimal 5 6 as possible. The time period for inpatient competency restoration shall be reduced by the time period spent in active treatment within 7 the outpatient competency restoration program, excluding time periods 8 in which the defendant was absent from the program and all time from 9 notice of termination of the outpatient competency restoration period 10 11 through the defendant's admission to the facility. The department 12 shall obtain a placement for the defendant within seven days of the notice of intent to terminate the outpatient competency restoration 13 14 placement.

15 (i) The department may authorize a peace officer to detain the defendant into emergency custody for transport to the designated 16 17 inpatient competency restoration facility. If medical clearance is 18 required by the designated competency restoration facility before 19 admission, the peace officer must transport the defendant to a crisis stabilization unit, evaluation and treatment facility, or emergency 20 21 department of a local hospital for medical clearance once a bed is 22 available at the designated inpatient competency restoration facility. The signed outpatient competency restoration order of the 23 court shall serve as authority for the detention of the defendant 24 25 under this subsection. This subsection does not preclude voluntary 26 transportation of the defendant to a facility for inpatient 27 competency restoration or for medical clearance, or authorize 28 admission of the defendant into jail.

(ii) The department shall notify the court and parties of the defendant's admission for inpatient competency restoration before the close of the next judicial day. The court shall schedule a hearing within five days to review the conditions of release of the defendant and anticipated release from treatment and issue appropriate orders.

34 (((++))) (f) The court may not issue an order for outpatient 35 competency restoration unless the department certifies that there is 36 an available appropriate outpatient competency restoration program 37 that has adequate space for the person at the time the order is 38 issued or the court places the defendant under the guidance and 39 control of a professional person identified in the court order.

1 (3) For a defendant whose highest charge is a class C felony, or a class B felony that is not classified as violent under RCW 2 9.94A.030, the maximum time allowed for the initial competency 3 restoration period is 45 days if the defendant is referred for 4 inpatient competency restoration, or 90 days if the defendant is 5 6 referred for outpatient competency restoration, provided that if the outpatient competency restoration placement is terminated and the 7 defendant is subsequently admitted to an inpatient facility, the 8 period of inpatient treatment during the first competency restoration 9 period under this subsection shall not exceed 45 days. 10

11 (4) When any defendant whose highest charge is a class C felony 12 other than assault in the third degree under RCW 9A.36.031(1) (d) or (f), felony physical control of a vehicle under RCW 46.61.504(6), 13 felony hit and run resulting in injury under RCW 46.52.020(4)(b), a 14 hate crime offense under RCW 9A.36.080, a class C felony with a 15 16 domestic violence designation, a class C felony sex offense as 17 defined in RCW 9.94A.030, or a class C felony with a sexual motivation allegation is admitted for 18 inpatient competency restoration with an accompanying court order for involuntary 19 medication under RCW 10.77.092, and the defendant is found not 20 21 competent to stand trial following that period of competency 22 restoration, the court shall dismiss the charges pursuant to subsection (7) of this section. 23

(5) If the court determines or the parties agree before the 24 25 initial competency restoration period or at any subsequent stage of the proceedings that the defendant is unlikely to regain competency, 26 the court may dismiss the charges without prejudice without ordering 27 28 the defendant to undergo an initial or further period of competency restoration treatment, in which case the court shall order that the 29 30 defendant be referred for evaluation for civil commitment in the 31 manner provided in subsection (7) of this section.

(6) On or before expiration of the initial competency restoration 32 period the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the 33 defendant is now competent to stand trial. If the court finds by a 34 preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is incompetent to 35 stand trial, the court may order an extension of the competency 36 restoration period for an additional period of 90 days, but the court 37 must at the same time set a date for a new hearing to determine the 38 39 defendant's competency to stand trial before the expiration of this second restoration period. The defendant, the defendant's attorney, 40

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and the prosecutor have the right to demand that the hearing be 1 before a jury. No extension shall be ordered for a second or third 2 3 competency restoration period if the defendant is ineligible for a subsequent competency restoration period under subsection (4) of this 4 section or the defendant's incompetence has been determined by the 5 6 secretary to be solely the result of an intellectual or developmental 7 disability, dementia, or traumatic brain injury which is such that competence is not reasonably likely to be regained during 8 an 9 extension.

(7) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, at the 10 hearing upon the expiration of the second competency restoration 11 12 period, or at the end of the first competency restoration period if the defendant is ineligible for a second or third competency 13 restoration period under subsection (4) or (6) of this section, if 14 the jury or court finds that the defendant is incompetent to stand 15 16 trial, the court shall dismiss the charges without prejudice and order the defendant to be committed to the department for placement 17 18 in a facility operated or contracted by the department for up to 120 19 hours if the defendant has not undergone competency restoration services or has engaged in outpatient competency restoration 20 services, and up to 72 hours if the defendant engaged in inpatient 21 22 competency restoration services starting from admission to the 23 facility, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, for evaluation for the purpose of filing a civil commitment petition under chapter 24 25 71.05 RCW. If at the time the order to dismiss the charges without prejudice is entered by the court the defendant is already in a 26 facility operated or contracted by the department, the 72-hour or 27 28 120-hour period shall instead begin upon department receipt of the 29 court order.

(b) The court shall not dismiss the charges if the defendant is 30 31 eligible for a second or third competency restoration period under 32 subsection (6) of this section and the court or jury finds that: (i) 33 The defendant (A) is a substantial danger to other persons; or (B) presents a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts 34 jeopardizing public safety or security; and (ii) there 35 is a 36 substantial probability that the defendant will regain competency within a reasonable period of time. If the court or jury makes such a 37 finding, the court may extend the period of commitment for up to an 38 39 additional six months.

1 (8) Any period of competency restoration treatment under this 2 section includes only the time the defendant is actually at the 3 facility or is actively participating in an outpatient competency 4 restoration program and is in addition to reasonable time for 5 transport to or from the facility.

6 (9) If at any time the court dismisses charges based on incompetency to stand trial under this section, the court shall issue 7 an order prohibiting the defendant from the possession of firearms 8 until a court restores his or her right to possess a firearm under 9 RCW 9.41.047. The court shall notify the defendant orally and in 10 writing that the defendant may not possess a firearm unless the 11 12 defendant's right to do so is restored by the superior court that issued the order under RCW 9.41.047, and that the defendant must 13 immediately surrender all firearms and any concealed pistol license 14 to their local law enforcement agency. 15

16 Sec. 5. RCW 10.77.088 and 2024 c 290 s 4 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 (1) If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime which is a serious offense as identified in RCW 10.77.092 and found by the court 19 20 to be not competent, the court shall first consider all available and 21 appropriate alternatives to inpatient competency restoration. If the parties agree that there is an appropriate diversion program 22 available to accept the defendant, the court shall dismiss the 23 24 proceedings without prejudice and refer the defendant to the recommended diversion program. If the parties do not agree that there 25 an appropriate diversion program available to accept the 26 is 27 defendant, then the court:

(a) Shall dismiss the proceedings without prejudice and detain
the defendant pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, unless the
prosecutor objects to the dismissal and provides notice of a motion
for an order for competency restoration treatment, in which case the
court shall schedule a hearing within seven days.

33 (b) At the hearing, the prosecuting attorney must establish that 34 there is a compelling state interest to order competency restoration 35 treatment for the defendant. The court may consider prior criminal 36 history, prior history in treatment, prior history of violence, the 37 quality and severity of the pending charges, any history that 38 suggests whether competency restoration treatment is likely to be 39 successful, in addition to the factors listed under RCW 10.77.092. If

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1 the defendant is subject to an order under chapter 71.05 RCW or proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW have been initiated, there is a 2 3 rebuttable presumption that there is no compelling state interest in ordering competency restoration treatment. If the 4 prosecuting attorney proves by a preponderance of the evidence that there is a 5 6 compelling state interest in ordering competency restoration treatment, then the court shall issue an order in accordance with 7 subsection (2) of this section. 8

(2) (a) If a court finds pursuant to subsection (1) (b) of this 9 10 section that there is a compelling state interest in pursuing competency restoration treatment, the court shall order the defendant 11 12 to receive outpatient competency restoration consistent with the recommendation of the forensic navigator, unless the court finds that 13 14 an order for outpatient competency restoration is inappropriate 15 considering the health and safety of the defendant and risks to 16 public safety.

17 (b) To be eligible for an order for outpatient competency 18 restoration, a defendant must be willing to:

19 (i) Adhere to medications or receive prescribed intramuscular 20 medication; and

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(ii) ((Abstain from alcohol and unprescribed drugs; and

22 (iii) Comply with urinalysis or breathalyzer monitoring if 23 needed)) Adhere to the rules and conditions of the identified 24 outpatient competency restoration program.

(c) If the court orders inpatient competency restoration, the department shall place the defendant in an appropriate facility of the department for competency restoration under subsection (3) of this section.

(d) For a defendant ordered to inpatient competency restoration, 29 the department shall promptly notify the court and parties whenever 30 it appears the defendant's condition is such that a transfer to 31 32 outpatient competency restoration is appropriate. Any such notice to the court and parties shall provide pertinent information concerning 33 34 the change in condition or the reasons supporting transfer to outpatient competency restoration. Upon receipt of this notice, the 35 court shall schedule a hearing within 10 days to review the 36 37 information provided by the department, conditions of release of the defendant, and anticipated release date from inpatient treatment. The 38 39 court shall issue appropriate orders if it finds that the defendant's 1 condition has so changed that they are a suitable candidate for 2 outpatient competency restoration.

(e) If the court orders outpatient competency restoration, the 3 court shall modify conditions of release as needed to authorize the 4 department to place the person in approved housing, which may include 5 6 access to supported housing, affiliated with a contracted outpatient 7 competency restoration program. The department, in conjunction with the health care authority, must establish rules for conditions of 8 participation in the outpatient competency restoration program, which 9 must include the defendant being subject to medication management. 10 11 The court may order regular urinalysis testing. The outpatient 12 competency restoration program shall monitor the defendant during the defendant's placement in the program and report any noncompliance or 13 significant changes with respect to the defendant to the department 14 and, if applicable, the forensic navigator. 15

16 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(f)</u> If a defendant fails to comply with the restrictions 17 of outpatient competency restoration program the such that 18 restoration is no longer appropriate in that setting or the defendant 19 no longer clinically appropriate for outpatient competency is restoration, the director of the outpatient competency restoration 20 21 program shall notify the authority and the department of the need to 22 terminate the outpatient competency restoration placement and intent 23 to request placement for the defendant in an appropriate facility of the department for inpatient competency restoration. The outpatient 24 25 competency restoration program shall coordinate with the authority, the department, and any law enforcement personnel under ((-)) <u>(f)</u> 26 27 (i) of this subsection to ensure that the time period between 28 termination and admission into the inpatient facility is as minimal as possible. The time period for inpatient competency restoration 29 shall be reduced by the time period spent in active treatment within 30 31 the outpatient competency restoration program, excluding time periods 32 in which the defendant was absent from the program and all time from 33 notice of termination of the outpatient competency restoration period through the defendant's admission to the facility. The department 34 shall obtain a placement for the defendant within seven days of the 35 notice of intent to terminate the outpatient competency restoration 36 37 placement.

(i) The department may authorize a peace officer to detain the defendant into emergency custody for transport to the designated inpatient competency restoration facility. If medical clearance is

1 required by the designated competency restoration facility before admission, the peace officer must transport the defendant to a crisis 2 stabilization unit, evaluation and treatment facility, or emergency 3 department of a local hospital for medical clearance once a bed is 4 available at the designated inpatient competency restoration 5 6 facility. The signed outpatient competency restoration order of the court shall serve as authority for the detention of the defendant 7 under this subsection. This subsection does not preclude voluntary 8 transportation of the defendant to a facility for 9 inpatient 10 competency restoration or for medical clearance, or authorize admission of the defendant into jail. 11

(ii) The department shall notify the court and parties of the defendant's admission for inpatient competency restoration before the close of the next judicial day. The court shall schedule a hearing within five days to review the conditions of release of the defendant and anticipated release from treatment and issue appropriate orders.

17 (((f))) (g) The court may not issue an order for outpatient 18 competency restoration unless the department certifies that there is 19 an available appropriate outpatient restoration program that has 20 adequate space for the person at the time the order is issued or the 21 court places the defendant under the guidance and control of a 22 professional person identified in the court order.

((<del>(g)</del>)) (h) If the court does not order the defendant to receive outpatient competency restoration under (a) of this subsection, the court shall commit the defendant to the department for placement in a facility operated or contracted by the department for inpatient competency restoration.

(3) The placement under subsection (2) of this section shall not exceed 29 days if the defendant is ordered to receive inpatient competency restoration, and shall not exceed 90 days if the defendant is ordered to receive outpatient competency restoration. The court may order any combination of this subsection, but the total period of inpatient competency restoration may not exceed 29 days.

(4) Beginning October 1, 2023, if the defendant is charged with a serious traffic offense under RCW 9.94A.030, the court may order the clerk to transmit an order to the department of licensing for revocation of the defendant's driver's license for a period of one year. The court shall direct the clerk to transmit an order to the department of licensing reinstating the defendant's driver's license if the defendant is subsequently restored to competency, and may do

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1 so at any time before the end of one year for good cause upon the 2 petition of the defendant.

3 (5) If the court has determined or the parties agree that the 4 defendant is unlikely to regain competency, the court may dismiss the 5 charges without prejudice without ordering the defendant to undergo 6 competency restoration treatment, in which case the court shall order 7 that the defendant be referred for evaluation for civil commitment in 8 the manner provided in subsection (6) of this section.

9 (6)(a) If the proceedings are dismissed under RCW 10.77.084 and 10 the defendant was on conditional release at the time of dismissal, 11 the court shall order the designated crisis responder within that 12 county to evaluate the defendant pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW. The 13 evaluation may be conducted in any location chosen by the 14 professional.

(b) If the defendant was in custody and not on conditional 15 release at the time of dismissal, the defendant shall be detained and 16 17 sent to an evaluation and treatment facility for up to 120 hours if 18 the defendant has not undergone competency restoration services or has engaged in outpatient competency restoration services and up to 19 72 hours if the defendant engaged in inpatient competency restoration 20 21 services, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, for evaluation for purposes of filing a petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. The 120-22 23 hour or 72-hour period shall commence upon the next nonholiday weekday following the court order and shall run to the end of the 24 25 last nonholiday weekday within the 120-hour or 72-hour period.

(7) If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime that is 26 not a serious offense as defined in RCW 10.77.092 and found by the 27 28 court to be not competent, the court may stay or dismiss proceedings and detain the defendant for sufficient time to allow the designated 29 crisis responder to evaluate the defendant and consider initial 30 31 detention proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW. The court must give 32 notice to all parties at least 24 hours before the dismissal of any proceeding under this subsection, and provide an opportunity for a 33 hearing on whether to dismiss the proceedings. 34

(8) If at any time the court dismisses charges under subsections (1) through (7) of this section, the court shall make a finding as to whether the defendant has a history of one or more violent acts. If the court so finds, the court shall issue an order prohibiting the defendant from the possession of firearms until a court restores his or her right to possess a firearm under RCW 9.41.047. The court shall

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notify the defendant orally and in writing that the defendant may not possess a firearm unless the defendant's right to do so is restored by the superior court that issued the order under RCW 9.41.047, and that the defendant must immediately surrender all firearms and any concealed pistol license to their local law enforcement agency.

6 (9) Any period of competency restoration treatment under this 7 section includes only the time the defendant is actually at the 8 facility or is actively participating in an outpatient competency 9 restoration program and is in addition to reasonable time for 10 transport to or from the facility.

11 Sec. 6. RCW 10.77.092 and 2023 c 453 s 11 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) For purposes of determining whether a court may authorize involuntary medication for the purpose of competency restoration pursuant to RCW 10.77.084 and for maintaining the level of restoration in the jail following the restoration period, a pending charge involving any one or more of the following crimes is a serious offense per se in the context of competency restoration:

(a) Any violent offense, sex offense, serious traffic offense,
and most serious offense, as those terms are defined in RCW
9.94A.030;

(b) Any offense, except nonfelony counterfeiting offenses,
 included in crimes against persons in RCW 9.94A.411;

24 (c) Any offense contained in chapter 9.41 RCW (firearms and 25 dangerous weapons);

26

(d) Any offense listed as domestic violence in RCW 10.99.020;

(e) Any offense listed as a harassment offense in chapter 9A.46
 RCW, except for criminal trespass in the first or second degree;

29 (f) Any violation of chapter 69.50 RCW that is a class B felony; 30 or

31 (g) Any city or county ordinance or statute that is equivalent to 32 an offense referenced in this subsection.

33 (2) Any time a petition is filed seeking a court order 34 authorizing the involuntary medication for purposes of competency 35 restoration pursuant to RCW 10.77.084, the petition must also seek 36 authorization to continue involuntary medication for purposes of 37 maintaining the level of restoration in the jail or juvenile 38 detention facility following the restoration period. 1 (3)(a) In a particular case, a court may determine that a pending 2 charge not otherwise defined as serious by state or federal law or by 3 a city or county ordinance is, nevertheless, a serious offense within 4 the context of competency restoration treatment when the conduct in 5 the charged offense falls within the standards established in (b) of 6 this subsection.

7 (b) To determine that the particular case is a serious offense 8 within the context of competency restoration, the court must consider 9 the following factors and determine that one or more of the following 10 factors creates a situation in which the offense is serious:

(i) The charge includes an allegation that the defendant actually inflicted bodily or emotional harm on another person or that the defendant created a reasonable apprehension of bodily or emotional harm to another;

(ii) The extent of the impact of the alleged offense on the basic human need for security of the citizens within the jurisdiction;

17 (iii) The number and nature of related charges pending against 18 the defendant;

19 (iv) The length of potential confinement if the defendant is 20 convicted; and

(v) The number of potential and actual victims or persons impacted by the defendant's alleged acts.

23 (4) For a defendant ordered to inpatient competency restoration, the department shall promptly notify the court and parties whenever 24 it appears the defendant's condition and amenability to treatment are 25 such that an order for involuntary medication is necessary. Any such 26 27 notice to the court and parties shall provide pertinent information 28 concerning the applicable criteria under Sell v. United States, 539 U.S. 166, 123 S.Ct. 2174, 156 L.Ed.2d 197 (2003). Upon receipt of 29 30 this notice, the court shall schedule a hearing within 10 days to 31 consider an order for involuntary medication.

32 (5) For any hearing pertaining to involuntary medication, the parties, the witnesses, the interpreters, and the presiding judicial 33 34 officer shall be present and participate by video. The term "video," as used in this section, includes any functional equivalent. At any 35 hearing conducted by video, the technology used must permit the 36 judicial officer, counsel, all parties, and the witnesses to be able 37 to see, hear, and speak, when authorized, during the hearing; to 38 39 allow attorneys to use exhibits or other materials during the 40 hearing; and to allow the respondent's counsel to be in the same

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location as the respondent unless otherwise requested by the 1 respondent or the respondent's counsel. Witnesses in a proceeding may 2 also appear in court through other means, including telephonically, 3 pursuant to the requirements of superior court civil rule 43. 4 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the court, upon its own motion or upon 5 6 a motion for good cause by any party, may require some or all parties and witnesses to participate in the hearing in person rather than by 7 video. In ruling on any such motion, the court may allow in-person or 8 video testimony; and the court may consider, among other things, 9 10 whether the respondent's alleged behavioral health disorder affects the respondent's ability to perceive or participate in the proceeding 11 12 by video.

13 Sec. 7. RCW 43.84.092 and 2024 c 210 s 4 and 2024 c 168 s 12 are 14 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

18 (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the 19 20 federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no 21 appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest 22 earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of 23 24 interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require 25 26 appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the 27 amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may 28 29 direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to 30 implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and 31 this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this 32 33 section.

(3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is

1 required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur 2 prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this 3 section.

4 (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings
5 credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall
6 credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the
7 treasury income account except:

The following accounts and funds shall receive their 8 (a) proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's 9 average daily balance for the period: The abandoned recreational 10 11 vehicle disposal account, the aeronautics account, the Alaskan Way 12 viaduct replacement project account, the ambulance transport fund, behavioral health diversion fund, the budget stabilization account, 13 the capital vessel replacement account, the capitol building 14 construction account, the Central Washington University capital 15 16 projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory 17 institutions account, the Chehalis basin account, the Chehalis basin taxable account, the clean fuels credit account, the clean fuels 18 transportation investment account, the cleanup settlement account, 19 the climate active transportation account, the climate transit 20 programs account, the Columbia river basin water supply development 21 account, the Columbia river basin taxable bond water supply 22 development account, the Columbia river basin water supply revenue 23 recovery account, the common school construction fund, the community 24 25 forest trust account, the connecting Washington account, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance 26 account, the covenant homeownership account, the deferred 27 28 compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the 29 department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental 30 31 disabilities community services account, the diesel idle reduction 32 account, the opioid abatement settlement account, the drinking water assistance account, the administrative subaccount of the drinking 33 water assistance account, the early learning facilities development 34 account, the early learning facilities revolving account, the Eastern 35 Washington University capital projects account, the education 36 construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election 37 account, the electric vehicle account, the energy freedom account, 38 39 the energy recovery act account, the essential rail assistance 40 account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the

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1 fair start for kids account, the family medicine workforce development account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the fish, 2 wildlife, and conservation account, the freight mobility investment 3 account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing 4 protective fund, the higher education retirement plan supplemental 5 6 benefit fund, the Washington student loan account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway 7 safety fund, the hospital safety net assessment fund, the Interstate 8 5 bridge replacement project account, the Interstate 405 and state 9 route number 167 express toll lanes account, the judges' retirement 10 11 account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial 12 retirement principal account, the limited fish and wildlife account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise 13 tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the marine 14 resources stewardship trust account, the medical aid account, the 15 16 money-purchase retirement savings administrative account, the money-17 purchase retirement savings principal account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the move ahead WA 18 19 account, the move ahead WA flexible account, the multimodal transportation account, the multiuse roadway safety account, the 20 21 municipal criminal justice assistance account, the oyster reserve 22 land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the pilotage account, 23 the pollution liability insurance agency underground storage tank 24 25 revolving account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 26 plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving 27 account, the public health supplemental account, the public works 28 29 assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the Puget Sound Gateway 30 31 facility account, the Puget Sound taxpayer accountability account, 32 the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility grant program account, the 33 reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the resource 34 management cost account, the rural arterial trust account, the rural 35 mobility grant program account, the rural Washington loan fund, the 36 second injury fund, the sexual assault prevention and response 37 account, the site closure account, the skilled nursing facility 38 39 safety net trust fund, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, 40 the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the

state hazard mitigation revolving loan account, the state investment 1 board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust 2 3 fund accounts, the state patrol highway account, the state reclamation revolving account, the state route number 520 civil 4 penalties account, the state route number 520 corridor account, the 5 6 statewide broadband account, the statewide tourism marketing account, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge 7 account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the 8 teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the 9 10 tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement 11 account, the toll facility bond retirement account, the 12 transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the JUDY transportation future funding program 13 account, the transportation improvement account, the transportation 14 15 improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation 16 infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the 17 traumatic brain injury account, the tribal opioid prevention and treatment account, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, 18 19 the University of Washington building account, the voluntary cleanup account, the volunteer firefighters' relief and pension principal 20 21 fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the vulnerable roadway user education account, 22 23 the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement 24 25 account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety 26 employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school 27 28 employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State 29 University building account, the Washington State University bond 30 31 retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving administration 32 account, the water pollution control revolving fund, the Western Washington University capital projects account, the Yakima integrated 33 implementation account, the Yakima 34 plan integrated plan implementation revenue recovery account, and the Yakima integrated 35 plan implementation taxable bond account. Earnings derived from 36 investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal 37 school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, 38 the 39 scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund 40 shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts.

1 (b) Any state agency that has independent authority over accounts 2 or funds not statutorily required to be held in the state treasury 3 that deposits funds into a fund or account in the state treasury 4 pursuant to an agreement with the office of the state treasurer shall 5 receive its proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's 6 or fund's average daily balance for the period.

7 (5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state
8 Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated
9 earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

10 Sec. 8. RCW 43.84.092 and 2024 c 210 s 5 and 2024 c 168 s 13 are 11 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

15 The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or (2) 16 receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the 17 federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income 18 account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest 19 20 earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of 21 interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management 22 improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the 23 24 amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash 25 management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to 26 implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and 27 this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the 28 29 distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this 30 section.

31 (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury 32 income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, 33 depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state 34 35 treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is 36 required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur 37 38 prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this 39 section.

1 (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings 2 credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall 3 credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the 4 treasury income account except:

The following accounts and funds shall receive their 5 (a) 6 proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The abandoned recreational 7 vehicle disposal account, the aeronautics account, the Alaskan Way 8 viaduct replacement project account, behavioral health diversion 9 fund, the budget stabilization account, the capital vessel 10 11 replacement account, the capitol building construction account, the 12 Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, 13 the Chehalis basin account, the Chehalis basin taxable account, the 14 15 clean fuels credit account, the clean fuels transportation investment 16 account, the cleanup settlement account, the climate active 17 transportation account, the climate transit programs account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the Columbia 18 19 river basin taxable bond water supply development account, the Columbia river basin water supply revenue recovery account, the 20 common school construction fund, the community forest trust account, 21 the connecting Washington account, the county arterial preservation 22 23 account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the covenant homeownership account, the deferred compensation administrative 24 25 account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems 26 expense account, the developmental disabilities community services 27 28 account, the diesel idle reduction account, the opioid abatement 29 settlement account, the drinking water assistance account, the administrative subaccount of the drinking water assistance account, 30 31 the early learning facilities development account, the early learning 32 facilities revolving account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the 33 education legacy trust account, the election account, the electric 34 vehicle account, the energy freedom account, the energy recovery act 35 account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State 36 College capital projects account, the fair start for kids account, 37 the family medicine workforce development account, the ferry bond 38 39 retirement fund, the fish, wildlife, and conservation account, the 40 freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal

account, the grade crossing protective fund, the higher education 1 retirement plan supplemental benefit fund, the Washington student 2 3 loan account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety fund, the hospital safety 4 net assessment fund, the Interstate 5 bridge replacement project 5 6 account, the Interstate 405 and state route number 167 express toll lanes account, the judges' retirement account, the 7 judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal 8 account, the limited fish and wildlife account, the local leasehold 9 excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the 10 local sales and use tax account, the marine resources stewardship 11 12 trust account, the medical aid account, the money-purchase retirement savings administrative account, the money-purchase retirement savings 13 principal account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety 14 15 education account, the move ahead WA account, the move ahead WA 16 flexible account, the multimodal transportation account, the multiuse roadway safety account, the municipal criminal justice assistance 17 18 account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding 19 stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the pilotage account, the pollution liability insurance 20 21 agency underground storage tank revolving account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' 22 retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public 23 facilities construction loan revolving account, the public health 24 25 supplemental account, the public works assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations 26 account, the Puget Sound Gateway facility account, the Puget Sound 27 28 taxpayer accountability account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility 29 grant program account, the reserve officers' relief and pension 30 31 principal fund, the resource management cost account, the rural 32 arterial trust account, the rural mobility grant program account, the rural Washington loan fund, the second injury fund, the sexual 33 assault prevention and response account, the site closure account, 34 the skilled nursing facility safety net trust fund, the small city 35 36 pavement and sidewalk account, the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the state hazard mitigation revolving loan 37 account, the state investment board expense account, the state 38 39 investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the state patrol 40 highway account, the state reclamation revolving account, the state

route number 520 civil penalties account, the state route number 520 1 corridor account, the statewide broadband account, the statewide 2 tourism marketing account, the supplemental pension account, the 3 Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system 4 plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and 5 6 plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the toll facility bond retirement 7 account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the 8 transportation equipment fund, the JUDY transportation future funding 9 program account, the transportation improvement account, 10 the 11 transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the 12 transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tribal opioid 13 prevention and treatment account, the University of Washington bond 14 retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the 15 16 voluntary cleanup account, the volunteer firefighters' relief and 17 pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the vulnerable roadway user education 18 19 account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 20 21 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public 22 23 safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the 24 25 Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond 26 retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving administration 27 account, the water pollution control revolving fund, the Western 28 29 Washington University capital projects account, the Yakima integrated implementation account, the Yakima 30 plan integrated plan 31 implementation revenue recovery account, and the Yakima integrated 32 plan implementation taxable bond account. Earnings derived from 33 investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the 34 scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund 35 36 shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts.

37 (b) Any state agency that has independent authority over accounts 38 or funds not statutorily required to be held in the state treasury 39 that deposits funds into a fund or account in the state treasury 40 pursuant to an agreement with the office of the state treasurer shall 1 receive its proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's 2 or fund's average daily balance for the period.

3 (5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state 4 Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated 5 earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1)(a) The department shall develop and implement a growth cap 9 program to manage inpatient competency orders under this chapter. The 10 department shall assess penalties as described in this section to 11 implement the growth cap program.

(b) The department shall establish a baseline cap for each county by utilizing the average number of inpatient competency orders to the department from any court within a county's jurisdiction in fiscal years 2024 and 2025. For any county with an average of less than two inpatient competency orders in fiscal years 2024 and 2025, the baseline shall be set at one.

18 (c) The department shall establish an incentive cap for each 19 county by utilizing the average number of inpatient competency orders 20 to the department from any court within a county's jurisdiction in 21 fiscal years 2018 and 2019. For any county with an average less than 22 two inpatient competency orders in fiscal years 2017 and 2018, the 23 incentive cap shall be set at one individual.

(d) Commencing in fiscal year 2027 and each fiscal year thereafter, for each inpatient competency order that exceeds the baseline number identified in (b) of this subsection, a county shall pay the penalty amount described in (f) of this subsection.

(e) The department shall reconcile the total county inpatient
 competency orders against the baseline by August 15th each year. The
 first reconciliation will be August 15, 2027.

31 (f) Calculations shall be based on the per day individual rate as 32 calculated by the department for state hospital treatment for 33 individuals referred for inpatient competency services, as follows:

(i) In fiscal year 2027, each county shall make penalty payments equivalent to 25 percent of the rate for the third and fourth inpatient competency orders over the baseline, 50 percent of the rate for the fifth, sixth, and seventh inpatient competency orders over the baseline, 75 percent of the rate for the eighth and ninth inpatient competency orders over the baseline, and 100 percent of the 1 rate for the 10th and all subsequent inpatient competency orders over 2 the baseline;

3 (ii) Commencing with fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year 4 thereafter, each county shall make penalty payments equivalent to 150 5 percent of the rate for the third and any subsequent individual 6 inpatient competency orders over the baseline.

(g) Commencing with fiscal year 2027, each county shall remit 7 payment to the department in an amount equal to the amount identified 8 in the invoice issued to the county administrator or their designee 9 by the department. The penalty payment shall be due no later than 90 10 11 days after the date that the invoice is received by the county. The 12 penalty funds shall be collected as revenue by the department and deposited into the behavioral health diversion fund created in 13 14 section 10 of this act.

15 (h) A county may not use state funds to pay for any penalty under 16 this act.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 18 RCW to read as follows:

The behavioral health diversion fund is hereby created in the 19 20 state treasury. All penalty payments from each county as collected by the department pursuant to section 9 of this act and all receipts 21 from assessed penalties pursuant to this act must be deposited into 22 the fund. Moneys in the fund may be spent only after appropriation. 23 Expenditures from the fund may only be used for services or supports 24 that either prevent individuals with behavioral health needs from 25 entering the criminal justice system or that diverts them away from 26 27 the criminal justice system once incarcerated.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 29 RCW to read as follows:

30 Any county that reduces its total annual inpatient competency referrals below the incentive cap established by the department in 31 section 9(1)(c) of this act, or that reduces its overall orders for 32 any competency service by at least 40 percent for a given fiscal 33 34 year, shall be eligible to request an appropriation from the behavioral health diversion fund. Any funds appropriated to a county 35 from the behavioral health diversion fund must be used toward 36 37 services or supports that either prevent individuals with behavioral health needs from entering the criminal justice system or that 38

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diverts them away from the criminal justice system once incarcerated.
Counties that have an average incentive cap of less than five
individuals may apply based on a 50 percent or greater reduction in
their total number of inpatient competency orders.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 Commencing January 1, 2027, the department shall provide notice 8 on a quarterly basis to the superior, district, and municipal courts 9 and relevant county agencies of each county including, but not 10 limited to, the county administrator, behavioral health department, 11 sheriff, public defender, and district attorney of the total number 12 of inpatient competency orders made in that county for the current 13 fiscal year compared to the baseline determination for that county.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 15 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Beginning in fiscal year 2026 and commencing no later than 16 August 15, 2025, the department of social and health services in 17 partnership with the health care authority shall convene a task force 18 19 to determine rules, policies, protocols, and other related requirements to implement a growth cap system for 20 inpatient competency services. This must include a determination on rules and 21 requirements to determine county of origin for purposes of section 9 22 23 of this act. The task force must also address eligibility requirements on the necessary elements for behavioral health 24 diversion plans. The task force shall submit a report no later than 25 26 June 1, 2026, to the governor and appropriate committees of the 27 legislature. The task force shall, at a minimum, include partners from local government, the criminal justice system, behavioral health 28 29 providers, tribes, people with lived experience, and disability rights Washington or a designee. 30

31

(2) This section expires December 31, 2026.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 33 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this section, "behavioral health diversion" means adult jail diversion, whereby a person who has a behavioral health need may still have involvement with the criminal justice system but spends little to no time in a jail facility and is instead

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connected to community-based treatment and support services either
 with or without court involvement or correctional supervision.

3 (2)(a) For purposes of this section, "behavioral health diversion 4 plan" means a plan or strategy to ensure the availability and 5 utilization of community-based treatment and support services 6 designed to reduce or eliminate the amount of time persons with 7 behavioral health needs spend in a jail facility. The plan must 8 include, but is not limited to:

9 (i) Specific measures to reduce the number of individuals with 10 behavioral health needs whose highest charge is up to a class C 11 felony from entering or remaining in the criminal justice system;

(ii) Specific measures to increase diversion of individuals with behavioral health needs whose highest charge is up to a class C felony away from the competency system;

(iii) Specific measures to identify individuals for whom a court has made multiple prior findings of nonrestorability, and strategies to prevent future competency evaluation or restoration orders and instead utilize diversion options for these individuals;

(iv) Strategies to reduce recidivism for individuals with behavioral health needs who are likely to be referred for a competency service within the next six months based on history of prior referrals, prior inpatient psychiatric treatment episodes, criminal justice system involvement, or homelessness;

(v) A strategic plan to create programming, services, and supports, including housing supports, along each intercept in the sequential intercept model for the county;

(vi) A communications and collaboration plan that 27 will incorporate key stakeholders into the development of the behavioral 28 29 health diversion plan. This may include the development of a steering committee or task force. Key stakeholders for this purpose must 30 31 include people with lived experience, criminal justice system participants, an individual with housing and homelessness expertise, 32 the behavioral health administrative service organization for the 33 county, behavioral health providers, and tribes. 34

35 (b) The department may provide technical assistance and data to 36 counties developing behavioral health diversion plans.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. Section 7 of this act expires July 1, 38 2028.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. Section 8 of this act takes effect July
 1, 2028.

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