HOUSE BILL 1271

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Representatives Nance, Dent, Marshall, Bronoske, Leavitt, Salahuddin, Ryu, Davis, Mena, Ramel, Dye, Barkis, Klicker, Reed, Ormsby, Scott, Eslick, Parshley, Taylor, Kloba, Timmons, Peterson, Richards, Simmons, Hunt, and Hill

Read first time 01/14/25. Referred to Committee on Technology, Economic Development, & Veterans.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to early deployment of state fire service
- 2 resources; and amending RCW 43.43.960.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.43.960 and 2019 c 259 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 6 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 7 this section apply throughout this subchapter.
- 8 (1) "All risk resources" means those resources regularly provided 9 by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection 10 service authorities required to respond to natural or man-made 11 incidents, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Wild land fires;
- 13 (b) Landslides;

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- 14 (c) Earthquakes;
- 15 (d) Floods; and
- 16 (e) Contagious diseases.
- 17 (2) "Chief" means the chief of the Washington state patrol.
- 18 (3) "Fire chief" includes the chief officer of a statutorily 19 authorized fire agency, or the fire chief's authorized

20 representative. Also included are the department of natural resources

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fire control chief, and the department of natural resources regional managers.

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- (4) "Jurisdiction" means state, county, city, fire district, regional fire protection service authority, or port district units, or other units covered by this chapter.
- "Mobilization" means that all risk resources regularly provided by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities beyond those available through existing agreements will be requested and, when available, sent in preparation of, or response to, an emergency or disaster situation that has ((exceeded)) or is predicted to exceed the capabilities of available local resources. During a large scale emergency, mobilization includes the redistribution of regional or statewide risk resources to either direct emergency incident assignments or to assignment in communities where resources are needed. All risk resources may not be mobilized to assist law enforcement with police activities during a civil protest or demonstration, or other exercise by the people of their constitutionally protected First Amendment rights, or other protected concerted activity, however, departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities are not restricted from providing medical care or aid and firefighting when mobilized for any purpose.

When mobilization is declared and authorized as provided in this chapter, all risk resources regularly provided by fire departments, fire districts, and regional fire protection service authorities including those of the host fire protection authorities, i.e. incident jurisdiction, shall be deemed as mobilized under this chapter, including those that responded earlier under existing mutual aid or other agreement. All nonhost fire protection authorities providing resources in response to a mobilization declaration shall be eligible for expense reimbursement as provided by this chapter from the time of the mobilization declaration.

This chapter shall not reduce or suspend the authority or responsibility of the department of natural resources under chapter 76.04 RCW.

36 (6) "Mutual aid" means emergency interagency assistance provided 37 without compensation under an agreement between jurisdictions under 38 chapter 39.34 RCW.

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1 (7) "State fire marshal" means the director of fire protection in 2 the Washington state patrol.

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