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**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1819**

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**State of Washington**

**69th Legislature**

**2025 Regular Session**

**By** House Environment & Energy (originally sponsored by Representatives Barnard, Doglio, Parshley, Ramel, and Fitzgibbon)

READ FIRST TIME 02/21/25.

1 AN ACT Relating to increasing transmission capacity; amending RCW  
2 19.280.030; adding new sections to chapter 43.21C RCW; and adding a  
3 new section to chapter 80.28 RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21C  
6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) The following utility-related actions are categorically  
8 exempt from compliance with this chapter:

9 (a) Upgrading or rebuilding existing electric powerlines as long  
10 as the actions involve:

11 (i) Relocations of small segments of the powerlines within an  
12 existing powerline right-of-way or within adjacent previously  
13 disturbed or developed lands; or

14 (ii) Widening an existing powerline right-of-way to meet current  
15 electrical standards if the widening remains within previously  
16 disturbed or developed lands and only extends into a small area  
17 beyond such lands as needed to comply with applicable electrical  
18 standards; and

19 (b) Upgrading an existing transmission line, within existing  
20 rights-of-way, with grid-enhancing technologies as defined in  
21 subsection (3) of this section.

1 (2) This categorical exemption does not apply to underwater  
2 powerlines.

3 (3) For the purposes of this section, "grid-enhancing  
4 technologies" means hardware and software that increases the capacity  
5 of electrical lines and improves the efficiency, reliability, and  
6 safety of the grid. "Grid-enhancing technologies" include, but are  
7 not limited to, dynamic line rating systems, advanced power flow  
8 control systems, and optimization software.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21C  
10 RCW to read as follows:

11 For a project that is categorically exempt under section 1 of  
12 this act, the utility must notify the department of archaeology and  
13 historic preservation created in chapter 43.334 RCW and each  
14 federally recognized Indian tribe with usual and accustomed areas and  
15 ceded treaty areas in the area where the right-of-way exists before  
16 commencing the project. The purpose of the notification and  
17 consultation required under this section is to allow the utility to  
18 determine that there are no existing archaeological, cultural, or  
19 tribal resources in the right-of-way. The department of archaeology  
20 and historic preservation may require a survey to be done in  
21 coordination with the affected federally recognized Indian tribe,  
22 must ensure that consultation with such tribe occurs, and must  
23 determine whether archaeological, cultural, or tribal resources are  
24 identified in an existing right-of-way. If any such resources are  
25 identified, the department of archaeology and historic preservation  
26 must ensure that the utility accounts for and protects the resources  
27 under chapter 27.53 RCW. Information provided by the federally  
28 recognized Indian tribe must be kept confidential and exempt from  
29 public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

30 **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.280.030 and 2024 c 351 s 9 are each amended to  
31 read as follows:

32 Each electric utility must develop a plan consistent with this  
33 section.

34 (1) Utilities with more than 25,000 customers that are not full  
35 requirements customers must develop or update an integrated resource  
36 plan by September 1, 2008. At a minimum, progress reports reflecting  
37 changing conditions and the progress of the integrated resource plan  
38 must be produced every two years thereafter. An updated integrated

1 resource plan must be developed at least every four years subsequent  
2 to the 2008 integrated resource plan. The integrated resource plan,  
3 at a minimum, must include:

4 (a) A range of forecasts, for at least the next 10 years or  
5 longer, of projected customer demand which takes into account  
6 econometric data and customer usage;

7 (b) An assessment of commercially available conservation and  
8 efficiency resources, as informed, as applicable, by the assessment  
9 for conservation potential under RCW 19.285.040 for the planning  
10 horizon consistent with (a) of this subsection. Such assessment may  
11 include, as appropriate, opportunities for development of combined  
12 heat and power as an energy and capacity resource, demand response  
13 and load management programs, and currently employed and new policies  
14 and programs needed to obtain the conservation and efficiency  
15 resources;

16 (c) An assessment of commercially available, utility scale  
17 renewable and nonrenewable generating technologies including a  
18 comparison of the benefits and risks of purchasing power or building  
19 new resources;

20 (d) A comparative evaluation of renewable and nonrenewable  
21 generating resources, including transmission and distribution  
22 delivery costs, and conservation and efficiency resources using  
23 "lowest reasonable cost" as a criterion;

24 (e) An assessment of methods, commercially available  
25 technologies, or facilities for integrating renewable resources,  
26 including but not limited to battery storage and pumped storage, and  
27 addressing overgeneration events, if applicable to the utility's  
28 resource portfolio;

29 (f) An assessment and 20-year forecast of the availability of and  
30 requirements for regional generation and transmission capacity to  
31 provide and deliver electricity to the utility's customers and to  
32 meet the requirements of chapter 288, Laws of 2019 and the state's  
33 greenhouse gas emissions reduction limits in RCW 70A.45.020. The  
34 transmission assessment must identify the utility's expected needs to  
35 acquire new long-term firm rights, develop new, or expand or upgrade  
36 existing, bulk transmission facilities consistent with the  
37 requirements of this section and reliability standards;

38 (i) If an electric utility operates transmission assets rated at  
39 115,000 volts or greater, the transmission assessment must take into  
40 account opportunities to make more effective use of existing

1 transmission capacity through improved transmission system operating  
2 practices, energy efficiency, demand response, grid modernization,  
3 nonwires solutions, and other programs if applicable;

4 (ii) An electric utility that relies entirely or primarily on a  
5 contract for transmission service to provide necessary transmission  
6 services may comply with the transmission requirements of this  
7 subsection by requesting that the counterparty to the transmission  
8 service contract include the provisions of chapter 288, Laws of 2019  
9 and chapter 70A.45 RCW as public policy mandates in the transmission  
10 service provider's process for assessing transmission need, and  
11 planning and acquiring necessary transmission capacity;

12 (iii) An electric utility may comply with the requirements of  
13 this subsection (1)(f) by relying on and incorporating the results of  
14 a separate transmission assessment process, conducted individually or  
15 jointly with other utilities and transmission system users, if that  
16 assessment process meets the requirements of this subsection;

17 (g) A determination of resource adequacy metrics for the resource  
18 plan consistent with the forecasts;

19 (h) A forecast of distributed energy resources that may be  
20 installed by the utility's customers and an assessment of their  
21 effect on the utility's load and operations;

22 (i) An identification of an appropriate resource adequacy  
23 requirement and measurement metric consistent with prudent utility  
24 practice in implementing RCW 19.405.030 through 19.405.050;

25 (j) The integration of the demand forecasts, resource  
26 evaluations, and resource adequacy requirement into a long-range  
27 assessment describing the mix of supply side generating resources and  
28 conservation and efficiency resources that will meet current and  
29 projected needs, including mitigating overgeneration events and  
30 implementing RCW 19.405.030 through 19.405.050, at the lowest  
31 reasonable cost and risk to the utility and its customers, while  
32 maintaining and protecting the safety, reliable operation, and  
33 balancing of its electric system;

34 (k) An assessment, informed by the cumulative impact analysis  
35 conducted under RCW 19.405.140, of: Energy and nonenergy benefits and  
36 the avoidance and reductions of burdens to vulnerable populations and  
37 highly impacted communities; long-term and short-term public health  
38 and environmental benefits, costs, and risks; and energy security and  
39 risk;

1 (1) A 10-year clean energy action plan for implementing RCW  
2 19.405.030 through 19.405.050 at the lowest reasonable cost, and at  
3 an acceptable resource adequacy standard, that identifies the  
4 specific actions to be taken by the utility consistent with the  
5 long-range integrated resource plan; and

6 (m) An analysis of how the plan accounts for:

7 (i) Modeled load forecast scenarios that consider the anticipated  
8 levels of zero emissions vehicle use in a utility's service area,  
9 including anticipated levels of zero emissions vehicle use in the  
10 utility's service area provided in RCW 47.01.520, if feasible;

11 (ii) Analysis, research, findings, recommendations, actions, and  
12 any other relevant information found in the electrification of  
13 transportation plans submitted under RCW 35.92.450, 54.16.430, and  
14 80.28.365; and

15 (iii) Assumed use case forecasts and the associated energy  
16 impacts. Electric utilities may, but are not required to, use the  
17 forecasts generated by the mapping and forecasting tool created in  
18 RCW 47.01.520. This subsection (1)(m)(iii) applies only to plans due  
19 to be filed after September 1, 2023.

20 (2) The clean energy action plan must:

21 (a) Identify and be informed by the utility's 10-year cost-  
22 effective conservation potential assessment as determined under RCW  
23 19.285.040, if applicable;

24 (b) Establish a resource adequacy requirement;

25 (c) Identify the potential cost-effective demand response and  
26 load management programs that may be acquired;

27 (d) Identify renewable resources, nonemitting electric  
28 generation, and distributed energy resources that may be acquired and  
29 evaluate how each identified resource may be expected to contribute  
30 to meeting the utility's resource adequacy requirement;

31 (e) Identify any need to develop new, or expand or upgrade  
32 existing, bulk transmission and distribution facilities (~~and~~  
33 ~~document~~), which must include an evaluation of where reconductoring  
34 to increase ampacity, reduce line loss, or improve grid resilience  
35 would yield meaningful improvements to the functioning and  
36 reliability of the system;

37 (f) Determine the entity that owns the existing bulk transmission  
38 facility identified for reconductoring in (e) of this subsection and  
39 document known ongoing or existing and planned efforts by (the  
40 utility)) that entity to make more effective use of existing

1 transmission capacity and secure additional transmission capacity  
2 consistent with the requirements of subsection (1)(f) of this  
3 section; and

4 ~~((f))~~ (g) Identify the nature and possible extent to which the  
5 utility may need to rely on alternative compliance options under RCW  
6 19.405.040(1)(b), if appropriate.

7 (3)(a) An electric or large combination utility shall consider  
8 the social cost of greenhouse gas emissions, as determined by the  
9 commission for investor-owned utilities pursuant to RCW 80.28.405 and  
10 the department for consumer-owned utilities, when developing  
11 integrated resource plans and clean energy action plans. An electric  
12 utility must incorporate the social cost of greenhouse gas emissions  
13 as a cost adder when:

14 (i) Evaluating and selecting conservation policies, programs, and  
15 targets;

16 (ii) Developing integrated resource plans and clean energy action  
17 plans; and

18 (iii) Evaluating and selecting intermediate term and long-term  
19 resource options.

20 (b) For the purposes of this subsection (3): (i) Gas consisting  
21 largely of methane and other hydrocarbons derived from the  
22 decomposition of organic material in landfills, wastewater treatment  
23 facilities, and anaerobic digesters must be considered a nonemitting  
24 resource; and (ii) qualified biomass energy must be considered a  
25 nonemitting resource.

26 (4) To facilitate broad, equitable, and efficient implementation  
27 of chapter 288, Laws of 2019, a consumer-owned energy utility may  
28 enter into an agreement with a joint operating agency organized under  
29 chapter 43.52 RCW or other nonprofit organization to develop and  
30 implement a joint clean energy action plan in collaboration with  
31 other utilities.

32 (5) All other utilities may elect to develop a full integrated  
33 resource plan as set forth in subsection (1) of this section or, at a  
34 minimum, shall develop a resource plan that:

35 (a) Estimates loads for the next five and 10 years;

36 (b) Enumerates the resources that will be maintained and/or  
37 acquired to serve those loads;

38 (c) Explains why the resources in (b) of this subsection were  
39 chosen and, if the resources chosen are not: (i) Renewable resources;  
40 (ii) methods, commercially available technologies, or facilities for

1 integrating renewable resources, including addressing any  
2 overgeneration event; or (iii) conservation and efficiency resources,  
3 why such a decision was made;

4 (d) By December 31, 2020, and in every resource plan thereafter,  
5 identifies how the utility plans over a 10-year period to implement  
6 RCW 19.405.040 and 19.405.050; and

7 (e) Accounts for:

8 (i) Modeled load forecast scenarios that consider the anticipated  
9 levels of zero emissions vehicle use in a utility's service area,  
10 including anticipated levels of zero emissions vehicle use in the  
11 utility's service area provided in RCW 47.01.520, if feasible;

12 (ii) Analysis, research, findings, recommendations, actions, and  
13 any other relevant information found in the electrification of  
14 transportation plans submitted under RCW 35.92.450, 54.16.430, and  
15 80.28.365; and

16 (iii) Assumed use case forecasts and the associated energy  
17 impacts. Electric utilities may, but are not required to, use the  
18 forecasts generated by the mapping and forecasting tool created in  
19 RCW 47.01.520. This subsection (5)(e)(iii) applies only to plans due  
20 to be filed after September 1, 2023.

21 (6) Assessments for demand-side resources included in an  
22 integrated resource plan may include combined heat and power systems  
23 as one of the measures in a conservation supply curve. The value of  
24 recoverable waste heat resulting from combined heat and power must be  
25 reflected in analyses of cost-effectiveness under this subsection.

26 (7) An electric utility that is required to develop a resource  
27 plan under this section must complete its initial plan by September  
28 1, 2008.

29 (8) Plans developed under this section must be updated on a  
30 regular basis, on intervals approved by the commission or the  
31 department, or at a minimum on intervals of two years.

32 (9)(a) Plans shall not be a basis to bring legal action against  
33 electric utilities. However, nothing in this subsection (9)(a) may be  
34 construed as limiting the commission or any party from bringing any  
35 action pursuant to Title 80 RCW, this chapter, or chapter 19.405 RCW  
36 against any large combination utility related to an integrated system  
37 plan submitted pursuant to RCW 80.86.020.

38 (b) The commission may approve, reject, or approve with  
39 conditions, any integrated system plans submitted by a large  
40 combination utility as defined in RCW 80.86.010.

1 (10)(a) To maximize transparency, the commission, for investor-  
2 owned utilities, or the governing body, for consumer-owned utilities,  
3 may require an electric utility to make the utility's data input  
4 files available in a native format. Each electric utility shall  
5 publish its final plan either as part of an annual report or as a  
6 separate document available to the public. The report may be in an  
7 electronic form.

8 (b) Nothing in this subsection limits the protection of records  
9 containing commercial information under RCW 80.04.095.

10 (11) The commission may require a large combination utility as  
11 defined in RCW 80.86.010 to incorporate the requirements of this  
12 section into an integrated system plan established under RCW  
13 80.86.020.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 80.28  
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 (1) In establishing rates for each electrical company regulated  
17 under this title, the commission may allow an incentive rate of  
18 return on investment through December 31, 2040, on capital  
19 expenditures for grid-enhancing technologies and reconductoring with  
20 advanced conductors as defined in subsection (5) of this section that  
21 are deployed for the benefit of ratepayers on transmission owned and  
22 operated by the electrical company. The commission must consider and  
23 may adopt other policies to encourage increased deployment of  
24 electric transmission infrastructure improvements that increase the  
25 capacity of existing transmission infrastructure.

26 (2) An incentive rate of return on investment under this section  
27 may be allowed only if the company chooses to pursue capital  
28 investments in grid-enhancing technologies or reconductoring with  
29 advanced conductors. In the case of an incentive rate of return on  
30 investment allowed under this section, an increment of up to two  
31 percent may be added to the rate of return on common equity allowed  
32 on the company's other investments with demonstrated benefits to  
33 ratepayers.

34 (3) The incentive rate of return on investment authorized in  
35 subsection (2) of this section applies only to projects which have  
36 been installed after July 1, 2025.

37 (4) The incentive rate of return on investment increments  
38 pursuant to this section may be earned only for a period of 15 years.



1           (5) For the purposes of this section, "reconductoring with  
2 advanced conductors" means replacing the existing electric conductor  
3 with a conductor that increases the capacity of the electrical grid  
4 and improves efficiency, reliability, and safety. Advanced conductors  
5 may include, but are not limited to, conductors that have electrical  
6 resistance of at least 10 percent lower than that of existing  
7 conductors of a similar diameter, high temperature low sag  
8 conductors, high tensile strength conductors, or tree wire  
9 conductors.

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