HOUSE BILL 1955

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Representatives Rule, Dent, Simmons, and Nance

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AN ACT Relating to encouraging youth participation in fishing and shellfishing; amending RCW 77.08.010, 77.32.470, and 77.32.520; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that youth benefit 6 by engaging in outdoor activities, such as fishing and shellfishing. 7 Participating in such activities can boost self-esteem and cultivate an appreciation for nature. The legislature further finds that 8 license fees can be a barrier to this activity for some youth. 9 10 Therefore, the legislature intends to reduce financial barriers to 11 fishing and shellfishing by increasing the age at which a fishing 12 license is required.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 77.08.010 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 8 s 2 are each 14 amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this title or rules adopted under this title unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Angling gear" means a line attached to a rod and reel capable of being held in hand while landing the fish or a handheld line operated without rod or reel. 1 (2) "Bag limit" means the maximum number of game animals, game 2 birds, or game fish which may be taken, caught, killed, or possessed 3 by a person, as specified by rule of the commission for a particular 4 period of time, or as to size, sex, or species.

5 (3) "Building" means a private domicile, garage, barn, or public 6 or commercial building.

7 (4) "Closed area" means a place where the hunting of some or all
8 species of wild animals or wild birds is prohibited.

9 (5) "Closed season" means all times, manners of taking, and places or waters other than those established by rule of the 10 11 commission as an open season. "Closed season" also means all hunting, fishing, taking, or possession of game animals, game birds, game 12 fish, food fish, or shellfish that do not conform to the special 13 14 restrictions or physical descriptions established by rule of the 15 commission as an open season or that have not otherwise been deemed 16 legal to hunt, fish, take, harvest, or possess by rule of the 17 commission as an open season.

(6) "Closed waters" means all or part of a lake, river, stream,or other body of water, where fishing or harvesting is prohibited.

20 (7) "Commercial" means related to or connected with buying,21 selling, or bartering.

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(8) "Commission" means the state fish and wildlife commission.

(9) "Concurrent waters of the Columbia river" means those waters
 of the Columbia river that coincide with the Washington-Oregon state
 boundary.

26 (10) "Contraband" means any property that is unlawful to produce 27 or possess.

(11) "Covered animal species" means any species of elephant, rhinoceros, tiger, lion, leopard, cheetah, pangolin, marine turtle, shark, or ray either: (a) Listed in appendix I or appendix II of the convention on international trade in endangered species of wild flora and fauna; or (b) listed as critically endangered, endangered, or vulnerable on the international union for conservation of nature and natural resources red list of threatened species.

35 (12) "Covered animal species part or product" means any item that 36 contains, or is wholly or partially made from, any covered animal 37 species.

38 (13) "Deleterious exotic wildlife" means species of the animal 39 kingdom not native to Washington and designated as dangerous to the 40 environment or wildlife of the state. (14) "Department" means the department of fish and wildlife.

(15) "Director" means the director of fish and wildlife.

3 (16) "Distribute" or "distribution" means either a change in4 possession for consideration or a change in legal ownership.

5 (17) "Endangered species" means wildlife designated by the 6 commission as seriously threatened with extinction.

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(18) "Ex officio fish and wildlife officer" means:

8 (a) A commissioned officer of a municipal, county, or state 9 agency having as its primary function the enforcement of criminal 10 laws in general, while the officer is acting in the respective 11 jurisdiction of that agency;

12 (b) An officer or special agent commissioned by one of the following: The national marine fisheries service; the Washington 13 state parks and recreation commission; the United States fish and 14 wildlife service; the Washington state department of natural 15 16 resources; the United States forest service; or the United States 17 parks service, if the agent or officer is in the respective 18 jurisdiction of the primary commissioning agency and is acting under a mutual law enforcement assistance agreement between the department 19 and the primary commissioning agency; 20

(c) A commissioned fish and wildlife peace officer from another state who meets the training standards set by the Washington state criminal justice training commission pursuant to RCW 10.93.090, 43.101.080, and 43.101.200, and who is acting under a mutual law enforcement assistance agreement between the department and the primary commissioning agency; or

(d) A Washington state tribal police officer who successfully
completes the requirements set forth under RCW 43.101.157, is
employed by a tribal nation that has complied with RCW 10.92.020(2)
(a) and (b), and is acting under a mutual law enforcement assistance
agreement between the department and the tribal government.

32 (19) "Fish" includes all species classified as game fish or food 33 fish by statute or rule, as well as all finfish not currently 34 classified as food fish or game fish if such species exist in state 35 waters. The term "fish" includes all stages of development and the 36 bodily parts of fish species.

37 (20) "To fish" and its derivatives means an effort to kill,38 injure, harass, harvest, or capture a fish or shellfish.

39 (21) "Fish and wildlife officer" means a person appointed and 40 commissioned by the director, with authority to enforce this title

1 and rules adopted pursuant to this title, and other statutes as 2 prescribed by the legislature. Fish and wildlife officer includes a 3 person commissioned before June 11, 1998, as a wildlife agent or a 4 fisheries patrol officer.

5 (22) "Fish broker" means a person who facilitates the sale or 6 purchase of raw or frozen fish or shellfish on a fee or commission 7 basis, without assuming title to the fish or shellfish.

8 (23) "Fish dealer" means a person who engages in any activity 9 that triggers the need to obtain a fish dealer license under RCW 10 77.65.280.

11 (24) "Fishery" means the taking of one or more particular species 12 of fish or shellfish with particular gear in a particular 13 geographical area.

14 (25) "Food, food waste, or other substance" includes human and 15 pet food or other waste or garbage that could attract large wild 16 carnivores.

17 (26) "Fresh water" means all waters not defined as salt water 18 including, but not limited to, rivers upstream of the river mouth, 19 lakes, ponds, and reservoirs.

20 (27) "Fur-bearing animals" means game animals that shall not be 21 trapped except as authorized by the commission.

(28) "Fur dealer" means a person who purchases, receives, orresells raw furs for commercial purposes.

24 (29) "Game animals" means wild animals that shall not be hunted 25 except as authorized by the commission.

(30) "Game birds" means wild birds that shall not be huntedexcept as authorized by the commission.

(31) "Game farm" means property on which wildlife is held, confined, propagated, hatched, fed, or otherwise raised for commercial purposes, trade, or gift. The term "game farm" does not include publicly owned facilities.

32 (32) "Game reserve" means a closed area where hunting for all33 wild animals and wild birds is prohibited.

34 (33) "To hunt" and its derivatives means an effort to kill,35 injure, harass, harvest, or capture a wild animal or wild bird.

36 (34) "Illegal items" means those items unlawful to be possessed.

37 (35)(a) "Intentionally feed, attempt to feed, or attract" means 38 to purposefully or knowingly provide, leave, or place in, on, or 39 about any land or building any food, food waste, or other substance 1 that attracts or could attract large wild carnivores to that land or 2 building.

3 (b) "Intentionally feed, attempt to feed, or attract" does not 4 include keeping food, food waste, or other substance in an enclosed 5 garbage receptacle or other enclosed container unless specifically 6 directed by a fish and wildlife officer or animal control authority 7 to secure the receptacle or container in another manner.

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(36) "Large wild carnivore" includes wild bear, cougar, and wolf.

9 (37) "License year" means the period of time for which a 10 recreational license is valid. The license year begins April 1st, and 11 ends March 31st.

(38) "Limited-entry license" means a license subject to a licenselimitation program established in chapter 77.70 RCW.

14 (39) "Limited fish seller" means a licensed commercial fisher who 15 sells his or her fish or shellfish to anyone other than a wholesale 16 fish buyer thereby triggering the need to obtain a limited fish 17 seller endorsement under RCW 77.65.510.

18 (40) "Money" means all currency, script, personal checks, money 19 orders, or other negotiable instruments.

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(41) "Natural person" means a human being.

(42) (a) "Negligently feed, attempt to feed, or attract" means to provide, leave, or place in, on, or about any land or building any food, food waste, or other substance that attracts or could attract large wild carnivores to that land or building, without the awareness that a reasonable person in the same situation would have with regard to the likelihood that the food, food waste, or other substance could attract large wild carnivores to the land or building.

(b) "Negligently feed, attempt to feed, or attract" does not include keeping food, food waste, or other substance in an enclosed garbage receptacle or other enclosed container unless specifically directed by a fish and wildlife officer or animal control authority to secure the receptacle or container in another manner.

33 (43) "Nonresident" means a person who has not fulfilled the 34 qualifications of a resident.

35 (44) "Offshore waters" means marine waters of the Pacific Ocean 36 outside the territorial boundaries of the state, including the marine 37 waters of other states and countries.

38 (45) "Open season" means those times, manners of taking, and 39 places or waters established by rule of the commission for the lawful 40 hunting, fishing, taking, or possession of game animals, game birds, 1 game fish, food fish, or shellfish that conform to the special 2 restrictions or physical descriptions established by rule of the 3 commission or that have otherwise been deemed legal to hunt, fish, 4 take, or possess by rule of the commission. "Open season" includes 5 the first and last days of the established time.

6 (46) "Owner" means the person in whom is vested the ownership 7 dominion, or title of the property.

8 (47) "Person" means and includes an individual; a corporation; a 9 public or private entity or organization; a local, state, or federal 10 agency; all business organizations, including corporations and 11 partnerships; or a group of two or more individuals acting with a 12 common purpose whether acting in an individual, representative, or 13 official capacity.

14 (48) "Personal property" or "property" includes both corporeal 15 and incorporeal personal property and includes, among other property, 16 contraband and money.

17 (49) "Personal use" means for the private use of the individual 18 taking the fish or shellfish and not for sale or barter.

19 (50) "Predatory birds" means wild birds that may be hunted 20 throughout the year as authorized by the commission.

21 (51) "To process" and its derivatives mean preparing or 22 preserving fish, wildlife, or shellfish.

23 (52) "Protected wildlife" means wildlife designated by the 24 commission that shall not be hunted or fished.

(53) "Raffle" means an activity in which tickets bearing an individual number are sold for not more than ((twenty-five dollars)) <u>\$25</u> each and in which a permit or permits are awarded to hunt or for access to hunt big game animals or wild turkeys on the basis of a drawing from the tickets by the person or persons conducting the raffle.

31 (54) "Resident" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 77.08.075.

32 (55) "Salt water" means those marine waters seaward of river 33 mouths.

34 (56) "Seaweed" means marine aquatic plant species that are 35 dependent upon the marine aquatic or tidal environment, and exist in 36 either an attached or free floating form, and includes, but is not 37 limited to, marine aquatic plants in the classes Chlorophyta, 38 Phaeophyta, and Rhodophyta.

39 (57) "Senior" means a person ((seventy)) <u>70</u> years old or older.

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(58) "Shark fin" means a raw, dried, or otherwise processed
 detached fin or tail of a shark.

3 (59)(a) "Shark fin derivative product" means any product intended 4 for use by humans or animals that is derived in whole or in part from 5 shark fins or shark fin cartilage.

6 (b) "Shark fin derivative product" does not include a drug 7 approved by the United States food and drug administration and 8 available by prescription only or medical device or vaccine approved 9 by the United States food and drug administration.

10 (60) "Shellfish" means those species of marine and freshwater 11 invertebrates that have been classified and that shall not be taken 12 or possessed except as authorized by rule of the commission. The term 13 "shellfish" includes all stages of development and the bodily parts 14 of shellfish species.

15 (61) "State waters" means all marine waters and fresh waters 16 within ordinary high water lines and within the territorial 17 boundaries of the state.

18 (62) "To take" and its derivatives means to kill, injure,19 harvest, or capture a fish, shellfish, wild animal, bird, or seaweed.

(63) "Taxidermist" means a person who, for commercial purposes,
 creates lifelike representations of fish and wildlife using fish and
 wildlife parts and various supporting structures.

(64) "Trafficking" means offering, attempting to engage, or
 engaging in sale, barter, or purchase of fish, shellfish, wildlife,
 or deleterious exotic wildlife.

26 (65) "To trap" and its derivatives means a method of hunting 27 using devices to capture wild animals or wild birds.

(66) "Unclaimed" means that no owner of the property has been identified or has requested, in writing, the release of the property to themselves nor has the owner of the property designated an individual to receive the property or paid the required postage to effect delivery of the property.

33 (67) "Unclassified wildlife" means wildlife existing in 34 Washington in a wild state that have not been classified as big game, 35 game animals, game birds, predatory birds, protected wildlife, 36 endangered wildlife, or deleterious exotic wildlife.

37 (68) "To waste" or "to be wasted" means to allow any edible 38 portion of any game bird, food fish, game fish, shellfish, or big 39 game animal other than cougar to be rendered unfit for human 40 consumption, or to fail to retrieve edible portions of such a game

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bird, food fish, game fish, shellfish, or big game animal other than cougar from the field. For purposes of this chapter, edible portions of game birds must include, at a minimum, the breast meat of those birds. Entrails, including the heart and liver, of any wildlife species are not considered edible.

6 (69) "Wholesale fish buyer" means a person who engages in any 7 fish buying or selling activity that triggers the need to obtain a 8 wholesale fish buyer endorsement under RCW 77.65.340.

9 (70) "Wild animals" means those species of the class Mammalia 10 whose members exist in Washington in a wild state. The term "wild 11 animal" does not include feral domestic mammals or old world rats and 12 mice of the family Muridae of the order Rodentia.

13 (71) "Wild birds" means those species of the class Aves whose 14 members exist in Washington in a wild state.

(72) "Wildlife" means all species of the animal kingdom whose 15 16 members exist in Washington in a wild state. This includes, but is 17 not limited to, mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish, and invertebrates. The term "wildlife" does not include feral domestic 18 mammals, old world rats and mice of the family Muridae of the order 19 20 Rodentia, or those fish, shellfish, and marine invertebrates 21 classified as food fish or shellfish by the director. The term 22 "wildlife" includes all stages of development and the bodily parts of wildlife members. 23

(73) "Wildlife meat cutter" means a person who packs, cuts,
 processes, or stores wildlife for consumption for another for
 commercial purposes.

(74) "Youth" means a person ((fifteen)) <u>18</u> years old <u>and under</u>
 for fishing and under ((sixteen)) <u>16</u> years old for hunting.

29 Sec. 3. RCW 77.32.470 and 2020 c 148 s 20 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

(1) A personal use saltwater, freshwater, combination, temporary, or family fishing weekend license is required for all persons ((fifteen)) <u>18</u> years of age or older to fish for or possess fish taken for personal use from state waters or offshore waters.

35 (2) The fees for annual personal use saltwater, freshwater, or 36 combination licenses are as follows:

(a) A combination license allows the holder to fish for or
possess fish, shellfish, and seaweed from state waters or offshore
waters. The fee for this license is ((forty-five dollars)) \$45 for

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1 residents, ((one hundred eight dollars)) \$108 for nonresidents, and 2 ((five dollars)) \$5 for youth. There is an additional ((fifty-cent)) 3 50 cent surcharge for this license, to be deposited in the rockfish 4 research account created in RCW 77.12.702.

5 (b) A saltwater license allows the holder to fish for or possess 6 fish taken from saltwater areas. The fee for this license is 7 ((twenty-five dollars)) <u>\$25</u> for residents, ((fifty-two dollars)) <u>\$52</u> 8 for nonresidents, and ((five dollars)) <u>\$5</u> for resident seniors. There 9 is an additional ((fifty-cent)) <u>50 cent</u> surcharge for this license, 10 to be deposited in the rockfish research account created in RCW 11 77.12.702.

(c) A freshwater license allows the holder to fish for, take, or possess food fish or game fish species in all freshwater areas. The fee for this license is ((twenty-five dollars)) <u>\$25</u> for residents, ((seventy-five dollars)) <u>\$75</u> for nonresidents, and ((five dollars)) <u>\$5</u> for resident seniors.

(3) (a) A temporary combination fishing license is valid for one to three consecutive days and allows the holder to fish for or possess fish, shellfish, and seaweed taken from state waters or offshore waters. The fee for this temporary fishing license is:

21 (i) One day - ((Eight dollars)) <u>\$8</u> for residents and ((sixteen 22 dollars)) <u>\$16</u> for nonresidents;

23 (ii) Two days - ((Twelve dollars)) <u>\$12</u> for residents and 24 ((twenty-four dollars)) <u>\$24</u> for nonresidents; and

25 (iii) Three days - ((Fifteen dollars)) <u>\$15</u> for residents and 26 ((thirty dollars)) <u>\$30</u> for nonresidents.

(b) The fee for a charter stamp is ((eight dollars)) <u>\$8</u> for a
one-day temporary combination fishing license for residents and
nonresidents for use on a charter boat as defined in RCW 77.65.150.

30 (c) Except for active duty military personnel serving in any 31 branch of the United States armed forces, the temporary combination 32 fishing license is not valid on game fish species for an eight-33 consecutive-day period beginning on the opening day of the lowland 34 lake fishing season as defined by rule of the commission.

35 (d) The temporary combination fishing license fee for active duty 36 military personnel serving in any branch of the United States armed 37 forces is the resident rate as set forth in (a) of this subsection. 38 Active duty military personnel must provide a valid military 39 identification card at the time of purchase of the temporary license 40 to qualify for the resident rate.

1 (e) There is an additional ((fifty-cent)) 50 cent surcharge on 2 the temporary combination fishing license and the associated charter 3 stamp, to be deposited in the rockfish research account created in 4 RCW 77.12.702.

5 (4) A family fishing weekend license allows for a maximum of six 6 anglers: One resident and five youth; two residents and four youth; 7 or one resident, one nonresident, and four youth. This license allows 8 the holders to fish for or possess fish taken from state waters or 9 offshore waters. The fee for this license is ((twenty dollars)) <u>\$20</u>. 10 This license is only valid during periods as specified by rule of the 11 department.

12 (5) The commission may adopt rules to create and sell combination 13 licenses for all hunting and fishing activities at or below a fee 14 equal to the total cost of the individual license contained within 15 any combination.

16 (6) The commission may adopt rules to allow the use of two 17 fishing poles per fishing license holder for use on selected state waters. If authorized by the commission, license holders must 18 purchase a two-pole stamp to use a second pole. The proceeds from the 19 20 sale of the two-pole stamp must be deposited into the limited fish and wildlife account created in RCW 77.12.170(1) and used for the 21 operation and maintenance of state-owned fish hatcheries. The fee for 22 a two-pole stamp is ((thirteen dollars)) \$13 for residents and 23 24 nonresidents, and ((five dollars)) \$5 for seniors.

25 Sec. 4. RCW 77.32.520 and 2011 c 339 s 13 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) A personal use shellfish and seaweed license is required for all persons other than residents or nonresidents under ((fifteen)) 18 years of age to fish for, take, dig for, or possess seaweed or shellfish, including razor clams, for personal use from state waters or offshore waters including national park beaches.

32 (2) A razor clam license allows a person to harvest only razor
 33 clams for personal use from state waters, including national park
 34 beaches.

35 (3) The fees for annual personal use shellfish and seaweed 36 licenses are:

37 (a) For a resident ((fifteen)) <u>18</u> years of age or older, ((ten 38 dollars)) <u>\$10;</u>

1 (b) For a nonresident ((fifteen)) <u>18</u> years of age or older, 2 ((twenty-seven dollars)) <u>\$27</u>; and

3 (c) For a senior, ((five dollars)) <u>\$5</u>.

4 (4) The fee for an annual razor clam license is ((eight dollars))
5 <u>\$8</u> for residents, ((fifteen dollars)) <u>\$15</u> for nonresidents, and
6 ((eight dollars)) <u>\$8</u> for seniors.

7 (5) The fee for a three-day razor clam license is ((five
8 dollars)) \$5 for both residents and nonresidents.

9 (6) A personal use shellfish and seaweed license or razor clam 10 license must be in immediate possession of the licensee and available 11 for inspection while a licensee is harvesting shellfish or seaweed. 12 However, the license does not need to be visible at all times.

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