_	_	_	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	_
ς –	1	()	`~	')	1

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5155

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Senate Local Government (originally sponsored by Senators Salomon, Shewmake, Chapman, Hasegawa, Liias, Nobles, and Wellman)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/25.

- AN ACT Relating to extending a program to streamline the environmental permitting process for salmon recovery projects; amending RCW 77.55.480 and 43.21C.515; creating a new section;
- 4 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that in 2021 the 7 legislature created the habitat recovery pilot program to streamline project permitting for habitat restoration projects that have been 8 9 determined to contribute to the recovery of watersheds throughout the 10 state. The legislature also finds that the pilot project's intent to 11 advance projects to construction as quickly and efficiently 12 possible has been realized, with projects experiencing time and cost 13 savings by utilizing the streamlined process. It is the intent of the 14 legislature to make this permit pathway an option and not to replace 15 or supplant current permit requirements.
- 16 (2) Therefore, the legislature intends to make the pilot program 17 permanent and to improve the streamlined process.
- 18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 77.55.480 and 2021 c 75 s 2 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

p. 1 SSB 5155

- (1) The habitat ((recovery pilot)) restoration permit pathway program is created. The habitat restoration permit pathway as outlined in this section does not replace or supplant the permit requirements under this chapter, but rather may be used as an optional permit pathway.
- (2) (a) In order to be included in this statewide ((pilot)) permit pathway program and qualify for the permit review and approval process created in this section, an environmental restoration project must directly benefit freshwater, estuarine, or marine fish, or the habitat they rely on, and must be included on a list of projects ($(reviewed_r)$) approved((r)) or funded by one of the following restoration programs:
 - (i) The Bonneville power administration restoration program;
- 14 (ii) The Brian Abbott fish barrier removal board;
 - (iii) The estuary and salmon restoration program;
 - (iv) The floodplains by design program;
- 17 (v) The office of Chehalis basin aquatic species restoration 18 program;
- 19 (vi) The office of Columbia river habitat recovery projects;
- 20 (vii) The Puget Sound acquisition and restoration fund;
- 21 (viii) The Puget Sound national estuary program;
- 22 (ix) The salmon recovery funding board;

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

15

16

24

- 23 (x) The Washington coast restoration and resiliency initiative;
 - (xi) The Yakima tributary access and habitat program;
- 25 (xii) Fish recovery projects sponsored by a federally recognized 26 tribe; ((and))
- 27 (xiii) Fish acclimation facility projects sponsored or operated 28 by a federally recognized tribe;
- 29 <u>(xiv) Clean water section 319 and centennial clean water program</u> 30 grants installing instream and riparian nonpoint source projects;
- 31 (xv) The Washington wildlife and recreation program, funded by 32 the habitat conservation account created in RCW 79A.15.020;
- 33 (xvi) A regional recovery organization or regional salmon 34 recovery organization as defined in RCW 77.85.010;
- 35 <u>(xvii) Washington department of transportation's environmental</u> 36 retrofit program; and
- 37 <u>(xviii) The state conservation commission's riparian grants or</u> 38 natural resource investments.
- 39 (b) A project application reviewed under this section must 40 document consistency with local, state, and federal flood risk

p. 2 SSB 5155

reduction requirements. A project may not be reviewed under the process created in this section if the local government within whose geographical jurisdiction the project will be located determines that the project does not meet applicable flood risk reduction requirements, or otherwise determines that the project raises concerns regarding public health and safety, and the local government provides timely notice of its determination to the department.

- (c)(i) With regard to cultural resources, a project applicant or funding agency must review the project with the department of archaeology and historic preservation and complete any required site surveys before the project applicant files an application under this section. A project applicant must document consistency in the application with applicable cultural resource protection requirements.
- (ii) A project applicant must provide a ((eopy of its application)) description of the proposed project and the project's area of potential effect, including vertical and horizontal limits and any additional ground disturbance activities, to the department of archaeology and historic preservation, and to affected federally recognized tribes, no fewer than 60 days before the application may be filed with the department. A project applicant must provide a copy of its application under this section to an affected federally recognized tribe at the tribe's request.
- (iii) The department may not review a project under the expedited process created in this section if a cultural resource site is identified at the project site or if an affected federally recognized tribe withholds its consent that the project should be expedited according to the process set forth in this section. Such consent may be withheld upon a determination that the project may adversely impact cultural resources. Notice of such a determination must be provided to the department by the affected federally recognized tribe in a timely manner.
- (iv) In the event of an inadvertent discovery of cultural resources or human remains, the project applicant shall immediately notify the department, the department of archaeology and historic preservation, and affected federally recognized tribes. In the event of an inadvertent discovery of cultural resources or human remains, existing requirements applicable to inadvertent discoveries of cultural resources and human remains, including those set forth in chapters 27.53, 27.44, and 68.60 RCW, apply.

p. 3 SSB 5155

(d) For those projects that require a ((lease or other)) land use authorization from the department of natural resources, the project applicant must include in its application for a permit under this joint aquatic resources permit application, section a signed attachment E. The project applicant must provide a copy of a completed application to the department of natural resources ((no fewer than 30 days before the application may be filed with the department)). The project applicant may submit its completed application for a permit under this section to the department either: (i) 30 days after providing a copy of a completed application to the department of natural resources; or (ii) upon receipt of a signed attachment E from the department of natural resources, whichever comes first. If the project applicant submits their application 30 days after filing the signed joint aquatic resources permit application, attachment E, with the department of natural resources, the department of natural resources must make a final decision on applications for projects under this section within 30 days of the issuance of a permit under this section.

1

2

4

5

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

1516

17

18 19

2021

2223

2425

26

2728

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

40

- (3) Fish recovery and fish habitat restoration projects meeting the criteria of subsection (2) of this section are expected to result in beneficial impacts to the aquatic environment. Projects approved for inclusion in this ((pilot)) permit pathway program and that are reviewed and approved according to the provisions of this section are not subject to the requirements of RCW 43.21C.030(2) and are not required to obtain local or state permits or approvals other than the permit issued under this section, except permits minimally necessary as a requirement of participation in a federal program.
- (4) (a) A permit under this chapter is required for projects that meet the criteria of subsection (2) of this section and must be reviewed and, if appropriate, approved under this section. An applicant shall use the department's online permitting system or a paper or email joint aquatic resources permit application submission to apply for approval under this section and shall at the same time provide a copy of the application to the local government within whose geographical jurisdiction the project will be located, to the members of the multiagency permitting team created in this section, and to potentially affected federally recognized tribes.
- (b) When the department concludes that a complete application has been submitted under this section and copies of the application have been provided as required in this section, the department shall

p. 4 SSB 5155

provide notice to the local government within whose geographical jurisdiction the project will be located, to potentially affected federally recognized tribes, and to the members of the multiagency permitting team of receipt of a complete permit application.

- (i) Unless the multiagency permitting team process described in this section is invoked, the department shall evaluate and make a decision on the application not sooner than 25 days, and not later than 45 days, after receipt of a complete permit application.
- (ii) Within 25 days of receiving a copy of the complete project application, the local government within whose geographical jurisdiction the project would be located, any member of the multiagency permitting team, or a potentially affected federally recognized tribe may request that the department place the application on hold and immediately convene a meeting with the requesting entity and the multiagency permitting team to review and evaluate the project.
- (iii) All parties involved in this review process shall work in good faith to expedite permitting and any party with concerns shall provide the basis for its concerns and potential pathways to address those concerns. Any party objecting to expedited permitting shall provide a written basis for its objections to the department or the multiagency permitting team.
- (iv) The multiagency review process may not exceed 45 days from the request for review.
 - (c) The multiagency permitting team consists of representatives of the local government in whose geographical jurisdiction the project would be located, the department, the department of ecology, the recreation and conservation office, the governor's salmon recovery office, the department of natural resources, and, when the project in question is located in the Puget Sound basin, the Puget Sound partnership. For projects located in the Puget Sound basin, meetings of the multiagency permitting team must be facilitated by the Puget Sound partnership. All other meetings of the multiagency permitting team must be facilitated by the recreation and conservation office.
 - (d) The department or, where applicable, the multiagency permitting team, shall exclude any project from the review and approval process created by this section if it concludes that the project may adversely impact human health, public safety, or the

p. 5 SSB 5155

environment, or that the project's scope or complexity renders it inappropriate for expedited review.

- (e) If the department or the multiagency permitting team determines that the review and approval process created by this section is not appropriate for the proposed project, the department shall notify the applicant, the appropriate local government, and potentially affected federally recognized tribes of its determination. The applicant may reapply for approval of the project under generally applicable review and approval processes. If the multiagency permitting team determines that the review and approval process created by this section is appropriate for the proposed project, the hold on the application must be lifted and the department shall make a decision within the time that remains of the original 45-day decision deadline.
- (f) Any person aggrieved by the approval, denial, conditioning, or modification of a permit under this section may appeal the decision as provided in RCW 77.55.021(8).
 - (g) The department shall, in a timely manner, provide a copy of any application seeking review under this section and shall thereafter coordinate with affected federally recognized tribes as it implements this section.
 - (5) No local or state government may require permits or charge fees other than the permit issued under this section, except permits minimally necessary as a requirement of participation in a federal program, for fish recovery ((pilot)) projects that meet the criteria of subsection (2) of this section and that are reviewed and approved according to the provisions of this section.
 - (6) No civil liability may be imposed by any court on the state or its officers and employees for any adverse impacts resulting from a fish recovery stimulus ((pilot)) project permitted by the department under the criteria of this section except upon proof of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

((7) This section expires June 30, 2025.)

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.21C.515 and 2021 c 75 s 3 are each amended to 35 read as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ A project that receives a permit pursuant to RCW 37 77.55.480 is not subject to the requirements of RCW 43.21C.030(2).
- (((2) This section expires June 30, 2025.))

p. 6 SSB 5155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect June 30, 2025.

1

2

3

4

--- END ---

p. 7 SSB 5155