SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5229

State of Washington69th Legislature2025 Regular SessionBy Senate Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Wagoner)READ FIRST TIME 02/03/25.

AN ACT Relating to facilitating civil commitment for treatment for a person requiring revival by opioid overdose reversal medication; reenacting and amending RCW 71.05.020 and 71.05.020; providing a contingent effective date; and providing a contingent expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 Sec. 1. RCW 71.05.020 and 2024 c 371 s 17, 2024 c 209 s 5, and 8 2024 c 62 s 18 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

9 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 10 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

11 (1) "23-hour crisis relief center" has the same meaning as under 12 RCW 71.24.025;

13 (2) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, 14 physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse 15 practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient 16 in a hospital;

17 (3) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency 18 on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and 19 circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or 20 psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued,

1 and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic 2 functioning;

3 (4) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs 4 primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness 5 associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited 6 to atypical antipsychotic medications;

7 (5) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a 8 program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a 9 treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards 10 adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;

(6) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;

14 (7) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;

(8) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use disorder;

(9) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or 19 private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, 20 21 or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from 22 public sources. This includes, but is not limited to: Hospitals 23 licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW; evaluation and treatment facilities 24 25 as defined in this section; community mental health service delivery 26 systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025; licensed or certified behavioral health agencies under RCW 27 28 71.24.037; an entity with a tribal attestation that it meets minimum standards or a licensed or certified behavioral health agency as 29 defined in RCW 71.24.025; facilities conducting competency 30 31 evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW; approved 32 substance use disorder treatment programs as defined in this section; 33 secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section; and correctional facilities operated by state, 34 35 local, and tribal governments;

36 (10) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual 37 possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under 38 chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance 39 use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 40 18.205.105;

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1 (11) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a 2 person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or 3 treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;

4 (12) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
5 "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW
6 71.24.025;

7 (13) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a 8 commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;

9 (14) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a 10 portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such 11 as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been 12 designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an 13 acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization, or to 14 determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual;

(15) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;

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(16) "Department" means the department of health;

20 (17) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health 21 professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the 22 county, or by the authority in consultation with a tribe or after 23 meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to 24 perform the duties specified in this chapter;

(18) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;

(19) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who 27 has specialized training and three years of experience in directly 28 29 treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a psychiatrist 30 who is acting as a participating physician as defined in RCW 31 18.71A.010, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse 32 practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental 33 disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 34 secretary of the department of social and health services; 35

36 (20) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 37 RCW 71A.10.020(6);

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(21) "Director" means the director of the authority;

1 (22) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 2 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 3 amended by court order;

4 (23) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a 5 dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount 6 and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or 7 psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, 8 and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic 9 functioning;

10 (24) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or 11 12 private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering 13 from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by 14 the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary 15 16 evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically 17 separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which 18 19 is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No 20 21 correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation 22 and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;

23 (25) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious 24 25 physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; ((or)) (b) manifests 26 27 severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and 28 escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her 29 health or safety; or (c) within the two weeks prior to the person's 30 initial detention has required revival by opioid overdose reversal 31 32 medication to prevent a fatality or probable fatality and he or she is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or 33 34 safety;

35 (26) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by 36 program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life 37 skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and 38 vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, 39 training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall 40 be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety

presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;

3 (27) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that 4 conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;

5 (28) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period 6 of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this 7 chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts 8 committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a 9 result of a criminal conviction;

10 (29) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to 11 occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;

12 (30) "In need of assisted outpatient treatment" refers to a 13 person who meets the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment 14 established under RCW 71.05.148;

(31) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:

(a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior chargedcriminal behavior, and habilitation needs;

(b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes of habilitation;

23 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 24 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;

25 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 26 those intermediate and long-range goals;

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(e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

(f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and

33 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 34 and possible future types of residences;

35 (32) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical 36 functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of 37 alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;

38 (33) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 39 to the provisions of this chapter;

1 (34) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county 2 prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their 3 capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service 4 providers under RCW 71.05.130;

5 (35) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of 6 individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient 7 treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585. This 8 term includes: Treatment pursuant to a less restrictive alternative 9 treatment order under RCW 71.05.240 or 71.05.320; treatment pursuant 10 to a conditional release under RCW 71.05.340; and treatment pursuant 11 to an assisted outpatient treatment order under RCW 71.05.148;

12 (36) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice 13 medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 14 Washington;

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(37) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

16 (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted 17 by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) 18 physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as 19 evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places 20 21 another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; 22 or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused 23 substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or 24

(b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another andhas a history of one or more violent acts;

(38) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider, including an Indian health care provider, has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated crisis responder or facility. For a person presenting in the community, no medical clearance is required prior to investigation by a designated crisis responder;

33 (39) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 34 impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's 35 cognitive or volitional functions;

36 (40) "Mental health professional" means an individual practicing 37 within the mental health professional's statutory scope of practice 38 who is:

(a) A psychiatrist, psychologist, physician assistant working
 with a psychiatrist who is acting as a participating physician as

1 defined in RCW 18.71A.010, psychiatric advanced registered nurse 2 practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, as defined in this 3 chapter and chapter 71.34 RCW;

4 (b) A mental health counselor, mental health counselor associate,
5 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist
6 associate, as defined in chapter 18.225 RCW;

7 (c) A certified or licensed agency affiliated counselor, as 8 defined in chapter 18.19 RCW; or

9 (d) A licensed psychological associate as described in chapter 10 18.83 RCW;

(41) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;

15 (42) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician 16 assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW;

(43) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;

(44) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

30 (45) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a 31 person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner 32 pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced 33 practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;

(46) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;

(47) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a
 psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;

(48) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility 3 institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization 4 or facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, or 5 6 hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward 7 conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal, 8 state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 9 qovernments; 10

11 (49) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 12 the provisions of this chapter;

13 (50) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 14 chapter 71.24 RCW;

15 (51) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 16 or his or her designee;

17 (52) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility" 18 means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by 19 the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals 20 and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this 21 chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are 22 gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder. 23 Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:

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(a) Provide the following services:

(i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use
 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;

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(ii) Clinical stabilization services;

28 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated 29 individuals; and

30 (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use 31 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, 32 including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or 33 involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as 34 appropriate for the individual;

35 (b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients, 36 staff, and community; and

37 (c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;

38 (53) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 39 advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and 40 approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010; 1 (54) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, 2 behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual 3 continues using the substance despite significant substance-related 4 problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a 5 pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the 6 substances;

7 (55) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person 8 certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department 9 of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;

10 (56) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental 11 health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over 12 defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including 13 court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting 14 attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic 15 court duties;

16 (57) "Treatment records" include registration and all other 17 records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for behavioral health disorders, which are 18 maintained by the department of social and health services, the 19 department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services 20 21 organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their 22 staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental 23 health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider 24 25 name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment 26 records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department of social 27 and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health 28 29 administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to 30 31 others;

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(58) "Tribe" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.24.025;

(59) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, 33 means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of 34 interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time 35 communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for 36 the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-37 only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology. 38 39 "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous 40 transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health

service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;

3 (60) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 4 attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property.

5 Sec. 2. RCW 71.05.020 and 2024 c 371 s 18, 2024 c 209 s 6, and 6 2024 c 62 s 19 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

7 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 8 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

9 (1) "23-hour crisis relief center" has the same meaning as under 10 RCW 71.24.025;

11 (2) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, 12 physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse 13 practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient 14 in a hospital;

(3) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;

(4) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;

(5) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;

(6) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public
 or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of
 a patient;

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(7) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;

33 (8) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder 34 as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in 35 this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use 36 disorder;

37 (9) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or 38 private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, 39 or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health

1 disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to: Hospitals 2 licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW; evaluation and treatment facilities 3 as defined in this section; community mental health service delivery 4 systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 5 6 71.24.025; licensed or certified behavioral health agencies under RCW 7 71.24.037; an entity with a tribal attestation that it meets minimum standards or a licensed or certified behavioral health agency as 8 defined in RCW 71.24.025; facilities conducting competency 9 evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW; approved 10 11 substance use disorder treatment programs as defined in this section; 12 secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section; and correctional facilities operated by state, 13 14 local, and tribal governments;

(10) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 18.205.105;

20 (11) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a 21 person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or 22 treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;

(12) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW 71.24.025;

(13) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a
 commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;

(14) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization, or to determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual;

34 (15) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions 35 of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of 36 unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing 37 involuntary care and treatment;

38 (16) "Department" means the department of health;

39 (17) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health 40 professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the

1 county, or by the authority in consultation with a tribe or after 2 meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to 3 perform the duties specified in this chapter;

4 (18) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a 5 person, under the provisions of this chapter;

6 (19) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who 7 has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and 8 is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a psychiatrist 9 who is acting as a participating physician as defined in RCW 10 18.71A.010, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse 11 practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental 12 disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 13 secretary of the department of social and health services; 14

15 (20) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 16 RCW 71A.10.020(6);

17

(21) "Director" means the director of the authority;

18 (22) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 19 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 20 amended by court order;

(23) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;

(24) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which 27 can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or 28 29 private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering 30 31 from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by 32 the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically 33 separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be 34 designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which 35 36 is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No 37 correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation 38 39 and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;

1 (25) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious 2 physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her 3 essential human needs of health or safety; ((or)) (b) manifests 4 severe deterioration from safe behavior evidenced by repeated and 5 6 escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her 7 actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety; or (c) within the two weeks prior to the person's 8 initial detention has required revival by opioid overdose reversal 9 medication to prevent a fatality or probable fatality and he or she 10 is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or 11 12 safety;

(26) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by 13 14 program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and 15 16 vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, 17 training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall 18 be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged 19 20 criminal conduct;

21 (27) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that 22 conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;

(28) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;

(29) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to
 occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;

30 (30) "In need of assisted outpatient treatment" refers to a 31 person who meets the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment 32 established under RCW 71.05.148;

(31) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:

37 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged38 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;

39 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 40 purposes of habilitation; 1 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 2 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;

3 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve4 those intermediate and long-range goals;

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(e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

6 (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due 7 consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement 8 to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual 9 discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or 10 release; and

11 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 12 and possible future types of residences;

13 (32) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical 14 functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of 15 alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;

16 (33) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 17 to the provisions of this chapter;

18 (34) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county 19 prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their 20 capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service 21 providers under RCW 71.05.130;

(35) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585. This term includes: Treatment pursuant to a less restrictive alternative treatment order under RCW 71.05.240 or 71.05.320; treatment pursuant to a conditional release under RCW 71.05.340; and treatment pursuant to an assisted outpatient treatment order under RCW 71.05.148;

(36) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington;

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(37) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

(a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused harm, substantial pain, or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of harm to themselves or others; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a 1 person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which 2 has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

3 (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and 4 has a history of one or more violent acts;

5 (38) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care 6 provider, including an Indian health care provider, has determined 7 that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the 8 designated crisis responder or facility. For a person presenting in 9 the community, no medical clearance is required prior to 10 investigation by a designated crisis responder;

11 (39) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 12 impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's 13 cognitive or volitional functions;

14 (40) "Mental health professional" means an individual practicing 15 within the mental health professional's statutory scope of practice 16 who is:

(a) A psychiatrist, psychologist, physician assistant working
with a psychiatrist who is acting as a participating physician as
defined in RCW 18.71A.010, psychiatric advanced registered nurse
practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, as defined in this
chapter and chapter 71.34 RCW;

(b) A mental health counselor, mental health counselor associate, marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist associate, as defined in chapter 18.225 RCW;

25 (c) A certified or licensed agency affiliated counselor, as 26 defined in chapter 18.19 RCW; or

(d) A licensed psychological associate as described in chapter18.83 RCW;

(41) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public
 agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given
 peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial
 order of appointment;

33 (42) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician 34 assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW;

35 (43) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, 36 or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed 37 in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation 38 and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or 39 approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted

1 for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and 2 treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;

3 (44) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, 4 substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder 5 and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric 6 advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such 7 others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant 8 to the provisions of this chapter;

9 (45) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a 10 person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner 11 pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced 12 practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;

13 (46) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a 14 physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed 15 three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved 16 by the American medical association or the American osteopathic 17 association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the 18 American board of psychiatry and neurology;

19 (47) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a 20 psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;

21 (48) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility 22 institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization or facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, or 23 hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward 24 25 conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral 26 health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 27 governments; 28

29 (49) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 30 the provisions of this chapter;

31 (50) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 32 chapter 71.24 RCW;

33 (51) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 34 or his or her designee;

35 (52) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility" 36 means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by 37 the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals 38 and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this 39 chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are

gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder.
 Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:

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(a) Provide the following services:

4 (i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use
5 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;

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(ii) Clinical stabilization services;

7 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated 8 individuals; and

9 (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use 10 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, 11 including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or 12 involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as 13 appropriate for the individual;

(b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients,staff, and community; and

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(c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;

17 (53) "Severe deterioration from safe behavior" means that a 18 person will, if not treated, suffer or continue to suffer severe and 19 abnormal mental, emotional, or physical distress, and this distress 20 is associated with significant impairment of judgment, reason, or 21 behavior;

(54) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;

(55) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances;

31 (56) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person 32 certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department 33 of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;

34 (57) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental 35 health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over 36 defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including 37 court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting 38 attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic 39 court duties;

1 (58) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have 2 received services for behavioral health disorders, which are 3 maintained by the department of social and health services, the 4 department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services 5 6 organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their 7 staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not 8 limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider 9 name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment 10 11 records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use 12 by a person providing treatment services for the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health 13 14 administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to 15 16 others;

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(59) "Tribe" has the same meaning as in RCW 71.24.025;

(60) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, 18 19 means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time 20 communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for 21 the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-22 only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology. 23 "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous 24 25 transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health 26 service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in 27 medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;

(61) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide,attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act expires when section 31 2 of this act takes effect.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. Section 2 of this act takes effect when 33 the contingency in section 26, chapter 433, Laws of 2023 takes 34 effect.

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