SENATE BILL 5293

State of Washington69th Legislature2025 Regular SessionBy Senators King and LiiasRead first time 01/15/25.Referred to Committee on Labor & Commerce.

1 AN ACT Relating to the prevailing wages on public works; and 2 amending RCW 39.12.015.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 39.12.015 and 2019 c 29 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) All determinations of the prevailing rate of wage shall be 7 made by the industrial statistician of the department of labor and 8 industries.

9 (2) The time period for recovery of any wages owed to a worker 10 affected by the determination is tolled until the prevailing wage 11 determination is final.

(3)(((a) Except)) Until May 31, 2027, except as provided in RCW 12 39.12.017, and notwithstanding RCW 39.12.010(1), the industrial 13 statistician shall establish the prevailing rate of wage by adopting 14 15 the hourly wage, usual benefits, and overtime paid for the geographic 16 jurisdiction established in collective bargaining agreements for 17 those trades and occupations that have collective bargaining 18 agreements. For trades and occupations with more than one collective 19 bargaining agreement in the county, the higher rate will prevail.

20 (((b))) <u>(4) For contracts bid or awarded on or after June 1,</u> 21 <u>2027, except as provided in RCW 39.12.017, and notwithstanding RCW</u> 1 <u>39.12.010(1)</u>, the industrial statistician shall establish the 2 prevailing rate of wage by adopting the hourly wage, usual benefits, 3 and overtime paid for the geographic jurisdiction established in 4 collective bargaining agreements for those trades and occupations 5 that have collective bargaining agreements. For trades and 6 occupations with more than one collective bargaining agreement in the 7 county other than ship building and ship repair rates:

(a) The industrial statistician shall determine and prevail the 8 rate that represents the majority of workers, laborers, or mechanics 9 in the same trade or occupation under the collective bargaining 10 agreements. In the event there is not a majority of workers, 11 12 laborers, or mechanics in the same trade or occupation paid at the same rate, then the rate representing the most workers, laborers, or 13 mechanics in the same trade or occupation shall prevail. The 14 industrial statistician shall consider the applicable collective 15 bargaining agreements and may seek input from the labor and 16 17 management signatory parties and their multiemployer bargaining unit representatives, if applicable, regarding which rate is the majority 18 rate, or the rate representing the most workers, laborers, or 19 mechanics in the same trade or occupation in the event there is no 20 21 majority. In no case where there is a collective bargaining agreement within a county, shall the industrial statistician conduct wage 22 23 surveys or otherwise apply hours worked data to set the prevailing 24 rate of wage, except that it may apply hours worked data to resolve 25 an appeal under (b) of this subsection.

(b) An interested party may appeal a determination by the 26 27 industrial statistician under this subsection. The interested party 28 must allege and prove by competent evidence that the actual rate used 29 in the determination is not the rate representing the majority number or plurality of workers, laborers, or mechanics in the same trade or 30 occupation under the collective bargaining agreements. Until final 31 32 determination thereof, the work in question shall proceed under the 33 rate established by the industrial statistician.

34 (5) Notwithstanding RCW 39.12.010(1), for contracts bid or 35 awarded on or after June 1, 2027, for ship building and ship repair 36 the industrial statistician shall establish the prevailing rate of 37 wage by adopting the hourly wage, usual benefits, and overtime paid 38 for the geographic jurisdiction established in collective bargaining 39 agreements for those trades and occupations that have collective 40 bargaining agreements. For the ship building and ship repair trades 1 and occupations with more than one collective bargaining agreement in 2 the county, the higher rate will prevail.

(6) For trades and occupations in which there are no collective 3 bargaining agreements in the county, the industrial statistician 4 shall establish the prevailing rate of wage as defined in RCW 5 39.12.010 by conducting wage and hour surveys. In instances when 6 there are no applicable collective bargaining agreements and 7 conducting wage and hour surveys is not feasible, the industrial 8 statistician may employ other appropriate methods to establish the 9 prevailing rate of wage. 10

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