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SENATE BILL 5475

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Senators Dozier, McCune, and Schoesler

Read first time 01/24/25. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to maintenance for salmon recovery projects;
- amending RCW 77.85.130; and adding a new section to chapter 77.85
- 3 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 77.85.130 and 2011 c 20 s 16 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 (1) The salmon recovery funding board shall develop procedures and criteria for allocation of funds for salmon habitat projects and 8 salmon recovery activities on a statewide basis to address the 9 10 highest priorities for salmon habitat protection and restoration. To 11 the extent practicable the board shall adopt an annual allocation of 12 allocation should address both The protection and restoration of habitat, and should recognize the varying needs in 13 each area of the state on an equitable basis. The board has the 14 15 discretion to partially fund, or to fund in phases, salmon habitat 16 projects. The board may annually establish a maximum amount of 17 funding available for any individual project, subject to available funding. No projects required solely as a mitigation or a condition 18 19 of permitting are eligible for funding.
- 20 (2)(a) In evaluating, ranking, and awarding funds for projects 21 and activities the board shall give preference to projects that:

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- 1 (i) Are based upon the limiting factors analysis identified under 2 RCW 77.85.060;
 - (ii) Provide a greater benefit to salmon recovery based upon the stock status information contained in the department of fish and wildlife salmonid stock inventory (SASSI), the salmon and steelhead habitat inventory and assessment project (SSHIAP), and any comparable science-based assessment when available;
 - (iii) Will benefit listed species and other fish species;
 - (iv) Will preserve high quality salmonid habitat;
- 10 (v) Are included in a regional or watershed-based salmon recovery 11 plan that accords the project, action, or area a high priority for 12 funding;
- (vi) Are, except as provided in RCW 77.85.240, sponsored by an entity that is a Puget Sound partner, as defined in RCW 90.71.010; and
- 16 (vii) Are projects referenced in the action agenda developed by 17 the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310.
 - (b) In evaluating, ranking, and awarding funds for projects and activities the board shall also give consideration to projects that:
 - (i) Are the most cost-effective;

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- (ii) Have the greatest matched or in-kind funding;
- 22 (iii) Will be implemented by a sponsor with a successful record 23 of project implementation;
 - (iv) Involve members of the Washington conservation corps established in chapter 43.220 RCW or the veterans conservation corps established in RCW 43.60A.150; ((and))
 - (v) Are part of a regionwide list developed by lead entities; and
 - (vi) Include a plan for ongoing maintenance or other methods for ensuring long-term effectiveness of the project.
 - (3) The board may reject, but not add, projects from a habitat project list submitted by a lead entity for funding.
 - (4) The board shall establish criteria for determining when block grants may be made to a lead entity. The board may provide block grants to the lead entity to implement habitat project lists developed under RCW 77.85.050, subject to available funding. The board shall determine an equitable minimum amount of project funds for each recovery region, and shall distribute the remainder of funds on a competitive basis. The board may also provide block grants to the lead entity or regional recovery organization to assist in carrying out functions described under this chapter, including

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funding for ongoing maintenance of habitat projects to ensure long-term effectiveness. Block grants must be expended consistent with the priorities established for the board in subsection (2) of this section. Lead entities or regional recovery organizations receiving block grants under this subsection shall provide an annual report to the board summarizing how funds were expended for activities consistent with this chapter, including the types of projects funded, project outcomes, monitoring results, and administrative costs.

- (5) The board may waive or modify portions of the allocation procedures and standards adopted under this section in the award of grants or loans to conform to legislative appropriations directing an alternative award procedure or when the funds to be awarded are from federal or other sources requiring other allocation procedures or standards as a condition of the board's receipt of the funds. The board shall develop an integrated process to manage the allocation of funding from federal and state sources to minimize delays in the award of funding while recognizing the differences in state and legislative appropriation timing.
- (6) The board may award a grant or loan for a salmon recovery project on private or public land when the landowner has a legal obligation under local, state, or federal law to perform the project, when expedited action provides a clear benefit to salmon recovery, and there will be harm to salmon recovery if the project is delayed. For purposes of this subsection, a legal obligation does not include a project required solely as a mitigation or a condition of permitting.
- (7) Property acquired or improved by a project sponsor may be conveyed to a federal agency if: (a) The agency agrees to comply with all terms of the grant or loan to which the project sponsor was obligated; or (b) the board approves: (i) Changes in the terms of the grant or loan, and the revision or removal of binding deed of right instruments; and (ii) a memorandum of understanding or similar document ensuring that the facility or property will retain, to the extent feasible, adequate habitat protections; and (c) the appropriate legislative authority of the county or city with jurisdiction over the project area approves the transfer and provides notification to the board.
- (8) Any project sponsor receiving funding from the salmon recovery funding board that is not subject to disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW must, as a mandatory contractual prerequisite to

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receiving the funding, agree to disclose any information in regards to the expenditure of that funding as if the project sponsor was subject to the requirements of chapter 42.56 RCW.

(9) After January 1, 2010, any project designed to address the restoration of Puget Sound may be funded under this chapter only if the project is not in conflict with the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 77.85 9 RCW to read as follows:

The salmon recovery project maintenance account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from funds provided by the legislature for dedicated long-term maintenance for salmon recovery projects must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. The legislature intends to provide an amount equal to one percent of total funds provided for salmon recovery projects for long-term ongoing maintenance of projects. Expenditures from the account may be used for maintenance of salmon recovery and habitat projects to ensure the habitat benefits of those projects are maintained over time.

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