SENATE BILL 5611

State	of	Washington	69th	Legislature	2025	Regular	Session

By Senators Salomon, Trudeau, Frame, and Nobles

Read first time 01/31/25. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

AN ACT Relating to streamlining and clarifying local governments' land use permitting workloads; amending RCW 58.17.035, 58.17.040, 64.90.025, and 36.70B.080; reenacting and amending RCW 58.17.040; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 58.17.035 and 1987 c 354 s 2 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

A city, town, or county may adopt by ordinance procedures for the 8 divisions of land by use of a binding site plan as an alternative to 9 the procedures required by this chapter. The ordinance shall be 10 11 limited and only apply to one or more of the following: (1) The use of a binding site plan to create or modify divisions for sale or 12 lease of commercially or industrially zoned property as provided in 13 RCW 58.17.040(4); (2) divisions of property for lease as provided for 14 15 in RCW 58.17.040(5); and (3) divisions of property as provided for in 16 RCW 58.17.040(7). Such ordinance may apply the same or different requirements and procedures to each of the three types of divisions 17 and shall provide for the alteration or vacation of the binding site 18 plan, and may provide for the administrative approval of the binding 19 site plan. For the purposes of this section, commercially zoned 20

1 property includes property that is zoned to permit or conditionally 2 permit any multifamily residential uses.

3 The ordinance shall provide that after approval of the general 4 binding site plan for industrial or commercial divisions subject to a 5 binding site plan, the approval for improvements and finalization of 6 specific individual commercial or industrial lots shall be done by 7 administrative approval.

8 The binding site plan, after approval, and/or when specific lots 9 are administratively approved, shall be filed with the county auditor 10 with a record of survey. Lots, parcels, or tracts created through the 11 binding site plan procedure shall be legal lots of record. The number 12 of lots, tracts, parcels, sites, or divisions shall not exceed the 13 number of lots allowed by the local zoning ordinances.

All provisions, conditions, and requirements of the binding site plan shall be legally enforceable on the purchaser or any other person acquiring a lease or other ownership interest of any lot, parcel, or tract created pursuant to the binding site plan.

Any sale, transfer, or lease of any lot, tract, or parcel created pursuant to the binding site plan, that does not conform to the requirements of the binding site plan or without binding site plan approval, shall be considered a violation of chapter 58.17 RCW and shall be restrained by injunctive action and be illegal as provided in chapter 58.17 RCW.

24 Sec. 2. RCW 58.17.040 and 2024 c 190 s 2 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

27 (1) Cemeteries and other burial plots while used for that 28 purpose;

(2) Divisions of land into lots or tracts each of which is one-29 30 one hundred twenty-eighth of a section of land or larger, or five 31 acres or larger if the land is not capable of description as a fraction of a section of land, unless the governing authority of the 32 city, town, or county in which the land is situated shall have 33 adopted a subdivision ordinance requiring plat approval of such 34 35 divisions: PROVIDED, That for purposes of computing the size of any lot under this item which borders on a street or road, the lot size 36 shall be expanded to include that area ((which)) that would be 37 38 bounded by the center line of the road or street and the side lot lines of the lot running perpendicular to such center line; 39

(3) Divisions made by testamentary provisions, or the laws of
 descent;

3 (4) Divisions of land into lots or tracts classified for 4 industrial or commercial use when the city, town, or county has 5 approved a binding site plan for the use of the land in accordance 6 with local regulations. For the purposes of this section, 7 commercially zoned property includes property that is zoned to permit 8 or conditionally permit any multifamily residential uses;

9 (5) A division for the purpose of lease when no residential 10 structure other than mobile homes, tiny houses or tiny houses with 11 wheels as defined in RCW 35.21.686, or travel trailers are permitted 12 to be placed upon the land when the city, town, or county has 13 approved a binding site plan for the use of the land in accordance 14 with local regulations;

(6) A division made for the purpose of alteration by adjusting boundary lines, between platted or unplatted lots or both, which does not create any additional lot, tract, parcel, site, or division nor create any lot, tract, parcel, site, or division which contains insufficient area and dimension to meet minimum requirements for width and area for a building site;

21 (7) Divisions of land into lots or tracts if: (a) Such division is the result of subjecting a portion of a parcel or tract of land to 22 23 either chapter 64.32 or 64.34 RCW subsequent to the recording of a binding site plan for all such land; (b) the improvements constructed 24 25 or to be constructed thereon are required by the provisions of the 26 binding site plan to be included in one or more condominiums or owned by an association or other legal entity in which the owners of units 27 28 therein or their owners' associations have a membership or other 29 legal or beneficial interest; (c) a city, town, or county has approved the binding site plan for all such land; (d) such approved 30 31 binding site plan is recorded in the county or counties in which such land is located; and (e) the binding site plan contains thereon the 32 following statement: "All development and use of the land described 33 herein shall be in accordance with this binding site plan, as it may 34 be amended with the approval of the city, town, or county having 35 jurisdiction over the development of such land, and in accordance 36 with such other governmental permits, approvals, regulations, 37 requirements, and restrictions that may be imposed upon such land and 38 39 the development and use thereof. Upon completion, the improvements on the land shall be included in one or more condominiums or owned by an 40

1 association or other legal entity in which the owners of units therein or their owners' associations have a membership or other 2 legal or beneficial interest. This binding site plan shall be binding 3 upon all now or hereafter having any interest in the land described 4 herein." The binding site plan may, but need not, depict or describe 5 6 the boundaries of the lots or tracts resulting from subjecting a portion of the land to either chapter 64.32 or 64.34 RCW. A site plan 7 shall be deemed to have been approved if the site plan was approved 8 by a city, town, or county: (i) In connection with the final approval 9 of a subdivision plat or planned unit development with respect to all 10 11 of such land; or (ii) in connection with the issuance of building 12 permits or final certificates of occupancy with respect to all of such land; or (iii) if not approved pursuant to (i) and (ii) of this 13 14 subsection (7)(e), then pursuant to such other procedures as such city, town, or county may have established for the approval of a 15 16 binding site plan;

17 (8) A division for the purpose of leasing land for facilities providing personal wireless services while used for that purpose. 18 "Personal wireless services" means any federally licensed personal 19 wireless service. "Facilities" means unstaffed facilities that are 20 21 used for the transmission or reception, or both, of wireless communication services including, but not necessarily limited to, 22 23 antenna arrays, transmission cables, equipment shelters, and support structures; 24

25 (9) A division of land into lots or tracts of less than three acres that is recorded in accordance with chapter 58.09 RCW and is 26 used or to be used for the purpose of establishing a site for 27 28 construction and operation of consumer-owned or investor-owned 29 electric utility facilities. For purposes of this subsection, "electric utility facilities" means unstaffed facilities, except for 30 31 the presence of security personnel, that are used for or in 32 connection with or to facilitate the transmission, distribution, sale, or furnishing of electricity including, but not limited to, 33 electric power substations. This subsection does not exempt a 34 division of land from the zoning and permitting laws and regulations 35 of cities, towns, counties, and municipal corporations. Furthermore, 36 this subsection only applies to electric utility facilities that will 37 be placed into service to meet the electrical needs of a utility's 38 39 existing and new customers. New customers are defined as electric 40 service locations not already in existence as of the date that

electric utility facilities subject to the provisions of this
 subsection are planned and constructed; and

(10) A division of land into lots or tracts of less than two 3 acres that is recorded in accordance with chapter 58.09 RCW and is 4 used or to be used for the purpose of establishing a site for 5 6 construction and operation of a rural fire district station, provided the proposed lots or tracts contain sufficient area and dimensions to 7 meet minimum building site width and area requirements, and 8 appropriate provisions are made for potable water supplies and 9 sanitary wastes. 10

11 Sec. 3. RCW 58.17.040 and 2024 c 321 s 407 and 2024 c 190 s 2 12 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

13 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

14 (1) Cemeteries and other burial plots while used for that 15 purpose;

16 (2) Divisions of land into lots or tracts each of which is oneone hundred twenty-eighth of a section of land or larger, or five 17 acres or larger if the land is not capable of description as a 18 fraction of a section of land, unless the governing authority of the 19 city, town, or county in which the land is situated shall have 20 21 adopted a subdivision ordinance requiring plat approval of such 22 divisions: PROVIDED, That for purposes of computing the size of any lot under this item which borders on a street or road, the lot size 23 24 shall be expanded to include that area ((which)) that would be bounded by the center line of the road or street and the side lot 25 lines of the lot running perpendicular to such center line; 26

(3) Divisions made by testamentary provisions, or the laws ofdescent;

(4) Divisions of land into lots or tracts classified for industrial or commercial use when the city, town, or county has approved a binding site plan for the use of the land in accordance with local regulations. For the purposes of this section, commercially zoned property includes property that is zoned to permit or conditionally permit any multifamily residential uses;

35 (5) A division for the purpose of lease when no residential 36 structure other than mobile homes, tiny houses or tiny houses with 37 wheels as defined in RCW 35.21.686, or travel trailers are permitted 38 to be placed upon the land when the city, town, or county has

1 approved a binding site plan for the use of the land in accordance 2 with local regulations;

3 (6) A division made for the purpose of alteration by adjusting 4 boundary lines, between platted or unplatted lots or both, which does 5 not create any additional lot, tract, parcel, site, or division nor 6 create any lot, tract, parcel, site, or division which contains 7 insufficient area and dimension to meet minimum requirements for 8 width and area for a building site;

(7) Divisions of land into lots or tracts if: (a) Such division 9 is the result of subjecting a portion of a parcel or tract of land to 10 11 chapter 64.90 RCW subsequent to the recording of a binding site plan 12 for all such land; (b) the improvements constructed or to be constructed thereon are required by the provisions of the binding 13 site plan to be included in one or more condominiums, cooperatives, 14 or owned by an association or other legal entity in which the owners 15 16 of units therein or their owners associations have a membership or 17 other legal or beneficial interest; (c) a city, town, or county has approved the binding site plan for all such land; (d) such approved 18 19 binding site plan is recorded in the county or counties in which such land is located; and (e) the binding site plan contains thereon the 20 following statement: "All development and use of the land described 21 22 herein shall be in accordance with this binding site plan, as it may 23 be amended with the approval of the city, town, or county having jurisdiction over the development of such land, and in accordance 24 25 with such other governmental permits, approvals, regulations, requirements, and restrictions that may be imposed upon such land and 26 the development and use thereof. Upon completion, the improvements on 27 28 the land shall be included in one or more condominiums, cooperatives, or owned by an association or other legal entity in which the owners 29 of units therein or their owners associations have a membership or 30 31 other legal or beneficial interest. This binding site plan shall be 32 binding upon all now or hereafter having any interest in the land described herein." The binding site plan may, but need not, depict or 33 describe the boundaries of the lots or tracts resulting from 34 subjecting a portion of the land to chapter 64.90 RCW. A site plan 35 shall be deemed to have been approved if the site plan was approved 36 by a city, town, or county: (i) In connection with the final approval 37 of a subdivision plat or planned unit development with respect to all 38 39 of such land; or (ii) in connection with the issuance of building 40 permits or final certificates of occupancy with respect to all of

1 such land; or (iii) if not approved pursuant to (i) and (ii) of this 2 subsection (7)(e), then pursuant to such other procedures as such 3 city, town, or county may have established for the approval of a 4 binding site plan;

(8) A division for the purpose of leasing land for facilities 5 6 providing personal wireless services while used for that purpose. "Personal wireless services" means any federally licensed personal 7 wireless service. "Facilities" means unstaffed facilities that are 8 used for the transmission or reception, or both, of wireless 9 communication services including, but not necessarily limited to, 10 antenna arrays, transmission cables, equipment shelters, and support 11 12 structures;

(9) A division of land into lots or tracts of less than three 13 acres that is recorded in accordance with chapter 58.09 RCW and is 14 15 used or to be used for the purpose of establishing a site for construction and operation of consumer-owned or investor-owned 16 17 electric utility facilities. For purposes of this subsection, "electric utility facilities" means unstaffed facilities, except for 18 the presence of security personnel, that are used for or in 19 connection with or to facilitate the transmission, distribution, 20 sale, or furnishing of electricity including, but not limited to, 21 22 electric power substations. This subsection does not exempt a 23 division of land from the zoning and permitting laws and regulations of cities, towns, counties, and municipal corporations. Furthermore, 24 25 this subsection only applies to electric utility facilities that will be placed into service to meet the electrical needs of a utility's 26 existing and new customers. New customers are defined as electric 27 28 service locations not already in existence as of the date that 29 electric utility facilities subject to the provisions of this subsection are planned and constructed; and 30

31 (10) A division of land into lots or tracts of less than two 32 acres that is recorded in accordance with chapter 58.09 RCW and is 33 used or to be used for the purpose of establishing a site for construction and operation of a rural fire district station, provided 34 the proposed lots or tracts contain sufficient area and dimensions to 35 meet minimum building site width and area requirements, and 36 37 appropriate provisions are made for potable water supplies and 38 sanitary wastes.

1 Sec. 4. RCW 64.90.025 and 2019 c 238 s 202 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) A building, fire, health, or safety statute, ordinance, or 4 regulation may not impose any requirement upon any structure in a 5 common interest community that it would not impose upon a physically 6 identical development under a different form of ownership.

7 (2) A zoning, subdivision, or other land use statute, ordinance, or regulation may not prohibit the condominium or cooperative form of 8 9 ownership or impose any requirement upon a condominium or cooperative or miscellaneous community that it would not impose upon a physically 10 identical development under a different form of ownership. Such 11 requirements include, without limitation, any permitting process such 12 as a binding site plan under RCW 58.17.035 or hearing examiner 13 14 proceeding under RCW 35A.63.170.

(3) Chapter 58.17 RCW does not apply to the creation of a condominium or a cooperative. This chapter must not be construed to permit the creation of a condominium or cooperative or miscellaneous community on a lot, tract, or parcel of land that could not be sold or transferred without violating chapter 58.17 RCW.

(4) Except as provided in subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, this chapter does not invalidate or modify any provision of any building, zoning, subdivision, or other statute, ordinance, rule, or regulation governing the use of real estate.

(5) This section does not prohibit a county legislative authority from requiring the review and approval of declarations and amendments to declarations and of termination agreements executed pursuant to RCW 64.90.290(2) by the county assessor solely for the purpose of allocating the assessed value and property taxes. The review by the assessor must be done in a reasonable and timely manner.

30 Sec. 5. RCW 36.70B.080 and 2023 c 338 s 7 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) (a) Development regulations adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040 32 33 must establish and implement time periods for local government 34 actions for each type of project permit application and provide 35 timely and predictable procedures to determine whether a completed 36 project permit application meets the requirements of those development regulations. The time periods for local 37 government actions for each type of complete project permit application or 38

1 project type ((should)) may not exceed those specified in this
2 section.

3 (b) For project permits submitted after January 1, 2025, the 4 development regulations must, for each type of permit application, 5 specify the contents of a completed project permit application 6 necessary for the complete compliance with the time periods and 7 procedures.

8 (c) A jurisdiction may exclude certain permit types and timelines 9 for processing project permit applications as provided for in RCW 10 36.70B.140.

(d) The time periods for local government action to issue a final decision for each type of complete project permit application or project type subject to this chapter should not exceed the following time periods unless modified by the local government pursuant to this section or RCW 36.70B.140:

(i) For project permits which do not require public notice under
RCW 36.70B.110, a local government must issue a final decision within
65 days of the determination of completeness under RCW 36.70B.070;

(ii) For project permits which require public notice under RCW
36.70B.110, a local government must issue a final decision within 100
days of the determination of completeness under RCW 36.70B.070; and

(iii) For project permits which require public notice under RCW 36.70B.110 and a public hearing, a local government must issue a final decision within 170 days of the determination of completeness under RCW 36.70B.070.

(e) A jurisdiction may modify the provisions in (d) of this 26 subsection to add permit types not identified, change the permit 27 names or types in each category, address how consolidated review time 28 periods may be different than permits submitted individually, and 29 provide for how projects of a certain size or type may be 30 31 differentiated, including by differentiating between ((residential 32 and nonresidential)) permits that include a residential land use as a principal use of the land and permits that do not. Unless otherwise 33 provided for the consolidated review of more than one permit, the 34 time period for a final decision shall be the longest of the permit 35 36 time periods identified in (d) of this subsection or as amended by a 37 local government.

38 (f) If a local government does not adopt an ordinance or 39 resolution modifying the provisions in (d) of this subsection, the 40 time periods in (d) of this subsection apply.

1 (g) The number of days an application is in review with the 2 county or city shall be calculated from the day completeness is 3 determined under RCW 36.70B.070 to the date a final decision is 4 issued on the project permit application. The number of days shall be 5 calculated by counting every calendar day and excluding the following 6 time periods:

7 (i) Any period between the day that the county or city has 8 notified the applicant, in writing, that additional information is 9 required to further process the application and the day when 10 responsive information is resubmitted by the applicant;

(ii) Any period after an applicant informs the local government, in writing, that they would like to temporarily suspend review of the project permit application until the time that the applicant notifies the local government, in writing, that they would like to resume the application. A local government may set conditions for the temporary suspension of a permit application; and

17 (iii) Any period after an administrative appeal is filed until 18 the administrative appeal is resolved and any additional time period 19 provided by the administrative appeal has expired.

(h) The time periods for a local government to process a permit shall start over if an applicant proposes a change in use that adds or removes commercial or residential elements from the original application that would make the application fail to meet the determination of procedural completeness for the new use, as required by the local government under RCW 36.70B.070.

26 (i) If, at any time, an applicant informs the local government, in writing, that the applicant would like to temporarily suspend the 27 28 review of the project for more than 60 days, or if an applicant is not responsive for more than 60 consecutive days after the county or 29 city has notified the applicant, in writing, that additional 30 information is required to further process the application, 31 an 32 additional 30 days may be added to the time periods for local government action to issue a final decision for each type of project 33 permit that is subject to this chapter. Any written notice from the 34 local government to the applicant that additional information is 35 required to further process the application must include a notice 36 that nonresponsiveness for 60 consecutive days may result in 30 days 37 being added to the time for review. For the purposes of this 38 39 subsection, "nonresponsiveness" means that an applicant is not making 40 demonstrable progress on providing additional requested information

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1 to the local government, or that there is no ongoing communication 2 from the applicant to the local government on the applicant's ability 3 or willingness to provide the additional information.

4 (j) Annual amendments to the comprehensive plan are not subject 5 to the requirements of this section.

6 (k) A county's or city's adoption of a resolution or ordinance to 7 implement this subsection shall not be subject to appeal under 8 chapter 36.70A RCW unless the resolution or ordinance modifies the 9 time periods provided in (d) of this subsection by providing for a 10 review period of more than 170 days for any project permit.

(1)(i) When permit time periods provided for in (d) of this 11 12 subsection, as may be amended by a local government, and as may be extended as provided for in (i) of this subsection, are not met, a 13 14 portion of the permit fee must be refunded to the applicant as provided in this subsection. A local government may provide for the 15 16 collection of only 80 percent of a permit fee initially, and for the 17 collection of the remaining balance if the permitting time periods are met. The portion of the fee refunded for missing time periods 18 19 shall be:

20 (A) 10 percent if the final decision of the project permit 21 application was made after the applicable deadline but the period 22 from the passage of the deadline to the time of issuance of the final 23 decision did not exceed 20 percent of the original time period; or

(B) 20 percent if the period from the passage of the deadline to the time of the issuance of the final decision exceeded 20 percent of the original time period.

(ii) Except as provided in RCW 36.70B.160, the provisions in ((subsection (1)))(i) of this ((section)) subsection are not applicable to cities and counties which have implemented at least three of the options in RCW 36.70B.160(1) (a) through (j) at the time an application is deemed procedurally complete.

(2)(a) Counties subject to the requirements of RCW 36.70A.215 and 32 the cities within those counties that have populations of at least 33 20,000 must, for each type of permit application, identify the total 34 number of project permit applications for which decisions are issued 35 36 according to the provisions of this chapter. For each type of project permit application identified, these counties and cities must 37 establish and implement a deadline for issuing a notice of final 38 39 decision as required by subsection (1) of this section and minimum requirements for applications to be deemed complete under RCW
 36.70B.070 as required by subsection (1) of this section.

3 (b) Counties and cities subject to the requirements of this 4 subsection also must prepare an annual performance report that 5 includes information outlining time periods for certain permit types 6 associated with housing. The report must provide:

7 (i) Permit time periods for certain permit processes in the 8 county or city in relation to those established under this section, 9 including whether the county or city has established shorter time 10 periods than those provided in this section;

(ii) The total number of decisions issued during the year for the following permit types: Preliminary subdivisions, final subdivisions, binding site plans, permit processes associated with the approval of multifamily housing, and construction plan review for each of these permit types when submitted separately;

16 (iii) The total number of decisions for each permit type which 17 included consolidated project permit review, such as concurrent 18 review of a rezone or construction plans;

19 (iv) The average number of days from a submittal to a decision 20 being issued for the project permit types listed in subsection 21 $((\frac{2}{a})(\frac{ii}{i}))$ (2)(b)(ii) of this section. This shall be calculated 22 from the day completeness is determined under RCW 36.70B.070 to the 23 date a decision is issued on the application. The number of days 24 shall be calculated by counting every calendar day;

25 (v) The total number of days each project permit application of a 26 type listed in subsection (((2)(a)(ii))) <u>(2)(b)(ii)</u> of this section was in review with the county or city. This shall be calculated from 27 the day completeness is determined under RCW 36.70B.070 to the date a 28 final decision is issued on the application. The number of days shall 29 be calculated by counting every calendar day. The days the 30 31 application is in review with the county or city does not include the 32 time periods in subsection (((1)(g)(i)-(iii) [(1)(g)(i) through (iii)])) (1)(q)(i) through (iii) of this section; 33

(vi) The total number of days that were excluded from the time period calculation under subsection (((1)(g)(i)-(iii))[(1)(g)(i)))through (iii)]) (1)(g)(i) through (iii) of this section for each project permit application of a type listed in subsection (((2)(a)(ii))) (2)(b)(ii) of this section.

39 (c) Counties and cities subject to the requirements of this 40 subsection must: (i) Post the annual performance report through the county's or
 city's website; and

3 (ii) Submit the annual performance report to the department of 4 commerce by March 1st each year.

5 (d) No later than July 1st each year, the department of commerce 6 shall publish a report which includes the annual performance report 7 data for each county and city subject to the requirements of this 8 subsection and a list of those counties and cities whose time periods 9 are shorter than those provided for in this section.

10 The annual report must also include key metrics and findings from 11 the information collected.

(e) The initial annual report required under this subsection must be submitted to the department of commerce by March 1, 2025, and must include information from permitting in 2024.

15 (3) Nothing in this section prohibits a county or city from 16 extending a deadline for issuing a decision for a specific project 17 permit application for any reasonable and certain period of time specified and mutually agreed upon in writing by the applicant and 18 19 the local government. No local government may require or request an extension of an applicable deadline for issuance of a decision for a 20 21 specific project permit application as a condition or an option at 22 initial submission of a project permit application.

23 (4) Where a specific project permit application proposes a project action to provide one or more residential housing units 24 25 within the incorporated areas in an urban growth area designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110, and an applicable timeline required under 26 27 this section elapses without a required decision or mutually agreed 28 extension, no city or county subject to the requirements in this 29 section may deny the project permit, nor approve the project permit with conditions or restrictions that have a substantial adverse 30 impact on the viability of the project action or the degree of 31 affordability of the project action, unless at least one of the 32 following conditions is met: 33

34 <u>(a) The project permit application has failed to provide all</u> 35 <u>information that the local government requested within the timelines</u> 36 <u>required by this section, or failed to make all corrections required</u> 37 <u>by applicable law that the local government requested within the</u> 38 <u>timelines required by this section;</u>

39 (b) The denial of the project permit, or the approval of the 40 project permit with conditions or restrictions that have a 1 substantial adverse impact on the viability of the project action or 2 the degree of affordability of the project action, is required in 3 order to comply with specific state or federal law;

4 (c) The project permit proposes development or ground disturbance
5 outside an urban growth area, in a critical area, critical area
6 buffer, or in an area where such disturbance is not allowed by the
7 applicable shoreline master program;

8 (d) The project permit proposes to site a given land use in an 9 area where that land use is not allowed by the applicable shoreline 10 master program, or where that land use is not allowed by the local 11 jurisdiction's comprehensive plan or its zoning ordinance.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. Section 2 of this act expires January 1, 13 2028.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Section 3 of this act takes effect January 15 1, 2028.

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