SENATE BILL 5755

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Senators Alvarado, Saldaña, and C. Wilson

Read first time 02/14/25. Referred to Committee on Housing.

AN ACT Relating to incentivizing residential development with public benefits on underutilized commercial properties; amending RCW 84.14.010, 84.14.030, 84.14.060, 84.14.070, 84.14.090, 84.14.100, 84.14.110, and 82.59.010; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.14 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that Washington 9 faces a housing shortage, with the greatest challenges affecting low-10 income households. The imbalance between housing supply and demand 11 has driven up costs, making it increasingly difficult for households 12 to secure housing near jobs and essential services.

finds 13 The legislature also that expanding development opportunities on underutilized commercial properties can 14 help 15 Washington in meeting its housing goals of over 1,000,000 new housing Higher density, mixed-use development along 16 units by 2044. 17 underutilized commercial arterials-particularly near jobs, transit, 18 and essential services-can help provide much needed housing.

19 The legislature further finds that updating land use policies, 20 easing parking requirements, and increasing flexibility in 21 permitting, may help to facilitate more housing development. The

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1 legislature intends to incentivize the development of underutilized 2 commercial properties for mixed-income and affordable housing through 3 public and private partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.330
5 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall solicit letters of interest from the 6 owners or developers of retail or commercial properties with 7 substantial potential for redevelopment as residential or mixed-use 8 properties providing market rate and affordable housing supply. 9 10 Letters of interest must be received no later than October 1, 2025. The department's instructions for the letters of interest shall 11 request, at a minimum, the following information about the housing 12 13 redevelopment project concept:

14 (a) Information on the location of the property, and its 15 proximity to employment centers, public schools, transit, and local 16 amenities or services;

(b) A description of the existing land uses at the property, and any available information about future operations of existing businesses at the property;

20 (c) A description of any concepts or plans to convert the 21 property into primarily residential uses, along with any associated 22 commercial or retail uses that would serve residents of the area;

(d) A description of the proposed phasing plan for the development, if necessary. If phased, the applicant may provide a description of how housing development may be expedited through increased predictability in the applicable development regulations, fees, and other construction-related regulations through vesting or other mechanisms;

(e) An assessment of infrastructure improvements needed to
 convert the primary use of the property from retail or commercial use
 to residential or mixed-use purpose;

32 (f) A description of any regulatory fees, taxes, or incentives 33 that could delay or prevent the redevelopment of the property for 34 housing, and any incentives that if applied to the property, would 35 expedite redevelopment for housing purposes including affordable 36 housing;

37 (g) The status of any environmental review or permitting activity 38 to date, including the status of any development agreements with 39 local governments; and 1 (h) The degree of funding that has already been committed to the 2 project by nonstate entities.

3 (2) The department must review the information provided in the
4 letter of interest to determine eligibility by October 31, 2025.
5 Eligible properties:

6 (a) Must be located:

7 (i) On sites inside existing urban growth areas designated 8 pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110 where redevelopment of the property or 9 multiple properties would produce a minimum of 250 new housing units 10 in one or more new or existing buildings;

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(ii) In a commercial zone; and

12 (iii) On a street with a right-of-way of at least 50 to 150 feet; 13 and

14 (b) Must not:

15 (i) Be within 3,200 feet of an active oil or gas refinery;

16 (ii) Be on or adjacent to a site considered to be dedicated to 17 industrial use;

18 (iii) Be on any type of environmentally sensitive area such as 19 wetlands and flood zones;

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(iv) Require the demolition of a historic structure; or

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(v) Require demolition of housing occupied by tenants.

(3) The department must score applications based on some or all of the criteria in this subsection by November 15, 2025, to assess the depth and breadth of public benefits provided in the project including, but not limited to:

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(a) The degree of leveraging of other funds that will occur;

(b) Local government project contributions in the form ofinfrastructure improvements, and others;

(c) The amount and length of affordability provided in the project. Projects that provide housing for persons and families with the lowest incomes shall be scored higher;

32 (d) Projects that provide employment and training opportunities 33 for disadvantaged youth under a youthbuild or youthbuild-type program 34 as defined in RCW 50.72.020;

35 (e) Projects involving collaborative partnerships between local 36 school districts and either public housing authorities or nonprofit 37 housing providers, that help children of low-income families succeed 38 in school. To receive this preference, the local school district must 39 provide an opportunity for community members to offer input on the 1 proposed project at the first scheduled school board meeting 2 following submission of the grant application to the department; 3 (f) Projects that include a licensed early learning facility;

4 (g) Projects that incorporate energy efficient and renewable
5 energy improvements;

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20 21 (h) Projects that include a health care facility; and

(i) Whether or not the project will include:

8 (i) A requirement that applicants pay at least the prevailing 9 rate of hourly wage established under chapter 39.12 RCW for journey 10 level and apprentice workers on residential and commercial 11 construction;

12 (ii) Payroll record requirements consistent with 13 RCW 39.12.120(1);

14 (iii) Apprenticeship utilization requirements consistent with 15 RCW 39.04.310; and

16 (iv) A contracting inclusion plan developed in consultation with 17 the office of minority and women's business enterprises.

18 (4) The department must also consider as part of the scoring 19 criteria the project location and access to:

(a) Employment centers in the region or area; and

(b) Available public transportation services.

(5) The department must group applications as high, medium, andlow priority projects based on the scoring criteria.

(6) Once the department has determined the prioritization of eligible applications based on the scoring criteria, the department must facilitate development agreements between local governments and high priority projects. High priority projects must:

(a) Be given technical assistance from the department with permit applications. Permit applications under this section must be informed of inconsistencies with all qualifying criteria within 90 days, and projects must be processed and reviewed for all local objective standards within 180 days. If the jurisdiction misses the 90 day deadline, the project is deemed to be compliant with the relevant zoning rules and other land use standards;

35 (b) Be given priority for funding awarded by the department under 36 the connecting housing to infrastructure program, early learning 37 facilities program, and energy efficiency retrofits grants if that 38 funding is necessary for an applicant to move forward with the 39 project; (c) Allow a density bonus consistent with local needs for any
 affordable housing development, provided that:

3 (i) The affordable housing development is set aside for or
4 occupied exclusively by low-income households;

5 (ii) The affordable housing development is part of a lease or 6 other binding obligation that requires the development to be used 7 exclusively for affordable housing purposes for at least 50 years; 8 and

9 (iii) The affordable housing development does not discriminate 10 against any person who qualifies as a member of a low-income 11 household based on race, creed, color, national origin, sex, veteran 12 or military status, sexual orientation, or mental or physical 13 disability; or otherwise act in violation of the federal fair housing 14 amendments act of 1988, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq.;

15 (d) Not require minimum parking requirements unless:

16 (i) The parking is necessary to provide accessible parking spaces 17 in compliance with the Americans with disabilities act; or

18 (ii) The project is within a one mile radius of a commercial 19 airport in Washington with at least 9,000,000 annual enplanements;

(e) Be considered underutilized commercial property eligible for
 the sales and use tax deferral program under chapter 82.59 RCW if it
 meets all necessary requirements under chapter 82.59 RCW; and

(f) Qualify for the multifamily property tax exemption under section 3 of this act if it meets the necessary requirements under chapter 84.14 RCW.

26 (7) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Affordable housing" has the meaning defined in RCW36.70A.030.

(b) "Low income" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or below 80 percent of the median family income adjusted for family size, for the county, city, or metropolitan statistical area, where the project is located, as reported by the United States department of housing and urban development.

35 (c) "Substantial potential" means the project is in the planning, 36 permitting, or financing stage that demonstrates a strong readiness 37 to proceed to construction but may not be fully funded or approved 38 for construction.

39 (8) This section expires June 30, 2027.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 84.14
 RCW to read as follows:

3 (1) The value of new housing construction, conversion, and 4 rehabilitation improvements qualifying under this chapter is exempt 5 from ad valorem property taxation for 20 successive years beginning 6 January 1st of the year immediately following the calendar year of 7 issuance of the certificate, if the property otherwise qualifies for 8 the exemption under this chapter and meets the conditions in this 9 section.

10 (2) The exemption in this section does not include the value of 11 land or nonhousing-related improvements not qualifying under this 12 chapter. The exemption in this section includes the value of the 13 newly created housing determined by multiplying the overall value by 14 the percentage of square footage of affordable newly created housing 15 in comparison to the total square footage of housing for a qualifying 16 project.

17 (3) For the property to qualify for the exemption provided in 18 this section, the project must be approved by the department of 19 commerce as a high priority eligible project under section 2 of this 20 act.

(4) To qualify for the exemption provided in this section, the applicant must meet all required affordability and income eligibility conditions adopted by the governing authority under this chapter and commit to providing at least 20 percent of the dwelling units as affordable to low-income households for a term of at least 50 years.

26 (5) A city or county must adopt regulations necessary for use of 27 the exemption in this section.

28 (6) A local jurisdiction must require the applicant to record a covenant or deed restriction that ensures the continuing rental or 29 sale of units subject to the affordability requirements consistent 30 31 with the conditions in this section for a period of no less than 50 32 years. The covenant or deed restriction must also address criteria and policies to maintain public benefit if the property is converted 33 to a use other than which continues to provide for permanently 34 affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income households 35 consistent with this section. 36

37 (7) A local jurisdiction may assign and collect a reasonable 38 administration fee at each point of sale to cover the administrative 39 costs for oversight of the exemption in this section to maintain 40 permanently affordable housing units consistent with this section.

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1 (8) At the conclusion of the exemption period, the value of the 2 new housing construction, conversion, or rehabilitation improvements 3 must be considered as new construction for the purposes of chapters 4 84.55 and 36.21 RCW as though the property was not exempt under this 5 chapter.

6 (9) Nothing in this section prevents a governing authority from 7 adopting and implementing additional requirements for a project 8 eligible under section 2 of this act receiving an exemption under 9 this section.

10 (10) No new exemptions may be provided under this section 11 beginning June 30, 2027.

12 Sec. 4. RCW 84.14.010 and 2024 c 332 s 17 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 15 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Affordable housing" means residential housing that is rented by a person or household whose monthly housing costs, including utilities other than telephone, do not exceed ((thirty)) <u>30</u> percent of the household's monthly income. For the purposes of housing intended for owner occupancy, "affordable housing" means residential housing that is within the means of low or moderate-income households.

(2) "Campus facilities master plan" means the area that is defined by the University of Washington as necessary for the future growth and development of its campus facilities for campuses authorized under RCW 28B.45.020.

27 (3) "City" means either (a) a city or town with a population of at least ((fifteen thousand)) 15,000, (b) the largest city or town, 28 if there is no city or town with a population of at least ((fifteen 29 30 thousand)) <u>15,000</u>, located in a county planning under the growth 31 management act, (c) a city or town with a population of at least ((five thousand)) 5,000 located in a county subject to the provisions 32 of RCW 36.70A.215, or (d) any city that otherwise does not meet the 33 34 qualifications under (a) through (c) of this subsection, until 35 December 31, 2031, that complies with RCW 84.14.020(1)(a)(iii) ((or)), 84.14.021(1)(b), or section 2 of this act. 36

37 (4) "Conversion" means the conversion of a nonresidential 38 building, in whole or in part, to multiple-unit housing under this 39 chapter. 1 (5) "County" means a county with an unincorporated population of 2 at least 170,000.

3 (6) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority 4 of a city or a county having jurisdiction over the property for which 5 an exemption may be applied for under this chapter.

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(7) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.

7 (8) "Household" means a single person, family, or unrelated8 persons living together.

9 (9) "Low-income household" means a single person, family, or 10 unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or 11 below ((eighty)) <u>80</u> percent of the median family income adjusted for 12 family size, for the county, city, or metropolitan statistical area, 13 where the project is located, as reported by the United States 14 department of housing and urban development.

(10) "Moderate-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is more than ((eighty)) <u>80</u> percent but is at or below ((one hundred fifteen)) <u>115</u> percent of the median family income adjusted for family size, for the county, city, or metropolitan statistical area, where the project is located, as reported by the United States department of housing and urban development.

(11) "Multiple-unit housing" means a building or a group of buildings having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.

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(12) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

(13) "Permanent residential occupancy" means multiunit housing that provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis. This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that predominately offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.

35 (14) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to 36 existing structures, that are vacant for ((twelve)) <u>12</u> months or 37 longer, that are made to achieve a condition of substantial 38 compliance with existing building codes or modification to existing 39 occupied structures which increase the number of multifamily housing 40 units. 1 (15) "Residential targeted area" means an area within an urban 2 center or urban growth area that has been designated by the governing 3 authority as a residential targeted area in accordance with this 4 chapter. With respect to designations after July 1, 2007, 5 "residential targeted area" may not include a campus facilities 6 master plan.

7 (16) "Rural county" means a county with a population between 8 ((fifty thousand)) 50,000 and ((seventy-one thousand)) 71,000 and 9 bordering Puget Sound.

10 (17) "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local 11 building or housing code requirements that are typically required for 12 rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.

(18) "Urban center" means a compact identifiable district where urban residents may obtain a variety of products and services. An urban center must contain:

16 (a) Several existing or previous, or both, business
17 establishments that may include but are not limited to shops,
18 offices, banks, restaurants, governmental agencies;

(b) Adequate public facilities including streets, sidewalks,
20 lighting, transit, domestic water, and sanitary sewer systems; and

(c) A mixture of uses and activities that may include housing, recreation, and cultural activities in association with either commercial or office, or both, use.

24 Sec. 5. RCW 84.14.030 and 2021 c 187 s 9 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

An owner of property making application under this chapter must meet the following requirements:

(1) The new or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing must be
located in a residential targeted area <u>or station area</u> as designated
by the city or county;

(2) The multiple-unit housing must meet guidelines as adopted by the governing authority that may include height, density, public benefit features, number and size of proposed development, parking, income limits for occupancy, limits on rents or sale prices, and other adopted requirements indicated necessary by the city or county. The required amenities should be relative to the size of the project and tax benefit to be obtained;

38 (3) The new, converted, or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing
 39 must provide for a minimum of ((fifty)) 50 percent of the space for

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permanent residential occupancy. In the case of existing occupied multifamily development, the multifamily housing must also provide for a minimum of four additional multifamily units. Existing multifamily vacant housing that has been vacant for ((twelve)) <u>12</u> months or more does not have to provide additional multifamily units;

6 (4) New construction multifamily housing and rehabilitation 7 improvements must be completed within three years from the date of 8 approval of the application, plus any extension authorized under RCW 9 84.14.090(5);

10 (5) Property proposed to be rehabilitated must fail to comply 11 with one or more standards of the applicable state or local building 12 or housing codes on or after July 23, 1995. If the property proposed 13 to be rehabilitated is not vacant, an applicant must provide each 14 existing tenant housing of comparable size, quality, and price and a 15 reasonable opportunity to relocate; and

16 (6) The applicant must enter into a contract with the city or 17 county approved by the governing authority, or an administrative 18 official or commission authorized by the governing authority, under 19 which the applicant has agreed to the implementation of the 20 development on terms and conditions satisfactory to the governing 21 authority.

22 Sec. 6. RCW 84.14.060 and 2014 c 96 s 5 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

(1) The duly authorized administrative official or committee ofthe city or county may approve the application if it finds that:

(a) A minimum of four new units are being constructed or in the
 case of occupied rehabilitation or conversion a minimum of four
 additional multifamily units are being developed;

(b) If applicable, the proposed multiunit housing project meets
 the affordable housing requirements as described in ((RCW 84.14.020))
 <u>this chapter;</u>

32 (c) The proposed project is or will be, at the time of 33 completion, in conformance with all local plans and regulations that 34 apply at the time the application is approved;

35 (d) The owner has complied with all standards and guidelines 36 adopted by the city or county under this chapter; and

37 (e) The site is located in a residential targeted area <u>or station</u>
 38 <u>area</u> of an urban center or urban growth area that has been designated

1 by the governing authority in accordance with procedures and 2 guidelines indicated in ((RCW 84.14.040)) this chapter.

3 (2) An application may not be approved after July 1, 2007, if any 4 part of the proposed project site is within a campus facilities 5 master plan, except as provided in RCW 84.14.040(1)(d).

6 (3) An application may not be approved for a residential targeted 7 area in a rural county on or after January 1, 2020.

8 Sec. 7. RCW 84.14.070 and 2012 c 194 s 7 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) The governing authority or an administrative official or 11 commission authorized by the governing authority must approve or deny 12 an application filed under this chapter within ((ninety)) <u>90</u> days 13 after receipt of the application.

14 (2) If the application is approved, the city or county must issue 15 the owner of the property a conditional certificate of acceptance of 16 tax exemption. The certificate must contain a statement by a duly 17 authorized administrative official of the governing authority that 18 the property has complied with the required findings indicated in RCW 19 84.14.060. <u>A copy of the certificate must be sent to the county</u> 20 <u>assessor within 30 days of issuance.</u>

(3) If the application is denied by the authorized administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority, the deciding administrative official or commission must state in writing the reasons for denial and send the notice to the applicant at the applicant's last known address within ((ten)) <u>10</u> days of the denial.

(4) Upon denial by a duly authorized administrative official or 26 27 commission, an applicant may appeal the denial to the governing 28 authority within ((thirty)) 30 days after receipt of the denial. The appeal before the governing authority must be based upon the record 29 30 made before the administrative official with the burden of proof on the applicant to show that there was no substantial evidence to 31 support the administrative official's decision. The decision of the 32 governing body in denying or approving the application is final. 33

34 Sec. 8. RCW 84.14.090 and 2021 c 187 s 10 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

36 (1) Upon completion of rehabilitation or new construction for 37 which an application for a limited tax exemption under this chapter

1 has been approved and after issuance of the certificate of occupancy, 2 the owner must file with the city or county the following:

3 (a) A statement of the amount of rehabilitation or construction 4 expenditures made with respect to each housing unit and the composite 5 expenditures made in the rehabilitation or construction of the entire 6 property;

7 (b) A description of the work that has been completed and a 8 statement that the rehabilitation improvements or new construction on 9 the owner's property qualify the property for limited exemption under 10 this chapter;

(c) If applicable, a statement that the project meets the affordable housing requirements as described in ((RCW 84.14.020)) this chapter; and

14 (d) A statement that the work has been completed within three 15 years of the issuance of the conditional certificate of tax 16 exemption.

17 (2) Within ((thirty)) 30 days after receipt of the statements required under subsection (1) of this section, the authorized 18 19 representative of the city or county must determine whether the work completed, and the affordability of the units, is consistent with the 20 21 application and the contract approved by the city or county and is 22 qualified for a limited tax exemption under this chapter. The city or 23 county must also determine which specific improvements completed meet the requirements and required findings. 24

25 (3) If the rehabilitation, conversion, or construction is completed within three years of the date the application for a 26 limited tax exemption is filed under this chapter, or within an 27 limit, and the authorized 28 authorized extension of this time representative of the city or county determines that improvements 29 were constructed consistent with the application and other applicable 30 31 requirements, including if applicable, affordable housing requirements, and the owner's property is qualified for a limited tax 32 33 exemption under this chapter, the city or county must file the certificate of tax exemption with the county assessor within ((ten)) 34 10 days of the expiration of the ((thirty)) 30-day period provided 35 under subsection (2) of this section. 36

37 (4) The authorized representative of the city or county must 38 notify the applicant that a certificate of tax exemption is not going 39 to be filed if the authorized representative determines that:

1 (a) The rehabilitation or new construction was not completed 2 within three years of the application date, or within any authorized 3 extension of the time limit;

4 (b) The improvements were not constructed consistent with the 5 application or other applicable requirements;

6 (c) If applicable, the affordable housing requirements as 7 described in ((RCW 84.14.020)) <u>this chapter</u> were not met; or

8 (d) The owner's property is otherwise not qualified for limited 9 exemption under this chapter.

(5) If the authorized representative of the city or county finds 10 11 that construction or rehabilitation of multiple-unit housing was not 12 completed within the required time period due to circumstances beyond the control of the owner and that the owner has been acting and could 13 reasonably be expected to act in good faith and with due diligence, 14 the governing authority or the city or county official authorized by 15 16 the governing authority may extend the deadline for completion of 17 construction or rehabilitation for a period not to exceed ((twentyfour)) 24 consecutive months. For preliminary or final applications 18 submitted on or before February 15, 2020, with any outstanding 19 application requirements, such as obtaining a temporary certificate 20 21 of occupancy, the city or county may choose to extend the deadline for completion for an additional five years. The five-year extension 22 23 begins immediately following the completion of any outstanding applications or previously authorized extensions, whichever is later. 24

25 (6) The governing authority may provide by ordinance for an 26 appeal of a decision by the deciding officer or authority that an owner is not entitled to a certificate of tax exemption to the 27 28 governing authority, a hearing examiner, or other city or county officer authorized by the governing authority to hear the appeal in 29 accordance with such reasonable procedures and time periods as 30 31 provided by ordinance of the governing authority. The owner may appeal a decision by the deciding officer or authority that is not 32 subject to local appeal or a decision by the local appeal authority 33 that the owner is not entitled to a certificate of tax exemption in 34 superior court under RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598, if the appeal 35 36 is filed within ((thirty)) 30 days of notification by the city or 37 county to the owner of the decision being challenged.

38 Sec. 9. RCW 84.14.100 and 2021 c 187 s 5 are each amended to 39 read as follows:

1 (1) Thirty days after the anniversary of the date of the certificate of tax exemption and each year for the tax exemption 2 period, the owner of the rehabilitated or newly constructed property, 3 or the qualified nonprofit or local government that will assure 4 permanent affordable homeownership for at least 25 percent of the 5 6 units for properties receiving an exemption under RCW 84.14.021, must 7 file with a designated authorized representative of the city or county an annual report indicating the following: 8

9 (a) A statement of occupancy and vacancy of the rehabilitated or 10 newly constructed property during the ((twelve)) <u>12</u> months ending 11 with the anniversary date;

(b) A certification by the owner that the property has not changed use and, if applicable, that the property has been in compliance with the affordable housing requirements as described in ((RCW 84.14.020)) this chapter since the date of the certificate approved by the city or county;

17 (c) A description of changes or improvements constructed after 18 issuance of the certificate of tax exemption; and

(d) Any additional information requested by the city or county inregards to the units receiving a tax exemption.

(2) All cities or counties, which issue certificates of tax 21 22 exemption for multiunit housing that conform to the requirements of this chapter, must report annually by April 1st of each year, 23 beginning in 2007, to the department of commerce. A city or county 24 25 must be in compliance with the reporting requirements of this section 26 to offer certificates of tax exemption for multiunit housing 27 authorized in this chapter. The report must include the following 28 information:

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(a) The number of tax exemption certificates granted;

30 (b) The total number and type of units produced or to be 31 produced;

32 (c) The number, size, and type of units produced or to be 33 produced meeting affordable housing requirements;

34 (d) The actual development cost of each unit produced;

35 (e) The total monthly rent or total sale amount of each unit 36 produced;

(f) The annual household income and household size for each of the affordable units receiving a tax exemption and a summary of these figures for the city or county; and

1 (g) The value of the tax exemption for each project receiving a 2 tax exemption and the total value of tax exemptions granted.

(3) (a) The department of commerce must adopt and implement a 3 program to effectively audit or review that the owner or operator of 4 each property for which a certificate of tax exemption has been 5 6 issued, except for those properties receiving an exemption that are owned or operated by a nonprofit or for those properties receiving an 7 exemption from a city or county that operates an independent audit or 8 review program, is offering the number of units at rents as committed 9 to in the approved application for an exemption and that the tenants 10 11 are being properly screened to be qualified for an income-restricted 12 unit. The audit or review program must be adopted in consultation with local governments and other stakeholders and may be based on 13 auditing a percentage of income-restricted units or properties 14 15 annually. A private owner or operator of a property for which a 16 certificate of tax exemption has been issued under this chapter, must 17 be audited at least once every five years.

(b) If the review or audit required under (a) of this subsection 18 19 for a given property finds that the owner or operator is not offering the number of units at rents as committed to in the approved 20 21 application or is not properly screening tenants for incomerestricted units, the department of commerce must notify the city or 22 23 county and the city or county must impose and collect a sliding scale penalty not to exceed an amount calculated by subtracting the amount 24 25 of rents that would have been collected had the owner or operator complied with their commitment from the amount of rents collected by 26 owner or operator for the 27 income-restricted units, with the 28 consideration of the severity of the noncompliance. If a subsequent review or audit required under (a) of this subsection for a given 29 property finds continued substantial noncompliance with the program 30 31 requirements, the exemption certificate must be canceled pursuant to 32 RCW 84.14.110.

33 (c) The department of commerce may impose and collect a fee, not 34 to exceed the costs of the audit or review, from the owner or 35 operator of any property subject to an audit or review required under 36 (a) of this subsection.

37 (4) The department of commerce must provide guidance to cities 38 and counties, which issue certificates of tax exemption for multiunit 39 housing that conform to the requirements of this chapter, on best 40 practices in managing and reporting for the exemption programs

1 authorized under this chapter, including guidance for cities and 2 counties to collect and report demographic information for tenants of 3 units receiving a tax exemption under this chapter.

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(5) This section expires January 1, 2058.

5 **Sec. 10.** RCW 84.14.110 and 2012 c 194 s 10 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) If improvements have been exempted under this chapter, the improvements continue to be exempted for the applicable period under 8 ((RCW 84.14.020)) this chapter, so long as they are not converted to 9 10 another use and continue to satisfy all applicable conditions. If the 11 owner intends to convert the multifamily development to another use, or if applicable, if the owner intends to discontinue compliance with 12 13 the affordable housing requirements as described in ((RCW 84.14.020)) this chapter or any other condition to exemption, the owner must 14 15 notify the assessor within ((sixty)) 60 days of the change in use or 16 intended discontinuance. If, after a certificate of tax exemption has 17 been filed with the county assessor, the authorized representative of the governing authority discovers that a portion of the property is 18 changed or will be changed to a use that is other than residential or 19 20 that housing or amenities no longer meet the requirements, including, 21 applicable, affordable housing requirements, as previously if 22 approved or agreed upon by contract between the city or county and the owner and that the multifamily housing, or a portion of the 23 24 housing, no longer qualifies for the exemption, the tax exemption 25 must be canceled and the following must occur:

(a) Additional real property tax must be imposed upon the value 26 27 of the nonqualifying improvements in the amount that would normally 28 be imposed, plus a penalty must be imposed amounting to ((twenty)) 20 percent. This additional tax is calculated based upon the difference 29 between the property tax paid and the property tax that would have 30 31 been paid if it had included the value of the nonqualifying 32 improvements dated back to the date that the improvements were converted to a nonmultifamily use; 33

34 (b) The tax must include interest upon the amounts of the 35 additional tax at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent 36 property taxes from the dates on which the additional tax could have 37 been paid without penalty if the improvements had been assessed at a 38 value without regard to this chapter; and

1 (c) The additional tax owed together with interest and penalty must become a lien on the land and attach at the time the property or 2 portion of the property is removed from multifamily use or the 3 amenities no longer meet applicable requirements, and has priority to 4 and must be fully paid and satisfied before a recognizance, mortgage, 5 6 judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon 7 expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same 8 manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real 9 property taxes. An additional tax unpaid on its due date is 10 delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest must be 11 12 charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem 13 property taxes.

14 (2) Upon a determination that a tax exemption is to be canceled 15 for a reason stated in this section, the governing authority or 16 authorized representative must notify the record owner of the 17 property as shown by the tax rolls by mail, return receipt requested, of the determination to cancel the exemption. The owner may appeal 18 19 determination to the governing authority or authorized the representative, within ((thirty)) 30 days by filing a notice of 20 21 appeal with the clerk of the governing authority, which notice must specify the factual and legal basis on which the determination of 22 23 cancellation is alleged to be erroneous. The governing authority or a hearing examiner or other official authorized by the governing 24 25 authority may hear the appeal. At the hearing, all affected parties may be heard and all competent evidence received. After the hearing, 26 the deciding body or officer must either affirm, modify, or repeal 27 28 the decision of cancellation of exemption based on the evidence 29 received. An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the deciding 30 body or officer to the superior court under RCW 34.05.510 through 31 34.05.598.

32 (3) Upon determination by the governing authority or authorized 33 representative to terminate an exemption, the county officials having possession of the assessment and tax rolls must correct the rolls in 34 the manner provided for omitted property under RCW 84.40.080. The 35 county assessor must make such a valuation of the property and 36 improvements as is necessary to permit the correction of the rolls. 37 value housing construction, 38 The of the new conversion, and 39 rehabilitation improvements added to the rolls is considered as new 40 construction for the purposes of chapter 84.55 RCW. The owner may

appeal the valuation to the county board of equalization under 1 chapter 84.48 RCW and according to the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. 2 If there has been a failure to comply with this chapter, the property 3 must be listed as an omitted assessment for assessment years 4 beginning January 1st of the calendar year in which the noncompliance 5 6 first occurred, but the listing as an omitted assessment may not be 7 for a period more than three calendar years preceding the year in which the failure to comply was discovered. 8

9 Sec. 11. RCW 82.59.010 and 2024 c 332 s 3 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 12 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

13 (1) "Affordable housing" means:

21 22

14 (a) Homeownership housing intended for owner occupancy to low-15 income households whose monthly housing costs, including utilities 16 other than telephone, do not exceed 30 percent of the household's 17 monthly income;

18 (b) "Rental housing" for low-income households whose monthly 19 housing costs, including utilities other than telephone, do not 20 exceed 30 percent of the household's monthly income.

(2) "Applicant" means an owner of commercial property.

(3) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

(4) "Conditional recipient" means an owner of commercial property
 granted a conditional certificate of program approval under this
 chapter, which includes any successor owner of the property.

26 (5) "Eligible investment project" means an investment project 27 that is located in a city and receiving a conditional certificate of 28 program approval.

(6) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority
 of a city having jurisdiction over the property for which a deferral
 may be granted under this chapter.

32 (7) "Household" means a single person, family, or unrelated 33 persons living together.

34 (8)(a) "Initiation of construction" means the date that a 35 building permit is issued under the building code adopted under RCW 36 19.27.031 for construction of the qualified building, if the 37 underlying ownership of the building vests exclusively with the 38 person receiving the economic benefit of the deferral.

1 (b) "Initiation of construction" does not include soil testing, 2 site clearing and grading, site preparation, or any other related 3 activities that are initiated before the issuance of a building 4 permit for the construction of the foundation of the building.

5 (c) If the investment project is a phased project, "initiation of 6 construction" applies separately to each phase.

7 (9) "Investment project" means an investment in multifamily 8 housing, including labor, services, and materials incorporated in the 9 planning, installation, and construction of the project. "Investment 10 project" includes investment in related facilities such as 11 playgrounds and sidewalks as well as facilities used for business use 12 for mixed-use development.

(10) "Low-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or below 80 percent of the median family income adjusted for family size, for the county, city, or metropolitan statistical area, where the project is located, as reported by the United States department of housing and urban development.

(11) "Multifamily housing" means a building or a group of buildings having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from rehabilitation or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.

25 (12)

(12) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

26 (13) "Underutilized commercial property" means an entire property, or portion thereof, currently used or intended to be used 27 by a business for retailing or office-related or administrative 28 29 activities, or a high priority eligible property as determined by the department of commerce under section 2 of this act. If the property 30 31 is used partly for a qualifying use and partly for other purposes, 32 the applicable tax deferral must be determined by apportionment of 33 the costs of construction under rules adopted by the department. For the purposes of this subsection, "qualifying use" means used or 34 intended to be used by a business for retailing or office-related or 35 36 administrative activities.

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