

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT  
**ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1916**

Chapter 212, Laws of 2026

69th Legislature  
2026 Regular Session

VOTER REGISTRATION—CHALLENGES AND LIST MANAGEMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 11, 2026

Passed by the House March 11, 2026  
Yeas 58 Nays 38

LAURIE JINKINS

**Speaker of the House of  
Representatives**

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2026  
Yeas 30 Nays 19

DENNY HECK

**President of the Senate**

Approved March 25, 2026 11:07 AM

BOB FERGUSON

**Governor of the State of Washington**

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1916** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BERNARD DEAN

**Chief Clerk**

FILED

March 25, 2026

**Secretary of State  
State of Washington**

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**ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1916**

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AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2026 Regular Session

**State of Washington**

**69th Legislature**

**2025 Regular Session**

**By** House State Government & Tribal Relations (originally sponsored by Representatives Doglio and Parshley)

READ FIRST TIME 02/18/25.

1 AN ACT Relating to amending voter registration challenges and  
2 managing voter registration lists; amending RCW 29A.08.510,  
3 29A.08.630, 29A.08.810, 29A.08.820, 29A.08.835, 29A.08.840,  
4 29A.08.850, and 29A.08.135; and prescribing penalties.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 29A.08.510 and 2009 c 369 s 26 are each amended to  
7 read as follows:

8 The registrations of deceased voters may be canceled from voter  
9 registration lists as follows:

10 (1) Periodically, the registrar of vital statistics of the state  
11 shall prepare a list of persons who resided in each county, for whom  
12 a death certificate was transmitted to the registrar and was not  
13 included on a previous list, and shall supply the list to the  
14 secretary of state.

15 The secretary of state shall compare this list with the  
16 registration records and cancel the registrations of deceased voters.

17 (2) In addition, each county auditor may also use government  
18 agencies and newspaper obituary articles as a source of information  
19 for identifying deceased voters and canceling a registration. The  
20 auditor must verify the identity of the voter by matching the voter's

1 date of birth or an address. The auditor shall record the date and  
2 source of the information in the cancellation records.

3 (3) In addition, any registered voter may sign a statement,  
4 subject to the penalties of perjury, to the effect that to his or her  
5 personal knowledge or belief another registered voter is deceased.  
6 This statement may be filed with the county auditor or the secretary  
7 of state. (~~Upon~~) Only upon the receipt of such signed statement,  
8 and confirmation by the county auditor or the secretary of state  
9 (~~shall cancel the registration~~), may the voter's registration be  
10 canceled from the official state voter registration list.

11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 29A.08.630 and 2023 c 466 s 25 are each amended to  
12 read as follows:

13 (1) The county auditor shall return an inactive voter to active  
14 voter status if, prior to the passage of two federal general  
15 elections, the voter:

16 (a) Notifies the auditor of a change of address;

17 (b) Responds to a confirmation notice with information that he or  
18 she continues to reside at the registration address; or

19 (c) Votes or attempts to vote in a primary, special election, or  
20 general election.

21 (2) If the inactive voter fails to provide a notice or take an  
22 action as described in subsection (1) of this section, the auditor  
23 shall cancel the person's voter registration.

24 (3) The county auditor must cancel an inactive voter registration  
25 when (~~receiving information indicating that the inactive voter has~~  
26 ~~moved out of state or died~~);

27 (a) The county auditor receives and confirms information under  
28 RCW 29A.08.510 that the voter has died;

29 (b) The county auditor receives information under RCW 29A.08.135  
30 that the voter has registered to vote in another state; or

31 (c) The county auditor receives a signed, written notification  
32 from the voter that the voter has moved out of the state or that the  
33 voter wishes to have their registration canceled. Prior to  
34 cancellation of such a registration the auditor shall verify that the  
35 signature on the notification matches the signature in the voter  
36 registration file.

37 **Sec. 3.** RCW 29A.08.810 and 2023 c 466 s 28 are each amended to  
38 read as follows:

1 (1) Registration of a person as a voter is presumptive evidence  
2 of his or her right to vote. A challenge to the person's right to  
3 vote must be based on personal knowledge of one of the following:

4 (a) The challenged voter has been convicted of a felony that  
5 includes serving a sentence of total confinement under jurisdiction  
6 of the department of corrections, or a felony conviction in another  
7 state's court or federal court and the voter is serving that sentence  
8 of total confinement and the person's voting rights have not been  
9 restored under RCW 29A.08.520;

10 (b) The challenged voter has been judicially declared ineligible  
11 to vote due to mental incompetency under RCW 29A.08.515;

12 (c) The challenged voter resides at a different address than the  
13 residential address provided, and is not subject to RCW 29A.04.151 or  
14 29A.08.112, in which case the challenger must ~~((either))~~:

15 (i) Provide the challenged voter's actual residence on the  
16 challenge form; ~~((or))~~ and

17 (ii) Submit evidence that he or she exercised due diligence to  
18 verify that the challenged voter does not reside at the address  
19 provided. The challenger must, at minimum, provide evidence that the  
20 challenger personally ~~((or~~

21 ~~-A) Sent~~) sent a certified letter with return service requested  
22 to the challenged voter's residential address provided, and to the  
23 challenged voter's mailing address, if provided, using a form  
24 provided by the office of the secretary of state outlining the reason  
25 for the challenge;

26 ~~((B) Searched local telephone directories, including online~~  
27 ~~directories, to determine whether the voter maintains a telephone~~  
28 ~~listing at any address in the county;~~

29 ~~(C) Searched county auditor property records to determine whether~~  
30 ~~the challenged voter owns any property in the county;~~

31 ~~(D) Searched the statewide voter registration database to~~  
32 ~~determine if the voter is registered at any other address in the~~  
33 ~~state; and~~

34 ~~(E) Searched the voter registration database of another state to~~  
35 ~~determine if the voter is registered to vote in any other state;))~~

36 (d) The challenged voter will not be eighteen years of age by the  
37 next general election; or

38 (e) The challenged voter is not a citizen of the United States.

1 (2) A person's right to vote may be challenged by another  
2 registered voter from the same county, or the county prosecuting  
3 attorney.

4 (3) (a) (i) The challenger must file a separate voter registration  
5 challenge form or official electronic voter challenge form, as  
6 provided under RCW 29A.08.850, for each voter whose registration is  
7 challenged.

8 (ii) Each form must include:

9 (A) The challenger's name, address, and contact information;

10 (B) The challenged voter's name and address;

11 (C) A statement of the factual basis for the challenge, including  
12 any information required by subsection (1)(c) of this section.  
13 Challenges must be based on personal knowledge, which for these  
14 purposes is defined as firsthand knowledge through experience or  
15 observation of the facts upon each ground that the challenge is  
16 based, and contain any documentation or evidence supporting the facts  
17 upon which each ground for the challenge is based;

18 (D) The challenger's signature certifying that all information  
19 provided in the form is true and correct; and

20 (E) A clear statement providing that such certification is  
21 subject to penalty of perjury under chapter 9A.72 RCW;

22 (b) The challenger must file a separate signed affidavit for each  
23 voter whose registration is challenged, subject to the penalties of  
24 perjury under chapter 9A.72 RCW swearing that, to his or her personal  
25 knowledge and belief, having exercised due diligence to personally  
26 verify the evidence presented, the challenged voter either is not  
27 qualified to vote or does not reside at the address given on his or  
28 her voter registration record based on one of the reasons allowed in  
29 subsection (1) of this section. The challenger must provide the  
30 factual basis for the challenge, including any information required  
31 by subsection (1)(c) of this section, in the signed affidavit. The  
32 challenge may not be based on unsupported allegations or allegations  
33 by ((anonymous)) third parties. The challenger shall sign each  
34 affidavit by hand, with ink. An affidavit signed electronically shall  
35 be rejected. All documents pertaining to the challenge are public  
36 records.

37 ~~(4) ((Challenges based on a felony conviction under RCW~~  
38 ~~29A.08.520 must be heard according to RCW 29A.08.520 and rules~~  
39 ~~adopted by the secretary of state.)) Voters who do not receive~~

1 ballots because their registration has been made inactive pursuant to  
2 this chapter are not subject to voter registration challenges.

3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 29A.08.820 and 2023 c 466 s 29 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 (1) Challenges must be filed with the county auditor of the  
6 county in which the challenged voter is registered no later than 45  
7 days before the election. The county auditor or auditor's designee  
8 presides over the hearing.

9 (2) Challenges may be filed after 45 days before the election,  
10 only when the challenged voter registered to vote less than 60 days  
11 before the election, or changed residence less than 60 days before  
12 the election without updating the residence address of the voter's  
13 voter registration. A challenge may then be filed not later than 10  
14 days before any primary or election, general or special, or within 10  
15 days of the voter being added to the voter registration database,  
16 whichever is later.

17 (a) If the challenge is filed after 45 days before an election at  
18 which the challenged voter is eligible to vote, a notation of the  
19 challenge must be made immediately to the challenged voter's  
20 registration in the voter registration system, and the county  
21 canvassing board shall preside over the hearing.

22 (b) If the challenge is filed before the challenged voter's  
23 ballot is received, the ballot must be processed as a challenged  
24 ballot, and held until the challenge is resolved.

25 (c) If the challenge is filed after the challenged voter's ballot  
26 is received, the challenge cannot affect the current election.  
27 However, the process shall proceed until the challenge is resolved.

28 **Sec. 5.** RCW 29A.08.835 and 2023 c 466 s 30 are each amended to  
29 read as follows:

30 (1) The county auditor shall, within (~~seventy-two hours~~) 10  
31 business days of receipt, publish on the auditor's internet website  
32 the entire content of any voter challenge filed under this chapter  
33 (~~29A.08 RCW~~). Immediately after publishing any voter challenge, the  
34 county auditor shall notify any person who requests to receive such  
35 notifications on an ongoing basis.

36 (2) The information on the website may be removed 45 days  
37 following (~~certification of an election~~) the completion or  
38 dismissal of the challenge. Information related to the challenge must

1 be maintained by the county auditor for the appropriate retention  
2 period, and is subject to disclosure upon request.

3 **Sec. 6.** RCW 29A.08.840 and 2023 c 466 s 31 are each amended to  
4 read as follows:

5 (1) If the challenge is not in proper form or the factual basis  
6 for the challenge does not meet the legal grounds for a challenge,  
7 the county auditor (~~may~~) must dismiss the challenge and notify the  
8 challenger of the reasons for the dismissal. A challenge is not in  
9 proper form if it is incomplete on its face or does not  
10 (~~substantially~~) comply with the form issued by the secretary of  
11 state.

12 (2) Prior to notifying the voter of any challenge, the county  
13 auditor may conduct an initial review of the merits of the challenge.  
14 In that initial review of the merits, if the county auditor  
15 determines that it is more likely than not that the challenge lacks  
16 merit, then the county auditor may dismiss the challenge. The  
17 challenger may refile the challenge with additional evidence pursuant  
18 to the requirements of RCW 29A.08.810.

19 (3) If the challenge is in proper form and the factual basis  
20 meets the legal grounds for a challenge, the county auditor must  
21 notify the challenged voter and provide a copy of the affidavit. The  
22 county auditor shall also provide to any person, upon request, a copy  
23 of all materials provided to the challenged voter.

24 (a) The notice must be in a form provided by the secretary of  
25 state, sent by forwardable certified mail to the address provided in  
26 the voter registration record, and any other addresses at which the  
27 challenged voter is alleged to reside or the county auditor  
28 reasonably expects the voter to receive notice, and by email and  
29 phone, if the county auditor has such information in its records, and  
30 include:

31 (i) A copy of the challenge form and affidavit;

32 (ii) Methods by which the voter can confirm eligibility,  
33 including by mail, online, phone, in person, or at a scheduled  
34 hearing;

35 (iii) Notice of any consequences for failing to respond to the  
36 challenge; and

37 (iv) For challenges based on a change of address, a clear  
38 statement that the voter remains registered and eligible to vote in  
39 that election.

1 (b) If the challenge is to the residential address provided by  
2 the voter, the challenged voter must be provided notice of the  
3 exceptions allowed in RCW 29A.08.112 and 29A.04.151, and Article VI,  
4 section 4 of the state Constitution, and may update the residence  
5 address on the voter's voter registration, or reregister until 8:00  
6 p.m. the day of the election.

7 ((~~(b) The~~)) (c) Subject to (d) of this subsection, and only if  
8 after providing notice, eligibility cannot be confirmed and the  
9 challenge remains, the county auditor must schedule a hearing and  
10 notify the challenger and the challenged voter of the time and place  
11 for the hearing.

12 ((~~(3) All notice~~)) (d) A hearing shall only be scheduled if the  
13 county auditor is unable to confirm the voter's eligibility and,  
14 based on the evidence submitted by the challenger, there is probable  
15 cause that the challenged voter is not qualified to vote. Challenges  
16 that do not meet the probable cause standard shall be dismissed  
17 without a hearing.

18 (e) If, at any point, the county auditor is able to independently  
19 verify the eligibility of the challenged voter, the auditor shall  
20 dismiss the challenge without a hearing.

21 (4)(a) The hearing notification must be by certified forwardable  
22 mail to the address provided in the voter registration record, and  
23 any other addresses at which the challenged voter is alleged to  
24 reside or the county auditor reasonably expects the voter to receive  
25 notice. The county auditor shall also notify the challenged voter by  
26 phone, including leaving a voicemail if possible, or email if the  
27 county auditor has such information in its records. If the county  
28 auditor receives no response from the challenged voter within 10  
29 calendar days, the county auditor must provide the same such notice a  
30 second time. The secretary of state shall create a standard form for  
31 notification by mail and email. The challenger must appear in person  
32 at the hearing. The ((~~challenger and~~)) challenged voter may either  
33 appear in person or submit testimony by affidavit. Personal  
34 appearance may be accomplished using video telecommunications  
35 technology if the auditor or canvassing board chooses.

36 ((~~(4)~~)) (b) The hearing notice must include:

37 (i) A copy of the challenge form and affidavit;

38 (ii) Methods by which the voter can confirm eligibility,  
39 including by mail, online, phone, or in person;

1 (iii) Notice of any consequences for failing to respond to the  
2 challenge; and

3 (iv) How responding to the challenge may help the voter remain  
4 registered to vote.

5 (5) The challenger has the burden to prove ((by clear and  
6 convincing evidence)) beyond a reasonable doubt that the challenged  
7 voter's registration is improper. The challenged voter must be  
8 provided a reasonable opportunity to respond. If the challenge is to  
9 the residential address provided by the voter, the challenged voter  
10 may provide evidence that he or she resides at the location described  
11 in his or her voter's registration records, or meets one of the  
12 exceptions allowed in RCW 29A.08.112 or 29A.04.151, or Article VI,  
13 section 4 of the state Constitution. If the challenger fails to  
14 appear at the hearing, the challenge must be dismissed. If ((either  
15 the challenger or)) the challenged voter fails to appear at the  
16 hearing or submit an affidavit in lieu of appearing at the hearing,  
17 the challenge must be resolved based on the available facts and the  
18 challenger still has the burden to prove beyond a reasonable doubt  
19 that the challenged voter's registration is improper.

20 ~~((5))~~ (6) (a) If the challenge is based on an allegation under  
21 RCW 29A.08.810(1) (a), (b), (d), or (e) and the auditor, auditor's  
22 designee, or canvassing board sustains the challenge, the voter  
23 registration shall be canceled and any challenged ballot shall not be  
24 counted.

25 (b) (i) If the challenge is based on an allegation under RCW  
26 29A.08.810(1)(c) and the auditor, auditor's designee, or canvassing  
27 board sustains the challenge, ((the board shall permit)) the voter  
28 shall be permitted to correct the residence address on the voter  
29 registration and any races and ballot measures on any challenged  
30 ballot that the voter would have been qualified to vote for had the  
31 registration been correct shall be counted if the challenge is  
32 sustained prior to certification of the election.

33 (ii) If the voter does not provide their correct residence  
34 address, the voter shall be placed on inactive status. Any challenged  
35 ballot shall not be counted unless the voter provides their corrected  
36 residence address by the day before the certification of the  
37 election, in which case any races and ballot measures that the voter  
38 would have been qualified to vote for had the registration been  
39 correct shall be counted.

1 (c) If the challenge is based on an allegation under RCW  
2 29A.08.810(1)(c), the auditor, auditor's designee, or canvassing  
3 board sustains the challenge, and the voter provides a corrected  
4 residence address that is outside of the state, the voter  
5 registration shall be canceled, and any challenged ballot shall not  
6 be counted.

7 ~~((6))~~ (7) If the challenger fails to prove ((by clear and  
8 convincing evidence)) beyond a reasonable doubt that the registration  
9 is improper, the challenge must be dismissed and any pending  
10 challenged ballot must be accepted as valid. All challenged ballots  
11 must be resolved before certification of the election. The decision  
12 of the county auditor or canvassing board is final subject only to  
13 judicial review by the superior court under chapter 34.05 RCW.

14 (8) Any challenger that knowingly provides false information as  
15 part of a voter registration challenge under this chapter, either  
16 before or during an election, is guilty of false swearing under RCW  
17 9A.72.040, with a fine in an amount fixed by the court of not more  
18 than \$10,000.

19 (9) Any challenger that knowingly challenges a person's voter  
20 registration without reasonable cause under this chapter, either  
21 before or during an election, is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each  
22 instance where a challenger knowingly makes a challenge without  
23 reasonable cause constitutes a separate offense.

24 **Sec. 7.** RCW 29A.08.850 and 2006 c 320 s 7 are each amended to  
25 read as follows:

26 (1) The secretary of state must provide forms for voter  
27 registration challenges, and the county auditor must make such forms  
28 available. A challenge is not required to be submitted on the  
29 provided voter challenge form, but may be prepared using an official  
30 electronic voter challenge form template provided by the auditor or  
31 secretary of state that has been printed and signed by the challenger  
32 for submission.

33 (2) Each form must include:

34 (a) The challenger's name, address, and contact information;

35 (b) The challenged voter's name and address;

36 (c) A statement of the factual basis for the challenge as  
37 required under RCW 29A.08.810, including any information required by  
38 RCW 29A.08.810(1)(c);

1 (d) The challenger's signature certifying that all information  
2 provided in the form is true and correct; and

3 (e) A clear statement providing that such certification is  
4 subject to penalty of perjury under chapter 9A.72 RCW.

5 **Sec. 8.** RCW 29A.08.135 and 2009 c 369 s 14 are each amended to  
6 read as follows:

7 (1) When a person who has previously registered to vote in  
8 another state applies for voter registration in Washington, the  
9 person shall provide on the registration form all information needed  
10 to cancel any previous registration. Notification must be made to the  
11 state elections office of the applicant's previous state of  
12 registration.

13 (2) A county auditor receiving official information from an  
14 elections office in another state that a voter has registered to vote  
15 in ~~((another))~~ that state more recently than in Washington, which the  
16 auditor is able to verify matches the information in a Washington  
17 voter registration record, shall immediately cancel that voter's  
18 registration on the official state voter registration list.

Passed by the House March 11, 2026.

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2026.

Approved by the Governor March 25, 2026.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 25, 2026.

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