Title 230 WAC
WASHINGTON STATE GAMBLING COMMISSION

Chapter 230-02 WAC
GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS

WAC 230-02 WAC
Washington state gambling commission.

WAC 230-02-010 Washington state gambling commission. The Washington state gambling commission, hereinafter called "the commission", is the commission appointed by the governor pursuant to RCW 9.46.040 as the licensing and regulatory agency charged with the authority and duty to control statutorily authorized non-professional gambling activities. Where appropriate, the term "commission" also refers to the staff and employees which the department of motor vehicles shall make available to the commission to carry out the statutory purposes and provisions of that act. [Order 42, § 230-02-010, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-02-010, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-020 Time and place of meetings. Regular public meetings of the commission shall be held upon the second Friday of March, June, September and December, or the preceding business day if that Friday is a holiday. Each such regular meeting shall be held in Olympia City Hall, Council Chambers, 8th and Plum, Olympia, Washington, beginning at the hour of 10:00 a.m. Additional public meetings necessary to discharge the business of the commission may be called from time to time. [Order 78, § 230-02-020, filed 11/17/77; Order 62, § 230-02-020, filed 10/15/76; Order 51, § 230-02-020, filed 4/30/76; Order 5, § 230-02-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-030 Address of commission. Unless specifically provided elsewhere in these rules, applications for licenses, submission of materials or requests for notices or information of any kind, may be made by addressing correspondence to:
Washington State Gambling Commission
Capital Plaza Building
P.O. Box 2007
1025 East Union
Olympia, Washington 98504

[Order 51, § 230-02-030, filed 4/30/76; Order 23, § 230-02-030, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-02-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-040 Commission activities exempt from environmental protection act. The commission has reviewed its authorized activities and has found them to be exempt pursuant to WAC 197-10-040(2), 197-10-150 through 197-10-190 and the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW. [Order 55, § 230-02-040, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230-02-100 Definitions. Words and terms used in these rules and regulations shall have the same meaning as each has under chapter 9.46 RCW unless otherwise specifically provided in these rules, or the context in which they are used in these rules clearly indicates that they be given some other meaning. [Order 42, § 230-02-100, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-02-100, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-110 Gross receipts defined. "Gross receipts" means all money, and all other things of value, received by a person or organization during a given period of time. [Order 5, § 230-02-110, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-120 Net receipts defined. "Net receipts" means all money, and all other things of value,
received by a person or organization during a given period of time, less the amount of money paid out as cash prizes, or expended for prizes actually distributed to winners, during the same period of time. [Order 5, § 230-02-120, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-130 Net income defined. "Net income" means net receipts, less all other expenses directly related to the operation of a licensed activity actually paid out during the same period of time. [Order 5, § 230-02-130, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-140 Person defined. "Person" means and includes any individual, firm or partnership, corporation or other association of individuals either natural or legal. The use of the masculine pronoun in these rules includes the feminine and the neuter. [Order 5, § 230-02-140, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-150 Immediate family defined. "Immediate family" means and is limited to, the subject individual's spouse, children, and parents. [Order 5, § 230-02-150, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-200 Operator defined. An "operator" is any person who purchases or otherwise receives equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punch boards or pull tabs, with or without any merchandise to be awarded as prizes in connection with the operation of said equipment, from a manufacturer or distributor, and who operates or displays said equipment for use upon payment of a consideration. [Order 5, § 230-02-200, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-210 Distributor defined. A "distributor" is any person who purchases or otherwise obtains equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punch boards or pull tabs, from any person and sells or otherwise furnishes such equipment, with or without merchandise to be awarded as prizes in connection therewith, to another person for the resale of or the display or operation of that equipment.

As used in these rules, the term "distributor" shall include a person who services and repairs pull tab dispensing devices, which shall be authorized so long as the person performing such servicing or repairs is licensed as a distributor or distributor's representative, and makes no addition to, or modification or alteration of, the device. [Order 80, § 230-02-210, filed 12/28/77; Order 5, § 230-02-210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-220 Distributor's representative defined. A "distributor's representative" is any natural person who represents a distributor in any of his activities in connection with the sale or furnishing of equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punch boards and pull tabs. [Order 5, § 230-02-220, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-225 Manufacturer's representative defined. A "manufacturer's representative" is any natural person who represents a manufacturer in any one of the manufacturer's activities in connection with the sale or furnishing of equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to, punch boards and pull tabs. [Order 9, § 230-02-225, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-230 Manufacturer defined. A "manufacturer" is any person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment for use in authorized gambling activities, including but not limited to punchboards and pull tabs, and who sells or otherwise furnishes the same to any distributor or retail outlet.

The term shall include, but not be limited to, any person who converts, modifies, adds to or removes parts or a portion from any item, device or assembly to further its promotion, sale or use as a gambling device or gambling record in this state: Provided, That a person adding only promotional flares to advise the public of the prizes available, the rules of play and the consideration required shall not be deemed a manufacturer.

The term "manufacturer" shall not include a licensed distributor or producer's representative who services or repairs pull tab dispensing devices, so long as no addition to, or modification or alteration of, the device is made. [Order 80, § 230-02-230, filed 12/28/77; Order 14, § 230-02-230, filed 3/27/74; Order 5, § 230-02-230, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-250 Bingo equipment. Bingo equipment includes all equipment which is actually used, or made or sold for the purpose of use, in bingo games for which consideration is charged persons to play and in connection with which prizes are awarded. Unless otherwise specified, the term shall include, but not be limited to, machines or other devices from which balls or other items are withdrawn to determine the letters and numbers or other symbols to be called, those balls or items themselves, bingo cards and any other device commonly used in the direct operation of the game.

Bingo game sets commonly manufactured and sold as children's games for a retail price of twenty dollars or less shall be presumed not to be bingo equipment for the purposes of this rule unless the set, or portion thereof, is actually used in such a bingo game. [Order 29, § 230-02-250, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-02-260 Pull tab defined. A "pull tab" is a single folded or banded ticket or is a card, the face of which is initially covered or otherwise hidden from view to conceal a number, symbol or set of symbols, a few of which numbers or symbols out of every set of pull tabs have been designated in advance and at random as prize winners, when, for the opportunity to obtain each such folded or banded ticket or card, view the numbers or symbols thereon and possibly obtain a prize winning pull tab, a person pays some consideration to an operator. [Order 5, § 230-02-260, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-270 Punch board defined. A "punch board" is a board or device containing a number of holes
or receptacles of uniform size in which are placed mechanically and at random serially numbered slips of paper or other substance which may be punched or drawn from said hole or receptacle by any person desiring to do so, and which the public, upon payment of a consideration, may punch or draw such numbered slips of paper or other substance from such hole or receptacle and obtain an award if the number drawn corresponds to a winning number. [Order 5, § 230-02-270, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-300 Substantial interest defined. The following shall constitute possession of a substantial interest in an organization, association or business:

(1) When, with respect to a sole proprietorship, an individual, or his marital community, owns, operates, manages or conducts, directly or indirectly, the organization, association or business, or any part thereof;

(2) When, with respect to a partnership, the individual or his marital community, shares in any of the profits, or potential profits, of the partnership activities;

(3) When, with respect to a corporation, an individual or his spouse, is an officer, or director, or the individual or his marital community is a holder, directly or beneficially, of ten percent or more of any class of stock of the corporation; or

(4) When, with respect to an organization not covered in (1), (2) or (3) above, an individual or his spouse, is an officer or manages the business affairs, or the individual or his marital community is owner of or otherwise controls ten percent or more of the assets of the organization; or

(5) When, an individual, or his marital community, furnishes ten percent or more of the capital, whether in cash, goods or services, for the operation of any business, association or organization during any calendar year. [Order 23, § 230-02-300, filed 9/23/74; Order 12, § 230-02-300, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-02-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-02-310 Bona fide newspaper or magazine defined. A newspaper or magazine shall be "bona fide" only if:

(1) To conduct, or participate in conducting, the contest or drawing of which the coupon or entry blank is a part is not a primary purpose underlying the publication; and

(2) The price of the publication is consistent with the price of similar publications sold in the state which contain no such coupons or entry blanks; and

(3) The publication has been published regularly and continuously for a period of at least three months prior to any such coupon or entry blank appearing therein; and

(4) At least three regularly scheduled issues have been published prior to any such coupon or entry blank appearing therein. [Order 42, § 230-02-310, filed 9/18/75; Order 14, § 230-02-310, filed 3/27/74.]

WAC 230-02-350 Commercial stimulant. An activity is operated as a commercial stimulant, for the purposes of chapter 9.46 RCW and these rules, only when it is an incidental activity operated in connection with, and incidental to, an established business, primarily engaged in the sale of food or drink for consumption on the premises, with the primary purpose of increasing the volume of sales of food and drink for consumption on that business premises.

An activity authorized for use as a commercial stimulant shall be deemed as not being used for this purpose when the gross receipts from that activity, less that amount paid out for or as prizes, and less that amount paid out in federal, state, and local taxes or fees, directly related to the activity, are more than fifty percent of the total gross receipts from the food and drink business during any calendar quarter. [Order 78, § 230-02-350, filed 11/17/77; Order 29, § 230-02-350, filed 4/23/75; Order 23, § 230-02-350, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-400 Card game. A card game for the purposes of these rules, is a social card game as defined by RCW 9.46.020(20) and authorized under RCW 9.46.030, played by consenting adults wherein wagers are made and collected by the participants based upon the outcome of the game. [Order 78, § 230-02-400, filed 11/17/77; Order 23, § 230-02-400, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-405 Specific authorized card games. Each card game authorized by name by the commission under WAC 230-40-010 except mah-jongg, means the basic game listed and defined by that name in Hoyle's Modern Encyclopedia of Card Games by Walter B. Givson, published by Doubleday & Company, Inc., April 1974 edition: Provided, That immaterial modifications to the published definitions may be made by each licensee if each modification is posted upon the premises where it can be clearly seen by the players in the card games. [Order 29, § 230-02-405, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-02-410 Public card room. A public card room is that area of the premises of a profit seeking retail business which has been specifically set aside or designated by the licensee and approved by the commission for the playing of cards by members of the public as a commercial stimulant to that business in accordance with state law and the rules of the commission. [Order 23, § 230-02-410, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-420 Social card room. A social card room is that area of the premises of a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which has been specifically set aside or designated by the licensee and approved by the commission for the playing of cards by bona fide members of that organization and their guests only, in accordance with state law and the rules of the commission. [Order 23, § 230-02-420, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-430 Guest. The term guest shall include only those persons not a member of a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, who are allowed to use the facilities of the organization to play card games, only when accompanied by the regular member of the organization sponsoring the guest and for a fee not to
exceed the maximum fee for the playing of cards as set by the commission: Provided, That persons holding a valid "guest" card in accordance with Washington state liquor control board regulation 106 (WAC 314-04-040), need not be accompanied by a member.

If a person is charged, directly or indirectly, more than the maximum fee set by the commission to enter the facility and play cards, he is not a guest for the purpose of these rules. [Order 23, § 230-02-430, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-02-440 Calendar day defined. "Calendar day" means a twenty-four hour period commencing at 12:01 a.m. and ending at 12 o’clock midnight. [Order 78, § 230-02-440, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-02-450 Three consecutive days defined. "Three consecutive days" shall include any period of up to seventy-two consecutive hours. [Order 78, § 230-02-450, filed 11/17/77.]

Chapter 230-04 WAC
APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF LICENSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>230-04-010</td>
<td>Application forms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-020</td>
<td>Application procedure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-030</td>
<td>Commission may post public notice of license application on premises.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-050</td>
<td>Qualified bond filed charitable and nonprofit organization qualifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-060</td>
<td>Required information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-065</td>
<td>Lesser requirements for applicants for certain classes of licenses to operate bingo, raffles or amusement games.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-070</td>
<td>Activities not to be conducted without a license or permit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-075</td>
<td>No license required for certain raffles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-080</td>
<td>Certain activities to be operated as a commercial stimulant only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-110</td>
<td>Licensing of manufacturers of punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-120</td>
<td>Licensing of distributors of punchboards, pull tabs or devices for the dispensing of pull tabs, and of distributor’s representatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-121</td>
<td>Distributor’s representatives represent only one distributor at a time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-122</td>
<td>Distributor’s representative shall not represent manufacturers—Exception.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-125</td>
<td>Distributor’s representative license may be reissued when changing distributors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-130</td>
<td>Licensing of manufacturer’s representatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-151</td>
<td>Supplemental information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-170</td>
<td>Applicants—Qualifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-175</td>
<td>License does not grant vested right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-180</td>
<td>Fingerprinting and background checks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-190</td>
<td>Issuance of license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-191</td>
<td>Permits required for persons conducting bingo at agricultural fairs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-192</td>
<td>Person to hold one bingo license and one amusement game license at a time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-193</td>
<td>Persons may obtain an annual permit to conduct bingo at agricultural fairs only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-194</td>
<td>Denial or revocation of annual operator permit for special locations—Grounds and effect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-196</td>
<td>The commission may issue class A or B bingo operator’s licenses authorizing the conduct of the games at up to three separate locations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-197</td>
<td>Permits for raffles on separate premises.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230-04-200</td>
<td>License fees.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

230-04-100 Registration of certain foreign manufacturers of punch boards and pull tabs. [Order 5, § 230-04-100, filed 12/19/73.] Repealed by Order 12, filed 2/14/74.


230-04-195 Agricultural fairs to obtain permits for each person to conduct each authorized activity under a fair’s license. [Order 5, § 230-04-195, filed 12/19/73.] Repealed by Order 23, filed 9/23/74.

230-04-205 Person holding, or having held, class A raffle licenses may convert to new class of raffle license in same year. [Order 21, § 230-04-205, filed 8/20/74.] Repealed by Order 51, filed 4/30/76.


WAC 230-04-010 Application forms. Each application for a license from the commission shall be submitted on the License Application Form approved by the commission. These application forms may be obtained by coming in person to, or writing to, the offices of the commission in Olympia. From time to time the commission may designate additional locations where application forms may be obtained and shall make these locations public by notifying the news media. [Order 5, § 230-04-010, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-020 Application procedure. Applicants for license from the commission shall submit applications to the office of the commission in Olympia. The information requested on the appropriate application form is required to be submitted by each applicant for a license.

The application shall be signed under oath by the highest ranking executive officer of a charitable, non-profit or profit seeking corporation, such as the president of a firm or club or the head pastor or minister of a church; or by the principal owner of a profit seeking business. Other persons, including but not limited to, the chairman of a board of directors or trustees, the person
in charge of the financial records, or persons having a substantial interest in the applicant business and/ or charitable nonprofit organization, may at the commission director's discretion be required to sign the application. When the application is being submitted by or on behalf of an incorporated city or town in the state of Washington or a subdivision thereof, the application must be signed by the mayor or the mayor's designated representative, the city manager, or the person in charge of the subdivision.

Each such person shall acknowledge that he assumes full responsibility for the fair and lawful operation of all licensed activities that the applicant conducts.

The commission will consider only those applicants submitting the form and fully completing all the applicable portions of the form. Each applicant shall certify under oath that the information set forth in the application and any accompanying materials is true, accurate and complete.

The application form and all information set forth therein and all supplemental information submitted at the commission's request, except statements as to arrests of any person, shall constitute public records and the entire contents thereof may, at the discretion of the commission, be disclosed to the public or discussed at the public meetings of the commission.

The commission shall issue the license applied for only after it is satisfied that the applicant is qualified to operate the activity for which the license is being requested. The commission may refrain from issuing the license until the completion of such review and investigation as it deems necessary into the propriety of granting the license. [Order 60, § 230-04-020, filed 9/10/76; Order 42, § 230-04-020, filed 9/18/75; Order 12, § 230-04-020, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-030 Commission may post public notice of license application on premises. The commission may, at its discretion, place, or require to be conspicuously placed, a notice upon each premises upon which a gambling activity is to be conducted under a license for which application has been made. The notice shall advise the public that such license has been requested and that any comments persons wish to make concerning the license application, or the propriety of granting such a license or the applicant(s), or for those premises, may be made to the commission prior to a date certain.

The applicant(s) shall take all reasonable measures to insure that the notice remains posted thereafter until the last day set forth thereon for making comment and shall report to the commission forthwith if said notice has been removed prior to that date. [Order 9, § 230-04-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-050 Qualified bona fide charitable and nonprofit organization qualifications. Qualified bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations, including qualified agricultural fairs, to which licenses may be issued by the commission shall be limited to the following organizations only as provided by RCW 9.46.020(3):

(1) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapter 24.12 RCW. That chapter deals only with certain leaders of a church or religious organization who, pursuant to the provisions of that chapter, have become a corporation sole.

(2) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapter 24.20 RCW. That chapter deals with certain fraternal societies.

(3) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapter 24.28 RCW. That chapter deals with granges.

(4) Only those charitable or nonprofit organizations, whether incorporated or not, which are organized and operating for one or more of the following purposes only:

(a) Charitable
(b) Benevolent
(c) Eleemosynary
(d) Educational
(e) Civic
(f) Patriotic
(g) Political
(h) Social
(i) Fraternal
(j) Athletic
(k) Agricultural.

(5) Any agricultural fair authorized under the provisions of chapter 15.76 or 36.37 RCW.

(6) Any corporation which has been incorporated under title 36 U.S.C. and whose principal purposes are to furnish volunteer aid to members of the armed forces of the United States and also to carry on a system of national and international relief and to apply the same in mitigating the suffering caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods, and other national calamities and to devise and carry on measures for preventing the same.

(7) A branch, chapter or subgroup of a parent organization, which parent organization is itself eligible for licensure, must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commission that the branch, chapter or subgroup was not established and is not and will not be organized and operated with the evasion of the limitations of state law or commission rule on the operation of gambling activities as one of its purposes. The branch, chapter or subgroup must be organized and operating for one of the purposes set out above and be otherwise qualified to obtain the license sought. The director may require an affidavit signed by the chief executive officers of the parent organization certifying that the branch, chapter or subgroup is a bona fide subdivision of the parent organization.

(8) An incorporated city or town in the state of Washington or subdivision thereof.

(9) Each applicant must be organized and operated primarily for purposes other than the operation of gambling activities, in the opinion of the commission, to be eligible for a license to conduct any authorized gambling activity. [Order 42, § 230-04-050, filed 9/18/75; Order 23, § 230-04-050, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-04-050, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-060 Required information. In addition to other information required by the commission,
each applicant shall provide the following information on
or attached to the application:

(1) Washington state department of revenue tax
number unless exempt from such registration pursuant
to department of revenue regulations;

(2) Copy of corporate applicants' articles of incorpora-
tion and by-laws; or, if not a corporation, a copy of
any by-laws and other documents which set out the or-
ganizational structure and purposes of the organization;

(3) A copy of a nonprofit or charitable applicant's in-
ternal revenue service tax exemption letter if one has
been obtained;

(4) Details and copies of all lease or rental arrange-
ments, whether oral or written, between the applicant
and the owner of premises upon which the gambling
activity will be conducted, if such premises are leased or
rented;

(5) Details and copies of any and all franchise agree-
ments or other agreements, whether written or oral, if
any, between the applicant and distributors or manufac-
turers of equipment or between the applicant and any
other person where those agreements relate to gambling
activities or gambling equipment;

(6) The name, address, date of birth, and social secu-
ity number of each paid employee or agent who will
work in the activity for which the license is sought;

(7) For each person listed below, a completed copy
of the commission's form entitled "Personal Information
Form":

(a) Each person who has a substantial interest in the
applicant;

(b) Each person who is the chief executive officer, the
chairman of a board, and the financial records officer
of a corporation and/or bona fide nonprofit charitable
organization;

(c) Each person who will serve in a supervisory ca-
pacity over those persons in the direct management or
direct operation of the activity for which the license is
sought;

(d) Each person who works in any capacity directly in
connection with a public card room;

(8) When information filed with the commission be-
comes inaccurate in any way, or additions or deletions
are necessary to reflect changes in circumstances of the
licensee, applicant, or any other persons since the infor-
mation was filed, the applicant or licensee shall submit
full details of any such change and/or correct any inac-
curacy, together with copies of any new required docu-
ments, with the commission within 30 days following the
change: Provided, That with respect to bona fide char-
itable and/or bona fide nonprofit organizations only, no-
tice need not be given of changes of officers until
required renewal time(s) for a particular license(s). If
other information required to be submitted under all
other sections of this rule and/or other information re-
quired on the application, changes or becomes inaccu-
rate in any way, the commission shall be notified as
required in this subsection. All officers of bona fide
charitable and/or bona fide nonprofit organizations,
upon signing the original and/or renewal application(s)
for licensure, shall obligate the organization to the fair
and lawful operation of all gambling activities for that
license year or until renewal time of another license held
by the organization or an additional license is applied
for, whichever is sooner, regardless of any change(s) in
the roster of elected officers during that license period.

(9) Sections (1), (2), (3), and (7) shall not apply to
applications by or in behalf of an incorporated city or
town in the state of Washington or a subdivision thereof.
[Order 67, § 230-04-060, filed 3/11/77; Order 60, §
230-04-060, filed 9/10/76; Order 51, § 230-04-060,
filed 4/30/76; Order 48, § 230-04-060, filed 3/23/76;
Order 42, § 230-04-060, filed 9/18/75; Order 23, §
230-04-060, filed 9/23/74; Order 12, § 230-04-060,
filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-060, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-065 Lesser requirements for applic-
ants for certain classes of licenses to operate bingo, raf-
fles or amusement games. Notwithstanding the
provisions of WAC 230-04-060, the following provisions
shall apply to:

(1) Bingo.

(a) Class A – $500 or less annual net receipts.

(b) Class B – over $500 through $5000 annual net
receipts.

(2) Raffles.

(a) Class C – $500 or less annual net receipts.

(b) Class D – over $500 but not over $5000 annual
net receipts.

(3) Amusement games. Those amusement games
which are conducted under a class A, B or C license on
the premises of property owned by a corporation sole or
property owned by a public school (kindergarten through
grade 12), college or university where the annual net re-
ceipts of the licensee from the licensed activity do not
exceed $5000 and where the licensed activity is conduct-
ded by a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization.

(4) As to the above categories only, the director may
prepare a simplified form which all applicants for license
for the above categories shall submit to the office of the
commission in Olympia. The information requested on
the simplified application form and an accompanying
affidavit shall be submitted to the commission by the
applicant's highest ranking executive officer. At the
minimum, each applicant shall provide the following in-
formation on or attached to the application:

(a) Washington state department of revenue tax
number unless exempt from such registration pursuant
to department of revenue regulations;

(b) Copy of a corporate applicant's articles of incor-
poration and by-laws; a partnership applicant's articles
and partnership agreement; copies of any by-laws and
other documents which set out the organizational struc-
ture and purposes for which a noncorporate organization
applicant was formed and operates; or, if the above are
not available, an affidavit of the chief officer or respon-
sible person with the organization setting out the pur-
pose for which the organization exists and operates;

(c) Information as to whether or not a tax exemption
letter from the United States internal revenue service
has been obtained or denied;

(d) The name, address and date of birth of each em-
ployee who will participate in the operation of, and of
each person who will participate in the management of, the activity for which the license is sought;

(e) The name, address and date of birth of each person who has an interest in the gambling activity for which the license is sought, the building within or premises upon which the activity will occur or the equipment to be used for such gambling activity;

(f) When information filed with the commission becomes inaccurate in any way, the applicant or licensee shall submit full details of any such change and correct any inaccuracy, together with copies of any new required documents with the commission within 30 days following the change.


WAC 230-04-070 Activities not to be conducted without a license or permit. Excepting only as provided in RCW 9.46:030(2), (3) and (6) none of the activities authorized by RCW 9.46:030, including any amendments thereto, shall be conducted, or allowed to be conducted or played, on any premises unless the operator thereof first obtains the appropriate license or permit from the commission. [Order 51, § 230-04-070, filed 4/30/76; Order 23, § 230-04-070, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-04-075 No license required for certain raffles. Bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations organized primarily for purposes other than the conduct of raffles, are hereby authorized to conduct raffles without obtaining a license to do so from the commission when such raffles are:

(1) Held in accordance with all other requirements of chapter 9.46 RCW, other applicable laws, and rules of the commission;

(2) When gross revenues from all such raffles held by the organization during the calendar year do not exceed $5000; and

(3) When tickets to such raffles are sold only to, and winners are determined only from, the regular members of the organization conducting the raffle: Provided, That the term members for this purpose shall mean only those persons who have become members prior to the commencement of the raffle and whose qualification for membership was not dependent upon, or in any way related to, the purchase of a ticket, or tickets, for such raffles.

An organization may exceed the $5000 limit only if it first obtains a license to conduct raffles from the commission, with the classification and fee to be computed, including but not limited to, all income from all raffles already held during that calendar year. The duration of the license issued shall be one year from the date of the sale of the first ticket for the first raffle held during the calendar year by the applicant. [Order 23, § 230-04-075, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-04-080 Certain activities to be operated as a commercial stimulant only. Punchboards and pull tabs, or public card rooms, licensed for use as a commercial stimulant shall not be operated other than as a commercial stimulant. [Order 23, § 230-04-080, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-04-110 Licensing of manufacturers of punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices. A manufacturer shall first obtain a license from the commission prior to manufacturing within the state of Washington, or selling or supplying to any persons within this state, or for use within this state, any punchboard, pull tab or device for the dispensing of pull tabs or engaging in any intrastate activities whatsoever in connection with such devices.

The applicant shall include upon the application form supplied by the commission, the following information, as well as all other information and materials which are elsewhere required under these rules:

(1) The name and address of the applicant and the name and address of each of its separate locations manufacturing such devices;

(2) The name and home address of all owners of the applicant if the business is not a corporation. If the business is a corporation, the name and address of each of the officers and each of the directors of the corporation and of each stockholder owning ten percent or more of any class of stock in the corporation;

(3) A full description of each separate type of punchboard, pull tab or device for the dispensing of pull tabs which the applicant seeks to manufacture or to market in this state;

(4) For each such device, the brand name under which it is sold;

(5) If the applicant is a foreign manufacturer, then the full name, business and home address of the agent who is a resident of this state designated pursuant to WAC 230-12-300;

(6) A list of all distributors of such devices, punchboards or pull tabs, and of all businesses or organizations located within the state of Washington in which the licensee has some financial interest and the details of that financial interest. For the purpose of this subsection, the term financial interest shall include, among all other interests, indebtedness from the licensee to the other person, or vice versa, in excess of five hundred dollars.

The applicant shall notify the commission within thirty days of any change in the information submitted on or with the application form. The applicant shall comply with all applicable laws of the United States and the state of Washington and all applicable rules of this commission. [Order 12, § 230-04-110, filed 2/14/74; Order 9, § 230-04-110, filed 12/19/73 at 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-04-110, filed 12/19/73 at 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-04-120 Licensing of distributors of punchboards, pull tabs or devices for the dispensing of pull tabs, and of distributor’s representatives. Prior to selling or supplying to any person, any punchboard, pull tab or device for the dispensing of pull tabs, or any
gambling equipment or paraphernalia for use in connection with licensed fund raising events, within the state of Washington or for use within the state of Washington, a distributor and, individually, each of his representatives, shall first obtain a license from the commission. A sole owner, partner, major officer and/or owner of a substantial interest in a corporation licensed as a distributor shall not be required to be additionally licensed as a distributor's representative to engage in the selling or supplying of the distributor's products or services. Office, clerical or warehouse personnel employed by the distributor who have contact with the public and potential customers only occasionally and only by telephone or at the distributor's own premises when working under the immediate and direct supervision of the owner, a partner, or major officer of a corporation licensed as a distributor, shall also be exempt from this licensing requirement. A manager or supervisor who is not a sole owner, partner or a major officer or owner of a substantial interest in a licensed distributor whose duties and responsibilities include the supervision of selling, supplying and/or the promotion of the distributor's products shall be licensed as required by this rule prior to performing such functions in connection with the selling or furnishing of gambling devices, equipment or related items in the state of Washington or for use within the state of Washington. A distributor shall not allow an unlicensed person to represent it in such transactions and shall take all measures necessary to prevent an unlicensed person from doing so.

The applicant shall include upon his application form supplied by the commission, the following information, as well as all other information and materials required elsewhere in these rules:

1. The full name and address of the applicant and, if a distributor, the name and address of each of the separate locations operated by the distributor;

2. The name and home address of all owners of a distributorship if the business is not a corporation. If the business is a corporation, the name and address of each of the officers and of each of the directors of the corporation and of each of the stockholders having ten percent or more of the shares of any class of stock in the corporation;

3. A full description of each type of punchboard, pull tab, or device for the dispensing of pull tabs that the distributor intends to market in this state or for use in this state;

4. For each such device, the brand name under which it will be sold;

5. If the applicant is a distributor located out of state, then the name, business and home address of the agent who is a resident of this state designated by the applicant pursuant to WAC 230-12-300;

6. A list of all manufacturers of such devices and all businesses or organizations located in the state of Washington in which the applicant has some financial interest. For the purposes of this subsection, the term financial interest shall include, among all other interests, an indebtedness from the other person to the applicant, or vice versa, in excess of five hundred dollars;

7. The distributor for which a distributor's representative will work shall sign the application of each such distributor's representative acknowledging that the applicant will be representing the distributor with the distributor's knowledge and consent. [Order 80, § 230-04-120, filed 12/28/77; Order 23, § 230-04-120, filed 9/23/74; Order 14, § 230-04-120, filed 3/27/74; Order 5, § 230-04-120, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-121 Distributor's representatives to represent only one distributor at a time. No person licensed as a distributor's representative shall represent more than one distributor at a time. [Order 80, § 230-04-121, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230-04-122 Distributor's representative shall not represent manufacturers—Exception. A distributor's representative shall not represent a manufacturer: Provided, That this rule shall not bar the distributor's representative from representing his own distributor who is also licensed as a manufacturer. [Order 80, § 230-04-122, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230-04-125 Distributor's representative license may be reissued when changing distributors. In the event that a licensed distributor's representative ceases to represent the distributor under whom his license was granted, the license shall be automatically suspended and he shall return it to the commission forthwith: Provided, That if such person is employed to represent a different distributor within the term otherwise remaining under the license, he may apply to the commission to have his license reissued as a representative of that distributor for such remaining term. The fee for this transfer shall be ten dollars. The distributor which the distributor's representative seeks to represent shall sign the application for transfer acknowledging that the applicant for transfer will be representing the distributor with the distributor's knowledge and consent. [Order 14, § 230-04-125, filed 3/27/74; Order 9, § 230-04-125, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-130 Licensing of manufacturer's representatives. Prior to selling or supplying to any person any punchboard, pull tab or device for the dispensing of pull tabs within the state of Washington or for use within the state of Washington, a representative or agent of the manufacturer of such devices shall first obtain a license from the commission. A sole owner, partner, major officer and/or owner of a substantial interest in a corporation licensed as a manufacturer shall not be required to be additionally licensed as a manufacturer's representative to engage in the selling or supplying of the manufacturer's products or services. Office, clerical or warehouse personnel employed by the manufacturer who have contact with the public and potential customers only occasionally and only by telephone or at the manufacturer's own premises when working under the immediate and direct supervision of the owner, a partner, or major officer of a corporation licensed as a manufacturer, shall also be exempt from this licensing requirement. A manager or supervisor who is not a sole
owner, partner or a major officer or owner of a substantial interest in a licensed manufacturer whose duties and responsibilities include the supervision of selling, supplying and/or the promotion of the manufacturer's products shall be licensed as required by this rule prior to performing such functions in connection with the selling or furnishing of gambling devices, equipment or related items in the state of Washington or for use within the state of Washington. A manufacturer shall not allow an unlicensed person to represent it in such transactions where a license is required and shall take all measures necessary to prevent an unlicensed person from doing so.

The applicant shall include upon his application form, to be supplied by the commission, the following information as well as all other information and material required elsewhere in these rules:

(1) The full name and address of the applicant;
(2) A list of all manufacturers of such devices the applicant represents or will represent;
(3) All responsibility, functions and duties which the applicant will perform for each of these manufacturers, all details of the basis upon which the applicant will be compensated by each manufacturer and all details of any financial interest other than such compensation that either the applicant or the applicant's spouse has in each such manufacturing business;
(4) A list of all businesses or organizations located in the state of Washington, and all manufacturers of such devices which the applicant will not represent wherever located in which the applicant has some financial interest.

The manufacturer for which a manufacturer's representative will work shall sign the application of each such manufacturer's representative acknowledging that the applicant will be representing the manufacturer with the manufacturer's knowledge and consent. [Order 80, § 230-04-130, filed 12/28/77; Order 12, § 230-04-130, filed 2/14/74.]

**WAC 230-04-151 Supplemental information.** In addition to the application form the applicant or licensee shall submit any supplemental information requested by the commission to the commission within thirty days following the date of issuance of the request or within such other time as the commission may direct. Failure to timely submit any of the requested supplemental information to the commission shall be grounds for denial of the license sought, and for revocation of any licenses held. [Order 12, § 230-04-151, filed 2/14/74.]

**WAC 230-04-170 Applicants—Qualifications.** Where a married person is an applicant for, or holder of a license, the spouse of such applicant, if the parties are maintaining a marital community, shall be required to have the same qualifications as the applicant. [Order 5, § 230-04-170, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-04-175 License does not grant vested right.** The issuance of any license by the commission shall not be construed as granting a vested right in any of the privileges so conferred. [Order 25, § 230-04-175, filed 10/23/74; Order 12, § 230-04-175, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-175, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-04-180 Fingerprinting and background checks.** The commission may require as a condition precedent to the issuance of any license or any permit, fingerprinting and background checks on any person seeking a license or for whom a permit is sought, or employees thereof, of any person holding an interest in any gambling activity, building or equipment to be used therefor, or of any person participating as an employee in the operation of any gambling activity. Such fingerprints as are required by the commission may be submitted to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation and to the Washington state bureau of criminal identification in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests and convictions of the individuals fingerprinted.

The applicant, or the person for whom a permit is requested, shall give full cooperation to the commission and shall assist the commission in all aspects of its investigation. [Order 5, § 230-04-180, filed 12/19/73.]

**WAC 230-04-190 Issuance of license.** (1) Charitable and nonprofit organizations and agricultural fairs. The commission may issue a license to qualified bona fide charitable or to qualified bona fide nonprofit organizations or to qualified agricultural fairs to operate each of the following activities upon a specified location:

(a) Bingo
(b) Raffles
(c) Amusement games
(d) Punchboards and pull tabs
(e) To allow its premises to be used only by bona fide members and guests to play authorized card games.

The operation of each of these activities shall require a separate license from the commission.

(2) Fund raising event as defined in RCW 9.46.020. The commission may issue a license to a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization defined in RCW 9.46.020, other than any agricultural fair defined therein, to conduct fund raising events.

(3) Special amusement game license. The commission may issue a license to any person, association or organization other than a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization to conduct amusement games only at one or more of the locations set out by the commission in WAC 230-20-380.

(4) Commercial stimulant card games. The commission may issue a license to persons operating a business primarily engaged in the selling of items of food or drink for consumption on the premises operating under the authority of a license or permit for the business issued by the state, district or local health officer, and/or a license issued by the Washington state liquor control board, to allow a specified portion of a specified premises to be used by persons to play authorized card games.

(5) Commercial stimulant punchboards and pull tabs. The commission may issue a license to a person operating a business primarily engaged in the selling of items of food or drink for consumption on the premises operating under the authority of a license or permit for the
business issued by the state, district or local health officer, and/or a license issued by the Washington state liquor control board, to operate punchboards and pull tabs upon specified premises.

(6) Punchboard and pull tab manufacturer and distributor. The commission may issue a separate license to:
   (a) Punchboard and pull tab manufacturers,
   (b) Distributors to sell and distribute punchboards and pull tabs and related equipment within the state of Washington,
   (c) Manufacturer’s representatives to sell and distribute punchboards and pull tabs and related equipment on behalf of the manufacturer in the state of Washington, and
   (d) Distributor’s representatives to sell and distribute punchboards and pull tabs and related equipment on behalf of the distributor in the state of Washington.

(7) License expiration. Each such license shall be valid for one year from the date that it is issued: Provided, That
   (a) Licenses issued to conduct any authorized activity in connection with and upon the site of a qualified agricultural fair, qualified community-wide civic festival, qualified world’s fair, or qualified civic center shall be valid only for the duration of the fair or festival, or, in the case of an activity at a civic center, for the seasons during which the civic center is operating and open to the public. In no event shall such license exceed one calendar year.
   (b) Licenses issued for card tournaments shall be valid only for the duration of the tournament, but in no event shall exceed ten consecutive days.
   (c) Licenses issued for fund raising events shall be valid only for the duration of the fund raising event as set forth in the application, but in no event shall exceed three consecutive days, once each calendar year, or in the alternative, shall not exceed one calendar day no more than twice each calendar year.
   (d) If the licensee fails to renew the license prior to the expiration date, the license shall expire. The licensee must reapply for license according to the statutory and regulatory conditions then in force as would any other person.

(8) Conditions of license issuance. All activities so licensed are licensed subject to compliance with all of the applicable provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, including any amendments thereto, all applicable rules and regulations passed by the commission, all other applicable laws of the United States, the state of Washington and all political subdivisions of the state of Washington.

WAC 230–04–191 Permits required for persons conducting bingo at agricultural fairs. Before bingo is conducted at an agricultural fair, by a person or persons other than members of the licensee, or employees or volunteers working solely for the licensee, the licensee shall obtain, in addition to its own license, the approval of the commission of, and a permit from the commission for, each such person to operate said games.

Permits shall be applied for by the licensee by fully completing and returning to the commission its application form entitled "application for permit to conduct activity at agricultural fair", together with the fee required for each permit. The licensee is responsible for the operation of each activity conducted under the authority of its license and any violation by any one of the operators of the licensed activities within the fair or any of the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendments thereto, or of the rules of this commission, shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of both the license and any permits issued thereunder.

No activity for which a license is required shall be conducted other than by the licensee, its members or employees or volunteers working solely for the licensee without the required permit having been first obtained and being prominently displayed as required elsewhere in these rules.

Permits issued by the commission under this rule shall be for the duration of the fair but in no event shall exceed one calendar year. [Order 53, § 230–04–191, filed 5/25/76; Order 23, § 230–04–191, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–04–192 Person to hold one bingo license and one amusement game license at a time. No licensee shall hold more than one license to conduct bingo, nor more than one license to conduct amusement games. Each such license shall authorize the conduct of the activity only upon the premises shown on the license. [Order 9, § 230–04–192, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–04–193 Persons may obtain an annual permit to conduct bingo at agricultural fairs only. (1) An operator of bingo games may apply to the commission for a permit approving that operator to conduct bingo games at licensed agricultural fairs only. Such a permit shall be valid only when such games are conducted under an agreement with a fair holding a bingo license from the commission.

(2) It shall not be necessary for a licensed fair to obtain a permit on behalf of an operator under WAC 230–04–191 when the operator possesses a permit including the applicable event and location which has been obtained under this rule. However, the management of each agricultural fair licensee shall not be relieved from full and concurrent responsibility for the fair and lawful operation of bingo conducted under the authority of its license and any violation by any one of the permittees of any of the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendments thereto, or of the rules of the commission, shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license.

(3) Applications for these annual permits shall be submitted by the operator upon the application forms developed therefor by the commission. All information required by the commission or its staff shall be submitted in accordance with the procedures and subject to the same conditions as an application for a license under these rules. A change in the information furnished to the commission shall be made known to the commission in
writing by the owner or chief executive officer of the operator within ten days of the change.

(4) Persons holding these permits who have contracted with a licensee to operate bingo shall notify, in writing, the county sheriff of each county, or the chief of police of each city, in which he will operate these games, of the times and locations at which they will be operated not later than ten days prior to operating any such games in that jurisdiction. The employment records of the permittee shall be made available to such local law enforcement officers upon demand.

(5) The fee for each annual permit obtained under this section shall be $100, which shall be tendered together with the application. The fee is not refundable irrespective of whether or not a permit is granted or later revoked. [Order 53, § 230–04–193, filed 5/25/76; Order 23, § 230–04–193, filed 9/23/74; Order 15, § 230–04–193, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230–04–194 Denial or revocation of annual operator permit for special locations—Grounds and effect. Permits granting approval obtained under WAC 230–04–191 or 230–04–193 may be denied or revoked by the commission for the same reasons as set forth under WAC 230–04–400. However, denial or revocation of such an annual permit shall not bar an application being submitted to the commission by a licensee on behalf of that operator for the commission’s approval of, and permit for, the operator to conduct bingo at a particular event under WAC 230–04–191. The commission will consider its reasons for denying or revoking the annual permit at the time it considers a subsequent application on behalf of that operator to conduct bingo games at a particular agricultural fair or other location. [Order 53, § 230–04–194, filed 5/25/76; Order 23, § 230–04–194, filed 9/23/74; Order 21, § 230–04–194, filed 8/20/74; Order 15, § 230–04–194, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230–04–196 The commission may issue class A or B bingo operator’s licenses authorizing the conduct of the games at up to three separate locations. The commission may issue class A and B licenses to operate bingo games at up to three specific separate locations to a qualified organization. [Order 35, § 230–04–196, filed 3/14/75.]

WAC 230–04–197 Permits for raffles on separate premises. A person holding class "C" through class "F" licenses to conduct raffles may hold drawings connected with such raffles at a location other than the premises for which the license is issued only after obtaining a permit to do so from the commission in advance of conducting each such raffle.

Application for such permit must be made by the licensee no later than thirty days prior to any promotion or sale of tickets connected with the raffle and no such activity shall be undertaken prior to receipt by the licensee of the permit. Application shall be made upon a form provided by the commission. The form shall require, among other things, the following:

(a) The name of the applicant–licensee, the number of its license to conduct raffles and the address for which the license is issued;

(b) The address of the premises upon which it will conduct the drawing for the subject raffle and a list of the name and address of each owner of such premises;

(c) Details of any rental or lease arrangements between the applicant–licensee or any of its members and the owner(s) of the premises upon which the drawing is to be held;

(d) The inclusive dates that the raffle will be conducted and the date the drawing will be held;

(e) If the raffle is being held by a subdivision of the licensee, then the name of the subdivision and an explanation of the subdivision’s status as a part of the applicant–licensee;

(f) The name and address of each person who will participate in managing the raffle or is responsible for keeping the financial records of the applicant–licensee with respect to the proceeds of the raffle together with a "personal information form" for each such person if one has not been filed with the commission.

A fee of ten dollars shall be included with each application for each raffle, which shall be in addition to the license fee previously paid.

The permit issued by the commission shall be conspicuously posted and displayed upon the premises at all times during the occasion when the drawing is being conducted. [Order 9, § 230–04–197, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–04–200 License fees. The following fees shall be paid to the commission for licenses, and permits, issued by the commission. For the operation of:

(1) BINGO

(a) Class A – five hundred dollars or less annual net receipts – $20.

(b) Class B – over five hundred dollars through five thousand dollars annual net receipts – $50.

(c) Class C – over five thousand dollars through fifteen thousand dollars annual net receipts – $250.

(d) Class D – over fifteen thousand dollars through twenty-five thousand dollars annual net receipts – $350.

(e) Class E – over twenty-five thousand dollars through fifty thousand dollars annual net receipts – $750.

(f) Class F – over fifty thousand dollars through one hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $1,500.

(g) Class G – over one hundred thousand dollars through five hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $3,000.

(h) Class H – over five hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $10,000.

(2) RAFFLES

(a) Class C – five hundred dollars or less annual net receipts – $20.

(b) Class D – over five hundred dollars, but not over five thousand dollars, annual net receipts – $50.

(c) Class E – over five thousand dollars through fifteen thousand dollars annual net receipts – $250.

(d) Class F – over fifteen thousand dollars annual net receipts – $350.
(3) AMUSEMENT GAMES – by bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations.
   (a) Class A – five hundred dollars or less annual net receipts – $20.
   (b) Class B – over five hundred dollars through one thousand dollars annual net receipts – $25.
   (c) Class C – over one thousand dollars through five thousand dollars annual net receipts – $50.
   (d) Class D – over five thousand dollars through fifteen thousand dollars annual net receipts – $150.
   (e) Class E – over fifteen thousand dollars annual net receipts – $350.

(4) FUND RAISING EVENT AS DEFINED IN RCW 94.66.020 – by bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations.
   (a) Class A – one calendar day – not to exceed five thousand dollars annual net receipts – $50.
   (b) Class B – more than one calendar day not to exceed three consecutive days, once each calendar year – not to exceed five thousand dollars annual net receipts – $100.

(5) SPECIAL LOCATION AMUSEMENT GAMES – other than bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations.
   (a) Class A – one event per year lasting no more than 12 consecutive days – $100.
   (b) Class B – twenty-five thousand dollars or less annual net receipts – $250.
   (c) Class C – over twenty-five thousand dollars through one hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $750.
   (d) Class D – over one hundred thousand dollars through five hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $1500.
   (e) Class E – over five hundred thousand dollars annual net receipts – $3000.

(6) CARD GAMES – bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations.
   (a) Class A – general (fee to play charged) – $250.
   (b) Class B – limited card games – to hearts, rummy, pitch, pinochle, coon-can and/or cribbage (fee to play charged) – $100.
   (c) Class C – tournament only (no more than ten consecutive days) per tournament – $35.
   (d) Class D – general (no fee is charged a player to play cards) – $35.
   (e) Class E – general – up to five tables – $500.

(7) CARD GAMES – commercial stimulant – each licensee per premises.
   (a) Class A – general – up to three tables – $250.
   (b) Class B – limited card games to hearts, rummy, pitch, pinochle, coon-can and/or cribbage (fee to play charged) – $100.
   (c) Class C – tournament only (no more than ten consecutive days) per tournament – $35.
   (d) Class D – general (no fee is charged a player to play cards) – $35.

(8) PERMITS – for operation by persons of authorized activity at agricultural fair or special property.
   (a) Class A – one location and event only – $10.
   (b) Class B – annual permit for specified different events and locations – $100.

(9) PUNCHBOARDS AND PULL TABS – each licensee, per premises – $300.
(10) Manufacturer license – $1250.
(11) Distributor license – $1000.
(12) Distributor's representative license – $100.
(13) Manufacturer's representative license – $100.

The term annual net receipts as used above means net receipts from the activity licensed only, during the license year. [Order 78, § 230-04-200, filed 11/17/77; Order 51, § 230-04-200, filed 4/30/76; Order 45, § 230-04-200, filed 12/30/75; Order 42, § 230-04-200, filed 9/18/75; Order 40, § 230-04-200, filed 6/26/75; Order 23, § 230-04-200, filed 9/23/74; Order 12, § 230-04-200, filed 2/14/74; Order 9, § 230-04-200, filed 12/19/73 at 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-04-200, filed 12/19/73 at 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-04-210 Withdrawal of application. An application for any license may be withdrawn by the applicant by submitting to the commission a written notice of withdrawal of the application. To be effective, such written notices must be actually received in the office of the commission in Olympia by 5:00 p.m. the day prior to issuance or denial of the license by the commission or its delegate.

The fact that an application for a license has previously been withdrawn shall not prejudice any future application for a license from the commission. [Order 5, § 230-04-210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-220 Prorating and refunding of fees—Discontinuance of business. (1) Unless otherwise provided by law, there will be no prorating of any license fee.
(2) Upon denial or withdrawal of an application for license, adoption or change of trade name, or change of location, the commission shall retain that portion of the fee tendered therewith as is necessary to offset its costs of processing and investigating the propriety of issuance of the license. [Order 51, § 230-04-220, filed 4/30/76; Order 46, § 230-04-220, filed 2/13/76; Order 5, § 230-04-220, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-230 Intentional understating anticipated revenue—Prohibited. It shall constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of a license if any applicant for license to conduct bingo, raffles and/or amusement games shall intentionally understate the anticipated net receipts from the licensed activity for the purpose of qualifying for a license at a lower fee than would be required had a proper estimate been made. [Order 42, § 230-04-230, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-04-230, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-240 Special investigation fee. In addition to the basic license or permit fees, the commission may require payment of such additional license fees as are necessary to defray the costs of background investigations of applicants for whom adequate background information sources are not readily available, including, but not limited to, applicants who have not resided in the
state of Washington for at least one year. The commission may require payment of the estimated additional license fee in advance as a condition precedent to beginning the investigation.

The commission shall notify the applicant as soon as possible after it makes the determination that such additional fee is necessary and shall further notify the applicant of the commission's best estimate of what such additional license fee will be: Provided, That such estimate shall not be binding upon the commission. Any applicant may then withdraw his application if he so chooses, as provided under WAC 230-04-210 and 230-04-220. [Order 5, § 230-04-240, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-255 Director may issue temporary licenses not to exceed sixty days. The director may issue a temporary license by the commission upon the administrative approval of the application for a license to conduct such activity for a period not to exceed sixty days. If the application is approved by the commission during the sixty day period, such temporary license will be replaced with the issuance of a license to expire one year from the date of the temporary license issued by the director under this provision. [Order 12, § 230-04-255, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-04-260 Effect of exceeding bingo, raffles or amusement games licenses class income limit. If a licensee for the conduct of bingo, raffles and/or amusement games should exceed the license's class limit on annual net receipts from the licensed activity, the license shall automatically expire. As soon as it is apparent to the licensee that such limit will be or has been exceeded he shall immediately notify the commission and shall apply for the license class which is proper, submitting the basic fee required therefor, plus an additional fee of twenty percent of such basic fee, less the amount originally submitted for the previous license.

Any such additional license issued by the commission shall be valid only for the period which remains in the term of the previous license at the time such additional license is issued. [Order 42, § 230-04-260, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-04-260, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-270 Bad checks submitted as payment of fees. The submission in payment of a license fee of a check which for any reason is not promptly paid by the drawee bank shall be grounds for immediate denial of an application for the license, or for the suspension or revocation of a license issued for which the fee is due. The commission shall add fifteen dollars to each license fee when payment of a check originally submitted is denied by the drawee bank, or when the check is required to be resubmitted for payment for any reason. [Order 5, § 230-04-270, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-280 Notification to law enforcement. Each licensee for the operation of an authorized gambling activity, within ten days after issuance of the license and before initially conducting any activity under the license, shall notify, in writing, the law enforcement agencies set forth below of the name and address of the licensee, the address where the activity will be conducted, the type of activity licensed, the date the activity shall first be conducted, and if the activity is planned to be conducted on a regular basis, the proposed schedule for the operation of the activity.

When the activity is to be conducted within a city or town, the local police agency shall be notified, and when the activity is to be conducted within a county, then the sheriff's office shall be notified.

No activity shall be initially conducted until such notification has been made. [Order 5, § 230-04-280, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-290 Loss or destruction of licenses, permits, etc.—Fees. Upon the loss or destruction of any license granted by the commission to conduct gambling activities in the state of Washington, application for a duplicate must be made to the commission upon a form to be supplied by the commission. A notarized affidavit signed by the chief executive officer of a corporation or by each of the owners of a profit making business which details the circumstances under which the license was lost or destroyed and certifies that such license was, in fact, lost or destroyed, shall accompany such application. The fee for replacement of a license shall be ten dollars. [Order 5, § 230-04-290, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-300 One annual change of premises allowed for bingo. A bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization, except agricultural fairs, which has obtained an annual license from the commission to conduct bingo games upon a specified premise may, not more often than once during each annual period for which it is licensed, make written application to the commission for permission to conduct bingo, not to exceed three consecutive days, and not to exceed twelve consecutive hours per each day, at a location other than is authorized under its license.

Such application may be by letter, signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The letter shall set out the name and address of the location upon which the bingo occasion would be conducted, the desired inclusive dates, the names and addresses of all persons who have an interest of any kind in those premises, the amount of rent, if any, that would be paid for the use of the premises and the basis upon which that rent was computed and a detailed explanation of why the change of location is being requested.

The application shall be made not less than fifteen calendar days prior to the date of the bingo occasion.

If the commission approves, the applicant will be notified by mail and provided with a permit for the event by the commission. The permit shall be prominently displayed upon the premises during the event.

The fee of five dollars shall be charged for processing the application, which shall accompany the written application letter and which shall be retained by the commission whether or not the permit is issued. [Order 29, § 230-04-300, filed 1/23/75; Order 5, § 230-04-300, filed 12/19/73.]
WAC 230-04-310 Change of name. No licensee shall adopt or make a change in a trade or corporate name without notifying the commission at least thirty days prior to the effective date of such change. Each such change shall be made subject to the approval of the commission. The fee for such adoption or change of name shall be ten dollars. [Order 5, § 230-04-310, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-320 Change of location. No change of location of licensed premises shall be made without the written consent of the commission. The fee for such change will be twenty-five dollars: Provided, That persons operating amusement games under a special amusement game license issued pursuant to WAC 230-04-190(2) shall pay no fee for adding to or deleting from the list of locations for which that license was issued. [Order 60, § 230-04-320, filed 9/10/76; Order 21, § 230-04-320, filed 8/20/74; Order 5, § 230-04-320, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-330 Change of management. No licensee shall make, or allow, a change in the management, directors, officers, or any other person holding a position with that licensee wherein he makes any management decision directly affecting the operation of any licensed gambling activity without notifying the commission in writing not more than thirty days following such change: Provided, That with respect to bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations only, notice need not be given of change in officers until the required renewal date(s) for a particular license(s), or an additional license is applied for, whichever is sooner.

Each such change is subject to the approval of the commission.

Together with a notice of such change, the commission shall be supplied with all of the information which, by law or under the rules of the commission, would have been required to be supplied to the commission respecting such director or officer, or other person in a managerial position, with the licensee had he been in such capacity at the time the application for the license was originally submitted to the commission. [Order 67, § 230-04-330, filed 3/11/77; Order 40, § 230-04-330, filed 6/26/75; Order 5, § 230-04-330, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-332 Change of employee or agent in the operation of a card room, punchboards or pull tabs. No licensee shall make or allow a change in employees or agents, including the hiring of additional persons, working in any capacity in connection with the operation of a card room, punchboards or pull tabs without notifying the commission in writing not more than ten days following such change. Each such change is subject to the approval of the commission.

Together with a notice of such change, the commission shall be supplied with all the information which, by law or under the rules of the commission, would have been required to be supplied to the commission respecting any new employee or agent had he been in such capacity at the time the application for the license was originally submitted to the commission. [Order 48, § 230-04-332, filed 3/23/76.]

WAC 230-04-340 Transfer of licenses—Prohibited. Transfers of licenses issued by the commission shall be permitted only under the following circumstances and conditions and those set out in WAC 230-04-350, upon approval by the director or the commission. Otherwise, no transfer of any license issued by the commission shall be permitted.

(1) If the licensee is a corporation, except as provided in subsection (2) below, a change in ownership of stock shall not be deemed a transfer of a license: Provided, That any change in the ownership of any stock in such corporation which results in any person or organization becoming the owner of a substantial interest therein who was not the owner of a substantial interest immediately preceding the transaction, or which involves ten percent or more of any class of stock, shall be reported to the commission within ten days of the close of such transaction, together with such information concerning the person or persons receiving such stock as the director may require.

(2) Where a change in the ownership of the stock of any corporate licensee results in any person, together with any members of his or her immediate family, or results in any organization, becoming the owner of a majority of the voting shares of that corporation who or which had not held a substantial interest in the corporation immediately prior to the change in ownership, gambling licenses held by that corporation shall immediately terminate and be void. In such cases a new license must be obtained from the commission prior to the operation of any gambling activity requiring a license.

(3) Licenses issued to other than bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations may be transferred to a business entity wholly owned by the same person or persons who owned the business entity to which the license was originally issued, or by their spouses or children under the age of eighteen and residing at the family home or by others possessing less than a substantial interest in the business to which the license transfer is sought, but only when the licensed activity will be conducted on the same premises as that for which the license was issued.

(4) Transfers will not be permitted when any person owning or holding a substantial interest in any of the entities to which transfer is sought is not qualified to hold a gambling license.

The license or licenses of any corporation in which a person holds or acquires a substantial interest will be revoked when such person is not qualified to hold a gambling license.

The fee for transfer of the license under this rule shall be $35. [Order 68, § 230-04-340, filed 4/25/77; Order 40, § 230-04-340, filed 6/26/75; Order 5, § 230-04-340, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-350 Death or incapacity of licensee. In the event of the proven incapacity, death, receivership, bankruptcy or assignment for benefit of creditors
of any licensee, upon approval of the director or commission the license may be transferred to a court appointed or court confirmed guardian, executor or administrator, receiver, trustee, or assignee for the benefit of creditors, who may continue to operate the activity under the license, subject to the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW and the commission's rules.

The person to whom a license is transferred hereunder must be otherwise qualified to hold a gambling license.

The license following transfer shall be subject to regular renewal based upon its original expiration date and shall be void upon that person ceasing to hold such a court appointed, or court confirmed, position.

The fee for transfer of the license under this rule shall be $35. [Order 68, § 230-04-350, filed 4/25/77; Order 5, § 230-04-350, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-400 Denial, suspension or revocation of licenses. The commission may deny a license, or permit, to any applicant, or may suspend or revoke any and all licenses or permits of any holder when such person, or any other person with any interest in the applicant for, or holder of, such license or permit:

(1) Has violated, failed or refused to comply with the provisions, requirements, conditions, limitations or duties imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW and any amendments thereto, or any rules adopted by the commission pursuant thereto;

(2) Knowingly causes, aids, abets, or conspires with another to cause, any person to violate any of the laws of this state or the rules of the commission;

(3) Has obtained a license or permit by fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, or through inadvertence or mistake;

(4) Has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon a charge of, or pleaded guilty to, forgery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, willful failure to make required payments or reports to a governmental agency at any level, or filing false reports therewith, or of any similar offense or offenses, or of any crime, whether a felony or misdemeanor involving any gambling activity or involving moral turpitude;

(5) Denies the commission or its authorized representatives, including authorized local law enforcement agencies, access to any place where a licensed activity is conducted or who fails promptly to produce for inspection or audit any book, record, or document required by law or regulation;

(6) Shall fail to display its license on the premises where the licensed activity is conducted at all times during the operation of the licensed activity;

(7) Makes a misrepresentation of, or fails to disclose, a material fact to the commission;

(8) When other than a nonprofit organization operates punchboards or pull tabs, or operates or allows card games at any time other than as a commercial stimulant;

(9) Fails to provide at the office of the commission any information required under the commission's rules within the time required therefor by applicable rule, or if no maximum time has been established respecting the particular kind of information by other rule then within 30 days after receiving a written request therefor from the commission or its staff;

(10) Allows any person who has been convicted of, or forfeited bond upon, any of the offenses set out in (4) above to participate in the management or operation of any activity regulated by the commission without prior written approval of the commission or its director. [Order 51, § 230-04-400, filed 4/30/76; Order 45, § 230-04-400, filed 12/30/75; Order 42, § 230-04-400, filed 9/18/75; Order 33, § 230-04-400, filed 2/21/75; Order 23, § 230-04-400, filed 9/23/74; Order 12, § 230-04-400, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-04-400, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-410 Return of license suspended or revoked. Upon suspension or revocation of any license issued by the commission, the licensee shall immediately surrender and return the license to the commission. If such license is not received by the commission by the effective date of such suspension or revocation, the authorized representatives of the commission may enter the premises of the licensee and may enter the premises for which the license is issued for the purpose of retrieving said license: Provided, That the commission has notified the licensee in writing of the suspension or revocation of the license not less than five days prior to any such attempt to enter such premises to recover the license. [Order 33, § 230-04-410, filed 2/21/75; Order 5, § 230-04-410, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-450 Display of licenses. All licenses or permits granted by the commission shall be prominently displayed at all times upon the licensed premises in such position as they may be observed by persons participating in gambling activities on the licensed premises, except as may otherwise be provided by these rules. [Order 5, § 230-04-450, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-04-500 Local gambling prohibitions. The commission shall issue no license to engage in any gambling activity in a county or city after the commission has been adequately notified in writing by the governing body of such county or city that the activity has been prohibited. [Order 23, § 230-04-500, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-04-500, filed 12/19/73.]

Chapter 230-08 WAC

RECORDS AND REPORTS

WAC

230-08-010 Operator records.
230-08-015 Certain lower volume licensees may meet reduced record keeping requirements.
230-08-020 Distributor's records.
230-08-030 Manufacturer's records.
230-08-040 Daily records—Bingo.
230-08-050 Daily records—Card games.
230-08-095 Minimum standards for class C and larger bingo games—Monthly and annual accounting records.
230-08-100 Political contributions of licensees to be reported.
230-08-120 Quarterly activity report by operators of bingo, raffles, and amusement games.
230-08-130 Quarterly activity reports by operators of punch boards and pull tabs.

[Title 230 WAC—p 15]
Chapter 230-08  Title 230 WAC:  Washington State Gambling Commission

230-08-140 Quarterly activity reports by distributors.
230-08-150 Quarterly activity reports by manufacturers.
230-08-160 Quarterly activity reports by operators of social and public card rooms.
230-08-170 Punchboard and pull tab retention.
230-08-200 All records subject to commission audit.
230-08-240 Annual activity reports by special location amuse-
ment game licensees other than bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations.
230-08-250 Annual activity reports by agricultural fairs and other
bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations with
special location licenses to conduct bingo, raffles,
and amusement games.
230-08-260 Fund raising—Activity report required.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS
CHAPTER

230-08-230 Report required of certain sales. [Order 5, § 230-08-
230, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by Order 14, filed 3/27/74.

WAC 230-08-010 Operator records. Every person
licensed to operate an authorized activity shall keep and maintain a set of permanent records of all of the activities of the licensee related to conducting the licensed activity. These records shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all details of the following, by month:

(1) The gross receipts from the conduct of each of the activities licensed.
(2) Full details on all expenses related to each of the activities licensed.
(3) The total cost of all prizes paid out for each of the activities licensed.
(4) With respect to those licensees receiving such licenses as qualified bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations, except agricultural fairs, records which clearly show in detail how those proceeds from each licensed activity obtained by the licensee were used or disbursed by that licensee.
(5) With respect to operators of punchboards and pull tabs, the licensee shall record for each punchboard and series of pull tabs the following:
   (a) The Washington state identification stamp number issued by the commission and placed thereon;
   (b) The date placed out for play;
   (c) The date removed from play;
   (d) The gross receipts; and
   (e) The cost of prizes paid.
(6) Copies of all additional financial data which supports tax reports to any and all governmental agencies.

Each of these records shall be maintained for a period not less than three years from the end of the fiscal year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular records. [Order 74, § 230-08-010, filed 8/17/77; Order 18, § 230-08-010, filed 5/21/74; Order 9, § 230-08-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230-08-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-08-015 Certain lower volume licensees may meet reduced record keeping requirements. Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 230-08-010, persons holding licenses issued under the classes and circumstances set out in WAC 230-04-065 and persons operating without a license under RCW 9.46.030(2) or (3) need only keep a set of permanent records of all of the activities of the licensee related to conducting the licensed activity which includes the following, by month:

(1) The gross receipts from the conduct of each licensed activity;
(2) The total amount of cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for each licensed activity;
(3) A summary of all expenses related to each of the activities licensed; and
(4) The net income received by the licensee from the licensed activity with a designation of the purposes for which the net income was raised and the amount paid each recipient of any part of the net income.

An annual summary of these records shall be signed and submitted by each licensee for each separate licensed activity on a form supplied by the commission. The report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the expiration of such organization's license year.

These records shall be maintained by the licensee for a period of not less than three years from the end of the license year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular record. Persons operating under RCW 9.46.030(2) or (3) without a license shall maintain the above records for a period of one year. [Order 70, § 230-08-015, filed 5/24/77; Order 53, § 230-08-015, filed 5/25/76; Order 29, § 230-08-015, filed 1/23/75; Order 21, § 230-08-015, filed 8/20/74; Order 14, § 230-08-015, filed 3/27/74.]

WAC 230-08-020 Distributor's records. Every licensed distributor shall keep and maintain a complete set of records which include all details of all of the activities of the licensee related to the conducting of the licensed activity. These records shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all details of the following, by month:

(1) The full name and business address of each person to whom the licensee has sold or distributed any device or equipment, or portion thereof, which could be used to operate any activity authorized under these rules, including but not limited to, punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices, and merchandise to be used as prizes in connection therewith when such sales are made within the state of Washington or for use or distribution of such device, equipment or merchandise within the state of Washington.
(2) The gross amount of money of each of these sales to each of these persons, together with the price charged for each of the items sold.
(3) A full description of each of the devices or equipment sold, together with the quantity of each kind sold, for each sale to each of these persons. When punchboards, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices are sold, this description shall include the number or symbol from the stamp obtained from the commission for each of the punchboards, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices included in such sale. [Order 21, § 230-08-020, filed 8/20/74; Order 18, § 230-08-020, filed 5/21/74; Order 9, § 230-08-020, filed 12/19/73,

[Title 230 WAC—p 16]
1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230–08–020, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

**WAC 230–08–030 Manufacturer's records.** Every licensed manufacturer shall keep and maintain a complete set of records which include details of all of the activities of the licensee related to sales of his products within the state of Washington or for use within this state. These records shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all the details of the following, by month:

1. The full name and business address of each person to which sales of devices or equipment, or portions thereof, of any kind which could be used to operate any of the gambling activities authorized under these rules, for each sale made within the state of Washington or when the products and equipment were sold for distribution or use within this state.

2. The gross amount of money of each of the sales of such device or equipment to each of these persons, together with the price charged for each of the items sold.

3. A full description of each of the devices or equipment sold, together with the quantity of each kind sold, for each sale to each of these persons and the date of each transaction. When punch boards, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices are sold, this description shall include the number or symbol from the stamp obtained from the commission for each of the punch boards, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices included in such sale.

4. A complete and accumulative record of all persons, whether or not residents of this state, who have solicited sales, or are soliciting sales, of such devices or equipment in this state or from any person in this state, together with the inclusive dates of the association with the licensee and the last known address of each of these salespersons or agents of the licensee.

Each of these records shall be maintained for a period of not less than three years from the end of the licensee's fiscal year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular records. [Order 14, § 230–08–030, filed 3/27/74; Order 9, § 230–08–030, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230–08–030, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

**WAC 230–08–080 Daily records—Bingo.** In addition to any other requirement set forth in these rules, licensees for the operation of bingo shall be required to prepare a detailed record covering each occasion: Provided, That operators of bingo games conducted at qualified agricultural fairs and other special locations shall be exempt from this rule, but will be required to keep all operator records by location in order to properly report all information as required by WAC 230–08–250. This detailed daily record shall be recorded in a standard format prescribed by the commission, shall disclose the following information and be retained for a period of not less than three years:

1. The gross receipts collected for each separate type of sale, of any kind, for bingo games including, but not limited to, regular games, early bird games, blackout games, special games, or pick up games. These gross receipts are to be supported by proper receiving records as required by WAC 230–20–100.

2. The amount paid out on each separate bingo game supported by the licensee's copy of the prize receipts issued as required by WAC 230–20–100. Where a prize is awarded other than cash, such as merchandise or a trip, the amount for such prize shall be its actual cost to the licensee. Each prize awarded other than cash shall be fully described in these records.

3. A statement of the daily net receipts from the licensed activity accruing to the organization, supported by a validated copy of the bank deposit receipt.

4. The cash on hand at the commencement and the conclusion of each occasion, along with a reconciliation of cash to the daily net receipts for each occasion.

5. An attendance record indicating the number of people participating and the time the attendance count was made.

Items 1 through 5 shall be recorded during the course of each session and this record shall be signed immediately following its completion by the person or persons preparing the daily record and by the bingo manager. [Order 74, § 230–08–080, filed 8/17/77; Order 43, § 230–08–080, filed 11/28/75; Order 15, § 230–08–080, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230–08–080, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

**WAC 230–08–090 Daily records—Card games.** In addition to any other requirements set forth in these rules, licensees to allow certain premises to be used by persons to play cards shall be required to prepare a detailed record covering each occasion and maintain the record for a period of three years. The following information shall be included at a minimum:

1. The amount of the fee per hour or other time charged by the licensee for a person to play cards; and

2. The gross amount received from such fees on that day; and

3. The gross amount paid out as prizes in tournament play; and

4. The types of card games played that day. [Order 23, § 230–08–090, filed 9/23/74.]

**WAC 230–08–095 Minimum standards for class C and larger bingo games—Monthly and annual accounting records.** A double entry accounting system shall be maintained by all bingo licensees, except class A and B:

1. This system shall include all receipts and disbursements of the licensee, including but not limited to, those related to bingo, and shall conform to generally accepted accounting principles. The system shall be the same system as the licensee uses as the basis for its reporting to the U.S. internal revenue service on its form 990.

The cash basis or modified cash basis shall be acceptable accounting system methods only as long as they accurately represent the results of operations. The preferable method of accounting shall be the accrual method. The accrual method is mandatory where the licensee has substantial or material liabilities.

[Title 230 WAC—p 17]
At minimum, the double entry system shall include a general ledger, a monthly cash disbursements journal (check register) and a monthly sales journal (cash receipt journal).

(2) All expenditures by the licensee, both respecting its expenditures relating to gambling, and nongambling activities, shall be documented by invoices or appropriate supporting documents. [Order 45, § 230–08–095, filed 12/30/75.]

WAC 230–08–100 Political contributions of licensees to be reported. Each licensee shall file with the commission a report fully disclosing each gift or contribution of money, or other thing of value, made directly or indirectly by the licensee or the licensee's spouse, or by any person having a substantial interest in the licensee, to, or for the benefit of:

1. Any candidate for public office or any public officeholder; or

2. Any committee or association of persons formed to promote to encourage any candidate or candidates for, or holder or holders of, any public office; or

3. Any person or association actually advocating any legislation or administrative rule, or any changes therein.

These reports shall be filed in the office of the commission within ten calendar days after each gift or contribution is made, or if the gift or contribution is made within three weeks prior to any election of the candidate for public office or the balloting on any legislative or referendum or other ballot issue for or to which the gift or contribution is made, then the report shall be filed within three days after each gift or contribution is made.

The filing herein shall reflect all such gifts or contributions made prior to the time of the report. The report shall be made under oath on a form obtained from the commission. No report need cover any period of time which is covered by a previous report filed with the gambling commission.

The report shall at minimum include the following for each gift or contribution:

(a) The amount of the gift or contribution, or a description and the retail value if other than cash; and

(b) The name of the person for whose benefit the gift or contribution was made; and

(c) The name of the person or association to whom the gift or contribution was actually made; and

(d) The name of the person or association actually making the gift or contribution; and

(e) The date the contribution was made.

Provided, That gifts or contributions made directly to a recognized political party in the state of Washington for general party purposes and not for the benefit of a specific candidate or candidates, and gifts or contributions for the benefit of a specific person or persons or for the benefit of any initiative, referendum or ballot issue which accumulate to less than five dollars in any calendar year shall be exempt from this reporting requirement.

Provided further, That licensed, dues paying members of bona fide trade associations which are not principally formed for the purpose of influencing candidates for public office, public officeholders, legislation, or administrative rules and are not principally formed for the purpose of representing, speaking for or advising licensees of the commission are exempted from this reporting requirement concerning the funds paid to the trade association only, if:

(a) The trade association is registered as a political committee, or its authorized representative is registered as a lobbyist, with the Washington state public disclosure commission and copies of all reports furnished by the trade association, its registered lobbyist, or both to the public disclosure commission are furnished to the gambling commission at the same time they are required to be filed with the public disclosure commission;

(b) Such exemption is specifically granted by the Washington state gambling commission to the trade association's dues paying members; and

(c) The trade association agrees in writing to open its financial records relating to dues, voluntary donations, gifts, contributions or other sources of income or expenditures for inspection by the gambling commission at any time, with or without notice. [Order 23, § 230–08–100, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–08–120 Quarterly activity report by operators of bingo, raffles, and amusement games. Each licensee for the operation of bingo, raffles, or amusement games conducted by a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations, shall submit a separate activity report to the commission concerning the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

1. The gross receipts from each activity: Provided, that bingo operators' quarterly reports shall reflect gross receipts by month.

2. The total amount of cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out: Provided, That bingo operators report payouts by month.

3. The net receipts: Provided, That bingo operators' quarterly reports shall reflect net receipts by month.

4. Full details on all expenses directly related to each activity, including all compensation paid by the licensee to each person for any work connected with the management, promotion, conduct or operation of each of the

[Title 230 WAC—p 18]
licensed activities, including a description of the work performed by that person.


WAC 230–08–130 Quarterly activity reports by operators of punchboards and pull tabs. Each licensee for the operation of punchboards and pull tabs shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the owner, president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(1) The gross receipts of the licensee from all sources other than licensed gambling activities during the reporting period.

(2) The portion of the receipts set out in response to (1) above related solely to the sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises.

(3) The gross receipts from punchboards and the gross receipts from pull tabs.

(4) The total amount of cash prizes paid out and the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes paid out, for punchboards and for pull tabs.

(5) All expenses relating directly to the purchase and operation of punchboards and pull tabs excluding salaries and overhead for facilities.

(6) Total net income.

(7) Number of people employed as a direct result of the operation of punchboards or pull tabs. [Order 80, § 230–08–130, filed 12/28/77; Order 70, § 230–08–130, filed 5/24/77; Order 46, § 230–08–130, filed 2/13/76; Order 29, § 230–08–130, filed 1/23/75; Order 14, § 230–08–130, filed 3/27/74; Order 5, § 230–08–130, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–08–140 Quarterly activity reports by distributors. Each licensed distributor shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the owner, president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to

WAC 230–08–150 Quarterly activity reports by manufacturers. Each licensed manufacturer shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following periods of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report filed and the expiration date of his license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the owner, president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to
be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(1) The gross receipts from all sales of devices, equipment, or merchandise of any kind which could be used to operate, or in connection with, punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices, when such sales are made in the state of Washington or for distribution or use within the state of Washington.

(2) The quantity of each specific type of such device, equipment, or merchandise sold within the state or for distribution or use within the state of Washington by the licensee.

(3) A listing of the name and address of each person who was a manufacturer's representative for the licensee or who solicited sales of such devices or equipment for or on behalf of the licensee within the state of Washington or for use or distribution within the state.

(4) The number of employees in the state of Washington other than those listed in (3) above.

(5) A summary of the prices charged by the licensee for each specific type of such device, equipment, paraphernalia, or merchandise of any kind sold or furnished by the licensee during the period for which the report is made. If the price of a particular item has varied during the period, each such change shall be listed together with the date each such change was made. [Order 70, § 230–08–150, filed 5/24/77; Order 46, § 230–08–150, filed 2/13/76; Order 29, § 230–08–150, filed 1/23/75; Order 14, § 230–08–150, filed 3/27/74; Order 5, § 230–08–150, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–08–160 Quarterly activity reports by operators of social and public card rooms. Each licensee for the operation of social or public card rooms shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activity and other matters set forth below during each of the following period of the year:

January 1st through March 31st
April 1st through June 30th
July 1st through September 30th
October 1st through December 31st

If the licensee does not renew his license, then he shall file a report for the period between the previous report and the expiration date of his license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the end of the period for which it is made.

The report shall be signed by the owner, president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(1) The gross receipts of the licensee from all sources other than licensed gambling activities during the report period.

(2) The portion of the receipts set out in response to (1) above related solely to the sale of food and drink for consumption on the premises.

(3) Gross receipts from the collection of fees charged for allowing persons to play.

(4) Full details on all expenses directly related to the operation of the card room, including all compensation paid by the licensee to each person for any work connected with the management, promotion, conduct or operation of the card room, including a description of the work performed by that person.

(5) The net income or loss from the operation of the card room for the reporting period.

Provided, that persons licensed under Class D — general, no fee charged, need only to report their expenses annually, within 30 days following the expiration of their license year. [Order 80, § 230–08–160, filed 12/28/77; Order 70, § 230–08–160, filed 5/24/77.]

WAC 230–08–170 Punchboard and pull tab retention. Each punchboard which is removed from operation for any reason, except for surrender to the commission, shall be retained by the operator for at least six months following the last day of operation of said board and the board so removed with the prize flake attached thereto, shall remain available for inspection by the commission or its agents and local law enforcement agencies. With respect to pull tab series, when removed from operation for any reason, except for surrender to the commission, the prize display flake for that pull tab series containing the gambling commission identification stamp, together with the unused pull tabs in that series, shall be retained by the operator for at least six months following the last day of operation of said pull tab series and remain available for inspection by the commission or its agents and local law enforcement and taxing agencies. [Order 72, § 230–08–170, filed 7/26/77; Order 23, § 230–08–170, filed 9/23/74; Order 14, § 230–08–170, filed 3/27/74; Order 5, § 230–08–170, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–08–200 All records subject to commission audit. Any and all records of any person operating any activity authorized by RCW 9.46.030, or any licensed distributor or manufacturer of gambling devices, paraphernalia or equipment, or any commission permittee, its employees, any of its members that directly participate in the management, operation or promotion of an authorized activity, including but not limited to, those which are required to be kept or which relate in any manner to the conduct of any activity licensed by the commission, or of a rule of the commission, shall be subject to an audit by the commission and any of its authorized representatives, without notice: Provided, That unless otherwise provided elsewhere in these rules, such an audit must be begun between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on a weekday other than a holiday, or during the hours in which the activity is being actually operated, and performed upon the premises of the licensee where the records are located.

In the event of an audit by the commission, or any of its authorized representatives, the operator, distributor, manufacturer or permittee, shall immediately provide all such records, provide a place where such audit may be performed and render such reasonable assistance to the
commission and its representatives in inspecting such records as may be requested. [Order 53, § 230–08–200, filed 5/25/76; Order 15, § 230–08–200, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230–08–200, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–08–240 Annual activity reports by special location amusement game licensees other than bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations. Each licensee to conduct amusement games at special locations, other than bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations, shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of those amusement games and other matters set forth below for each calendar year. Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than February 28th of the following calendar year.

The report shall be signed by the owner, president, or equivalent officer and shall be submitted upon a form to be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(1) The gross receipts from amusement games by location;
(2) The total cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for amusement games by location;
(3) The net receipts from amusement games;
(4) Full details on all expenses directly related to conducting such amusement games;
(5) The net income from amusement games; and
(6) The gross receipts from the rental or leasing of space for any licensed gambling activity. [Order 74, § 230–08–240, filed 8/17/77.]

WAC 230–08–250 Annual activity reports by agricultural fairs and other bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations with special location licenses to conduct bingo, raffles, and amusement games. Each bona fide charitable or nonprofit licensee for the operation of bingo, raffles, and amusement games conducted only at agricultural fairs and other special locations shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activities and other matters set forth below for the period of their license.

Each report shall be received in the office of the commission or postmarked no later than 30 days following the expiration date of the license. All persons operating by virtue of a permit issued by the commission shall furnish to the licensee in conjunction with whom the permit is used, all information with respect to their own operation which is needed by the licensee to complete its report not less than ten days prior to the time the licensee is required to file his report with the commission.

The report shall be signed by the president, or equivalent officer, and shall be submitted upon a form to be obtained from the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the licensee or his employee, then the preparer shall also sign the report. The report shall include, among other items, the following:

(1) The gross receipts from each separate gambling activity;
(2) The total cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually paid out for each separate gambling activity;
(3) The net receipts for each separate gambling activity;
(4) Full details on all expenses directly related to each separate gambling activity;
(5) The net income from each separate gambling activity; and
(6) The gross receipts from the rental or leasing of space for any licensed gambling activities. [Order 74, § 230–08–250, filed 8/17/77.]

WAC 230–08–260 Fund raising events—Activity report required. Each licensee for the operation of fund raising events shall submit an activity report to the commission concerning the operation of the licensed activities and other matters set forth below for the period of each event. Each report shall be received in the office of the commission no later than 30 days following the authorized operating days or day. The report shall be signed by the president, or equivalent officer, and shall be submitted on a form to be provided by the commission. If the report is prepared by someone other than the president or equivalent officer of the organization, then the preparer shall sign the report also. The report shall include, among other items, the following information:

(1) The gross receipts from each separate gambling activity;
(2) Total cash prizes actually paid out and the total of the cost to the licensee of all merchandise prizes actually given out for each separate gambling activity;
(3) The net receipts for each separate gambling activity;
(4) The total net receipts;
(5) Full details of all expenses directly related to each event. [Order 78, § 230–08–260, filed 11/17/77.]

Chapter 230–12 WAC
RULES OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

WAC
230–12–010 Inspection of premises, records and devices.
230–12–030 No beer or liquor as prizes.
230–12–040 No firearms as prizes.
230–12–050 No credit to be allowed.
230–12–070 Conduct of gambling activity.
230–12–080 Licensee to maintain copy of commission's rules on premises.
230–12–200 Prohibited practices—Contracts—Gifts—Rebates, etc.
230–12–210 Prices charged by manufacturers, distributors and operators for goods and services not to be fixed by agreement.
230–12–220 Agreement requiring payment by licensee based upon percentage of receipts from authorized activity—Prohibited.
230–12–225 Repair or service not to be conditioned upon exclusive supply arrangement.
230–12–230 Agreements restricting freedom to buy and sell—Prohibited.
230–12–250 No division of territories allowed.
230–12–280 Suspension of licenses, certificates, and permits for various purposes for premises upon which violations occur.

[Title 230 WAC—p 21]
WAC 230-12-010 Inspection of premises, records and devices. All premises licensed, or any premises in any way connected physically or otherwise with a licensed business, including vehicles used in connection therewith, shall at all times be open to inspection by the commission or its authorized representatives.

At any time during which a licensed gambling activity is being operated upon a premises, the commission, and any authorized representative of the commission, may enter upon the premises without advance notice and:

1. Make a count of all monies received during the operation of the licensed activity located on the premises, inspect all receipts for income issued by the licensee, and inspect all receipts for prizes which have been awarded by the licensee.

2. Inspect any of the other records of the licensee, or of any member that directly participates in the management, operation or promotion of a licensed activity, or of any employee of the licensee, or of any operator of the licensed activity.

3. Inspect, including the dismantling of, all pieces of equipment or parts thereof, or devices of any nature, which are being used to conduct the licensed activity.

4. When the commission, or its authorized representative, finds cause to believe that there is a reasonable probability that the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW, including any amendments thereto, or any of the rules passed by the commission, have been or are being violated by the licensee, or its employees or operators, remove to another location or locations for further inspection and investigation, any and all records and any and all equipment, parts thereof, and devices of any nature located upon the premises related to the operation of the licensed activity, or any other gambling activity.

A receipt shall be issued to the licensee or operator of the activity which shall list and describe each record and each piece of equipment, or part thereof, and device which has been removed from the premises.

Each such record, piece of equipment, part thereof, and device so removed shall be returned to the premises or to the address of the licensee within ten days, except Saturdays, Sundays and state legal holidays, after its removal in as good a condition as it was in when removed, unless the commission, or the director of gambling, determines that the record, equipment or devices so removed are necessary for an ongoing investigation of possible violations of statutes or rules of the commission by the licensee, by employees of the licensee, or by operators of the licensed activity, and the commission so notifies the licensee by certified mail of this determination. [Order 57, § 230-12-010, filed 7/9/76; Order 42, § 230-12-010, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-12-010, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-030 No beer or liquor as prizes. No beverages containing alcohol, including but not limited to, beer or liquor, shall be offered or awarded as a prize in lieu of a prize for winning at any of the activities authorized by RCW 9.46.030. No such alcoholic beverages shall be furnished to any person participating in the activity by anyone except upon the participant paying the market price therefor. If liquor is offered for sale upon the premises where an authorized activity is being conducted then no one under the age of eighteen years shall be admitted to that portion of the premises used to conduct the authorized activity. The licensee and each person conducting the activity and each person physically operating the activity shall be responsible to see that no unauthorized person is admitted to that portion of the premises. [Order 51, § 230-12-030, filed 4/30/76; Order 12, § 230-12-030, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230-12-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-040 No firearms as prizes. No firearms, air guns which are capable of discharging dangerous projectiles, including but not limited to, BB’s; or CO2 guns, including but not limited to, rifles, shotguns, pistols, or revolvers; shall be offered or awarded as a prize or in lieu of a prize for winning at any of the activities authorized by RCW 9.46.030. [Order 51, § 230-12-040, filed 4/30/76; Order 12, § 230-12-040, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-12-050 No credit to be allowed. No licensee, or any of its members or employees, or any operator, conducting, or in any way participating in the conduct of any of the activities which are authorized by RCW 9.46.030 or by commission rule, shall allow a person to play that activity on credit, or shall grant a loan or gift of any kind at any time to a person playing the activity. When a person is charged consideration for the privilege of playing the activity that consideration shall be collected in full, by cash or check, in advance: Provided, That the consideration paid for the opportunity to play a punchboard or pull tab series may be collected immediately after the play is completed only when such consideration is five dollars or less: Provided further, That where a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization conducting any of the activities authorized by RCW 9.46.030 or commission rules has a regular billing system for all of the activities of its members with such organization, such billing system may be utilized in connection with the playing of any of the activities authorized hereunder if:

1. The playing of such activity is limited to regular members of such organization who have become regular members prior to the commencement of such activity and whose qualifications for membership were not dependent upon, or in any way related to, the playing of such activity; and

2. The commission has given its prior written consent to the use of such billing system in connection with the conduct of activities authorized under these rules. [Order 51, § 230-12-050, filed 4/30/76; Order 15, § 230-12-050, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230-12-050, filed 12/19/73.]
WAC 230-12-070 Conduct of gambling activity. No person operating any activity authorized by RCW 9.46-0.030 shall, directly or indirectly, in the course of such operation:

(1) Employ any device, scheme or artifice to defraud;
(2) Make any untrue statement of a fact, or omit to state a fact necessary in order to make a statement not misleading, in consideration of the circumstance under which such statement was made;
(3) Engage in any act, practice, or course of operation as would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.

[Order 53, § 230-12-070, filed 5/25/76; Order 5, § 230-12-070, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-080 Licensee to maintain copy of commission's rules on premises. Each licensee shall obtain, maintain and keep current, a copy of the rules of the commission, which shall be located upon each premises used for the conduct of a licensed activity by a licensee at all times the activity is there conducted. The rules shall be produced by the licensee and shown to any person upon demand. The fact that a licensee may not have a current copy of each of the rules of the commission shall not in any way diminish the licensee's obligation to abide by these rules. [Order 12, § 230-12-080, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230-12-200 Prohibited practices—Contracts—Gifts—Rebates, etc. (1) No contract shall be made or entered into whereby any operator or distributor agrees to deal in, purchase or operate any particular brand or brands of gambling device or equipment to the exclusion of any other brand of gambling device or equipment.

(2) No manufacturer or distributor, or his employee, shall directly or indirectly, solicit, give or offer to, or receive from any other licensee or any employee thereof, any gifts, discounts, loans of money, premiums, rebates, free merchandise of any kind, treats or services of any nature whatsoever; nor shall any licensee or employee thereof, directly or indirectly, solicit, receive from, or give or offer to any manufacturer or distributor, or his employee, any gifts, discounts, loans of money, premiums, rebates, free merchandise of any kind, treats or services of any nature whatsoever. Each licensed manufacturer or distributor of gambling devices, equipment or other gambling paraphernalia selling such items or related services in the state of Washington shall make such items or services available to all persons licensed to sell or operate such items or receive such services in Washington without discrimination and on the same prices and terms for all persons: Provided, That a manufacturer, by policy of the manufacturer, may choose to sell and provide services only to distributors: Provided further, That nondiscriminatory discounts offered to all parties on the same conditions shall be permitted.

(3) No manufacturer or distributor, or distributor's representative, shall sell to any person, or solicit from any person, any order for any device, equipment, merchandise, property or service, contingent upon that person or another purchasing or ordering some other device, equipment, merchandise, property or service. The price of any such device, equipment, merchandise, property or service charged by the licensee to another person shall not vary depending upon whether or not that person, or another, purchases or orders some other device, equipment, merchandise, property or service.

(4) In selling equipment, fixtures, supplies or commodities other than gambling devices, no manufacturer or distributor shall grant to licensees, nor shall such licensees accept, more favorable credit terms or arrangements than those extended to nonlicensed parties. The price thereof shall be in conformity with the open market price in the locality where sold and the terms of such sales shall not exceed those normally granted in accordance with the customary business practice of the particular trade in the locality where such sales are made.

[Order 80, § 230-12-200, filed 12/28/77; Order 5, § 230-12-200, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-210 Prices charged by manufacturers, distributors and operators for goods and services not to be fixed by agreement. No manufacturer, distributor or operator shall by agreement, either express or otherwise, with any other manufacturer, distributor or operator, fix the price at which any device, paraphernalia, machine, equipment, punchboard or pull tab, prize or any other item used in connection with the activities authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, shall be sold, or for which services in connection therewith shall be rendered. The price of these items in the competitive market place shall be established by each manufacturer, distributor or operator for the products and services offered by each and shall not be established, directly or indirectly, in concert with one another. [Order 29, § 230-12-210, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230-12-210, filed 9/23/74; Order 14, § 230-12-210, filed 3/27/74.]

WAC 230-12-220 Agreement requiring payment by licensee based upon percentage of receipts from authorized activity—Prohibited. No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization or any other person, association or organization shall conduct any activity authorized under RCW 9.46.030, or any amendments thereto, upon any premises if the lease, license, contract, or any other arrangement under which the right to use the premises for the conduct of the activity is obtained requires an unreasonable rental or other payment to another, or such rental or other payment is to be paid by the licensee wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or profits derived from such gambling activity.

[Order 58, § 230-12-220, filed 8/17/76; Order 42, § 230-12-220, filed 9/18/75; Order 18, § 230-12-220, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-12-225 Repair or service not to be conditioned upon exclusive supply arrangement. No licensed manufacturer or distributor shall condition repair or service of any device or product upon an agreement by any person to purchase or obtain products or services solely from such manufacturer or distributor, or solely from any other person or combination of persons. [Order 80, § 230-12-225, filed 12/28/77.]

[Title 230 WAC—p 23]
WAC 230-12-230 Agreements restricting freedom to buy and sell—Prohibited. No person shall enter into any agreement, expressly or implied, with any other person which requires any person to purchase exclusively from, or sell exclusively to, any other person, or which prohibits any person from purchasing from or selling to any other person, any devices, materials, products, equipment or services which are used or offered in any way in connection with a gambling activity. No person shall enter into any agreement, express or implied, wherein any person is prohibited from, or required to, make purchases or sales only within a particular geographic area: Provided, That such agreements may be entered into between a licensee and its licensed representative. [Order 15, § 230-12-230, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-12-250 No division of territories allowed. No manufacturer or distributor shall make or have an agreement or understanding with any licensee that either of them shall be restricted in the operation and carrying on of business to a specific geographic area, or areas, and such a restriction shall not be a condition of any sales between a manufacturer or distributor and any other licensee: Provided, That this shall not prevent a distributor or manufacturer from assigning sales territories among its bona fide representatives. [Order 21, § 230-12-250, filed 8/20/74; Order 5, § 230-12-250, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-280 Suspension of licenses, certificates, and permits for various purposes for premises upon which violations occur. When a violation of any provision of chapter 9.46 RCW, or any amendment thereto, or any of the rules or regulations passed by the commission has occurred on any premises upon which gambling activities are conducted, for which any other license, permit or certificate issued for any purpose by any agency of the state, or political subdivision of the state, is in effect, then all such licenses, permits or certificates may be voided by the issuing agency or body pursuant to RCW 9.46.150(2), and any amendments thereto, and no license, permit or certificate so voided shall be issued or reissued for such premises for a period of up to sixty days thereafter. [Order 53, § 230-12-280, filed 5/25/76; Order 42, § 230-12-280, filed 9/18/75; Order 5, § 230-12-280, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-300 Resident agent to be appointed by foreign manufacturers and distributors. Each manufacturer and each distributor selling or distributing punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices in this state, or for use within this state, that is not a Washington resident or Washington corporation shall designate a natural person who is a resident and living in the state of Washington and who is eighteen years of age or older as a resident agent for the purpose of receipt and acceptance of service of process and other communications on behalf of the manufacturer or distributor. The name and business address where service of process and delivery of mail can be made, and home address of such designated resident agent shall be filed with the commission and with any other state agency required by law. [Order 60, § 230-12-300, filed 9/10/76; Order 33, § 230-12-300, filed 2/21/75; Order 5, § 230-12-300, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-12-310 Licensees to report to the commission all civil or criminal actions filed against them. Each licensee shall give notice to the commission in writing upon the filing of each and every civil and each and every criminal action, including counterclaims and cross-claims, but excluding traffic violations and dissolutions of marriage, in any court at any level against the licensee, or against the licensee's president or chief executive officer; chairman of the licensee's board of directors or board of trustees; licensee's financial records officer; or the manager of any of the activities for which the licensee has a gambling license.

This notice shall include the name of the case and its court number, the name and location of the court in which the case has been filed and a summary of the nature of the case, including allegations against the defendant(s). Licensee may include a summary of defenses to the allegations. The licensee shall advise the commission in writing of the disposition of each case in each level of court hearing the case.

These notices shall be filed with the commission not later than 30 days following filing, and each disposition, of the case. [Order 15, § 230-12-310, filed 4/17/74.]

Chapter 230-20 WAC
BINGO, RAFFLES AND AMUSEMENT GAMES

WAC 230-20-010 Disclosure of prizes and rules.
230-20-030 Award to actual winners only.
230-20-050 Use of proceeds.
230-20-055 Use by charitable or nonprofit organizations of proceeds from authorized activities.
230-20-070 Regulation of managers, operators, and other employees.
230-20-090 Limits on compensation paid to members or employees.
230-20-100 Receipt required for income and prizes in bingo and raffles.
230-20-110 Prohibited practices.
230-20-120 No free food or beverages to be provided at bingo games, exceptions.
230-20-130 Operation of bingo upon retail premises—Conditions.
230-20-150 Gambling receipts deposit required by all bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations.
230-20-170 Bingo operation date limitations.
230-20-180 Sale and use of bingo cards.
230-20-190 Bingo card prices.
230-20-200 Use of numbered balls of various weights prohibited.
230-20-205 Numbers called to be displayed at bingo games.
230-20-210 Age limit for bingo.
230-20-220 Operators shall not play.
230-20-230 Free games for winners prohibited.
230-20-245 Manner of conducting bingo—Equipment to be used.
230-20-251 Comprehensive financial information to be filed.
230-20-300 Control of raffle prizes.
230-20-310 Raffle tickets—Consecutive numbering.
230-20-320 All raffle tickets sold to be available for drawing.
230-20-330 Presence requirement at raffle drawing.
230-20-340 No more than $1.00 per ticket may be charged to enter raffle.
230-20-350 Licensees may join together to conduct a raffle.
230-20-360 Licensee for the conduct of bingo games at agricultural fairs shall not allow another to do so without a permit.

230-20-370 Licensees may rent equipment to conduct amusement games.

230-20-380 Persons obtaining a special amusement game license to conduct activities only at limited locations.

230-20-400 Certain lower volume licensees exempted from certain rules.

230-20-600 Amusement games—Licensee to give notice to local police jurisdiction prior to conducting—Inspection of equipment by police.

230-20-610 Amusement games—Factors affecting skill to be readily visible to players.

230-20-620 Amusement games—Objects to be thrown to be uniform—Similar games not to use different objects unless designated.

230-20-630 Amusement games—Fees, rules, prizes and variations in objects to be posted—Fees to be paid in cash or script—Prizes not to differ from those posted.

230-20-640 Amusement games—Sample of prizes to be displayed.


230-20-660 Amusement games—Target shoot—Target to be brought to contestant on demand.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

230-20-080 No person working on a bingo game for one licensee shall be allowed to work on a game operated by another licensee. [Order 9, § 230-20-080, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.] Repealed by Order 14, filed 3/27/74.

230-20-250 Bingo income limitations. [Order 60, § 230-20-250, filed 9/10/76; Order 53, § 230-20-250, filed 5/25/76; Order 45, § 230-20-250, filed 12/30/75; Order 9, § 230-20-250, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.] Repealed by Order 65, filed 1/7/77.

WAC 230-20-100 Disclosure of prizes and rules.
All prizes awarded in connection with bingo, raffles, or amusement games, whether in cash or merchandise, and all rules by which such prizes may be won, including all costs to a contestant or participant, shall be disclosed to each contestant or participant in the licensed activity prior to that contestant or participant taking part in the activity or paying for the opportunity to take part in the activity.

This disclosure need not be made separately and personally to each contestant or participant but, in the alternative, may be made by conspicuously posting or displaying upon the premises where the activity is operated, the available prizes, or a list and complete description thereof, together with the rules of the activity, an explanation of how each prize can be won, and the cost to participate in the activity. In the case of a raffle, where tickets are sold to enter, this information shall be printed upon each ticket sold, or shall be otherwise provided in writing to each purchaser at the time of sale.

In those cases where persons are able to pay for the opportunity to participate in the activity after the winner of any one of the prizes offered has been determined, the licensee shall remove each prize won from any display of prizes, and from any list of prizes which have been posted or displayed upon the premises where the activity is conducted, immediately upon the determination of the winner of that particular prize. [Order 42, § 230-20-010, filed 9/18/75; Order 23, § 230-20-010, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-20-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-030 Award to actual winners only. Every prize awarded during the operation of an authorized activity shall be awarded to the person actually winning the prize. [Order 5, § 230-20-030, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-050 Use of proceeds. No part of the proceeds of any bingo game, raffle, or amusement game conducted by a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization, except qualified agricultural fairs, shall be used for the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting the activity; except that if the activity is conducted by a licensee for the charitable benefit of a specific person or persons who have been listed as recipients of the proceeds, or a specified portion thereof, on the application for a license to conduct the activity, then the proceeds or specified portion thereof, may be used for the benefit of such specific person or persons so designated if commission approval has been obtained prior to the organization conducting the activity for that purpose. [Order 53, § 230-20-050, filed 5/25/76; Order 42, § 230-20-050, filed 9/18/75; Order 23, § 230-20-050, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230-20-050, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-055 Use by charitable or nonprofit organizations of proceeds from authorized activities. All proceeds remaining after paying the necessary expenses of operating an activity authorized by RCW 9.46.030 shall be used by the organization conducting the activity only for those purposes which are set out in RCW 9.46.020(3) and as it may be amended and, if a licensee, which have been disclosed to the commission in the application for license. [Order 53, § 230-20-055, filed 5/25/76; Order 23, § 230-20-055, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-20-070 Regulation of managers, operators, and other employees. (1) Amusement Games and Raffles. No person other than a bona fide member of a qualified bona fide charitable or qualified bona fide nonprofit organization, shall take any part in the management or operation of, including (with respect to amusement games) the furnishing of equipment for, or work as an employee upon, amusement games or raffles conducted by that organization under a license from the commission: Provided, however, That, except as to persons operating without a license under RCW 9.46.030(2) and (3), employees of the organization on a regular or part time basis employed primarily for purposes other than the conduct of such activities, shall be considered members of the organization for the purposes of this subsection.

(2) Bingo. (a) No person other than a bona fide member or an employee of a charitable or nonprofit organization licensee shall take any part in the management or operation of bingo conducted under a license issued to that organization by the commission, and no licensee shall allow any person not one of its members or employees to do so. No person other than a bona fide
member of a charitable or nonprofit organization operating without a license under RCW 9.46.030(3) shall take any part in the management or operation of bingo conducted by that organization and no such organization shall allow any person not one of its members to do so.

(b) No person who takes any part in the management or operation of a bingo game conducted by one licensee shall take any part in the management or operation of any bingo game conducted by any other organization, or any other branch of the same organization: Provided, That

(i) A person participating in the conduct of bingo games by one class A, B, or C licensee may also participate in the conduct of bingo games by one other class A, B, or C licensee on a voluntary basis only when such person receives no remuneration for services to the second licensee and when the requirements of subsection (3) below are satisfied; or

(ii) A person participating in the operation of bingo games conducted by one licensee under any class of license may also participate in the operation of bingo games conducted by a second licensee under any class of license on one day each week, but only when that person has no managerial or supervisory responsibilities in connection with the operation of bingo activities by either licensee and when the requirements of subsection (3) below are satisfied.

(3) Prior to any person who participates in any manner in the conduct of bingo games for one licensee participating in the conduct of bingo games for a second licensee, the second licensee shall notify the commission, and local police officials, in writing, of the name and address of that person, the name and address of both of the licensees for whom that person is working, and the capacity in which that person is working for each licensee. In addition, the second licensee shall notify the first licensee that the individual is now also working for it.

(4) No licensee shall allow any person to take any part in the management, supervision or operation of a bingo game except in conformance with this rule.

(5) Certain Premises Excepted. The limitations set forth above in (1) and (2) shall not apply to qualified agricultural fairs conducting amusement games or bingo.


WAC 230–20–100 Receipt required for income and prizes in bingo and raffles. Except for bingo activities conducted at a qualified agricultural fair, or other special location, all income from bingo games and raffles shall be received for by the licensee at the time the income is received from each individual player and all prizes shall be received for by the winner of each prize at the time the prize is distributed to each individual winner.

(1) Income Receipts: Income receipts shall be supplied by the licensee. They may be consecutively numbered tickets, consecutively numbered disposable bingo cards, or cash register receipts.

(a) Cash Register Receipts for Income: In the event a cash register is used, a consecutively numbered receipt shall be given to the customer, and a corresponding number will be printed and recorded together with a record of the transaction on the tape kept inside the cash register. The following information shall appear upon the receipts given the customer:

(i) The name of the licensee operating the activity;
(ii) The date; and
(iii) The amount of money paid for the opportunity to play.

The cash register shall have sufficient keys to keep income from various sales identified as required by WAC 230–08–080. The tapes retained in the cash register showing these transactions shall be retained with the daily records of the licensee for a period of not less than three years.

(b) Ticket Receipts For Income: When tickets are used for receiving the following conditions must be met:

(i) All tickets on a roll must be consecutively numbered;
(ii) Each ticket on a roll shall represent the same specific amount of money and the amount of money represented by each ticket shall be clearly printed on the face of the ticket;
(iii) Once a roll of tickets has been started, tickets shall be issued consecutively off of that roll;
(iv) A log shall be maintained, listing the date each roll of tickets is purchased or obtained by the licensee, the color, the dollar value of the tickets, the beginning ticket number, and the number of tickets on that roll. The individual logging the entry shall initial the log at the time of entry. (All unused or partial rolls of tickets purchased before the effective date of this rule shall be logged within 30 days of the effective date or prior to their use, whichever comes first); and

(v) The licensee shall record in his daily records the lowest numbered ticket and the highest numbered ticket issued as a receipt for each separate roll of tickets used for each separate type of sale as required by WAC 230–08–080. The dollar value of these tickets shall also be recorded in these records. Tickets bearing numbers falling between the lowest numbered ticket and the highest numbered ticket issued, which were not issued as receipts shall be retained by the licensee as a part of its daily records, along with any leftover tickets not issued.
from the end of a roll, and shall not be otherwise used or disposed of by the licensee for a period of not less than three years: Provided, That with respect to raffles, a raffle ticket sold and delivered to the customer may be used as the receipt so long as all tickets issued in the raffle are consecutively numbered and the above requirements as to conditions of tickets and the requirements as to daily records need not be met on a daily basis so long as they record the lowest and the highest numbered tickets issued as receipts and record and identify distribution of all unsold tickets falling between these tickets for each raffle conducted.

(c) Disposable Bingo Card Receipts For Income: Disposable bingo cards themselves may be used as the receipt required by this rule: Provided, That:

(i) Each set of disposable cards used is consecutively numbered from the first card to the last card, or is consecutively numbered through the set. Each card must have printed on its face both its individual card number, and the series number assigned by the manufacturer to that set of disposable cards;

(ii) No two or more sets of disposable cards can be used at the same time if they have identical series numbers;

(iii) Each disposable card or sheet of cards sold represents a specific amount of money which has been paid to the licensee. Each disposable card or sheet of cards shall be sold for the same price as each other disposable card or sheet of cards being used during any particular bingo game. This price shall be recorded in the daily records;

(iv) A log shall be maintained, listing the date each set of disposable cards is purchased or obtained by the licensee, the series number, the color, the number of cards per sheet, the beginning card number and the number of cards or sheets per set. The individual logging the entry shall initial the log at the time of entry. (All unused or partial sets of disposable cards purchased before the effective date of this rule shall be logged within 30 days of the effective date or prior to their use, whichever comes first); and

(v) The licensee shall record in its daily records the series number, the color, the beginning card number and the ending card number issued as a receipt for each separate set of disposable cards used for each separate type of sale as required by WAC 230–08–080: Provided, That for cards sold more than one on a sheet, that are consecutively numbered through the set, the licensee shall record the beginning card number and the ending card number issued of the card located at the top of the sheet, or at the top lefthand corner of the sheet, each time the numbering of the sheets breaks in the series. Disposable cards or sheets of cards bearing numbers falling between the first and the last numbered card issued, which were not issued as receipts, shall be retained by the licensee as a part of its daily records, along with any leftover cards, or sheets of cards, not issued from the end of a series, and shall not be otherwise used or disposed of by the licensee for a period of not less than three years.

(2) Receipts For Prizes: Receipts for prizes shall be consecutively numbered and contain the following information:

(a) The name of the licensee operating the activity;
(b) The date;
(c) The game number;
(d) The true name and address of the winner of the prize; and
(e) A description of the prize won and any value of that prize which is represented to the player by the licensee.

It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to see that the prize winner is properly and accurately identified upon the receipt and the licensee shall require such proof of identification as is necessary to properly establish the winner’s identity. The licensee shall not pay out any prize unless and until the winner has fully, accurately, and legibly furnished to the licensee all information required by this rule to be upon the receipt for the prize.

The original of each prize receipt shall be given to the winner and a duplicate copy shall be retained by the licensee as a part of its records for a period of not less than three years.

Provided, That class A bingo and class C raffle licensees and persons conducting bingo and raffles under the provisions of RCW 9.46.030(3), are exempt from all portions of this rule. Class B bingo licensees are exempt from maintaining the required logs for ticket and disposable card receipting, and from the issuing of prize receipts so long as they record items (2)(b), (c), (d), and (e) above in their records. [Order 74, § 230–20–100, filed 8/17/77; Order 29, § 230–20–100, filed 1/23/75; Order 25, § 230–20–100, filed 10/23/74; Order 15, § 230–20–100, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230–20–100, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–110 Prohibited practices. (1)(a) No charitable or nonprofit organizations, except for agricultural fairs, shall operate or conduct any gambling activity on or within any leased premises if rental under such lease is to be paid, wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or net profits derived from the operation of such activity,

(b) nor shall the rental under such lease exceed the usual rental for such premises in the same locality,

(c) nor shall any such organization fail to devote the entire net income of any gambling activity exclusively to the lawful purpose of the organization.

(2) No charitable or nonprofit organization, including agricultural fairs, shall hold or conduct any gambling activity if the compensation to any person taking part in the management or operation of such activity is based upon a percentage of the receipts or income derived from the operation of such game. The payment to such persons of compensation which is other than reasonable under the local prevailing wage scale for employment of a comparable nature shall create a presumption of a violation of this subsection. [Order 5, § 230–20–110, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–120 No free food or beverages to be provided at bingo games, exceptions. No licensee for the
operation of bingo games shall provide food or beverages free, or for a consideration which is less than the current normal and usual retail price in the city or county in which the gambling activity is operated for such prepared food or beverage, to players in such bingo games: Provided, That this provision shall not apply to class A and B bingo licensees. [Order 12, § 230–20–120, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230–20–130 Operation of bingo upon retail business—Conditions. Bingo games shall not be operated upon a premises part of a retail sales or service business catering to the public except:

(1) When the room or other portion of the premises in which the bingo games are being conducted is separate and apart from the portion being used for the retail sales or service business; or

(2) When the business is closed to the public at all times during which the bingo games are conducted on the premises; or

(3) When the bingo games are being conducted upon the premises of a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization which is not also being used for a profit seeking business.

In all cases the bingo operator must have, and exercise, complete control over that portion of the premises being used for bingo, at all times said games are being played: Provided, however, That at all times when the sale, service or consumption of intoxicating liquor is permitted in said portion of the premises, the responsibility for compliance with liquor laws and regulations shall also be that of the liquor licensee or permittee.

The owner, manager or any employee of the retail sales or service establishment may not be an officer of the bingo operator or participate in the operation of the bingo games on that premises. [Order 68, § 230–20–130, filed 4/25/77; Order 53, § 230–20–130, filed 5/25/76; Order 27, § 230–20–130, filed 11/15/74.]

WAC 230–20–150 Gambling receipts deposit required by all bona fide charitable and nonprofit organizations. Every licensed bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization shall keep a separate gambling receipts' account in a recognized Washington state depository authorized to receive funds, which shall be kept separate and apart and actually segregated from the licensee's general funds: Provided, That if such activities are conducted on the United States' portion of the Point Roberts Peninsula, Washington, the deposit may be made in a British Columbia branch of a Canadian bank. The following conditions of deposit will be met:

(1) No expenditures other than for prizes shall be made from the receipts of any licensed gambling activity until such receipts have first been deposited in the gambling receipts' account;

(2) All net receipts from the operation of bingo which are being held pending disbursement shall be deposited in the licensee's gambling receipts' account not later than the second banking day following receipt thereof; and

(3) All deposits from bingo net receipts made to the gambling receipts' account shall be made separately from all other deposits, and the validated deposit receipt shall be kept with the daily records as required by WAC 230–08–080.

Provided, That those bona fide charitable or nonprofit licensees who do not conduct bingo, or conduct bingo under the provisions of RCW 9.46.030(3), or under a class A or class B bingo license are exempt from this rule. [Order 74, § 230–20–150, filed 8/17/77; Order 57, § 230–20–150, filed 7/9/76; Order 42, § 230–20–150, filed 9/18/75; Order 38, § 230–20–150, filed 5/9/75; Order 23, § 230–20–150, filed 9/23/74; Order 5, § 230–20–150, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–170 Bingo operation date limitations. (1) No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization, except when operating at an authorized agricultural fair or under RCW 9.46.030(3), shall:

(a) Conduct or allow its premises to be used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week;

(b) Conduct bingo in any location which is used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week.

(2) As used herein, the word "occasion" shall mean conducting bingo games for no more than twelve consecutive hours. [Order 53, § 230–20–170, filed 5/25/76; Order 15, § 230–20–170, filed 4/17/74; Order 5, § 230–20–170, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–180 Sale and use of bingo cards. (1) Bingo cards shall be sold, and paid for, only in advance for use in a specified game or specified number of games.

(2) All sales of bingo cards shall take place upon the premises and upon the occasion that the bingo games for which the card is being sold are being conducted. [Order 12, § 230–20–180, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230–20–180, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–20–190 Bingo card prices. No person shall be allowed to play in a bingo game for free nor without first paying the licensee's normal and usual charge therefor, except that this provision shall not apply to bingo games conducted under the authority of a class A or B license issued by the commission or games conducted without a license under RCW 9.46.030(3). [Order 53, § 230–20–190, filed 5/25/76; Order 12, § 230–20–190, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230–20–190, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–200 Use of numbered balls of various weights prohibited. Each numbered ball, or other device, used in a bingo game for the selection of numbers to be called and played shall be of the same weight as each of the other balls, or devices, used for that purpose in that game. [Order 9, § 230–20–200, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230–20–200, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–205 Numbers called to be displayed at bingo games. Immediately following the calling of each number in a bingo game, the caller shall turn that portion of the ball or other device used to determine which number is called which shows the number and letter to the participants in the game so the participants

[Title 230 WAC—p 28]
may know that the proper number has been called out. [Order 5, § 230–20–205, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–210 Age limit for bingo. No person who is under the age of eighteen shall participate, nor shall be allowed to participate in any manner in the operation of any bingo game. No person who is under the age of eighteen years shall play, nor shall be allowed to play in any bingo game, unless that person is accompanied by a member of his immediate family, or guardian, who is not younger than eighteen years of age.

It shall be the responsibility of the licensee and of those persons physically operating the bingo game to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to participate in any manner in the operation of or play in any bingo game: Provided, That the age limit herein set forth shall not apply to bingo games lawfully conducted at an agricultural fair or school carnival. [Order 63, § 230–20–210, filed 12/3/76; Order 15, § 230–20–210, filed 4/17/74; Order 9, § 230–20–210, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230–20–210, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–220 Operators shall not play. No operator shall allow a person who manages, or receives any compensation, directly or indirectly, for the operation of, any bingo game conducted by the operator to play in a bingo game conducted by that operator.

No operator shall allow any person who, without payment, assists in the operation of any bingo game conducted by that operator to play in any bingo game conducted by that operator on the same bingo occasion: Provided, That the second paragraph of this rule shall not apply to class A and B bingo licensees, or to games operating under the authority of RCW 9.46.030(3). [Order 65, § 230–20–220, filed 1/7/77; Order 53, § 230–20–220, filed 5/25/76; Order 5, § 230–20–220, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–230 Free games for winners prohibited. No free cards, or any opportunity to play in a bingo game, shall be awarded or given to a person as a prize for, or conditioned upon, winning a bingo game or games, except those bingo games conducted under the authority of a class A or B license issued by the commission or games conducted without a license under RCW 9.46.030(3). [Order 53, § 230–20–230, filed 5/25/76; Order 12, § 230–20–230, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230–20–230, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230–20–245 Manner of conducting bingo—Equipment to be used. No bingo game shall be conducted to include a prize determined other than by the matching of letters and numbers on a traditional type of bingo card with letters and numbers called by the licensee, in competition among all players in the bingo game.

No equipment or devices shall be used directly in the operation of a bingo game except bingo cards, a device from which letters and numbers are obtained to call, balls or other items containing letters and numbers to call, equipment or devices used for the purpose of displaying numbers and letters called to the public, and such furniture and sound amplification system as is necessary for the convenience and comfort of the players and operators. [Order 58, § 230–20–245, filed 8/17/76.]

WAC 230–20–251 Comprehensive financial information to be filed. (1) Between 30 and 60 days prior to receiving $300,000 gross receipts during any January 1 to December 31 yearly period from the operation of bingo games, each licensee shall file with the commission the following documents covering the most recently completed fiscal year of the licensee:

(a) A complete balance sheet;
(b) A complete profit and loss statement;
(c) Footnotes to (a) and (b) disclosing any material items not clearly shown by those statements. For example, contingent liabilities, repayment terms of long term debt, significant lease and rental agreements, etc.;
(d) The approximate date at which the licensee expects to exceed $300,000 in gross receipts;
(e) A separate summary of the activities of the association or organization furthering its charitable, or furthering its nonprofit, purposes explaining how each activity listed does so, together with a listing and explanation of each expenditure of money or other thing of value in furtherance of such purposes. When possible, items listed pursuant to this subsection shall distinguish between charitable and nonprofit purposes.

(2) The licensee shall also submit, together with the documents set out in subsection (1) above, the following documents covering the period between the most recent fiscal year and the date submitted:

(a) A complete balance sheet;
(b) A complete profit and loss statement;
(c) Footnotes to (a) and (b) disclosing any material items not clearly shown by those statements. For example, contingent liabilities, repayment terms of long term debt, significant lease and rental agreements, etc.;
(d) A separate summary of the activities of the association or organization furthering its charitable, or furthering its nonprofit, purposes explaining how each activity listed does so, together with a listing and explanation of each expenditure of money or other thing of value in furtherance of such purposes. When possible, items listed pursuant to this subsection shall distinguish between charitable and nonprofit purposes.

(3) No licensee shall receive more than $300,000 in gross receipts during any January 1 to December 31 yearly period unless these documents, complete and accurate in both content and form, have been timely filed with the commission, unless approval to do so has been granted by the commission or the director, after the satisfactory filing of all such documents. [Order 65, § 230–20–251, filed 1/7/77.]

WAC 230–20–300 Control of raffle prizes. Any person or organization conducting a raffle in which merchandise prizes are to be awarded shall have paid for in full or otherwise become the owner, without lien or interest of others, of all such merchandise prior to the drawing at which the winners of such prizes are to be determined. If cash prizes totaling fifty dollars or more are to be awarded in any one raffle, the total amount of
money to be awarded shall be placed in a trust account for the benefit of the winners of the raffle in a bank or savings and loan association doing business in the state of Washington prior to the drawing at which the winners of such prizes are to be determined. [Order 5, § 230-20-300, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-310 Raffle tickets—Consecutive numbering. All tickets for use in any raffle shall be consecutively numbered and shall be separately accounted for. [Order 5, § 230-20-310, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-320 All raffle tickets sold to be available for drawing. No drawing shall be held in connection with any raffle unless each and every ticket sold therefor shall first have been placed into the receptacle out of which the winning tickets are to be drawn. Such receptacle shall be designed so that each ticket placed therein has an equal opportunity with every other ticket to be the one withdrawn. [Order 5, § 230-20-320, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-330 Presence requirement at raffle drawing. If the entrant is required to be present at a raffle drawing in order to be eligible for the prize drawing, then a statement setting forth this condition shall be set forth conspicuously on each raffle ticket and on all promotional material concerning the raffle. [Order 5, § 230-20-330, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

WAC 230-20-340 No more than $1.00 per ticket may be charged to enter raffle. No person shall be required to pay, directly or indirectly, more than $1.00 in order to enter any raffle. No person shall be required to obtain more than one ticket or to pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to enter any raffle.

Any contest wherein a person is required to pay more than $1.00 to enter, for a single, separate and equal chance to win with any other single chance, is not a raffle as authorized by chapter 9.46 RCW and is not within the scope of any license to conduct raffles issued by the commission. [Order 60, § 230-20-340, filed 9/10/76.]

WAC 230-20-350 Licensees may join together to conduct a raffle. Persons holding a license to conduct a raffle or raffles, may join together with any other person or persons holding such a license to jointly conduct a raffle only if the following conditions are met:

1. Approval to do so is received by each licensee from the commission for that particular raffle prior to the sale of any tickets in connection therewith;
2. The method by which the income, expenditures for prizes, and all other expenses, received and expended in connection with the raffle will be apportioned among the licensees conducting the raffle is disclosed in writing to the commission, together with the application for the commission's approval of the joint raffle;
3. A separate bank account is established by one of the participating licensees, all of the proceeds from the raffle are deposited therein, and all of the expenses in connection with the raffle, including but not limited to, all payments for prizes, is made therefrom;
4. Records are kept by each of the participating licensees which clearly disclose the amount of money received and expended by that licensee and by each other participating licensee in connection with the raffle. Records of expenses shall disclose for what purpose the money was spent.

The amount of net receipts from the raffle to each organization participating shall be used in making those computations required to determine the class of license required of the licensee under WAC 230-04-200. The amount of net receipts from the raffle to each organization shall be computed by subtracting only the amount spent or contributed by that organization for prizes in the raffle from the gross amount received only by that organization from the proceeds of the raffle. [Order 18, § 230-20-350, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-20-360 Licensee for the conduct of bingo games at agricultural fairs shall not allow another to do so without a permit. An agricultural fair licensed for the operation of bingo shall not allow any other person to conduct bingo under the authority of the fair's license unless approval of that person, and a permit therefor, has been obtained from the commission under WAC 230-04-191, or 230-04-193. [Order 53, § 230-20-360, filed 5/25/76; Order 42, § 230-20-360, filed 9/18/75; Order 15, § 230-20-360, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-20-370 Licensees may rent equipment to conduct amusement games. A bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization licensee, or any of its regular members, may rent or otherwise obtain equipment used by the organization to conduct bingo or amusement games from any person so long as any price paid for such equipment, or for use of such equipment, is reasonable, is a lump sum or hourly rate established in the competitive market, and is not based upon a percentage of the income or profit derived from the conduct of such activities. [Order 18, § 230-20-370, filed 5/21/74.]

WAC 230-20-380 Persons obtaining a special amusement game license to conduct activities only at limited locations. (1) Persons other than bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organizations shall conduct amusement games only after obtaining a "special amusement game license" from the commission.

2. Amusement games may be conducted under such a license only as a part of, and upon the site of:
   a. Any agricultural fair as authorized under chapter 15.76 or 36.37 RCW; or
   b. A civic center of a county, city or town; or
   c. A world's fair or similar exposition which is approved by the bureau of international expositions at Paris, France; or
   d. A community-wide civic festival held not more than once annually and sponsored or approved by the city, town, or county in which it is held; or
   e. A commercial exposition organized and sponsored by an organization or association representing the retail sales and service operators conducting business in a shopping center or other commercial area developed and operating for retail sales and service, but only upon a
parking lot or similar area located in said shopping center or commercial area for a period of no more than 12 consecutive days by any licensee during any calendar year.

(3) No amusement games shall be conducted in any location except in conformance with local zoning, fire, health and similar regulations.

In no event shall the licensee conduct any amusement games at any of the locations set out in (2) above without first having obtained the written permission to do so from the person or organization owning the premises or an authorized agent thereof, and from the persons sponsoring the fair, exhibition, commercial exhibition, or festival, or from the city or town operating the civic center, in connection with which the games are to be operated.

(4) In no event shall the licensee operate amusement games at any location not set forth on his application for licensure, or of which he has not given the commission at least ten day prior written notice, except that the director may shorten this time period if, in his sole discretion, good cause is shown.

(5) The holder of a class A special amusement game license shall conduct the games only at the location, and during the event, for which the license is issued. [Order 51, § 230–20–380, filed 4/30/76.]

WAC 230–20–400 Certain lower volume licensees exempted from certain rules. Persons holding the licenses issued under the classes and circumstances set forth in WAC 230–04–065 or persons operating without a license under RCW 9.46.030(3) need not comply with the following rules of the commission, except as noted:

(1) WAC 230–04–280 requiring notification to local law enforcement of their activity, but nonlicensees must comply with RCW 9.46.030.

(2) WAC 230–08–080 requiring certain daily records: Provided, That all such persons in the alternative, must comply with WAC 230–08–015(1), (2), and (3).

(3) WAC 230–08–010 concerning operator records: Provided, That all such persons must, in the alternative, comply with WAC 230–08–015(1), (2), and (3).

(4) WAC 230–08–120 requiring quarterly reports: Provided, That holders of such classes of licenses must in the alternative, comply with WAC 230–08–015(4).

(5) With respect to volunteer operators only, i.e., those not compensated for their work by the licensee, WAC 230–20–220 prohibiting certain persons from playing in bingo games.

(6) WAC 230–20–120 concerning free food and beverages at bingo games.

(7) WAC 230–20–190 concerning bingo card prices.


WAC 230–20–600 Amusement games—Licensee to give notice to local police jurisdiction prior to conducting—Inspection of equipment by police. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such games at any location within the state of Washington without having first given notice to the local police agency of the jurisdiction within which the amusement games are to be conducted. Such notice shall be in writing, addressed to the head of the local police agency, and shall be delivered no less than ten days in advance of the date upon which the amusement games are to be conducted: Provided, That this time may be reduced by the chief officer of the local law enforcement agency for good cause shown.

Such notice shall include the following information:

(1) The name and address of the licensee, and the name and local address of the person exercising managerial authority over the conduct of the games at that location;

(2) The date or dates the amusement games will be conducted;

(3) The location at which the amusement games will be conducted.

The licensee shall not utilize any equipment in the conduct of the amusement games unless the equipment has been available for inspection by the local police agency for a period of two hours immediately preceding such utilization. [Order 55, § 230–20–600, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–610 Amusement games—Factors affecting skill to be readily visible to players. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any amusement games within the state of Washington unless the outcome of said game depends in a material degree upon the skill of the contestant. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the physical limitations affecting the degree of skill necessary to win a prize are not readily visible to the player unless a duplicate thereof which discloses any physical limitation is displayed at the game. For example, if any target, basket, hoop, can, or other similar device utilized in an amusement game, has any limiting features not readily visible to the player, a duplicate thereof showing the limitation or restriction shall be placed so as to be readily visible to the players. [Order 55, § 230–20–610, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–620 Amusement games—Objects to be thrown to be uniform—Similar games not to use different objects unless designated. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the winning of a prize depends upon the player's ability to throw or project an object unless all such objects available to any player in said game are uniform in size and weight. No licensee shall conduct more than one game of a similar type on the same premises utilizing similar objects of a different size or weight, unless the difference in such objects is readily apparent or designated by, for example, use of a color scheme. [Order 55, § 230–20–620, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–630 Amusement games—Fees, rules, prizes and variations in objects to be posted—Fees to be paid in cash or script—Prizes not to differ

[Title 230 WAC—p 31]
from those posted. (1) No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any game at a location within the state of Washington unless there is posted in a conspicuous place, readily visible to persons playing the game, a notification of the fees charged for playing, the rules by which the game is to be played, prizes to be won, and, any variation in the size or weight of objects utilized in the game which is not readily visible to the player. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game wherein the prize charged for playing said game is paid other than in cash, or in an amount other than that posted upon the premises of said game. The term "cash" as used herein shall include checks. In addition, the operator may accept as consideration, script or tickets, but only under the following conditions:

(a) The value of each ticket or item of script, as measured by the equivalent amount of cash which a player would have to present in lieu of said ticket or script, must be indicated on the face thereof;
(b) Said tickets or script are not redeemable for cash;
(c) Said tickets or script shall bear the name of the operator or sponsor.

(2) No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the prize to be given to a prospective winner is other than that posted upon the premises of said game: Provided, however, that after an individual player has won two or more prizes, a licensee may offer said player the opportunity to exchange said prizes for one or more other prizes, but only if the prize to be received by the player in exchange was available to be won during the play of the game. Persons licensed to conduct amusement games may utilize a scheme for distribution of prizes wherein the winners of individual prizes receive tickets, which are subsequently redeemable in combination with other tickets won for a merchandise prize. [Order 55, § 230–20–630, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–640 Amusement games—Sample of prizes to be displayed. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington unless there is on display in a place readily visible to all persons playing such game a sample of each type of prize available to be won. [Order 55, § 230–20–640, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–650 Amusement games—Coin toss games. No person licensed to conduct amusement games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein the ability of a player to win a prize depends upon causing a coin to land within the confines of a space unless the following conditions exist with respect to said game:

(1) There must exist an unobstructed air space, of at least eighteen inches in height, above any surface upon which the landing of a coin will result in the awarding of a prize.
(b) Plates, spots, targets, etc. will not be inclined so as to give an advantage to the operator.

(3) If the area of an enclosed surface upon which the landing of a coin will result in the awarding of a prize is four square inches, or less, a prize must be awarded to any participant who causes a coin to land so that any part of said coin is within any part of said area. [Order 55, § 230–20–650, filed 6/25/76.]

WAC 230–20–660 Amusement games—Target shoot—Target to be brought to contestant on demand. No person licensed to conduct any games shall conduct any such game within the state of Washington wherein a person is required to shoot a firearm, air gun, pellet gun, BB gun or similar device at a target, and, as a condition of winning a prize, destroy or obliterate part or all of that target, unless the contestant is allowed to have the target brought to him for his inspection at his request, at any time and without limitation. [Order 55, § 230–20–660, filed 6/25/76.]

Chapter 230–25 WAC

FUND RAISING EVENTS

WAC

230–25–020 Fund raising event—Licensee to give notice to local police jurisdiction prior to conducting—Inspection of equipment by police. No person licensed to conduct fund raising events shall conduct any such events at any location within the state of Washington without having first given notice to the local police agency of the jurisdiction within which the fund raising events are to be conducted. Such notice shall be in writing, addressed to the head of the local police agency, and shall be delivered no less than ten days in advance of the date upon which the fund raising event is to be conducted: Provided, That this time may be reduced by the chief officer of the local law enforcement agency for good cause shown.

Such notice shall include the following information:
(1) The name and address of the licensee, and the name and local address of the person exercising managerial authority over the conduct of the event at that location;

(2) The date or dates the fund raising event will be conducted;

(3) The location at which the fund raising event will be conducted.

The licensee shall not utilize any equipment in the conduct of the fund raising event unless the equipment has been available for inspection by the local police agency for a period of two hours immediately preceding such utilization. [Order 78, § 230–25–020, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–030 Fund raising event—Five thousand dollars annual net receipt maximum. No licensee authorized to conduct one fund raising event for a period of three consecutive days once during a calendar year shall conduct such an event in such a manner as to allow the total of all gross wages and bets received by the licensee, less the amount of money paid or committed by the licensee as winnings, and for the purchase cost of prizes given as winnings, to exceed five thousand dollars at the conclusion of such fund raising event.

No licensee authorized to conduct a fund raising event on two occasions during a calendar year for not more than one calendar day each shall conduct such event in any manner so as to allow the total of all gross wages and bets received by the licensee, less the amount of money paid by the licensee as winnings and for the purchase cost of prizes given as winnings, to exceed five thousand dollars at the end of any calendar day upon which such event is conducted, or during the calendar year in which such activity is authorized.

Winners of all prizes shall be determined during the fund raising event. All prizes shall be paid or distributed to the winners not later than 30 calendar days following the conclusion of the event. [Order 78, § 230–25–030, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–040 Fund raising event—House rules to be developed and posted—Limitations on wagers. Prior to the conduct of a fund raising event, each licensee shall develop a set of house rules which will govern the type, scope and manner of all gambling activities to be conducted in conjunction with the fund raising event. Among other information, these rules shall establish the maximum amount of wagers which may be placed by persons participating in gambling activities which in any event shall not exceed ten dollars being wagered upon the outcome of any one operation of an element of chance. Provided, however, That this limit shall not apply to the amount paid for each single and equal chance to win in a drawing from among individual tickets.

A copy of the rules shall be posted on the premises where the fund raising event is being conducted at all times during the fund raising event, and a copy thereof shall be made available, upon request, to any law enforcement officer or representative of the commission. [Order 78, § 230–25–040, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–050 Wagering among participants not permitted. No licensee to conduct a fund raising event shall permit, as a part of that fund raising event, a gambling activity which involves a wagering of money or other items of value by one participant against another participant. This rule shall not be construed to prohibit gambling activities wholly administered by the licensee wherein the licensee collects wagers from among the participants and determines the winners and amounts of prizes on a pari-mutuel basis. [Order 78, § 230–25–050, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–055 Use of chips, script or similar items at fund raising event. All chips, script or similar items, used as a substitute for money at a fund raising event shall be issued only during and at the fund raising event itself.

No such chips, script or similar items shall be redeemed by any licensee after the event is concluded. [Order 80, § 230–25–055, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230–25–060 Coin-operated gaming devices prohibited. In no event shall coin-operated pull tab dispensing devices, or any other mechanical gambling or lottery device activated by insertion of a coin or other object be utilized at or in connection with the conduct of, the fund raising event. [Order 78, § 230–25–060, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–070 Fund raising events—Central accounting system required. Each licensee for the operation of fund raising events shall establish and maintain a central accounting system for all activities conducted in conjunction with the fund raising event. [Order 78, § 230–25–070, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–25–100 Fund raising events—Leasing of premises of retail business—Conditions. Fund raising events shall not be operated upon a premises part of a retail sales or service business catering to the public except:

(1) When the room or other portion of the premises in which the fund raising event is being conducted is separate and apart from the portion being used for the retail sales or service business; or

(2) When the business is closed to the public at all times during which the fund raising event is conducted on the premises; or

(3) When the fund raising event is being conducted upon the premises of a bona fide charitable or bona fide nonprofit organization which is not also being used for a profit seeking business.

In all cases the fund raising event operator must have, and exercise, complete control over that portion of the premises being used for the fund raising event, at all times said event is being conducted. Provided, however, That at all times when the sale, service or consumption of intoxicating liquor is permitted in said portion of the premises, the responsibility for compliance with liquor laws and regulations shall also be that of the liquor licensee or permittee.

[Title 230 WAC—p 33]
The owner, manager or any employee of the retail sales or service establishment may not be an officer of the fund raising event operator or participate in the operation of the fund raising event on that premises, and no gambling activities may be conducted by the retail sales or service establishment in any portion of the premises which is being used for the fund raising event. [Order 78, § 230–25–100, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-25-110 Fund raising event—Use of equipment, lease or rental from licensee only. Only those persons holding a valid license to sell or distribute punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices shall be authorized to sell or lease gaming equipment to bona fide nonprofit or charitable organizations licensed to conduct fund raising events for use in connection with a licensed fund raising event. All rules and regulations of the commission relating to the sale or distribution of punchboards, pull tabs, or pull tab dispensing devices by such distributors, shall be likewise applicable to the sale or rental by them of gaming equipment for use in a licensed fund raising event, except to the extent such rules are inconsistent with the provisions of this section: Provided, That commission approval of such gaming equipment shall not be required, nor shall identification stamps be required for such equipment: Provided further, That a licensee to conduct fund raising events may sell, loan or rent equipment acquired for its own fund raising event to another such licensee without being licensed as a distributor.

No sale or rental of gaming equipment for use in a licensed fund raising event shall be transacted except on commercially reasonable terms established in the competitive market. All rentals shall be a lump sum or hourly rate, and shall not be based upon a percentage of the income or profit derived from the conduct of the fund raising event.

No licensee to conduct fund raising events shall purchase or rent gaming equipment except from another such licensee, or from a licensed distributor.

Any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization licensed to conduct fund raising events may utilize such equipment, not otherwise prohibited by law or these regulations, as is owned or constructed by such licensee, or which is borrowed or leased from another bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which has been licensed by the commission to conduct fund raising events.

No licensee to conduct fund raising events shall use, or permit the use of, equipment owned by it for any purpose other than the operation of licensed fund raising events, or other authorized gambling activities by the licensee: Provided, however, That the licensee may loan or rent such equipment to another bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for use in conjunction with a licensed fund raising event. [Order 80, § 230–25–110, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230–25–200 Bingo at fund raising event. (1) Bingo games conducted solely at, and as a part of, a licensed fund raising event authorized under RCW 9.46.030(1) shall be treated as conducted solely pursuant to the license to conduct that fund raising event. All income, prizes awarded, and other expenses shall be accounted for, and reported to the commission, as required for fund raising events and need not be reported, or accounted for, as required for bingo games conducted under a bingo license issued by the commission, or under a different statutory authority: Provided, That the provisions of WAC 230–20–100 shall apply to bingo games conducted at such fund raising events.

Income from bingo games conducted at, and as a part of, such a fund raising event shall be applied only against the maximum income permitted for fund raising events and shall not be applied against other maximum income limits imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW or the commission's rules.

(2) All of the commission's rules applicable to the conduct of bingo games, whether general or specific, shall apply to the conduct of bingo games at, or as a part of, a fund raising event, except as provided in subsection (1) above and except the following rules which shall not be applicable:

(a) WAC 230–20–070;
(b) WAC 230–20–090;
(c) WAC 230–20–150;
(d) WAC 230–20–170;
(e) WAC 230–20–190;
(f) WAC 230–20–220;

WAC 230–25–220 Raffles or similar lotteries conducted at fund raising events. (1) No sales of tickets or drawing(s) in any raffle shall be done at, or in connection with, a licensed fund raising event unless all aspects of the raffle are done only at the event. If any ticket for a raffle is sold, or any drawing for a raffle held, other than at and during a licensed fund raising event then no portion of the raffle shall be conducted at or during any licensed fund raising event, nor shall the raffle be considered as being held under the license for any such event.

(2) Raffles or other similar lotteries wherein the winner or winners are chosen by the drawing of a ticket or other card or device conducted at, or as a part of, a licensed fund raising event authorized under RCW 9.46.030(1) shall be treated as conducted solely pursuant to the license to conduct that fund raising event. All income, prizes awarded, and other expenses shall be accounted for, and reported to the commission, as required for fund raising events and shall not be reported, or accounted for, as required for raffles conducted under a raffle license issued by the commission, or under a different statutory authority: Provided, That the requirements of WAC 230–20–100 applicable to raffles shall be applicable to all such lotteries.

Income from raffles or other lotteries conducted at, or as a part of, such a fund raising event shall be applied only against the maximum income permitted for fund raising events and shall not be applied against other maximum income limits imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW or the commission's rules.
(3) All of the commission’s rules applicable to the conduct of raffles, whether general or specific, shall apply to the conduct of raffles and to the conduct of other similar lotteries wherein the winner or winners are chosen by the drawing of a ticket or similar card or device at, or as a part of, a fund raising event, except as provided in subsection (2) above and except the following rules which shall not be applicable:
(a) WAC 230-20-340;
(b) WAC 230-20-350;
(c) WAC 230-20-150;
(d) WAC 230-20-300. [Order 78, § 230-25-220, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-25-230 Raffles or similar lotteries at fund raising events—Tickets to be sold and income to be accounted for separately. (1) Tickets for entry into a raffle or similar lottery held at, and as a part of, a fund raising event, wherein the winner or winners are determined by the drawing of a ticket from among tickets sold or issued, shall be sold or issued separately and each shall constitute a separate and equal chance to win with all other tickets sold or issued. No person shall be required to obtain more than one ticket, or to pay for anything other than the ticket, in order to enter any such raffle or similar lottery.
(2) The provisions of WAC 230-20-100 respecting receipting for, and accounting for, sales of raffle tickets and prizes shall apply to all such raffles and similar lotteries, which together shall be treated as raffles for the purposes of this rule. Each such raffle or similar lottery shall be accounted for separately from other activities in connection with the fund raising event. [Order 78, § 230-25-230, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-25-240 Prizes to be awarded only to persons who were present, and purchased tickets or made wagers, at fund raising event. No prize or wager shall be paid or awarded in connection with a fund raising event to any person who is, or was, not present at the event himself and personally there made the wager, or obtained the ticket or chance, resulting in such award or payment. [Order 80, § 230-25-240, filed 12/28/77.]

WAC 230-25-250 Operation of punchboards and pull tabs at a fund raising event prohibited. No licensee to conduct a fund raising event shall operate punchboards and pull tabs as a part of that event. [Order 80, § 230-25-250, filed 12/28/77.]

Chapter 230-30 WAC
PUNCH BOARDS AND PULL TABS

WAC
230-30-015 Identification stamps.
230-30-016 Replacement of commission identification stamps on pull tab dispensing devices.
230-30-018 Sellers of punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices to put commission stamp numbers on invoices.
230-30-030 Punch board and pull tab special inspection.
230-30-050 Punch board and pull tab operation.
230-30-060 Punch board restrictions.
230-30-070 Control of prizes.
230-30-075 Minimum percentage of prizes for certain gambling activities.
230-30-080 Limitation on pull tab dispensing devices.
230-30-090 All devices must comply with rules.
230-30-095 Pull tab dispensing devices to be submitted to commission for approval prior to sale.
230-30-100 Punchboard and pull tab device to display name of its licensed manufacturer.
230-30-102 Pull tab series assembly and packaging.
230-30-103 Standards for construction of pull tabs.
230-30-104 Possession or sale of pull tab series in which winners or location of winners may be determined in advance—Prohibited.
230-30-105 Only one flare may be used with a punchboard or pull tab series.
230-30-106 Standards for flares.
230-30-110 Possession of duplicate numbered-color coded pull tab series prohibited.
230-30-130 Flare to display pull tab series number.
230-30-200 Punchboard and pull tab business restrictions.
230-30-210 Buying, furnishing, and selling to only licensees required.
230-30-212 Punchboards, pull tabs and related equipment may be sold with sale of business.
230-30-213 Sale of punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices when license revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered.
230-30-215 Trade-in of used pull tab dispensing devices permitted.
230-30-220 Interest in separate business involving punchboards and pull tabs at different marketing level prohibited.
230-30-500 Rules applicable to operators of punchboards and pull tabs applicable as well to operators of either activity.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

230-30-010 Prior inspection or approval of punchboards, pull tabs, or devices for the distribution of pull tabs by the commission—Alternatives. [Order 5, § 230-30-010, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by Order 9, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.
230-30-020 Approval by sample. [Order 5, § 230-30-020, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.] Repealed by Order 9, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.

WAC 230-30-015 Identification stamps. No punchboard, series of pull tabs or device for the dispensing of pull tabs shall be sold or purchased within this state or knowingly for use within this state or put out for play unless and until a stamp obtained from the commission containing an identifying number, symbol or combination thereof has been permanently and conspicuously affixed thereto. Once placed, such stamp shall not be removed or tampered with by any person.

With respect to punchboards, the stamp shall be placed so the complete number, together with any symbol appearing thereon, is plainly visible.

With respect to series of pull tabs, the stamps shall be placed upon the dispensing device sold together with, and for that specific series or upon a flare furnished by the manufacturer for that series. Such flare shall also show the series number assigned to that series by the manufacturer. If a different flare than the flare so stamped is used for display when the series of pull tabs is put out for play, then the manufacturer's flare, with
the manufacturer's series number and with the identification stamp obtained from the commission thereon, shall be attached to the back of the substitute flare in such a manner as to be clearly visible to a person playing the device.

Stamps shall be placed only on items which conform to all requirements of this state's laws and the rules of this commission, and shall not be placed upon items not authorized for use within this state. Stamps shall be placed only upon those pull tab dispensing devices which have been approved by the commission pursuant to WAC 230-30-095.

Identification stamps may be obtained only from the commission, by a licensed manufacturer only, for five cents each. Such stamps shall be placed by the licensed manufacturer only on items which he, himself, sells or furnishes, and shall not be transferred or furnished to any other person unless already placed upon a punchboard, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing device.

No person not a licensed manufacturer shall obtain such stamps from any source, nor shall he affix such a stamp to any punchboard, series of pull tabs or pull tab dispensing device, after November 1, 1974.

Those persons other than licensed manufacturers who have obtained stamps from the commission may return those stamps unused to the commission prior to November 1, 1974, and receive a refund at five cents per unused stamp, which will be made within a reasonable time after receipt by the commission of the stamps. [Order 48, § 230-30-015, filed 3/23/76; Order 21, § 230-30-015, filed 8/20/74; Order 9, § 230-30-015, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-016 Replacement of commission identification stamps on pull tab dispensing devices. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these rules, a licensed operator or distributor of pull tab dispensing devices may obtain a commission identification stamp to replace an identification stamp affixed to a pull tab dispensing device that has become unidentifiable due to wear: Provided, That the operator or distributor furnish to the commission:

(a) The invoice from the operator, distributor or manufacturer for the purchase of the dispensing device in question, or
(b) A complete notarized description of the pull tab dispensing device, serial number, manufacturer, and the commission stamp number previously affixed to the device.

(2) The request for replacement of the commission identification stamp shall be submitted on a form provided by the commission. The fee for replacement of the commission identification stamps shall be ten dollars. [Order 48, § 230-30-016, filed 3/23/76.]

WAC 230-30-018 Sellers of punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices to put commission stamp numbers on invoices. Persons selling or otherwise furnishing punchboards, pull tabs or pull tab dispensing devices shall set out the commission stamp number of each item sold on each invoice and other document used in connection with the sale. [Order 23, § 230-30-018, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-30-030 Punch board and pull tab special inspection. In addition to any other authority of the commission or its agents to conduct inspections, the commission or its agents, shall have the authority to select any punch board or pull tab series, whether held by an operator or not, and to examine the punch board or pull tab series in any manner, including punching out or pulling all chances remaining thereon: Provided, That if the punch board or pull tab series so inspected is thereby altered in any manner and no defect, alteration, deceptive condition or other violation is discovered, then the owner shall be reimbursed by the commission for his cost for the punch board or pull tab series, and the device shall become the property of the commission. [Order 5, § 230-30-030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-050 Punch board and pull tab operation. (1) No person under the age of eighteen years and no person visibly intoxicated or visibly under the influence of any narcotic, shall be allowed to play any punch board or pull tab device. It shall be the responsibility of the licensee and the responsibility of the person physically operating the punch board or pull tab device to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to play.

(2) No operator shall permit the display or operation of any punch board or pull tab which may have in any manner been marked, defaced, tampered with or otherwise placed in a condition, or operated in a manner, which may deceive the public or which affects the chances of winning or losing upon the taking of any chance thereon. [Order 5, § 230-30-050, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-060 Punch board restrictions. No operator shall display, and no manufacturer shall sell or furnish to any person, any punch board:

(1) To which any key to any winning number, symbol, exists other than a key which is furnished to the operator, which key designates the color codes for all chances on that board without regard to whether or not such chances are designated winners.

(2) Which has taped sides, corners, or edges. [Order 5, § 230-30-060, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-070 Control of prizes. (1) Punchboards' and pull tabs' licensees shall award all prizes in cash or in merchandise. Prizes may not involve the opportunity of taking an additional chance or chances on another punchboard or of obtaining another pull tab or pull tabs. Where the prize involves the opportunity to punch again on the same punchboard, a prize must be awarded for each such punch which is not less than the highest amount of money, or worth not less than the most valuable merchandise prize, which might otherwise have been won by the punch for which the opportunity to take the second punch was awarded. No punchboard which offers as a prize the opportunity to take another punch on that board shall be sold or placed out for play unless that particular style and type of step-up board
has been approved in advance by the commission. Each such board must clearly indicate on its face the terms and conditions under which the opportunity to obtain the second, or step-up punch may be obtained and the prizes which may be won by the step-up punch.

(2) The licensee shall display all prizes in the immediate vicinity of the punchboard or pull tab device and such prizes shall be in full view of any person prior to that person purchasing the opportunity to play. When a prize is cash, then the money itself shall not be displayed, but a coupon designating the cash amount represented thereby available to be won shall be substituted therefor in any display which also includes merchandise prizes. The cash prizes to be awarded in connection with punchboards and pull tab series in connection with which only cash prizes are awarded shall be clearly and fully described or represented by a coupon displayed upon the prize flare attached to the face of the punchboard or accompany the pull tab series and attached to the face or displayed in the immediate vicinity of the pull tab dispensing device. The licensee shall display prizes so arranged that a customer can easily determine which prizes are available from any particular punchboard or pull tab device located upon the premises.

(3) Upon a determination of a winner of a merchandise prize, the licensee shall immediately remove that prize from any display and present it to the winner.

Immediately upon determining the winner of any cash prize of five dollars or more, or of any merchandise prize with a retail value of five dollars or more, but prior to award of the prize, the licensee shall conspicuously delete all references to that prize being available to players from any flare, punchboard or pull tab dispensing device upon which such reference may appear, and from any other list, sign, or notice which may be posted, in such a manner that all future customers will know the prize is no longer available. The prize shall then be paid or delivered to the winner forthwith.

(4) No licensee shall offer to pay cash in lieu of merchandise prizes which may be won.

(5) When any person shall win over five dollars in cash or merchandise with a retail value of more than five dollars from the operation of any punchboard or pull tab device, a record shall be made by the licensee of the win. The record shall contain:

(a) The full name of the winner
(b) The current address of the winner
(c) The date of the win
(d) A description of the prize won
(e) If the prize is merchandise, its retail value
(f) The commission identification stamp number of the punchboard or pull tab series from which the prize was won.

It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to determine the identity of the winner and the licensee shall require such proof of identification as is necessary to properly establish the winner's identity. The licensee shall not pay out any prize unless and until the winner has fully and accurately furnished to the licensee all information required by this rule to be kept upon the records of the licensee.

Every licensee shall keep the record of all prizes awarded in excess of five dollars, containing all of the information required in subsection (5) above, for a period of one year and shall display the same to any member of the public, representative of the commission or law enforcement officials upon demand. [Order 43, § 230–30–070, filed 11/28/75; Order 29, § 230–30–070, filed 1/23/75; Order 27, § 230–30–070, filed 11/15/74; Order 23, § 230–30–070, filed 9/23/74; Order 14, § 230–30–070, filed 3/27/74; Order 12, § 230–30–070, filed 2/14/74; Order 5, § 230–30–070, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–30–075 Minimum percentage of prizes for certain gambling activities. No operator shall put out for play and no distributor or manufacturer of punchboards and pull tabs shall sell or otherwise provide to any person in this state or for use in this state any punchboard or pull tab series that does not contain the following minimum percentage in prizes:

(1) Punchboards – a minimum of 60 percent respecting each punchboard placed out for public play.

(2) Pull tabs – a minimum of 65 percent respecting each series of pull tabs placed out for public play.

(3) Single cash prizes on punchboards/pull tabs shall not exceed:

(a) One hundred ($100) in cash; or
(b) A merchandise prize, or combination merchandise prize, for which the operator has expended more than one hundred dollars. [Order 70, § 230–30–075, filed 5/24/77; Order 43, § 230–30–075, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230–30–080 Limitation on pull tab dispensing devices. (1) No pull tabs shall be placed out for public play unless the device by which they are dispensed to the consumer allows the consumer to either:

(a) See all of the pull tabs remaining on or within the series of pull tabs; or
(b) The device contains a counter mechanism on its face which sets out clearly and precisely at any given time either

(i) The number of pull tabs which remain within, or
(ii) The number of pull tabs which have been purchased from, the pull tab series then in play.

If one of the alternatives set out in subsection (b) is used, a notice shall be placed on the face of the dispensing device which clearly and plainly tells how one is able to use the number shown upon the counter to determine the number of chances remaining in the series of pull tabs for comparison with the number and quality of those prizes remaining with respect to that series at any given time.

This subsection (1) shall not be effective after July 31, 1976.

(2) No pull tabs shall be placed out for public play unless the total number of pull tabs originally in the series shall be clearly disclosed on the face of the flare advertising the prizes available from that series of pull tabs.

(3) No pull tab shall be added to a series of pull tabs after that series has been shipped from its place of manufacture.

[Title 230 WAC—p 37]
(4) No pull tab series, or any portion thereof, shall be placed in, or if a spindle upon, any pull tab dispensing device until any other series of pull tabs previously in, or upon, the device has been played out or permanently removed from public play.

(5) No pull tab once placed in, or if a spindle upon, a pull tab dispensing device out for public play shall be removed from the dispensing device until the series is permanently removed from public play, except only:

(a) Those pull tabs actually played by consumers,
(b) Those pull tabs removed by representatives of the commission, or other law enforcement agency inspecting the device, and
(c) Those tabs temporarily removed during necessary repair or maintenance of the device.

Excepting only tabs removed under (b) and (c) hereinafore, once a pull tab has been removed from public play it shall not again be put out for public play.

(6) Effective August 1, 1976, no person shall put out any pull tab series for public play unless the series of pull tabs is wholly contained within, or if a spindle upon, the device used for dispensing that series.

(7) Effective August 1, 1976, no person shall sell or transfer to another person in this state, or for use within this state, or shall place out for public play any device for the dispensing of pull tabs not so constructed as to allow a consumer to clearly see each pull tab within, or if a spindle upon, the device prior to playing the device.

(8) Effective August 1, 1976, no person shall sell or transfer to any other person in this state, or for use within this state, or put out for public play any device for the dispensing of pull tabs without permanent lines or markings on the face of the device and clearly visible to the consumer which effectively divide the tabs remaining in the device into divisions of approximately 25 tabs so that the consumer can determine how many tabs remain within the device.

(9) Effective August 1, 1976, no person shall place out for public play any device for the dispensing of pull tabs which is not so constructed as to provide for at least one selection position for every 400 pull tabs originally in the series in play in the machine.

The following schedule shall be followed in the enforcement of this subsection:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MINIMUM NUMBER OF TABS FROM WHICH SELECTION MUST BE AVAILABLE</th>
<th>THE NUMBER OF TABS ORIGINALLY IN SERIES OF PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1–400</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>401–800</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>801–1200</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>1201–1600</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>1601–2000</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>2001–2400</td>
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<td>2401–2800</td>
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<td>2801–3200</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>3201–3600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>3601–4000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(10) Effective July 1, 1976, no person shall sell or transfer to another person in this state, or for use within this state, or put out for public play, any pull tab series which contains more than 4000 individual pull tabs. [Order 55, § 230–30–080, filed 6/25/76; Order 43, § 230–30–080, filed 11/28/75; Order 15, § 230–30–080, filed 4/17/74; Order 9, § 230–30–080, filed 12/19/73, 1:26 p.m.; Order 5, § 230–30–080, filed 12/19/73, 1:25 p.m.]

**WAC 230–30–090** All devices must comply with rules. No operator shall display or put out for play, and no distributor or manufacturer or their representatives shall sell or otherwise furnish, any punchboard, series of pull tabs, or device for the dispensing of pull tabs unless such punchboards, pull tabs or devices for the dispensing of pull tabs conform to all requirements of this state’s laws and the rules of this commission, as they now exist or are hereafter amended. [Order 18, § 230–30–090, filed 5/21/74.]

**WAC 230–30–095** Pull tab dispensing devices to be submitted to commission for approval prior to sale. No pull tab dispensing device shall be put out for public play, or sold or otherwise furnished to any person in this state, or for use within this state, after August 1, 1976 unless and until an identical prototype of that device has first been presented to the commission by its manufacturer and has been approved by the commission for use within this state.

Prototypes, or examples, of such devices shall be presented at the commission’s office for staff review, together with an application for commission approval on a form obtained from the commission, not less than 60 calendar days prior to the date by which a commission decision is desired.

The commission shall retain the device actually submitted for approval, or a later production model thereof, at the discretion of the director or the commission. Approval, if granted, shall extend only to the specific device approved and devices exactly like it. If the device is modified in any way, excepting only in color and other like superficial appearance features, it must be resubmitted for commission approval of such modifications and shall be treated in all respects under this rule as if it were a new and different device.

The traditional single spindle device, and the clear glass or plastic traditional fishbowl device, for the dispensing of pull tabs are hereby approved and these devices need not be submitted to the commission for further approval notwithstanding the above provisions of this rule. [Order 55, § 230–30–095, filed 6/25/76; Order 45, § 230–30–095, filed 12/30/75.]

**WAC 230–30–100** Punchboard and pull tab device to display name of its licensed manufacturer. (1) No operator shall put out for play, and no distributor or manufacturer shall sell or otherwise furnish, any punchboard, series of pull tabs or device for the dispensing of pull tabs unless each such board, series, or device shall have conspicuously set forth thereon a stamp, seal or label which identifies its manufacturer and the city and state of its manufacturer.
(2) Any coin-operated pull tab dispensing device manufactured or sold in this state, or for use in this state, and initially placed out for play on or after August 1, 1976, shall have the manufacturer's name, the city and state of its manufacturer, and the manufacturer's serial number for that device stamped or embossed into its case. The manufacturer shall keep a permanent record describing each such device sold, identifying the purchaser and setting out that serial number.

The manufacturer's serial number shall be set out on the sales invoice each time the device is sold or transferred.

(3) Each individual pull tab shall have conspicuously set forth thereon the name of the manufacturer or label or trademark which identifies its manufacturer. The label or trademark must be attached with the commission prior to the printing of the pull tab: Provided, That licensed distributors and operators who have existing inventories of punchboards and pull tabs without the manufacturer's label or trademark on April 1, 1975, which can be documented by manufacturer or distributor invoice, may use those inventories. A distributor selling such inventory equipment to a licensed operator must indicate on the invoice that the equipment is inventory in stock on April 1, 1975: Provided further, That no such inventory in stock on April 1, 1975 may be legally sold after April 1, 1976.

(4) No operator shall put out for play and no distributor shall sell or otherwise furnish, any punchboard, series of pull tabs or coin operated device for the dispensing of pull tabs, unless the manufacturer of punchboards, series of pull tabs or coin operated device for the dispensing of pull tabs, identified on such device, has been licensed by the commission. [Order 55, § 230–30–100, filed 6/25/76; Order 43, § 230–30–100, filed 11/28/75; Order 27, § 230–30–100, filed 11/15/74; Order 23, § 230–30–100, filed 9/23/74; Order 18, § 230–30–100, filed 5/21/74; Order 12, § 230–30–100, filed 2/14/74.]

WAC 230–30–102 Pull tab series assembly and packaging. Manufacturers of pull tabs shall manufacture, assemble, and package each pull tab series in such a manner that none of the winning pull tabs, nor the location or approximate location of any of the winning pull tabs can be determined, in advance of opening the pull tabs in any manner or by any device, including but not limited to any pattern in manufacture, assembly, packaging, markings, or by the use of a light. Winning pull tabs shall be randomly distributed and mixed among all other pull tabs in the series. The series shall be assembled and packaged with special care so as to eliminate any pattern as between series, or portions of series, from which the location or approximate location of any of the winning tabs may be determined.

When the series is packaged in more than one package, box or other container, the entire series of individual pull tabs shall be mixed in such a manner that no person can determine the position or approximate location of any of the winning pull tabs or determine whether any one package or portion of a series contains a larger or smaller percentage of winning pull tabs than the balance of the series. The packages, boxes or other containers shall not be numbered as to distinguish one from the other and have no marking other than the series number. Each series of pull tabs shall contain a packing slip placed inside the package containing the name of manufacturer, series number, date the series was packaged, and the name or identification of the person who packaged the series. [Order 78, § 230–30–102, filed 11/17/77; Order 43, § 230–30–102, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230–30–103 Standards for construction of pull tabs. Pull tabs shall be constructed so that it is impossible to determine the covered or concealed number, symbol, or set of symbols, on the pull tab until it has been dispensed to and opened by the player, by any method or device, including but not limited to, the use of a marking, variance in size, variance in paper fiber, or light. [Order 78, § 230–30–103, filed 11/17/77; Order 43, § 230–30–103, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230–30–104 Possession or sale of pull tab series in which winners or location of winners may be determined in advance—Prohibited. (1) No operator, distributor or manufacturer, or representative thereof, with knowledge or in circumstances whereunder he reasonably should have known, shall possess, display, put out for play, sell or otherwise furnish to any person any pull tab series or pull tab from any series:

(a) In which the winning tabs have not been completely and randomly distributed and mixed among all other tabs in the series; or

(b) In which the location, or approximate location, of any of the winning tabs can be determined in advance of opening the tabs in any manner or by any device, including but not limited to, any pattern in the manufacture, assembly or packaging of the tabs by the manufacturer, by any markings on the tabs or container, or by the use of a light; or

(c) Which does not conform in any other respect to the requirements of these rules as to manufacture, assembly, or packaging of pull tabs.

(2) No manufacturer or distributor or representative thereof shall use as a sales promotion any statement, demonstration, or implication that any certain portion of a series of pull tabs contains more winners than other portions of the series or that any series of pull tabs may be sold by the operator in a particular manner that would give the operator any advantage in selling more of the pull tabs before having to pay out winners. [Order 78, § 230–30–104, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230–30–105 Only one flare may be used with a punchboard or pull tab series. No person shall place or have out in public view more than one flare advertising the prizes available from the operation of any punchboard, or from any series of pull tabs. [Order 43, § 230–30–105, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230–30–106 Standards for flares. The flare advertising prizes available from the operation of any punchboard, or any series of pull tabs shall:

[Title 230 WAC—p 39]
(1) Be placed only upon the upper face, or on the top, of any such punchboard or any device used to dispense the pull tabs; and
(2) Clearly set out each of the prizes available and the number or symbol which wins prizes; and
(3) Set out the winning numbers or symbols for prizes of five dollars or more in cash, or merchandise worth five dollars or more at retail, in such a manner that each may be easily and clearly deleted or marked off as each prize is won and awarded. [Order 43, § 230–30–106, filed 11/28/75.]

WAC 230–30–110 Possession of duplicate numbered–color coded pull tab series prohibited. A. Each manufacturer of pull tabs shall assign a series number to each series of pull tabs he manufactures and place that series number on each pull tab in that series. A manufacturer may, in addition, assign a color trim to that series and if so, each pull tab in the series shall also reflect that color trim.

No manufacturer, manufacturer’s representative, distributor or distributor’s representative shall sell or furnish to any operator a series of pull tabs with the same series number and color code combination as a series which that operator has previously purchased or obtained but upon which play has not been completed.

B. No person licensed as an operator of punchboards or pull tabs shall ever obtain or possess, or shall ever allow upon the licensed premises, a series of pull tabs, or portion thereof, with the same series number, or series number or color code combination, as any other series of pull tabs or portion thereof in his possession, or on the licensed premises: Provided, That this rule shall not prevent a person from retaining upon the licensed premises pull tabs remaining from series removed from play for the purposes of complying with federal or state law or regulation if that person
(1) Has punched a hole through each such pull tab removed and retained with a standard hole punch not less than 1/8” in diameter immediately upon removal of the pull tabs from play, and
(2) Made a written record of the series number, color code if any, and the number of tabs remaining in that series, immediately upon removing that series from play, and
(3) The written record so made is maintained upon the licensed premises for a period of not less than three years after the series is removed. [Order 27, § 230–30–110, filed 11/15/74.]

WAC 230–30–130 Flare to display pull tab series number. Each flare describing the prizes and winning numbers or symbols for a series of pull tabs in play shall clearly set out the series number assigned to that pull tab series by the manufacturer. The series number will be placed upon the flare by the manufacturer prior to the series being sold to a distributor or operator. [Order 48, § 230–30–130, filed 3/23/76; Order 23, § 230–30–130, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–30–200 Punchboard and pull tab business restrictions. (1) No operator shall buy, receive or otherwise obtain, nor shall any manufacturer or distributor, or anyone connected therewith, sell or deliver any punchboard, pull tab, pull tab dispensing device or related equipment, or merchandise for prizes to be awarded in connection with such activities, to any operator, except upon the basis of a cash transaction, nor shall any operator permit any manufacturer or distributor or anyone connected therewith, to acquire any interest, including a security interest, in any such equipment or merchandise. A cash transaction shall include payment or payments by check: Provided, That each check is presented for payment into the banking system by the end of the second business day following the day the check is written.

(2) No operator shall accept a loan of money or any thing of value from any manufacturer or distributor, or from anyone connected therewith. [Order 18, § 230–30–200, filed 5/21/74; Order 5, § 230–30–200, filed 12/19/73.] See Reviser’s Note.

Reviser’s note: Permanent Order 30, filed by the Washington State Gambling Commission in the office of the Code Reviser on January 23, 1975, set an effective date of April 1, 1975, on the following section included in this chapter: WAC 230-30-200 as a repealed section.

Emergency Order 34, filed April 1, 1975, deferred the effective date of Permanent Order 30, from April 1, 1975, to June 27, 1975.

Permanent Order 36, filed May 9, 1975, voided Orders 30 and 34, and the above section is set forth as it existed prior to the adoption of Orders 30, 34, and 36.

WAC 230–30–210 Buying from and selling to only licensees required. No manufacturer, distributor or distributor’s representative, shall sell or otherwise make available to any person any punch boards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices or related equipment in this state unless it has first determined that each person has a valid license issued by the commission to sell or otherwise distribute such equipment within this state, or to operate such activity on a particular premise within this state.

No operator, distributor or distributor’s representative, shall purchase or otherwise obtain from any person any punch board, pull tab, device for the dispensing of pull tabs or related equipment in this state until it has first determined that the person selling or otherwise offering such equipment has a valid license issued by the commission to sell the equipment in this state or has been registered with the commission as required. [Order 5, § 230–30–210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–30–212 Punchboards, pull tabs and related equipment may be sold with sale of business. Notwithstanding any other provision in these rules, a licensed operator who is selling the retail business in connection with which he is operating punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices may transfer such of those items as he has on hand to the buyer as a part of the transaction, provided:

(1) The buyer has been licensed by the commission to operate punchboards and pull tabs or has applied to the commission for such a license.

(2) Each such item sold together with the business is reported to the commission in writing by the seller. This
WAC 230-30-213 Sale of punchboards, pull tabs and pull tab dispensing devices when license revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in these rules, a licensed operator or distributor of punchboards and pull tabs whose license has been revoked, expired or voluntarily surrendered may sell complete pull tab series, pull tab dispensing devices and unused punchboards in inventory to a licensed distributor or a licensed manufacturer of those devices: Provided, That the seller notifies the commission within ten days of the transaction in writing of the following:
(a) The date the license is revoked, expired or surrendered,
(b) A complete description of the items to be sold including commission identification stamp number,
(c) The name and license number of the distributor or manufacturer who will buy the equipment.
(2) Licensed distributors and manufacturers of punchboards and pull tabs may buy complete pull tab series, pull tab dispensing devices and unused punchboards from a licensed operator whose license has been revoked, expired or surrendered: Provided, That:
(a) The transaction is for cash only,
(b) The licensed operator has furnished the written notification to the commission of the transaction required above.
(3) The distributor or manufacturer will prepare an invoice for the transaction with a complete description of all equipment purchased together with the commission stamp number on each item. A copy of the notice given to the commission by the operator will be attached to the invoice. The records of these transactions shall be retained by each party for not less than three years following the transaction, unless released by the commission from this requirement as to any particular record.
[Order 33, § 230-30-213, filed 2/21/75.]

WAC 230-30-215 Trade-in of used pull tab dispensing devices permitted provided certain records are maintained. "Trade-in" of pull tab dispensing devices by an operator is prohibited, except when all of the following conditions are satisfied:
(1) The trade-in is accomplished in connection with, and as a part of, an occasional transaction wherein a licensed operator is purchasing other pull tab dispensing devices from a licensed distributor or manufacturer.
(2) The portion of the purchase price of the devices purchased by the operator to be deducted as a credit for the devices traded in is the fair market price of such trade-in items, taking into account their age, condition and functional obsolescence. The trade-in credit shall be for value received and shall not be used by the distributor or manufacturer to grant a discount in the price of the devices sold to the operator when such discount is not available to all other customers of the distributor or manufacturer.
(3) A record shall be kept of each transaction by all parties to it which includes:
(a) A complete description of each device sold to the operator, its sales price and the identifying number of the device set out on the stamp affixed thereto by the commission.
(b) A complete description of each device traded in to the distributor or manufacturer, the amount of money deducted from the sales price of the items purchased by the operator as a result of the device being traded in, and the identifying number of the device set out on the stamp affixed thereto issued by the commission. These records shall be in addition to those elsewhere required. The records of these transactions shall be retained by each party for not less than three years following the transaction. [Order 15, § 230-30-215, filed 4/17/74.]

WAC 230-30-220 Interest in separate business involving punchboards and pull tabs at a different marketing level prohibited. No manufacturer, distributor or operator of punchboards, pull tabs, pull tab dispensing devices or related equipment shall:
(1) Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;
(2) Allow any of its officers, or any other person with a substantial interest in such business, to have any interest in any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;
(3) Shall employ any person in any capacity or allow any person to represent the business in any way if such person is also employed by, or represents any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level;
(4) Shall allow any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level, or any person with a substantial interest therein to have any interest directly or indirectly, in it;
(5) Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any business of any kind in which any other of these businesses operating in whole or in part at a different marketing level, or any person having a substantial interest therein, also has a substantial interest;
(6) Allow any other business of any kind in which any other of these businesses, or any person having a substantial interest therein, to have any interest, directly or indirectly, in it;
(7) For the purposes of this rule, the different marketing levels shall be:
(a) Operator;
(b) Distributor;
(c) Manufacturer;
(8) This rule shall not prohibit the same person licensed and operating as a manufacturer from being also licensed and operating as a distributor. [Order 18, § 230-30-220, filed 5/21/74; Order 5, § 230-30-220, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-30-500 Rules applicable to operators of punchboards and pull tabs applicable as well to operators of either activity. Each rule of the commission which applies to operators of both punchboards and pull tabs

[Title 230 WAC—p 41]
Chapter 230-40 WAC
CARD GAMES

WAC
230-40-010 Types of card games authorized.
230-40-015 Rules by which the card games themselves shall be played.
230-40-020 Portion of premises used for card playing limited.
230-40-030 Number of tables and players limited.
230-40-050 Fees for card playing.
230-40-060 Persons shall not share in winnings or charge additional fee for playing cards.
230-40-062 No charge for cutting cards.
230-40-070 Licensee to furnish all cards, chips and other services.
230-40-080 Person not to bring their own cards or chips.
230-40-090 Devices, mechanisms, giving advantage—Prohibited.
230-40-120 Limits on wagers in card games.
230-40-130 Wagers to be made with chips only.
230-40-140 Change in method of wagering prohibited.
230-40-150 Side bets prohibited.
230-40-160 Wagers by other than participants prohibited.
230-40-200 Participants to compete on equal terms—Deal to rotate among players.
230-40-225 House dealer allowed in "pan" games.
230-40-230 No person shall have someone play for him or assist another participant.
230-40-250 Licensee to prevent cheating in card games.
230-40-310 No free or discount food, beverage or merchandise to be offered at public card room.
230-40-320 Minors or intoxicated persons shall not play cards or provide services to the game.
230-40-331 Bona fide nonprofit or charitable organizations—members only to play social card and dice games—exception.
230-40-400 Hours limited for card games.
230-40-500 House rules to be developed and posted.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

WAC 230-40-010 Types of card games authorized.
The commission hereby authorizes the following card games to be played in public card rooms and social card rooms licensed by the commission:
(1) Poker.
(a) Five card stud poker,
(b) Five card draw poker,
(c) Either of the above but with low ball object.
(d) Seven card stud poker, with high or low ball object.
(e) Five card high–low draw poker,
(f) Five card high–low stud poker,
(g) High–low seven card stud,
(h) Six card stud,
(i) High–low six card stud,
(j) Hold 'Em.
(2) Hearts.
(3) Bridge.
(4) Pinochle.
(5) Cribbage.
(6) Rummy.
(7) Mah–jongg (tiles).
(8) Coon–Can.
(9) Pan.
(10) Pitch.


WAC 230-40-015 Rules by which the card games themselves shall be played. A card game authorized by the commission shall be played only in the manner set out for that game in Hoyle's Modern Encyclopedia of Card Games, by Walter B. Gibson, published by Doubleday & Company, Inc., April 1974 first edition: Provided, That except as to poker games listed under WAC 230-40-010(1), each licensee may make immaterial modifications to the rules of each authorized game set out in that publication.
Each licensee may establish rules of conduct for the card players on its premises.
Each such immaterial modification, or rule of conduct, shall be conspicuously posted on the premises where it can be clearly seen by the players in the card game.
Where other of the commission's rules are inconsistent in any respect with the above-referenced publication, or with any modification or rule of conduct of the licensee, the commission's rule shall prevail over such inconsistent requirement. [Order 67, § 230-40-015, filed 3/11/77; Order 40, § 230-40-015, filed 6/26/75; Order 29, § 230-40-015, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-40-020 Portion of premises used for card playing limited. Only those specific parts or portions of licensed premises which have been approved by the commission for licensed card games shall be used for that purpose. Card playing operating under the authority of a license issued by the commission involving wagers shall not take place upon any other portion or part of the premises. Social card games authorized by RCW 9.46.030(7) shall not be allowed by the organization in the same room or rooms with the licensed card games in the social card room. [Order 78, § 230-40-020, filed 11/17/77; Order 23, § 230-40-020, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-030 Number of tables and players limited. (1) No licensee to allow a public card room on its premises shall allow more than five separate tables at which card games are played, nor shall allow more than eight players to participate at any one table at any given time.
(2) No licensee to allow a social card room on its premises shall allow more than eight players to participate at any one table at any given time.
(3) The commission may permit a licensee to exceed these limits on specific occasions for good cause shown.
Requests to exceed the limit shall be submitted to the commission in writing not less than 30 days preceding the date upon which the licensee wishes to exceed the limit. The request shall indicate the date(s) involved, the reasons why the request is made, and the number of games and players in the games which the licensee desires to allow on that occasion. [Order 23, § 230–40–030, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–050 Fees for card playing. No fee shall be charged a person, directly or indirectly, to play in a card game in excess of those fees set forth below, the proceeds from which shall be used solely to offset the expenses of allowing persons to play cards on the premises:

(1) For all card games, except as provided in (2) below, the fee shall not exceed $1.00 per half hour, or portion thereof, per player.

The fee charged shall be collected by the licensee in cash, or in wagering chips, directly from the player upon each half hour only. The amount collected each half hour shall be recorded by the licensee, by date and time collected, on a format which shall also show the amount collected respecting each type of card game being played, and the number of players in each such game, at the time of collection. The fee schedule applicable to the type of games and number of tables in the card room shall be conspicuously posted on the premises where it can be clearly seen by the players in the card games.

(2) The fee for entry into a tournament for prizes shall not exceed $25.00, including all separate fees which might be paid by a player for various phases or events of the tournament. The licensee shall maintain a record of all such fees collected, by date of collection, for each such tournament held.

(3) Class D licensees only may charge a fee not to exceed actual cost to the licensee per deck for each deck of playing cards furnished to a table as required by these rules, or as requested by any player at the table. The fee shall be collected in cash directly from the players, or the player requesting the deck, at the time the deck is introduced into the game. The licensee shall maintain a record of all such fees collected, by date of collection.

No player shall be required to pay hereunder more than $1.00 during any half hour period for use of decks of cards: Provided, That a person requesting a new deck of cards in addition to those regularly furnished by the operator as required by WAC 230–40–070(2) may be additionally charged therefor under this rule.

(4) This rule shall not prevent a bona fide nonprofit or charitable organization which has been established and operated for purposes other than card playing from charging its usual membership fee to belong to the organization.

(5) Records required by this rule shall be maintained for a period of three years from the end of the licensee's fiscal year for which the record is kept unless released by the commission from this requirement. [Order 72, § 230–40–050, filed 7/26/77; Order 42, § 230–40–050, filed 9/18/75; Order 38, § 230–40–050, filed 5/9/75; Emergency Order 37, § 230–40–050, filed 5/9/75; Order 35, § 230–40–050, filed 3/14/75; Order 29, § 230–40–050, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230–40–050, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–060 Persons shall not share in winnings or charge additional fee for playing cards. No organization, corporation or person shall collect or obtain or charge any percentage of, or shall collect or obtain any portion of the money wagered or won by any of the players, except that a player may collect his winnings. No organization, corporation or person shall collect or obtain any money or thing of value from, nor shall charge or impose any fee upon, any person which either enables him to play or results from his playing card games, except the fee or fees specifically allowed by RCW 9.46.020(20)(d) or these rules: Provided, That this rule shall not prevent an organization which has been established and operated for purposes other than card playing from charging its usual membership fee to belong to the operation. [Order 72, § 230–40–060, filed 7/26/77; Order 29, § 230–40–060, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230–40–060, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–062 No charge for cutting cards. No charge shall be made by anyone for the privilege of cutting the cards. [Order 25, § 230–40–062, filed 10/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–070 Licensee to furnish all cards, chips and other services. Each licensee shall furnish the following items and services in connection with all card games conducted on its premises at no additional charge to the players:

(1) Chips. Chips for use in wagering shall be of generally conventional size and design. Chips furnished by a licensee shall be so designed that they are readily identifiable as having been furnished by that particular licensee.

(2) Cards or mah–jongg tiles. The deck, or decks of cards being used at a given table where any poker game is being played shall be changed at a minimum every half hour by the licensee.

Playing cards or mah–jongg tiles furnished shall be of generally conventional size and design. Playing cards or tiles that have been shaved, sanded, cut, carved, or otherwise marked in any manner which may make certain cards or tiles identifiable to players other than as allowed by the rules of the particular game are prohibited.

(3) Bank services. The licensee shall sell its chips to all players desiring to buy them not in excess of any limits set by the commission and redeem all chips at the value for which they were sold. The value at which the various types of chips are sold and redeemed shall be conspicuously posted and visible to each person prior to that person purchasing chips. Money taken in on chips sold shall be kept separate and apart from all other money received by the licensee.

Chips may be sold for cash only and no credit of any nature shall be extended by an operator to a person purchasing chips: Provided, That an operator may accept a personal check written on an account of a person purchasing chips in lieu of cash, but only when the check is complete and in an amount equal to the value of the

[Title 230 WAC—p 43]
chips being purchased at that time. Each receipt by a person of a quantity of chips from the operator shall be a separate transaction for the purpose of this rule. (Personal checks received for chips retained by the operator after close of business shall be deposited by the operator not later than the second day following receipt upon which the operator’s bank is open for business.)

No licensee shall allow any cards or chips not furnished by the licensee on that business day to be used in any card game conducted upon its premises. No licensee shall allow any other person to buy or sell chips for use in card games upon its premises nor provide any other item or service for use in connection with the game. [Order 74, § 230–40–070, filed 8/17/77; Order 40, § 230–40–070, filed 6/26/75; Order 29, § 230–40–070, filed 1/23/75; Order 23, § 230–40–070, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–080 Person not to bring their own cards or chips. No person shall bring onto a premises licensed to allow the playing of card games, nor introduce into any card game, any playing card or cards, or any poker chip or chips for use in wagering, other than those obtained from the licensee on that business day. [Order 40, § 230–40–080, filed 6/26/75; Order 23, § 230–40–080, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–090 Devices, mechanisms, giving advantage—Prohibited. No device, apparatus, mechanism, or thing which may give a participant in a card game an advantage over any other participant in that game may be used by any person. [Order 23, § 230–40–090, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–120 Limits on wagers in card games. The following limits shall not be exceeded in making wagers on any card game. For games in which the following method of wagering is allowed:

(1) Multiple wagers per player per hand during each round, each wager or raise shall not exceed $5.00. There shall be no more than a total of two raises per round irrespective of the number of players.

(2) Single wagers per player per hand during each round (no raises), each wager shall not exceed $5.00.

(3) Single wager per player per game, each wager shall not exceed $5.00.

(4) Amount per point, each point shall not equal more than five cents in value.

(5) An ante shall not be more than twenty-five cents per person per hand to be played, contributed by each player, or the dealer of each hand, subject to house rules, may ante for all players before dealing in an amount not to exceed twenty-five cents per player in that hand.

(6) Forced wagers or raises are prohibited except an ante and as they may be expressly included within the basic definition of the particular card game in Hoyle’s Modern Encyclopedia of Card Games, by Walter B. Gibson, published by Doubleday & Company, Inc., April 1974 edition.

No licensee shall allow these wagering limits to be exceeded in a card game on his premises. [Order 80, § 230–40–120, filed 12/28/77; Order 51, § 230–40–120, filed 4/30/76; Order 48, § 230–40–120, filed 3/23/76; Order 23, § 230–40–120, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–130 Wagers to be made with chips only. All wagers made in connection with a card game shall be made with chips furnished by the licensed premises. No money, nor other thing of value, shall be used directly in the game itself. [Order 23, § 230–40–130, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–140 Change in method of wagering prohibited. Once a method of betting is chosen for a particular hand or game, that method must be used until the hand or game is completed. [Order 23, § 230–40–140, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–150 Side bets prohibited. Side bets among the participants are prohibited. [Order 23, § 230–40–150, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–160 Wagers by other than participants prohibited. Only persons actually playing in the card game may wager upon the outcome of the game. Wagers by persons other than those playing which in any way involves the outcome of the game, or of any aspect of the game, are prohibited. [Order 23, § 230–40–160, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–200 Participants to compete on equal terms—Deal to rotate among players. Participants in card games shall compete on equal terms with all other participants in the game, and solely as a participant therein.

The deal in any series of card games shall be passed from player to player. No player who deals a game shall deal another game until each other player at the table has dealt a game in his turn: Provided, That any player may voluntarily waive his right to deal any particular game.

Licensees shall take all necessary measures to insure that card games played upon their premises are played in this manner. [Order 40, § 230–40–200, filed 6/26/75; Order 23, § 230–40–200, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230–40–225 House dealer allowed in "pan" games. Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 230–40–200, any licensee may furnish a dealer or "mucker" in any pan game played on the licensed premises, who shall have no financial interest, directly or indirectly, in the outcome of such game and who shall not otherwise participate or play in the game. [Order 29, § 230–40–225, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230–40–230 No person shall have someone play for him or assist another participant. No persons shall allow a representative to sit in on a card game on his behalf for any purpose, or to render assistance to any participant in the game in a manner which gives that participant an advantage over other participants. No person shall act as such a representative. [Order 23, § 230–40–230, filed 9/23/74.]

[Title 230 WAC—p 44]
WAC 230-40-250  Licensee to prevent cheating in card games. A licensee to allow certain premises to be used to play cards shall not allow any player to play in such a manner as to cheat the persons with whom he is playing. The licensee shall take all necessary steps to prevent this and shall be responsible to insure that the games played upon the licensed premises are fairly played.

Any incident wherein a person is found cheating shall be reported immediately to the applicable local police or sheriff’s office. [Order 23, § 230-40-250, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-310  No free or discount food, beverage or merchandise to be offered at public card room. No licensee for the operation of a public card room shall provide food, beverage or other merchandise, except cups of coffee, to card players, or prospective card players, for a price or other consideration which is less than the price or other consideration at which such food, beverage or other merchandise is available to all persons patronizing the business which is stimulated by the card room.

No advertising which is inconsistent with this rule shall be permitted. [Order 45, § 230-40-310, filed 12/30/75.]

WAC 230-40-320  Minors or intoxicated persons shall not play cards or provide services to the game. (1) No person who is visibly under the influence of liquor or any narcotic or other such substance shall be allowed to play, or continue to play, in any card game or to participate in providing any services for the game.

(2) No person who is under the age of 18 years shall be allowed to play in any card game or to participate in providing any services to the game.

(3) It shall be the responsibility of the licensee, and of those persons physically operating the card games, to determine that no unauthorized person is allowed to participate in any manner in the playing of, or providing services to, any card game. [Order 23, § 230-40-320, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-331  Bona fide nonprofit or charitable organizations—Members only to play social card and dice games—Exception. No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization shall permit any person other than its members to play social card games or social dice games on its premises: Provided, That such organizations, when licensed to allow a social card room on its premises may permit no more than twenty-five percent of the persons playing in the licensed card room at any one time to be guests of members. [Order 78, § 230-40-331, filed 11/17/77.]

WAC 230-40-400  Hours limited for card games. Licensees shall not allow the use of their premises for card playing between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m.

No card games shall be allowed in any public card room at any time the profit seeking retail business to be stimulated thereby is not open to the public for business.

[Order 58, § 230-40-400, filed 8/17/76; Order 40, § 230-40-400, filed 6/26/75; Order 23, § 230-40-400, filed 9/23/74.]

WAC 230-40-500  House rules to be developed and posted. Each bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which is licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.400 who allows the use of the premises, furnishings, and other facilities to be used by its members to participate in social card games and social dice games as authorized by RCW 9.46.030(7) without a license by the commission shall develop, adopt and post rules of conduct for the members participating in the activities, including but not limited to general rules of play, portions of premises to be used, hours of play allowed, and the organization’s restriction on members authorized to participate. [Order 78, § 230-40-500, filed 11/17/77.]

Chapter 230-42 WAC

TAX ON COIN-OPERATED GAMING DEVICES

WAC 230-42-010  Tax on coin operated gaming device.

WAC 230-42-010  Tax on coin operated gaming device. (1) In addition to any other fees and taxes imposed by statute or by commission rule, there is hereby imposed a special tax to be paid by every person who maintains for use or permits the use of, on any place or premises occupied by him, a coin-operated gaming device which is subject to the federal tax on coin-operated devices imposed by section 4461 of the internal revenue code (79 Stat. 148; 26 U.S.C. § 4461), as amended and in effect on March 11, 1976.

The amount of such tax shall be equal to 80 percent of the amount of the tax required to be paid to the federal government. Such tax shall not exceed the amount of the credit for state taxes allowed by section 4464 of the internal revenue code (85 Stat. 534; 26 U.S.C. § 4462).

This tax shall be imposed on any coin-operated gaming device as defined in section 4462 of the internal revenue code (79 Stat. 149; 26 U.S.C. § 4462).

(2) The tax established in subsection (1) shall be payable to the commission on or before June 20 of each year in advance of the following taxable year, July 1 through June 30. The licensee shall submit this tax with the Washington state coin-operated gaming device tax return. Payment shall be made in the form of cash, check, or money order.

The tax shall apply to each such device so maintained or permitted at any time during the year and no such device shall be placed out for public play unless and until the tax due respecting it has first been paid: Provided, That a replacement for such a device removed from play shall not be deemed an additional device for that year.

(3) The tax imposed by subsection (1) shall be in addition to any tax imposed upon such coin-operated gaming devices, or the income therefrom, by any municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state.

[Title 230 WAC—p 45]
(4) The following proration schedule shall apply for each coin-operated gaming device:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONTH</th>
<th>AMOUNT DUE FOR EACH MACHINE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>$200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>183.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>166.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October</td>
<td>150.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November</td>
<td>133.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December</td>
<td>116.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>100.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>83.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>66.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>50.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>33.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>16.67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(5) The licensee shall post the validated receipt showing proof of payment of this tax with the license issued by the Washington state gambling commission to operate punchboards or pull tabs prior to placing any coin-operated gaming device for which the tax has been paid, out for public play. [Order 74, § 230-42-010, filed 8/17/77; Order 58, § 230-42-010, filed 8/17/76; Order 51, § 230-42-010, filed 4/30/76.]

Chapter 230-50 WAC

HEARINGS—PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

WAC 230-50-010
Hearings.

WAC 230-50-012
Director may temporarily suspend license pending a hearing.

WAC 230-50-020
Hearing examiners.

WAC 230-50-030
Hearings—Methods.

WAC 230-50-060
Appearance and practice before the commission—Who may appear.

WAC 230-50-070
Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys.

WAC 230-50-080
Solicitation of business unethical.

WAC 230-50-090
Standards of ethical conduct.

WAC 230-50-100
Appearance by former employee of commission or former member of attorney general’s staff.

WAC 230-50-110
Computation of time.

WAC 230-50-140
Waiver of hearing.

WAC 230-50-150
Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases.

WAC 230-50-160
Service of process—By whom served.

WAC 230-50-170
Service of process—Upon whom served.

WAC 230-50-180
Service of process—Service upon parties.

WAC 230-50-190
Service of process—Method of service.

WAC 230-50-200
Service of process—When service complete.

WAC 230-50-210
Service of process—Filing with agency.

WAC 230-50-220
Subpoenas—Form.

WAC 230-50-230
Subpoenas—Issuance to parties.

WAC 230-50-240
Subpoenas—Service of.

WAC 230-50-250
Subpoenas—Fees.

WAC 230-50-260
Subpoenas—Proof of service.

WAC 230-50-270
Subpoenas—Quashing.

WAC 230-50-280
Subpoenas—Enforcement.

WAC 230-50-290
Subpoenas—Geographical scope.

WAC 230-50-300
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Right to take.

WAC 230-50-310
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Scope.

WAC 230-50-320
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Officer before whom taken.

WAC 230-50-330
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Authorization.

WAC 230-50-340
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Protection of parties and deponents.

WAC 230-50-350
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Oral examination and cross examination.

WAC 230-50-360
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Recordation.

WAC 230-50-370
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Signing attestation and return.

WAC 230-50-380
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Use and effect.

WAC 230-50-390
Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Fees of deponents—Costs of deposition.

WAC 230-50-400
Depositions upon interrogatories—Submission of interrogatories.

WAC 230-50-410
Depositions upon interrogatories—Interrogation.

WAC 230-50-420
Depositions upon interrogatories—Attestation and return.

WAC 230-50-430
Depositions upon interrogatories—Provisions of deposition rule.

WAC 230-50-500
Official notice—Matters of law.

WAC 230-50-510
Official notice—Material facts.

WAC 230-50-520
Presumptions.

WAC 230-50-530
Stipulations and admissions of record.

WAC 230-50-550
Form and content of decisions in contested cases and proposed orders.

WAC 230-50-600
Definition of issues before hearing.

WAC 230-50-610
Prehearing conference rule—Authorized.

WAC 230-50-620
Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action.

WAC 230-50-630
Submission of documentary in advance.

WAC 230-50-640
Excerpts from documentary evidence.

WAC 230-50-650
Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses.

WAC 230-50-660
Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Written sworn statements.

WAC 230-50-670
Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data.

WAC 230-50-680
Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 230-50-650 or 230-50-660.

WAC 230-50-700
Continuances.

WAC 230-50-750
Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria.

WAC 230-50-760

WAC 230-50-800
Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Who may petition.

WAC 230-50-810
Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Requi-sites for former rule.

WAC 230-50-820
Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Agency must consider.

WAC 230-50-830
Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Notice of disposition.

WAC 230-50-850
Declaratory rulings.

WAC 230-50-950
Forms.

WAC 230-50-010
Hearings. (1) The commission will afford an applicant for a license an opportunity for a hearing prior to final commission action denying such application, and shall afford a licensee the opportunity for a hearing prior to taking final action suspending, terminating or revoking a license: Provided, That the commission or the director may summarily temporarily suspend licenses in those cases where such action is deemed appropriate by the commission or the director. In cases where a license is suspended prior to hearing, an opportunity for a hearing shall be provided promptly.

(2) The commission will afford a person applying to the commission to exceed the limit on gross receipts in bingo games under WAC 230-20-250 an opportunity
for a hearing prior to taking any final action denying that application.

(3) The commission will afford a person applying to the commission for approval of a pull tab dispensing device under WAC 230-30-095 an opportunity for a hearing prior to final commission action denying approval of such device.

(4) No hearing will be held with respect to such agency action unless it is timely demanded in writing by the applicant or licensee. A demand for hearing must be made upon a form to be obtained from the commission, or facsimile thereof, and must be received in the offices of the commission within 15 days following service upon the party affected by the commission or the director of a summary of the charges or complaints against the party being made or considered together with a statement of any action which may be taken in the event no hearing is demanded.

If demand for hearing is not timely filed, then the party shall have waived the right to hearing. The director and the commission may take the action set out in the statement previously served, or some action of lesser degree, which action shall be final. [Order 45, § 230-50-010, filed 12/30/75; Order 9, § 230-50-010, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-012 Director may temporarily suspend license pending a hearing. The director may temporarily suspend a license or permit issued pursuant to these rules pending a hearing upon suspension or revocation of the license, or issuance of a renewal thereof, for a period not to exceed 90 days when in the opinion of the commission or the director:

(1) The licensee or permittee has obtained the license or permit by fraud, trick, misrepresentation, concealment, or through inadvertence or mistake; or

(2) The licensee or permittee has engaged in any act, practice or course of operation as would operate as a fraud or deceit on any person, or has employed any device, scheme or artifice to defraud any person; or

(3) The licensee or permittee has again violated, failed, or refused to comply with any of the provisions, requirements, limitations, or duties imposed by chapter 9.46 RCW and any amendments thereto, or any rules adopted by the commission pursuant thereto, after having been previously notified by the commission, its authorized representatives, or by local law enforcement personnel, that a violation or violations of the same or similar provisions had been, or were being, committed by the licensee or permittee; or

(4) Immediate cessation of the licensed or permitted activities by the licensee or permittee is necessary for the protection or preservation of the welfare of the community within which these activities are being conducted.

When a license or permit has been temporarily suspended by the director prior to a hearing pursuant here-to, the licensee or permittee shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing before the commission, or a hearing officer, upon the question of suspension or revocation of the license or permit, or upon renewal of the license or permit if it would expire within the period of temporary suspension. If a hearing is demanded by the licensee or permittee, it shall be held within 90 days from the effective date of the temporary suspension by the director. [Order 29, § 230-50-012, filed 1/23/75.]

WAC 230-50-020 Hearing examiners. The commission may appoint a hearing officer to conduct hearings with respect to the denial of licenses and the suspension, termination or revocation of licenses in cases where it deems it appropriate. The hearings shall be conducted in compliance with these rules.

After a hearing is concluded by a hearing officer, the hearing officer shall prepare and distribute to the parties findings of fact, conclusions of law and a decision of the matter. Each party shall have twenty days from the date of service upon that party to file written exceptions to these findings, conclusions and decision of the hearing officer with the commission. If such exceptions, together with any written argument in support thereof, are not timely filed with the commission, then the findings, conclusions and decision of the hearing officer shall be adopted by the commission and shall be final.

If written exceptions and any written argument are timely filed with the commission, then a majority of the commissioners shall consider the exceptions and any written argument, and the record of the hearing, or such part of the record as is cited as material by the parties. The commission, in its discretion, may allow the parties to present oral arguments. [Order 9, § 230-50-020, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-030 Hearings—Methods. Hearings provided for in WAC 230-50-010 shall be called and conducted in the following manner:

(1) The chairman of the commission or some member of the commission acting in his absence or the director, shall give written approval to the holding of any hearing. When it has been determined that a hearing shall be held, the entire commission file record of the premises and licensee(s) involved shall be given to the assistant attorney general assigned to the commission, who will hereinafter be referred to as the attorney.

(2) The attorney shall prepare a written complaint which shall fully advise the licensee(s) of all charges which will be considered at the hearing. The complaint shall be signed by the chairman of the commission or some member of the commission acting in his absence of the director, after which the attorney shall deliver the original and such copies as may be necessary to any hearing officer appointed by the commission pursuant to WAC 230-50-020.

(3) The commission, a commissioner, or a hearing officer designated by the commission shall conduct the hearing, which shall be held as soon as feasible. Each licensee charged shall be served with a copy of the complaint together with written notice of the time and place of the hearing and the issues involved. Such notice and complaint shall be served not less than 20 days prior to the hearing unless the licensee consents to shorter notice.

(4) Subpoenas may be issued by the officer, the director, or a commissioner, who shall issue them when
requested by the attorney, a licensee or a licensee's attorney, and he may issue them on his own motion. Subpoenas may be issued by the attorney general and any of his assistants, and may also be issued by any attorney of record of a party.

(5) Nothing herein contained shall prevent the director of the commission, as authorized by the commission, to temporarily suspend licenses, subject to final action by the commission, as authorized by RCW 9.46.070(1). [Order 45, § 230–50–030, filed 12/30/75; Order 42, § 230–50–030, filed 9/18/75; Order 9, § 230–50–030, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–060 Appearance and practice before the commission—Who may appear. No person may appear in a representative capacity before the Washington state gambling commission, hereinafter referred to as the commission, or its designated hearing officer other than the following:

(1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.

(2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, if the attorneys at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear in a representative capacity before administrative agencies of such other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law.

(3) A bona fide officer, authorized manager, partner, or full time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation who appears for such individual firm, association, partnership or corporation.

(4) An individual representing himself, pro se.

(5) Such other persons as may be permitted by the commission upon a showing by a party to the hearing of such necessity or such a hardship as would make it unduly burdensome upon him to have a representative as set forth under subsections (1), (2) and (3) above. [Order 9, § 230–50–060, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–070 Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys. In all hearings involving the taking of testimony and the formulation of a record subject to review by the courts, where the commission or its designated hearing officer determines that representative activity in such hearing requires a high degree of legal training, experience, and skill, the commission or its designated hearing officer may limit those who may appear in a representative capacity to attorneys at law. [Order 9, § 230–50–070, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–080 Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the commission to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal communication or interviews not warranted by personal relations, provided that such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind. [Order 9, § 230–50–080, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–090 Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the commission in a representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any person does not conform to such standards, the commission may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before the commission. [Order 9, § 230–50–090, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–100 Appearance by former employee of commission or former member of attorney general’s staff. No former commissioner, employee of the commission or member of the attorney general’s staff may at any time within two years after severing his relationship or employment with the commission or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission of the commission, in a representative capacity on behalf of any party in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part on behalf of the commission. [Order 9, § 230–50–100, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–110 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the commission rules, by order of the commission or by an applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation. This section shall not apply to periods of license suspension. [Order 9, § 230–50–110, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–140 Waiver of hearing. In any case involving violations of the gambling laws, rules or regulations, where the commission deems it appropriate, the commission may afford the licensee an opportunity to waive a formal hearing which he has timely requested. If the licensee so elects to waive formal hearing, he may then state in writing on the waiver form furnished by the commission any matter in explanation or mitigation of the violations which he desires the commission to consider in making its decision. The licensee, at the time he submits the waiver, may also request to be present when the commission meets to consider its decision in the matter. In the event the licensee elects to waive formal hearing he shall thereafter be bound by such election and may not thereafter request formal hearing. [Order 9, § 230–50–140, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–150 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases. In any contested case, all parties shall be served with a notice at least twenty days before the date set for the hearing unless all parties consent to a shorter period. The notice shall state the time, place and issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090(1). [Order 9, § 230–50–150, filed 12/19/73.]
WAC 230–50–160 Service of process—By whom served. The commission shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other papers issued by it, together with any other papers which it is required by law to serve. Every other paper shall be served by the party filing it. [Order 9, § 230–50–160, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–170 Service of process—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the commission or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time of such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them or by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact. [Order 9, § 230–50–170, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–180 Service of process—Service upon parties. The final order and any other paper required to be served by the commission upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record. [Order 9, § 230–50–180, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–190 Service of process—Method of service. Service of papers shall be made personally or, unless otherwise provided by law, by first class, registered, or certified mail; or by telegraph. [Order 9, § 230–50–190, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–200 Service of process—When service complete. Service upon parties shall be regarded as complete: By mail, the third day following deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid. [Order 9, § 230–50–200, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–210 Service of process—Filing with agency. Papers required to be filed with the commission shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt by the commission at the place specified in its rules accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served. [Order 9, § 230–50–210, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–220 Subpoenas—Form. Every subpoena shall state the name of the commission and the title of the proceeding, if any, and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend and give testimony or produce designated books, documents or things under his control at a specified time and place. [Order 9, § 230–50–220, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–230 Subpoenas—Issuance to parties. Upon application of counsel or other representative appearing before the commission pursuant to WAC 230–08–101(3) and (4) of these rules, for any party to a contested case, there shall be issued to such party subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence in such proceeding. The commission may issue subpoenas to parties not so represented upon request or upon a showing of general relevance and reasonable scope of the testimony or evidence sought. [Order 9, § 230–50–230, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–240 Subpoenas—Service of. Unless the service of a subpoena is acknowledged on its face by the person subpoenaed, service shall be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to such person. [Order 9, § 230–50–240, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–250 Subpoenas—Fees. Witnesses summoned before the commission shall be paid by the party at whose instance they appear, the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the superior courts of the state of Washington. [Order 9, § 230–50–250, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–260 Subpoenas—Proof of service. The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service by filing the subpoena and the required return, affidavit, or acknowledgement of service with the commission or the officer before whom the witness is required to testify or produce evidence. If service is made by a person other than an officer of the commission, and such service has not been acknowledged by the witness, such person shall make an affidavit of service. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service. [Order 9, § 230–50–260, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–270 Subpoenas—Quashing. Upon motion made promptly and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, by the person to whom the subpoena is directed (and upon notice to the party to whom the subpoena was issued) the commission or its authorized member or officer may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or requires evidence not relevant to any matter in issue, or (2) condition denial of the motion upon just and reasonable conditions. [Order 9, § 230–50–270, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–280 Subpoenas—Enforcement. Upon application and for good cause shown, the commission will seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas issued to parties and which have not been quashed. [Order 9, § 230–50–280, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–290 Subpoenas—Geographical scope. Such attendance of witnesses and such production of evidence may be required from any place in the state of Washington, at any designated place of hearing. [Order 9, § 230–50–290, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–300 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Right to take. Except as may be otherwise provided, any party may take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition upon oral examination or written interrogatories for use as evidence in the proceeding. The attendance of witnesses may be compelled by the use of a subpoena. Depositions shall be taken only in accordance with this rule and the rule on subpoenas. [Order 9, § 230–50–300, filed 12/19/73.]

[Title 230 WAC—p 49]
WAC 230-50-310 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Scope. Unless otherwise ordered, the deponent may be examined regarding any matter to the same extent permitted by the Washington civil rules for superior court with respect to depositions and interrogatories. [Order 9, § 230-50-310, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-320 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Officer before whom taken. Within the United States or within a territory or insular possession subject to the dominion of the United States depositions shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the state of Washington or of the place where the examination is held; within a foreign country, depositions shall be taken before a secretary of an embassy or legation, consul general, vice consul or consular agent of the United States, or a person designated by the commission or agreed upon by the parties by stipulation in writing filed with the commission. Except by stipulation, no deposition shall be taken before a person who is a party or the privy of a party, or a privy of any counsel of a party, or who is financially interested in the proceeding. [Order 9, § 230-50-320, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-330 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Authorization. A party desiring to take the deposition of any person upon oral examination shall give reasonable notice of not less than three days in writing to the commission and all parties. The notice shall state the time and place for taking the deposition, the name and address of each person to be examined, if known, and if the name is not known, a general description sufficient to identify him or the particular class or group to which he belongs. On motion of a party upon whom the notice is served, the commission or its hearing officer may for cause shown, enlarge or shorten the time. If the parties so stipulate in writing, depositions may be taken before any person, at any time or place, upon any notice, and in any manner and when so taken may be used as other depositions. [Order 9, § 230-50-330, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-340 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Protection of parties and deponents. After notice is served for taking a deposition, upon its own motion or upon motion reasonably made by any party or by the person to be examined and upon notice and for good cause shown, the commission or its designated hearing officer may make an order that the deposition shall not be taken, or that it may be taken only at some designated place other than that stated in the notice, or that it may be taken only on written interrogatories, or that certain matters shall not be inquired into, or that the scope of the examination shall be limited to certain matters, or that the examination shall be held with no one present except the parties to the action and their officers or counsel, or that after being sealed, the deposition shall be opened only by order of the commission, or that business secrets or secret processes, developments, or research need not be disclosed, or that the parties shall simultaneously file specified documents or information enclosed in sealed envelopes to be opened as directed by the commission, or the commission may make any other order which justice requires to protect the party or witness from annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression. At any time during the taking of the deposition, on motion of any party or of the deponent and upon a showing that the examination is being conducted in bad faith or in such manner as unreasonably to annoy, embarrass, or oppress the deponent or party, the commission or its designated hearing officer may order the officer conducting the examination to cease forthwith from taking the deposition or may limit the scope and manner of the taking of the deposition as above provided. If the order made terminates the examination, it shall be resumed thereafter only upon the order of the agency. Upon demand of the objecting party or deponent, the taking of the deposition shall be suspended for the time necessary to make a motion for an order. [Order 9, § 230-50-340, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-350 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Oral examination and cross examination. Examination and cross examination shall proceed as at an oral hearing. In lieu of participating in the oral examination, any party served with notice of taking a deposition may transmit written cross interrogatories to the officer, who, without first disclosing them to any person, and after the direct testimony is complete, shall propound them seriatim to the deponent and record or cause the answers to be recorded verbatim. [Order 9, § 230-50-350, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-360 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Recordation. The officer before whom the deposition is to be taken shall put the witness on oath and shall personally or by someone acting under his direction and in his presence, record the testimony by typewriter directly or by transcription from stenographic notes, wire or record recorders, which record shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory. Objections to the notice, qualifications of the officer taking the deposition, or to the manner of taking it, or to the evidence presented or to the conduct of the officer, or of any party, shall be noted by the officer upon the deposition. All objections by any party not so made are waived. [Order 9, § 230-50-360, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230-50-370 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Signing attestation and return. (1) When the testimony is fully transcribed the deposition shall be submitted to the witness for examination and shall be read to or by him, unless such examination and reading are waived by the witness and by the parties. Any changes in form or substance which the witness desires to make shall be entered upon the deposition by the officer with a statement of the reasons given by the witness for making them. The deposition shall then be signed by the witness, unless the parties by stipulation waive the signing or the witness is ill or cannot be found or refuses to sign. If the deposition is not signed by the witness, the officer shall sign it and state on the record the fact of the waiver or of the illness or absence of the
witness or the fact of the refusal to sign together with the reason, if any, given therefor; and the deposition may then be used as fully as though signed, unless, following a motion to suppress, the commission or its hearing officer holds that the reasons given for the refusal to sign require rejection of the deposition in whole or in part.

(2) The officer shall certify on the deposition that the witness was duly sworn by him and that the deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness. He shall then securely seal the deposition in an envelope indorsed with the title of proceeding and marked "deposition of (here insert name of witness)" and shall promptly send it by registered or certified mail to the commission, or its designated hearing officer, for filing. The party taking the deposition shall give prompt notice of its filing to all other parties. Upon payment of reasonable charges therefor, the officer shall furnish a copy of the deposition to any party or to the deponent. [Order 9, § 230–50–370, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–380 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Use and effect. Subject to rulings by the commission, a commissioner or a hearing officer upon objections a deposition taken and filed as provided in this rule will not become a part of the record in the proceeding until received in evidence by the hearing officer upon his own motion or the motion of any party. Except by agreement of the parties or ruling of the commission or the hearing officer, a deposition will be received only in its entirety. A party does not make a party, or the privy of a party, or any hostile witness his witness by taking his deposition. Any party may rebuff any relevant evidence contained in a deposition whether introduced by him or any other party. [Order 9, § 230–50–380, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–390 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Fees of deponents—Costs of deposition. Deponents whose depositions are taken shall be entitled to the same fees as are allowed by WAC 230–50–250: Provided, That all costs incidental thereto shall be paid by the party desiring such deposition. [Order 9, § 230–50–390, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–400 Depositions upon interrogatories—Submission of interrogatories. Where the deposition is taken upon written interrogatories, the party offering the testimony shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory and file and serve them with a notice stating the name and address of the person who is to answer them and the name or descriptive title and address of the officer before whom they are to be taken. Within ten days thereafter a party so served may serve cross—interrogatories upon the party proposing to take the deposition. Within five days thereafter, the latter may serve redirect interrogatories upon the party who served cross—interrogatories. Failure by a licensee to comply shall result in automatic forfeiture of any license issued by the commission. [Order 9, § 230–50–400, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–410 Depositions upon interrogatories—Interrogation. Where the interrogatories are forwarded to an officer authorized to administer oaths as provided in WAC 230–50–320 the officer taking the same after duly swearing the deponent, shall read to him seriatim, one interrogatory at a time and cause the same and the answer thereto to be recorded before the succeeding interrogatory is asked. No one except the deponent, the officer and the court reporter or stenographer recording and transcribing it shall be present during the interrogation. [Order 9, § 230–50–410, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–420 Depositions upon interrogatories—Attestation and return. The officer before whom interrogatories are verified or answered shall (1) certify under his official signature and seal that the deponent was duly sworn by him, that the interrogatories and answers are a true record of the deponent's testimony, that no one except deponent, the officer and the stenographer were present during the taking, and that neither he nor the stenographer, to his knowledge, is a party, privy to a party, or interested in the event of the proceedings, and (2) promptly send by registered or certified mail the original copy of the deposition and exhibits with his attestation to the commission, or its designated hearing officer, one copy to the counsel who submitted the interrogatories and another copy to the deponent. [Order 9, § 230–50–420, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–430 Depositions upon interrogatories—Provisions of deposition rule. In all other respects, depositions upon interrogatories shall be governed by the previous deposition rule. [Order 9, § 230–50–430, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–500 Official notice—Matters of law. The commission or its hearing officer, upon request made before or during a hearing, or upon its own motion, will officially notice:

(1) Federal law. The constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports, decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the federal register;

(2) State law. The constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser;

(3) Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations;

(4) Agency organization. The commission's organization administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar. [Order 9, § 230–50–500, filed 12/19/73.]
WAC 230-50-510 Official notice—Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the commission and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, or upon its own motion, may officially notice:

(1) **Agency proceedings.** The pendency of, the issues and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the commission;

(2) **Business customs.** General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;

(3) **Notorious facts.** Facts so generally and widely known to all well informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department or agency;

(4) **Technical knowledge.** Matters within the technical knowledge of the commission as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;

(5) **Request or suggestion.** Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the commission may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any prehearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;

(6) **Statement.** Where an initial or final decision of the commission rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer or the commission may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence;

(7) **Controversy.** Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controvert such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversy shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or non-existence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision;

(8) **Evaluation of evidence.** Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the commission or its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them. [Order 9, § 230-50-510, filed 12/19/73.]

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WAC 230-50-520 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subdivisions hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the commission, with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:

(1) **Continuity.** That fact of a continuous nature, proved to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;

(2) **Identity.** That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;

(3) **Delivery.** Except in a proceeding where the liability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail matters, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business;

(4) **Ordinary course.** That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly coexists with the fact presumed;

(5) **Acceptance of benefit.** That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do;

(6) **Interference with remedy.** That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, removed, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact. [Order 9, § 230-50-520, filed 12/19/73.]

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WAC 230-50-530 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided:

(1) **Upon whom binding.** Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;

(2) **Withdrawal.** Any party bound by a stipulation or admission of record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the commission that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of...
other parties to the proceeding. [Order 9, § 230–50–530, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–550 Form and content of decisions in contested cases and proposed orders. Every decision and order, whether proposed, initial, or final, shall:

1. Be correctly captioned as to name of agency and name of proceeding;
2. Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding;
3. Include a concise statement of the nature and background of the proceeding;
4. Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law;
5. Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded;
6. Whenever practical, be referenced to specific provisions of the law and/or regulations appropriate thereto;
7. Whenever the commission considers that any matter or proceeding will be best handled by the issuance of a proposed order by the commission or by the examiner conducting the hearing, such an order shall be issued and the parties so notified. Upon receipt of such notice and proposed order, any party may file exceptions to the same within twenty days after the date of the service of the proposed order, unless a greater or lesser time for filing exceptions is designated by the commission at the time of issuance of the proposed order. Exceptions shall be filed in triplicate and a copy thereof shall be served upon all other parties who have appeared in the cause, or their attorneys of record together with proof of such service in accordance with the rules governing service of process. Any party may answer the exceptions so filed and served within ten days after service of said exceptions upon him. Briefs may accompany the exceptions or answers thereto and shall be filed and served in the same manner. After a full consideration of the proposed order, the exceptions and the answers to exceptions so filed and briefs, the commission may affirm its proposed order by service of an order of affirmance upon the parties, or, if it deems the exception well taken, may revise the proposed order and issue a final order differing from the proposed order. [Order 9, § 230–50–550, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–600 Definition of issues before hearing. In all proceedings the issues to be adjudicated shall be made initially as precise as possible, in order that hearing officers may proceed promptly to conduct the hearings on relevant and material matter only. [Order 9, § 230–50–600, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–610 Prehearing conference rule—Authorized. In any proceeding the commission or its designated hearing officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider:

1. The simplification of the issues;
2. The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
3. The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
4. The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
5. Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding. [Order 9, § 230–50–610, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–620 Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action. The commission or its designated hearing officer shall make an order or statement which recites the action taken at the conference, the amendments allowed to the pleadings and the agreements made by the parties or their qualified representatives as to any of the matters considered, including the settlement or simplification of issues, and which limits the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admissions or agreements; and such order or statement shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified for good cause by subsequent order. [Order 9, § 230–50–620, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–630 Submission of documentary in advance. Where practicable the commission or its designated hearing officer may require:

1. That all documentary evidence which is to be offered during the taking of evidence be submitted to the hearing officer and to the other parties to the proceeding sufficiently in advance of such taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross-examination and rebuttal evidence;
2. That documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as may be required by subsection (1), be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to produce the evidence sooner;
3. That the authenticity of all documents submitted in advance in a proceeding in which such submission is required, be deemed admitted unless written objection thereto is filed prior to the hearing, except that a party will be permitted to challenge such authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed such written objection. [Order 9, § 230–50–630, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–640 Excerpts from documentary evidence. When portions only of a document are to be relied upon, the offering party shall prepare the pertinent excerpts, adequately identified, and shall supply copies of such excerpts, together with a statement indicating the purpose for which such materials will be offered, to the hearing officer and to the other parties. Only the excerpts, so prepared and submitted, shall be received in the record. However, the whole of the original document shall be made available for examination and for use by all parties to the proceeding. [Order 9, § 230–50–640, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–650 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. The commission or hearing officer or other appropriate officer in all classes of cases where practicable shall make an effort to
have the interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him and to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications. [Order 9, § 230–50–650, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–660 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Written sworn statements. The commission, the hearing officer or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, shall require, and when not so permissible, shall make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to it or him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon oral offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such statements shall not be subject to cross examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses. [Order 9, § 230–50–660, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–670 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data. The hearing officer or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, shall cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 230–50–660, but, wherever practicable he shall restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record. [Order 9, § 230–50–670, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–680 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 230–50–650 or 230–50–660. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 230–50–650 or 230–50–660, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements. [Order 9, § 230–50–680, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–700 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of a hearing, or as soon thereafter as facts requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the commission or its designated hearing officer of such desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The commission or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown, the commission or its designated hearing officer may grant such a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the commission, hearing officer or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix the date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing. [Order 9, § 230–50–700, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–750 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the commission or the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the commission or the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings, in matters not involving trial by jury in the superior courts of the state of Washington. [Order 9, § 230–50–750, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–760 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections. When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence, such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The commission or the officer conducting the hearing may, in its or his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered. [Order 9, § 230–50–760, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–800 Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Who may petition. Any interested person may petition the commission requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule. [Order 9, § 230–50–800, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–810 Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Requisites. Where the petition requests the promulgation of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full. The petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in
question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form, if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule. [Order 9, § 230–50–810, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–820 Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Agency must consider. All petitions shall be considered by the commission and the commission may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested promulgation, amendment, repeal, or modification of any rule. [Order 9, § 230–50–820, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–830 Petitions for rule making, amendments or repeal—Notice of disposition. The commission shall notify the petitioning party within a reasonable time of the disposition, if any, of the petition. [Order 9, § 230–50–830, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–850 Declaratory rulings. (1) As prescribed by RCW 34.04.080, any interested person may petition the commission for a declaratory ruling. The commission shall consider the petition and within a reasonable time shall:
   (a) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
   (b) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued; or
   (c) Set a reasonable time and place for hearing argument upon the matter, and give reasonable notification to the person of the time and place for such hearing and of the issues involved.

   (2) If a hearing as provided in subsection (1)(c) is conducted, the commission shall within a reasonable time;
   (a) Issue a binding declaratory rule; or
   (b) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
   (c) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued. [Order 9, § 230–50–850, filed 12/19/73.]

WAC 230–50–950 Forms. (1) Any interested person petitioning the commission for a declaratory ruling pursuant to RCW 34.04.080, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.

   (2) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "before the Washington state gambling commission." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal of rule or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

   (3) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state all rules or statutes that may be brought into issue by the petition. Succeeding paragraphs shall set out the state of facts relied upon in form similar to that applicable to complaints in civil actions before the superior courts of this state. The concluding paragraphs shall contain the prayer of the petitioner. The petition shall be subscribed and verified in the manner prescribed for verification of complaints in the superior courts of this state.

   (4) The original and two legible copies shall be filed with the commission. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8–1/2" X 11" or 8–1/2" X 13" in size.

   (5) Any interested person petitioning the commission requesting the promulgation, amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose:

   (a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "before the Washington state gambling commission." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal of rule or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

   (b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the promulgation of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment, the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by commission rule number. The third paragraph shall set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner's reason for the action sought.

   (c) Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the commission. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8–1/2" X 11" or 8–1/2" X 13" in size. [Order 9, § 230–50–950, filed 12/19/73.]

Chapter 230–60 WAC
PUBLIC RECORDS—DISCLOSURE

WAC 230–60–005 Purpose.
230–60–010 Definitions.
230–60–015 Description of central and field organization of the gambling commission.
230–60–025 Public records available.
230–60–030 Public records officers.
230–60–035 Office hours.
230–60–040 Requests for public records.
230–60–045 Copying.
230–60–050 Exemptions.
230–60–070 Communications with commission.

WAC 230–60–005 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter shall be to ensure compliance by the
WAC 230-60-010 Definitions. (1) The definitions set forth in RCW 42.17.020 shall apply to this chapter.

(2) The "Washington state gambling commission" is the agency created pursuant to chapter 9.46 RCW, which shall hereinafter be referred to as the commission. Where appropriate, the term commission also refers to the staff and employees of the Washington state gambling commission.

(3) "Director" means the director of the commission as appointed by the commission pursuant to RCW 9.46.080.

(4) "Raw data" means facts, symbols, or observations which have all of the following characteristics:

(a) They have not been processed, edited or interpreted.

(b) They are unevaluated and unorganized.

(c) The fact, symbol, or observation does not, of itself, impart meaning to a potential user or fulfill a recognized need.

(d) To be usable the fact, symbol, or observation must go through some transformation process.

(5) "Information" means raw data that are organized, evaluative and interpreted to impart meaning to potential users and fulfill a recognized need.

(6) "Listing (list)" means a series of items of any kind including names, words or numbers no matter what the arrangement or purpose. When applied to the release of commission record information it means the names of two or more individuals contained in:

- Data processing magnetic tapes
- Data processing print-outs 1, 2, 3, or 4 part utility paper or copies of such print-outs
- Any form of writing.

(7) "Tabulation" means the systematic arrangement of facts, statistics, and similar information, except the names of individuals, in column or table format.

(8) "Individual" means a natural person.

(9) "Commercial purpose" means the using of information obtained, or intending to use the information obtained, to contact or in some way personally affect an individual identified on the list when the purpose of the contact would be to facilitate that person's (the requestor's) profit expecting business activity. [Order 75, § 230-60-010, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-015 Description of central and field organization of the gambling commission. The administrative office of the commission and its staff are located in the capital plaza building, Olympia 98504. Commission offices located in other cities are as follows:

CITY
Spokane 99207
Suite 610, N. 407 Division St.
Yakima 98901
Room 414 – 6 S. 2nd Street

SERVICES
(a) Gambling commission audit and accounting
(b) Gambling commission law enforcement
(a) Gambling commission law enforcement

All records of the commission are maintained in the administrative office in Olympia. [Order 75, § 230-60-015, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-020 Operations and procedures. The commission is a part-time commission of citizens created by RCW 9.46.040. Its members are appointed by the governor with the consent of the state senate. The commission implements many of the provisions of chapter 9.46 RCW by rule making. It meets on a regular basis not less than four times a year, together with such additional meetings as necessary to carry on its business. The commission staff is organized under a director and two assistant directors pursuant to RCW 9.46.080.

The director is the administrator for the commission in carrying out its powers and duties. The gambling director issues rules and regulations adopted by the commission governing authorized activities and supervises assigned commission employees. The director also furnishes the administrative services and staff that are necessary to carry out the purposes and provisions of the law. Matters pertaining to public relations, research, contracts, agreements, and legal problems are directly under the director's authority. [Order 75, § 230-60-020, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-025 Public records available. All public records of the commission are deemed to be available for public inspection and copying pursuant to these rules, except as otherwise provided by chapter 42.17 RCW, and WAC 230-60-050. [Order 75, § 230-60-025, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-030 Public records officers. The commission's public records shall be in the charge of the public records officers as designated by the director. The persons so designated shall be located in the main administrative offices of the commission. The public records officers shall be responsible for the following: The implementation of the commission's rules and regulations regarding release of public records, coordinating the staff of the commission in this regard, maintaining, keeping current, and publishing an index of all agency records as required by RCW 42.17.260 and WAC 230-60-065, and generally insuring compliance by the staff with the public records disclosure requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW. [Order 75, § 230-60-030, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230-60-035 Office hours. Public records shall be available for inspection and copying during the customary office hours of the commission. For the purposes of this chapter, the customary office hours shall be from 8:00 a.m. to noon and from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.,
Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. [Order 75, § 230–60–035, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–040 Requests for public records. In accordance with requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW that agencies prevent unreasonable invasions of privacy, protect public records from damage or disorganization, and prevent excessive interference with essential functions of the agency, public records may be inspected or copied, or copies of such records may be obtained, by members of the public upon compliance with the following procedures:

(1) A request shall be made in writing upon a form prescribed by the commission which shall be available at its administrative office. The form shall be presented to any member of the commission staff designated by the responsible public records officer to receive requests, at the administrative office of the commission during customary office hours or by mail. The request shall include the following information:

(a) The name of the person requesting the record.

(b) The time of day and calendar date on which the request was made.

(c) The nature of the request.

(d) A reference to the requested record as it is described in the current commission record index.

NOTE: If the material is not identifiable by reference to the commission's current index, an accurate description of the record is requested.

(e) The signature and other identifying information of the requestor.

(2) In all cases in which a member of the public is making a request, it shall be the obligation of the staff member to whom the request is made to assist the member of the public in appropriately identifying the public record requested.

(3) Persons not specifically authorized by law to obtain lists of names of individuals from public records will be required to complete a statement agreeing not to release or use the information for commercial purposes. [Order 75, § 230–60–040, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–045 Copying. A fee, determined by actual cost for time and services rendered, for inspection of public records, may be charged. The commission shall charge a fee in the amount necessary to reimburse the commission for its actual costs incidental to providing copies of public records, except as noted in the following schedule of fees: Provided, however, That at the discretion of the director, or his designee, governmental agencies may be excluded from the payment of the fee for such service. The schedule of charges is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>FEE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copy of license application, supporting documents, correspondence, minutes of commission meetings, licenses approval list, list of commission licensees, reports required to be filed by the licensees on a periodic basis concerning the operation of licensed activity, commission legislative reports, and other similar material</td>
<td>$.25 cents per page for first 10 pages, $.10 cents per page for any pages thereafter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application for license(s) and/or supporting forms</td>
<td>No fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter of certification to accompany copy of record or document. (Governmental agencies – no fee)</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specially produced listing, magnetic tapes, or labels</td>
<td>Cost of services, including overhead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record look up</td>
<td>No charge for requests taking five minutes or less, actual cost including overhead, for single requests or a combination of multiple requests taking longer than five minutes to complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postal charges</td>
<td>Actual cost</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manual of commission rules (licensees and government agencies – no fee for up to 2 copies). Includes supplemental mailing for licensees and law enforcement agencies and all others if specifically requested | $5.00 [Order 75, § 230–60–045, filed 9/16/77.] |

WAC 230–60–050 Exemptions. (1) The commission will not release for public inspection or copying any public record it has determined to be exempt under the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW.

(2) In addition, pursuant to RCW 42.17.260, the commission will delete identifying details when it makes available or publishes any public record to the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy, protected by chapter 42.17 RCW. The public records officer shall set out his reasons for such deletion in writing.

(3) All denials of requests for public records must be accompanied by a written statement specifying the reason for the denial, including a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld. [Order 75, § 230–60–050, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–055 Review of denials of public records requests. (1) Upon any denial of a request for a public record, the public records officer or staff member
who denied the record shall initiate a prompt review of the decision by referring the request and denial to the director or his designee. The director or his designee shall immediately consider the matter and either affirm or reverse such denial or call a specific meeting of the commission, or appropriate staff, as soon as legally possible to review the denial. In any case, the request shall be returned with a final decision as soon as possible following the original denial.

(2) Administrative remedies shall not be considered exhausted until the commission has returned the review of a denial with a decision or until the close of the second business day following denial of inspection, whichever occurs first. [Order 75, § 230–60–055, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–060 Protection of public records. The commission is both a law enforcement and regulatory agency and a licensing agency. The records consist mainly of operational or investigative files that are subject to high usage. In order to insure that essential functions of the agency are continually carried out, and the public records are not damaged, altered, disorganized, or lost, access to the record storage areas is restricted. Public records will be inspected in the administrative offices in which they are filed and maintained. Inspection shall be in the presence of the authorized commission staff employee. Inspection shall be denied and the records will be withdrawn if the individual inspecting the records is doing so in a manner to damage, alter, or substantially disorganize them. Inspection shall be denied and records withdrawn if the individual inspecting the records attempts to remove them from the prescribed location or is excessively interfering or will unduly interfere with other essential functions of the commission. [Order 75, § 230–60–060, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–065 Records index. (1) Index. The commission has available to all persons a current index which provides identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated since its inception:

(a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, declaratory rulings, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases.

(b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute, and constitution which have been adopted by the agency.

(c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public.

(d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions.

(e) Factual staff reports and studies.

(f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.

(2) Availability. The current index promulgated by the commission shall be available to all persons under the same rules and on the same conditions as are applied to public records available for inspection. [Order 75, § 230–60–065, filed 9/16/77.]

WAC 230–60–070 Communications with commission. All written communications with the commission pertaining to the administration or enforcement of chapter 42.17 RCW and these rules shall be addressed as follows: Washington state gambling commission, capital plaza building, p. o. box 2007, 1025 east union, Olympia, Washington 98504, attention public records officer. [Order 75, § 230–60–070, filed 9/16/77.]

[Title 230 WAC—p 58]