Title 232 WAC
WILDLIFE, DEPARTMENT OF
(Formerly: Game, Department of)

Chapters
232-12 Permanent regulations.
232-28 Seasons and limits.
232-32 Cooperative wildlife projects.

Chapter 232-12 WAC
PERMANENT REGULATIONS

WAC
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232-12-019 Classification of game fish.
232-12-024 Tagging requirements for bobcat, Canada lynx, cougar and river otter.
232-12-054 Bow and arrow requirements.
232-12-067 Sale of wildlife.
232-12-083 Emergency rule criteria.
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232-12-131 Permits for special hunting and trapping seasons.
232-12-141 Wild animal trapping.
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232-12-169 Hunting contests.
232-12-174 Domestic animals on department lands.
232-12-181 Livestock grazing on department wildlife lands.
232-12-182 Repealed.
232-12-274 Repealed.
232-12-275 Wildlife rehabilitation permits.
232-12-276 Scientific permits.
232-12-827 Hunting of game animals by persons of disability.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER
232-12-274 Conditions for issuance of permits for scientific collection, research or display. [Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 82–04–034 (Order 177), § 232–12–274, filed 1/28/82; 81–12–029 (Order 165), § 232–12–274, filed 6/1/81. Formerly WAC 232–12–676.] Repealed by 88–05–051 (Order 304), filed 2/12/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 77.32.010 (2)(b) and 77.32.240.

WAC 232-12-014 Wildlife classified as endangered species. Endangered species include: Columbian white-tailed deer, Odocoileus virginianus leucurus; Mountain caribou, Rangifer tarandus; Blue whale, Balaenoptera musculus; Bowhead whale, Balaena mysticetus; Finback whale, Balaenoptera physalus; Gray whale, Eschrichtius gibbosus; Humpback whale, Megaptera novaeangliae; Right whale, Balaena glacialis; Sei whale, Balaenoptera borealis; Sperm whale, Physeter catodon; Wolf, Canis lupus; Peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus; Aleutian Canada goose, Branta canadensis luecopareia; Brown pelican, Pelecanus occidentalis; Leatherback sea turtle, Dermochelys coriacea; Grizzly bear, Ursus arctos horribilis; Sea Otter, Enhydra lutris; White pelican, Pelecanus erythrorhynchos; Sandhill crane, Grus canadensis; Snowy plover, Charadrius alexandrinus; Upland sandpiper, Bartramia longicauda; Northern spotted owl, Strix occidentalis.

WAC 232-12-019 Classification of game fish. As provided in RCW 77.12.020 and in addition to those species identified in RCW 77.08.020 the following species of the class Osteichthyes are classified as game fish:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salvelinus confluentus</td>
<td>Bull Trout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esox lucius</td>
<td>Northern Pike</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and hybrids involving genus Esox</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WAC 232-12-024 Tagging requirements for bobcat, Canada lynx, cougar and river otter. It is unlawful to possess or export from the state of Washington, bobcat, Canada lynx, cougar or river otter pelts or parts thereof taken in Washington unless they have a department identification tag attached to them.

Pelts of bobcat, lynx and river otter must be tagged within ten days after the close of the appropriate hunting or trapping season[s] in which they were harvested. Cougar pelts must be tagged within ten days of the date of kill.

All bobcat, Canada lynx, cougar and river otter pelts must be presented by the person harvesting the animal to a wildlife agent or department office for tagging.

Bobcat, Canada lynx or river otter taken outside Washington and imported into the state, must be identified by a tag from the state or country of origin and accompanied by an invoice or declaration specifying the number of pelts in the shipment.

WAC 232-12-054 Bow and arrow requirements. (1) It is unlawful for any person to hunt big game animals with a bow that possesses less than 40 pounds of pull measured at twenty-eight inches or less draw length or has a greater than 65% reduction (let off) in holding weight at full draw.

[1988 WAC Supp—page 847]
(2) It is unlawful to hunt big game animals with any arrow[,] including broadhead, weighing less than 400 grains (400 gr.) or having sharp broadhead blade or blades less than seven-eighths inches wide. It is unlawful to hunt with a broadhead blade unless the broadhead is unbarbed and completely closed at the back end of the blade or blades by a smooth, unbroken surface starting at maximum blade width forming a smooth line toward the feather end of the shaft and such line does not angle toward the point.

(3) It is unlawful for any person to carry or have in his possession any firearm while in the field archery hunting, during the bow and arrow season specified for that area.

(4) It is unlawful to shoot at wildlife with an arrow from a vehicle or from, across or along the maintained portion of a public highway.

(5) It is unlawful to use any device secured to or supported by the bow for the purpose of maintaining the bow at full draw or in a firing position.

(6) It is unlawful to have any electrical equipment or devices(s) attached to the bow or arrow while hunting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 88-13-012 (Order 310), § 232-12-054, filed 6/6/88; 81-12-029 (Order 165), § 232-12-054, filed 6/1/81. Formerly WAC 232-12-140.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.04.058 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 232-12-067 Sale of wildlife. (1) It is unlawful for publicly-owned zoos or aquariums who lawfully acquired wildlife under WAC 232-12-064 to offer for sale or sell that wildlife or the progeny of that wildlife except outside the state or except within the state to other publicly-owned zoos or aquariums or accredited institutional members of the American Association of Zoological Parks and Aquariums (AAZPA).

(2) It is unlawful for publicly-owned zoos or aquariums who lawfully acquired wildlife under WAC 232-12-274 to offer for sale or sell that wildlife or the progeny of that wildlife except the progeny may be sold to other publicly-owned zoos or aquariums or accredited institutional members of the American Association of Zoological Parks and Aquariums (AAZPA).

(3) Publicly-owned zoos and aquariums will keep accurate and current records of the sale of wildlife progeny as required by the director. These records will be maintained on a calendar year basis and retained for a period of 5 years.

(4) It is unlawful for any publicly-owned zoo or aquarium to fail to complete and submit to the department by January 31 of each year a report containing information required by the director.

(5) Wildlife agents may inspect at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner the wildlife, permits, records, and facilities of any publicly-owned zoo or aquarium offering for sale or selling wildlife.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.030. 87-18-017 (Order 296), § 232-12-067, filed 8/24/87.]

WAC 232-12-083 Emergency rule criteria. (1) The director may close or shorten a season pursuant to RCW 77.12.150 only:

(a) By emergency rule, and

(b) When the director determines from biological data or climatic conditions which were unforeseen by the commission when the season was established, that the population of game fish, game animals, or game birds is in jeopardy with established seasons, and

(c) When the delay necessary to have the issue determined by emergency action of the commission presents a real and immediate threat to wildlife.

(2) Any emergency rule issued by the director pursuant to this rule shall state:

(a) The time and date when it shall be effective, and

(b) The time and date when it shall terminate, and

(c) The justification for its issuance.

(3) If the director has taken emergency action pursuant to this rule, he/she shall, upon determination that the threat to wildlife has abated, thereafter reopen the season limited to the time period originally set by the commission, and reestablish bag limits as originally set by the commission.

(4) Whenever the director takes action to close, shorten, or reopen a season pursuant to (1) or (3) above, he/she shall first take all reasonable steps to notify commission members the action contemplated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.150 and 77.12.040. 88-24-004 (Order 325), § 232-12-083, filed 11/29/88.]

WAC 232-12-085 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-12-131 Permits for special hunting and trapping seasons. (1) Holders of valid hunting licenses may apply for permits for special hunting seasons as prescribed by the commission.

(2) Holders of valid trapping licenses may apply for permits for special trapping seasons as prescribed by the commission.

(3) It is unlawful for a person receiving a special hunting season elk permit to apply for such a permit for the next two years. A person applying for an elk permit during that period will be disqualified for an additional two years, in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

(4) It is unlawful for a person receiving a special hunting season goat permit to apply for such a permit for the next five years. A person applying for a goat permit during that period will be disqualified for an additional five years, in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

(5) It is unlawful for a person receiving a special hunting season permit for mountain sheep to apply for another permit for that species if they are successful in taking a mountain sheep. A person who receives a special permit for mountain sheep and is unsuccessful in taking a sheep may reapply after waiting for five years. A person applying for a permit during that period will be disqualified for an additional five years, in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
WAC 232-12-141 Wild animal trapping. It is unlawful to trap for wild animals:

1. With a steel trap having a jaw spread exceeding seven and one-half inches, except that an instant kill trap having a jaw spread exceeding seven and one-half inches is lawful when set beneath the water surface.

2. With a No. 3 size or larger steel trap if it does not have spacing of at least three-sixteenths of one inch when the trap is sprung and when the set is not capable of drowning the trapped animal.

3. With a No. 3 size or larger steel trap with teeth when the set is not capable of drowning the trapped animal.

4. Unless traps or devices are checked and animals removed within seventy-two hours.

WAC 232-12-154 Juvenile fishing waters. It is unlawful for a person fifteen years of age or older to fish any waters restricted to juvenile fishing only.

WAC 232-12-169 Hunting contests. A person wishing to hold a hunting contest must comply with the following provisions:

1. Only organizations filed with the state of Washington as a nonprofit corporation may apply for a hunting contest permit.

2. Hunting contest permit applications shall be submitted to the department 30 days prior to the date for which the contest is proposed.

3. Applications must include the permit fee required by RCW 77.32.211. The fee will be returned if the permit is denied.

4. Contests are restricted to the species approved on the permit.

5. Total value of prizes per contest shall not exceed $2000.

6. Entry fees or requests for donations are prohibited.

7. It is unlawful to fail to comply with the conditions of a hunting contest permit.

Hunting contests which may adversely affect wildlife resources will be denied.

WAC 232-12-174 Domestic animals on department lands. It is unlawful for any person to allow domesticated animals to be unattended on, or to permit livestock to graze upon land under the control of the department without a written permit from the director. In addition to other penalties provided by law, any such person may be liable to the department for a compensatory fee of one dollar per head of livestock per day.

WAC 232-12-181 Livestock grazing on department of wildlife lands. All persons wishing to apply for a grazing lease should contact the Washington Department of Wildlife, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington 98504.

1. The director is authorized to enter into grazing leases when the director determines that a grazing lease will benefit wildlife management programs and will be in the public interest. Except for temporary permits, each grazing lease shall first be submitted to the commission, which may review the lease to determine whether it will benefit wildlife or improve public hunting, fishing or recreation without adverse impact on wildlife. If, within 30 days, the commission has not disapproved the lease, the director shall be deemed authorized to enter into that lease.

2. The director shall advertise and sell a license to use department lands for grazing at public auction to the highest bidder. The director is authorized to reject any and all bids if it is determined to be in the best interest of the department to do so. The director may negotiate a grazing lease without using the public auction process only when the director determines that benefits to wildlife would be equal to or greater than the cash or monetary payments foregone.

3. The term of each grazing lease shall be no greater than five years. When an existing lease expires or is about to expire, and the director wishes to continue to permit grazing on the subject parcel, then a modified public auction process shall be used. A minimum bid based on market value shall be established prior to the public auction. The last previous or the existing lessee shall be provided the option of meeting the highest bid made at public auction. The director may grant a term longer than five years only with the prior approval of the commission. The director may permit exceptions to the public auction process only when the director determines that benefits to wildlife would be equal to or greater than the cash or monetary payment foregone.

4. A temporary permit may be granted by the director to satisfy an immediate, short-term need where benefits to wildlife management programs and the public interest can be demonstrated. The term of a temporary permit shall not exceed two weeks and no fee need be charged.

5. The director may approve a grazing lease where a grazing management plan which includes objectives and site characteristics, pasture rotation schedule, on-off dates, number of AUM’s, and a monitoring plan has been developed by the agency. The director shall inspect the site of a grazing lease no less than two times each
year. The director shall retain the right to alter provisions of the plan to reduce acreage available or the number of animals using the area when such change is, in the judgment of the director, required to benefit fish or wildlife management, public hunting and fishing, or other recreational uses. The director may not enter into any grazing lease not accompanied by a grazing management plan unless the commission has approved it.

(6) The director may cancel a lease (1) for noncompliance with the terms and conditions of the lease, or (2) if the area described in the lease is included in a land use plan determined by the agency to be a higher and better use, or (3) if the property is sold or conveyed, or (4) if damage to wildlife or wildlife habitat occurs.

(7) All lands covered by any agreement shall at all times be open to public hunting, fishing and other wildlife recreational uses unless such lands have been closed by action of the commission or emergency order of the director.


WAC 232-12-182 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter chapter.

WAC 232-12-274 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-12-275 Wildlife rehabilitation permits.

(1) It is unlawful to possess wildlife for the purpose of rehabilitation without first obtaining a current, valid Washington state "wildlife rehabilitation permit."

(2) A wildlife rehabilitation permit, valid for the time specified on the permit, may be issued to a person to treat or care for injured, diseased, or abandoned wildlife for the purpose of successful release to the wild.

(3) The director may issue and condition a wildlife rehabilitation permit if the applicant complies with the following:
   (a) The applicant is either a licensed veterinarian or can demonstrate 6 months of experience in wildlife rehabilitation, which must include 3 months during the spring or summer. The director may consider education in wildlife rehabilitation as a substitute for experience.
   (b) The applicant must successfully complete a wildlife rehabilitator’s examination(s) as prescribed by the director.
   (c) Applicants who are not licensed veterinarians must provide to the department a letter signed by a person willing to act as principal veterinarian.
   (d) The wildlife rehabilitation facility must meet the wildlife rehabilitation care standards and wildlife rehabilitation facility standards as prescribed by the director. Wildlife rehabilitation facilities permitted by the director prior to May 15, 1988 must meet the wildlife rehabilitation facility standards prescribed by the director or have a director approved plan for implementation on or before January 1, 1989.
   (e) "Principal veterinarian" means a licensed veterinarian who provides in writing their willingness to assist

(4) It is unlawful to hold wildlife for longer than 180 days except as authorized by the director.

(5) It is unlawful to publicly display wildlife while it is undergoing rehabilitation.

(6) It is unlawful to retain wildlife for the purpose of orphan-imprinting or to retain feathers of protected or endangered wildlife for the purpose of "imping," except as provided by written permission from the director.

(7) It is unlawful for wildlife being held for rehabilitation to be used for propagation.

(8) A wildlife rehabilitator may receive from the department and possess at the wildlife rehabilitation facility dead wildlife for the purpose of feeding wildlife being rehabilitated.

(9) The holder of a wildlife rehabilitation permit must submit to the department no later than January 31 of each year an annual report providing information as required by the director. The department will provide wildlife rehabilitators with a wildlife rehabilitation ledger which may also be submitted as the annual report.

(10) It is unlawful for a wildlife rehabilitation permit holder to fail to enter required information in the wildlife rehabilitation ledger within 24 hours of the day wildlife is received and on the day of all subsequent activities as required in the ledger.

(11) All permits and records held pursuant to statutes and rules dealing with wildlife rehabilitation will be kept on file at the wildlife rehabilitation facility. These records will be maintained on a calendar year basis and will be retained for a period of five years. A copy of the valid wildlife rehabilitation permit must be in the possession of any person possessing or transporting wildlife for the wildlife rehabilitation facility.

(12) Wildlife agents may inspect at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner the wildlife, permits, records, and wildlife rehabilitation facility of any wildlife rehabilitator.

(13) It is unlawful for a permittee to fail to comply with the conditions of a wildlife rehabilitation permit.

(14) For the purposes of this rule, the following definitions apply:
   (a) "Wildlife rehabilitation" means the care and treatment of injured, diseased, or abandoned wildlife, including but not limited to capture, transporting, veterinary treatment, feeding, housing, exercise therapy, and any other treatment or training necessary for release back to the wild.
   (b) "Wildlife rehabilitation facility" means the authorized site(s) as shown on the wildlife rehabilitation permit where the treatment and rehabilitation takes place.
   (c) "Wildlife rehabilitator" means a person who cares for or treats injured, diseased, or abandoned wildlife for the purpose of releasing said wildlife to the wild.
   (d) "Wildlife rehabilitation permit" means a permit issued by the director that authorizes a person to possess for treatment or care, injured, diseased, or abandoned wildlife for the purpose of successful release to the wild.
   (e) "Principal veterinarian" means a licensed veterinarian who provides in writing their willingness to assist...
the rehabilitator in the medical treatment of injured, diseased, or abandoned wildlife.

(f) "Public display" means to place or locate wildlife so that it may be viewed by the public.

(g) "Imping" means a method of repairing broken feathers.

(h) "Orphan–imprinting" means to use nonreleasable adult wildlife for the purpose of feeding, socializing, and teaching appropriate behavior to young of the same species.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.030 and 77.12.040. 88-09-036 (Order 308), § 232–12–275, filed 4/15/88.]

WAC 232–12–276 Scientific permits. (1) It is unlawful to collect wildlife or their nests and eggs for the purpose of research or display without first obtaining a Washington state scientific permit.

(2) A scientific permit, valid for the time specified on the permit, may be issued to a person to collect wildlife or their nests and eggs for the purpose of research or display.

(3) The director may issue and place conditions upon the exercise of a scientific permit if the applicant complies with the following:

(a) The applicant will submit a completed application providing specific information required by the director.

(b) The applicant will submit a study plan which includes specific project objectives and justification for collection; target species and number to be collected; method(s) of collection; location(s) of collection; and proposed final disposition of collection.

(c) The applicant will demonstrate their qualifications for conducting the collection and the research or display of wildlife as requested in the application.

(d) The applicant will demonstrate access to adequate facilities and competence necessary to care for live wildlife to be collected for research or display.

(4) Scientific permits will not be granted if, in the opinion of the director, the collection conflicts with existing collection, research or management activities.

(5) A copy of the valid scientific permit must be in the possession of any person exercising the privileges authorized by the permit. Subpermitted will be identified in a manner prescribed by the director.

(6) It is unlawful for a scientific permit holder to fail to keep accurate records showing information as required by the director. These records shall be maintained on a calendar year basis and shall be retained for a period of five years.

(7) It is unlawful for the holder of a scientific permit to fail to submit to the department an annual report providing information as required by the director no later than January 31 of the year following issuance of a scientific permit.

(8) Scientific permit holders collecting wildlife or their nests or eggs for the purpose of research must submit to the department a copy of the final report. Interim reports may be required.

(9) Wildlife agents may inspect at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner the wildlife, nests, eggs, permits, records, and facilities of a scientific permit holder.

(10) It is unlawful for live wildlife collected directly from the wild to be displayed except by publicly owned zoos and aquariums. Live nonreleasable wildlife acquired under a wildlife rehabilitation permit may be used for wildlife education programs under conditions prescribed by the director.

(11) It is unlawful to fail to comply with the conditions of a scientific permit.

(12) For the purposes of this rule, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Collect," means to take control of or attempt to take control of wildlife or their nests and eggs.

(b) "Display" means to place or locate wildlife so that public viewing is encouraged or allowed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.32.010 (2)(b) and 77.32.240. 88-05-031 (Order 304), § 232–12–276, filed 2/12/88.]

WAC 232–12–827 Hunting of game animals by persons of disability. (1) Preamble. This regulation is intended to carry out the legislative policy of maximizing handicapped persons' access to recreational opportunity as codified in RCW 77.12.010. This regulation is intended to enhance the health, safety, and welfare of the general public and not that of any particular person or group of persons.

(2) Definitions. Terms used in this regulation are defined as follows:

(a) A "person of disability" is a permanently disabled person who is unable to be mobile without the assistance of a wheelchair or crutches. This definition is intended to include but not be limited to those disabled persons with lower extremity impairment such as paraplegics and amputees.

(b) A "disabled hunter" is a person who possesses a disabled hunter permit issued by the director as well as all other required licenses, tags, and permits.

(c) A "nondisabled companion" is a licensed hunter accompanying a disabled hunter for the purpose of assisting in retrieval, killing of game wounded by a disabled hunter, and tagging of game killed by a disabled hunter.

(3) Disabled hunter permit. The director may issue a disabled hunter permit to any person of disability who applies to the department and presents such evidence as the director may accept showing that the applicant is a person of disability.

(4) Permitted and prohibited activities.

(a) Shooting from an off-road vehicle. A disabled hunter may not possess a loaded firearm or discharge a firearm from within or upon a motor vehicle. A disabled hunter may not discharge a firearm upon, across, or along a public highway.

(b) Killing of game wounded by persons of disability. A nondisabled companion may accompany a disabled hunter and kill any game animal wounded by the disabled hunter. The companion must immediately notch and attach the disabled hunter's tag to the carcass of the animal. A nondisabled companion shall not possess a

[1988 WAC Supp—page 851]
(c) Tagging game killed by a disabled hunter. A nondisabled companion may cut, notch, and affix tags to game animals killed by a disabled hunter.

(d) Retrieving game. A nondisabled companion may retrieve or assist in retrieving a game animal which has been either killed by a disabled hunter or wounded by a disabled hunter and killed by a nondisabled companion.

(e) Game killed, tagged, or retrieved by a nondisabled companion who is accompanying a disabled hunter shall count against the disabled hunter's bag limit and shall not count against the nondisabled companion's bag limit.

(f) This regulation shall terminate and cease to be effective at 11:59 p.m. on March 31, 1989.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100, 75.20.103, 75.20.106, 75.20.130, and 75.20.140, is jointly administered by the department of fisheries and department of game, by law separate agencies. That code requires that prior to construction or other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, that written approval be obtained from the director of the department of fisheries or department of game. Rules establishing procedures for obtaining a hydraulic project approval and explaining criteria, policies and procedures typically utilized by the department of fisheries and department of game in administering the Hydraulic Code have been jointly promulgated by the two agencies. The body of the regulations is codified as WAC 220-110 et seq., which can be found under rules and regulations codified for the department of fisheries. Those rules, chapter 220-110 WAC, as last amended by the department of fisheries Order 87-48, are here adopted by reference and also made a part of Title 232 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100, 75.20.103, 75.20.106, 75.20.130 and 75.20.140, 87-15-083 (Order 294), § 232-28-214, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 87-15-081 (Order 292), § 232-28-808, filed 5/16/88.]

Chapter 232-14 WAC

STATE HYDRAULIC CODE GUIDELINES

WAC 232-14-010 Hydraulic Code guidelines.

WAC 232-14-010 Hydraulic Code guidelines. The State Hydraulic Code, RCW 75.20.100, 75.20.103, 75.20.106, 75.20.130, and 75.20.140, is jointly administered by the department of fisheries and department of game, by law separate agencies. That code requires that prior to construction or other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, that written approval be obtained from the director of the department of fisheries or department of game. Rules establishing procedures for obtaining a hydraulic project approval and explaining criteria, policies and procedures typically utilized by the department of fisheries and department of game in administering the Hydraulic Code have been jointly promulgated by the two agencies. The body of the regulations is codified as WAC 220-110-010 et seq., which can be found under rules and regulations codified for the department of fisheries. Those rules, chapter 220-110 WAC, as last amended by the department of fisheries Order 87-48, are here adopted by reference and also made a part of Title 232 WAC.


Chapter 232-28 WAC

SEASONS AND LIMITS

WAC 232-28-21301 Repealed.
232-28-410 Repealed.
232-28-411 Repealed.
232-28-509 Repealed.
232-28-510 Repealed.
232-28-616 Repealed.
232-28-617 Repealed.
232-28-61703 Amendment to 1989-90 Game fish regulations—Clay Pit Pond (Whatcom County).
232-28-61706 Amendment to 1989-90 Game fish regulations—Wapato Lake (Chelan County).
232-28-708 Repealed.
232-28-709 Repealed.
232-28-710 1988 Spring turkey seasons and information on spring bear hot spot hunts.
232-28-808 Repealed.
232-28-809 Repealed.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

WAC 232-28-109 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.


DOVE
MOURNING DOVE:

- September 1 – September 15, inclusive
- Possession Limit: 20

PIGEON
BAND-TAILED PIGEON:

- September 7 – September 22, inclusive
- Daily Bag Limit: 4
- Possession Limit: 4

SELECTED REGULATIONS AND LAWS PERTAINING TO DOVE AND PIGEON HUNTING:

RCW 77.16.070 Hunting while intoxicated. It is unlawful to hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

RCW 77.16.090 Waste of wildlife. It is unlawful for a person who kills or possesses game animals, game birds, or game fish to allow them to needlessly go to waste.

RCW 77.16.095 Mutilation of wildlife. Hampering identification. It is unlawful to mutilate wildlife so that the size, species, or sex cannot be determined visually in the field or while being transported. The commission may prescribe specific criteria for field identification to satisfy this section.

RCW 77.16.100 Use of dogs—public nuisance. When it is unlawful for the owner or a person harboring a dog to directly or negligently permit the dog to pursue or injure deer or elk or to accompany a person who is hunting deer or elk. During the closed season for a species of game animal or game bird, a dog found pursuing that species molesting its young, or destroying the nest of a game bird may be declared a public nuisance.

RCW 77.16.250 Loaded firearms in vehicles. It is unlawful to carry, transport, convey, possess, or control in or on a motor vehicle a shotgun or rifle containing shells or cartridge in the magazine capped or primed.

RCW 77.16.260 Shooting firearm from public highway. It is unlawful to shoot a firearm from across, or along the maintained portion of a public highway.

WAC 232-12-077 WILDLIFE TAKEN BY ANOTHER. It is unlawful to possess wildlife taken during the open season by another unless it is accompanied by a statement which shows the name, address, hunting, fishing or other license or permit number and signature of the taker, the date, county and game management unit where taken.

WAC 232-12-081 CHECKING STATIONS—INSPECTION OF GAME AND LICENSES. Hunters and fishermen occupying a motor vehicle approaching or entering a check station established by a Wildlife Agent must stop and produce for inspection:

1. Wildlife in their possession;
2. Licenses, permits, tag, stamps or punchcards required under Title 77 RCW or rules adopted thereunder.

WAC 232-12-247 TRANSMISSION LINES—UNLAWFUL HUNTING. It is unlawful to shoot at wild animals or wild birds while they are on a telephone or electrical transmission line, or the pole, crossarm or insulator thereof.

WAC 232-12-254 DISCHARGE OF LITTER ON DEPARTMENT LANDS—UNLAWFUL. It is unlawful for any person to throw, to drop, or to leave any discarded object, garbage, debris, or waste upon any of the properties owned, leased or controlled by the department except into a litter or garbage receptacle or container installed for that purpose on such property.

FOR SAFETY, HUNTERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO WEAR HUNTER ORANGE WHILE HUNTING UPLAND BIRDS AS WELL AS OTHER SPECIES.

SHOOTING HOURS as follows: (Daylight Saving Time)

<table>
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<th>Date Inclusive</th>
<th>Western Washington from A.M. to P.M.</th>
<th>Eastern Washington from A.M. to P.M.</th>
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[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 87-15-083 (Order 294), § 232-28-110, filed 7/20/87.]
WAC 232-28-212 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-213 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-21301 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-214 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.


### DEER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hunting Method</th>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1988 General Buck</td>
<td>October 15 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1989 General Buck</td>
<td>October 14 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1990 General Buck</td>
<td>October 13 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UPLAND BIRDS AND WATERFOWL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hunting Method</th>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>Upland Birds</td>
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<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Upland Birds</td>
<td>Waterfowl</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>Upland Birds</td>
<td>Waterfowl</td>
<td>October 13 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 87-21-095 (Order 302), § 232-28-215, filed 10/21/87.]


### DEER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hunting Method</th>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1988 Early Buck</td>
<td>Sept. 17 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Archery</td>
<td>1989 Early Deer</td>
<td>Sept. 17 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Muzzleloader</td>
<td>1989 Early Deer</td>
<td>Oct. 1 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1989 Early Buck</td>
<td>Sept. 16 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>Archery</td>
<td>1990 Early Deer</td>
<td>Sept. 15 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>Muzzleloader</td>
<td>1990 Early Deer</td>
<td>Sept. 29 (Saturday)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### ELK

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Hunting Method</th>
<th>Season</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>Modern Firearm</td>
<td>1988 Blue Mountains &amp; Colockum Early</td>
<td>Oct. 26 (Wednesday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Late</td>
<td>Oct. 29 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1988 Yakima</td>
<td>Early</td>
<td>Nov. 1 (Tuesday)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Late</td>
<td>Nov. 4 (Friday)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1988 Westside</td>
<td>Early</td>
<td>Nov. 2 (Wednesday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Late</td>
<td>Nov. 5 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>Archery</td>
<td>1988 (All Tag Areas) Early</td>
<td>Oct. 1 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Late</td>
<td>Nov. 23 (Wednesday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Muzzleloader</td>
<td>1988 (All Tag Areas) Early</td>
<td>Oct. 8 (Saturday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Late</td>
<td>Nov. 23 (Wednesday)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 87-21-096 (Order 303), § 232-28-216, filed 10/21/87.]
are available in pamphlet form from the department, its six regional offices, and at numerous drug and sporting goods stores throughout the state.

WAC 232-28-509 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-510 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 88-17-089 (Order 319), § 232-28-511, filed 8/22/88.]

Reviser's note: The text and accompanying pamphlet comprising the 1988-89 and 1989-90 Trapping seasons and rules adopted by the department of wildlife have been omitted from publication in the Washington Administrative Code under the authority of RCW 34.04.050(3) as being unduly cumbersome to publish. Copies of the rules may be obtained from the main office of the Department of Wildlife, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington 98504, and are available in pamphlet form from the department, its six regional offices, and at numerous drug and sporting goods stores throughout the state.

WAC 232-28-616 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-61610 Amendment to 1987-88 Washington game fish regulations—Elwha River. Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 232-28-616, effective at 12:01 a.m. on October 12, 1987 to 11:59 p.m. on April 15, 1988, the game fish regulations for the Elwha River will be as follows:

ELWAH RIVER, 70, from mouth to 200' below the south spillway on the Aldwell Lake Dam: June 1–Apr. 15 season. TROUT—catch limit – 2, min. lgth. 12". Fishing from any floating device prohibited. CLOSED WATERS: From south spillway on Aldwell Lake Dam downstream 200'. From approximately 50 yards upstream to 50 yards downstream of Elwha Tribal Hatchery outfall as posted.

From Lake Aldwell upstream to 400' below spillway at Lake Mills Dam, including all tributaries except Indian Creek (see below) (includes waters in Olympic National Park): TROUT – catch limit – 2, min. lgth. 12"; Selective Fishery Regulations, see page 3.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 87-21-027 (Order 298), § 232-28-61610, filed 10/12/87.]

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 88-07-065 (Order 307), § 232-28-617, filed 3/16/88.]

Reviser's note: The text and accompanying pamphlet comprising the 1988-90 Washington game fish regulations adopted by the department of wildlife have been omitted from publication in the Washington Administrative Code under the authority of RCW 34.04.050(3) as being unduly cumbersome to publish. Copies of the rules may be obtained from the main office of the Department of Wildlife, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington 98504, and are available in pamphlet form from the department, its six regional offices, and at numerous drug and sporting goods stores throughout the state.

WAC 232-28-61703 Amendment to 1988-90 Game fish regulations—Clay Pit Pond (Whatcom County). Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 232-28-617, Clay Pit Pond in Whatcom County will have an emergency game fishing closure until further notice.
[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 88-17-028 (Order 315), § 232-28-61703, filed 8/12/88.]

WAC 232-28-61706 Amendment to 1988-90 Game fish regulations—Wapato Lake (Chelan County). Notwithstanding the provisions of WAC 232-28-617, effective 12:01 a.m. on October 27, 1988, the following regulation applies.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 77.12.040. 88-17-027 (Order 314), § 232-28-61706, filed 8/12/88, effective 10/27/88.]

WAC 232-28-708 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-709 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-710 1988 Spring turkey seasons and information on spring bear hot spot hunts.

Reviser note: The text and accompanying pamphlet comprising the 1988 Spring turkey seasons and information on spring bear hot spot hunts adopted by the department of wildlife have been omitted from publication in the Washington Administration Code under the authority of RCW 34.04.050(3) as being unduly cumbersome to publish. Copies of the rules may be obtained from the main office of the Department of Wildlife, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington 98504, and are available in pamphlet form from the department, its six regional offices, and at numerous drug and sporting goods stores throughout the state.

WAC 232-28-808 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.

WAC 232-28-809 Repealed. See Disposition Table at beginning of this chapter.


Reviser's note: The text and accompanying pamphlet comprising the 1988 Mountain goat, sheep, moose, cougar, and lynx hunting seasons adopted by the department of wildlife have been omitted from publication in the Washington Administrative Code under the authority of RCW 34.04.050(3) as being unduly cumbersome to publish. Copies of the rules may be obtained from the main office of the Department of Wildlife, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, Washington 98504, and are available in pamphlet form from the department, its six regional offices, and at numerous drug and sporting goods stores throughout the state.

[1988 WAC Supp—page 855]
WAC 232-32-040 Review and selection process. The following steps are included in the process of reviewing and selecting cooperative wildlife projects:

1. Applications will be made available to anyone interested in conducting a cooperative project. Application forms will be available at any time at the Olympia headquarters and all regional offices of the department of wildlife.

2. Applications for projects may be submitted at any time.

3. The department will send each applicant, within 45 days of receipt of each application, a written acknowledgement of the receipt of the application and give the applicant a date when notification of acceptance or rejection of the proposal can be expected. The written acknowledgement will also provide the department's selection criteria and a general description of the review and selection process. Final decisions and notification of acceptance or rejection of proposals where funding is requested will be made only after the biennial budget is passed by the legislature and signed by the governor.

4. The department will determine when a proposed project might affect the management programs of federal, other state, and local agencies and of treaty Indian tribes and will make contact with these entities, when the department determines it is appropriate to do so, during the review and selection process. If the department determines that ongoing coordination between a volunteer group and another agency or tribe would be appropriate, it may be required as a condition of the permit, when issued.

5. Each approved agreement will include the following, when determined by the department to be necessary or appropriate: (a) Permit for release of fish or wildlife; (b) procedures for applying for a hydraulic project approval (HPA), and (c) description of methods that will be used to provide the volunteer group with fish, bird, or animal food or other available supplies.

Title 240 WAC

GOVERNOR, OFFICE OF THE

Chapter 240-10 State employee combined charitable contributions program.

[1988 WAC Supp—page 856]