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296-150B	Standards for mobile homes, commercial
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296-200	Contractor certificate of registration re-
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296-305	Safety standards for fire fighters.
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296-310	Farm labor contracting rules.
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296-360	Discrimination, pursuant to RCW 49.17.160.
296-400	Certification of competency for journeyman plumbers.
296-401	Certification of competency for journeyman electricians.
296-402	Electrical testing laboratory accreditation.
296-403	Amusement rides or structures.

# DISPOSITION OF CHAPTERS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS TITLE

# Chapter 296-12 ND PROCEDURE--BOARD OF II

# PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE—BOARD OF INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE APPEALS

[Rules filed 10/29/69, 10/29/65, 6/12/63, 3/23/60.] Now codified in Title 263 WAC.

## Chapter 296-18

# INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE AND MEDICAL AID CLASSIFICATION MANUAL

Reviser's note: The classification of occupations was enacted by the legislature as section 1, chapter 247, Laws of 1947. They were revised by the director from time to time under the authority of RCW 51.12.030, 51.12.040, and 51.16.100. As so revised, they were reenacted by the legislature as chapter 51.20 RCW, which was part of chapter 23, Laws of 1961, which reenacted the entire industrial insurance law as Title 51 RCW. The classification as originally published in the WAC conforms to the 1961 statute. The effective date of chapter 23, Laws of 1961 was February 14, 1961.

Chapter 51.20 RCW and its parallels in chapter 231, Laws of 1961, have subsequently been repealed by section 39, chapter 93, Laws of 1972 ex. sess.

WAC 296-18-010, 296-18-020, 296-18-050, 296-18-060, 296-18-070, 296-18-080, 296-18-090, 296-18-100, 296-18-110, 296-18-130, 296-18-140, 296-18-150, 296-18-160, 296-18-170, 296-18-180, 296-18-210, 296-18-220, 296-18-240, 296-18-290, 296-18-310, 296-18-330, 296-18-350, 296-18-370, 296-18-380, 296-18-

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22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74. See chapter 296-17 WAC.				
296-18-340	[Order 70-11, § 296-18-340, filed 11/30/70.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.			
296–18–600	[See reviser's note for history.] Repealed by Order 71-14, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.			
296–18–670	[Order 72–12, § 296–18–670, filed 7/18/72; Order 71–14, § 296–18–670, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73–22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74. See chapter 296–17 WAC.			
296-18-680	[Order 72-12, § 296-18-680, filed 7/18/72; Order 71-14, § 296-18-680, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74. See chapter 296-17 WAC.			
296–18–690	[Order 71–14, § 296–18–690, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73–22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74. See chapter 296–17 WAC.			

Reviser's note: Many of the above section numbers were reused by the department when it adopted rules on rehabilitation review, a new subject matter, by Order 82-40, filed 11/30/82. This order and subsequent orders have been codified as chapter 296-18A WAC.

# Chapter 296-19 CLASSIFICATION OF STATE EMPLOYEES

296-19-010 General order. [Rule, filed 4/10/62; Rules, filed 12/2/60 and 3/6/61.] Repealed by 84-06-018 (Order 84-3), filed 2/29/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1).

#### Chapter 296-25 SAFETY STANDARDS--GENERAL

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WAC 296-25-005, 296-25-010, 296-25-020, 296-25-030, 296-25-
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945, 296–25–950, 296–25–955, 296–25–960, 296–25–965, 296–25–
970, 296-25-975. [Standards 1-152, filed 3/23/60.] Repeal of
chapter 296-25 WAC was declared by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74 to
be effective upon the effective date of amendments to chapter 296-24
WAC set forth as part of this order. See chapter 296-24 WAC.
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### Chapter 296-26 LABOR CAMP RULES

296-26-010	Definitions. [Rule .60.010, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-020	Administration. [Rule .60.020, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-030	Water supply. [Rule .60.030, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-040	Sewage and liquid waste disposal—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.040, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed
296-26-050	by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75. Plumbing—Existing and new construction. [Rule
	.60.050, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-060	Refuse disposal—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.060, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-070	Rodent and insect control—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.070, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-080	Location and maintenance—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.080, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75.
296-26-090	Construction and maintenance of dwelling units. [Rule .60.090, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75–10, filed 4/4/75.
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296-26-100 Ventilation. [Rule .60.100, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-110 Heating—Existing and new construction [Rule

296-26-110 Heating—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.110, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-120 Lighting. [Rule .60.120, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-130 Toilet, handwashing, bathing, and laundry facilities— Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.130, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-140 Foodhandling facilities—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.140, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-150 Beds and bedding—Existing and new construction. [Rule .60.150, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-160 Supervision and responsibility. [Rule .60.160, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-170 Communicable disease. [Rule .60.170, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

296-26-180 Effective date. [Rule .60.180, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-10, filed 4/4/75.

# Chapter 296-38 CULINARY WORKERS SAFETY RULES

296-38-010	General requirements. [Rule 1.010, filed 8/26/63.]
	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-38-020	Equipment—Machinery. [Rule 2.010, filed 8/26/63.]
	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-38-030	Fire protection and prevention. [Rule 3.010, filed
	8/26/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-38-040	General working conditions. [Rules 4.010-4.040, filed
	8/26/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-38-050	Illumination. [Rule 5.010, filed 8/26/63.] Repealed
	by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

## Chapter 296-40

#### SAFETY STANDARDS--CONSTRUCTION WORK

WAC 296-40-010	, 296-40-015	, 296-40-020,	296-40-030,	296-40-
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296-40-412 [Order 74-1, filed 1/8/74.] Repealed by Order 74-26, filed 5/7/74 before codification in the Washington Administrative Code, see chapter 296-155 WAC, Safety standards for construction work adopted by Order 74-26, filed 5/7/74.

## Chapter 296-41 LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES

The Standards for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, N.B.F.U. #58, filed 3/29/61 was repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

## Chapter 296–42

# PETROLEUM---REFINING, TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

296-42-010	Application, scope and permits for variations from
	orders. [§ I, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-
	28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-020 Definitions. [§ 2, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-030 Accident prevention program. [Rules 3.010-3.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-040 First aid. [Rule 4.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-050 Fire and explosions—Smoking, matches, lighters. [Rule 5.010, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-060 Fire and explosions—Fire protection and fire fighting equipment. [Rule 5.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-42-070 Fire and explosions—Cleaning oils. [Rule 5.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-080 Fire and explosions—Static electricity. [Rule 5.040, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-090 Fire and explosions—Spontaneous ignition. [Rule 5.050, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-100 Fire and explosions—Fire permits. [Rule 5.060, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-110 Fire and explosions—Surge tanks. [Rule 5.070, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-120 Fire and explosions—Flammable waste gases or vapors. [Rule 5.080, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-130 Fire and explosions—Transfer of light oils by air displacement. [Rule 5.090, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.

296-42-140	Fire and explosions—Steam hose. [Rule 5.100, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296–42–420	Loading and unloading facilities and operations— Loading platforms. [Rule 20.010, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.
296-42-150	Dangerous exposure. [Rules 6.010 and 6.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296-42-430	Loading and unloading facilities and operations— Loading and unloading operations. [Rule 20.020, filed
296–42–160	Enclosed and confined spaces—Ventilation. [Rule 7.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296-42-440	1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Loading and unloading facilities and operations— Liquefied petroleum gases—Loading and unloading.
296-42-170	Enclosed and confined spaces—Confined spaces. [Rule 7.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76—		[Rule 20.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.
296-42-180	28, filed 9/28/76. Escape exits. [Rule 8.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-42-450 296-42-460	Laboratories and pilot plants. [Rule 21.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Wharves. [Rule 22.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by
296-42-200	Tanks—Stationary tanks. [Rule 9.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296-42-470	Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Bulk distributing plants. [Rule 23.010, filed 1/11/63
296-42-210	Tanks—Stationary tank maintenance. [Rule 9.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.		and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
296-42-220	Tanks—Diversion and retaining walls. [Rule 9.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	МОВІ	Chapter 296–48 LE HOMES, COMMERCIAL COACHES AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES
296-42-230	Gas and vapor testing. [Rule 10.010, filed 1/11/63.]	29648005	Administrative—Authority for mobile home code.
296-42-240	Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Opening and blinding pipe lines and equipment—  Opening pipe lines and equipment. [Rule 11.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.		[Order 76–26, \$ 296–48–005, filed 8/23/76; Order 75–20, \$ 296–48–005, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–2, \$ 296–48–005, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, \$ 296–48–
296-42-250	Opening and blinding pipe lines and equipment— Blinding of pipe lines and equipment. [Rule 11.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed		005, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
206 42 260	9/28/76.	296-48-010	Application and scope. [Order 76-26, § 296-48-010, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48-010, filed
296–42–260	Hazardous commodities—General. [Rule 12.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.		12/4/75; Order 75–20, § 296–48–010, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–10, § 296–48–010, filed 9/17/70, effective
296–42–270	Hazardous commodities—Corrosives. [Rule 12.020, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.		1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-010, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-010, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13),
296-42-280	Hazardous commodities—Leaded gasoline stationary tanks. [Rule 12.030, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.]	296-48-011	filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–11, § 296–48–011, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–14, § 296–49–001, filed
296-42-290	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Drainage. [Rule 13.010, filed 1/11/63 and 1/15/63.]		7/31/73. Formerly WAC 296-49-001 and 296-49-011.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-42-300	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Agitation and heating of liquids in tanks. [Rule 14.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28,	296-48-012	Agreements with out-of-state jurisdictions. [Order 73-14, § 296-48-012, filed 7/31/73. Formerly WAC
207 42 210	filed 9/28/76.		296-49-012.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–42–310	Process equipment maintenance—General. [Rule 15.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	29648020	Alteration of mobile homes. [Order 76-26, § 296-48-020, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
296-42-320	Process equipment maintenance—Condenser and cooling boxes. [Rule 15.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed	296-48-050	43.22.340. General. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-050, filed 4/27/70;
296-42-330	by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Pumps, pipe lines and valves—Pumps. [Rule 16.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed		Order 68-4, § 296-48-050, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
206 42 240	9/28/76.	29648051	Definitions. [Order 76-26, § 296-48-051, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-20, § 296-48-051, filed
296–42–340	Pumps, pipe lines and valves—Pipe lines and piping. [Rule 16.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-48-055	7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Alteration or conversion. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-
296-42-350	Pumps, pipe lines and valves—Valves. [Rule 16.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	270 40 033	055, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-055, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.]
296-42-360	Equipment leakage and breakage—Leakage control. [Rule 17.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76—	296-48-060	Repealed by Order 75–20, filed 7/16/75. Approved. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–060, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–20, filed
296-42-370	28, filed 9/28/76. Equipment leakage and breakage—Gage glasses. [Rule 17.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76—	296-48-063	7/16/75. Approved listing agency. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–063, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by
296-42-380	28, filed 9/28/76. Equipment identification. [Rule 18.010, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-48-065	Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.  Approved testing agency. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-065, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-4, §
296-42-390	Gas compressors and engines—Gas compressor or gas processing plant protection. [Rule 19.010, filed		296-48-065, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
296-42-400	1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Gas compressors and engines—Gas compressors.	296–48–066	Camping trailer. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–066, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 75–20, filed 7/16/75.
	[Rule 19.020, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296-48-070	Dealer. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-070, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-070, filed 5/31/68, effective
296-42-410	Gas compressors and engines—Stationary internal combustion engines. [Rule 19.030, filed 1/11/63.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-48-075	7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–20, filed 7/16/75. Department. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–075, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–075, filed 5/31/68,

	effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-210	Common vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-210, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-080	Equipment. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–080, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70–2, § 296–48–080, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–080, filed	296-48215	26, filed 8/23/76. Continuous vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-215, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-		26, filed 8/23/76.
29648085	20, filed 7/16/75. Field technical service. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-085, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order	296–48–220	Critical level. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-220, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-090	75-20, filed 7/16/75. Insignia. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-090, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-090, filed 5/31/68, effective	296-48-225	Diameter. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-225, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-095	7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75. Installations. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-095, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-4, § 296-48-	296-48-230	Drain coupler. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-230, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	095, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-235	Drain outlet. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-235, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-100	Labeled. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-100, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed	296-48-240	26, filed 8/23/76.  Drainage system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-240, filed
296-48-105	7/16/75. Length of vehicles. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–105, filed		5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
207 49 110	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–245	Flush tank. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-245, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-110	Listed. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-110, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed	296-48-250	26, filed 8/23/76. Flush valve. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-250, filed
296-48-115	7/16/75.  Mobile home. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-115, filed		5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-115, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–255	Flushometer valve. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-255, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–120	Vehicle—Expandable. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-120, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-260	Horizontal pipe. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-260, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-125	Vehicle—Multiple. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-125, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-265	26, filed 8/23/76. Individual vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-265, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-130	Model. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–130, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–4, § 296–48–130, filed	296-48-270	26, filed 8/23/76. Longitudinal center. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-270,
	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	204 49 275	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-135	Model change. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-135, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-275	Main drain. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-275, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-140	Model—Group. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-140, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–280	Main vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-280, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-145	Prohibited sales notice. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-145, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order	296–48–285	Plumbing fixture. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-285, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-150	75–20, filed 7/16/75. Commercial coach. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–150, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–150, filed 5/31/68,	296-48-290	Toilet-mechanical seal. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-290, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
206 49 151	effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–295	Toilet-recirculating chemical. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-295, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed
296–48–151	Travel trailer. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-151, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-300	by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Toilet-water flush. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-300, filed
296-48-155	Recreational vehicle. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-155, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-155, filed		5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–305	Trap. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-305, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed
296-48-156	Travel trailer. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-156, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-310	8/23/76. Trap arm. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-310, filed 5/31/68,
296-48-158	Truck camper. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-158, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.		effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-160	Vehicle. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-160, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-160, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–315	Trap seal. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–315, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-165	Vehicle—Self contained. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-165, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–320	Vent system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-320, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-200	Air gap. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-200, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-325	Vertical pipe: [Order 68-4, § 296-48-325, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-205	Combination compartment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-205, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-330	Waste-holding tank. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-330, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

296-48-335	Water distribution system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-335, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–505	Battery circuit. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-505, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-505, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed
296-48-340	Water supply connection. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-340, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-510	8/23/76.  Branch circuit panelboard. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–510, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–510, filed
296-48-345	Water storage tank. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-345, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-	296-48-515	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Low-voltage power circuit. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-
296-48-350	26, filed 8/23/76. Wet vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-350, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	270-40-313	515, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-515, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–355	Wet-vented drainage system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-355, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-520	National Electrical Code (N.E.C.). [Order 70-2, § 296-48-520, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-520, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by
296-48-400	Anti-flooding device. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-400, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-525	Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Power supply assembly. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–525, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–525, filed
296-48-405	Appliance branch piping. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–405, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–526	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Concealed. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–526, filed
296-48-410	Appliance compartment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-410, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-528	4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Converter. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–528, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-415	Automatic pilot device. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-415, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order	296–48–530 296–48–535	D.C. current. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–530, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Dual supply source. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–535, filed
296-48-420	76-26, filed 8/23/76. Automatic pump (oil lifter). [Order 68-4, § 296-48-420, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by	296-48-540	4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Laundry area. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–540, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-425	Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.  BTUH. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–425, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed	296-48-545 296-48-550	Transformer. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-545, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Ceiling height. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-550, filed
296-48-430	8/23/76.  Duct. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-430, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed	296-48-551	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-435	8/23/76. Gas appliance connector. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-435, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order	296-48-555	Definitions. [Order 73-17, § 296-48-551, filed 10/12/73.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Construction. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-555, filed
296-48-440	76-26, filed 8/23/76.  Gas piping. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-440, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-	296-48-560	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73- 17, filed 10/12/73. Dead load. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-560, filed
29648445	26, filed 8/23/76. Gas supply connection. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-445,	296-48-562	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.  Dormitory. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–562, filed
296-48-450	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.  Gas supply connector. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–450,	296-48-565	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73- 17, filed 10/12/73. Dwelling unit. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-565, filed
296-48-455	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Heat-producing appliance. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-	296-48-568	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-460	455, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Input rating. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-460, filed		Exit. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–568, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–570	Fire safety. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-570, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-465	Main gas piping manifold. [Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-465, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-572	Superficial floor area. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–572, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
296–48–470	Oil piping system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-470, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-574	Guest room. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–574, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.]
296-48-475	Roof jack. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-475, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-576	Habitable room. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-576, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-480	Vent connector. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-480, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-577	Interior finish. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–577, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-485	Water heater. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-485, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-578	Kitchen. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–578, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
296-48-500	A.W.G. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-500, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-580	Live load. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-580, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-
296-48-501	Accessible (as applied to wiring methods). [Order 70-2, § 296-48-501, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-582	17, filed 10/12/73.  Multiple dwelling unit. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–582, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
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296-48-584   Occupancy   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-584, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-590, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-590, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73   Order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-594, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-60, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, filed   0/12/73, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-60, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, order 70-10, \$ 296-48-60, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, order 70-2, \$ 296-48-70, filed   9/17/70, effective   1/1/13, order 70-2, \$ 296-48-60, filed   9/17/70, effective   1				
296-48-588   Wall—Rarring. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-588, filed 3/17/70, defective 1/1/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-592   Repealed by 28-20-59. 296-48-592   Repealed by 10/12/12, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-595   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-596   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-601   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-602   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-602   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-602   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-603   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-605   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/73. 296-48-605   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-605   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-605   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-604   Repealed by 10/12/74. 296-48-605   Repealed	296–48–584	9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-		(Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:
296-48-599 Wall—Exterior. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-592, filed 19/1770, effective 1/17/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-594 Wall—Parage. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-594, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-598 Wall—Parage. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-594, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-598 Window. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-594, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-600 Filed 70-10, § 296-48-600, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-600 Filed 70-10, § 296-48-600, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/11, Order 70-10, § 296-48-600, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/17/10, effective 1/17	296-48-588	Wall—Bearing. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-588, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-	296-48-636	Complaint investigation. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-636, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order
296-48-592 Wall—Nonbearing. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-592, 116d 9/17/0. effective 1/1/71]. Repealed by Order 73-17. [filed 10/12/73. Page 14/6/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43:22340. [Fight 9/17/0. effective 1/1/71]. Repealed by Order 73-17. [filed 10/12/73. [Filed 10/12/73. Page 14/6/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43:22340. [Filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43:2234	29648590	Wall—Exterior. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–590, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–	29648640	43.22.340. Action after requested inspection. [Order 68-4, §
296-48-594 Wall—Parapet. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-594, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-455, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-455, filed 7/16/75; Order 78-10, § 296-48-596, filed 7/16/75; Order 78-10, § 296-48-596, filed 7/16/75; Order 78-10, § 296-48-596, filed 7/16/75; Order 78-20, § 296-48-600, filed 7/16/75; Order 78-20, § 296-48-605, filed 7/16/75; Order	296-48-592	Wall—Nonbearing [Order 70-10, § 296-48-592, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order	204 49 445	Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
9/17/70, effective 1/1/11, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.  296-48-598 Window. (Order 70-10, 296-48-598, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71). Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.  296-48-600 Effective 1/1/71, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.  296-48-600 Effective 1/1/71, Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73.  296-48-600 Effective 1/1/71, Repealed by S-0-9-03 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-604 Estate enforcement of federal rules and regulations, Include 3/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-605 Equipment and installations, [Order 75-20, § 296-48-605, filed 3/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Population of remaining sections, [Order 75-20, § 296-48-704] Equipment and installations, [Order 75-20, § 296-48-605, filed 3/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Department disapproval of listed or labeled equipment and installations, [Order 75-20, § 296-48-605, filed 3/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Population of restrictive 1/1/68, Repealed by 82-90-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Population of restrictive 1/1/68, Repealed by 82-90-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Population of restrictive 1/1/68, Repealed by 82-90-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority; RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Population of restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction for restrictions for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction for restriction fo		Wall—Parapet. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–594, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.	270-48-043	filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-645, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:
296-48-600 effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-17, filed 10/12/73. 296-48-600 filed 4/23/76. Order 75-20, § 296-48-600, filed 4/21/76. Greenwell. Order 76-2., § 296-48-600, filed 4/21/76. Greenwell. Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. 296-48-602 State enforcement of federal rules and regulations. [Order 76-6. § 296-48-602, filed 4/23/76], Repealed by 82-09-033 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. 296-48-604 Limited application of remaining sections. [Order 76-2. § 296-48-605, filed 3/21/66], Repealed by 82-09-033 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. 296-48-605 Equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, 8 296-48-605, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-605, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-605, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-610, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-620, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-620, filed 4/21/70. Order 68-4, 8 296-48-630, filed 4/21/70. Orde		9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.	296-48-700	Application for plan approval. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-700, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed
296-48-600 Beforcement. [Order 75-26, § 296-48-600, filed /19/170, Order 68-4, § 296-48-600, filed /29/170, Order 68-4, § 296-48-702, filed /16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-602 Beguipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-703, filed /16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-605 Beguipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-703, filed /16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-605 Beguipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-703, filed /27/170, Order 68-4, § 296-48-8-603, filed /27/170, O	296–48–598	effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73-17, filed	296-48-701	Application for structural system approval. [Order
Order 68-4, 8 296-48-600, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-90-93 (Order 32-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. State enforcement of federal rules and regulations. [Order 76-26, \$ 296-48-602, filed \$/23/76.] Repealed by 82-90-93 (Order 32-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Limited application of remaining sections. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-703, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-90-93 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-605, filed 4/71/70.] Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-610. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-705] (Filed 5/21)/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-90-933 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-610]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-615]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-615]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-620]. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Paperval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-	296-48-600	Enforcement. [Order 76-26, § 296-48-600, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-20, § 296-48-600, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-600, filed 9/17/70, effective	296_48_702	296-48-701, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48-602   State enforcement of federal rules and regulations.   296-48-703   Corder 76-26, § 296-48-604, Filed \$/23/76], Repealed by \$2.09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.   Limited application of remaining sections. [Order 76-26, § 296-48-604, Filed \$/23/76], Repealed by \$2-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.   Application for in-plant quality control manual approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-705, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-605, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 82-4, § 296-48-605, filed 4/27/70, Order 68-4, § 296-48-610, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-610, filed 9/16/72, Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.   Approval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-705, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/17/70, Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-620, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-704, filed 9/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-705, filed 9/16		Order 68-4, § 296-48-600, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13),	270-48-102	system approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-702, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13),
26. § 296-48-605 Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-605 [filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-605, filed 7/17/0, effective 1/17/18]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Department dissapproval of listed or labeled equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-605, filed 5/17/0, effective 1/1/8]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Department dissapproval of listed or labeled equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-615, filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-615 [iled 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-620 Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-620, filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-621 Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-625, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-620, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-620, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-620 Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-620, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-68-620, filed 7/16/75;	296–48–602	[Order 76-26, § 296-48-602, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed	296–48–703	296-48-703, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:
296-48-605	296-48-604	26, § 296-48-604, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory	296–48–704	approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-704, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13),
Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-610 Department disapproval of listed or labeled equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-610, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-610, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-615 Approval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-615, filed 9/11/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/11/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/11/70, effective 1/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-620  296-48-620 Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-620, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-625 Ped-48-625 Meaguired inspection. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630 Required inspection. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630 Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630 Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-635 Notice of violations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-625 Required inspection [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68], effective 7/1/68], effective 7/1/68, effective 7/1/68, effective 7/1/68, effective 7/1/6	296-48-605	48-605, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-605, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-605, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-605, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-		296-48-705, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-705, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-705, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-615  Approval of alternates and equivalents. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-710, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-620  Manufactured in more than one location. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-615, filed 9/17/70, order 68-4, \$ 296-48-615, filed 9/17/70, Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-615, filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-620  Manufacture's approval. [Order 76-20, \$ 296-48-620, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-625  Required inspection. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-625, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630  Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-630, filed 9/17/70, Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-630, filed 9/17/70, Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630  296-48-630  Disconforming application and plans. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630  Disconforming application and plans. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-730, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68]. Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630  Disconforming application and plans. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Policial formalizative in more than one location. Filed 8/16/82 Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Policial 7/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Policial 7/16/75; Order 70-2, \$ 296-48-630, filed 9/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Policial 7/16/75; Ord	296–48–610	Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Department disapproval of listed or labeled equipment and installations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-610, filed	296–48–706	296-48-706, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-706, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory
\$\frac{\circ}{296-48-615}, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-10, \circ}{296-48-615}, \text{ filed } 9/17/70; \text{ Order } 70-22, \circ}{296-48-615}, \text{ filed } 9/17/70; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ}{296-48-615}, \text{ filed } 4/27/70; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ}{296-48-615}, \text{ filed } 4/27/70; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ}{296-48-620} \text{ Manufacturer's approval. } \text{ [Order } 75-20, \circ 296-48-620, \text{ filed } 4/16/82. \text{ Statutory Authority: } \text{ RCW } 43.22.340. \text{ Manufacturer's approval. } \text{ [Order } 75-20, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 6/31/68, \text{ effective } 7/1/68.] \text{ Repealed by } 82-09-053 \text{ (Order } 82-13), \text{ filed } 4/16/82. \text{ Statutory Authority: } \text{ RCW } 43.22.340. \text{ Monconforming application and plans. } \text{ [Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-720, \text{ filed } 4/27/70; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 68-4, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-625, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-725, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-725, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-725, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-725, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-725, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-720, \text{ filed } 7/16/75; \text{ Order } 70-2, \circ 296-48-72		effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-710	Model manufactured in more than one location. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–710, filed 7/16/75; Order 68–4, § 296–48–710, filed 5/31/68, effective
296-48-620 Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-620, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630 Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 10/	296–48–615	§ 296-48-615, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-615, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-615, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-615, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory	296–48–715	filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Out-of-state applicant. [Order 75-20, \$ 296-48-715, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-715, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:
296-48-625 Required inspection. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-625, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-2, § 296-48-625, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-625, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-630 Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-2, § 296-48-630, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-635 Notice of violations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-635 Notice of violations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-735, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-725, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/75; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 5/31/68; effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-730 Plan approval expiration. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-730 Plan approval expiration. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order 68-4, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order	296–48–620	Manufacturer's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-620, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-620, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:	296–48–720	Nonconforming application and plans. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-720, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-720, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory
296-48-630 Inspection approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-630, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-630, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-630, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-630, filed 630, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 630, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-630, filed 630, filed 64/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-730, filed 5/31/68; effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-635 Notice of violations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/76; Order 7/1/68.] Repealed by 7/16/70, effective 7/1/68.]	296-48-625	Required inspection. [Order 75–20, \$ 296–48–625, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–2, \$ 296–48–625, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, \$ 296–48–625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order	296–48–725	Evidence of department's approval. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-725, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-725, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory
RCW 43.22.340.  296-48-635  Notice of violations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-635, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-635, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by	296–48–630	Inspection approval. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–630, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–10, § 296–48–630, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70–2, § 296–48–630, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82–09–053		730, filed 7/16/75; Order 71-11, § 296-48-730, filed 10/8/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-730, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-730, filed 5/31/68; effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
	296-48-635	RCW 43.22.340. Notice of violations. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–635,	296–48–735	735, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–10, § 296–48–735, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–4, § 296–48–
	(1989 Ed.)			

296–48–740	82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Changes to approved plans. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-740, filed 7/16/75; Order 70-10, § 296-48-740, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-740, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-740, filed	296-48-795 296-48-800	Lost or damaged insignia. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-795, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-795, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Fees. [Order 77-5, § 296-48-800, filed 4/6/77;
204 49 745	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.		Order 76–26, § 296–48–800, filed 8/23/76; Order 75–20, § 296–48–800, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–10, § 296–48–800, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order
296–48–745	Change of ownership. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-745, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.		70-2, § 296-48-800, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-800, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed
296–48–750	Change of name or address. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-750, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-825	4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Public hearing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-825, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48-755	Discontinuance of manufacture. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-755, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-830	Aggrievance hearing request. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-830, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296–48–760	Vehicle identification. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–760, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–2, § 296–48–760, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–760, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order	296-48-890	Appendix—ANSI A119.1—Copies. [Order 76–26, Appendix (codified as WAC 296–48–890), filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order 82–13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
	82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-905	Minimum standards. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-905,
296–48–761	Labels for exterior locations. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-761, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:		filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-905, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–765	RCW 43.22.340. Insignia required. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–765, filed	296-48-910	Rodent proofing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-910, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-765, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW	296-48-915	Prohibited fittings and practices. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-915, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–770	43.22.340. Insignia not required. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-770, filed 7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-770, filed	296-48-920	Alignment of fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-920, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
204 40 775	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-930	Standards for equipment and installations. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–930, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296–48–930, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed
296-48-775	Application for insignia pursuant to plan approval. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–775, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–2, § 296–48–775, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–775, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order 82–13), filed	296-48-940	by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Strains and stresses. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-940, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–776	4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.  Application for insignia pursuant to requested	296–48–950	Tightness. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–950, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed
	inspection. [Order 75-20, § 296-48-776, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-955	8/23/76. Threaded joints. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-955, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–780	Alteration or conversion. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–780, filed 7/16/75; Order 70–10, § 296–48–780, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–4 § 296–48–	296-48-960	Solder joints. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-960, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	780, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-965	Plastic pipe and fittings. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–965, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-781	Not applicable. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–781, filed 7/16/75; Order 68–4, § 296–48–781, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order	296-48-1005	Pipe. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1005, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-1011	Fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1010, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1011.]
296–48–782	Application requirements. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–782, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82–09–053 (Order 82–13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-1021	Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Location. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1021, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1020, filed 5/31/68,
296–48–785	Denial of insignia. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-785, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority:	296-48-1025	effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1021.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Cap or plug. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1025, filed
296-48-790	RCW 43.22.340. Insignia removal. [Order 75–20, § 296–48–790, filed	006 40 107	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
	7/16/75; Order 68-4, § 296-48-790, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48-1031	Clearance from drain outlet. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1030, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1031.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

296-48-1035	Drain couplers and caps. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1035, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1175	Location of cleanout fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1175, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1041	Drain outlet size. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1041, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1040, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1041.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1181	Access to cleanouts. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1180, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1181.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1051	Fixture load. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1050, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1051.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1185	Material. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1185, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1055	Wet-vented drainage system. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1055, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1055, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order	296-48-1191	Design. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1190, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1191.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1061	76–26, filed 8/23/76. Side-vent drainage system. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1061, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1060,	296-48-1201	General. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1200, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1201.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1061.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–1205	Pipe. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1205, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1071	Changes in direction. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1070, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1071.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed	296–48–1211	Fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1210, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1211.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1075	8/23/76. Grade of horizontal drainage piping. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1075, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.]	296-48-1215	Main vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1215, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1081	Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Waste holding tank. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1081, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1080, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-	296-48-1221	Combination compartment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1221, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1221.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
296–48–1082	48-1081.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75. Detachable waste holding system. [Order 71-11, § 296-48-1082, filed 10/8/71.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-1225	Individual vents. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1225, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1225, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1101	Traps required. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1100, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1101.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1231	Common vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1230, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1231.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1105	Dual fixtures. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1105, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1105, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1235 296-48-1241	Intersecting vents. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1235, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1111	Prohibited traps. [Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-1110, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1111.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1245	Horizontal vents. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1240, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1241.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Grade. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1245, filed 5/31/68,
296-48-1115	Material and design. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1115, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1251	effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Roof extension. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1250, filed
296-48-1121	Trap seal. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1120, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1121.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1255	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1251.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Flashing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1255, filed
296-48-1125	Size. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1125, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1305	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Piping material. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1305, filed
296-48-1131	Location. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1130, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1131.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1311	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1310, filed 5/31/68,
296-48-1135	Distance from trap to vent. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1135, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1315	effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1311.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Prohibited materials. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1315,
296–48–1141	Length of tailpiece. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1140, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1141.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed	296-48-1325	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Screw pipe. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1325, filed
296-48-1151	8/23/76. Grade of trap arm. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1150, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1151.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed	296-48-1331	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Solder fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1330, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-
296-48-1155	8/23/76. Trap arm offset. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1155, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1335	48-1331.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Flared fittings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1335, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1161	Concealed traps. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1160, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1161.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1341	Water supply piping. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1340, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1341.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed
296-48-1165	Protection. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1165, filed 5/31/68 effective 7/1/68] Repealed by Order 76-	296_48_1245	8/23/76. Minimum sizes [Order 70_2 & 296_48_1345 filed

5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-

26, filed 8/23/76.

296-48-1345

Minimum sizes. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1345, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1345, filed 5/31/68,

206 49 1251	effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Sizing procedure. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1350, filed	296-48-1501	Dishwashing machines. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1500, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC
296-48-1351	5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-	207 49 1505	296-48-1501.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1355	48-1351.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Valves. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1355, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1505	Clotheswashing machines. [Order 71–11, § 296–48–1505, filed 10/8/71; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1505, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1361	Location. [Order 70-2, \$ 296-48-1361, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-1360, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1361.]	296-48-1511	Access. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1510, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1511.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1365	Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Prohibited connections. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1365, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1515	Alignment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1515, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1371	Supply outlets. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1370, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1371.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1521	Brackets. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1520, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1521.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1375	Appliance connections. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1375, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1551	Water piping system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1550, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1551.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1381	Flushometer valves or manually-operated flush valves. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1380, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1381.] Repealed	296-48-1555	Drainage and vent system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1555, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1385	by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.  Flush tanks. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1385, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1561	Fixtures. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1560, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1561.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1391	Backflow preventer. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1390, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1391.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296-48-1601	Standards for appliances and equipment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1600, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1601.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1395	Mechanical seal toilet valves. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1395, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.	296–48–1605	Capacity of containers. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1605, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1605, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296-48-1405	Relief valves. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1405, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1405, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1611	26, filed 8/23/76.  Construction of containers. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1610, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1611.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1411	Water tanks. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1410, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1411.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1615	Marking of containers. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1615, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1451	Quality of fixtures. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1450, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1451.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1621	Location and enclosure of containers and systems. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1620, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1621.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1455	Strainers. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1455, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1625	Valves, connectors and accessories. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1625, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1461	Fixture connections. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1461, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1460, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1461.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1631	Safety devices. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1630, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1631.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296–48–1465	Drain connections. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1465, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1635	Container mounting. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1635, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1471	Concealed connections. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1470, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1471.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1641	System design and service line pressure. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1640, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1641.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1475	Directional fitting. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1475, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1681	General. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1681, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1680, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296–48–1681.] Repealed
296-48-1481	Toilet. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1480, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1481.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1685	by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.  Materials. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1685, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-
296–48–1485	Toilet connection. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–1485, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–1485, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1691	26, filed 8/23/76. Piping design. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1690, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1691.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1491	Shower stalls. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1490, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1491.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-1695	Expandable or multiple vehicles. [Order 68–4, § 296–48–1695, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-1495	Shower and tub enclosures. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1495, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	296–48–1701	Gas pipe sizing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1700, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1701.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

296-48-1705 Joints for gas piping. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1705, Couplings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1830, filed 296-48-1831 filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-76-26, filed 8/23/76. 48-1831.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1711 Joints for tubing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1710, filed 296-48-1835 Oil tanks—Installation. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1835, 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 48-1711.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1715 Pipe joint compound. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1715, 296-48-1841 Auxiliary oil storage tanks. [Order 68-4, § 296-48filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 1840, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as 76-26, filed 8/23/76. WAC 296-48-1841.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 296-48-1721 Concealed tubing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1720, filed 8/23/76. 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-296-48-1845 Tank compartment. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1845, 48-1721.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order Concealed joints. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1725, filed 296-48-1725 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-296-48-1851 Shutoff valve. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1850, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1731 Location of gas supply connection. [Order 70-2, § 48-1851.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1731, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-296-48-1855 Fuel oil filter. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1855, filed 1730, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-WAC 296-48-1731.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 26, filed 8/23/76. 8/23/76. 296-48-1901 General. [Order 71-11, § 296-48-1901, filed 296-48-1735 Identification of gas supply connections. [Order 68-4, 10/8/71; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1900, filed 5/31/68, § 296-48-1735, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1901.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Gas supply connectors. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1740, Gas clothes dryers. [Order 71-11, § 296-48-1902, 296-48-1741 296-48-1902 filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC filed 10/8/71.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 296-48-1741.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1905 Vented wall furnace installation. [Order 68-4, § 296-Appliance connections. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1745, 296-48-1745 48-1905, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Type of fuel. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1910, filed 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1911 Exterior appliance connection. [Order 68-4, § 296-5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-296-48-1746 48-1746, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed 48-1911.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Vents and venting. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1920, filed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1921 Valves. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1750, filed 5/31/68, 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-296-48-1751 effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1751.] 48-1921.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1925 Cooking area ventilation. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1925, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by 296-48-1755 Gas supply connection cap. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1755, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1931 Safety devices-Appliances-Types. [Order 70-2, § Electrical ground. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1760, filed 296-48-1931, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-296-48-1761 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-1930, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as 48-1761.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. WAC 296-48-1931.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed Couplings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1765, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-296-48-1765 8/23/76. 296-48-1935 Installation—Appliances—General. [Order 68-4, § 26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1935, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1771 Hangers and supports. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1770, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1771.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed Location. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1940, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-296-48-1941 48-1941.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 8/23/76. Accessibility. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-1945, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-1945, filed 5/31/68, 296-48-1775 Testing. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1775, filed 5/31/68, 296-48-1945 effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1781 Leaks. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1780, filed 5/31/68, 8/23/76. effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1781.] 296-48-1951 Operating instructions. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1950, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1801 General. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1800, filed 5/31/68, 296-48-1951.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1801.] 8/23/76. Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 296-48-1955 Clearances—General. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1955, Expandable or multiple vehicles. [Order 68-4, § 296filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 296-48-1805 48-1805, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed 76-26, filed 8/23/76. by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Clearances—Ranges. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1960, 296-48-1961 Materials. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1810, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1811 296-48-1961.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 48-1811.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 8/23/76. 296-48-1815 Size of oil piping. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1815, filed 296-48-1985 Material. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1985, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. 26, filed 8/23/76. Joints for oil piping. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1820, Construction and installation. [Order 68-4, § 296-296-48-1821 296-48-1991 filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 48-1990, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-1991.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 296-48-1821.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed

Expandable or multiple vehicles. [Order 68-4, § 296-

48-1995, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed

by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

8/23/76.

296-48-1995

296-48-1825

8/23/76.

76-26, filed 8/23/76.

Pipe joint compound. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-1825,

filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order

- 296-48-2001 Sizing of ducts. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2000, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2001.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2011 Airtightness of supply duct system. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2010, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2011.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2015 Test equipment. [Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-2015, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2021 Required air. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2020, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2021.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2025 Fresh air openings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2025, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2031 Location of openings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2030, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2031.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2041 Return air openings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2040, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2041.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2045 Return air ducts. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2045, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-2051 Permanent openings. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-2050, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-2051.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3001 General. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3001, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3000, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3001.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3011 Battery circuits. [Order 70-2, \$ 296-48-3011, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-3011, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3011.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3015 Wiring materials for low-voltage circuits for recreational vehicles. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3015, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3015, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3019 Wiring methods. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3019, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3020, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3019.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3021 Generator installations. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3021, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3021, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3025 Overcurrent protection. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3025, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3025, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3031 Combination electrical systems. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3031, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3030, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3031.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3041 Separation. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-3040, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3041.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3045 Protection and insulation. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-3045, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3051 Overcurrent protection and mounting. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-3050, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3051.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.
- 296-48-3055 Identification. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3055, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3055, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75.

- 296-48-3065 Application. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3065, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3065, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76
- 296-48-3066 Materials and equipment. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3066, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3071 Receptacle outlets required. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3071, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3070, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3071.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3072 Ground-fault circuit protection. [Order 75-4, § 296-48-3072, filed 3/5/75.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3075 Branch circuits required. [Order 71-11, § 296-48-3075, filed 10/8/71; Order 70-2, § 296-48-3075, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3075, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3081 Calculations for lighting and appliance load. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3081, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3080, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3081.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3085 Branch circuit panelboard. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3085, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-3085, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3091 Identification. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-3090, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-3091.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3095 Circuit breakers and fuses. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-3095, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-3098 Conductors in outlet boxes. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-3098, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4001 General. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-4000, filed 5/3/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4001.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4005 Power supply assembly. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4005, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4005, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4011 Attachment-plug cap. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4011, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4010, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4011.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4015 Overhead and undervehicle feeder assemblies. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4015, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4015, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4021 Identification of power supply connection. [Order 70-2, \$ 296-48-4021, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-4020, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4021.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4025 Location power supply assembly. [Order 70-2, \$ 296-48-4025, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, \$ 296-48-4025, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4031 Location—Permanent wiring method. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-4030, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4031.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4051 Protection and installation. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4051, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4050, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4051.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-4055 Expandable or multiple vehicles. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4055, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4055, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

296-48-4061	Under chassis wiring (exposed to weather). [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4061, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4060, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.
	Codified as WAC 296-48-4061.] Repealed by Order
296-48-4062	76–26, filed 8/23/76. Conductors and outlet boxes. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–4062, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed
296-48-4063	8/23/76.  Painting of wiring. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4063, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-4064	Connection of terminals and splices. [Order 70–2, § 296–48–4064, filed 4/27/70; Order 68–4, § 296–48–
	4065, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Formerly WAC 296-48-4065 relating to splices in grounding. Conductor now codified as WAC 296-48-4064
296-48-4065	(part).] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Wall switches. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4065, filed 4/27/70. Formerly WAC 296-48-4065 relating to
	splices in grounding conductor see WAC 296-48-4064.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-4066	Receptacles. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4066, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-4075	Lighting fixtures. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-4075, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-4081	Shower fixtures. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-4081, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-4080, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4081.]
	Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-4085	Equipment mounting. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-4085, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order
296-48-4091	76-26, filed 8/23/76. Outdoor fixtures and equipment. [Order 68-4, § 296-
	48-4090, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-4091.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-5001	Panelboard grounding. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-5001,
	filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-5000, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-
	48-5001.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-5005	Grounded conductor (neutral). [Order 68-4, § 296-48-5005, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed
296-48-5011	by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Appliance grounding. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-5010,
	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-5011.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed
296-48-5015	8/23/76. Interior grounding. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-5015,
270-40-3013	filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-5021	Grounding of noncurrent-carrying metal parts. [Order 68-4, § 296-48-5020, filed 5/31/68, effective
	7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-5021.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-5025	120-volt or 120/240-volt. [Order 70-2, § 296-48-
	5025, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-5025, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-5031	Battery and low voltage circuits. [Order 70-2, § 296-
	48-5031, filed 4/27/70; Order 68-4, § 296-48-5030, filed 5/31/68, effective 7/1/68. Codified as WAC 296-48-5031.] Repealed by Order 75-20, filed 7/16/75
296-48-6001	7/16/75. Examination of equipment for safety. [Order 70-2, §
	296-48-6001, filed 4/27/70.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-6101	Minimum requirements. [Order 70–10, § 296–48–6101, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-6111	Structural analysis. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-6111, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order
206 40 6115	76–26, filed 8/23/76.
296-48-6115	Standards for equipment installations. [Order 70-10, § 296-48-6115, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.

tries, Department	of	Title 296 WAC
296-48-6121	Structural requirements. [Ord 6121, filed 9/17/70, effective	
296-48-6125	Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76. Design loads. [Order 70–10, 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Re 26, filed 8/23/76.	§ 296–48–6125, filed epealed by Order 76–
296–48–6131	Wind loads. [Order 70–10, 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Re 26, filed 8/23/76.	
296-48-6135	Roof loads. [Order 70–10, § 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Ro 26, filed 8/23/76.	
296-48-6141	Walls. [Order 70–10, § 296–48 effective 1/1/71.] Repealed b 8/23/76.	
296–48–6145	Firestopping. [Order 70–10, § 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Ro 26, filed 8/23/76.	epealed by Order 76-
296–48–6151	Interior partition. [Order 70–10 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Re 26, filed 8/23/76.	epealed by Order 76-
296-48-6155	Floors. [Order 70–10, § 296–48 effective 1/1/71.] Repealed b 8/23/76.	y Order 76–26, filed
296–48–6161	Design load deflections. [Ordel161, filed 9/17/70, effective Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	1/1/71.] Repealed by
296-48-6165	Ultimate load tests. [Order 70 filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	.] Repealed by Order
296-48-6171	Chassis assembly. [Order 70-filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	.] Repealed by Order
296-48-6175	Basic structural integrity. [Ord 6175, filed 9/17/70, effective Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	1/1/71.] Repealed by
296-48-6181	Roof rafter or truss test proced 296-48-6181, filed 9/17/70 Repealed by Order 76-26, filed	, effective 1/1/71.] 8/23/76.
296–48–6185 296–48–6191	Weather resistance. [Order 70 filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71 76-26, filed 8/23/76. Interior walls, partitions and cei	.] Repealed by Order
270-48-0171	296–48–6191, filed 10/12/73; 48–6191, filed 9/17/70, effecti by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.	Order 70-10, § 296- ive 1/1/71.] Repealed
296–48–6195	Rodent resistance. [Order 70 filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71 76-26, filed 8/23/76.	-10, § 296-48-6195,
296–48–6201	Heat loss. [Order 73–17, § 10/12/73; Order 70–10, § 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Rd 26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-6201, filed
296-48-6205	Room and hallway sizes. [Order 76] 6205, filed 10/12/73; Order 76 filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71	0-10, § 296-48-6205,
296-48-6211	76–26, filed 8/23/76. Ceiling height. [Order 73–17, 10/12/73; Order 70–10, § 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Ro 26, filed 8/23/76.	296-48-6211, filed
296-48-6215	26, field 5/25/76. Light and ventilation. [Order 7 filed 10/12/73; Order 71-11, 10/8/71; Order 70-10, § 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Ro	§ 296–48–6215, filed 296–48–6215, filed
296–48–6221	26, filed 8/23/76. Exit facilities. [Order 73-17, 10/12/73; Order 71-11, §	§ 296-48-6221, filed 296-48-6221, filed 296-48-6221, filed
296-48-6222	26, filed 8/23/76. Interior privacy. [Order 73–17, 10/12/73.] Repealed by Order	§ 296–48–6222, filed
296-48-6223	Interior passage. [Order 73–17, 10/12/73.] Repealed by Order	§ 296–48–6223, filed

- 296-48-6225 Windows. [Order 73-17, § 296-48-6225, filed 10/12/73; Order 70-10, § 296-48-6225, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- 296-48-6226 Mobile home fire warning equipment. [Order 73-17, § 296-48-6226, filed 10/12/73.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- Appendix A Flexural rigidity chart. Figures 1, 2, 3, and 4. [Order 70–10, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 76–26, filed 8/23/76.
- Table 1 Accepted engineering practice standards. [Order 70–10, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 76-26, filed 8/23/76.
- Appendix B Heat loss. [Order 70–10, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.
- Appendix C Table 1 maximum allowable areas of glass table 2 adjustment factors relative resistance to wind loads table 3 glass dimensional tolerances table 4 glazing relative to specific hazardous locations. [Order 70–10, filed 9/17/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by Order 73–17, filed 10/12/73.

# Chapter 296-48A STANDARDS FOR RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

- 296-48A-001 Standards for recreational vehicles. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-001, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-200 Individual vents. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-200, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-400 Sizing and capacity of gas piping. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-400, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-405 Description of tables. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-405, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-410 Use of capacity tables. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-410, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-600 Low-voltage wiring materials. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-600, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-605 Power-supply assembly. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-605, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-610 Ground-fault circuit protection. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-610, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-615 Labeling at the electrical entrance. [Order 75-21, § 296-48A-615, filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-700 Administrative—Authority for recreational vehicle code. [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-700, filed 8/23/76.]
  Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-750 Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-750, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-755 Agreements with out-of-state jurisdictions. [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-755, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-770 Definitions. [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-770, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

- 296-48A-780 Enforcement. [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-780, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-800 Approvals, inspections, quality control, identification.
  [Order 76-26, § 296-48A-800, filed 8/23/76.]
  Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48A-990 Appendix. [Order 75-21, Appendix (codified as WAC 296-48A-990), filed 7/16/75.] Repealed by 82-09-053 (Order 82-13), filed 4/16/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

## Chapter 296-48B

## STANDARDS FOR COMMERCIAL COACHES

- 296-48B-001 Administrative authority for commercial coach code. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-001, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-002 Administrative authority for commercial coach code—Enforcement. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-002, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-005 General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-005, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-006 Approvals, inspections, quality control, identification. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-006, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-009 Definitions incorporated by reference. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-009, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-010 Definitions. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-010, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-010, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-015 Minimum requirements. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-015, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-020 Structural analysis. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-020, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-025 Standards for equipment and installations. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-025, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-025, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-030 Structural design—Requirements. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-030, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-032 New materials and methods. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-032, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-035 Design dead loads. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-035, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296–48B–040 Design live loads. [Order 76–26, § 296–48B–040, filed 8/23/76; Order 75–40, § 296–48B–040, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-050 Standard wind. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-050, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

  296-48B-055 Roof loads. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-055, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

  296-48B-060 Snow loads. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-060, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

- 296-48B-065 Posting design loads. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-065, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-068 Design load deflection. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-068, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-070 Fastening of structural systems. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-070, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-075 Instructions. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-075, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-080 Walls. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-080, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-085 Drilling or notching of wood wall structural members. [Order 75-40, \$ 296-48B-085, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296–48B–090 Firestopping. [Order 76–26, § 296–48B–090, filed 8/23/76; Order 75–40, § 296–48B–090, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-095 Interior walls and partitions. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-095, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-100 Floors. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-100, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-100, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-105 Drilling or notching of wood joist structural members. [Order 75-40, \$ 296-48B-105, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-115 Roof trusses. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-115, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-120 Structural load test. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-120, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-125 Roof coverings. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-125, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-125, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-140 Flame-spread limitations and combustibility. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-140, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-140, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-142 Kitchen cabinet protection. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-142, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43,22,340.
- 296-48B-143 Carpeting. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-143, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-145 Undervehicle closure material. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-145, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-150 Heat loss. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-150, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-160 Bathroom. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-160, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-165 Glass and glazed openings. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-165, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

- 296-48B-175 Fire warning equipment—Automatic smoke detectors. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-175, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-177 Room and hallway sizes. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-177, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-178 Ceiling height. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-178, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-179 Light and ventilation. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-179, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-180 Exit facilities. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-180, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-180, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-185 Weather resistance. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-185, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-190 Windstorm protection. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-190, filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, § 296-48B-190, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-19001 Table—Ties required per side of single wide (1) commercial coach. [Order 76-26, Table (codified as WAC 296-48B-19001), filed 8/23/76; Order 75-40, Table, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-19002 Table I—Appendix CC—Accepted engineering practice standards. [Order 75-40, Table I—Appendix CC (codified as WAC 296-48B-19002), filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-19003 Table II—Appendix CC—Glazing in hazardous locations. [Order 75-40, Table II—Appendix CC (codified as WAC 296-48B-19003), filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-19004 Table III—Appendix CC—Minimum uniformly distributed live loads. [Order 75-40, Table III—Appendix CC (codified as WAC 296-48B-19004), filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-19005 Table IV—Appendix CC—Concentrated live loads. [Order 75-40, Table IV—Appendix CC (codified as WAC 296-48B-19005), filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-193 Interior privacy. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-193, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-196 Interior passage. [Order 76-26, § 296-48B-196, filed 8/23/76.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-200 Electrical—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-200, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
- 296-48B-210 Definitions. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-210, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-215 Low-voltage systems—Low-voltage circuits. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-215, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-220 Wiring materials—Combination electrical systems. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-220, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

- 296-48B-225 Generator installations—Mounting. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-225, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-230 Calculations—Branch circuit and feeder calculations. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-230, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-235 Disconnecting means and branch-circuit protective equipment—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-235, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-245 Power supply—Feeder assembly equipment. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-245, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-250 Identification of feeder assembly connection. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-250, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-255 Wiring methods—Wiring of expandable or multiple units. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-255, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-260 Under-chassis wiring. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-260, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-265 Rodent resistance. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-265, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-270 Electrical equipment—Lighting fixtures. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-270, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-275 Equipment mounting. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-275, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-280 Outdoor outlets, fixtures, air cooling equipment, etc. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-280, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-285 Grounding—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-285, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-290 Switch and receptacle plates. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-290, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-295 Testing—Dielectric strength test. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-295, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-400 Mechanical—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-400, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-405 Mechanical—Definitions. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-405, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-410 LPG equipment and installations—Construction of containers. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-410, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-415 Location of LP-Gas containers and systems. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-415, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-420 LP-Gas container valves and accessories. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-420, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-

- 04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-425 LP-Gas safety devices. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-425, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-430 LP-Gas system enclosure and mounting. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-430, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-435 LP-Gas system design and service line pressure. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-435, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-440 Electrical equipment. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-440, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-445 Gas piping systems—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-445, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-450 Piping design. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-450, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-455 Materials. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-455, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-460 Expandable or multiple commercial coaches. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-460, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-465 System sizing—Gas pipe sizing. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-465, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-467 Sizing and capacity of gas piping. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-467, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-468 Description of tables. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-468, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-469 Use of capacity tables. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-469, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-46901 Table H-2—Part I and Part II. [Order 75-40, Table H-2—Part I and Part II (codified as WAC 296-48B-46901), filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-470 Joints and installation—Joints for gas pipe. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-470, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-475 Tubing joints. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-475, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-480 Concealed tubing. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-480, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-485 Pipe-joint compound. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-485, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-490 Concealed joints. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-490, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
- 296-48B-500 Hangers and supports. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-500, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

296-48B-505	Electrical ground. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-505, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48 <b>B</b> -600	Appliances—Heat-producing. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-600, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-510	Identification of gas supply connections. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–510, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-610	Appliances—Installation. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–610, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-515	Gas piping system openings. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-515, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-615	Appliances—Venting, ventilation and combustion air. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-615, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-520	Appliance connections. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-520, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-620	Appliances—Clearance-general. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-620, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-525	Valves. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-525, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48 <b>B</b> -675	Safety devices—Water heater relief valves. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-675, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory
296-48B-530	Testing for leakage—Before appliances are connected. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-530, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-680	Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Air ducts—Duct material for circulating air supply system. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-680, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4),
296-48B-535	After appliances are connected. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–535, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-685	filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Air ducts—Sizing of ducts. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-685, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority:
296-48B-540	Rodent resistance. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-540, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-690	RCW 43.22.340.  Air ducts—Airtightness of supply duct systems.  [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-690, filed 12/4/75.]  Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82.
296-48B-550	Oil piping systems—General. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–550, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-695	Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Air ducts—Expandable or multiple commercial coach connections. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-695, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4),
296-48B-555	Oil piping systems—Expandable or multiple commercial coaches. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-555, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-720	filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340. Air ducts—Return air systems. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–720, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-560	Oil piping systems—Materials. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–560, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-725	Air ducts—Joints and seams. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-725, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
29648B565	Oil piping systems—Size of oil piping. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-565, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-730	Air ducts—Supports. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-730, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-570	Oil piping systems—Joints for oil piping. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–570, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-735	Air ducts—Registers or grills. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-735, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-575	Oil piping systems—Tubing joints. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-575, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-740	Air ducts—Duct and plenum insulation. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–740, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-580	Oil piping systems—Pipe-joint compound. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-580, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-800	Plumbing—Definitions. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-800, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
29648B585	Oil piping systems—Couplings. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-585, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-805	Plumbing—General. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-805, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-590	Oil piping systems—Grade of piping. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-590, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48 <b>B</b> -810	Plumbing—Location of water-supply connections. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-810, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-595	Oil piping systems—Strap hangers. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-595, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	29648B815	Plumbing—Tub and shower enclosures. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–815, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.
296-48B-598	Oil piping systems—Testing for leakage. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–598, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-48B-820	Drainage—Location of drain outlets. [Order 75-40, § 296-48B-820, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82-04-060 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

RCW 43.22.340.

Authority: RCW 43.22.340.

296-488-330   Drainage—Clearance from drain outlet. [Order 75-90-460 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Order 76-28. [Indel 3/2/82. Statutory Authority, RCW 43-22-340. [Indel 2/2/82. Statutory Authority, RCW 43-22-340. [Indel 2/2/87.6. [Indel 8/8/60 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28. [Indel 3/2/87.6. [Indel 8/8/60 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28. [Indel 9/2/87.6. [Indel 8/8/60 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28. [Indel 9/2/87.6. [Indel 8/8/60 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28. [Indel 9/2/87.6. [Indel 9/2/8/7.6. [Indel 9	296-48B-825	Drainage—Cap or plug. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–825, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 43.22.340.	296-51-180	Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—One day's production. [Rule 2.090, effective 11/1/62; § 3f, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed
296-51-210   Draimage systems materials. [Order 75-28, Repealed by 8-04-000 (Order 82-4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory Authoritys: RCW 932-340.   296-51-210   Chapter 296-51   AMMONIUM NITARTE PRECAUTIONS	296-48B-830	Drainage—Clearance from drain outlet. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B–830, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory	296-51-200	9/28/76. General provisions—Unusual compositions. [Rule 3.010, effective 11/1/62; § 3e, filed 8/8/60 and
Clayber 296-51   AMMONIUM NITRATE PRECAUTIONS	296-48 <b>B</b> -835	Drainage—Drainage systems materials. [Order 75–40, § 296–48B-835, filed 12/4/75.] Repealed by 82–04–060 (Order 82–4), filed 2/2/82. Statutory		General provisions—Mixing for above ground use at jobsite. [Rule 3.020, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bosting of caustin placearies, Rule 1.010, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/38/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage plant for Sensitizing ammonium nitrate—Storage of Porcessing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate—Oper filed 5/162.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Oper lights or flame, Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame, Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame, Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame filed 5/16/2.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flames filed 5/16/2.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flames filed 5/16/2.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open drained storage requirements—Marking of bags and storage requirements—Heat, filed 5/16/2.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Oper drained storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage r	A	Chapter 296-51	296–51–220	accumulation prohibited. [Rule 3.030, effective 11/1/62; § 3k, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62; § 6e(3a),
of caution placards. [Rule 1.010, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 3/38/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—General provision—Moltanding of ammonium nitrate—Storage of noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.040, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.040, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.040, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame and storage requirements—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Open lights or flame and storage requirements—Marking with sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of the processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammoni	296-51-010	Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Posting		9/28/76.
precautions. [Rule 1.020, effective 11/1/62] precautions. [Rule 1.020, effective 11/1/62] precautions. [Rule 1.020, effective 11/1/62] precautions. [Rule 1.030, effective 11/1/62] procautions. [Rule 1.030, effective 11/1/62] procaution. [Rule 1.030, effective		of caution placards. [Rule 1.010, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296–51–230	effective 11/1/62; Rule 31, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.]
of bags, [Rule 1,030, effective 11/1/62], Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-040  296-51-050  296-51-050  296-51-060  296-51-070  296-51-070  296-51-100  296-51-		precautions. [Rule 1.020, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296–51–240	General provisions—Proper stacking. [Rule 3.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3m, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.]
Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage in noncombustible type buildings. [Rule 1.040, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate—peration and storage requirements—Marking of 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate—peration and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.00, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Conduction of storage ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.00, effective 11/1/62.] Sa, filed 3/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62.] Sa, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62.] Sa, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62.] Sa, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62.] Sa, filed	296–51–030	of bags. [Rule 1.030, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by	296-51-250	General provisions—Mobile equipment. [Rule 3.060, effective 11/1/62; § 4a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.]
## effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-050  296-51-060  296-51-070  296-51-070  296-51-107  296-51-108  296-51-109  29	296-51-040	Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Storage	296_51_260	
lights or flame. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-00  296-51-100  296		effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.		effective 11/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Bag handling. [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Losening of caked ammonium nitrate—Losening of caked ammonium nitrate—Losening of caked ammonium nitrate. [Rule 1.070, effective 11/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of bags or containers. [Rule 2.000, effective 11/1/62; § 3612, filed 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of bags or containers. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 34, filed 4/8, 160 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 34, filed 4/8, 60 and 5/1/62]. Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Plors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Plors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floor sin processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floor sin processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floor sin processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fleet storage requireme	29651050	lights or flame. [Rule 1.050, effective 11/1/62.]	296–51–270	prohibited. [Rule 3.080, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed
296-51-070 Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate—Loosening of caked ammonium nitrate—Loosening of caked ammonium nitrate—Loosening of caked ammonium nitrate (Documents—Calciulation of Cappealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-100 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Mixing with sensitizing materials. [Rule 2.010, effective 11/1/62; § 61, filed 5/1/62], Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-100 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of bags or containers. [Rule 2.00.0, effective 11/1/62; § 10, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62], Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-120 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 32, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62], Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ploors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation a	296-51-060	handling. [Rule 1.060, effective 11/1/62.] Repealed	296–51–280	underground). [Rule 3.090, effective 11/1/62.]
296-51-100 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Mixing with sensitizing materials. [Rule 2.010, effective 11/1/62; § 611, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-120 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.020, effective 11/1/62; § 14, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-120 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 32, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 33, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ele storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 14, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ele storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 16, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat, [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 6, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ele storage.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ele storage.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Ele storage.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat,	296-51-070	Storage and handling of ammonium nitrate— Loosening of caked ammonium nitrate. [Rule 1.070, effective 11/1/62; § 2, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.]	296-51-300	General storage requirements—Standard magazine construction. [Rule 4.010, effective 11/1/62; § 3h, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28,
Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of bags or containers. [Rule 2.020, effective 11/1/62; § 36, filed \$/3/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–120 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 1b, filed \$/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and atorage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and atorage requirements—Floors in processing plant fo	296–51–100	Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Mixing with sensitizing materials. [Rule 2.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6f1, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed	296-51-310	General storage requirements—Calculation of distance limitations. [Rule 4.020, effective 11/1/62; § 1a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76—
6f2, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-120 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 3c, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warehouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing operations—Permit required—Must be renewed annually—Posted on Processing plant for sensitiz	296-51-110	Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Marking of	296–51–320	compositions. [Rule 4.030, effective 11/1/62; § 1d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28,
Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw ammonium nitrate. [Rule 2.030, effective 11/1/62; § 1b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant. [Rule 2.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–150 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–170 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296–51–160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant for sensitizi		6f2, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed	296-51-330	General storage requirements—Ventilation of storage
1b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-130 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-140 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant. [Rule 2.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-150 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 4.070, effective 11/1/62; § 5a, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 4.070, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 4.070, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 5.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-140 Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 5.04	296-51-120	operation and storage requirements—Storage of raw		8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warchouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant. [Rule 2.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3i, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3i, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3i, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3i, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 5.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 5.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 9/28/76.]  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements		1b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296–51–340	4.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3g, filed 8/8/60 and
Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in processing plant. [Rule 2.050, effective 11/1/62; § 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 8/8/60, and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 8/8/60, and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Enel storage. [Rule 5.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6f, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Limitation of amount of fuel sensitized ammonium nite at blasting site. [Rule 4.070, effective 11/1/62; § 5a, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76	296-51-130	operation and storage requirements—Open drains and piping—Warehouse floors. [Rule 2.040, effective 11/1/62; § 3a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed	296–51–350	requirements. [Rule 4.060, effective 11/1/62; § 3i, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28,
3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-150  296-51-150  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-170  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Smoking. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and 3.080, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and	296-51-140	Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Floors in	296-51-360	General storage requirements—Limitation of amount of fuel sensitized ammonium nite at blasting site. [Rule 4.070, effective 11/1/62; § 5a, filed 5/1/62.]
operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage.  [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-160  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-170  Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-420  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.  Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	204 51 150	3b, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-51-400	Underground blasting operations—Permit required—
Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Heat. [Rule 2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-170 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Smoking. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and 296-51-430 Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and	290-31-130	operation and storage requirements—Fuel storage. [Rule 2.060, effective 11/1/62; § 1c and 3b, filed		[Rule 5.010, effective 11/1/62; § 6e, filed 8/8/60; § 6e, filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.
2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.  296-51-170 Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate operation and storage requirements—Smoking. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and 296-51-430 Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and	296-51-160	Processing plant for sensitizing ammonium nitrate	296-51-410	agents. [Rule 5.020, effective 11/1/62; § 6f, filed
operation and storage requirements—Smoking. [Rule 296-51-430 Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and	206 51 170	2.070, effective 11/1/62; § 3d, filed 8/8/60 and 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76.	296–51–420	Underground blasting operations—Loading of holes. [Rule 5.030, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(1a), filed
	270-31-1/U	operation and storage requirements—Smoking. [Rule 2.080, effective 11/1/62; § 3j, filed 8/8/60 and	296–51–430	Underground blasting operations—Priming. [Rule 5.040, effective 11/1/62; § 6a, filed 8/8/60 and

296-51-440	Underground blasting operations—Grounding. [Rule 5.050, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(2a), filed 5/1/62.]	SAF	Chapter 296–58 FETY STANDARDS—METALS INDUSTRY
296-51-450	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Firing. [Rule 5.060, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(5a), filed 5/1/62.]	296-58-001	Foreword. [Foreword, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
296-51-460	Repealed by Order 76-28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Misfire. [Rule 5.070, effective 11/1/62; § 6b & 6c, filed 8/8/60 and	296-58-004	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.  Practical application of standards. [Practical application paragraphs, effective 6/1/55, filed
296–51–470	5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Fumes. [Rule 5.080, effective 11/1/62; § 6d, filed 8/8/60 and	296–58–010	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. Safe place standards. [Standard 1, effective 6/1/55,
296-51-480	5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76. Underground blasting operations—Wet holes. [Rule 5.090, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(4a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.		filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-51-490	Underground blasting operations—Liners prohibited. [Rule 5.100, effective 11/1/62; § 6e(4a), filed 5/1/62.] Repealed by Order 76–28, filed 9/28/76.	296-58-015	Safe practice standards. [Standard 2, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	Chapter 296-53	296-58-020	Standard safeguard defined. [Standard 3, effective
SAFETY R	EQUIREMENTS FOR EXPLOSIVE-ACTUATED FASTENING TOOLS		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
050, 296-53-0	010, 296-53-020, 296-53-030, 296-53-040, 296-53- 160, 296-53-070, 296-53-080, 296-53-090, 296-53- 10. [Paragraphs 1 through XI, effective 8/1/52, filed	296–58–025	Approved. [Standard 4, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	ealed by Order 68–6, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.  Scope. [Order 68–6, § 296–53–200, filed 10/24/68,	296–58–030	Substantial. [Standard 5, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–035	Exposed to contact. [Standard 6, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed
296–53–210	Purpose. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-210, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–040	3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. Warning placards. [Standard 7, effective 6/1/55,
296–53–220	Exception. [Order 68–6, § 296–53–220, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–12, filed 4/4/75.		filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-53-230	References to other codes. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-230, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–045	Wooden guards. [Standard 8, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-53-240 296-53-250	Effective date. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-240, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.  Definitions. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-250, filed	296–58–050	Metal guards—Framework. [Standard 9, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
	10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296-58-055	WAC. Standard railings. [Standard 10, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed
296–53–260	Design requirements—High velocity tools. [Order 68–6, § 296–53–260, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58060	3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. Fillers. [Standard 11, effective 6/1/55, filed
296–53–270	Low velocity piston tools. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-270, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296–53–280	Hammer-operated piston tools—Low velocity type. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-280, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296-58-065	Filling material for metal guards. [Standard 12, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-53-290	Requirements for loads and fasteners. [Order 68–6, § 296–53–290, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75–12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58070	Safeguards must not admit rod or pipes. [Standard 13, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see
296-53-300	Approvals. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-300, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–075	chapter 296-61 WAC.  Lighting and illumination. [Standard 14, effective
296-53-310	Operation. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-310, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-53-320	Servicing. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-320, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–080	Diffusion and distribution of artificial and natural light. [Standard 15, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76. Later
296-53-330	Qualification and certification of operators. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-330, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296-58-085	promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC. Foundations. [Standard 16, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76.
29653340	Storage of explosive-actuated tools, instruction books, cleaning kits, and tools. [Order 68-6, § 296-53-340, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296–58–090	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. Housekeeping. [Standard 17, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296–53–350	Use low velocity tools when possible. [Order 68-6, \$ 296-53-350, filed 10/24/68, effective 12/1/68.] Repealed by Order 75-12, filed 4/4/75.	296-58-095	Plant location. [Standard 18, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
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296-58-100	Power transmission equipment and machine parts.	296-58-195	Vats and tanks guarded. [Standard 38, effective
290-36-100	[Standard 19, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]	290-36-193	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later		filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
206 50 105	promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	206 50 200	WAC.
296–58–105	Saw guarding (metal and wood). [Standard 20, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296-58-200	Building—Floors. [Standard 39, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed
	76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter		3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
	296-61 WAC.		WAC.
296-58-110	Machine power control. [Standard 21, effective	296–58–205	Stairways. [Standard 40, effective 6/1/55, filed
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC.
	WAC.	296-58-210	Fire escapes. [Standard 41, effective 6/1/55, filed
296-58-115	Loose pulleys and cone pulleys. [Standard 22,		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296-58-215	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	290-30-213	Swinging doors—Windows required. [Standard 42, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
296-58-120	Exposure to harmful atmospheric conditions and		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
	exposure to harmful materials. [Standard 23,		296–61 WAC.
	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296–58–220	Doorways near railroad tracks and roadways. [Standard 43, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]
	76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later
296-58-125	Nontoxic dusts. [Standard 24, effective 6/1/55, filed		promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.	296-58-225	Platforms and runways. [Standard 44, effective
206 59 120	Later promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC.		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
296-58-130	Methods of control. [Standard 25, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed		WAC.
	3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	296-58-230	Floor openings. [Standard 45, effective 6/1/55, filed
	WAC.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-58-135	Minimum general requirements for electrical safety. [Standard 26, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]	296-58-235	Trestles and walks in industrial plants. [Standard 46,
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later	<del>-</del>	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
	promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
296-58-140	Helpers around machines shall receive instructions.	296-58-240	296-61 WAC. Hoistways. [Standard 47, effective 6/1/55, filed
	[Standard 27, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]	270-36-240	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76.
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-58-145	Machines shall be stopped in making repairs.	296-58-245	Elevators. [Standard 48, effective 6/1/55, filed
	[Standard 28, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	296-58-250	Conveyors. [Standard 49, effective 6/1/55, filed
296-58-150	Torn and loose clothing. [Standard 29, effective		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,	296-58-255	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	290-38-233	Revolving drums and cylinders. [Standard 50, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
296-58-155	WAC. Personal protective equipment and clothing.		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
290-30-133	[Standard 30, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]	204 50 242	296–61 WAC.
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later	296–58–260	Means to prevent slipping. [Standard 51, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,
206 50 160	promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
296-58-160	Sterilization of equipment. [Standard 31, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,		WAC.
	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	296-58-265	Polishing and buffing wheels. [Standard 52, effective
	WAC.		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
296-58-165	Caps or other head covering. [Standard 32, effective		WAC.
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	296-58-270	Cranes and hoists definitions. [Standard 53, effective
	WAC.		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
296-58-170	Prevention of industrial disease. [Standard 33,		WAC.
	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter	296-58-275	All cranes—Construction. [Standard 54, effective
	296-61 WAC.		6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
296-58-175	Carbon monoxide gas. [Standard 34, effective		WAC.
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,	296-58-280	All cranes—Electrical equipment. [Standard 55,
	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
296-58-180	Acids and chemicals. [Standard 35, effective 6/1/55,		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed	296-58-285	All cranes—Chains and wire rope. [Standard 56,
	3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61		effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
296-58-185	WAC. Steam pipes. [Standard 36, effective 6/1/55, filed		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
270-30-103	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76.	296-58-290	All cranes—Floor operated cranes. [Standard 57,
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
296-58-190	Hot liquid vats—Location of. [Standard 37, effective		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	296-58-295	296-61 WAC. All cranes—Operators. [Standard 58, effective
	WAC.	270-30-273	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,

296–58–300	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. All cranes—Signalmen. [Standard 59, effective	296–58–395	Explosive materials. [Standard 78, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
290-38-300	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	296-58-400	WAC. Material storage. [Standard 79, effective 6/1/55,
296-58-305	WAC. All cranes—Repairmen. [Standard 60, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,		filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	296-58-405	WAC. Shears. [Standard 80, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
296-58-310	All cranes—Construction requirements. [Standard 61, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296-58-410	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.  Power vehicles. [Standard 81, effective 6/1/55, filed
296–58–315	76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC. All cranes—Platforms and footwalks. [Standard 62,		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter	296–58–415	Sanitation. [Standard 82, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC.
	296–61 WAC.	296-58-420	Washroom and locker. [Standard 83, effective
296-58-320	All cranes—Cages. [Standard 63, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61	270-30-420	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
	WAC.	206 50 425	WAC.
296–58–325	All cranes—Rail stops, bumpers and fenders. [Standard 64, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later	296–58–425	Grinding wheels. [Standard 84, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	296-58-430	Spray rooms, spray booths, etc. [Standard 85,
296-58-330	Special requirements for gantry cranes. [Standard 65,		effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
	effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
	76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	207 50 425	296–61 WAC.
296-58-335	Requirements for A-frames, mobile cranes and	296–58–435	Care and use of ladders. [Standard 86, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,
270 30 333	excavation equipment, loaders, and locomotive cranes		filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61
	and equipment. [Standard 66, effective 6/1/55, filed		WAC.
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.	296-58-440	Fixed ladders. [Standard 87, effective 6/1/55, filed
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	270-30 440	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76.
296-58-340	Construction, operation and maintenance—Chain and		Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
	electric hoists. [Standard 67, effective 6/1/55, filed	296-58-445	Ladder cage. [Standard 88, effective 6/1/55, filed
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
296-58-345	Later promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC. Construction, operation and maintenance—Monorail		Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
290-38-343	hoists. [Standard 68, effective 6/1/55, filed	296-58-450	Landings. [Standard 89, effective 6/1/55, filed
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.
296-58-350	Construction, operation and maintenance—Air hoists.	296–58–455	Machine, forging and metalworking shops. [Standard
	[Standard 69, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.]		90, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by
	Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later		Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see
204 50 255	promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.	206 50 460	chapter 296–61 WAC.
296-58-355	Jib, pillar, and portable floor cranes, crabs and winches. [Standard 70, effective 6/1/55, filed	296–58–460	Power presses and drop hammers. [Standard 91, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–7, filed 3/1/76.		76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		296–61 WAC.
296-58-360	Fibre rope. [Standard 71, effective 6/1/55, filed		270 Of WAC.
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.		Chapter 296-60
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		·
296–58–365	Wire rope clamps—Thimbles—Sheaves. [Standard	SAFETY S	STANDARDS—METALLIC AND NONMETALLIC
	72, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see		MINES
	chapter 296-61 WAC.	WAC 296_60	-010, 296-60-015, 296-60-020, 296-60-025, 296-60-
296-58-370	Wire rope slings, hooks. [Standard 73, effective		035, 296-60-040, 296-60-045, 296-60-050, 296-60-
	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,		060, 296–60–065, 296–60–070, 296–60–075, 296–60–
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61		085, 296-60-090, 296-60-095, 296-60-100, 296-60-
	WAC.	•	110, 296–60–115, 296–60–120, 296–60–125, 296–60–
296–58–375	Ladles and crucibles. [Standard 74, effective 6/1/55,	130, 296-60-	135, 296-60-140, 296-60-145, 296-60-150, 296-60-
	filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed		160, 296–60–165, 296–60–166, 296–60–170, 296–60–
	3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		180, 296–60–185, 296–60–190, 296–60–195, 296–60–
296-58-380	Molding and casting areas. [Standard 75, effective		205, 296–60–210, 296–60–215, 296–60–220, 296–60–
2,0 00 000	6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7,		230, 296-60-235, 296-60-240, 296-60-245, 296-60-
	filed 3/1/76. Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61		255, 296–60–260, 296–60–265, 296–60–268, 296–60–
	WAC.		275, 296–60–280, 296–60–285, 296–60–290, 296–60–
296-58-385	Drop guarding. [Standard 76, effective 6/1/55, filed		300, 296-60-305, 296-60-310, 296-60-315, 296-60-
	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.		325, 296–60–330, 296–60–335, 296–60–340, 296–60–
206 50 222	Later promulgation, see chapter 296-61 WAC.		350, 296–60–355, 296–60–358, 296–60–360, 296–60–370, 296–60–375, 296–60–380, 296–60–385. [Rules,
296-58-390	Wet materials. [Standard 77, effective 6/1/55, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-7, filed 3/1/76.		7570, 290-60-373, 290-60-380, 290-60-383. [Rules, objective 5/1/48.] Repealed by Order 72-1, filed
	Later promulgation, see chapter 296–61 WAC.	2/25/72, effect	
	Dates promulgation, see enapter 270-01 Wife.	2/25/12, 01160	7.112.
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SAFETY	Chapter 296–64  / STANDARDS—OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES	29664190	Sea foods—Fresh and canning industry employees. [Sea food rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by
296-64-001	Preface. [Preface, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-200	Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Paint and kalsomine manufacturing and handling.  [Paint and kalsomine manufacturing and handling.
29664002	Introduction. [Introduction, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-210	rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Handling and emptying of sacks or barrels containing
296-64-005	Foreword. [Foreword, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.		dry kalsomine, cement, sand-blasting sand and other like material except in manufacturing plants. [Paint and kalsomine sack and barrel rules, effective
296-64-010	Safety standards relating to dusts, fumes, vapors and gases in industry—Application. [Standard I, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70–8 (part), filed	296-64-220	10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Shingle manufacturing. [Shingle manufacturing rules,
29664020	7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Definitions. [Standard 2, effective 10/1/38.]	296-64-230	effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Compressed air chambers, hard rock workers—Soft
29664030	Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Control of atmospheric contaminants. [Standard 3,		earth tunnels and open cuts. [Compressed air, hard rock, soft earth tunnels, and open cut rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed
296–64–031	effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Threshold limit values. [Appendix 1, filed 3/23/60.]	296-64-240	7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Electric and gas torch workers. [Electric and gas torch rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order
296-64-040	Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Specifications of air requirements per worker in	296-64-250	70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Battery manufacturing and rebuilding. [Battery
	industrial plants. [Standard 4, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.		manufacturing and rebuilding rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.
296-64-050	Local exhaust ventilation. [Standard 5, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-260	Power propelled trucks operated within buildings. [Power propelled truck rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70,
29664060	Personal protective equipment. [Standard 6, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-270	effective 9/1/70. Polishing, grinding and buffing machine operators. [Polishing, grinding, and buffing rules, effective
296-64-070	Substitution of nonhazardous equipment, material or process. [Standard 7, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-280	10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Plating and removal of plating, including acid dips.
29664080	Dust allaying media. [Standard 8, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.		[Plating and stripping rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.
29664090	Isolation of hazardous operations. [Standard 9, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296–64–290	Dry cleaning by use of any solvent, producing fumes, gasses or vapors injurious to health, including, but not limiting the same to, carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene and their sequel.
296-64-100	Sanitation and cleanliness. [Standard 10, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-300	[Dry cleaning rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Lumber and timber treated with arsenic compounds
296-64-110	Rubber boots. [Standard 11, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	270-04-300	and the handling thereof. [Arsenic treated lumber rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70–8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.
296-64-120	Applying paint by the spray method in fixed finishing shops. [Spray paint in fixed finishing shops rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-400	Purpose and scope. [Standard I, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22), filed 5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230, 49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.
296-64-130	Galvanizing. [Galvanizing rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-405	Definitions. [Standard II, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22), filed 5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230,
296-64-140	Workmen exposed to silicosis. [Exposure to silicosis rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-410	49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.  General requirements. [Standard III, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22),
296-64-150	Plywood manufacturing—Men handling glue (core) sections. [Plywood-glue (core) section rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.	296-64-415	filed 5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230, 49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240. General labeling requirements and attached
296-64-160	Auto repair and internal combustion engine adjusting plants. [Auto repair and internal combustion engine adjusting plant rules, effective 10/1/38.] Repealed by		appendices. [Standard IV, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22), filed 5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230, 49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.
296-64-170	Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70. Applying paint by the method of the spray, other than in fixed finishing shops. [Spray paint rules (other than in fixed finishing shops), effective 10/1/38.]	296-64-420	Container handling and storage. [Standard V, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22), filed 5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230, 49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and
296-64-180	Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.  Wool weaving. [Wool weaving rules, effective	296-64-425	49.17.240. Exemptions. [Standard VI, effective 12/1/62.] Repealed by 86-12-004 (Order 86-22), filed
	10/1/38.] Repealed by Order 70-8 (part), filed 7/31/70, effective 9/1/70.		5/22/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.230, 49.70.180, 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

# Chapter 296-66 SAFETY STANDARDS—PAINTING AND DECORATING INDUSTRY

	INDUSTRY
296-66-005	Foreword. [Foreword, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-010	Safety educational standards—Introduction. [§ A-1, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-015	Safety educational standards—Management's responsibility. [§ A-2, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-020	Safety educational standards—Employee's responsibility. [§ A-3, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-025	Safety educational standards—Safety inspector plan. [§ A-4, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-030	Safety educational standards—Settlement of disputes. [§ A-5, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-035	Safety educational standards—Safety committee plan. [§ A-6, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-040	Safety educational standards—Settlement of disputes. [§ A-7, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-045	Safety educational standards—Safety educational report. [§ A-8, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
29666050	Safety educational standards—Safety bulletin board. [§ A-9, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-055	Safety educational standards—Minimum requirements for first aid. [§ A-9, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-060	Safety educational standards—First-aid kit. [§ A-11, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-065	Safety educational standards—First-aid room. [§ A-12 (part), effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-070	Safety educational standards—Conclusion—Approval for changes. [§ A-12 (part), effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–080	Ladders and scaffolds—Purpose and application. [Ladder and scaffold rules (part), effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-085	Ladders and scaffolds—Definitions. [Ladder and scaffold definitions, effective 11/1/48, filed
296-66-090	3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76. Ladders and scaffolds—General requirements. [§§ B-1 through B-27, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-095	Ladders and scaffolds—Built-up wood scaffolds. [§§ C-1 through C-8, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-100	Ladders and scaffolds—Factory-built scaffold units. [§ D-1, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–105	Ladders and scaffolds—Tubular post scaffolds. [§§ E-1 through E-15, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-110	Ladders and scaffolds—Swinging scaffolds—Construction. [§§ F-1 through F-27, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–115	Ladders and scaffolds—General requirements for swinging scaffolds. [§§ G-1 through G-18, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-120	Ladders and scaffolds—Needle beam scaffolds. [§§ H-1 through H-21, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.

tries, Department	of Title 296 WAC
296-66-125	Ladders and scaffolds—Horse scaffold. [§§ 1–1 through 1–21, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–130	Ladders and scaffolds—Plasterers' and decorators' inside scaffolds. [§§ J-1 through J-17, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–135	Ladders and scaffolds—Interior hung scaffolds. [§§ J-18 through J-24, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-140	Ladders and scaffolds—Window jack scaffolds. [§§ K-1 through K-6, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-145	Ladders and scaffolds—Crawling boards or chicken ladders. [§§ L-1 through L-6, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-150	Ladders and scaffolds—Ladder supported scaffolds. [§§ M-1 through M-9, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–155	Ladders and scaffolds—Ladder specifications— Definitions. [Definitions for ladder specifications, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-160	Ladders and scaffolds—Ladder material. [§ N-1, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–165	Ladders and scaffolds—Step ladders. [§ N-2, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–170	Ladders and scaffolds—Single ladders. [§ N-3, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–175	Ladders and scaffolds—Extension ladders. [§ N-4, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–180	Ladders and scaffolds—Trestle and extension ladders. [§ N-5, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–185	Ladders and scaffolds—Painter's ladder. [§ N-6, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–190	Ladders and scaffolds—Extension trestles. [§ N-7, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–195	Ladders and scaffolds—Metal ladders. [§ N-8, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–200	Testing scaffold planks and stringers. [§§ O-1 through O-4, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–205	Care and use of ladders. [§§ P-1 through P-31, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-210	Roofing brackets. [§§ Q-1 and Q-2, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–215	Boatswain's chair. [§§ R-1 through R-6, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–220	Life nets—Safety belts—Life lines. [§§ S-1 through S-5, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–225	Application of paint coating—General. [Paint coating rules (part), effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76–29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–230	Application of paint coating—Definitions. [Paint coating definitions, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–235	Spray coating of buildings, structures and outdoor spraying—Scope of rules. [Scope of spray coating rules, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-240	Spray coating of buildings, structures and outdoor

Spray coating of buildings, structures and outdoor spraying—Equipment. [§§ T-1 and T-2, effective

Title 296 W	AC Title 296	WAC: 1	Labor and	Industries,	Department of
	11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed filed 9/30/76.	d by Order	76–29,	296–70–080	Ventilation. [§ F, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76–29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-245	Spray coating of buildings, structure spraying—Operation. [§§ U-leffective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.]	through	U-12,	296-70-090	Protection against atmospheric containments. [§ G, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-250	76-29, filed 9/30/76. Spray coating of buildings, structure	•		296-70-100	Shaft protection. [§ H, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
250 00 200	spraying—Protection of person. [§ 14, effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23	§§ V–1 throi	ugh V-	296-70-110	Ladders and stairways. [§ 1, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296–66–255	Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76. Coating operations inside of bu			296-70-120	Hoisting engineer. [§ J, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
270 00 200	through W-7, effective 11/1/4 Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/	8, filed $3/2$		296-70-130	Hoisting. [§ K, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-260	Electrical equipment. [§§ X-effective 11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.]	l through	X-17, Order	296-70-140	Hoisting ropes. [§ L, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-265	76-29, filed 9/30/76. Air supply. [§§ Y-1 through Y-3.			29670150	Signals and means of communication. [§ M, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
2,0 00 200	filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by C 9/30/76.			296-70-160	Blasting. [§ N, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-270	Operation. [§§ Z-1 through Z-3, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by C	effective 11 Order 76–29	/1/48, filed	296-70-170	Timbering. [§ O, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76–29, filed 9/30/76.
296-66-275	9/30/76. Maintenance. [§§ AA-1 throug			296-70-180	Lighting. [§ P, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
	11/1/48, filed 3/23/60.] Repeale filed 9/30/76.	d by Order	76–29,	296-70-190	Electrical equipment. [§ Q, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
Appendix	Illustrations 1 thru 10. [Appendix, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by C			296-70-200	Use of fuel burning equipment in underground work and other enclosed areas. [§ R, filed 3/29/61.]
	9/30/76.			296-70-210	Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76. Sumps. [§ S, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-
	<b>Chapter 296-68</b>				29, filed 9/30/76.
	STANDARDSPOWER PROPELI			296-70-220	Sanitation. [§ T, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.
296-68-005	Preface. [Preface, effective 4/1/ Order 75-13, filed 4/4/75.	'38.] Repea	led by		Chapter 296-74
296-68-010	Use of intoxicants. [Rule A-1, Repealed by Order 75-13, filed 4/		1/38.]		ANHYDROUS AMMONIA
296-68-015	Employer's responsibility. [Rules effective 4/1/38.] Repealed by			296-74-010	Tanks. [Rules (part), filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-9, filed 4/4/75.
296-68-020	4/4/75. Foreman's responsibility. [Rules	C-1 through	h C-3,	296-74-020	Electrical. [Rules (part), filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-9, filed 4/4/75.
	effective 4/1/38.] Repealed by 4/4/75.			296-74-030	Personnel protection. [Rules (part), filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 75-9, filed 4/4/75.
296-68-025	Workman's responsibility. [Rule effective 4/1/38.] Repealed by				Chapter 296-76
	4/4/75.			SAF	ETY STANDARDS-QUARRY OPERATIONS
296–68–030	State inspector. [Rules E-1 at 4/1/38.] Repealed by Order 75-13				6-005, 296-76-010, 296-76-015, 296-76-020, 296-76-
296-68-035	Safety meetings. [Rules F-1 thro 4/1/38.] Repealed by Order 75-13	ugh F-4, ef	fective	025, 296-76	0-003, 290-70-010, 290-76-040, 296-76-045, 296-76- -030, 296-76-035, 296-76-040, 296-76-045, 296-76- -055, 296-76-060, 296-76-065, 296-76-070, 296-76-
296-68-040	First-aid instruction and treatment				-080, 296-76-085, 296-76-090, 296-76-095, 296-76-
2,0 00 0.0	G-1 through G-3, effective 4/1, Order 75-13, filed 4/4/75.	/38.] Repea	led by	100, 296-76	-105, 296-76-110, 296-76-115, 296-76-120, 296-76- filed 3/29/61, effective 8/1/42.] Repealed by Order 72-
296-68-045	Safety standards—Relating to the propelled trucks used principally	he use of p	ower-		72, effective 4/1/72.
	docks (housed)—Construction of				Chapter 296-80
	operation thereof. [Rules 1 thre	ough 16, ef	fective	SAFET	Y RULES GOVERNING THE CONSTRUCTION,
	4/1/38.] Repealed by Order 75–13	3, filed 4/4/7	75.		ATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF INCLINED PASSENGER LIFTS

## Chapter 296-80

## SAFETY RULES GOVERNING THE CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF **INCLINED PASSENGER LIFTS**

Chapter 296-70		inclined passenger lifts
S, SHAFTS AND SUBWAYS—SAFETY STANDARDS	296-80-010	Scope. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-010, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed
Definitions. [Part I, Definitions, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.		11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
Safety miner. [§ A, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.	296-80-020	Definitions. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–020, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21),
Minimum first-aid requirements. [§ B, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.		filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
Fire protection. [§ C, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76–29, filed 9/30/76.	296-80-030	Approval of plans and specifications. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–030, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001
Safe practice standards. [Subsections D-1—D-30, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed		(Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
9/30/76.  Personal protective equipment and clothing. [Subsections D-31—D-34, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed	296–80–040	Runway enclosures. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–040, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–
by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.		21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
Rock dust. [§ E, filed 3/29/61.] Repealed by Order 76-29, filed 9/30/76.	296-80-050	Landing enclosure. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–050, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21),

TUNNELS, 296-70-010 296-70-020 296-70-030 296-70-040 296-70-050

296-70-060

296-70-070

296–80–060	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185. Enclosure clearances. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-060,	296-80-240	Buffers. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–240, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and
290-60-000	filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW	296-80-250	70.87.185. Electrical equipment. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–250,
296-80-070	70.87.030 and 70.87.185.  Machine rooms. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–070, filed	2,0 00 250	filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW
270 00 070	12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030	296-80-260	70.87.030 and 70.87.185.  Inspections and tests. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–260,
296-80-080	and 70.87.185.  Machine supports and factors of safety. [Order 71-		filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW
	16, § 296-80-080, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory	296-80-270	70.87.030 and 70.87.185.  Maintenance. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–270, filed
296-80-090	Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185. Car clearances. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-090, filed		12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030
	12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030	296-80-280	and 70.87.185.  Rack and pinion drive. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–280, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–
296-80-100	and 70.87.185.  Counterweights when used. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–	•	21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
	100, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW	296-80-290	Variances from requirements—How granted. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–290, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by
296-80-110	70.87.030 and 70.87.185. Landing doors or gates. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–110, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–		84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.
	21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.		Chapter 296-83
296-80-120	Landing sills. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–120, filed		ELECTRIC MANLIFTS
277 00 124	12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030	296-83-010	Scope and application. [Rules (part), effective
29680130	and 70.87.185.  Guide rails. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-130, filed		5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
2,0 00 100	12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030	296-83-015	70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Waiver and variance. [Rules (part), effective
296-80-140	and 70.87.185.	27 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
290-60-140	Car enclosure. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-140, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21),	296-83-020	70.87.090 and 70.87.100.  Hoistway enclosures and landings. [§ I, Rule 1.010,
207 00 150	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	270 00 020	effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW
296-80-150	Safeties. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–150, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–21),	296-83-025	70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Hoistway gates. [§ II, Rules 2.010–2.030, effective
	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	270-03-023	5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
296-80-160	Car speed governors. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-160, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-	296-83-030	70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Elevator car. [§ III, Rules 3.010–3.020, effective
	21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	27063030	5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
296–80–170	Machines. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-170, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21),	296-83-035	70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Elevator doors. [§ IV, Rule 4.010, effective 5/15/64.]
	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	290-63-033	Repealed by 86–03–025 (Order 86–4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and
296-80-180	Terminal stopping and safety devices. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-180, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-	296-83-040	70.87.100. Counterweight, enclosures and fastenings. [§ V, Rule
	001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	290-63-040	Sollo, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86–03–025 (Order 86–4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority:
29680190	Operation and control. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–190, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84–23–001 (Order 84–	296-83-045	RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.  Guide rails. [§ VI, Rule 6.010, effective 5/15/64.]
	21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	270 05 015	Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and
296-80-200	Limits of speed. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-200, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21),	296-83-050	70.87.100. Hoisting ropes. [§ VII, Rule 7.010, effective
	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.	270 00 000	5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
296-80-210	Ropes. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-210, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed	296-83-055	70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Space under hoistway. [§ VIII, Rule 8.010, effective
	11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.		5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,
296-80-220	Fastening car and counterweight ends of ropes. [Order 71–16, § 296–80–220, filed 12/7/71.]	296-83-060	70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Car safeties. [§ IX, Rule 9.010, effective 5/15/64.]
	Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21), filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.		Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.
296-80-230	Rope tags. [Order 71-16, § 296-80-230, filed 12/7/71.] Repealed by 84-23-001 (Order 84-21),	296-83-065	Brakes. [§ X, Rule 10.010, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86.
	filed 11/8/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030 and 70.87.185.		Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.

296-83-070	Car controls and safety devices. [§ XI, Rules 11.010–11.060, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86–03–025 (Order 86–4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority:	296–90–050	filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.  Car platform enclosure. [Order 71-7, § 296-90-050,
296-83-075	RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Hoisting machine mechanisms. [§ XII, Rules 12.010–12.040, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025		filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-028 (Order 86-7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.
296-83-080	(Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Elevator car and counterweight buffers. [§ XIII,	296–90–060	Landing platforms. [Order 71-7, § 296-90-060, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-028 (Order 86-7),
250 03 000	Rules 13.010-13.020, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86-03-025 (Order 86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory	29690070	filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.  No rider posting. [Order 71–7, § 296–90–070, filed
296-83-085	Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100. General requirements. [§ XIV, Rules 14.010–14.030, effective 5/15/64.] Repealed by 86–03–025 (Order		6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-028 (Order 86-7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.
	86-4), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.	296-90-080	Maintenance, inspection and test periods. [Order 71-7, § 296-90-080, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-
	Chapter 296-88		028 (Order 86–7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory
SAFETY	RULES FOR GRAIN ELEVATOR OPERATIONS	296-90-090	Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100. Compliance with codes. [Order 71–7, \$ 296–90–090, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86–03–028 (Order 86–
296-88-001	Foreword. [Foreword, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.		7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.
296-88-010	Scope and application. [Rules (part), effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	29690100	Annual fee. [Order 71-7, § 296-90-100, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by Order 74-36, filed 10/1/74.
296-88-020	Purpose. [Rules (part), effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.		Chapter 296-92
296-88-030	General requirements. [§ I, Rules 1.010—1.110, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	SAFETY	RULES GOVERNING WHEELCHAIR LIFTING DEVICES
296–88–040	Entering storage type bins. [§ 11, Rule 2.010, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	29692010	Definitions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-010, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8),
296-88-050	Entering silo type bins. [§ III, Rules 3.010—3.030, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	296–92–020	filed 1/10/86.  Location, travel and speed. [Statutory Authority:
296-88-060	Inspection of shovel equipment. [§ IV, Rules 4.010—4.030, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86–03–027 (Order 86–6), filed 1/10/86.	204 02 020	RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-020, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86.
296–88–070	Railroad car safety. [§ V, Rules 5.010—5.080, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	296–92–030	Guards and ramps. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-030, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86.
296-88-080	Manlifts. [§ VI, Rule 6.010, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	296-92-040	Supports. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81–01–034 (Order 80–26), § 296–92–040, filed
296-88-090	Fumigation. [§ VII, Rules 7.010—7.110, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86–03–027 (Order 86–6), filed 1/10/86.	207 02 050	12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86.
296-88-100	Insecticides and disinfectants. [§ VIII, Rules 8.010 and 8.020, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	29692050	Frames, platforms and capacity. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-050, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-
296-88-110	Structural requirements and safeguards. [§ IX, Rules 9.010—9.070, effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	296-92-060	03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86. Controls and electrical equipment. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-
296-88-120	Reference material. [Rules (part), effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	206 02 070	26), \$ 296-92-060, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86.
296–88–130	Glossary. [Rules (part), effective 1/2/65.] Repealed by 86-03-027 (Order 86-6), filed 1/10/86.	296–92–070	Public assembly and institutional installations. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81–01–034 (Order 80–26), § 296–92–070, filed 12/10/80.]
	Chapter 296-90	296-92-080	Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86. Nonskid surfacing. [Statutory Authority: RCW
	REQUIREMENTS FOR CANTILEVER HOISTS	290-92-000	70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-080, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-
296–90–010	Material hoist platforms. [Order 71–7, § 296–90–010, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86–03–028 (Order 86–7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.	296-92-090	8), filed 1/10/86. Installation permits and acceptance inspections. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034
296–90–020	Guard rails. [Order 71-7, § 296-90-020, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-028 (Order 86-7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080,	296–92–100	(Order 80-26), § 296-92-090, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86. Submission of plans for installation. [Statutory
29690030	70.87.090 and 70.87.100.  Tower construction. [Order 71–7, § 296–90–030, filed	-	Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-26), § 296-92-100, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86-
	6/17/71.] Repealed by 86-03-028 (Order 86-7), filed 1/10/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.080, 70.87.090 and 70.87.100.	296-92-110	03-029 (Order 86-8), filed 1/10/86. Operation and maintenance manuals. [Statutory Authority: RCW 70.87.030. 81-01-034 (Order 80-
296–90–040	Hoisting machines. [Order 71–7, § 296–90–040, filed 6/17/71.] Repealed by 86–03–028 (Order 86–7),		26), § 296–92–110, filed 12/10/80.] Repealed by 86–03–029 (Order 86–8), filed 1/10/86.

#### Chapter 296-132

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES'	COLLECTIVE	BARGAINING	RULES
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PUBLIC EN	APLOYEES' COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RULES
296-132005	Purpose. [Order 70-1, \$ 296-132-005, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20),
296-132-010	filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Policy. [Order 70–1, § 296–132–010, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-015	Construction. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-015, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-050	General. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-050, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-055	Petitioner. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-055, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-060	Authorized agent. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-060, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-065	Labor organization, lawful organization. [Order 70-1, \$ 296-132-065, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory
296-132-070	Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Supervisor. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-070, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by Emergency and Permanent Order 70-13, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296-132-075	Rule temporary. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-075, filed 3/10/70] Repealed by Emergency and Permanent Order 70-13, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296-132-100	Initiation. [Order 73-26, \$ 296-132-100, filed 12/10/73; Order 70-1, \$ 296-132-100, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-105	Filing of petition. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-105, filed 12/10/73; Order 70-1, § 296-132-105, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-110	Contents of petition—General. [Order 70–1, § 296–132–110, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296–132–115	Contents of petition—Filed by public employees. [Order 73–26, § 296–132–115, filed 12/10/73; Order 70–1, § 296–132–115, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-120	Contents of petition—Filed by public employer. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-120, filed 12/10/73; Permanent and Emergency Order 70-13, § 296-132-120, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70-1, § 296-132-120, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory
296-132-125	Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Intervention. [Order 73–26, § 296–132–125, filed 12/10/73; Order 70–1, § 296–132–125, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20),
296-132-130	filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Initial action. [Order 70-1, \$ 296-132-130, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-135	Petition—Amendments or withdrawal. [Order 70–1, § 296–132–135, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-140	Authority: RCW 31.04.020.  Decertification. [Order 73–26, § 296–132–140, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-145	Severance. [Order 73–26, § 296–132–145, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
296-132-150	Determination of nature and scope. [Permanent and Emergency Order 70–13, § 296–132–150, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 70–1, § 296–132–

150, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order

- 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Unit clarification. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-151, 296-132-151 filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-152 Union membership. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-152, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-155 Special election. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-155, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- List of employees. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-160, 296-132-160 filed 12/10/73; Order 70-1, § 296-132-160, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Rule temporary. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-165, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by Emergency and Permanent 296-132-165 Order 70-13, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
- Selection of representation method. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-200 296-132-200, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-205 Two or more organizations. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-205, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-210 Examination of membership rolls. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-210, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Use of authorization cards. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-296-132-215 215, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW
- 296-132-220 Authorization cards-Acceptability. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-220, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-225 Conduct of election. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-225, filed 12/10/73; Order 70-1, § 296-132-225, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-226 Central filing-Arbitration and fact-finding. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-226, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Certification. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-250, filed 296-132-250 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-255 Noncertification. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-255, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Time extensions. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-260, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), 296-132-260 filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-265 Bypass of steps. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-265, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- Unfair labor practice—Who may file. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-300 296-132-300, filed 3/10/70,1
- Unfair labor practices—Who may file. [Order 73-26, 296-132-301 § 296-132-301, filed 12/10/73; Permanent and Emergency Order 70-13, § 296-132-301, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-302 Unfair labor practice presumed-Change of conditions during bargaining. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-302, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.
- 296-132-305 Filing of charges. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-305, filed 3/10/70.]

296-132-306	Filing of charges. [Permanent and Emergency Order 70-13, § 296-132-306, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20),	296-150-070	Definitions—Alteration or conversion. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-070, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-132-310	filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Investigation. [Order 70–1, § 296–132–310, filed	296-150-075	Definitions—Approved. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-075, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed
296-132-311	3/10/70.] Investigation. [Permanent and Emergency Order 70–13, § 296–132–311, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.]	296-150-080	12/3/73. Definitions—B. Building site. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-080, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25,
	Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed		filed 12/3/73.
296-132-315	3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Remedies. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-315, filed 3/10/70.]	296–150–085	Definitions—C. Custom building. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-085, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-132-316	Remedies. [Permanent and Emergency Order 70–13, § 296–132–316, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.] Repealed by 86–08–015 (Order 86–20), filed	296-150-090	Definitions—D. Department. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-090, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25,
	3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.	296-150-095	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Dwelling units. [Order 71–1, § 296–
296-132-320	Rules temporary. [Order 70-1, § 296-132-320, filed 3/10/70.] Repealed by Emergency and Permanent		150-095, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-132-350	Order 70–13, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Appeal procedure. [Order 73–26, § 296–132–350,	296–150–100	Definitions—E. Equipment. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–100, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed
270 102 550	filed 12/10/73; Order 70-1, § 296-132-350, filed		12/3/73.
	3/10/70.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.	296-150-105	Definitions—F. Factory built housing (F.B.H.). [Order 71–1, § 296–150–105, filed 2/11/71.]
296-132-360	Appeal briefs. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-360, filed		Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.
	12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20),	296-150-110	Definitions—Field technical service. [Order 71-1, §
296-132-370	filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. Appeal briefs—Contents. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-		296-150-110, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
	370, filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order	296-150-115	Definitions—First user. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–115,
	86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.		filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed
296-132-380	Record on appeal. [Order 73-26, § 296-132-380,	296-150-120	12/3/73. Definitions—G. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–
	filed 12/10/73.] Repealed by 86-08-015 (Order 86-20), filed 3/25/86. Statutory Authority: RCW	270-130-120	150-120, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25,
	51.04.020.	296-150-130	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—H. Habitable room. [Order 71–1, § 296–
		250 150 150	150–130, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25,
ELA CALCADINA / 1	Chapter 296–150	296-150-140	filed 12/3/73.
FACTORY I	Chapter 296–150 BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES	296-150-140	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.
FACTORY I	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73;	296–150–140 296–150–145	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed
296–150–010	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.		filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25,
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296–150–010	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-020,	296–150–145 296–150–150	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25,
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296–150–010 296–150–015	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74-10, § 296-150-025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73-13, § 296-150-025, filed	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed
296-150-010 296-150-015 296-150-020	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, § 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, § 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77,	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160 296-150-170	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 12/3/73.
296-150-010 296-150-015 296-150-020	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74-10, § 296-150-025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73-13, § 296-150-025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out-of-state jurisdictions. [Order	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160 296-150-170 296-150-175	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order
296-150-010 296-150-015 296-150-020 296-150-025	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory—built housing code. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, § 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, § 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160 296-150-170 296-150-175	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71–1, § 296–
296-150-010 296-150-015 296-150-020 296-150-025 296-150-026	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory—built housing code. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, § 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, § 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–026, filed 12/3/73; Order 73–13, § 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160 296-150-170 296-150-175 296-150-180	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25,
296-150-010  296-150-015  296-150-020  296-150-025  296-150-026	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, \$ 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, \$ 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, \$ 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, \$ 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–026, filed 12/3/73; Order 73–13, \$ 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-145 296-150-150 296-150-160 296-150-170 296-150-175 296-150-180	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-150-010 296-150-015 296-150-020 296-150-025 296-150-026	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, \$ 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, \$ 296-150-015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74-10, \$ 296-150-025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73-13, \$ 296-150-025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73-13, \$ 296-150-025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out-of-state jurisdictions. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-026, filed 12/3/73; Order 73-13, \$ 296-150-026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—General. [Order 73-25, \$ 296-150-050,	296–150–145 296–150–150 296–150–160 296–150–175 296–150–180 296–150–185 296–150–190	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-150-010  296-150-015  296-150-020  296-150-025  296-150-026	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, \$ 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, \$ 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, \$ 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, \$ 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–026, filed 12/3/73; Order 73–13, \$ 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73–25, \$ 296–150–027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296–150–145 296–150–150 296–150–160 296–150–170 296–150–175 296–150–180 296–150–185	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73.
296-150-010  296-150-015  296-150-020  296-150-025  296-150-026	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory—built housing code. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, § 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, § 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—General. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–050, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–050, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—A. Agency inspection. [Order 71–1, §	296–150–145 296–150–150 296–150–160 296–150–175 296–150–180 296–150–185 296–150–190	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—O. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—O. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—P. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.
296–150–010  296–150–015  296–150–020  296–150–025  296–150–026  296–150–027	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory-built housing code. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74-10, § 296-150-025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73-13, § 296-150-025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out-of-state jurisdictions. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—General. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-050, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-050, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—A. Agency inspection. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-055, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-1, § 296-150-055, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-	296–150–145 296–150–150 296–150–160 296–150–170 296–150–175 296–150–185 296–150–190 296–150–200	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—O. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.
296–150–010  296–150–015  296–150–020  296–150–025  296–150–026  296–150–027	BUILT HOUSING AND GOVERNOR'S ADVISORY BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULES  Administration—Authority for factory—built housing code. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–010, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–010, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Application and scope. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–015, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–015, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Department services. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–020, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Conditions of reciprocity. [Order 74–10, § 296–150–025, filed 4/8/74; Order 73–13, § 296–150–025, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Agreements with out–of–state jurisdictions. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–026, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Educational. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–027, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—General. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–050, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–050, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Definitions—A. Agency inspection. [Order 71–1, §	296–150–145 296–150–150 296–150–160 296–150–170 296–150–175 296–150–185 296–150–190 296–150–200	filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—I. Insignia. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–140, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Install. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–145, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—J. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–150, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—K. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–160, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—L. Labeled. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–170, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Listed. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–175, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—Local enforcement agency. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–180, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—M. Manufacture. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–185, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—N. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–190, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—O. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.  Definitions—P. No definition. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–200, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.

296-150-230

296-150-065

filed 12/3/73. Definitions—Agency, testing. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–065, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.

filed 12/3/73.

Definition—R. Residential building. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–230, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–

25, filed 12/3/73.

Definitions—S. Substantially prefabricated or assembled. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-240, filed 296-150-240 296-150-425 Local enforcement agency—Compliance control (LEA-CC). [Order 73-25, § 296-150-425, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-425, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed 12/3/73. Definitions—System. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-245, 296-150-245 filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, filed effective 6/1/77. 296-150-430 Local enforcement agency application. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-430, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-296-150-250 Definitions—T. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-250, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 150-430, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 12/3/73. filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Rights of local enforcement agency. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-260 Definitions—U. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-296-150-435 150-260, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 296-150-435, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150filed 12/3/73. 435, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed Definitions-V. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-296-150-270 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. The local enforcement agency responsibility. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-440, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-440, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-150-270, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 296-150-440 filed 12/3/73. Definitions—W. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-296-150-280 150-280, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. filed 12/3/73. Manufacturer compliance control (M-CC). [Order 296-150-445 296-150-290 Definitions—X. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-73-25, § 296-150-445, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 150-290, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 296-150-445, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. filed 12/3/73. Independent inspection agency compliance control (IIA-CC). [Order 73-25, § 296-150-450, filed 296-150-300 Definitions-Y. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296-296-150-450 150-300, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, filed 12/3/73. 296-150-310 Definitions—Z. No definition. [Order 71-1, § 296effective 6/1/77. Design plan approval—General. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-500, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-150-310, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73-25, 296-150-500 filed 12/3/73. 296-150-315 Construction requirements. [Order 73-25, § 296-500, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 150-315, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-315, 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 296-150-505 Design plan approval application. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-505, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-505, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. 296-150-320 Electrical requirements. [Order 75-5, § 296-150-320, filed 3/5/75; Order 73-25, § 296-150-320, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-320, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Design plan types and descriptions. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-506, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-296-150-506 effective 6/1/77. 8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Engineering and test procedures. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–510, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150– Mechanical requirements. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-325, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-325, filed 296-150-325 296-150-510 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 510, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed effective 6/1/77. 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Plumbing requirements. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-Design plan requirements. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-296-150-330 296-150-515 515, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-515, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 330, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-330, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. effective 6/1/77. Technical report. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-516, filed 296-150-335 Code research and materials evaluation service. 296-150-516 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, [Order 73-25, § 296-150-335, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective effective 6/1/77. 296-150-520 Technical report-Live loads. [Order 71-1, § 296-6/1/77. 150-520, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. 296-150-400 Enforcement and administration-Enforcement. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-400, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 296-150-525 Manufacturing in more than one location. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-525, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-525, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-6/1/77. Enforcement and administration—Equipment and systems. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-405, filed 296-150-405 8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 296-150-530 Out-of-state applicant. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-530, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, \$ 296-150-530, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Enforcement and administration—Department disapproval of listed or labeled equipment and 296-150-410 effective 6/1/77. systems. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-410, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, Out-of-state applicant—Nonconforming application and plans. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-535, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, 296-150-535 effective 6/1/77. Alternates and equivalents. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–415, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–415, effective 6/1/77. 296-150-415 296-150-540 Manufacturers evidence of department approval. filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed [Order 73-25, § 296-150-540, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, \$ 296-150-540, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Inspections. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–420, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–420, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, 296-150-420 296-150-545 Design plan approval expiration. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-545, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150effective 6/1/77. 545, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed Compliance control programs (CC). [Order 73-25, § 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. 296-150-423 Revocation of approval. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–550, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–550, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, 296-150-423, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-296-150-550

296-150-424

8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.

6/1/77.

Factory-built housing—Compliance control (FBH-CC). [Order 73-25, § 296-150-424, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective

Changes to approved plans. [Order 73-25, § 296-

150-555, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-555,

effective 6/1/77.

296-150-555

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	filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-690	Components testing. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-690, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed
296-150-560	Transfer of approvals. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–560, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–560, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77,	296150695	4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Components fees and production reports. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–695, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by
296-150-565	effective 6/1/77. Change of name and address. [Order 73–25, § 296–	296-150-700	Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Fee schedule. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–700, filed
270-130-303	150-565, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-565, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed	270-130-700	12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-700, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77,
296-150-570	4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Discontinuance of manufacture. [Order 73–25, § 296–150, 570, Glad 12/2/23, Order 71–18, 206–150, 570	296-150-800	effective 6/1/77. Hearings—Public hearing. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–
	150-570, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-570, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-805	800, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Hearings—Board of appeals. [Order 71-1, § 296-
296-150-575	Existing approvals. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-575, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-575, filed		150-805, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
	2/11/71. Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-815	Foreword. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-815, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77,
296-150-580	Compliance. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-580, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-580, filed	296-150-820	effective 6/1/77. Definitions. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-820, filed
	2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	****	12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296-150-585	Design plan approval—Custom building. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–585, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 73–25, filed 12/3/73.	296-150-825	Officers. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–825, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296-150-590	Field erection. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-590, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-590, filed	296-150-830	Internal management. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-830, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed
	2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-835	4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Duties. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–835, filed
296-150-595	Proprietary material. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-595, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-595, filed	206 150 040	12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
204 160 400	2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296150-840	Hearings. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–840, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296-150-600	Insignia—Insignia required. [Order 71–1, § 296–150–600, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-845	Appearance and practice before the board. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–845, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by
296-150-605	Application for insignia. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-605, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-605, filed	296-150-850	Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Solicitation of business unethical. [Order 73-25, §
	2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	204 150 055	296-150-850, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296–150–606	Agreement of work completion (AWC). [Order 73-25, § 296-150-606, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296–150–855	Standards of ethical conduct. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-855, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296-150-610	Alteration or conversion. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–610, filed 12/3/73; Order 71–1, § 296–150–610, filed	296–150860	Appearance by former employee. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-860, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-
• *	2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-865	8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Former employee as expert witness. [Order 73–25, §
296-150-615	Alteration or conversion—Denial of insignia. [Order 71-1, § 296-150-615, filled 2/11/71.] Repealed by	296-150-870	296-150-865, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77. Computation of time. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-870,
296-150-620	Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.  Alteration or conversion—Insignia removal. [Order	270-130-070	filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
206 150 626	71-1, § 296-150-620, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	296-150-875	Administrative Procedure Act. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–875, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8,
296–150–625	Lost or damaged insignia. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-625, filed 12/3/73; Order 71-1, § 296-150-625, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77,		filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.
296-150-630	effective 6/1/77. Custom building. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–630, filed		Chapter 296-04 WAC
	12/3/73; Order 71-1, \$ 296-150-630, filed 2/11/71.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	INTERNA	AL RULES—STATE APPRENTICESHIP
296-150-640	Unauthorized use. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–640, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.		AND TRAINING COUNCIL
296150650	Unit identification. [Order 73-25, § 296-150-650, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77-8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	WASHI	RMATIVE ACTION PLAN OF THE INGTON STATE APPRENTICESHIP DUNCIL TO PROMOTE EQUAL
296-150-675	7/29/71, effective 6/1/77.  Components. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–675, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.	EMI APP	PLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY IN RENTICESHIP AND TRAINING
296-150-680	Components application. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–	WAC	

## **INTERNAL RULES**

296-04-001 296-04-005	Foreword.  Apprenticeship and training agreements—Proposed standards.
296-04-010	Regular meetings.

Components application. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–680, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.

Components approval. [Order 73–25, § 296–150–685, filed 12/3/73.] Repealed by Order 77–8, filed 4/29/77, effective 6/1/77.

296-150-685

296–04–015	Definitions.	296-04-130	Submission of petitions and requests. [§ XIV; filed
296-04-040	Council meetings—When held—Notice—Who may		10/11/65; § XIV, filed 2/12/65; § VIII, filed
	attend—Quorum.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.
296-04-045	Supervisor-administrator of council.		See WAC 296-04-040.
296-04-05001	Plant program defined.	296-04-140	Where matters sent. [§ XV, filed 10/11/65; § XV,
296-04-060	Officers, appointment, duties—Ex officio members.	270-04 140	filed 2/12/65; § VIII A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by
	Rules of order.		
296-04-090		006 04 150	Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–045.
296-04-105	Retroactivity.	29604150	Delegation to director of apprenticeship. [§ IX, filed
296-04-115	Amendment.		3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was
296-04-125	Rule change-procedures and forms.		omitted from "The rules and regulations of the
296-04-160	Apprenticeship committees.		Washington state apprenticeship council," filed
296-04-165	Union waiver.		2/12/65 and 10/11/65.
296-04-260	Merit awards.	29604-170	Program deviation from approved standards. [§ XVII,
296-04-270	Apprenticeship agreements—Types—Standards—		filed 10/11/65; § XVII, filed 2/12/65; § X B; filed
	Registration, review, cancellation, reregistration—		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.
	Certificate of completion.		See WAC 296-04-270.
296-04-275	Reciprocity.	296-04-180	
296-04-280	On-the-job training programs.	290-04-100	Program cancellation. [§ XVIII, filed 10/11/65; §
296-04-295	Complaint review procedure.		XVIII, filed 2/12/65; § X C, filed 3/23/60.] Re-
270-04-273	Complaint review procedure.		pealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-
	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN		04270.
296-04-300	Promulgation.	296-04-190	Effect of program cancellation. [§ XIX, filed
			10/11/65; § XIX, filed 2/12/65; § X D, filed
296-04-310	Authority.		3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.
296-04-320	Definitions.		See WAC 296-04-270.
296-04-330	Equal opportunity standards.	296-04-195	Proposed programs must conform to council stan-
296-04-340	Affirmative action plans.		dards. [§ XX, filed 10/11/65; § XX, filed 2/12/65.]
296-04-350	Selection of apprentices.		Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC
296-04-351	Employer's responsibility.		296–04–270.
296-04-360	Existing lists of eligibles and public notice.	206 04 200	
296-04-370	Records.	296-04-200	Certificates of completion. [§ XXI, filed 10/11/65; §
296-04-380	Compliance reviews,		XXI, filed 2/12/65; § XI, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed
296-04-390	Noncompliance with federal and state equal opportu-		by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-
270 04 370	nity requirements.		270.
296-04-400	Complaint procedure.	296-04-210	Construction limit of rules. [§ XII, filed 3/23/60.]
296-04-410	Adjustments in schedule for compliance review or		This section has been decodified as it was omitted
290-04-410			from "The rules and regulations of the Washington
206 04 420	complaint processing.		state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and
296-04-420	Sanctions.		10/11/65.
296-04-430	Reinstatement of program registration.	296-04-220	Director may obtain consultants. [§ XIII, filed
296–04–440	Adoption of consistent state plans.	270-04-220	3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was
296-04-460	Intimidatory or retaliatory acts.		
296-04-470	Nondiscrimination.		omitted from "The rules and regulations of the
296-04-480	Exemptions.		Washington state apprenticeship council," filed
		***	2/12/65 and 10/11/65.
DISDOSITIO	N OE SECTIONS ECOMEDIAL CODIEIED IN THIS	296-04-225	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed
DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS		Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.
DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER	296-04-225 296-04-230	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This
	CHAPTER		Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.
<b>DISPOSITIO</b> 296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ 11, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC		Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This
	CHAPTER		Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state
	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ 11, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC	296-04-230	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.
	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ 11, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it		Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited.
	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ 11, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed	296-04-230	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; §
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ 11, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.	296-04-230	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3,
	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65;	296-04-230 296-04-240	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.]	296-04-230	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.  Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; §
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC	296-04-230 296-04-240	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.  Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160.
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI,	296-04-230 296-04-240	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Or-	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72;
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed
296-04-020	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII,	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 1/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII,	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 1/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2),
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010.
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060. Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060. Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority:
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30),
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080 296-04-100	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 1/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 1/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Author-
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080 296-04-100	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296–04–030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490 296-04-500	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080 296-04-100	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296–04–030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprentice-	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-100 296-04-110	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprentice-ship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490 296-04-500	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-080 296-04-100	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprentice-ship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Duration of and change of policies. [§ VII, filed	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490 296-04-500	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–501,
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-100 296-04-110	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Executive meetings. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § II A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040.  Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060.  Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71.  Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65.  Duration of and change of policies. [§ VII, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490 296-04-500	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04–160.  Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010.  Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–501, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–
296-04-020 296-04-030 296-04-050 296-04-070 296-04-100 296-04-110	CHAPTER  Special meetings. [§ II, filed 3/23/60.] See WAC 296-04-030(1). This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. [§§ III and IV, filed 10/11/65; §§ III and IV, filed 2/12/65; § III A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-040. Minutes of meetings. [§ VI, filed 10/11/65; § VI, filed 2/12/65; § IV, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060. Ex officio members. [§ VIII, filed 10/11/65; § VIII, filed 2/12/65; § V A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060. Agencies consulted. [§ IX, filed 10/11/65; § IX, filed 2/12/65; § V B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296-04-060. Official action. [§ XI, filed 10/11/65; § XI, filed 2/12/65; § VI A, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71-3, filed 3/25/71. Interim action. [§ VI B, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprentice-ship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Duration of and change of policies. [§ VII, filed	296-04-230 296-04-240 296-04-250 296-04-290 296-04-490 296-04-500	Consultants. [§ XXII, filed 10/11/65; § XXII, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Role of consultants. [§ XIV A, filed 3/23/60.] This section has been decodified as it was omitted from "The rules and regulations of the Washington state apprenticeship council," filed 2/12/65 and 10/11/65. Dissemination of information by consultants limited. [§ XXIII, filed 10/11/65; § XXIII, filed 2/12/65; § XIV B, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. Signatures accepted. [§ XXIV, filed 10/11/65; § XXIV, filed 2/12/65.] Repealed by Order 71–3, filed 3/25/71. See WAC 296–04–160. Appeal procedure. [Order 76–4, § 296–04–290, filed 1/20/76; Order 72–18, § 296–04–290, filed 11/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–290, filed 3/25/71.] Repealed by 79–09–003 (Order 79–13), filed 8/2/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Appeal. [Order 71–13, § 296–04–490, filed 10/28/71.] Repealed by 80–03–004 (Order 80–2), filed 2/8/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–500, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82–22–042 (Order 82–30), § 296–04–501, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84–04–024 (Order 84–1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.
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3. 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-502, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84-04-024 (Order 84-1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.

296-04-503

Registration fees for apprenticeship and training standards—Limitation on fees. [Statutory Authority: 1982 ist ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-503, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84-04-024 (Order 84-1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.

Registration fees—Application to existing apprenticeship and training agreements and standards. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3, 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-504, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84-04-024 (Order 84-1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.

Registration fees for apprenticeship and training

agreements and standards—Effect of failure to make timely payment. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-505, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84-04-024 (Order 84-1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90. Registration fees for apprenticeship and training agreements and standards—Mailing address. [Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-506, filed 10/29/82.] Repealed by 84-04-024 (Order 84-1), filed 1/25/84. Statutory Authority: 1983 c 90.

## INTERNAL RULES

WAC 296-04-001 Foreword. The Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Act, RCW 49.04.010 – 49.04.910, establishes the council and its administrative arm, the apprenticeship and training division of the department of labor and industries. The intention of the council and department in promulgating and adopting these rules is to establish a uniform procedure to be followed by state and local apprenticeship and training committees in presenting matters to the state apprenticeship and training council and further to establish standards by which the council can operate to effectuate its statutory obligations set forth in the apprenticeship act.

All policies and rules of the council are designed to strengthen apprenticeship and training in the state of Washington, as well as to explain related factors established under existing state and federal laws. The council, as the responsible legislative organ governing apprenticeship and training, requests the cooperation and assistance of all interested persons, organizations, and agencies functioning within the framework of the rules and regulations.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-001, filed 3/25/71; Foreword, filed 10/11/65, filed 2/12/65, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-04-005 Apprenticeship and training agreements—Proposed standards. The Washington state apprenticeship and training council is the body responsible for matters concerning apprenticeship and training in the state of Washington. The principal function of the council is to approve and register apprenticeship and training agreements. Persons or organizations desiring to institute an apprenticeship or training program must first prepare proposed standards which conform to these rules and to RCW 49.04.050. The standards must also include the composition of and general rules for the

committee which will administer the program. The supervisor, or Washington state apprenticeship coordinators, are available to give assistance in this task.

These standards, which will be either a plant program or committee program as defined herein, must then be presented to the supervisor at least 45 days before the regular meeting at which the council will be requested to consider such proposed standards. The standards proposed will then be discussed by the council and approved, disapproved, or approved subject to enumerated changes. The council, at its meetings, will allow changes made for clerical errors and additions of standard approved language deleted from the proposed standard if authorized representatives of all concerned are present and authorized to accept changes. The council will not accept changes at its meetings in the format or language not deemed standard by the council.

The committee thus set up then begins functioning. Its duties are to run the day to day operations of the apprenticeship and training program. It is charged with operating the program in accordance with the standards as approved by the council. It is charged with accepting or rejecting applicants for apprenticeship or training, registering accepted applicants as apprentices or trainees with the supervisor of apprenticeship and training, removing apprentices or trainees from the program in accordance with the standards and informing the supervisor of any matters which affect the standing of individuals as apprentices or trainees. Persons not registered with the supervisor as apprentices or trainees cannot be recognized as apprentices or trainees by the council.

The supervisor and his staff may be consulted on any matters concerning apprenticeship and training, and they will provide any information concerning apprenticeship training which is available to them. They are also required to investigate any discrepancies between the actual and required operation of any program and conduct systematic reviews of the operation of all programs. The supervisor may recommend cancellation of any program which is not operated in accordance with its approved standards after notice of violation is given in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-04-270(3).

The supervisor and the council will act to assist in the resolution of any complaints against local committees, or other organizations administering apprenticeship agreements, by any apprentices who have completed their probationary period, as provided in WAC 296-04-295.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.04 RCW. 85-22-035 (Order 85-31), § 296-04-005, filed 11/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 80-03-004 (Order 80-2), § 296-04-005, filed 2/8/80; Order 71-3, § 296-04-005, filed 3/25/71.]

WAC 296-04-010 Regular meetings. The council shall hold regular (quarterly) business meetings at such locations and times within the state, that will best serve apprenticeship. Notice of meetings, when called by the chairman, shall be sent to all council members, ex officio members, approved joint apprenticeship committees, and may be sent to such other person, persons, organizations

or agency whose presence is desired, thirty days prior to such meetings.

[§ II, filed 10/11/65; § II, filed 2/12/65; § 1, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-04-015 Definitions. Whenever in these rules and regulations, the following words shall have these meanings:
- (1) "Council" shall mean the Washington state apprenticeship and training council established pursuant to RCW 49.04.010.
- (2) The words "apprenticeship committee" shall mean a state or local joint apprenticeship committee established pursuant to RCW 49.04.040 and/or a committee administering a plant program.
- (3) The words "regular meeting" shall mean a public meeting of the council as described in WAC 296-04-040(1).
- (4) The term "special meeting" shall mean a public meeting of the council as described in WAC 296-04-040(2).
- (5) The word "supervisor" shall mean the supervisor of apprenticeship and training appointed pursuant to RCW 49.04.030.
- (6) The term "agreement" shall mean an apprenticeship agreement and/or training agreement.
- (7) The term "plant program" is defined in WAC 296-04-050.
- (8) The term "individual agreement" shall mean a written agreement between an apprentice and/or trainee and either his employer or an apprenticeship committee acting as agent for the employer.
- (9) The term "committee program" shall mean an apprenticeship agreement described in WAC 296-04-270 (1)(a).
- (10) The term "on-the-job training program" shall mean a program described in WAC 296-04-280.
- (11) The term "trainee" shall mean a person registered with the supervisor pursuant to WAC 296-04-270 or 296-04-280.
- (12) The term "apprentice" shall mean a person registered with the supervisor pursuant to an apprenticeship training program pursuant to WAC 296-04-270 for purposes of chapter 49.04 RCW and these rules.
- (13) The term "standards" shall mean a written agreement setting forth a plan containing all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices, as further defined in RCW 49.04.050.
- (14) The term "registration" shall mean the maintenance of records of apprenticeship and training agreements and of apprenticeship and training standards.
- (15) The term "sponsor" shall mean any plant, firm, facility, association, committee, or organization operating an apprenticeship and training program and in whose name the program is registered or is to be registered.
- (16) The term "department" shall mean the department of labor and industries.

[Statutory Authority: 1982 1st ex.s. c 39 §§ 1, 3. 82-22-042 (Order 82-30), § 296-04-015, filed 10/29/82. Statutory Authority: RCW

49.04.010. 80-03-004 (Order 80-2), § 296-04-015, filed 2/8/80; Order 76-4, § 296-04-015, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-13, § 296-04-015, filed 10/28/71; Order 71-3, § 296-04-015, filed 3/25/71; § I, filed 10/11/65; § I, filed 2/12/65.]

- WAC 296-04-040 Council meetings—When held—Notice—Who may attend—Quorum. Council meetings shall be of two kinds—regular and special meetings.
- (1) Regular meetings. Regular meetings of the council shall be held at least quarterly during each year beginning on the third Thursday of the months of January, April, July and October. Such regular meetings shall be held at such locations within the state of Washington which in the opinion of the council will best promote the purposes of the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Act. All meetings of the council shall be open to the general public, and all actions, transaction of official business of the council, collective decision, commitment or promise, and all collective discussion, acquisition and exchange of facts in the course of deliberation prior to any action of the council shall only be made in meetings open to the public consistent with the provisions of the Open Public Meetings Act of 1971 (chapter 250, Laws of 1971 1st ex. sess.) and chapter 34.04 RCW. No member of the general public will be required as a condition upon attending any council meeting to register his name or give any other information or to fulfill any condition precedent to his attendance at council meetings. Notice of such meetings shall be given to all approved committees and may be given to any persons, organizations, or agencies at the direction of the council, or any member thereof, and in addition shall be given to any newspaper, news service, television or radio station which has requested to be notified of council meetings. Committee programs, plant programs, or amendments thereto, may be approved or disapproved only at regular meetings.
- (2) Special meetings. Special meetings of the council may be called by the chairman or by majority of the council members by delivering personally or by mail written notice to each member of the council and all approved joint apprenticeship and training committees and to each newspaper of general circulation, television or radio station which has on file with the council or the supervisor a request to be notified of such special meeting of the council, which shall be ineffective unless it sets forth the date, time and location of the meeting and specifies the business to be transacted by the council at such special meeting. Final disposition may not be made of any matter at such special meeting other than specified in the notice of such special meeting. Special meetings shall be open to the general public to the same extent as the quarterly regular meetings of the council. Notice of special meetings must be delivered personally or by mail at least twenty-four hours before the time specified in the notice of such special meeting, except in the case of rule changes pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW which must be at least 20 days before the time specified in the notice.
- (3) Notice of council meetings. Notice of each quarterly regular meeting of the council shall be given to all

council members by the supervisor at least 20 days before the date set for the meeting and in addition shall give notice to such other persons and organizations as specified in subsection (1) of this section.

- (4) Notice of special meetings of the apprenticeship council. Notice of special meetings of the council may be given by the supervisor at the request of the chairman or the majority of the members of the council in the manner and form specified in subsection (2) of this section. If such notices are not given, no action taken by the council shall be effective at such meetings unless each regular council member at such meeting, or prior thereto, gives a written waiver of notice of such meeting to be filed by the supervisor and the notice shall be deemed to be waived by any member who is present at the meeting at the time it convenes. *Provided*, That rule change may not be made at such special meeting unless the requirements of chapter 34.04 RCW have been complied with.
- (5) Submission of petitions or requests. The council will not act upon any petition or request which is addressed to the council unless such a petition or request is submitted in writing to the supervisor at least 45 days prior to the date of such quarterly regular meeting, and any petitions or requests not submitted 45 days prior to such quarterly meeting shall be deferred to the next quarterly regular meeting of the council and the petitioner shall be so notified by the supervisor.
- (6) Quorum. Two-thirds of the council members entitled to vote shall be considered a quorum.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.04 RCW. 85-22-035 (Order 85-31), § 296-04-040, filed 11/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 79-03-023 (Order 79-3), § 296-04-040, filed 2/22/79; Order 72-8, § 296-04-040, filed 6/8/72; Order 71-3, § 296-04-040, filed 3/25/71; § V, filed 10/11/65; § V, filed 2/12/65; § III, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-04-045 Supervisor-administrator of council. The supervisor shall be the administrator of the council. He shall perform the duties listed in RCW 49-04.030 and, in addition, he shall register all agreements conforming to WAC 296-04-270 in his office, review programs and their operation, and recommend cancellation of any committee program, or plant program previously registered which is not operated in conformity with its agreement. All documents concerning apprenticeship or training agreements, their revision or any other matters affecting apprenticeship or training shall be sent to him. Such documents may be addressed to: Supervisor of Apprenticeship and Training, Department of Labor and Industries, Olympia, Washington.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-045, filed 3/25/71.]

WAC 296-04-05001 Plant program defined. For the purpose of these rules a "plant program," over which the council will assume jurisdiction and serve as a joint apprenticeship and training committee, pursuant to the authority of RCW 49.04.040, means: An apprenticeship agreement or agreements with an employer which conforms in form and substance with the applicable provisions of these rules and chapter 49.04 RCW in an

apprenticeable trade, craft or occupation in which a major portion of the work to be performed by the apprentice for such employer is within a geographical area not served by an approved local joint apprenticeship and training committee. The apprenticeship agreement must specify the number of required hours for completion of apprenticeship, which must equal or exceed the average number of hours for such trade, craft or occupation within this state, which in any event shall not be less than 2,000 hours of reasonably continuous employment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 80-03-004 (Order 80-2), § 296-04-050 (codified as WAC 296-04-05001), filed 1/8/80; Order 72-18, § 296-04-050, filed 11/8/72.]

WAC 296-04-060 Officers, appointment, duties— Ex officio members. The officers of the council shall be a chairman, vice chairman, and secretary.

- (1) Chairman and vice chairman.
- (a) The chairman and vice chairman shall be elected by majority vote of the council members present and voting at the quarterly business meeting nearest to the month of June in each odd-numbered year. They shall hold office for a term of two years and until their successors are elected, or until their death or resignation.
- (b) The chairman shall preside over all meetings, conducting them in accordance with Robert's Rules of Order as modified by these rules and regulations. He may vote in all matters before the council as a regular member and may participate in discussion of all matters before the council. He shall have such other powers and duties as are now or hereafter provided in these rules and regulations and as are usual or necessary to chairmen, as provided in Robert's Rules of Order.
- (c) The vice chairman shall preside over all council meetings in the absence of the chairman. He shall have all of the powers and duties of chairman when he is so presiding.
  - (2) Secretary:
- (a) The supervisor shall be the secretary of the council. He shall hold the office of secretary during his tenure as supervisor.
- (b) The secretary shall, with the assistance of a recording secretary, keep minutes of all special and regular meetings. He shall keep a copy of the minutes of all regular and special meetings on file in his office as supervisor. He shall forward copies of minutes of all meetings to all regular and ex officio members of the council and shall make copies of the minutes of all meetings available to the public upon written request. He shall have other powers and duties as are provided in these rules and regulations and as are usually or necessarily concomitant with the office of secretary.
- (3) Ex officio members of the council shall have the full right to participate in discussion of any matters before the council. They shall have no vote.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.04 RCW. 85-22-035 (Order 85-31), § 296-04-060, filed 11/1/85; Order 76-4, § 296-04-060, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-3, § 296-04-060, filed 3/25/71; § VII, filed 10/11/65; § VII, filed 2/12/65; § V, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-04-090 Rules of order. Robert's Rules of Order shall prevail at all meetings unless otherwise provided for by these rules.

[§ X, filed 10/11/65; § X, filed 2/12/65; § VI, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-04-105 Retroactivity. The council may make any action or decision which it takes retroactive to the date of the previous business session.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-105, filed 3/25/71; § XII, filed 10/11/65; § XII, filed 2/12/65.]

WAC 296-04-115 Amendment. These rules and regulations may be amended by a two-thirds majority of regular council members. All council members, the supervisor, the committees and any other interested persons shall be promptly notified of any changes in writing. Such amendments shall be promulgated in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 34 RCW.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-115, filed 3/25/71; § XIII, filed 10/11/65; § XIII, filed 2/12/65.]

WAC 296-04-125 Rule change-procedures and forms. The procedure and form for petitions requesting the making, amendment, or repeal of a rule are set forth in WAC 296-08-540, 296-08-550, 296-08-560, 296-08-570 and 296-08-590(2). The procedure and form for requests for declaratory rulings are set forth in WAC 296-08-580, 296-08-590(1). Such petitions and requests shall be addressed to the Washington state apprenticeship and training council and mailed to the supervisor of apprenticeship and training at his address hereinbefore in WAC 296-04-045 stated.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-125, filed 3/25/71.]

WAC 296-04-160 Apprenticeship committees. Apprenticeship committees shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of RCW 49.04.040. Such committees shall have the duties prescribed by statute, these rules and the approved standards under which they operate. Committees shall function, administrate or relinquish authority only with the consent of the council. On any petition addressed to the council or the supervisor, only the signature of the elected chairman and secretary of the committee shall be accepted unless the apprenticeship committee has petitioned the council to recognize and accept the signature of another person. Such a petition must be signed by a quorum of the members of the petitioning apprenticeship committee. It is the council's view that joint apprenticeship and training committees are not state agencies but rather only quasi-public entities performing services jointly for management and labor by assistance to the apprenticeship program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78–12–022 (Order 78–21), § 296–04–160, filed 11/14/78; Order 76–4, § 296–04–160, filed 2/20/76; Order 72–8, § 296–04–160, filed 6/8/72; Order 71–3, § 296–04–160, filed 3/25/71; § XVI, filed 10/11/65; § XVI, filed 2/12/65; § X A, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-04-165 Union waiver. (1) Under a program proposed for registration by an employer or employers' association, and where the standards, collective bargaining agreement or other instrument, provides for participation by a union in any manner in the operation of the substantive matters of the apprenticeship program, and such participation is exercised, written acknowledgement of union agreement or "no objection" to the registration is required. Where no such participation is evidenced and practiced, the employer or employers' association shall simultaneously furnish to the union, if any, which is the collective bargaining agent of the employees to be trained, a copy of its application for registration and of the apprenticeship program. The registration agency shall provide a reasonable time period of not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days for receipt of union comments, if any, before final action on the application for registration and/or approval.

(2) Where the employees to be trained have no collective bargaining agent, an apprenticeship program may be proposed for registration by an employer or group of employers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-022 (Order 78-21), § 296-04-165, filed 11/14/78.]

WAC 296-04-260 Merit awards. The supervisor, with the approval of the council, may issue awards for meritorious service to persons who have given at least five years of continuous service to the apprenticeship and training program of this state.

[Order 71-3, § 296-04-260, filed 3/25/71; § XXV, filed 10/11/65; § XXV, filed 2/12/65.]

WAC 296-04-270 Apprenticeship agreements—Types—Standards—Registration, review, cancellation, reregistration—Certificate of completion. (1) The following apprenticeship agreements shall be recognized pursuant to RCW 49.04.060:

- (a) A written agreement between an association of employers and an organization of employees describing the conditions of training for apprentices.
- (b) A written statement of an employer or a written agreement between an employer and an employee organization describing the conditions of training apprentices. The former agreement shall be recognized only if there is no bona fide employee organization in the plant affected by the agreement.
- (c) A written agreement between an employer and an individual apprentice describing the conditions of apprenticeship.
- (2) Apprenticeship agreements shall conform to the following standards:
- (a) Committee programs, plant programs, and onthe-job training programs must contain the provisions required by RCW 49.04.050 and, in addition, shall contain:
- (i) Provision for nondiscrimination in the selection of apprentices in substantially the following form:

Each sponsor of an apprenticeship program shall include in its standards the following equal opportunity pledge: "The recruitment, selection, employment and

training of apprentices during their apprenticeship shall be without discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex. The sponsor will take affirmative action to provide equal opportunity in apprenticeship and will operate the apprenticeship program as required by the rules of the Washington state apprenticeship and training council and Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations."

(ii) Provision that there shall be no discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, or national origin after selection during all phases of employment during

apprenticeship.

- (iii) Provision that adequate records of the selection process must be kept for a period of at least five years and will be made available to the council or its designated representative on request. Such records must include a brief summary of any interviews and the conclusions reached on each of the specific factors which are part of the total judgment concerning each applicant.
- (iv) Provision for local committee rules and regulations consistent with these rules and the applicable apprenticeship agreement.
- (b) Any proposed standards for apprenticeship must be substantially similar to any standards for apprenticeship already approved by the council for the industry, craft or trade in question to the end that there is general statewide uniformity of such standards in each industry, trade or craft.
- (c) The statement of the progressively increasing scale of wages, RCW 49.04.050(5), shall provide for a set percentage of a specified journeyman wage. In no event shall the specified journeyman wage from which the apprentice's percentages are computed fall below eighty percent of the established prevailing basic wage computed by the industrial statistician of the department of labor and industries pursuant to chapter 39.12 RCW. Where the department of labor and industries has not computed such a prevailing basic wage, the prevailing basic wage for the craft for the area set by the United States Department of Labor pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act, 40 USC § 276, may be used.
- (d) A sample apprenticeship agreement which the council approves is available on request from the supervisor.
  - (3) Registration, review, cancellation, reregistration.
- (a) All individual agreements shall be registered with the supervisor and subject to his approval.
- (b) The supervisor and his staff, in the performance of their field work, shall conduct a systematic review of all plant and committee programs and shall take appropriate action, including recommendation of cancellation, when they find that any program is not being operated according to these rules and regulations or according to its applicable standards.
- (c) When any program is found to be operating in a manner inconsistent with or contrary to these rules and regulations or its established plant or committee program, the supervisor shall notify the offending committee, person, firm or agency of the violation. If the

supervisor does not receive notice, within 60 days, of action taken to correct such violations, the supervisor may take whatever action he deems necessary, including recommendation of cancellation of the apprenticeship or training program and agreement to the council.

- (d) If the supervisor deems it necessary to recommend cancellation of an apprenticeship or training program, he shall do so in writing to each council member, stating in detail the reasons for his recommendation. A copy of said recommendation shall be mailed to the last known address of each member of the committee administering said program, or to those persons responsible for said program, together with notice that the council shall consider the recommendation at its next regularly scheduled meeting more than 30 days subsequent to the date of the recommendation and that all interested persons may present evidence or testimony regarding said recommendation. The council shall decide the question before it upon majority vote of the members present and voting and shall notify all interested parties of its decision, together with the reasons for it, in writing.
- (e) The cancellation of any program or agreement shall automatically effect a cancellation of any agreement registered thereunder, provided that any organization or firm not responsible for the violations causing the cancellation may petition the council for approval of such cancelled agreement or program as a new program.
- (f) Certificates of completion shall be issued at the request of the appropriate committee. An affidavit of the secretary of the committee concerned shall accompany the request, which affidavit shall state that the apprentice has successfully completed the apprenticeship program of that committee, and that he has been an active, registered participant of that committee's program for at least six months.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.050. 87-01-046 (Order 86-43), § 296-04-270, filed 12/15/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 80-03-004 (Order 80-2), § 296-04-270, filed 2/8/80; Order 76-4, § 296-04-270, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-3, § 296-04-270, filed 3/25/71; § XXVI, filed 10/11/65; § XXVI, filed 2/12/65.]

WAC 296-04-275 Reciprocity. Apprenticeship programs and standards of employers and unions in other than the building and construction industry, which jointly form a sponsoring entity on a multistate basis and are registered pursuant to all requirements of Title 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 29, as adopted February 15, 1977 by any recognized state apprenticeship agency/council or by the bureau of apprenticeship and training, U.S. Department of Labor, shall be accorded approval reciprocity by the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, if such reciprocity is requested by the sponsoring entity.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-022 (Order 78-21), § 296-04-275, filed 11/14/78; 78-09-056 (Order 78-13), § 296-04-275, filed 8/22/78.]

WAC 296-04-280 On-the-job training programs. (1) Training programs may be set up in the same manner as apprenticeship programs, with any exceptions authorized by the council provided that no on-the-job training program shall be established or authorized

where there is a parallel apprenticeship program in existence. A training program shall be any program which requires 4,000 or less hours of employment for completion. All of these rules shall apply to them as to apprenticeship agreements and programs, except that they will be approved by the supervisor subject to the review of the council.

(2) A pattern standard for a trainee program is available from the supervisor on request.

[Order 76-4, § 296-04-280, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-3, § 296-04-280, filed 3/25/71.]

WAC 296-04-295 Complaint review procedure. (1) Any controversy or difference that cannot be resolved to the satisfaction of the parties by the local committee or other organization administering the agreement may be submitted by any apprentice who has completed his or her probationary period to the apprenticeship division for resolution.

- (a) The apprentice shall request the local committee or other organization to reconsider any action that is the basis for the complaint within 30 days of the action. The local committee or other organization shall, within 30 days, provide a written notification of its decision on the request for reconsideration to the apprentice and this notification shall be considered the final action of the committee. The apprentice shall submit a written complaint describing the controversy to the supervisor of the apprenticeship division within 30 days of the final action taken on the matter by the local committee or other organization.
- (b) The written complaint shall set out the specific matter(s) complained of and the facts and circumstances relevant to the complaint. Any documents or correspondence relevant to the complaint shall be attached to the complaint. The apprentice shall send a copy of the complaint to the interested local committee or other organization.
- (c) Any controversy that involves matters covered by a collective bargaining agreement are not subject to the complaint review procedure established by this rule.
- (2) Upon receipt of a complaint from an apprentice, the supervisor of the apprenticeship division shall investigate the controversy.
- (a) The supervisor shall have 30 working days within which to complete the investigation. During the investigation, the supervisor shall attempt to effect a settlement of the controversy between the parties. If the controversy is not settled during the investigation, the supervisor, at the conclusion of the investigation shall issue a written decision resolving the controversy.
- (b) The apprentice and the local committee or other organization shall fully cooperate with the supervisor during the investigation by providing any information or documents requested by the supervisor.
- (c) The supervisor may, in his or her discretion, delegate the investigation of a complaint by an apprentice to any employee of the apprenticeship division.
- (3) If the apprentice, local committee or other organization is dissatisfied with the decision of the supervisor,

the dissatisfied party may request the apprenticeship council to review the decision.

- (a) The request shall be made to the council in writing within 30 days of the issuance of the supervisor's decision and shall specify the reasons that the review is requested. The party requesting review shall provide a copy of the request to the other parties to the controversy.
- (b) The council shall conduct an informal hearing to consider the request for review of the supervisor's decision. The hearing shall be held in conjunction with the council's regular quarterly meeting unless special circumstances require a hearing at a different time.
- (i) At the informal hearing, the council shall review the decision issued by the supervisor and all records of the investigation. The council may also accept testimony or documents from any person, including the supervisor and his or her staff, who has knowledge relating to the controversy.
- (ii) Parties at the informal hearing may be represented by counsel and may, at the council's discretion, present argument concerning the controversy. The council shall not apply formal rules of evidence.
- (iii) After the informal hearing, the council shall issue a written decision resolving the controversy within 30 days. The decision of the council may be to affirm the decision of the supervisor and in that case the decision of the supervisor becomes the decision of the council. All parties to the informal hearing shall be sent a copy of the council's decision. The chairman may sign the decision for the council.
- (4) The investigation or review of any controversy under this rule by the supervisor or the council shall not suspend any action taken or decision made by the local committee or other organization pending the issuance of a decision resolving the matter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 80-03-004 (Order 80-2), § 296-04-295, filed 2/8/80; 79-09-003 (Order 79-13), § 296-04-295, filed 8/2/79.]

### AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

WAC 296-04-300 Promulgation. WAC 296-04-300 through 296-04-480 of this chapter sets forth the affirmative action plan of the Washington state apprenticeship and training council and establishes the policies and procedures to promote equality of opportunity in apprenticeship programs approved by the Washington state apprenticeship and training council and are adopted in accordance with the provisions of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations as amended and promulgated by the United States Department of Labor. These policies and procedures apply to the recruitment and selection of apprentices, and to all conditions of employment and training during apprenticeship; and the procedures established provide for review of apprenticeship programs, for registering apprenticeship programs, for processing complaints, and for deregistering noncomplying apprenticeship programs. These policies and procedures also provide for continued or withdrawal of recognition of apprenticeship programs.

The purpose of the following sections is to promote equality of opportunity in apprenticeship by prohibiting discrimination based on race, color, religion, national origin, or sex in apprenticeship programs, by requiring affirmative action to provide equal opportunity in such apprenticeship programs, and by coordinating these policies and procedures with other equal opportunity programs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78–12–021 (Order 78–20), § 296–04–300, filed 11/14/78; Order 77–3, § 296–04–300, filed 1/25/77; Order 71–13, § 296–04–300, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-310 Authority. The authority for the implementation and adoption of these rules and policies and procedures hereinafter set forth affecting the approval and registration of an apprenticeship program is vested in the Washington state apprenticeship council in accordance with the provisions of RCW 49.04.010 through 49.04.910.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-310, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-320 Definitions. For the purpose of the interpretation of WAC 296-04-300 through 296-04-480, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Council" shall mean the Washington state apprenticeship and training council established pursuant to RCW 49.04.010.
- (2) "Department" shall mean the United States Department of Labor.
- (3) "Supervisor" shall mean the supervisor of apprenticeship and training appointed pursuant to RCW 49.04.030.
- (4) "Employer" means any person or organization employing an apprentice whether or not the apprentice is enrolled with such person or organization or with some other person or organization.
- (5) "Apprenticeship program" means a program registered and approved by the Washington state apprenticeship council as meeting the standards of the council for apprenticeship.
- (6) "Sponsor" means any person or organization operating an apprenticeship program irrespective of whether such person or organization is an employer.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-320, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-330 Equal opportunity standards. Obligations of sponsors. Each sponsor of an apprentice-ship program shall:

- (1) Recruit, select, employ and train apprentices during their apprenticeship, without discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex; and
- (2) Uniformly apply rules and regulations concerning apprentices, including but not limited to, equality of wages, periodic advancement, promotion, assignment of work, job performance, rotation among all work processes of the trade, imposition of penalties or other disciplinary action, and all other aspects of the apprenticeship program administered by the program sponsors; and

- (3) Take affirmative action to provide equal opportunity in apprenticeship, including adoption of an affirmative action plan as required by the provisions of WAC 296-04-340.
- (4) Equal opportunity pledge. Each sponsor of an apprenticeship program shall include in its standards the following equal opportunity pledge: "The recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices during their apprenticeship shall be without discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex. The sponsor will take affirmative action to provide equal opportunity in apprenticeship and will operate the apprenticeship program as required by the rules of the Washington state apprenticeship and training council and Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations."
- (5) Programs presently registered. Each sponsor of a program registered with the council as of the effective date of these rules shall within 90 days following that effective date take the following action:
- (a) Include in the standards of its apprenticeship program the equal opportunity pledge prescribed by subsection (4) of this section; and
- (b) Adopt an affirmative action plan as required by WAC 296-04-340; and
- (c) Adopt a selection procedure as required by WAC 296-04-350. A sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350 (2), (3) or (4), shall prepare and have available for submission upon request, copies of its amended standards, affirmative action plans, and selection procedure. A sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350(5) shall submit to the council copies of its standards, affirmative action plan, and selection procedure in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-04-350 (5)(a).
- (6) Sponsors seeking new registration. A sponsor of a program seeking new registration and approval of the council shall submit copies of its proposed standards, affirmative action plan, selection procedures, and such other information as may be required. The program shall be registered and approved [and] [if] such standards, affirmative action plan, and selection procedure meet the requirements of these rules.
- (7) Programs subject to approved equal employment opportunity programs. A sponsor shall not be required to adopt an affirmative action plan under WAC 296-04-340, or a selection procedure under WAC 296-04-350, if it submits to the council satisfactory evidence that it is in compliance with an equal employment opportunity program providing for the selection of apprentices and for affirmative action in apprenticeship including goals and timetables for women and minorities which has been approved as meeting the requirements of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 2000e, et seq.) and its implementing regulations published in Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter XIV, or Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations at Title 41 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 60: Provided, That programs approved, modified or renewed subsequent to the effective date of this amendment will qualify for this

exception only if the goals and timetables for minorities and women for the selection of apprentices provided for in such programs are equal to or greater than the goals required under this part.

(8) Program with fewer than five apprentices. A sponsor of a program in which fewer than five apprentices are indentured shall not be required to adopt an affirmative action plan under WAC 296-04-340, or a selection procedure under WAC 296-04-350: Provided, That such program was not adopted to circumvent the requirements of this part.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-330, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-330, filed 10/28/71.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-04-340 Affirmative action plans. (1) Adoption of a sponsor's commitment to equal opportunity in recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices shall include the adoption of a written affirmative action plan.

- (2) Definition of affirmative action. Affirmative action is not mere passive nondiscrimination. It includes procedures, methods and programs for the identification, positive recruitment, training, and motivation of present and potential minority and female (minority and nonminority) apprentices including the establishment of goals and timetables. It is action which will equalize opportunity in apprenticeship so as to allow full utilization of the work potential of minorities and women. The overall result to be sought is equal opportunity in apprenticeship for all individuals participating in or seeking entrance to the labor force of this state.
- (3) Outreach and positive recruitment. An acceptable affirmative action plan must also include adequate provisions for outreach and positive recruitment that would reasonably be expected to increase minority and female participation in apprenticeship by expanding the opportunity of minorities and women to become eligible for apprenticeship selection. In order to achieve these objectives, sponsors shall undertake activities such as those listed below. It is not contemplated that each sponsor necessarily will include all of the listed activities in its affirmative action program. The scope of the affirmative action program will depend on all the circumstances including the size and type of the program and its resources. However, the sponsor will be required to undertake a significant number of appropriate activities in order to enable it to meet its obligations under these rules. The affirmative action plan shall set forth the specific steps the sponsor intends to take in the areas listed below. Whenever special circumstances warrant, the council may provide from any funds made available to it for such purpose, such financial or other assistance it deems necessary to implement the requirements of this paragraph.
- (a) Dissemination of information concerning the nature of apprenticeship, requirements for admission to

apprenticeship, availability of apprenticeship opportunities, sources of apprenticeship applications, and the equal opportunity policy of the sponsor. For programs accepting applications only at specified intervals, such information shall be disseminated at least 30 days in advance of the earliest date for application at each interval. For programs customarily receiving applications throughout the year, such information shall be regularly disseminated, but not less than semiannually. Such information shall be given to the council, local schools, employment service offices, women's centers, outreach programs and community organizations which can effectively reach minorities and women and shall be published in newspapers which are circulated in the minority community and among women as well as the general areas in which the program sponsor operates.

- (b) Participate in any workshops conducted by employment service agencies for the purpose of familiarizing school, employment service and other appropriate personnel with the apprenticeship system and current opportunities therein.
- (c) Cooperation with the local school boards and vocational education systems to develop programs for preparing students to meet the standards and criteria required to qualify for entry into apprenticeship programs.
- (d) Internal communication of the sponsor's equal opportunity policy in such a manner as to foster understanding, acceptance, and support among the sponsor's various officers, supervisors, employees, and members and to encourage such persons to take the necessary action to aid the sponsor in meeting its obligations under these rules.
- (e) Engaging in such programs as outreach for the positive recruitment and preparation of potential applicants for apprenticeship; where appropriate and feasible, such programs shall provide for pretesting experience and training. If no programs are in existence, the sponsor shall seek to initiate these programs, or, when available, to obtain financial assistance from the council. In initiating and conducting these programs, the sponsor may be required to work with other sponsors and appropriate community organizations. The sponsor shall also initiate programs to prepare women and encourage women to enter traditionally male programs.
- (f) To encourage the establishment and utilization of programs of preapprenticeship, preparatory trade training, or others designed to afford related work experience or to prepare candidates for apprenticeship, a sponsor shall make appropriate provision in its affirmative action plan to assure that those who complete such programs are afforded full and equal opportunity for admission into the apprenticeship program.
- (g) Utilization of journeymen to assist in the implementation of the sponsor's affirmative action program.
- (h) Granting advance standing or credit on the basis of previously acquired experience, training, skills, or aptitude for all applicants equally.
- (i) Admitting to apprenticeship persons whose age exceeds the maximum age for admission to the program,

where such action is necessary to assist the sponsor in achieving its affirmative action obligations.

- (j) Appropriate action as to ensure that the recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices during apprenticeship, shall be without discrimination because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex; such as: General publication of apprenticeship opportunities and advantages in advertisements, industry reports, articles, etc.; use of present minority and female apprentices and journeymen as recruiters; career counseling; periodic auditing of affirmative action programs and activities; and development of reasonable procedures between the sponsor and the employers of apprentices to ensure that equal employment opportunity is being granted including reporting systems, on site reviews, briefing sessions, etc. The affirmative action programs shall set forth the specific steps the sponsors intend to take in the above areas under this subsection (3). Whenever special circumstances warrant, the council may provide such financial or other assistance from funds available to it for that purpose, as it deems necessary to implement the above requirements.
  - (4) Goals and timetables.
- (a) A sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350 (2) or (3), which determines on the basis of analysis described in subdivision (e) that it has deficiencies in terms of underutilization of minorities and/or women (minority and nonminority) in the craft or crafts represented by the program shall include in its affirmative action plan percentage goals and timetables for the admission of minority and/or female (minority and nonminority) applicants into the eligibility pool.
- (b) A sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350 (4) or (5), which determines on the basis of the analysis described in subdivision (e) that it has deficiencies in terms of the underutilization of the minorities and/or women in the craft or crafts represented by the program shall include in its affirmative action plan percentage goals and timetables for the selection of minority and female (minority and nonminority) applicants for the apprenticeship program.
- (c) "Underutilization" as used in this subsection refers to the situation where there are fewer minorities and/or women (minority and nonminority) in the particular craft or crafts represented by the program than would reasonably be expected in view of an analysis of the specific factors in subdivision (e) of this section. Where, on the basis of the analysis, the sponsor determines that it has no deficiencies, no goals and timetables need be established. However, where no goals and timetables are established, the affirmative action plan shall include a detailed explanation why no goals and timetables have been established.
- (d) Where the sponsor fails to submit goals and timetables as part of its affirmative action plan or submits goals or timetables which are unacceptable, and the council determines that the sponsor has deficiencies in terms of underutilization of minorities or women (minority and nonminority) within the meaning of this section, the council shall establish goals and timetables applicable to the sponsor for the admission of minority

- and female (minority and nonminority) applicants into the eligibility pool for selection of apprentices, as appropriate. The sponsor shall make good faith efforts to obtain these goals and timetables in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (e) Analysis to determine if deficiencies exist. The sponsor's determination as to whether goals and timetables shall be established shall be based on an analysis of at least the following factors, which analysis shall be set forth in writing as part of the affirmative action plan.
- (i) The size of the working age minority and female (minority and nonminority) population in the program sponsor's labor market area;
- (ii) The size of the minority and female (minority and nonminority) labor force in the program sponsor's labor market area:
- (iii) The percentage of the minority and female (minority and nonminority) participation as apprentices in the particular craft as compared with the percentage of minorities and women (minority and nonminority) in the labor force in the program sponsor's labor market area;
- (iv) The percentage of minority and female (minority and nonminority) participation as journeymen employed by the employer or employers participating in the program as compared with the percentage of minorities and women (minority and nonminority) in the sponsor's labor market area and the extent to which the sponsor should be expected to correct any deficiencies through the achievement of goals and timetables for the selection of apprentices;
- (v) The general availability of minorities and women (minority and nonminority) with present or potential capacity for apprenticeship in the program sponsor's labor market area.
- (f) Establishment and attainment of goals and timetables. The goals and timetables shall be established on the basis of the sponsor's analysis of its underutilization of minorities and women and its entire affirmative action program. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women is acceptable unless a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner in which case separate goals shall be established for such group. Such separate goals would be required, for example, if a specific minority group of women were underutilized even though the sponsor had achieved its standards for women generally. In establishing the goals, the sponsor should consider the results which could be reasonably expected from its good faith efforts to make its overall affirmative action program work. Compliance with these requirements shall be determined by whether the sponsor has met its goals within its timetable, or failing that, whether it has made good faith efforts to meet its goals and timetables. Its "good faith efforts" shall be judged by whether it is following its affirmative action program and attempting to make it work, including evaluation and changes in its program where necessary to attain the maximum effectiveness toward the attainment of its goals. However, in order to deal fairly with program sponsors, and with women who are entitled to protection under the goals and timetables requirements, during the first 12 months after the effective

date of these regulations, the program sponsor would generally be expected to set a goal for women for the entering year class at a rate which is not less than 50 percent of the proportion women are of the workforce in the program sponsor's labor market area and set a percentage goal for women in each class beyond the entering class which is not less than the participation rate of women currently in the preceding class. At the end of the first 12 months after the effective date of these regulations, sponsors are expected to make appropriate adjustments in goal levels. See WAC 296-04-370(2).

(g) Data and information. The supervisor shall make available to program sponsors data and information on minority and female (minority and nonminority) labor force characteristics for each standard metropolitan statistical area, and for other special areas as appropriate.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-340, filed 11/14/78; Order 77-3, § 296-04-340, filed 1/25/77; Order 71-13, § 296-04-340, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-350 Selection of apprentices. (1) Obligations of sponsors. In addition to development of a written affirmative action plan to ensure that minorities and women have an equal opportunity for selection as apprentices and otherwise ensure the prompt achievement of full and equal opportunity in apprenticeship, each sponsor shall further provide in its affirmative action program that the selection of apprentices shall be made under one of the methods specified in the following subsections (2) through (5) of this section.

(2) Selection methods. The sponsor shall adopt one of the following methods of selecting apprentices:

(a) Selection on basis of rank from pool of eligible applicants. A sponsor may select apprentices from a pool of eligible applicants created in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (c) of this subsection on the basis of the rank order of scores of applicants on one or more qualification standards where there is a significant statistical relationship between rank order of scores and performance in the apprenticeship program. In demonstrating such relationship, the sponsor shall follow the procedure set forth in guidelines on employee selection procedures published at 41 CFR Part 60-3.

(b) Requirements. The sponsor adopting this method of selecting apprentices shall meet the requirements of subdivisions (c) through (g) of this subsection.

(c) Creation of pool of eligibles. A pool of eligibles shall be created from applicants who meet the qualifications of minimum legal working age and the sponsor's minimum physical requirements; or from applicants who meet qualification standards in addition to minimum legal working age: *Provided*, That any additional qualification standards conform with the following requirements:

(i) Qualification standards. The qualification standards and the procedures for determining such qualification standards shall be stated in detail and shall provide criteria for the specific factors and attributes to be considered in evaluating applicants for admission to the pool. The score required under each qualification standard for admission to the pool shall also be specified.

All qualification standards, and the score required on any standard for admission to the pool, shall be directly related to job performance, as shown by a significant statistical relationship between the score required for admission to the pool, and performance in the apprenticeship program. In demonstrating such relationship, the sponsor shall follow the procedures set forth in 41 CFR Part 60–3. Qualifications shall be considered as separately required so that the failure of an applicant to obtain the specified score under a single qualification standard shall disqualify the applicant from admission to the pool.

(ii) Aptitude tests. Any qualification standard for admission to the pool consisting of aptitude test scores shall be directly related to job performance, as shown by significant statistical relationships between the score on the aptitude tests required for admission to the pool, and performance in the apprenticeship program. In determining such relationship, the sponsor shall follow the procedures set forth in 41 CFR Part 60-3. The requirements of this item (ii) shall also be applicable to aptitude tests utilized by a program sponsor which are administered by a state employment agency, or any other person, agency or organization engaged in the selection or evaluation of personnel. A national test developed and administered by a national joint apprenticeship committee will not be approved by the United States Department of Labor unless such test meets the requirements of this subdivision.

(iii) Educational attainments. All educational attainments or achievements as qualifications for admission to the pool shall be directly related to job performance, as shown by a significant statistical relationship between the score required for admission to the pool and performance in the apprenticeship program. In demonstrating such relationship the sponsor shall meet the requirements of 41 CFR Part 60–3. School records or a passing grade on the general educational development tests recognized by the state or local public instruction authority shall be evidence of educational achievement. Education requirements shall be applied uniformly to all applicants.

(d) Oral interviews. Oral interviews shall not be used as a qualification standard for admission into an eligibility pool. However, once an applicant is placed in the eligibility pool, and prior to selection for apprenticeship from the pool, he or she may be required to submit to an oral interview. Oral interviews shall be limited to such objective questions as may be required to determine the fitness of applicants to enter the apprenticeship program, but shall not include questions relating to qualifications previously determined in gaining entrance to the eligibility pool. When an oral interview is used, each interviewer shall record the questions and the general nature of the applicant's answers, and shall prepare a summary of any conclusions. Each applicant rejected from the pool of eligibles on the basis of an oral interview shall be given a written statement of such rejection, the reasons therefor, and the appeal rights available to the applicant.

(e) Notification of applicants. All applicants who meet the requirements for admission shall be notified

and placed in the eligibility pool. The program sponsors shall give each rejected applicant who is not selected for the pool or the program notice of his or her rejection, including the reason for the rejection, the requirements for admission to the pool of [the] eligibles, and the appeal rights available to the applicant.

- (f) Goals and timetables. The sponsor shall establish, where required by WAC 296-04-340(4), percentage goals and timetables for the admission of minorities and women (minority and nonminority) into the pool of eligibles in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-04-340 (4)(a) through (f).
- (g) Compliance. A sponsor shall be deemed to be in compliance with its commitments under subdivision (f) of this subsection (2) if it meets its goals or timetables or if it makes a good faith effort to meet these goals and timetables. In the event of the failure of the sponsor to meet its goals and timetables, it shall be given an opportunity to demonstrate that it has made every "good faith effort" to meet its commitments (see WAC 296-04-430 (4)(f)). All the actions for the sponsor shall be reviewed and evaluated in determining whether such good faith efforts have been made.
  - (3) Random selection from pool of eligible applicants.
- (a) Selection. A sponsor may select apprentices from a pool of eligible applicants on a random basis. The method of random selection is subject to approval by the council. Supervision of the random selection process shall be by an impartial person or persons selected by the sponsor, but not associated with the administration of the apprenticeship program. The time and place of the selection, and the number of apprentices to be selected, shall be announced. The place of the selection shall be open to all applicants and the public. The names of apprentices drawn by this method shall be posted immediately following the selection at the program sponsor's place of business.
- (b) Requirements. The sponsor adopting this method of selecting apprentices shall meet the requirements of subdivisions (c) through (e) of subsection (2) of this section relating to the creation of a pool of eligibles, oral interviews and notification of applicants.
- (c) Goals and timetables. The sponsor shall establish where required by WAC 296-04-340(4), percentage goals and timetables for the admission of minorities and women (minority and nonminority) into the pool of eligibles in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-04-340 (4)(d) through (f).
- (d) Compliance. Determinations as to the sponsor's compliance with its obligations under these rules shall be in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (g) of subsection (2) of this section.
  - (4) Selection from pool of current employees.
- (a) Selection. A sponsor may select apprentices from an eligibility pool of the workers already employed by the program sponsor in a manner prescribed by a collective bargaining agreement where such exists, or by the sponsor's established promotion policy. The sponsor adopting this method of selecting apprentices shall establish goals and timetables for the selection of minority and female apprentices, unless the sponsor concludes, in

- accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-04-340 (4)(d) through (f), that it does not have deficiencies in terms of underutilization of minorities and/or women (minority and nonminority) in the apprenticeship of journeymen crafts represented by the program.
- (b) Compliance. The determination as to the sponsor's compliance with its obligations under these regulations shall be in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (g) of subsection (2) of this section.
- (5) Alternative selection methods. Selection. The sponsor may select apprentices by means of any other method, including its present selection method: *Provided*, That the sponsor meets the following requirements:
- (a) Selection method and goals and timetables. Within 90 days of the effective date of these rules, the sponsor shall submit to the council, through its supervisor, the revised selection method it [proposed] [proposes] to use along with the rest of its written affirmative action program including, where required by WAC 296-04-340(4), its percentage goals and timetables for the selection of minority and/or female (minority and nonminority) applicants for apprenticeship and its written analysis, upon which such goals and timetables, or lack thereof, are based. The establishment of goals and timetables shall be in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-04-340 (4)(d) through (f). The sponsor may not implement any such [selection] method [until the council has approved the selection method as meeting the requirements of subdivision (b) of this subsection (5) and has approved the remainder of its affirmative action program including its goals and timetables. If the council fails to act upon the selection method and the affirmative action program within 30 days of its submission, the sponsor then may implement the selection method until acted upon by the council.
- (b) Qualification standards. Apprentices shall be selected on the basis of objective and specific qualification standards. Examples of such standards are fair aptitude tests, school diplomas or equivalent, occupationally essential health requirements, fair interviews, school grades, and previous work experience. Where interviews are used, adequate records shall be kept including a brief summary of each interview and the conclusions on each of the specific factors, e.g., motivation, ambition, and willingness to accept direction which are part of the total judgment. In applying any such standards, the sponsor shall meet the requirements of 41 CFR Part 60–3.
- (6) Compliance. Determination as to the sponsor's compliance with its obligations under these regulations shall be in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (g) of subsection (2) of this section. Where a sponsor, despite its good faith efforts, fails to meet its goals and timetables within a reasonable period of time, the sponsor may be required to make appropriate changes in its affirmative action program to the extent necessary to obtain maximum effectiveness toward the attainment of its goals. The sponsor may also be required to develop and adopt an alternative selection method, including a method prescribed by the council where it is determined that the failure of the sponsor to meet its goals is attributable in substantial part to the selection method. Where

the sponsor's failure to meet its goals is attributable in substantial part to its use of the qualification standard which has adversely affected the opportunities of minorities and/or women (minority and nonminority) for apprenticeship, the sponsor may be required to demonstrate that such qualification standard is directly related to job performance, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2), subdivision (c), item (i), of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-350, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-350, filed 10/28/71.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-04-351 Employer's responsibility. In affirmative action programs under WAC 296-04-350(5) alternate selection methods where the employer does the selecting, the employer shall sign an agreement assuming responsibility for adherence to the council's affirmative action plan contained in these regulations and 29 CFR Part 30.

[Order 76-4, § 296-04-351, filed 2/20/76.]

WAC 296-04-360 Existing lists of eligibles and public notice. A sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350 (2) or (3), and a sponsor adopting a selection method under WAC 296-04-350(5), who determines that there are [few] [fewer] minorities and/or women (minority and nonminority) on its existing list of eligibles than would be reasonably expected in view of the analysis described in WAC 296-04-340 (4)(e), shall discard all existing eligibility lists upon adoption of the selection methods required by these rules. New eligibility pools shall be established and lists of eligibility pools shall be posted at the sponsor's place of business. Sponsors shall establish a reasonable period of not less than two weeks for accepting applications for admission to the apprenticeship program. There shall be at least 30 days of public notice in advance of the earliest date for application for admission to the apprenticeship program (see WAC 296-04-340(3) on affirmative action with respect to dissemination of information). applicants who have been placed in a pool of eligibles shall be retained on lists of eligibles subject to selection for a period of two years. Applicants may be removed from the list at an earlier date by their request or following their failure to respond to [an] apprentice job opportunity given by certified mail, return receipt requested. Applicants who have been accepted in the program shall be afforded a reasonable period of time in light of the customs and practices of the industry for reporting for work. All applicants shall be treated equally in determining such period of time. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to keep the sponsor informed of his or her current mailing address. Upon request, a sponsor may restore to the list of eligibles applicants who have been removed from the list or who have failed to respond to an apprenticeship job opportunity.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-360, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-360, filed 10/28/71.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-04-370 Records. Obligations of sponsors. (1) Each sponsor shall keep adequate records including a summary of the qualifications of each applicant, the basis for evaluation and for selection or rejection of each applicant, the records pertaining to the interviews of applicants, the original application for each applicant, information relative to the operation of the apprenticeship program, including but not limited to job assignment, promotion, demotion, layoff, or termination, rates of pay, or other forms of compensation or conditions of work, and separately, hours of training provided, and any other records pertinent to the determination of compliance with these regulations as may be required by the council. The records pertaining to the individual applicants, selected or rejected, shall be maintained in such manner as to permit identification of minority and female (minority and nonminority) participants.

(2) Affirmative action plans. Each sponsor must retain a statement of its affirmative action plan required by WAC 296-04-340 for the prompt achievement of full and equal opportunity in apprenticeship, including all data and analysis made pursuant to the requirements of WAC 296-04-340. Sponsors shall review their affirmative action plans annually and update them where necessary, including the goals and timetables.

(3) Qualification standards. Each sponsor must maintain evidence that its qualification standards have been validated in accordance with the requirements set forth in WAC 296-04-350(2).

(4) Records of state apprenticeship council. The records of the council shall be kept in the offices of the supervisor, which records shall include registration requirements, individual program standards, registration records, program compliance reviews and investigations, and any other records pertinent to the determination of compliance with these rules, as may be required by the United States Department of Labor, and shall report to the department as may be required.

(5) Maintenance of records. The records required by these rules (WAC 296-04-300 through 296-04-480) and any other information relevant to compliance with Part 30 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall be maintained for five years and made available upon request to the United States Department of Labor or other authorized representative.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-370, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-370, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-380 Compliance reviews. (1) Conduct of compliance reviews. The supervisor shall regularly conduct systematic reviews of the apprenticeship programs in order to determine the extent to which sponsors are complying with these rules and will also conduct

compliance reviews when circumstances, including a receipt of complaints not referred to a private review body, pursuant to WAC 296-04-400 (2)(a), so warrant, and take appropriate action regarding programs which are not in compliance with the requirements of these rules. Compliance reviews will consist of comprehensive analysis and evaluations of each aspect of the apprenticeship program, including on-site investigations and audits.

- (2) Reregistration. Sponsors seeking reregistration shall be subject to a compliance review as described in subsection (1) of this section by the supervisor as part of the reregistration process.
- (3) New registrations. Sponsors seeking new registrations shall be subject to a compliance review as described in subsection (1) of this section by the supervisor as part of the registration process.
- (4) Voluntary compliance. Where the compliance review indicates that the sponsor is not operating in accordance with these rules, the supervisor shall notify the sponsor in writing of the results of the review and make a reasonable effort to secure voluntary compliance on the part of the program sponsor within a reasonable time before undertaking sanctions under WAC 296-04-420. In the case of sponsors seeking new registrations, the supervisor will provide appropriate recommendations to the sponsor to enable it to achieve compliance for registration purposes.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-380, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-390 Noncompliance with federal and state equal opportunity requirements. A pattern or practice of noncompliance by a sponsor (or where the sponsor is a joint apprenticeship committee, by one of the parties represented on each committee) with federal or state laws or regulations requiring equal opportunity may be grounds for the imposition of sanctions in accordance with WAC 296-04-420, if such noncompliance is related to the equal employment opportunity of apprentices and/or graduates of such an apprenticeship program under these rules. The sponsor shall take affirmative steps to assist and cooperate with employers and unions in fulfilling their equal employment opportunity obligations.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-390, filed 10/28/71.]

### WAC 296-04-400 Complaint procedure. (1) Filing.

(a) Any apprentice or applicant for apprenticeship who believes that he or she has been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex with regard to apprenticeship or that the equal opportunity standards with respect to his or her selection have not been followed in the operation of an apprenticeship program may, personally or through an authorized representative, file a complaint with the council, or, at the apprentice's or applicant's election, with a private review body established pursuant to subdivision (c) of this subsection (1). The complaint shall be in writing and shall be signed by the complainant. It must include the name, address, and telephone number

of the person allegedly discriminated against, the program sponsor involved, and a brief description of the circumstances of the failure to apply the equal opportunity standards provided for in these rules.

- (b) The complaint must be filed not later than 180 days from the date of the alleged discrimination or specified failure to follow the equal opportunity standards; and, in the case of complaints filed directly with review bodies designated by program sponsors to review such complaints, any referral of such complaint by the complainant to the council must occur within the time limitation stated above or 30 days from the final decision of such review body, whichever is later. The time may be extended by the council for good cause shown.
- (c) Sponsors are encouraged to establish fair, speedy, and effective procedures for a review body to consider complaints of failure to follow the equal opportunity standards. A private review body established by the program sponsor for this purpose should number three or more responsible persons from the community serving in this capacity without compensation. Members of the review body should not be directly associated with the administration of an apprenticeship program. Sponsors may join together in establishing a review body to serve the needs of programs within the community.
  - (2) Processing of complaints.
- (a) When the sponsor has designated a review body for reviewing complaints, the council, unless the complainant has indicated otherwise or unless the council has determined that the review body will not effectively enforce the equal opportunity standards, the supervisor, upon receiving a complaint, shall refer the complaint to the review body.
- (b) The supervisor shall, within 30 days following the referral of the complaint to the review body, obtain the reports from the complainant and the review body as to the disposition of the complaint. If the complaint has been satisfactorily adjusted and there is no other indication of failure to apply equal opportunity standards, the case shall be closed and the parties appropriately informed.
- (c) When a complaint has not been resolved by the review body within 90 days or where, despite satisfactory resolution of the particular complaint by the review body, there is evidence that equal opportunity practices of the apprenticeship program are not in accordance with these rules, the council may conduct such compliance review as found necessary, and will take all necessary steps to resolve the complaint.
- (3) Where no review body exists, the council may conduct such compliance review as found necessary in order to determine the facts of the complaint, and obtain such other information relating to compliance with these regulations as the circumstances warrant.
- (4) Sponsors shall provide written notice of the above complaint procedure to all applicants for apprenticeship and all apprentices.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010, 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-400, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-400, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-410 Adjustments in schedule for compliance review or complaint processing. If in the judgment of the council, a particular situation warrants and requires special processing, and either expedited or extended determination, it shall take the steps necessary to permit such determination, if it finds that no person or party affected by such determination will be prejudiced by such special processing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-410, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-410, filed 10/28/71.]

- WAC 296-04-420 Sanctions. (1) Where the supervisor, as a result of a compliance review or other reason, determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that an apprenticeship program is not operating in accordance with these rules and voluntary corrective action has not been taken by the program sponsor, the council shall institute proceedings to deregister the program or it shall refer the matter to the equal employment opportunity commission or to the attorney general with recommendations for the institution of a court action under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, or to the attorney general for other court action as authorized by law.
- (2) The deregistration proceedings shall be conducted according to the following procedures:
- (a) The council shall notify the sponsor, in writing, that a determination of reasonable cause has been made under subsection (1) of this section and that the apprenticeship program may be deregistered unless, within 15 days of the receipt of the notice, the sponsor requests a hearing. The notification shall specify the facts on which the determination is based.
- (b) If within 15 days of the receipt of the notice provided for in subdivision (a) of this subsection (2), the sponsor mails a request for hearing, the supervisor shall convene an appropriate hearing.
- (c) The council shall make a final decision on the basis of the record before it, which shall consist of the compliance review file and other evidence presented. In its discretion, the council may allow the sponsor a reasonable time to achieve voluntary corrective action. If the council's decision is that the apprenticeship program is not operating in accordance with these rules, the apprenticeship program may be deregistered. In each case in which deregistration is ordered, the council shall make public notice of the order and shall notify the sponsor and the complainant, if any.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-420, filed 11/14/78; Order 76-4, § 296-04-420, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-13, § 296-04-420, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-430 Reinstatement of program registration. Any apprenticeship program deregistered pursuant to these rules may be reinstated upon presentation of adequate evidence to the council that the apprenticeship program is operating in accordance with these rules.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-430, filed 10/28/71.]

- WAC 296-04-440 Adoption of consistent state plans. All apprenticeship programs registered with the council shall comply with the requirements of WAC 296-04-300 through 296-04-480 within 90 days after the effective date of these rules.
- (1) The United States Department of Labor shall have authority to conduct compliance reviews to determine whether the Washington state affirmative action plan or any state apprenticeship program registered with the council is being administered or operated in accordance with the provisions of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (2) It shall be the responsibility of the council to take the necessary action to bring a noncomplying program into compliance with these rules. In the event the council fails to fulfill this responsibility, the secretary of the United States Department of Labor may withdraw the recognition for federal purposes of any or all state apprenticeship programs, in accordance with the procedures for deregistration of programs registered by the department, or refer the matter to the attorney general of the United States with a recommendation for the institution by the attorney general of a court action under Title 7 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.
- (3) The council shall notify the United States Department of Labor of any state apprenticeship program disapproved and deregistered by it.
- (4) Any state apprenticeship program disapproved and deregistered by the council for noncompliance with the requirements of these rules or Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations may, within 15 days of the receipt of the notice of disapproval and deregistration, appeal to the United States Department of Labor to set aside the determination of the state apprenticeship and training council. The department shall make its determination on the basis of the record. The department may grant the state program sponsor, the state apprenticeship and training council, and the complainant, if any, the opportunity to present oral or written argument.
- (5) Withdrawal of recognition. Whenever the United States Department of Labor determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that the council has not adopted or implemented a plan in accordance with the equal opportunity requirements of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations, it shall give notice to the council and to appropriate state sponsors of this determination, stating specifically wherein the state's plan failed to meet such requirements and the United States Department of Labor proposes to withdraw recognition for federal purposes from the state apprenticeship and training council unless within 15 days of the receipt of the notice. the council complies with the provisions of Title 29, Part 30, of the Code of Federal Regulations or mails a request for a hearing to the secretary of the United States Department of Labor.
- (6) If within 15 days of the receipt of the notice provided for in subsection (5) of this section, the council neither complies with the provisions of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations, nor mails a request

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for a hearing, the secretary of the United States Department of Labor shall notify the council of the withdrawal of recognition.

- (7) If within 15 days of the receipt of the notice provided for in subsection (5) of this section, the council mails a request for a hearing, the secretary of the United States Department of Labor shall proceed in accordance with Title 29, Section 30.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (8) If a hearing is conducted in accordance with Title 29, Section 30.16 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the secretary of the United States Department of Labor upon receipt of the proposed findings and recommended decision of the hearing officer shall make a final decision whether the council has adopted or implemented a plan in accordance with equal opportunity requirements of Title 29 of Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (9) If the secretary of the United States Department of Labor determines to withdraw from recognition, for federal purposes, from the state apprenticeship and training council, the secretary shall notify the council of this determination. The secretary shall also notify the state's sponsors that within 30 days of the receipt of the notice the United States Department of Labor shall cease to recognize, for federal purposes, each state apprenticeship program unless the state program sponsor requests registration with the department. Such registration may be granted contingent upon finding that the state apprenticeship and training program is operating in accordance with the requirements of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (10) If the secretary of the United States Department of Labor determines to withdraw recognition, for federal purposes, from the state apprenticeship [and training council], such recognition may be reinstated upon presentation of adequate evidence to the secretary of the United States Department of Labor that the council has adopted and implemented a plan carrying out the equal opportunity requirements of Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-440, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-440, filed 10/28/71.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-04-460 Intimidatory or retaliatory acts. Any intimidation, threat, coercion, or retaliation by or with the approval of any sponsor against any person for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended Executive Order 11246, as amended, or because he or she has made a complaint, testified, assisted or participated in any manner in any investigation proceeding, or hearing under these rules or Title 29, Part 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations, shall be considered noncompliance with the equal opportunity standards of these rules. The identity of complainants shall be kept confidential except to the extent necessary to carry out

the purpose of these rules, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising therefrom.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.04.010. 78-12-021 (Order 78-20), § 296-04-460, filed 11/14/78; Order 71-13, § 296-04-460, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-470 Nondiscrimination. The commitments contained in the sponsor's affirmative action program are not intended and shall not be used to discriminate against any qualified applicant or apprentice on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex.

[Order 71-13, § 296-04-470, filed 10/28/71.]

WAC 296-04-480 Exemptions. Requests for exemption from these rules, or any part thereof, shall be made in writing to the supervisor, and shall contain a statement of reasons supporting the request. The exemptions may be granted for good cause by the council, or the secretary of the United States Department of Labor, and the council shall notify the United States Department of Labor of any such exemptions granted affecting a substantial number of employers and the reasons therefor. These variances are intended to apply only to WAC 296-04-300 through 296-04-480, the affirmative action plan of the state apprenticeship and training council.

[Order 76-4, § 296-04-480, filed 2/20/76; Order 71-13, § 296-04-480, filed 10/28/71.]

## Chapter 296-06 WAC PUBLIC RECORDS

296-06-010	Purpose.
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296-06-050	Rules of procedure, substantive rules, general policy statements, and interpretations of general applicability.
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296-06-150	Protection of public records.
296-06-170	Records index.
296-06-990	Appendix A—Form—Department of labor and industries authorization to inspect or copy public records in which an individual has a right of privacy.
296-06-99001	Appendix B—Form—Request for public records under the provisions of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 (Initiative 276).

### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

296-06-060 Substantive rules, general policy statements and interpretations of general applicability. [Order 73-12,

	§ 296-06-060, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order
	76–27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-070	Public records available. [Order 73-12, § 296-06-
	070, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 76-27, filed
	9/28/76.
296-06-160	Procedure for copying public records. [Order 73-12, §
	296-06-160, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 76-
	27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-180	Department final opinions and orders not indexed.
	[Order 73-12, § 296-06-180, filed 7/31/73.] Re-
	pealed by Order 76-27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-190	Instructions to staff in individual cases not indexed.
	[Order 73-12, § 296-06-190, filed 7/31/73.] Re-
	pealed by Order 76-27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-200	Factual staff reports, etc., not indexed in individual
	cases. [Order 73-12, § 296-06-200, filed 7/31/73.]
	Repealed by Order 76–27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-210	Correspondence and materials not indexed. [Order
	73-12, § 296-06-210, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by
	Order 76–27, filed 9/28/76.
296–06–220	Communications regarding public records. [Order 73–
	12, § 296-06-220, filed 7/31/73.] Repealed by Order
***	76–27, filed 9/28/76.
296-06-230	Adoption of form. [Order 73–12, § 296–06–230, filed
206 06 240	7/31/73.] Repealed by Order 76-27, filed 9/28/76.
296–06–240	Maintenance of index. [Order 73–11, § 296–06–240,
	filed $7/31/73$ .] Repealed by Order 76–27, filed
	9/28/76.

WAC 296-06-010 Purpose. The department of labor and industries is a department of state government created by RCW 43.17.010. It shall hereafter in this chapter be referred to as the "department." Where appropriate, department also refers to its staff and employees. The department promulgates this chapter to ensure compliance with the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW, and in particular with sections of that act dealing with public records.

[Order 76–27, § 296–06–010, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–010, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-020 Description of organization of the department. (1) Central organization. The chief executive officer of the department is the director of labor and industries, hereinafter called "director." He is appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate to hold office at the pleasure of the governor. The department is organized in five divisions: Industrial insurance, industrial safety and health, industrial relations, apprenticeship, and building and construction safety inspection services. Each division is headed by an assistant director appointed by the director, but in the case of the division of apprenticeship, the director's selection must be confirmed by the Washington state apprenticeship council, whose members are also appointed by the director. The department also has a section to administer the Crime Victims Act, chapter 7.68 RCW. This section is also headed by an assistant director appointed by the director. Major policy decisions, rule-making, and the primary administrative functions of the department are carried out by the department's central organizations in Olympia. The director also serves as chairman of the five-member state board of pilotage commissioners but that board is not a part of the department.

(2) Field organization.

- (a) The department maintains service locations or major field offices in fifteen cities. Each of these offices is headed by a district manager.
- (b) The department—owned rehabilitation center in Seattle is headed by a superintendent.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-020, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-020, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-030 Location of established places where information about the department may be obtained and department's public records inspected and copied. (1) Olympia office.

- (a) The office of the director, the administrative office of the department, the main offices of the division of industrial insurance, the office of the public records officer are in the General Administration Building, Olympia, Washington. The main offices of the other divisions are located at the following places: Industrial Safety and Health at 308–318 East Fourth Avenue, Olympia, Washington; Apprenticeship at 318 East Fourth Avenue, Olympia, Washington; Building and Construction Safety Inspection Services at 319 East Fourth Avenue, Olympia, Washington; and Industrial Relations and Crime Victims Compensation at 208 Eleventh Avenue, Olympia, Washington. General information about the department and its divisions may be obtained at these places.
  - (2) Field offices.
- (a) General information about the department may also be obtained at its service locations or major field offices at the following places:

Aberdeen, P.O. Box 66, 2700 Simpson Avenue, 98520 Bellingham, P.O. Box 608, 2500 Elm Street, Suite F, 98225 Bremerton, P.O. Box 307,

245 Fourth Street Building, Suite 501, 98310

Ephrata, P.O. Box 906, 21 "C" Street, Southwest, 98823 Everett, P.O. Box 67,

Eastmont Plaza, 98206 Kennewick, P.O. Box 6126,

130 Vista Way, 99336

Longview, P.O. Box 578, 1342 12th Avenue, 98632

Mount Vernon, P.O. Box 189, 2021 College Way, 98273 Port Angeles, 405 East 8th, 98362

Seattle, 300 West Harrison, 98119

Spokane, 1322 North Post Street, 99201 Tacoma, 122 Public Service Building,

1305 Tacoma Avenue South, 98402

Vancouver, P.O. Box 331,

601 West Evergreen Boulevard, 98660

Walla Walla, 1750 Portland Avenue, Eastgate Professional Building, 99362

Wenatchee, P.O. Box 597,

1139 Princeton, 98801

Yakima, P.O. Box 527,

1011 South Third Street, 98907

(b) Information about the extended care services offered injured workers including physical therapy, special instruction, or vocational counseling may be obtained from the department's Rehabilitation Center at 4730 32nd Avenue South and Alaska Street, P.O. Box 18289, Columbia Station, Seattle, Washington 98118.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-030, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-030, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-040 Operations and procedures. The general course and method of channeling and determining the operations of the five divisions of the department and the nature of requirements of all formal and informal procedures connected therewith are summarized in the following subsections:

(1) Industrial insurance. This division administers medical care and payment of disability compensation for workers (or their dependents or survivors) sustaining job injuries or occupational diseases. Virtually all employers in the state must provide this industrial insurance coverage. The medical program of the state fund is funded through payments by employers and employees. The disability payments by the state fund are funded by premiums collected from employers. Descriptions of procedures to be followed by employers and employees are outlined in department publications entitled A Guide for Employers and Guide to Workers' Compensation Benefits.

This division also certifies certain employers to become "self-insured," which means that they are permitted to pay the legally defined industrial insurance benefits from their own funds. After this division certifies an employer as a self-insurer, it monitors all claims for injury benefits to make certain employees receive all rightful benefits.

- (2) Industrial safety and health. This division endeavors to prevent job injuries and illnesses by adopting and enforcing safety and health standards and by training employers and employees in safe working procedures. It administers the Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act (WISHA), operating under a state plan agreement with the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). Employer and employee procedures are outlined in the department's publication, A Guide to WISHA.
- (3) Industrial relations. This division administers the laws regulating wages, hours, and working conditions. The division enforces the minimum wage law and may assist in the collection of claims for unpaid wages. The industrial statistician determines the "prevailing rate of wage" on public works contracts and gathers information on wages and conditions of labor in the state, the consumer price index, standard family budgets, and manpower data on the labor force, employment, unemployment, and earnings. The section headed by the supervisor of employment standards administers the state employment standard designed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of virtually all nonagricultural employees. This section also issues minor work permits designed to protect young workers from exploitation and

hazardous environments. Industrial relations agents investigate complaints of violations of employment standards, the minimum wage law and other wage laws; hold conferences between employees and employers; inspect records; make investigations to determine whether or not there have been violations of statutes, rules, or regulations; and suggest remedial actions.

- (4) Apprenticeship. This division, with the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, administers the apprenticeship training law for those persons desiring to become skilled in any one of various trades, crafts, and services. Local joint apprenticeship committees throughout the state are responsible for the actual training. This division acts as a liaison between theses committees and the council to make certain that the policies of the council are followed uniformly. The division also administers on—the—job training programs for those persons training in occupations other than apprenticeable occupations.
- (5) Building and construction safety inspection services. This division administers programs designed to protect the life, health, and property of the general public. The various sections of this division issue licenses; promulgate rules and regulations; certify standards; and ensure compliance. The division conducts electrical inspections; registers electrical contractors; inspects and regulates the use of boilers and pressure vessels; inspects elevators; ensures compliance with the standards for the manufacture, lease, and sale of mobile homes and recreational vehicles; enforces the statutes, rules, and regulations governing factory-built structures; licenses plumbers and electricians; and tests and registers general and specialty contractors.
- (6) Crime victims compensation. This section pays medical and disability benefits to innocent victims of criminal acts (or to their dependents or survivors) who sustain injuries as a result thereof. Funds for this program are appropriated by the legislature from the state general fund. Benefit payments and procedures are outlined in the department's publication When Crime Strikes.
- (7) State board of pilotage commissioners. This board is not a part of the department but is included here because by statute the director of the department of labor and industries is its chairman and because RCW 88.16-.020 names the department of labor and industries as its office and record-keeper. Other members include: Two pilots' representatives and two shipping company representatives. This board regulates pilotage services for ships moving in Puget Sound and adjacent inland waters, Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay. To carry out its responsibilities, the board establishes qualifications for, examines, and licenses pilots. It also fixes pilotage rates and enforces provisions of the law relating to safe pilotage.

[Order 76–27, § 296–06–040, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–040, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-050 Rules of procedure, substantive rules, general policy statements, and interpretations of

general applicability. The department's rules of procedures, substantive rules of general applicability, and statements of general policy and interpretations of general applicability adopted as authorized by law are contained in Title 296 WAC.

[Order 76-27, \$ 296-06-050, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, \$ 296-06-050, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-080 Authorization for release of information. Any person having a right of privacy in any records of the department may authorize the inspection and copying of any such records by persons not otherwise so authorized by providing the department with a signed and dated written authorization describing the records covered by the authorization, and naming the person or persons authorized to inspect and copy. No such authorization shall be valid until submitted to the department.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-080, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-080, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-090 Public records officer. The department's public records officer shall have charge of its public records. He shall have his office in the administrative office of the department at Olympia, Washington. He shall be responsible for the enforcement of the department's rules and regulations regarding the release of public records, and shall ensure compliance and cooperation of the department's staff with the public records disclosure requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW. He may choose such designees as may be necessary.

[Order 76–27, § 296–06–090, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–090, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-100 Office hours. The customary office hours of the department for the purpose of inspection and copying of any of the department's public records as provided by this chapter shall be from 8:00 a.m. to noon and from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-100, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-100, filed 7/31/73.]

- WAC 296-06-110 Requests for public records. Persons requesting opportunity to copy or inspect the department's public records shall follow these procedures:
- (1) Informal requests may be made orally or in written form to any of the department's service locations or its office in Olympia.
- (2) The department may require a person who has made an informal request to submit a formal request.
- (3) All formal requests shall be in writing on the form entitled: "Request for public record." Copies of said form shall be maintained in the department's offices in Olympia and at each service location.
- (4) All formal requests shall be submitted by mail or personally to the assistant director who heads the division or the section from which records are being requested.
- (5) Each formal request shall include the following information:

- (a) The name of the person or persons making the request;
- (b) The time of day and calendar date on which the request is made;
- (c) The nature of the request, including description of the requested records by title, subject matter, date, and other means of enabling the staff of the department to identify the requested records and make them available.
- (6) The staff of the department shall assist any person making a request, whether formal or informal, in identifying the requested record or records but in the event the records cannot be identified, the department shall so advise the person making the request, and, in the case of formal requests, return the formal request for resubmission with additional description of the requested records.
- (7) When any request is made to inspect and copy material in files and records where a right of privacy is involved, or when such files and records are exempt by any other provision of law, inspection and copying shall not be permitted until the authorization described in WAC 296-06-080, together with a formal request, is presented to the assistant director for the division involved. The assistant director shall make a record of all such authorizations. The authorization shall be immediately attached to such files and records and shall become a part thereof.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-110, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-110, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-120 Copying and fees. Where copies of public records are requested, the department may charge a fee of ten cents for each letter-size or legalsize copy for reimbursement of its actual costs incident to such copying. For each paper copy of a microfilmed record, the department may charge 20 cents per copy. These copying fees do not apply to the contractor registration section of the department. The fees that section charges for copies are set out in WAC 296-200-900. Whenever copies of public records are mailed to the person making the request, the department may require reimbursement for postage costs. All copies made at the request of persons desiring copies on copy equipment of the department will be made by department staff at times when the making of such copies will not unreasonably disrupt the operations of the department. If the records to be copied contain information that would violate any right of personal privacy, the department staff member shall prevent such information from appearing on any copy. Where the use of such equipment does not harm the public records or impede the normal work of the department, those requesting copies of public records may use their own copying equipment and paper without charge[,][.] but in such event the department staff will supervise the copying at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 18.27.040, 42.17.290 and 42.17.300. 82–18–026 (Order 82–26), § 296–06–120, filed 8/25/82; Order 76–27, § 296–06–120, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–120, filed 7/31/73.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems

ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-06-130 Denials of requests for public records. Only the public records officer shall have the power to make a denial of a request for public records. Action on all such requests shall be prompt. In cases of informal requests, any member of the department's staff to whom an informal request is made may require the person making the request to submit a formal request or such staff member may bring the matter to the attention of the assistant director or his designee of the division from which records are being requested.

A decision on a formal request may be deferred for a reasonable time but immediate written notice of such deferral shall be given. All denials of requests for public records shall be in written form. All denials shall include a statement specifying the reason for the denial, a statement of any exemption authorizing withholding the record and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld, and shall be signed by the public records officer or his designee.

[Order 76–27, § 296–06–130, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–130, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-140 Review of denials of requests for inspection or copying of public records. After any request for inspection or copying is denied, any person may petition the department to review its denial. Any such petition for review must be made in writing to the public records officer prior to the end of the second business day following the denial. Such petition shall specifically refer to the denial and shall contain a brief statement or any reasons for reconsideration of the denial. Any such petition shall be immediately referred to the director or such persons as he may designate to review such petitions. The person reviewing such petitions shall promptly review and reconsider the matter and either affirm or reverse the denial and communicate the decision promptly to the person submitting the petition.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-140, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-140, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-150 Protection of public records. The department shall protect public records from damage or disorganization and prevent excessive interference with other essential functions of the department. All inspections of public records shall be supervised by a department staff member. Any staff member supervising public records inspection may decline to act upon the requests of person who are intoxicated, violent, abusive, threatening, or disruptive, and may terminate the inspection or copying of public records by such persons. Any staff member supervising public records inspection will at all times insure that those inspecting the department's public records do not tear, mutilate, mark, or otherwise harm such records and shall terminate the inspection or copying of public records by any person who has harmed such records. The staff member may limit inspection and copying to any extent necessary to prevent such activity from unreasonably disrupting the department's operations. Any staff member supervising public records inspection shall at all times provide full, prompt, courteous assistance to persons requesting the inspection and copying of the department's public records.

[Order 76–27, § 296–06–150, filed 9/28/76; Order 73–12, § 296–06–150, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-170 Records index. The department of labor and industries will not maintain a current index as provided for in RCW 42.17.260(2). As provided in RCW 42.17.260(3), this formal order is issued and published specifying the reasons why and the extent to which maintenance of such a current index would unduly burden or interfere with the operations of the department.

(1) It would both unduly burden and interfere with department operations to maintain a current index with the items specified in RCW 42.17.260 (2)(a), "final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases," as the department through its several divisions, sections, and other subdivisions routinely and regularly issues a great number of determinative orders. The division of industrial insurance alone is estimated to issue daily an average of about 1,200 to 2,000 or more determinative orders. It is estimated that the division of industrial safety and health averages over 60 orders daily. While other divisions, sections, and subdivisions have a lesser volume of orders, it would be unduly burdensome for the department to index all of the materials which would come within the scope of RCW 42.17.260 (2)(a). To index all such orders would either require more personnel and consequent expense or reduce the level of handling the essential functions and result in constantly greater periods of delay. Furthermore, all indexes maintained for departmental use by the various divisions, sections, and subdivisions of the department for internal use will remain available for public inspection and copying where permitted by law.

Accordingly, and for the above reasons, it is ordered that the public records officer not establish an index relative to such subject matter.

(2) It would both unduly burden and interfere with the department's operations to maintain a current index with all "instructions to staff that affect a member of the public" within the scope of RCW 42.17.260 (2)(c). The inclusion of every such instruction to the staff would require either more personnel to index such instructions or a reduction in the department's capacity to carry out its other functions. The department will, however, as it has in the past, continue to make available to the public for inspection or copying all instructions of a general nature to its staff that affects members of the public.

Accordingly, and for the above reasons, it is ordered that the public records officer not establish an index relative to such subject matter.

(3) It would both unduly burden and interfere with department operations to maintain a current index of all

"factual staff reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others" within the scope of RCW 42.17.260 (2)(3). Further, many of the items covered by that description may be protected by rights of privacy, involve specific intelligence information and specific investigative files compiled by the department in its investigative capacities, involve the rights of privacy of a taxpayer, reveal the identity of persons who file complaints with the department in its investigative capacities, reveal valuable formulae, designs, drawings, or research data, disclosure of which would produce private gain and public loss, or involve records relevant to a controversy to which the department is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior court. The department regularly and routinely has physical examinations conducted of injured workers and maintains the reports of such examinations in its confidential claim files. The indexing of such reports would be highly burdensome. Such reports are available to persons authorized to inspect them by the injured workers, to the employer, and to public officers in the course of their duties. To make such information available to the public at large would, quite apart from any question of violations of rights of privacy, subject the department to great inconvenience. For the foregoing reasons the department will continue to make available for inspection and copying only the material described in RCW 42.17.260 (2)(3) which is of a general nature and does not involve any rights of privacy or the other points mentioned above.

Accordingly, and for the above reasons, it is ordered that the public records officer not establish an index relative to such subject matter.

(4) It would both unduly burden and interfere with department operations to maintain a current index of the materials within the scope of RCW 42.17.260 (2)(f), that is, all "correspondence, and materials, referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party." The department daily, routinely, and regularly receives and sends a vast amount of material fitting this description. It would require either a greatly increased staff to index everything of that nature or a drastic reduction of the department's ability to carry out its other essential functions. Also, much of the material is incorporated in confidential claim files or is otherwise subject to rights of privacy or is exempt from public inspection and copying by the provisions of RCW 42.17-.310. Materials relating to the claims of injured workers are available to the employer, to public employees in the performance of their official duties and persons authorized by the injured worker. The various divisions, sections, and parts of the department maintain internal indexes which are available for public inspection.

Accordingly, and for the above reasons, it is ordered that the public records officer not establish an index relative to such subject matter.

(5) The department did maintain a current index of the matters not covered by subsections (1) through (4) for nearly three years following the promulgation of its initial set of public records rules which was filed with the office of the code reviser on July 31, 1973. That index was virtually never asked for, nor was it used to any extent at all by the public. The department devoted many manhours that could have been put to accomplishment of its statutory duties to prepare and maintain that current index. The department finds it has been unduly burdensome to make the extensive effort necessary to maintain such a current index in the face of almost complete public apathy. Therefore, pursuant to RCW 42.17.260(3), the department issues and publishes this formal order specifying the reasons why and the extent to which compliance with any of the provisions of RCW 42.17.260(2) requiring the maintenance of a current index would unduly burden or interfere with its operations. The department herewith states that it will not hereafter maintain such a current index. The department further states that it will, however, make available for public inspection and copying all indexes and lists, not otherwise exempt, maintained for normal agency use. Guidance to public records available through the department will be provided by the public records officer upon request.

[Order 76-27, § 296-06-170, filed 9/28/76; Order 73-12, § 296-06-170, filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-990 Appendix A-Form-Department of labor and industries authorization to inspect or copy public records in which an individual has a right of privacy.

#### APPENDIX A

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES
AUTHORIZATION TO INSPECT OR COPY PUBLIC RECORDS
IN WHICH AN INDIVIDUAL HAS A RIGHT OF PRIVACY

l, residing at, hereby
authorize to inspect and/or copy any records of the department of labor and industries relating to me, the disclosure of which records without my permission would violate my rights of privacy.
Dated this, day of, 197
Signature

[Order 73-12, Appendix A (codified as WAC 296-06-990), filed 7/31/73.]

WAC 296-06-99001 Appendix B--Form--Request for public records under the provisions of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 (Initiative 276).

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES

#### APPENDIX B

Request for Public Records under the Provisions of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 (Initiative 276)

Name:		
Date:		
Time:		
Please state the nature of your request:		
Please identify the public records you wish to inspect by eference to the department's current index or if the records are not so indexed, please describe the records to nable the public records officer or designee to find hem. Also please indicate whether you wish to have opies made.		
OR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY:		
Name of person taking the action:		
Date action taken:		
Order 73-12, Appendix B (codified as WAC 296-06-99001), filed /31/73.]		

# Chapter 296-07 WAC STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT GUIDELINES

WAC	
296-07-010	Use of abbreviations.
296-07-020	Purpose and scope.
296-07-030	Meaning of words and terms.
296-07-040	Exemptions.
296-07-050	Sufficiency of compliance with SEPA guidelines.
296-07-060	Designation of responsible official.
296-07-070	Department's SEPA public information center.
296-07-080	Maintenance of EIS available register.
296-07-090	Exemption for emergency actions.
296-07-100	Chapter to be amended when SEPA guidelines
	amended.
296-07-110	Consideration of economic values.

WAC 296-07-010 Use of abbreviations. In this chapter the department of labor and industries shall be referred to as the "department"; the director of labor

and industries as the "director"; the State Environmental Policy Act, chapter 43.21C RCW, as "SEPA"; chapter 197-10 WAC effective January 16, 1976 as the "SEPA guidelines"; and environmental impact statement as "EIS."

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-010, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-020 Purpose and scope. The rules contained in this chapter are to carry out the policy and procedures of SEPA and the SEPA guidelines, and shall govern the application of SEPA requirements to the department. These rules are adopted pursuant to the requirement of and authority provided by chapter 43.21C RCW and chapter 197-10 WAC.

From the effective date of this chapter the department in undertaking nonexempt actions shall conform to those relevant and applicable policies and procedures declared mandatory by the provisions of SEPA or the SEPA guidelines. Such pertinent and mandatory policy and procedures are hereby incorporated by reference and adopted as the policy and procedures of the department.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-020, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-030 Meaning of words and terms. The words and terms in this chapter and in all proceedings of the department in compliance with SEPA shall be deemed to conform to the mandatory definitions contained in the SEPA guidelines.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-030, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-040 Exemptions. All activities under programs administered by the department as of December 12, 1975 are hereby exempted, except the issuance of any license for the manufacture of explosives or the adoption or amendment by the department of any regulations incorporating general standards respecting the issuance of licenses authorizing the storage of explosives pursuant to chapter 70.74 RCW.

The adoption of any industrial health or safety regulations containing noise standards shall be considered a major action under this chapter. In addition all other exemptions provided by SEPA or the SEPA guidelines shall apply.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-040, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-050 Sufficiency of compliance with SEPA guidelines. Compliance with the applicable mandatory SEPA guidelines as supplemented by this chapter shall be deemed to constitute compliance with this chapter.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-050, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-060 Designation of responsible official. The assistant director of any department, division, or head of any independent department section with major responsibility for any non-exempt action shall be the responsible official for the purpose of complying with SEPA. In any other case the director shall be the responsible official or he shall designate another person to be the responsible official.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-060, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-070 Department's SEPA public information center. There is hereby established a department public information center to carry out the functions contemplated by the SEPA guidelines, WAC 197-10-830, to be located in the offices of the department at Olympia, Washington. The department's public records officer shall have charge thereof.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-070, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-080 Maintenance of EIS available register. The department shall maintain an EIS available register at its SEPA public information center. Said register shall be in the charge of the department's public records officer and it shall be available for public inspection and copying.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-080, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-090 Exemption for emergency actions. When actions are exempted from the requirements of SEPA or the SEPA guidelines because they are actions which must be taken immediately, or within a time too short to allow full compliance with SEPA or the SEPA guidelines to avoid an imminent danger to public or private property, or to prevent an imminent threat of serious environmental degradation, the responsible official shall prepare a written statement showing the nature of the action and the reasons for immediate action. Such statement shall be filed in the department's SEPA public information center.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-090, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-100 Chapter to be amended when SEPA guidelines amended. When amendments are adopted to the SEPA guidelines the department shall adopt all amendments to this chapter within one hundred twenty days to bring this chapter into conformance with the SEPA guidelines as amended.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-100, filed 5/20/76.]

WAC 296-07-110 Consideration of economic values. In promulgating rules in compliance with the SEPA guidelines and any environmental, social, health, safety, or other standards connected therewith, the department shall, pursuant to chapter 117, Laws of 1975-'76 2nd ex. sess., give appropriate consideration to economic values along with such other considerations.

[Order 76-16, § 296-07-110, filed 5/20/76.]

### Chapter 296-08 WAC PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

WAC	
296-08-001	Effective date and validity.
296-08-010	Appearance and practice before agency—Who may appear.
29608020	Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys.
296-08-025	Attorney's fees.

296-08-030	Appearance and practice before agency—Solicitation of business unethical.
296-08-040	Appearance and practice before agency—Standards of ethical conduct.
29608050	Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance by former employee of agency or former member of
29608060	attorney general's staff.  Appearance and practice before agency—Former em-
	ployee as expert witness.
296-08-070 296-08-080	Computation of time.  Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested
290-08-080	cases.
296-08-090	Service of process—By whom served.
296-08-100	Service of process—Upon whom served.
296-08-110	Service of process—Service upon parties.
296-08-120	Service of process—Methods of service.
296-08-130	Service of process—When service complete.
296-08-140	Service of process—Filing with agency.
296-08-150	Subpoenas—Where provided by law—Form.
296-08-160	Subpoenas—Issuance to parties.
296-08-170	Subpoenas—Service.
296-08-180	Subpoenas—Fees.
296-08-190	Subpoenas—Proof of service,
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296-08-380	Official notice—Material facts.
296-08-390	Presumptions.
296-08-400	Stipulations and admissions of record.
296-08-410	Form and content of decisions in contested cases.
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296-08-430	Prehearing conference rule—Authorized.
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	action.
296-08-450	Submission of documentary evidence in advance.
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29608470	Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses.
296-08-480	Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on
220 00 100	economic and statistical data—Written sworn statements.
296–08–490	Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data.
29608500	Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 296-08-470 or 296-08-480.
296-08-510	Continuances.
296-08-520	Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria.
296-08-530	Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclu-
270 00 330	sion—Discontinuance—Objections.
296-08-540	Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal.
296-08-550	Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—
	Requisites.
296-08-560	Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—
	Agency must consider.
296-08-570	Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal— Notice of disposition.

WAC 296-08-001 Effective date and validity. These rules of practice and procedure have been adopted by the department of labor and industries in accordance with the authority vested in it by law and pursuant to a hearing held at Olympia, Washington, on March 10, 1960. The effective date of these rules is March 18th, 1960.

[Rule .08.591, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

Declaratory rulings.

296-08-580

296-08-590

WAC 296-08-010 Appearance and practice before agency--Who may appear. No person may appear in a

representative capacity before the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer other than the following: (1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.

- (2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, if the attorneys at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear in a representative capacity before administrative agencies of such other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law.
- (3) Persons otherwise qualified as possessing the requisite skill to appear and expertly represent others who have applied to the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof and have been duly authorized by the same to appear before it in a representative capacity.
- (4) A bona fide officer, partner, or full time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation.

[Rule .08.010, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-020 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys. In all hearings involving the taking of testimony and the formulation of a record subject to review by the courts, where the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer determine that representative activity in such hearing requires a high degree of legal training, experience, and skill, the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer may limit those who may appear in a representative capacity to attorneys at law.

[Rule .08.020, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-08-025 Attorney's fees. (1) The department of labor and industries (hereinafter department) shall fix a reasonable attorney fee to be paid by the worker, crime victim, or beneficiary for services rendered with the department if written application therefor is made by the attorney, worker, crime victim, or beneficiary, as provided in RCW 51.52.120.
- (a) Fees will be set only for services rendered prior to the notice of appeal;
- (b) On closed claims, fees will only be set if written application is received by the department within one year from the claim closure date as indicated on the department order.
- (c) If such application for fixing of a fee is made by the attorney, it shall set forth therein the monetary amount which the attorney considers reasonable for all services rendered with the department, the reason such fee is considered to be reasonable, and a detailed breakdown of the time spent by the attorney in representing the injured worker.
- (d) In all instances, the department shall afford to all parties affected a minimum of ten days in which to submit comment and material information which may be helpful to the department in setting a fair and reasonable fee.

- (e) The department will provide copies of information sent to the department to the attorney, worker, crime victim, or beneficiary upon request.
- (f) Informal contact may be made with the parties to determine the feasibility of reaching an agreement on the amount of the fees.
- (g) Additional information necessary to reach a decision may be requested by the department.
- (2) Fee fixing criteria. All attorney fees fixed by the department where application therefor has been made shall be established in accordance with the following general principles:
- (a) Only one fee shall be fixed for legal services in any one claim regardless of the number of attorneys representing the worker, crime victim, or beneficiary, except that in cases of multiple beneficiaries represented by one or multiple attorneys the department has the discretion to set more than one attorney fee if so requested.
- (b) The department shall defer fixing a fee until such time as information, which it deems sufficient upon which to base a fee, is available.
- (c) A fee shall be fixed only in those cases where the attorney's services are instrumental in securing additional benefits to the worker, crime victim, or beneficiary.
- (d) Where increased compensation is obtained, the fee may be fixed without regard to any medical benefits secured.
- (e) In setting all fees, the following factors shall be carefully considered and weighed:
  - (i) Nature of the claim.
- (ii) Novelty and complexity of the issues presented or other unusual circumstances.
  - (iii) Time and labor expended.
  - (iv) Skill and diligence in resolving the claim.
  - (v) Extent and nature of the relief.
- (vi) The prevalent practice of charging contingency fees in the department.
- (vii) The worker's or crime victim's circumstance and the remedial social purposes of the Industrial Insurance Act and of the Crime Victims Compensation Act, which are intended to provide sure and adequate relief to injured workers and crime victims and their families.
- (3) The manager of the claims consultant division of the department is the director's designee to process all petitions to set attorney's fees and to issue orders setting those fees for services rendered by attorneys in securing industrial insurance benefits. The supervisor of the crime victims section of the department is the director's designee to process all petitions to set attorney's fees and to issue orders setting those fees for services rendered by attorneys in securing crime victims benefits.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.52.120, 51.04.020 and 7.68.110. 87-02-037 (Order 86-42), § 296-08-025, filed 1/2/87.]

WAC 296-08-030 Appearance and practice before agency—Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal relations, provided that

such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind.

[Rule .08.030, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-040 Appearance and practice before agency—Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the department of any division, board, commission or council thereof in representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any such person does not conform to such standards, the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before it.

[Rule .08.040, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-050 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance by former employee of agency or former member of attorney general's staff. No former employee of the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or member of the attorney general's staff may at any time after severing his employment with the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with RCW 42.22.040, in a representative capacity on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part as a representative of the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof.

[Rule .08.050, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-060 Appearance and practice before agency—Former employee as expert witness. No former employee of the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof shall at any time after severing his employment with the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with RCW 42.22.040, as an expert witness on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part in the investigation as a representative of the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof.

[Rule .08.060, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-070 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the rules or by the order of the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is

less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

[Rule .08.070, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-080 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases. In any contested case, all parties shall be served with a notice at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing, unless otherwise prescribed by law, or unless all interested parties waive such notice in writing. The notice shall state the time, place, and issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090 (2)(i).

[Rule .08.080, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-090 Service of process—By whom served. The department or any division, board, commission or council thereof shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other papers issued by it, together with any other papers which it is required by law to serve. Every other paper shall be served by the party filing it.

[Rule .08.090, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-100 Service of process—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact.

[Rule .08.100, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-110 Service of process—Service upon parties. The final order, and any other paper required to be served by the agency upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record.

[Rule .08.110, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-120 Service of process—Methods of service. Service of papers shall be made personally or, unless otherwise provided by law, by first—class, or registered, or certified mail; or by telegraph.

[Rule .08.120, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-130 Service of process—When service complete. Service upon parties shall be regarded as complete: By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid.

[Rule .08.130, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-140 Service of process—Filing with agency. Papers required to be filed with the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt by the department or the division, board, commission or council

thereof at the place specified in its rules accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served.

[Rule .08.140, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-150 Subpoenas—Where provided by law—Form. Every subpoena, where authorized by law, shall state "department of labor and industries, state of Washington (name of appropriate division, board, etc.)" and the title of the proceeding, if any, and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend and give testimony or produce designated books, documents or things under his control at a specified time and place.

[Rule .08.150, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-160 Subpoenas-Issuance to parties. Upon application of counsel or other representative authorized to practice before the agency for any party to a contested case, there shall be issued to such party subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence in such proceeding. Where authorized by law, the department, or any division, board, commission or council thereof may issue subpoenas to parties not so represented upon request or upon a showing of general relevance and reasonable scope of the testimony or evidence sought.

[Rule .08.160, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-170 Subpoenas--Service. Unless the service of a subpoena is acknowledged on its face by the person subpoenaed, service shall be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to such person and by tendering him on demand, if entitled to make such demand, the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law.

[Rule .08.170, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-180 Subpoenas—Fees. Witnesses summoned before the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof shall be paid by the party at whose instance they appear the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the superior courts of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.180, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-190 Subpoenas--Proof of service. The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service by filing the subpoena and the required return, affidavit or acknowledgment of service with the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or the officer before whom the witness is required to testify or produce evidence. If service is made by a person other than an officer of the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof and such service has not been acknowledged by the witness, such person shall make an affidavit of service. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service.

[Rule .08.190, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-200 Subpoenas—Quashing. Upon motion made promptly, and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, by the person to whom the subpoena is directed (and upon notice to the party to whom the subpoena was issued) the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its authorized member or officer may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or requires evidence not relevant to any matter in issue, or (2) condition denial of the motion upon just and reasonable conditions.

[Rule .08.200, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-210 Subpoenas—Enforcement. Upon application and for good cause shown, the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof will seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas, where authorized by law, issued to parties and which have not been quashed.

[Rule .08.210, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-220 Subpoenas-Geographical scope. Such attendance of witnesses and such production of evidence may be required from any place in the state of Washington, at any designated place of hearing.

[Rule .08.220, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-370 Official notice—Matters of law. The department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or its hearing officer upon request made before or during a hearing, will officially notice:

- (1) Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the federal register.
- (2) State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser.
- (3) Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations.
- (4) Agency organization. The department's or any division's, board's, commission's or council's thereof organization, administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar.

[Rule .08.370, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-380 Official notice--Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, may officially notice:

(1) Agency proceedings. The pendency of, the issue and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of

any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof;

- (2) Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
- (3) Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well-informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department, or agency;
- (4) Technical knowledge. Matters within the technical knowledge of the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;
- (5) Request or suggestion. Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any prehearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;
- (6) Statement. Where an initial or final decision of the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer of the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence:
- (7) Controversion. Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controvert such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision:
- (8) Evaluation of evidence. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[Rule .08.380, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-08-390 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subsections hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:
- (1) Continuity. That a fact of a continuous nature, provided to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;
- (2) Identity. That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;
- (3) Delivery. Except in a proceeding where the liability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail matter, communications, express or freight, properly addressed, marked, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business;
- (4) Ordinary course. That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly co-exists with the fact presumed;
- (5) Acceptance of benefit. That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do;
- (6) Interference with remedy. That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, eloigned, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact.

[Rule .08.390, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-08-400 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided:
- (1) Upon whom binding. Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;
- (2) Withdrawal. Any party bound by a stipulation or admission or record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the department or the division, board, commission or

council thereof that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.400, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-410 Form and content of decisions in contested cases. Every decision and order, whether proposed, initial, or final, shall:

- (1) Be correctly captioned as to name of agency and name of proceeding;
- (2) Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding;
- (3) Include a concise statement of the nature and background of the proceeding;
- (4) Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law;
- (5) Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded;
- (6) Wherever practical, be referenced to specific provisions of the law and/or regulations appropriate thereto, together with reasons and precedents relied upon to support the same.

[Rule .08.410, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-420 Definition of issues before hearing. In all proceedings the issues to be adjudicated shall be made initially as precise as possible, in order that hearing officers may proceed promptly to conduct the hearings on relevant and material matter only.

[Rule .08.420, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-430 Prehearing conference rule—Authorized. In any proceeding the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider:

- (1) The simplification of the issues;
- (2) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
- (3) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
  - (4) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
- (5) Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

[Rule .08.430, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-440 Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action. The department of the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer shall make an order or statement which recites the action taken at the conference, the amendments allowed to the pleadings and the agreements made by the parties or their qualified representatives as to any of the matters considered, including the settlement or simplification of issues, and which limits

the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admissions or agreements; and such order or statement shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified for good cause by subsequent order.

[Rule .08.440, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-450 Submission of documentary evidence in advance. Where practical the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer may require:

- (1) That all documentary evidence which is to be offered during the taking of evidence be submitted to the hearing examiner and to the other parties to the proceeding sufficiently in advance of such taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross-examination and rebuttal evidence.
- (2) That documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as may be required by subsection (1), be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to produce the evidence sooner;
- (3) That the authenticity of all documents submitted in advance in a proceeding in which such submission is required, be deemed admitted unless written objection thereto is filed prior to the hearing, except that a party will be permitted to challenge such authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed such written objection.

[Rule .08.450, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-460 Excerpts from documentary evidence. When portions only of a document are to be relied upon, the offering party shall prepare the pertinent excerpts, adequately identified, and shall supply copies of such excerpts, together with a statement indicating the purpose for which such materials will be offered, to the hearing examiner and to other parties. Only the excerpts, so prepared and submitted, shall be received in the record. However, the whole of the original document shall be made available for examination and for use by all parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.460, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-470 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer in all classes of cases where practicable make an effort to have the interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications.

[Rule .08.470, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-480 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data-Written sworn statements. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, require, and when not so permissible, make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon formal offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such statements shall not be subject to cross-examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses.

[Rule .08.480, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-490 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data—Supporting data. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross—examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 296-08-480, but, wherever practicable that he restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record.

[Rule .08.490, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-500 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic and statistical data--Effect of noncompliance with WAC 296-08-470 or 296-08-480. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 296-08-470 or 296-08-480, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements.

[Rule .08.500, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-510 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of hearing, or as soon thereafter as requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer of said desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall

consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof or its designated hearing officer may grant such a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the examiner or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix a date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing.

[Rule .08.510, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-520 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings in matters not involving trial by jury, in the superior court of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.520, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-530 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections.

When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The officer conducting the hearing may, in his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.

[Rule .08.530, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-540 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal. Any interested person may petition the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule.

[Rule .08.540, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-550 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Requisites. Where the petition requests the promulgation of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full, the petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form, if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule.

[Rule .08.550, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-560 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Agency must consider. All petitions shall be considered by the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof and the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested promulgation, amendment, repeal or modification of any rule.

[Rule .08.560, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-570 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Notice of disposition. The department or the division, board, commission or council thereof shall notify the petitioning party within a reasonable time of the disposition, if any, of the petition.

[Rule .08.570, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-08-580 Declaratory rulings. As prescribed by RCW 34.04.080, any interested person may petition the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof for a declaratory ruling. The department or the division, board, commission or council thereof shall consider the petition and within a reasonable time shall:

- (1) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (2) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued; or
- (3) Set a reasonable time and place for a hearing or the submission of written evidence upon the matter, and give reasonable notification to the person of the time and place for such hearing or submission and of the issues involved.
- If a hearing is held or evidence is submitted as provided in subsection (3), the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof shall within a reasonable time:
  - (1) Issue a binding declaratory rule; or
  - (2) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (3) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued.

[Rule .08.580, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-08-590 Forms. (1) Any interested person petitioning the department or the division, board, commission or council thereof for a declaratory ruling pursuant to RCW 34.04.080, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.
- (a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "before the department of labor and industries (name of appropriate division board, etc.)." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for a declaratory ruling." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."
- (b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state all rules or statutes that may be

brought into issue by the petition. Succeeding paragraphs shall set out the state of facts relied upon in form similar to that applicable to complaints in civil actions before the superior courts of this state. The concluding paragraphs shall contain the prayer of the petitioner. The petition shall be subscribed and verified in the manner prescribed for verification of complaints in the superior courts of this state.

- (c) The original and two legible copies shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8-1/2" x 11" or 8-1/2" x 13" in size.
- (2) Any interested person petitioning the department or any division, board, commission or council thereof requesting the promulgation, amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose:
- (a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording, "before the department of labor and industries (name of appropriate division, board, etc.)." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal) of rule (or rules.") Opposite the foregoing shall appear the word "petition."
- (b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the promulgation of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment, the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by agency rule number. The third paragraph shall be set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner's reason for the action sought.
- (c) Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8-1/2" x 11" or 8-1/2" x 13" in size.

[Rule .08.590, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

## Chapter 296-09 WAC PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE—BOARD OF BOILER RULES

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WAC 296-09-010 Appearance and practice before agency--Who may appear. No person may appear in a representative capacity before the board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer other than the following:

(1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.

(2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, if the attorneys at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear in a representative capacity before administrative agencies of such other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law.

(3) Persons otherwise qualified as possessing the requisite skill to appear and expertly represent others who have applied to the board of boiler rules and have been

duly authorized by the same to appear before it in a representative capacity.

(4) A bona fide officer, partner, or full-time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation.

[Rule .08.010, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-020 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys. In all hearings involving the taking of testimony and the formulation of a record subject to review by the courts, where the board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer determine that representative activity in such hearing requires a high degree of legal training, experience, and skill, the board or its designated hearing officer may limit those who may appear in a representative capacity to attorneys at law.

[Rule .08.020, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-030 Appearance and practice before agency-Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the board of boiler rules to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal relations, provided that such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind.

[Rule .08.030, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-040 Appearance and practice before agency—Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the board of boiler rules in representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any such person does not conform to such standards, the board may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before it.

[Rule .08.040, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-050 Appearance and practice before agency--Appearance of former employee of board or former member of attorney general's staff. No former employee of the board of boiler rules or member of the attorney general's staff may at any time after severing his employment with the board or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, in a representative capacity on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part as a representative of the board.

[Rule .08.050, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-060 Appearance and practice before agency—Former employee as expert witness. No former employee of the board of boiler rules shall at any time after severing his employment with the board appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, as an expert witness on behalf

of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part in the investigation as a representative of the board.

[Rule .08.060, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-070 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the rules or by the order of the board of boiler rules or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

[Rule .08.070, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-080 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases. In any contested case, all parties shall be served with a notice at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing, unless otherwise prescribed by law, or unless all interested parties waive such notice, and such waiver be noted in the minutes. The notice shall state the time, place, and issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090(1).

[Rule .08.080, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-090 Service of process—By whom served. The board of boiler rules shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other papers issued by it, together with any other papers which it is required by law to serve. Every other paper shall be served by the party filing it.

[Rule .08.090, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-100 Service of process—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the board of boiler rules or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time [of] such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact.

[Rule .08.100, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-110 Service of process—Service upon parties. The final order, and any other paper required to be served by the agency upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record.

[Rule .08.110, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-120 Service of process--Method of service. Service of papers shall be made personally or,

unless otherwise provided by law, by first-class, or registered, or certified mail; or by telegraph.

[Rule .08.120, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-130 Service of process—When service complete. Service upon parties shall be regarded as complete: By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid.

[Rule .08.130, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-140 Service of process—Filing with agency. Papers required to be filed with the board of boiler rules shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt by the board at the place specified in its rules accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served.

[Rule .08.140, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-09-370 Official notice—Matters of law. The board of boiler rules or its hearing officer upon request made before or during a hearing, will officially notice: (1) Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the Federal Register.
- (2) State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser.
- (3) Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations.
- (4) Agency organization. The board of boiler rules' organization, administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar.

[Rule .08.370, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-09-380 Official notice--Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the board of boiler rules and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, may officially notice: (1) Agency proceedings. The pendency of, the issue and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the board of boiler rules;
- (2) Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
- (3) Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well-informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to

accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department, or agency;

- (4) **Technical knowledge.** Matters within the technical knowledge of the board of boiler rules as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;
- (5) Request or suggestion. Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the board of boiler rules may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any pre-hearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;
- (6) Statement. Where an initial or final decision of the board of boiler rules rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer of the board may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence;
- (7) Controversion. Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controvert such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision;
- (8) Evaluation of evidence. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the board of boiler rules or its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[Rule .08.380, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-09-390 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subdivisions hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the board of boiler rules with or without prior request or notice, may take the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:
- (1) Continuity. That a fact of a continuous nature, provided to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;

- (2) Identity. That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;
- (3) Delivery. Except in a proceeding where the liability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail matter, communications, express or freight, properly addressed, marked, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business:
- (4) Ordinary course. That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly co-exists with the fact presumed;
- (5) Acceptance of benefit. That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do,
- (6) Interference with remedy. That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, eloigned, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact.

[Rule .08.390, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-09-400 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided: (1) Upon whom binding. Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;
- (2) Withdrawal. Any party bound by a stipulation or admission or record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the board of boiler rules that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.400, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-09-410 Form and content of decisions in contested cases. Every decision and order, whether proposed, initial, or final, shall: (1) Be correctly captioned as to name of agency and name of proceeding;
- (2) Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding.

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- (3) Include a concise statement of the nature and background of the proceeding;
- (4) Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law;
- (5) Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded;
- (6) Wherever practical, be referenced to specific provisions of the law and/or regulations appropriate thereto, together with reasons and precedents relied upon to support the same.

[Rule .08.410, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-420 Definition of issues before hearing. In all proceedings the issues to be adjudicated shall be made initially as precise as possible, in order that hearing officers may proceed promptly to conduct the hearings on relevant and material matter only.

[Rule .08.420, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-430 Prehearing conference rule—Authorized. In any proceeding the board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider

- (1) The simplification of the issues;
- (2) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
- (3) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
  - (4) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
- (5) Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

[Rule .08.430, effective 3/10/63, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-440 Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action. The board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer shall make an order or statement which recites the action taken at the conference, the amendments allowed to the pleadings and the agreements made by the parties or their qualified representatives as to any of the matters considered, including the settlement or simplification of issues, and which limits the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admissions or agreements; and such order or statement shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified for good cause by subsequent order.

[Rule .08.440, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-450 Submission of documentary evidence in advance. Where practical the board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer may require: (1) That all documentary evidence which is to be offered during the taking of evidence be submitted to the hearing examiner and to the other parties to the proceeding sufficiently in advance of such taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross-examination and rebuttal evidence.

- (2) That documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as may be required by subsection (1), be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to produce the evidence sooner;
- (3) That the authenticity of all documents submitted in advance in a proceeding in which such submission is required, be deemed admitted unless written objection thereto is filed prior to the hearing, except that a party will be permitted to challenge such authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed such written objection.

[Rule .08.450, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-460 Excerpts from documentary evidence. When portions only of a document are to be relied upon, the offering party shall prepare the pertinent excerpts, adequately identified, and shall supply copies of such excerpts, together with a statement indicating the purpose for which such materials will be offered, to the hearing examiner and to other parties. Only the excerpts, so prepared and submitted, shall be received in the record. However, the whole of the original document shall be made available for examination and for use by all parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.460, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-470 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer in all classes of cases where practicable make an effort to have the interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him [and] to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications.

[Rule .08.470, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-480 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data--Written sworn statements. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, require, and when not so permissible, make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon formal offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not

be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such statements shall not be subject to cross—examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses.

[Rule .08.480, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-490 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Supporting data. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross—examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 296-09-480, but, wherever practicable that he restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record.

[Rule .08.490, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-500 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 296-09-470 or 296-09-480. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 296-09-470 or 296-09-480, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements.

[Rule .08.500, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-510 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of hearing, or as soon thereafter as requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the board of boiler rules or its designated hearing officer of said desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The board or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown the board or its designated hearing officer may grant such a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the examiner or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix a date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing.

[Rule .08.510, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-520 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence

reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings in matters not involving trial by jury, in the superior court of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.520, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-530 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections.

When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The officer conducting the hearing may, in his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.

[Rule .08.530, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-540 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Who may petition. Any interested person may petition the board of boiler rules requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule.

[Rule .08.540, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-550 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Requisites. Where the petition requests the promulgation of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full, the petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form, if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule.

[Rule .08.550, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-560 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Agency must consider. All petitions shall be considered by the board of boiler rules and the board may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested promulgation, amendment, repeal or modification of any rule.

[Rule .08.560, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-570 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal--Notice of disposition. The board of boiler rules shall notify the petitioning party within a reasonable time of the disposition, if any, of the petition.

[Rule .08.570, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-580 Declaratory rulings. (1) As prescribed by RCW 34.04.080, any interested person may petition the board of boiler rules for a declaratory ruling. The board shall consider the petition and within a reasonable time shall:

- (a) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (b) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued; or
- (c) Set a reasonable time and place for a hearing or the submission of written evidence upon the matter, and give reasonable notification to the person of the time and place for such hearing or submission and of the issues involved.
- (2) If a hearing is held or evidence is submitted as provided in subsection (c), the department or the board shall within a reasonable time:
  - (a) Issue a binding declaratory rule; or
  - (b) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (c) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued.

[Rule .08.580, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-09-590 Forms. (1) Any interested person petitioning the board of boiler rules thereof for a declaratory ruling pursuant to RCW 34.04.080, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.

At the top of the page shall appear the wording "Before the board of boiler rules." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for a declaratory ruling." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state all rules or statutes that may be brought into issue by the petition. Succeeding paragraphs shall set out the state of facts relied upon in form similar to that applicable to complaints in civil actions before the superior courts of this state. The concluding paragraphs shall contain the prayer of the petitioner. The petition shall be subscribed and verified in the manner prescribed for verification of complaints in the superior courts of this state.

The original and two legible copies shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either  $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 11$  or  $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 13$  in size.

(2) Any interested person petitioning the board of boiler rules thereof requesting the promulgation, amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.

At the top of the page shall appear the wording, "Before the board of boiler rules." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal) of rule (or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the promulgation of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment,

the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by agency rule number. The third paragraph shall set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner's reason for the action sought.

Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8 1/2" x 11" or 8 1/2" x 13" in size.

[Rule .08.590, effective 3/10/60, filed 3/23/60.]

## Chapter 296–10 WAC PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE—INDUSTRIAL WELFARE COMMITTEE

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WAC 296-10-010 Appearance and practice before agency—Who may appear. No person may appear in a representative capacity before the industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer other than the following:

- (1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.
- (2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, if the attorneys at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear in a representative capacity before administrative agencies of such other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law.
- (3) Persons otherwise qualified as possessing the requisite skill to appear and expertly represent others who have applied to the industrial welfare committee and have been duly authorized by the same to appear before it in a representative capacity.
- (4) A bona fide officer, partner, or full time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation.

[Rule .08.010, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-020 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys. In all hearings involving the taking of testimony and the formulation of a record subject to review by the courts, where the industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer determine that representative activity in such hearing requires a high degree of legal training, experience, and skill, the committee or its designated hearing officer may limit those who may appear in a representative capacity to attorneys at law.

[Rule .08.020, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-030 Appearance and practice before agency-Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be

unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the industrial welfare committee to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal relations, provided that such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind.

[Rule .08.030, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-040 Appearance and practice before agency—Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the industrial welfare committee in representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any such person does not conform to such standards, [the] committee may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before it.

[Rule .08.040, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-050 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance of former employee of board or former member of attorney general's staff. No former employee of the industrial welfare committee or member of the attorney general's staff may at any time after severing his employment with the committee or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, in a representative capacity on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part as a representative of the committee.

[Rule .08.050, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-060 Appearance and practice before agency—Former employee as expert witness. No former employee of the industrial welfare committee shall at any time after severing his employment with the committee appear, except with the written permission and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, as an expert witness on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part in the investigation as a representative of the committee.

[Rule .08.060, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-070 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the rules or by the order of the industrial welfare committee or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

[Rule .08.070, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-080 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases. In any contested case, all parties

shall be served with a notice at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing, unless otherwise prescribed by law, or unless all interested parties waive such notice in writing. The notice shall state the time, place, and issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090(1).

[Rule .08.080, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-090 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—By whom served. The industrial welfare committee shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other papers issued by it, together with any other papers which it is required by law to serve. Every other paper shall be served by the party filing it.

[Rule .08.090, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-100 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the industrial welfare committee or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact.

[Rule .08.100, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-110 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—Service upon parties. The final order, and any other paper required to be served by the agency upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record.

[Rule .08.110, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-120 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—Method of service. Service of papers shall be made personally or, unless otherwise provided by law, by first—class, or registered, or certified mail; or by telegraph.

[Rule .08.120, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-130 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—When service complete. Service upon parties shall be regarded as complete: By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid.

[Rule .08.130, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-140 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases—Filing with agency. Papers required to be filed with the industrial welfare committee shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt by the committee at the place specified in its rules accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served.

[Rule .08.140, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-150 Subpoenas—Where provided by law—Form. Every subpoena, where authorized by law, shall state "Industrial welfare committee, state of Washington" and the title of the proceeding, if any, and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend and give testimony or produce designated books, documents or things under his control at a specified time and place.

[Rule .08.150, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-160 Subpoenas—Issuance to parties. Upon application of counsel or other representative authorized to practice before the agency for any party to a contested case, there shall be issued to such party subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence in such proceeding. Where authorized by law, the industrial welfare committee may issue subpoenas to parties not so represented upon a request or showing of general relevance and reasonable scope of the testimony or evidence sought.

[Rule .08.160, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-170 Subpoenas—Service. Unless the service of a subpoena is acknowledged on its face by the person subpoenaed, service shall be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to such person and by tendering him on demand, if entitled to make such demand, the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law.

[Rule .08.170, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-180 Subpoenas--Fees. Witnesses summoned before the industrial welfare committee shall be paid by the party at whose instance they appear the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the superior courts of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.180, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-190 Subpoenas—Proof of service. The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service by filing the subpoena and the required return, affidavit or acknowledgment of service with the industrial welfare committee or the officer before whom the witness is required to testify or produce evidence. If service is made by a person other than an officer of the committee and such service has not been acknowledged by the witness, such person shall make an affidavit of service. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service.

[Rule .08.190, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-200 Subpoenas—Quashing. Upon motion made promptly, and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, by the person to whom the subpoena is directed (and upon notice to the party to whom the subpoena was issued) the industrial welfare committee or its authorized member or officer may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or requires evidence not relevant to any

matter in issue, or (2) condition denial of the motion upon just and reasonable conditions.

[Rule .08.200, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-210 Subpoenas-Enforcement. Upon application and for good cause shown, the industrial welfare committee will seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas, where authorized by law, issued to parties and which have not been quashed.

[Rule .08.210, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-220 Subpoenas-Geographical scope. Such attendance of witnesses and such production of evidence may be required from any place in the state of Washington, at any designated place of hearing.

[Rule .08.220, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-10-370 Official notice—Matters of law. The industrial welfare committee or its hearing officer upon request made before or during a hearing, will officially notice:
- (1) Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the Federal Register;
- (2) State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records; journals and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser;
- (3) Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations;
- (4) Agency organization. The industrial welfare committee's organization, administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar.

[Rule .08.370, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-10-380 Official notice—Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the industrial welfare committee and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, may officially notice:
- (1) Agency proceedings. The pendency of, the issue and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the industrial welfare committee;
- (2) Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
- (3) Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well-informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department, or agency;

- (4) Technical knowledge. Matters within the technical knowledge of the industrial welfare committee as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;
- (5) Request or suggestion. Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the industrial welfare committee may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any prehearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;
- (6) Statement. Where an initial or final decision of the industrial welfare committee rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer of the committee may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence;
- (7) Controversion. Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controvert such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision:
- (8) Evaluation of evidence. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the industrial welfare committee its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[Rule .08.380, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-10-390 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subsections hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the industrial welfare committee with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:
- (1) Continuity. That a fact of a continuous nature, provided to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;
- (2) Identity. That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;
- (3) Delivery. Except in a proceeding where the liability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail

matter, communications, express or freight, properly addressed, marked, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business;

- (4) Ordinary course. That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly co-exists with the fact presumed;
- (5) Acceptance of benefit. That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do;
- (6) Interference with remedy. That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, eloigned, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact.

[Rule .08.390, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-400 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided:

- (1) Upon whom binding. Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;
- (2) Withdrawal. Any party bound by a stipulation or admission or record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the industrial welfare committee that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.400, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-410 Form and content of decisions in contested cases. Every decision and order, whether proposed, initial, or final, shall:

- (1) Be correctly captioned as to name of agency and name of proceeding;
- (2) Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding;
- (3) Include a concise statement of the nature and background of the proceeding;

- (4) Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law;
- (5) Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded;
- (6) Wherever practical, be referenced to specific provisions of the law and/or regulations appropriate thereto, together with reasons and precedents relied upon to support the same.

[Rule .08.410, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-420 Definition of issues before hearing. In all proceedings the issues to be adjudicated shall be made initially as precise as possible, in order that hearing officers may proceed promptly to conduct the hearings on relevant and material matter only.

[Rule .08.420, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-430 Prehearing conference rule—Authorized. In any proceeding the industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider

- (1) The simplification of the issues;
- (2) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
- (3) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
  - (4) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
- (5) Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

[Rule .08.430, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-440 Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action. The industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer shall make an order or statement which recites the action taken at the conference, the amendments allowed to the pleadings and the agreements made by the parties or their qualified representatives as to any of the matters considered, including the settlement or simplification of issues, and which limits the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admissions or agreements; and such order or statement shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified for good cause by subsequent order.

[Rule .08.440, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-450 Submission of documentary evidence in advance. Where practical the industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer may require:

- (1) That all documentary evidence which is to be offered during the taking of evidence be submitted to the hearing examiner and to the other parties to the proceeding sufficiently in advance of such taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross-examination and rebuttal evidence.
- (2) That documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as may be required by subsection (1), be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that

the offering party had good cause for his failure to produce the evidence sooner;

(3) That the authenticity of all documents submitted in advance in a proceeding in which such submission is required, be deemed admitted unless written objection thereto is filed prior to the hearing, except that a party will be permitted to challenge such authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed such written objection.

[Rule .08.450, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-460 Excerpts from documentary evidence. When portions only of a document are to be relied upon, the offering party shall prepare the pertinent excerpts, adequately identified, and shall supply copies of such excerpts, together with a statement indicating the purpose for which such materials will be offered, to the hearing examiner and to other parties. Only the excerpts, so prepared and submitted, shall be received in the record. However, the whole of the original document shall be made available for examination and for use by all parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.460, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-470 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer in all classes of cases where practicable make an effort to have the interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications.

[Rule .08.470, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-480 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data--Written sworn statements. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, require, and when not so permissible, make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon formal offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such

statements shall not be subject to cross-examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses.

[Rule .08.480, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-490 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Supporting data. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross—examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 296-10-480, but, wherever practicable that he restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record.

[Rule .08.490, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-500 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 296-10-470 or 296-10-480. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 296-10-470 or 296-10-480, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements.

[Rule .08.500, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-510 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of hearing, or as soon thereafter as [facts] requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the industrial welfare committee or its designated hearing officer of said desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The committee or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown the committee or its designated hearing officer may grant such continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the examiner or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix a date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing.

[Rule .08.510, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-520 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the

admissibility of evidence, the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings in matters not involving trial by jury, in the superior court of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.520, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

### WAC 296-10-530 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections.

When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The officer conducting the hearing may, in his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.

[Rule .08.530, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-540 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Who may petition. Any interested person may petition the industrial welfare committee requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule.

[Rule .08.540, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-550 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Requisites. Where the petition requests the promulgation of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full, the petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule.

[Rule .08.550, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-560 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Agency must consider. All petitions shall be considered by the industrial welfare committee and the committee may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested promulgation, amendment, repeal or modification of any rule.

[Rule .08.560, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-570 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Notice of disposition. The industrial welfare committee shall notify the petitioning party within a reasonable time of the disposition, if any, of the petition.

[Rule .08.570, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-580 Declaratory rulings. As prescribed by RCW 34.04.080, any interested person may petition the industrial welfare committee thereof for a

declaratory ruling. The committee shall consider the petition and within a reasonable time shall: (1) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or

- (2) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued; or
- (3) Set a reasonable time and place for a hearing or the submission of written evidence upon the matter, and give reasonable notification to the person of the time and place for such hearing or submission and of the issues involved.
- (4) If a hearing is held or evidence is submitted as provided in subsection (3), the industrial welfare committee thereof shall within a reasonable time:
  - (a) Issue a binding declaratory rule; or
  - (b) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (c) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued.

[Rule .08.580, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-10-590 Forms. (1) Any interested person petitioning the industrial welfare committee for a declaratory ruling pursuant to RCW 34.04.080, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.

At the top of the page shall appear the wording "Before the industrial welfare committee." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for a declaratory ruling." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state all rules or statutes that may be brought into issue by the petition. Succeeding paragraphs shall set out the state of facts relied upon in form similar to that applicable to complaints in civil actions before the superior courts of this state. The concluding paragraphs shall contain the prayer of the petitioner. The petition shall be subscribed and verified in the manner prescribed for verification of complaints in the superior courts of this state.

The original and two legible copies shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either  $8-1/2 \times 11$ " or  $8-1/2 \times 13$ " in size.

(2) Any interested person petitioning the industrial welfare committee requesting the promulgation, amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.

At the top of the page shall appear the wording, "Before the industrial welfare committee." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal) of rule (or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."

The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the promulgation of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or

amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment, the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by agency rule number. The third paragraph shall set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner's reason for the action sought.

Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either  $8-1/2 \times 11$ " or 8-1/2" x 13" in size.

[Rule .08.590, effective 3/18/60, filed 3/23/60.]

#### Chapter 296-11 WAC

# PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE-BOARD OF PILOTAGE COMMISSIONERS

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DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS

## DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

296-11-002 Effective date and validity. [Order 2-68, § 296-11-002, filed 11/1/68; Rule .08.591, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.] Repealed by 80-03-081 (Order 79-6, Resolution No. 79-6), filed 3/4/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 88.16.035.

#### WAC 296-11-001 General rule and information.

The chairperson of the board of pilotage commissioners is the secretary of transportation of the state of Washington or the secretary's designee. Information regarding the Pilotage Act, complaints and other matters coming under the provisions of the Pilotage Act and the board's rules and regulations may be obtained by contacting the chairperson or the board's secretary in person or in writing at the Office of the Board of Pilotage Commissioners, Pier 52, Seattle, Washington 98104. All public documents in the custody of the board may be obtained upon request made to the chairperson of the

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Board of Pilotage Commissioners, Pier 52, Seattle, Washington 98104.

Any matter filed with the chairperson and/or the secretary will be brought to the attention of the board at its next regular meeting, the date of which is the second Thursday of each month. Persons desiring to do so may also attend the board meetings, which are held at Pier 52, Seattle, Washington.

The purpose and scope of activity of the board of pilotage commissioners are set out in chapter 88.16 RCW and are as follows:

Scope: (1) Puget Sound pilotage district.

(2) Grays Harbor pilotage district.

Purpose: The purpose of the board of pilotage commissioners is to prevent the loss of human lives, loss of property and vessels and to protect the marine environment by maintenance of a competent and efficient pilotage service on the state's waters. To accomplish this end the board examines proficiency of potential pilots, licenses pilots, regulates pilots, enforces the use of pilots, sets pilotage rates, receives and investigates reports of accidents involving pilots, keeps records of various matters affecting pilotage and fulfills other responsibilities enumerated in chapter 88.16 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 88.16.035. 80-03-081 (Order 79-6, Resolution No. 79-6), § 296-11-001, filed 3/4/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 88.16.035 and 88.16.155. 78-09-057 (Order 78-2, Resolution No. 78-2), § 296-11-001, filed 8/23/78; Order 2-68, § 296-11-001, filed 11/1/68.]

WAC 296-11-003 Index to documents. The board of pilotage commissioners finds that the preparation and maintenance of an index to documents as required by RCW 42.17.260 would be unduly burdensome. Therefore, such an index will not be maintained. This undue burden is caused by the fact that the board of pilotage commissioners is a small agency of the state of Washington operating with a limited amount of financial resources. Because of the agency's size, its records are organized in an effective and straightforward manner which renders them accessible to the general public without resort to an index as envisioned in RCW 42.17.260. All indexes which are maintained for agency use will be available for public inspection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 88.16.035 and 88.16.155. 78-09-057 (Order 78-2, Resolution No. 78-2), § 296-11-003, filed 8/23/78.]

WAC 296-11-010 Appearance and practice before agency—Who may appear. No person may appear in a representative capacity before the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer other than the following:

- (1) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.
- (2) Attorneys at law duly qualified and entitled to practice before the highest court of record of any other state, if the attorneys at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear in a representative capacity before administrative agencies of such other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by our state law.

- (3) Persons otherwise qualified as possessing the requisite skill to appear and expertly represent others who have applied to the board of pilotage commissioners and have been duly authorized by the board to appear in a representative capacity before the board.
- (4) A bona fide officer, partner, or full time employee of an individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation who appears for such individual firm, association, partnership, or corporation.

[Rule .08.010, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-020 Appearance and practice before agency—Appearance in certain proceedings may be limited to attorneys. In all hearings involving the taking of testimony and the formulation of a record subject to review by the courts, where the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer determines that representative activity in such hearing requires a high degree of legal training, experience, and skill, the board or its designated hearing officer may limit those who may appear in a representative capacity to attorneys at law.

[Rule .08.020, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-030 Appearance and practice before agency-Solicitation of business unethical. It shall be unethical for persons acting in a representative capacity before the board of pilotage commissioners to solicit business by circulars, advertisements or by personal communication or interviews not warranted by personal relations, provided that such representatives may publish or circulate business cards. It is equally unethical to procure business indirectly by solicitors of any kind.

[Rule .08.030, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-040 Appearance and practice before agency—Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings before the board of pilotage commissioners in a representative capacity shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If any such person does not conform to such standards, the board may decline to permit such person to appear in a representative capacity in any proceeding before the board.

[Rule .08.040, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-050 Appearance and practice before agency-Appearance by former employee of board or member of attorney general's staff. No former employee of the board of pilotage commissioners or member of the attorney general's staff may at any time after severing his employment with the board or the attorney general appear, except with the written permission of the board, and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, in a representative capacity on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part as a representative of the board.

[Rule .08.050, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-060 Appearance and practice before agency—Former employee as expert witness. No former employee of the board of pilotage commissioners shall at any time after severing his employment with the board appear, except with the written permission of the board, and in compliance with chapter 42.22 RCW, as an expert witness on behalf of other parties in a formal proceeding wherein he previously took an active part in the investigation as a representative of the board.

[Rule .08.060, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-070 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the board of pilotage commissioners' rules, by order of the board or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday nor a holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

[Rule .08.070, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-080 Notice and opportunity for hearing in contested cases. In any contested case, all parties shall be served with a notice at least 20 days before the date set for the hearing. The notice shall state the time, place and issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090(1).

[Order 2-68, \$ 296-11-080, filed 11/1/68; Rule .08.080, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-090 Service of process—By whom served. The board of pilotage commissioners shall cause to be served all orders, notices and other papers issued by it, together with any other papers which it is required by law to serve. Every other paper shall be served by the party filing it.

[Rule .08.090, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-100 Service of process--Upon whom served. All papers served by either the board of pilotage commissioners or any party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time of such filing and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their agents designated by them or by law. Any counsel entering an appearance subsequent to the initiation of the proceeding shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of such fact.

[Rule .08.100, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-110 Service of process—Service upon parties. The final order, and any other paper required to be served by the agency upon a party, shall be served upon such party or upon the agent designated by him or by law to receive service of such papers, and a copy shall be furnished to counsel of record.

[Rule .08.110, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-120 Service of process—Method of service. Service of papers shall be made personally or, unless otherwise provided by law, by first—class, registered, or certified mail; or by telegraph.

[Rule .08.120, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-130 Service of process—When service complete. Service upon parties shall be regarded as complete: By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid.

[Rule .08.130, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-140 Service of process—Filing with agency. Papers required to be filed with the board of pilotage commissioners shall be deemed filed upon actual receipt by the board at the place specified in its rules accompanied by proof of service upon parties required to be served.

[Rule .08.140, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-150 Subpoenas--Where provided by law--Form. Every subpoena shall state the name of the state of Washington board of pilotage commissioners and the title of the proceeding, if any, and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend and give testimony or produce designated books, documents or things under his control at a specified time and place. [Rule .08.150, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-160 Subpoenas—Issuance to parties. Upon application of counsel or other representative authorized to practice before the agency for any party to a contested case, there shall be issued to such party subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence in such proceeding. The board of pilotage commissioners may issue subpoenas to parties not so represented upon request or upon a showing of general relevance and reasonable scope of the testimony or evidence sought.

[Rule .08.160, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-170 Subpoenas—Service. Unless the service of a subpoena is acknowledged on its face by the person subpoenaed, service shall be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to such person and by tendering him on demand, if entitled to make such demand, the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law.

[Rule .08.170, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-180 Subpoenas—Fees. Witnesses summoned before the board of pilotage commissioners shall be paid by the party at whose instance they appear the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the superior courts of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.180, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-190 Subpoenas--Proof of service. The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service by filing the subpoena and the required return, affidavit, or acknowledgment of service with the board of pilotage commissioners or the officer before whom the witness is required to testify or produce evidence. If service is made by a person other than an officer of the board, and such service has not been acknowledged by the witness, such person shall make an affidavit of service. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service.

[Rule .08.190, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-200 Subpoenas—Quashing. Upon motion made promptly, and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, by the person to whom the subpoena is directed (and upon notice to the party to whom the subpoena was issued) the board of pilotage commissioners or its authorized member or officer may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or requires evidence not relevant to any matter in issue, or (2) condition denial of the motion upon just and reasonable conditions.

[Rule .08.200, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-210 Subpoenas-Enforcement. Upon application and for good cause shown, the board of pilotage commissioners will seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas issued to parties and which have not been quashed.

[Rule .08.210, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-220 Subpoenas—Geographical scope. Such attendance of witnesses and such production of evidence may be required from any place in the state of Washington, at any designated place of hearing.

[Rule .08.220, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-230 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Right to take. Except as may be otherwise provided, any party may take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition upon oral examination or written interrogatories for use as evidence in the proceeding, except that leave must be obtained if notice of the taking is served by a proponent within twenty days after the filing of a complaint. The attendance of witnesses may be compelled by the use of a subpoena. Depositions shall be taken only in accordance with this rule and the rule of subpoenas.

[Rule .08.230, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-240 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Scope. Unless otherwise ordered, the deponent may be examined regarding any matter not privileged, which is relevant to the subject matter involved in the proceeding.

[Rule .08.240, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-250 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases-Officer before whom taken. Within

the United States or within a territory or insular possession subject to the dominion of the United States depositions shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the state of Washington or of the place where the examination is held; within a foreign country, depositions shall be taken before a secretary of an embassy or legation, consul general, vice consul or consular agent of the United States, or a person designated by the board of pilotage commissioners or agreed upon by the parties by stipulation in writing filed with the board. Except by stipulation, no deposition shall be taken before a person who is a party or the privy of a party, or a privy of any counsel of a party, or who is financially interested in the proceeding.

[Rule .08.250, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-260 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases--Authorization. A party desiring to take the deposition of any person upon oral examination shall give reasonable notice of not less than three days in writing to the board of pilotage commissioners and all parties. The notice shall state the time and place for taking the deposition, the name and address of each person to be examined, if known, and if the name is not known, a general description sufficient to identify him or the particular class or group to which he belongs. On motion of a party upon whom the notice is served, the hearing officer may for cause shown, enlarge or shorten the time. If the parties so stipulate in writing, depositions may be taken before any person, at any time or place, upon any notice, and in any manner and when so taken may be used as other depositions.

[Rule .08.260, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-270 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases--Protection of parties and deponents. After notice is served for taking a deposition, upon its own motion or upon motion reasonably made by any party or by the person to be examined and upon notice and for good cause shown the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer may make an order that the deposition shall not be taken, or that it may be taken only at some designated place other than that stated in the notice, or that it may be taken only on written interrogatories, or that certain matters shall not be inquired into, or that the scope of the examination shall be limited to certain matters, or that the examination shall be limited to certain matters, or that the examination shall be held with no one present except the parties to the action and their officers or counsel, or that after being sealed, the deposition shall be opened only by order of the board, or that business secrets or secret processes, developments, or research need not be disclosed, or that the parties shall simultaneously file specified documents or information enclosed in sealed envelopes to be opened as directed by the board, or the board may make any other order which justice requires to protect the party or witness from annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression. At any time during the taking of the deposition, on motion of any party or of the deponent and upon a showing that the examination is being conducted in bad faith or in such manner as unreasonably to annoy, embarrass, or oppress the deponent or party, the board or its designated hearing officer may order the officer conducting the examination to cease forthwith from taking the deposition, or may limit the scope and manner of the taking of the deposition as above provided. If the order made terminates the examination, it shall be resumed thereafter only upon the order of the agency. Upon demand of the objecting party or deponent, the taking of the deposition shall be suspended for the time necessary to make a motion for an order.

[Rule .08.270, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-280 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Oral examination and cross—examination. Examination and cross—examination shall proceed as at an oral hearing. In lieu of participating in the oral examination, any party served with notice of taking a deposition may transmit written cross interrogatories to the officer who, without first disclosing them to any person, and after the direct testimony is complete, shall propound them seriatim to the deponent and record or cause the answers to be recorded verbatim.

[Rule .08.280, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-290 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Recordation. The officer before whom the deposition is to be taken shall put the witness on oath and shall personally or by someone acting under his direction and in his presence, record the testimony by typewriter directly or by transcription from stenographic notes, wire or record recorders, which record shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory. Objections to the notice, qualifications of the officer taking the deposition, or to the manner of taking it, or to the evidence presented or to the conduct of the officer, or of any party, shall be noted by the officer upon the deposition. All objections by any party not so made are waived.

[Rule .08.290, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-300 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases-Signing attestation and return. When the testimony is fully transcribed the deposition shall be submitted to the witness for examination and shall be read to or by him, unless such examination and reading are waived by the witness and by the parties. Any changes in form or substance which the witness desires to make shall be entered upon the deposition by the officer with a statement of the reasons given by the witness for making them. The deposition shall then be signed by the witness, unless the parties by stipulation waive the signing or the witness is ill or cannot be found or refuses to sign. If the deposition is not signed by the witness, the officer shall sign it and state on the record the fact of the waiver or of the illness or absence of the witness or the fact of the refusal to sign together with the reasons, if any, given therefore; and the deposition may then be used as fully as though signed, unless on a motion to suppress the board of pilotage commissioners holds that the reasons given for the refusal to sign require rejection of the deposition in whole or in part.

The officer shall certify on the deposition that the witness was duly sworn by him and that the deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness. He shall then securely seal the deposition in an envelope indorsed with the title of proceeding and marked "Deposition of (here insert name of witness)" and shall promptly send it by registered or certified mail to the board of pilotage commissioners, or its designated hearing officer, for filing. The party taking the deposition shall give prompt notice of its filing to all other parties. Upon payment of reasonable charges therefor, the officer shall furnish a copy of the deposition to any party or to the deponent.

[Rule .08.300, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-310 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Use and effect. Subject to rulings by the hearing officer upon objections a deposition taken and filed as provided in this rule will not become a part of the record in the proceeding until received in evidence by the hearing officer upon his own motion or the motion of any party. Except by agreement of the parties or ruling of the hearing officer, a deposition will be received only in its entirety. A party does not make a party, or the privy of a party, or any hostile witness his witness by taking his deposition. Any party may rebut any relevant evidence contained in a deposition whether introduced by him or any other party.

[Rule .08.310, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-320 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Fees of officers and deponents. Deponents whose depositions are taken and the officers taking the same shall be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in the superior courts of the state of Washington which fees shall be paid by the party at whose instance the depositions are taken.

[Rule .08.320, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-330 Depositions upon interrogatories—Submission of interrogatories. Where the deposition is taken upon written interrogatories, the party offering the testimony shall separately and consecutively number each interrogatory and file and serve them with a notice stating the name and address of the person who is to answer them and the name or descriptive title and address of the officer before whom they are to be taken. Within 10 days thereafter a party so served may serve cross—interrogatories upon the party proposing to take the deposition. Within five days thereafter, the latter may serve redirect interrogatories upon the party who served cross—interrogatories.

[Rule .08.330, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-340 Depositions upon interrogatories—Interrogation. Where the interrogatories are forwarded to an officer authorized to administer oaths as provided in WAC 296-11-250 the officer taking the

same after duly swearing the deponent, shall read to him seriatim, one interrogatory at a time and cause the same and the answer thereto to be recorded before the succeeding interrogatory is asked. No one except the deponent, the officer and the court reporter or stenographer recording and transcribing it shall be present during the interrogation.

[Rule .08.340, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-350 Depositions upon interrogatories--Attestation and return. The officer before whom interrogatories are verified or answered shall (1) certify under his official signature and seal that the deponent was duly sworn by him, that the interrogatories and answers are a true record of the deponent's testimony, that no one except deponent, the officer and the stenographer were present during the taking, and that neither he nor the stenographer, to his knowledge is a party, privy to a party, or interested in the event of the proceedings, and (2) promptly send by registered or certified mail the original copy of the deposition and exhibits with his attestation to the board of pilotage commissioners, or its designated hearing officer, one copy to the counsel who submitted the interrogatories and another copy to the deponent.

[Rule .08.350, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-360 Depositions upon interrogatories—Provisions of deposition rule. In all other respects, depositions upon interrogatories shall be governed by the previous deposition rule.

[Rule .08.360, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-370 Official notice—Matters of law. The board of pilotage commissioners or its hearing officer, upon request made before or during a hearing, will officially notice:
- (1) Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders and notices published in the Federal Register;
- (2) State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records, journals and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders and notices filed with the code reviser.
- (3) Governmental organization. Organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the government of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states and foreign nations;
- (4) Agency organization. The board of pilotage commissioners' organization, administration, officers, personnel, official publications, and practitioners before its bar

[Rule .08.370, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-380 Official notice—Material facts. In the absence of controverting evidence, the board of pilotage commissioners and its hearing officers, upon request made before or during a hearing, may officially notice:
- (1) Agency proceedings. The pendency of, the issues and position of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore concluded by the board of pilotage commissioners;
- (2) Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
- (3) Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well-informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department, or agency;
- (4) Technical knowledge. Matters within the technical knowledge of the board of pilotage commissioners as a body of experts, within the scope or pertaining to the subject matter of its statutory duties, responsibilities or jurisdiction;
- (5) Request or suggestion. Any party may request, or the hearing officer or the board of pilotage commissioners may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated, orally on the record, at any prehearing conference or oral hearing or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties, at any time prior to a final decision;
- (6) Statement. Where an initial or final decision of the board of pilotage commissioners rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearing officer of the board may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be, by any party and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence;
- (7) Controversion. Any party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken at the time the same is made if it be made orally, or by a pleading, reply or brief in response to the pleading or brief or notice in which the same is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had a prior opportunity to controvert, any party may controver such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice be taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by a petition for reconsideration if notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision:

(8) Evaluation of evidence. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the board of pilotage commissioners or its authorized agents from utilizing their experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented to them.

[Rule .08.380, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-390 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in the following six subsections hereof without substantial dispute and by direct, clear, and convincing evidence, the board of pilotage commissioners, with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:
- (1) Continuity. That a fact of a continuous nature, proved to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one which usually exists for at least that period of time;
- (2) **Identity.** That persons and objects of the same name and description are identical;
- (3) Delivery. Except in a proceeding where the flability of the carrier for nondelivery is involved, that mail matter, communications, express or freight, properly addressed, marked, billed and delivered respectively to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property with all postage, tolls and charges properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business:
- (4) Ordinary course. That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact which in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly co-exists with the fact presumed;
- (5) Acceptance of benefit. That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does or will accept same where it is clearly in his own self-interest so to do;
- (6) Interference with remedy. That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, eloigned, suppressed or withheld by a party in control thereof, would if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to such fact.

[Rule .08.390, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-400 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a material fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound thereby, and no other evidence with respect thereto will be received upon behalf of such party, provided: (1) Upon whom binding. Such a stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made, their privies and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly and unequivocally deny the existence or nonexistence of the material fact so admitted or stipulated, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a pre-hearing conference, oral hearing, oral argument or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of such stipulation or admission has been served upon them;

(2) Withdrawal. Any party bound by a stipulation or admission of record at any time prior to final decision may be permitted to withdraw the same in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer or the board of pilotage commissioners that such stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact contrary to the true fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.400, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-410 Form and content of decisions in contested cases. Every decision and order, whether proposed, initial, or final, shall: (1) Be correctly captioned as to name of agency and name of proceeding;
- (2) Designate all parties and counsel to the proceeding;
- (3) Include a concise statement of the nature and background of the proceeding;
- (4) Be accompanied by appropriate numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law;
- (5) Whenever practical, include the reason or reasons for the particular order or remedy afforded;
- (6) Wherever practical, be referenced to specific provisions of the law and/or regulations appropriate thereto, together with reasons and precedents relied upon to support the same.

[Rule .08.410, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-420 Definition of issues before hearing. In all proceedings the issues to be adjudicated shall be made initially as precise as possible, in order that hearing officers may proceed promptly to conduct the hearings on relevant and material matter only.

[Rule .08.420, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-430 Prehearing conference rule—Authorized. In any proceeding the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer upon its or his own motion, or upon the motion of one of the parties or their qualified representatives, may in its or his discretion direct the parties or their qualified representatives to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider (1) The simplification of the issues;
  - (2) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;
- (3) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, admissions of facts and of documents;
  - (4) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses;
- (5) Such other matters as may aid in the disposition of the proceeding.

[Rule .08.430, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-440 Prehearing conference rule—Record of conference action. The board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer shall make an order or statement which recites the action taken at the conference, the amendments allowed to the pleadings and the agreements made by the parties or their qualified representatives as to any of the matters considered,

including the settlement or simplification of issues, and which limits the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admissions or agreements; and such order or statement shall control the subsequent course of the proceeding unless modified for good cause by subsequent order.

[Rule .08.440, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-450 Submission of documentary evidence in advance. Where practicable the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer may require:

- (1) That all documentary evidence which is to be offered during the taking of evidence be submitted to the hearing examiner and to the other parties to the proceeding sufficiently in advance of such taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross-examination and rebuttal evidence;
- (2) That documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as may be required by subsection (1), be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to produce the evidence sooner;
- (3) That the authenticity of all documents submitted in advance in a proceeding in which such submission is required, be deemed admitted unless written objection thereto is filed prior to the hearing, except that a party will be permitted to challenge such authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed such written objection.

[Rule .08.450, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-460 Excerpts from documentary evidence. When portions only of a document are to be relied upon, the offering party shall prepare the pertinent excerpts, adequately identified, and shall supply copies of such excerpts, together with a statement indicating the purpose for which such materials will be offered, to the hearing examiner and to the other parties. Only the excerpts, so prepared and submitted, shall be received in the record. However, the whole of the original document shall be made available for examination and for use by all parties to the proceeding.

[Rule .08.460, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-470 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Number and qualifications of witnesses. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer in all classes of cases where practicable make an effort to have the interested parties agree upon the witness or witnesses who are to give expert or opinion testimony, either by selecting one or more to speak for all parties or by limiting the number for each party; and, if the interested parties cannot agree, require them to submit to him and to the other parties written statements containing the names, addresses and qualifications of their respective opinion or expert witnesses, by a date determined by him and fixed sufficiently in advance of the hearing to permit the other interested parties to investigate such qualifications.

[Rule .08.470, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-480 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data--Written sworn statements. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in all classes of cases in which it is practicable and permissible, require, and when not so permissible, make every effort to bring about by voluntary submission, that all direct opinion or expert testimony and all direct testimony based on economic or statistical data be reduced to written sworn statements, and, together with the exhibits upon which based, be submitted to him and to the other parties to the proceeding by a date determined by the hearing officer and fixed a reasonable time in advance of the hearing; and that such sworn statements be acceptable as evidence upon formal offer at the hearing, subject to objection on any ground except that such sworn statements shall not be subject to challenge because the testimony is not presented orally, and provided that witnesses making such statements shall not be subject to cross-examination unless a request is made sufficiently in advance of the hearing to insure the presence of the witnesses.

[Rule .08.480, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-490 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Supporting data. That the hearing examiner or other appropriate officer, in his discretion but consistent with the rights of the parties, cause the parties to make available for inspection in advance of the hearing, and for purposes of cross—examination at the hearing, the data underlying statements and exhibits submitted in accordance with WAC 296-11-480, but, wherever practicable that he restrict to a minimum the placing of such data in the record.

[Rule .08.490, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-500 Expert or opinion testimony and testimony based on economic or statistical data—Effect of noncompliance with WAC 296-11-470 or 296-11-480. Whenever the manner of introduction of opinion or expert testimony or testimony based on economic or statistical data is governed by requirements fixed under the provisions of WAC 296-11-470 or 296-11-480, such testimony not submitted in accordance with the relevant requirements shall not be received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for his failure to conform to such requirements.

[Rule .08.500, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-510 Continuances. Any party who desires a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of a hearing, or as soon thereafter as facts requiring such continuance come to his knowledge, notify the board of pilotage commissioners or its designated hearing officer of said desire, stating in detail the reasons why such continuance is necessary. The board or its designated hearing officer, in passing upon a request for continuance, shall consider whether such request was promptly and timely made. For good cause shown, the

board or its designated hearing officer may grant such a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its or his own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the examiner or other officer conducting the hearing may in his discretion continue the hearing and fix the date for introduction of additional evidence or presentation of argument. Such oral notice shall constitute final notice of such continued hearing.

[Rule .08.510, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-520 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of these rules, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings, in matters not involving trial by jury, in the superior court of the state of Washington.

[Rule .08.520, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-530 Rules of evidence-Tentative admission-Exclusion-Discontinuance-Objections.

When objection is made to the admissibility of evidence, such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The officer conducting the hearing may, in his discretion, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. Parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.

[Rule .08.530, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-540 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Who may petition. Any interested person may petition the board of pilotage commissioners requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule.

[Rule .08.540, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-550 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Requisites. Where the petition requests the promulgation of a rule, the requested or proposed rule must be set out in full. The petition must also include all the reasons for the requested rule together with briefs of any applicable law. Where the petition requests the amendment or repeal of a rule presently in effect, the rule or portion of the rule in question must be set out as well as a suggested amended form, if any. The petition must include all reasons for the requested amendment or repeal of the rule.

[Rule .08.550, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-560 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal—Agency must consider. All petitions shall be considered by the board of pilotage commissioners and the board may, in its discretion, order a hearing for the further consideration and discussion of the requested promulgation, amendment, repeal, or modification of any rule.

[Rule .08.560, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-570 Petitions for rule making, amendment or repeal--Notice of disposition. The board of pilotage commissioners shall notify the petitioning party within a reasonable time of the disposition, if any, of the petition.

[Rule .08.570, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

WAC 296-11-580 Declaratory rulings. As prescribed by RCW 34.04.080, any interested person may petition the board of pilotage commissioners for a declaratory ruling. The board shall consider the petition and within a reasonable time the board shall:

- (1) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (2) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued or
- (3) Set a reasonable time and place for a hearing or the submission of written evidence upon the matter, and give reasonable notification to the person of the time and place for such hearing or submission and of the issues involved.
- (4) If a hearing is held or evidence is submitted as provided in subsection (3), the board shall within a reasonable time:
  - (a) Issue a binding declaratory rule; or
  - (b) Issue a nonbinding declaratory ruling; or
- (c) Notify the person that no declaratory ruling is to be issued.

[Rule .08.580, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

- WAC 296-11-590 Forms. (1) Any interested person petitioning the board of pilotage commissioners for a declaratory ruling pursuant to RCW 34.04.080, shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.
- (a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "Before the board of pilotage commissioners, state of Washington," on the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for a declaratory ruling." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."
- (b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party. The second paragraph shall state all rules or statutes that may be brought into issue by the petition. Succeeding paragraphs shall set out the state of facts relied upon in form similar to that applicable to complaints in civil actions before the superior courts of this state. The concluding paragraphs shall contain the prayer of the petitioner. The petition shall be subscribed and verified in the

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manner prescribed for verification of complaints in the superior courts of this state.

- (c) The original and two legible copies shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8 1/2" x 11" or 8 1/2" x 13" in size.
- (2) Any interested person petitioning the board of pilotage commissioners requesting the promulgation amendment or repeal of any rules shall generally adhere to the following form for such purpose.
- (a) At the top of the page shall appear the wording "Before the board of pilotage commissioners, state of Washington." On the left side of the page below the foregoing the following caption shall be set out: "In the matter of the petition of (name of petitioning party) for (state whether promulgation, amendment or repeal) of rule (or rules)." Opposite the foregoing caption shall appear the word "petition."
- (b) The body of the petition shall be set out in numbered paragraphs. The first paragraph shall state the name and address of the petitioning party and whether petitioner seeks the promulgation of new rule or rules, or amendment or repeal of existing rule or rules. The second paragraph, in case of a proposed new rule or amendment of an existing rule, shall set forth the desired rule in its entirety. Where the petition is for amendment, the new matter shall be underscored and the matter proposed to be deleted shall appear in double parentheses. Where the petition is for repeal of an existing rule, such shall be stated and the rule proposed to be repealed shall either be set forth in full or shall be referred to by agency rule number. The third paragraph shall set forth concisely the reasons for the proposal of the petitioner and shall contain a statement as to the interest of the petitioner in the subject matter of the rule. Additional numbered paragraphs may be used to give full explanation of petitioner's reason for the action sought.
- (c) Petitions shall be dated and signed by the person or entity named in the first paragraph or by his attorney. The original and two legible copies of the petition shall be filed with the agency. Petitions shall be on white paper, either 8 1/2" x 11" or 8 1/2" x 13" in size.

[Rule .08.590, effective 3/1/60, filed 3/23/60.]

#### Chapter 296-13 WAC PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE--ELECTRICAL BOARD

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296-1 <i>3-</i> 045	Duties of examining board. [Statutory Authority:
	RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order
	84-16), § 296-13-045, filed 8/27/84.] Repealed by
	88-16-002 (Order 88-15), filed 7/21/88. Statutory
	Authority: RCW 19.28.060.
296-13-070	Solicitation of business unethical. [§ VI, filed
	10/15/65.] Repealed by 84-18-009 (Order 84-16),
	filed 8/27/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123
	and 19.28.590.
296-13-120	Administrative Procedure Act. [§ XI, filed
	10/15/65.] Repealed by 84-18-009 (Order 84-16),
	filed 8/27/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123
	and 19.28.590.

WAC 296-13-001 Foreword. (1) The electrical law, chapter 19.28 RCW, establishes the electrical board and fixes their responsibilities. The board's principal functions are: To advise the department in adopting rules with respect to electrical installations and appliances; to act as a board of appeals in contested cases regarding the application or interpretation of installation, alteration or maintenance standards prescribed in the electrical law, chapter 19.28 RCW or chapter 296-46 WAC, Safety standards—Installing electric wires and equipment-Administrative rules; to act as an appeals board in contested cases as provided for in chapter 296-402 WAC, Electrical testing laboratory accreditation; to act as an appeals board in contested cases as provided for in chapter 296-403 WAC, Amusement rides or structures; to establish tests and test procedures for electricians and administrators; and to act as a board of appeals in contested cases that have been heard by the office of administrative hearings regarding the revocation or suspension of an electrical contractor's license or an electrician's or administrator's certificate.

(2) The purpose of this chapter is to provide a uniform procedure for persons, firms, corporations, or other entities to: (a) Communicate with the department about rules that should be adopted, amended, or repealed; (b) appeal a decision of the department revoking or suspending a contractor's license, an electrician's certificate, or an administrator's certificate; (c) appeal a decision of the department suspending, revoking, refusing to renew, or reducing or refusing to renew the product categories for an electrical testing laboratory under chapter 296-402 WAC; and (d) appeal a decision of the department denying or revoking an amusement ride or structure operating permit or ordering the cessation of the operation of an amusement ride or structure, or suspending, revoking, or refusing to issue an amusement ride inspector certificate of competency under chapter 296-403 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88–16–002 (Order 88–15), § 296–13–001, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–001, filed 8/27/84; Foreword, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-010 Definitions. Whenever used in this chapter, the words:

- (1) "Administrative law judge" means an administrative law judge appointed pursuant to chapter 34.12 RCW.
- (2) "Board" means the electrical board established pursuant to RCW 19.28.065. The term "board" also includes an administrative law judge or a board member appointed by the board to hear a contested case.
  - (3) "Chapter" means chapter 296-13 WAC.
- (4) "Contested case" means a contested case as defined by RCW 34.04.010(3). It includes appeals from decisions or orders of the department: (a) Revoking or suspending an electrical contractor's license or an administrator's or electrician's certificate; (b) revoking or suspending or refusing to renew an electrical testing laboratory accreditation or product categories; and (c) denying or revoking an amusement ride or structure operating permit, ordering the cessation of the operation of an amusement ride or structure or suspending, revoking, or refusing to issue an amusement ride inspector certificate of competency. It also includes challenges to the department's interpretation of the installation requirements of chapter 19.28 RCW and chapter 296-46 WAC and appeals of a citation issued by the department for violations of chapter 19.28 or 67.42 RCW, or chapter 296-46, 296-401, 296-402, or 296-403 WAC.
- (5) "Department" means the department of labor and industries of the state of Washington.
  - (6) "Director" means the director of the department.
- (7) "Proceeding" means any matter before the board other than a contested case.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88-16-002 (Order 88-15), § 296-13-010, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-010, filed 8/27/84; Definitions, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-020 Officers. In addition to the chairperson, the board shall elect from its members a vice chairperson who shall perform all functions of the chairperson in his or her absence. The department chief electrical inspector serves as secretary to the board.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88-16-002 (Order 88-15), § 296-13-020, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-020, filed 8/27/84; § I, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-030 Internal management. The board adopts Roberts' Rules of Order, revised as its rules of procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–030, filed 8/27/84; § II, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-035 Dates of meetings. (1) The board shall hold regular meetings on the last Thursday of January, April, July, and October of each year.

(2) The director or the chairperson of the board may call a special meeting at any other time.

(3) Each board member and the board secretary shall be notified in writing of the date, time, and place of each regular meeting and special meeting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88-16-002 (Order 88-15), § 296-13-035, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-035, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-040 Duties of the board. (1) The board shall study proposed rules submitted to it by the department and shall make recommendations concerning their adoption.

- (2) The board shall develop and submit for consideration to the department administrative procedures, organizational plans, and rules relating to improving the functions of the electrical section.
- (3) The board shall at each meeting consider any written proposals made by any persons, firms, corporations, or other entities for electrical rules or for changes in administrative procedures of the electrical section.
- (4) The board shall hear formal appeals in matters under its jurisdiction in contested cases involving a ruling or interpretation by the department of the provisions of chapter 19.28 RCW and chapters 296-46, 296-402, and 296-403 WAC.
- (5) The board shall consider proposed expenditures from the electrical fund.
- (6) The board shall establish tests and test procedures for journeyman and specialty electricians and for general and specialty administrators.
- (7) The board will hear informal appeals in matters under its jurisdiction, including those from persons who desire to contest:
- (a) Decisions of the department that they do not qualify to take an examination;
- (b) The loss of a certificate because of a failure timely to renew the certificate; and

- (c) Grades given on examinations for administrator or electrician certificates.
- (8) The board will issue a decision on formal appeals that have been heard by an administrative law judge in contested cases involving an order or decision of the department as provided for in RCW 19.28.350 and WAC 296-401-170 that revokes or suspends an electrical contractor's license, an administrator's certificate, or an electrician's certificate, or lessens the number of hours of work a trainee electrician has accumulated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88–16–002 (Order 88–15), § 296–13–040, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–040, filed 8/27/84; § III, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-050 Hearings. (1) The board will grant a formal hearing on contested cases. It will grant an informal hearing on all other proceedings that are within its jurisdiction.

- (2) A person, firm, corporation, or other entity that desires a formal hearing on a contested case must file a written appeal of the department's decision, order, or interpretation with the secretary of the board. The written appeal must state the decision, order, or interpretation of the department that is being appealed and the relief that is desired. An appeal of a decision or order of the department must be filed within fifteen days of the day the appellant received notice of the department's decision, order, or interpretation.
- (3) The board may delegate to an administrative law judge or a board member the responsibility to preside over the hearing and to issue a proposed decision and order. If the board does so, the administrative law judge or a board member shall set the time and place for the hearing. If the board retains the responsibility to preside over the hearing, the board shall set the time and place.
- (4) The board shall assign to the office of administrative hearings each appeal of the department's decision, order citation, or interpretation regarding an electrical contractor license, administrator certificate, electrician certificate, or training certificate as provided for in RCW 19.28.350 and 19.28.620, or citation for the sale or exchange of electrical equipment associated with spas, hot tubs, swimming pools, and hydromassage bathtubs that does not bear the product certification mark of an electrical products testing laboratory that has been accredited by the department. The board shall be allowed a minimum of twenty days to review the proposed decision of the administrative law judge and shall issue its decision and order no later than the next regularly scheduled board meeting.
- (5) A person, firm, corporation, or other entity desiring an informal hearing on a proceeding other than a contested case shall file a written request to that effect with the secretary of the board. The written request should describe concisely the matters or proposals on which the informal hearing is requested and the relief that is desired.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88–16–002 (Order 88–15), § 296–13–050, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–050, filed 8/27/84; § IV, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-052 Hearing before administrative law judge or a board member. An administrative law judge or a board member to whom the board has delegated the authority to preside over a hearing in a contested case may exercise all powers the board could exercise in the course of the hearing. After the hearing, the administrative law judge or a board member shall serve on each party and file with the board a proposed decision.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–052, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-053 Appeal of proposed decision to board. A party to a contested case may appeal a proposed decision to the full board within thirty days after a copy of the proposed decision is served upon that party. The appeal shall be filed with the board as provided in WAC 296-13-057. If no appeal is filed, the proposed decision becomes final with no further action on the part of the board.

The notice of appeal must specify the contentions of the appealing party, and must specify to which conclusions of law and findings of fact the party takes exception.

The appeal shall be based on the record of the hearing. The board shall not grant a hearing de novo.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–053, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-055 Quorum. A majority of the board constitutes a quorum for purposes of making a decision in a contested case. If a majority does not attend a hearing on a contested case, the board may either continue the hearing to a date certain or may hear the testimony and arguments. If the board hears the testimony and arguments, the members of the board who are absent may make their decisions after hearing the tape recording or reading the transcript, of the hearing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-055, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-057 Place and time of filing. A paper that must be filed with the board shall be filed only at the Office of the Chief Electrical Inspector, Electrical Section, 805 Plum Street S.E., P.O. Box 9519, Olympia, WA 98504-9519. The paper may be filed by ordinary mail, certified or registered mail, telegram, or by personal delivery. The date of filing is the date the paper is actually received in the office of the chief electrical inspector.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.060. 88–16–002 (Order 88–15), § 296–13–057, filed 7/21/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–057, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-060 Appearance and practice before board. No person may appear as a representative in a contested case before the board other than the following:

- (1) Attorneys at law qualified to practice before the supreme court of the state of Washington.
- (2) Attorneys at law qualified to practice before the highest court of record of another state, if the attorneys

at law of the state of Washington are permitted to appear as representatives before administrative agencies of the other state, and if not otherwise prohibited by Washington law.

(3) An owner, officer, partner, or full-time employee of a firm, association, organization, partnership, or corporation who appears for the firm, association, organization, partnership, or corporation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28:590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-060, filed 8/27/84; § V, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-080 Standards of ethical conduct. All persons appearing in proceedings or contested cases before the board as a representative shall conform to the standards of ethical conduct required of attorneys before the courts of Washington. If a person does not conform to these standards, the board may decline to permit the person to appear as a representative in any proceeding or contested case before the board.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–080, filed 8/27/84; § VII, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-090 Appearance by former employee. No former employee of the board, the department, or the attorney general's staff may at any time after severing his or her employment with the board, the department, or the attorney general appear as a representative for another party in any proceeding or contested case in which he or she previously took an active part as a representative of the board or the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–090, filed 8/27/84; § VIII, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-100 Former employee as expert witness. Except with the written permission of the board, no former employee of the board or the department shall appear, after severing his or her employment with the board or the department, as an expert witness for another party in any proceeding or contested case in which he or she previously took an active part in the investigation as a representative of the board or the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–100, filed 8/27/84; § IX, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-110 Computation of time. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by any applicable statute or rule, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, in which case the period runs until the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-110, filed 8/27/84; § X, filed 10/15/65.]

WAC 296-13-130 Notice and opportunity for hearing. (1) In any contested case the board shall serve all parties with a notice and opportunity for hearing not less than twenty days before the date set for hearing. The notice shall state the time and place of the hearing and the issues involved, as required by RCW 34.04.090.

(2) In any other proceeding before the board, the board shall give reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard by mail or by telephone not less than two days before the date set for the informal hearing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–130, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-140 Service of process—By whom served. The board shall cause to be served all orders, notices, and other papers it issues that pertain to a contested case, together with any other papers it is required by law to serve. Every other paper that must be served shall be served by the party that files it.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–140, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-150 Service of process—Upon whom served. All papers served by either the board or a party shall be served upon all counsel of record at the time the paper is served and upon parties not represented by counsel or upon their representatives designated by them or by law. Any counsel that enters an appearance after the beginning of the contested case shall notify all other counsel then of record and all parties not represented by counsel of his or her appearance.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–150, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-160 Service of process upon parties. The final order, and any other paper the board must serve upon a party, shall be served upon each party or upon his or her representative. If the board serves a paper on a party personally, the board shall furnish a copy to the representative of record of the party. Service on the counsel or other representative representing a party constitutes service on the party.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–160, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-170 Method of service of process. Papers shall be served personally, by registered or certified mail, or by telegraph.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-170, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-180 When service of process is complete. Service upon a party shall be regarded as complete: By mail, upon deposit in the United States mail properly stamped and addressed; by telegraph, when deposited with a telegraph company properly addressed and with charges prepaid.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–180, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-190 Subpoenas. (1) In a contested case, upon application of a party or a representative, the board shall issue to the party subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence in the contested case. The board may condition the issuance of the subpoenas upon a showing of the general relevance and reasonable scope of the testimony

or evidence sought. An attorney of a party in a contested case may issue subpoenas under his or her own authority.

- (2) Every subpoena shall state the name of the board and the title of the proceeding, and shall command the person to whom it is directed to attend at a specified time and place and give testimony or to produce designated books, documents, or things under his or her control.
- (3) Attendance of witnesses and production of evidence may be required from any place in the state of Washington, at any designated place of hearing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–190, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-200 Subpoenas—Service and fees. (1) Unless the service of a subpoena is acknowledged on its face by the person subpoenaed, service shall be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person and by tendering him or her on demand the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law.

- (2) Witnesses summoned before the agency shall be paid, by the party at whose instance they appear, the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the superior courts of the state of Washington.
- (3) The person serving the subpoena shall make proof of service by filing the subpoena and the required return, affidavit, or acknowledgement of service with the board. Failure to make proof of service does not affect the validity of the service.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590, 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-200, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-210 Quashing of subpoenas. Upon motion made at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, by the person to whom the subpoena is directed and upon notice to the party to whom the subpoena was issued, the board may (1) quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or requires evidence not relevant to any matter in issue, or (2) condition denial of the motion upon just and reasonable conditions.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590, 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-210, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-220 Enforcement of subpoenas. Upon application and for good cause shown a party may seek judicial enforcement of subpoenas that have been issued and that have not been quashed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–220, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-230 Right to take depositions and interrogatories in contested cases. (1) A party may take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition upon oral examination or written interrogatories for use as evidence in a contested case, except that leave of the deponent must be obtained if a proponent serves notice of the deposition or interrogatories on the deponent within twenty days after the filing of an appeal. The attendance of the deponent may be compelled by

the use of a subpoena. Depositions shall be taken only in accordance with this rule and the rule on subpoenas.

(2) Unless the board otherwise orders, the deponent may be examined regarding any matter that is relevant to the subject matter involved in the contested case and is not privileged.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–230, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-240 Officer before whom depositions are taken. Within the United States, or within a territory or insular possession subject to the dominion of the United States, depositions shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the state of Washington or of the place where the examination is held. Within a foreign country, depositions shall be taken before a secretary of an embassy or legation, consul general, vice consul or consular agent of the United States, or before a person designated by the board or agreed upon by the parties by stipulation in writing filed with the board. Except by stipulation, no deposition shall be taken before a person who is a party or the privy of a party, or a privy of any counsel of a party, or who is financially interested in the contested case.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–240, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-250 Notice of depositions. A party that desires to take the deposition of any person upon oral examination shall give reasonable notice of not less than three days in writing to the board and all parties. The notice shall state the time and place for taking the deposition and the name and address of each person to be examined, if known. If the name is not known, the notice shall contain a general description sufficient to identify him or her or the particular class or group to which he or she belongs. On motion of a party upon whom the notice is served, the board may, for cause shown, enlarge or shorten the time. If the parties so stipulate in writing, depositions may be taken before any person, at any time or place, upon any notice, and in any manner.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–250, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-260 Depositions and interrogatories in contested cases—Protection of parties and deponents. After notice is served for taking a deposition or of written interrogatories, upon the board's own motion or upon motion made by any party or by the deponent and upon notice and for good cause shown, the board may order that: (1) The deposition or interrogatories shall not be taken, (2) the deposition may be taken only at some designated place other than that stated in the notice, (3) the deposition may be taken only on written interrogatories, (4) the examination shall be limited to certain matters, (5) the examination shall be held with no one present except the parties to the action and their officers or counsel, (6) after being sealed, a deposition shall be opened only by order of the board, (7) business secrets

or secret processes, developments, or research need not be disclosed, or (8) the parties shall simultaneously file specified documents, or information enclosed in sealed envelopes to be opened as directed by the board. The board may make any other order that justice requires to protect the party or witness from annoyance, embarrassment, or oppression. At any time during the taking of a deposition, on motion of any party or of the deponent and upon a showing that the examination is being conducted in bad faith or in a manner as unreasonably to annoy, embarrass, or oppress the deponent or party, the board may order the officer conducting the examination to cease taking the deposition, or may limit the scope and manner of the taking of the deposition as provided in subsections (1) through (8) of this section. If the order ends the examination, it shall be resumed thereafter only upon the order of the board. Upon demand of the objecting party or deponent, the taking of the deposition shall be suspended for the time necessary to move for an

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–260, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-270 Oral examination and cross-examination in depositions. Examination and cross-examination during oral examination shall proceed as at an oral hearing. In lieu of participating in the oral examination, a party may transmit written interrogatories to the person taking the disposition who, without previously disclosing them to any person, and after the direct testimony is complete, shall propound them seriatim to the deponent and record the answers verbatim.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–270, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-280 Recording of depositions. The person before whom the deposition is to be taken shall put the deponent on oath and shall personally, or by someone acting under his or her direction and in his or her presence, record the testimony. Objections to the notice, the qualifications of the person taking the deposition, the manner of taking the deposition, to the evidence presented, or to the conduct of the person taking the deposition or of any party, shall be noted in the record. All objections by any party not made are waived.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-280, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-290 Depositions in contested cases—Signing attestation and return. (1) When the testimony of a deposition is fully transcribed, the deposition shall be submitted to the deponent for examination and shall be read to or by him or her, unless the examination and reading are waived by the deponent and by the parties. Any changes in form or substance that the deponent desires to make shall be entered upon the deposition by the person taking the deposition with a statement of the reasons given by the deponent for making them. The deposition shall then be signed by the deponent, unless the parties by stipulation waive the signing or the deponent

is ill or cannot be found or refuses to sign. If the deponent does not sign the deposition, the person taking the deposition shall sign it and state on the record whether the deponent did not sign because of a waiver, an illness or absence, or a refusal to sign together with the reason, if any, given for a refusal. The deposition may then be used as fully as though signed, unless on a motion to suppress, the board holds that the reasons given for the refusal to sign require rejection of the deposition in whole or in part.

(2) The person taking the deposition shall certify on the deposition that the deponent was duly sworn by him or her and that the deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness. He shall then securely seal the deposition in an envelope indorsed with the title of proceeding and marked "Deposition of (here insert name of witness)" and shall promptly send it by registered or certified mail to the board, for filing. The party taking the deposition shall give prompt notice of its filing to all other parties.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–290, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-300 Use and effect of depositions. Subject to rulings by the board upon objections, a deposition taken and filed as provided in WAC 296-13-290 will not become a part of the record in the proceeding until received in evidence by the board upon its own motion or the motion of a party. Except by agreement of the parties or ruling of the board, a deposition will be received only in its entirety. A party does not make a party, or the privy of a party, or any hostile witness its witness by taking his or her deposition. A party may rebut any relevant evidence contained in a deposition whether introduced by him or her or by any other party.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-300, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-310 Fees of deponents. Deponents are entitled to the same fees as are paid for similar services in the superior courts of the state of Washington. The fees shall be paid by the party at whose instance the depositions are taken.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–310, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-320 Submission of interrogatories. If a deposition is taken upon written interrogatories, the party offering the testimony shall consecutively number each interrogatory, file them with the board, and serve them on all parties and the person who is to answer them with a notice stating the name and address of the person who is to answer them.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–320, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-330 Attestation and return of interrogatories. The person before whom the interrogatories are answered shall (1) certify under his or her official signature and seal that the deponent was duly sworn by him or her, that the interrogatories and answers are a

true record of the deponent's testimony, and (2) promptly file the original copy of the deposition and exhibits with his or her attestation to the board, serve one copy on the counsel who submitted the interrogatories, and serve a copy on the deponent and on each other party.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–330, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-340 Official notice—Matters of law. The board, upon request made before or during a hearing, will officially notice:

- (1) Federal law. The Constitution; congressional acts, resolutions, records, journals, and committee reports; decisions of federal courts and administrative agencies; executive orders and proclamations; and all rules, orders, and notices published in the Federal Register;
- (2) State law. The Constitution of the state of Washington, acts of the legislature, resolutions, records, journals, and committee reports; decisions of administrative agencies of the state of Washington, and executive orders and proclamations by the governor; and all rules, orders, and notices published in the Washington State Register.
- (3) Governmental organization. The organization, territorial limitations, officers, departments, and general administration of the governments of the state of Washington, the United States, the several states, and foreign nations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–340, filed 8/27/84.]

- WAC 296-13-350 Official notice—Material facts. (1) In the absence of controverting evidence, the board, upon request made before or during a hearing, may officially notice:
- (a) The pendency of, the issues and position of the parties in, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or previously concluded by the board.
- (b) General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business;
- (c) Facts so generally and widely known to all well-informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts that are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state officer, department, or agency; and
- (d) Matters within the technical knowledge of the board as a body of experts, or within the scope of its statutory duties, responsibilities, or jurisdiction.
- (2) At any prehearing conference, or a hearing, or argument, a party may request, or the board may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be stated on the record. A party or the board may also make such a request or suggestion by written notice, or in any pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief, served upon all parties, at any time before a final decision.

- (3) If an initial or final decision of the board rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, the fact shall be clearly stated in the decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the board may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not it is admissible under the rules of evidence.
- (4) A party may controvert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken. If a decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact that a party has not had a prior opportunity to controvert, the party may controvert the fact by exception if the decision is a proposed decision, or by a petition for reconsideration if the decision is a final decision. The controversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority, and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision.
- (5) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the board from using its experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in evaluating the evidence presented to them.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–350, filed 8/27/84.]

- WAC 296-13-360 Presumptions. Upon proof of the predicate facts specified in this section by clear and convincing evidence, and without substantial dispute, the board, with or without prior request or notice, may make the following presumptions, where consistent with all surrounding facts and circumstances:
- (1) That a fact of a continuous nature, proved to exist at a particular time, continues to exist as of the date of the presumption, if the fact is one that usually exists for at least that period of time;
- (2) That persons or objects of the same name and description are identical;
- (3) That mail matter, communications, express, or freight that are properly addressed, marked, billed, and delivered as appropriate to the post office, telegraph, cable or radio company, or authorized common carrier of property, and for which with all postage, tolls, or charges are properly prepaid, is or has been delivered to the addressee or consignee in the ordinary course of business;
- (4) That a fact exists or does not exist, upon proof of the existence or nonexistence of another fact that, in the ordinary and usual course of affairs, usually and regularly coexists with the fact presumed;
- (5) That a person for whom an act is done or to whom a transfer is made has, does, or will accept the act or transfer where it is clearly in his or her own self-interest so to do;
- (6) That evidence, with respect to a material fact which in bad faith is destroyed, eloigned, suppressed, or withheld by a party in control of the fact, would, if produced, corroborate the evidence of the adversary party with respect to the fact.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–360, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-370 Stipulations and admissions of record. The existence or nonexistence of a fact, as made or agreed in a stipulation or in an admission of record, will be conclusively presumed against any party bound by the stipulation or admission, and no other evidence with respect to the fact will be received upon behalf of the party.

The stipulation or admission is binding upon the parties by whom it is made and their privies, and upon all other parties to the proceeding who do not expressly deny the existence or nonexistence of the fact, upon the making thereof, if made on the record at a prehearing conference, oral hearing, or oral argument, or by a writing filed and served upon all parties within five days after a copy of the stipulation or admission has been served upon them.

A party bound by a stipulation or admission of record at any time before the final decision may be permitted to withdraw it in whole or in part by showing to the satisfaction of the hearing officer of the agency that the stipulation or admission was made inadvertently or under a bona fide mistake of fact and that its withdrawal at the time proposed will not unjustly prejudice the rights of other parties to the proceeding.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–370, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-380 Form and content of board decisions in contested cases. (1) Every proposed and final decision and order in a contested case shall:

- (a) Contain the correct names of the board and the case;
  - (b) Name all parties and counsel in the case;
- (c) State concisely the nature and background of the case; and
- (d) Contain numbered findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- (2) Whenever practical, (a) the conclusions of law shall include the reasons for and precedents supporting the particular order or remedy afforded; and (b) the conclusions and order shall refer to the appropriate laws and rules.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–380, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-390 Definition of issues before hearing. In all contested cases the issues to be adjudicated shall be made as precise as possible, in order that the board may proceed promptly to conduct the hearing on relevant and material matter only.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–390, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-400 Prehearing conference. (1) In a contested case the board, upon its own motion or the motion of one of the parties, may direct the parties to appear at a specified time and place for a conference to consider:

- (a) The settlement or simplification of issues;
- (b) The necessity of amendments to the pleadings;

- (c) The possibility of obtaining stipulations, or admissions of facts and of documents;
- (d) The limitation of the number of expert witnesses; or
- (e) Other matters that may help dispose of the proceeding.
- (2) The board shall make an order that recites the action taken at a prehearing conference and the agreements made by the parties as to any of the matters considered and that limits the issues for hearing to those not disposed of by admission or agreement. The order shall control the subsequent course of the contested case unless modified for good cause by a later order.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–400, filed 8/27/84.]

- WAC 296-13-410 Submission of documentary evidence in advance. Where practicable the board may require that:
- (1) All documentary evidence that is to be offered during a hearing, deposition, or prehearing conference be submitted to the board and to the other parties sufficiently in advance of the taking of evidence to permit study and preparation of cross—examination and rebuttal evidence;
- (2) Documentary evidence not submitted in advance, as required by subsection (1) of this section, be not received in evidence in the absence of a clear showing that the offering party had good cause for its failure to produce the evidence sooner;
- (3) The authenticity of all documents submitted in advance, as required by subsection (1) of this section, be deemed admitted unless a written objection to admission is filed before the time for taking the evidence. A party will be permitted to challenge the authenticity at a later time upon a clear showing of good cause for failure to have filed a written objection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–410, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-420 Continuances. A party who wants a continuance shall, immediately upon receipt of notice of a hearing, prehearing conference, or deposition, or as soon thereafter as facts requiring a continuance come to his or her knowledge, notify the board of his or her desire, stating in detail the reasons why a continuance is necessary. A formal motion is not required. The board, in ruling on a request for continuance, shall consider whether the request was timely made. For good cause shown, the board may grant a continuance and may at any time order a continuance upon its own motion. During a hearing, if it appears in the public interest or in the interest of justice that further testimony or argument should be received, the board may continue the hearing. Oral notice of a continuance, given at a hearing, shall constitute final notice of the continuance.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–420, filed 8/27/84.]

WAC 296-13-430 Rules of evidence—Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of this chapter,

all relevant evidence is admissible that, in the opinion of the board, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability, and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the board shall consider, but need not follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings in the superior court of the state of Washington.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84-18-009 (Order 84-16), § 296-13-430, filed 8/27/84.]

# WAC 296-13-440 Rules of evidence—Tentative admission—Exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections.

When a party objects to the admissibility of evidence, the evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The board may, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissible evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. A party that objects to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of the objection at the time the evidence is offered.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 19.28.123 and 19.28.590. 84–18–009 (Order 84–16), § 296–13–440, filed 8/27/84.]

# Chapter 296-14 WAC INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE

WAC	
296-14-010	Reciprocal agreements—Industrial insurance.
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296-14-150	Definition of gainful employment for wage.
296–14–200	Waiver of recovery for worker compensation benefits overpayments.
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WAC 296-14-010 Reciprocal agreements—Industrial insurance. (1) In accordance with the authority contained in RCW 51.12.120, the director of the department of labor and industries has heretofore or may hereafter enter into certain reciprocal agreements with other states and provinces of Canada and the agencies of such states or provinces which administer workers' compensation laws with respect to conflicts of jurisdiction and the assumption of jurisdiction in cases where the contract of employment arises in one state or province and the injury occurs in another.

(2) Consistent with the provisions of RCW 51.12.120 and chapter 34.04 RCW, the director of the department of labor and industries has entered into reciprocal agreements with other states and provinces which are in full force and effect on the subject matter as set forth in subsection (1) which states and provinces are:

- (a) Colorado
- (b) Idaho
- (c) Montana
- (d) North Dakota
- (e) Nevada
- (f) Oregon
- (g) Wyoming
- (h) South Dakota
- (i) New Mexico
- (3) The reciprocal agreements as listed above in subsection (2) are hereby promulgated and adopted as regulations of the department in accordance with the provisions of RCW 51.12.120 and such reciprocal agreements shall be kept on file in the office of the director of the department of labor and industries and available for public inspection and review during the regular business hours of such office.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-06-018 (Order 84-3), § 296-14-010, filed 2/29/84; Order 74-29, § 296-14-010, filed 5/29/74, effective 7/1/74.]

WAC 296-14-100 Definition of voluntary retirement and no longer attached to the work force. (1) For the purpose of this title a claimant will be deemed to be voluntarily retired and no longer attached to the work force if all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The claimant is no longer receiving income, salary or wages from any gainful employment.
- (b) The claimant has provided no evidence, if requested by the department or the self-insurer, of a bona fide attempt to return to gainful employment after retirement.
- (2) Payment made by the worker or on his or her behalf in the form of premiums, for the purpose of continuation of life or medical insurance coverage, union dues or similar payments shall not constitute attachment to the work force.
- (3) The claimants of new or reopened claims will not be deemed voluntarily retired if the injury or occupational disease was a proximate cause of the decision to retire and sever the attachment to the work force.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.060, 51.32.090, 51.32.160, 51.21.220(6) [51.32.220(6)] and 51.32.240 (1), (2) or (3). 86-18-036 (Order 86-33), \$ 296-14-100, filed 8/28/86.]

WAC 296-14-150 Definition of gainful employment for wage. Gainful employment for wages for the purposes of RCW 51.32.160 shall mean performing work at any regular gainful occupation for income, salary or wages.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.060, 51.32.090, 51.32.160, 51.21.220(6) [51.32.220(6)] and 51.32.240 (1), (2) or (3). 86-18-036 (Order 86-33), § 296-14-150, filed 8/28/86.]

WAC 296-14-200 Waiver of recovery for worker compensation benefits overpayments. Whenever the director determines whether to exercise the discretion granted by RCW 51.32.240 (1), (2) or (3) or 51.32.220(6) the following shall apply:

(1) The decision of the director shall apply to the state fund or to the self-insurer, as the case may be.

- (2) In the case of recoupment of an overpayment from any future payments, the director will entertain a request to exercise his or her discretion to waive recovery up to sixty days after communication of the order and/or notice to the recipient that benefits are being withheld to satisfy the previous overpayment.
- (3) A finding by the director that recovery of an overpayment would be against equity and good conscience shall be required before the overpayment can be waived in whole or in part. The director shall consider the following factors and any other factors relevant to the particular case:
- (a) Whether the claimant was without fault in applying for and accepting benefits which gave rise to the overpayment;
- (b) Whether recovery of the overpayment, in whole or in part, would defeat the purposes of Title 51 RCW;
- (c) Whether the claimant reasonably relied upon the benefits, or notice that such benefits would be paid and relinquished a valuable right or changed his or her position for the worse;
- (d) Whether the claimant reasonably relied upon misinformation from an official source (i.e., a representative of the department or self-insurer, as the case may be) in accepting the benefit payment which gave rise to the overpayment.
- (4) The claimant's application for waiver of an over-payment contemplated under RCW 51.32.240 (1), (2), or (3), or 51.32.220(6) shall clearly set forth the reason(s) that he or she believes that recovery of the overpayment in whole or in part, as the case may be, is against equity and good conscience.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.060, 51.32.090, 51.32.160, 51.21.220(6) [51.32.220(6)] and 51.32.240 (1), (2) or (3). 86-18-036 (Order 86-33), § 296-14-200, filed 8/28/86.]

WAC 296-14-300 Mental condition/mental disabilities. (1) Claims based on mental conditions or mental disabilities caused by stress do not fall within the definition of an occupational disease in RCW 51.08.140.

Examples of mental conditions or mental disabilities caused by stress that do not fall within occupational disease shall include, but are not limited to, those conditions and disabilities resulting from:

- (a) Change of employment duties;
- (b) Conflicts with a supervisor;
- (c) Actual or perceived threat of loss of a job, demotion, or disciplinary action;
- (d) Relationships with supervisors, coworkers, or the public;
  - (e) Specific or general job dissatisfaction;
  - (f) Work load pressures;
- (g) Subjective perceptions of employment conditions or environment;
  - (h) Loss of job or demotion for whatever reason;
- (i) Fear of exposure to chemicals, radiation biohazards, or other perceived hazards;
  - (j) Objective or subjective stresses of employment;
  - (k) Personnel decisions;

- (l) Actual, perceived, or anticipated financial reversals or difficulties occurring to the businesses of self-employed individuals or corporate officers.
- (2) Stress resulting from exposure to a single traumatic event will be adjudicated with reference to RCW 51.08.100.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-14-300, filed 6/24/88.]

- WAC 296-14-350 Claim allowance and wage determination in occupational disease cases. (1) The liable insurer in occupational disease cases is the insurer on risk at the time of the last injurious exposure to the injurious substance or hazard of disease which gave rise to the claim for compensation.
- (2) The compensation schedules and wage base for claims filed prior to July 1, 1988, shall be determined according to the schedule in effect and the wage paid, if wage based schedules apply, at the time of the last injurious exposure to the substance or hazard giving rise to the claim for compensation.
- (3) The compensation schedules and wage base for claims filed on or after July 1, 1988, shall be determined as follows:
- (a) If the worker was employed at the time the disease required medical treatment or became totally or partially disabling, whichever occurred first, compensation shall be based on the monthly wage paid on that date regardless of whether the worker is employed in the industry that gave rise to the disease or in an unrelated industry.
- (b) If the worker was not employed, for causes other than voluntary retirement, at the time the disease required medical treatment or became totally or partially disabling, whichever occurred first, compensation shall be based upon the last monthly wage paid.
- (c) Benefits shall be paid in accordance with the schedules in effect at the time the disease required medical treatment or became totally or partially disabling, whichever occurred first, without regard to the date of the contraction of the disease or the date of filing the claim.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-14-350, filed 6/24/88.]

WAC 296-14-400 Reopenings for benefits. The director at any time may, upon the workers' application to reopen for aggravation or worsening of condition, provide proper and necessary medical and surgical services as authorized under RCW 51.36.010. This provision will not apply to total permanent disability cases, as provision of medical treatment in those cases is limited by RCW 51.36.010.

The seven-year reopening time limitation shall run from the date the first claim closure becomes final and shall apply to all claims regardless of the date of injury. In order for claim closure to become final on claims where closure occurred on or after July 1, 1981, the closure must include documentation of medical recommendation, advice or examination. Such documentation is not required for closing orders issued prior to July 1,

1981. First closing orders issued between July 1, 1981, and July 1, 1985, shall for the purposes of this section only, be deemed issued on July 1, 1985.

In order to support a final closure based on medical recommendation or advice the claim file must contain documented information from a doctor, or nurse consultant (departmental) or a nurse practitioner supervised by a doctor. The doctor or nurse consultant or nurse practitioner may be in private practice, acting as a member of a consultation group, employed by a firm, corporation, or state agency.

For the purpose of this section, a "doctor" means the following professions: Medicine and surgery; osteopathic; chiropractic; drugless therapeutic; podiatry; dentistry; optometry. WAC 296-20-01002.

When a claim has been closed by the department or self-insurer for sixty days or longer, the worker must file a written application to reopen the claim. An informal written request filed without accompanying medical substantiation of worsening of the condition will constitute a request to reopen, but the time for taking action on the request shall not commence until an application form provided by the department has been completed in full by the worker and the doctor and filed with the department or self-insurer as the case may be.

A formal application occurs when the worker and doctor completes and files the application for reopening provided by the department. Upon receipt of an informal request without accompanying medical substantiation of worsening of the worker's condition, the department or self-insurer shall promptly provide the necessary application to the worker for completion.

Applications for reopenings filed on or after July 1, 1988, must be acted upon by the department within ninety days of receipt of the application by the department or the self-insurer. The ninety-day limitation shall not apply if the worker files an appeal or request for reconsideration of the department's denial of the reopening application.

The department may, for good cause, extend the period in which the department must act for an additional sixty days. "Good cause" for such an extension may include, but not be limited to the following:

- (1) Inability to schedule a necessary medical examination within the ninety-day time period;
- (2) Failure of the worker to appear for a medical examination;
- (3) Lack of clear or convincing evidence to support reopening or denial of the claim without an independent medical examination;
- (4) Examination scheduled timely but cannot be conducted and a report received in sufficient time to render a decision prior to the end of the ninety—day time period.

The department shall make a determination regarding "good cause" in a final order as provided in RCW 51.52.050.

The ninety-day limitation will not apply in instances where the previous closing order has not become final.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-14-400, filed 6/24/88.]

WAC 296-14-600 Payment of benefits on asbestos-related disease claims. The department shall furnish the benefits provided under Title 51 RCW to any worker or beneficiary who may have a right or claim for benefits under the maritime laws of the United States resulting from an asbestos-related disease if there are objective clinical findings to substantiate that the worker has an asbestos-related claim for occupational disease; and the worker's employment history has a prima facie indicia of injurious exposure to asbestos fibers while employed in the state of Washington in employment covered under Title 51 RCW.

- (1) A worker's employment history will be deemed to have a prima facie indicia of injurious exposure to asbestos fibers if the employment history as contained in the department's file permits a reasonable conclusion that the worker was exposed to asbestos fibers and that such exposure was of sufficient duration to be injurious. "Injurious" means impairing to either a partial or total extent, and may be either permanent or temporary.
- (2) Whenever the department has determined to pay benefits pursuant to chapter 271, Laws of 1988, the department shall render a decision as to the liable insurer and shall continue to pay benefits until the liable insurer initiates payments or benefits are otherwise properly terminated.

The department shall render its decision in a final order as provided in RCW 51.52.050.

Initiation of payments by a liable insurer shall be deemed to occur on the date such insurer issues a check or warrant or otherwise remits to the worker, beneficiary, or any provider any payment of any benefits owed by such insurer on the claim for asbestos.

(3) Benefits shall be paid on all pending asbestos—related claims as of July 1, 1988. Pending claims are those which have not been finally adjudicated by order of the department or the board of industrial insurance appeals or by the entry of a judgment of a superior court or decision of the court of appeals or the supreme court.

If any order of the department granting such benefits is appealed, benefits shall continue, if otherwise available, until a final determination is made by the board of industrial insurance appeals or the courts, or upon initiation of payments by a liable insurer.

(4) If benefits are paid by the department from the medical aid fund on an asbestos-related claim, and it is determined by the department that such benefits are owed to the worker or beneficiary by an insurer under the maritime laws of the United States or by another federal program other than the Federal Social Security, Old Age Survivors and Disability Insurance Act, 42 U.S.C., the department shall pursue such insurer or program to recover such benefits as may have been paid by the department.

The determination by the department shall be expressed in a final order as provided by RCW 51.52.050.

(5) Whenever a self-insured employer is determined to be liable, the self-insured employer shall reimburse benefits to the department within ten days after the department order becomes final and binding. Failure to do

so shall subject the employer to a penalty as authorized in RCW 51.48.080.

- (6) The director's discretion to waive recovery of the benefits paid to the claimant or beneficiary shall be exercised in accordance with WAC 296-14-200 (3)(c).
- (7) No information obtained under this section is subject to release by subpoena or other legal process. The department will release information only to those persons authorized access to claim files by RCW 51.28.070.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-14-600, filed 6/24/88.]

WAC 296-14-900 Purpose. WAC 296-14-900 through 296-14-960 implement RCW 51.24.110, which authorizes the department to maintain a list of attorneys from which the attorney general may appoint special assistant attorneys general to represent the department in causes of action under RCW 51.24.050.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-900, filed 3/31/88.]

WAC **296-14-910 Definitions.** In WAC 296-14-900 through 296-14-960:

- (1) "Assistant director" means the assistant or deputy director of the industrial insurance division of the department.
- (2) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-910, filed 3/31/88.]

- WAC 296-14-920 Qualification criteria. To qualify for the list of attorneys from which appointments may be made to represent the department as special assistant attorneys general, an attorney must meet the following minimum criteria. An attorney must:
- (1) Be an active member of the Washington State Bar Association;
- (2) Maintain a trust account in compliance with the rules of professional conduct; and
- (3) Have and maintain in force professional liability insurance.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-920, filed 3/31/88.]

- WAC 296-14-930 Application by attorneys. (1) An attorney who meets the qualification criteria may seek inclusion on the list of attorneys by filing an application with the assistant director. Application forms may be obtained from the office of the attorney general, the Washington State Bar Association, or the assistant director.
- (2) The application form shall be prepared by the department in consultation with the office of the attorney general. The application shall require the applicant to declare under penalty of perjury that the information is true and shall require the applicant to inform the assistant director and the attorney general of any changes in his or her qualifications.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88–08–026 (Order 88–03), § 296–14–930, filed 3/31/88.]

- WAC 296-14-940 List of attorneys. (1) The department shall determine whether an attorney meets the criteria of WAC 296-14-920. The department may consult with the Washington State Bar Association and the office of the attorney general if necessary to make the determination.
- (2) After an attorney has been entered on the list of attorneys, the assistant director shall forward the attorney's completed application form to the attorney general.
- (3) The assistant director shall maintain the list of attorneys from which the attorney general may appoint special assistant attorneys general to represent the department.
- (4) The assistant director shall, once every three months, provide the attorney general and the Washington State Bar Association with a current copy of the list of attorneys.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-940, filed 3/31/88.]

- WAC 296-14-950 Appointment of attorney as special assistant. (1) In its sole discretion, the department may ask the attorney general to appoint a special assistant attorney general to represent the department on any particular cause of action assigned to the department under RCW 51.24.050.
- (2) Upon receipt of a request from the department, the attorney general may appoint as a special assistant attorney general an attorney from the list of attorneys maintained by the assistant director. The attorney general may also appoint to represent the department a regularly employed assistant attorney general. The department recognizes that the appointment is entirely within the discretion of the attorney general.
- (3) An appointment of an attorney from the list shall be made pursuant to contract between the attorney general and the attorney. The contract shall specify the method of compensation for the attorney.
- (4) RCW 51.24.110 and WAC 296-14-900 through 296-14-960 do not give to attorneys on the list any right to or any expectation of employment as a special assistant attorney general.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110.~88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-950, filed 3/31/88.]

- WAC 296-14-960 Limitations of appointment. (1) An appointment may be made pursuant to this chapter only in causes of action assigned to the department under RCW 51.24.050.
- (2) An appointment shall be for the single case only unless the contract of appointment specifically states otherwise.
- (3) Under any appointment made pursuant to this chapter, the client of the special assistant attorney general is the department, not the injured worker.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.24.110. 88-08-026 (Order 88-03), § 296-14-960, filed 3/31/88.]

WAC

#### Chapter 296-15 WAC

#### WORKERS' COMPENSATION SELF-INSURANCE RULES AND REGULATIONS

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### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

296-15-040	Payment of deficit. [Order 77-19, § 296-15-040,
	filed 9/26/77; Order 73-24, § 296-15-040, filed
	11/23/73; Order 71-15, § 296-15-040, filed
	12/1/71.] Repealed by $81-10-052$ (Order $81-8$ ),
	filed 5/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW
	51.04.020(1) and 51.14.020(4).
296-15-044	Payment of deficit. [Statutory Authority: RCW
	51.04.020(1) and 51.14.020(4). 81-10-052 (Order
	81-8), § 296-15-044, filed 5/1/81, effective
	6/1/81.] Repealed by 83-07-075 (Order 83-9), filed
	3/23/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.020(1).
296-15-21001	Form—SIF #3—Self-insured employer's notice of ac-
	ceptance of claim. [Order 71-15, Form SIF #3 (codi-
	fied as WAC 296-15-21001), filed 12/1/71.]
	Repealed by 84-06-031 (Order 83-38), filed 3/1/84,

effective 4/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1).

8/28/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020.

296-15-21003 Form—SIF #5—Supplemental or final report on occupational injury or disease. [Order 71-15, Form SIF #5 (codified as WAC 296-15-21003), filed 12/1/71.]
Repealed by 86-18-037 (Order 86-35), filed

WAC 296-15-010 Preamble and authority. These rules and regulations governing workers' compensation self-insurance plans were adopted by the director of the department of labor and industries in accordance with sections 27, 47, and 59, chapter 289, Laws of 1971 1st ex. sess., and chapter 51.14 RCW. These rules and regulations were adopted to implement and make specific those sections of chapter 289, Laws of 1971 1st ex. sess., relating to workers' compensation self-insurance.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-010, filed 7/1/86; Order 71-15, § 296-15-010, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-020 Application. (1) The application for certification to self-insure will be made only by those firms who have been in business for a minimum of three years, on a form prescribed by the department which will elicit necessary information as to an employer's qualifications for self-insurance.

- (2) The application shall be supplied by the department to an employer upon the employer's request. It shall be completely and accurately filled out by the employer, and forwarded, with all necessary supporting documents, to the director.
- (3) The director shall consider all matters relating to the applicant's qualifications to perform as a self-insurer, and shall advise the employer of the action taken on the application thirty days before the requested certification date. If deemed necessary for obtaining further information, the director may extend the time for acting on the application. Employers who are denied certification due to deficient accident prevention programs may be required to wait six months before being considered for certification again.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-020, filed 6/1/88; 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-020, filed 7/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-020, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-19, § 296-15-020, filed 9/26/77; Order 71-15, § 296-15-020, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-022 Corporate guarantee. If the applicant employer is a subsidiary, the parent firm will furnish the department with its guarantee to assume and be responsible for the workers' compensation liabilities of the subsidiary in the event the subsidiary firm is unable or unwilling to cover these liabilities. If a self-insurer is purchased by another firm, which becomes its parent, the parent must provide the department with its most recent audited financial statement and its guarantee. This guarantee is to be on a form prescribed by the department. A parent firm is defined as one which owns fifty percent, and has a controlling interest in, another firm.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-022, filed 6/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-022, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-15-023 Entities included in certification. (1) The certification of a firm will include all of its subsidiaries or divisions doing business in the state of Washington. A subsidiary is defined, for the purpose of this rule, as an entity which is fifty percent owned and has its interest controlled by another single firm.

(2) One certificate will be issued to an approved self-insurer, including all subsidiaries or divisions. The entities will be considered as one employer for all purposes of Title 51 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-023, filed 6/1/88; 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-023, filed 7/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-023, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-15-025 Joint venture. (1) An application for certification to self-insure will be made on a form prescribed by the department which will set forth the necessary information regarding the qualifications of the joint venture to self-insure.

- (2) The application form, (SIF 1-A), will be supplied by the department upon written request. It will be completed by the applicant and submitted to the department with all supporting documents attached.
- (3) Applications will be acted upon within fourteen calendar days of receipt, provided, that if deemed necessary for obtaining additional information, the director may extend the time for acting on the application. Processing the application will include an evaluation of the financial condition of all parties with interest greater than twenty percent in the assets and profits of the joint venture and an evaluation of the written safety program to be in effect at all job sites of the joint venture.
- (4) Certification will be effective on the first day of a calendar month following receipt of surety and all required documentation. The director will consider the qualifications of the applicant and will advise the applicant of the action taken.
- (5) Applicant joint ventures must include a sponsoring party. The word "sponsor" defines an employer presently self-insured in the state of Washington, with a majority interest in the assets and profits of the joint venture. The sponsor shall be responsible for the management of all industrial insurance claims, and shall accept full responsibility for all compensation due claimants. In the event of insolvency, bankruptcy, or dissolution of a party to the joint venture or the joint venture itself, the sponsoring party shall be held primarily responsible for all workers' compensation benefits due, with all parties to the joint venture being held jointly and severally responsible for payment of all compensations and assessments which may become due until all obligations are released by the department. At the discretion of the director and by written request from the sponsoring party, the department may release a minority party from its obligations one year after fulfillment of the construction

contract and a final settlement of the joint venture account has been made.

- (6) The agreement under which the joint venture will perform shall be attached to the application form. The joint venture agreement shall contain a description of the obligations and responsibilities of each party for the industrial insurance program of the joint venture. The sponsor shall accept full responsibility for the management and payment for all incurred claims during the life of and after dissolution of the joint venture.
- (7) Surety will be required in an amount deemed by the department to insure sufficient financial ability to make certain the prompt payment of all compensation under this title and all assessments which may become due, but not less than the employer's normal expected annual claim liabilities. The surety bond or escrow account will name the joint venture and all the parties thereof as principal. WAC 296-15-030 shall govern the posting of surety by the joint venture.
- (8) The joint venture shall be subject to all regulations, reports, and assessments set forth in Title 51 RCW and accompanying WAC rules.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-025, filed 7/1/86; 82-07-019 (Order 82-8), § 296-15-025, filed 3/10/82.]

#### WAC 296-15-026 Group self-insurance application.

- (1) An application from qualified employers for group self-insured workers' compensation coverage shall be made to the department on a form prescribed by the department and shall contain answers to all questions. Answers shall be given under oath.
- (2) The application, as submitted by the initial board of trustees of the self-insurers' trust fund, shall have the following attached:
- (a) A copy of the bylaws of the proposed group self-insurers' trust fund.
- (b) Individual applications of each employer applying for coverage in the trust fund.
- (c) A current financial statement of each member of the group and a financial statement collectively reflecting the financial condition of prospective members of the trust fund in compliance with WAC 296-15-02602(2).
- (d) A listing of the estimated standard premium to be developed for each member individually and in a total as a group.
- (e) The group shall engage a department-approved administrator or enter into a contract with an approved service company. A copy of the signed agreement with the service company shall be submitted with the application.
- (f) Designation of the initial board of trustees and administrator.
- (g) An indemnity agreement jointly and severally binding the trust fund and each member thereof to comply with the provisions of the Industrial Insurance Act. The indemnity agreement shall be in a form that has been approved by the department.
- (h) A detailed budget of all projected administrative expenses for the fund year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-026, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83-01-076 (Order 82-43), § 296-15-026, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-02601 Group self-insurers admission of new members, termination of individual members. (1) After the inception date of the trust fund, prospective new members of the trust fund shall submit an application for membership to the board of trustees, or its administrator, on a form provided by the department. The trustees or administrator may approve the application for membership pursuant to the bylaws of the group self-insurers' trust fund. The application for membership shall then be filed with the department. Membership shall take effect the first day of the calendar quarter after reporting the approval to the department.

- (2) Individual members may elect to terminate their participation in a group self-insurer's program or be subject to cancellation by the group trust fund pursuant to the bylaws of the group. Such termination or cancellation shall be effective at the end of the calendar quarter during which it was reported to the department.
- (3) Contributions to the trust fund for purposes of meeting the requirements of WAC 296-15-02605 shall be paid under a schedule of dates and amounts specified by the group's board of trustees, subject to the following requirement: At no time during any coverage period shall the amount collected by the trust fund to apply to costs and/or reserves for that coverage period be less than the result obtained by multiplying the fraction of the coverage period which has elapsed by the total contribution expected to be necessary to satisfy requirements of WAC 296-15-02605 for the entire coverage period.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84–06–031 (Order 83–38), § 296–15–02601, filed 3/1/84, effective 4/1/84; 83–24–027 (Order 83–22), § 296–15–02601, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83–01–076 (Order 82–43), § 296–15–02601, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-02602 Group self-insurance reports. Reports as to financial standing, payroll records, coverage, accident experience, compensation payments, and such other reports as are required to be filed with the department shall be made at the following times and in the following manner:

- (1) Summary loss data shall be maintained by the trust fund and shall be available to the department when requested.
- (2) Each trust fund shall, not later than July of each year, comply with WAC 296-15-080 with respect to the financial condition of the trust.
- (3) Quarterly reports shall be filed with the department within sixty days from the end of a calendar quarter. A listing of any and all delinquent accounts as defined by the bylaws shall be attached as a part of this report.
- (4) A certified copy of the minutes of all trustees meetings shall be retained by the trust fund administrator. The minutes shall be made available to the department upon request.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83-01-076 (Order 82-43), § 296-15-02602, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-02603 Group self-insurance trustee responsibilities. (1) To ensure the financial stability of the operations of each group self-insurers' trust fund, the board of trustees shall be responsible for all operations of the trust fund. Trustees shall be a group of members elected by members of a self-insurers' trust fund for stated terms of office to direct the administration of a self-insurers' trust fund. The duties of the trustees include the responsibility of approving applications for new members of the fund. The trustees shall be chosen from members of the self-insurers' group, but a trustee shall not be an owner or any employee of a company under contractual obligation to the fund or officer or employee of a service organization independent of the employer as defined in WAC 296-15-110. The board of trustees of each trust fund shall take all necessary precautions to safeguard the assets of the trust fund, including but not limited to all of the following:

- (a) Designate a fiscal agent and/or administrator to administer the financial affairs of the trust fund in accordance with Title 51 RCWs, appropriate WACs and/or RCWs pertaining to the conduct of the group self-insured trust regarding investments of funds and budget and accounting procedures as applicable. The fiscal agent or administrator shall furnish a fidelity bond with the trust fund in an amount sufficient to protect the trust fund against the misappropriation or misuse of any moneys or securities. Evidence of such bond shall be filed with the department. The bond is one of the conditions required for approval of the establishment and continued operation of a group self-insurers' trust fund. Such fiscal agent or administrator shall not be an owner, officer, or employee of a service organization independent of the employer as defined in WAC 296-15-110.
- (b) Manage deposits to and disbursements from the trust fund in accordance with WAC 296-15-02605.
- (c) Audit the accounts and records of the trust fund annually or at any time required by the department. Copies of audits shall be filed with the department within six months after the close of the trust fund year.
- (d) The trustees shall not extend credit to individual members for payment of premium.
- (e) The board of trustees or its fiscal agent or administrator shall not utilize any moneys collected as premiums for any purpose unrelated to workers' compensation. Further, it shall not borrow any moneys from the fund or in the name of the fund without advising the department of the nature and purpose of the loan and obtaining prior department approval.
- (2) The board of trustees may delegate authority for specific functions to the administrator of the group self-insurers' trust fund. The functions that may be delegated include but are not limited to such matters as contracting with a service organization agent, determining the premium charged to, and refunds payable to, members subject to the restrictions of the department for investing surplus moneys set forth in subsection (1)(e) of this section, and approving applications for membership. All

delegated authority shall be specifically defined in the written minutes of the trustees' meetings.

(3) Prior to certification date excess workers' compensation coverage shall be purchased providing adequate protection against catastrophic or unexpected loss. Adequate coverage shall be maintained throughout the period of group self-insurance.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-02603, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83-01-076 (Order 82-43), § 296-15-02603, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-02604 Group self-insurance funds—Surplus distribution—Deficit. (1) Any surplus moneys for a fund year in excess of the amount necessary to fulfill all obligations under the act, including maintenance of reserves specified in WAC 296-15-02605 may be declared refundable by the trustees, and the amount of the declaration shall become a liability of the fund at the time of the declaration.

- (2) In the event of a deficit in any fund year, the deficit shall be made up from any of the following:
- (a) Unencumbered surplus from a fund year other than the current fund year, after approval by the department.
- (b) By assessment of the membership of the deficit fund year if ordered by the department.
- (c) By such alternative method as the department may approve.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83-01-076 (Order 82-43), § 296-15-02604, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-02605 Reserves. (1) The group shall maintain adequate reserves to cover claim liabilities and the overhead expense of paying claims liabilities. It shall also maintain a reserve to pay the department administrative assessment which would apply to outstanding claim costs if the group were to be discontinued. Additionally, the group shall maintain a contingency reserve equal to fifteen percent of the claim liabilities, or twenty-five percent of annual premium volume, whichever is greater, as a safeguard against adverse development of costs. Reserves may be discounted for anticipated investment income. Notwithstanding the reserves otherwise calculated under this section, the maximum reserve for any particular coverage period for which the group has purchased an aggregate excess reinsurance policy from a reinsurer shall be the difference between the group's retention under the policy and the amount which it has already paid for claim costs for the particular coverage period plus expense items not recoverable from the reinsurer: Provided, That the reinsurer is authorized by the insurance commissioner to transact such business in the state of Washington. Any coverage period, or periods, for which the difference between aggregate excess retention and amounts already paid for claim costs is carried as a reserve shall not be subject to the additional requirement of maintaining a contingency reserve.

(2) Reserve requirements for group self-insurance may not be satisfied in whole or in part by posting of a

surety bond or bonds. Minimum required reserves for claim liabilities are described below. The group may set aside higher reserves if it perceives a greater liability than calculated under the following methods:

#### (a) Reserve Method I

This method shall apply until the group has passed the runoff test described under Method II or until five years after the group has submitted its first annual report covering at least one full year of operation, whichever comes first. Under Method I, the groups' reserves other than the contingency reserves, shall be based on the accident and medical aid fund premiums which it would have paid had it been insured with the state fund. Such premiums shall be determined each year by multiplying the hours of employment in each risk classification by the base rates for each risk classification, and by the group's composite experience modification. The group's composite experience modification shall be based on combined state fund experience of its members and shall be calculated using the formulas and procedures specified in WAC 296-17-850 through 296-17-870. If the group becomes ineligible for an experience modification under WAC 296-17-850(1) by virtue of having insufficient state fund experience, it shall retain its last previous experience modification for the balance of time during which Reserve Method I is in use. Chapter 296-17 WAC shall govern the computation of hours and the assignment of risk classification.

This group shall deposit such premiums in a reserve account. Payments or withdrawals therefrom may be made only for the following conditions:

- (i) Payment of administrative expenses of operating the group self-insurance program including claims handling expenses, legal costs and department administrative assessments.
- (ii) Payment of claim costs other than supplemental pension fund claim payments. Supplemental pension fund benefits may be paid from the reserve account, provided that reimbursement for such payments is claimed under provisions of WAC 296-15-210, and provided that such reimbursement is deposited in the reserve account when received. Any interest earned by the reserve account must remain in the account during the period in which this method is in effect.
- (iii) The group may pay its reinsurance premium from the reserve account, provided the reinsurer is authorized by the insurance commissioner to transact reinsurance in the state of Washington and provided the group retains amounts recovered from the reinsurer in the reserve account. Within eighteen months after the end of the coverage period, the group shall return the reinsurance premium, less any recoveries already received, into the reserve account. Thereafter it may include amounts which it reasonably expects to recover from the reinsurer, based on case estimates, as an asset. Such assets may be used for satisfying reserve requirements, provided the group retains amounts recovered from the reinsurer in the reserve account.

#### (b) Reserve Method II

The group shall report its claim payments and its estimated claim liabilities annually. For the purpose of

applying Methods II and III, the group's estimate of its claim liabilities shall be based on its own reckoning regardless of the amount of reserves actually required by department regulations. The department will perform a runoff test of the adequacy of the group's estimate of liabilities by tracking the subsequent costs of claims (subsequent payments plus the group's updated estimates of remaining liabilities). If the subsequent costs over a three year development period following the effective date of an annual report covering at least one full year of operation do not exceed original liability estimates by more than fifteen percent, then the group's estimation of claim liabilities will be considered adequate and required reserves will thenceforth be based on the group's own estimates until such time in the future as the runoff test may demonstrate an inadequacy in reserving methodology.

#### (c) Reserve Method III

This method shall apply if the group fails the runoff test described in Method II, provided at least five years has elapsed since the group filed its first annual report covering at least one full year of operation. Under Method III the department shall determine the extent to which past liability estimates of the group have been inadequate as determined by the runoff test. The department shall apply a correction factor to the group's current estimates of its liabilities to compensate for anticipated repetition of inadequate estimates.

Methods II and III presume a consistency in reserving methodology by the group. If the department determines that the group has changed its reserving methodology in such a way as to invalidate Method II or III, then it shall make such adjustment to the procedure as may be appropriate under the circumstances. The group may devise its own method for calculating individual member's premiums under Reserve Methods I, II and III, provided the total premiums are sufficient to set up the required reserves.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.150 and 51.14.160. 83-01-076 (Order 82-43), § 296-15-02605, filed 12/17/82.]

WAC 296-15-030 Posting of security. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section shall apply only to individual self-insurers except counties, cities, school districts, municipal corporations, and individual accounts participating in a group self-insurance program. Subsection (6) of this section shall apply only to counties, cities, municipal corporations, and school districts not participating in a group self-insurance program. Group self-insurance programs are subject to reserve requirements set forth in WAC 296-15-02601(3) and 296-15-02605, in lieu of application of this section.

(1) Upon receiving a completed application for certification to self-insure, the director shall review the matter and notify the employer of the amount of security which must be deposited to secure the payment of compensation and assessments, pursuant to RCW 51.14.020 as now or hereafter amended. This amount as so established may be satisfied by the employer's supplying of money, corporate or governmental securities approved by

the director, or a surety bond, written by a company admitted to transact surety business in this state, in favor of the department. All such securities of a self-insurer shall be deposited with an escrow agent appointed by the director and administered pursuant to a written agreement between the department, the self-insurer and the escrow agent. Securities shall be registered in the name of the escrow agent on behalf of the self-insurer. The original of all surety bonds submitted by self-insurers following approval by the director and the attorney general will be kept on file in the department.

(2) On or after July 1, 1985, the minimum amount of security required for initial certification as a self-insurer shall be the projected average cost of a permanent total disability claim for an injury occurring during the first year after the employer's self-insuring, including medical, time-loss, pension reserve, and any other miscellaneous claim costs paid prior to award of the pension. This average cost shall be calculated by the department on an annual basis.

The security required for initial certification as a self-insurer on or after July 1, 1985, may be greater than the minimum amount described above. In establishing such security requirements, the department shall estimate the following amounts:

- (a) The estimated amount of accident and medical aid fund premium that the self-insurer would have paid to the state fund during the first year of self-insurance, if it had remained in the state fund.
- (b) The estimated amount of incurred benefits for the first year of self-insurance, based on past experience with the state fund, adjusted for intervening changes in benefit schedules and exposure.

If either or both of the above amounts exceed the minimum security deposit described in this section, the department may require the larger of (a) or (b) of this subsection as a security deposit for initial certification as a self-insurer on or after July 1, 1985.

- (c) The initial surety requirement for a self-insurer may be based on an estimate of the expected average annual incurred losses, made by an independent actuary.
- (d) The initial surety requirement for a self-insurer may be based upon an estimate of the expected average annual incurred losses, net of expected payments during the first year, made by an independent actuary; provided:
- (i) That the applicant self-insurer agrees in writing to provide the department with an estimate of the outstanding liability made by an independent actuary within sixty days of the end of each calendar year of certification, through the first full three years of self-insurance; and
- (ii) That the applicant self-insurer agrees in writing that if an estimate from an independent actuary is not provided as indicated in (d) of this subsection, the department, each year, will automatically increase the self-insurers' surety requirement by the amount of its average annual incurred losses estimated at the time of certification.

The security required in accordance with the above procedures may be adjusted by the department if there are other known conditions which may alter the self-insurer's potential claim costs and/or its ability to pay them.

(3) The amount of security required of each self-insurer shall be reviewed periodically by the director to determine if there is need for any increase or decrease thereof. To facilitate this review a self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7) shall be required in the form prescribed by the director and supplied to all self-insurers.

Security requirements in effect on, or initially established after, July 1, 1985, shall not be increased unless and until one or more of the following conditions are met:

- (a) An estimate of the self-insurer's outstanding claim liabilities, made by either the self-insured employer or the department, exceeds the amount of security in force; or
- (b) The projected average cost of a permanent total pension claim for an injury in the current year, including medical, time—loss and any other miscellaneous claim costs paid prior to award of the pension, exceeds the security in force for the employer by one hundred thousand dollars or more.
- (4) The following procedure shall apply for purposes of updating security requirements:
- (a) On July 1, 1985, the security requirement for each self-insurer shall be the larger of the following two amounts:
- (i) The existing security in force for the self-insurer; or
- (ii) The self-insurer's stated estimate of outstanding claim liabilities as shown on the 1984 self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7).
- (b) On July 1, 1986, the security requirement for each self-insurer shall be the larger of the following amounts:
- (i) The existing security in force for the self-insurer; or
- (ii) The average of the self-insurer's stated estimate of outstanding claim liabilities as shown on the 1985 self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7) and the department's estimate of the self-insurer's outstanding claim liabilities as of December 31, 1985, made in accordance with provisions of (e) of this subsection; or
  - (iii) The minimum security requirement.
- (c) On July 1, 1987, the security requirement for each self-insurer shall be the larger of the following amounts:
- (i) The existing security in force for the self-insurer; or
- (ii) The department's estimate of the self-insurer's outstanding claim liabilities as of December 31, 1986, made in accordance with provisions of (e) of this subsection; or
  - (iii) The minimum security requirement.
- (d) After July 1, 1987, the security requirement for each self-insurer will be subject to review and increased or decreased at such times as the director deems necessary to maintain the adequacy of those requirements. Such review and adjustment, when made, shall be performed in accordance with provisions of (e) of this subsection.

- (e) In establishing or adjusting security requirements for a self-insurer, the department may perform a runoff test of the adequacy of the employer's estimates of liabilities, by tracking the subsequent cost of claims (subsequent payments plus the employer's updated estimates of remaining liabilities). If the subsequent costs do not exceed original liability estimates, the employer's most recent estimates of claim liabilities shall be considered adequate for purposes of setting current security requirements for the employer.
- If the runoff test shows that subsequent costs of claims exceed the employer's original estimates of outstanding liabilities, the department may apply a loss development factor to the employer's most recent estimates of claim liabilities to compensate for anticipated repetition of inadequate estimates. The loss development factor shall be based on the self-insured employer's experience.

The following special considerations shall apply in establishing or adjusting security requirements for a self-insurer:

- (i) Pension claims Reserve amounts attributable to death or permanent total disability claims independently secured by means of a surety bond or assignment of account, and which are included in estimates of outstanding claim liabilities as shown on the self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7), shall be deducted from estimates of outstanding claim liabilities made in accordance with other provisions of this section.
- (ii) Reinsurance Anticipated recoveries under reinsurance policies held by a self-insurer must be documented by the self-insurer and reported to the department to qualify for consideration in establishing security requirements. Such anticipated recoveries shall be applied to either the self-insurer's estimate of outstanding claim liabilities as shown on the most current self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7) or the department's estimate of the self-insurer's outstanding liabilities made in accordance with (e) of this subsection, whichever is greater. If the resulting estimate of claim liabilities net of reinsurance recoveries is less than the security requirements imposed by this section without adjustment for reinsurance, the security requirement shall be reduced accordingly; provided, that security requirements imposed upon initial certification of a self-insurer or based upon the projected average cost of a permanent total pension claim may be retained by the department regardless of other estimates of claim liabilities for the self-insurer.
- (iii) Strict application of loss development factors based upon the runoff test presumes a consistency of reserving methodology and results for the self-insurer. If the department determines that an employer has changed its reserving methodology in such a way as to invalidate loss development factors based upon past experience, then the department shall make such adjustments to the procedure as it may deem appropriate under the circumstances.
- (iv) The department will give full consideration to any evaluation of the self-insured employer's outstanding

claim liabilities made by an independent qualified actuary. Such independent actuarial evaluations are optional and not required by this rule.

- (f) Any changes to existing bonds and/or adjustments to bond amounts made by or required of a self-insurer on or after July 1, 1985, shall provide adequate security for all self-insured workers' compensation liabilities of the employer, regardless of when the claims giving rise to those liabilities were incurred. Changes contemplated by this subsection include, but are not limited to, designation of a new surety carrier, issuance of a replacement bond by a current surety carrier, and/or revision of the face amount of any bond whether by endorsement or issuance of a replacement bond. If a new surety carrier does not assume full responsibility for all past self-insured liabilities regardless of when incurred, the department may require that such liabilities be secured by other means.
- (5) A self-insurer's annual report (SIF #7) shall be required of group self-insurance plans, in the form prescribed by the director and supplied to all group self-insurance plans.
- (6) On January 1, 1987, the security requirement for counties, cities, school districts, and municipal corporations shall provide for sufficient revenues to satisfy one hundred percent of the estimated claims for the succeeding fiscal year. The county, city, school district, or municipal corporation shall provide a cumulative reserve fund comprised of governmental securities, surety bonds, or any legal source of funding, equal to no less than twenty-five percent of the estimated claims payments for the succeeding fiscal year, to satisfy unforeseen claims obligations: Provided, That the minimum security requirement shall be one hundred thousand dollars. If a jurisdiction's cumulative reserve fund as of the effective date of this section is not at the required level, it shall annually increase the amount of such fund by no less than one-fourth of the difference between the amount of such fund as of January 1, 1987, and the required level of such cumulative reserve fund.

By February 1 of each year, each county, city, school district, or municipal corporation shall certify in writing to the department, the security requirements, specifying the source, or sources, of revenues including securities, bonds, anticipated insurance recoveries, or other moneys. A copy of the officially adopted budget that sets forth the fund or funds, and the accounts as required by the state auditor's budget accounting reporting system to meet the minimum security requirement, expenses, and liabilities of industrial insurance shall be available to the department. Security requirements for governmental units shall be subject to an annual review by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88–12–096 (Order 88–07), § 296–15–030, filed 6/1/88; 87–05–008 (Order 87–02), § 296–15–030, filed 2/9/87; 86–14–079 (Order 86–25), § 296–15–030, filed 7/1/86; 85–06–031 (Order 85–6), § 296–15–030, filed 3/1/85; Order 77–19, § 296–15–030, filed 9/26/77; Order 72–4, § 296–15–030, filed 4/25/72; Order 71–15, § 296–15–030, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-045 Payment of deficit. In determining a self-insurer's proper share of any deficit which

- must be paid to the department, pursuant to section 27(4), chapter 289, Laws of 1971 ex. sess., RCW 51.14.020(4), the following procedures shall apply.
- (1) STATE FUND DEFICIT. The state fund deficit shall be the excess of liabilities over assets as shown on the state fund balance sheet for the last date of state fund coverage of the self—insurer. If assets exceed liabilities, the deficit shall be zero. If the last date of state fund coverage is other than March 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31, the state fund deficit shall be obtained by performing linear interpolation between the asset figures and between the liability figures on the two balance sheets spanning the date of last coverage, and then computing the excess of interpolated liabilities over interpolated assets. The state fund deficit shall be based on the combined status of the accident and medical aid funds, and that portion of the pension reserve fund which applies to state fund claims.
- (2) PREMIUM. The premium used for calculating deficit assessments shall be the combined accident and medical aid fund premiums due for the one year coverage period ending March 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31, whichever date most immediately precedes the effective date of self—insurance.
- (3) DEFICIT ASSESSMENT FORMULA. The self-insurer's deficit assessment shall be determined by multiplying the state fund deficit, if any, by a "deficit share factor", said factor to be the ratio of the self-insurer's premium to total state fund premium for the one year coverage period specified in paragraph (2), above. Members of a group self-insurance program shall be treated as individual employers for the purpose of determining their deficit assessments.
- (4) INITIAL DEFICIT ASSESSMENT ESTIMATE. Prior to the effective date of self-insurance, the department shall make its best estimate of the prospective self-insurer's deficit assessment, and the prospective self-insurer shall be required to pay the estimated amount prior to being issued a certificate of self-insurance.
- (5) SUBSEQUENT ADJUSTMENT OF DEFICIT ASSESSMENTS. As soon as the actual data specified under the deficit assessment formula becomes available the deficit assessment shall be recalculated based on the actual data, and the self-insurer shall either receive a refund or be required to pay an additional amount, depending on the results of the calculation. The department shall make no further adjustment of the deficit assessment, except when an employer's premium is changed as the result of an audit or through discovery of a clerical error in calculation of the firm's premium. In such cases, the selfinsurer's "deficit share factor" shall be recalculated based on the revised premium. Deficit share factors shall not be recalculated because of premium adjustments made under the retrospective rating plan. Payment of a deficit assessment based upon the recalculation using actual data as specified in this rule shall be a requirement for retaining a certificate of self-insurance.
- (6) EFFECTIVE DATE. This rule shall become effective on July 1, 1983 and shall apply to all firms self-insuring on or after that date.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.020(1). 83-07-075 (Order 83-9), § 296-15-045, filed 3/23/83.]

WAC 296-15-050 Reinsurance. (1) A self-insurer who desires to reinsure a portion of his liability, pursuant to RCW 51.14.020(5) as now or hereafter amended, shall notify the department of the name of the insurance carrier which will carry such reinsurance policy, and full details as to the extent and period of coverage of such policy. The director may periodically require information from all self-insurers as to their reinsurance program, if any, in order to determine that there is continued compliance with RCW 51.14.020(5).

- (2) All copies of any insurance policy in force shall be submitted to the department, together with any modification or renewal provisions thereto which the employer has acquired for the purposes authorized in RCW 51.14.020(5) of reinsuring a portion of the employer's liability: Provided, That the supervisor upon request and for good cause may accept a certificate of insurance in lieu of the self-insured employer's policy of reinsurance which certifies to the monetary limits, all conditions and exceptions pertaining to payments under the self-insured employer's policy of reinsurance and in addition contains a certification that the company providing reinsurance and its personnel do not participate in the administration of the responsibilities of the self-insurer under Title 51 RCW and that such policy of reinsurance does not provide for payments in excess of eighty percent of the selfinsured employer's liabilities under the provisions of Title 51 RCW.
- (3) Each such policy of insurance issued or renewed on or after July 1, 1975 shall contain a provision which in substance states: That such policy is not intended to provide for the payment of any of the costs, benefits or compensation which the self-insured employer may be obligated to pay pursuant to the provisions of Title 51 RCW, in excess of eighty percent of any such liabilities as required by RCW 51.14.020(5).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 85–06–031 (Order 85–6),  $\S$  296–15–050, filed 3/1/85; Order 77–19,  $\S$  296–15–050, filed 9/26/77; Order 71–15,  $\S$  296–15–050, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-060 Administrative cost assessment. (1) Assessments levied by the department against each self-insurer shall be based on the self-insured employer's proportionate share of the administrative costs determined to be attributable to self-insurers, including expenses of the safety division, the industrial insurance division, the University of Washington environmental research facility, the board of industrial insurance appeals, appeals expenses and other general administrative expenses.

(2) The director shall determine the assessment rate on a fiscal year basis prescribing the self-insured employer's share of the attributable costs determined pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1). For employers who have been covered under the Workers' Compensation Act for a period of less than two full calendar years, the assessment rate shall be a percentage of the premium which would have been collected at manual rates had the self-insurer been covered by the state fund. For

employers who have been subject to the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act in excess of two calendar years, the administrative assessment rate shall be a percentage of the payments made on all claims involving the self-insured employer: *Provided*, That in any event a self-insured employer shall be subject to the payment of a minimum quarterly assessment of twenty-five dollars.

(3) Administrative cost assessments shall be payable for each quarter, by the thirtieth day following the receipt of a quarterly report form supplied by the department (SIF #6). This quarterly report form shall also provide for payment of the supplemental pension fund assessment.

(4) A self-insured employer who has, or shall hereafter, voluntarily, or involuntarily, surrender his certification as a self-insurer shall pay an adjusted administrative assessment. The amount of this adjusted administrative assessment will be determined annually and shall represent such self-insurer's portion of the administrative assessment which can be attributed directly to the operational costs of the self-insurance section. This adjusted administrative assessment shall continue until such time as all liabilities and all responsibilities of such employer have been terminated. The amount of this adjusted administrative assessment shall in no case be less than \$25.00 per calendar quarter.

When such an employer has had no self-insured claim activity, excluding activity in cases of total permanent disability or death, for a period of one year, a request may be made to the department for a review to determine if there is a need to continue the adjusted administrative assessment, in which circumstances, the minimum assessment will not apply.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-060, filed 7/1/86; Order 77-19, § 296-15-060, filed 9/26/77; Order 75-28, § 296-15-060, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-38, § 296-15-060, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-24, § 296-15-060, filed 11/23/73; Order 71-15, § 296-15-060, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-065 Self-insurers' insolvency trust. (1) For the purpose of interpretation of this section, the term "insolvent self-insurer" means a self-insurer who has defaulted upon any obligation under Title 51 RCW, and with respect to which default the director has taken action authorized by RCW 51.14.060.

(2) A self-insurance insolvency fund shall be established in the office of the state treasurer. The purpose of this fund shall be to pay, to the injured workers of insolvent self-insured employers under Title 51 RCW, any unsecured benefits to which such injured workers had become entitled, and to pay for the department's associated administrative costs, including attorneys' fees.

(3) This fund shall be financed by assessment, as follows: (a) Assessments shall be levied on a post-insolvency basis against all self-insurers, including any of which have surrendered certification at any time during the thirty-six months prior to the close of a quarter for which assessments to the insolvency fund are payable: Provided, however, That school districts, cities and counties are exempt from assessment(s) to finance such self-insurers' insolvency fund: Provided, further, That

school districts, cities and counties shall not have their obligations discharged, in full or in part, with moneys from said self-insurers' insolvency fund; (b) each assessment shall be a percentage of the payments made on all claims involving the self-insured employer; (c) assessments shall be levied on a quarterly basis as prescribed by the board of trustees established in this section; (d) assessments shall be payable each quarter, by the thirtieth day following the notice of assessment.

- (4) The administration of an insolvent self-insurer's claims shall be the responsibility of the department until the security deposit as required by RCW 51.14.020 and/or the recovery from any court action concerning the self-insurer's workers' compensation liabilities have been exhausted.
- (5) Establishing self-insurance insolvency fund assessment rates and administering the claims of insolvent self-insurers upon depletion of remedies for reimbursement of workers' compensation expenditures made by the department as specified under subsection (4) of this section shall be the responsibility of a five-member board of trustees, under the general supervision of the department's self-insurance section.
- (6) Assessments for the self-insurers' insolvency fund shall be in amounts deemed adequate to reimburse the accident, medical aid and/or pension reserve funds for benefits paid from these funds to injured workers of insolvent self-insurers, and for associated administrative costs, including attorneys' fees. Any and all interest earned on assessments levied and collected by the board of trustees shall become a part of the self-insurers' insolvency fund, and be distributed only for the purposes for which the fund was established.
- (7) The board of trustees shall be comprised of the director or the director's designee, three representatives of self-insured employers, and one representative of workers. Initially and thereafter, the director shall appoint the self-insurer representatives from a list of names submitted by state-wide organizations of selfinsurers and others. Initially and thereafter, the director shall appoint the worker representative from a list of names submitted by an organization, state-wide in scope, which through its affiliates embraces a cross section and a majority of the organized labor of the state. Initial appointments shall be made within thirty days of the effective date of this section. Two of the initial appointees shall serve three-year terms, and two shall serve two-year terms. Thereafter, appointed representatives shall serve two-year terms. Each representative on the board of trustees shall have one vote.
- (8) No later than March 31 of each year, the board of trustees shall report in writing to the workers' compensation advisory committee regarding the status of the insolvency fund as of the previous December 31, and summarize any events or transactions of interest or importance to the ongoing operation of the insolvency fund.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88–12–096 (Order 88–07), § 296–15–065, filed 6/1/88; 86–24–014 (Order 86–40), § 296–15–065, filed 11/24/86.]

- WAC 296-15-070 Accident reports and claims procedures. (1) Reporting of accidents shall be on a form prescribed by the department, entitled the self-insurer's accident report (SIF #2), which will be supplied to all self-insurers, and by self-insurers to their employees. Forwarding a completed copy of this form to the department for compensable claims immediately and medical only claims monthly after closing by the self-insured employer shall satisfy the initial accident reporting responsibility and statistical reporting responsibility under the law.
- (2) A self-insurer, on denying any claim, shall provide to the claimant, the department, and the attending physician, within thirty days after such self-insurer has notice of the claim, a notice of denial of claim, substantially similar to the example SIF #4. With every such claim denial a self-insurer shall send to the department all information on which the denial was based.
- (3) A self-insurer shall file a complete and accurate supplemental or final report on injury or occupational disease claims resulting in time loss payments, on a form substantially similar to labor and industries Form No. F207-005-000, self-insurer's report of occupational injury or disease, 7-86 (SIF-5) at the following times:
- (a) Within five working days following the date the first time loss compensation is paid.
- (b) Within five working days following the date the time loss compensation is terminated, reinstated, or the rate thereof changed.
- (c) On the date a determination is requested or date temporary disability claim is closed.
- (d) On all claims where vocational rehabilitation services have been provided, a rehabilitation outcome report must be submitted with the final SIF #5.

All medical reports and other pertinent information in the self-insurer's possession not previously forwarded to the department must be submitted with the request for all determinations.

- (4)(a) A self-insured employer shall, upon notice of an industrial injury, provide the injured worker with the opportunity to file a self-insurer accident report (SIF-2) and shall notify the worker of his/her rights and responsibilities under Title 51 RCW. A completed copy of the self-insurer accident report (SIF-2), with an assigned department claim number, is to be provided to the worker within five working days of the date an injured worker submits the SIF-2 to the employer.
- (b) A self-insurer, upon closure of a medical only claim, shall issue an order on a form prescribed by the department entitled self-insurer's claim closure order and notice (LI-207-20), which will be supplied to all self-insurers, and by the self-insurers to their employees, in compliance with reporting responsibilities under the law, a copy of which shall be sent to the attending physician.

The self-insurer shall submit monthly statistical information on medical only claims closed during the month by copy of the accident report (SIF #2). In medical only claims where vocational rehabilitation services

have been provided, the self-insurer shall submit a rehabilitation outcome report with the self-insurers accident report (SIF-2) at the time of reporting claim closure.

- (c) A self-insurer, upon closure of a temporary disability claim, shall issue an order on a format substantially similar to labor and industries Form No. F207-070-000, self-insured employer's time loss claim closure order and notice, 7-86. The self-insurer shall send a copy of the closing order and final SIF-5 to the claimant and the department at the time of closure of a temporary disability claim.
- (d) When the department requests claim information by certified mail, the self-insurer shall submit all information in its possession dealing with the claim in question, within ten working days from the date of receipt of such certified mail.
- (e) In any case where the department or the self-insured employer has issued an appealable order on a medical-only claim, all subsequent orders in that claim shall be issued by the department.
- (f) When an application for reopening of claim for aggravation of condition is received by a self-insured employer or its authorized representative, it shall be the responsibility of the self-insured employer to forward it to the department within five working days from the date of receipt.
- (5) Self-insurers may close temporary disability claims with the date of injury occurring July 1, 1986, through June 30, 1990, and occupational disease claims filed July 1, 1986, through June 30, 1990. Self-insured claims that involve a permanent partial disability, an order issued by the department resolving a disagreement, or return to work with a different employer are not subject to closure by the self-insurer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88–12–096 (Order 88–07), § 296–15–070, filed 6/1/88; 86–18–037 (Order 86–35), § 296–15–070, filed 8/28/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83–24–027 (Order 83–22), § 296–15–070, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020 and Title 51 RCW. 82–12–035 (Order 82–23), § 296–15–070, filed 5/27/82, effective 7/1/82; 81–24–040 (Order 81–29), § 296–15–070, filed 11/30/81; Order 77–19, § 296–15–070, filed 9/26/77; Order 72–15, § 296–15–070, filed 8/4/72; Order 71–15, § 296–15–070, filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-072 Claim closure study. A study shall be conducted to determine if self-insured employers are administering claim closure in a proper manner. The study shall include issues involving proper payment of time loss benefits, correctness of claim closure including attending physician concurrence, conditions and duration of reemployment, and correct application of the rehabilitation laws. Protests to claim closures and the outcome of these protests will also be considered. The study will be accomplished by having department disability adjudicators review self-insured temporary disability closures and compile the statistics. This staff will review documents submitted to the department and employer's workers' compensation files. A form will be used to ensure consistency and objectivity in the study. The special assessment base shall be the total claim payments as defined for the administrative cost assessment in WAC 296-15-060.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-18-037 (Order 86-35), § 296-15-072, filed 8/28/86.]

WAC 296-15-080 Statement of financial condition. Every self-insured employer shall, not later than six months following the end of its financial reporting period, submit a fully audited financial statement to the department. This statement shall be for the year just ended, and must be prepared by accountants independent of the employer. It may be the financial statement of the self-insurer's parent, but must include the financial condition of all subsidiary operations. A self-insurer whose financial statement is not available from an accounting firm within this time must make a written request to the department for an extension of the filing time. Any self-insured employer who is a political subdivision of the state, a municipal corporation, or other public entity who is subject to audit by the state auditor may submit a state auditor's report containing the employer's audited financial statement. Public entities which are audited less than once a year by the state auditor must submit a financial statement prepared internally for the years between reports of the state auditor.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86–14–079 (Order 86–25), § 296–15–080, filed 7/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83–24–027 (Order 83–22), § 296–15–080, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77–19, § 296–15–080, filed 9/26/77; Order 74–38, § 296–15–080, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–29, § 296–15–080, filed 5/29/74, effective 7/1/74.]

WAC 296-15-090 Application of supplemental moneys in payment of compensation. Each employer authorized to self-insure the liabilities imposed by the industrial insurance law (Title 51 RCW) shall provide the department with a statement of their current policy of applying sick leave, health and welfare insurance benefits or any other compensation in conjunction with or as a substitute for the time loss compensation required in RCW 51.32.090.

(a) Where a self-insurer maintains a person on full salary during a period of temporary total disability due to an injury or illness compensable under Title 51 RCW, a report shall be filed with the department in accordance with WAC 296-15-070.

This report shall indicate the amount of compensation the injured worker is entitled to when computed in accordance with RCW 51.32.060. The amount, so computed and reported, shall be included in the self-insurers total claim costs and therefore be included on the quarterly report of self-insured employer (SIF #6) for the purpose of computing their administrative assessment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86–14–079 (Order 86–25), § 296–15–090, filed 7/1/86; Order 77–19, § 296–15–090, filed 9/26/77; Order 74–38, § 296–15–090, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-100 Permanent partial disability awards. Whenever a self-insured employer receives an order and notice establishing a permanent partial disability (PPD) award, on behalf of a worker injured in its employment, the self-insurer shall make payment of the award without delay and in accordance with RCW 51.32.080(4). In all cases, the self-insured employer will notify the department of the date the award is paid.

When the amount of the award exceeds three times the average monthly wage in the state, as established at the date of the workers injury, a schedule of payments shall be prepared. Such schedule shall include all the following information:

The total amount of the disability award.

The amount of the initial payment and the date such payment was made.

The amount of the remaining balance.

The amount of interest earned on the unpaid balance.

The date each subsequent payment will be made.

The amount of each subsequent payment until all moneys have been dispersed.

A copy of this schedule shall accompany the initial payment to the claimant and a copy shall be forwarded to the department in substantially the same form as set forth below.

## SCHEDULE OF FUTURE PAYMENTS FOR THE

BALANCE OF THE PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY AWARD

EMPLOYER:	FIRM NO.			
NAME OF CI	LAIMANT: _			
ADDRESS: .				
CLAIM #:				
	AMC	OUNT OF AV	VARD:	
	INIT	TAL PAYME	NT:	
	UNP	AID BALAN	CE:	
DATE			TIME	
OF	UNPAID		LOSS	AMT. OF
PAYMENT	BALANCE	INTEREST	SCHEDULE	PAYMENT
*	*	*	*	*
		DATE PAII	D	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86–14–079 (Order 86–25), § 296–15–100, filed 7/1/86; Order 77–19, § 296–15–100, filed 9/26/77; Order 74–38, § 296–15–100, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-110 Contract with a service organization. Every self-insuring employer utilizing a service organization independent of the self-insurers firm, to aid or participate in any manner in the administration of their responsibilities; including but not limited to: Claims-handling, payment of compensation, accumulation of data and completion of required reports, (both quarterly and annual) or any other such administrative function; shall forward to the department, a copy of the contract which exists between the two, or more, parties for such services: Provided, That any clause or clauses in such contract relating to the monetary consideration between the parties may be deleted: Provided further, That any provision in such contract relating to the monetary consideration which may increase or decrease such consideration on the basis of an increase or decrease of an employer's claims must be explained in detail and the department may require the employer to supply an unaltered copy of the agreement where it appears reasonably necessary for the purpose of clarification.

Anytime a self-insurer elects to change service organizations, or change or modify the existing contract, a copy shall be forwarded to the department within ten working days of the effective date of the new contract or change.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-110, filed 7/1/86; Order 74-38, § 296-15-110, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-120 Log of occupational injuries and illnesses. Each self-insured employer shall, upon request, provide the department any or all information contained on the log of occupational injuries and illnesses (WISHERS #100) maintained in accordance with chapter 296-27 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-120, filed 7/1/86; Order 74-38, § 296-15-120, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-130 Administration of self-insurance. Every self-insurer shall conduct the administration of its self-insurance plan through the services of a person knowledgeable in the application of the industrial insurance law and the rules and regulations for self-insurance.

The person or persons employed or retained as administrators, by either a self-insurer or an employer making application for certification as a self-insurer, must be able to:

- (1) Demonstrate, in a manner satisfactory to the department, a thorough knowledge of the industrial insurance laws and the rules and regulations for self-insurance, and
- (2) Demonstrate, in a manner satisfactory to the department, an expertise in the adjudication of claims, and
- (3) Have the authority and ability to make prompt payment of all compensation and assessments which may become due from such self-insurer; and
- (4) Have the authority to make prompt decisions regarding claims adjudication and awards required by Title 51 RCW.

[Order 74-38, § 296-15-130, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-135 Contact person. Each self-insurer shall provide the department with the name, title, address, and phone number of a contact person who will be the liaison with the department regarding self-insurance matters, and to whom all self-insurance correspondence will be sent. The self-insurer is to give written notice of any change in contact person within ten working days of the change.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-135, filed 7/1/86.]

WAC 296-15-140 Expense of out-of-state audit. The audit of self-insurance plans at locations outside the state of Washington, shall be at the expense of the self-

insurer and the expense incurred in making such audit shall be paid by the self-insurer.

Such expenses shall be calculated at the usual and normal per diem and travel expense rates established by law and in effect at the time the expenses are incurred.

[Order 74-38, § 296-15-140, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-145 Expense of withdrawn certificate audit. A self-insurer whose certificate has been withdrawn, whether surrendered voluntarily with the director's approval or involuntarily by order of the director, shall pay expenses incurred by the director, or his representative, in conducting an audit as may be required for the purposes of RCW 51.14.050 through 51.14.090.

[Order 74-38, § 296-15-145, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-150 Accident prevention program. Applicants for self-insurance certification are required by RCW 51.14.030(4) to demonstrate to the department the existence of a safety organization which indicates a record of accident prevention within their places of business. Chapter 296-24 WAC sets forth the requirements for an employer's accident prevention program. Accident prevention programs must comply with these rules in order for certification to be granted. Applicants whose programs do not meet these requirements will be denied certification. Employers who are denied certification due to deficient accident prevention programs may be required to wait six months before being considered for certification again. The self-insurer's maintenance of an accident prevention program is also a requirement for continued certification. (RCW 51.14.080(1).)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-150, filed 7/1/86; Order 74-38, § 296-15-150, filed 11/18/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-15-160 Order on compensable claims. In all cases the department shall issue an allowance, segregation or interlocutory order upon receipt of an SIF #5 from a self-insured employer, which reports the first payment of time loss compensation as required by WAC 296-15-070, unless a request for denial has been received on an SIF #4.

Interlocutory orders shall only be issued upon the application for such by a self-insurer. Such orders will be issued at the discretion of the department and only when substantiating documentation and a reasonable explanation as to why an investigation is in order accompanies the request from the self-insurer.

Interlocutory orders shall be effective for a period of sixty days commencing on the date the self-insurer has knowledge or notice of the industrial injury or occupational disease, after which time an allowance or rejection order shall be issued.

All orders shall be issued in accordance with RCW 51.52.050.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-160, filed 7/1/86; Order 77-19, § 296-15-160, filed 9/26/77; Order 75-28, § 296-15-160, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76.]

WAC 296-15-170 Cessation of business—Change of status. (1) A self—insurer that proposes to cease doing business entirely, or proposes to cease doing business in Washington, or proposes to dispose of, by sale or otherwise, the controlling interest of the business for which the certificate was issued shall immediately notify the department in writing of such proposed action and shall, upon request, surrender their certificate for cancellation.

- (2) A self-insurer that amends its articles, charter or agreement of incorporation, association, copartnership or sole proprietorship so as to change its identity or business structure or in any manner so as to materially alter its status as a self-insured employer as it existed at the time of the issuance of its certificate shall, within thirty days notify the department in writing of such action and provide the department with information regarding any change in the status of such self-insured employer. The department may, at its discretion, ask for copies of any documents deemed necessary regarding such transactions.
- (3) When a self-insurer sells, divests, or spins off a part of itself, self-insurance coverage for the separated part ends with the date of separation from the self-insurer. The selling self-insurer remains responsible for the liability for claims against the separated part occurring up to the date of the separation unless the department approves an alternative. If the separating part desires to be a self-insurer, an application for certification must be received by the department thirty days before the date of certification. If certification cannot be granted before the date of separation, industrial insurance coverage must be purchased effective with the date of separation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-170, filed 6/1/88; Order 75-28, § 296-15-170, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76.]

WAC 296-15-180 Examinations for rating disability. In any case where a self-insured employer obtains information from a physician, other than the attending physician, for the purpose of rating or classifying disability, following the receipt of medical evidence that the worker's injury has become medically stabilized, such employer shall request from the attending physician whether or not he concurs in the examining physician's conclusions. If the attending physician is not in agreement with such conclusions or refuses to give an opinion on such conclusions, the self-insured employer may arrange another medical evaluation or forward all medical information to the department. The department may require additional medical examinations.

All costs for such medical examinations and all reasonable expenses incurred by the injured worker shall be paid by the self-insurer to the extent required by RCW 51.32.110.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), \$ 296-15-180, filed 7/1/86; Order 75-28, \$ 296-15-180, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76.]

WAC 296-15-190 Notification of rights and obligations. (1) Self-insurers shall develop and maintain a

comprehensive program designed to inform their employees about self-insurance and their rights and obligations. Such a program must include all present employees. Newly hired employees must be thoroughly advised of their industrial insurance rights and obligations during the first thirty calendar days of employment. The method and manner of advising employees of this program must have the approval of the department.

- (2) This program shall include, but not be limited to the following:
- (a) An explanation of the employees' industrial insurance rights and obligations.
- (b) An explanation of the employer's claim processing system.
- (c) A statement telling which employees are covered and under what circumstances coverage is provided.
- (d) A complete explanation of the payment of all medical bills and the time loss compensation an injured worker can expect to receive if forced to lose time from work due to an injury, or occupational disease sustained at work and an explanation of the method used to periodically determine continued time loss certification.
- (e) The extent of the coverage provided and the procedure for closing a claim.
- (f) An explanation of the law and rules of the department relating to the payment of medical expenses incurred by an on-the-job injury or occupational disease and the procedure for making an application for reopening a closed claim.
- (g) An explanation of the role of the department in claims processing. Such explanation shall include a description of the method and manner of requesting reconsideration of department orders and appealing orders of the department to the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals. Further, the mailing address and phone number of the self-insurance offices shall be made known and available to all employees.
- (h) An explanation of the supplemental pension fund assessment and the deduction made for that purpose.
- (i) An explanation of the way an injured worker, or someone in his/her behalf, must file a claim. Such an explanation must include the statutory requirement that a claim be filed within one year of the date of the injury or within two years following the date the worker received written notice from a physician of the existence of an occupational disease and that the injured worker is responsible for filing the claim with his/her employer along with the certification of a licensed physician as stated in RCW 51.28.020.
- (j) An explanation of both scheduled and unscheduled permanent partial disability (PPD) awards.
- (3) A self-insurer shall designate a person or persons reasonably accessible to the work locations to whom an injured worker or any employee may direct questions about industrial insurance matters. This individual should have sufficient knowledge to answer routine questions and have the responsibility of seeking answers to more complex problems.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88–12–096 (Order 88–07), § 296–15–190, filed 6/1/88; Order 75–28, § 296–15–190, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76.]

WAC 296-15-200 Claims log—Evaluation. Beginning January 1, 1976, each self—insurer shall maintain a log of all claims filed by any worker injured in its employ or any worker having contracted an occupational disease as a result of his/her employment with the self—insurer.

The claims log shall contain the following minimum information: The injured worker's name, the date of the injury or first knowledge of an occupational disease, the claim number assigned by the department, the date the claim is closed, and whether the claim is compensable or treatment only. Additional information may be recorded at the discretion of the employer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86–14–079 (Order 86–25), § 296–15–200, filed 7/1/86; 83–07–009 (Order 83–8), § 296–15–200, filed 3/8/83; Order 77–19, § 296–15–200, filed 9/26/77; Order 75–28, § 296–15–200, filed 8/29/75, effective 1/1/76.]

WAC 296-15-210 Supplementation of temporary total disability compensation by self-insured employers. Self-insured employers shall make benefit payments to workers injured in their employ in accordance with RCW 51.32.090 and such increased payments as required by RCW 51.32.073.

When a self-insured employer is required to increase the amount of temporary total disability benefits being paid an injured worker and where legislation provides for such increased benefits to be paid from the supplemental pension fund, the department will reimburse the employers in the amount of the increase.

Self-insured employers will be reimbursed from the supplemental pension fund upon their certification that payment was made of such increased benefits to qualified injured workers. Applications for reimbursement from the supplemental pension fund shall be filed quarterly on forms provided by the department.

[Order 77-19, § 296-15-210, filed 9/26/77; Order 75-36, § 296-15-210, filed 10/28/75.]

WAC 296-15-21002 Form-SIF #4--Self-insured employer's notice of denial of claim.

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SELF-	-INSURED	EMPLOYER'S NOTICE OF	DENIAL OF CLAIM
		Claim No.	
		Date of Notice	
Dear			

This will notify you that your claim for benefits filed in reference to your injury or occupational disease of \_\_\_\_\_ has been received and investigated. The company hereby denies your claim for the following reason(s):

1.	
2.	
3.	

The Department of Labor and Industries will review this matter and send you an official order on the claim. Either it will reject the claim or issue an allowance order. If you are aggrieved by that order, you may request reconsideration by the Department of Labor and Industries, or you may appeal to the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals.

THIS LETTER DOES NOT CONSTITUTE OFFICIAL NOTIFICA-TION OF REJECTION OF YOUR BENEFITS

(Firm Name)

cc: Director, Department of Labor and Industries Attending physician

**SIF #4** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-21002, filed 7/1/86; Order 71-15, Form SIF #4 (codified as WAC 296-15-21002), filed 12/1/71.]

WAC 296-15-215 Cash, bond or assignment of account alternative for death or permanent total disability. An "assignment of account" as used in this rule means a legal instrument executed by a self-insurer and a federally or state charted commercial banking institution authorized to conduct business in the state of Washington, for the benefit of the department of labor and industries, which accomplishes the following:

- (1) Identifies an existing account on deposit with the banking institution in the name of the self-insurer, which account contains an amount no less than the amount deemed by the department to be sufficient to insure the payment of pension benefits required by law for the claim on which the assignment of account is made, above and beyond any and all other existing assignments on that account.
- (2) Binds the self-insurer to maintain a balance in that account at least equal to the current present cash value of the pension benefits provided by law on the claim for which the assignment of account is made, above and beyond all other assignments on that account, for the life of the claim. Present cash values shall be revised annually by the department in conjunction with the insurance commissioner's report as prescribed in RCW 51.44.140. Quarterly payments of pension, if made from the assigned account, shall not reduce the account balance below the present cash value last established by the department on the claim.
- (3) Authorizes the department of labor and industries, upon default of the self-insurer, in any payment of any obligation on the claim for which the assignment of account has been made, to immediately without notice withdraw from the account without obligation of reimbursement of any amount, up to and including the entire amount specified in the assignment of account document, necessary to implement the cash alternative prescribed in RCW 51.44.070(1).

Upon establishment of a death or permanent total disability obligation, the self-insured employer may elect to pursue the bond or assignment of account alternative

outlined in RCW 51.44.070(2). In all such cases, cash, bond or assignment of account, the department shall commence to pay benefits immediately upon issuance of an order establishing such obligation. In the event there is a retroactive payment of benefits in the establishment of such obligation, and the self-insured employer elects to pursue RCW 51.44.070(2), this payment shall be made at the time the employer submits the required cash deposit. All further obligations paid by the department from the pension reserve fund shall be reimbursed to the department by the self-insured through the quarterly report system in accordance with RCW 51.44.070(2). Upon election of RCW 51.44.070(2) the self-insured employer shall submit a bond or assignment of account in the amount deemed by the insurance commissioner to be reasonably sufficient to insure payment of the pension benefits provided by law. Such bond or assignment of account and required cash deposit shall be filed with the self-insurance section no later than sixty days after the funding order establishing the amount of the death or permanent total disability obligation was communicated to the parties. The bond or assignment of account alternative as prescribed by RCW 51.44.070(2) shall be allowed only once on any given claim elected at the time of the establishment of such obligation. In the event the amount of the bond is subsequently deemed insufficient and the self-insurer is unable to secure the required bond obligation the employer shall deposit cash into the reserve fund, pursuant to RCW 51.44.070(1), to replace the bond obligation. In the event the amount of the assignment of account is subsequently deemed insufficient and the self-insurer is unable to provide the required assignment of account, the employer shall deposit cash into the reserve fund, pursuant to RCW 51.44.070(1), to replace the assignment of account. Funds available within the existing assignment of account shall, in this instance, be withdrawn by the department, deposited in the reserve fund, and credited toward the employer's obligation for the claim pursuant to RCW 51.44.070(1).

A separate assignment of account shall be established for each pension and, in case of failure of a banking institution carrying an assignment of account, the employer is responsible for the total amount of the obligation. Upon such failure of a banking institution, the self-insured employer shall, within thirty days, 1) establish a new assignment of account pursuant to this rule, or 2) deposit cash into the reserve fund to replace the obligation. If an employer terminates its self-insured status, the assignment of account will be placed with the department. The required reserve will be determined by the insurance commissioner and any excess will be returned to the employer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-215, filed 6/1/88; 85-06-031 (Order 85-6), § 296-15-215, filed 3/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-215, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020 and Title 51 RCW. 81-23-047 (Order 81-27), § 296-15-215, filed 11/18/81.]

WAC 296-15-220 Second injury fund. This rule is promulgated pursuant to RCW 51.16.120 and 51.44.040

and is intended to administrate the second injury fund requirements in RCW 51.16.120 and 51.44.040:

- (1) There will be a separate accounting of state fund and self insurance transactions within the second injury fund. Self insurance second injury claim costs and contributions will be recorded in the self-insurers' account. State fund second injury claim costs and contributions will be recorded in the state fund account.
- (2) Self-insurer contributions into the second injury fund will be made quarterly in amounts deemed sufficient to meet anticipated self-insurers' second injury claim costs. The self-insurer assessment base shall be total claim payments, as defined for administrative assessments. During the period of time before the first self-insurer second injury claim is approved, self-insurer contributions will be discontinued if the balance in the self-insurer account exceeds \$200,000.
- (3) State fund payments into the second injury fund will be made from the accident fund and will be the difference between the total cost of all second injury fund claims and the contributions received from self—insurers.

[Order 77-19, § 296-15-220, filed 9/26/77.]

WAC 296-15-230 Third party actions. When the injury to a worker is due to the negligence or wrong of a third person not in the same employ, the injured worker or beneficiary or the self-insured employer may elect to seek damages from the third party as provided by RCW 51.24.020.

- (1) When such a third party action is undertaken, the self-insured employer shall report to the department of labor and industries:
- (a) The name and claim number of the injured worker;
- (b) A written indication of election taken by the injured worker or beneficiary.
- (2) When third party action is completed, the self-insured employer shall provide the department the following:
- (a) The date the judgment was rendered in the case, and a copy of the court order establishing the total amount of the final judgment and the amount of attorney fees and costs involved, or:
- (b) The date of any agreement of parties to settle the action, and a copy of any agreement of parties to settle the case, including the total amount of the agreed settlement.
- (c) A statement of the total amount of attorney fees and costs involved, and;
- (d) A statement of the employer's total costs, including temporary total disability, permanent partial disability and medical costs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 85-06-031 (Order 85-6), § 296-15-230, filed 3/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-230, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-19, § 296-15-230, filed 9/26/77.]

WAC 296-15-240 Procedure in cases appealed to the superior court. In all cases when any party has appealed to the superior court from a decision of the board of industrial insurance appeals in a case involving a self-

insurer, or from the superior court to any appellate court, such a self—insurer shall promptly forward to the department copies of the notice of appeal, judgment, and such other information relevant to any such appeal to a superior or appellate court as the department may require.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-14-079 (Order 86-25), § 296-15-240, filed 7/1/86; Order 77-19, § 296-15-240, filed 9/26/77.]

WAC 296-15-250 Representation in self-insured appeals. Pursuant to the authority granted by RCW 51-.52.100, the department may, through the office of the attorney general, appear in proceedings before the board of industrial insurance appeals to defend any of the department orders appealed to the board of industrial insurance appeals by a self-insured employer or a claimant or beneficiaries when such action is deemed necessary to protect the department's interests. The department may support medical and other witness fees which, in the department's opinion, are necessary to defend its order.

This rule will apply to appeals filed with the board of industrial insurance appeals on or after the effective date of this rule.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-15-250, filed 6/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.14.020(1). 83-18-038 (Order 83-28), § 296-15-250, filed 9/1/83.]

WAC 296-15-255 Hearings for corrective action or withdrawal of certification. (1) This section applies only to proceedings to withdraw certification or for corrective action instituted by the director in response to a petition filed with the department pursuant to RCW 51.14.090. This section shall not apply to actions instituted by the director to withdraw certification pursuant to RCW 51.14.080 nor to corrective action instituted by the director pursuant to RCW 51.14.095.

(2) The director is authorized to institute proceedings which may result in corrective action or decertification of a self-insured employer when there is a petition for such action by any employee or union or association having a substantial number of employees in the employ of the self-insured.

When such proceedings are instituted in response to a petition filed under RCW 51.14.090, there shall be a hearing before the director to review and determine findings pertaining to the alleged grounds for action. Any such hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the department's rules governing administrative hearings. The director will notify all parties at least twenty days prior to the date of the hearing. The notice shall include the following:

- (a) Nature of proceedings;
- (b) Legal authority for holding the hearing;
- (c) Reference to the section of statutes and rules involved;
  - (d) A description of matters asserted;
  - (e) The date, time, and place of the hearing.

All parties will be allowed to respond and present evidence and arguments on the issues involved.

Within thirty days of the hearing date, the department will provide written notification of the proceedings, findings, and conclusions to all hearing participants.

(3) If, following the hearing, the decision is to withdraw certification or take corrective action, such action shall comply with the provisions of RCW 51.14.090 (2) and (3) in the case of withdrawal of certification, and RCW 51.14.095 (1), (2), and (3) in the case of corrective action.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86–18–037 (Order 86–35), § 296–15–255, filed 8/28/86.]

WAC 296-15-260 Corrective action or withdrawal of certification. (1) Corrective action against a self-insured employer shall be by order and notice. A notice of corrective action shall include the nature and specifics of the findings and may include the following:

- (a) Probationary certification status for the self-insured employer for a period not to exceed one year;
- (b) Mandatory training to correct areas of program deficiency to be approved by the department.

The subject matter to be covered shall be specified in the notice of corrective action. Personnel required to attend and the time period within which the training is to be conducted will also be identified.

- (c) Monitoring activities of the self-insured employer for a specified period of time to determine progress regarding correction of program deficiencies may be required. The department may require submission of complete and accurate records and/or conduct an audit to verify program compliance.
- (d) If there is a contract between the self-insured employer and a service organization which has been filed with the department (WAC 296-15-110), the corrective action order may specify and require that the service organization be subject to mandatory training and monitoring of activity provisions of the order.
- (e) The corrective action order shall specify a time frame for submission of progress reports to the department's self-insurance administrator.
- (f) During the first thirty days following the corrective action order, the self-insured employer shall submit a plan for the implementation of corrective action which shall include specific completion dates. If the plan is determined to be incomplete or inadequate, the department's self-insurance administrator shall notify the self-insurer of the necessary requirements or changes needed, and shall specify the date by which an amended plan shall be submitted.
- (2) If sufficient grounds for decertification exist, an order and notice will be issued. The order and notice will include the following:
- (a) The grounds upon which the determination is based.
- (b) The period of time within which the grounds existed or arose
- (c) A statement to the self-insurer specifying the means by which the program deficiencies may be corrected.
- (d) The date, not less than thirty days after the self-insured employer's receipt of the order and notice, when

certification will be withdrawn in absence of satisfactory remedial action.

- (e) Provisions as stipulated by RCW 51.14.090.
- (3) Upon conclusion of the probationary certification period in the case of corrective action, or the remedial action period in the case of decertification, the program deficiencies requiring corrective or remedial action by the self-insured employer shall be evaluated by the department and a written report sent to affected parties. Program activities may be reaudited beyond the stated time period in order to assess continuing compliance with the objectives of the corrective action directives.
- (4) If, at the conclusion of the probationary period or remedial action period, program deficiencies continue to exist, the department shall decide whether to extend the period of probation, require additional corrective action or proceed with decertification of the self-insured employer. An order and notice stating the decision shall be issued.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 86-18-037 (Order 86-35), § 296-15-260, filed 8/28/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-260, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-15-265 Penalties. The department may assess penalties against a self-insurer at any time it is determined that grounds exist for such penalties as provided for in Title 51 RCW. The department shall issue an order and notice which shall state the grounds for which the penalty is assessed and the amount assessed. Upon receipt of the order and notice, the self-insurer shall pay the penalty assessment within 10 days following the date the order becomes final and binding.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-24-027 (Order 83-22), § 296-15-265, filed 12/1/83, effective 1/1/84.]

## Chapter 296–15A WAC INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE DISCRIMINATION

WAC

296-15A-010 Definitions.

296-15A-020 Filing a complaint of discrimination.

WAC 296-15A-010 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter, the following words shall have these meanings: (1) "Director" shall mean the director of the department of labor and industries of the state of Washington.

- (2) "Employee" shall have the same meaning as that defined in [RCW] 51.08.180 and 51.08.185.
- (3) "Employer" shall have the same meaning as defined in RCW 51.08.070.

[Statutory Authority: 1985 c 347 § 8 and RCW 51.04.020. 86-01-016 (Order 85-35), § 296-15A-010, filed 12/9/85.]

WAC 296-15A-020 Filing a complaint of discrimination. (1) Any employee who believes that he or she has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against by an employer in violation of this section may file a complaint with the director alleging discrimination within ninety days of the date of the alleged violation.

WAC

Upon receipt of such complaint, the director shall cause an investigation to be made as the director deems appropriate. Within ninety days of the receipt of the complaint filed under this section, the director shall notify the complainant of his or her determination. If upon investigation, it is determined that this section has been violated, the director shall bring an action in the superior court of the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred.

- (2) Who may file. A complaint of discrimination may be filed by the employee.
- (3) Nature of filing. A complaint must be filed in writing; however, no particular form of complaint is required.
- (4) Place of filing. The complaint should be filed with the director of the department of labor and industries. The complaint should be sent to the Director of the Department of Labor and Industries, Olympia, Washington 98504.

[Statutory Authority: 1985 c 347 § 8 and RCW 51.04.020. 86-01-016 (Order 85-35), § 296-15A-020, filed 12/9/85.]

# Chapter 296-16 WAC EMPLOYER--WORKER REEMPLOYMENT INCENTIVES

WAC

296-16-010 Premium waived for employment of preferred worker.

WAC 296-16-010 Premium waived for employment of preferred worker. In order to implement the provisions of RCW 51.16.120(3) by way of encouraging employment of injured workers who are not reemployed by the employer at the time of injury, the following provisions are adopted:

Any employer who employs a "preferred worker" as defined in these rules shall be excused from the payment of industrial insurance premiums and/or accident costs under the circumstances and conditions herein provided:

- (1) A "preferred worker" may be classified as such by the department when the supervisor or his or her designee shall determine, in his or her discretion, that such person has sustained an industrial injury or occupational disease under our state Industrial Insurance Act which prevents the worker from returning to work with the former employer and that such injury or occupational disease is substantially impairing the likelihood of such worker's reemployment with other employers. A worker may be certified as a preferred worker for a period not to exceed thirty—six calendar months.
- (2) Any state fund employer, other than the employer at the time of injury or exposure, who employs a "preferred worker" shall be excused, during the period of employment of such worker but not to exceed thirty-six calendar months, from the payment of any accident fund premiums and medical aid premiums which would otherwise be due based upon such employment.
- (3) In the event that a further injury or occupational disease is sustained by a reemployed "preferred worker" during the first thirty-six months subsequent to the

hiring of such "preferred worker," while in the employ of the accepting employer, such employer, whether insured by the state fund or self-insured, shall not be charged with the costs of any such claim which would otherwise be charged to or paid by such employer. Such costs shall be charged against the second injury fund.

The provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall apply only if the intent to hire form is completed and received by the department within sixty days from the first day of employment. Receipt of the intent to hire form authorizes the department to assign the appropriate risk classification to the employers' account.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.120(3) and 51.32.095. 88-21-022 (Order 88-24), § 296-16-010, filed 10/10/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.120(3). 85-13-027 (Order 85-12), § 296-16-010, filed 6/11/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-16-010, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81.]

## Chapter 296-17 WAC

## MANUAL OF RULES, CLASSIFICATIONS, RATES, AND RATING SYSTEM FOR WASHINGTON WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

296-17-310	General rules and instructions.
296-17-320	General definitions.
296-17-345	Professional and semiprofessional athletic teams.
296-17-349	Corporate officer and limited partner—Coverage
2,0 1, 0,,	extended.
296-17-350	Minimum premiums—Assumed worker hours.
296-17-351	Periodic review of cash deposit.
296-17-35101	Employer's surety bond in lieu of a cash deposit.
296-17-352	Audits.
296-17-360	Assignment of classification by analogy.
296-17-370	Governing classification.
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296-17-913	Qualifications for employer participation in a retrospective rating plan.	296–17–170	Dividends. [Order 71-14, § 296-17-170, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-
296-17-914 296-17-915	Retrospective rating formula.  Evaluation of incurred losses dividend and retrospective rating plans	296–17–180	22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.  Industrial insurance (accident fund) base rates and
296-17-916	tive rating plans.  Retrospective premium adjustments—Due and payable.		medical aid rates by class of industry. [Order 72-19, § 296-17-180, filed 11/30/72, effective 1/1/73; Order 72-12, § 296-17-180, filed 7/18/72; Order 71-
296-17-91601			14, § 296–17–180, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.]
296-17-917	Qualifications for employer group participation in re- trospective rating plan.		Repealed by Order 73–22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.
296-17-918	Limitation of liability indemnification.	296-17-190	Notice of employer inclusion—Reporting of hours.
296-17-919	Table I.		[Order 71-14, § 296-17-190, filed 12/1/71, effective
296-17-91901	Table II.		1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73,
296-17-91902			effective 1/1/74.
296-17-91903		296-17-200	Minimum premium for elective adoption. [Order 71-
296-17-91904			14, § 296-17-200, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.]
296-17-91905			Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73, effective
296-17-920	Assessment for supplemental pension fund.		1/1/74.
296–17–930	Volunteers.	296-17-210	Assessment for supplemental pension fund. [Order
			73-16, § 296-17-210, filed 8/27/73; Order 72-16, §
DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS		296-17-210, filed 8/4/72; Order 71-14, § 296-17-
	CHAPTER		210, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by
			Order 73–22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74. Second
296-17-010	Seventy-five percent of average cost of pension		repeal by Order 74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective
	claims—Industrial insurance base rates and medical		1/1/75.
	aid rates. [Order 70-11, § 296-17-010, filed	296-17-330	Officers or members of a corporate employer. [Statu-
	11/30/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 69-5, § 296-17-		tory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order
	010, filed 12/1/69; Order 68-8, § 296-17-010, filed		85-33), § 296-17-330, filed 11/27/85, effective
	11/27/68, effective 1/1/69; General Order 1-67,		1/1/86; 84-24-016 (Order 84-23), § 296-17-330,
	filed 11/20/67, effective 1/1/68; General Order 1-		filed 11/28/84, effective 1/1/85. Statutory Author-
	66, filed 11/28/66, effective 1/1/67; General Order		ity: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Or-
	1-65, filed 11/30/65, effective 1/1/66.] Repealed by		der 79–18), § 296–17–330, filed 11/30/79, effective
004 17 000	Order 71–14, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.		1/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and
296–17–020	Agricultural workers. [Order 68-9, § 296-17-020,		51.16.035. 78–12–043 (Order 78–23), § 296–17–330,
	filed 2/26/69, effective 4/1/69.] Repealed by Order		filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 75–28, §
206 17 020	71–14, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.		296-17-330, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order
296–17–030	Agricultural workers—Definition of casual employee. [Order 68-9, § 296-17-030, filed 2/26/69, effective		74-40, § 296-17-330, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-330, filed 11/9/73,
	4/1/69.] Repealed by Order 71–14, filed $12/1/71$ ,		effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 87-24-060 (Order
	effective 1/1/72.		87–26), filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88. Statutory
296-17-040	Agricultural workers—Payroll audit equivalent for		Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
270-17-040	hours of work. [Order 68-9, § 296-17-040, filed	296-17-340	Sole proprietors and partners. [Statutory Authority:
	2/26/69, effective 4/1/69.] Repealed by Order 71-	270 17 540	RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–
	14, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.		17-340, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 84-24-016
296-17-100	Premium payments—Quarterly reports. [Order 72-		(Order 84-23), § 296-17-340, filed 11/28/84, effec-
	12, § 296-17-100, filed 7/18/72; Order 71-14, §		tive 1/1/85; Order 75-28, § 296-17-340, filed
	296-17-100, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Re-		8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 74-40, § 296-17-
	pealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73, effective		340, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, §
	1/1/74.		296-17-340, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
296-17-110	Determining accident fund premiums—Cost experi-		pealed by 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), filed 12/1/87,
	ence. [Order 72-19, § 296-17-110, filed 11/30/72,		effective 1/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW
	effective 1/1/73; Order 71-14, § 296-17-110, filed		51.16.035.
	2/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73–22,	296–17–375	Work done by contract. [Statutory Authority: RCW
20/ 12 122	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.		51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-375,
296-17-120	Merit rating plan. [Order 72–19, § 296–17–120, filed		filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.] Repealed by 85-
	11/30/72, effective 1/1/73; Order 71-14, § 296-17-		12-024 (Order 85-11), filed 5/31/85. Statutory Au-
	120, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73–22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.	296-17-480	thority: RCW 51.16.035.  Penalty assessment for failure to keep records, or file
296-17-130	Credibility table for industrial insurance rates. [Order	290-17-480	quarterly reports and pay premiums under Title 51
270-17-130	72-19, § 296-17-130, filed 11/30/72, effective		RCW. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83–
	1/1/73; Order 71–14, § 296–17–130, filed 12/1/71,		24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–480, filed
	effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed		11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority:
	11/19/73, effective 1/1/74.		RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-05-019 (Order 83-5), § 296-
296-17-140	Average cost of pension claims-Effective date. [Or-		17-480, filed $2/9/83$ .] Repealed by $87-24-060$ (Or-
= :	der 71-14, § 296-17-140, filed 12/1/71, effective		der 87-26), filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88. Statu-
	1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73,		tory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
	effective 1/1/74.	296-17-514	Classification 0401. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-
296-17-150	Basis for determining medical aid premium. [Order		.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-514,
	71-14, § 296-17-150, filed 12/1/71, effective		filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order
	1/1/72.] Repealed by Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73,		85-7), § 296-17-514, filed 2/28/85, effective
	effective 1/1/74.		4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-514,
296-17-160	Qualifications for employer groups or workmen's		filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order
	compensation insurance. [Order 71–14, § 296–17–		82-38), § 296-17-514, filed 11/29/82, effective
	160, filed 12/1/71, effective 1/1/72.] Repealed by		1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-514, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, §
	Order 73-22, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.		med 11/30/01, effective 1/1/02; Order /3-22, §

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	296-17-514, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
	pealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), filed 12/1/89,
	effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW
	51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
296–17–515	Classification 0402. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-
	.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–515,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order
	85-7), \$ 296-17-515, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-515, filed 11/9/73,
	effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 89–24–051 (Order
	89–22), filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory
	Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
296-17-518	Classification 0503. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-
	.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-518,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order
	83-36), § 296-17-518, filed 11/30/83, effective
	1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-518,
	filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, §
	296–17–518, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
	pealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), filed 12/1/89,
	effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
296-17-520	Classification 0505. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-
270-17-520	.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-520,
	filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order
	87-26), § 296-17-520, filed 12/1/87, effective
	1/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-520,
	filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86-12-041 (Order
	86-18), § 296-17-520, filed 5/30/86, effective
	7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-520,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-12-024 (Order
	85–11), § 296–17–520, filed 5/31/85; 83–24–017
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	520, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 76–36, §
	296–17–520, filed 11/30/76; Order 75–38, § 296–17–
	520, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, §
	296-17-520, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order
	73-22, § $296-17-520$ , filed $11/9/73$ , effective
	1/1/74.] Repealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22),
	filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority:
	RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
296-17-531	Classification 8-6. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-531, filed
	11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74—
206 17 622	40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75.
296–17–533	Classification 9-2. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-533, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 80-17-016
	(Order 80–23), filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-543	Classification 14–3. [Order 73–22, § 296–17–543,
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-547	Classification 16-2. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-547,
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order
	74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75.
296-17-553	Classification 18–2. [Order 73–22, § 296–17–553,
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order
206 17 554	75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76. Classification 18-3. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-554,
296–17–554	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order
	75–38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.
296-17-559	Classification 20–6. [Order 73–22, § 296–17–559,
2,0 1, 55,	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 80–17–
	016 (Order 80–23), filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-576	Classification 3301. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-
	.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-576,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order
	85-7), § 296-17-576, filed 2/28/85, effective
	4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-576, Filed 11/30/83 affective 1/1/84, 81 24 042 (Order
	filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-576, filed 11/30/81, effective
	1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and
	51.16.035. 78–12–043 (Order 78–23), § 296–17–576,
	01 1 44 10 100 00 1 4 14 100 0 1 0 0 0

filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 75-38, §

296-17-576, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-576, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.

- 296-17-57601 Classification 3302. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-57601, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-57601, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-57601, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-57601, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.] Repealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
- Classification 33-8. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-577, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 296-17-577 75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.
- 296-17-588 Classification 35-4. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-588, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), filed 11/30/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035.
- Classification 35-5. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-589, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 296-17-589 75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.
- Classification 35-7. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-591, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 296-17-591 75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.
- Classification 36-1. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-593, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-296-17-593 047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- 296-17-598 Classification 3606. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-598, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-598, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-598, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-598, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- 296-17-601 Classification 37-3. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-601, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Repealed by 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), filed 2/28/84, effective 7/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- Classification 37-6. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-602, 296-17-602 filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), filed 11/30/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035.
- Classification 38-3. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-607, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-296-17-607 047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- Classification 38-4. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-608, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-296-17-608 047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- Classification 38-5. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-609, 296-17-609 filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- 296-17-610 Classification 38-6. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-610, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
- Classification 38-7. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-611, 296-17-611 filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.
- Classification 38-9. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-613, 296-17-613 filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.

296-17-61	7 Classification 39-4. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-617,
290-17-01	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82–38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-62	Classification 41-2. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-621,
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82–38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
204 15 40	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296–17–62	3 Classification 41-4. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-623, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82–38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-62	
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296–17–62:	
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-632	
250 17 05.	.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–632,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, §
	296-17-632, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
	pealed by 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), filed 5/30/86,
	effective 7/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW
296-17-639	51.16.035. Classification 45-3. [Order 75-38, § 296-17-639,
290-17-03	filed $11/24/75$ , effective $1/1/76$ ; Order 73–22, §
	296-17-639, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
	pealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82,
	effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW
	51.16.035.
296–17–64:	
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74–40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75.
296-17-64	
270 17-040	.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-648,
	filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, §
	296-17-648, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order
	73-22, § 296-17-648, filed 11/9/73, effective
	1/1/74.]. Repealed by 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority:
	RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-66	
270 17 00.	.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-662,
	filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, §
	296-17-662, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order
	73-22, § 296-17-662, filed 11/9/73, effective
	1/1/74.] Repealed by 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority:
	RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035.
296-17-66	
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-
	047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296–17–66	
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296-17-66	
	filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, §
	296-17-667, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Re-
	pealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82,
	effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW
296-17-67	51.16.035.  Classification 52-2. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-671,
270-17-07	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82–24–
	047 (Order 82–38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.
296–17–67	2 Classification 52–3. [Order 73–22, § 296–17–672,
	filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.
	UM / INTOCE AZ-381, HICO 11/29/82, CHCCHVC 1/1/83.

047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.

Classification 52-5. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-674, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 82-24-

Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.

047 (Order 82-38), filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 296-17-683 Classification 61-6. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-683, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035 296-17-702 Classification 63-7. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-702, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 75-38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76. 296-17-705 Classification 64-1. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-705, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 75–38, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76. Classification 65–7. [Order 73–22, § 296–17–720, 296-17-720 filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 296-17-728 Classification 66-6. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-728, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75. Classification 6609. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-296-17-731 .16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-731, filed 5/31/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-731, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-731, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-731, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 73-22, § 296-17-731, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) Classification 6610. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-296-17-73101 .16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-73101, filed 5/31/88.] Repealed by 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 296-17-73102 Classification 6611. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-.16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-73102, filed 5/31/88.] Repealed by 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). Classification 6612. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-296-17-73103 .16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-73103, filed 5/31/88.] Repealed by 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 296-17-73104 Classification 6613. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-.16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-73104, filed 5/31/88.] Repealed by 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 296-17-732 Classification 67-1. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-732, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75. 296-17-733 Classification 67-2. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-733, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75. 296-17-734 Classification 67-3. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-734,

WAC 296-17-310 General rules and instructions. This section constitutes general rules and instructions for chapter 296-17 WAC.

296-17-87309

filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by Order 74-40, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75.

Classification assignments—Applicability. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-87309, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.] Repealed by 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035.

(1) Purposes. This chapter of the Washington Administrative Code, including classifications of risk, premium rates, the experience rating plan, and all other rules contained herein governing the use thereof, is

296-17-674

herein referred to as the manual. This manual is promulgated by the department of labor and industries pursuant to RCW 51.16.035. This manual contains a formulation of the rules and regulations providing for basic classifications, rates of premium, method of premium calculation and collection, and a rating system, consistent with recognized principles of workers' compensation insurance. This manual governs the department's underwriting of workers' compensation insurance and assessment of other monetary obligations, under the industrial insurance law of the state of Washington, Title 51 RCW

(2) Overview. Washington law (RCW 51.16.035) requires that the department of labor and industries classify all occupations or industries by degree of hazard. To accomplish this, the department has established approximately three hundred basic classifications of risk embracing the various industries within the state (the actual number may vary from year to year). These basic classifications are set forth in WAC 296-17-501 through 296-17-779. The general principles and objectives of the basic classification system are set forth in WAC 296-17-310.

The first step in determining the appropriate classification for an employer is to determine the nature of the employer's business being insured in this state. If the department determines that an employer's business consists of a single operation or a number of separate operations which normally prevail in that business then the single enterprise rule (WAC 296-17-380) is applicable. This rule provides that the department is to assign the single basic classification which most accurately describes the employer's entire enterprise. This process begins with the search for a basic classification which specifically describes the employer's business. If such a basic classification is found the process of assigning a basic classification is complete.

If the employers' business operation is not specifically described by any basic classification then the employer's business is to be classified as provided for in WAC 296–17–360 (assignment of classification by analogy). In classifying by analogy the department examines the process and hazard of the employer's business and compares it to that of other basic classifications with processes and hazards that are similar to those of the employer's business and assigns the most analogous classification on that basis.

In the event that a review of the employer's business operations indicates the possibility that the employer conducts more than one business within this state, a determination will be made as to whether any additional basic classifications should be assigned on the basis of the criteria set out in the multiple enterprise rule (WAC 296-17-390).

Once the employer's basic classification has been established, the department must determine whether additional classifications should be assigned to apply to specific employments within an employer's business such as the standard exception rule (WAC 296-17-440), the general exclusion rule (WAC 296-17-430), the special exception rule (WAC 296-17-441), or those indicated

by the language of any applicable basic classifications that permit or require separate reporting of any operations within that business or industry or as otherwise provided by this chapter.

- (3) Premium payments quarterly reports. Each employer shall, upon such forms as prescribed by the department, prior to the last day of January, April, July and October of each year, pay to the department for the preceding calendar quarter, for the accident fund, and for the medical aid fund, a certain number of cents for each worker hour or fraction thereof worked by the worker in their employ except when the rules of this manual provide for a different method of premium computation. Provided, that in the event an employer has no employment subject to coverage under Title 51 RCW during a calendar quarter the employer shall submit to the department, according to the schedule described above, a quarterly report indicating "no payroll" or be subject to the penalties provided for in RCW 51.48.210. The director may promulgate, change and revise such rates at such times as necessary, according to the condition of the accident and medical aid funds, and assign rates as appropriate to employers who voluntarily seek coverage under the elective adoption provisions of the law.
- (4) Determining accident fund premium. The amounts to be paid into the accident fund shall be determined as follows: The department shall determine a manual premium rate for each classification which shall not be inadequate, excessive or unfairly discriminatory, taking into consideration past and prospective costs in each classification and the financial condition of the accident fund as a whole.

Every employer shall pay into the accident fund at the manual premium rate unless such employer meets the requirements for the experience rating plan provided elsewhere in this manual, in which event such employer's premium rate for the accident fund shall be paid according to their experience modification as determined under the experience rating plan.

(5) Basis for determining medical aid premium. The amounts to be paid into the medical aid fund shall be determined as follows: The department shall determine a manual medical aid rate for each classification which shall not be inadequate, excessive or unfairly discriminatory, taking into consideration past and prospective costs in each classification and the financial condition of the medical aid fund as a whole.

Every employer shall pay into the medical aid fund at the manual premium rate unless such employer meets the requirements for the experience rating plan provided elsewhere in this manual, in which event such employer's premium rate for the medical aid fund shall be paid according to their experience modification as determined under the experience rating plan.

- (6) All section captions or titles or catch lines used in this manual, chapter 296-17 WAC, do not constitute any part of these rules.
- (7) Assignment of classifications. The classifications in this manual are all basic classifications other than the standard exception classifications which are defined in

WAC 296-17-440. Basic classifications are used to implement the object of the classification system, which is to assign the one basic classification which best describes the business of the employer within this state. Each basic classification includes all the various types of labor found in a business unless it is specifically excluded by language contained within the classification or covered by a separate rule found elsewhere in this chapter, such as "standard exceptions" or "general exclusions." The classification procedure used within this state is intended to classify the business undertaking of the employer and not the separate employments, occupations, or operations of individuals within a business.

In the event an employer operates a secondary business within this state, multiple basic classifications can be assigned provided that the conditions set forth in WAC 296-17-390 "multiple enterprises" have been met. However, construction or erection operations are to be assigned classifications as provided in WAC 296-17-45003 "Special construction industry rules."

- (8) Classification assignment of separate legal entities. Each separate legal entity shall be assigned to the basic classification or classifications which best describe its operations within the state using the classification procedures outlined in subsections (2) and (7) of this section and WAC 296-17-45003.
- (9) All operations. Each basic classification in this manual, other than classifications 4806, 4904, 5206, 6301, 6302, 6303, 7101, or the temporary help classifications 7104 through 7121, include all the operations normally associated with the business undertaking without regard to the location(s) of such operation(s) unless an operation is specifically excluded from the manual language of the basic classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-310, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-16-012 (Order 88-12), § 296-17-310, filed 7/22/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-310, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-310, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-310, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-310, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-310, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-310, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-310, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, 296-17-310, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-28, § 296-17-310, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 74-40, § 296-17-310, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-310, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

- WAC 296-17-320 General definitions. For the purpose of interpretation of this manual, chapter 296-17 WAC, the following terms shall have the meanings given below:
- (1) "Workers' compensation" means the obligation imposed upon an employer by the industrial insurance laws of the state of Washington, to insure the payment of benefits prescribed by such laws.
- (2) "Risk" means and includes all insured operations of one employer within the state of Washington.
- (3) "Classification" means a grouping of businesses or industries having common or similar exposures without

- regard to the separate employments, occupations, or operations comprising the employer's work force.
- (4) "Basic classification" shall be understood to have the same meaning as classification defined in subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) "Exposure" means worker hours, worker days, payroll or other measure of the extent to which an employer's workers have been exposed to the hazards of a particular classification of employment.
- (6) "Rate" means the amount of premium for each unit of exposure. All rates are rates per worker hour except where specifically provided otherwise in this manual.
- (7) "Premium" means the sum derived from the application of the rates to the exposures in each classification, after application of any duly authorized experience modification, except where the rules of this manual indicate otherwise.
- (8) Unless the context indicates otherwise, the words used in this manual shall have the meanings given in Title 51 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-320, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-320, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-320, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-320, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-345 Professional and semiprofessional athletic teams. Athletes assigned to a Washington-domiciled sports team are mandatorily covered by Washington industrial insurance: Provided, That a professional athlete who is under contract with a parent team domiciled outside of the state of Washington while assigned to a team domiciled within Washington is subject to mandatory coverage by Washington industrial insurance unless the player and employer (parent team) have agreed in writing as to which state shall provide coverage in accordance with RCW 51.12.120(5).

The following rules shall apply to the written agreement:

- (1) Agreement must be in writing and signed by the employer and the individual athlete.
- (2) Agreement must specify the state that is to provide coverage. The state agreed upon to provide coverage must be a state in which the player's team, during the course of the season, will engage in an athletic event. For example, if the Washington-based team is a part of a league with teams in only Washington, Oregon, and Idaho, the player and the employer can agree to any of those three states to provide coverage. However, they could not agree to have California provide the coverage as this would not qualify as a state in which the player regularly performs assigned duties.
- (3) The state agreed upon accepts responsibility for providing coverage and acknowledges such to the department by certified mail.
- (4) Agreement and certification by the other state must be received by this department's underwriting section prior to any injury incurred by the athlete.
- (5) Agreement will be for one season only commencing with the assigning of the player to a particular team.

A separate agreement and certification must be on file for each additional season.

Failure to meet all of these requirements will result in the athlete being considered a Washington worker for premium and benefit purposes until such time as all requirements have been met.

Professional sports teams who are domiciled outside the state of Washington and who participate in sporting events with Washington-domiciled teams are not subject to Washington industrial insurance for their team members while in this state. These out-of-state teams are not considered employers subject to Title 51 on the basis that they are not conducting a business within this state.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84–19–024 (Order 84–19), § 296–17–345, filed 9/13/84.]

WAC 296-17-349 Corporate officer and limited partner--Coverage extended. In exercising its police and sovereign powers (RCW 51.04.010), the state of Washington has declared all phases of premises withdrawn from private controversy and has provided sure and certain relief for all workers injured in the course of employment. For the purposes of reducing to a minimum suffering and economic loss arising from injuries and/or death occurring in the course of employment, the department is instructed to liberally construe Title 51 RCW (see Employments included—Declaration of policy RCW 51.12.010.) Through the years certain employments have been excluded from mandatory coverage. It is available on an optional basis. Excluded employments are contained in RCW 51.12.020 and include certain partners and corporate officers.

Title 25 RCW governs the establishment, maintenance, continuation, and dissolutionment of partnerships. Title 23A RCW governs the formation, merger, consolidation, sale, and dissolution of corporations.

To carry forward the intent of both the coverage and exclusion provisions of Title 51 RCW and exercising the authority granted in RCW 51.04.020(1), the department does hereby establish and promulgate rules governing the assessment of premiums as it pertains to certain partners and corporate officers.

(1) Corporate officers. RCW 51.12.020(8) exempts from mandatory coverage those corporate officers who also concurrently sit on the corporation's board of directors and own stock in the corporation. It is not uncommon for corporations to issue various classes of stock. Not all classes of stock issued include voting rights in the overall management and direction of the company. The underlying intent of the corporate officer exemption is to exclude from coverage only those officers meeting the two prong test of share holder and director who are in a position similar to a proprietor to direct and control the business. In applying this exemption, the department will consider corporate officers exempt from coverage when they are elected to and sit on the corporation's board of directors and are in a position similar to a proprietorship to direct and control the business. Any corporate officer not meeting the above test who performs services for the corporation and receives compensation, either actual or anticipated, shall be reported as a

worker on the corporation's quarterly report of payroll and premiums paid on his/her behalf for workers compensation insurance.

(2) Partners. RCW 51.12.020(5) exempts from mandatory coverage partners other than those partnerships who after July 26, 1981, registered for the first time under chapter 18.27 RCW or become licensed for the first time under chapter 19.28 RCW. Partners of a partnership established after July 26, 1981, that fall within the mandatory provisions of the Industrial Insurance Act can voluntarily withdraw from coverage as provided for in RCW 51.12.115. Partnerships established in accordance with Title 25 RCW fall under the categories of general or limited. The underlying intent of the partner exemption is to only exempt from coverage those partners who are in a position to direct and control the business. These individuals are identified in the partnership agreement as "general" partners. Limited partners for the purposes of industrial insurance coverage will be considered to be employees of the partnership when they perform services for the partnership and receive compensation either actual or anticipated as distinguished from a distribution of profits and shall be reported on the partnership's quarterly report of payroll and premiums paid on their behalf.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-06-048 (Order 88-01), § 296-17-349, filed 3/1/88, effective 4/1/88.]

WAC 296-17-350 Minimum premiums—Assumed worker hours. A minimum premium is the lowest amount of premium to be paid by an employer and is also the basis for determining premium computation for workers for whom an assumed number of worker hours must be, and hereby, is established:

- (1) Minimum premium. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, every employer shall be liable for a premium not less than ten dollars for any calendar quarter regardless of number of worker hours reported.
- (2) Excluded employments. Any employer having any person in their employ excluded from industrial insurance whose application for coverage under the elective adoption provisions of RCW 51.12.110 or authority of RCW 51.12.095 or 51.32.030 has been accepted by the director shall report and pay premium on the actual hours worked for each such person who is paid on an hourly, salaried-part time, percentage of profit or piece basis; or one hundred sixty hours per month for any such person paid on a salary basis employed full time. In the event records disclosing actual hours worked are not maintained by the employer for any person paid on an hourly, salaried-part time, percentage of profits or piece basis the worker hours of such person shall be determined by dividing the gross wages of such person by the state minimum wage for the purpose of premium calculation. However, when applying the state minimum wage the maximum number of hours assessed for a month will be one hundred sixty.
- (3) Resident managers, caretakers, or similar employments that are employed for irregular periods and whose compensation is for a stipulated sum in money or a substitute for money shall be reported for the purpose of

premium calculation as provided in subsection (6) of this section.

- (4) Commission personnel. Commission personnel are persons whose compensation is based upon a percentage of the amount charged for the commodity or service rendered. Commission personnel are to be reported for premium purposes at a minimum of assumed worker hours of not less than eight worker hours a day for parttime employment, or not less than 40 worker hours per week for full-time employment unless the employer maintains and presents to the department's representative at the time of audit payroll records that show in detail the name of each such commissioned worker, the actual number of hours worked for each such worker and the date or dates the services were rendered. If actual time records are maintained then such actual hours shall be reported to the department and premiums paid on such actual hours.
- (5) Salaried personnel. Salaried personnel for the purposes of this chapter means persons whose compensation is not governed by the number of hours devoted to employment for their employer. Employers having salaried personnel in their employ shall for the purpose of premium calculation report assumed worker hours based upon one hundred sixty worker hours for each month in which the employee is on salary: Provided, That if the employer maintains complete and accurate records, supported by original time cards or timebook entries, the employer may report and pay premium on the actual hours worked by salaried personnel: Provided further, That the department may, at its discretion, authorize some other method in assuming workers hours for premium calculating purposes in the case of contract personnel employed by schools and/or school districts.
- (6) Piece workers. For employees whose compensation is based upon the accomplishment of a number of individual tasks whether computed on the number of pounds, items, pieces, or otherwise who are not subject to any federal or state law or rule which requires the reporting of actual hours worked, the employer shall for the purpose of premium calculation assume each two dollars of earnings of each employee as representing one worker hour: Provided, That if the average rate of compensation for the applicable classification is at least \$3.00 but less than \$3.50 per worker hour the assumed amount shall be \$3.00 of earnings as representing one worker hour, and on a progressive basis, if the average compensation is at least \$3.50 but less than \$4.00 the assumed amount shall be \$3.50 of earnings as representing one worker hour, and so forth. The records of the department as compiled for the preceding fiscal year ending June 30, shall be the basis for determining the average rate of compensation for each classification: Provided further, That an employer who maintains records but is not required to do so shall report the actual hours worked for the purpose of premium calculation. In the event an employer who is otherwise required by federal or state laws or rules to maintain records of actual hours worked by each employee fails to do so, the worker hours of such employees will be determined by dividing the gross wages of each employee by the state

- minimum hourly wage to determine the hours reported for the purpose of premium calculation. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, workers employed in a work activity center pursuant to WAC 296–17–779 shall be reported on the basis of the piece worker rule.
- (7) Noncontact sports teams. All employers having personnel in their employ as defined under WAC 296-17-745 shall for the purpose of premium calculations, report assumed worker hours based upon 40 worker hours for each week in which any duties are performed.
- (8) All employers having personnel in their employ as defined under WAC 296-17-739 shall, for the purpose of premium calculations, report assumed worker hours based upon ten hours for each mount in each horse race; professional drivers shall report worker hours based upon ten hours for each heat or race of any racing event: *Provided*, That any day such personnel do not ride or drive in a race, the premium calculation shall be made by assuming ten worker hours for any day in which duties are performed.
- (9) Pilots and flight crew members having flight duties during a work shift including preflight time shall have premium calculated by utilizing daily readings logged per federal requirements of the aircraft tachometer time: Provided, That if the total tachometer time for any day includes a fraction of an hour, the reportable time will be increased to the next full hour: Provided further, That pilots and flight crew members who assume nonflying duties during a work shift will have premium calculated in accordance with the appropriate rules and classifications applicable to nonflight duties.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-350, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1), 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-350, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 89-07-078 (Order 89-02), § 296-17-350, filed 3/21/89, effective 4/21/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16-.035. 88-14-076 (Order 87-31), § 296-17-350, filed 7/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), \$ 296-17-350, filed 5/31/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), \$ 296-17-350, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-350, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 84-24-016 (Order 84-23), § 296-17-350, filed 11/28/84, effective 1/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-11-034 (Order 84-11), § 296-17-350, filed 5/15/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-350, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-350, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-350, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 77-27, § 296-17-350, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 77-10, § 296-17-350, filed 5/31/77; Order 76-18, § 296-17-350, filed 5/28/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 75-28, § 296-17-350, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 74-40, § 296-17-350, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-350, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-351 Periodic review of cash deposit. The supervisor of industrial insurance through the audit and collection section of the division of industrial insurance will periodically review the cash deposit or bond of all employers and all new employers or employers resuming operations pursuant to RCW 51.16.110.

The department will cancel the cash deposit or bond having been made by an employer who has been conducting a business or trade and who has been reporting premium payments to the department for at least 12 consecutive calendar quarters: *Provided*, *however*, The cancellation of the deposit or bond shall be contingent upon:

- (1) The initial deposit or bond is deemed by the department as having adequately represented the premiums covering the first three full calendar months of operations.
- (2) The employer's quarterly reports and premium payments covering any such 12 consecutive quarterly reporting periods have been made in accordance with the provisions as set forth in Title 51 RCW and in accordance with WAC 296-17-310: Provided further, In the event cancellation of the deposit or bond has been made on behalf of any employer and such employer subsequently fails to submit reports and payments, as required, such employer shall, upon request be required to reinstate the deposit or bond.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020 and Title 51 RCW. 82-10-034 (Order 82-16), § 296-17-351, filed 4/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-351, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-351, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 76-36, § 296-17-351, filed 11/30/76; Order 74-29, § 296-17-351, filed 5/29/74, effective 7/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-35101 Employer's surety bond in lieu of a cash deposit. The department may, in its discretion, accept an employer's surety bond to the state of Washington in lieu of a cash deposit as provided for in RCW 51.16.110. Such employer's surety bond must be on the prescribed forms authorized by the department. Such employer's surety bond shall be in \$1,000.00 increments and based on estimated premiums covering three full calendar months of operations. The dollar value of the surety bond will be calculated such that the amount of the surety is rounded to the highest \$1,000 increment. Provided further, that any employer securing a surety bond in lieu of a cash deposit will maintain such bonds for a minimum of three full calendar years representing twelve full reporting quarters in accordance with WAC 296-17-351 unless such an employer ceases to be an employer subject to this title.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-06-018 (Order 84-3), § 296-17-35101, filed 2/29/84.]

WAC 296-17-352 Audits. An audit of the employer's books, records and payrolls performed pursuant to the authority contained in RCW 51.48.040 may include but will not be limited to:

- (1) An audit to determine whether an employer engaged in a business or trade has employment subject to the industrial insurance laws.
- (2) A visual inspection of the employer's workplace or places for the purpose of determining appropriate classifications in accordance with the industrial insurance laws and rules as set forth in chapter 296-17 WAC.
- (3) Audits containing a complete and detailed examination of the employer's books and records for a specific period to establish the reporting of the employer's payroll in accordance with the industrial insurance laws and

the rules as set forth in chapter 296-17 WAC, and as well, chapter 296-15 WAC in the event the employer has been certified a self-insurer.

Except as otherwise provided in this rule any audit time period may be less than, but will not exceed, three years of the due dates of any payments from any employer where the department has requested submission of the employer's books, or three years of the due dates of any payments where the employer makes claim for adjustment, recomputation or alteration of any such payment: Provided, That an employer certified to selfinsure pursuant to the authority contained in chapter 51.14 RCW, shall be subject to such audit as deemed necessary to guarantee its compliance with the industrial insurance laws and rules and regulations for self-insurers: Provided further, That an employer who fails to make any books and records, or certified copies thereof, available for audit in the state of Washington, will be charged for all costs incurred by the department in auditing any books and records maintained at other places: Provided further, That in any instance where fraud may be indicated with respect to underpayment or nonpayment of premiums the audit time period may be extended beyond that previously set forth.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-352, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-352, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 76-36, § 296-17-352, filed 11/30/76; Order 76-18, § 296-17-352, filed 5/28/76, effective 7/1/76.]

WAC 296-17-360 Assignment of classification by analogy. The classification section of this manual contains a listing of basic classifications covering most businesses and industries.

Any enterprise or operation which is not described by such classifications shall be assigned to the basic classification(s) most analogous from the standpoint of process and hazard.

The alphabetical index section of the manual includes a number of businesses and industries that are not contained in the rule part of this manual. When such a listing is identified by the letter "A" standing for analogy, it is the intended purpose of this symbol and listing of such operations in the index to be included in the same manner as if such operations were contained in the rule part of this manual.

The limitations and conditions of the basic classification(s) so assigned and all manual rules pertaining thereto shall be applicable: *Provided*, That when a basic classification carries the phraseology of N.O.C. and the business undertaking of the employer to be classified is not specifically described by a basic manual classification or listed in the alpha index but the classification containing the phraseology of N.O.C. contains common or similar businesses or industries it is intended that the operation be classified into the N.O.C. Code.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-360, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-360, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-360, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-370 Governing classification. The governing classification of a risk is defined as that classification, other than classifications 4806, 4904, 5206, 6301, 6302, 6303, 7101 or temporary help classifications 7104 through 7121, which carries the largest number of worker hours. Provided, that this rule is only applicable when multiple basic classifications are to be assigned to an employer's business undertakings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-370, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-370, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-370, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-370, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-370, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-380 Single enterprise. If the employer's business, conducted at one or more locations, consists of a single operation or a number of separate operations which normally prevail in the business described by a single basic classification, that single classification which most accurately describes the entire enterprise shall be applied. Division of worker hours shall be made as provided hereinafter in respect to standard exceptions, general exclusions and special exceptions. No division of worker hours shall be permitted in respect to any other operation even though such operation may be specifically described by some other classification, unless the applicable classification phraseology or other manual provision specifically provides for such division of worker hours.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-380, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-380, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-380, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

- WAC 296-17-390 Multiple enterprises. If an employer operates a secondary business within this state, an additional basic classification shall be assigned only if the following conditions exist:
- (1) The secondary business does not normally prevail in the principal business undertaking of the employer.
- (2) The secondary business is conducted as a separate undertaking or enterprise. This condition does not apply if the classification wording requires the assignment of an additional classification for specified employees or operations.
- (3) Separate and distinct payroll records are maintained for each business undertaking.
- (4) Each business is physically separated by structural partitions and is conducted without an interchange of labor.
- (5) The assignment of the separate classification is not prohibited by the wording of the classification governing the principle business undertaking of the employer or any other classification assigned to the employer.

If all of the above conditions do not exist:

(a) All employees shall be assigned to the classification applicable to the principle business if the classification for the principle business carries a rate which is the same or higher than that for the classification of the secondary business.

- (b) The secondary business shall be assigned to the classification which describes that business if such classification carries a rate higher than that applicable to the principal business.
- (c) The principle business is the business with the greatest number of worker hours, excluding standard exception or general exclusion operations.
- (6) Employers with more than one classification may have employees working in connection with several classifications. Payroll assignment for such employees is subject to WAC 296-17-410 "division of single employee's worker hours."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-390, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-390, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-390, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-400 Mercantile operations. For mercantile operations the classification shall be separately determined for each separate location which is conducted as a separate enterprise without interchange of labor.

[Order 73-22, § 296-17-400, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

- WAC 296-17-410 Division of single employee's worker hours. The worker hours of any one employee may be divided between two or more classifications, provided the employer has maintained complete and accurate records supported by original time cards or time book entries which show separately both by individual employee and in summary by operations performed the worker hours of such employees, except such division SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED:
- (1) Between a basic classification and standard exception classification unless specifically provided for in other rules;
  - (2) Between two standard exception classifications;
- (3) If the division is contrary to the classification phraseology; or
- (4) If the division is prohibited by some other general or special rule found elsewhere in this chapter.

If the employer fails to keep complete and accurate records as provided in this rule, the entire number of worker hours of the employee shall be assigned to the highest rated classification representing any part of their work. Division of worker hours by means of percentages, averages, estimates, or any basis other than specific time records, shall not be accepted by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-410, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-410, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-410, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-28, § 296-17-410, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-410, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-411 Classification for employees supporting separate operations. Employees who perform duties which support separate operations which are subject to different basic classifications are to be reported in accordance with the language of that classification, applicable to the operations supported, which carries the largest number of worker hours for the employer. For purposes of this rule, "duties which support separate operations" shall mean duties which remain the same and are performed at the same location(s) regardless of the operation being supported.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-411, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-05-019 (Order 83-5), § 296-17-411, filed 2/9/83.]

WAC 296-17-420 General inclusions. All of the basic classifications in this manual, other than standard exceptions, include certain operations which would be classified separately if they were run as separate business undertakings. These operations are referred to as general inclusions and are included in the scope of each basic classification. The following operations are included in all basic classifications unless they are specifically excluded by the language of the basic classification.

- (1) Aircraft travel by employees, other than members of the flying crew.
- (2) Commissaries and restaurants for the employers' employees. Provided that such operations conducted in connection with construction, erection, lumbering, or mining operations shall be assigned to Code 3905 "restaurants."
- (3) Manufacture of containers, such as bags, barrels, bottles, boxes, cans, cartons, wooden pallets, or packing cases by the employers for use in their operations.
- (4) Hospitals, medical facilities, or dispensaries operated by the employers for their employees.
- (5) Printing, lithography, or similar operations of the employers when used exclusively for their own products.
- (6) Maintenance or ordinary repair of the employer's building or equipment when performed by employees of the employer.
- (7) Pick up and delivery when done by employees of the employer in connection with the business of the employer.
- (8) Sales of all goods or products being manufactured by the employer.
- (9) Warehousing, handling, packing, and shipping when done by an employee of the employer and done in connection with the business of the employer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-420, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-420, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-420, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-420, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-430 General exclusions. Some operations are so exceptional or unusual that they are excluded from the scope of all basic classifications. Such operations are referred to as general exclusions and are subject to the division of worker hours rules in all classifications including the standard exception classifications. The following operations are excluded from all basic

classifications including the standard exception classifications unless they are specifically included.

- (1) Aircraft operation All operations of the flying crew.
- (2) Racing operations All operations of the drivers and pit crews.

In addition to the above two listed exclusions, the following operations are similarly excluded from all basic classifications, provided that no division of these operations shall be permitted between the basic classifications assigned to cover these operations and any standard exception classifications.

- (a) New construction or alterations by employees of the employer.
  - (b) Musicians and entertainers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–430, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–430, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–430, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74–40, § 296–17–430, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–430, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-440 Standard exceptions. The following employments referred to as standard exceptions are to be separately rated unless these employments are specifically included within the scope of a basic classification by use of words such as "including clerical office and outside sales." (Use of the words "clerical office" will also include draftsmen and use of the words "sales personnel" will also include collectors, messengers and corporate officers.) Provided that a division of a single employee's worker hours shall not be permitted between two standard exception classifications or between a standard exception classification and a basic business classification except as provided in the general exclusion rules of this manual.

The standard exceptions are defined below:

- (1) Clerical office employees are defined as those employees whose duties are confined to keeping the books or records of the employer, or conducting correspondence or who are engaged wholly in office work where such books or records are kept or where such correspondence is conducted, having no other duty of any nature in or about the employer's premises. If any clerical office employee is exposed to any operative hazard of the business, their entire worker hours shall be assigned to the highest rated classification of work to which they are exposed. The clerical office classification shall be applied only to persons as herein described who are employed exclusively in separate buildings or on separate floors of buildings or in departments on such floors which are physically separated from all other work areas of the employer by structural partitions and within which no work is performed other than clerical office duties as defined in this paragraph.
- (2) Draftsmen will be considered to be clerical office employees when their duties are limited to office work only and who are engaged strictly as draftsmen in such a manner that they are not exposed to the operative hazard of the business. If any draftsman is exposed to any operative hazard of this business, their entire worker

hours shall be assigned to the highest rated classification of work to which they are exposed.

- (3) "Sales personnel outside" are defined as those employees engaged in such duties away from the premises of the employer who sell or solicit new accounts or customers for the employer or who service existing accounts or customers for the employer. Provided that no employee shall be assigned to a sales classification code if their duties include delivery, even though they may also solicit or collect. Employees having delivery duties, even if they walk or use public transportation, shall be assigned to the governing classification of the employer.
- (4) Messengers will be considered sales employees, provided the following conditions are met:
- (a) The messenger is used solely by the employer in connection with the administration of the employer's business operation.
- (b) The operation is not provided to the public as a general delivery service.
- (c) The employer's basic classification does not include the standard exception classification designations.

If all the above conditions do not exist, any employee assigned such duties shall be assigned to the governing classification of the employer when multiple basic classifications are assigned or to the basic classification in the event an employer has only a single basic classification assigned.

(5) Corporate officers are defined as those employees of a corporation elected and empowered in accordance with the articles of incorporation or bylaws as officers of the corporation who are also shareholders and serve on the board of directors of the corporation and whose duties are limited to administrative, clerical office and outside sales activities for the corporations. Any corporate officer who performs any duty that relates directly to the operational activities of the business shall be assigned to the basic classification(s) of the employer applicable to the work being performed. A corporate officer engaged exclusively in outside sales shall be assigned classification 6303. In no event however will a corporate officer be assigned the clerical office classification 4904.

With the exceptions of occupations falling within any classification that specifically includes clerical office, inside draftsmen or sales personnel, the following designated occupational classifications shall apply.

Classification 4904 clerical office employees including inside draftsmen.

Classification 6303 sales personnel, outside or away from the employers premises including collectors and messengers.

Classification 6301 automobile, truck, camper, trailer, mobile home, motorcycle and pleasure craft sales personnel.

Classification 6302 all door to door sales personnel. Classification 7101 corporate officers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-440, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-440, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-440, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-440, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-440, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017

(Order 83-36), § 296-17-440, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-440, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-44001 Business described by a standard exception classification. If the principle business undertaking of an employer is described by a standard exception classification, the operations of all employees not included in the definition of the standard exception classification shall be assigned to the separate basic classification which most accurately describes their operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-44001, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85.]

- WAC 296-17-441 Special exceptions. The following operations referred to as special exceptions are subject to division of worker hours in connection with all other classifications regardless of directional phrases beginning with "all employees" or "all operations," but only under the specific circumstances as shall be described by the following special exceptions:
- (1) Security guards shall be subject to classification 6601 (WAC 296-17-723): Provided, The security guard is an employee of an employer engaged in logging or construction: Provided further, The security guard is for the purpose of guarding the employer's logging or construction sites: And provided further, The security guard is employed at the site only during those hours that the employer is not conducting any other operations at the site and provided any person employed as a security guard will have no other duties.
- (2) Janitors shall be subject to classification 6602 (WAC 296-17-724): Provided, The janitorial services are performed solely within the employer's office: Provided further, The employer's other office employment is subject to classification 4904 (WAC 296-17-653) and provided the person employed to perform janitorial services is not otherwise regularly employed by the employer with clerical office duties that are subject to reporting under classification 4904.
- (3) Logging truck drivers employed by logging companies shall be subject to classification 5003 (WAC 296-17-66001), provided this classification shall not apply to any logging truck driver for any work shift during which the driver has duties that would otherwise be subject to classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-441, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-441, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-441, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81.]

WAC 296-17-450 Special agricultural classification interpretations. Farming in classifications 4802 through 4806, 4808, 4809, 4810, 4811, 7301, 7302, and 7307 will include farm labor by contractors and farm machinery operations by contractors.

To qualify for separate ratings (classifications), separate and distinct payroll records of each such operation will be required.

If a single establishment or work comprises more than one of classifications 4802 through 4806, 4808, 4809,

4810, 4811, 7301, 7302, and 7307 the premiums shall be computed according to the payroll of each classification provided distinct payroll records have been kept for each such operation, otherwise, the operation will be assigned to the highest rated classification representing any portion of the work being performed. The department in its discretion may assess a single rate of premium for an agricultural establishment when a substantial portion of the operation falls within one classification, and in such cases, the entire operation will be required to be reported in such largest classification: Provided, That under no circumstance will the hand-picking classification (4806) apply for the purpose of single rating an entire establishment engaged in other phases of agricultural activities. Provided further, that farm labor contractors shall be assigned the classification(s) applicable to the agricultural establishment for whom they are providing services.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-450, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-450, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-450, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-450, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-450, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-450, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 74-40, § 296-17-450, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-29, § 296-17-450, filed 5/29/74, effective 7/1/74; Order 73-22, § 296-17-450, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-45001 Special horse racing classification interpretation. For the purposes of administering the parimutuel horse racing classifications 6614 through 6617 the terms used such as parimutuel horse racing, trainers, grooms, etc., shall be given the same meanings as those contained in chapter 67.16 RCW "Horse Racing" or Title 260 WAC "Horse Racing Commission."

The term "major tracks" shall mean Yakima Meadows, Spokane Playfair, and Longacres in Renton.

The term "fair meets or bush tracks" shall mean all other parimutuel horse racing tracks licensed by the Washington state horse racing commission.

For premium purposes, owners shall contribute one hundred fifty dollars annually at the time of license issuance or renewal. The payment of premium by an owner does not imply an employer employee relationship but serves to help fund the premium obligation of the horse racing industry. Individuals involved in a syndication or percentage ownership of a parimutuel race horse and who become licensed by the horse racing commission shall pay premium according to their percentage ownership in the horse or horses.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89–16–001 (Order 89–07), § 296–17–45001, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89.]

WAC 296-17-45002 Special trucking industry rules. The following subsection shall apply to all trucking industry employers as applicable.

(1) Insurance liability. Every trucking industry employer operating as an intrastate carrier or a combined intrastate and interstate carrier must insure their workers' compensation insurance liability through the

Washington state fund or be self-insured with the state of Washington.

Washington employers operating exclusively in interstate or foreign commerce or any combination of interstate and foreign commerce must insure their workers' compensation insurance liability for their Washington employees with the Washington state fund, be self-insured with the state of Washington, or provide workers' compensation insurance for their Washington employees under the laws of another state when such other state law provides for such coverage.

Interstate or foreign commerce trucking employers who insure their workers' compensation insurance liability under the laws of another state must provide the department with copies of their current policy and applicable endorsements upon request.

Employers who elect to insure their workers' compensation insurance liability under the laws of another state and who fail to provide updated policy information when requested to do so will be declared an unregistered employer and subject to all the penalties contained in Title 51 RCW.

(2) Reporting. Trucking industry employers insuring their workers' compensation insurance liability with the Washington state fund shall keep and preserve all original time records/books including supporting information from drivers' logs for a period of three calendar years plus three months.

Employers are to report actual hours worked, including time spent loading and unloading trucks, for each driver in their employ. For purposes of this section, actual hours worked does not include time spent during lunch or rest periods or overnight lodging.

Failure of employers to keep accurate records of actual hours worked by their employees will result in the department estimating work hours by dividing gross payroll wages by the state minimum wage for each worker for whom records were not kept. However, in no case will the estimated hours exceed five hundred twenty hours per calendar quarter for each worker.

- (3) Exclusions. Trucking industry employers meeting all of the following conditions are exempted from mandatory coverage.
- (a) Must be engaged exclusively in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (b) Must have elected to cover their Washington workers on a voluntary basis under the Washington state fund and must have elected such coverage in writing on forms provided by the department.
- (c) After having elected coverage, withdrew such coverage in writing to the department on or before January 2, 1987.

If all the conditions set forth in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection have not been met, employers must insure their workers' compensation insurance liability with the Washington state fund or under the laws of another state.

(4) Definitions. For purposes of interpretation of RCW 51.12.095(1) and administration of this section, the following terms shall have the meanings given below:

- (a) "Agents" means individuals hired to perform services for the interstate or foreign commerce carrier that are intended to be carried out by the individual and not contracted out to others but does not include owner operators as defined in RCW 51.12.095(1).
- (b) "Contacts" means locations at which freight, merchandise, or goods are picked up or dropped off within the boundaries of this state.
- (c) "Doing business" means having any terminals, agents or contacts within the boundaries of this state.
- (d) "Employees" means the same as the term "worker" as contained in RCW 51.08.180.
- (e) "Terminals" means a physical location wherein the business activities (operations) of the trucking company are conducted on a routine basis. Terminals will generally include loading or shipping docks, warehouse space, dispatch offices and may also include administrative offices.
- (f) "Washington" shall be used to limit the scope of the term "employees." When used with the term "employees" it will require the following test for benefit purposes (all conditions must be met).
- (i) The individual must be hired in Washington or must have been transferred to Washington; and
- (ii) The individual must perform some work in Washington (i.e., driving, loading, or unloading trucks).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-45002, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020, 51.16.035 and 51.12.095. 89-18-051 (Order 89-11), § 296-17-45002, filed 8/31/89, effective 10/1/89.]

WAC 296-17-45003 Special construction industry rule. (1) Construction or erection operations. Each distinct type of construction or erection operation at a job site or location shall be assigned to the basic classification describing that operation provided separate payroll/time records are maintained for each such operation and which show in detail the name, rate of pay, and actual hours worked for each employee.

In the event payroll/time records are not maintained to support separate classification assignments the entire number of work hours in question shall be assigned to the highest rated classification which applies to the job site or location where the operation is being performed. The department may upon request by an employer (contractor) prior to the commencement of a contract authorize the use of a single basic classification to cover an entire project.

Selection of the basic classification will be determined by estimating the work hours for each construction operation at the site or location and calculating the premiums by each applicable classification—total estimated premiums will then be divided by the total estimated hours to produce an average rate. The basic classification assigned to the employer that carries the rate nearest to the estimated average rate will be selected provided that if the estimated average rate is equally between two classifications assigned to the employer the lower of the two rates will be selected.

Separate construction or erection classifications shall not be assigned to any operation which is within the

- scope of another basic classification assigned to such a job site or location. For example a carpenter employed by a concrete contractor to build foundation forms is to be assigned to a concrete construction classification and not a carpentry classification.
- (2) Subcontracted work. The general contractor or specialist contractor as defined in RCW 18.27.010, as the case may be who subcontracts work out to others must ensure that such subcontractors are properly registered and licensed under chapter 18.27 or 19.28 RCW as applicable to avoid being held liable for industrial insurance premiums for such subcontractors (RCW 51-.12.070). At the time of audit or within thirty days thereafter the general contractor or specialist contractor as the case may be who has subcontracted work out to others must provide the department's traveling auditors, agents or assistants a list containing the names of such subcontractors, their contractors registration of license number, the expiration date of such registration or license, and their uniform business identifier or industrial insurance account number. Failure by the general contractor or specialist contractor to provide this record at the time of audit may result in a premium assessment being made for each subcontractor used by the general contractor or specialist contractor.
- (3) Debris removal. Work hours related to the removal of construction materials equipment or debris from a job site or location by employees of a general contractor or specialist contractor are to be assigned to the construction classification applicable to the phase of construction work being supported by such clean up personnel. However, if clean up personnel are involved in general job site or location clean up then risk classification 0510 or 0518 will apply as applicable to the job site or location. Employees of a specialist contractor engaged exclusively in debris removal services shall be assigned to risk classification 0510 or 0518 as applicable to the job site or location serviced.
- (4) Scaffolding, hoists, and towers. Work hours related to the installation, maintenance or removal of scaffolding, hod hoists, distributing towers, sidewalk bridges, and elevators by employees of a general contractor or specialist contractor are to be assigned to the construction classification applicable to the phase of construction being supported. However, if the scaffolding, hod hoists, distributing towers, sidewalk bridges and elevators being installed supports several phases of construction then risk classification 0510 or 0518 will apply as applicable to the jobsite or location. Employees of a specialist contractor engaged exclusively in work described in this subsection shall be assigned to risk classification 0510 or 0518 as applicable to the job site or location.
- (5) Preoccupancy clean up. Work hours related to preoccupancy clean up by employees of a general contractor or specialist contractor are to be assigned to classification 6602 "Janitors, N.O.C." provided that the term "preoccupancy clean up" for purposes of this rule is limited in scope to dusting, washing windows, vacuuming carpets, mopping floors, and cleaning fixtures. A division of individual work hours between classification

6602 and any construction, erection, or shop classification is not allowed. Employees having duties that fall within a construction classification and who are also engaged in preoccupancy clean up are to be reported in the applicable construction classification.

(6) Shop or yard operations. Construction or erection contractors who maintain a permanent shop or yard operation may report the work hours of such employees in classification 5206, provided that this classification shall not apply to any yard or shop employee during any work shift in which the yard or shop employee has duties subject to another classification or if the classification assigned to the employer requires a separate treatment for shop operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-45003, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

WAC 296-17-455 Special temporary help classification interpretation. For the purposes of administering the temporary help classifications 7104 through 7121, the term "temporary help" shall be given the same meaning as temporary service contractors defined in RCW 19.31.020(2) and shall mean any person, firm, association or corporation conducting a business which consists of employing individuals directly for the purpose of furnishing such individuals on a part-time or temporary help basis to others.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-455, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-455, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-455, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85.]

WAC 296-17-460 Classification phraseology. (1) N.O.C. This expression is an abbreviation of the words "not otherwise classified." No classification so qualified shall be applied in any case where any other manual classification more accurately describes the enterprise or where the language of any manual classification so qualified prescribes other treatment.

(2) Including. If a classification carries a descriptive phrase "including" certain operations, division of worker hours shall not be made for such operations even though they may be specifically described by some other classification of this manual or may be conducted at a separate location.

- (3) All. If a classification carries a descriptive phrase beginning with "all" as in the expression "all employees," "all other employees," "all operations," "all work to completion," division of worker hours shall not be made for any employees or operation (other than the standard exceptions, general exclusions or special exceptions), without regard to the location of such operations, except for an operation not incidental to and not usually associated with the enterprise described by such a classification.
- (4) Or. The word "or" when used in the classification phraseology shall be understood to have the same meaning as though expressed "and/or."
- (5) And. The word "and" when used in the classification phraseology shall be understood to have the same meaning as though expressed "and/or."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-460, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-460, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-470 Penalty assessments for employers who fail to register under Title 51 RCW. (1) Any employer who has failed to secure payment of compensation for their workers covered under this title will be liable, subject to RCW 51.48.010, to a maximum penalty in a sum of five hundred dollars or in a sum double the amount of premiums due for the four quarters prior to securing payment of compensation under this title, whichever is greater, for the benefit of the medical aid fund.

(2) If an injury or occupational disease is sustained by a worker of an employer who has failed to secure payment of compensation under this title that employer may also be liable for the cost of such an injury or occupational disease at the time the claim for benefits is accepted by the department.

For the purposes of this section only the cost of such claim will be determined as follows:

The case reserve value shall be determined by the nature of the injury or occupational disease, the part of the body affected and other factors which will impact the cost, including but not limited to, age, education and work experience. The case reserve value will include actual costs paid to date and estimated future claim costs. No further adjustments or evaluations of the cost of the claim will be made for the purposes of this subsection after assessment for the cost of an injury or occupational disease is made by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-470, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-470, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-05-019 (Order 83-5), § 296-17-470, filed 2/9/83.]

## WAC 296-17-501 Classification 0101.

Airports, landing strips, runways and taxi ways, construction and repair

Alley and parking lot construction

Diking, N.O.C. including oil spill clean-up involving diking and/or ditching work

Excavation, N.O.C.

Grading, N.O.C. – including land leveling and grading of farm lands by contractor

Highway, street and road construction, N.O.C., includes operations such as grading, grubbing, clearing, surfacing, striping, guard rails, highway dividers, highway lighting and highway signs installation

Humus or peat digging – including humus or peat dealers

Land clearing, N.O.C. including slope grooming and forest trail construction, firefighting, and slash burning, N.O.C.

Parking lot striping

Pit, crusher and bunker operations in connection with road, street and highway construction

Railroads, construction, maintenance and repair, N.O.C., including dismantling

Retaining walls with road, street and highway construction, N.O.C.

Sand or gravel, or shale digging

Tunnels and approaches including lining, cofferdam work, shaft sinking, and well digging with caisson

This classification excludes bridge construction which is to be separately rated under risk classification 0201 (WAC 296-17-508) although such a structure may be constructed as a part of a highway, street or road construction project. This classification further excludes logging road construction rated under risk classification 6902 (WAC 296-17-747); railroad bridge construction rated under risk classification 0201 (WAC 296-17-508) "bridge construction"; log railroad construction rated under risk classification 6902 (WAC 296-17-747); and tunnels and approaches including lining, cofferdam work, shaft sinking and well digging with caisson done in connection with dam construction rated under risk classification 0701 (WAC 296-17-528).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296-17-501, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-501, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-501, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-501, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-501, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-501, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-501, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-501, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-502 Classification 0102.

Concrete and asphalt construction, N.O.C. – including concrete sawing, drilling and pumping

Concrete construction in connection with wood frame building construction such as foundations, sidewalks, driveways, and curbs including the placement of incidental reinforcing steel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–502, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–502, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–502, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–502, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–502, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 76–36, § 296–17–502, filed 11/30/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–502, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-503 Classification 0103.

Drilling, N.O.C.

Geophysical exploration, seismic detection of the mechanical properties of the earth

See construction classification applicable to work being done, for drilling done in connection with construction work.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-503, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-503, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-503, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40, § 296-17-503, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-503, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-504 Classification 0104.

Dredging, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-504, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-504, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-504, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-505 Classification 0105.

Fence erection or repair—all types, N.O.C.

Parking meter installation—report parking meter mechanism service or repair separately in risk classification 0606 (WAC 296-17-526), "vending or coin-operated machine service."

Placement of wire mesh on slopes for slope protection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–24–060 (Order 87–26), § 296–17–505, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–505, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86–12–041 (Order 86–18), § 296–17–505, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–505, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–505, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–505, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73–22, § 296–17–505, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-506 Classification 0106.

Tree topping and pruning, N.O.C., includes spraying or fumigating in connection with tree topping, repairing or trimming.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-506, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-506, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-506, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-506, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-50601 Classification 0107.

Pipelaving, N.O.C.

Utility line construction: Underground type, N.O.C. – including television cable, power, and telephone lines.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-50601, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-50601, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-50601, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-50601, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-50601, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

## WAC 296-17-50602 Classification 0108.

Ditches and canals, N.O.C.

Sewer construction

Septic tank installation, including drainfield construction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-50602, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-50602, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-50602, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-50602, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-50602, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-50602, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-507 Classification 0109.

Reinforcing steel installation - placing for concrete construction

Reinforcing steel installation in connection with the construction of tunnels, cofferdams, caissons, dams, bridges, and steel erection shall be assigned to the classification describing the construction with which such reinforcing steel installation is connected.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-507, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-507, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-507, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-507, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-508 Classification 0201.

Bridge, trestle, overhead crossing, viaducts, construction, maintenance and repair including the foundations and approaches

Breakwater, jetty, levee, construction, maintenance and repair

Bulkhead retaining walls, construction, maintenance and repair, riprapping – all water hazard

Concrete culverts or other types over 12 feet

Undercrossings and approaches - including lining

Debris removal and other work with water hazard, N.O.C., will be rated under bulkhead construction with water hazard.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-508, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-508, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-508, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-509 Classification 0202.

Diving operations and subaqueous work, N.O.C. Pile driving or concrete piling construction Wharf, pier, dock and marine railway: Construction, maintenance, and repair.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-509, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-509, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-509, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-509, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-509, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 76-36, § 296-17-509, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-509, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-50904 Classification 0206.

Commercial concrete construction such as but not limited to sewage disposal plants, swimming pools, fish hatcheries, water purification plants construction, and similar concrete projects

This classification will be used to report concrete construction projects other than concrete building construction reported in risk classification 0505; concrete construction done in connection with wood frame building construction reported in risk classification 0102; highway, street, and road construction projects reported in risk classification 0101; and bridge construction projects reported in risk classification 0201.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-50904, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-50904, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-50904, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026

(Order 85-7), § 296-17-50904, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-50904, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-50904, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-510 Classification 0301.

Agricultural irrigation pipe installation, service or repair Agricultural sprinkler system installation, service or repair

Chemical spraying and fumigating

Landscape gardening

Landscaping and lawn yard care

Lawn-type sprinkler systems installation, service or repair

This classification includes sodding, seeding, planting, and related landscape work for the beautification of median strips and roadsides but excludes crop dusting by aircraft rated under risk classification 6903 (WAC 296-17-748) and ditches and canals rated under risk classification 0108 (WAC 296-17-50602).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-510, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-510, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-510, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-510, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 76-36, § 296-17-510, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-510, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-511 Classification 0302.

Brick and slate work, N.O.C.

Masonry, N.O.C., including chimney and fireplace construction

Plastering and stuccoing work – outside, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-511, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-511, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-511, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-511, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-511, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-511, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-511, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-512 Classification 0306.

Boilers, N.O.C., installation, service or repair including boiler scaling and tank erection within buildings Plumbing, N.O.C.

Pump installation, service or repair, N.O.C.

Sewer pipe cleaning, including Roto Rooter or similar service providers

Side sewer installation (street to house hook ups) including service or repair

Sprinkler installation – automatic

Steam pipe, boiler, etc., covering insulation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-512, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-512, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-512, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-512, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-512, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 74-40, § 296-17-512, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-512, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-513 Classification 0307.

Ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration systems, installation, service and repair, N.O.C.

Furnaces, installation, service and repair including duct work cleaning

Heating systems, installation, service and repair including solar heating systems

Wood stove installation excluding masonry work rated under risk classification 0302 (WAC 296-17-511)

See risk classification 3404 (WAC 296-17-582) for sheet metal shop work.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-513, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-513, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-513, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-516 Classification 0403.

Sign erection, painting, repair and maintenance or removal, including shop operations

Sign painting or lettering outside buildings or structures, N.O.C., including shop operations

Street and building decorating, hanging flags or bunting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-516, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-516, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-516, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40, § 296-17-516, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-516, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-517 Classification 0502.

Rug, linoleum, tile and other types of floor or drainboard covering installation excluding hardwood floor installation rated under risk classification 0513.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-517, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-517, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-517, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-517, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-517, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-519 Classification 0504.

Cleaning, washing, and/or sandblasting buildings, N.O.C. – including shop operations

Painting bridges, including incidental preparation work Painting, coating or cleaning oil or gas storage tanks and beer vats

Painting, decorating or paperhanging, N.O.C., including incidental preparation, including shop

Painting towers, smokestacks and steel or iron structures Plastering, stuccoing, and lathing buildings – interior work

Sandblasting, N.O.C., including shop operations

Wallboard taping and texturing, excluding wallboard installation rated under risk classification 0515 (WAC 296-17-52107).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-519, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-519, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-519, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-519, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-519, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order

76-36, § 296-17-519, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-519, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-52001 Classification 0506.

Building raising or moving and underpinning Wrecking or demolition of buildings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-52001, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-52001, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-52001, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-52002 Classification 0507.

Roofwork, all types, construction and repair

This classification excludes roof cleaning and moss removal which is to be reported separately under risk classification 6602 (WAC 296-17-724) not incidental to or part of a roofing contract. For purposes of this rule the term "roofwork" will include repairs to the subroof such as replacement of trusses, rafters, supports, sheathing, etc., but will not include the placement of trusses, rafters, or sheathing on new building construction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52002, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-52002, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-52002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-52002, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-521 Classification 0508.

Blast furnace and metal burners construction Crane or derrick installation

Elevated railway, tram, lift, etc., construction, maintenance and repair

Exterior tanks - all types - erection, maintenance or repair, N.O.C.

Oil still or refinery construction. Excludes plant maintenance by contractor which is to be reported separately under risk classification 0603

Radio, television, water towers, poles and towers, N.O.C. – erection, maintenance and repair

Smokestacks - erection, maintenance and repair

Windmills – all types, erection, maintenance and repair, silo erection

This classification includes erection of skeletons for pillars, posts and like columns, all excavations, foundation work, and dismantling and repairing of above types of structures.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), \$ 296-17-521, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), \$ 296-17-521, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 76-36, \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-521, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-52101 Classification 0509.

Overhead transmission, telephone, telegraph, and cable television lines, new construction or extension of lines,

including poles or towers, erection, maintenance, repair by contractor.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-52101, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-52101, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-52101, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-52102 Classification 0510.

Wood frame building construction, alteration, or repair, N.O.C.

For the purposes of this rule wood frame building construction means buildings erected exclusively of wood or wood products.

This classification includes all building framing activities done in connection with wood frame building construction including the placement of roof trusses, sheathing roofs, installation of exterior building siding, and installation of exterior doors and door frames whether performed by a general or specialty contractor.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-52102, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-52102, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-52102, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86.]

## WAC 296-17-52103 Classification 0511.

Glass installation in buildings.

This classification includes installation of window/door glass, plastic, or similar materials; skylights, mirrors, storm windows, and window sashes in buildings and residences. Report installation of auto glass separately in risk classification 1108 (WAC 296-17-53805) glass merchants.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-52103, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86.]

#### WAC 296-17-52104 Classification 0512.

Insulation or sound proofing materials installation, N.O.C.

This classification includes installation of weather strip and caulking, roof or soffit ventilators, energy efficient doors and related carpentry work done in connection with the weatherization or retrofitting of buildings and residences. Report installation of windows separately in risk classification 0511 (WAC 296-17-52103) "glass installation—buildings" and energy auditors with no installation or delivery duties separately in risk classification 6303 (WAC 296-17-698) "outside sales—estimators."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-52104, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-52104, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86.]

## WAC 296-17-52105 Classification 0513.

Interior finish carpentry.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-52105, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

#### WAC 296-17-52106 Classification 0514.

Awnings and fire escapes: Installation, alteration, repair or removal

Garage or overhead door installation including automatic door openers when installed with a garage or overhead door

Shutter installation: Metal, plastic or wood – including repair or removal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), \$ 296-17-52106, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), \$ 296-17-52106, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-52107 Classification 0515.

## Wallboard installation

This classification excludes taping and texturing work which is to be reported separately in risk classification 0504 "wallboard taping and texturing."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-52107, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-52108 Classification 0516.

Building repair and carpentry, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52108, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-52108, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-52109 Classification 0517.

Mobile home set up by contractor — including installation of skirting, awnings and decks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52109, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

#### WAC 296-17-52110 Classification 0518.

Building construction, N.O.C., including alterations or repairs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52110, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

## WAC 296-17-52111 Classification 0519.

Building construction: Sheet metal work, N.O.C., including installation of metal/aluminum siding and gutter/downspout work. This classification covers all types of interior and exterior sheet metal other than heating and ventilating systems which are to be reported separately in risk classification 0307 and roof work which is to be reported separately in risk classification 0507.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52111, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

## WAC 296-17-522 Classification 0601.

Electrical machinery and auxiliary apparatus installation and repair – including incidental wiring

Electrical wiring in buildings, and electrical wiring, N.O.C.

Erection of temporary floodlights – search light operation mounted on and generated by truck

Permanent flood lighting stadiums and parks

Television cable installation in buildings by contractor including drop line connection (pole to house hook—up).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), \$ 296-17-522, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-522, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-523 Classification 0602.

Elevators: Installation, service and repair – freight or passenger type

Elevator door bucks – installation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-523, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-523, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-523, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-524 Classification 0603.

Dynamos, installation, service and repair including electrical generators and turbines

Engines and gas machines installation and belts, erection of shafting

Machinery installation, service and repair and millwright work, including installation and repair of escalator and conveyor systems, and commercial laundry equipment N.O.C.

This classification includes the dismantling of all the above types of machinery and will also include plant maintenance by contractor which will be rated as millwright work.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-524, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), \$ 296-17-524, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), \$ 296-17-524, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), \$ 296-17-524, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, \$ 296-17-524, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-524, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-525 Classification 0604.

Scrap metal dealers or processors – collect, sort and reduction of scrap metal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-525, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-525, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-525, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-525, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-526 Classification 0606.

Amusement devices, N.O.C.: Installation, service, repair, and removal – coin-operated in stores and shopping malls

Fire extinguisher sales and service

Vending or coin-operated machines, operation, installation maintenance and service, includes product preparation by vending company This classification excludes honor snack food services which will be reported under risk classification 1101 driver delivery sales, provided that in the event such an operation is conducted as a part of and in connection with an operation rated in this classification (0606), risk classification 0606 will be assigned to cover both operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-526, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-526, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-526, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-526, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-527 Classification 0607.

Advertising display service for stores within buildings Dead bolt installation – new construction by locksmith Drapes or curtain installation

Household appliances electrical installation, service and repair

Meat slicer or grinder installation, service and repair Safes and vaults, installation and removal

Television antenna or satellite disc installation and repair

Venetian blinds and shades, installation

This classification will include installation, service and repair of radio and television receiving sets, two-way radio, car stereo systems and radio-television repair.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–527, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–527, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–527, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–527, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–527, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73–22, § 296–17–527, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-52701 Classification 0608.

Electrical alarm systems including smoke alarms Intercom or audio call box

Telecommunication and PBX or similar equipment Telephone service prewire by contractor

This classification includes installation, service or repair of the above types of equipment and includes all shop or yard operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-52701, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-52701, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-52701, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-52701, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-52701, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85.]

## WAC 296-17-528 Classification 0701.

Dam construction, all operations in damsite area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-528, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 76-36, § 296-17-528, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-528, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-529 Classification 0803.

Cities and towns, excluding municipal power and transit systems, law enforcement officers and fire fighters This classification excludes clerical office, sales personnel and white collar employees rated under risk classification 5305 (WAC 296-17-678).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-529, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-529, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-529, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-529, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-529, filed 12/1/77; Order 75-38, § 296-17-529, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-529, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-530 Classification 0804.

Commercial production of sand, gravel and processing clay and stone products including rock crushing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-530, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-530, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-530, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-530, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-532 Classification 0901.

Ship building or repair, N.O.C., all types – including dismantling of ship hulls

This classification includes all shop and yard operations See risk classification 3606 for pleasure craft/recreational boat building.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-532, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-532, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-532, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-532, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-532, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-534 Classification 1002.

Mills: Shake and shingle – automated processes

For purposes of this subclassification, automated processes refers to shake and shingle mills equipped with automatic feeders on all saws, adjustable packing and cutting stations, and fully automatic systems for conveying material to work stations. All equipment must be equipped with automatic shut off switches. Within a shingle mill the operation of a trim saw must be performed by an individual as a separate function from that of the shingle saw operator (shingle sawyer is not to perform both functions). Shake splitters must be equipped with a gauge control mechanism which permits the operator to automatically set the thickness of the cut. Conveyor systems must have dual controls to allow the deckman and sawyer the ability to control incoming material to the work station.

Block mills must be equipped with an automated pallet dump to eliminate the handling of material to the sawyer work station or an adjustable scissor lift adjacent to the shingle saw or shake splitter. Blocked wood purchased by mills must be contained in pallets prior to entering the mill yard or premises. Log mills must be equipped with a fully mechanized log slip (used to move logs into the deck area), log levelers, stabilizers, and lifters must be present in the deck area, automatic deck cut-off saw, live deck for moving material from the deck to the splitting area and overhead

mounted splitters. Trim saws, also referred to as clipper saws, must be equipped with a laser guide or quartz light. This lighting reveals to the operator where its saw blade is in relationship to the material being processed.

For purposes of this subclassification, the following terms or words shall be given the meanings below:

Automatic deck or cut-off saw - A large saw, usually circular, used to trim logs to a specified length (rounds) before they enter a manufacturing plant.

Clipper saw – A machine used to make shingle edges parallel.

Shingle – Roofing or siding material having sawn faces and backs, are of a standard thickness at the butt end and tapered finish at the other end.

Shake – Roofing or siding material having at least one surface with a natural grain textured split surface.

Live deck – A chain driven platform located in the same proximity as the deck saw and is used to convey cut rounds from the cutting area to the splitting area.

Log stabilizer – A levered device adjacent to the deck saw used to hold the log steady while it is being cut.

Log slip – A chain driven conveyor used to move logs into the deck area.

Laser or quartz guide light – An overhead mounted light above a saw that illuminates that portion of a work surface where the saw blade will pass or make a cut.

Log leveler – A levered device adjacent to the deck saw used to level a log automatically.

Overhead splitter – A ceiling mounted hydraulic, air or electrically operated apparatus with wedge shaped end that is used to split log rounds into block wood when activated by the splitterman.

Shingle saw – A machine used to make shingles.

Shake splitter - A machine used to split blocks into shake blanks.

Shake saw – A machine used to saw shake blanks into a finished wedged shape product.

Shake and shingle mills not meeting all the conditions as set forth above shall be separately classified in classification 1005 "Shake and shingle mills, N.O.C."

Sawmills, operation and maintenance

This subclassification excludes operations conducted in the woods rated under risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659) logging, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 90-01-013 (Order 89-21), § 296-17-534, filed 12/8/89, effective 1/8/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-534, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-534, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-534, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-534, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-535 Classification 1003.

Creosote works, pile and pole treating – yard operations only

Pole yard

Masts and spars yards.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-535, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-535, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-535, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 74-40, § 296-17-535, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-535, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-53501 Classification 1004.

Log storage and log sorting yards independent from logging operations rated under risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659)

This classification does not include any log trucking operations that are outside of the log storage and log sorting yards.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53501, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-53501, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-53501, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81.]

## WAC 296-17-53502 Classification 1005.

Shingle mills, operations and maintenance Shake mills, operations and maintenance

This classification excludes operations conducted in the woods rated under risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659) logging, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53502, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-53502, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-53502, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82.]

## WAC 296-17-53504 Classification 1007.

Lumber inspectors

Foresters, forest rangers, timber cruisers and surveyors Log scaling and grading bureaus

Shingle and shake inspection and grading bureaus Inspection and grading bureaus, N.O.C.

Geophysical exploration, N.O.C., no core drilling Weather stations

Testing and inspecting of pipe lines – radiographers Weigh scale attendants

**Prospectors** 

X-raying by contractor at industrial plants or construction sites

Rainmaking – not by aircraft.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53504, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-53504, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-53504, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-536 Classification 1101.

Armored car service

Automobile delivery drive away, automobile repossessing Computer tape/accounting records delivery service

Delivery by retail, wholesale, combined wholesale and retail stores and distributors, N.O.C.

Delivery companies, deliver parcels and packages, no bulk merchandise

Distribution of sample merchandise by vehicle Driver delivery sales, N.O.C.

Drivers of sound trucks

News agents or distributors of magazines, periodicals and telephone books, no retail dealer

Route food services, excludes food preparation to be reported under risk classification 3905 (WAC 296-17-618)

Septic tank and cesspool cleaning, excludes installation or repair

Street sweeping, parking lot sweeping, portable chemical toilets servicing

Street vending vehicles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89–24–051 (Order 89–22), § 296–17–536, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88–12–050 (Order 88–06), § 296–17–536, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 86–12–041 (Order 86–18), § 296–17–536, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–536, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–536, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–536, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–536, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 77–27, § 296–17–536, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75–38, § 296–17–536, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–40, § 296–17–536, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–536, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-537 Classification 1102.

Interstate and intrastate trucking including transport companies, express companies, freight hauling and trucking, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-537, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-537, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40, § 296-17-537, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, §296-17-537, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-538 Classification 1103.

Coal merchants, solid fuel yards, firewood dealers, excludes operations subject to risk classification 1004 (WAC 296-17-53501), risk classification 1702 (WAC 296-17-549), risk classification 1703 (WAC 296-17-550), risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659)

Lumber yards, building material dealers, not done in connection with or incidental to a manufacturing or processing plant operation also excluding yard operations rated under risk classification 1002 (WAC 296-17-534.)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-538, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-538, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-538, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-538, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-538, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-53801 Classification 1104.

Automobile or truck wrecking or dismantling
This classification includes over the counter sales of new
or used parts and tow truck operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53801, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-53801, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-53801, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-53801, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-53803 Classification 1106.

Rental stores N.O.C.

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53803, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-53803, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-53803, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-53803, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-53805 Classification 1108.

Auto glass merchants

Glass merchants – including bending, grinding, beveling, silvering or tempering of plate or sheet glass

Report installation of glass, mirrors, aluminum or wood window sashes or similar products away from the shop in risk classification 0511 (WAC 296-17-52103).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-53805, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53805, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-53805, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-53805, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-53806 Classification 1109.

Auto or truck towing companies.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-53806, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-53806, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86.]

#### WAC 296-17-539 Classification 1301.

Bridge tenders, electrically operated bridges, vehicular tunnels operation

Electric light and power cooperatives

Electric light and power plants, cities, towns and counties

Electric light and power public utility districts

Electric systems, N.O.C.

Steam heat and power plants

This classification includes extension of lines and meter readers when done by employees of employers having operations subject to this classification

This classification excludes contractors engaged in underground line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0107 (WAC 296-17-50601); contractors engaged in overhead line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0509 (WAC 296-17-52101); and contractors engaged in wiring within buildings subject to risk classification 0601 (WAC 296-17-522).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-539, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-539, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-539, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-539, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-540 Classification 1303.

Telegraph companies, all other employees, operation and maintenance, extension of lines

Telephone companies, all other employees, operation and maintenance, extension of lines

This classification includes new construction and extension of lines when done by employees of employers having operations subject to this classification

This classification excludes contractors engaged in underground line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0107 (WAC 296-17-50601); contractors engaged in overhead line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0509 (WAC 296-17-52101); and contractors engaged in wiring within buildings subject to risk classification 0608 (WAC 296-17-52701).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-540, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-540, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-540, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-540, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-540, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-541 Classification 1304.

Telephone companies, exchange operators, clerical office and sales personnel

Telegraph companies, clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-541, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-541, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-541, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-54101 Classification 1305.

Television cable companies, operation and maintenance, extension of lines all outside employments

This classification includes new construction and extension of lines when done by employees of employers having operations subject to this classification

This classification excludes contractors engaged in underground line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0107 (WAC 296-17-50601); contractors engaged in overhead line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0509 (WAC 296-17-52101); and contractors engaged in wiring within buildings and telecable hookups within buildings subject to risk classification 0601 (WAC 296-17-522).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-54101, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-54101, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-54101, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-54101, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

## WAC 296-17-542 Classification 1401.

Taxicab companies.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-542, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-542, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-542, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-542, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-542, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-544 Classification 1404.

Bus or limousine companies, transit systems, contract bus driving

Chauffeurs, N.O.C.

Equipment escort and pilot car service

Vessels, ferries, tugs and steamboats operation, N.O.C. including dock employees – excluding maritime.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-544, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-544, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-544, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-544, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-544, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-54401 Classification 1405.

Ambulance services including mobile medic and patient transport services.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-54401, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

## WAC 296-17-545 Classification 1501.

Counties and taxing districts, N.O.C., all other employees

Housing authorities, local public, all other employees including meter readers

Indian tribal councils, all other employees

This classification excludes hospital districts subject to risk classification 6105 (WAC 296-17-682); library districts,

museum districts and school districts subject to risk classifications 6103 (WAC 296-17-680) and 6104 (WAC 296-17-681); port districts subject to risk classification 4201 (WAC 296-17-629); public utility districts subject to risk classification 1301 (WAC 296-17-539) and 1507 (WAC 296-17-546); law enforcement officers subject to risk classification 6905 (WAC 296-17-750); and fire fighters subject to risk classification 6904 (WAC 296-17-749)

This classification also excludes clerical office and white collar employees.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-545, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-545, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-545, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-17-545, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-545, filed 12/1/77; Order 73-22, § 296-17-545, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-546 Classification 1507.

Irrigation ditches, operation, repair and maintenance when done by employees of firms subject to this classification

Waterworks including extension of lines and meter readers when done by employees of employers having operations subject to this classification

This classification excludes contractors engaged in waterline construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0107 (WAC 296-17-50601); and contractors engaged in ditch or canal construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0108 (WAC 296-17-50602).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-546, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-546, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-546, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40,

§ 296-17-546, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-546, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-548 Classification 1701.

Ore reduction, by wet or dry process without application of heat at mine.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-548, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-548, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-549 Classification 1702.

Coal mines, underground Coke ovens

Mines, N.O.C., underground.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-549, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-549, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 75-38, § 296-17-549, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-549, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-549, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-550 Classification 1703.

Open cut mining, all types Placer or hydraulic mining.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-550, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-550, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-550, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-551 Classification 1704.

Quarries, N.O.C., includes stone crushing at quarry site Stone cutting, quarry hazard.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-551, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-551, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-552 Classification 1801.

Blast furnace operation

Lead manufacturing – red or white

Lead works - sheet, tinfoil manufacturing

Recovering, refining, or reprocessing metals

Rolling mills steel or iron, rolling mills, N.O.C.

Smelting, sintering or refining lead, manufacturing calcium carbide

Smelting, sintering or refining ores, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-552, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-552, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-552, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-55201 Classification 1802.

Aluminum smelting: Primary smelting of aluminum from alumina using an electrolytic reduction process.

This classification includes the alloying and casting of sheet ingots, T-ingots, rolling ingots, notched ingots, sows, pigs, extrusion logs, extrusion billets, and other primary production shapes when performed by a primary producer subject to this classification.

This classification excludes secondary processors who do not reduce aluminum from alumina, but whose principle business is casting, rolling, extruding, foiling, or recycling aluminum and aluminum alloys from molten aluminum, primary production shapes or used scrap and dross which are reported separately in Risk Classification 1801.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-06-047 (Order 87-33), § 296-17-55201, filed 3/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-555 Classification 2002.

Freight handlers – packing, handling or shipping merchandise N.O.C.

Refrigeration car, loading, unloading or icing

This classification also includes employees engaged in repackaging of goods from damaged containers.

This classification excludes drivers or other employees with driving duties which are to be reported separately under risk classification 1102 without a division of work hours.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-555, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-555, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-555, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-33), § 296-17-555, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-555, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-555, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-556 Classification 2003.

Hide or leather dealers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-556, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-556, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-557 Classification 2004.

Iron or steel merchants, not junk or scrap dealers
This classification also includes wire rope and cable
dealers

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-557, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), \$ 296-17-557, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-557, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-558 Classification 2005.

Plumber and pipe supply dealers, wholesale or retail, gas, steam or hot water equipment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-558, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-558, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-558, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-560 Classification 2007.

Grain elevator or warehouse

Bean or pea elevator or warehouse.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-560, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-560, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; 73-22, § 296-17-560, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-561 Classification 2008.

Warehouses-field bonded, including clerical office at such location

This classification excludes drivers which are to be separately rated under risk classification 1102 (WAC 296-17-537).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-561, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-561, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-561, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-562 Classification 2101.

Grain milling, feed mills, feed manufacture, including preparation of cereal or compound feeds for livestock Farm supply stores

Flour mills

Hay, grain or feed dealers

Seed merchants including operation of seed sorting machinery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–562, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–562, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73–22, § 296–17–562, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-563 Classification 2102.

Grocery, fruit or produce distributors, wholesale or combined wholesale and retail. Drivers will be separately rated under risk classification 1101 (WAC 296-17-536) delivery by combined wholesale and retail stores

Recycle, collection and receiving stations, and dealers of rags, bottles, paper and metal containers, N.O.C., no junk dealers. Drivers will be separately rated under risk classification 1102 (WAC 296-17-537) trucking, N.O.C.

Warehouses – general merchandise. Wholesale dealers to be separately rated. Drivers will be separately rated under risk classification 1102 (WAC 296-17-537) trucking, N.O.C.

Wool or cotton merchants. Drivers will be separately rated under risk classification 1102 (WAC 296-17-537) trucking, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-563, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-563, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-563, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-563, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-563, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-563, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-17-563, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-38, § 296-17-563, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-563, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-563, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-564 Classification 2104.

Fruit packing – fresh

Vegetable packing - fresh

This classification includes cold storage operations if it is conducted as a part of packing operations; if a separate distinct operation or business exists, it is to be separately rated

This classification excludes all canning or freezing operations

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-564, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-

7), § 296-17-564, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-564, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-564, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-56401 Classification 2105.

Beer, ale, wine or soft drink importers, exporters and distributors, wholesale or combined wholesale and retail

This classification is not to be assigned if a business operation is already assigned to report operations subject to risk classification 3702 (WAC 296-17-600).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-56401, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-56401, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-56401, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82.]

## WAC 296-17-56402 Classification 2106.

Anhydrous ammonia, fertilizer, and agricultural chemical dealers including mixing of chemicals.

This classification does not apply to the production of raw materials for use in the manufacture of the above products.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-56402, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-565 Classification 2201.

Laundries and dry cleaning establishments all operations including drop off stations operated by such establishments

Cleaning and dyeing

This classification is limited to establishments providing services primarily to retail walk in customers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-565, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-565, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-565, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-565, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-566 Classification 2202.

Carpet, rug and upholstery cleaning, shop or outside.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-566, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-566, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-566, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-566, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-56601 Classification 2203.

Laundries – commercial or industrial, N.O.C., including linen, uniform and diaper service.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-56601, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

## WAC 296-17-567 Classification 2401.

Paper or pulp manufacturing, wood fiber manufacturing Corrugated and fiber board container manufacturing, including corrugating and laminating of paper

Paper coating, corrugating, laminating or oiling Paper goods, N.O.C., manufacturing

Building and roofing paper including felt, manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-567, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-567, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-567, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-567, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-567, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-17-567, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 73-22, § 296-17-567, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-568 Classification 2903.

Box, shook, pallet, bin manufacturing, assembly or repair – wood

Door, jamb, window, sash, stair, molding and miscellaneous millwork manufacturing, prehanging or assembly – wood

Furniture stock manufacturing - wood

Lumber remanufacturing

Sign manufacturing - wood

Truss manufacturing - wood

Veneer products manufacturing

Wood chip, hog fuel, bark, bark flour, presto log and lath manufacturing

Wood products manufacturing or assembly N.O.C.

Sawmill operations to be reported separately under risk classification 1002. Veneer manufacturing to be reported separately under risk classification 2904

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. This classification excludes all activities away from the shop or plant.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-568, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-568, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-568, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-568, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-568, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-568, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 76-36, § 296-17-568, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-568, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 75-28, § 296-17-568, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-568, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-569 Classification 2904.

Plywood manufacturing

Veneer, commercial production

This classification includes all types of veneer production.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-569, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-569, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-569, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-569, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-56901 Classification 2905.

Furniture and casket manufacturing or assembly – wood Furniture refinishing including repair – wood

Furniture refinishing with no repair work is to be reported separately under risk classification 3603

Physically separated upholstery departments of firms engaged in furniture or casket manufacturing, assembly or finishing may be reported separately under risk classification 3808, and in accordance with WAC 296-17-410

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. This classification excludes all activities away from the shop or plant.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-56901, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

#### WAC 296-17-570 Classification 2906.

Pattern or model manufacturing, metal, plastic or wood Piano or musical instrument manufacturing, not metal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-570, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-570, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-57001 Classification 2907.

Cabinet, countertop, and fixture manufacturing, modifying or assembly – wood

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. This classification excludes all activities away from the shop or plant.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-57001, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

#### WAC 296-17-57002 Classification 2908.

Truck canopy manufacturing – shop only
Housing, residential, factory-built, shop only
Mobile homes, campers and travel trailers manufacturing – shop only.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-57002, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-57002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-57002, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

## WAC 296-17-57003 Classification 2909.

Woodenware: Household and sporting goods manufacturing or assembly, N.O.C.

This classification excludes wood products manufacturing or assembly reported under risk classifications 2903, 2905, and 2907

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. This classification excludes all activities away from the shop or plant.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-57003, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87.]

## WAC 296-17-571 Classification 3101.

Ready mix concrete dealers

This classification to include any miscellaneous operations made up of tools, equipment and building materials sales which is less than twenty-five percent of the dollar volume of ready mix concrete sales.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-571, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-571, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-571, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-571, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-571, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-571, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-572 Classification 3102.

Rock wool manufacturing, digging or quarrying to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-572, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-572, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-573 Classification 3103.

Cement manufacturing, lime manufacturing

Lightweight aggregate building or insulation material manufacturing

Perlite, pozzolan, magnesite or expanded shale aggregate manufacturing

Digging or quarrying to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-573, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-573, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-574 Classification 3104.

Plaster mills and whiting manufacturing, quarrying to be separately rated

Talc mills and emery works

Asbestos products manufacturing, including spinning or weaving, mica goods manufacturing

Soapstone or soapstone products manufacturing, marble cutting and polishing, slate milling

Stone cutting or polishing, N.O.C., away from quarry Plasterboard or plaster block manufacturing

Asphalt works, grinding, pulverizing or mixing asphalt Coating of building materials, N.O.C. – shop operations Monument dealers who do stonecutting, engraving or sandblasting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-574, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-574, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 76-36, § 296-17-574, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-574, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-575 Classification 3105.

Concrete blocks, bricks, poles, piles, tile and beam manufacturing

Concrete sewer and irrigation pipes, concrete septic tanks and concrete products, N.O.C. manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–575, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–575, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73–22, § 296–17–575, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-57602 Classification 3303.

Meat, fish and poultry dealers, retail

This classification is limited to employers engaged in selling fresh meats, fish and poultry over the counter, by the pound to a retail consumer and who maintain show cases displaying fresh cuts of meat, fish and poultry available for sale by the pound to such consumers

This classification excludes custom meat cutting facilities licensed under chapter 16.49 RCW who are prohibited by law from selling fresh meat, fish and poultry by the pound to a retail customer which are subject to risk classification 4302 (WAC 296-17-631).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-57602, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-57602, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-57602, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-57602, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

## WAC 296-17-57603 Classification 3304.

Fish processors, packers and repackagers: Wholesale or combined wholesale/retail – excluding cold storage or locker operations when conducted as a separate and distinct business operation

Meat and/or poultry dealers: Wholesale or combined wholesale/retail — excluding slaughter or packing house operations which are to be reported separately in risk classification 4301 and cold storage or locker operations which are to be reported separately when conducted as a separate and distinct business operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-57603, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

#### WAC 296-17-578 Classification 3309.

Motorcycle, moped, motor scooter, snowmobile, jet ski, go-carts, golf cars, all terrain vehicles, or other similar motorized vehicles sales and rental agencies including parts and service departments.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-578, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-578, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-578, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-578, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-579 Classification 3401.

Automobile, truck, body and fender repair shops, including painting and incidental upholstery and glass repair

Automobile, truck, mobile home, camper, and trailer sales and/or rental agency, including repair shops and canopy sales and installation by dealers subject to this classification

Automobile, truck, repair shops or garages

Automobile, truck service specialty shops including sales, installation and repair of air conditioning systems, electrical systems, cruise controls, mufflers, and sun roofs

Boat dealers, including repair shops

Marinas and boat house operations, including repair shops

This classification will include mobile home delivery and set up when done by employees of the mobile home sales agency. Contractors doing set up and delivery of mobile homes who are not employees of the mobile home sales agency will be rated under risk classification 0505 (WAC 296-17-520).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-579, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-579, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-579, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-579, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-4-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-579, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-579, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-579, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-580 Classification 3402.

Abrasive wheel manufacturing

Air compressor manufacturing or assembly, elevator manufacturing, gear grinding or manufacturing

Automobile or truck, radiator and heater core manufacturing and repair shops

Auto body manufacturing – truck, trailer, bus body manufacturing, travel trailer body repair

Auto or motorcycle manufacturing or assembly

Auto or truck engine manufacturing, aircraft engine manufacturing or rebuild, N.O.C.

Auto or truck parts, machining or rebuild not in vehicle Battery manufacturing, assembly and repair: Storage type

Bed spring or wire mattress manufacturing

Confectioners machinery manufacturing or assembly, food processing machinery manufacturing or assembly, precision machined parts, N.O.C., manufacturing

Coppersmithing, shop

Die castings manufacturing

Furnace, heater or radiator manufacturing

Heat treating metal

Lead burning, metal spraying - copper

Machinery manufacturing or assembly, N.O.C.

Machine shops, N.O.C., including mobile shops, tool sharpening and marine engine repair

Nut, bolt, screw, nail, tack, rivet, eyelet, spike and needle manufacturing, N.O.C.

Office machinery manufacturing or assembly, N.O.C., cash register and sewing machine manufacturing or assembly

Photo processing machinery manufacturing or assembly Power saw, lawn and garden equipment and small motor repair, N.O.C.

Printing or bookbinding machinery manufacturing or assembly

Pump manufacturing or assembly, safe manufacturing or assembly, scale manufacturing or assembly including repair, auto jack manufacturing or assembly, water meter manufacturing or assembly including repair

Saw manufacturing or assembly

Sewing machine, commercial – repair and rebuild

Shoe machinery manufacturing or assembly, sprinkler head manufacturing or assembly, textile machinery manufacturing or assembly

Small arms, speedometer and carburetor manufacturing or assembly including rebuild

Tool manufacturing, machine finishing

Tool manufacturing, not hot forming or stamping, die manufacturing – ferrous

Valve manufacturing

Welding or cutting, N.O.C. including mobile operations. This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. Unless outside activities are specifically provided for they are to be separately rated

This classification includes the repair of items being manufactured or assembled when done by employees of an employer having operations rated within this classification when the repair is done as a part of and in connection with the manufacturing or assembly operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-580, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-580, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-580, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-580, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-580, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-580, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-580, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-580, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-580, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80. Order 76-36, § 296-17-580, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-580, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-580, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-581 Classification 3403.

Aircraft manufacturing

For the purposes of this rule aircraft manufacturing means the original manufacture of such aircraft as distinguished from rebuilding, modifying, or converting existing aircraft and only applies to the production of units when completed that are capable of in air flight as distinguished from aircraft kits to be assembled by the purchaser and are not capable of air flight when sold

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel and aircraft operations incidental to the manufacture such as test flights.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-581, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-581, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-581, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-581, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 73-22, § 296-17-581, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-582 Classification 3404.

Aluminum ware manufacturing – from sheet aluminum Auto or truck parts manufacturing or assembly N.O.C. – miscellaneous stamped parts

Awning manufacturing or assembly - metal

Brass or copper goods manufacturing

Cans manufacturing - aluminum or galvanized

Coffin-casket manufacturing or assembly, other than wood

Electric or gas lighting fixtures, lampshades or lantern manufacturing or assembly – metal

Furniture, shower-door, showcases - not wood - manufacturing or assembly

Galvanized iron works, manufacturing – not structural Hardware manufacturing, N.O.C.

Metal goods manufacturing, N.O.C., from material lighter than 9 gauge

Metal stamping, including plating and polishing

Sign manufacturing - metal

Ski manufacturing and toboggan manufacturing other than wood

Stove manufacturing, excluding wood stove manufacturing and other stoves made from material 9 gauge or heavier rated under risk classification 5209 (WAC 296-17-67602)

Water heater manufacturing or assembly

Window, sash or door manufacturing or assembly - aluminum

Physically separate upholstery departments of firms engaged in furniture, coffin or casket manufacturing, assembly, or finishing may be separately rated under risk classification 3808 (WAC 296-17-612), and in accordance with WAC 296-17-410

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification. Unless outside activities are specifically provided for they are to be separately rated

This classification includes the repair of items being manufactured or assembled when done by employees of an employer having operations rated in this classification when the repair is done as a part of and in connection with the manufacturing or assembly operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88–12–050 (Order 88–06), § 296–17–582, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87–24–060 (Order 87–26), § 296–17–582, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–582, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–582, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–582, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–582, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–17–016 (Order 80–23), § 296–17–582, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 75–38, § 296–17–582, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–582, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-58201 Classification 3405.

Aircraft parts manufacturing, N.O.C.

For the purpose of this rule; aircraft parts means the component parts making the aircraft operative and becoming part of the aircraft when being manufactured by the aircraft manufacturing company

Provided that this classification will not be assigned to an employer who has operations rated in risk classification 3402 (WAC 296-17-580); risk classification 3404 (WAC 296-17-582); risk classification 3508 (WAC 296-17-592); or risk classification 5201 (WAC 296-17-670) unless such operations are conducted as a distinct and separate business undertaking and rated in accordance with WAC 296-17-390

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-58201, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-58201, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042

(Order 81-30), § 296-17-58201, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-58201, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

#### WAC 296-17-583 Classification 3406.

Automobile or truck car washes

Automobile or truck gas service stations, N.O.C.

Automobile or truck storage garages - no repair

This classification includes cashiers who receive payments from customers and excludes portable automobile or truck car washes subject to risk classification 6602 (WAC 296-17-724).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-583, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-583, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-583, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-583, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-583, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-583, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 73-22, § 296-17-583, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-584 Classification 3407.

Gas or oil dealers, wholesale or retail, including fuel oil, propane or butane

Asphalt, bitumen dealers

Oil refining-petroleum, including manufacturing of products obtained therefrom

Gasahol distilling or refining

Asphalt or tar, distilling or refining

Oil wells operation - oil or gas lease operators

Oil or gas wells – cementing

Oil or gas wells – specialty tool operation, N.O.C., by contractor

Oil or gas wells – installation or recovery of casing

Gas dealers, liquified petroleum gas, gas works, all operations

Oil or gas lease work, N.O.C. – by contractors—not lease operation

Oil or gas pipe line operation

Synthetic rubber manufacturing

Gasoline recovery from casing head or natural gas.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-584, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-584, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-584, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-585 Classification 3408.

Gas companies – natural gas including clerical office and sales personnel

This classification includes new construction and extension of lines when done by employees of employers having operations subject to this classification

This classification excludes contractors engaged in gas line construction, maintenance or repair subject to risk classification 0107 (WAC 296-17-50601).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-585, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-585, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-585, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-585, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-58501 Classification 3409.

Self service gas stations

This classification applies to service stations that are completely self service with no employees performing a direct service of any kind to customer's vehicle. Service stations providing direct services of any kind to a customers vehicle will be rated under risk classification 3406 (WAC 296-17-583) even though such establishments may also have self service gas facilities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-58501, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-58501, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-58501, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

## WAC 296-17-586 Classification 3501.

Brick or clay products manufacturing, N.O.C.

Refractory products, fireproofing tile, flue lining and roofing tile manufacturing

Sewer tile, drainage tile and tile, N.O.C., manufacturing Fireclay products manufacturing, foundry crucible Briquettes manufacturing, peat fuel manufacturing

This classification does not apply to the production of raw materials for use in the manufacture of the above articles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-586, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-586, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-586, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-586, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-587 Classification 3503.

Potteries, glazed or porcelain, earthenware manufacturing

Chinaware, tableware, decorative or architectural terra cotta manufacturing

Decorative tile, clay tobacco pipes, manufacturing

Glassware manufacturing, N.O.C. including stained or leaded glassware manufacturing

Glass manufacturing, N.O.C.

Agate or enamel ware manufacturing

This classification does not apply to the production of raw materials for use in the manufacturing of the above articles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-587, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-587, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-587, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-587, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-587, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-590 Classification 3506.

Crane, hoisting service and rigging contractors. This classification excludes operations incidental to risk classifications 0201 (WAC 296-17-508), 0202 (WAC 296-17-509), 0505 (WAC 296-17-520), 0506 (WAC 296-17-52001), 0507 (WAC 296-17-52002), 0508 (WAC 296-17-521), 0509 (WAC 296-17-52101), 0510 (WAC 296-17-52102), 0604 (WAC 296-17-

525), 0701 (WAC 296-17-528) and 5001 (WAC 296-17-659).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-590, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-590, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-590, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-592 Classification 3508.

Plastic goods manufacturing, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-592, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-592, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-59201 Classification 3509.

Glass frosting, etching, beveling including cutting Plaster statuary or ornament manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-59201, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

#### WAC 296-17-594 Classification 3602.

Camera manufacturing or assembly including repair in shop

Dental laboratories

Electric cordset radio and ignition assembly

Electronic circuit board assembly, N.O.C.

Electronic products manufacturing; resistors, capacitors, chip and relays manufacturing

Fishing tackle manufacturing, N.O.C., including assembly

Incandescent lamp manufacturing, electric tube or transistor manufacturing

Instrument manufacturing, scientific, medical or professional

Jewelry manufacturing or engraving

Magnetic tape manufacturing

Motion picture projectors manufacturing or assembly including repair in shop

Silverware manufacturing, watch case manufacturing Sound recording equipment, thermometer and steam gauge manufacturing

Stereo components manufacturing or assembly

Tag, button, zipper or fastener manufacturing, bottle cap manufacturing

Telegraph or radio apparatus manufacturing, N.O.C.

Telephone set manufacturing or repair, N.O.C.

Trophy engraving

Watch manufacturing

This is a shop or plant only classification although the classification allows for repair work when specified it is contemplated that such repairs are limited to those brought into the shop by the customer or sent through a common carrier. This classification excludes all outside repair work

This classification does not apply to the production of raw material for use in the manufacturing of the above articles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-594, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-594, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-594, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-594, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-

24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-594, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-594, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-594, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-594, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 75-38, § 296-17-594, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-594, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-595 Classification 3603.

Furniture stripping and refinishing

Metal plating or polishing, rustproofing – acid bath, N.O.C.

Painting in shop, N.O.C.

Electroplating and detinning, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-595, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-595, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-595, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-595, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-596 Classification 3604.

Galvanizing or tinning – not electrolytic, N.O.C. Retinning, rustproofing – galvanizing or hot bath, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-596, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), \$ 296-17-596, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-596, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-597 Classification 3605.

Truck manufacturing or assembling.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-597, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-597, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-599 Classification 3701.

Ammonia, nitrogen and ammonium nitrate manufacturing

Nitrate recovery from x-ray and photo films

Manufacturing dye and chemicals for tinting candles

Chemical manufacturing, N.O.C., by nitration, alkylation, oxidation, etc. process. This classification includes the manufacturing of chemicals involving, but not limited to, the following chemical processes: Nitration, alkylation, distillation, reduction, oxidation, sulphonation, compression of gasses, halogenation and amidation

Chemical mixing, blending and repackaging only – no manufacturing of ingredients

Cosmetics manufacturing, no manufacturing of ingredients

Drug, medicine or pharmaceutical preparation manufacturing, no manufacturing of ingredients

Oxygen or hydrogen manufacturing, acetylene gas or carbonic acid gas manufacturing

Alcohol manufacturing, distilling, N.O.C.

Polish, dressing, ink or mucilage manufacturing

Extract manufacturing, including distillation of essential

Perfumery manufacturing, including distillation of essential oils

Flavoring manufacturing, including distillation of essential oils

Mint distilling

Salt, borax or potash producing or refining

Serum, anti-toxin or virus manufacturing

Paint, varnish or lacquer manufacturing

Putty manufacturing, synthetic resin manufacturing

Acid manufacturing

Candle, crayon and paste manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-599, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-599, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-599, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-599, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 74-40, § 296-17-599, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-599, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-600 Classification 3702.

Breweries or malt houses

Bottling - beverages, N.O.C.

Spiritous liquor manufacturing

Wine making

Yeast manufacturing

This classification includes tour guides and tasting room employees.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-600, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-600, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-600, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-600, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-603 Classification 3707.

Rubber boot manufacturing, rubber goods manufacturing, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-603, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-603, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-603, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-603, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-604 Classification 3708.

Linoleum, oil cloth or imitation leather manufacturing Broom and brush manufacturing, or assembly

Cordage, rope or twine manufacturing

Match manufacturing

Cotton cord or cotton twine manufacturing

Textile manufacturing, N.O.C.

Taxidermists and hide pelting

Parachutes, suspenders, fur goods and bandages manufacturing

Nylon or synthetic goods manufacturing, N.O.C.

Life preservers and canvas goods manufacturing, N.O.C. Braid, net, plush and velvet, thread, webbing and yarn manufacturing

Spinning or weaving – natural or synthetic fibres, N.O.C.

Pillow, quilt or cushion manufacturing including stuffed animal or doll manufacturing

Mattress or box springs manufacturing – no manufacturing wire springs or excelsior

Abrasive cloth preparation

Bag or sack manufacturing or renovating – cotton, burlap, gunny, nylon, or textile

Carpet or rug manufacturing

Fire hose manufacturing from linen thread

Cotton batting, wadding or waste manufacturing

Wool combing or scouring

Fishing rod wrappings, manufacturing

Awning, tent, sail, flags, wind socks or sleeping bag manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-604, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-604, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-604, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-604, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-604, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-605 Classification 3801.

Glove manufacturing, leather, belting manufacturing, leather

Leather goods manufacturing, N.O.C.

Boot or shoe manufacturing or repair, N.O.C.

Leather embossing

Shoe stock manufacturing, gasket manufacturing – not metal or asbestos.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-605, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-605, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-605, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-605, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-606 Classification 3802.

Lace, embroidery, cloth hats, umbrella and draperies manufacturing

Clothing or cloth goods manufacturing, N.O.C.

Gloves manufacturing, N.O.C.

Millinery manufacturing, artificial feather or flower manufacturing, N.O.C.

Wig making

Hosiery manufacturing

Fabric coating, impregnating or waterproofing, N.O.C., textiles bleaching, dyeing or finishing, new goods, not garments

Cloth printing

Dressmaking or tailoring.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–606, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–606, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–606, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75–38, § 296–17–606, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–606, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-612 Classification 3808.

Upholstery work, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-612, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-612, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 83-05-019 (Order 83-5), § 296-17-612, filed 2/9/83; Order 75-28, § 296-17-612, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-612, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-614 Classification 3901.

Bakeries - retail

This classification applies only to those bakeries that sell products at retail primarily on the premises of the bakery and contemplates minimal delivery of products off premise such as delivery of wedding cakes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-614, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-614, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-614, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-614, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 73-22, § 296-17-614, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-615 Classification 3902.

Fruit and vegetable cannery and freezer operations
Fruit and vegetable evaporating, preserving or
dehydrating

Fruit syrup manufacturing, fruit juice manufacturing, jam or jelly manufacturing, cider manufacturing

Pea vining

Corn products, chocolate and cocoa manufacturing
Baking powder, dextrine, glucose, and starch
manufacturing

Nut shelling, egg breaking, coconut shredding and peanut handling

Food sundries manufacturing and food processing, N.O.C.

Peanut butter, honey, mayonnaise and instant potato manufacturing

Pickle manufacturing, sauerkraut manufacturing Pet food manufacturing

Butter substitutes manufacturing Breakfast food manufacturing

Poultry canning and canneries, N.O.C.

Vegetable oil manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), \$ 296–17–615, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75–38, \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–40, \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, \$ 296–17–615, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-616 Classification 3903.

Sugar refining

Molasses manufacturing, syrup manufacturing, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-616, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-616, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-618 Classification 3905.

Cocktail and soft drink lounges

Commissaries and restaurants with construction, erection, logging or mine operations

Eating establishments, N.O.C., such as public lunch counters in stores, ice cream parlors, popcorn stores or stands, and retail candy stores with on premise manufacturing

Food, drink, candy, etc. concessionaires at parks, tracks and exhibitions including vending concessionaires dispensing food, drink, candy, etc. at ball parks, race tracks, theatres and exhibitions Restaurants and taverns

This classification is not applicable to street vendors or route food services who shall be rated under class 1101 (WAC 296-17-536).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-618, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-618, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-618, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-618, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-618, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-618, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-618, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-61801 Classification 3906.

Bakeries, cracker or potato chip manufacturing, N.O.C. Confectionery and chewing gum manufacturing Cough drop manufacturing Macaroni manufacturing Pizza manufacturing, N.O.C.

Ravioli or tamale manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-61801, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-61801, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-61801, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-61801, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

## WAC 296-17-61804 Classification 3909.

Caterers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-61804, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-61804, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

## WAC 296-17-619 Classification 4002.

Creameries or milk and milk products processing including butter, cheese, ice cream, ice cream mix, and condensed milk

This classification does not include dairy or farming operations subject to risk classification 7301 (WAC 296-17-644).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-619, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-619, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-619, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-619, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-619, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-620 Classification 4101.

Printing, lithography, engraving, map printing, and silk screening, N.O.C.

Rubber stamp manufacturing and assembling Bookbinding

This classification excludes photographic composition or prepress work such as photographic or computerized typesetting, layout, paste up, editing and proofreading, camera work and platemaking which will be reported in risk classification 4904

Any employee involved in printing operations subject to this classification will be reported in risk classification 4101 without division of hours.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-620, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-

33), § 296-17-620, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-620, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-620, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-620, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-620, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 75-38, § 296-17-620, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-620, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-622 Classification 4103.

Newspaper publishing

This classification excludes photographic composition or prepress work such as photographic or computerized typesetting, layout, paste up, editing and proofreading, camera work and plate making which will be reported in risk classification 4904

Any employee involved in printing operations subject to this classification will be reported in risk classification 4103 without division of hours

Outside reporters, advertising or circulation solicitors and photographers with no other duties will be rated under risk classification 6303 (WAC 296-17-698)

Newspaper publishers with no printing operations will be governed by WAC 296-17-44001, business described by a standard exception classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–622, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–622, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–622, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–622, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75–38, § 296–17–622, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–622, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-626 Classification 4107. Business machine service, adjustment, or repair, N.O.C. This classification includes the installation of typewriters, adding machines and reproduction machines (either electric or manual), main frame and micro/mini computer systems and x-ray equipment

Piano tuning.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-626, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-626, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-626, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-626, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-626, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-627 Classification 4108.

Letter service shops and mailing or addressing companies

This classification includes clerical office employees and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-627, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-627, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-627, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-627, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-627, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-628 Classification 4109.

Sign painting in shop Sign painting or lettering inside buildings This classification does not include painting done in connection with sign manufacturing rated under risk classification 2903 (WAC 296-17-568); risk classification 3404 (WAC 296-17-582); risk classification 3503 (WAC 296-17-587); or risk classification 3508 (WAC 296-17-592) or painting done in connection with sign repair rated under risk classification 0403 (WAC 296-17-516). Sign erection outside will be rated under risk classification 0403 (WAC 296-17-516).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-628, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-628, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-628, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-628, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-629 Classification 4201.

Coal dock operation – by means of mechanical apparatus, including stevedoring

Longshoring and stevedoring

Port districts, including sales personnel

Stevedoring, by hand or hand truck exclusively, no hoisting of cargo

Stevedoring, loading and unloading ships designed for freight carrying containers

Stevedoring, N.O.C., supercargo checkers

Tallymen, checking clerks in connection with stevedoring work

Wharf and pier, operation

This classification includes employees engaged in mending and repacking of damaged containers in connection with stevedoring work.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-629, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-629, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-629, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-630 Classification 4301.

Glue manufacturing

Lard making or refining

Meat products manufacturing, including canning or dehydrating

Packing house – including butchering and handling livestock

Peat moss shredding and baling

Rendering works, N.O.C.

Sausage casings, wholesale dealer

Sausage manufacturing

Slaughter houses

Tallow making

Tanneries, fur manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-630, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-630, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-630, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-630, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 76-36, § 296-17-630, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-630, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-630, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-631 Classification 4302.

Custom meat cutting facilities as licensed under chapter 16.49 RCW including farm kill operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-631, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-631, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 76-36, § 296-17-631, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-631, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-633 Classification 4304.

Feed lots Stock yards, no slaughtering Livestock auction and sales yards Livestock buyers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-633, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-633, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-633, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-634 Classification 4305.

Garbage, refuse or ashes collecting Garbage works, landfill, reduction or incineration including cashiers collecting fees from customers Radioactive waste landfill.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-634, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-634, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-634, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-634, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-634, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-635 Classification 4401.

Cold storage plants, lockers operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-635, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-635, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-635, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-63501 Classification 4402.

Ice manufacturing, artificial Ice harvesting Ice dealers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-63501, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-63501, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

## WAC 296-17-636 Classification 4404.

Storage warehouse, cold.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-636, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-636, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-637 Classification 4501.

Radio or television broadcasting companies – transmitter or field employees outside, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-637, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-637, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-637, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-638 Classification 4502.

Radio broadcasting stations, all other employment including clerical office and sales personnel

Recording companies, studio including clerical office and sales personnel

Television broadcasting stations, all other employment including clerical office and sales personnel

Television cable companies, all other employment including clerical office and sales personnel

"All other employees" is limited to employees confined to the studio or office and includes control operators, announcers, players, entertainers or musicians.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-638, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-638, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-638, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-640 Classification 4504.

Theatres all types

This classification includes managers, stage hands, box office employees, parking lot attendants, ushers, motion picture operators, snack bar employees, clerical office and sales personnel but excludes players, musicians or entertainers rated under risk classification 6605 (WAC 296-17-727).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-640, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-640, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-640, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-640, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-640, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-641 Classification 4601.

Fireworks manufacturing Powder works manufacturing

Combined chemicals and explosives manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-641, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 74-40, § 296-17-641, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-641, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-643 Classification 4802.

Berry farms

Bulb raising

Field vegetable crops, such as bush beans, peas, sweet corn, potatoes, sugar beets, and field carrots which are mechanically harvested

Flower seed growing including harvesting of seeds Picking of forest products, N.O.C.

Tricking of forest products, 14.0.C.

Vineyards including harvesting of fruit

This classification excludes fresh fruit packing operations rated under risk classification 2104 (WAC 296–17–564); and fruit cannery or freezer operations rated under risk classification 3902 (WAC 296–17–615) unless specifically included by manual language.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-643, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-643, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-643, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-12-024 (Order 85-11), § 296-17-643, filed 5/31/85; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-643, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-643, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order

77-27, § 296-17-643, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-38, § 296-17-643, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-643, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-643, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-644 Classification 4803.

Farms, N.O.C.

Orchards – applies to all tree crops, deciduous and fruits, nuts, and shall include all acreage devoted to

the raising of such crops

This classification includes operations incidental to the enterprises described above including harvesting of all crops. However; ground hand picking of prunes and nuts will be separately rated under risk classification 4806 (WAC 296-17-647) if the conditions stipulated in that risk classification are met

This classification excludes fresh fruit packing operations rated under risk classification 2104 (WAC 296-17-564); and fruit cannery or freezer operations or nut processing rated under risk classification 3902 (WAC 296-17-615).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-644, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-644, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-644, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-644, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-644, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-644, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-644, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-644, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/75.

## WAC 296-17-645 Classification 4804.

Poultry raising, egg production and hatcheries
Egg grading, candling and packing
Fur bearing animals and rabbit raising
This classification applies to acreage devoted to the raising of poultry, rabbits and fur bearing animals.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-645, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-645, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40, § 296-17-645, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-645, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-646 Classification 4805.

Christmas tree sales from u-cut farms or retail sales lots Nurseries, including greenhouse operations incidental thereto

This classification applies to all acreage devoted to nursery operations and including tree nurseries and sod growing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-646, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-646, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-646, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-646, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-646, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 75-38, § 296-17-646, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-646, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-647 Classification 4806.

Ground hand harvesting of berries, N.O.C.

For the purposes of this rule ground hand harvesting of berries means those crops which are harvested from the ground by hand by a worker either sitting, kneeling, bending, stooping or in a similar position or in the upright position when standing on the ground with no aid of ladders, stools or other climbing devices. This classification excludes all harvesting operations that employ or require the use of hand held cutting devices or tools or any mechanical picking or harvesting machinery including incidental pickers which may or may not follow behind such machinery and collect the harvested crops by hand.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-647, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-647, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-647, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 76-36, § 296-17-647, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-647, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-647, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-647, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-649 Classification 4808.

Alfalfa and clover seed growing

Field crops, N.O.C., including raising of all hay, and cereal grains

Potato sorting and storage, N.O.C.

This classification applies to all operations incidental to the enterprises described above

This classification excludes grain milling operations rated under risk classification 2101 (WAC 296-17-562); fresh vegetable packing operations rated under risk classification 2104 (WAC 296-17-564); and vegetable cannery or freezer operations rated under risk classification 3902 (WAC 296-17-615).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–649, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–649, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–12–024 (Order 85–11), § 296–17–649, filed 5/31/85; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–649, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–649, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75–38, § 296–17–649, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–40, § 296–17–649, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–649, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-64901 Classification 4809.

Greenhouses, N.O.C.

Flowers – field growing, excluding bulb raising rated in risk classification 4802 (WAC 296-17-643)

Mushroom raising and harvesting

Sprouts raising and harvesting

This classification excludes fresh vegetable packing operations rated under risk classification 2104 (WAC 296-17-564); and vegetable cannery or freezer operations rated under risk classification 3902 (WAC 296-17-615).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-64901, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-64901, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-64901, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-64901, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-64901, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16-035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-64901, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

#### WAC 296-17-64902 Classification 4810.

Farms – field vegetables, N.O.C. including truck gardening for fresh market. This classification includes all ground preparation, growing husbandry and hand harvesting with the aid of a hand held cutting device such as a paring or cutting knife used in the harvest of broccoli or cauliflower and by hand alone as in the case of cucumbers.

Separately report ground preparation, growing and harvesting of vegetable crops such as bush beans, peas, sweet corn, potatoes and field carrots which are mechanically harvested in risk classification 4802 (WAC 296-17-643) "farms: Vegetables – mechanically harvested"; fresh vegetable packing operations reported separately under risk classification 2104 (WAC 296-17-564); and vegetable cannery or freezer operations reported separately under risk classification 3902 (WAC 296-17-615).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-64902, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-64902, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-64902, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-64902, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86.]

#### WAC 296-17-64903 Classification 4811.

Farms: Hops – including cultivating, picking, drying and baling hops and all other operations incidental to the enterprise described above

Farms: Mint – including distillery operations when conducted in connection with a mint farm operation and when performed by employees of an employer subject to this classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-64903, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-64903, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86.]

#### WAC 296-17-64904 Classification 4812.

Fish and shellfish hatcheries including raising, egg production, grading, harvesting and shipping

This classification excludes fish and shellfish processing which are to be reported separately under risk classification 3304.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-64904, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-64904, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86.]

## WAC 296-17-650 Classification 4901.

Consulting engineering and architectural firms, N.O.C. Geologists, N.O.C.

Lease buyers performing work similar to oil geologists Oil or gas geologists or scouts.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-650, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-650, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-650, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 75-38, § 296-17-650, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-650, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-650, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-651 Classification 4902.

State government — use of this classification is limited to clerical office, sales personnel and professional white collar employees that have no field exposure, law enforcement powers, or provide patient health care. For the purposes of this rule field exposure is defined as anything other than the normal travel to a work assignment such as a field auditor or social worker would encounter

This classification includes all departments, agencies, boards, commissions and committees of either the executive, legislative or judicial branches of state government. See risk classifications 4906 (WAC 296-17-655), 5307 (WAC 296-17-67901), 7103 (WAC 296-17-756) and 7201 (WAC 296-17-763) for other state government operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-651, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-651, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-651, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-651, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 73-22, § 296-17-651, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-652 Classification 4903.

Marine appraising Boiler inspecting, N.O.C. Elevator inspecting, no service Inspection for insurance or valuation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–652, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–652, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–17–016 (Order 80–23), § 296–17–652, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 73–22, § 296–17–652, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-653 Classification 4904.

Clerical office, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-653, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-653, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-653, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-653, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-654 Classification 4905.

Hotels

Motels

This classification excludes restaurant and lounge employees which are to be reported separately in risk classification 3905 "restaurants, N.O.C.". Hotel and motel desk clerks with no other duties will be reported separately in risk classification 4904 "clerical office N.O.C."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-654, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-654, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-654, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-654, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-654, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 76-36, § 296-17-654, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-654, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-655 Classification 4906.

Institutions of higher education including clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-655, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-655, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-655, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-655, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-655, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-656 Classification 4907.

Inmates employed in prison industries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-656, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-656, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-657 Classification 4908.

Inmates of adult honor camps.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-657, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-657, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-658 Classification 4909.

Inmates of juvenile forest camps.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035, 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-658, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-658, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-65801 Classification 4910.

Building or property management operations by owner or lessee— including malls, apartment/condominium complexes and mobile home parks

Chimney cleaning - residential buildings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-65801, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

#### WAC 296-17-659 Classification 5001.

Firewood cutting – all woods operations Logging, N.O.C.

Sawmill operations conducted in the woods in connection

with logging operations

Shake, shingle bolt and post cutting – all woods operations

For the purposes of this rule, logging, N.O.C. shall be considered the complete operation, including such activities as falling and bucking, skidding, yarding, loading, and maintenance of equipment except as otherwise provided and aircraft operations incident thereto

See risk classification 5206 (WAC 296-17-675) for permanent yard operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-659, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-659, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-659, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-659, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-659, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-659, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 77-27, § 296-17-659, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-38, § 296-17-659, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-659, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/76.

## WAC 296-17-660 Classification 5002.

Booming and rafting logs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-660, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-660, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-66001 Classification 5003.

Log hauling by contractor

Log truck drivers, N.O.C.

See risk classification 5206 (WAC 296-17-675) for permanent yard operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-66001, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-66001, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-66001, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-66001, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

#### WAC 296-17-66002 Classification 5004.

Tree planting and precommercial tree thinning—forestry type operations

This classification excludes all operations subject to risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659) logging, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-66002, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-66002, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-66002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-66002, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82.]

## WAC 296-17-661 Classification 5101.

Metal ejection molding

Pipe or tube manufacturing, iron or steel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-661, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), \$ 296-17-661, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-661, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-663 Classification 5103.

Foundries, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-663, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-663, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-663, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-666 Classification 5106.

Blacksmithing, spring manufacturing, not wire spring, auto bumper manufacturing

Tool forging, hot forming or stamping Forging works, drop or machine Chain manufacturing, forged.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-666, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-666, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-666, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-668 Classification 5108.

Cable or wire rope drawing and manufacturing Cable or wire rope manufacturing, no drawing Cable or wire insulation or covering.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-668, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-668, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-668, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-669 Classification 5109.

Heavy arms manufacturing or repair

Heavy machinery and equipment manufacturing or repair.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-669, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-669, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-669, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-669, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 75-38, § 296-17-669, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-669, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-670 Classification 5201.

Electric motors, generators, alternators, starters, convertors, solenoids and servomotors manufacturing or assembly including repair

Electric power or transmission equipment manufacturing or assembly

Electrical toasters, frying pans, and wire harnesses manufacturing or assembly

Vacuum cleaners and electrical appliances manufacturing or assembly, N.O.C.

This classification contemplates the manufacturing or repair of transformers, switchboards, circuit breakers, switches or switchboard apparatus, power switching devices or systems, power invertors or similar equipment but excludes installation or service

This is a shop or plant only classification, all outside activities are to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-670, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-670, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-670, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-670, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-670, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-673 Classification 5204.

Railroad car manufacturing or repair Railroad car wheel manufacturing or repair.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-673, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 75-38, § 296-17-673, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-673, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-675 Classification 5206.

Construction or erection contractors permanent yard or shop for maintenance or storage of firm's equipment or material

This classification is applicable only to a permanent yard or shop maintained by the employer for the storage of material, or the storage and maintenance of equipment. This classification is applicable only to those employees regularly assigned to the shop or yard, and whose duties are solely incidental to the storage, repair or maintenance of the employer's equipment or material. No employee having any other duties during

their shift or work day will be rated in this classifica-

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-675, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-675, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-675, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-675, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81 (Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-675, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 76-36, § 296-17-675, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-675, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-676 Classification 5207.

Bowling alleys

Skating rinks - ice or roller

This classification includes food and beverage operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-676, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-676, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-676, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-676, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-67601 Classification 5208.

Brass, bronze, iron-ornamental - shop fabricating, assembly and manufacturing

Iron or steel works, shop, fabricate or assemble structural iron or steel

Iron works - shop - fabricate, assemble or manufacture nonstructural iron or steel

Iron works - shop - manufacturing railings, staircases, fire escapes, etc.

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification

Unless outside activities are specifically provided for they are to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-67601, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-67601, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-67601, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

# WAC 296-17-67602 Classification 5209.

Boilermaking, tank building (shop)

Metal goods manufacturing, N.O.C., from material 9 gauge or heavier

Wood stove manufacturing

This is a shop or plant only classification but does contemplate work being performed in an adjacent yard when operated by an employer having operations subject to this classification

Unless outside activities are specifically provided for they are to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-67602, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-67602, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-67602, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-67602, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

## WAC 296-17-677 Classification 5301.

Accounting or bookkeeping firms

Court reporting firms

Credit bureaus

**Employment agencies** 

Law firms

Management analyst or consulting firms, N.O.C.

Secretarial or telephone answering services

Travel agencies

Word processing services

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel

Use of this classification is limited to employers engaged in such services being provided to the general public. This is a services only classification and does not include retailing or store operations, nor is this classification to be assigned to employers setting up separate business operation to manage other commonly owned or operated business undertakings unless coincidentally the other operations are also subject to this classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-677, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-677, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-677, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-677, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-677, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-677, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-677, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-677, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 75-38, § 296-17-677, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-677, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-678 Classification 5305.

Clerical office, sales personnel and white collar employees of cities and towns.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-678, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-678, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-678, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-678, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-679 Classification 5306.

Clerical office, sales personnel and white collar employees of county and taxing districts, N.O.C.

Clerical office, sales personnel and white collar employees of Indian tribal councils.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), \$ 296-17-679, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), \$ 296-17-679, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-679, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-67901 Classification 5307.

State government, N.O.C.

For the purpose of this rule, this classification will include any state employee performing manual labor, supervising a work crew performing manual labor such as custodial or maintenance, construction, and machinery or equipment operators or professional white collar employments such as engineers, safety inspectors, biologists who have field exposures

This classification includes all departments, agencies, boards, commissions and committees of either the executive, legislative or judicial branches of state government

See risk classifications 4902 (WAC 296-17-651), 4906 (WAC 296-17-655), 7201 (WAC 296-17-763), and 7103 (WAC 296-17-756) for other state employees.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-67901, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-67901, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-67901, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-67901, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-680 Classification 6103.

Athletic officials for amateur sports, N.O.C., such as umpires and referees

Churches

Day nurseries or child care centers

Libraries, N.O.C.

Museums, N.O.C.

Schools, N.O.C. including dance, modeling, music and flight instructions classroom only

Schools: Academic K-12

Schools, trade or vocational

Use of this classification is limited to clerical office, sales personnel and white collar professional employees

See risk classification 6104 (WAC 296-17-681) for other operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-680, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-680, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-680, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-680, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-680, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-680, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-681 Classification 6104.

Churches

Day nurseries or child care centers

Libraries, N.O.C.

Museums, N.O.C.

Schools, N.O.C. including dance, modeling, music

Schools: Academic K-12

Schools, trade or vocational

All other employments, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–681, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–681, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–681, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–681, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73–22, § 296–17–681, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-682 Classification 6105.

Hospitals - N.O.C. including hospital districts

Hospitals - private proprietary

Hospitals - religious, charitable or nonprofit

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-682, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-682, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-682, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-682, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-682, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 73-22, § 296-17-682, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-684 Classification 6107.

Veterinary hospitals or clinics

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-684, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-684, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-684, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-684, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-684, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-685 Classification 6108.

Convalescent or nursing homes

Homes for the aged

Rest homes

This classification includes nursing care for the residents.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-685, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-685, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-685, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-685, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-685, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 75-38, § 296-17-685, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-685, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-686 Classification 6109.

Childbirth classes

Chiropractors, N.O.C.

Dental clinics, N.O.C.

Dentists, N.O.C.

Medical clinics, N.O.C.

Naturopaths, N.O.C.

Optometrists, N.O.C.

Physical therapists, N.O.C.

Physicians and surgeons, N.O.C.

Psychologists and psychiatrists, N.O.C.

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–24–060 (Order 87–26), § 296–17–686, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–686, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–686, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–686, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–686, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–686, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73–22, § 296–17–686, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-68601 Classification 6110.

Home health services and nursing care, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-68601, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90.]

## [Title 296 WAC-p 152]

#### WAC 296-17-687 Classification 6201.

Crematoriums

Funeral directors - mortuaries

This classification excludes cemetery operations rated under risk classification 6202 (WAC 296-17-688).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-687, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-687, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-687, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-687, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-688 Classification 6202.

#### Cemeteries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-688, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-688, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-688, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-689 Classification 6203.

Boys or girls clubs

YMCA/YWCA institutions

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel and excludes camp operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–689, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–689, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–689, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–689, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–689, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 75–38, § 296–17–689, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–689, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-690 Classification 6204.

Baths or saunas, N.O.C.

Exercise or health institutes

Gymnasiums

Health clubs

Massage parlors

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-690, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-690, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-690, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-690, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-690, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-691 Classification 6205.

Clubs, N.O.C. such as but not limited to fraternal, home owners or social organizations

This classification includes food and beverage opera-

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-691, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-691, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-691, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-691, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-691, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-692 Classification 6206.

Golf courses, N.O.C., excluding miniature golf and driving ranges which are to be reported separately in

risk classification 6208 unless they are conducted in connection with operations subject to this classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-692, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-692, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-692, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-692, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-692, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-693 Classification 6207.

Carnivals: Amusement rides and concessions, traveling. This classification includes drivers and all employees engaged in the set up and tear down of all mechanical and nonmechanical rides, concession booths, or stands (i.e., game, food, souvenir, etc.), mobile offices, aid rooms, ticket booths, and all other temporary structures associated with a traveling carnival. Report carnival operations (i.e., ride operators, ticket takers and sellers, cooks, traveling clerical, game attendants, etc.) separately in risk classification 6208 (WAC 296-17-694) "carnival operations." Report winter quartering and permanent yard or shop operations separately in risk classification 5206 (WAC 296-17-675) "contractors permanent yard."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-693, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-693, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-693, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 77-27, § 296-17-693, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 73-22, § 296-17-693, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-694 Classification 6208.

Amusement parks

Carnival operations, N.O.C.

Caves or caverns operation for exhibition purposes – including rides, ticket sellers, gate attendants

Concessions – boats in parks

**Fairs** 

Kiddie rides - permanent locations

Miniature golf courses

Race tracks, excluding parimutual clerks and cashiers with no other duties which will be rated under risk classification 4904 (WAC 296-17-653) clerical office, N.O.C.

Ranges - archery, ball, dart, golf

Shooting galleries, air rifle - no firearms

Shooting ranges - firearms

Shows - animal

Shows - flower, art

This classification includes food and beverage operations and care, custody and maintenance of the above facilities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86–12–041 (Order 86–18), § 296–17–694, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–694, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–694, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–694, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 76–36, § 296–17–694, filed 11/30/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–694, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-695 Classification 6209.

Camp grounds such as but not limited to church, recreational, or educational including incidental cottage or cabin rentals, boat concessions, grocery stores, and penny or video arcades

Dude ranches - excluding cattle ranches

Swimming pools - public

This classification includes food and beverage operations, clerical office and sales personnel physically located at the above facilities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-695, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-695, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-695, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-695, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-695, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-695, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-695, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-696 Classification 6301.

Automobile sales personnel
Camper sales personnel
Driving school instructors
Motorcycle sales personnel
Pleasurecraft sales personnel – no aircraft
Trailer or mobile home sales personnel
Truck sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-696, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-696, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-696, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-696, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 73-22, § 296-17-696, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-697 Classification 6302.

Book sales personnel
Coffee, tea, grocery sales personnel
Cosmetics sales personnel
Door to door sales personnel, N.O.C.
Household furnishings sales personnel
Magazine sales personnel
Vacuum cleaner sales personnel
Wearing apparel sales personnel
This classification is for door to door sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-697, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-697, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-697, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-697, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-698 Classification 6303.

Collectors, messengers, counsellors, N.O.C.

Farm machinery sales personnel – outside

Insurance sales personnel and claims adjustors – outside

Machinery sales personnel – outside – construction,
mining, heavy equipment

Sales personnel, N.O.C. – outside.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-698, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-698, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-698, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory

Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-698, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 76-36, § 296-17-698, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-698, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-699 Classification 6304.

Department stores

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel and installation of household furnishings such as lamps, pictures, draperies or curtains etc.

This classification excludes automotive repair and service and other outside installation or construction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–699, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–699, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–699, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73–22, § 296–17–699, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

### WAC 296-17-700 Classification 6305.

Clothing stores – retail Concessions for hat and coat checking Dry goods stores – retail Shoe stores – retail

This classification includes clerical office and sales per-

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–700, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–700, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–700, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–700, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73–22, § 296–17–700, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-701 Classification 6306.

Appliance stores wholesale/retail excluding second hand appliance stores which will be rated in risk classification 0607 (WAC 296-17-527) household appliances service and repair

Furniture rental stores

Furniture stores wholesale/retail

Office furniture stores - wholesale/retail

Piano or organ stores, N.O.C., wholesale/retail

This classification will include installation of household furnishings, household floor coverings, and household appliances including incidental service and repair of household appliances

This classification excludes contract installation which for the purposes of this rule shall mean the bidding and ultimate furnishing to a purchaser such items listed in this classification that are specially ordered from others (i.e., factories, manufacturers, brokers, etc.) to fulfill the terms of the contract.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-701, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-701, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-701, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 76-36, § 296-17-701, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-701, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-701, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-703 Classification 6308.

Clock and watch stores — wholesale/retail Hearing-aid stores — wholesale/retail Jewelry stores — wholesale/retail Optical stores, no lens grinding – wholesale/retail
This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–703, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–703, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–703, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–703, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73–22, § 296–17–703, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-704 Classification 6309.

Automobile, truck, motorcycle accessory or replacement parts stores, wholesale/retail – excluding repairs

Bicycle stores – wholesale/retail, including repairs

Custom picture or u-frame stores – wholesale/retail, including repairs

Electrical hardware dealers – wholesale/retail, excluding repairs

Garden supply stores – wholesale/retail, excluding repairs

Gun stores – wholesale/retail, including repairs

Hardware stores – wholesale/retail, excluding repairs Locksmiths, including repairs but excluding installation

of dead bolt locks or similar activities which will be separately reported in risk classification 0607

Stained art glass stores – wholesale/retail, excluding manufacturing

Wood stove and accessory stores – wholesale/retail excluding installations or repairs

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–704, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–704, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–704, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–704, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–704, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 76–36, § 296–17–704, filed 11/30/76; Order 75–38, § 296–17–704, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73–22, § 296–17–704, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-706 Classification 6402.

Grocery stores with fresh meat counters, combined – retail

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel

Lunch counters and restaurant operations to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–706, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–706, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–706, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–706, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73–22, § 296–17–706, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-707 Classification 6403.

Coffee, tea or spice stores – retail Dairy products stores – retail Delicatessens – retail, no fresh meat Fruit or vegetable stores – retail Grocery stores – retail, N.O.C.

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-707, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-707, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-707, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-707, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-707, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-707, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-708 Classification 6404.

Florists stores wholesale/retail
Balloon arrangement stores wholesale/retail
This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-708, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-708, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-708, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-708, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-708, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-708, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-708, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-709 Classification 6405.

Tire manufacturing, vulcanizing, rebuilding and/or recapping

Tire sales and service, wholesale and retail including incidental mechanical repair work to automobiles or trucks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-709, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-709, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 75-38, § 296-17-709, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-709, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-710 Classification 6406.

Book, record, video stores – retail Camera/photo supplies stores – retail

Candy, cigarette and tobacco stores - retail

Coin and stamp stores - retail

Coin operated arcades, excluding repair rated under risk classification 0606 (WAC 296-17-526)

Drug stores - retail

Dry cleaning - coin operated self service

Fabric and yardage stores, yarn and needle work stores – retail

Floor covering stores, carpet sample stores, retail – excluding installation which will be rated in risk classification 0502 (WAC 296-17-517)

Laundromats, coin operated self service

Microwave oven and stereo component stores – retail

Musical instrument stores – retail, excluding piano or organ stores which will be rated in risk classification 6306 (WAC 296-17-701)

News butchers or news/magazine stands - retail

Office stationery stores, and office machinery stores including microcomputer and copy machines excluding repair

Paint/wallpaper stores - retail

Pawn shops

Pet shops - retail including incidental pet grooming

Private mailbox, safety deposit box or computer tape storage facilities

Retail stores, N.O.C.

Sewing machine stores - retail

Sporting goods stores - retail

Telephone stores - retail

Variety and five and ten cent stores - retail

Wine stores and retail liquor agencies; soft drink stores

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel, but excludes all on premise manufacturing of any kind, delivery drivers, outside installation, lunch counters and restaurant operations which are to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-710, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-710, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-710, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-710, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-710, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-17-710, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-38, § 296-17-710, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-710, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-711 Classification 6407.

Barber and beauty supply houses

Clothing, wearing apparel or dry goods stores – wholesale

Drug stores wholesale

Mill supply dealers

Paint and wallpaper dealers - wholesale

Stores, combined wholesale and retail, N.O.C.

Welding supply dealers

Wholesale stores, N.O.C.

This classification excludes drivers which are to be separately rated under risk classification 1101 (WAC 296-17-536), delivery by combined wholesale and retail stores.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-711, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-711, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-711, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-711, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-712 Classification 6408.

Farm machinery/equipment dealers

Farm machinery rental dealers

This classification includes demonstration of machinery or equipment and repair without regard to location. All other operations to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-712, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-712, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 74-40, § 296-17-712, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-712, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-713 Classification 6409.

Machinery/equipment dealers, N.O.C.

Machinery rental dealers, N.O.C.

Oil or gas well supplies or equipment dealers

This classification includes demonstration of machinery or equipment and repair without regard to location. All other operations to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-713, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-713, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-713, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 74-40, § 296-17-713, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-713, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-714 Classification 6501.

Barber shops
Beauty parlors
Cosmetologists and electrolysis studios
Sun tanning parlors

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-714, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-714, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-714, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-714, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-715 Classification 6502.

#### **Banking**

Check cashing services, provided that in the event such an operation is conducted as a part of or in connection with an operation rated in classification 6406, classification 6406 will be assigned to cover both operations

Credit unions

Financial institutions, N.O.C.

Investment companies

Loan companies

Mortgage companies

Savings and loan associations

Stock brokers and escrow companies

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-715, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-715, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-715, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-715, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-715, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-716 Classification 6503.

Labor unions or employee representative associations This classification includes all employees including any official representatives.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-716, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-12-024 (Order 85-11), § 296-17-716, filed 5/31/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-716, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-716, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-716, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-717 Classification 6504.

Stores – welfare – such as Goodwill or Salvation Army This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel and collecting, conditioning and resale of donated used household articles.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-717, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 81-24-042 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-717, filed 8/17-717, filed 8/17-717,

81-30), § 296-17-717, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-717, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-718 Classification 6505.

Welfare special works program

Use of this classification will be limited to nonprofit organizations that administer special training block grant moneys which are used to provide eligible unemployable candidates work experience. "Work experience" for the purpose of this rule shall mean activities performed under direct and close supervision for a limited period of time, usually less than six months, wages or remuneration for which is paid by the referring or sponsoring organization without reimbursement from the person or entity in whose workplace the activities are performed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-718, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-718, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-718, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-718, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-719 Classification 6506.

Film exchanges – commercial type movie theatre films excluding video cassettes which are to be separately rated

Film print shops including developing and printing Microfilming

Photograph studios including outside photographers

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel but excludes drivers which are to be separately rated under risk classification 1101 (WAC 296-17-536), delivery by combined wholesale and retail stores.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-719, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-719, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-719, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-719, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-719, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-721 Classification 6508.

Chore services

Domestic servants employed in or outside private residences of homeowners.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-721, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-721, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-721, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-721, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 73-22, § 296-17-721, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-722 Classification 6509.

Boarding homes and centers, N.O.C. Boarding houses Foster homes Fraternity houses Orphanages Rooming houses Sorority houses.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-722, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-

7), § 296-17-722, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-722, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-723 Classification 6601.

Detective agencies Merchant police or patrol Security guard agencies

Security guard at logging or construction sites as allowed for in WAC 296-17-441(1).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-723, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-723, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-723, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-723, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 73-22, § 296-17-723, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-724 Classification 6602.

Janitorial service – including contract window cleaning Janitors, N.O.C.

Pest control. This category applies to operations involved in the control and extermination of pests by the use of pesticides, rodenticides and fumigants

Portable cleaning and washing, N.O.C. – includes auto and truck washing, recreational vehicles and mobile homes. This category will include roof cleaning and washing of single story buildings, but only if the washing is not incidental to painting or roof repair

Swimming pool cleaning

Termite control. This category applies to operations involved in the control and extermination of termites and other wood-destroying pests or organisms by fumigation or spraying of poisonous insecticides. Does not include structural repair

Window washing services.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-36),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38),  $\S$  296-17-724, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-725 Classification 6603.

Auction sales, all types, excluding livestock auctions and sales yards rated in risk classification 4304 (WAC 296-17-633)

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-725, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-725, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-725, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-725, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-726 Classification 6604.

Lens manufacturing – ground and polished lenses
 Optical goods manufacturing, N.O.C.
 Telescope manufacturing – with lens grinding
 This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-726, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-726, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-726, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-726, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-727 Classification 6605.

Dance halls - all employment

Entertainers, N.O.C.

Musician, N.O.C.

Players, entertainers and musicians hired by theatres, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–727, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–727, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 77–27, § 296–17–727, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 74–40, § 296–17–727, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–727, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-729 Classification 6607.

Billiard halls

Card rooms and bingo parlors

Recreational, social and community centers, N.O.C.

This classification includes food and beverage operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-729, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-729, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-729, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-730 Classification 6608.

Motion picture production

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–730, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), § 296–17–730, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–730, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73–22, § 296–17–730, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-73105 Classification 6614.

Parimutuel horse racing: All other employees, N.O.C. – Major tracks

This classification is limited in scope to employees of trainers and/or owners who come under the jurisdiction of the Washington horse racing commission, and who become licensed subject to the Washington horse racing commission's rules or regulations. This classification covers all on or off track employments of employers subject to this classification, such as: Assistant trainers, pony riders, and exercise riders; but excludes grooms which are to be reported separately in classification 6615. For purposes of this rule, jockeys will be considered exercise riders when employed by a trainer and/or owner at a time other than during the dates of a scheduled race meet. A meet, as used in this section, shall be for the duration of the racing season as set for each track by the Washington state horse racing commission.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-73105, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89.]

#### WAC 296-17-73106 Classification 6615.

Parimutuel horse racing: Grooms - Major tracks

This classification is limited in scope to individuals licensed as grooms by the Washington horse racing commission who are employed by a trainer and/or owner who come under the jurisdiction of and are licensed by the Washington horse racing commission. This classification covers all on or off track activities of grooms employed at major tracks. Employment activities performed by grooms at a fair or bush track are to be reported separately in classification 6617.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-73106, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89.]

## WAC 296-17-73107 Classification 6616.

Parimutuel horse racing: All other employees, N.O.C. – Fair meets or bush tracks

This classification is limited in scope to employees of trainers and/or owners who come under the jurisdiction of the Washington horse racing commission, and who become licensed subject to the Washington horse racing commission's rules or regulations. This classification covers all on or off track employments of employers subject to this classification, such as: Assistant trainers, pony riders, and exercise riders; but excludes grooms which are to be reported separately in classification 6617. For purposes of this rule, jockeys will be considered exercise riders when employed by a trainer and/or owner at a time other than during the dates of a scheduled race meet. A meet, as used in this section, shall be for the duration of the racing season as set for each track by the Washington state horse racing commission.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-73107, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89.]

## WAC 296-17-73108 Classification 6617.

Parimutuel horse racing: Grooms - Fair meets or bush tracks

This classification is limited in scope to individuals licensed as grooms by the Washington horse racing commission who are employed by a trainer and/or owner who come under the jurisdiction of and are licensed by the Washington horse racing commission. This classification covers all on or off track activities of grooms employed at a bush track or fair meet. Employment activities performed by grooms at a major track are to be reported separately in classification 6615.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-73108, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89.]

## WAC 296-17-735 Classification 6704.

Parking lot operations including attendants or monitors.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-735, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-735, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-735, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-736 Classification 6705.

Excursions – outdoor recreational N.O.C., includes river rides, pack trains, hiking and mountaineering, and including camping operations incidental thereto

Ski facilities – includes all operations incidental to the operation of the skiing facility such as ski tows parking lots but excludes food service operations, hotel or motel operations, ski rental or ski sales shops

Ski instructors and ski patrols Wind sail board instructors.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-736, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-736, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-736, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-736, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-736, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-736, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-736, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-736, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-17-736, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 74-40, § 296-17-736, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-736, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-737 Classification 6706.

Athletic teams - operation of premises and care of teams

All employees other than players, umpires, coaches and managers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-737, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-737, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-737, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-737, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-737, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-738 Classification 6707.

Football teams, N.O.C.

Hockey teams

Roller derbies

Contact sports, N.O.C.

This classification applies to professional contact sports and includes umpires, referees, coaches and managers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-738, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-738, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-738, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 74-40, § 296-17-738, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-738, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-739 Classification 6708.

**Jockeys** 

Professional racing drivers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-739, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-739, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 77-10, § 296-17-739, filed 5/31/77; Order 74-40, § 296-17-739, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-739, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-740 Classification 6709.

Sheltered workshops

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-740, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-740, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-740, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 73-22, § 296-17-740, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

#### WAC 296-17-741 Classification 6801.

Airlines, scheduled

All members of the flying crew.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-741, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-741, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 73-22, § 296-17-741, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-742 Classification 6802.

Airlines, scheduled

All ground crew operations including ticket sellers who handle baggage.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-742, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-742, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; Order 73-22, § 296-17-742, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-743 Classification 6803.

Aircraft operations, N.O.C. – all members of the flying crew

Flight instruction

Private aircraft – transportation of personnel in connection with the employer's business. The rule governing standard exceptions does not apply here

Nonscheduled airlines – flight crew members.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-743, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-743, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 76-36, § 296-17-743, filed 11/30/76; Order 73-22, § 296-17-743, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

# WAC 296-17-744 Classification 6804.

Aircraft companies, sales or service agencies – including aircraft sales personnel

Aircraft ground crew operations, N.O.C.

Airport operations

Aircraft remanufacturing and/or rebuilding including modifications, conversions and repairs by firms not engaged in the original manufacturing of such aircraft Nonscheduled airlines — ground crew operations including ticket sellers who handle baggage.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), \$ 296–17–744, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85–06–026 (Order 85–7), \$ 296–17–744, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), \$ 296–17–744, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75–38, \$ 296–17–744, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; 73–22, \$ 296–17–744, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-745 Classification 6809.

Baseball teams
Basketball teams
Soccer teams
Noncontact sports, N.O.C.

This classification applies to professional noncontact sports and includes umpires, referees, coaches and managers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-745, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-745, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-10, § 296-17-745, filed 5/31/77; Order 74-40, § 296-17-745, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-745, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

## WAC 296-17-746 Classification 6901.

Volunteers

This classification includes all volunteers performing services for any state agency, municipal corporation, political subdivision, or private nonprofit charitable organization

This classification excludes volunteer law enforcement officers which are to be separately rated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-746, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-746, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-746, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-746, filed 12/1/77; Order 75-28, § 296-17-746, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75.]

## WAC 296-17-747 Classification 6902.

Logging railroad construction or maintenance Logging road construction or maintenance

For the purposes of this rule logging roads are roads for which the primary or initial usage is for the transporting of logs by truck or rail and includes roads constructed on public lands in connection with timber sales or logging, such as roads being constructed in accordance with the state department of natural resources or the United States Forest Service timber sales

This classification includes grading, grubbing, clearing of right-of-way and including culverts and bridges, but excludes falling, bucking of right-of-way timber or any of the other logging activities as enumerated under risk classification 5001 (WAC 296-17-659)

See risk classification 5206 (WAC 296-17-675) for permanent yard operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-747, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-747, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-747, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 75-38, § 296-17-747, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76.]

## WAC 296-17-748 Classification 6903.

Aerial spraying, seeding, crop dusting, firefighting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-748, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 76-36, § 296-17-748, filed 11/30/76.]

## WAC 296-17-749 Classification 6904.

Fire fighters – salaried fire fighters of municipal fire departments.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-749, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 77-27, § 296-17-749, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-749, filed 12/1/77.]

## WAC 296-17-750 Classification 6905.

Law enforcement officers – law enforcement officers of cities, towns, counties or Indian tribal councils

This classification includes volunteer law enforcement officers, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-750, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-750, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-750, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-750, filed 12/1/77.]

## WAC 296-17-751 Classification 6906.

Volunteer law enforcement officers

This classification includes volunteer law enforcement officers in accordance with RCW 51.12.035.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-751, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-751, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 77-27, § 296-17-751, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-751, filed 12/1/77.]

#### WAC 296-17-752 Classification 6907.

Household furnishings moving and storage.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-752, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; Order 77-27, § 296-17-752, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78.]

#### WAC 296-17-753 Classification 6908.

Carbon paper, crepe paper and typewriter ribbon manufacturing

Envelope or stationery manufacturing

Paper box manufacturing, folding paper boxes

Paper box manufacturing, solid paper boxes

Paper or plastic bag, abrasive paper and wallpaper manufacturing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-753, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-753, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-753, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-17-753, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78.]

#### WAC 296-17-75301 Classification 6909.

Medical laboratories

Blood banks

Assaying laboratories

Laboratories—Analytical, testing, or quality control for others, including outside operations, excluding outside x-raying and drilling.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-75301, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-75301, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

## WAC 296-17-754 Classification 7101.

Corporate officers, N.O.C.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-754, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-754, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-754, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79.]

#### WAC 296-17-755 Classification 7102.

Football teams

This classification applies to football teams which are participants in the National Football League and includes players, referees, coaches, and managers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-755, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-755, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-755, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-755, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-755, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-756 Classification 7103.

State government, this classification is to be used to report all workers who have law enforcement powers although such workers are professional white collar employees

This classification includes all departments, agencies, boards, commissions and committees of either the executive, legislative or judicial branches of state government, including employees having arrest powers or such other powers common to law enforcement, such as state patrol, wildlife agents, guards or correctional officers of inmates, fishery patrol officers, lottery officers

See risk classifications 4902 (WAC 296-17-651), 5307 (WAC 296-17-67901), and 7201 (WAC 296-17-763) for other state government operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-756, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-756, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-756, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-756, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

# WAC 296-17-757 Classification 7104.

Temporary help company: Administrative offices including clerical office and sales personnel.

This classification applies only to those employees of the temporary help company assigned to work in the administrative or branch offices of a temporary help company. It does not apply to employees of a temporary help company assigned to a customer's administrative or clerical office. This classification is also applicable to an employment agency's administrative office when conducted in connection with a temporary help company operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-757, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-757, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-757, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-757, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-758 Classification 7105.

Temporary help company: Office support services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company who are assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged wholly in office work for such customers. This classification would include occupations such as clerks, typists, receptionists, secretaries, accountants, bookkeepers, word processors, data entry and computer operators, programmers, drafters, designers, technical writers, technical illustrators, design engineers, telemarketers, and dispatchers. Employees subject to this classification are not required to physically be located in a clerical office. The test is whether or not they perform clerical office work as described in this classification. A division of worker hours is not permitted between this classification and any other classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-758, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-758, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-758, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-758, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-758, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-758, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-758, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-758, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04-030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-758, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

## WAC 296-17-759 Classification 7106.

Temporary help company: Retail or wholesale store services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company who are assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in activities such as cashiering, stocking, product demonstration, booth aids, modeling, outside sales, and inventory taking.

For the purposes of this section, inventory taking is limited to those services provided to store operations which are performed exclusively at ground level. Inventory taking utilizing ladders, step stools, or at any height or when performed for customers not engaged in store operations are to be reported separately in risk classification 7114 provided they do not operate equipment or machinery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-759, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-759, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-759, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-759, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-759, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-759, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-759, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

## WAC 296-17-760 Classification 7107.

Temporary help company: Bakery, restaurant, or food sundry preparation services, and musicians or entertainers.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company who are assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in activities such as baking, cooking, food preparation, waiting and busing tables, and dishwashing, or who are assigned to a customer and who are engaged as musicians or entertainers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-760, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-

12),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18),  $\S$  296-17-760, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

# WAC 296-17-761 Classification 7108.

Temporary help company: Warehousing and repackaging of soft goods, retail products, and pharmaceuticals.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company who are assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in warehousing or repackaging of items such as clothing, fabric, yarn, shoes, glassware, art, linens, kitchenware, drugs and pharmaceutical preparations, computer discs, bulk film or cassette tapes and records.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88–12–050 (Order 88–06), § 296–17–761, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 87–12–032 (Order 87–12), § 296–17–761, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86–12–041 (Order 86–18), § 296–17–761, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–761, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–761, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–761, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–761, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–17–016 (Order 80–23), § 296–17–761, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04–030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–17–761, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-762 Classification 7109.

Temporary help company: Electronic, precision, and scientific equipment assembly and technician services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in tailoring or dress-making or in the assembly of electronic or biomedical equipment and employees engaged in printing and bindery work. This classification includes occupations such as electronic assemblers, mechanical assemblers, electro-mechanical assemblers, quality control inspectors, test technicians, kit pullers, storekeepers, laboratory technicians, printers, offset operators, lead typesetters, and bindery workers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-762, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-762, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-762, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-762, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-762, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-762, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

# WAC 296-17-76201 Classification 7110.

Temporary help company: Field engineer and technician services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers who are engaged in duties away from the customers premises and who are providing field engineering, field technician, traffic counters and surveying services, telephone installation and service within buildings, vending machine service and parking lot or garage attendants, weigh scale attendants, and service station attendants excluding mechanics.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76201, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

#### WAC 296-17-76202 Classification 7111.

Temporary help company: Health care, medical laboratory, quality control services, testing laboratories, N.O.C., home maker services and home health services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company who are assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are providing health care services and includes such employments as therapists, nurses, nurses aides, physicians, laboratory technicians and assistants.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76202, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

#### WAC 296-17-76203 Classification 7112.

Temporary help company: Agricultural services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in any aspects of agricultural work such as field crops, livestock, stables, dairies, nurseries and greenhouses including the operation of power driven farm machinery or equipment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76203, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-76204 Classification 7113.

Temporary help company: Janitorial, plant or facility supplemental maintenance and groundskeeping services.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in janitorial work, preoccupancy building cleanup, plant maintenance, and groundskeeping work such as mowing lawns, pruning shrubs and weeding or grounds maintenance of existing landscape as compared to new construction work. Landscape workers involved exclusively in hand labor work such as raking, digging, using wheel barrow to haul soil, beauty bark or decorative rock, whether performed as maintenance of existing landscape or new landscape work are subject to this risk classification (7113). Separately report employees engaged in exterior window cleaning, debris or building material cleanup and removal, and new landscape construction (i.e., clearing of land, installation of underground sprinkler systems, moving boulders) in risk classification 7118. Tree removal to be reported separately in risk classification 7121. A division of worker hours is not permitted between this classification and any other classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76204, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

#### WAC 296-17-76205 Classification 7114.

Temporary help company: Assembly work, N.O.C. and freight handling—bulk merchandise, N.O.C.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in the assembly of wood, metal, or plastic products and freight handling of bulk merchandise who do not operate power driven machinery or equipment. Employees assigned to this classification may, however, use small power driven hand tools in the assembly process and hand trucks for moving bulk merchandise. This classification also includes inventory takers, N.O.C. Employees whose duties include the operation of power driven equipment or machinery, although they may also be engaged in assembly work or freight handling activities, are to be reported without division of hours in risk classification 7117.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76205, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

#### WAC 296-17-76206 Classification 7115.

Temporary help company: Cannery or food processing services, including fresh fruit and vegetable packing and food dehydrating processes.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are assigned to work in a cannery, fruit and vegetable packing or freezer operation. This classification includes employees engaged in cooking or otherwise preparing food prior to packaging or canning, but excludes employees engaged in plant or cannery equipment or machinery operations or maintenance which are to be reported separately in risk classification 7117.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76206, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-76207 Classification 7116.

Temporary help company: Flagging for public utility, power, water, or gas line construction.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in flagging services for a public utility company involved in the extension of overhead or underground power line construction or underground water or gas line construction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76207, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

# WAC 296-17-76208 Classification 7117.

Temporary help company: Machine operators and skilled craftpersons—plant or shop operations, N.O.C.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers who operate power driven equipment or machinery such as forklifts, table saws, drill presses, industrial packaging and processing equipment or machinery and skilled craftpersons such as machinists, mechanics, welders, tool and die makers, carpenters, cabinet makers, and who are assigned to work in the customer's plant or shop but does not apply to maritime trades or plant maintenance workers.

This classification includes such industries as cabinet shops, lumber remanufacturing, canneries, amusement parks, sign paint shops, laundries, printing shops but

would exclude shake or shingle mills.

Employees whose duties include work at a construction site are to be reported without a division of hours in risk classification 7118 except for those employees working in the specialty trades of plumbing, electrical wiring, or sheet metal work, who are subject to this risk classification (7117). Employees assigned to work in maritime trades subject to Washington workers compensation laws are to be reported separately in risk classification 7120. Employees assigned to work in a customer's plant as maintenance workers are to be reported separately in risk classification 7113.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035, 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76208, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-76209 Classification 7118.

Temporary help company: Construction.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in any aspect of construction work such as road, underground or overhead utility lines, fence, metal erection, signs or lighting including the operation of equipment, machinery, and tools by such employees. This classification also applies to construction security personnel and flaggers, N.O.C. Employees working in the specialty trades of plumbing, electrical wiring, or sheet metal work are to be reported separately in risk classification 7117.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76209, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-76210 Classification 7119.

Temporary help company: Commercial vehicle opera-

tions, N.O.C. and sawmill operations.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in commercial vehicle operations such as truck, delivery, and taxi drivers or who are engaged in any aspect of sawmill work, such as operating machinery, grading lumber, or sorting and stacking lumber.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76210, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

#### WAC 296-17-76211 Classification 7120.

Temporary help company: Hazardous waste handling and maritime employments.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers who are engaged in hazardous waste handling or maritime employments subject to Washington workers compensation laws including diving or subaqueous work.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76211, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-76212 Classification 7121.

Temporary help company: Logging, shake or shingle mills, and aircraft flight crew members.

This classification applies to employees of a temporary help company assigned on a temporary basis to its customers and who are engaged in any phase of logging or aircraft operations or who are assigned to work in any lumbering mill including equipment or machinery operators related to industries subject to this classification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-76212, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88.]

## WAC 296-17-763 Classification 7201.

State government – this classification is to be used to report all employments of workers assigned to work at state operated facilities that provide patient or health care of any type. Usage of this classification is not limited to state—operated hospitals as it is intended to also cover health care facilities at state schools, infirmaries at correctional institutions, travelling nurses and physicians, etc.

This classification excludes clerical office and white collar professional employments that are not engaged in providing or attending to patient care and all blue

collar employments

See risk classifications 4902 (WAC 296-17-651), 5307 (WAC 296-17-67901) and 7103 (WAC 296-17-756) for other state government operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-763, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-763, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-763, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-763, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

# WAC 296-17-764 Classification 7202.

Real estate agencies

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel but, excludes building management and/or property development.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-764, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-764, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-764, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-764, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

#### WAC 296-17-765 Classification 7203.

Community service workers

This classification includes all community service workers performing work for counties, cities, towns, state agencies, or nonprofit organizations pursuant to court order or under the provisions of chapter 13.40 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-765, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 85-24-032 (Order 85-

33), § 296-17-765, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-12-048 (Order 84-12), § 296-17-765, filed 6/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-765, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-765, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82.]

#### WAC 296-17-766 Classification 7204.

### Preferred workers

This classification includes all preferred workers in accordance with the provisions of RCW 51.16.120(3) and WAC 296-16-010.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-766, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-766, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-766, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82.]

## WAC 296-17-772 Classification 7301.

## Dairy farms

This classification includes all farm operations related and incidental to the enterprise described and applies to all acreage devoted to the raising of these animals.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-772, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-772, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-772, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-773 Classification 7302.

#### Livestock farms

Parimutuel horse racing: Proprietors, partners, and corporate officers

This subclassification is limited in scope to excluded employment contained in RCW 51.12.020 (5) and (8) "Sole proprietors, partners, and corporate officers" who elect workers compensation insurance on a voluntary basis. See WAC 296-17-350(2) "Excluded employments" for premium reporting and calculations.

#### Riding academies

This classification includes all farm operations related and incidental to the enterprises described above and applies to all acreage devoted to the raising of these animals.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89–16–001 (Order 89–07), § 296–17–773, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88–12–065 (Order 88–05), § 296–17–773, filed 5/31/88; 85–24–032 (Order 85–33), § 296–17–773, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 83–24–017 (Order 83–36), § 296–17–773, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–047 (Order 82–38), § 296–17–773, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

# WAC 296-17-777 Classification 7307.

Christmas tree farms – all operations including planting, pruning, harvesting, baling, packing and delivery

Report retail operations (i.e., cashiers, parking attendants, customer assistants, etc.) of Christmas tree ucut farms or retail sales lots in risk classification 4805 "Christmas tree sales."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-777, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-777, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-777, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.]

#### WAC 296-17-778 Classification 7308.

Animal shelters Dog grooming parlors Dog pounds Humane societies

This classification includes clerical office and sales personnel

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035, 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-778, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-778, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-778, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

## WAC 296-17-779 Classification 7309.

# Work activity centers

For the purpose of this rule "work activity center" will refer to such centers licensed through the department of social and health services and as defined in Title 29, Part 525.2(c) of the Code of Federal Regulations as published by United States Department of Labor, providing job training and learning skills to mentally and/or developmentally disabled workers and who are enrolled as clients of the center. Usage of this classification will be limited to mentally and/or developmentally disabled workers employed within a work activity center and excludes all other employments of mentally and/or developmentally disabled workers not employed in a work activity center which will be separately rated in risk classification 6709 (WAC 296-17-740). This classification further excludes professional. clerical, and other blue-collar employments which will be separately rated in risk classification 6709 (WAC 296-17-740) even though the only operation of the employer may be a work activity center.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-779, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-11-034 (Order 84-11), § 296-17-779, filed 5/15/84.]

WAC 296-17-850 Experience rating plan-Eligibility and experience period. (1) Eligibility. Each employer who has reported experience during more than one fiscal year of the "experience period" shall have his base rates multiplied by an "experience modification" calculated in accordance with the rules of this manual. The development of the "experience modification" as set forth in WAC 296-17-855 shall include losses and exposure reported in all risk classes.

(2) Experience period. The "experience period" shall be the oldest three of the four fiscal years preceding the effective date of premium rates as set forth in WAC 296-17-895.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-850, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-850, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87; 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-850, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-850, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-13-046 (Order 85-13), § 296-17-850, filed 6/17/85; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-850, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-850, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 76-18, § 296-17-850, filed 5/28/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 74-40, § 296-17-850, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-850, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-855 Experience modification. The basis of the experience modification shall be a comparison of the actual losses charged to an employer during the experience period with the losses which would be expected for an average employer reporting the same exposures in each classification. The comparison shall contain actuarial refinements designed to mitigate the effects of losses which may be considered catastrophic or of doubtful statistical significance, due consideration being given to the volume of the employer's experience. Except for those employers who qualify for an adjusted experience modification as specified in WAC 296-17-860 or 296-17-865, the experience modification shall be calculated from the formula:

MODIFICATION = 
$$\frac{Ap + WAe + (1-W) Ee + B}{E + B}$$

The components Ap, WAe, and (1-W) Ee are values which shall be charged against an employer's experience record. The component, E, shall be the expected value of these charges for an average employer reporting the same exposures in each classification. The meaning and function of each symbol in the formula is specified below.

"Ap" signifies "primary actual losses." For each claim the primary actual loss is defined as that portion of the claim which is considered completely rateable for all employers and which is to enter the experience modification calculation at its full value. For each claim in excess of \$7,808 the primary actual loss shall be determined from the formula:

Primary loss = 
$$\frac{19,520}{\text{Total loss} + 11,712} \times \text{total loss}$$

Primary actual losses for selected claim values are shown in Table I. For each claim less than \$7,808 the full value of the claim shall be considered a primary loss.

"Ae" signifies "excess actual losses." For each claim the excess actual loss is defined as that portion of the claim which is not considered completely rateable for all employers. The excess actual loss for each claim shall be determined by subtracting the primary loss from the total loss.

"W" signifies "W value." For each employer, the W value determines the portion of the actual excess losses which shall be included in the calculation of his experience modification, due consideration being given to the volume of his experience. This amount is represented by the symbol "WAe" in the experience modification formula. W values are set forth in Table II.

"E" signifies "expected losses." An employer's expected losses shall be determined by multiplying his reported exposure in each classification during the experience period by the classification expected loss rate. Expected loss rates are set forth in Table III.

"Ee" signifies "expected excess losses." Expected losses in each classification shall be multiplied by the classification "D-Ratio" to obtain "expected primary losses." Expected excess losses shall then be calculated by subtracting expected primary losses from expected

total losses. Each employer shall have a statistical charge included in the calculation of his experience modification, said charge to be actuarially equivalent to the amount forgiven an average employer because of the exclusion of a portion of his excess actual losses. This charge is represented by "(1-W) Ee" in the experience modification formula. D-Ratios are set forth in Table III.

"B" signifies "B value" or "ballast." In order to limit the effect of a single severe accident on the modification of a small employer, a stabilizing element (B value) shall be added to both actual and expected losses. B values are set forth in Table II.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-855, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-30), § 296-17-855, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-855, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 86-24-042 (Order 86-41), § 296-17-855, filed 11/26/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-855, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 84-24-016 (Order 84-23), § 296-17-855, filed 11/28/84, effective 1/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-855, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-855, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-855, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-855, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-855, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-17-855, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 74-40, § 296-17-855, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-855, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-860 Transition adjustment. In the event that an employer has no compensable accidents during the experience period and the experience modification calculated in accordance with WAC 296-17-855 is greater than the experience modification shown in Table IV, WAC 296-17-890 then such modification shall be reduced to the value shown in Table IV. For the purpose of this rule, a compensable accident is defined as one which has resulted in, or is expected to result in, time loss compensation, permanent disability or death.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–17–860, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 74–40, § 296–17–860, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–860, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-865 Experience modification limitations. (1) Notwithstanding the experience modification otherwise obtained in this manual, no employer's experience modification shall increase or decrease by more than 25% during any one year except as provided in subparagraph (2) below.

- (2) The 25% limitation on the change in the experience modification shall not apply in the following cases:
- (a) In cases where it would cause an employer with better than average experience during the experience period to receive an experience modification greater than 1.00.
- (b) In cases where it would cause an employer with worse than average experience during the experience period to receive a modification less than 1.00.

In the above specified cases the employer's modification shall be allowed to decrease or to increase, as the case may be, to 1.00.

[Order 77-27, \$ 296-17-865, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 74-40, \$ 296-17-865, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, \$ 296-17-865, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-86501 Building industry experience modification limitations. The premiums of building construction employers subject to the risk classifications 0505, 0506, 0507, 0510, 0511, 0512, 0513, 0514, 0515, 0516, 0517, 0518, and 0519 shall be experience rated beginning January 1, 1988, using the reported past experience of such employers as provided for in the department's experience rating plan. However, the initial experience rating adjustment of these classifications for each such employer shall be made from a base modification of 1.0000, with adjustments limited to twentyfive percent annually until the actual experience rating developed by the department for each such employer has been reached or four years from the effective date of this section whichever comes first. Thereafter, adjustments will be made in accordance with the parameters established by the department's experience rating plan. Premiums of building construction employers reported in all other risk classifications not specifically listed above which are currently experience rated are not subject to the limitations imposed by this section and shall be computed utilizing the actual earned experience rating of each building construction employer, in accordance with the department's experience rating plan.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-86501, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-30), § 296-17-86501, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-049 (Order 87-27), § 296-17-86501, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-17-86502 Medical aid experience modification limitations. The medical aid fund premiums shall be experience rated beginning January 1, 1989, using the reported past experience of employers as provided for in the department's experience rating plan. However, the initial experience rating adjustment for each employer shall be made from a base modification of 1.0000, with adjustments limited to twenty-five percent annually until the actual experience rating developed by the department for each employer has been reached or four years from the effective date of this section, whichever comes first. Thereafter, adjustments will be made in accordance with the parameters established by the department's experience rating plan.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-16-012 (Order 88-12), § 296-17-86502, filed 7/22/88, effective 1/1/89.]

WAC 296-17-870 Evaluation of actual losses. Except as provided in the following subsections of this paragraph, actual losses shall include all payments as of the "valuation date" for each claim arising from an accident occurring during the experience period. Losses for claims open as of the valuation date may also include a reserve for future payments. Actual losses on claims for

accidents occurring outside of the experience period shall not be included.

- (1) Valuation date. The valuation date shall be on and include December 31, one year and one day immediately preceding the effective date of premium rates as set forth in WAC 296-17-895. For experience modifications effective January 1, 1990, the valuation date shall be June 1, seven months immediately preceding the effective date of premium rates.
- (2) Retroactive adjustments revision of losses between valuation dates. No claim value shall be revised between valuation dates and no retroactive adjustment of an experience modification shall be made because of disputation concerning the judgment of the claims examiner or because of subsequent developments except as specifically provided in the following cases:
- (a) In cases where loss values are included or excluded through mistake other than error of judgment.
  - (b) In cases where a third party recovery is made.
- (c) In cases where the claim qualifies as a second injury claim under the provisions of RCW 51.16.120.
- (d) In cases where a claim, which was previously evaluated as a compensable claim, is closed and is determined to be noncompensable (ineligible for benefits other than medical treatment).
- (e) In cases where a claim is closed and is determined to be ineligible for any benefits.

In the above specified cases retroactive adjustment of the experience modification shall be made for each rating in which the claim was included. Retroactive adjustments will not be made for rating periods more than ten years prior to the date on which the claim status was changed.

- (3) Average death value. Each fatality occurring to a worker included within the mandatory or elective coverage of Title 51 RCW shall be assigned the "average death value," said value to be the average incurred cost for all such fatalities occurring during the experience period. The average death value is set forth in Table II.
- (4) Third party recovery. In the event of a third party recovery on a claim, the employer shall be charged for a portion of the actual loss amount, gross of such recovery, established on the claim for each year in which the claim's injury date falls within the experience period (see WAC 296-17-850). This portion shall be calculated at the time the recovery is made, and shall be determined by taking the ratio of the total cost of the claim, including attorneys' fees, after recovery, to the total cost of the claim before recovery. If the claim is open at the time the recovery is made, then costs before and after recovery may include an allowance for future claim payments. Both the primary and excess components of the actual loss amount shall be reduced in the same proportion.
- (5) Second injury claims. The primary and excess values of any claim which becomes eligible for second injury relief under the provisions of RCW 51.16.120, as now or hereafter amended, shall be reduced by the percentage of relief granted.
- (6) Occupational disease claims. When a claim results from an employee's exposure to an occupational disease

hazard, the "date of injury," for the purposes of experience rating, shall be the date on which the disability was diagnosed, giving rise to the filing of a claim for benefits. The cost of any occupational disease claim, paid from the accident fund and medical aid fund and arising from exposure to the disease hazard under two or more employers, shall be prorated to each period of employment involving exposure to the hazard. Each insured employer who had employed the claimant during the experience period, and for at least ten percent of the claimant's exposure to the hazard, shall be charged for his share of the claim based upon the prorated costs.

(7) Maximum claim value. No claim shall enter an employer's experience record at a value greater than the "maximum claim value." The maximum claim value is set forth in Table II.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89–24–051 (Order 89–22), § 296–17–870, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88–24–012 (Order 88–30), § 296–17–870, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88–16–012 (Order 88–12), § 296–17–870, filed 7/22/88, effective 1/1/89; 81–24–042 (Order 81–30), § 296–17–870, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78–12–043 (Order 78–23), § 296–17–870, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 75–38, § 296–17–870, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–40, § 296–17–870, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–870, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-873 Structure of employer changes— Experience rating. WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308 governs combination of entities and status changes of ownership for purposes of experience rating.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-873, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-873, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-87301 Definitions. The definitions in this section shall apply throughout WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308.

- (1) "Entity" means an individual, partnership, corporation, unincorporated association, or fiduciary operation (e.g. trust, receivership, or estate of deceased individual).
- (2) "Immediate family member" as used in this rule means father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, grandson, or granddaughter.
- (3) "Majority interest" means more than fifty percent interest. If an entity other than a partnership:
- (a) Has issued voting stock, majority interest means a majority of the issued voting stock. If all stock issues do not have the same number of votes per share, majority interest means a majority of the voting rights;
- (b) Has not issued voting stock, majority interest means a majority of the members;
- (c) Has not issued voting stock and has no members, a majority interest means a majority of the board of directors or comparable governing body.

If an entity is a partnership, majority interest means more than one-half of the general partners.

(4) "Joint venture" means a combination of two or more entities, entered into for the purpose of carrying to completion a specific job of limited duration.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), \$ 296-17-87301, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), \$ 296-17-87301, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-87305 Change in ownership. (1) For the purpose of WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308 management is considered to be vested in ownership. Except as specifically provided otherwise herein, ownership whether active or inactive, governs the administration of WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308, and the words "nominal" and "material" denote respectively the effect of a particular change in ownership. If a change has occurred which the provisions of subsections (2) through (5) of this section denominate "nominal," the experience of the past shall be utilized for future modification. If, on the other hand, the change is denominated "material," the past experience shall be disregarded and the risk written at manual or otherwise applicable rates.

In application of WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308, ownership changes of any entity which is neither a partnership, a joint venture, nor a corporation that has issued voting stock shall be decided in accordance with the provisions of subsections (2) through (5) of this section applicable to corporations. The provisions of sections (2) through (5) of this section shall be applied as though the entity has issued voting stock and the stock was:

- (a) Held in equal amounts by each of its members; or
- (b) If the entity does not have members, held in equal amounts by each member of the board of directors or comparable governing body.

Two or more changes during a twelve-month period shall be considered as a single change.

The department shall in each case determine from the applicable provisions of subsections (2) through (5) of this section whether a change is "nominal" or "material," and if no provision of subsections (2) through (5) of this section is expressly applicable it shall be governed by a consideration of WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87308 as a whole and of its several parts interpreted in the light of such relevant evidence as is offered.

- (2) Individual.
- (a) Death of an individual is a material change. Exception: Where a member or members of the immediate family take over the business, either as the executor, executrix, administrator, or sole owner the change is nominal.
- (b) Sale of business to another is a material change. Exception: Where the sale is made to a member or members of the immediate family the change is nominal.
  - (c) Bankruptcy or insolvency with:
- (i) Continued operation with appointment of a trustee is a nominal change;
- (ii) Withdrawal of the trustee and reversion to the original owner is a nominal change;
- (iii) Withdrawal of a trustee but with new owners is a material change.
  - (d) Formation of a living estate is a nominal change.
- (e) Formation of a partnership is a material change. Exceptions:

- (i) A partnership composed of only two general partners is a nominal change;
- (ii) A partnership composed of members of an immediate family is a nominal change;
- (iii) A limited partnership in which the individual is one of not more than two general partners is a nominal change.
- (f) Formation of a corporation is a material change. Exception: If the individual or members of his immediate family own one-half or more of the issued voting stock the change is nominal.
  - (3) Partnership.
- (a) Sale, conveyance, transfer, or assignment of partnership interest by one or more partners and the partnership not dissolved is a material change. Exceptions:
- (i) If prior to the change all partners were members of an immediate family and after the change one-half or more of the general partners are members of such immediate family the change is nominal;
- (ii) If one-half or more of the general partners prior to the change constitute one-half or more of the general partners after the change the change is nominal.
- (b) If the partnership is dissolved the change is material. Exceptions:
- (i) In a partnership wherein all partners were members of an immediate family and one or more of the members of such family constitute one—half or more of the general partners in the new partnership, or own one—half or greater interest in the new entity or entities if they are not partnerships the change is nominal;
- (ii) If one—half or more of the general partners of the dissolved partnership constitute one—half or more of the general partners in the new partnership or own a one—half or greater interest in the new entity or entities if they are not a partnership the change is nominal.
  - (c) Bankruptcy or insolvency.
- (i) Continued operation with appointment of a trustee is a nominal change.
- (ii) Withdrawal of a trustee and reversion to one-half or more of the original general partners is a nominal change.
- (iii) Withdrawal of a trustee with the original general partners not constituting one—half or more of the owners is a material change.
  - (4) Corporations.
- (a) Old corporation dissolved or nonoperative, not a merger or consolidation.
- (i) Formation of a new corporation is a material change. Exceptions:
- (A) If the stockholders common to both the dissolved or nonoperative corporation and the newly formed corporation own or owned one-half or more of the issued voting stock in the old corporation and own one-half or more of the issued voting stock in the newly formed corporation the change is nominal;
- (B) If the nonoperative corporation owns one-half or more of the issued voting stock of the newly formed corporation the change is nominal;
- (C) In a family corporation (meaning a corporation whose entire issued voting stock is held by the members of an immediate family) only those changes may be

- considered which involve the acquisition of ownership by a person not a member of such immediate family.
- (ii) Reversion to an individual is a material change. Exceptions:
- (A) If the individual owns or owned one-half or more of the issued voting stock of the dissolved or nonoperative corporation the change is nominal;
- (B) If the individual was a member of an immediate family which wholly owned the corporation the change is nominal.
- (iii) Reversion to a partnership is a material change. Exceptions:
- (A) If the stockholders who own or owned one—half or more of the issued voting stock of the dissolved or nonoperative corporation constitute one—half or more of the general partners the change is nominal;
- (B) If the corporation was wholly owned by members of an immediate family and a member or members of that immediate family constitute one—half or more of the general partners the change is nominal.
- (b) Transfer of voting stock, not otherwise provided for in subsections (2) through (5) of this section.
- (i) If one-half or less of issued voting stock is transferred the change is nominal.
- (ii) If more than one-half of issued voting stock is transferred the change is material. Exception: If the stockholders who own or owned one-half or more of the issued voting stock prior to such sale own one-half or more of the issued voting stock after such sale the change is nominal.
- (iii) In a family corporation (meaning a corporation whose entire issued voting stock is held by the members of an immediate family) only those changes shall be considered which involve the acquisition of ownership by a person not a member of such immediate family.
- (c) Trustees, receiverships, and similar temporary changes of management are nominal changes.
- (d) In the case of consolidations or mergers of corporations the experience of all consolidated or merged corporations shall be combined for computing the modification for the consolidated or surviving corporation.
  - (5) Joint ventures.
- (a) Any change in the membership of the joint venture is a material change.
- (b) A nominal change in the ownership of one of the joint venturers is a nominal change.
- (c) A material change in the ownership of one of the joint venturers is a material change.
- (d) The experience of a joint venture shall be continued for other operations which may be undertaken, as a joint venture, by the same group of joint venturers, either during the same time as the original venture or at a later date.
- (e) Members of a joint venture may subcontract part or all of their operations to one or more of the joint venturers. Work thus subcontracted becomes a regular part of the subcontractor's operations and is subject to his experience modification.
- (6) Notwithstanding any of the provisions contained in this section the past experience of any single employing entity either corporate, partnership, or otherwise

shall not be utilized for future modification by more than one newly formed employing entity either corporate, partnership, or otherwise. The following guidelines will be used in cases where two previous co-owners of a firm would both otherwise be individually entitled to the past experience of the firm based on their previous fifty percent ownership.

- (a) If the change in the ownership of the firm was nominal, the experience will remain with the firm and belong to the new owners. Neither previous co-owner shall be entitled to the experience, except, coincidentally, by his or her continuing ownership interest in the ongoing firm.
- (b) If the change in ownership was material or the firm was discontinued, and only one of the previous co-owners has an ongoing state fund account, the experience shall be assigned to the previous co-owner with the ongoing account.
- (c) If the change in ownership was material, or the business was discontinued, and both previous co-owners have ongoing state fund accounts, the experience shall not be assigned to either of the previous co-owners.

Assignment of past experience to an entity in accordance with the above priorities will be final, unless it shall be determined that there was an error or misrepresentation which caused the experience to be assigned incorrectly. The assignment of experience shall not be altered by a subsequent change in status of any of the interested parties which would have changed the priority of their claim to the experience.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-87305, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-87305, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-87305, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-87306 Combination of entities. Separate entities shall be combined for experience rating purposes when the same person or persons and/or a single corporation owns a majority interest in each of the entities.

Note: If two or more different combinations are possible in accordance with the provisions of this section, the combination producing the greatest amount of expected losses during the experience period shall be made. The experience of any entity used in such combinations may not be otherwise used in combination with any other entity. The experience used in a rating of combination shall be subject to the provisions of WAC 296–17–87305 (Change in ownership).

#### **Exceptions:**

- (1) Individual trusts may not be combined for experience rating purposes with operations of the trustee nor with the operations of any other trusts. However, two or more trusts having identical trustees and also having identical beneficiaries shall be combined.
- (2) Joint venture operations may not be combined with the operations of any other entity, even though the members of the joint venture are identically owned.

This section applies only where the entities are or have been operating and insured concurrently in Washington. It does not apply where concurrent operations are for a short period of time, not exceeding one year, if the operation of the original entity during the period both entities were operating, was restricted to the completion of contracts entered into prior to the new entity commencing operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-87306, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

- WAC 296-17-87307 Revision or withdrawal of experience modifications. Experience modifications are not subject to revision or withdrawal because of the application of WAC 296-17-87305 or 296-17-87306 unless one of the following applies:
- (1) Written notice to the department has been made by the affected entity or entities advising of the change of ownership status or the common ownership of a combination of entities: *Provided*, That the effective date of any such revision or withdrawal that would affect the premium covering any periods prior to the calendar quarter during which such notice in writing was furnished the department, will be at the department's discretion to assure that no entity or entities will evade an unfavorable cost;
- (2) The foregoing subsection (1) will apply in the absence of written notice to the department if the department determines the facts that would otherwise have been supplied by such written notice.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–17–87307, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-87308 Experience modification. WAC 296-17-873 through 296-17-87309 do not permit the establishment of more than one experience modification on a single risk at the same time.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-87308, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-875 Table I.

Primary Losses for Selected Claim Values

CLAIM VALUE	PRIMARY LOSS
7,808	7,808
8,133	8,000
10,020	9,000
12,303	10,000
15,121	11,000
18,689	12,000
29,704	14,000
53,236	16,000
116,981*	17,744
195,200**	18,415

- \* Average death value
- \*\* Maximum claim value

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-875, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-30), § 296-17-875, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-875, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 86-24-042 (Order 86-41), § 296-17-875,

(Order 86-18), § 296-17-875, fi	ority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 led 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-	Expected Losses	В	W
	17–875, filed 11/27/85, effective	231,491 - 240,045	22,466	0.39
	), § 296–17–875, filed 11/28/84, ef- der 83–36), § 296–17–875, filed	240,046 - 248,795	22,098	0.40
	1-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-875,	248,796 - 257,749	21,730	0.41
	81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-	257,750 - 266,910	21,361	0.42
17-875, filed 11/30/81, effective	1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23),	266,911 - 276,289	20,993	0.42
	fective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority:	276,290 - 285,894	20,625	0.44
	9-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17- /1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW	285,895 - 295,732	20,256	0.45
	2-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-875,		19,888	0.45
	Order 77-27, § 296-17-875, filed			0.40
11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; O	order 76–36, § 296–17–875, filed	305,813 - 316,145	19,520	
11/30/76; Order 75–38, § 296	-17-875, filed 11/24/75, effective 17-875, filed 11/27/74, effective	316,146 - 326,741	19,152	0.48
1/1/75; Order 73–22, \$ 296–17–8	75, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]	326,742 - 337,609	18,783	0.49
2/1/10, 01001 10 -2, 3 -11 11	,	337,610 - 348,761	18,415	0.50
WAC 296-17-880 Tab	le II.	348,762 - 360,209	18,047	0.51
	'W" Values	360,210 - 371,963	17,678	0.52
		371,964 - 384,039	17,310	0.53
	Value = \$195,200	384,040 - 396,450	16,942	0.54
Average Death	Value = \$116,981	396,451 – 409,209	16,573	0.55
		409,210 - 422,333	16,205	0.56
Expected Losses	$\mathbf{B}$ W	422,334 - 435,837	15,837	0.57
		435,838 - 449,740	15,469	0.58
4,228 & Under	36,830 0.00	449,741 – 464,059	15,100	0.59
4,229 – 8,521	36,462 0.01	464,060 – 478,814	14,732	0.60
8,522 - 12,878	36,093 0.02	478,815 - 494,027	14,364	0.61
12,879 – 17,300	35,725 0.03	494,028 - 509,717	13,995	0.62
17,301 - 21,790	35,357 0.04	509,718 - 525,910	13,627	0.63
21,791 - 26,350	34,989 0.05	525,911 - 542,631	13,259	0.64
26,351 - 30,980	34,620 0.06	542,632 - 559,905	12,890	0.65
30,981 - 35,683	34,252 0.07	559,906 - 577,763	12,522	0.66
35,684 - 40,462	33,884 0.08	577,764 - 596,234	12,154	0.67
40,463 - 45,316	33,515 0.09	596,235 - 615,353	11,786	0.68
45,317 - 50,249	33,147 0.10	615,354 - 635,152	11,417	0.69
50,250 - 55,264	32,779 0.11	635,153 - 655,671	11,049	0.70
55,265 - 60,361	32,410 0.12	655,672 - 676,952	10,681	0.71
60,362 - 65,543	32,042 0.13	676,953 - 699,036	10,312	0.72
65,544 - 70,813	31,674 0.14	699,037 - 721,972	9,944	0.73
70,814 - 76,173	31,306 0.15	721,973 - 745,811	9,576	0.74
76,174 - 81,625	30,937 0.16	745,812 - 770,607	9,207	0.75
81,626 - 87,173	30,569 0.17	770,608 - 796,421	8,839	0.76
87,174 - 92,818	30,201 0.18	796,422 - 823,318	8,471	0.77
92,819 - 98,564	29,832 0.19	823,319 - 851,369	8,103	0.78
98,565 - 104,412	29,464 0.20	851,370 - 880,650	7,734	0.79
104,413 - 110,368	29,096 0.21	880,651 - 911,244	7,366	0.80
110,369 - 116,433	28,727 0.22	911,245 - 943,246	6,998	0.81
116,434 - 122,610	28,359 0.23	943,247 - 976,753	6,629	0.82
122,611 - 128,904	27,991 0.24	976,754 -1,011,877	6,261	0.83
128,905 - 135,318	27,623 0.25	1,011,878 -1,048,739	5,893	0.84
135,319 - 141,855	27,254 0.26	1,048,740 -1,087,472	5,524	0.85
141,856 - 148,519	26,886 0.27	1,087,473 -1,128,224	5,156	0.86
148,520 - 155,315	26,518 0.28	1,128,225 -1,171,159	4,788	0.87
155,316 - 162,246	26,149 0.29	1,171,160 -1,216,459	4,420	0.88
162,247 - 169,316	25,781 0.30	1,216,460 -1,264,327	4,051	0.89
169,317 - 176,531	25,413 0.31	1,264,328 -1,314,988	3,683	0.90
176,532 - 183,894	25,044 0.32	1,314,989 -1,368,698	3,315	0.90
183,895 - 191,411	24,676 0.33	1,368,699 -1,425,742	2,946	0.91
191,412 - 199,086	24,308 0.34	1,425,743 -1,486,441	2,578	0.92
			2,378	0.93
199,087 - 206,927		1,486,442 -1,551,164	2,210 1,841	0.94
206,928 - 214,936	23,571 0.36	1,551,165 -1,620,324		
214,937 - 223,122	23,203 0.37	1,620,325 -1,694,398	1,473	0.96
223,123 - 231,490	22,835 0.38	1,694,399 -1,773,931	1,105	0.97

Exp	ected Loss	es	В	W	Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio
1 773 0	-1,85	9 556	737	0.98	0512	1.3228	1.2172	1.0754	.463
	557 - 1,95	•	368		0512	.7048	.6482	.5733	.453
	000 & OVER		0		0514	1.1633	1.0683	.9468	.428
			-		0515	1.8952	1.7394	1.5359	.426
				.16.035. 89–24–051	0516	1.4878	1.7554	1.2082	.451
(Order 8	9–22), § 296–	17–880, filed	12/1/89, effect	ctive 1/1/90. Statu-	0517	1.3810	1.2671	1.1217	.413
				-24-012 (Order 88- /89. Statutory Au-	0517			0.9227	.444
thority: 1	RCW 51.16.0	35. 87 <u>–</u> 24–06	0 (Order 87–	26), § 296–17–880,		1.1378	1.0455		.452
filed 12	2/1/87, effec	tive 1/1/88	3. Statutory	Authority: RCW	0519	1.4509	1.3342	1.1788	
				-41), § 296–17–880,	0601	.4375	.4028	.3570	.461
				16.035. 85-24-032 fective 1/1/86; 84-	0602	.3640	.3351	.2969	.459
				1/28/84, effective	0603	.6461	.5939	.5246	.446
				filed 11/30/83, ef-	0604	1.6417	1.5046	1.3440	.341
				296-17-880, filed	0606	.2167	.1999	.1771	.490
11/29/82	2, effective 1/1	1/83; 81–24–0	042 (Order 81-	-30), § 296–17–880, der 80–23), § 296–	0607	.2403	.2214	.1960	.485
17-880	30/81, effecti	ve 1/1/62; o Deffective 1/	/1/81 Statuto	ry Authority: RCW	0608	.2438	.2249	.1990	.499
				18), § 296–17–880,	0701	1.3727	1.2559	1.1090	.385
				Authority: RCW	0803	.3159	.2905	.2575	.443
				-23), § 296–17–880,	0804	.5846	.5367	.4754	.421
				3 296–17–880, filed 296–17–880, filed	0901	1.8248	1.6645	1.4738	.333
				11/24/75, effective	1002	0.8656	.7992	.7058	.516
1/1/76;	Order 74-40	), § 296–17-	-880, filed 1	1/27/74, effective	1003	.5366	.4940	.4370	.466
1/1/75;	Order 73–22,	§ 296–17–880	), filed 11/9/73	3, effective 1/1/74.]	1004	.5366	.4940	.4370	.466
	•				1005	3.2974	3.0351	2.6728	.475
WA(	C <b>296–17–</b> 8	885 Table	III.		1007	.2012	.1855	.1643	.478
	Evnoote	d Loss Do	tes and D-R	ation	1101	.5224	.4825	.4281	.518
Ewn				Vorker Hour	1102	1.0482	0.9621	.8505	.425
in wh			Fiscal Year		1103	.3985	.3675	.3250	.493.
					1104	.4725	.4353	.3859	.472
Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio	1106	.1890	.1747	.1553	.538
					1108	.4150	.3828	.3392	.491
0101	1.0704	.9817	.8683	.409	1109	.7282	.6712	.5938	.485
0102	1.0477	.9644	.8513	.468	1301	.2022	.1859	.1649	.440
0103	1.3726	1.2600	1.1188	.406	1303	.1702	.1563	.1384	.441
0104	1.1143	1.0164	.9001	.330	1304	.0164	.0152	.0135	.512
0105	0.9767	0.8972	.7955	.422	1305	.2814	.2598	.2300	.510
0106	2.0719	1.9065	1.6985	.432	1401	1.1698	1.0792	0.9670	.461
0107	.9024	.8287	.7329	.429	1404	.5294	.4879	.4315	.484
0108	.8723	.7999	.7056	.418	1405	.4731	.4359	.3855	.479
0109	2.3494	2.1497	1.9037	.372	1501	.3326	.3063	.2712	.470
0201	1.6872	1.5406	1.3643	.345	1507	.2184	.2013	.1785	.478
0202	2.5949	2.3783	2.1253	.339	1701	1.5226	1.3903	1.2292	.353
0206	1.3955	1.2760	1.1291	.367	1702	1.5226	1.3903	1.2292	.353
0301	.5383	.4966	.4391	.500	1703	.4016	.3686	.3258	.420
0302	1.5129	1.3900	1.2240	.449	1704	.8110	.7437	.6589	.401
0306	.7058	.6491	.5741	.452	1801	.9320	.8561	.7588	.424
0307	.6944	.6390	.5658	.456	1802	.4605	.4237	.3758	.452
0401	1.2094	1.1102	0.9822	.445	2002	.5330	.4904	.4353	.450
0402	0.4824	0.4457	0.3955	.406	2003	.3475	.3207	.2843	.504
0403	0.9808	0.9001	.7985	.406	2004	.6197	.5707	.5043	.475
0502	0.9117	.8373	.7387	.437	2005	.3139	.2894	.2570	.481
0503	0.2960	0.2732	0.2422	.450	2007	.3098	.2853	.2535	.464
0504	1.2094	1.1102	.9822	.423	2008	.2351	.2161	.1915	.436
0505	1.2292	1.1288	0.9971	.436	2101	.5361	.4940	.4384	.472
0506	3.0066	2.7636	2.4494	.436	2102	.3475	.3207	.2843	.504
0507	2.7268	2.5097	2.2163	.468	2104	.2930	.2709	.2395	.542
0508	2.7200	2.7054	2.4016	.348	2105	.3922	.3610	.3197	.457
0509	1.8578	1.7004	1.5088	.366	2106	.3792	.3491	.3100	.452
0510	1.1320	1.0416	.9207	.460	2201	.2066	.1907	.1689	.511
0510	1.0032	.9227	.8164	.454	2202	.4204	.3876	.3443	.481
0511	1.0032	,7441	.0104	,TJ7	2202	.7207	.5070	.5 115	. 101

Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio	Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio
2203	.2737	.2526	.2231	.506	4302	.6187	.5693	.5035	.464
2401	.4624	.4258	.3767	.473	4303	.2372	.2187	.1939	.483
2903	.5862	.5420	.4789	.540	4304	.5227	.4824	.4277	.507
2904	.7069	.6519	.5813	.475	4305	0.9921	0.9120	.8085	.438
2905	.4531	.4182	.3703	.513	4401	.4059	.3751	.3312	.533
2906	.4823	.4441	.3926	.475	4402	.6336	.5840	.5169	.481
2907	.4262	.3931	.3475	.500	4404	.5392	.4978	.4396	.514
2908	.7897	.7269	.6431	.462	4501	.1268	.1164	.1032	.420
2909	.5450	.5017	.4442	.464	4502	.0322	.0297	.0263	.411
3101	.5293	.4851	.4297	.393	4504	.0725	.0671	.0596	.526
3102	.3745	.3441	.3049	.433	4601	.5632	.5176	.4619	.396
3103	.3745	.3441	.3049	.433	4802	.2812	.2593	.2294	.496
3104	.4947	.4558	.4064	.457	4803	.3236	.2989	.2639	.525
3105	.8299	.7629	.6736	.451	4804	.5123	.4728	.4194	.504
3301	.6583	.6087	.5365	.543	4805	.3321	.3061	.2711	.485
3302	.6583	.6087	.5365	.543	4806	.0837	.0771	.0682	.495
3303	.2224	.2047	.1818	.446	4808	.3892	.3582	.3173	.460
3304	.6583	.6087	.5365	.543	4809	.2125	.1963	.1742	.525
3309	.3122	.2873	.2552	.445	4810	.1448	.1337	.1184	.500
3401	.3344	.3081	.2733	.476	4811	.2658	.2446	.2166	.455
3402	.3215	.2971	.2628	.527	4812	.3799	.3504	.3098	.502
3403	.1206	.1111	.0986	.485	4901	.0414	.0382	.0338	.494
3404	.3612	.3337	.2954	.518	4902	.0324	.0298	.0264	.482
3405	.2059	.1898	.1681	.489	4903	.0414	.0382	.0338	.494
3406	.1654	.1528	.1360	.504	4904	.0164	.0152	.0135	.512
3407	.2596	.2386	.2116	.437	4905	.2852	.2639	.2340	.550
3408	.0907	.0836	.0741	.456	4906	.0459	.0423	.0376	.479
3409	.1469	.1354	.1204	.464	4907	.0771	.0711	.0630	.462
3501	.6602	.6067	.5383	.428	4908	.1095	.1010	.0904	.464
3503	.2111	.1948	.1724	.514	4909	.1095	.1010	.0904	.464
3506	.6333	.5813	.5145	.416	4910	.2960	.2732	.2422	.499
3508	.4937	.4563	.4037	.537	5001	3.5218	3.2287	2.8550	.406
3509	.3154	.2925	.2582	.600	5002	.4629	.4275	.3774	.521
3602	.0764	.0707	.0627	.538	5003	1.1451	1.0501	0.9292	.406
3603	.5101	.4706	.4168	.498	5004	2.2503	2.0665	1.8243	.436
3604	1.0656	0.9779	.8672	.408	5101	.5740	.5282	.4672	.459
3605	.3799	.3502	.3100	.485	5102	0.6781	0.6246	.5526	.472
3606	.6866	.6319	.5614	.447	5103	.6781	.6246	.5526	.472
3701	.2372	.2187	.1939	.483	5106	.5535	.5091	.4527	.432
3702	.3849	.3532	.3132	.410	5108	.6276	.5780	.5118	.471
3707	.3418	.3155	.2784	.511	5109	.4273	.3915	.3470	.385
3708	.2435	.2246	.1986	.501	5201	.2741	.2523	.2238	.462
3801	.1905	.1756	.1554	.486	5204	1.1802	1.0877	0.9553	.498
3802	.1564	.1446	.1290	.536	5206	.2850	.2615	.2312	.419
3808	.2332	.2155	.1906	.524	5207	.1515	.1402	.1243	.539
3901	.1380	.1272	.1129	.483	5208	.8187	.7533	.6661	.460
3902	.4583	.4227	.3742	.495	5209	.5020	.4623	.4093	.468
3903	0.9887	.9101	.8093	.450	5301	.0209	.0193	.0171	.490
3905	.1265	.1172	.1042	.562	5305	.0262	.0241	.0214	.426
3906	.3408	.3139	.2781	.472	5306	.0299	.0276	.0244	.448
3909	.2599	.2397	.2129	.487	5307	.2928	.2702	.2389	.507
4002	.6021	.5543	.4907	.463	6103	.0362	.0334	.0297	.534
4101	.1901	.1754	.1562	.484	6104	.2820	.2599	.2305	.482
4103	.2355	.2173	.1925	.509	6105	.1388	.1280	.1133	.485
4107	.0953	.0878	.0780	.485	6107	.0928	.0856	.0760	.482
4108	.1901	.1754	.1562	.484	6108	.4737	.4385	.3880	.565
4109	.1901	.1754	.1562	.484	6109	.0322	.0298	.0264	.540
4201	.2452	.2257	.1997	.463	6110	.2619	.2425	.2146	.569
4301	.7605	.7009	.6189	.488	6201	.1258	.1159	.1030	.476

Workers' Compensation Insurance 296-1								296–17–885	
Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio	Class	1986	1987	1988	D-Ratio
6202	.5459	.5010	.4449	.404	7101	.0235	.0216	.0192	.431
6203	.0780	.0719	.0638	.457	7102	2.9918*	2.7652*	2.4818*	.508
6204	.1349	.1246	.1106	.521	7103	.1717	.1581	.1399	.457
6205	.1349	.1246	.1106	.521	7104	.0395	.0364	.0321	.466
6206	.1349	.1246	.1106	.521	7105	.2809	.2594	.2293	.519
6207	.8171	.7539	.6702	.495	7106	.5610	.5161	.4556	.500
6208	.2100	.1936	.1717	.482	7107	1.2771	1.1776	1.0481	.498
6209	.2029	.1872	.1666	.492	7108	2.1598	1.9890	1.7559	.481
6301	.1011	.0930	.0825	.435	7109	5.4194	4.9873	4.4167	.457
6302	.1418	.1302	.1156	.412	7110	.2809	.2594	.2293	.521
6303	.0532	.0491	.0436	.460	7111	.2809	.2594	.2293	.521
6304	.1126	.1038	.0923	.478	7112	.5609	.5161	.4556	.463
6305	.0512	.0473	.0421	.509	7113	.5609	.5161	.4556	.463
6306	.2294	.2112	.1879	.454	7114	.5609	.5161	.4556	.463
6308	.0335	.0308	.0273	.446	7115	.5609	.5161	.4556	.463
6309	.1043	.0964	.0857	.531	7116	.5609	.5161	.4556	.463
6402	.2092	.1928	.1706	.489	7117	1.2771	1.1776	1.0481	.476
6403	.1496	.1384	.1227	.543	7118	2.1598	1.9890	1.7559	.477
6404	.1222	.1129	.1001	.539	7119	2.1598	1.9890	1.7559	.477
6405	.4910	.4524	.4004	.476	7120	5.4194	4.9873	4.4167	.457
6406	.0676	.0625	.0555	.514 .512	7121	5.4194	4.9873	4.4167	.457
6407	.1491	.1377	.1223 .2511	.407	7201	.5870	.5415	.4766	.513
6408	.3069 .3871	.2820 .3564	.2311	.407 .444	7202	.0296	.0272	.0241	.446
6409 6501	.0601	.0557	.0493	.550	7203	.1084	.0999	.0888	.457
6502	.0163	.0357	.0493	.330 .480	7204	.0000	.0000	.0000	.682
6503	.0828	.0755	.0673	.317	7301	.5554	.5123	.4536	.496
6504	.3064	.2837	.2526	.563	7302	.6295	.5812	.5172	.500
6505	.1597	.1475	.1310	.516	7307	1.1401	1.0555	.9371	.563
6506	.0633	.0584	.0519	.499	7308	.2154	.1985	.1762	.477
6508	.3623	.3342	.2962	.498	7309	.1379	.1277	.1136	.554
6509	.1846	.1703	.1511	.491	*Doily	expected lo	e rota		
6601	.1626	.1500	.1334	.493	Dany	expected to	ss rate		
6602	.4824	.4457	.3955	.518	[Statutor	y Authority: I	RCW 51.04.0	20(1) and 51.	16.035. 89–24–051
6603	.2236	.2062	.1829	.487					tive 1/1/90. Statuder 89-07), § 296-
6604	.0575	.0528	.0468	.455	17–885, f	filed 7/20/89,	effective 8/2	0/89. Statutor	y Authority: RCW
6605	.1931	.1782	.1577	.510	51.16.035	and 51.04.02	20. 88-24-01	2 (Order 88-3	0), § 296–17–885,
6607	.1515	.1402	.1243	.539	filed 12/1	1/88, effective	1/1/89. Stat	utory Authority	y: RCW 51.16.035. /31/88; 88–12–050
6608	.2019	.1857	.1640	.453					ective 7/1/88; 88-
6704	.1682	.1551	.1379	.482	06-047 (	Order 87-33),	§ 296-17-88	35, filed 3/1/8	8; 87-24-060 (Or-
6705	.6760	.6250	.5547	.535					/e 1/1/88; 87–12–
6706	.3265	.3011	.2677	.480					, effective 7/1/87. 16.035. 86–24–042
6707	1.5956*	1.4781*	1.3124*	.576					atutory Authority:
6708	4.3646	4.0262	3.6128	.451					296–17–885, filed
6709	.1379	.1277	.1136	.554					33), § 296–17–885, r 85–7), § 296–17–
6801	.3725	.3412	.3024	.386					(Order 84–23), §
6802	.3128	.2881	.2557	.464	296178	85, filed 11/2	8/84, effectiv	e 1/1/85; 83-	24-017 (Order 83-
6803	1.3764	1.2480	1.1036	.272					4; 82–24–047 (Or-
6804	.1978	.1816	.1611	.401					ve 1/1/83; 81-24- , effective 1/1/82;
6809	2.2170	2.0490	1.8297	.520					1/13/80, effective
6901	.0337	.0311	.0285	.682	1/1/81. 5	Statutory Auth	ority: RCW	51.04.030 and	51.16.035. 79-12-

[Title 296 WAC-p 173]

1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–17–885, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.

Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043

(Order 78-23), § 296-17-885, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79, effective 1/1/80. Order 77-27, § 296-17-885, filed 11/30/77, effective

1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-885, filed 12/1/77; Order

77-10, § 296-17-885, filed 5/31/77; Order 76-36, § 296-17-885, filed 11/30/76; Order 76-18, § 296-17-885, filed 5/28/76, effective

7/1/76; Order 75–38, § 296–17–885, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–40, § 296–17–885, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73–22, § 296–17–885, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

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WAC 296-17-890 Table IV.

Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

# Maximum experience modifications for firms with no compensable accidents:

compensable accidents:		Classes	Accident	Medical Aid
	Maximum	Class	Fund	Fund
Expected	Experience	0101	1.2222	0.6207
Loss Range	Modification	0102	1.1529	0.6391
		0103	1.3079	0.9728
		0104	1.3381	0.5465
1,848 & Under	0.90	0105	0.8936	0.6653
1,849 – 1,977	0.89	0106	1.8695	1.5910
1,978 – 2,116	0.88	0107	1.0469	0.5469
2,117 - 2,268	0.87	0107	1.0913	0.4396
2,269 - 2,432	0.86	0109	2.7192	1.3186
2,433 - 2,610	0.85	0201	1.9953	0.8657
2,611 - 2,804	0.84	0201	2.2044	2.1940
2,805 - 3,014	0.83	0202	1.6933	0.7296
3,015 - 3,243	0.82	0301	0.5045	0.7290
3,244 - 3,493	0.81	0301	1.8706	0.7567
3,494 - 3,766	0.80	0302	0.7548	0.7507
3,767 - 4,063	0.79	0307	0.6983	0.4755
4,064 – 4,389	0.78			
4,390 - 4,745	0.77	0403	0.9842	0.6665
4,746 - 5,135	0.76	0502	1.1202	0.4946
5,136 - 5,564	0.75	0504	1.2989	0.7388
5,565 - 6,035	0.74	0506	3.0344	2.0654
6,036 - 6,552	0.73	0507	2.7529	1.6845
6,553 - 7,123	0.72	0508	3.1977	1.8432
7,124 - 7,752	0.71	0509	2.0130	1.1533
7,753 - 8,447	0.70	0510	1.1487	0.7237
8,448 - 9,216	0.69	0511	1.0313	0.6550
9,217 - 10,067	0.68	0512	1.4676	0.8291
10,068 -11,012	0.67	0513	0.6854	0.4539
11,013 -12,062	0.66	0514	1.2017	0.7746
12,063 - 13,230	0.65	0515	2.2189	1.0423
13,231 -14,533	0.64	0516	1.6437	0.8907
14,534 -15,988	0.63	0517	1.5523	0.8465
15,989 -17,615	0.62	0518	1.3461	0.6423
17,616 -19,439	0.61	0519	1.6420	0.8924
19,440 & Over	0.60	0601	0.4442	0.3137
·		0602	0.3726	0.2609
tatutory Authority: RCW 51.04.0	020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051	0603	0.6717	0.3846
	12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statu- 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-	0604	1.2664	1.3686
	effective 1/1/89. Statutory Au-	0606	0.2002	0.1655

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-890, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-30), § 296-17-890, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-890, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 86-24-042 (Order 86-41), § 296-17-890, filed 11/26/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-890, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 84-24-016 (Order 84-23), § 296-17-890, filed 11/28/84, effective 1/1/85; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-890, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-890, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-890, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-890, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-890, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-17-895 Industrial insurance accident fund base rates and medical aid base rates by class of industry. Industrial insurance accident fund and medical aid fund base rates by class of industry shall be as set forth below.

0607 0.2147 0.1698 0.1749 0608 0.2342 0701 1.7049 0.6622 0803 0.2848 0.2240 0804 0.5882 0.3742 0901 2.0753 0.8865 1002 0.8094 0.5984 1003 0.5306 0.3604 1004 0.3604 0.5306 1005 1.7917 3.3817 1007 0.1959 0.1474 1101 0.4344 0.4307 1102 1.1343 0.6137 0.2769 1103 0.3711 0.3524 1104 0.4029 0.1708 1106 0.1346 1108 0.3739 0.3141

Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

	Januai	y 1, 1550		Junua	iy 1, 1220
Class	Accident Fund	Medical Aid Fund	Class	Accident Fund	Medical Aid Fund
1109	0.6326	0.5085	3501	0.5964	0.4696
1301	0.2114	0.1467	3503	0.1683	0.1547
1303	0.1782	0.1092	3506	0.6986	0.3926
1304	0.0145	0.0140	3508	0.4346	0.3791
1305	0.2501	0.2113	3509	0.2862	0.2381
1401	0.6842	1.2560	3602	0.0594	0.0639
1404	0.4608	0.3679	3603	0.4602	0.3822
1405	0.4459	0.3241	3604	0.9838	0.7083
1501	0.3059	0.2331	3605	0.3380	0.2729
1507	0.1970	0.1672	3701	0.2121	0.1807
1701	1.8744	0.7117	3702	0.3769	0.2550
1702	1.8744	0.7117	3707	0.3250	0.2282
1703	0.4290	0.2340	3708	0.2160	0.1737
1704	0.8234	0.5071	3801	0.1783	0.1368
1801	0.9655	0.6276	3802	0.1125	0.1494
1802	0.4027	0.3356	3808	0.2045	0.1751
2002	0.4557	0.4026	3901	0.1106	0.1083
2003	0.3053	0.2736	3902	0.4003	0.3342
2004	0.5936	0.4019	3903	0.7843	0.7985
2005	0.2485	0.2555	3905	0.0882	0.1223
2007	0.2506	0.2495	3906	0.3249	0.2451
2008	0.2187	0.1577	3909	0.2004	0.2132
2101	0.4421	0.4184	4002	0.5786	0.4115
2102	0.3053	0.2736	4101	0.1382	0.1690
2104	0.2206	0.2184	4103	0.2298	0.1807
2105	0.3938	0.2723	4107	0.0862	0.0761
2106	0.3166	0.2949	4108	0.1382	0.1690
2201	0.1805	0.1578	4109	0.1382	0.1690
2202	0.3371	0.3425	4201	0.2556	0.1667
2203	0.2528	0.1839	4301	0.7354	0.4891
2401	0.4367	0.3146	4302	0.5859	0.4048
2903	0.5209	0.4355	4304	0.4350	0.4134
2904	0.4963	0.6544	4305	1.0451	0.6882
2905	0.3683	0.3413	4401	0.3784	0.2870
2906	0.4900	0.3164	4402	0.5770	0.4500
2907	0.3939	0.2957	4404	0.5039	0.3671
2908	0.7648	0.5287	4501	0.1210	0.0877
2909	0.4905	0.3789	4502	0.0312	0.0221
3101	0.5539	0.3201	4504	0.0506	0.0664
3102	0.3669	0.2495	4601	0.4303	0.4894
3103	0.3669	0.2495	4802	0.2294	0.1985
3104	0.3991	0.4489	4803	0.1907	0.2251
3105	0.8326	0.4832	4804	0.4266	0.4071
3303	0.1834	0.1699	4805	0.2771	0.2427
3304	0.5999	0.4410	4806	0.0582	0.0581
3309	0.2575	0.2408	4808	0.3406	0.2731
3401	0.3063	0.2532	4809	0.1701	0.1777
3402	0.2883	0.2417	4810	0.1044	0.1089
3403	0.1080	0.0962	4811	0.2027	0.1841
3404	0.3137	0.2770	4812	0.3549	0.2651
3405	0.1876	0.1481	4901	0.0409	0.0312
3406	0.1164	0.1532	4902	0.0290	0.0249
3407	0.2554	0.1832	4903	0.0409	0.0312
3408 3409	0.0888 0.1154	0.0676 0.1224	4904 4905	0.0134 0.2132	0.0140 0.2437
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Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

	Janua	ry 1, 1990		January 1, 1990		
Class	Accident Fund	Medical Aid Fund	Class	Accident Fund	Medical Aid Fund	
4906	0.0387	0.0373	6409	0.3150	0.3364	
4907	0.0664	0.0575	6501	0.0492	0.0490	
4908	0.0648	0.1138	6502	0.0134	0.0137	
4909	0.0648	0.1138	6503	0.0863	0.0543	
4910	0.2404	0.2291	6504	0.1988	0.2993	
5001	4.1269	1.9893	6505	0.1237	0.1376	
5002	0.4747	0.3181	6506	0.0471	0.0551	
5003	1.2407	0.6748	6508	0.3163	0.2780	
5004	2.1618	1.3200	6509	0.1504	0.1477	
5101	0.5408	0.3774	6601	0.1238	0.1369	
5103	0.6031	0.4655	6602	0.3818	0.4025	
5106	0.4607	0.4385	6603	0.1959	0.1738	
5108	0.6117	0.4403	6604	0.0564	0.0394	
5109	0.4191	0.2661	6605	0.1945	0.1410	
5201	0.2518	0.2040	6607	0.1128	0.1300	
5204	1.3680	0.5900	6608	0.2158	0.1342	
5204	0.3167	0.1679	6614	127.2820	148.8180	
			6615	95.0120	111.0880	
5207	0.1128	0.1300				
5208	0.8342	0.5292	6616	12.4930	14.6070	
5209	0.4570	0.3511	6617	9.2660	10.8340	
5301	0.0170	0.0181	6618	68.7350	80.3650	
5305	0.0226	0.0208	6704	0.1288	0.1451	
5306	0.0270	0.0224	6705	0.4702	0.5796	
5307	0.2887	0.2099	6706	0.2826	0.2770	
6103	0.0270	0.0336	6707	9.69*	11.66*	
6104	0.2352	0.2178	6708	2.6540	3.6860	
6105	0.1220	0.1014	6709	0.0916	0.1311	
6107	0.0794	0.0753	6801	0.4098	0.2252	
6108	0.4048	0.3793	6802	0.2748	0.2381	
6109	0.0265	0.0262	6803	1.8750	0.4345	
6110	0.2190	0.2094	6804	0.1968	0.1352	
6201	0.1071	0.1034	6809	1.4431	2.2613	
6202	0.4829	0.3862	6901		0.0566	
6203	0.0646	0.0613	6902	0.4463	0.2594	
6204	0.1052	0.1133	6903	5.7307	3.0914	
6205	0.1052	0.1133	6904	0.1658	0.1170	
6206	0.1052	0.1133	6905	0.1962	0.1404	
6207	0.6270	0.7017	6906		0.1404	
6208	0.1726	0.1629	6907	1.2887	0.7471	
6209	0.1496	0.1792	6908	0.2810	0.2223	
6301	0.1102	0.0717	6909	0.0461	0.0441	
6302	0.1234	0.1020	7101	0.0248	0.0159	
6303	0.0438	0.0443	7102	13.34*	27.76*	
6304	0.0814	0.0941	7103	0.1688	0.1181	
6305	0.0340	0.0447	7104	0.0162	0.0188	
6306	0.1733	0.1911	7105	0.0379	0.0269	
6308	0.0314	0.0223	7106	0.1942	0.1470	
6309	0.0750	0.0909	7107	0.1942	0.1470	
6402	0.1763	0.1491	7108	0.1926	0.1470	
6403	0.1151	0.1269	7109	0.2520	0.2019	
6404	0.0894	0.1014	7110	0.2520	0.2019	
6405	0.4745	0.3454	7111	0.2611	0.2019	
6406	0.0523	0.0579	7112	0.5796	0.3398	
6407	0.1051	0.1255	7113	0.5544	0.3398	
	0.2551	0.2477	7114	0.5544	0.3398	

Base Rates Effective January 1, 1990

Class	Accident Fund	Medical Aid Fund
7115	0.5544	0.3398
7116	0.5544	0.3398
7117	0.9528	1.1142
7118	2.1091	1.3442
7119	2.1091	1.3442
7120	4.9234	3.7491
7121	4.9234	3.7491
7201	0.6148	0.3426
7202	0.0267	0.0220
7203	0.0823	0.0909
7204	<del>- , </del>	,
7301	0.4707	0.4096
7302	0.4842	0.5661
7307	0.7184	1.0230
7308	0.1702	0.1699
7309	0.0916	0.1311

<sup>\*</sup>Daily rate. The daily rate shall be paid in full on any person for any calendar day in which any duties are performed that are incidental to the profession of the worker.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-895, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 89-16-001 (Order 89-07), § 296-17-895, filed 7/20/89, effective 8/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035 and 51.04.020. 88-24-012 (Order 88-30), § 296-17-895, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 88-12-065 (Order 88-05), § 296-17-895, filed 5/31/88; 88-12-050 (Order 88-06), § 296-17-895, filed 5/31/88, effective 7/1/88; 88-06-047 (Order 87-33), § 296-17-895, filed 3/1/88; 87-24-060 (Order 87-26), § 296-17-895, filed 12/1/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-12-032 (Order 87-12), § 296-17-895, filed 5/29/87, effective 7/1/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 86-24-042 (Order 86-41), § 296-17-895, filed 11/26/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-895, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 85-24-032 (Order 85-33), § 296-17-895, filed 11/27/85, effective 1/1/86; 85-13-046 (Order 85-13), § 296-17-895, filed 6/17/85; 85-06-026 (Order 85-7), § 296-17-895, filed 2/28/85, effective 4/1/85; 84-24-016 (Order 84-23), § 296-17-895, filed 11/28/84, effective 1/1/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1). 84-12-048 (Order 84-12), § 296-17-895, filed 6/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-895, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-895, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-895, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-895, filed 1/30/81; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-895, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-895, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-895, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 77-27, § 296-17-895, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-25, § 296-17-895, filed 12/1/77; Order 77-10, § 296-17-895, filed 5/31/77; Order 76-36, § 296-17-895, filed 11/30/76; Order 76-18, § 296-17-895, filed 5/28/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 75-38, § 296-17-895, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 75-28, § 296-17-895, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 74-40, § 296-17-895, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 73-22, § 296-17-895, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-900 Premium discounts. In providing a rate modification system consistent with recognized insurance principles, the department may, in addition to the experience rating plan, provide a premium discount plan which recognizes the differences in administrative expense to the department in collecting premiums from employers based on differences in their premium volume. [Order 73-22, § 296-17-900, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-904 Definitions. The definitions in this section shall apply throughout WAC 296-17-905 through 296-17-91902.

- (1) "Coverage period" means a one-year period beginning the first day of either January, April, July, or October.
- (2) "Group" means those members of an association who have elected to have a group dividend and/or retrospective premium calculated based on the combined premium and incurred loss data of the participants, and have satisfactorily complied with eligibility requirements for doing so.
- (3) "Premium" means only that portion of the money collected from an employer for worker's compensation (not to include any money paid in penalties or security deposits), which is deposited in the accident fund and the medical aid fund.
- (4) "Standard premium" for a particular coverage period means premium collected or due for insurance coverage provided during the period, prior to any adjustments under a dividend or retrospective rating plan.
- (5) "Incurred losses" for a coverage period means the estimated ultimate cost to the accident fund and medical aid fund of claims arising from incidents occurring during the coverage period, subject to the special evaluation methods prescribed in WAC 296-17-915.
- (6) "Loss development factor" means an actuarially determined factor which is multiplied times individual case basis estimates of claim costs to produce incurred losses for a firm or group of firms during a coverage period. Loss development factors allow for reopenings, aggravations, and any other individually unpredictable contingencies which may affect claim costs based on past experience of the accident fund and medical aid fund as a whole.
- (7) "Loss ratio" means incurred losses divided by standard premium.
- (8) "Dividend" is a partial refund of standard premium based on a firm's standard premium and loss ratio.
- (9) "Retrospective premium" is a premium determined after a coverage period has ended, based on a firm's standard premium, incurred losses, and other preselected parameters for the coverage period.
- (10) "Retrospective premium adjustment" is an additional assessment or refund of premium owing to an employer's retrospective premium as of a given evaluation date being more or less than the premium previously paid for the coverage period.
- (11) "Performance adjustment factor" means an actuarially determined factor which is multiplied times incurred losses prior to application of the retrospective

<sup>\*\*</sup>These rates are calculated on a per license basis for parimutuel race tracks and are base rated.

rating formula, to produce "adjusted incurred losses." This adjustment will produce net retrospective premium credits for employers and employer groups participating in the retrospective rating program when they have combined experience which is more favorable than other state fund experience. Conversely, this adjustment will produce net retrospective premium penalties for employers and employer groups participating in the retrospective rating program when their combined experience is more adverse than other state fund experience. The purpose of the performance adjustment factor is to retain a consistent economic incentive for those employers to improve their accident cost experience while participating in these plans.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-904, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-904, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-904, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-904, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-905 Dividends. Periodically, the department shall determine the total liability existing against the accident fund. If, after such determination, the department finds the accident fund, aside from the reserves deemed actuarially necessary according to recognized insurance principles, contains a surplus, the director, in his/her discretion may declare a dividend to be paid to, or credited to the accounts of, employers who were insured with the department during all or part of the period for which the dividend is declared, according to a uniform formula to be promulgated by the department. Any dividends so declared shall give due consideration to the solvency of the accident fund, not be unfairly discriminatory, and not be promised in advance of such declaration. An employer in default when the dividend is declared shall not be eligible to receive payment as provided by this section but credit will be made towards reducing the employer's obligation to the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-905, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-905, filed 1/30/81; Order 73-22, § 296-17-905, filed 11/9/73, effective 1/1/74.]

WAC 296-17-907 Dividend declarations and distributions. Dividends, if any, will be declared approximately fifteen months after the conclusion of the coverage period with credit or payment made within sixty days of the calculation. No dividend checks will be written for less than ten dollars.

Adjustments to the dividend calculation due to clerical errors will be made if reported to the department within ninety days of the payments. No subsequent adjustments will be made.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-907, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-910 Qualifications for employer groups for workers' compensation insurance. The department may insure the workers' compensation obligations

of employers as a group, provided the following conditions are met:

- (1) All the employers in the group are members of an organization that has been in existence for at least two years.
- (2) The organization was formed for a purpose other than that of obtaining workers' compensation coverage.
- (3) The business of the employers in the organization is substantially similar, taking into consideration the nature of the work being performed by workers of such employers such that the group comprises substantially homogeneous risks.
- (4) The formation and operation of the group program in the organization will substantially improve accident prevention and claims handling for the employers in the group.

Each employer seeking to enroll in a group for workers' compensation insurance must have an industrial insurance account in good standing with the department such that at the time the agreement is processed no outstanding premiums, penalties or assessments are due and quarterly reporting of payroll has been made in accordance with WAC 296-17-310.

The above conditions do not pertain to groupings or combination of persons or risks by way of common ownership or common use and control for experience rating purposes. Combinations for experience rating are governed by WAC 296-17-873.

Final determination of group eligibility under this section rests with the department subject to review under chapter 51.52 RCW.

In providing employer group plans under this rule, the department may consider an employer group as a single employing entity for purposes of dividends or retrospective rating. No employer will be a member of more than one group for the purposes of insuring their workers' compensation obligations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020, 51.16.035 and 51.12.095. 89–18–051 (Order 89–11),  $\S$  296–17–910, filed 8/31/89, effective 10/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88–12–048 (Order 87–30),  $\S$  296–17–910, filed 5/31/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–06–025 (Order 85–8),  $\S$  296–17–910, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84–06–024 (Order 84–2),  $\S$  296–17–910, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 82–05–019 (Order 82–5),  $\S$  296–17–910, filed 2/29/84, effective 2/28/86, 2/28/86, 2/28/86, 2/28/86, effective 2/28/86, e

WAC 296-17-911 Group dividends. Group dividends will be calculated provided:

- (1) Employers qualify as a group as defined by WAC 296-17-910.
  - (2) Group submits a satisfactorily completed:
  - (a) Application for group dividend plan no later than:
- (i) April 30 for the coverage period beginning the following July 1;
- (ii) July 31 for the coverage period beginning the following October 1;
- (iii) October 31 for the coverage period beginning the following January 1;
- (iv) January 31 for the coverage period beginning the following April 1.

- (b) Employer's authorization for release of insurance data and group membership enrollment application for each employer account to be enrolled by the 15th day of the month preceding the start of the coverage period;
- (c) Group dividend agreement by the 15th day of the month preceding the start of the coverage period.
- (3) A dividend is declared under provisions of WAC 296-17-905.

Employers associated with the group at any time during the term of the group dividend agreement will remain parties to the group dividend agreement for the balance of its term.

Members of the organization or association which do not elect to participate in the group dividend at the inception of the agreement shall not become participating members in the group during the term of the agreement.

Each employer included as a group member in the group dividend agreement will maintain an individual account with the department and will continue to pay quarterly premiums based on assigned risk classification(s) and individual experience rating.

The department may withhold any member's pro rata share from the group's dividend and credit the employer's industrial insurance account when premiums, penalties, or assessments are owing the department.

Dividends will be calculated in accordance with WAC 296-17-905 and are subject to WAC 296-17-907 and 296-17-915.

The payment of the group dividend will be made by the department to the association and shall be distributed to the individual group members by the association.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-911, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-911, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-911, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-911, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), § 296-17-911, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-911, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-912 Retrospective rating plan. The department shall offer a retrospective rating plan to qualified employers. This plan shall be available on a voluntary basis for the period of one coverage period and may be renewed at the end of that year. The retrospective rating plan shall be consistent with recognized insurance principles and shall be administered according to rules, scales, tables, formulas, schedules and factors promulgated by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-912, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-913 Qualifications for employer participation in a retrospective rating plan. The department may enroll interested employers in a retrospective rating plan as a means of insuring their workers' compensation obligations provided the following conditions are met:

- (1) The employer submits a satisfactorily completed retrospective rating plan agreement for each employer account to be enrolled.
- (2) The employer has an industrial insurance account in good standing with the department such that at the

- time the agreement is processed no outstanding premium, penalties or assessments are due and quarterly reporting of payroll has been made in accordance with WAC 296-17-310.
- (3) The employer may be required to post a surety bond or other security deposit separate from the cash deposit required for establishing an industrial insurance account with the department:
- (a) The employer's surety bond must be on the prescribed forms authorized by the department;
- (b) The employer's surety bond shall be secured in one thousand dollar increments provided further that if the estimated maximum premium falls within two increment ranges, a surety bond at the higher level increment shall be obtained;
- (c) The employer's surety bond shall remain in full force and effect for the period required retrospective premium calculations are made.

Such surety bond or security deposit would be sufficient to cover the difference between the employer's estimated standard premium and the maximum premium due under the retrospective rating plan. Past reporting data and current rate levels will be used to determine the estimated standard premium and maximum percentage retrospective premium due under the plan.

(4) The employer maintains any existing retrospective rating account in good standing with the department with no outstanding additional premium assessments or interest therein due at the time the agreement is processed. The department may at its discretion, determine that an employer is in good standing if the employer and the department agree upon a payment schedule or other arrangements satisfactory to the department for payment of additional premium assessments or interest due. Said payment schedule or other established satisfactory arrangements shall be made prior to the time the agreement is processed.

Final determination as to the employer's eligibility under this section and financial ability to assume the responsibilities under the retrospective rating plan rests with the department subject to review under chapter 51-.52 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 87–12–033 (Order 87–17), § 296–17–913, filed 5/29/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85–06–025 (Order 85–8), § 296–17–913, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84–06–024 (Order 84–2), § 296–17–913, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 82–05–019 (Order 82–5), § 296–17–913, filed 2/10/82; 81–04–024 (Order 81–02), § 296–17–913, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-914 Retrospective rating formula. Employers who elect to have their premium adjusted under a retrospective rating plan must submit an application on a form provided by the department. This application must be received by the department no later than the 15th day of the month preceding the start of the coverage period. The employer must preselect a "maximum premium ratio" and either Plan A, A1, A2, A3, or B.

The employer's retrospective premium shall be calculated from the formula:

Retrospective Premium =

(Basic Premium Ratio x Standard Premium)

+

(Loss Conversion Factor x Adjusted Incurred Losses)

In the above formula, the basic premium ratio and loss conversion factor are taken from Plan A (WAC 296-17-91901) or Plan B (WAC 296-17-91902) or Plan A1 (WAC 296-17-91903) or Plan A2 (WAC 296-17-91904) or Plan A3 (WAC 296-17-91905) based on the employer's standard premium and preselected maximum premium ratio. Adjusted incurred losses equal incurred losses times the performance adjustment factor applicable to the coverage period. When the aggregate experience of retrospectively rated accounts is superior to other state fund experience, the performance adjustment factor will not exceed 1.00. The performance adjustment factor for each coverage period shall be calculated independently of results for previous coverage periods. Evaluation of incurred losses will be done according to the methods prescribed in WAC 296-17-915.

The maximum retrospective premium is the product of the maximum premium ratio times the employer's standard premium. In the event that the retrospective premium formula produces a value greater than the maximum premium, the retrospective premium shall be reduced to the maximum premium.

Under Plans A1, A2, and A3, the minimum retrospective premium is the product of the minimum premium ratio times the employer's standard premium. If the retrospective premium formula produces a value less than the minimum premium, the retrospective premium shall be increased to the minimum premium.

Under Plan A, a firm may elect to forego the protection of a maximum premium ratio if its financial condition is sufficiently strong and stable so that it could qualify as a self-insurer under the department's guidelines for certification of self-insurers. The basic premium ratio effective January 1, 1989, will be .058 if the firm selects and qualifies for an unlimited maximum premium.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-914, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-914, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-914, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-914, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-914, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), § 296-17-914, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-914, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-915 Evaluation of incurred losses dividend and retrospective rating plans. The initial evaluation date for each claim arising from incidents occurring during the coverage period shall be approximately twelve months following the end of the coverage period. Each subsequent annual incurred loss evaluation under the retrospective rating plan shall be approximately twelve months following the preceding evaluation date.

The estimated cost of each claim shall include all payments made as of the valuation date and may also include a reserve for future payments consistent with the following evaluation methods applicable to experience rating:

# (1) Retroactive adjustments – revision of losses between valuation dates

No claim value shall be revised between valuation dates and no retroactive adjustment of a retrospective premium adjustment shall be made because of disputation concerning the judgment of the claims examiner or because of subsequent developments except as specifically provided in the following cases:

- (a) In cases where incurred loss values are included or excluded through mistake other than error of judgment;
  - (b) In cases where a third party recovery is made;
- (c) In cases where the claim qualifies as a second injury claim under the provisions of RCW 51.16.120.

## (2) Third party recovery

In the event of a third party recovery on a claim, the employer shall be charged for a portion of the actual loss amount, gross of such recovery, established on the claim. This portion shall be calculated at the time the recovery is made, and shall be determined by taking the ratio of the total cost of the claim, including attorneys' fees, after recovery, to the total cost of the claim before recovery. If the claim is open at the time the recovery is made, then costs before and after recovery may include an allowance for future claim payments.

#### (3) Second injury claims

The value of any claim which becomes eligible for second injury relief under the provisions of RCW 51.16.120, as now or hereafter amended, shall be reduced by the percentage of relief granted.

The incurred losses for each employer shall be determined by multiplying the individual claim cost estimates by loss development factors, and adding the resulting developed losses for all the employer's claims. The following special procedures will be used for making individual claim cost estimates:

# Fatal claims - retrospective rating plan

Each fatal claim shall include all payments made as of the valuation date and a pension reserve, if any, based on the annuity value at the time the pension is awarded. Pension costs will not be reevaluated based on events after the pension has been awarded.

#### Fatal claims - dividend plan

Each fatal claim shall be assigned the "average death value," said value to be the average incurred cost for all fatal claims occurring during the coverage period.

## Permanent total claims

Pension costs for permanent total injuries will be based on the annuity value at the time that the pension is awarded. Pension costs will not be reevaluated based on events after the pension has been awarded.

#### Occupational disease claims

The cost of any occupational disease claim paid and arising from exposure to the disease hazard under two or more employers, shall be prorated to each period of employment. Each employer's share of the claim cost shall be assigned to the coverage period during which the employer last employed the claimant under conditions of injurious exposure, provided the employer's share is at least ten percent of the total claim cost.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-915, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-915, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-915, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), § 296-17-915, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-915, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-916 Retrospective premium adjustments—Due and payable. The initial retrospective premium adjustment will be calculated approximately twelve months from the close of the coverage period and annually thereafter for a period of two years. Provided a request is made within ninety days following promulgation of the third and final required retrospective premium adjustment by the employer or employer group up to two subsequent annual retrospective premium adjustments on the coverage period will be made. The additional adjustments will be identified as the fourth and fifth adjustments and must be requested and made in succession.

Retrospective premium adjustments are the sole responsibility of the employer or employer group. Retrospective premium adjustments become due or payable within sixty days of notification of amount. Reevaluation of incurred losses or premium audits will not delay retrospective premium adjustment payments. For employers participating on an individual retrospective rating plan, no retrospective premium adjustment refund check will be written for less than ten dollars. In lieu of refund checks, retrospective premium adjustments of less than ten dollars will be credited to the employer's industrial insurance account. Retrospective premium adjustments of less than five dollars will be disregarded and not considered due or payable.

The department may withhold any member's pro rata share from the group's retrospective premium adjustment refund and credit the employer's industrial insurance account when premiums, penalties, or assessments are owing the department. For employers participating in an individual retrospective rating plan, retrospective premium adjustment refunds may be credited to the employer's industrial insurance account when premiums, penalties, or assessments are owing the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-916, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-12-048 (Order 87-30), § 296-17-916, filed 5/31/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-916, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-916, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-916, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-916, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-916, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-91601 Ninety-day open option. Employer or employer groups that have enrolled for coverage periods beginning July 1, 1984, through July 1, 1988, may elect to eliminate the required fourth and fifth retrospective premium adjustment under WAC

296-17-916 by giving written notification to the department of labor and industries no later than September 30, 1988.

Employer or employer groups that have elected to eliminate the required fourth and fifth annual retrospective premium adjustments may request optional fourth and fifth retrospective premium adjustments as described in WAC 296-17-916 as amended July 1, 1988.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-12-049 (Order 88-08), § 296-17-91601, filed 5/31/88.]

WAC 296-17-917 Qualifications for employer group participation in retrospective rating plan. The department may enroll interested groups in the retrospective rating plan provided:

- (1) Employers qualify as a group as defined by WAC 296-17-910.
- (2) Employers have industrial insurance accounts in good standing with the department such that at the time the agreement is processed no outstanding premium, penalties, or assessments are due and quarterly reporting of payroll has been made in accordance with WAC 296–17–310.
  - (3) Group submits a satisfactorily completed:
- (a) Application for group retrospective rating plan no later than:
- (i) April 30 for the coverage period beginning the following July 1;
- (ii) July 31 for the coverage period beginning the following October 1;
- (iii) October 31 for the coverage period beginning the following January 1;
- (iv) January 31 for the coverage period beginning the following April 1.
- (b) Employer's authorization for release of insurance data and group membership enrollment application for each employer account to be enrolled by the 15th day of the month preceding the start of the coverage period;
- (c) Group retrospective rating plan agreement by the 15th day of the month preceding the start of the coverage period.
- (4) The group may be required to post a surety bond or other security deposit separate from the individual employer's cash deposits required for establishing industrial insurance accounts with the department:
- (a) The group's surety bond must be on the prescribed forms authorized by the department;
- (b) The group's surety bond shall be secured in one thousand dollar increments provided further that if the group's estimated maximum premium due falls within two increment ranges, a surety bond at the higher level increment shall be obtained;
- (c) The group's surety bond shall remain in force and effect for the period required retrospective premium calculations are made.

The amount of such surety bond or other security deposit, if required, may be fixed by the department in any amount equal to or less than the difference between the group's estimated standard premium and the maximum premium due under the retrospective rating plan. Past

reporting data and current rate levels will be used to determine the estimated standard premium and maximum percentage retrospective premium due under the plan.

Each employer included as a group member in the group retrospective rating plan agreement will maintain an individual account with the department and will continue to pay quarterly premiums based on assigned risk classification(s) and individual experience rating.

Employers associated with the group at any time during the term of the group retrospective rating plan agreement will remain parties to the agreement for the balance of its term.

Members of the organization or association which do not elect to participate in the group retrospective rating plan at the inception of the agreement shall not become participating members in the group during the term of the agreement.

(5) The group maintains any existing retrospective rating account in good standing with the department with no outstanding additional premium assessment or interest therein due at the time the agreement is processed. The department may at its discretion, determine that a group is in good standing if the group and the department agree upon a payment schedule or other arrangements satisfactory to the department for payment of additional premium assessments or interest due. Said payment schedule or other established satisfactory arrangements shall be made prior to the time the agreement is processed.

Final determination of an employer's eligibility to participate in a group plan under this section rests with the department subject to review under chapter 51.52 RCW.

The payment of the group retrospective premium adjustment will be made to or collected from the association. The distribution to the individual group members or collection from the individual group members will be done by the association.

Group retrospective premium adjustment will be calculated according to WAC 296-17-914 and is subject to WAC 296-17-915 and 296-17-916.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 87-12-033 (Order 87-17), § 296-17-917, filed 5/29/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-917, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-917, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-917, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-917, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), § 296-17-917, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-917, filed 1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-918 Limitation of liability indemnification. With the exception of the required authorization for release of insurance data and group membership enrollment application for each employer account to be enrolled, the department disclaims interest in contracts executed between employer groups and participating group members. The department neither approves nor disapproves of any language contained therein and shall be held harmless for misrepresentation of fact(s) or errors of omission or commission stated in the terms of said contract. The department is released and exempt

from liability for any dispute or cause of action between an employer group and participating group members or amongst participating group members arising under the contract.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-918, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84.]

WAC 296-17-919 Table I.

RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLANS A, A1, A2, A3, AND B

STANDARD PREMIUM SIZE RANGES

Effective January 1, 1990

Size Group Number		Standard Premium Range	
84	\$	2 420 °C	2 056
	. <b>D</b>	3,430 - \$ 3,957 -	3,956
83			4,542
82		4,543 –	5,192
81 80		5,193 – 5,913 –	5,912
79		6,708 –	6,707 7,584
79 78		7,585 –	7,584 8,549
78		7,383 = 8,550 =	9,610
76		9,611 –	10,773
76 75		10,774 –	12,047
73 74		12,048 -	13,440
73		13,441 –	14,961
73 72		14,962 –	16,620
71		16,621 -	18,427
70		18,428 –	20,393
69		20,394 –	22,529
68		22,530 -	23,149
67		23,150 -	24,450
66		24,451 -	25,845
65		25,846 –	27,344
64		27,345 -	28,955
63		28,956 –	30,688
62		30,689 –	32,556
61		32,557 -	34,571
60		34,572 -	36,748
59	•	36,749 –	39,102
58		39,103 -	41,651
57		41,652 -	44,416
56		44,417 -	47,419
55		47,420 -	50,685
54		50,686 -	54,243
53		54,244 -	58,125
52		58,126 -	62,367
51		62,368 -	67,012
50		67,013 -	72,106
49		72,107 -	77,703
48		77,704 -	83,866
47		83,867 -	90,664
46		90,665 -	98,180
45		98,181 –	106,507
44		106,508 -	112,526
43		112,527 -	119,928
42		119,929 -	128,010
41		128,011 -	136,854

Size	Standa	ım	Size	Standard
Group	Premiu		Group	Premium
Number	Rang		Number	Range
40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31	136,855 - 146,555 - 157,218 - 168,969 - 181,952 - 196,337 - 212,319 - 230,133 - 250,050 - 272,397 - 297,562 -	146,554 157,217 168,968 181,951 196,336 212,318 230,132 250,049 272,396 297,561 326,009	17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	1,362,647 - 1,600,938 1,600,939 - 1,781,791 1,781,792 - 1,988,139 1,988,140 - 2,218,748 2,218,749 - 2,587,774 2,587,775 - 3,042,862 3,042,863 - 3,992,113 3,992,114 - 5,448,295 5,448,296 - 7,095,502 7,095,503 - 9,585,723 9,585,724 - 13,506,841
29	326,010 -	358,304	6 5	13,506,842 - 20,237,405
28	358,305 -	395,129		20,237,406 & over
27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19	395,130 - 437,322 - 485,912 - 542,181 - 607,736 - 684,606 - 775,388 - 883,433 - 1,013,122 - 1,170,259 -	437,321 485,911 542,180 607,735 684,605 775,387 883,432 1,013,121 1,170,258 1,362,646	(Order 89-22), § 296-17-24-010 (Order 88-26), 1/1/89. Statutory Author 18), § 296-17-919, filed 17-919, filed 2/28/85, el 296-17-919, filed 2/29/84), § 296-17-919, filed 282-5), § 296-17-919, fi	CW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 7-919, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90; 88-   § 296-17-919, filed 12/1/88, effective ity: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-ffective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order led 2/10/82; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 81, effective 1/1/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-1/30/81.]

WAC 296-17-91901 Table II.

RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLAN A BASIC PREMIUM RATIOS LOSS CONVERSION FACTOR = .729 Effective January 1, 1989

cimum nium io:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
<del></del>	1.03	1.10	1.13	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.33	1.40	1.43	1.50		1.70	1.60	2.00
Size Group														
84	.976	.957	.941	.929	.918	.908	.900	.892	.886	.879	.867	.857	.847	.828
83	.973	.953	.937	.923	.912	.902	.893	.885	.878	.871	.858	.847	.836	.817
82	.971	.949	.932	.917	.905	.895	.886	.877	.870	.862	.849	.838	.826	.806
81	.968	.945	.927	.912	.899	.888	.878	.870	.862	.854	.840	.828	.816	.795
80	.966	.941	.921	.906	.893	.881	.871	.862	.853	.846	,831	.818	.806	.783
79	.963	.937	.916	.900	.886	.874	.863	.854	.845	.837	.822	.808	.795	.771
78	.960	.933	.912	.894	.880	.867	.856	.846	.836	.828	.812	.798	.784	.759
77	.958	.929	.907	.889	.874	.860	.849	.838	.828	.819	.802	.787	.773	.746
76	.956	.925	.902	.883	.867	.853	.841	.829	.819	.810	.792	.776	.761	.734
75	.953	.921	.896	.876	.860	.845	.832	.821	.810	.800	.782	.766	.750	.722
74	.950	.916	.891	.870	.853	.838	.825	.812	.801	.791	.772	.754	.738	.709
73	.947	.912	.885	.864	.846	.830	.816	.804	.792	.781	.762	.743	.727	.696
72	.943	.907	.880	.858	.839	.823	.808	.795	.783	.772	.751	.732	.715	.682
71	.940	.902	.874	.851	.832	.815	.800	.786	.774	.762	.740	.721	.702	.669
70	.937	.897	.868	.844	.824	.807	.791	.777	.764	.752	.730	.709	.690	.656
69	.933	.892	.862	.837	.817	.799	.783	.768	.754	.742	.719	.698	.678	.643
68	.929	.886	.855	.830	.808	.790	.773	.758	.744	.731	.707	.686	.666	.630
67	.925	.880	.848	.822	.800	.781	.764	.748	.734	.721	.696	.674	.654	.618
66	.920	.875	.841	.814	.792	.772	.754	.738	.723	.710	.685	.662	.641	.604
65	.916	.869	.834	.807	.783	.763	.745	.728	.713	.699	.673	.649	.628	.590
64	.911	.863	.827	.799	.775	.754	.735	.718	.702	.688	.661	.637	.615	.576
63	.907	.856	.820	.791	.766	.745	.725	.708	.692	.677	.649	.625	.602	.563
62	.902	.850	.813	.783	.757	.735	.715	.698	.681	.666	.638	.612	.590	.550
61	.897	.844	.805	.774	.748	.726	.705	.687	.670	.654	.625	.600	.577	.536

Maximum

ximum mium														
io:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
						-								
Size Group														
60	.892	.838	.798	.766	.739	.716	.695	.676	.658	.642	.613	.587	.563	.522
59	.888	.831	.790	.758	.730	.706	.684	.665	.647	.630	.600	.574	.550	.508
58	.883	.825	.783	.749	.720	.696	.674	.654	.635	.618	.588	.561	.537	.495
57	.878	.818	.775	.740	.711-	.686	.663	.643	.624	.607	.576	.548	.524	.482
56	.872	.810	.766	.731	.701	.675	.652	.631	.612	.594	.563	.535	.511 .497	.468 .455
55 54	.865 .858	.802 .794	.757 .747	.721 .710	.690 .679	.664 .652	.640 .628	.619 .607	.599 .587	.582 .569	.550 .537	.522 .509	.484	.433
53	.851	.785	.738	.700	.668	.641	.616	.595	.575	.556	.524	.496	.471	.429
52	.843	.776	.728	.690	.657	.629	.605	.582	.562	.544	.511	.483	.458	.417
51	.836	.767	.718	.679	.646	.618	.592	.570	.550	.531	.498	.470	.446	.405
50	.828	.758	.708	.668	.634	.605	.580	.557	.537	.518	.485	.457	.432	.392
49	.821	.748	.697	.656	.622	.593	.567	.544	.524	.505	.472	.444	.419	.379
48	.813	.739	.686	.645	.610	.581	.555	.531	.511	.492	.459	.431	406	.367
47	.804	.729	.675	.633	.598	.568	.542	.519	.498	.479	.446	.418	.394	.355
46	.796	.718	.663	.620	.584	.554	.528	.505	.484	.465	.433	.406	.382	.344
45	.787	.707	.650	.607	571	.541	.514	.491	.471	.452	.420	.394	.371	.334
44	.778	.695	.638	.594	.557	.527	.501	.478	.458	.440	.408	.382	.360	.324
43	.768	.683	.625	.580	.544	.514	.488	.465	.445	.427	.396	.371	.349	.314
42	.758	.671	.612	.567	.530	.500	.474	.451	.431 .417	.413 .399	.383 .368	.357 .343	.336 .322	.301 .288
41 40	.748 .737	.659 .647	.599 .586	.554 .540	.517 .503	.486 .472	.460 .446	.437 .423	.403	.385	.355	.330	.309	.276
39	.726	.635	.573	.526	.489	.458	.432	.409	.389	.372	.342	.317	.296	.264
38	.714	.622	.560	.513	.476	.445	.418	.396	.376	.359	.329	.305	.284	.252
37	.702	.608	.546	.499	.462	.431	.405	.383	.363	.346	.317	.293	.273	.242
36	.688	.594	.532	.485	.448	.417	.392	.369	.350	.333	.304	.281	.262	.231
35	.673	.578	.516	.469	.433	.402	.377	.355	.336	.320	.292	.269	.250	.221
34	.657	.562	.500	.454	.418	.388	.363	.342	.323	.307	.280	.258	.240	.211
33	.640	.546	.484	.439	.403	.374	.349	.329	.310	.295	.268	.247	.229	.202
32	.623	.529	.468	.424	.389	.360	.336	.316	.298	.283	.257	.237	.220	.193
31	.607	.512	.452	.408	.373	.345	.322	.302	.285	.270	.246	.226	.210	.185
30	.589	.495	.435	.392	.358	.331	.308	.289	.273	.259	.235	.216	.201	.178
29	.571	.478	.419	.377	.344	.317	.295	.277	.261	.247	.225	.207	.193	.171
28	.553	.461	.403	.361	.329	.303	.282	.264	.248	.235	.213	.195	.181	.160
27	.537	.446	.388	.346	.314	.288	.267 .252	.248 .234	.233 .218	.219 .205	.197 .183	.179 .165	.165 .151	.143 .129
26 25	.521 .504	.430 .414	.373 .358	.331 .317	.299 .285	.273 .259	.232	.220	.205	.192	.170	.152	.131	.117
23	.482	.394	.339	.300	.269	.245	.235	.208	.194	.181	.161	.145	.132	.113
23	.460	.374	.321	.283	.254	.231	.213	.197	.184	.172	.153	.138	.127	.109
22	.437	.355	.304	.268	.241	.219	.201	.187	.174	.163	.146	.132	.121	.105
21	.414	.336	.288	.254	.228	.208	.191	.177	.166	.156	.139	.127	.117	.102
20	.394	.318	.272	.239	.214	.194	.179	.166	.155	.145	.130	.119	.110	.096
19	.377	.301	.254	.222	.198	.179	.164	.152	.142	.133	.120	.109	.101	.089
18	.358	.283	.238	.207	.184	.166	.152	.140	.131	.123	.110	.101	.094	.083
17	.339	.266	.222	.192	.171	.154	.140	.130	.121	.114	.103	.094	.088	.079
16	.320	.249	.208	.179	.159	.143	.131	.121	.113	.106	.096	.088	.083	.075
15	.303	.234	.194	.168	.148	.134	.122	.113	.106	.100	.091	.084	.079	.072
14	.293	.220	.180	.157	.141	.128	.117	.109	.103	.097	.089	.082	.078	.071
13	.281	.204	.167	.148	.133	.122	.112	.105	.099	.094	.086	.081	.076	.070
12	.269	.187	.156	.139	.126	.116	.108	.101	.096	.091	.084	.079	.075	.069
11	.254	.167	.145	.130	.119	.110	.103	.097	.092	.088 .085	.082	.077 .075	.073 .072	.068
10	.238	.150	.135	.122 .115	.113	.105 .1 <b>00</b>	.098 .094	.093 .089	.089 .085	.083	.079 .077	.073	.072	.067 .066
9 8	.219 .197	.138 .127	.125 .116	.113	.106 .100	.094	.094	.086	.083	.079	.075	.073	.069	.065
8 7	.170	.127	.108	.107	.094	.089	.085	.082	.082	.077	.073	.072	.068	.064
6	.170	.107	.100	.094	.089	.085	.083	.078	.076	.074	.071	.068	.066	.064
5	.105	.098	.092	.087	.083	.080	.077	.075	.073	.071	.068	.066	.065	.063

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-14-107 (Order 88-10), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 7/6/88; 86-17-002 (Order 86-29), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 8/8/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), \$ 296-17-91901, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), 81-04-024 (Order

### WAC 296-17-91902 Table III.

#### RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLAN B BASIC PREMIUM RATIOS AND LOSS CONVERSION FACTORS Effective January 1, 1989

Maxin	num Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Group															
84	Basic Premium Ratio	.999	.997	.996	.994	.993	.991	.990	.988	.987	.985	.982	.979	.976	.970
	Loss Conversion Factor	.001	.003	.004	.006	.007	.009	.010	.012	.013	.015	.018	.021	.024	.030
83	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.997	.995	.993	.992	.990	.989	.987	.985	.984	.980	.977	.974	.967
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.003	.005	.007	.008	.010	.011	.013	.015	.016	.020	.023	.026	.033
82	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.996	.995	.993	.991	.989	.988	.986	.984	.982	.979	.975	.972	.965
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.004	.005	.007	.009	.011	.012	.014	.016	.018	.021	.025	.028	.035
81	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.996	.994	.992	.990	.989	.987	.985	.983	.981	.977	.973	.969	.962
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.004	.006	.008	.010	.011	.013	.015	.017	.019	.023	.027	.031	.038
80	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.996	.994	.992	.990	.988	.986	.984	.982	.980	.976	.972	.967	.959
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.004	.006	.008	.010	.012	.014	.016	.018	.020	.024	.028	.033	.041
79	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.996	.994	.991	.989	.987	.985	.983	.981	.979	.974	.970	.966	.957
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.004	.006	.009	.011	.013	.015	.017	.019	.021	.026	.030	.034	.043
78	Basic Premium Ratio	.998	.995	.993	.991	.988	.986	.984	.981	.979	.977	.972	.967	.963	.953
	Loss Conversion Factor	.002	.005	.007	.009	.012	.014	.016	.019	.021	.023	.028	.033	.037	.047
77	Basic Premium Ratio	.997	.995	.992	.990	.987	.984	.982	.979	.977	.974	.969	.964	.958	.948
	Loss Conversion Factor	.003	.005	.008	.010	.013	.016	.018	.021	.023	.026	.031	.036	.042	.052
76	Basic Premium Ratio	.997	.995	.992	.989	.987	.984	.981	.978	.976	.973	.968	.962	.957	.946
	Loss Conversion Factor	.003	.005	.008	.011	.013	.016	.019	.022	.024	.027	.032	.038	.043	.054
75	Basic Premium Ratio	.997	.994	.992	.989	.986	.983	.981	.978	.975	.972	.967	.961	.956	.945
	Loss Conversion Factor	.003	.006	.008	.011	.014	.017	.019	.022	.025	.028	.033	.039	.044	.055
74	Basic Premium Ratio	.997	.994	.991	.988	.985	.982	.979	.976	.973	.970	.964	.958	.952	.940
	Loss Conversion Factor	.003	.006	.009	.012	.015	.018	.021	.024	.027	.030	.036	.042	.048	.060
73	Basic Premium Ratio	.997	.994	.990	.987	.984	.981	.977	.974	.971	.968	.961	.955	.948	.936
	Loss Conversion Factor	.003	.006	.010	.013	.016	.019	.023	.026	.029	.032	.039	.045	.052	.064
72	Basic Premium Ratio	.996	.993	.989	.986	.982	.979	.975	.972	.968	.965	.957	.950	.943	.929
	Loss Conversion Factor	.004	.007	.011	.014	.018	.021	.025	.028	.032	.035	.043	.050	.057	.071
71	Basic Premium Ratio	.996	.992	.988	.984	.980	.976	.972	.969	.965	.961	.953	.945	.937	.921
	Loss Conversion Factor	.004	.008	.012	.016	.020	.024	.028	.031	.035	.039	.047	.055	.063	.079
70	Basic Premium Ratio	.996	.991	.987	.983	.978	.974	.970	.965	.961	.957	.948	.939	.931	.913
	Loss Conversion Factor	.004	.009	.013	.017	.022	.026	.030	.035	.039	.043	.052	.061	.069	.087
69	Basic Premium Ratio	.995	.991	.986	.981	.977	.972	.967	.963	.958	.953	.944	.935	.925	.907
	Loss Conversion Factor	.005	.009	.014	.019	.023	.028	.033	.037	.042	.047	.056	.065	.075	.093
68	Basic Premium Ratio	.995	.990	.985	.981	.976	.971	.966	.961	.956	.952	.942	.932	.923	.903
	Loss Conversion Factor	.005	.010	.015	.019	.024	.029	.034	.039	.044	.048	.058	.068	.077	.097
67	Basic Premium Ratio	.995	.990	.985	.980	.975	.970	.965	.959	.954	.949	.939	.929	.919	.899
	Loss Conversion Factor	.005	.010	.015	.020	.025	.030	.035	.041	.046	.051	.061	.071	.081	.101
66	Basic Premium Ratio	.995	.989	.984	.978	.973	.967	.962	.956	.951	.946	.935	.924	.913	.891
	Loss Conversion Factor	.005	.011	.016	.022	.027	.033	.038	.044	.049	.054	.065	.076	.087	.109
65	Basic Premium Ratio	.994	.988	.982	.976	.971	.965	.959	.953	.947	.941	.929	.917	.906	.882
	Loss Conversion Factor	.006	.012	.018	.024	.029	.035	.041	.047	.053	.059	.071	.083	.094	.118
64	Basic Premium Ratio	.994	.987	.981	.974	.968	.962	.955	.949	.942	.936	.923	.910	.898	.872
	Loss Conversion Factor	.006	.013	.019	.026	.032	.038	.045	.051	.058	.064	.077	.090	.102	.128
63	Basic Premium Ratio	.993	.986	.979	.972	.965	.958	.951	.944	.938	.931	.917	.903	.889	.861
	Loss Conversion Factor	.007	.014	.021	.028	.035	.042	.049	.056	.062	.069	.083	.097	.111	.139
62	Basic Premium Ratio	.992	.985	.977	.970	.962	.954	.947	.939	.931	.924	.909	.893	.878	.848
	Loss Conversion Factor	.008	.015	.023	.030	.038	.046	.053	.061	.069	.076	.091	.107	.122	.152
61	Basic Premium Ratio	.992	.983	.975	.967	.959	.950	.942	.934	.926	.917	.901	.884	.868	.835
	Loss Conversion Factor	.008	.017	.025	.033	.041	.050	.058	.066	.074	.083	.099	.116	.132	.165
60	Basic Premium Ratio	.991	.982	.973	.964	.955	.946	.937	.928	.919	.910	.892	.874	.856	.819
	Loss Conversion Factor	.009	.018	.027	.036	.045	.054	.063	.072	.081	.090	.108	.126	.144	.181
(1989 I	3d.)											[Ti	itle 296	WAC-	ъ 185

[Title 296 WAC-p 186]

Maxi	mum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Grou	p														
59	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.990 .010	.980 .020	.971 .029	.961 .039	.951 .049	.941 .059	.931 .069	.921 .079	.912 .088	.902 .098	.882 .118	.862 .138	.843 .157	.803 .197
58	Basic Premium Ratio	.989	.979	.968	.957	.947	.936	.926	.915	.904	.894	.872	.851	.830	.787
	Loss Conversion Factor	.011	.021	.032	.043	.053	.064	.074	.085	.096	.106	.128	.149	.170	.213
57	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.989 .011	.977 .023	.966 .034	.954 .046	.943 .057	.931 .069	.920 .080	.908 .092	.897 .103	.886 .114	.863 .137	.840 .160	.817 .183	.771 .229
56	Basic Premium Ratio	.988	.976	.963	.951	.939	.927	.914	.902	.890	.878	.853	.829	.805	.756
	Loss Conversion Factor	.012	.024	.037	.049	.061	.073	.086	.098	.110	.122	.147	.171	.195	.244
55	Basic Premium Ratio	.987	.974	.961	.948	.935	.922	.909	.896	.883	.870	.844	.818	.792	.741
	Loss Conversion Factor	.013	.026	.039	.052	.065	.078	.091	.104	.117	.130	.156	.182	.208	.259
54	Basic Premium Ratio	.986	.972	.959	.945	.931	.917	.904	.890	.876	.862	.835	.807	.780	.724
	Loss Conversion Factor	.014	.028	.041	.055	.069	.083	.096	.110	.124	.138	.165	.193	.220	.276
53	Basic Premium Ratio	.985	.971	.956	.941	.927	.912	.898	.883	.868	.854	.824	.795	.766	.707
	Loss Conversion Factor	.015	.029	.044	.059	.073	.088	.102	.117	.132	.146	.176	.205	.234	.293
52	Basic Premium Ratio	.984	.969	.953	.938	.922	.907	.891	.876	.860	.845	.814	.783	.752	.690
	Loss Conversion Factor	.016	.031	.047	.062	.078	.093	.109	.124	.140	.155	.186	.217	.248	.310
51	Basic Premium Ratio	.983	.967	.950	.934	.917	.901	.884	.868	.851	.835	.802	.769	.735	.669
	Loss Conversion Factor	.017	.033	.050	.066	.083	.099	.116	.132	.149	.165	.198	.231	.265	.331
50	Basic Premium Ratio	.982	.965	.947	.929	.911	.894	.876	.858	.841	.823	.787	.752	.717	.646
	Loss Conversion Factor	.018	.035	.053	.071	.089	.106	.124	.142	.159	.177	.213	.248	.283	.354
49	Basic Premium Ratio	.981	.962	.943	.924	.905	.886	.867	.848	.829	.810	.772	.734	.696	.621
	Loss Conversion Factor	.019	.038	.057	.076	.095	.114	.133	.152	.171	.190	.228	.266	.304	.379
48	Basic Premium Ratio	.980	.959	.939	.919	.898	.878	.858	.837	.817	.797	.756	.716	.675	.594
	Loss Conversion Factor	.020	.041	.061	.081	.102	.122	.142	.163	.183	.203	.244	.284	.325	.406
47	Basic Premium Ratio	.978	.957	.935	.913	.891	.870	.848	.826	.805	.783	.740	.696	.653	.566
	Loss Conversion Factor	.022	.043	.065	.087	.109	.130	.152	.174	.195	.217	.260	.304	.347	.434
46	Basic Premium Ratio	.977	.954	.931	.908	.885	.862	.839	.816	.793	.770	.724	.677	.631	.539
	Loss Conversion Factor	.023	.046	.069	.092	.115	.138	.161	.184	.207	.230	.276	.323	.369	.461
45	Basic Premium Ratio	.976	.951	.927	.902	.878	.854	.829	.805	.780	.756	.707	.658	.609	.512
	Loss Conversion Factor	.024	.049	.073	.098	.122	.146	.171	.195	.220	.244	.293	.342	.391	.488
44	Basic Premium Ratio	.974	.948	.922	.897	.871	.845	.819	.793	.767	.742	.690	.638	.587	.483
	Loss Conversion Factor	.026	.052	.078	.103	.129	.155	.181	.207	.233	.258	.310	.362	.413	.517
43	Basic Premium Ratio	.973	.945	.918	.891	.863	.836	.809	.781	.754	.727	.672	.617	.562	.453
	Loss Conversion Factor	.027	.055	.082	.109	.137	.164	.191	.219	.246	.273	.328	.383	.438	.547
42	Basic Premium Ratio	.970	.941	.911	.881	.852	.822	.792	.763	.733	.703	.644	.585	.525	.406
	Loss Conversion Factor	.030	.059	.089	.119	.148	.178	.208	.237	.267	.297	.356	.415	.475	.594
41	Basic Premium Ratio	.968	.935	.903	.870	.838	.806	.773	.741	.708	.676	.611	.546	.481	.352
	Loss Conversion Factor	.032	.065	.097	.130	.162	.194	.227	.259	.292	.324	.389	.454	.519	.648
40	Basic Premium Ratio	.965	.929	.894	.859	.823	.788	.753	.718	.682	.647	.576	.506	.435	.294
	Loss Conversion Factor	.035	.071	.106	.141	.177	.212	.247	.282	.318	.353	.424	.494	.565	.706
39	Basic Premium Ratio	.962	.923	.885	.847	.808	.770	.732	.693	.655	.616	.540	.463	.386	.233
	Loss Conversion Factor	.038	.077	.115	.153	.192	.230	.268	.307	.345	.384	.460	.537	.614	.767
38	Basic Premium Ratio	.958	.917	.875	.834	.792	.751	.709	.668	.626	.585	.502	.419	.336	.170
	Loss Conversion Factor	.042	.083	.125	.166	.208	.249	.291	.332	.374	.415	.498	.581	.664	.830
37	Basic Premium Ratio	.955	.910	.865	.820	.776	.731	.686	.641	.596	.551	.461	.371	.282	.102
	Loss Conversion Factor	.045	.090	.135	.180	.224	.269	.314	.359	.404	.449	.539	.629	.718	.898
36	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.951 .049	.903 .097	.854 .146	.806 .194	.757 .243	.709 .291	.660 .340	.612 .388	.563 .437	.514 .486	.417 .583	.320 .680	.223 .777	.029 .971
35	Basic Premium Ratio	.947	.895	.842	.789	.736	.684	.631	.578	.525	.473	.367	.262	.156	.000
	Loss Conversion Factor	.053	.105	.158	.211	.264	.316	.369	.422	.475	.527	.633	.738	.844	.987
34	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.943 .057	.886 .114	.829 .171	.771 .229	.714 .286	.657 .343	.600 .400	.543 .457	.486 .514	.428 .572	.314 .686	.200 .800	.085 .915	.000 .969
33	Basic Premium Ratio	.938	.876	.814	.752	.690	.628	.567	.505	.443	.381	.257	.133	.009	.000
	Loss Conversion Factor	.062	.124	.186	.248	.310	.372	.433	.495	.557	.619	.743	.867	.991	.953
CODY 41	40.4 W. G. 40.4														00 E4

(1989 Ed.)

Maxii	mum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Group	<b>p</b>														
32	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.933 .067	.866 .134	.799 .201	.732 .268	.665 .335	.598 .402	.531 .469	.463 .537	.396 .604	.329 .671	.195 .805	.061 .939	.000 .984	.00
31	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.927 .073	.854 .146	.781 .219	.707	.634 .366	.561 .439	.488 .512	.415 .585	.342 .658	.268 .732	.122 .878	.000 .994	.000 .965	.00
30	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.920 .080	.840 .160	.760 .240	.680 .320	.600 .400	.520 .480	.440 .560	.360 .640	.280 .720	.200 .800	.040 .960	.000 .975	.000 .949	.00 .91
29	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.913 .087	.826 .174	.739 .261	.651 .349	.564 .436	.477 .523	.390 .610	.303 .697	.216 .784	.128 .872	.000 .990	.000 .958	.000 .935	.90
28	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.904 .096	.807 .193	.711 .289	.615 .385	.519 .481	.422 .578	.326 .674	.230 .770	.134 .866	.037 .963	.000 .969	.000 .940	.000 .918	.00. 88.
27	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.892 .108	.785 .215	.677 .323	.570 .430	.462 .538	.355 .645	.247 .753	.140 .860	.032 .968	.000 .983	.000 .946	.000 .918	.000 .897	.00 .86
26	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.881 .119	.761 .239	.642 .358	.522 .478	.403 .597	.283 .717	.164 .836	.044 .956	.000 .983	.000 .960	.000 .925	.000 .899	.000 .879	.00 .85
25	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.868 .132	.736 .264	.604 .396	.472 .528	.340 .660	.208 .792	.075 .925	.000 .987	.000 .961	.000 .940	.000 .907	.000 .883	.000 .864	.00 .83
24	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.852 .148	.705 .295	.557 .443	.409 .591	.261 .739	.114 .886	.000 .992	.000 .964	.000 .941	.000 .922	.000 .893	.000 .872	.000	.00 .83
23	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.835 .165	.669 .331	.504 .496	.338 .662	.173 .827	.008 .992	.000 .969	.000 .944	.000 .924	.000 .907	.000 .881	.000 .862	.000 .848	.00 .82
22	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.814 .186	.628 .372	.442 .558	.256 .744	.070 .930	.000 .978	.000 .949	.000 .927	.000 .909	.000 .894	.000 .871	.000 .854	.000 .841	.00 .82
21	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.790 .210	.579 .421	.369 .631	.159 .841	.000 .990	.000 .957	.000 .932	.000 .912	.000 .896	.000 .882	.000 .862	.000 .847	.000 .835	.00 18.
20	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.758 .242	.516 .484	.274 .726	.032 .968	.000 .966	.000 .936	.000 .913	.000 .895	.000 .881	.000 .869	. <b>000</b> .851	.000 .837	.000 .827	.00. 18.
9	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.720 .280	.439 .561	.159 .841	.000 .979	.000 .942	.000 .915	.000 .894	.000 .878	.000 .865	.000 .854	.000 .838	.000 .826	.000 .817	.00. 08.
8	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.672 .328	.344 .656	.016 .984	.000 .954	.000 .920	.000 .896	.000 .877	.000 .863	.000 .851	.000 .842	.000 .827	.000 .817	.000 .810	.00 .79
17	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.617 .383	.234 .766	.000 .977	.000 .932	.000 .902	.000 .879	.863	.000 .850	.000 .839	.000 .831	.000 .819	.000 .810	.000 .803	.00 .79
16	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.550 .450	.100 .900	.000 .953	.000 .913	.000 .885	.000 .865	.000 .851	.000 .839	.000 .830	.000 .823	.000 .812	.000 .804	.000 .798	.00 .79
15	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.477 .523	.000 .992	.000 .932	.000 .896	.000 .872	.000 .854	.841	.000 .831	.000 .822	.000 .816	.000 .806	.000 .799	.000 .794	.00 .78
14	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.414 .586	.000 .973	.000 .912	.000 .881	.000 .861	.000 .846	.000 .834	.000 .825	.000 .818	.000 .812	.000 .804	.000 .797	.000 .793	.00 .78
13	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.344 .656	.000 .953	.000 .889	.000 .867	.000 .851	.838	.000 .828	.000 .821	.814	.000 .809	.000 .801	.000 .796	.000 .791	.00 .78
12	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.256 .744	.000 .931	.000 .874	.000 .856	.000 .842	.000 .831	.000 .823	.000 .816	.000 .810	.806	.000 .799	.000 .794	.000 .790	.00 .78
11	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.159 .841	.000 .906	.000 .860	.000 .846	.000 .834	.000 .825	.000 .818	.812	.000 .807	.000 .803	.000 .796	.000 .792	.000 .788	.00 .78
10	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.032 .968	.000 .879	.000 .848	.000 .836	.000 .827	.000 .819	.000 .813	.000 .807	.000 .803	.000 .800	.000 .794	.000 .790	.000 .787	.00 .78
•	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.000 .982	.000 .850	.838	.000 .828	.000 .820	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000 .797	.000 .792	.000 .788	.000 .786	.00 .78
3	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.000 .952	.000	.000 .828	.000 .820	.000	.000	.803	.000	.000 .796	.000 .794	.000 .790	.000 .787	.000 .784	.00 .78
7	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.000 .917	.000 .828	.000 .820	.000 .813	.000 .807	.000 .803	.000 .799	.000 .796	.000 .793	.000 .791	.000 .788	.000 .785	.000 .783	.00 .78

Maxi ——	mum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Grou	p - Basic Premium Ratio	.000	.000	.000	.000	,000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
	Loss Conversion Factor	.876	.818	.812	.806	.802	.798	.795	.792	.790	.788	.785	.783	.782	.779
5	Basic Premium Ratio Loss Conversion Factor	.000 .826	.000 .809	.000 .804	.000 .800	.000 .797	.000 .794	.000 .791	.000 .789	.000 .787	.000 .786	.000 .783	.000 .782	.000 .780	.000 .778

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-91902, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-14-107 (Order 88-10), § 296-17-91902, filed 7/6/88; 86-17-002 (Order 86-29), § 296-17-91902, filed 8/8/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/25/86; 85-06-025 (Order 85-8), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/28/85, effective 7/1/85; 84-06-024 (Order 84-2), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/29/84, effective 7/1/84; 83-05-018 (Order 83-4), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/9/83, effective 7/1/83; 82-05-019 (Order 82-5), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/10/82; 81-04-024 (Order 81-02), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/10/82), § 296-17-91902, filed 2/10/820, § 296-17-919020, filed 2/10/820, § 296-17-919020, filed 2/

#### WAC 296-17-91903 Table IV.

RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLAN AI MINIMUM PREMIUM RATIOS BASIC PREMIUM RATIO = .058 LOSS CONVERSION FACTOR = .729 Effective January 1, 1989

kimum														
mium														
io:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.0
								i						
Size Group														
84	.995	.990	.986	.981	.977	.972	.968	.963	.959	.955	.947	.939	.931	.91
83	.995	.990	.985	.980	.975	.970	.966	.961	.957	.952	.944	.935	.927	.91
82	.995	.989	.984	.979	.974	.969	.964	.959	.954	.950	.940	.932	.923	.90
81	.994	.989	.983	.978	.972	.967	.962	.957	.952	.947	.937	.928	.919	.90
80	.994	.988	.982	.977	.971	.965	.960	.955	.949	.944	.934	.924	.915	.89
79	.994	.987	.981	.975	.969	.963	.958	.952	.946	.941	.930	.920	.910	.89
78	.993	.987	.980	.974	.967	.961	.955	.949	.943	.938	.927	.916	.905	.88
77	.993	.986	.979	.972	.966	.959	.953	.946	.940	.934	.922	.911	.900	.88
76	.992	.985	.978	.971	.964	.957	.951	.944	.938	.931	.919	.907	.896	.87
75	.992	.985	.977	.970	.962	.955	.949	.942	.935	.929	.916	.904	.892	.87
74	.992	.984	.976	.968	.960	.953	.946	.939	.932	.925	.911	.898	.886	.86
73	.991	.983	.974	.966	.958	.951	.943	.935	.928	.921	.907	.893	.881	.85
72	.991	.982	.973	.965	.956	.948	.940	.932	.925	.917	.902	.888	.875	.85
71	.990	.981	.972	.963	.954	.946	.937	.929	.921	.913	.898	.883	.869	.84
70	.990	.980	.971	.961	.952	.943	.934	.926	.917	.909	.893	.878	.863	.83
69	.990	.979	.969	.960	.950	.941	.932	.923	.914	.906	.889	.874	.859	.83
68	.989	.979	.969	.959	.949	.939	.930	.921	.912	.904	.887	.871	.856	.82
67	.989	.978	.968	.958	.948	.938	.928	.919	.910	.901	.884	.868	.852	.82
66	.989	.977	.967	.956	.946	.936	.926	.916	.907	.898	.880	.864	.848	.81
65	.988	.976	.965	.954	.944	.933	.923	.913	.903	.894	.876	.859	.842	.81
64	.988	.976	.964	.953	.942	.931	.920	.910	.900	.890	.872	.854	.837	.80
63	.987	.975	,963	.951	.940	.928	.918	.907	.897	.887	.868	.850	.833	.80
62	.987	.974	.961	.949	.938	.926	.915	.904	.894	.884	.864	.845	.828	.79
61	.986	.973	.960	.948	.936	.924	.912	.901	.890	.880	.860	.841	.823	.78
60	.986	.972	.959	.946	.933	.921	.909	.898	.887	.876	.855	.836	.817	.78
59	.985	.971	.958	.944	.931	.919	.907	.895	.883	.872	.851	.831	.812	.77
58	.985	.970	.956	.943	.929	.917	.904	.892	.880	.869	.847	.826	.807	.77
57	.985	.970	.955	.941	.927	.914	.901	.889	.877	.865	.843	.822	.802	.76
56	.984	.969	.954	.939	.925	.912	.899	.886	.874	.862	.839	.818	.797	.76
55	.984	.968	.953	.938	.924	.910	.896	.884	.871	.859	.836	.814	.793	.75
54	.983	.967	.951	.936	.922	.908	.894	.881	.868	.856	.832	.810	.790	.75
53	.983	.966	.950	.935	.920	.906	.892	.878	.866	.853	.829	.807	.786	.74
52	.982	.965	.949	.933	.918	.904	.890	.876	.863	.850	.826	.804	.783	.74
51	.982	.965	.948	.932	.917	.902	.887	.874	.860	.847	.823	.800	.779	.74
50	.982	.964	.947	.930	.915	.899	.885	.871	.857	.844	.819	.796	.775	.73
49	.981	.963	.946	.929	.913	.897	.882	.868	.854	.841	.816	.792	.770	.73
48	.981	.962	.945	.927	.911	.895	.880	.866	.852	.838	.812	.789	.767	.72
47	.980	.962	.944	.926	.910	.894	.878	.864	.849	.836	.810	.786	.764	.72
46	.980	.961	.943	.925	.909	.893	.877	.863	.848	.835	.809	.785	.763	.72
45	.980	.961	.942	.925	.908	.892	.877	.862	.848	.834	.808	.784	.762	.72

Ratio: 1.05 1.10 1.15 1.20 1.25 1.30 1.35 1.40 1.45 1.50 1.60 1.70    Size Group	.762	2.00
Group  44 980 960 941 924 907 891 875 861 846 833 808 784  43 980 960 941 924 907 891 875 861 846 833 807 784  42 979 959 940 922 905 888 872 857 843 829 803 779  41 978 958 938 920 902 885 869 853 839 825 798 774  40 978 957 937 918 899 882 866 850 835 820 793 768  39 977 956 935 916 897 879 863 846 831 816 789 768  38 977 955 934 914 895 877 860 843 828 813 785 760  37 976 954 933 912 893 875 857 841 825 810 782 756  36 976 953 932 911 891 873 855 838 822 807 779 753  35 976 953 931 910 890 871 854 837 821 805 777 751  34 975 952 930 909 889 870 852 835 819 804 775 749  33 975 951 929 908 888 869 851 834 818 802 774 748  32 975 951 929 907 887 868 850 833 817 802 774 748  32 975 951 929 907 887 868 850 833 817 802 774 748  33 974 950 927 906 886 867 849 832 816 801 773 747  31 975 951 928 907 886 867 849 832 816 801 773 747  28 974 949 926 904 883 864 846 828 812 797 769 744  27 973 947 922 899 877 857 857 837 819 802 785 754 722  26 972 945 919 895 877 856 824 804 785 766 732 701	762	
44         .980         .960         .942         .924         .907         .891         .876         .861         .847         .833         .808         .784           43         .980         .960         .941         .924         .907         .891         .875         .861         .846         .833         .807         .784           42         .979         .959         .940         .922         .905         .888         .872         .857         .843         .829         .803         .779           41         .978         .958         .938         .920         .902         .885         .869         .853         .839         .825         .798         .774           40         .978         .957         .937         .918         .899         .882         .866         .850         .835         .820         .793         .768           39         .977         .956         .935         .916         .897         .879         .863         .846         .831         .816         .789         .764           38         .977         .955         .934         .914         .895         .877         .860         .843         .828	.762	
43       .980       .960       .941       .924       .907       .891       .875       .861       .846       .833       .807       .784         42       .979       .959       .940       .922       .905       .888       .872       .857       .843       .829       .803       .779         41       .978       .958       .938       .920       .902       .885       .869       .853       .839       .825       .798       .774         40       .978       .955       .937       .918       .899       .882       .866       .850       .835       .820       .793       .764         39       .977       .956       .935       .916       .897       .879       .863       .846       .831       .816       .789       .764         38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .931 <t< th=""><th>762</th><th></th></t<>	762	
43       .980       .960       .941       .924       .907       .891       .875       .861       .846       .833       .807       .784         42       .979       .959       .940       .922       .905       .888       .872       .857       .843       .829       .803       .779         41       .978       .958       .938       .920       .902       .885       .869       .853       .839       .825       .798       .774         40       .978       .955       .937       .918       .899       .882       .866       .850       .835       .820       .793       .764         39       .977       .956       .935       .916       .897       .879       .863       .846       .831       .816       .789       .764         38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .931 <t< td=""><td></td><td>.722</td></t<>		.722
41       .978       .958       .938       .920       .902       .885       .869       .853       .839       .825       .798       .774         40       .978       .957       .937       .918       .899       .882       .866       .850       .835       .820       .793       .768         39       .977       .956       .935       .916       .897       .879       .863       .846       .831       .816       .789       .764         38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .932       .911       .891       .873       .855       .838       .822       .807       .779       .753         35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930 <t< td=""><td>.762</td><td>.722</td></t<>	.762	.722
40       .978       .957       .937       .918       .899       .882       .866       .850       .835       .820       .793       .768         39       .977       .956       .935       .916       .897       .879       .863       .846       .831       .816       .789       .764         38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .932       .911       .891       .873       .855       .838       .822       .807       .779       .753         35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .749         33       .975       .951       .929 <t< td=""><td>.757</td><td>.717</td></t<>	.757	.717
39       .977       .956       .935       .916       .897       .879       .863       .846       .831       .816       .789       .764         38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .932       .911       .891       .873       .855       .838       .822       .807       .779       .753         35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .749         33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929 <t< td=""><td>.751</td><td>.710</td></t<>	.751	.710
38       .977       .955       .934       .914       .895       .877       .860       .843       .828       .813       .785       .760         37       .976       .954       .933       .912       .893       .875       .857       .841       .825       .810       .782       .756         36       .976       .953       .932       .911       .891       .873       .855       .838       .822       .807       .779       .753         35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .751         33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927 <t< td=""><td>.745</td><td>.704</td></t<>	.745	.704
37         .976         .954         .933         .912         .893         .875         .857         .841         .825         .810         .782         .756           36         .976         .953         .932         .911         .891         .873         .855         .838         .822         .807         .779         .753           35         .976         .953         .931         .910         .890         .871         .854         .837         .821         .805         .777         .751           34         .975         .952         .930         .909         .889         .870         .852         .835         .819         .804         .775         .759           33         .975         .951         .929         .908         .888         .869         .851         .834         .818         .802         .774         .748           32         .975         .951         .929         .907         .886         .867         .849         .832         .816         .801         .773         .747           31         .975         .951         .928         .907         .886         .867         .849         .832         .816	.741	.699
36       .976       .953       .932       .911       .891       .873       .855       .838       .822       .807       .779       .753         35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .749         33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .887       .868       .850       .833       .817       .802       .773       .747         31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926 <t< td=""><td>.736</td><td>.694</td></t<>	.736	.694
35       .976       .953       .931       .910       .890       .871       .854       .837       .821       .805       .777       .751         34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .749         33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .887       .868       .850       .833       .817       .802       .773       .747         31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926 <t< td=""><td>.732</td><td>.690</td></t<>	.732	.690
34       .975       .952       .930       .909       .889       .870       .852       .835       .819       .804       .775       .749         33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .887       .868       .850       .833       .817       .802       .773       .747         31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922 <t< td=""><td>.729</td><td>.686</td></t<>	.729	.686
33       .975       .951       .929       .908       .888       .869       .851       .834       .818       .802       .774       .748         32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .887       .868       .850       .833       .817       .802       .773       .747         31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919 <t< td=""><td>.727</td><td>.684</td></t<>	.727	.684
32       .975       .951       .929       .907       .887       .868       .850       .833       .817       .802       .773       .747         31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919       .895       .872       .851       .830       .811       .792       .775       .742       .712         25       .971       .943       .917 <t< td=""><td>.725</td><td>.683</td></t<>	.725	.683
31       .975       .951       .928       .907       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919       .895       .872       .851       .830       .811       .792       .775       .742       .712         25       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701         24       .971       .943       .917 <t< td=""><td>.724</td><td>.682</td></t<>	.724	.682
30       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919       .895       .872       .851       .830       .811       .792       .775       .742       .712         25       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701         24       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701	.724	.682
29       .974       .950       .927       .906       .886       .867       .849       .832       .816       .801       .773       .747         28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919       .895       .872       .851       .830       .811       .792       .775       .742       .712         25       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701         24       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701	.724	.682
28       .974       .949       .926       .904       .883       .864       .846       .828       .812       .797       .769       .744         27       .973       .947       .922       .899       .877       .857       .837       .819       .802       .785       .754       .727         26       .972       .945       .919       .895       .872       .851       .830       .811       .792       .775       .742       .712         25       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701         24       .971       .943       .917       .892       .868       .846       .824       .804       .785       .766       .732       .701	.724	.682
27     .973     .947     .922     .899     .877     .857     .837     .819     .802     .785     .754     .727       26     .972     .945     .919     .895     .872     .851     .830     .811     .792     .775     .742     .712       25     .971     .943     .917     .892     .868     .846     .824     .804     .785     .766     .732     .701       24     .971     .943     .917     .892     .868     .846     .824     .804     .785     .766     .732     .701	.724	.682
26     .972     .945     .919     .895     .872     .851     .830     .811     .792     .775     .742     .712       25     .971     .943     .917     .892     .868     .846     .824     .804     .785     .766     .732     .701       24     .971     .943     .917     .892     .868     .846     .824     .804     .785     .766     .732     .701	.721	.682
25 .971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.701	.657
24 .971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.685	.636
	.672	.620
AG	.672	.620
23 .971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
22 971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
21 .971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
20 .971 .943 .917 .892 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
19 .970 .941 .915 .891 .868 .846 .824 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
18 .969 .940 .912 .887 .864 .843 .823 .804 .785 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
17 .968 .938 .911 .885 .862 .840 .820 .801 .784 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
16 .968 .937 .910 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
15 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
14 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
13 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
12 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
11 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
10 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
9 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
8 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
7 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
6 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620
5 .967 .937 .909 .884 .860 .838 .818 .800 .783 .766 .732 .701	.672	.620

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26),  $\S$  296-17-91903, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-14-107 (Order 88-10),  $\S$  296-17-91903, filed 7/6/88; 86-17-002 (Order 86-29),  $\S$  296-17-91903, filed 8/8/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18),  $\S$  296-17-91903, filed 2/25/86.]

WAC 296-17-91904 Table V.

RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLAN A2 MINIMUM PREMIUM RATIOS AND BASIC PREMIUM RATIOS LOSS CONVERSION FACTOR = .729 Effective January 1, 1989

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Max	imum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Grou	•														
84	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.517 .993	.508 .986	.500 .980	.494 .974	.488 .968	.483 .963	.479 .958	.475 .953	.472 .948	.469 .943	.463 .934	.458 .924	.453 .916	.443 .899
83	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.516 .992	.506 .985	.498 .979	.491 .972	.485 .966	.480 .961	.476 .955	.472 .950	.468 .945	.465 .939	.458 .930	.453 .920	.447 .911	.438 .893
82	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.515 .992	.504 .984	.495 .977	.488 .971	.482 .965	.477 .959	.472 .953	.468 .947	.464 .941	.460 .936	.454 .925	.448 .915	.442 .905	.432 .887
(1989	Ed.)											T	itle 296	WAC-	-n 1891

[Title 296 WAC-p 190]

Maxir	num Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Group															
81	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.513 .991	.502 .983	.493 .976	.485 .969	.479 .963	.473 .956	.468 .950	.464 .944	.460 .938	.456 .933	.449 .922	.443 .911	.437 .900	.42′ .88
80	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.512 .991	.500 .983	.490 .975	.482 .968	.476 .961	.470 .954	.465 .948	.460 .941	.456 .935	.452 .929	.445 .917	.438 .906	.432 .895	.42 .87
79	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.511 .990	.498 .981	.487 .973	.479 .966	.472 .958	.466 .951	.461 .944	.456 .938	.452 .931	.448 .925	.440 .913	.433 .901	.427 .889	.413 .868
78	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.509 .990	.496 .980	.485 .972	.476 .964	.469 .956	.463 .948	.457 .941	.452 .934	.447 .927	.443 .920	.435 .907	.428 .895	.421 .883	.409 .869
77	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.508 .989	.494 .979	.483 .970	.474 .961	.466 .953	.459 .945	.454 .937	.448 .930	.443 .923	.439 .915	.430 .902	.423 .888	.416 .876	.40 .85
76	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.507 .988	.492 .978	.480 .968	.471 .959	.463 .950	.456 .942	.450 .934	.444 .926	.439 .919	.434 .911	.425 .897	.417 .883	.410 .870	.39 .84
75	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.506 .988	.490 .977	.477 .967	.467 .957	.459 .948	.452 .939	.445 .931	.440 .923	.434 .915	429 .907	.420 .892	.412 .878	.404 .864	.39 .83
74	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.504 .987	.487 .976	.475 .965	.464 .955	.456 .945	.448 .936	.442 .927	.435 .918	.430 .910	.425 .902	.415 .886	.406 .871	.398 .857	.38 .83
73	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.503 .986	.485 .974	.472 .963	.461 .952	.452 .942	.444 .933	.437 .923	.431 .914	.425 .905	.420 .897	.410 .880	.401 .865	.393 .849	.37 .82
72	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.501 .986	.483 .973	.469 .961	.458 .950	.449	.441 .929	.433 .919	.427 .910	.421 .901	.415	.405 .874	.395 .858	.387 .842	.37 .81
7.1	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.499 .985	.480 .972	.466 .959	.455 .948	.445 .936	.437 .926	.429 .916	.422 .906	.416 .896	.410 .886	.399 .868	.390 .851	.380 .835	.36 .80
0	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.498 .984	.478 .970	.463 .957	.451 .945	.441 .934	.433	.425 .912	.418 .901	.411 .891	.405 .881	.394 .862	.384 .844	.374 .827	.35 .79
59	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.496 .984	.475 .969	.460 .956	.448 .943	.438	.429 .919	.421 .908	.413 .897	.406 .887	.400 .876	.389 .857	.378 .838	.368 .821	.35 .78
58	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.494 .983	.472 .968	.457 .954	.444 .940	.433 .928	.424 .916	.416 .904	.408 .893	.401 .883	.395 .872	.383 .852	.372 .833	.362 .815	.34
<b>57</b> .	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.492 .982	.469 .966	.453 .952	.440 .938	.429 .925	.420 .913	.411 .901	.403 .890	.396 .879	.390 .868	.377 .848	.366 .828	.356 .810	.33 .77
66	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.489 .981	.467 .965	.450 .950	.436 .936	.425 .922	.415 .909	.406 .897	.398 .885	.391 .874	.384 .863	.372 .841	.360 .822	.350 .803	.33 .76
55	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.487 .981	.464 .963	.446 .948	.433 .933	.421 .919	.411 .905	.402 .893	.393 .880	.386 .868	.379 .857	.366 .835	.354	.343 .796	.32
64	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.485 .980	.461 .962	.443	.429 .930	.417 .916	.406 .902	.397	.388 .876	.380 .864	.373 .852	.360 .829	.348 .808	.337 .788	.31
63	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.483 .979	.457 .960	.439 .943	.425 .927	.412 .912	.402 .898	.392 .884	.383	.375 .859	.368	.354 .823	.342 .802	.330 .782	.31
52	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.480 .978	.454 .959	.436 .941	.421 .925	,408 ,909	.397 .894	.387	.378 .867	.370 .854	.362 .841	.348	.335 .796	.324	.30
51 -	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.478 .977	.451 .957	.432	.416 .922	.403 .906	.392	.382 .876	.373 .862	.364	.356	.342	.329	.318	.29
0	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.475 .976	.448 .955	.428 .936	.412 .919	.399	.387	.377 .871	.367 .857	.358 .843	.350 .830	.336 .805	.323	.311	.29
9	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.473 .975	.445 .954	.424 .934	.408 .916	.394 .898	.382 .882	.371 .867	.362 .852	.353	.344 .824	.329 .798	.316	.304	.28
8	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.973 .471 .974	.934 .442 .952	.934 .421 .931	.404 .912	.389 .895	.377	.366 .862	.356 .847	.347	.338	.323	.310	.732	.27
57	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.974 .468 .973	.932 .438 .950	.931 .417 .929	.399	.893 .385 .891	.372 .874	.361 .857	.351	.341	.333	.792	.303	.738	.27
66	Basic Premium Ratio	.465	.434	.412	.395	.380	.367	.355	.345	.335	.326	.780 .311 .780	.761	.738 .285 .731	.26
55	Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio	.972	.948	.926	.906	.887	.870	.853	.837	.822	.807	.304	.290	.278	.25
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.971	.946	.924	.903	.884	.866	.849	.832	.817	.802	.774	.749	.725	.68

(1989 Ed.)

Maxi	mum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Grou	p														
54	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.458 .970	.426 .945	.403 .922	.384	.369 .880	.355 .862	.343 .844	.333 .827	.323 .812	.314 .797	.298 .768	.284 .743	.271 .719	.250 .67
53	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.455 .969	.422 .943	.398 .919	.379 .897	.363 .877	.350 .858	.337 .840	.327 .823	.317 .807	.307 .792	.291 .763	.277 .737	.265 .713	.24 .67
52	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.451 .968	.417 .941	.393 .917	.374 .895	.358 .874	.344 .854	.332 .836	.320 .819	.310 .803	.301 .787	.285 .758	.271 .732	.258 .709	.23 .66
51	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.447 .967	.413 .939	.388 .914	.369 .891	.352 .870	.338 .851	.325 .832	.314 .815	.304 .798	.295 .782	.278 .753	.264 .727	.252 .703	.23 .66
50	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.443 .966	.408 .937	.383 .912	.363 .888	.346 .867	.332 .846	.319 .828	.308 .810	.298 .793	.288 .777	.272 .747	.258 .721	.245 .697	.22 .65
<b>1</b> 9	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.440 .965	.403 .935	.378 .909	.357 .885	.340 .863	.326 .842	.313 .823	.301 .805	.291 .788	.282 .772	.265 .742	.251 .715	.239 .690	.21 .64
48	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.436 .964	.399 .933	.372 .907	.352 .882	.334 .860	.320 .839	.307 .819	.295 .801	.285 .783	.275 .767	.259 .737	.245 .710	.232 .685	.21 .64
17	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.431 .962	.394 .931	.367 .904	.346 .879	.328 .856	.313 .835	.300 .816	.289 .797	.278 .780	.269 .763	.252 .733	.238 .706	.226 .681	.20 .63
46	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.427 .961	.388 .929	.361 .901	.339 .876	.321 .853	.306 .832	.293 .812	.282 .793	.271 .776	.262 .760	.246 .729	.232 .702	.220 .678	.20 .63
<b>1</b> 5	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.423 .960	.383 .927	.354 .899	.333 .873	.315 .850	.300 .829	.286 .809	.275 .790	.265 .773	.255 .757	.239 .727	.226 .700	.215 .675	.19 .63
14	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.418 .958	.377 .925	.348 .897	.326 .871	.308 .848	.293 .826	.280 .806	.268 .788	.258 .771	.249 .754	.233 .725	.220 .698	.209 .674	.19 .63
13	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.413 .957	.371 .924	.342 .895	.319 .869	.301 .846	.286 .824	.273 .804	.262 .786	.252 .768	.243 .752	.227 .723	.215 .696	.204 .672	.18 .63
12	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.408 .956	.365 .921	.335 .892	.313 .865	.294 .842	.279 .820	.266 .799	.255 .781	.245 .763	.236 .747	.221 .716	.208 .690	.197 .666	.18
11	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.403 .954	.359 .919	.329 .889	.306 .862	.288 .837	.272 .815	.259 .794	.248 .775	.238 .757	.229 .740	.213 .710	.201 .683	.190 .659	.17 .61
0	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.398 .953	.353 .917	.322 .886	.299 .858	.281 .833	.265 .810	.252 .789	.241 .770	.231 .752	.222 .735	.207 .704	.194 .677	.184 .651	.16 .60
9	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.392 .951	.347 .914	.316 .883	.292 .855	.274 .829	.258 .806	.245 .785	.234 .765	.224 .747	.215 .730	.200 .699	.188 .671	.177 .646	.16 .60
18	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.386 .950	.340 .913	.309 .880	.286 .852	.267 .826	.252 .802	.238 .781	.227 .761	.217 .743	.209 .725	.194 .694	.182 .666	.171 .641	.15 .59
37	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.380 .949	.333	.302 .878	.279 .849	.260 .823	.245	.232 .778	.221 .757	.211 .739	.202 .722	.188 .690	.176 .661	.166 .636	.15
36	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.373 .948	.326 .909	.295 .876	.272 .847	.253 .821	.238 .797	.225 .775	.214 .755	.204 .736	.196 .718	.181 .687	.170 .658	.160 .634	.14
35	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.366 .947	.318 .908	.287 .874	.264 .845	.246 .818	.230 .795	.218 .773	.207 .752	.197 .734	.189 .716	.175 .685	.164 .656	.154 .632	.14
34	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.358 .946	.310 .906	.279 .873	.256 .844	.238 .817	.223 .793	.211 .771	.200 .751	.191 .732	.183 .714	.169 .683	.158 .655	.149 .630	.13
33	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.349 .945	.302 .906	.271 .872	.249 .842	.231 .816	.216 .792	.204 .770	.194 .750	.184 .732	.177 .714	.163 .683	.153 .655	.144 .630	.136
32	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.341 .945	.294 .905	.263 .872	.241 .842	.224 .816	.209 .792	.197 .770	.187 .750	.178 .732	.171 .714	.158 .683	.148 .655	.139 .631	.12
31	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.333 .944	.285 .904	.255 .870	.233 .841	.216 .814	.202 .790	.190 .769	.180 .749	.172 .730	.164 .714	.152 .683	.142 .656	.134	.12:
0	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.324 .943	.277 .902	.247 .869	.225 .840	.208 .814	.195 .790	.183 .769	.174 .748	.166 .730	.159 .713	.147 .683	.137	.130 .634	.11
.9	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.315 .942	.268 .902	.239 .868	.218 .839	.201 .813	.188 .790	.177 .769	.168 .749	.160 .731	.153 .715	.142 .685	.133 .659	.126 .637	.11
.8	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.306 .942	.260 .901	.231 .867	.210 .838	.194 .811	.181 .788	.170 .766	.161 .747	.153 .729	.147 .711	.136 .681	.127 .655	.120 .632	.109
1000	Ed.)				-	_	-	-	-				tle 296		

Maxin	num Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Group															
27	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.298 .940	.252 .898	.223 .864	.202 .833	.186 .806	.173 .781	.163 .758	.153 .738	.146 .718	.139 .700	.128 .668	.119 .640	.112 .614	.101 .571
26	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.290 .939	.244 .896	.216 .860	.195 .829	.179 .801	.166 .775	.155 .752	.146 .731	.138	.132 .691	.121 .657	.112 .627	.105 .599	.094 .553
25	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.281 .938	.236 .895	.208 .858	.188 .826	.172 .797	.159 .771	.148 .747	.139 .725	.132 .704	.125 .685	.114 .650	.105 .619	.098 .592	.088 .542
24	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.270 .938	.226 .894	.199 .858	.179 .827	.164 .798	.152 .773	.142 .749	.133 .729	.126 .708	.120 .689	.110 .655	.102 .625	.095 .600	.086 .551
23	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.259 .938	.216 .895	.190 .860	.171 .829	.156 .802	.145 .777	.136 .753	.128 .733	.121 .714	.115 .697	.106 .663	.098 .636	.093 .608	.084 .564
22	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.248 .938	.207 .896	.181 .862	.163	.150 .805	.139 .781	.130 .760	.123 .739	.116 .722	.111 .704	.102 .674	.095 .648	.090 .622	.082 .580
21	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.236 .940	.197 .899	.173 .865	.156 .836	.143 .811	.133 .787	.125	.118	.112 .730	.107 .714	.099 .685	.093 .659	.088 .636	.080 .599
20	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.226 .939	.188 .898	.165 .865	.149 .835	.136 .810	.126 .788	.119 .766	.112 .748	.107 .730	.102 .715	.094 .689	.089	.084 .642	.077 .607
19	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.218 .937	.180 .894	.156 .860	140 .830	.128	.119 .781	.111 .761	.105 .742	.100 .724	.096 .708	.089 .680	.084 .655	.080 .633	.074 .597
18	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.208	.171 .892	.148 .857	.133 .826	.121 .800	.112	.105 .756	.099 .737	.095 .718	.091 .703	.084 .677	.080 .651	.076 .631	.071 .594
17	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.199 .934	.162 .891	.140 .856	.125 .826	.115 .798	.106 .775	.099 .755	.094 .736	.090 .717	.086 .703	.081 .673	.076 .653	.073 .631	.069 .592
16	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.189	.154 .890	.133	.119	.109 .798	.101 .775	.095 .754	.090 .736	.086	.082	.077 .679	.073 .658	.071 .633	.067 .598
15	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.181	.146 .889	.126 .855	.113	.103	.096 .778	.090 .759	.086 .739	.082 .724	.079 .710	.075 .682	.071 .663	.069 .641	.065 .613
14	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.176 .924	.139 .878	.119	.108 .821	.100 .796	.093 .775	.088 .755	.084 .737	.081 .720	.078 . <b>706</b>	.074 .679	.070 .663	.068 .642	.065 .608
13	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.170 .915	.131	.113	.103	.096 .793	.090 .772	.085 .754	.082 .735	.079 .719	.076 .706	.072 .682	.070 .656	.067 .643	.064 .612
12	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.164 .904	.123 .860	.107	.099 .812	.092 .791	.087 .770	.083 .751	.080 .732	.077 .718	.075 .702	.071 .680	.069 .655	.067 .637	.064 .606
11	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.156 .892	.113	.102 .834	.094	.089 .786	.084 .768	.081 .747	.078 .730	.075 .718	.073 .704	.070 .678	.068 .655	.066 .638	.063 .612
10	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.148	.104 .858	.097	.090 .807	.086	.082	.078 .748	.076 .728	.074	.072 .699	.069 .676	.067 .654	.065 .640	.063
9	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.139	.098	.092	.087	.082	.079	.076 .744	.074 .727	.072	.070 .702	.068	.066	.065	.062
8	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.106	.093	.087	.083	.079	.076	.074 .741	.072 .725	.070	.069	.067	.065	.064	.062 .604
7	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.097 .855	.088 .840	.083	.770 .079 .797	.076 . <b>7</b> 77	.074 .756	.072	.070	.069	.068	.066	.064	.063	.061
6	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.089	.083 .836	.079	.076 .792	.777	.730 .072 .749	.070 .735	.068	.707 .067 .709	.066	.065 .664	.063 .656	.062 .640	.061
5	Basic Premium Ratio	.082	.078	.075	.073	.071	.069	.068	.067	.066	.065	.063	.062	.062	.061
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.855	.833	.811	.787	.767	.752	.732	.714	.700	.689	.677	.658	.624	.586

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-91904, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-14-107 (Order 88-10), § 296-17-91904, filed 7/6/88; 86-17-002 (Order 86-29), § 296-17-91904, filed 8/8/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-91904, filed 2/25/86.]

WAC 296-17-91905 Table VI.

#### RETROSPECTIVE RATING PLAN A3 MINIMUM PREMIUM RATIOS AND BASIC PREMIUM RATIOS LOSS CONVERSION FACTOR = .729 Effective January 1, 1989

Maxin	num Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.0
Size Group															
84	Basic Premium Ratio	.832	.812	.793	.783	.767	.765	.754	.747	.736	.733	.720	.705	.694	.66
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.986	.974	. <b>964</b>	.955	.948	.940	.934	.928	.923	.917	.907	.898	.889	.87
83	Basic Premium Ratio	.832	.811	.793	.782	.767	.761	.748	.744	.731	.726	.714	.702	.687	.66
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.984	.972	.961	.952	.944	.936	.930	.923	.918	.912	.901	.891	.882	.86
32	Basic Premium Ratio	.832	.810	.793	.781	.766	.757	.747	.740	.731	.724	.709	.693	.680	.6:
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.983	.969	.958	.948	.940	.932	.925	.918	.912	.906	.895	.885	.875	.8:
11	Basic Premium Ratio	.832	.810	.793	.777	.764	.753	.746	.732	.726	.717	.703	.689	.674	.6.
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.981	.967	.955	.945	.936	.928	.920	.914	.907	.901	.889	.878	.868	.8.
80	Basic Premium Ratio	.832	.810	.791	.771	.761	.752	.738	.727	.724	.713	.697	.684	.666	.6.
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.980	.965	.952	.942	.932	.923	.916	.909	.901	.895	.883	.871	.861	.8
19	Basic Premium Ratio	.831	.810	.788	.770	.757	.745	.733	.725	.715	.706	.691	.675	.658	.6:
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.979	.962	.949	.938	.928	.919	.911	.903	.896	.889	.876	.864	.853	.8:
18	Basic Premium Ratio	.830	.805	.785	.768	.751	.741	.727	.716	.708	.698	.679	.664	.648	.6
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.977	.960	.946	.934	.924	.914	.906	.898	.890	.883	.870	.857	.845	.8
17	Basic Premium Ratio	.829	.803	.781	.760	.745	.732	.719	.710	.700	.688	.672	.654	.636	.60
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.976	.958	.943	.931	.920	.910	.901	.892	.884	.877	.862	.849	.837	.8
16	Basic Premium Ratio	.829	.802	.776	.757	.739	.727	.712	.701	.689	.679	.661	.644	.627	.5!
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.974	.955	.940	.927	.916	.905	.896	.887	.879	.871	.856	.842	.829	.8(
5	Basic Premium Ratio	.828	.796	.771	.753	.736	.722	.705	.693	.682	.671	.653	.634	.618	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.973	.953	.937	.923	.911	.900	.891	.882	.873	.865	.849	.835	.821	.7
4	Basic Premium Ratio	. <b>82</b> 8	.796	.767	.750	.730	.713	.698	.687	.675	.665	.644	.627	.609	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.971	.950	.934	.919	.907	.896	.886	.876	.867	.858	.842	.826	.812	.7
3	Basic Premium Ratio	.827	.791	.767	.746	.727	.708	.694	.681	.670	.658	.634	.618	.597	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.969	.948	.930	.915	<b>.902</b>	.891	.880	.870	.860	.851	.835	.818	.804	.7
2	Basic Premium Ratio	.827	.790	.762	.738	.720	.703	.690	.674	.662	.649	.627	.608	.588	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.967	.945	.927	.912	.898	.886	.874	.864	.854	.845	.827	.810	.795	.7
1	Basic Premium Ratio	.826	.789	.760	.736	.716	.696	.681	.667	.653	.641	.619	.598	.577	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.965	.942	.923	.907	.893	.881	.869	.858	.848	.838	.819	.802	.786	.7
0	Basic Premium Ratio	.825	.787	.754	.731	.712	.693	.676	.660	.647	.634	.609	.588	.568	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.964	.939	.920	.903	.888	.875	.863	.852	.841	.831	.812	.794	.777	.7
i9	Basic Premium Ratio	.824	.784	.751	.725	.704	.686	.667	.653	.641	.626	.602	.578	.557	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.962	.936	.916	.899	.884	.870	.858	.846	.834	.824	.804	.786	.769	.7
8	Basic Premium Ratio	.824	.779	.746	.718	.697	.677	.660	.644	.631	.615	.592	.567	.547	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.959	.933	.912	.895	.879	.865	.852	.840	.828	.818	.797	.779	.761	.7
57	Basic Premium Ratio	.824	.778	.742	.713	.690	.669	.653	.636	.621	.607	.582	.559	.538	.5
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.957	.929	.908	.890	.874	.860	.846	.834	.822	.811	.790	.771	.753	.7
6	Basic Premium Ratio	.821	.774	.737	.709	.684	.663	.645	.629	.613	.598	.571	.548	.526	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.955	.926	.904	.885	.869	.854	.840	.827	.815	.804	.783	.763	.745	.7
5	Basic Premium Ratio	.821	.769	.732	.702	.677	.657	.637	.619	.604	.588	.561	.538	.517	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.952	.923	.900	.881	.864	.848	.834	.821	.808	.797	.775	.754	.735	.7
4	Basic Premium Ratio	.818	.764	.727	.697	.670	.648	.629	.612	.596	.580	.552	.528	.507	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.950	.920	.896	.876	.859	.843	.828	.814	.801	.789	.767	.746	.726	.6
3	Basic Premium Ratio	.818	.762	.722	.692	.666	.642	.622	.603	.586	.571	.543	.517	.495	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.947	.916	.892	.871	.853	.837	.822	.808	.795	.782	.759	.738	.718	.6
2	Basic Premium Ratio	.814	.760	.719	.687	.659	.636	.616	.596	.578	.562	.534	.509	.486	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.945	.912	.887	.866	.848	.831	.815	.801	.788	.775	.751	.729	.709	.6
1	Basic Premium Ratio	.813	.754	.713	.680	.652	.628	.606	.587	.570	.553	.524	.497	.475	.4
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.942	.909	.883	.861	.842	.825	.809	.794	.780	.767	.743	.721	.700	.6
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Maxi	mum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Grou	p -														
60	Basic Premium Ratio	.811	.749	.705	.672	.644	.618	.597	.577	.558	.543	.513	.486	.464	.425
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.939	.905	.879	.856	.836	.819	.802	.787	.773	.759	.734	.712	.690	.653
59	Basic Premium Ratio	.805	.744	.699	.664	.634	.608	.586	.567	.549	.532	.501	.475	.452	.413
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.937	.901	.874	.851	.831	.813	.796	.780	.765	.751	.726	.703	.681	.643
58	Basic Premium Ratio	.802	.737	.691	.655	.626	.599	.577	.557	.538	.521	.490	.464	.441	.403
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.934	.898	.870	.846	.825	.807	.789	.773	.758	.744	.718	.694	.672	.633
57	Basic Premium Ratio	.796	.731	.685	.647	.618	.591	.568	.547	.528	.511	.480	.454	.431	.392
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.932	.894	.865	.841	.819	.800	.782	.766	.751	.736	.710	.685	.663	.624
56	Basic Premium Ratio	.794	.725	.678	.640	.609	.581	.558	.537	.518	.501	.470	.443	.421	.382
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.928	.890	.860	.835	.813	.794	.776	.759	.743	.728	.701	.677	.654	.61
55	Basic Premium Ratio	.790	.721	.671	.632	.601	.573	.550	.527	.509	.490	.460	.433	.411	.37
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.925	.885	.855	.830	.807	.787	.768	.752	.735	.721	.693	.668	.645	.60
54	Basic Premium Ratio	.787	.714	.666	.626	.592	.565	.541	.518	.499	.481	.450	.423	.400	.36:
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.921	.881	.849	.823	.801	.780	.761	.744	.728	.713	.685	.660	.637	.59
53	Basic Premium Ratio	.784	.709	.659	.617	.585	.555	.532	.509	.489	.472	.440	.414	.391	.353
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.917	.876	.844	.818	.794	.774	.754	.737	.721	.705	.677	.652	.629	.589
52	Basic Premium Ratio	.780	.704	.651	.610	.577	.548	.522	.501	.481	.463	.431	.405	.382	.34:
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.913	.871	.839	.812	.788	.767	.748	.729	.713	.697	.669	.644	.621	.58
51	Basic Premium Ratio	.775	.698	.644	.602	.567	.539	.514	.491	.471	.454	.422	.396	.372	.330
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.909	.866	.833	.806	.782	.760	.740	.722	.705	.689	.661	.635	.613	.57
50	Basic Premium Ratio	.769	.690	.634	.593	.557	.529	.502	.480	.460	.442	.411	.384	.362	.32:
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.905	.861	.828	.799	.775	.752	.733	.714	.697	.681	.652	.627	.604	.56
49	Basic Premium Ratio	.763	.682	.626	.583	.548	.519	.493	.470	.450	.432	.400	.374	.352	.316
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.901	.856	.822	.793	.768	.745	.725	.706	.689	.673	.644	.618	.595	.55
48	Basic Premium Ratio	.756	.674	.617	.574	.538	.509	.482	.460	.439	.422	.390	.365	.342	.30′
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.897	.851	.816	.786	.761	.738	.718	.699	.682	.665	.636	.610	.587	.54′
47	Basic Premium Ratio	.750	.665	.607	.564	.528	.498	.472	.449	.429	.411	.381	.355	.333	.298
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.892	.846	.810	.780	.754	.731	.710	.692	.674	.658	.628	.602	.579	.539
46	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.741 .888	.654 .840	.596 .803	.552 .773	.516 .747	.485 .724	.460 .703	.437 .684	.418 .666	.400 .650	.370 .621	.345 .596	.323 .573	.289
45	Basic Premium Ratio	.731	.643	.585	.540	.503	.473	.448	.426	.406	.389	.360	.335	.315	.282
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.884	.834	.796	.766	.740	.717	.696	.677	.660	.643	.614	.589	.567	.528
44	Basic Premium Ratio	.722	.633	.573	.528	.493	.463	.437	.415	.396	.379	.350	.326	.306	.274
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.879	.828	.790	.759	.732	.709	.689	.670	.653	.637	.608	.583	.561	.523
43	Basic Premium Ratio	.712	.622	.562	.517	.481	.451	.426	.405	.386	.370	.341	.318	.298	.267
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.874	.822	.783	.752	.726	.703	.682	.663	.646	.630	.602	.578	.556	.518
42	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.703 .869	.612 .815	.551 .776	.506 .745	.470 .718	.440 .694	.415 .673	.394 .654	.375 .637	.358 .621	.330 .593	.307 .568	.288 .547	.257
41	Basic Premium Ratio	.696	.602	.541	.495	.458	.429	.403	.382	.363	.347	.319	.296	.277	.247
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.863	.809	.769	.737	.710	.686	.665	.645	.628	.612	.583	.559	.537	.499
40	Basic Premium Ratio	.686	.592	.530	.484	.448	.418	.392	.371	.352	.336	.308	.286	.267	.237
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.858	.802	.762	.729	.701	.677	.656	.637	.619	.603	.574	.549	.527	.490
39	Basic Premium Ratio	.677	.581	.520	.473	.437	.407	.382	.360	.342	.325	.298	.275	.257	.228
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.852	.796	.754	.721	.693	.669	.648	.628	.610	.594	.566	.541	.519	.482
38	Basic Premium Ratio	.668	.571	.509	.463	.426	.396	.372	.350	.332	.315	.288	.266	.248	.220
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.846	.789	.747	.714	.686	.661	.639	.620	.602	.586	.557	.533	.510	.47
37	Basic Premium Ratio	.659	.562	.499	.453	.416	.387	.362	.340	.322	.306	.279	.257	.240	.212
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.839	.781	.740	.706	.678	.653	.631	.612	.594	.578	.550	.525	.503	.460
36	Basic Premium Ratio	.649	.551	.488	.442	.405	.376	.351	.330	.312	.297	.270	.249	.231	.204
	Minimum Premium Ratio	.832	.774	.732	.698	.670	.645	.624	.604	.586	.570	.542	.517	.496	.459
35	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.635 .825	.538 .766	.475 .724	.429 .690	.393 .662	.365 .637	.340 .616	.320 .596	.302 .579	.286 .563	.260 .535	.240 .510	.223 .489	.196 .453
34	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.623 .816	.525 .757	.463 .715	.418 .682	.382	.354 .629	.330	.309 .589	.292 .571	.277	.252	.231 .504	.215 .483	.189
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um Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Basic Premium Ratio	.610	.513	.451	.406	.371	.343	.320	.300	.283	.268	.244	.224	.208	.18
Minimum Premium Ratio	.808	.749	.707	.674	.646	.622	.600	.582	.564	.549	.521		.477	.44
Basic Premium Ratio	.597	.501	.440	.395	.361	.334	.311	.291	.274	.260	.236	.217	.201	.17
Minimum Premium Ratio	.799	.740	.699	.666	.638	.614	.593	.575	.558	.543	.515	.492	.472	.43
Basic Premium Ratio	.582	.486	.425	.382	.348	.321	.299	.280	.264	.250	.226	.208	.193	.17
Minimum Premium Ratio	.791	.732	.690	.658	.630	.606	.586	.567	.551	.536	.510	.487	.467	.43
Basic Premium Ratio	.567	.471	.412	.369	.336	.309	.288	.269	.254	.240	.218	.201	.187	.16
Minimum Premium Ratio	.782	.723	.681	.649	.622	.599	.579	.561	.545	.530	.504	.482	.463	.43
Basic Premium Ratio	.551	.457	.398	.356	.324	.299	.277	.260	.245	.232	.210	.194	.180	.16
Minimum Premium Ratio	.773	.714	.673	.642	.615	.592	.572	.555	.539	.524	.499	.477	.459	.42
Basic Premium Ratio	.537	.444	.386	.344	.313	.287	.266	.249	.234	.221	.200	.184	.171	.15
Minimum Premium Ratio	.764	.705	.665	.633	.606	.584	.564	.546	.530	.516	.491	.470	.451	.42
Basic Premium Ratio	.524	.431	.373	.332	.300	.275	.254	.236	.221	.208	.187	.170	.157	.13
Minimum Premium Ratio	.755	.697	.655	.623	.596	.573	.552	.534	.518	.502	.476	.453	.433	.40
Basic Premium Ratio	.510	.418	.361	.320	.288	.263	.242	.224	.209	.196	.175	.158	.145	.12
Minimum Premium Ratio	.747	.688	.646	.613	.586	.562	.541	.523	.505	.490	.463	.439	.418	
Basic Premium Ratio	.497	.405	.348	.307	.276	.251	.230	.213	.198	.185	.164	.147	.134	.11
Minimum Premium Ratio	.738	.679	.638	.605	.577	.553	.531	.512	.495	.479	.451	.427	.405	
Basic Premium Ratio	.476	.386	.331	.292	.262	.238	.218	.202	.188	.176	.157	.141	.129	.11
Minimum Premium Ratio	.727	.669	.628	.596	.569	.546	.525		.490	.474	.447	.423	.402	.36
Basic Premium Ratio	.454	.368	,315	.277	.249	.226	.208	.192	.179	.168	.150	.136	.124	.10
Minimum Premium Ratio	.716	.659	.619	.588	.561	.539	.519	.501	.485	.469	.443	.420	.400	
Basic Premium Ratio	.434	.351	.300	.264	.237	.216	.198	.184	.172	.161	.144	.131	.120	.10
Minimum Premium Ratio	.704	.649	.611	.580	.555	.533	.513	.496	.480	.465	.439	.417	.397	
Basic Premium Ratio	.414	.335	.286	.252	.226	.206	.190	.176	.165	.155	.139	.126	.117	.10
Minimum Premium Ratio	.693	.640	.603	.573	.548	.527	.508	.491	.476	.461	.436	.414	.395	
Basic Premium Ratio	.394	.318	.271	.238	.214	.194	.178	.166	.155	.145	.130	.119	.110	.09
Minimum Premium Ratio	.683	.631	.595	.566	.541	.520	.502	.485	.470	.456	.431	.410	.391	
Basic Premium Ratio	.377	.301	.254	.222	.198	.179	.164	.152	.142	.133	.120	.109	.101	.08
Minimum Premium Ratio	.674	.621	.585	.557	.533	.513	.494	.478	.464	.450	.426	.405	.387	
Basic Premium Ratio	.358	.283	.238	.207	.184	.166	.152	.140	.131	.123	.110	.101	.094	.08
Minimum Premium Ratio	.664	.612	.575	.547	.524	.505	.488	.472	.458	.445	.421	.401	.383	
Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.339 .654	.266 .602	.222 .567	.192 .539	.171 .517	.154 .497	.140	.130 .466	.121 .453	.114 .440	.103 .418	.094 .398	.088 .380	.07
Basic Premium Ratio	.320	.249	.208	.179	.159	.143	.131	.121	.113	.106	.096	.088	.083	.07
Minimum Premium Ratio	.644	.593	.559	.532	.510	.491	.475	.461	.448	.436	.414	.395	.378	
Basic Premium Ratio	.303	.234	.194	.168	.148	.134	.122	.113	.106	.100	.091	.084	.079	.07
Minimum Premium Ratio	.635	.586	.552	.526	.504	.486	.470	.457	.445	.433	.412	.393	.376	.34
Basic Premium Ratio	.293	.220	.180	.157	.141	.128	.117	.109	.103	.097	.089	.082	.078	.07
Minimum Premium Ratio	.630	.579	.545	.521	.501	.483	.468	.455	.443	.432	.411	.392	.375	
Basic Premium Ratio	.281	.204	.167	.148	.133	.122	.112	.105	.099	.094	.086	.081	.076	.07
Minimum Premium Ratio	.624	.571	.538	.516	.497	.480	.465	.453	.441	.430	.409	.391	.374	.34
Basic Premium Ratio	.269	.187	.156	.139	.126	.116	.108	.101	.096	.091	.084	.079	.075	.06
Minimum Premium Ratio	.618	.562	.533	.512	.493	.477	.463	.451	.440	.429	.408	.390	.374	
Basic Premium Ratio	.254	.167	.145	.130	.119	.110	.103	.097	.092	.088	.082	.077	.073	.06
Minimum Premium Ratio	.611	.552	.527	.507	.490	.474	.461	.449	.438	.427	.407	.389	.373	.34
Basic Premium Ratio	.238	.150	.135	.122	.113	.105	.098	.093	.089	.085	.079	.075	.072	.06
Minimum Premium Ratio	.603	.544	.522		.487	.472	.458	.447	.436	.426	.406	.388	.372	.34
Basic Premium Ratio	.219	.138	.125	.115	.106	.100	.094	.089	.085	.082	.077	.073	.071	.06
Minimum Premium Ratio	.593	.538	.517	.500	.483	.469	.456	.445	.434	.424	.405	.387	.372	.34
Basic Premium Ratio	.197	.127	.116	.107	.100	.094	.090	.086	.082	.079	.075	.072	.069	.06
Minimum Premium Ratio	.582	.532	.513	.496	.480	.466	.454	.443	.433	.423	.404	.387	.371	
Basic Premium Ratio	.170	.117	.108	.100	.094	.089	.085	.082	.079	.077	.073	.070	.068	.06
	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Basi	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Basic Premium Ratio Basi	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio Sept. 301 Basic Premium Ratio Basic Premium	Basic Premium Ratio   .610   .513   .451   .406   Minimum Premium Ratio   .507   .501   .440   .395   Minimum Premium Ratio   .597   .501   .440   .395   Minimum Premium Ratio   .592   .486   .425   .382   Minimum Premium Ratio   .582   .486   .425   .382   Minimum Premium Ratio   .567   .471   .412   .369   Minimum Premium Ratio   .567   .471   .412   .369   Minimum Premium Ratio   .551   .457   .398   .356   Minimum Premium Ratio   .551   .457   .398   .356   Minimum Premium Ratio   .573   .444   .386   .344   Minimum Premium Ratio   .537   .444   .386   .344   Minimum Premium Ratio   .564   .705   .665   .633   Basic Premium Ratio   .524   .431   .373   .332   Minimum Premium Ratio   .747   .688   .646   .613   Basic Premium Ratio   .747   .688   .645   .697   .658   .695	Basic Premium Ratio   September   Septem	Basic Premium Ratio   Minimum Premium Ratio   Sept.   Sept.	Basic Premium Ratio   Section   Se	Basic Premium Ratio	Basic Premium Ratio   Section   Se	Basic Premium Ratio   10	Basic Premium Ratio   S08   A94   A95   A96   A97   A96   A97   A97	Basic Premium Ratio   Minimum Premium Ratio   September   Septem	Basic Premium Ratio  80

Max	timum Premium Ratio:	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.60	1.70	1.80	2.00
Size Gro															
6	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.137 .552	.107 .522	.100 .505	.094 .489	.089 .475	.085 .462	.081 .450	.078 .439	.076 .430	.074 .420	.071 .402	.068 .385	.066 .369	.064 .342
5	Basic Premium Ratio Minimum Premium Ratio	.105	.098	.092 .501	.087 .486	.083 .472	.080 .459	.077 .448	.075 .438	.073 .428	.071 .419	.068 .400	.066 .384	.065 .369	.063 .342

WAC

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 88-24-010 (Order 88-26), § 296-17-91905, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 88-14-107 (Order 88-10), § 296-17-91905, filed 7/6/88; 86-17-002 (Order 86-29), § 296-17-91905, filed 8/8/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.035. 86-06-018 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-91905, filed 2/25/86.]

WAC 296-17-920 Assessment for supplemental pension fund. The amount of 16.7 mills (\$.0167) shall be retained by each employer from the earnings of each worker for each hour or fraction thereof the worker is employed. Provided that in classifications 6707 and 7102, the employer shall retain thirteen cents per day from each worker and in classification 6708 the employer shall retain 1.67 mills (\$.00167) per hour to be reported for premium calculation under WAC 296-17-350(8) from each worker. The amount of money so retained from the employee shall be matched in an equal amount by each employer, except as otherwise provided in these rules, all such moneys shall be remitted to the department on or before the last day of January, April, July and October of each year for the preceding calendar guarter, provided self-insured employers shall remit to the department as provided under WAC 296-15-060. All such moneys shall be deposited in the supplemental pension fund.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 89-24-051 (Order 89-22), § 296-17-920, filed 12/1/89, effective 1/1/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020 and 51.32.073. 87-04-006 (Order 86-49), § 296-17-920, filed 1/23/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16-.035. 86-12-041 (Order 86-18), § 296-17-920, filed 5/30/86, effective 7/1/86; 83-24-017 (Order 83-36), § 296-17-920, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-047 (Order 82-38), § 296-17-920, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; 81-24-042 (Order 81-30), § 296-17-920, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-17-016 (Order 80-23), § 296-17-920, filed 11/13/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-17-920, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(1) and 51.16.035. 78-12-043 (Order 78-23), § 296-17-920, filed 11/27/78, effective 1/1/79; Order 77-27, § 296-17-920, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 77-10, \$ 296-17-920, filed 5/31/77; Order 76-36, \$ 296-17-920, filed 11/30/76; Order 75-38, \$ 296-17-920, filed 11/24/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 75-28, § 296-17-920, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75; Order 74-40, § 296-17-920, filed 11/27/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-6, § 296-17-920, filed 1/23/74.]

WAC 296-17-930 Volunteers. Any city, county, school district, municipal corporation or any other political subdivision, or private nonprofit charitable organization electing to insure volunteers under the authority of RCW 51.12.035 as now or hereafter amended shall give notice in writing on a form prescribed by the department. Any employer having elected to insure volunteers shall maintain office records of all hours of work

performed by volunteers. Such office records shall include notice in writing as a registration of each person who has volunteered and has been accepted by the employer to perform work as a volunteer. A report of such hours will be included with the employer's regular quarterly report of payroll as prescribed by the department, and will include payment for the premium based on such hours and at such rates per hour as assigned by the department.

[Order 77-27, § 296-17-930, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 75-28, § 296-17-930, filed 8/29/75, effective 10/1/75.]

# Chapter 296–18A WAC REHABILITATION REVIEW

296-18A-420 296-18A-440	Definitions. Reports.
296-18A-445	Self-insured reports.
296-18A-450	Vocational rehabilitation plan.
296-18A-460	Performance criteria.
296-18A-465	Request for proposal.
296-18A-470	Disputes.
296-18A-480	Responsibilities.
296-18A-490	Billing for vocational services.
296-18A-500	Self-insurers.
296-18A-510	Vocational rehabilitation counselor qualifications.
296-18A-520	Job modification assistance.

### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

296-18A-010 General information. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-

270 1011 010	concrat micrimation, [Status of Transcrity, 10011 51
	.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-010
	(codified as WAC 296-18A-010), filed 11/30/82.]
	Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed
	8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
296-18A-020	Vocational rehabilitation advisory committee. [Statu-
	tory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order
	82-40), § 296-18-020 (codified as WAC 296-18A-
	020), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Or-
	der 85–20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority:
	RCW 51.32.095.
296-18A-040	Definitions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030.
270 10/1 040	82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-040 (codified as
	WAC 296-18A-040), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by
	85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory
	Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
296-18A-070	Application of certain timetables. [Statutory Author-
290-18A-070	ity: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), §
	296-18-070 (codified as WAC 296-18A-070), filed
	11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20),
00/ 104 000	filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
296–18A–080	Referral and initial contact. [Statutory Authority:
	RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-

18-080 (codified as WAC 296-18A-080), filed

11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20),

filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.

- 296-18A-090 Initial evaluations. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-090 (codified as WAC 296-18A-090), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-100 Rehabilitation plans. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51-.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-100 (codified as WAC 296-18A-100), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-110 Modification to the rehabilitation plan. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030, 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-110 (codified as WAC 296-18A-110), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-120 Plan completion. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41-.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-120 (codified as WAC 296-18A-120), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-130 Application of certain timetables (self-insured claims). [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-130 (codified as WAC 296-18A-130), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-140 Return to work summary report (self-insured claims). [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-140 (codified as WAC 296-18A-140), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-160 Progress reports (self-insured claims). [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-160 (codified as WAC 296-18A-160), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-170 Return to work (self-insured claims). [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-170 (codified as WAC 296-18A-170), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-180 Vocational rehabilitation plan. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-180 (codified as WAC 296-18A-180), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-190 Responsibility of the injured worker. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-190 (codified as WAC 296-18A-190), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51 32 095
- 296-18A-200 Failure to meet responsibilities. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-200 (codified as WAC 296-18A-200), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-210 Resolution of vocational rehabilitation disputes. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020, 51.41.020 and 51.41.060. 83-17-110 (Order 83-25), § 296-18-210, filed 8/24/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-210 (codified as WAC 296-18A-210), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-300 Registration of vocational rehabilitation counselors. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-300 (codified as WAC 296-18A-300), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.

- 296-18A-310 Qualifications for registration of vocational rehabilitation counselors. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04-.020, 51.41.010 and 51.41.030. 83-17-051 (Order 83-24), \$ 296-18-310, filed 8/16/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), \$ 296-18-310 (codified as WAC 296-18A-310), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-320 Qualifications for the registration of vocational rehabilitation firms. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41-.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-320 (codified as WAC 296-18A-320), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-330 Availability of the register. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-330 (codified as WAC 296-18A-330), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-340 Immediate deregistration. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-340 (codified as WAC 296-18A-340), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-350 Performance evaluations and deregistration. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-350 (codified as WAC 296-18A-350), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-360 Petition for reconsideration of the intent to remove. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-360 (codified as WAC 296-18A-360), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-370 Period of deregistration. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-370 (codified as WAC 296-18A-370), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- 296-18A-400 Job modification assistance. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.41.030. 82-24-055 (Order 82-40), § 296-18-400 (codified as WAC 296-18A-400), filed 11/30/82.] Repealed by 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), filed 8/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095.
- WAC 296-18A-420 Definitions. (1) "Employable" means having the skills and training that are commonly and currently necessary in the labor market to be gainfully employed on a reasonably continuous basis when considering the worker's: Age, education, experience, and physical and mental capabilities due to the industrial injury or subsequent reopening.
- (2) "Gainful employment" means any occupation, not to exclude self-employment, which allows a worker to be compensated with wages or other earnings considering RCW 51.12.010.
- (3) "Formal program" means an approved rehabilitation plan and the contents thereof as described in WAC 296-18A-450 that provides services necessary and likely to enable the injured worker to be employable at gainful employment.
- (4) "Vocational rehabilitation counselor" means those persons determined by the department to have met the requirements of these rules regarding experience and training which qualify them to aid the injured workers to become employable at gainful employment.

- (5) "Vocational rehabilitation provider" means any vocational rehabilitation counselor or firm that has a vendor number to bill for services the Washington department of labor and industries.
- (6) "Vocational rehabilitation firm" means any entity comprised of vocational rehabilitation counselors that has a vendor number whether sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation.
- (7) "Vocational rehabilitation services" means services that are designed to enable the injured worker to become employable at gainful employment. The services may include, but not be limited to vocational evaluation, vocational counseling, job analysis, job modification, on—the—job training, or short—term training programs with job placement services provided.
- (8) "Referral source" means either the state fund or self-insurer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-420 (codified as WAC 296-18A-420), filed 8/13/85.]

- WAC 296-18A-440 Reports. The following reports are required from the vocational rehabilitation provider for state fund referrals.
- (1) Contact report. Contact with the injured worker shall be reported to the department within twenty—one calendar days of the date the referral was sent to the provider. Notification of contact shall be on a department provided form.
- (2) Progress reports. A progress report shall be submitted each sixty days unless otherwise authorized by the claim manager. Progress reports will follow a department approved format. The referral source is to be notified immediately of factors affecting plan completion or changes of status or changes in plan costs.
- (3) Closing report. Upon completion of the formal program, a closing report to the referral source shall be submitted by the vocational rehabilitation provider. That report shall contain at least the following:
- (a) Assessment of the injured worker's employability status at the time of completion of vocational services;
- (b) Whether or not the injured worker has returned to work:
- (c) Any remaining barriers to the injured worker becoming employable at gainful employment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.120(3) and 51.32.095. 88-21-022 (Order 88-24), § 296-18A-440, filed 10/10/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-440 (codified as WAC 296-18A-440), filed 8/13/85.]

- WAC 296-18A-445 Self-insured reports. The following reports are required from the self-insurer to be sent to the self-insurance section.
- (1) Self-insured rehabilitation referral. A form submitted no later than after paying ninety continuous days of time loss after the initial filing or reopening of a claim. If more time is necessary, an extension may be requested on this form. The format for this form will be supplied by the department.
- (2) Employability assessment report. If a vocational referral is not being made and an extension of time is

- not necessary, this form must be completed and submitted to the self-insured section no later than after paying ninety continuous days of time loss after the initial filing or reopening of a claim. The format for this form will be supplied by the department.
- (3) A vocational rehabilitation plan shall be submitted to the self-insurance section by the self-insurer no later than ten calendar days after being signed by the injured worker, vocational rehabilitation provider and the employer. The plan will follow the criteria established in WAC 296-18A-450.
- (4) Closing report. Upon completion of a formal program, the self-insurer will submit the closing report to the department. The closing report must follow the criteria as outlined in WAC 296-18A-440(3).
- (5) Rehabilitation outcome report. This form is to be submitted with the final self-insurer's report on occupational injury or disease (SIF-5) or, in the case of medical only claims, with the self-insurers accident report (SIF-2), which is submitted at the time of claim closure. The format for this form will be supplied by the department and applies to all claims where vocational rehabilitation services have been provided.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-18A-445, filed 6/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-445 (codified as WAC 296-18A-445), filed 8/13/85.]

### WAC 296-18A-450 Vocational rehabilitation plan.

- (1) A vocational rehabilitation plan shall be approved by the referral source prior to its implementation. The plan shall be sent to all individuals with responsibilities under it. The plan shall contain the following:
- (a) Assessment of the skills and abilities, based on the physical capacities and mental status, aptitudes, and transferrable skills of the injured worker;
- (b) The services necessary to enable the injured worker to become employable at gainful employment;
- (c) Labor market information indicating the employability of the injured worker at plan completion;
- (d) An estimate of the cost and the time necessary for the completion of the plan;
- (e) A direct comparison of the injured worker's skills with potential types of employment to demonstrate a likelihood of success;
- (f) If necessary, a job analysis of the injured worker's previous occupation, including earnings, may be included; and
- (g) Any other information that will significantly affect the plan.
- (2) The following priorities shall be addressed and justification given to why each preceding priority was not used.
- (a) Return to the previous job with the same employer;
- (b) Modification of the previous job with the same employer including transitional return to work;
- (c) A new job with the same employer in keeping with any limitations or restrictions;
- (d) Modification of a new job with the same employer including transitional return to work;

- (e) Modification of the previous job with a new employer;
- (f) A new job with a new employer or self-employment based upon transferable skills;
- (g) A new job with a new employer or self-employment involving on-the-job training;
- (h) Modification of a new job with a new employer;
  - (i) Short-term retraining and job placement.
- (3) Each plan shall be signed by the vocational rehabilitation counselor and the injured worker. In state fund cases, a copy will be sent to the employer, attending physician, department, injured worker and any parties with responsibilities within the plan by the vocational rehabilitation counselor. The following statement shall be printed above the signatures:

I have read the above plan and understand its contents. By signing this plan I agree to faithfully execute my responsibilities described in it.

(4) If the plan is interrupted for good cause this case will be returned to the referral source at the discretion of the referral source. At the end of such interruption, the referral source may return the referral to the original vocational provider to resume the plan or its preparation.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-18A-450, filed 6/24/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.040.030 [51.04.030]. 87-08-004 (Order 87-09), § 296-18A-450, filed 3/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-450 (codified as WAC 296-18A-450), filed 8/13/85.]

- WAC 296-18A-460 Performance criteria. (1) Vocational rehabilitation providers offering services under RCW 51.32.095 for state fund referrals shall be selected by the department, at the department's sole discretion, based upon providers' performance according to the following criteria.
- (2) There shall be objective evaluation by the department's vocational rehabilitation services section, which shall address:
- (a) Cost to medical aid fund including fees paid to vocational providers or other providers at the request of the vocational rehabilitation counselor;
- (b) Cost to accident fund including time loss compensation, loss of earning power payments, and "training" costs pursuant to RCW 51.32.095(3), paid during the time vocational rehabilitation services are provided;
- (c) Cost to second injury fund due to approved job site modifications;
- (d) Length of services provided, from time of referral to date of issuance of closing report;
  - (e) Ratio of referrals to completed plans;
- (f) The outcome of the claim at the time of closure of vocational rehabilitation services which identifies the injured worker as (i) employable; (ii) returned to work; or (iii) other.
- (3) The vocational rehabilitation services section shall also weigh the various objective criteria listed above by addressing the following subjective criteria:
- (a) The ability of the vocational rehabilitation provider and counselor to comply with the rules contained

- in chapter 296-18A WAC and the law as contained in RCW 51.32.095;
- (b) The adequacy of the vocational rehabilitation provider's facilities shall also be considered.
- (4) The vocational rehabilitation services section shall solicit proposals, on forms provided by the vocational rehabilitation services section, from all providers on the department's provider list and shall utilize these in contracting with providers for referrals.
- (5) Audits. In order to ensure compliance with the above listed criteria, every vocational rehabilitation provider used by the department shall be subject to an audit of their facilities and files. Audits may be conducted upon petition or upon the department's own initiative. Audits may be for cause or at random and may consist of, but not be limited to, an on-site evaluation of each provider's facilities, files and records, including the accuracy of the records and the accuracy of billing for services. The vocational rehabilitation provider shall receive written notice at least forty-eight hours in advance of such audit.

The audit of vocational rehabilitation providers at locations outside the state of Washington shall be at the expense of the provider and the expense incurred in making such audit shall be paid by the provider.

Such expenses shall be calculated at the usual and normal per diem and travel expense rates established by law and in effect at the time the expenses are incurred.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.120(3) and 51.32.095. 88-21-022 (Order 88-24), § 296-18A-460, filed 10/10/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095 and 51.04.030. 87-10-070 (Order 87-13), § 296-18A-460, filed 5/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-460 (codified as WAC 296-18A-460), filed 8/13/85.]

WAC 296-18A-465 Request for proposal. In order to select providers for referrals and adequately evaluate performance, the vocational rehabilitation services section shall solicit proposals from providers on the department's provider list through a request for proposal process. Contracts will be awarded after evaluation of proposals.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.120(3) and 51.32.095. 88-21-022 (Order 88-24), § 296-18A-465, filed 10/10/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095 and 51.04.030. 87-10-071 (Order 87-14), § 296-18A-465, filed 5/6/87.]

- WAC 296-18A-470 Disputes. (1) In order to avoid delay in the vocational rehabilitation process and to allow resolution of disputes between the injured workers, employers and the referral source, a dispute resolution process is provided. The time limits in this section may be extended by the office of rehabilitation services when good cause is shown.
- (2) The director must receive a dispute of the employability determination or formal plan, in writing, within fifteen calendar days from receipt of notification to the worker or employer. The dispute must include reasons for the request. The director, at his or her sole discretion, may initiate an investigation to determine further action on the request. A copy of all disputes received shall be sent to all interested parties.

(3) If necessary, and at the discretion of the director, the office of rehabilitation services will communicate with the aggrieved parties to attempt to resolve the dispute. If the dispute is not resolved, the director in his or her sole discretion may take such other action that he or she considers appropriate to protect the rights of the parties. The director shall inform the aggrieved parties of what action, if any was taken within thirty calendar days of receipt of the dispute from the aggrieved party.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-470 (codified as WAC 296-18A-470), filed 8/13/85.]

WAC 296-18A-480 Responsibilities. All parties will have the following responsibilities in assisting the injured worker to become employable at gainful employment:

- (1) The attending physician shall maintain open communication with the injured worker's assigned vocational rehabilitation counselor and the referral source. The attending physician shall respond to any requests for information in a timely fashion and will do all that is possible to expedite the vocational rehabilitation process, including making an estimate of physical capacities or restrictions. The attending physician may review the vocational plan, and if the attending physician feels that the injured worker is not physically capable of carrying out the plan, or the plan is unnecessary, based on current medical findings, shall notify the referral source immediately of this opinion with the reasons for such opinion.
  - (2) The claims unit within the department shall:
- (a) Notify the employer of the referral to a vocational rehabilitation provider;
- (b) Send the employer a copy of the closing report; and
- (c) Give written notice to an injured worker if a complaint of noncooperation has been made.
- (3) The employer shall assist the vocational rehabilitation counselor in any way necessary to collect data regarding the former gainful employment of the injured worker. Further, the employer will assist the vocational rehabilitation counselor and attending physician to determine whether or not a modified job could be made available for employment of the injured worker.
- (4) The injured worker shall cooperate with all reasonable requests from all responsible individuals in determining disability, developing and implementing the rehabilitation process. Should the injured worker fail to be cooperative, the sanctions as set out in RCW 51.32-.110 shall be applied.
- (5) In assisting the injured worker to become employable at gainful employment, the provider is to follow the priorities as set out in RCW 51.32.095. Vocational rehabilitation providers actually assisting the injured worker shall have the burden of showing that they meet the qualifications to be a vocational rehabilitation counselor as set out in these rules. The vocational rehabilitation provider shall comply with all the rules in chapter 296–18A WAC and Title 51 RCW, whether the injured worker is referred by the department or a self-insurer under the following criteria:

- (a) Develop a formal program to assist the eligible injured worker to become employable at gainful employment;
- (b) Maintain accurate records that will be periodically reviewed by department staff;
- (c) Notify the referral source of noncooperative behavior on the part of the injured worker; and
- (d) Keep all parties informed of the progress and development of the formal program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.16.120(3) and 51.32.095. 88-21-022 (Order 88-24), § 296-18A-480, filed 10/10/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.040.030 [51.04.030]. 87-08-004 (Order 87-09), § 296-18A-480, filed 3/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-480 (codified as WAC 296-18A-480), filed 8/13/85.]

- WAC 296-18A-490 Billing for vocational services.
  (1) Vocational rehabilitation providers must comply with the rules contained in chapter 296-20 WAC as they
- (2) Vocational rehabilitation providers must carry general liability insurance, automobile liability insurance, errors and omission/malpractice insurance, and industrial insurance if required by Title 51 RCW.
- (3) All vocational services must be prior authorized by the referral source, except immediate job placement. If immediate job placement activities exceed thirty days, authorization must be obtained for further services.
- (4) Charges for the following are considered overhead and will not be paid:
- (a) Administrative and supervisory salaries and related personnel expenses;
  - (b) Office rent;
  - (c) Depreciation;
  - (d) Equipment purchase and rental;
- (e) Telephone expenses including long distance phone call charges;
  - (f) Postage;
  - (g) Shipping;
  - (h) Expendable supplies;
  - (i) Printing costs;
  - (i) Copier costs;
  - (k) Maintenance and repair;
  - (l) Taxes:
  - (m) Automobile costs and maintenance;
  - (n) Insurance:
  - (o) Dues and subscriptions;
  - (p) Professional services;
- (q) Vacation, sick leave, and other expenses of a similar nature;
  - (r) Internal staffing time;
  - (s) Filing of material in case files, setting up files;
- (t) Activities associated with reports other than writing or dictating original draft of the report (e.g., editing, filing, distribution, revising, typing, and mailing);
- (u) Generating and keeping internal recordkeeping forms:
- (v) Time spent on any administrative and clerical activity, including typing, copying, mailing, distributing, filing, payroll, recordkeeping, delivering mail, picking up mail;

- (w) Activities associated with counselor training, general discussion regarding office procedures, internal case file reviews by supervisors, meetings, and seminars;
  - (x) Unanswered phone calls; and
- (y) Any other item or service not specifically identified and separately billable.
- (5) All bills must be itemized on referral source approved bill forms. The billed charges must be justified in the provider's case records and be consistent with written reports. If charges are not documented, or justified, or consistent, payment may be reduced, denied, or recouped.
- (6) Vocational services must be billed using procedure codes, fees, and methods provided by the department of labor and industries. The department will publish codes, fees, and procedures and provide this information to all vocational rehabilitation providers receiving department referrals. Fees shall be established by the department and reviewed at regular intervals.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095, 51.04.030, 51.36.100 and 51.36.110. 87-10-072 (Order 87-15), § 296-18A-490, filed 5/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-490 (codified as WAC 296-18A-490), filed 8/13/85.]

WAC 296-18A-500 Self-insurers. (1) No later than paying ninety continuous days of time loss following the initial filing or reopening of a claim, the self-insurer shall notify the self-insurance section as to whether or not vocational rehabilitation services are necessary and likely to enable the injured worker to become employable at gainful employment. Each of these cases will be reviewed by the self-insurance section. The criteria to determine employability will be the same as for the state fund. If the injured worker is determined employable, the self-insurer will submit an employability assessment form which contains objective reasons why the injured worker is employable. Within twenty calendar days of receipt of an employability assessment form, the supervisor's designee within the self-insurance section will inform the self-insurer and the injured worker as to whether or not self-insurers determination of employability is approved. If an employability determination cannot be made due to medical instability, the self-insured shall request an extension by notifying the selfinsurance section of the injured worker's condition and when a determination can be made. If the request for extension is not approved, notice will be sent within fifteen calendar days of receipt.

(2) The supervisor's designee within the self-insurance section of the department will receive from the self-insurer the vocational rehabilitation plan signed by the injured worker and employer. Within ten calendar days of receipt of the vocational plan, the supervisor's designee will inform the self-insurer, the vocational rehabilitation counselor and the injured worker that the plan has been received. A review of the vocational rehabilitation plan by the supervisor's designee will be initiated upon request by the employer or the injured worker. Reasons for the review must be stated in writing. A request for a plan review must be made prior to

completion or termination of the plan. If necessary, conflict resolution techniques, such as conferences and fact-finding, will be used in order to resolve problems with the plan in as fair and expedient manner as possible. The supervisor's designee shall notify the parties of the plan review results no later than sixty days from the date the request was received.

Disputes of the supervisor's designee's determination must be submitted to the director in accordance with WAC 296-18A-470.

- (3) Upon completion of the formal program, the self-insurer will submit to the self-insurance section a closing report. Within ten calendar days of receipt of the closing report, the supervisor's designee shall inform the injured worker and employer that vocational services have concluded.
- (4) The self-insurer shall provide the self-insurance section with a rehabilitation outcome report on a form prescribed by the department. The rehabilitation outcome report shall be attached to the final self-insurer's report on occupational injury or disease (SIF-5) or, in the case of medical only claims, with the self-insurers accident report (SIF-2), which is submitted at the time of claim closure. A rehabilitation outcome report will be submitted on all claims where vocational rehabilitation services have been provided.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020. 88-12-096 (Order 88-07), § 296-18A-500, filed 6/1/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-500 (codified as WAC 296-18A-500), filed 8/13/85.]

- WAC 296-18A-510 Vocational rehabilitation counselor qualifications. (1) All vocational rehabilitation counselors who were registered by the department prior to May 16, 1985, will remain on the list and be eligible to receive referrals. The department is not obligated to make referrals to anyone on this list.
- (2) When it is determined an injured worker is eligible for vocational rehabilitation services, the referral source shall authorize such services. Selection of the appropriate provider of vocational services is at the sole discretion of the referral source. Selected vocational rehabilitation counselors must meet one or more of the following categories of experience and education:
- (a) A doctorate or masters degree in rehabilitation counseling, psychology, counseling and guidance, social work, or educational psychology; and a minimum of one year of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services with industrially injured workers;
- (b) A masters degree with twenty-four credit hours in a combination of rehabilitation philosophy, rehabilitation history, rehabilitation ethics, medical aspects of disability, psychological aspects of disability, job placement, occupational information, counseling theory, personal and vocational adjustment, work evaluation, practicum in subjects listed in this subsection, or coursework relating to counseling and subjects listed in this subsection; and a minimum of two years of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational

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assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services with industrially injured workers;

- (c) A bachelors degree in rehabilitation counseling, psychology, counseling and guidance, social work, or educational psychology; and a minimum of two years of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services with industrially injured workers; or
- (d) A bachelors degree with twenty-four credit hours in a combination of rehabilitation philosophy, rehabilitation history, rehabilitation ethics, medical aspects of disability, psychological aspects of disability, job placement, occupational information, counseling theory, personal and vocational adjustment, work evaluation, practicum in subjects listed in this subsection, or coursework relating to counseling and subjects listed in this subsection; and a minimum of three years of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services; with industrially injured workers;
- (e) Has been a registered vocational counselor in Washington state.
- (3) An intern is an individual who meets the minimum educational requirements as set forth in subsection (2)(a) through (e) of this section, but not the experience requirements. When the intern is employed, the vocational rehabilitation provider shall provide the name of the intern's supervisor. The intern supervisor will be responsible for all rehabilitation work done by the intern. The intern supervisor will co-sign all reports submitted by the intern. The intern must be designated as such on all reports. At the end of the time requirement the intern may apply for or identification number as a fully qualified vocational rehabilitation counselor.
- (4) In order to receive or maintain a provider account number, the provider shall submit an application form provided by the department. The owner or legal representative of the provider must sign the application form. The provider shall also submit the names and signatures of all counselors working for the provider. The provider shall also submit official sealed copies of each counselor's college transcripts unless the counselor is already on the department's provider list, the department having completed a check of qualifications and having sent written notice of their acceptance. If counselors employed by the provider are not on the department's provider list, completed applications signed by each counselor must be submitted on a form provided by the department. The application form must include a statement of each counselor's experience providing vocational rehabilitation to industrially injured workers and the names of former and current employers and supervisors.
- (5) It is the responsibility of the vocational counselor and provider to be familiar with the industrial insurance rules and laws of the state of Washington. The vocational counselor and provider must act in a professional manner and comply with the code of professional ethics for vocational rehabilitation counselors.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 87–10–073 (Order 87–16), § 296–18A–510, filed 5/6/87; 85–17–022 (Order 85–20), § 296–18–510 (codified as WAC 296–18A–510), filed 8/13/85.]

WAC 296-18A-520 Job modification assistance. (1) As provided for in section 13, chapter 63, Laws of 1982 (RCW 51.32.250), the supervisor or supervisor's designee in his or her discretion may pay job modification costs in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars from the department per worker per job modification. This payment is intended to be a cooperative participation with the employer and funds shall be taken from the appropriate account within the second injury fund. The employer may add to this amount with their own contribution.

- (2) An employer requesting job modification assistance must submit to the department a job modification assistance application.
- (3) The job modification assistance application shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) A document supporting the need for job modification;
  - (b) A description of the job modification; and
- (c) An itemized account of each expense to be incurred in the job modification. Job modification assistance applications shall be submitted on a form prescribed by the department.
- (4) The supervisor or supervisor's designee shall accept, reject, or modify the job modification application within thirty days of receipt. Notification of the supervisor's acceptance, rejection, or modification shall be in writing.

[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-18A-520, filed 6/24/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-520 (codified as WAC 296-18A-520), filed 8/13/85.]

# Chapter 296-20 WAC MEDICAL AID RULES

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296-20-01001	Medical advisory industrial insurance committee.
296-20-01002	Definitions.
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296-20-01501	Physician's assistant rules.
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296-20-023	Third party settlement—Excess recoveries.
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	to infectious occupational disease.
296-20-035	Treatment in cases that remain open beyond sixty
	days.

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assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services with industrially injured workers;

- (c) A bachelors degree in rehabilitation counseling, psychology, counseling and guidance, social work, or educational psychology; and a minimum of two years of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services with industrially injured workers; or
- (d) A bachelors degree with twenty-four credit hours in a combination of rehabilitation philosophy, rehabilitation history, rehabilitation ethics, medical aspects of disability, psychological aspects of disability, job placement, occupational information, counseling theory, personal and vocational adjustment, work evaluation, practicum in subjects listed in this subsection, or coursework relating to counseling and subjects listed in this subsection; and a minimum of three years of experience in vocational counseling, job placement, vocational assessment, or other documented areas of vocational rehabilitation services; with industrially injured workers;
- (e) Has been a registered vocational counselor in Washington state.
- (3) An intern is an individual who meets the minimum educational requirements as set forth in subsection (2)(a) through (e) of this section, but not the experience requirements. When the intern is employed, the vocational rehabilitation provider shall provide the name of the intern's supervisor. The intern supervisor will be responsible for all rehabilitation work done by the intern. The intern supervisor will co-sign all reports submitted by the intern. The intern must be designated as such on all reports. At the end of the time requirement the intern may apply for or identification number as a fully qualified vocational rehabilitation counselor.
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- (5) It is the responsibility of the vocational counselor and provider to be familiar with the industrial insurance rules and laws of the state of Washington. The vocational counselor and provider must act in a professional manner and comply with the code of professional ethics for vocational rehabilitation counselors.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 87–10–073 (Order 87–16), § 296–18A–510, filed 5/6/87; 85–17–022 (Order 85–20), § 296–18–510 (codified as WAC 296–18A–510), filed 8/13/85.]

WAC 296-18A-520 Job modification assistance. (1) As provided for in section 13, chapter 63, Laws of 1982 (RCW 51.32.250), the supervisor or supervisor's designee in his or her discretion may pay job modification costs in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars from the department per worker per job modification. This payment is intended to be a cooperative participation with the employer and funds shall be taken from the appropriate account within the second injury fund. The employer may add to this amount with their own contribution.

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[Statutory Authority: Chapters 51.08 and 51.32 RCW. 88-14-011 (Order 88-13), § 296-18A-520, filed 6/24/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.32.095. 85-17-022 (Order 85-20), § 296-18-520 (codified as WAC 296-18A-520), filed 8/13/85.]

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296-20-02015	Interest on excess payments.
296-20-022	Payment of out-of-state providers.
296-20-023	Third party settlement—Excess recoveries.
296-20-024	Utilization review and quality assurance.
296-20-025	Initial treatment and report of accident.
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296-20-03001	Treatment requiring authorization.
296-20-03002	Treatment not authorized.
296-20-03003	Drugs and medication.
296-20-03004	Chemonucleolysis.
296-20-03005	Inoculation or immunological treatment for exposure
	to infectious occupational disease.
296-20-035	Treatment in cases that remain open beyond sixty
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			050, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
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296-20-260	Categories of permanent dorsal area impairments.		Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later
296-20-270	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.		Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296-20-061.
	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbo-	296–20–060	Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296-20-061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68-7, § 296-
296-20-270 296-20-280	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.	296–20–060	Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296-20-061.
296–20–270 296–20–280 296–20–290	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Impairments of the pelvis.	296–20–060	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296–20–270 296–20–280 296–20–290 296–20–300	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Impairments of the pelvis.  Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis.	296–20–060	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.  Impairments of the pelvis.  Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis.  Convulsive neurological impairments.	296–20–060 296–20–061	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296–20–270 296–20–280 296–20–290 296–20–300	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological		Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061,
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments.		Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health.	296-20-061	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments		Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health.	296-20-061	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-350	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments.	296-20-061	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulga-
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments.	296-20-061	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–79.]
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-390 296-20-400	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-390 296-20-400	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71, Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71, Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71, Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-420	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71. Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-420 296-20-430 296-20-440 296-20-450	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-410 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-440 296-20-450 296-20-460	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3).
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-350 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-440 296-20-440 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-470	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3). Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-310 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-490 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-440 296-20-440 296-20-450 296-20-470 296-20-470 296-20-480	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3). Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–
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296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-450 296-20-470 296-20-470 296-20-480 296-20-490	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3). Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–097.
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-310 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-490 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-440 296-20-440 296-20-450 296-20-470 296-20-470 296-20-480	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061. Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071. Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051. Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3). Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effectiv
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-380 296-20-380 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-480 296-20-490 296-20-490	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3).  Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–15, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-370 296-20-380 296-20-380 296-20-410 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-480 296-20-490 296-20-490 296-20-500 296-20-510	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Lower digestive tract impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3).  Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–097.  Unrelated elective surgery. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–095, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–097.  Unrelated elective surgery. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–095, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-290 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-320 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-380 296-20-380 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-480 296-20-490 296-20-490	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085 296-20-090 296-20-095	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/70. later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3). Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
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296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-310 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-410 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-460 296-20-480 296-20-490 296-20-490 296-20-490	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Lower digestive tract impairments. Categories of permanent lower digestive tract impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085 296-20-090 296-20-095	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091.  Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3).  Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–097.  Unrelated elective surgery. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–095, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed
296-20-270 296-20-280 296-20-280 296-20-300 296-20-310 296-20-310 296-20-330 296-20-340 296-20-360 296-20-360 296-20-380 296-20-390 296-20-400 296-20-410 296-20-420 296-20-450 296-20-460 296-20-460 296-20-480 296-20-490 296-20-490 296-20-490 296-20-490	Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Categories of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. Impairments of the pelvis. Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. Convulsive neurological impairments. Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. Impairments of mental health. Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. Cardiac impairments. Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. Respiratory impairments. Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. Air passage impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairments. Nasal septum impairments. Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. Loss of taste and smell. Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. Speech impairments. Categories of permanent speech impairments. Skin impairments. Categories of permanent skin impairments. Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. Lower digestive tract impairments. Categories of permanent lower digestive tract impairments.	296-20-061 296-20-070 296-20-080 296-20-085 296-20-090 296-20-095	Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–061.  Fees for concurrent treatment. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–071.  Periodic clinical progress reports. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–061, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–061, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296–20–050.] Repealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74. Consultations. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–051.  Private room—Special nurses. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–091. Isolation of infected cases. [Order 71–6, § 296–20–085, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–085, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51–04.030, and 51.16.120(3).  Reopenings. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–090, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Later promulgation, see WAC 296–20–097.  Unrelated elective surgery. [Order 68–7, § 296–20–095, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70–12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Or

296-20-130 Medical aid contracts. [Order 74-7, § 296-20-130, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, § 296-20-130, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-130, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 77-27, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78.

296-20-131 Advance authorization required for nonstandard treatment. [Order 74-7, § 296-20-131, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

296-20-140 Conversion factor table-Anesthesia. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-004 (Order 86-45), § 296-20-140, filed 1/8/87; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-140, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-20-140, filed 11/29/82, effective 7/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-140, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-140, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-140, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-20-140, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76-34, § 296-20-140, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-20-140, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-39, § 296-20-140, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-20-140, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-20-14001 Conversion factor table—Hospital. [Order 75-39, § 296-20-14001, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

296-20-145 Conversion factor table—Surgery. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-004 (Order 86-45), § 296-20-145, filed 1/8/87; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-145, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-20-145, filed 11/29/82, effective 7/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-145, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-145, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-145, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-20-145, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76-34, § 296-20-145, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-20-145, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-20-145, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-20-150 Conversion factor table-Radiology. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-004 (Order 86-45), § 296-20-150, filed 1/8/87; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-150, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-150, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-150, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-150, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77-27, § 296-20-150, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76-34, § 296-20-150, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-20-150, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-20-150, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-20-155 Conversion factor table—Pathology. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-

004 (Order 86–45), § 296–20–155, filed 1/8/87; 83–24–016 (Order 83–35), § 296–20–155, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–155, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–18–033 (Order 80–24), § 296–20–155, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–20–155, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77–27, § 296–20–155, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76–34, § 296–20–155, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74–7, § 296–20–155, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by 88–24–011 (Order 88–28), filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

WAC 296-20-010 General information. (1) The following rules and fees are promulgated pursuant to RCW 51.04.020. This fee schedule is intended to cover all services for accepted industrial insurance claims. All fees listed are the maximum fees allowable. Practitioners shall bill their usual and customary fee for services. If A USUAL AND CUSTOMARY FEE FOR ANY PARTICULAR SERVICE IS LOWER TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC THAN LISTED IN THE FEE SCHEDULE, THE PRACTITIONER SHALL BILL THE DEPARTMENT OR SELF-INSURER AT THE LOWER RATE. The department or self-insurer will pay the lesser of the billed charge or the fee schedule maximum allowable.

- (2) The rules contained in the introductory section pertain to all practitioners regardless of specialty area or limitation of practice. Additional rules pertaining to specialty areas will be found in the appropriate section.
- (3) The maximum allowable fee for a procedure is determined by multiplying the unit value of a procedure by the appropriate conversion factor, per the conversion factor tables listed in WAC 296-20-135 to 296-20-155.
- (4) Initial and follow—up visit charges by practitioners include routine examinations, physical modalities, injections, minor procedures, etc., not otherwise provided for in this schedule. No fee is payable for missed appointments unless the appointment is for an examination arranged by the department or self—insurer.
- (5) When a claim has been accepted by the department or self-insurer, no provider or his/her representative may bill the worker for the difference between the allowable fee and his usual and customary charge. Nor can the worker be charged a fee, either for interest or completion of forms, related to services rendered for the industrial injury or condition.
- (6) Practitioners must maintain documentation in claimant medical or health care service records adequate to verify the level, type, and extent of services provided to claimants.
- (7) Except as provided in WAC 296-20-055 (temporary treatment of unrelated conditions when retarding recovery), practitioners shall bill, and the department or self-insurer shall pay, only for medically necessary services required for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of the accepted condition.
- (8) When an injured worker is being treated concurrently for an unrelated condition the fee allowable for the service(s) rendered must be shared proportionally between the payors.

(9) Correspondence: Correspondence pertaining to state fund and department of energy claims should be sent to Department of Labor and Industries, Claims Administration, MS: HC-241, Olympia, Washington 98504. Accident reports should be sent to Department of Labor and Industries, P.O. Box 9001, Olympia, Washington 98504-9001. Billings should be sent to Department of Labor and Industries, P.O. Box 9002, Olympia, Washington 98504-9002. State fund claims have six digit numbers preceded by a letter other than "S," "T," or "V."

Department of energy claims have seven digit numbers with no letter prefix.

All correspondence and billings pertaining to *crime* victims claims should be sent to Crime Victims Division, Department of Labor and Industries, 925 Plum Street, MS: HC-720, Olympia, Washington 98504.

Crime victim claims have six digit numbers preceded by a "V."

All correspondence and billings pertaining to self-insured claims should be sent directly to the employer or his service representative as the case may be. A listing of self-insured employers and service representatives can be found in Appendix B.

Self-insured claims are six digit numbers preceded by a "S," or "T."

Communications to the department or self-insurer must show the patient's full name and claim number. If the claim number is unavailable, providers should contact the department or self-insurer for the number, indicating the patient's name, Social Security number, the date and the nature of the injury, and the employer's name. A communication should refer to one claim only. Correspondence must be legible and reproducible, as department records are microfilmed. Correspondence regarding specific claim matters should be sent directly to the department in Olympia or self-insurer in order to avoid rehandling by the service location.

(10) APPENDIX C is a listing of the department's various local service locations. These facilities should be utilized by providers to obtain information, supplies, or assistance in dealing with matters pertaining to industrial injuries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–24–050 (Order 87–23), \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), \$ 296–20–010, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), \$ 296–20–010, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), \$ 296–20–010, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/24/76, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/30/74; Order 70–12, \$ 296–20–010, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, \$ 296–20–010, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-0100 Chiropractic advisory committee. (1) The director or the director's designee shall appoint a chiropractic advisory and utilization review committee.

(2) The committee will function as an advisor to the department with respect to policies affecting chiropractic

care, quality assurance, clinical management of cases, utilization review, and the establishment of rules. It shall advise and assist the department in the department's relationship with providers of chiropractic care, and assist the department in ensuring that injured workers receive good quality chiropractic care in a safe and effective manner.

- (3) The chiropractic advisory committee shall:
- (a) Advise the department on standards as to what constitutes effective and accepted chiropractic treatment, for use by attending chiropractors and for chiropractic consultants to use in reviewing cases referred for consultation;
- (b) Advise the department on standards and minimum credentials for chiropractic consultants and the content of consultant reports; and
- (c) Review the performance of individual chiropractors and chiropractic consultants for conformance with standards and requirements and advise the department of instances where standards and requirements have not been met.

The department shall review the advice and recommendations of the committee and shall promulgate those standards and requirements which it chooses to adopt. The department shall review the advice from the committee on the performance of chiropractors and shall act upon this advice at its sole discretion.

(4) The committee will meet on a monthly basis or as needed. The department will reimburse members of the committee for travel and incidental expenses related to the meetings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), § 296-20-0100, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89.]

WAC 296-20-01001 Medical advisory industrial insurance committee. (1) The Washington state medical association shall appoint an advisory and utilization review committee composed of nine members, one of whom shall be an osteopathic physician nominated by the Washington state osteopathic medical association. The remaining members should be selected from the following specialty groups: Family or general practice, orthopaedics, neurology or neurosurgery, general surgery, physical medicine and rehabilitation, psychiatry, internal medicine, and industrial medicine.

- (2) The committee will function as an advisor to the department with respect to policies affecting medical care and rehabilitation, quality control and supervision of medical care, and the establishment of rules and regulations. It shall also advise and assist the department in the resolution of controversies, disputes and problems between the department and the providers of medical care. It will also advise and assist the department in the education of members of the medical community with regard to the roles of the physician, the department and the employer in providing the needs and care of the injured worker.
- (3) The committee shall normally meet on a monthly basis or as necessity dictates. The department will reimburse members of the committee for each meeting.

[Order 77–27, § 296–20–01001, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77–26, § 296–20–01001, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77–16, § 296–20–01001, filed 9/6/77; Order 76–34, § 296–20–01001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-01002 Definitions. TERMINATION OF TREATMENT: When treatment is no longer required and/or the industrial condition is stabilized, a report indicating the date of stabilization should be submitted to the department or self—insurer. This is necessary to initiate closure of the industrial claim. The patient may require continued treatment for conditions not related to the industrial condition; however, financial responsibility for such care must be the patient's.

UNUSUAL OR UNLISTED PROCEDURE: Value of unlisted services or procedures should be substantiated "by report" (BR).

"BY REPORT": BR (by report) in the value column indicates that the value of this service is to be determined by report (BR) because the service is too unusual, variable or new to be assigned a unit value. The report should provide an adequate definition or description of the services or procedure (e.g., operative or narrative report), using any of the following as indicated:

- (1) Diagnosis;
- (2) Size, location and number of lesion(s) or procedure(s) where appropriate;
- (3) Major surgical procedure and supplementary procedure(s);
- (4) Whenever possible, list the nearest similar procedure by number according to this schedule;
  - (5) Estimated follow-up;
  - (6) Operative time.

The department or self-insurer may adjust BR procedures when such action is indicated.

"INDEPENDENT OR SEPARATE PROCEDURE": Certain of the listed procedures are commonly carried out as an integral part of a total service, and as such do not warrant a separate charge. When such a procedure is carried out as a separate entity, not immediately related to other services, the indicated value for "independent procedure" is applicable.

sv. ITEMS: Sv (service) procedures are not essentially a single procedure, rather they are comprised of several other procedures. These "Sv" procedures although identified by a specific code number, can be described only in terms of the several services included. Therefore, unit values are not indicated for Sv procedures and total value is derived from the values of the individual services performed. These Sv procedures require "BR" (see above) information to substantiate billing.

MODIFIED WORK STATUS: The injured worker is not able to return to his previous work, but is physically capable of carrying out work of a lighter nature. Injured workers should be urged to return to modified work as soon as reasonable as such work is frequently beneficial for body conditioning and regaining self confidence.

Under RCW 51.32.090, when the employer has modified work available for the worker, the employer must furnish the doctor and the worker with a statement describing the available work in terms that will enable the doctor to relate the physical activities of the job to the

worker's physical limitations and capabilities. The doctor shall then determine whether the worker is physically able to perform the work described. The employer may not increase the physical requirements of the job without requesting the opinion of the doctor as to the worker's ability to perform such additional work. If after a trial period of reemployment the worker is unable to continue with such work, his time loss compensation will be resumed upon certification by the attending doctor.

If the employer has no modified work available, the department should be notified immediately, so vocational assessment can be conducted to determine whether the worker will require assistance in returning to work

REGULAR WORK STATUS: The injured worker is physically capable of returning to his/her regular work. It is the duty of the attending doctor to notify the worker and the department or self—insurer, as the case may be, of the specific date of release to return to regular work. Compensation will be terminated on the release date. Further treatment can be allowed as requested by the attending doctor if the condition is not stationary and such treatment is needed and otherwise in order.

TOTAL TEMPORARY DISABILITY: Full-time loss compensation will be paid when the worker is unable to return to any type of reasonably continuous gainful employment as a direct result of an accepted industrial injury or exposure.

TEMPORARY PARTIAL DISABILITY: Partial time loss compensation may be paid when the worker can return to work on a limited basis or return to lesser paying job is necessitated by the accepted injury or condition. The worker must have a reduction in wages of at least five percent before consideration of partial time loss can be made. No partial time loss compensation can be paid after the worker's condition is stationary.

ALL TIME LOSS COMPENSATION MUST BE CERTIFIED BY THE ATTENDING DOCTOR BASED ON OBJECTIVE FINDINGS.

PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY: Any anatomic or functional abnormality or loss after maximum rehabilitation has been achieved, which is determined to be stable or nonprogressive at the time the evaluation is made. When the attending doctor has reason to believe a permanent impairment exists, the department or self-insurer should be notified. Specified disabilities (amputation or loss of function of extremities, loss of hearing or vision) are to be rated utilizing a nationally recognized impairment rating guide. Unspecified disabilities (internal injuries, spinal injuries, mental health, etc.) are to be rated utilizing the category system detailed under WAC 296-20-200 et al. for injuries occurring on or after October 1, 1974. Appendix D contains a schedule of the permanent disability maximum awards. UNDER WASHINGTON LAW DISABILITY AWARDS ARE BASED SOLELY ON PHYSICAL OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT DUE TO THE ACCEPTED INJURY OR CONDITIONS WITHOUT CONSIDERATION OF ECONOMIC FACTORS.

TOTAL PERMANENT DISABILITY: Loss of both legs or arms, or one leg and one arm, total loss of eyesight, paralysis or other condition permanently incapacitating the worker from performing any work at any gainful

employment. When the attending doctor feels a worked may be totally and permanently disabled, he should communicate this information immediately to the department or self--insurer. A vocational evaluation and an independent rating of disability may be arranged by the department prior to a determination as to total permanent disability. Coverage for treatment does not usually continue after the date an injured worker is placed on pension.

FATAL: When the attending doctor has reason to believe a worker has died as a result of an industrial injury or exposure, the doctor should notify the nearest department service location (see Appendix C) or the self-insurer immediately. Often an autopsy is required by the department or self-insurer. If so, it will be authorized by the service location manager or the self-insurer. Benefits payable include burial stipend and monthly payments to the surviving spouse and/or dependents.

DOCTOR: For these rules, means a person licensed to practice one or more of the following professions: Medicine and surgery; osteopathic; chiropractic; drugless therapeutics; podiatry; dentistry; optometry.

Only those persons so licensed may sign report of accident forms and time loss cards except as provided in WAC 296-20-100.

HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDER OR PROVIDER: For these rules means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity providing any kind of services related to the treatment of an industrially injured worker. It includes, but is not limited to, hospitals, medical doctors, dentists, chiropractors, vocational rehabilitation counselors, osteopaths, pharmacists, podiatrists, physical therapists, occupational therapists, massage therapists, psychologists, drugless therapeutics, and durable medical equipment dealers.

PRACTITIONER: For these rules, means any person defined as a "doctor" under these rules, or licensed to practice one or more of the following professions: Audiology; physical therapy; occupational therapy; pharmacy; prosthetics; orthotics; psychology; nursing; physician or osteopathic assistant; and massage therapy.

PHYSICIAN: For these rules, means any person licensed to perform one or more of the following professions: Medicine and surgery; or osteopathic.

ACCEPTANCE, ACCEPTED CONDITION: Determination by a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer that reimbursement for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of a claimant's medical condition is the responsibility of the department or self-insurer. The condition being accepted must be specified by one or more diagnosis codes from the current edition of the International Classification of Diseases, Clinically Modified (ICD-CM).

AUTHORIZATION: Notification by a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer that specific medically necessary treatment, services, or equipment provided for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of an accepted condition will be reimbursed by the department or self-insurer.

MEDICALLY NECESSARY: Those health services are medically necessary which, in the opinion of the director or his or her designee, are:

- (a) Proper and necessary for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of an accepted condition; and
- (b) Reflective of accepted standards of good practice within the scope of the provider's license or certification; and
- (c) Not delivered primarily for the convenience of the claimant, the claimant's attending doctor, or any other provider; and
- (d) Provided at the least cost and in the least intensive setting of care consistent with the other provisions of this definition.

In no case shall services which are inappropriate to the accepted condition or which present hazards in excess of the expected medical benefits be considered medically necessary. Services which are controversial, obsolete, experimental, or investigational are presumed not to be medically necessary, and shall be authorized only as provided in WAC 296-20-03002(6).

UTILIZATION REVIEW: The assessment of a claimant's medical care to assure that it is medically necessary and of good quality. This assessment typically considers the appropriateness of the place of care, level of care, and the duration, frequency or quantity of services provided in relation to the accepted condition being treated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-20-01002, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-20-01002, filed 10/1/86, effective 1/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-01002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-20-01002, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-01002, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-01002, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

WAC 296-20-015 Who may treat. Only that treatment which falls within the scope and field of the practitioner's license to practice will be allowed as treatment to an injured worker.

Para-professionals, who are not independently licensed, must practice under the direct supervision of a licensed health care professional whose scope of practice and specialty training includes the service provided by the para-professional.

Procedures and evaluations requiring specialized skills and knowledge will be limited to board certified or board qualified physicians, as specified by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association.

Practitioners may be formally refused permission to treat cases coming under the jurisdiction of the department for reasons that are, in the opinion of the department, to the best interest of the workers and the funds created for their protection.

Reasons for holding a practitioner ineligible to treat industrial insurance cases include, but are not necessarily limited to any one or a combination of the following:

(1) Failure, neglect or refusal to submit complete, adequate and detailed reports.

- (2) Failure, neglect or refusal to respond to requests by the department for additional reports.
- (3) Failure, neglect or refusal to observe and comply with the department's orders and medical aid rules.
- (4) Persistent failure to notify the department immediately and prior to burial in any death where the cause of death is not definitely known or where there is question of death being due to an industrial injury.
- (5) Persistent failure to recognize emotional and social factors impeding recovery of injured workers.
- (6) Persistent unreasonable refusal to comply with the recommendations of board certified or qualified specialists who have examined the worker.
- (7) Submission of false or misleading reports to the department.
- (8) Collusion with any other persons in submission of false or misleading information to the department.
  - (9) Submission of inaccurate or misleading bills.
- (10) Persistent submission of false or erroneous diagnosis.
- (11) Knowingly submitting bills to an injured worker for treatment of an industrial condition for which the department has accepted responsibility.
  - (12) Persistent use of:
  - (a) Treatment of controversial or experimental nature;
  - (b) Contraindicated or hazardous treatment measures;
- (c) Continuation of treatment measures past stabilization of the industrial condition or after maximum improvement has been obtained;
  - (d) Nonspecific treatment measures;
  - (e) Treatment terminating in unsatisfactory results.
- (13) Charging or attempting to charge industrially injured workers fees in addition to the fee paid by the department or self-insurer for care of the industrial injury or billing for difference between the maximum allowable fee set forth in this schedule and usual and customary charges.
- (14) Conviction in any court of any offense involving moral turpitude, in which case the record of such conviction shall be conclusive evidence.
- (15) The use or prescription for use, of narcotic, addictive, habituating or dependency inducing drugs in any way other than for therapeutic purposes.
- (16) Repeated acts of gross misconduct in the practice of the profession.
- (17) Declaration of mental incompetency by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (18) The finding of any peer group disciplinary board of reason to suspend or revoke a practitioner's practice privilege temporarily or permanently.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36),  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19),  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29),  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34,  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 11/24/76; effective 1/1/77; Order 74-4,  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 1/30/74; Order 71-6,  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 6/1/71; Order 68-7,  $\S$  296-20-015, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-01501 Physician's assistant rules. (1) Physicians' assistants may perform only those medical

- services in industrial injury cases, for which the physician's assistant is trained and licensed, under the control and supervision of a licensed physician. Such control and supervision shall not be construed to require the personal presence of the supervising physician.
- (2) Physicians' assistants may perform those medical services which are within the scope of their physician's assistant license for industrial injury cases within the limitations of subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) Advance approval must be obtained from the department to treat industrial injury cases. To be eligible to treat industrial injuries, the physician's assistant must:
  - (a) Provide the department with a copy of his license.
- (b) Provide the name and address and specialty of the supervising physician.
- (c) Provide the department with the evidence of a reliable and rapid system of communication with the supervising physician.
- (4) Physicians' assistants may prepare report of accident, time loss cards, and progress reports for the supervising physician's signature. Physicians' assistants cannot submit such information under his/her signature.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-01501, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-01501, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-01501, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-20-020 Acceptance of rules and fees. The filing of an accident report or the rendering of treatment to an injured worker who comes under the department's or self-insurer's jurisdiction, as the case may be, constitutes acceptance of the department's medical aid rules and compliance with its rules and fees.

In accordance with RCW 51.28.020 of the industrial insurance law, when a doctor renders treatment to an injured worker entitled to benefits under the law, "it shall be the duty of the physician to inform the injured worker of his rights under this title and to lend all necessary assistance in making the application for compensation and such proof of other matters as required by the rules of the department without charge to the worker," an injured worker shall not be billed for treatment rendered for his accepted industrial injury or occupational disease.

The department or self-insurer must be notified immediately, when an unrelated condition is being treated concurrently with an industrial injury. See WAC 296-20-055 for specific information required.

When there is questionable eligibility, (i.e., service is not usually allowed for industrial injuries or investigation is pending, etc.) the provider may require the worker to pay for the treatment rendered.

In cases of questionable eligibility where the provider has billed the injured worker or other insurance, and the claim is subsequently allowed, the provider shall refund the injured worker or insurer in full and bill the department or self-insurer for services rendered at fee schedule rates using billing instructions outlined in WAC 296-20-125.

Cases in which there is a question of medical ethics or quality of medical care, will be referred to the Washington state medical association's medical advisory and utilization review committee to the department of labor and industries for recommendations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-020, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-020, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-020, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-20-020, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-39, § 296-20-020, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 71-6, § 296-20-020, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-020, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-020, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-02001 Penalties. RCW 51.48.060 of the industrial insurance law provides that a civil penalty of \$100.00 may be assessed against any doctor who; "... fails, neglects or refuses to file a report with the director, as required by this title, within five days of treatment showing the condition of the injured worker at the time of treatment, a description of the treatment given, and an estimate of the probable duration of the injury, or who fails or refuses to render all necessary assistance to the injured worker, as required by this title,

RCW 51.48.080 of the industrial insurance law provides that, "Every person, firm or corporation who violates or fails to obey, observe or comply with any rule of the department promulgated under authority of this title, shall be subject to a penalty of not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-02001, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-02001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-02005 Keeping of records. A health services provider who requests from the department payment for providing services shall maintain all records necessary for the director's authorized auditors to audit the provision of services. A provider shall keep all records necessary to disclose the extent of services the provider furnishes to industrially injured workers. At a minimum, these records must provide and include prompt and specific documentation of the level and type of service for which payment is sought. Records must be maintained for audit purposes for a minimum of five years.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-20-02005, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86.]

WAC 296-20-02010 Conduct of audits. (1) In order to ensure that the industrially injured worker receives the services paid for by the state of Washington, the department of labor and industries conducts audits of providers of medical, dental, vocational rehabilitation, and other health services furnished to industrially injured workers. Audits may be for cause or at random and may consist of, but not be limited to, an on-site review of any of a provider's files and records related to the provision

of services to industrially injured workers or the submission of any bill to the department for payment for such services.

- (2) In the conduct of such audits, the director or the director's authorized auditors may examine all records, or portions thereof, including patient records, related to services rendered by a health services provider with payment requested of, or made by the department, notwithstanding the provisions of any statute which may make or purport to make such records privileged or confidential. The examination of records may include the utilization of statistical sampling methodologies and projections based upon sample findings.
- (3) No original records shall be removed from the premises of a health services provider by the auditors. The department shall destroy all copies of patient medical records made during an audit, and such records destruction will be accomplished not later than ninety days after completion of the audit, investigation, or proceeding.
- (4) The department will give ten working days written notification to any provider, except as authorized in WAC 296-18-460, that the provider's billing and injured worker claimant records will be reviewed by an auditor at the provider's place(s) of business to determine compliance with medical aid rules and standards.
- (5) A provider, or the provider's designee, will be notified upon the auditor's arrival at the provider's place of business. The notification takes place during an entrance interview attended by the auditor and the provider or the provider's designee. The provider is to furnish the records requested by the auditor and provide a work space adequate and suitable for the auditor to conduct the records review at the provider's place(s) of business.
- (6) A provider, or the provider's designee, will be notified by the auditor upon conclusion of the review of records at the provider's place(s) of business. The auditor will advise the provider, or the provider's designee, that an exit conference can be scheduled. The purpose of the exit conference is to informally review and discuss the preliminary audit findings. The conference is conducted at the provider's place of business. The conference may be waived at the discretion of the provider.
- (7) The provider will be given a draft audit report for review and comment. Upon receipt from the department of a draft audit report, the provider will have fifteen working days to submit written comments on the draft audit report or to request to meet in conference in Olympia with the director's authorized representative(s) to discuss the draft audit report. Written comments by the provider will be incorporated into a final audit report.
- (8) The department will issue a final audit report to each audited provider. If as a result of the audit it is determined that moneys are due the department, the final audit report will be accompanied by an order and notice identifying the amount due and any interest. If as a result of the audit it is determined that no moneys are due to the department, the final audit report will not be accompanied by an order and notice. In either case, the final audit report will tell the provider of the department's

process for addressing disputes which might arise as a result of the audit.

- (9) A provider, upon receipt from the department of a final audit report not accompanied by an order and notice, shall have sixty calendar days to submit to the department a written request for reconsideration of any audit finding or directive which the audited provider believes to be inconsistent with statute, rule or departmental policy. Requests must be submitted to: Director, department of labor and industries. A provider requesting reconsideration shall be granted a conference in Olympia presided over by the director or the director's authorized representative. The director or the director's authorized representative shall issue a final decision within thirty days of concluding the conference. That decision shall become final within sixty days from the date the decision is communicated to the provider unless an appeal is filed with the board of industrial insurance appeals. The conference in response to the final audit report is the final level of appeal within the department.
- (10) Based upon the findings of an audit or other proceeding, the director or the director's authorized representative may order repayment by a provider of any excess payments received by the provider under Title 51 RCW to which the provider was not entitled, plus interest on the amount of any excess payments received by a provider to which the provider was not entitled. In the determination of excess payments, the department may use projections based upon sample findings.
- (11) A department order or decision making demand, whether with or without penalty, for repayment of sums paid to a provider of medical, dental, vocational rehabilitation, or other health services rendered to an industrially injured worker, shall become final within twenty days from the date the order or decision is communicated to the provider unless a written request for reconsideration is filed with the department of labor and industries, Olympia, or an appeal is filed with the board of industrial insurance appeals.
- (12) A provider, upon receipt from the department of a final audit report accompanied by an order and notice, and aggrieved by the department order and notice making demand, whether with or without penalty, for repayment of sums paid to that provider, who files with the department in Olympia a timely written request for reconsideration of the order and notice making demand, shall be granted a conference in Olympia presided over by the director or the director's authorized representative. The director or the director's authorized representative shall issue a final decision within thirty days after concluding the conference. That decision shall become final within twenty days from the date the decision is communicated to the provider unless the provider files an appeal with the board of industrial insurance appeals.
- (13) The department may conduct or contract for hospital bill review services from time to time. Subsections (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section shall not apply to hospital bill reviews.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-20-02010, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86.]

- WAC 296-20-02015 Interest on excess payments. (1) When a provider of health services receives a payment to which that provider is not entitled, the provider must repay the excess payment, plus accrued interest, without regard to whether the excess payment occurred due to provider or department error or oversight, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
  - (2) When a provider:
- (a) Accepts in good faith a determination by the department that a worker is eligible for benefits under Title 51 RCW;
- (b) Provides, bills, and receives payment for services to that worker and the department later determines that the worker was ineligible for services during that period no interest will begin to accrue until notification is received by the provider that the worker was ineligible.
- (3) Interest accrues on excess payments at the rate of one percent per month or portion of a month beginning on the thirty-first day after payment was made. Where partial repayment of an excess payment is made, interest accrues on the remaining balance.
- (4) The department reserves the option of either requesting the provider to remit the amount of the excess payment and accrued interest to the department or offsetting excess payments and accrued interest against future payments due to the provider.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-20-02015, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86.]

- WAC 296-20-022 Payment of out-of-state providers. (1) Beginning February 1, 1987, providers of health services in the bordering states of Oregon and Idaho shall bill and be paid according to the medical aid rules of the state of Washington.
- (2) Providers of health services in other states and other countries shall be paid at rates which take into account:
- (a) Payment levels allowed under the state of Washington medical aid rules:
- (b) Payment levels allowed under workers compensation programs in the provider's place of business; and
  - (c) The reasonableness of the provider's charges.
- (3) In all cases these payment levels are the maximum allowed to providers of health services to injured workers. Should a health services provider's charge exceed the payment amount allowed under the state of Washington medical aid rules, the provider is prohibited from charging the injured worker for the difference between the provider's charge and the allowable rate. Providers violating this provision are ineligible to treat injured workers as provided by WAC 296-20-015 and are subject to other applicable penalties.
- (4) Only those diagnostic and treatment services authorized under the state of Washington medical aid rules may be allowed by the department or self-insurer. As determined by the department of labor and industries, the scope of practice of providers in bordering states may be recognized for payment purposes, except that in all cases WAC 296-20-03002 (Treatment not authorized) shall apply. Specifically, services permitted under workers compensation programs in the provider's

state or country of business, but which are not allowed under the medical aid rules of the state of Washington, may not be reimbursed. When in doubt, the provider should verify coverage of a service with the department or self-insurer.

(5) Out-of-state hospitals will be paid according to WAC 296-23A-165.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-20-022, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-03-004 (Order 86-45), § 296-20-022, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-20-023 Third party settlement—Excess recoveries. In cases where a third party settlement has been made resulting in an excess recovery subject to offset from the injured worker's future benefits or compensation due, the department or self—insurer is not liable for payment for services rendered by providers. The injured worker should be treated and billed in accordance with the rules and instructions contained in chapters 296-20 through 296-23 WAC. When bills are processed against the amount of the excess recovery, the department will notify the provider on the remittance advice. The department or self—insurer will resume financial responsibility to or on behalf of the injured worker when the amount of such excess has been reduced to zero.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-023, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

WAC 296-20-024 Utilization review and quality assurance. To ensure that injured workers receive good quality health care, provided in an efficient manner and in the most appropriate setting, the department has instituted a program of utilization review and quality assurance. This program is designed to monitor and control the use of health care services, and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (1) Authorization for reimbursement must be obtained from a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer prior to the provision of certain medical treatment, equipment or supplies. This requirement applies to all nonemergent major surgery, diagnostic studies other than routine radiology and laboratory studies, therapy extending beyond a specified number of days or treatments, and to certain other medical treatment, equipment and supplies. Emergency medical services can be provided without prior authorization, but reimbursement may be withheld, or recovery of prior payments made, if utilization review fails to confirm the medical necessity of such services.
- (2) Medical treatment, equipment and supplies which are normally reimbursed without prior authorization are nevertheless subject to specific limitations with respect to the duration, frequency, and quantity that may be provided without review. If such services are delivered in excess of the limitations which apply to them, reimbursement will not be made unless prior authorization has been obtained from a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer.

- (3) Certain types of medical treatment, equipment and supplies are not approved for the diagnosis or treatment of accepted conditions, and will not be authorized or reimbursed by the department or self-insurer.
- (4) Specific limitations are placed on the duration, frequency and types of prescription drugs and controlled substances that will be reimbursed by the department or self—insurer.
- (5) Documentation of the need for and efficacy of continued medical care by the health care provider is required at regular intervals while a claim is open. Such documentation enables the department or self-insurer to review the plan of treatment, assess the quality and medical necessity of services, authorize or deny reimbursement for continued provision of services, evaluate eligibility for time loss compensation, and pay medical hills.
- (6) The department's second opinion program requires consultations prior to the authorization of reimbursement for some types of surgery, for all procedures of a controversial or uncommon nature, and for conservative or chiropractic care which extends past 120 days following the initial visit.
- (7) Hospitalization will be reimbursed only when it is determined to be medically necessary for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of accepted conditions. Hospital bills and supporting medical documents may be audited to verify the accuracy or appropriateness of charges, and recovery of overpayments will be made.
- (8) Medical treatment, equipment and supplies provided for the diagnosis and curative or rehabilitative treatment of a condition unrelated to the accepted medical condition will not be reimbursed unless prior authorization has been obtained from the department or self—insurer.
- (9) The department's mandatory outpatient surgery program requires that certain diagnostic and surgical procedures be reimbursed only if they are performed in an outpatient setting. If a worker's medical condition necessitates performance of such a procedure in an inpatient setting, prior authorization must be obtained from the department or self-insurer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-20-024, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-20-025 Initial treatment and report of accident. It is the responsibility of the worker to notify the practitioner when the worker has reason to believe his injury or condition is industrial in nature. Conversely, if the attending doctor discovers a condition which he believes to be work related or has reason to believe an injury is work related, he must so notify the worker. Once such determination is made by either the claimant or the attending doctor, a report of accident must be filed.

Failure to comply with this responsibility can result in penalties as outlined in WAC 296-20-02001.

- It is the practitioner's responsibility to ascertain whether he is the first attending practitioner. If so, he will take the following action:
  - (1) Give emergency treatment.

- (2) Immediately complete and forward the report of accident, to the department and the employer or self-insurer. Instruct and give assistance to the injured worker in completing his portion of the report of accident. In filing a claim, the following information is necessary so there is no delay in adjudication of the claim or payment of compensation.
- (a) Complete history of the industrial accident or exposure.
  - (b) Complete listing of positive physical findings.
- (c) Specific diagnosis with ICD-9-CM code(s) and narrative definition relating to the injury.
  - (d) Type of treatment rendered.
- (e) Known medical, emotional or social conditions which may influence recovery or cause complications.
  - (f) Estimate time loss due to the injury.
- (3) If the patient remains under his care continue with necessary treatment in accordance with medical aid rules. If the practitioner is not the original attending doctor, he should question the injured worker to determine whether a report of accident has been filed for the injury or condition. If no report of accident has been filed, it should be completed immediately and forwarded to the department or self-insurer, as the case may be, with information as to the name and address of original practitioner if known, so that he/she may be contacted for information if necessary.

If a report of accident has been filed, it is necessary to have the worker complete a request for transfer as outlined in WAC 296-20-065, if the worker and practitioner agree that a change in attending doctor is desirable.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-025, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-025, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, § 296-20-025, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-025, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-025, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-030 Treatment not requiring authorization for accepted conditions. (1) A maximum of twenty office calls for the treatment of the industrial condition, during the first sixty days, following injury. Subsequent office calls must be authorized. Reports of treatment rendered must be filed at sixty day intervals to include number of office visits to date. See WAC 296-20-03001 for report requirements and further information.

- (2) Initial diagnostic x-rays necessary for evaluation and treatment of the industrial injury or condition. See WAC 296-20-121 for further information.
- (3) The first twelve physical therapy treatments as provided by WAC 296-23-710 and 296-21-095, upon consultation by the attending doctor or under his direct supervision. Additional physical therapy treatment must be authorized and the request substantiated by evidence of improvement. In no case will the department or self-insurer pay for inpatient hospitalization of a claimant to receive physical therapy treatment only. USE OF DIAPULSE, THERMATIC (standard model only), SPECTROWAVE AND SUPERPULSE MACHINES AND IONTOPHORESIS

- IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR WORKERS ENTITLED TO BENE-FITS UNDER THE INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE ACT.
- (4) Routine laboratory studies reasonably necessary for diagnosis and/or treatment of the industrial condition. Other special laboratory studies require authorization.
- (5) Routine standard treatment measures rendered on an emergency basis or in connection with minor injuries not otherwise requiring authorization.
- (6) Consultation with specialist when indicated. See WAC 296-20-051 for consultation guidelines.
- (7) Nonscheduled drugs and medications during the acute phase of treatment for the industrial injury or condition.
- (8) Scheduled drugs and other medications known to be addictive, habit forming or dependency inducing may be prescribed in quantities sufficient for treatment for a maximum of twenty-one days. If drug therapy extends beyond thirty days, see WAC 296-20-03003 regarding management.
- (9) Injectable scheduled and other drugs known to be addictive, habit forming, or dependency inducing may be provided only on an in-patient basis. Hospital admission for administration of drugs for relief of chronic pain only will not be allowed.
- (10) Diagnostic or therapeutic nerve blocks. See WAC 296-20-03001 for restrictions.
- (11) Intra-articular injections. See WAC 296-20-03001 for restrictions.
  - (12) Myelogram if prior to emergency surgery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–030, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–030, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–030, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–20–030, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–20–030, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–7, § 296–20–030, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, § 296–20–030, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–030, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–030, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-03001 Treatment requiring authorization. Certain treatment procedures require authorization by the department or self-insurer. Requests for authorization must include a statement of: The condition(s) diagnosed; ICD-9-CM codes; their relationship, if any, to the industrial injury/exposure; an outline of the proposed treatment program, its length and components, procedure codes, and expected prognosis; and an estimate of when treatment would be concluded and condition stable.

- (1) Office calls in excess of the first twenty visits or sixty days whichever occurs first.
- (2) All nonemergent major surgery must be authorized prior to surgery date. Some surgical procedures require concurring opinions prior to authorization. (See WAC 296-20-045 for details.)
  - (3) X-ray and radium therapy.
- (4) Diagnostic studies other than routine x-ray and blood or urinalysis laboratory studies.
  - (5) Myelogram and discogram in nonemergent cases.

- (6) Physical therapy treatment beyond initial twelve treatments as outlined in WAC 296-21-095 and 296-23-710.
- (7) Diagnostic or therapeutic injection. Epidural or caudal injection of substances other than anesthetic or contrast solution will be authorized under the following conditions only:
- (a) When the worker has experienced acute low back pain or acute exacerbation of chronic low back pain of no more than six months duration.
- (b) The worker will receive no more than three injections in an initial thirty—day treatment period, followed by a thirty—day evaluation period. If significant pain relief is demonstrated one additional series of three injections will be authorized. No more than six injections will be authorized per acute episode.
- (8) Home nursing or convalescent center care must be authorized per provision outlined in WAC 296-20-091.
- (9) Provision of prosthetics, orthotics, surgical appliances, special equipment for home or transportation vehicle; custom made shoes for ankle/foot injuries resulting in permanent deformity or malfunction of a foot; TNS units; masking devices; hearing aids; etc., must be authorized in advance as per WAC 296-20-1101 and 296-20-1102.
- (10) Biofeedback program; pain clinic; weight loss program; psychotherapy; rehabilitation programs; and other programs designed to treat special problems must be authorized in advance. See WAC 296-21-0501 and 296-20-0502 for details.
- (11) Prescription or injection of vitamins for specific therapeutic treatment of the industrial condition(s) when the attending doctor can demonstrate that published clinical studies indicate vitamin therapy is the treatment of choice for the condition. Authorization for this treatment will require presentation of facts to and review by department medical consultant.
- (12) Injections of anesthetic and/or antiinflammatory agents into the vertebral facet joints will be authorized to qualified specialists in orthopedics, neurology, and anesthesia, or other physicians who can demonstrate expertise in the procedure, AND who can provide certification their hospital privileges include the procedure requested under the following conditions:
- (a) Rationale for procedure, treatment plan, and request for authorization must be presented in writing to the department or self-insurer.
- (b) Procedure must be performed in an accredited hospital under radiographic control.
- (c) Not more than four facet injection procedures will be authorized in any one patient.
- (13) The long term prescription of medication under the specific conditions and circumstances in (a) and (b) are considered corrective therapy rather than palliative treatment and approval in advance must be obtained.
- (a) Nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents for the treatment of degenerative joint conditions aggravated by occupational injury.
- (b) Anticonvulsive agents for the treatment of seizure disorders caused by trauma.

- (14) Intra-muscular and trigger point injections of steroids and other nonscheduled medications are limited to three injections per patient. The attending doctor must submit justification for an additional three injections if indicated with a maximum of six injections to be authorized for any one patient.
- (15) The department may designate those diagnostic and surgical procedures which can be performed in other than a hospital inpatient setting. Where a worker has a medical condition which necessitates a hospital admission, prior approval of the department or self—insurer must be obtained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), § 296–20–03001, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–03001, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–20–03001, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–03001, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–03001, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–20–03001, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 76–34, § 296–20–03001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-03002 Treatment not authorized. The department or self-insurer will not allow nor pay for following treatment:

- (1) USE OF DIAPULSE, THERMATIC (standard model only), SPECTROWAVE AND SUPERPULSE MACHINES ON WORKERS ENTITLED TO BENEFITS UNDER THE INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE ACT.
- (2) Iontophoresis; prolotherapy; acupuncture; injections of colchicine; injections of fibrosing or sclerosing agents; and injections of substances other than anesthetic or contrast into the subarachnoid space (intrathecal injections).
- (3) Treatment to improve or maintain general health (i.e., prescriptions and/or injection of vitamins or referrals to special programs such as health spas, swim programs, exercise programs, athletic-fitness clubs, diet programs, social counseling).
- (4) Continued treatment beyond stabilization of the industrial condition(s), i.e., maintenance care, except where necessary to monitor prescription of medication necessary to maintain stabilization i.e., anti-convulsive, anti-spasmodic, etc.
- (5) After consultation and advice to the department or self-insurer, any treatment measure deemed to be dangerous or inappropriate for the injured worker in question.
- (6) Treatment measures of an unusual, controversial, obsolete, or experimental nature (see WAC 296-20-045). Under certain conditions, treatment in this category may be approved by the department or self-insurer. Approval must be obtained prior to treatment. Requests must contain a description of the treatment, reason for the request with benefits and results expected.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-03002, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-20-03002, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-03002, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-03002, filed 12/23/80, effective

 $3/1/81; \ \, Order \ \, 76-34, \ \, \$ \, \, \, 296-20-03002, \ \, filed \ \, 11/24/76, \, \, effective \, 1/1/77.]$ 

WAC 296-20-03003 Drugs and medication. (1) GENERAL PRINCIPLES. There has been a significant increase in the incidence of drug dependence in workers covered under the industrial insurance program of this state. The industrial insurance committee of the Washington state medical association has recommended that the medical aid rules should contain reasonable and appropriate guidelines for the prescription of controlled substances, psychotropics, and injectables with the intent to improve prescribing practices and the general level of medical care for claimants.

The physician's record should include the reason for the medication, the dosage and the amount prescribed. With repeated prescriptions, the record should make clear the plan and the need for continuing medication.

Because of the dangers inherent in prescriptions for large amounts of psychotropic drugs, the following rules will set forth guidelines for the prescription of psychotropic drugs and benzodiazepines.

- (2) COVERAGE. Prescriptions are to be written only for injuries and diseases accepted under the claim.
- (3) INITIAL RX-ALL MEDICATION. Initial prescription of medication shall be for quantities sufficient for twenty-one days or less. Refills shall be in accordance with the physician's treatment plan and the additional rules which follow.
- (4) OTC DRUGS OVER—THE—COUNTER. Prescriptions for the over—the—counter items may be paid. Special compounding fees for over—the—counter items are not payable.
- (5) PENSION CASES. The industrial insurance statute prohibits department or self-insurer payment for controlled substances for claimants on pension. Payment for other medications for pensioners is dependent upon a special order on the individual claim.
- (6) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND OTHER ANALGESICS. Prescriptions for controlled substances may not be for quantities for more than twenty—one days. Refills of prescriptions for controlled substances will be contingent upon the attending physician's reevaluation of the claimant. Directions should be on time contingent rather than a PRN basis.

Schedule II substances and other analgesics (including but not limited to Stadol, Nubaine, etc.), may be used to relieve pain during hospitalization and the acute stage of an injury or illness. The prescription of the above beyond reasonable recovery periods, or for chronic pain, pain behavior or suffering is prohibited. Injectable narcotics or analgesics are not permitted or paid in the outpatient setting except an emergency basis.

(7) METHADONE FOR NARCOTIC MAINTENANCE OR WITHDRAWAL. Prescriptions for Methadone or "pain cocktails" containing Methadone for narcotic addiction, maintenance or detoxification are prohibited by Federal Public Law 93–281. Methadone for withdrawal purposes may be dispensed only by agencies licensed by the drug enforcement administration. Those agencies in the state of Washington are:

Veteran's Administration Hospital (Seattle); Evergreen Treatment Center (Seattle); Center for Addiction Services (Seattle); Therapeutic Health Services (Seattle); Tacoma Pierce County Health Service (Tacoma); Mid-Columbia Mental Health (Pasco); Central Washington Mental Health (Yakima); and Youth Help Association (Spokane).

The department is required to notify the drug enforcement administration when Methadone is prescribed for detoxification purposes by persons other than agencies licensed by the drug enforcement administration.

(8) NONSTEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY AGENTS. Prescriptions for anti-inflammatory agents are exempt from the rule prohibiting palliative treatment. Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agents may be prescribed if high dose enteric coated aspirin trial is unsuccessful.

Prescriptions for ulcer medications such as H<sub>2</sub> blockers (Tagamet and Zantac) and ulcer adherent complexes (Carafate) written on a prophylactic basis in connection with prescriptions for analgesic, anti-inflammatory, and steroidal agents may be allowed when:

- (a) Peptic ulcer disease has been documented; or
- (b) Intensive treatment with steroidal agents is being utilized; or
- (c) The physician certifies that prescription with meals or with an alternative NSAID (nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug) has failed to control the abdominal distress.
- (9) SEDATIVES. Sedatives including but not limited to short acting barbiturates such as Seconal or Nembutal, and nonbarbiturate sedatives such as Noctec and Dalmane are prohibited and will not be paid during the chronic stage of any occupational injury or illness. Doriden (Glutethimide) and Quaalude (Methaqualone) are prohibited and will not be paid at any time.
- (10) ANTICONVULSANTS FOR CHRONIC PAIN. Anticonvulsants including but not limited to Dilantin and Tegretol, may be prescribed on a trial basis for chronic pain if all of the precautions regarding their use are observed. Long-term prescription of anticonvulsants may be allowed if concurring opinion is obtained from a physician with special training in the pain field.
- (11) PSYCHOTROPICS. Because of the dangers inherent, prescriptions for psychotropic drugs such as Phenothiazines, butyrophenones, tri-or-quadricyclic antidepressants must be in compliance with published indications, contraindications, precautions, and warnings. Prescriptions should not exceed a lethal dose (for example maximum of one hundred 50 mg. tablets of Amitriptyline (Elavil)).
- (12) BENZODIAZEPIES. Prescriptions for Benzodiazepies including but not limited to Valium, Tranxene, Serax, Librium, etc., are limited to the following types of patients: Hospitalized patients, claimants with accepted psychiatric disorders, and to outpatients for not more than twenty-one days.
- (13) RX FOR NONRELATED. The department or self-insurer may consider temporary coverage of conditions not related to the industrial injury when such conditions

are retarding recovery. However, prescriptions for treatment of such conditions must have prior authorization per WAC 296-20-055.

- (14) INJECTABLES. Prescriptions for injectable narcotics, sedatives, analgesics, antihistamines, tranquilizers, psychotropics, vitamins, minerals, food supplements, and hormones (except Insulin and Heparin) are not covered. Such drugs may be administered for inpatients or during emergency treatment of a life—threatening condition/injury or during outpatient treatment of burns or fractures when needed for dressing or cast changes. They may not be administered for chronic pain. Prescriptions for syringes and needles are prohibited and will not be paid except for Insulin and Heparin.
- (15) GENERIC DRUGS. Prescriptions are to be written for generic drugs only unless the patient cannot tolerate substitution. Pharmacists are instructed to fill with generic drugs unless the attending physician specifically indicates substitution is not permitted.
- (16) PROVIDER NUMBER. Prescriptions for department claims must include the department assigned provider account number of the prescribing physician and legible physician signature.
- (17) The department realizes that management of chronic pain cases is most difficult subjecting the physician to extreme pressures. With this in mind, the following guidelines are suggested with the intent that they will help the doctor cope with the pressures and assist in the management of these difficult cases:
  - (a) Keep a drug summary on all claimants.
- (b) Determine if pain complaints are consistent with the amount of injury.
- (c) Write specific instructions for the use of sedatives and analgesics.
- (d) Treat the natural depression in injured workers properly, avoiding tranquilizers, and sedatives which increase depression.
- (e) Evaluate recovery time frequently, and allow patient to regain self-esteem by returning to work.
- (f) If a patient is requiring these drugs in amounts sufficient to cause concern about habituation or addiction or for longer than sixty days, the attending physician should:
  - (i) Revise the treatment plan and withdraw the drugs.
- (ii) If unable to treat addiction or habituation himself, refer the patient to a physician or an institution experienced in drug withdrawal.
- (iii) If (i) and (ii) are not acceptable or appropriate, obtain unbiased concurring opinion, and justify an alternate course in writing to the department of labor and industries or self-insurer and the Federal Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (18) The department or self-insurer will inform the attending physician when it is concerned about the amount of these drugs the patient is receiving and will provide information regarding physicians and institutions experienced in drug withdrawal.
- (19) As per RCW 51.36.010, when a worker is placed on pension the department cannot pay for Schedule I, II, III or IV substances.

- (20) Physician failure to reduce or terminate prescription of controlled substances, habit forming or addicting medications, or dependency inducing medications, after department or self-insurer request to do so for an injured worker may result in a transfer of the worker to another physician of the worker's choice. Refusal of the worker to select another doctor can result in department or self-insurer selection of new attending doctor. (See WAC 296-20-065 regarding transfer.)
- (21) Should the attending doctor or the injured worker refuse to comply with the department or self-insurer request to discontinue certain medications, the department or self-insurer, after providing adequate prior notice to the worker, doctor, and pharmacy/s involved, may discontinue payment for the medication.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–03003, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–20–03003, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.6.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–03003, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–03003, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77–27, § 296–20–03003, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76–34, § 296–20–03003, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

- WAC 296-20-03004 Chemonucleolysis. Chymopapain injections may be authorized in the treatment of lumbar disc disease under the following limitations and criteria:
- (1) Only physicians (a) who routinely care for patients with herniated lumbar intervertebral discs, (b) who are qualified by training and experience to diagnose lumbar disc disease and to perform laminectomy, discectomy or other spinal procedures, (c) who have received specialized training in chemonucleolysis, may administer the procedure for industrial injured workers covered under state industrial insurance fund or self-insurance.
- (2) Preadministration work—up shall include but is not limited to (a) a concurring opinion from a physician familiar with the procedure and qualified by training and experience to diagnose and treat lumbar disc disease, (b) diagnostic studies indicative of level of disc herniation i.e., myelogram, a high resolution CT scan, discogram, etc., (c) other diagnostic studies including sedimentation rate (anaphylaxis has occurred primarily in females with sedimentation rates in excess of 20 mm per hour) as indicated for the individual patient.
- (3) Procedure will be authorized (a) one time only in the treatment life of any given patient, (b) maximum of two levels per patient (Generally only one level will be authorized. Indications for a second level are infrequent. However, authorization may be granted if diagnostic studies and/or concurring opinion so indicates.), (c) only for patients who have had no previous lumbar surgery at that level.
- (4) Procedure must be carried out in hospital setting under radiographic or fluoroscopic control, with a permanent x-ray record maintained.
- (5) PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OR THE SELF—INSURER MUST BE OBTAINED BEFORE PROCEDURE IS SCHEDULED.

(6) These rules were formulated based upon the recommendations of the Federal Food and Drug Administration, the drug manufacturer, and the industrial insurance committee of the Washington state medical association.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-20-03004, filed 8/2/83.]

WAC 296-20-03005 Inoculation or immunological treatment for exposure to infectious occupational disease. Authorization for inoculation or other immunological treatment for occupational disease shall be given only in cases in which a work related activity has resulted in probable exposure of the worker to a potential infectious occupational disease. In no case shall such inoculation or immunological treatment be authorized until such time as a work related activity has resulted in such probable exposure. Inoculation or other treatment required as a condition for employment or otherwise obtained prior to the worker's performing a work related activity resulting in probable exposure to an occupational disease shall not be authorized. For purposes of this section, probable exposure is an incident which gives rise to a clear and immediate likelihood of contracting an occupational disease process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.36.010. 86-18-025 (Order 86-34), § 296-20-03005, filed 8/27/86, effective 11/1/86.]

WAC 296-20-035 Treatment in cases that remain open beyond sixty days. Conditions requiring treatment beyond sixty days are indicative of a major industrial condition or complication by other conditions. Except in cases of severe and extensive injuries, i.e., quadriplegia, paraplegia, multiple fractures, etc., when the injured worker requires treatment beyond sixty days following injury, a complete examination is necessary to determine and/or establish need for continued treatment and/or payment of time loss compensation. This may be accomplished either by the attending doctor or a consultation exam. In either case, a detailed exam report must be provided to the department or self-insurer. The following information is required. Additional information may be included or requested.

- (1) Attending doctor report.
- (a) The condition(s) diagnosed including ICD-9-CM codes and the objective and subjective findings.
- (b) Their relationship, if any, to the industrial injury or exposure.
- (c) Outline of proposed treatment program, its length, components, and expected prognosis including an estimate of when treatment should be concluded and condition(s) stable. An estimated return to work date should be included. The probability, if any, of permanent partial disability resulting from industrial conditions should be noted.
- (d) If the worker has not returned to work, the attending doctor should indicate whether he feels vocational assessment will be necessary to evaluate the worker's ability to return to work and why.

- (e) If the claimant has not returned to work, a doctor's estimate of physical capacities should be included with the report. If further information regarding physical capacities is needed or required, a performance—based physical capacities evaluation can be requested. Performance—based physical capacities evaluations should be conducted by a licensed occupational therapist or a licensed physical therapist. Performance—based physical capacities evaluations may also be conducted by other qualified professionals who provided performance—based physical capacities evaluations to the department prior to May 20, 1987, and who have received written approval to continue supplying this service based on formal department review of their qualifications.
  - (2) Consultation exam.
  - (a) A DETAILED HISTORY TO ESTABLISH:
- (i) The type and severity of the industrial injury or occupational disease.
  - (ii) The patient's previous physical and mental health.
- (iii) Any social and emotional factors which may effect recovery.
- (b) A COMPARISON HISTORY between history provided by attending doctor and injured worker, must be provided with exam.
- (c) A DETAILED PHYSICAL EXAMINATION concerning all systems affected by the industrial accident.
- (d) A GENERAL PHYSICAL EXAMINATION sufficient to demonstrate any preexisting impairments of function or concurrent condition.
- (e) A COMPLETE DIAGNOSIS OF ALL PATHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS INCLUDING ICD-9-CM CODES FOUND TO BE LISTED:
  - (i) Due solely to injury.
- (ii) Preexisting condition aggravated by the injury and the extent of aggravation.
- (iii) Other medical conditions neither related to nor aggravated by the injury but which may retard recovery.
- (iv) Coexisting disease (arthritis, congenital deformities, heart disease, etc.).
  - (f) CONCLUSIONS MUST INCLUDE:
- (i) Type treatment recommended for each pathological condition and the probable duration of treatment.
- (ii) Expected degree of recovery from the industrial condition.
- (iii) Probability, if any, of permanent disability resulting from the industrial condition.
  - (iv) Probability of returning to work.
- (g) REPORTS OF NECESSARY, REASONABLE X-RAY AND LABORATORY STUDIES TO establish or confirm the diagnosis when indicated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.040.030 [51.04.030]. 87–08–004 (Order 87–09), § 296–20–035, filed 3/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–035, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–035, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–035, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71–6, § 296–20–035, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–035, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–035, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-045 Procedures requiring consultation. In the event of complication, controversy, or dispute over the treatment aspects of any claim, the department or self-insurer will not authorize treatment until the attending doctor has arranged a consultation with a qualified doctor with experience and expertise on the subject, and the department or self-insurer has received notification of the findings and recommendations of the consultant.

This consultation must be arranged in accordance with WAC 296-20-051.

Consultations are also required in the following situations:

- (1) All nonemergent neck and back surgery.
- (2) All repeat nonemergent major surgery, except inguinal hernia.
- (3) All nonemergent major surgery on a patient with serious medical, emotional or social problems which are likely to complicate recovery.
- (4) All procedures of a controversial nature or type not in common use for the specific condition.
- (5) Surgical cases where there are complications or unfavorable circumstances such as age, preexisting conditions or interference with occupational requirements, etc.
- (6) Conservative or chiropractic care extending past one hundred twenty days following initial visit. Such consultation may be with a chiropractic or a medical consultant.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-045, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-045, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 71-6, § 296-20-045, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-045, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-045, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-051 Consultations. In cases presenting diagnostic or therapeutic problems to the attending doctor, consultation with a specialist will be allowed without prior authorization. The consultant must submit his findings and recommendations immediately to the attending doctor and the department or self-insurer. See WAC 296-20-035 for report content requirements.

Whenever possible, the referring doctor should make his x-rays and records available to the consultant to avoid unnecessary duplication. The department's consultation referral form may be used to convey information to the consultant. Consultants may proceed with indicated and reasonable x-rays or laboratory work and reasonable diagnostic studies as permitted within their scope of practice.

Consultations will be held with a specialist within a reasonable geographic area. Whenever possible, consultation should be made with a doctor outside the referring doctor's office or partnership.

The attending doctor will not arrange a consultation if he has received notification that a special or commission examination is being arranged by the department or self-insurer. If he has had recent consultation and is notified that the department or self-insurer is arranging an examination, he must immediately advise the department or self-insurer of the consultation.

The consultation fee will be paid only if a consultation report is complete and contains all pathological findings as well as all pertinent negative or normal findings. The report must be received in the department within fifteen days from the date of the consultation. No fee is paid to the consultant if the worker fails the appointment.

The consultant may not order, prescribe, or provide treatment without the approval of the attending doctor and the injured worker. No transfer will be made to the consultant without the prior approval of the attending doctor and the injured worker.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-051, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-051, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, § 296-20-051, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-051, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-20-070.]

WAC 296-20-055 Limitation of treatment and temporary treatment of unrelated conditions when retarding recovery. Conditions preexisting the injury or occupational disease are not the responsibility of the department. When an unrelated condition is being treated concurrently with the industrial condition, the attending doctor must notify the department or self-insurer immediately and submit the following:

- (1) Diagnosis and/or nature of unrelated condition.
- (2) Treatment being rendered.
- (3) The effect, if any, on industrial condition.

Temporary treatment of an unrelated condition may be allowed, upon prior approval by the department or self-insurer, provided these conditions directly retard recovery of the accepted condition. The department or self-insurer will not approve or pay for treatment for a known preexisting unrelated condition for which the claimant was receiving treatment prior to his industrial injury or occupational disease, which is not retarding recovery of his industrial condition.

A thorough explanation of how the unrelated condition is affecting the industrial condition must be included with the request for authorization.

The department or self-insurer will not pay for treatment of an unrelated condition when it no longer exerts any influence upon the accepted industrial condition. When treatment of an unrelated condition is being rendered, reports must be submitted monthly outlining the effect of treatment on both the unrelated and the accepted industrial conditions.

THE DEPARTMENT OR SELF-INSURER WILL NOT PAY FOR TREATMENT FOR UNRELATED CONDITIONS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED. This includes prescription of drugs and medicines.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–20–055, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71–6, \$ 296–20–055, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, \$ 296–20–055, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, \$ 296–20–055, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-06101 Reporting requirements. The department or self-insurer does require several kinds of

reports at various stages of the claim in order to authorize treatment, time loss compensation, and treatment bills.

INITIAL REPORT OF ACCIDENT: The first report required is the report of accident. The report of accident qualifies as the office note or report of the initial visit for brief or limited office calls. In addition to the office call charge, the doctor may bill code 90001 for the filing of the accident report. Reimbursement of these services will be paid if the claim is allowed by the department or self—insurer. If the initial visit is a transfer case, a report is required. Billing for an extended or comprehensive initial visit may require submission of additional reports.

OFFICE NOTES: Legible copies of office or progress notes are required for all follow-up visits. Office notes are not acceptable in lieu of requested narrative reports.

SIXTY-DAY NARRATIVE REPORTS: When conservative treatment is to continue beyond sixty days, submission of a narrative report is required to substantiate the need for continued care. A narrative report must contain basic information contained in WAC 296-20-035. For this narrative report, the department or self-insurer will pay 16.0 units for a routine report in addition to a routine office call if the call is needed to provide the information. If the doctor supplies additional comprehensive information in the report, payment of a charge submitted in excess of 16.0 units will be considered. In most cases, payment for a narrative report in addition to an extended or comprehensive office visit will not be considered as the fee for those services includes a comprehensive report. A narrative report should be billed under code 99080 and described as a "sixty-day report."

consultations reports: Following one hundred twenty days of conservative care (nonsurgical cases), a consultation with the doctor of the attending doctor's choice is required to substantiate further treatment authorization. No prior authorization is required for such consultations. The department or self-insurer should be notified via a consultation referral form (LI-210-299). The consultant is responsible for submitting a copy of his report as outlined in WAC 296-20-035 and 296-20-051 with his bill to the department or self-insurer.

FOLLOW-UP REPORTS: Following the one-hundred twenty day consultation, narrative reports are required at sixty-day intervals as outlined in WAC 296-20-035. The department or self-insurer will request additional consultations and/or special exams as warranted by the individual case.

HOSPITAL REPORTS: When injured workers are hospitalized it is the responsibility of the doctor to submit his reports to the hospital for submission with the hospital billing. The doctor may bill for hospital visits without attaching copies of the reports. However, billing for operative procedures requires a copy of the operative report.

REOPENING APPLICATION: On claims closed over sixty days, the department or self-insurer will pay for completion of a reopening application (Code 90097), an office visit and diagnostic studies necessary to complete the application. (See WAC 296-20-097.) NO OTHER

BENEFITS WILL BE PAID UNTIL THE ADJUDICATION DECISION IS RENDERED.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-06101, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-06101, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-06101, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-39, § 296-20-06101, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75.]

WAC 296-20-065 Transfer of doctors. All transfers from one doctor to another must be approved by the department or self-insurer. Normally transfers will be allowed only after the worker has been under the care of the attending doctor for sufficient time for the doctor to: Complete necessary diagnostic studies, establish an appropriate treatment regimen, and evaluate the efficacy of the therapeutic program.

Under RCW 51.36.010 the injured worker is entitled to free choice of treating doctor. Except as provided under subsections (1) through (7) of this section, no reasonable request for transfer will be denied. The injured worker must be advised when and why a transfer is denied.

When a transfer is approved, the new attending doctor must be provided with a copy of the worker's treatment record by the previous attending doctor. X-rays in the possession of the previous attending doctor must be immediately forwarded to the new attending doctor for his or her retention as long as the worker remains under his or her care. Copies of x-rays and other records may be provided in lieu of originals. Code 99083 may be used to bill for reproducing records.

The department or self-insurer reserves the right to require a worker to select another doctor or specialist for treatment, under the following conditions:

- (1) When more conveniently located doctors, qualified to provide the necessary treatment, are available.
- (2) When the attending doctor fails to cooperate in observance and compliance with the department rules.
- (3) In time loss cases where reasonable progress towards return to work is not shown.
- (4) Cases requiring specialized treatment, which the attending doctor is not qualified to render, or is outside the scope of the attending doctor's license to practice.
- (5) Where the department or self-insurer finds a transfer of doctor to be appropriate and has requested the worker to transfer in accordance with this rule, the department or self-insurer may select a new attending doctor if the worker unreasonably refuses or delays in selecting another attending doctor.
- (6) In cases where the attending doctor is not qualified to treat each of several accepted conditions. This does not preclude concurrent care where indicated. See WAC 296-20-071.
- (7) No transfer will be approved to a consultant or special examiner without the approval of the attending doctor and the worker.

Transfers will be authorized for the foregoing reasons or where the department or self-insurer in its discretion finds that a transfer is in the best interest of returning the injured worker to a productive role in society.

When a flat fee case is transferred to another doctor it is the responsibility of the two doctors involved to determine the proper apportionment of the total fee for the flat fee procedure. It shall be the responsibility of the operating doctor to advise the department or self-insurer of the proportion of the postoperative care provided by each doctor and the fee distribution. Each doctor must submit a separate bill to the department or self-insurer for his portion of the care. No payment will be made until this apportionment has been received by the department or self-insurer. If no agreement can be reached between the two doctors concerning the fee distribution, the matter will be referred to the Washington state medical association's medical advisory and utilization review committee to the department of labor and industries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-065, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-065, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-20-065, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-20-065, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-20-065, filed 9/6/77; Order 75-39, § 296-20-065, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-20-065, filed 1/30/74; Order 71-6, § 296-20-065, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-065, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-065, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-071 Concurrent treatment. In some cases, treatment by more than one practitioner may be allowed. The department or self-insurer will consider concurrent treatment when the accepted conditions resulting from the injury involve more than one system and/or require specialty or multidisciplinary care.

When requesting consideration for concurrent treatment, the attending doctor must provide the department or self-insurer with the following:

The name, address, discipline, and specialty of all other practitioners assisting in the treatment of the injured worker and an outline of their responsibility in the case and an estimate of the length of the period of concurrent care.

When concurrent treatment is allowed, the department or self-insurer will recognize one primary attending doctor, who will be responsible for prescribing all medications; directing the over-all treatment program; providing copies of all reports and other data received from the involved practitioners and, in time loss cases, providing adequate certification evidence of the worker's inability to work.

The department or self-insurer will approve concurrent care on a case-by-case basis. Consideration will be given to all factors in the case including availability of providers in the worker's geographic location.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19),  $\S$  296-20-071, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29),  $\S$  296-20-071, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39,  $\S$  296-20-071, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 70-12,  $\S$  296-20-071, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-20-060.]

WAC 296-20-075 Hospitalization. Hospitalization will be paid when medically necessary for treatment of

the accepted condition(s). Unless the worker's condition requires special care, ward or semi-private accommodations will be paid. Hospitalization solely for physical therapy, bed rest, and/or administration of injectable drugs will be paid only under the following circumstances:

- (a) Acute back pain with objective findings of neurological deficit, e.g., foot drop, motor dysfunction or other symptoms indicative of a herniated disc;
- (b) Chronic back pain, which has been treated for a minimum of ten days with home bed rest, traction, outpatient physical therapy, and medication without improvement and where the worker has objective physical findings.

Discharge from the hospital shall be at the earliest date possible consistent with proper health care. If transfer to a convalescent center or nursing home is indicated, prior arrangements should be made with the department or self-insurer. See WAC 296-20-091 for further information. The department may designate those diagnostic and surgical procedures which will be reimbursed only if performed in an outpatient setting. When procedures so designated must be performed in an inpatient setting for reasons of medical necessity, prior authorization must be obtained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–24–050 (Order 87–23), § 296–20–075, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), § 296–20–075, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–075, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–075, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71–6, § 296–20–075, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–075, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–075, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-081 Unrelated concurrent monemergent surgery. Elective surgery for an unrelated condition is not normally permitted during hospitalization for an industrial condition. Under some circumstances unrelated elective surgery may be permitted through prior agreement and approval by the department provided the unrelated surgery is not more extensive than the procedure for the industrial condition. The requesting doctor must submit a written request and identify which services are needed due to the industrial injury and which are needed due to unrelated conditions, along with an estimate of what effect, if any, the unrelated surgery will have on the accepted conditions and recovery time from surgery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), \$ 296-20-081, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 70-12, \$ 296-20-081, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-20-095.]

WAC 296-20-091 Private room—Intensive care special or home nurses. When the worker's condition is such that he requires special nurses, a private room or intensive care, the attending doctor may order these services, subject to later department or self—insurer approval of the claim without prior authorization. The department or self—insurer should be notified immediately by collect telephone.

RCW 51.32.060 provides attendant care for injured workers on total permanent disability pension when such injured worker is so "physically helpless as to be unable to care for his personal needs." However, prior to total permanent disability determination some other workers, i.e., paraplegic, quadriplegic, double amputees, multiple fractures, etc. may either temporarily or permanently require special or attendant (home nurse) care.

When the attending doctor has reason to believe such care is needed the following information must be submitted in addition to basic report requirements outlined in WAC 296-20-035:

- (1) Description of special/home nurse care required to include estimated time required i.e., catheterization, 3 times per day -30 minutes; bathing, 2 times per day -one hour; toilet transfers -as needed; dressing change, 4 times per day -two hours.
- (2) Skill level or special training required to administer care —i.e., RN; LPN; family member who has received special training; no special training required.
- (3) If known, name and address of person willing to provide care.
- (4) Length of time special/home nurse care will be required.

Approval of fees for home nurse/attendant care is negotiable based upon care provided, and level of training of provider.

In addition, the department or self-insurer may authorize and pay for visiting nurse care necessary for evaluation or instruction of home health care provider.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-091, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, § 296-20-091, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-091, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-20-080.]

WAC 296-20-097 Reopenings. When a claim has been closed by department or self-insurer by written order and notice for sixty days, submission of a formal "application to reopen claim for aggravation of condition" form (LI 210-79) is necessary. Exam and diagnostic studies associated with the reopening application will be paid by the department or self-insurer regardless of department or self-insurer action on the application. NO OTHER BENEFITS WILL BE PAID UNTIL ADJUDICATION DECISION IS RENDERED. Reopening applications should be submitted immediately. When reopening is granted, the department or self-insurer can pay time loss and treatment benefits only for a period not to exceed sixty days prior to date the application is received by department or self-insurer. Necessary treatment should not be deferred pending a department or self-insurer adjudication decision. However, should reopening be denied treatment costs become the financial responsibility of the worker.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-097, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-097, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, § 296-20-097, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-095 (codified as WAC 296-20-097), filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-20-090.]

WAC 296-20-09701 Request for reconsideration. On occasion, a claim may be closed prematurely or in error or other adjudication action may be taken, which may seem inappropriate to the doctor or injured worker. When this occurs the attending doctor should submit immediately in writing his request for reconsideration of the adjudication action, supported by an outline of:

- (1) The claimant's current condition.
- (2) The treatment program being received.
- (3) The prognosis of when stabilization will occur.

All requests for reconsideration must be received by the department or self-insurer within sixty days from date of the order and notice of closure. Request for reconsideration of other department or self-insurer orders or actions must be made in writing by either the doctor or the injured worker within sixty days of the date of the action or order.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-09701, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

WAC 296-20-100 Eye glasses and refractions. The department or self-insurer will be responsible one time for replacement of glasses or contact lenses only to the extent of the cost of restoring damaged item to its condition at the time of the accident. This benefit applies only if the worker was wearing the glasses or contact lens when the industrial accident occurred.

If glasses are repairable and a worker determines that he/she prefers a replacement, the department or self-insurer is responsible only for the cost of the repairs and the worker is responsible for the difference between repair and replacement costs.

Refraction to replace a broken or lost lens is only payable when it is substantiated that the prescription was not available from the broken lens or any other source. If the prescription is available, and the patient needs a new refraction, he is responsible for the costs of such exam.

If a refractive error is the result of the industrial injury or occupational disease condition, refraction and glasses or contact lenses will be authorized and paid by the department or self-insurer.

When broken or lost glasses or contact lenses are the only injury or condition suffered, the doctor's portion of the report of accident can be completed by an optometrist or other vendor furnishing the replacement. A report of accident must be received by the department or self-insurer in order to adjudicate the claim.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-100, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-100, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, § 296-20-100, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, § 296-20-100, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-100, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-110 Dental. Only dentists, oral surgeons or dental specialists licensed in the state in which they practice are eligible to treat injured workers entitled to benefits under the industrial insurance law.

If only a dental injury is involved, the doctor's portion of the report of accident must be completed by the dentist to whom the worker first reports. See WAC 296–20–025 for further information.

If the accident report has been submitted by another doctor, the dentist's report should be made by letter. In addition to the information required under WAC 296–20–025, the dentist should outline the extent of the dental injury and the treatment program necessary to repair damage due to the injury. Dental x-rays should be retained by the attending dentist for a period of not less than ten years. The department or self-insurer does not require submission of the actual films except upon specific request.

The department or self-insurer is responsible only for repair or replacement of teeth injured or dentures broken as a result of an industrial accident. Any dental work needed due to underlying conditions unrelated to the industrial injury is the responsibility of the worker. It is the responsibility of the dentist to advise the worker accordingly.

In cases presenting complication, controversy, or diagnostic or therapeutic problems, consultation by another dentist may be requested to support authorization for restorative repairs.

Bills covering the cost of dentures should be submitted for the denture only and should not include the cost for subsequent relining. If relining becomes necessary, authorization for relining must be obtained in advance from the department or self-insurer.

Bills must be submitted to the department or self-insurer within ninety days from the date the service is rendered. Bills must itemize the service rendered, including standard American Dental Association procedure codes, the materials used and the injured tooth number(s). See WAC 296-20-125 for further billing instructions.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-110, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-110, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 70-12, § 296-20-110, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-20-110, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-1101 Hearing aids and masking devices. The department or self-insurer is responsible for replacement or repair of hearing aids damaged or lost due to an industrial accident only to the extent of restoring the damaged item to its condition at time of the accident. If the hearing aid is repairable and the worker determines he prefers replacement, the department or self-insurer is responsible only to the extent of the cost to repair the original and the worker is responsible for the difference between repair and replacement costs.

When the department or self—insurer has accepted a hearing loss condition either as a result of industrial injury or occupational exposure, the department or self—insurer will furnish a hearing aid (hearing aids when bilateral loss is present) when prescribed or recommended by a physician.

The department or self-insurer will bear the cost of repairs or replacement due to normal wear and the cost of battery replacement for the life of the hearing aid.

In cases of accepted tinnitus, the department or selfinsurer may provide masking devices under the same provisions as outlined for hearing aids due to hearing loss.

Provision of masking devices and hearing aids require prior authorization.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-1101, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

WAC 296-20-1102 Special equipment rental and purchase prosthetic and orthotics equipment. The department or self-insurer will authorize and pay rental fee for equipment or devices if the need for the equipment will be for a short period of treatment during the acute phase of condition. Rental extending beyond sixty days requires prior authorization. If the equipment will be needed on long term basis, the department or self-insurer will consider purchase of the equipment or device. The department's or self-insurer's decision to rent or purchase an item of medical equipment will be based on a comparison of the projected rental costs of the item with its purchase price. An authorized representative of the department or self-insurer will decide whether to rent or purchase certain items, provided they are appropriate and medically necessary for treatment of the claimant's accepted industrial condition. Decisions to rent or purchase items will be based on the following information:

- (1) Purchase price of the item.
- (2) Monthly rental fee.
- (3) The prescribing doctor's estimate of how long the item will be needed.

The prescribing doctor must obtain prior authorization from the department or self-insurer, for rental or purchase of special equipment or devices.

The department or self-insurer will authorize and pay for prosthetics and orthotics as needed by claimant and substantiated by attending doctor. If such items are furnished by the attending doctor, the department or self-insurer will reimburse the doctor his cost for the item. In addition, a handling fee, not to exceed five percent of the wholesale cost of the item, will be paid. See WAC 296-20-124 for information regarding replacement of such items on closed claims.

The department or self-insurer will repair or replace originally provided damaged, broken, or worn-out prosthetics, orthotics, or special equipment devices upon documentation and substantiation from the attending doctor.

Provision of such equipment requires prior authorization.

THE GRAVITY GUIDING SYSTEM, GRAVITY LUMBAR REDUCTION DEVICE, BACKSWING AND OTHER INVERSION TRACTION EQUIPMENT MAY ONLY BE USED IN A SUPERVISED SETTING. RENTAL OR PURCHASE FOR HOME USE WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.

EQUIPMENT NOT REQUIRING PRIOR AUTHORIZATION INCLUDES CRUTCHES, CERVICAL COLLARS, LUMBAR AND RIB BELTS, AND OTHER COMMONLY USED ORTHOTICS OF MINIMAL COST.

PERSONAL APPLIANCES SUCH AS VIBRATORS, HEATING PADS, HOME FURNISHINGS, HOT TUBS, WATERBEDS, EXERCISE BIKES, EXERCISE EQUIPMENT, JACUZZIES, ETC. WILL NOT BE AUTHORIZED OR PAID.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–22–052 (Order 87–22), § 296–20–1102, filed 11/2/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–1102, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–20–1102, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–1102, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–1102, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

WAC 296-20-1103 Travel expense. The department or self-insurer will reimburse travel expense incurred by injured worker's for the following reasons: (1) Special exam at department's or self-insurer's request; (2) vocational evaluation at department's or self-insurer's request; (3) treatment at department rehabilitation center; (4) fitting of prosthetic device; and (5) upon prior authorization for treatment when injured worker must travel more than ten miles one-way from his home to the nearest point of adequate treatment. Travel expense is not payable when adequate treatment is available within ten miles of injured worker's home, yet the injured worker prefers to report to an attending doctor outside his home area.

Travel expense will be reimbursed at the current department established rate.

No travel expense for treatment services will be paid to those injured worker's residing outside the state of Washington. Persons residing in states which border Washington state AND within fifty miles of the Washington border will be considered Washington residents for travel expense purposes. Persons traveling from Washington to another state for diagnostic or treatment services that are not available in Washington will be reimbursed travel expense when approved in advance.

When travel involves need for food and lodging these items will be reimbursed at the currently established rates.

Parking, vehicle storage, ferry and bridge tolls will be reimbursed if receipt is provided. No receipt will be required for parking expenses under two dollars.

Request for reimbursement of travel expenses must be received by the department or self-insurer within ninety days of the date expense was incurred.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-20-1103, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-1103, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-1103, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

WAC 296-20-115 Flat fees. The values for procedures listed in the surgical section of the fee schedule include the surgical procedure and the "follow-up days." Necessary follow-up care beyond this period is to be added on a fee-for-service basis.

When postoperative care is to be provided by other than the operating surgeon, it shall be the responsibility of the two doctors involved to determine the appropriate apportionment of the total fee for the flat fee procedure. It shall be the responsibility of the operating surgeon to advise the department or self—insurer of the proportion of the postoperative care provided by each doctor and the fee distribution. Each doctor must submit a separate bill to the department or self—insurer for his portion of the care. No payment will be made until notice of the apportionment has been received by the department or self—insurer. In the event that no agreement can be reached concerning the distribution of the fee, the matter will be referred to the Washington state medical association's medical advisory and utilization review committee to the department of labor and industries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), \$ 296-20-115, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, \$ 296-20-115, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, \$ 296-20-115, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, \$ 296-20-115, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-120 Procedures not listed in this schedule. Procedures not specifically listed will be given values comparable to those of the listed procedures of closest similarity. Codes for unlisted procedures can be found in each section. See 'BR' instructions under WAC 296-20-010 for needed billing documentation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), \$ 296-20-120, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 71-6, \$ 296-20-120, filed 6/1/71; Order 70-12, \$ 296-20-120, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, \$ 296-20-120, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-12050 Special programs. (1) The department or self-insurer may from time to time enter into special agreements for services provided by, or under the direction of, licensed providers authorized to bill the department. Special agreements are for services other than routine services covered under the fee schedule, and may include multi-disciplinary or inter-disciplinary programs such as pain management, work hardening, and physical conditioning.

- (2) The department shall establish payment rates for special agreements, and may establish outcome criteria, measures of effectiveness, minimum staffing levels, certification requirements, special reporting requirements and such other criteria as will ensure injured workers receive good quality and effective services at a prudent cost.
- (3) Special agreements shall be purchased at the discretion of the department or self-insurer. The department may terminate special programs from the industrial insurance program upon thirty days notice to the provider.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-20-12050, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-20-121 X-rays. Recognizing the greatest need for access to x-rays lies with the attending doctor, the department or self-insurer requires only submission of x-ray findings and does not require submission of the actual films except upon specific request when needed

for purposes of permanent disability rating, other administrative or legal decisions, or in litigation cases. The department or self-insurer requires the attending doctor retain x-rays for a period of not less than ten years. In transfer cases, the x-rays in the possession of the current attending doctor must be made available to the new attending doctor.

When requesting consultation, the attending doctor should make any x-rays in his possession available to the consultant.

When a special exam has been arranged for the worker by the department or self-insurer, the worker's existing x-rays should be provided to the special examiner. The worker may carry such x-rays to the exam.

When the doctor's office is closed because of death, retirement or leaving the state, arrangements must be made with the department or self-insurer regarding custody of x-rays to insure availability on request. When submitting billing for x-ray service, a copy of the x-ray findings is required. No payment will be made for excessive or unnecessary x-rays. No payment will be made on closed or rejected claims, except under conditions outlined in WAC 296-20-124.

Prior authorization is required for x-rays subsequent to the initial study. Repeat or serial radiology examinations may be performed only upon adequate clinical justification to confirm changes in the condition(s) accepted. The subjective complaints and the objective findings substantiating the repeat study must be submitted by the practitioner in the request for authorization to the department or self-insurer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–121, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–121, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–121, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77–27, § 296–20–121, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77–26, § 296–20–121, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77–16, § 296–20–121, filed 9/6/77; Order 74–39, § 296–20–121, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–20–121, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-20-124 Rejected and closed claims. (1) No payment will be made for treatment or medication on rejected claims or for services rendered after the date of claim closure.

(2) When the department or self-insurer has denied responsibility for an alleged injury or industrial condition the only services which will be paid are those which were carried out at the specific request of the department or the self-insurer and/or those examination or diagnostic services which served as a basis for the adjudication decision. Following the date of the order and notice of claim closure, the department or self-insurer will be responsible only for those services specifically requested or those examinations, and diagnostic services necessary to complete and file a reopening application.

Replacement of prosthetics, orthotics, and special equipment can be provided on closed claims after prior authorization. See WAC 296-20-1102 for further information.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-124, filed

12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-124, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-125 Billing procedures. All services rendered must be in accordance with the medical aid rules. The department or self-insurer may reject bills for services rendered in violation of these rules. The injured worker may not be billed for services rendered in violation of these rules.

- (1) Bills must be itemized on department or self-insurer forms or other forms which have been approved by the department or self-insurer. Bills may also be transmitted electronically on department provided software, or transmitted electronically using department file format specifications. Providers using any of the electronic transfer options must follow department instructions for electronic billing. Physicians, osteopaths, advanced registered nurse practitioners, chiropractors, naturopaths, podiatrists, psychologists, and registered physical therapists use the national standard HCFA 1500 health insurance claim form with the bar code placed 2/10 of an inch from the top and 1 1/2 inches from the left side of the form. Hospitals use the UB-82 billing form for institution services and the national standard HCFA 1500 health insurance claim form with the bar code placed 2/10 of an inch from the top and 1 1/2 inches from the left side of the form for professional services. Pharmacies use the department's statement for pharmacy services (F-245-100). Dentists, equipment suppliers, transportation services, home health services, vocational services, and massage therapists use the department's statement for miscellaneous services (F-245-72). Providers may obtain billing forms from the department's local service locations (see Appendix C for listing).
- (2) Bills must specify the date and type of service, the appropriate procedure code, the condition treated, and the charges for each service.
- (3) Bills submitted to the department must be completed to include the following:
  - (a) Worker's name and address;
  - (b) Worker's claim number;
  - (c) Date of injury:
- (d) Referring doctor's name and L & I provider account number:
- (e) Area of body treated, including ICD-9-CM code(s), identification of right or left, as appropriate;
  - (f) Dates of service;
  - (g) Place of service;
  - (h) Type of service;
- (i) Appropriate procedure code, hospital revenue code, or national drug code;
  - (j) Description of service;
  - (k) Charge;
  - (1) Units of service;
  - (m) Tooth number(s);
  - (n) Total bill charge;
- (o) The name and address of the practitioner rendering the services and the provider account number assigned by the department;
  - (p) Date of billing;

- (q) Submission of supporting documentation required under subsection (6) of this section.
- (4) Responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the description of services and charges billed rests with the practitioner rendering the service, regardless of who actually completes the bill form;
- (5) Vendors are urged to bill on a monthly basis. Bills must be received within ninety days of service to be considered for payment.
- (6) The following supporting documentation is required when billing for services:
  - (a) Laboratory and pathology reports;
  - (b) X-ray findings;
  - (c) Operative reports;
  - (d) Office notes;
  - (e) Consultation reports;
  - (f) Special diagnostic study reports;
- (g) For BR procedures see WAC 296-20-010 for requirements; and
  - (h) Special or closing exam reports.
- (7) The claim number must be placed on each bill and on each page of reports and other correspondence in the upper right-hand corner.
- (8) Rebills. If you do not receive payment or notification from the department within ninety days, services may be rebilled. Rebills must be submitted for services denied if a claim is closed or rejected and subsequently reopened or allowed. Rebills should be identical to the original bill: Same charges, codes, and billing date. Please indicate rebill on the bill.

Any inquiries regarding adjustment of charges must be submitted within ninety days from the date of payment to be considered.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–20–125, filed 7/23/87; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), § 296–20–125, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–20–125, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–606 (Order 83–23), § 296–20–125, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–20–125, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77–27, § 296–20–125, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77–26, § 296–20–125, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77–16, § 296–20–125, filed 9/6/77; Order 75–39, § 296–20–125, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, § 296–20–125, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–20–125, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, § 296–20–125, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–20–125, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–125, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-12501 Physician assistant billing procedure. Billing for physician assistant services can be made only by the supervising physician. Payment will be made directly to the supervising physician. All physician assistant services must be identified by using physician assistant modifiers.

- (1) Bills must be itemized on department or self-insurer forms, as the case may be, specifying: The date, type of service and the charges for each service.
- (2) The bill form must be completed in detail to include the claim number. While the name of the physician's assistant rendering service must be included on the bill, all bills must be submitted under the supervising physician account number. Bills will be accepted when signed by other than the practitioner rendering services.

When bills are prepared by someone else, the responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the description of services and charges rests with the supervising physician.

- (3) For a bill to be considered for payment, it must be received in the department or by the self-insurer within ninety days from the date each specific treatment and/or service was rendered or performed. Whenever possible, bills should be submitted monthly.
- (4) Bills cannot be paid for services rendered while a claim is closed.
- (5) The department or self-insurer may reject bills for services rendered in violation of medical aid rules.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-12501, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-20-12502 Physician assistant modifiers. As the scope of physician assistant treatment covers a broad area of treatment procedures, the following modifier codes are to be used after the applicable procedure code.

- -01 Physician assistant performing procedure without presence of supervising physician. Bill 80% of procedure value.
- -04 Physician assistant performing procedure in presence of supervising physician. Bill 80% of procedure value.
- -99 Multiple modifiers: Under certain circumstances, multiple modifiers may be applicable. One or more such modifiers may be taken from another section, as applicable. For example, a physician assistant might be serving as a surgical assistant (modifier -80), assisting in performing a multiple or bilateral procedure (modifier -50). In such cases, he would add this modifier (-99) to the procedure code and briefly indicate the circumstances.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-20-12502, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-12502, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79-12-086 (Order 79-18), § 296-20-12502, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80.]

WAC 296-20-132 Determination of conversion factor adjustments. Adjustments to the conversion factors for the specialty areas of medicine, surgery, anesthesiology, radiology, and pathology may occur on January 1st of each year following prior public hearings.

Such adjustments will be based on the estimated increase/decrease in the state's average wage for the current year. The following calendar year's estimate will be adjusted to reflect the actual increase/decrease in the state's average wage for the preceding year.

The total percentage change for any one calendar year for all five conversion factors may not exceed the total of the estimated increase/decrease in the current year, plus or minus the actual adjustment for the preceding calendar year. However, apportionment of the adjustments may be made between the various speciality areas to provide parity between the components of the fee schedule.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), § 296-20-132, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-20-132, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-20-135 Conversion factors. (1) The following conversion factors are the base fees for determining the maximum amount paid by the department for procedures with specified unit values. To determine the maximum amount paid, the unit value for a specific procedure is multiplied by the appropriate conversion factor or base fee listed below.

- (2) The conversion factor or base fee for medicine, chiropractic, physical therapy, drugless therapeutics and nurse practitioner procedure codes is \$1.29.
- (3) The conversion factor or base fee for anesthesia is \$19.18.
- (4) The conversion factor or base fee for radiology is \$5.92.
- (5) The conversion factor or base fee for pathology is \$.56.
- (6) The conversion factor or base fee for surgery is \$67.83.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88–24–011 (Order 88–28), § 296–20–135, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 87–03–004 (Order 86–45), § 296–20–135, filed 1/8/87; 83–24–016 (Order 83–35), § 296–20–135, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–050 (Order 82–39), § 296–20–135, filed 11/29/82, effective 7/1/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–20–135, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–18–033 (Order 80–24), § 296–20–135, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18), § 296–20–135, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 77–27, § 296–20–135, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76–34, § 296–20–135, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–20–135, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–7, § 296–20–135, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, § 296–20–135, filed 6/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–20–135, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-20-170 Pharmacy--Acceptance of rules and fees. Acceptance and filling of a prescription for an injured worker entitled to benefits under the industrial insurance law, constitutes acceptance of the department's rules and fees. When there is questionable eligibility, (i.e., no claim number, prescription is for medication other than usually prescribed for industrial injury; or pharmacist has reason to believe claim is closed or rejected), the pharmacist may require the worker to pay for the prescription. In these cases, the pharmacist must furnish the worker with a signed receipt and a nonnegotiable copy of the prescription including national drug code and quantity or a completed department pharmacy bill form signed in the appropriate areas verifying worker has paid for the prescribed item(s) in order for the worker to bill the department or self-insurer for reimbursement. The worker may not be charged more than the amount allowable by the department or self-insurer. The worker must submit such reimbursement request within ninety days of service.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-170, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-170, filed 12/1/80, effective

1/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-170, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-17001 Allowance and payment for medication. The department or self-insurer will pay for medications or supplies dispensed for the treatment of conditions resulting from an industrial injury and/or conditions which are retarding the recovery from the industrial injury, for which the department or self-insurer has accepted temporary responsibility.

Approved generics are to be substituted for brand name pharmaceuticals in all cases unless the worker's condition will not tolerate a generic preparation and the prescribing physician indicates no substitution is permitted. A list of approved generics and their base cost will be published periodically by the department.

Items not normally paid include: Syringes, injectables, heating pads, vibrators, personal appliances, oral nutritional supplements, anorexiants, and medications normally prescribed for systemic conditions. These items may be authorized to certain individuals in unusual circumstances; prior approval from the department or self—insurer is mandatory.

Rental or purchase of medical equipment must be prior authorized by the department or self-insurer.

No bills will be paid for medication dispensed after the date of order and notice of claim closure, on an accepted claim; nor, on rejected claims; nor for conditions unrelated to the industrial condition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-17001, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-17001, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-17001, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-17001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-17002 Billing. In addition to the billing procedures described in WAC 296-20-125 the current national drug code number for each prescribed drug, followed by the average wholesale price to the pharmacy must be entered on each prescription. The department's statement for pharmacy services must be used when billing the department for NDC medications and supplies. The department's statement for miscellaneous services must be used when billing the department for non-NDC medications and supplies. In addition, the claimant's name, claim number, date of injury, prescribing doctor's name and department of labor and industries provider number; and the assigned department provider number for the pharmacy must be on the bill. Bills for medication not containing this information will be returned to the pharmacy. Billing must be made within ninety days of service. It is requested bills be presented on a monthly basis.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-20-17002, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-17002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-17002, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-20-17002, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-17003 Fees. Payment for drugs and medications including all oral nonlegend drugs will be made at the average wholesale price plus an additional fee, on the following basis:

Wholesale cost up to \$3.00 + \$5.00 \$3.01 to \$8.00 + \$6.00 \$8.01 to \$15.00 + \$7.50 \$15.01 & over + \$8.00 + 10% average wholesale price

Orders may be written for over-the-counter nonoral drugs or nondrug items on department prescription forms. These items are to be priced on a forty percent margin (the average wholesale price ÷ .6).

Compounded prescriptions will be paid at the cost of the ingredients plus the applicable professional component based on that cost as indicated above.

Per RCW 82.08.0281 prescription drugs and oral or topical over-the-counter medications are nontaxable.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-20-17003, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-033 (Order 80-24), § 296-20-17003, filed 12/1/80, effective 1/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-20-17003, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Order 76-34, § 296-20-17003, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-20-200 General information. (1) The department of labor and industries has promulgated the following rules and categories to provide a comprehensive system of classifying unspecified permanent partial disabilities in the proportion they reasonably bear to total bodily impairment. The department's objectives are to reduce litigation and establish more certainty and uniformity in the rating of unspecified permanent partial disabilities pursuant to RCW 51.32.080(2).

(2) The following system of rules and categories directs the examining physician's attention to the actual conditions he finds and establishes a uniform system for conducting rating examinations and reporting his findings and conclusions in accord with broadly accepted medical principles.

The evaluation of bodily impairment must be made by medical experts. This system recognizes and provides for this. After conducting his examination, the examining physician will choose the appropriate category for each bodily area or system involved in the particular claim and include this information in his report. He will, therefore, in addition to describing the workmen's condition in his report, submit his conclusions as to the relative severity of the impairment by giving it in terms of a defined condition rather than a personal opinion as to a percentage figure. In the final section of this system of categories and rules are some rules for determining disabilities and the classification of disabilities in bodily impairment is listed for each category. These last provisions are for the department's administrative use in acting upon the medical opinions which have been submitted to it.

(3) In preparing this system, the department has complied with its duty to enact rules classifying unspecified disabilities in light of statutory references to nationally recognized standards or guides for determining

various bodily impairments. Accordingly, the department has obtained and acted upon sound established medical opinion in thus classifying unspecified disabilities in the reasonable proportion they bear to total bodily impairment. In framing descriptive language of the categories and in assigning a percentage of disability, careful consideration has been given to nationally recognized medical standards and guides. Both are matters calling for the use of expert medical knowledge. For this reason, the meaning given the words used in this set of categories and accompanying rules, unless the text or context clearly indicates the contrary, is the meaning attached to the words in normal medical usage.

- (4) The categories describe levels of physical and mental impairment. Impairment is anatomic or functional abnormality or loss of function after maximum medical rehabilitation has been achieved. This is the meaning of "impairment" as the word is used in the guides mentioned above. This standard applies to all persons equally, regardless of factors other than loss of physical or mental function. Impairment is evaluated without reference to the nature of injury or the treatment therefore, but is based on the functional loss due to the injury or occupational disease. The categories have been framed to include conditions in other bodily areas which derive from the primary impairment. The categories also include the presence of pain, tenderness and other complaints. Workmen with comparable loss of function thus receive comparable awards.
- (5) These rules and categories (WAC 296-20-200 through 296-20-690) shall only be applicable to compensable injuries occurring on or after the effective date of these rules and categories.
- (6) These rules and categories (WAC 296-20-200 through 296-20-690) shall be applicable only to cases of permanent partial disability. They have no applicability to determinations of permanent total disability.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-200, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-210 General rules. These general rules establish a uniform standard for conducting examinations and submitting reports of examinations. These general rules must be followed by physicians who make examinations or evaluations of permanent bodily impairment.

- (1) Examinations for the medical determination of the extent of permanent bodily impairment shall be made only by physicians currently licensed to practice medicine and surgery.
- (2) Whenever an examination is made, the physician shall record, among other pertinent information, the complete history as obtained from the person examined; the complete history of past injuries and diseases; the complaints; the age, sex, height and weight; x-ray findings and diagnostic tests made or reviewed in connection with the examination; the diagnosis; and all findings, including negative findings, in all bodily areas and systems where a detailed review of systems reveals past or present complaints. The physician shall record his conclusions as to: Whether the residuals of the injury are fixed; whether treatment is required for the injury and,

if so, any treatment shall be described. If the examining physician finds residuals of the injury are fixed, he shall record the appropriate category or categories of permanent impairment for diagnoses attributable to the industrial injury or occupational disease. Conditions or impairments not attributable to the industrial injury or occupational disease shall be described and diagnosed in the report, with a description of how they affect the person examined and the appropriate category of permanent impairment where possible.

- (3) The examining physician shall not assign a percentage figure for permanent bodily impairment described in the categories established herein.
- (4) Reports shall specify diagnoses and medical terms as listed in current procedural terminology (CPT), current medical information and terminology (CMIT), international classification of diseases adopted (ICDA), or standard nomenclature of disease, except when otherwise specified in these rules.
- (5) Workers who are scheduled for disability examinations are allowed to bring with them an accompanying person to be present during the physical examination. The accompanying person cannot be compensated in any manner, except that language interpreters may be necessary for the communication process and may be reimbursed for interpretative services.

The department may designate those conditions under which the accompanying person is allowed to be present during the disability examination process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88-14-012 (Order 88-09), § 296-20-210, filed 6/24/88; Order 74-32, § 296-20-210, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-220 Special rules for evaluation of permanent bodily impairment. (1) Evaluations of permanent bodily impairment using categories require uniformity in procedure and terminology. The following rules have been enacted to produce this uniformity and shall apply to all evaluations of permanent impairment of an unspecified nature.
- (a) Gradations of relative severity shall be expressed by the words "minimal," "mild," "moderate" and "marked" in an ascending scale. "Minimal" shall describe deviations from normal responses which are not medically significant. "Mild," "moderate" and "marked" shall describe ranges of medically significant deviations from normal responses. "Mild" shall describe the least severe third. "Moderate" shall describe the middle third. "Marked" shall describe the most severe third.
- (b) "Permanent" describes those conditions which are fixed, lasting and stable, and from which within the limits of medical probability, further recovery is not expected.
- (c) "Impairment" means a loss of physical or mental function.
- (d) "Total bodily impairment," as used in these rules, is the loss of physical or mental function which is essentially complete short of death.

- (e) The examining physician shall not assign a percentage figure for permanent bodily impairment described in the categories established herein.
- (f) The method of evaluating impairment levels is by selection of the appropriate level of impairment. These descriptive levels are called "categories." Assessments of the level of impairment are to be made by comparing the condition of the injured workman with the conditions described in the categories and selecting the most appropriate category.

These rules and categories for various bodily areas and systems provide a comprehensive system for the measurement of disabling conditions which are not already provided for in the list of specified permanent partial disabilities in RCW 51.32.080(1). Disabilities resulting from loss of central visual acuity, loss of an eye by enucleation, loss of hearing, amputation or loss of function of the extremities will continue to be evaluated as elsewhere provided in RCW 51.32.080.

The categories have been classified in percentages in reasonable proportion to total bodily impairment for the purpose of determining the proper award. Provision has been made for correctly weighing the overall impairment due to particular injuries or occupational disease in cases in which there are preexisting impairments.

(g) The categories of the various bodily areas and systems are listed in the order of increasing impairment except as otherwise specified. Where several categories are given for the evaluation of the extent of permanent bodily impairment, the impairments in the higher numbered categories, unless otherwise specified, include the impairments in the lesser numbered categories. No category for a condition due to an injury shall be selected unless that condition is permanent as defined by these rules.

The examining physician shall select the one category which most accurately indicates the overall degree of permanent impairment unless otherwise instructed. Where there is language in more than one category which may appear applicable, the category which most accurately reflects the overall impairment shall be selected.

The categories include appropriate subjective complaints in an ascending scale in keeping with the severity of objective findings, thus a higher or lower category is not to be selected purely on the basis of unusually great or minor complaints.

- (h) When the examination discloses a preexisting permanent bodily impairment in the area of the injury, the examining physician shall report the findings and any category of impairment appropriate to the workman's condition prior to his industrial injury in addition to the findings and the categories appropriate to the workman's condition after the injury.
- (i) Objective physical or clinical findings are those findings on examination which are independent of voluntary action and can be seen, felt, or consistently measured by examining physicians.

- (j) Subjective complaints or symptoms are those perceived only by the senses and feelings of the person being examined which cannot be independently proved or established.
- (k) Muscle spasm as used in these rules is an involuntary contraction of a muscle or group of muscles of a more than momentary nature.
- (1) An involuntary action is one performed independently of the will.
- (m) These special rules for evaluation of permanent bodily impairment shall apply to all examinations for the evaluation of impairment, in accordance with RCW 51-32.080, for the body areas or systems covered by or enumerated in WAC 296-20-230 through 296-20-660.
- (n) The rules for evaluation of each body area or system are an integral part of the categories for that body area or system.
- (o) In cases of injury or occupational disease of bodily areas and/or systems which are not included in these categories or rules and which do not involve loss of hearing, loss of central visual acuity, loss of an eye by enucleation or loss of the extremities or use thereof, examining physicians shall determine the impairment of such bodily areas and/or systems in terms of percentage of total bodily impairment.
- (p) The words used in the categories of impairments, in the rules for evaluation of specific impairments, the general rules, and the special rules shall be deemed, unless the context indicates the contrary, to have their general and accepted medical meanings.
- (q) The rating of impairment due to total joint replacement shall be in accordance with the limitation of motion guidelines as set forth in the "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" of American Medical Association, with department of labor and industries acknowledgement of responsibility for failure of prostheses beyond the seven year limitation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.035. 79–12–086 (Order 79–18),  $\S$  296–20–220, filed 11/30/79, effective 1/1/80; Order 74–32,  $\S$  296–20–220, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-230 Cervical and cervico-dorsal impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of cervical and cervico-dorsal impairments are as follows:

- (a) Muscle spasm or involuntary guarding, bony or fibrous fusion, any arthritic condition, internal fixation devices or other physical finding shall be considered, in selecting the appropriate category, only insofar as productive of cervical or cervico-dorsal impairment.
- (b) Gradations of clinical findings of cervico-dorsal impairments in terms of "mild," "moderate" or "marked" shall be based on objective medical tests.
- (c) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree in the neck or extremities.
- (d) Bladder and/or bowel sphincter impairments deriving from cervical and cervico-dorsal impairment shall be evaluated separately.
- (e) Neck as used in these rules and categories shall include the cervical and adjacent areas.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-230, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-240 Categories of permanent cervical and cervico-dorsal impairments. (1) No objective clinical findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) Mild cervico-dorsal impairment, with objective clinical findings of such impairment with neck rigidity substantiated by x-ray findings of loss of anterior curve, without significant objective neurological findings.

This and subsequent categories include the presence or absence of pain locally and/or radiating into an extremity or extremities. This and subsequent categories also include the presence or absence of reflex and/or sensory losses. This and subsequent categories also include objectively demonstrable herniation of a cervical intervertebral disc with or without discectomy and/or fusion, if present.

(3) Mild cervico-dorsal impairment, with objective clinical findings of such impairment, with neck rigidity substantiated by x-ray findings of loss of anterior curve, narrowed intervertebral disc spaces and/or osteoarthritic lipping of vertebral margins, with significant objective findings of mild nerve root involvement.

This and subsequent categories include the presence or absence of any other neurological deficits not otherwise specified in these categories with the exception of bladder and/or bowel sphincter impairments.

- (4) Moderate cervico-dorsal impairment, with objective clinical findings of such impairment, with neck rigidity substantiated by x-ray findings of loss of anterior curve, narrowed intervertebral disc spaces and/or osteoarthritic lipping of vertebral margins, with objective findings of moderate nerve root involvement with weakness and numbness in one or both upper extremities.
- (5) Marked cervico—dorsal impairment, with marked objective clinical findings of such impairment, with neck rigidity substantiated by x—ray findings of loss of anterior curve, narrowed intervertebral disc spaces and/or osteoarthritic lipping of vertebral margins, with objective findings of marked nerve root involvement with weakness and numbness in one or both upper extremities.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-240, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-250 Impairments of the dorsal area.
  (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent dorsal area impairments are as follows:
- (a) Muscle spasm or involuntary guarding, bony or fibrous fusion, any arthritic condition, internal fixation devices or other physical finding shall be considered, in selection of the appropriate category, only insofar as productive of dorsal area impairment.
- (b) Gradations of clinical findings of dorsal impairments in terms of "mild," "moderate" or "marked" shall be based on objective medical tests.
- (c) Categories 2 and 3 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.
- (d) Bladder and/or bowel sphincter impairments deriving from impairments of the dorsal area shall be evaluated separately.
- (e) Impairments which also involve the cervical or lumbar areas shall be evaluated only under the cervical

and cervico-dorsal or dorsolumbar and lumbosacral categories.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-250, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-260 Categories of permanent dorsal area impairments. (1) No objective clinical findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

(2) Mild or moderate dorsal impairment, with objective clinical findings of such impairment, without significant objective neurological findings, with or without x-ray changes of narrowed intervertebral disc spaces and/or osteoarthritic lipping of intervertebral margins. Includes the presence or absence of reflex and/or sensory losses.

This and the subsequent category include the presence or absence of pain, locally or radiating from the dorsal area.

(3) Marked dorsal impairment, with marked objective clinical findings, with marked x-ray findings of narrowed intervertebral disc spaces and/or osteoarthritic lipping of vertebral margins, with significant objective neurological deficits, complaints and/or findings, deriving from dorsal impairment.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-260, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-270 Dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments are as follows:

- (a) Muscle spasm or involuntary guarding, bony or fibrous fusion, any arthritic condition, internal fixation devices or other physical finding shall be considered, in selecting the appropriate category, only insofar as productive of low back impairment.
- (b) Gradations of clinical findings of low back impairments in terms of "mild," "moderate" or "marked" shall be based on objective medical tests.
- (c) All of the low back categories include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.
- (d) Any and all neurological deficits, complaints, and/or findings in other bodily areas or systems which are the result of dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments, except for objectively demonstrated bladder and/or bowel sphincter impairments, shall be evaluated by the descriptions contained in the categories of dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments.
- (e) Bladder and/or bowel sphincter impairments deriving from dorso-lumbar and lumbosacral impairments shall be evaluated separately.
- (f) Low back as used in these rules and categories includes the lumbar and adjacent areas.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-270, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-280 Categories of permanent dorsolumbar and lumbosacral impairments. (1) No objective clinical findings. Subjective complaints and/or sensory losses may be present or absent.

(2) Mild low back impairment, with mild intermittent objective clinical findings of such impairment but no

significant x-ray findings and no significant objective motor loss. Subjective complaints and/or sensory losses may be present.

(3) Mild low back impairment, with mild continuous or moderate intermittent objective clinical findings of such impairment but without significant x-ray findings or significant objective motor loss.

This and subsequent categories include: The presence or absence of reflex and/or sensory losses; the presence or absence of pain locally and/or radiating into an extremity or extremities; the presence or absence of a laminectomy or discectomy with normally expected residuals.

(4) Mild low back impairment, with mild continuous or moderate intermittent objective clinical findings of such impairment, with mild but significant x-ray findings and with mild but significant motor loss objectively demonstrated by atrophy and weakness of a specific muscle or muscle group.

This and subsequent categories include the presence or absence of a surgical fusion with normally expected residuals.

- (5) Moderate low back impairment, with moderate continuous or marked intermittent objective clinical findings of such impairment, with moderate x-ray findings and with mild but significant motor loss objectively demonstrated by atrophy and weakness of a specific muscle or muscle group.
- (6) Marked low back impairment, with marked intermittent objective clinical findings of such impairment, with moderate or marked x-ray findings and with moderate motor loss objectively demonstrated by atrophy and weakness of a specific muscle or muscle group.
- (7) Marked low back impairment, with marked continuous objective clinical findings of such impairment, with marked x-ray findings and with marked motor loss objectively demonstrated by marked atrophy and weakness of a specific muscle or muscle group.
- (8) Essentially total loss of low back functions, with marked x-ray findings and with marked motor loss objectively demonstrated by marked atrophy and weakness of a muscle group or groups.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–20–280, filed 8/2/83; Order 74–32, § 296–20–280, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-290 Impairments of the pelvis. (1) Rules for impairment of the pelvis:

- (a) All of these categories include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.
- (b) Categories 2, 5, 6 and 7 describe separate entities and more than one may be selected when appropriate. Category 9 includes the findings described in Category 3, and Category 8 includes the findings described in Category 4.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-290, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-300 Categories of permanent impairments of the pelvis. (1) Healed pelvic fractures without displacement, without residuals; healed fractures with

displacement without residuals, of: Single ramus, bilateral rami, ilium, innominate or coccyx; or healed fracture of single rami with displacement with deformity and residuals.

- (2) Healed fractures with displacement with deformity and residuals of ilium.
- (3) Healed fractures of symphysis pubis, without separation with displacement without residuals.
- (4) Healed fractures of sacrum with displacement without residuals.
- (5) Healed fracture of bilateral rami with displacement with deformity and residuals.
  - (6) Excision or nonunion of fractures of coccyx.
- (7) Healed fractures of innominate, displaced one inch or more, with deformity and residuals.
- (8) Healed fractures of sacrum extending into sacroiliac joint with deformity and residuals.
- (9) Healed fractures of symphysis, displaced or separated, with deformity and residuals.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-300, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-310 Convulsive neurological impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of convulsive neurological impairments:

(a) The description of Categories 2, 3 and 4 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-310, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-320 Categories of permanent convulsive neurological impairments. (1) No electroencephalogram findings of convulsive neurological disorder. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) Electroencephalogram findings of convulsive neurological disorder, but on appropriate medication there are no seizures.
- (3) Electroencephalogram findings of convulsive neurological disorder, and on appropriate medication there are each year either one through four major seizures or one through twelve minor seizures.
- (4) Electroencephalogram findings of convulsive neurological disorder, and on appropriate medication there are each year either more than four major seizures or more than twelve minor seizures.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-320, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-330 Impairments of mental health.

  (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent impairment of mental health:
- (a) Mental illness means malfunction of the psychic apparatus that significantly interferes with ordinary living.
- (b) Each person has a pattern of adjustment to life. The pattern of adjustment before the industrial injury or occupational disease serves as a base line for all assessments of whether there has been a permanent impairment due to the industrial injury or occupational disease.
- (c) To determine the preinjury pattern of adjustment, all evaluations of mental health shall contain a complete preinjury history including, but not necessarily limited

- to: Family background and the relationships with parents or other nurturing figures; extent of education and reaction to it; military experience, if any; problems with civil authorities; any history of prolonged illness, and difficulty with recovery; any history of drug abuse or alcoholism; employment history, the extent of and reaction to responsibility, and relationships with others at work; capacity to make and retain friends; relationships with spouses and children; nature of daily activities, including recreation and hobbies; and lastly, some summary statement about the sources of the patient's self—esteem and sense of identity. Both strengths and vulnerabilities of the person shall be included.
- (d) Differences in adjustment patterns before and after the industrial injury or occupational disease shall be described, and the report shall contain the examining physician's opinion as to whether any differences: (1) Are the result of the industrial injury or occupational disease and its sequelae, in the sense they would not have occurred had there not been the industrial injury or occupational disease; (2) are permanent or temporary; (3) are more than the normal, self—correcting and expectable response to the stress of the industrial injury or occupational disease; (4) constitute an impairment psychosocially or physiologically; and (5) are susceptible to treatment, and, if so, what kind. The presence of any unrelated or coincidental mental impairment shall always be mentioned.
- (e) All reports of mental health evaluations shall use the diagnostic terminology listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.
- (f) No classification of impairment shall be made for complaints where the quality of daily life does not differ substantially from the preinjury pattern. A patient not currently employed may not engage in the same activities as when working, but the level and variety of his activities and zest for them shall distinguish the purely situational difference from cases of regression and withdrawal. In cases where some loss of use of body member is claimed, no category or impairment shall be assigned unless there are objective findings of physiologic regression or consistent evidence of altered adaptability.
- (g) The physician shall identify the schizoid, antisocial, inadequate, sociopathic, passive, hysterical, paranoid, or dependent personality types. Patients with these longstanding character disorders may show problem behavior that seems more related to current stress than it is, sometimes unconsciously insinuating themselves into difficult situations of which they then complain. Emotional reactions to an injury and subsequent events must be carefully evaluated in these patients. It must be medically probable that such reactions are permanent before a category of impairment can be attributed to the injury; temporary reactions or preexisting psychopathology must be differentiated.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-330, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-340 Categories for evaluation of permanent impairments of mental health. (1) Nervousness,

irritability, worry or lack of motivation following an injury and commensurate with it and/or other situational responses to injury that do not alter significantly the life adjustment of the patient may be present.

- (2) Any and all permanent worsenings of preexisting personality traits or character disorders where aggravation of preexisting personality trait or character disorder is the major diagnosis; mild loss of insight, mildly deficient judgment, or rare difficulty in controlling behavior, anxiety with feelings of tension that occasionally limit activity; lack of energy or mild apathy with malaise; brief phobic reactions under usually avoidable conditions; mildly unusual and overly rigid responses that cause mild disturbance in personal or social adjustment; rare and usually self-limiting psycho-physiological reactions; episodic hysterical or conversion reactions with occasional self-limiting losses of physical functions; a history of misinterpreted conversations or events, which is not a preoccupation; is aware of being absentminded, forgetful, thinking slowly occasionally or recognizes some unusual thoughts; mild behavior deviations not particularly disturbing to others; shows mild over-activity or depression; personal appearance is mildly unkempt. Despite such features, productive activity is possible most of the time. If organicity is present, some difficulty may exist with orientation; language skills, comprehension, memory; judgment; capacity to make decisions; insight; or unusual social behavior; but the patient is able to carry out usual work day activities
- (3) Episodic loss of self-control with risk of causing damage to the community or self; moments of morbid apprehension; periodic depression that disturbs sleep and eating habits or causes loss of interest in usual daily activities but self-care is not a problem; fear motivated behavior causing mild interference with daily life, frequent emotogenic organ dysfunctions requiring treatment; obsessive-compulsive reactions which limit usual activity; periodic losses of physical function from hysterical or conversion reactions; disturbed perception in that patient does not always distinguish daydreams from reality; recognizes his fantasies about power and money are unusual and tends to keep them secret; thought disturbances cause patient to fear the presence of serious mental trouble; deviant social behavior can be controlled on request; exhibits periodic lack of appropriate emotional control; mild disturbance from organic brain disease such that a few work day activities require supervision.
- (4) Very poor judgment, marked apprehension with startle reactions, foreboding leading to indecision, fear of being alone and/or insomnia; some psychomotor retardation or suicidal preoccupation; fear-motivated behavior causing moderate interference with daily life; frequently recurrent and disruptive organ dysfunction with pathology of organ or tissues; obsessive-compulsive reactions causing inability to work with others or adapt; episodic losses of physical function from hysterical or conversion reactions lasting longer than several weeks;

misperceptions including sense of persecution or grandiosity which may cause domineering, irritable or suspicious behavior; thought disturbance causing memory loss that interferes with work or recreation; periods of confusion or vivid daydreams that cause withdrawal or reverie; deviations in social behavior which cause concern to others; lack of emotional control that is a nuisance to family and associates; moderate disturbance from organic brain disease such as to require a moderate amount of supervision and direction of work day activities.

(5) Marked apprehension so as to interfere with memory and concentration and/or to disturb markedly personal relationships; depression causing marked loss of interest in daily activities, loss of weight, unkempt appearance, marked psycho-motor retardation, suicidal preoccupation or attempts, or marked agitation as well as depression; marked phobic reactions with bizarre and disruptive behavior; psychophysiological reactions resulting in lasting organ or tissue damage; obsessive-compulsive reactions that preclude patient's usual activity; frequent or persistent loss of function from conversion or hysterical reactions with regressive tissue or organ change; defects in perception including frank illusions or hallucinations occupying much of the patient's time; behavior deviations so marked as to interfere seriously with the physical or mental well-being or activities of others; lack of emotional control including marked irritability or overactivity.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-340, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-350 Cardiac impairments. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent cardiac impairments:

(a) Classification of impairment using the following categories shall be based upon a carefully obtained history, thorough physical examination and the use of appropriate laboratory aids.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-350, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-360 Categories of permanent cardiac impairments. (1) No objective findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

- (2) Objective findings of mild organic heart disease but no signs of congestive heart failure. No medically appropriate symptoms produced by prolonged exertion or intensive effort or marked emotional stress.
- (3) Objective findings of mild organic heart disease but no signs of congestive heart failure. Medically appropriate symptoms produced by prolonged exertion or intensive effort, or marked emotional stress but not by usual daily activities.
- (4) Objective findings of moderate organic heart disease but no signs of congestive heart failure. Medically appropriate symptoms produced by prolonged exertion or intensive effort or marked emotional stress but not by usual daily activities.
- (5) Objective findings of marked organic heart disease with minimal signs of congestive heart failure with therapy. Medically appropriate symptoms produced by usual daily activities.

(6) Objective findings of marked organic heart disease with mild to moderate signs of congestive heart failure despite therapy. Medically appropriate symptoms produced by usual daily activities.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-360, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-370 Respiratory impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent respiratory impairments:

- (a) All reports of physical examination of persons for respiratory impairment shall include: Date of examination, name, sex, address, birthdate, marital status, and occupation of the person being examined; height, weight, temperature, pulse rate, blood pressure and respiratory rate and physical findings on inspection, palpation, percussion, and auscultation, vital capacity tests including one-second forced expiratory volume, forced vital capacity and maximum voluntary ventilation; all symptoms such as wheeze, cough, orthopnea, chest pain, paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea, expectoration, hemoptysis, as to date of onset, course with descriptions, variation, whether influenced by bodily activity, emotional stress, posture, allergens, immediate environmental factors, medications, frequency and duration, and how they are affected by respiratory infections; the history of the particular exposure, a history of any previous chest x-rays, any allergies, cardiac symptoms or diagnosis, chest surgery or deformities, trauma, or other conditions such as pneumothorax, pulmonary infarct or chemical bronchitis; all pertinent personal history of habits such as smoking, weight gain or loss, fatigability, appetite; use of medications such as steroids, digitalis, antibiotics, bronchodilators, expectorants, etc., and occupational history.
- (b) Categories 2 through 6 in WAC 296-20-380 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.
- (c) Dyspnea is the major complaint of respiratory impairment, and can usually be explained by the presence of abnormal lung ventilation, perfusion, or diffusion, measured either at rest or exercise. Since mechanisms of respiratory tract damage may differ widely, individual lung function tests may not wholly correspond to the following categories of impairment, but the examining physician should be able to categorize the vast majority of persons, using a "best fit" method for the following respiratory impairment Categories I-VI.
- (d) Persisting variable respiratory impairment. Variable respiratory impairment due to allergic or irritative disorders of the respiratory tract, such as bronchial asthma or reactive airway disease, caused or substantially aggravated by factors in the work place, shall be evaluated by detailed narrative report, including rationale for the work relationship, relative importance of nonwork related cofactors, such as preexisting asthma, tobacco usage, or other personal habits, the need for regular medication to substantially improve or control the respiratory condition, and the prognosis. If tests of ventilatory function, done when the person is in clinical remission, are nearly normal (1 second forced expiratory volume 80 percent or greater of predicted), an appropriate provocative bronchial challenge test should be done

to demonstrate the presence of unusual respiratory sensitivity. When the respiratory condition (asthma or reactive airway disease) is thought to be permanent, but the degree of respiratory impairment varies, then the examining physician shall give an estimate of percentage of total bodily impairment, as per Rule 15 or WAC 296-20-220.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-20-370, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 74-32, § 296-20-370, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-380 Categories of permanent respiratory impairments. (1) Tests of ventilatory functions are not less than 85 percent of predicted normal for the person's age, sex and height. Arterial oxygen saturation at rest and after exercise is 93 percent or greater. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) Tests of ventilatory function range from 70 to 85 percent of predicted normal for the person's age, sex and height. Arterial oxygen saturation at rest and after exercise is 93 percent or greater. Dyspnea consistent with ventilatory function and arterial oxygen saturation.
- (3) Tests of ventilatory function range from 60 to 70 percent of predicted normal for the person's age, sex and height and/or arterial oxygen saturation at rest is normal but after exercise is 88 to 93 percent. Dyspnea consistent with ventilatory function and arterial oxygen saturation.
- (4) Tests of ventilatory function range from 50 to 60 percent of predicted normal for the person's age, sex and height. Arterial oxygen saturation at rest and after exercise is 88 to 93 percent. The single breath diffusing capacity (if performed) is greater than 50 percent predicted. Dyspnea consistent with ventilatory function and arterial oxygen saturation.
- (5) Tests of ventilatory function range from 40 to 50 percent of predicted normal for the person's age, sex and height. Arterial oxygen saturation at rest and after exercise is less than 88 percent. The single breath diffusing capacity is greater than 40 percent predicted. Dyspnea consistent with ventilatory function and arterial oxygen saturation.
- (6) Tests of ventilatory function are below 40 percent of predicted normal for the patient's age, sex and height. Arterial oxygen saturation at either rest or exercise is 83 percent or less. The single breath diffusing capacity is 40 percent or less of predicted. Grade III or IV dyspnea is present, measured on a scale of 0 to 4.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), \$ 296-20-380, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83; Order 74-32, \$ 296-20-380, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-390 Air passage impairments. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent air passage impairments:

(a) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-390, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-400 Categories of permanent air passage impairments. (1) No objective findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

(2) Objective findings of one or more of the following air passage defects: Partial obstruction of oropharynx, laryngopharynx, trachea, bronchi, complete obstruction of nasopharynx or of nasal passages bilaterally. No dyspnea caused by the air passage defect even on activity requiring prolonged exertion or intensive effort.

(3) Objective findings of one or more of the following air passage defects: Partial obstruction of oropharynx, laryngopharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, complete obstruction of nasopharynx or of nasal passages bilaterally, dyspnea caused by the air passage defect produced only

by prolonged exertion or intensive effort.

- (4) Objective findings of one or more of the following air passage defects: Partial obstruction of oropharynx, laryngopharynx, trachea, bronchi, complete obstruction of nasopharynx or of nasal passages bilaterally, with permanent tracheostomy or stoma, dyspnea caused by the air passage defect produced only by prolonged exertion or intensive effort.
- (5) Objective findings of one or more of the following air passage defects: Partial obstruction of oropharynx, laryngopharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, with or without permanent tracheostomy or stoma if dyspnea is produced by moderate exertion.
- (6) Objective findings of one or more of the following air passage defects: Partial obstruction of oropharynx, laryngopharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, with or without permanent tracheostomy or stoma if dyspnea is produced by mild exertion.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83–16–066 (Order 83–23),  $\S$  296–20–400, filed 8/2/83; Order 74–32,  $\S$  296–20–400, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-410 Nasal septum impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent air passage impairments due to nasal septum perforation.

- (a) These categories, if appropriate, are to be used in addition to the categories of permanent air passage impairment.
- (b) Categories 1 and 2 include complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-410, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-420 Categories of permanent air passage impairment due to nasal septum perforations. (1) Perforation or perforations posterior to the cartilaginous septum.

(2) Perforation or perforations through or anterior to the cartilaginous septum.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-420, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-430 Loss of taste and smell. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent loss of taste and smell.

(a) If the person being examined can detect any odor or taste, even though it cannot be named, no category shall be assigned.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-430, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-440 Categories of permanent loss of taste and smell. (1) Loss of sense of taste.

(2) Loss of sense of smell.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-440, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-450 Speech impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent speech impairments.

- (a) The physician making an examination for evaluation of permanent speech impairment should have normal hearing and the examination should be conducted in a reasonably quiet office which approximates the noise level conditions of everyday living.
- (b) Selection of the appropriate category of permanent speech impairment shall be based on direct observation of the speech of the person being examined, including, but not limited to: Response to interview, oral reading, and counting aloud. The observation shall be made with the physician about eight feet from the person being examined both when he faces the physician and with his back to the physician.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-450, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-460 Categories of permanent speech impairments. (1) No objective findings of significant speech impairment are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) Can produce speech of sufficient audibility, intelligibility and functional efficiency for most everyday needs, although this may require effort and occasionally exceed capacity; listeners may occasionally ask for repetition and it may be difficult to produce some elements of speech, and there may be slow speaking and hesitation.
- (3) Can produce speech of sufficient audibility, intelligibility and functional efficiency for many everyday needs, is usually heard under average conditions but may have difficulty in automobiles, busses, trains, or enclosed areas; can give name, address, and be understood by a stranger, but may have numerous inaccuracies and have difficulty articulating; speech may be interrupted, hesitant or slow.
- (4) Can produce speech of sufficient audibility, intelligibility and functional efficiency for some everyday needs such as close conversation, conversation with family and friends, but has considerable difficulty in noisy places; voice tires rapidly and tends to become inaudible in a few seconds, strangers may find patient difficult to understand; patient may be asked to repeat often, and often can only sustain consecutive speech for brief periods.
- (5) Can produce speech of sufficient audibility, intelligibility and functional efficiency for few everyday needs; can barely be heard by a close listener or over the telephone; may be able to whisper audibly but has no voice; can produce some speech elements; may have approximation of a few words such as names of family members which are, however, unintelligible out of context; cannot maintain uninterrupted speech flow, speech is labored, and its rate is impractically slow.

(6) Is unable to produce speech of sufficient audibility, intelligibility and functional efficiency for any everyday needs.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-460, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-470 Skin impairments. (1) Rules for evaluation of permanent skin impairments.

- (a) Evaluation of permanent impairment of the skin shall be based upon actual loss of function and cosmetic factors shall not be considered.
- (b) Categories 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-470, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-480 Categories of permanent skin impairments. (1) Objective findings of skin disorder may be present or absent but there is no or minimal limitation in daily activities. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) Objective findings of skin disorder are present and there is discomfort and minimal limitation in the performance of daily activities.
- (3) Objective findings of skin disorder are present and there is limitation in some daily activities, including avoidance of and protective measures against certain chemical or physical agents. Intermittent symptomatic treatment is required.
- (4) Objective findings of skin disorder are present and there is limitation in many daily activities, including avoidance of and protective measures against certain chemical or physical agents. Continuous symptomatic treatment is required.
- (5) Objective findings of skin disorder are present and there is limitation in most daily activities, including avoidance of and protective measures against certain chemical or physical agents. Continuous symptomatic treatment is required.
- (6) Objective findings of skin disorder are present and there is limitation in all daily activities, including avoidance of and protective measures against certain chemical or physical agents. Continuous symptomatic treatment is required.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-480, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-490 Impairment of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas.
- (a) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-490, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-500 Categories of permanent impairments of the upper digestive tract, stomach, esophagus or pancreas. (1) No objective findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) There are objective findings of digestive tract impairment but no anatomic loss or alteration, continuous treatment is not required and weight can be maintained at the medically appropriate level.

- (3) There are objective findings of digestive tract impairment, or there is anatomic loss or alteration Dietary restrictions and drugs control symptoms, signs and/or nutritional state, and weight can be maintained at at least 90 percent of medically appropriate level.
- (4) There are objective findings of digestive tract impairment, or there is anatomic loss or alteration. Dietary restrictions and drugs do not completely control symptoms, signs and/or nutritional state. Weight can be maintained at 80–90 percent of medically appropriate level.
- (5) There are objective findings of digestive tract impairment, or there is anatomic loss or alteration. Dietary restrictions and drugs do not control symptoms, signs and/or nutritional state. Weight cannot be maintained as high as 80 percent of medically appropriate level.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-500, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-510 Lower digestive tract impairments. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent lower digestive tract impairments.
- (a) Categories 2, 3 and 4 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-510, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-520 Categories of permanent lower digestive tract impairments. (1) No objective findings of impairment of lower digestive tract. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.
- (2) The objective findings of lower digestive tract impairment are infrequent and of brief duration, and there is limitation of activities, but special diet or medication is not required, and there are neither systemic manifestations nor impairment of nutrition.
- (3) There are objective findings of lower digestive tract impairment or anatomic loss or alteration and mild gastrointestinal symptoms with occasional disturbance of bowel function, accompanied by moderate pain and minimal restriction of diet; mild symptomatic therapy may be necessary; no impairment of nutrition.
- (4) There are moderate to marked intermittent bowel disturbances with continual or periodic pain; there is restriction of activities and diet during exacerbations, there are constitutional manifestations such as fever, anemia or weight loss. Includes but is not limited to any permanent ileostomy or colostomy.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-520, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

- WAC 296-20-530 Impairment of anal function. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent impairment of anal function.
- (a) Categories 2, 3 and 4 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-530, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-540 Categories of permanent impairments of anal function. (1) No objective findings of impairment of anal function. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

- (2) There are objective findings of mild organic disease, anatomic loss or alteration with loss of anal function and mild incontinence involving gas and/or liquid stool.
- (3) There are objective findings of moderate anal disease, anatomic loss or alteration with loss of anal function and moderate incontinence requiring continual care.
- (4) There are objective findings of marked anal disease, anatomic loss, alteration and/or complete fecal incontinence.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-540, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-550 Liver and biliary tract impairments. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent liver and biliary tract impairments.

(a) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-550, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-560 Categories of permanent liver and biliary tract impairments. (1) There are no objective findings of impairment of the liver or biliary tract. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

(2) There are objective findings on biochemical studies of minimal impairment of liver function with or without symptoms, or there are occasional episodes of loss of function of the biliary tract, but nutrition and strength are good.

(3) There are objective findings on biochemical studies of mild impairment of liver function without symptoms, or there is recurrent biliary tract impairment, but no ascites, jaundice or bleeding esophageal varices and nutrition and strength are good.

(4) There are objective findings on biochemical studies of moderate impairment of liver function with jaundice, ascites, bleeding esophageal varices or gastric varices and nutrition and strength may be affected; or there is irreparable obstruction of the common bile duct with recurrent cholangitis.

(5) There are objective findings on biochemical studies of marked impairment of liver function and nutritional state is poor; or persistent jaundice, bleeding esophageal varices or gastric varices.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-560, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-570 Impairments of the spleen, loss of one kidney, and surgical removal of the bladder with urinary diversion. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent impairments of the spleen, loss of one kidney, and surgical removal of bladder with urinary diversion.

(a) Categories 1, 2 and 3 include complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-570, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-580 Categories of permanent impairment of the spleen, loss of one kidney, and surgical removal of bladder with urinary diversion. (1) Loss of spleen by splenectomy after age eight.

(2) Loss of one kidney by surgery or complete loss of function of one kidney.

(3) Surgical removal of bladder with urinary diversion.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-580, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-590 Impairment of upper urinary tract. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent impairment of upper urinary tract.

(a) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include the presence of complaints of whatever nature.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-590, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-600 Categories of permanent impairments of upper urinary tract. (1) No objective findings of impairment of upper urinary tract. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

(2) Loss of upper urinary function as evidenced by creatinine clearance of 75 to 90 liters/24 hr. (52 to 62.5 ml/min) and PSP excretion of 15 percent to 20 percent in 15 minutes; or if there are intermittent objective findings of upper urinary tract disease or dysfunction not requiring continuous treatment or surveillance.

(3) Loss of upper urinary tract function as evidenced by creatinine clearance of 60 to 75 liters/24 hr. (42 to 52 ml/min) and PSP excretion of 10 percent to 15 percent in 15 minutes; or although function is greater than these levels, there are objective findings of upper urinary tract disease or dysfunction requiring continuous surveillance and frequent symptomatic treatment.

(4) Loss of upper urinary tract function as evidenced by creatinine clearance of 40 to 60 liters/24 hr. (28 to 42 ml/min) and PSP excretion of 5 percent to 10 percent in 15 minutes; or although function is greater than these levels, there are objective findings of mild or moderate upper urinary tract disease or dysfunction which can be only partially controlled.

(5) Loss of upper urinary tract function as evidenced by creatinine clearance below 40 liters/24 hr. (28 ml/min) and PSP excretion below 5 percent in 15 minutes; or although function is greater than these levels there are objective findings of severe upper urinary tract disease or dysfunction which persists despite continuous treatment.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-600, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-610 Additional permanent impairments of upper urinary tract due to surgical diversion. (1) Rule for evaluation of additional permanent impairments of upper urinary tract due to surgical diversion.

(a) These categories include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-610, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-620 Categories of additional permanent impairments of upper urinary tract due to surgical diversion. (1) Uretero-intestinal diversion or cutaneous ureterostomy without intubation.

(2) Nephrostomy or intubated ureterostomy.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-620, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-630 Impairment of bladder function.
(1) Rules for evaluation of permanent impairment of

bladder function.

(a) In making examinations for evaluation of impairments of bladder function, physicians shall use objective techniques including, but not limited to, cystoscopy, cystography, voiding cystourethrography, cystometry, uroflometry, urinalysis and urine culture.

(b) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include the presence of complaints of whatever degree.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-630, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-640 Categories of permanent impairments of bladder function. (1) No objective findings are present. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

- (2) Objective findings of bladder dysfunction, intermittent treatment required, but there is no dysfunction between such intermittent attacks.
- (3) Objective findings of bladder dysfunction, continuous treatment required or there is good bladder reflex activity but no voluntary control.
- (4) Objective findings of bladder dysfunction, there is poor reflex activity with intermittent dribbling and no voluntary control.
- (5) Objective findings of bladder dysfunction, there is no reflex or voluntary control and there is continuous dribbling.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-640, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-650 Anatomical or functional loss of testes. (1) Rule for evaluation of permanent anatomical or functional loss of testes.

(a) Categories 2, 3, 4 and 5 include the presence of whatever complaints.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-650, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-660 Categories of permanent anatomical or functional loss of testes. (1) No objective findings. Subjective complaints may be present or absent.

- (2) Anatomical or functional loss of one testicle.
- (3) Anatomical or functional loss of both testes after the age of 65.
- (4) Anatomical or functional loss of both testes between the ages of 40 and 65.
- (5) Anatomical or functional loss of both testes before the age of 40.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-660, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-670 Disability. (1) The rules for determining disability are as follows:

- (a) The determination of the percentage of disability in terms of total bodily impairment for any category is solely an administrative function and shall be done only in accordance with the tables of disability listed in WAC 296-20-680 and 296-20-690, or as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- (b) When the industrial injury or occupational disease has caused further impairment to a bodily area where permanent bodily impairment existed prior to the industrial injury or occupational disease, the department shall

award the percentage difference between the disability for the category of impairment which preexisted the industrial injury or occupational disease and the disability for the category of permanent impairment existing after the industrial injury or occupational disease.

- (c) Neither the combined values chart provided in the guides to the evaluation of permanent impairment nor any other formula for the combination of the disabilities to different body areas or organ systems used in any other nationally recognized guide for determining bodily impairments shall be applied in computing the amount of disabilities to be awarded under these rules.
- (d) Except as otherwise specifically provided, a percentage of total bodily impairment in one body area or system shall not be added to or combined with a percentage of total bodily impairment from another body area or system; the percentages for each body area or system shall be stated separately.

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-670, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

## WAC 296-20-680 Classification of disabilities in proportion to total bodily impairment.

(1) Permanent Cervical and Cervico-Dorsal Impairments

Category	1	0%			
	2	10%			
	3	20%			
	4	25%			
	5	35%			

(2) Permanent Dorsal Region Impairments

Category	1	0%		
	2	10%		
	3	20%		

(3) Permanent Dorso-Lumbar and Lumbosacral Impairments

Category	1	0%		
category	2	5%		
	3	10%		
	4	15%		
	5	25%		
	6	40%		
	7	60%		
	8	75%		

(4) Permanent Impairments of the Pelvis

Category	1	0%		
	2	2%		
	3	5%		
	4	5%		
	5	5%		
	6	5%		
	7	10%		
	8	10%		
	9	15%		

(5) Permanent Convulsive Neurologic Impairments

			4	
Category	1	0%		
	2	10%		
	3	35%		
	4	60%		

(6) Permanent Mental Health Impairments

Category	1	0%	
	2	10%	
	3	25%	
	4	45%	
	5	70%	

(7) Permanent Cardiac Impairments

Category	1	0%		
	2	10%		
	3	20%		
	4	35%		
	5	50%		
	6	65%		

(8) Permanent Respiratory Impairments

Category	1	0%		
	2	15%		
	3	25%		
	4	40%		
	5	65%		

(9) Permanent Air Passage Impairments

Category	1	0%	
	2	5%	
	3	15%	
	4	25%	
	5	35%	
	6	60%	

(10) Permanent Air Passage Impairments Due to Nasal Septum Perforations

<b>~</b> .		~~
Category	I	0%
	2	2%

(11) Permanent Loss of Taste and Smell

Category	1	3%
	2	3%

(12) Permanent Speech Impairments

Category	1	0%	
	2	5%	
	3	10%	
	4	20%	
	5	30%	
	6	35%	

(13) Permanent Skin Impairments

Category	1	0%	
Category	2	5%	
	3	10%	
	4	25%	
	5	40%	
	6	60%	

(14) Permanent Impairments of Upper Digestive Tract, Stomach, Esophagus or Pancreas

Category	1	0%		
	2	5%		
	3	10%		
	4	35%		
	5	60%		

(15) Permanent Impairments of Lower Digestive Tract

Category	1	0%		
	2	5%		
	3	15%		
	4	30%		

(16) Permanent Impairments of Anal Function

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
Category	1	0%		
	2	5%		
	3	15%		
	4	25%		
	-			

(17) Permanent Impairments of Liver and Biliary Tract

Category	1	0%	
	2	5%	
	3	20%	
	4	40%	
	5	60%	

(18) Permanent Impairments of the Spleen, Loss of One Kidney, and Surgical Removal of Bladder with Urinary Diversion

Category	1	15%	
	2	10%	
	3	20%	

(19) Permanent Impairments of Upper Urinary Tract

Category	1	0%	
	2	10%	
	3	25%	
	4	45%	
	5	65%	

(20) Additional Permanent Impairments of Upper Urinary Tract Due to Surgical Diversion

Category	1	10%	
	2	15%	

(21) Permanent Impairments of Bladder Func-

Category	1	0%	
	2	10%	
	3	20%	
	4	30%	
	5	50%	

(22) Permanent Anatomical or Functional Loss of Testes

Category	1	0%	
.,9	2	5%	
	3	10%	
	4	25%	
	. 5	35%	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-20-680, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-32, § 296-20-680, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

WAC 296-20-690 Permanent impairments of the cervico-dorsal (WAC 296-20-240) and lumbosacral regions (WAC 296-20-280) jointly.

(1) Permanent Cervical and Cervicodorsal Impairment Category 1 Plus Permanent Dorsolumbar and Lumbosacral Impairment

Category	1	0%	
	2	5%	
	3	10%	
	4	15%	
	5	25%	
	6	40%	
	7	60%	
	8	75%	

(2) Cervical-Cervicodorsal Category 2 Plus Dorsolumbar-Lumbosacral

Category	1	10%
	2	15%
	3	20%
	4	25%
	- 5	35%
	6	50%
	7	70%
	8	75%

(3) Cervical-Cervicodorsal Category 3 Plus Dorsolumbar-Lumbosacral

Category	1	20%
	2	25%
	3	30%
	4	35%
	5	45%
	6	55%
	7	70%
	8	75%

(4) Cervical-Cervicodorsal Category 4 Plus Dorsolumbar-Lumbosacral

Category	1	25%	
• •	2	30%	
	3	35%	
	4	40%	
	5	45%	
	6	55%	
	7	70%	
	8	80%	

(5) Cervical-Cervicodorsal Category 5 Plus Dorsolumbar-Lumbosacral

Category	1	35%	
	2	40%	
	3	45%	
	4	50%	
	5	55%	
	6	65%	
	7	70%	
	8	80%	

[Order 74-32, § 296-20-690, filed 6/21/74, effective 10/1/74.]

# Chapter 296–21 WAC MEDICAL FEES

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		examiners.
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## DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

29621020	Home or nursing (convalescent) home visits. [Order 68-7, § 296-21-020, filed 11/27/68, effective
	1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.
29621055	Other services. [Order 70-12, § 296-21-055, filed
	12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-21-
	055, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
	Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.
29621060	Specific diagnostic services. [Order 68-7, § 296-21-
	060, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
	Order 74–7, filed 1/30/74.
296-21-065	Nonsurgical operating room services. [Order 68-7, §
	296-21-065, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.1 Re-

pealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.

WAC 296-21-010 General information and instructions. Rules and billing procedures pertaining to all practitioners rendering services to injured workers are presented in the GENERAL INFORMATION section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some commonalities are repeated here for the convenience of those doctors referring to the medicine section. Definitions and items unique to medicine are also included.

(1) The following procedures are the most frequently recurring and widely variable items of medical care. The time requirements range from the briefest contact to the comprehensive examination of a complex medical problem. The following graduated listing of services is an attempt to reflect the relative values of the time and skills required at the various service levels. The listed values apply only when these services are performed by or under the responsible supervision of a physician. Separate rules and fee structure exist for services provided by other health care practitioners including nurse practitioners and physician's assistants.

(2) SUPPLEMENTAL SKILLS: When warranted, values for the services of two or more physicians will be allowed. Billings for such services must be supported "by report." See WAC 296-20-01002 for by report content information.

(3) CAST ROOM CHARGES: See code 99070 for information.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-010, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-010, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-010, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, § 296-21-010, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-21-010, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

### WAC 296-21-011 Footnotes.

+ BR: By Report; see WAC 296-20-01002 for detailed information.

@ Listed units represent basic anesthesia value only; add value for time. See WAC 296-21-130 for calculating total anesthesia values.

#### MEDICINE MODIFIERS

Listed values for most procedures may be modified under certain circumstances. When applicable, the modifying circumstance should be identified by the addition of the appropriate "modifier code number" (including the hyphen) after the usual procedure number. The value should be listed as a single modified total for the procedure. When multiple modifiers are applicable to a single procedure, see modifier code -99.

Unit Value

- -26 PROFESSIONAL COMPONENT: The listed values of certain procedures (laboratory, x-ray, specific diagnostic and therapeutic services, etc.) are a combination of a physician component and a technical component. When the physician component is billed separately, identify by adding this modifier (-26) to the usual procedure number. Payment is made on the basis of up to and including forty percent of the fee maximum.
- -52REDUCED VALUES: Under certain circumstances, the listed value for a procedure is reduced or eliminated because of ground rules, common practice, or at the physician's election (e.g., the management of a patient in diabetic coma involving detention with patient in critical condition, with spinal tap, gastric lavage, multiple arterial punctures, cutdown, etc.). Under these or similar circumstances, the services provided can be identified by their usual procedure numbers and the use of a reduced value indicated by adding this modifier (-52) to the procedure number. (Use of this modifier provides a means of reporting services at a reduced charge without disturbing usual relative values.)

Unit

Value Value -55**POSTOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT** \_99 MULTIPLE MODIFIERS: Under certain ONLY: When one physician percircumstances multiple modifiers forms the postoperative managemay be applicable. Under such cirment and another physician has cumstances, identify by adding this performed the surgical procedure, modifier (-99) to the usual procethe postoperative component may dure number and briefly indicate be identified by adding the modifier the circumstances. Value in accord-'-55' to the usual procedure ance with appropriate modifiers ..... BR number. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 -56PREOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT ONLY: (Order 86-47), § 296-21-011, filed 1/8/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-011, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-011, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW When one physician performs the preoperative care and evaluation 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), and another physician performs the § 296-21-011, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-011, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, surgical procedure, the preoperative § 296-21-011, filed 1/30/74.] component may be identified by adding the modifier '-56' to the WAC 296-21-013 Special services and billing prousual procedure number. cedures. The following services are generally part of the -75 CONCURRENT CARE, SERVICES RENbasic services listed in the maximum fee schedule but do DERED BY MORE THAN ONE PHYSIinvolve additional expenses to the physician for materi-CIAN: When the patient's condition als, for his time or that of his employees. These services requires the additional services of are generally provided as an adjunct to common medical more than one physician, each physervices and should be used only when circumstances sician may identify his or her serclearly warrant an additional charge over and above the vices by adding the modifier '-75' usual charges for the basic services. to the basic service performed. Unit -76REPEAT PROCEDURE BY SAME PHYSI-Value CIAN: The physician may need to 99000 Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for indicate that a procedure or service transfer from the physician's office to a laborawas repeated subsequent to the tory ..... 6.0 original service. This circumstance 99001 Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for may be reported by adding the transfer from the patient in other than a physician's office to a laboratory (distance may be inmodifier '-76' to the repeated dicated) ..... 8.0 service. 99002 Handling, conveyance, and/or any other service in connection with the implementation of an order -77 REPEAT PROCEDURE BY ANOTHER involving devices (e.g., designing, fitting, packag-PHYSICIAN: The physician may need ing, handling, delivery or mailing) when devices to indicate that a basic procedure such as orthotics, protectives, prosthetics are fabperformed by another physician had ricated by an outside laboratory or shop but which items have been designed, and are to be fitted and to be repeated. This situation may adjusted by the attending physician ...... 12.0 be reported by adding modifier '-77' to the repeated service. (For routine collection of venous blood, use 36415) -90REFERENCE (OUTSIDE) LABORATORY: Telephone call for consultation or medical man-When laboratory procedures are agement; simple or brief, under 15 minutes ...... 5.0 performed by other than the billing physician, the procedure(s) shall be (e.g., to report on tests and/or laboratory results; to clarify or alter previous instructions; to adjust identified by adding this modifier therapy) (-90) to the usual single or panel 99014 intermediate, 15 - 30 minutes ...... 10.0 procedure number and shall be billed as charged to the physician. (e.g., to provide advice to an established patient on a new problem; to initiate therapy that can be handled by telephone; to discuss results of tests in detail) 99015 (e.g., lengthy counseling session with anxious or distraught patient; detailed or prolonged discussion with family member regarding seriously ill patient)

Unit

## **Medical Fees**

	Unit Value		Unit Value
99024	Postoperative follow-up visit, included in global service		Detention, prolonged, with patient requiring physician attendance beyond usual service (e.g., critically ill patient, 30 minutes to one hour)
00035	(See WAC 296–22–010)	99151	more than one hour
99025	Initial (new patient) visit when asterisk (*) surgi- cal procedure constitutes major service at that		CAL CARE  al care includes the care of critically ill patients in
99030 99040 99044 99050 99052	visit	a vari stant bleedi tions, not al	ety of medical emergencies that requires the con- attention of the physician (cardiac arrest, shock, ing, respiratory failure, postoperative complica- critically ill neonate). Critical care is usually, but ways, given in a critical care area, such as the cor-
	a.m. in addition to basic services provided the of- fice is closed during this period of time	unit,	care unit, intensive care unit, respiratory care or the emergency care facility. The descriptors for all care are intended to include cardiopulmonary re-
99054 99056	Services requested on Sundays and holidays in addition to basic services	suscit	ation and a variety of services attendant to this dure as well as other acute emergency situations.
99058	tion other than physician's office which are normally provided in the office	this p	ate procedure codes for services performed during eriod, such as placement of catheters, cardiac out-
	(For hospital-based emergency care facility services, see 90500 et seq.)	gastro	neasurement, management of dialysis, control of pintestinal hemorrhage, electrical conversion of ar- mia, etc., are included when this descriptor is used
99062	Emergency care facility services: When the non- hospital-based physician is in the hospital but is involved in patient care elsewhere and is called to the emergency facility to provide emergency ser-	on a p	per hour basis. (The physician may list his services ately if he desires.)
	vices	00164	Value
99064 99065	vices, see 90500 et seq.)  Emergency care facility services: When the non-hospital-based physician is called to the emergency facility from outside the hospital to provide emergency services; not during regular office hours	99154 99160 99162	Daily hospital management of epidural or subarachnoid drug administration
99070	Supplies and materials (except spectacles) provided by the physician over and above those usually included with the office visit or other services rendered (list drugs, trays, supplies or materials cast room and/or casting supplies provided). Bill at cost		(For monitoring cardiac output, see 78470, 93561, 93562) (For monitoring intra-aortic balloon counter pulsation, see 33972) (For subsequent visits, see appropriate critical
99075	(For spectacles, see 92390-92395)  Medical testimony approved in advance by office		care visit, 99171–99174 or hospital visits, 90200– 90280)
99076 99080	of attorney general. First hour	99170 99171	Gastric intubation, and aspiration or lavage for treatment (e.g., for ingested poisons)
	veyed in the usual medical communications or standard reporting form at department request	99172	limited examination, evaluation and/or treat- ment, same or new illness
	(see WAC 296-20-06101 for reporting requirements)	99173	intermediate examination, evaluation and/or treatment, same or new illness
99082	Unusual travel (e.g., transportation and escort of patient) per mile	99174	extended reexamination, reevaluation and/or treatment, same or new illness
99083	Copies of medical records requested by the de- partment or self-insurance or their	отне	R SERVICES
99084 99085	representative(s), not required to support billing for services rendered, per page	99175	emesis and continued observation until stomach adequately emptied of poison
	phone to hospital emergency room or nurse prac- titioner clinic—to be paid only to initial attending physician upon completion of report of accident		(For diagnostic intubation, see 82926-82932, 89130-89141)
99095	form		(For gastric lavage for diagnostic purposes, see 91055)
99096	ney general. First hour         200.0           Each additional 30 minutes         67.0	99180 99182	Hyperbaric oxygen pressurization; initial         12.0           Subsequent         3.0
(1989 E	<b>1.)</b>		[Title 296 WAC—p 241]

Unit

	Value
99185	Hypothermia; regional
99186	total body BR
99190	Assembly and operation of pump with oxygenator
	or heat exchanger (with or without ECG and/or
	pressure monitoring); each hour
99191	3/4 hour
99192	1/2 hour 30.0
99195	Phlebotomy, therapeutic (separate procedure) 20.0
99199	Unlisted special service or report BR
	(For physicians assigned to critical care units or other long-term attendance, use special reports)

### DEFINITIONS

Definitions and items of commonality.

Terms and phrases common to the practice of medicine are defined as follows and apply to procedures 90000 through 90696.

- (1) NEW PATIENT: A patient who is new to the physician or a known patient with a new industrial injury or condition, and whose medical and administrative record need to be established.
- (2) ESTABLISHED PATIENT: A patient known to the physician and/or whose records are usually available.
- (3) INITIAL VISIT: Initial care, including physical examination and initiation of diagnostic and treatment program, for a condition regardless of whether the patient is known to the physician.
- (4) FOLLOW-UP VISIT: Subsequent care for a patient and condition known to the physician.
- (5) CONSULTATION: A consultation includes services rendered by a physician whose opinion or advice is requested by a physician or other appropriate source for the further evaluation and/or management of the patient. When the consulting physician assumes responsibility for the continuing care of the patient, any subsequent service rendered by him will cease to be a consultation. The consulting physician cannot assume care without the concurrence of the patient or the referring doctor. See WAC 296-20-051. Five levels of consultation are recognized: Limited, intermediate, extensive, comprehensive, and complex consultation. See WAC 296-21-030 for description.
- (6) REFERRAL: (Transfer) A referral is the transfer of the total or specific care of a patient from one physician to another and does not constitute a consultation. Initial evaluation and subsequent services are designated as listed below in levels of service.
- (7) LEVELS OF SERVICE: Examinations, evaluations, treatment, counseling, conferences with or concerning patients, and services which necessitate wide variations in skill, effort and time required for the diagnosis and treatment of illness and the promotion of optimal health. Six levels are recognized:

MINIMAL: A level of service including injections, dressings, minimal care, etc., not necessarily requiring the presence of the physician.

#### For example:

- (a) Routine immunization for tetanus administered by a nurse.
- (b) Blood pressure determination by a nurse for medication control.
  - (c) Removal of sutures from laceration.

BRIEF: A level of service requiring a brief period of time, with minimal effort by the physician.

#### For example:

- (a) Certification of time loss in a stable or chronic case.
- (b) Reexamination of minor trauma (e.g., contusion or abrasion).
- (c) Examination of conjunctiva by the physician in a patient with subconjunctival hemorrhage, irrigation, medication and removal of foreign body with instrument.
- (d) Review of interval history, physical status, and adjustment of medication in patient with compensated arteriosclerotic heart disease on chronic diuretic therapy.

LIMITED: A level of service requiring limited effort or judgment, such as abbreviated or interval history, limited examination or discussion of findings and/or treatment.

### For example:

- (a) Review and examination of uncomplicated sprains and strains with initiation, continuation and/or change of treatment.
- (b) Examination of an extremity fracture not requiring reduction.
- (c) Postoperative care in instances where the unit value is for surgical procedure only.

INTERMEDIATE: A level of service such as a complete history and physical examination of one or more organ systems, complicated with a new diagnostic or management problem not necessarily relating to the primary diagnosis that necessitates the obtaining and evaluation of pertinent history and physical or mental status findings, diagnostic tests and procedures, and the ordering of appropriate therapeutic management or an in depth counseling or discussion of the findings, but not requiring a comprehensive examination of the patient as a whole.

#### For example:

- (a) Review of interval history; examination of neck veins, lungs, heart, abdomen and extremities, discussion of findings and prescription of treatment in decompensated arteriosclerotic heart disease.
- (b) Review of interval history, examination of musculoskeletal system, discussion of findings, and adjustment of therapeutic program in low back and/or arthritic disorders.
- (c) Review of recent illness: Examination of pharynx, neck, axilla, groin, and abdomen; interpretation of laboratory tests and prescription of treatment in infectious mononucleosis.
- (d) Evaluation of a chest, post trauma, with impaired respiration with development of shock.

EXTENDED: A level of service requiring an unusual amount of effort or judgment with report to include a detailed history, review of medical records, examination, conclusions of x-ray or laboratory studies, diagnosis and recommendations for treatment, and a formal conference with patient or family. This service may, or may not involve a complete examination of the patient as a whole.

### For example:

- (a) Reexamination of neurological findings, detailed review of hospital studies and course, and formal conference with patient and family jointly concerning findings and plans in a diagnostic problem of suspected intracranial disease in a young adult.
- (b) Detailed intensive review of studies and hospital course and thorough reexamination of pertinent physical findings of a patient with a recent coronary infarct with complications requiring constant physician bedside attention.
- (c) Review of results of diagnostic evaluation, performance of a detailed examination and a thorough discussion of physical findings, laboratory studies, x-ray examinations, diagnostic conclusions and recommendations for treatment of complicated chronic pulmonary disease.
- (d) Detailed review of studies and hospital course and thorough reexamination of pertinent physical findings of a patient with a recent coronary infarct and formal conference with patient or family to review findings and prognosis.
- (e) Reevaluation of a psychotic delusional patient who develops severe and acute abdominal pain involving a mental status reassessment but not a psychiatric diagnostic interview, and a conference with the consulting surgeon and nursing personnel.
- (f) Detailed intensive review of studies and hospital course and thorough reexamination of pertinent findings of a patient with a recently diagnosed uterine adenocarcinoma who also has a pulmonary coin lesion under consideration for thoracotomy; this service involves several abbreviated conferences with consultants, and family or patient.

COMPREHENSIVE: A level of service providing an in depth evaluation of the patient with a new or existing problem requiring the development or complete reevaluation of medical data. This procedure includes the recording of a chief complaint(s), and present illness, family history, past medical history, personal history, system review, a complete physical examination, and the ordering of appropriate diagnostic tests and procedures.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-013, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-21-013, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-21-013, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-013, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-013, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-013, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-013, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-39, § 296-21-013, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-21-013, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-21-014 Unlisted service or procedure. A service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in WAC 296-21-01401 below. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for MEDICINE are as follows:

- 90699 Unlisted medical service, general
- 90749 Unlisted immunization procedure
- 90799 Unlisted therapeutic injection
- 90899 Unlisted psychiatric service or procedure
- 90999 Unlisted dialysis procedure
- 91299 Unlisted diagnostic gastroenterology procedure
- 92499 Unlisted ophthalmological service
- 92599 Unlisted otorhinolaryngological service or procedure
- 93799 Unlisted cardiovascular service or procedure
- 94799 Unlisted pulmonary service or procedure
- 95199 Unlisted allergy/clinical immunological service or procedure
- 95999 Unlisted neurological or neuromuscular procedure
- 96549 Unlisted chemotherapy procedure
- 96999 Unlisted special dermatological service or procedure
- 97799 Unlisted physical medicine service or procedure

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-014, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-014, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-21-014, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-21-01401 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable, or new may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure; and the time, effort, and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be included are: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, concurrent problems, and follow-up care.

[Order 76-34, § 296-21-01401, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

#### WAC 296-21-015 Office visits.

Unit Value

## INITIAL VISIT

90000	BRIEF evaluation, history, examination and/or
	treatment and submission of a report 20.0
90001	Completion of report of accident
90010	Initial LIMITED history and physical examina-
	tion, including initiation of diagnostic and treat-
	ment program and submission of a report.
	(Routine visit involving a single region or organ
	system)

		Unit Value		Unit Value
90015	Extended-initial office visit including history and physical exam, and initiation of treatment pro-	. 50.0	90220	Initial hospital care, COMPREHENSIVE history and physical examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program and preparation of hospital records. (A complex case requiring an unusual amount of time, skill or judgment and evaluation of the patient as a whole accompanied by a detailed report in addition to the report of accident)
	gram with submission of a report in addition to the report of accident	. 60.0	FOLL	OW-UP VISITS
90020	Initial COMPREHENSIVE history and physical examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program with submission of a report in addition to the report of accident. (A complex case requiring an unusual amount of time, skill or judgment and an evaluation of the patient as a whole and accompanied with a detailed report)	. 70.0	90250	BRIEF examination, evaluation and/or treatment, same illness. (Follow-up hospital care)
FOLLO	OW-UP VISITS			complicated case involving one or more regions or
90030 90040	MINIMAL service (e.g., Injection, immunization, minimal dressing) (Independent procedure)		90270	quiring an unusual amount of time, skill or judg- ment, but not necessitating a complete
90050	LIMITED examination, evaluation and/or treat- ment with office notes.			examination or reevaluation of the patient as a whole accompanied by a report
90060	INTERMEDIATE examination, evaluation	. 10.0	90280	ment. Report required
00070		. 20.0		Hospital discharge day management accompanied by a report
90070	EXTENDED reexamination or reevaluation requiring an unusual amount of time, skill or judgment, but not necessitating a complete examination or reexamination of the patient as a whole accompanied by a detailed report	20.0	(Order RCW : 81-28)	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 87-18), § 296-21-025, filed 7/23/87. Statutory Authority: 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order, § 296-21-025, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100
90080	whole accompanied by a detailed report		76–34, § 296–	80-29), § 296-21-025, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order § 296-21-025, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-39, 21-025, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-
90097	as a whole accompanied by a detailed report	. 50.0		, filed 1/30/74; Order 70–12, § 296–21–025, filed 12/1/70, ef-1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–21–025, filed 11/27/68, effective .]
	opening examination will be allowed in addition to this fee	. 12.0	cent h	AC 296-21-026 Extended care facility, convales- nospital, and nursing home. Convalescent, rehabili-
	special narrative reports, at department			or long—term care services.  nvalescent, rehabilitative or long—term care in-
	f-insurer request, see code 99080.)			active, definitive, professional care of a patient.
(Order RCW 81-28)	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-1 87-18), § 296-21-015, filed 7/23/87. Statutory Aut 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (1.50), § 296-21-015, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-0 80-29), § 296-21-015, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81;	hority: (Order 11–100	NEW /	Unit Value OR ESTABLISHED PATIENT
76-34,	§ 296-21-015, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order	74–39,		Initial care, BRIEF or LIMITED history and
Ž1-015	21-015, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, §, filed 1/30/74; Order 71-6, § 296-21-015, filed 6/1/7-7, § 296-21-015, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]		70300	physical examination, including initiation of diag- nostic and treatment program and preparation of records. (Routine visit involving a single region or
WA	AC 296-21-025 Hospital visits.	Unit Value	90315	organ system)
NEW (	OR ESTABLISHED PATIENTS			cords. (Serious or complicated case involving one or more regions and/or organ systems) 50.0
90200	Initial hospital care, BRIEF or LIMITED history and physical examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program, preparation of hospital records. (Routine visit involving a single region or organ system)	. 30.0	90320	Initial care, COMPREHENSIVE history and physical examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program and preparation of records. (A complex case involving an unusual amount of time, skill or judgment and an evaluation of the patient as a whole accompanied by a
	and physical examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program and prepara-		90340	detailed report)
	tion of hospital records. (Serious or complicated case involving one or more regions and/or organ systems and indicated in a report)	. 50.0		same illness
[Title 2	96 WACp 244]			(1989 Ed.)

	Uni Value		Unit Value
90360	INTERMEDIATE examination, evaluation and/or treatment. (Serious or complicated case involving one or more regions and/or organ systems)	90560	INTERMEDIATE examination, evaluation and/or treatment accompanied by a detailed report. (Case involving one or more regions and/or organ systems) (Not payable when other fees are
90370	tems)	90570	payable except as indicated by modifiers) 20.0
(Order 026, fil	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 87-18), § 296-21-026, filed 7/23/87; Order 76-34, § 296-21- ed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-39, § 296-21-026 1/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-21-026, filed	90580	detailed report. (Not payable when other fees are applicable except as indicated by modifiers)
1/30//	<b></b>	90590	detailed report
follow emerg	AC 296-21-027 Emergency room service. The ing values apply for services performed in the ency room when the physician is assigned to	· •	(EMS) emergency care, advanced life support, while located in a hospital emergency or critical care unit and is in two-way voice communication with rescue personnel outside the hospital
	ency room duty or is present in the emergency	LOtate	tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004
	because of other activity there, or if the physiciar to use the emergency room as a substitute for his		r 87-18), § 296-21-027, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86- § 296-21-027, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Au-
office.		thority (Orde	y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 r 81-28), § 296-21-027, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-
	Uni Value	Ò1–10 3/1/8	0 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-027, filed 12/23/80, effective 1; Order 76-34, § 296-21-027, filed 11/24/76, effective
INITIA	AL VISIT		7; Order 74-39, § 296-21-027, filed 11/22/74, effective 5; Order 74-7, § 296-21-027, filed 1/30/74.]
90500	MINIMAL service (i.e. injection, etc.) 10.0		15 20 4 22 5 5
90505	BRIEF evaluation, history, examination and/or treatment. (Not payable when other fees are pay-		AC 296-21-030 Consultations. A CONSULTATION nsidered here to include those services rendered by a
90510	able except as indicated by modifiers)	physi other treat physi	ician whose OPINION OR ADVICE is requested by an- r physician or agency in the evaluation and/or ment of a patient's illness. When the consultant ician thereupon assumes the CONTINUING CARE of
90515	other fees are payable except as indicated by modifiers)	will i of co exter	patient, any subsequent service(s) rendered by him no longer be considered as a consultation. Five levels onsultation are recognized: Limited, intermediate, asive, comprehensive, and complex consultation.
	or more regions and/or organ systems) (Not payable when other fees are payable except as indi-	•	example) In a LIMITED consultation (90600) the physician
90517	cated by modifiers)	confi	nes his service to the examination or evaluation of a
	nation, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program and submission of a detailed		e organ system for a limited condition. This proce- includes documentation of the complaint(s), present
90520	report in addition to the report of accident	illnes	ss, pertinent examination, review of medical data establishment of a plan of management relating to
	examination, including initiation of diagnostic and treatment program and submission of a report in		specific problem. For example, the dermatologist's on about a skin lesion.
	addition to the report of accident. A complex case requiring an unusual amount of time, skill or	_	An Intermediate consultation (90605) involves
	judgment and an evaluation of the patient as a	exan	nination or evaluation of an organ system, a partial
	whole and accompanied with a report 70.0	ICVIC	w of the general history, recommendations for es-
FOLL	OW-UP VISIT		shment of a plan of management relating to the fic problem and preparation of a report. An exam-
90530	MINIMAL service (e.g., injection, minimal dressing, suture removal, minor laceration) (Not payable when other fees are applicable except as	ple v gery	yould be the evaluation of abdomen for possible surthat does not proceed to surgery, the neurologist's
90540	indicated by modifiers)	ion a	on about a disc problem and the orthopedist's opin- bout a knee or low back problem.
	cept as indicated by modifiers) 12.0		An EXTENDED/EXTENSIVE consultation (90610) in- es the evaluation of problems that do not require a
90550	LIMITED examination, evaluation and/or treat- ment. (Routine follow up care) (Not payable when other fees are applicable except as indicated	comp proce	orehensive evaluation of the patient as a whole. This edure includes the documentation of a history of the
	by modifiers)	chief	complaint(s), past medical history and pertinent

physical examination, review and evaluation of the past medical data, recommendations for establishment of a plan of investigative and/or therapeutic management, and the preparation of an appropriate report. For example: The examination of the cardiac patient who needs assessment before undergoing a surgical operation, consultations involving cardio-pulmonary problems and neurologic and orthopedic examinations of patient whose complaints seem disproportionate to his objective findings requiring detailed psychosocial evaluation.

- (d) A COMPREHENSIVE consultation (90620) involves an in depth evaluation of a patient with a problem requiring the development and documentation of medical data (the chief complaints, present illness, family history, past medical history, personal history, system review and physical examination, review of all diagnostic tests and procedures that have previously been done), recommendations for the establishment or verification of a plan for further investigative and/or therapeutic management and the preparation of a report. For example: The young person with fever, arthritis and anemia and examination of patient for diagnosis and in depth evaluation of all organ systems for preexisting and/or unrelated nonindustrial conditions; or a comprehensive psychiatric consultation that may include a detailed present illness history, and past history, a mental status examination, exchange of information with primary physician or nursing personnel or family members and other informants, and preparation of a report with recommendations.
- (e) The COMPLEX consultation (90630) is an uncommonly performed service that involves an in depth evaluation of a critical problem that requires unusual knowledge, skill and judgment on the part of the consulting physician, and the preparation of an appropriate report with recommendations. An example would be acute myocardial infarction with major complications. Another example would be a young psychotic adult unresponsive to extensive treatment efforts under consideration for residential care, or the paraplegic patient with iatrogenic drug addiction or dependency (condition resulting from treatment).

A REFERRAL is considered here to be the transfer of the total or specific care of a patient from one physician to another. THIS IS NOT A CONSULTATION. Values for the initial visit and the subsequent services for referrals are listed under the appropriate headings in other portions of this schedule.

The values do not necessarily include consultations involving litigation.

		Unit /alue
90600	Consultation requiring LIMITED examination and/or evaluation of a given system or region but not requiring a comprehensive history and examination. Report required.	30.0
90605	Intermediate consultation – Consultation requiring intermediate history and physical exam of one or more regions and/or organ system, but not requiring comprehensive history and examination.  Requires report	40.0

	Unit Value
90610	Consultation requiring more EXTENSIVE examination and/or evaluation of one or more regions or organ systems but not requiring comprehensive history and examination. Report required
90620	Consultation requiring COMPREHENSIVE history, examination and/or evaluation of one or more regions and/or organ systems with report
90630	Consultation of unusual complexity (in excess of scope of services identified by 90600, 90610 and 90620.) Necessitating exceptionally detailed history and examination with extensive review of
	prior medical records, completion and assessment
	of data and the preparation of a special report 120.0

90640	Follow-up consultation; brief	16.0
90641	limited	20.0
90642	intermediate	30.0
90643	complex	40.0

## CONCURRING (CONFIRMATORY OR ADDITIONAL OPINION) CONSULTATION

This section should be used when the consulting physician is aware of the confirmatory nature of the opinion that is sought, e.g., when a second/third opinion on the necessity or appropriateness of a (previously) recommended medical treatment or surgical procedure is requested.

90650	Confirmatory consultation; limited 30.0
	intermediate
90652	extensive 50.0
90653	comprehensive
90654	complex

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), \$ 296–21–030, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), \$ 296–21–030, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), \$ 296–21–030, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), \$ 296–21–030, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–21–030, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, \$ 296–21–030, filed 1/30/74; Order 70–12, \$ 296–21–030, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, \$ 296–21–030, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

## WAC 296-21-035 Independent medical examinations. (1) Purpose:

Independent medical examinations may be requested by the department, the self-insurer, or the attending physician; this is usually for one of the following purposes:

- (a) To establish a diagnosis. Prior diagnoses may be controversial or ill-defined;
- (b) To outline a program of rational treatment, where treatment or progress is controversial;
- (c) To establish medical data from which it may be determined whether the medical condition is industrially acquired, or unrelated to industrial work activities;
- (d) To determine the extent and duration of aggravation of a preexisting medical condition by an industrial injury or exposure;
- (e) To establish when the accepted medical condition has reached maximum benefit from treatment;
- (f) To establish a percentage rating of any permanent disability, based on the loss of body function or the category rating when maximum recovery is reached; or

- (g) To determine the medical indications for reopening of a claim for further treatment on the basis of aggravation of an accepted condition, based on objective findings.
- (2) Workers who are scheduled for independent medical examinations are allowed to bring with them an accompanying person to be present during the physical examination. The accompanying person cannot be compensated in any manner, except that language interpreters may be necessary for the communication process and may be reimbursed for interpretative services.

The department may designate those conditions under which the accompanying person is allowed to be present during the independent medical examination process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–08–001 (Order 89–01), § 296–21–035, filed 3/23/89, effective 9/1/89; 88–14–012 (Order 88–09), § 296–21–035, filed 6/24/88; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–21–035, filed 7/23/87; Order 74–7, § 296–21–035, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–21–035, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-037 Examination reports. (1) It is the department's intention to purchase objective examinations to ensure that sure and certain determinations are made of all benefits to which the injured worker might be entitled.

The report of an independent medical examination must include the following items:

- (a) A detailed chronology of the injury or condition including mechanism of injury, diagnostic studies, and treatments attempted. The chronology must mention the results of treatments and diagnostic studies;
- (b) An opinion as to whether treatment actual or proposed is or will be curative or palliative in nature;
- (c) An assessment of whether the condition is industrially caused, on a more probable than not basis;
- (d) Specific diagnoses sorted into the following categories:
  - (i) The accepted condition;
- (ii) Preexisting conditions, and a statement as to whether they are worsening on their own or are aggravated by the accepted industrially acquired condition; and
  - (iii) Conditions acquired after the industrial injury.
- (e) Answers to written questions posed by adjudicators, or a description of what would be needed to address the questions; and
- (f) Conclusions and a summary statement of the objective medical findings upon which the conclusions are based.
- (2) Disability ratings are to be done as specified in WAC 296-20-210.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-001 (Order 89-01), § 296-21-037, filed 3/23/89, effective 9/1/89.]

WAC 296-21-040 Independent medical examinations single examiner. Independent medical examinations must be performed by examiners approved by the department except:

(1) Attending physicians may perform an independent medical examination for an injured worker under their care at the direction of the state fund or self-insurer.

(2) The independent medical examination may be performed by a board certified specialist selected by the department or the self-insurer if the injured worker does not live in Washington, Oregon, or Idaho.

All other examiners who wish to do independent medical examinations for injured workers, whether purchased by the department or by self-insurers, must be listed on an approved list maintained by the medical director of the department.

Examiners must meet standards set by the medical director to be placed on the approved list, and must continue to meet performance standards to remain on the approved list.

Examiners who are suspended from or removed from the approved list for failure to meet the standards will not receive injured worker referrals from the state fund or self-insurers.

Examiners must submit an application to the medical director identifying their areas of expertise.

Examiners must be willing to testify or be deposed at the department fee schedule, rate on behalf of the worker, the employer, or the department.

The standards for remaining on the approved list of examiners will take into account repeated complaints about the conduct of the examination.

Complaints from injured workers about the conduct of an independent medical examination must be promptly forwarded from self-insurer and department staff to the office of the medical director of labor and industries.

The standards for independent medical examiners and the application for approved examiner status are available from the Office of the Medical Director, Department of Labor and Industries, Olympia, WA 98504.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-001 (Order 89-01), § 296-21-040, filed 3/23/89, effective 9/1/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-21-040, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-040, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; Order 75-39, § 296-21-040, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-21-040, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-21-040, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-045 Independent medical examinations two or more examiners. Providers who wish to offer independent medical examinations by two or more examiners must apply for a panel provider number and meet standards set by the medical director of the department. Examiners working through panels must be on the approved list. Existing panel providers must reapply by July 1989.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-001 (Order 89-01), § 296-21-045, filed 3/23/89, effective 9/1/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-21-045, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-045, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; Order 76-34, § 296-21-045, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-21-045, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-21-045, filed 1/30/74; Order 71-6, § 296-21-045, filed 6/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-21-045, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

## WAC 296-21-046 Immunization injections.

(For allergy testing, see 95000 et seq.)

(For skin testing of bacterial, viral, fungal extracts, see 86455-86585)

(For therapeutic injections, see 90782-90799)

Immunizations are usually given in conjunction with a medical service. When an immunization is the only service performed, a minimal service may be listed in addition to the injection. Immunization procedures include the supply of materials. Immunizations, except for 90703, require prior authorization.

		nit
	Val	ue
90701	Immunization, active; diptheria and tetanus	
	toxoids and pertussis vaccine (DTP)	3.0
90702	diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT)	
90703	tetanus toxoid	
90704	mumps virus vaccine, live	3R
90705	measles virus vaccine, live, attenuated E	
90706	rubella virus vaccine, live	3R
90707	measles, mumps and rubella virus vaccine, live E	3R
90708	measles and rubella virus vaccine, live	3.0
90709	rubella and mumps virus vaccine, live E	3R
90712	polio virus vaccine, live, oral (any type(s)) E	3R
90713	poliomyelitis vaccine	
90714	typhoid vaccine	3R
90717	yellow fever vaccine E	3R
90718	tetanus and diptheria toxoids absorbed, for	
	adult use (Td)	
90719	diptheria toxoid E	
90724	influenza virus vaccine	5.0
90725	cholera vaccine E	3R
90726	rabies vaccine	
90727	plague vaccine E	
90728	BCG vaccine E	
90731	hepatitis B vaccine E	
90732	pneumococcal vaccine, polyvalent E	3R
90733	meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine (any	
	group(s))	
90737	Hemophilus influenza B 6	5.0
90741	Immunization, passive; immune serum globulin,	
	human (ISG) E	JR.
90742	specific hyperimmune serum globulin (e.g.,	
	hepatitis B, measles, pertussis, rabies, Rho(D),	
	tetanus, vaccinia, varicella-zoster) B	
90749	Unlisted immunization procedure B	IR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-046, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-21-046, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-046, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-046, filed 8/2/83.]

## WAC 296-21-047 Therapeutic injections.

(For cost of drugs supplied by physician, see 99070)

(For injections performed as an independent procedure, see 90030)

(For allergy testing, see WAC 296-21-075)

(For skin testing, see 86450-86585)

Unit

	Value
90783 90784	intra-arterial
	(90782-90784 do not include injections for allergen immunotherapy. For allergen immunotherapy injections, see 95115-95117)
90788	Intramuscular injection of antibiotic (specify) 6.0
90798	Intravenous therapy for severe or intractable allergic disease in physician's office or institution
	with theophyllines, corticosteroids, antihistamines 11.0
90799	Unlisted therapeutic injection BR
	(For allergy immunizations, see 9500 et seq.)

Unit

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-047, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-047, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-047, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-047, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-047, filed 1/30/74.]

#### WAC 296-21-050 Psychiatric services.

#### NOTES

Hospital care by the attending physician in treating a psychiatric inpatient may be initial or subsequent in nature (see 90200-90280) and may include exchanges with nursing and ancillary personnel. Hospital care services involve a variety of responsibilities unique to the medical management of inpatients, such as physician hospital orders, interpretation of laboratory or other medical diagnostic studies and observations, review of activity therapy reports, supervision of nursing and ancillary personnel, and the programming of all hospital resources for diagnosis and treatment.

When services include not only a visit to the patient, but also activity in leadership or direction of a treatment team as related to that patient, a code may be selected based upon the services provided that day.

Some patients receive hospital care services only and others receive hospital care services and other procedures. If other procedures such as electroconvulsive therapy or medical psychotherapy are rendered in addition to hospital care services, these should be listed separately (i.e., hospital care service plus electroconvulsive therapy or plus medical psychotherapy if rendered).

Psychiatric care may be reported without time dimensions according to the procedure or service as are other medical or surgical procedures. In reporting medical psychotherapy procedures, time is only one aspect and may be expressed as is customary in the local area. For example, the usual appointment length of an individual medical psychotherapy procedure may be signified by the procedure code alone. The modifier '-52' may be used to signify a service that is reduced or less extensive than the usual procedure. The modifier '-22' may be used to indicate a more extensive service. Thus medical psychotherapy procedures may be reported by the procedure code alone or by the procedure code with a modifier. If appropriate and customary in the local area, codes 90841, 90843 or 90844 may be used.

Unit Basic Value Anes@

. 70.0

Other medical services, such as 90050—Limited office medical service or other patient encounters, may be described as listed in the section on medicine if appropriate).

#### CONSULTATION

Consultation for psychiatric evaluation of a patient. Includes examination of patient and exchange of information with primary physician and other informants such as nurses or family members, and preparation of report. These consultation services (90600–90643) are limited to initial or follow—up evaluation and do not involve psychiatric treatment. For treatment, see 90200 et seq. or 90841 et seq.

## GENERAL CLINICAL PSYCHIATRIC DIAGNOSTIC OR EVALUATIVE INTERVIEW PROCEDURES

90801	Psychiatric diagnostic interview examination including history, mental status, or disposi-
	tion (may include communication with fam-
	ily or other sources, ordering and medical
	interpretation of laboratory or other medical
	diagnostic studies; in certain circumstances
	other informants will be seen in lieu of the
	patient). Report required

90825 Psychiatric evaluation of hospital records,

#### SPECIAL CLINICAL PSYCHIATRIC DIAGNOSTIC OR EVAL-UATIVE PROCEDURE

	and/or projective tests, and other accumu- lated data for medical diagnostic purposes (without other informants or patient inter-
	view) 30.0
90830	Psychological testing by physician, with writ-
	ten report, per hour BR
90831	Telephone consultation with or about patient for psychiatric therapeutic or diagnostic pur-
	poses
90835	Narcosynthesis for psychiatric diagnostic and therapeutic purposes, e.g., sodium amobarbi-
	tal (Amytal) interview 50.0
90840	Psychologic testing, psychometric and/or projective tests, with written report, given by
	or under supervision of physician, per hour 45.0

	projective tests, with written report, given by or under supervision of physician, per hour 45.0
	HIATRIC THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES CAL PSYCHOTHERAPY
90841	Individual medical psychotherapy with continuing medical diagnostic evaluation, and drug management when indicated, including psychoanalysis, insight oriented, behavior modifying or supportive psychotherapy; each 15 minutes with report
90843	approximately 20 TO 30 minutes with report
90844	approximately 45 OR 50 minutes with report
90847	Family medical psychotherapy (conjoint psychotherapy)
90849	Multiple-family group medical psychotherapy Report required
90850	Inpatient care including psychotherapy and supervision of milieu team (e.g., occupational therapy, psychiatric nursing, etc.) or confer-
	ence with family, 50 minutes, with report 70.0
90851	25 minutes, with report 45.0
90852	15 minutes, with report

Unit Basic Value Anes@

90853	Group medical psychotherapy (other than of a multiple-family group) Report required 50.0	
PSYCI	HIATRIC SOMATOTHERAPY	
90862	Chemotherapy management, including prescription, use, and review of medication with no more than minimal medical psychotherapy, per hour	
90870	Electroconvulsive therapy (includes necessary	
00071	monitoring); single seizure 50.0	
90871	Multiple seizures, per day 75.0	
OTHE	R PSYCHIATRIC THERAPY	
90880 90882	Medical hypnotherapy	
90887	Interpretation or explanation of results of psychiatric, other medical examinations and procedures, or other accumulated data to family or other responsible persons, or advis-	
90889	ing them how to assist patient	
(For	psychiatric consultation see 90600-90630)	
90898	If a claimant fails to appear for the initial psychiatric treatment interview and the psychiatrist, through investigation, including contact with the patient, files a useful report including recommendations, he is entitled to a full hour's fee	

#### OTHER PROCEDURES

90899 Unlisted psychiatric service or procedure ..... BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-050, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-050, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-050, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-050, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-050, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-21-050, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-0501 Biofeedback rules. Procedures listed under WAC 296-20-0502 are for use by M.D.'s, D.O.'s, and certified psychologists. Procedures listed under WAC 296-23-910 are for use by certified registered nurses. RPT's and LPT's must use rules and procedures listed under WAC 296-23-710 through 296-23-725.

Administration of biofeedback treatment is limited to those practitioners who are certified by the Biofeedback Certification Institute of America or who meet the minimum education, experience, and training qualifications to be so certified. Those practitioners wishing to administer biofeedback treatment to injured workers, must submit a copy of their biofeedback certification or supply evidence of their qualifications to the department of self-insurer as the case may be.

(1) The department will authorize biofeedback treatment for the following conditions when accepted under the industrial insurance claim:

290-21-0501 True 290 WAC: Labor at	id thoustries, Department of
(a) Idiopathic Raynaud's disease	Unit
(b) Temporomandibular joint dysfunction	Value
(c) Myofascial pain dysfunction syndrome (MPD)	90906 regulation of skin temperature or periph-
(d) Tension headaches	eral blood flow including office visit (one
(e) Migraine headaches	hour) 50.0
(f) Tinnitus	90907 regulation of skin temperature or peripheral blood flow (one-half hour)
(g) Torticollis	90908 by electroencephalogram application in-
(h) Neuromuscular reeducation as result of neurologi-	cluding office visit (one hour)
cal damage in CVA or spinal cord injury	90909 by electroencephalogram application (one-
(i) Inflammatory and/or musculoskeletal disorders	half hour)
causally related to the accepted condition.	office visit (one hour)
(2) Twelve biofeedback treatments in a ninety day	90911 by electro-oculogram application (one-
period will be authorized for the above conditions when	half hour)
the following is presented:	hour)
(a) An evaluation report documenting:	90913 Follow-up evaluation includes report (one-
(i) The basis for the claimant's condition;	half hour) 30.0
(ii) the condition's relationship to the industrial	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074
injury;	(Order 86-36), § 296-21-0502, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86-
(iii) an evaluation of the claimant's current functional	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-0502, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and
measurable modalities (i.e., range of motion, up time,	51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–21–0502, filed
walking tolerance, medication intake, etc.);	12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]
(iv) an outline of the proposed treatment program;	
(v) an outline of the expected restoration goals.	WAC 296-21-057 Monitoring services. The follow-
(b) No further biofeedback treatments will be author-	ing values are for physician's services only and do not
ized or paid for without substantiation of evidence of	include charges for use of equipment or supplies.
improvement in measurable, functional modalities (i.e.,	Unit
range of motion, up time, walking tolerance, medication intake, etc.). Only one additional treatment block of	Value
twelve treatments per ninety days will be authorized.	Dialysis
Requests for biofeedback treatment beyond twenty-four	HEMODIALYSIS
treatments or one hundred eighty days will be granted	HEMODIAL 1313
only after file review by and on the advice of the de-	(For cannula declotting, see 36860, 36861)
partment's medical consultant.	90935 Hemodialysis procedure with single physician
(c) In addition to treatment, pretreatment and peri-	evaluation BR
odic evaluation will be authorized. Follow-up evaluation	90937 Hemodialysis procedure requiring repeated evaluation(s) with or without substantial re-
can be authorized at one, three, six, and twelve months	vision of dialysis prescription BR
posttreatment.	
(d) At the department's option, a concurring opinion	PERITONEAL DIALYSIS
may be required regarding relationship of the condition	(For insertion of cannula or catheter, see
to the industrial injury and/or need for biofeedback	49420, 49421)
treatment.	(For dention visits, see 99150, 99151)
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074	90945 Dialysis procedure other than hemodialysis
(Order 86–36), § 296–21–0501, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86.	(e.g., peritoneal hemofiltration) with single
Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-0501, filed 11/30/81, effective	physician evaluation BR
1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-0501, filed 12/23/80,	90947 Dialysis procedure other than hemodialysis (e.g., peritoneal hemofiltration) requiring re-
effective 3/1/81.]	peated evaluations, with or without substan-
	tial revision of dialysis prescription BR
WAC 296-21-0502 Biofeedback.	MISCELLANEOUS DIALYSIS
Unit	PROCEDURES
Value	90990 Hemodialysis training and/or counseling BR
00000 Plate the state to the state to	90991 Home hemodialysis care, outpatient, for
90900 Biofeedback training, by electromyogram application including office visit (one hour) 50.0	those services either provided by the physi-
90901 Biofeedback training, by electromyogram ap-	cian primarily responsible for total hemolysis care or under his direct supervision, and ex-
plication (one-half hour) 30.0	cludes care for complicating illnesses unre-
90902 in conduction disorder including office visit	lated to hemodialysis BR
(one hour)	90997 Hemoperfusion (e.g., with activated charcoal or resin)
90904 regulation of blood pressure including of-	90999 Unlisted dialysis procedure
fice visit (one hour)	
90905 regulation of blood pressure (one-half	(For cannula insertion by other than treat-

ing physician, see 49420)

Unit Value 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), \$ 296-21-057, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), \$ 296-21-057, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, \$ 296-21-057, filed 1/30/74.]

### GASTROENTEROLOGY

(For duodenal intubation and aspiration, see 89100-89105)

(For gastrointestinal radiologic procedures, see 74210-74361)

(For esophagoscopy procedures, see 43200-43228; upper GI endoscopy 43235-43258; endoscopy, small bowel and stomal 44360-44393; proctosigmoidoscopy 45300-45321; sigmoidscopy 45330-45337; colonoscopy 45355-45385; anoscopy 46600-46641)

	•
91000	Esophageal intubation and collection of washings for cytology, including preparation
	of specimens (separate procedure)
91010	Esophageal motility study;
91011	with mecholyl or similar stimulant
91012	with acid perfusion studies
91020	Esophagogastric manometric studies
91030	Esophagus, acid perfusion (Bernstein) test
	for esophagitis 36.0
91032	Esophagus, acid reflux test, with intraluminal
	pH electrode for detection of gastroesopha-
	geal reflux 72.0
91033	prolonged recording BR
91052	Gastric analysis test with injection of stimu-
	lant of gastric secretion (e.g., histamine, in-
	sulin, pentagastrin, calcium, and secretin) BR
	(For gastric biopsy by capsule, peroral, via tube, one or more specimens, see 43600)
	tube, one of more specimens, see 43000)
	(For gastric laboratory procedures, see also 89130-89141)
91055	Gastric intubation, washings, and preparing slides for cytology (separate procedure) 36.0
	(For gastric lavage, therapeutic, see 99170)
91060	Gastric saline load test
91065	Breath hydrogen test (e.g., for detection of
	lactase deficiency) BR
	(For biopsy by capsule, small intestine, per
	oral, via tube (one or more specimens), see 44100)
91100	Intestinal bleeding tube, passage, positioning
200	and monitoring BR

(For injection procedure for percutaneous transhepatic cholangiography, see 47500)
(For cholangiography, see 74320, 74321)

(For abdominal paracentesis, see 49080, 49081; with instillation of medication, see 96535)

(For peritoneoscopy, see 49300; with biopsy, see 49301)

(For peritoneoscopy and guided transhepatic cholangiography, see 49302; with biopsy, see 49303)

(For injection procedure for splenoportography, see 38200)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-057, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-21-057, filed 7/23/87; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-057, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW

#### WAC 296-21-062 Eye.

OPHTHALMOLOGICAL DIAGNOSTIC AND TREATMENT SERVICES

(For surgical procedures, see surgery, eye and ocular adnexa, 65091 et seq.)

#### NOTES

#### REPORTING

See guidelines in MEDICINE section WAC 296-21-010 and special ophthalmology notations below.

To report MINIMAL, BRIEF, AND LIMITED office services, use descriptors from the general medical section (90000 et seq.)

To report Intermediate, Comprehensive and special services, use the specific ophthalmological descriptors (92002 et seq.)

To report CONSULTATIONS, wherever performed, use descriptors from the general medical section (90600 et seq.)

To report HOME, HOSPITAL, EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT and other institutional medical services, use the descriptors from the general medical section (90100 et seq.) unless specific ophthalmological descriptors (92002 et seq.) are more appropriate.

To report surgical services, see SURGERY, EYE and OC-ULAR ADNEXA (65091 et seq.) and surgical guidelines WAC 296-22-010.

#### DEFINITIONS

MINIMAL MEDICAL SERVICE: A level of service supervised by a physician but not necessarily requiring his presence.

#### For example:

Visual acuity check or verification of lenses.

BRIEF MEDICAL SERVICE: A level of service pertaining to the evaluation and treatment of a condition requiring only an abbreviated history and examination.

## For example:

- a. Follow-up for conjunctivitis.
- b. Removal of sutures from laceration (when not a post-op part of a total surgical service).

LIMITED MEDICAL SERVICE: A level of service pertaining to the evaluation of a circumscribed acute illness or to the periodic reevaluation of a problem including an interval history and examination, the review of effectiveness of past medical management, the ordering and evaluation of appropriate diagnostic tests, the adjustment of therapeutic management as indicated, and the discussion of findings and/or medical management.

For example:

- a. Review of history, external examination of eye, initiation of treatment for acute conjunctivitis.
- b. Review of interval history, and physical and sensory status, and adjustment of medication in a patient with iridocyclitis or glaucoma.

INTERMEDIATE OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SERVICES: A level of service pertaining to the evaluation of a new or existing condition complicated with a new diagnostic or management problem not necessarily relating to the primary diagnosis, including history, general medical observation, external ocular and adnexal examination and other diagnostic procedures as indicated; may include the use of mydriasis. Intermediate services do not usually include determination of the refractive state but may do so in an established patient (92012) who is under continuing active treatment.

#### For example:

- a. Review of history, external examination, ophthalmoscopy, biomicroscopy for an acute complicated condition (e.g. iritis) not requiring comprehensive ophthalmological services.
- b. Review of interval history, external examination, ophthalmoscopy, biomicroscopy and tonometry in established patient with known cataract not requiring comprehensive ophthalmological services.

COMPREHENSIVE OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SERVICES: A level of service in which a general evaluation of the complete visual system is made. The comprehensive services constitute a single service entity but need not be performed at one session. The service includes history, general medical observation, external and ophthalmoscopic examination, gross visual fields and basic sensorimotor examination. It often includes, as indicated: Biomicroscopy, examination with cycloplegia or mydriasis, tonometry, and usually determination of the refractive state unless known, or unless the condition of the media precludes this or it is otherwise contraindicated, as in presence of trauma or severe inflammation. It always includes initiation of diagnostic and treatment programs as indicated.

#### For example:

The comprehensive services required for diagnosis and treatment of a patient with symptoms indicating possible disease of the visual system, such as glaucoma, cataract or retinal disease, or to rule out disease of the visual system, new or established patient.

"Initiation of diagnostic and treatment program" includes the prescription of medication, lenses and other

therapy and arranging for special ophthalmological diagnostic or treatment services, consultations, laboratory procedures and radiological services as may be indicated.

Prescription of lenses may be deferred to a subsequent visit, but in any circumstance is not reported separately. ("Prescription of lenses" does not include anatomical facial measurements for or writing of laboratory specifications for spectacles. For spectacle services, see 92340 et seq.)

DETERMINATION OF THE REFRACTIVE STATE is the quantitative procedure that yields the refractive data necessary to determine the best visual acuity with lenses and to prescribe lenses. It is not a separate medical procedure, or service entity, but is an integral part of the general ophthalmological services, carried out with reference to other diagnostic procedures. The evaluation of the need for and the prescription of lenses is never based on the refractive state alone.

Determination of the refractive state is not reported separately. It is usually part of the comprehensive ophthalmological services (92004, 92014), but may occasionally be a part of intermediate ophthalmological services to an established patient (92012) who, under continuing active treatment with periodic observation, may not require comprehensive reevaluation.

The explanatory code AP is an administrative code only and need only be used when by law a carrier in order to administer a program (e.g., MEDICARE) requires the information that "determination of the refractive state of the eyes" was or was not done in the course of the reported services 92004, 92012 or 92014 exclusively:

-AP determination of refractive state was not performed in course of diagnostic ophthal-mological examination

SPECIAL OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SERVICES: Services in which a special evaluation of part of the visual system is made, which goes beyond the services usually included under general ophthalmological services, or in which special treatment is given.

#### For example:

Fluorescein angioscopy, quantitative visual field examination, or extended color vision examination (such as Nagel's anomaloscope) should be specifically reported as special ophthalmological services.

Medical diagnostic evaluation by the physician is an integral part of all ophthalmological services. Technical procedures (which may or may not be performed by the physician personally) are often part of the service, but should not be mistaken to constitute the service itself.

Intermediate and comprehensive ophthalmological services constitute integrated services in which medical diagnostic evaluation cannot be separated from the examining techniques used. Itemization of service components, such as slit lamp examination, keratometry, ophthalmoscopy, retinoscopy, determination of refractive state, tonometry, motor evaluation, etc. is not applicable.

GENERAL OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SERVICES	Unit Basic
NEW PATIENT	Value Anes@
A patient who is new to the physician whose medical and administrative record needs to be established.  (For brief or limited services to new patient, as for minor adnexal condition, see 90000, 90010)	92100 Serial tonometry with medical diagnostic evaluation (separate procedure), one or more sessions, same day
Unit Basic	OPHTHALMOSCOPY
Value Anes@  92002 Ophthalmological services: Medical examination and evaluation with initiation of diagnostic and treatment program; intermediate, new patient	Routine ophthalmoscopy is part of general and special ophthalmological services whenever indicated. It is not reported separately.  92225 Ophthalmoscopy, extended as for retinal detachment (may include use of contact lens, drawing or sketch, and/or fundus biomicros-
92004 comprehensive, new patient, one or more visits	copy), with medical diagnostic evaluation; initial
ESTABLISHED PATIENT	92226 subsequent
A patient whose medical and administrative records are available to the physician. The designation of new or established patient does not preclude the use of a specific level of service.	evaluation; with fluorescein angioscopy (observation only)
(For minimal, brief, or limited services to an established patient, see 90030–90050)	92250 with fundus photography
92012 Ophthalmological services: Medical examination and evaluation, with initiation or continuation of diagnostic and treatment program;	(For ophthalmoscopy under general anesthesia, see 92018)
intermediate, established patient	OTHER SPECIALIZED SERVICES
more visits	92265 Oculoelectromyography, one or more extra- ocular muscles, one or both eyes, with medi- cal diagnostic evaluation
92018 Ophthalmological examination and evaluation, under general anesthesia, with or without manipulation of globe for passive range of motion or other manipulation to facilitate diagnostic examination; complete	92270 Electro-oculography, with medical diagnostic evaluation
tion (separate procedure)	function studies, see 92541 et seq.)  (For ophthalmic echography (diagnostic ul-
see 92018)  92060 Sensorimotor examination with medical diag-	trasound), see 76511-76529)  92283 Color vision examination, extended, e.g.,
nostic evaluation (separate procedure) 25.0 92065 Orthoptic and/or pleoptic training, with continuing medical direction and evaluation 15.0	anomaloscope or equivalent BR  (Color vision testing with
92070 Fitting of contact lens for treatment of disease, including supply of lens	pseudoisochromatic plates (such as HRR or Ishihara) is not reported separately. It is included in the appropriate general or oph-
92081 Visual field examination with medical diag- nostic evaluation; limited examination (e.g., tangent screen, Autoplot, arc perimeter, or	thalmological service.)  92284 Dark adaptation examination, with medical
single stimulus level automated test, such as Octopus 3 or 7 equivalent)	diagnostic evaluation
34 equivalent)	endothelial microscopy and cell count
(Gross visual field testing (e.g., confronta- tion testing) is a part of general ophthal- mological services and is not reported separately)	cal characteristics, power, size, curvature) is NOT a part of the general ophthalmological services.  The fitting of contact lenses includes instruction and training of the wearer and incidental revision of the lens.

92342

92352

92353

92354

92355 92358

The supply of the prescribed contact lenses is often reported as a part of the service of fitting. Use modifier '-26' to describe the services of fitting without supply.

To report the supply of contact lens separately, use 92391 or 92396.

Unit	Basic
Value	Anes@

(For therapeuti	c or	surgical	use	of	contact
lens, see 68340,	920	70)			

(For prescription and fitting of one eye, see modifier -52)

92311	corneal lens for aphakia, one eye
92312	corneal lens for aphakia, both eyes S'
92313	corneoscleral lens
92314	Prescription of optical and physical characteristics of contact lens, with medical supervision of adaptation and direction of fitting by independent technician; corneal lens, both eyes, except for aphakia

(For prescription and fitting of one eye, see modifier -52)

92315	corneal lens for aphakia, one eye	S
92316	corneal lens for aphakia, both eyes	S١
92317	corneoscleral lens	
92325	Modification of contact lens (separate procedure), with medical supervision of adapta-	
	tion	S
92326	Replacement of contact lens	S١

#### OCULAR PROSTHETICS, ARTIFICIAL EYE

92330 Prescription, fitting, and supply of ocular prosthesis (artificial eye), with medical supervision of adaptation ......

(If supply is not included, see modifier -26; to report supply separately, see 92393)

SPECTACLE SERVICES (INCLUDING PROSTHESIS FOR APHA-KIA)

Prescription of spectacles, when required, is an integral part of general ophthalmological services and is not reported separately. It includes specification of lens type (monofocal, bifocal, other), lens power, axis, prism, absorptive factor, impact resistance, and other factors.

Fitting of spectacles is a separate service; when provided by the physician, it is reported as indicated by 92340-92371. Fitting includes measurement of anatomical facial characteristics, the writing of laboratory specification, and the final adjustment of the spectacles to the visual axes and anatomical topography. Presence of physician is not required.

Supply of materials is a separate service component; it is not a part of the service of fitting spectacles.

Unit Basic Value Anes@

92340	Fitting of spectacles, except for aphakia;	
	monofocal	SV
92341	bifocal	SV

9	92370	aphakia spectacles, except for	SV
9	2371	spectacle prosthesis for aphakia	
S	SUPPL	Y OF MATERIALS	
	92390 92391	Supply of spectacles, except prosthesis for aphakia and low vision aids	
		for aphakia	<b>5 v</b>
		(For replacement of contact lens, see 92326)	
	2392	Supply of low vision aids (a low vision aid is any lens or device used to aid or improve visual function in a person whose vision cannot be normalized by conventional spectacle correction. Conventional spectacle correction includes reading additions up to 4 D)	
		(For supply reported as part of the service of fitting, see 92330)	
9	2395	Supply of permanent prosthesis for aphakia; spectacles	sv
		(For temporary spectacle correction, see 92358)	
9	2396	contact lenses	SV
		(For supply reported as part of the service of fitting, see 92311, 92312)	
		(See 99070 for the supply of other materials, drugs, trays, etc.)	
C	THER	R PROCEDURES	. 3
9	2499	Unlisted ophthalmological service or proce-	<b>.</b>

multifocal, other than bifocal............ SV

monofocal ...... SV

multifocal ..... SV

Fitting of spectacle prosthesis for aphakia;

Prosthesis service for aphakia, temporary (disposable or loan, including materials)....

Repair and refitting spectacles, except for

#### WAC 296-21-064 Ear.

296-22-400 (part).]

#### SPECIAL OTORHINOLOAYNGOLOGIC SERVICES

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039

(Order 89-09), § 296-21-062, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-

06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-062, filed 2/28/86, effective

4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-062, filed 8/2/83. Stat-

utory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-062, filed 12/23/80, effective

3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-062, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC

#### NOTES

Diagnostic or treatment procedures usually included in a comprehensive otorhinolaryngologic evaluation or office visit, are reported as an integrated medical service, using appropriate descriptors from the 90000 series. Itemization of component procedures, e.g., otoscopy, rhinoscopy, tuning fork test, does not apply.

Unit Basic

Value Anes@

. SV

BASIC AUDIOMETRY

92551 Screening test pure tone air only

Special otorhinolaryngologic services are those diagnostic and treatment services not usually included in a comprehensive otorhinolaryngologic evaluation or office visit. These services are reported separately, using descriptors from the 92500 series.

All services include medical diagnostic evaluation. Technical procedures (which may or may not be performed by the physician personally) are often part of the service, but should not be mistaken to constitute the service itself.

		Unit 'alue	Basic Anes@
92502	Otolaryngologic examination under general	20.0	2.0
92504	anesthesia Binocular microscopy (separate diagnostic		3.0
92506	procedure)		
92507	hearing problems		
92508	continuing medical supervision; individual		
92511	Nasopharyngoscopy with endoscope (separate procedure)	35.0	
92512	Nasal function studies, e.g., rhinomano-		
92516	metry		
92520	Laryngeal function studies		
AND	BULAR FUNCTION TESTS, WITH OBSI EVALUATION BY PHYSICIAN, WITHOUT ECORDING		
92531	Spontaneous nystagmus, including gaze	SV	
92532 92533	Positional nystagmus	SV	
00524	tests)	SV SV	
92534	Optokinetic nystagmus		<b>a</b>
ENG, I	BULAR FUNCTION TESTS, WITH RECOR PENG, AND MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC EVALU	JATI	G, e.g., ON
92541	Spontaneous nystagmus test, including gaze and fixation nystagmus, with recording	sv	
92542	Positional nystagmus test, minimum of 4 positions, with recording	SV	
92543	Caloric vestibular test, each irrigation (bi- naural, bithermal stimulation constitutes four	-,	
92544	tests), with recording  Optokinetic nystagmus test, bidirectional, foveal or peripheral stimulation, with record-	SV	
	ing	SV	
92545	Oscillating tracking test, with recording	SV	
92546	Torsion swing test, with recording	SV	
92547	Use of vertical electrodes in any or all of above tests counts as one additional test	sv	••
(For	unlisted vestibular tests, see 92599)		
AUDIO	LOGIC FUNCTION TESTS WITH MEDICAL	DIA	GNOS-

AUDIOLOGIC FUNCTION TESTS WITH MEDICAL TIC EVALUATION

(For evaluation of speech, language and/or hearing problems through observation and assessment of performance, see 92506)

The audiometric tests listed below imply the use of calibrated electronic equipment. Other hearing tests (such as whispered voice, tuning fork) are considered part of the general otorhinolaryngologic services and are not reported separately. All descriptors refer to testing of both ears. Use the modifier "reduced service," if a

test is applied to one ear instead of to two ears. All descriptors (except 92559), apply to testing of individuals; for testing of groups, use 92559 and specify test(s) used.

> Unit Basic Value Anes@

100

92551	Screening test, pure tone, air only 10.0
92552	Pure tone audiometry (threshold); air only 15.0
92553	air and bone
92555	Speech audiometry; threshold only 30.0
92556	threshold and discrimination 20.0
92557	Basic comprehensive audiometry (92553 and
	92556 combined), (pure tone, air and bone,
	and speech, threshold and discrimination) 40.0
92559	Audiometric testing of groups 50.0
	TONE AUDIOMETRY, EXTENDED
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
92560	Bekesy audiometry; screening 20.0
92561	diagnostic 30.0
92562	Loudness balance test, alternate binaural or
	monaural
92563	Tone decay test
92564	Short increment sensitivity index (SISI) 20.0
92565	Stenger test, pure tone
92566	Impedance testing
92567	Tympanometry
92568	Acoustic reflex testing
92569	Acoustic reflex decay testing 20.0
SPEEC	CH AUDIOMETRY, EXTENDED
92571	Filtered speech test
92572	Staggered spondaic word test 30.0
92573	Lombard test
92574	Swinging story test
92575	Sensorineural acuity level test 30.0
92576	Synthetic sentence identification test 30.0
92577	Stenger test, speech
92578	Delayed auditory feedback test 30.0
SPECI	AL AUDIOMETRIC FUNCTION TESTS
92580	Electrodermal audiometry
92581	Evoked response (EEG) audiometry 100.0
92582	Conditioning play audiometry 35.0
92583	Select picture audiometry
92584	Electrocochleography
92585	Brainstem evoked response recording BR
92589	Central auditory function test(s) (specify) BR
92590	Hearing aid examination and selection; mon-
74370	aural BR
92591	binaural
92591	Hearing aid check; monaural BR
サムンブム	Hoaring and Check, inchantal DR

procedure ..... BR [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-064, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-064,

filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-064, filed

92596 Ear protector attenuation measurements ..... BR

Electroacoustic evaluation for hearing aid;

Unlisted otorhinolaryngological service or

1/30/74.]

92593

92594

92595

OTHER PROCEDURES

WAC 296-21-066 Cardiovascular. Values for items 92950-93799 include laboratory procedure(s), interpretation and physician's services (except surgical and anesthesia services as listed in the section on surgery), unless otherwise stated.

		Unit Value	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Basic Anes@
THER	APEUTIC SERVICES				Phonocardiogram, intracardiac	70.0	
92950	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (e.g., in cardiac arrest)	sv		93220	ECG, interpretation and report	50.0	
	(See also critical care services, 99160)			93221	tracing only, without interpretation and report	15.0	
92953	Temporary transcutaneous pacing	BR		93222 93255	interpretation and report only	25.0 BR	
	(For physician direction of ambulance or rescue personnel outside of the hospital, see 90590)			93258	Electrocardiographic monitoring for up to 12 hours of continuous analog recording, with physician review, interpretation and report with or without full disclosure printout; with	<b>D</b> IX	
92960	Cardioversion, elective, electrical conversion of arrhythmia, external	100.0	4.0	93259	superimposition scanning	BR BR	
92970	Cardioassist-method of circulatory assist; in-			93262	Electrocardiographic monitoring 12 through		
92971	ternal external	BR BR			24 hours of continuous analog recording, with physician review, interpretation and re-		
	(For balloon atrial-septostomy, see 33738)				port with or without full disclosure printout; with superimposition scanning	200.0	
	(For placement of catheters for use in circulatory assist devices such as intra-aortic balloon pumping, see 33970)			93263 93266	without superimposition scanning Electrographic monitoring, 24 hours noncontinuous computerized monitoring and intermittent cardiac event recording (Real Time	BR	
92975	Thrombolysis, coronary; by intracoronary infusion, including selective, coronary angiography	BR		93268	Data Analysis)	BR	
92977 92982	by intravenous infusion  Percutaneous transluminal coronary	BR		93269	transmission	BR BR	
92984	angioplasty; single vesseleach additional vessel	BR BR			(For unlisted cardiographic procedure, see 93799)		
CARD	IOGRAPHY			CARDI	IAC FLUOROSCOPY		
	(For echocardiography, see 93300-93320)				Cardiac fluoroscopy	BR	
93000	Electrocardiogram, with interpretation and report; routine ECG with at least 12 leads	30.0		75200	(For chest fluoroscopy, see 71034, 76000)	ЫK	
93005	tracing only, without interpretation and			ECHO	CARDIOGRAPHY		
93010	reportinterpretation and report only	20.0 15.0		93300	Echocardiography, M-Mode; complete	90.7	
	(For ECG monitoring, see 99150, 99151)			93305 93307	limited (e.g., follow-up or limited study) .	BR 80.5	
93012				93308	Echocardiography, real-time scan; complete limited	BR	
93014	physician review with interpretation and	BR		93309	Echocardiography, M-mode and real time with image documentation (2D)	190.7	
93015	cardiovascular stress test using maximal or submaximal treadmill or bicycle exercise;	BR		93312	Echocardiography, real time with image documentation (2D) (with or without M Mode recording), transesophageal	BR	
	continuous electrocardiographic monitoring, with interpretation and report	50.0		93320	Doppler echocardiography	BR	
93017	tracing only, without interpretation and report	30.0			(Procedure 93320 is often performed in combination with M-Mode or 2-dimensional		
93018	interpretation and report only	25.0			echocardiography)		
93024 93040	Ergonovine provocation test	BR 30.0			(For echocardiography as a radiologic procedure, see 76620-76632)		
93041	tracing only without interpretation and re-			Cardiac	catheterization		
93042	portinterpretation and report only	15.0 20.0			iac catheterization procedure includes introduc and repositioning of catheter(s), when necessary		
93045	esophageal lead (includes placement and interpretation)	50.0		intrac	cardiac and intravascular pressure, obtaining l	olood sar	nples
93201	Phonocardiogram with ECG lead; with su- pervision during recording with interpretation and report (when equipment is supplied by			curve other	neasurement of blood gases and/or dye (or one sand cardiac output measurement (dye dilumethod, with or without rest and exercises es) with or without electrode catheter placement	tion, Fid and/or	k or other
93202	the physician) tracing only, without interpretation and	50.0			and report.	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	report (when equipment is supplied by the hospital, clinic, etc.)	15.0			(For radiological procedures, see 75500-75767)		
93204	interpretation and report	25.0		l ista	d values are for the physician's services only	and in	chide
93205	Phonocardiogram with ECG lead, with indirect carotid artery and/or jugular vein tracing, and/or apex cardiogram; with			usual	preassessment of cardiac problem and record ac pressure.		
93208	interpretation and reporttracing only, without interpretation and	60.0			(For consultation services, see 90600-90630)		
93209	reportinterpretation and report only	15.0 30.0		93501	Right heart catheterization; only	350.0	5.0
	•	50.0		23301	Tagne nouse various ization, only		
lante Z	96 WAC—p 256]					(1	989 Ed.)

			Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Basic Anes@
	(For bundle of His recording, see 93600)			93546		800.0	
93503	Placement of flow directed catheter (e.g., Swan-Ganz), with or without balloon tip, when placed for monitoring purposes, collection of blood, and/or angiography	200.0	5.0	93547	ventricular angiography  Combined left heart catheterization, selective coronary angiography, one or more coronary arteries, and selective left ventricular angiography (this code number is to be used when	290.0	
	(For subsequent monitoring, see 99150, 99151)			00540	procedure 93510 is combined with procedures 93543 and 93545)	350.0	
93505 93510	Endomyocardial biopsyLeft heart catheterization, retrograde, from the brachial artery, axillary artery or femoral	200.0	5.0	93548	Combined left heart catheterization, selective coronary angiography, one or more coronary arteries, selective left ventriculography, with aortic root aortography	300.0	
	artery; percutaneous	200.0	5.0	93549	Combined right and left heart catheteriza-	200.0	
93511	by cutdown	200.0	5.0	75547	tion, selective coronary angiography, one or		
93514	by left ventricular puncture	200.0	5.0				
93524	Combined transseptal and retrograde left	200.0	3.0		more coronary arteries, selective left ventric- ular angiography; (this code number is to be		
93526	heart catheterization	400.0	5.0		used when procedure 93547 is combined with		
73320	retrograde left heart catheterization	450.0	5.0	93550	right heart catheterization)	400.0	
93527	Combined right heart catheterization and transseptal left heart catheterization through			75550	(this code number is to be used when procedure 93549 is combined with procedure		
	intact septum (with or without retrograde		2.2		93551)	BR	
93528	left heart catheterization)	400.0	5.0	93551	Selective opacification of aortocoronary by- pass grafts, one or more coronary arteries (injection of radiopaque material may be		
	retrograde left heart catheterization)	400.0	5.0			DD.	
93529	Combined right heart catheterization and left	100.0	5.0	00550	made by hand)	BR	
73329				93552			
	heart catheterization through existing septal				coronary angiography, one or more coronary		
	opening (with or without retrograde left	~~			arteries, selective left ventricular		
	heart catheterization)	BR			cineangiography and visualization of bypass		
93536	Percutaneous insertion of intra-aortic balloon				grafts; (this code number is to be used when		
	catheter	BR			procedure 93550 is combined with procedure		
	(For removal of balloon catheter, see 33971)			93553	93547) with aortic root aortography (this code	BR	
					number is to be used when procedure		
	When injection procedures are performed in				93548 is combined with procedure 93550)	BR	
	conjunction with cardiac catheterization, these services do not include introduction of catheters but do include repositioning of		,		(For radiographic procedures only, see 75762-75767)		
	catheters when necessary and use of auto-				Codes 93561 and 93562 are not to be used		
	matic power injectors. The technical details of angiography, supervision of filing and				with cardiac catheterization codes.		
	processing, interpretation and report are not			93561	Indicator dilution studies such as dye or		
	included. For radiological services, see ap-			,	thermal dilution, including arterial and/or		
	propriate section.				venous catheterization; with cardiac output		
00.011					measurement (separate procedure)	50.0	
93541	Injection procedure during cardiac catheteri-	200.0		93562	subsequent measurement of cardiac out-		
	zation; for pulmonary angiography	290.0			put	20.0	
	(For radiological procedures, see 75741-						
	75748)				(For radioisotope method of cardiac output, see 78470)		
93542	for selective right ventricular or right at-						
	rial angiography	290.0			(For unlisted cardiac catheterization proce-		
93543	for selective left ventricular or left atrial	270,0			dure, see 93799)		
- 30 13	angiography	290.0		IF IMAKE .	CARRIAG ELECTRORIUGIO: OCIO:: ::	00000	unec
				INTRA	ACARDIAC ELECTROPHYSIOLOGICAL PI	ROCED	URES
	(For radiological procedures, see 75500-75509)			93600 93602	Bundle of His recording	200.0 BR	
93544	for aortography	290.0		93603	Right ventricular recording	BR	
	(For radiological procedures, see 75600-			93605	with mapping	BR	
	75628)			93607	Left ventricular recording	BR	
				93608	with mapping	BR	
93545	for selective coronary angiography (injec-			93610	Intra-atrial pacing	BR	
	tion of radiopaque material may be by			93612	Intraventricular pacing	BR	
	hand)	290.0		93614	Bundle of His pacing	BR	
	,			93618	Induction of arrhythmia by electrical pacing	BR	
	(For radiological procedures, see 75750–75755)				(For intracardiac phonocardiogram, see 93210)		
	Codes 93546-93553 include the introduc-						
	tion of catheter (percutaneous or cutdown),			93630	Left ventricular endocardial resection, with		
	placement or repositioning, and injection of				or without cryoablation, with intra-operative	100	
	the contrast media or dye.				mapping	BR	
(1000 E4					Tielo 204	C WW/ A AT	1891

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	Unit Value	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Basic Anes@
Other vascular studies			CEREI	BROVASCULAR ARTERIAL STUDIES		
(For arterial cannulization and recording of direct arterial pressure, see 36620)			93850	Noninvasive studies of cerebral arteries other than carotid (e.g., periorbital flow direction with arterial compression, periorbital photoplethysmography with arterial compres-		
(For radiographic injection procedures, see 36000–36299)			٠	sion, ocular plethysmography with brachial blood pressure, ocular and ear pulse wave	nn.	
(For vascular cannulization for hemodial- ysis, see 36800-36820)			93860	Noninvasive studies of carotid arteries, nonimaging (e.g., phonoangiography with or without spectrum analysis, flow velocity pat-	BR	
(For chemotherapy for malignant disease, see 96500-96549)				tern evaluation, analog velocity wave form analysis, diastolic flow evaluation, vertebral		
(For penile plethysmography, see 54240)			93870	arteries flow direction measurement) Noninvasive studies of carotid arteries, imag-	BR	
93720 Plethysmography, total body with interpretation and report	30.0			ing (e.g., flow imaging by ultrasonic arteriography, high resolution B-scan with or without pulsed Doppler flow evaluation,		
93721 tracing only, without interpretation and report	10.0			Doppler flow or duplex scan with spectrum analysis)	175.4	
93722 interpretation and report only	25.0		LIMB	ARTERIAL STUDIES (INCLUDING DIGIT		
(For regional plethysmography, see 93850–93910)			93890	Noninvasive studies of upper extremity arteries (e.g., segmental blood pressure measure-		
93731 Electronic analysis of dual-chamber internal pacemaker system (may include rate, pulse amplitude and duration, configuration of wave form, and/or testing of sensory function				ments, continuous wave Doppler analog wave form analysis, evocative pressure response to exercise or reactive hyperemia, photoplethysmographic or pulse volume digit	***	
of pacemaker); without reprogramming with reprogramming telephonic analysis	BR 75.0 15.00		93910	wave form analysis, flow velocity signals) Noninvasive studies of lower extremity arteries (e.g., segmental blood pressure measure-	114.4	
93734 Electronic analysis of single-chamber inter- nal pacemaker system (may include rate, pulse amplitude and duration, configuration of wave form, and/or testing of sensory func-				ments, continuous wave Doppler analog wave form analysis, evocative pressure response to exercise or reactive hyperemia, photoplethysmography or pulse volume digit		
tion of pacemaker); without reprogramming.  93735 with reprogramming	BR 50.0		VENO	wave form analysis, flow velocity signals) US STUDIES	80.0	
93736 telephonic analysis	15.00 BR		93950	Noninvasive studies of extremity veins (e.g.,		
93760 Thermogram; cephalic	pro	cedure		Doppler studies with evaluation of venous flow patterns and responses to compression and other maneuvers, phleborheography, im-		
93762 peripheral	pro	cedure	93960	pedance plethysmography)	76.3	
93770 Venous pressure determination (For central venous cannulization and pres-	10.0		,	capacitance and outflow measurement of calf, measurement of calf venous reflux,		
sure measurements, see 36488-36491, 36500)			[Statute	quantitative photoplethysmography) ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.0	BR 30. 89-	-17039
ORTER A A L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L			(Order	89-09), § 296-21-066, filed 8/10/89, effective (Order 87-18), § 296-21-066, filed 7/23/87; 8	e 9/10/	89; 87–
93784 Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring, utilizing a system such as magnetic tape and/or computer disc, for 24 hours; including recording, scanning analysis, interpretation and			der 86- 066 (O: RCW 5	-19), \$ 296-21-066, filed 2/28/86, effective 4 rder 83-23), \$ 296-21-066, filed 8/2/83. Statu 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81- \$ 296-21-066, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/8	l/1/86; itory Au -01–100	83-16- thority: (Order
report	BR BR BR		§ 296–2	21-066, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-21-	060 (pa	rt).]
93790 physician review with interpretation and report	BR		94010	.C <b>296-21-070 Pulmonary.</b> Values -94799 include laboratory procedure(	s), int	егрге-
OTHER PROCEDURES				and physician's services (except surg ia services as listed in the section of		
93799 Unlisted cardiovascular service or procedure.	BR		unless	otherwise stated. For laboratory procession on pathology.		
NONINVASIVE PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES			3CC 3C(	ction on pathology.		Unit
Peripheral vascular studies include patient care required to perform the studies, supervision of the studies and interpretation of study results with copies for patient records of hard copy output or imaging when provided.			94010	Spirometry, complete, including graphic recetotal and timed vital capacity expiratory flow measurement(s), and/or maximal voluntary velation	ate nti-	Value

(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Unit Value
94060	Bronchospasm evaluation: Spirometry as in		
24000	94010, before and after bronchodilator (aerosol or		(For single arterial puncture, see 36600)
94070	parenteral) or exercise	50.0	94720 Carbon monoxide diffusing capacity, any method 94725 Membrane diffusion capacity BR 94750 Pulmonary compliance study any method BR 94760 Noninvasive ear or pulse oximetry for oxygen sat-
94150 94160	antigen, with spirometry as in 94010	75.0 6.0	uration; single determination
94200	rate  Maximal breathing capacity (maximum voluntary	10.0	94770 Carbon dioxide, expired gas determination by in- frared analyzer BR
94240	ventilation)	20.0	(For bronchoscopy, see 31620-31659)
04250	helium method, nitrogen open circuit method, or other method (specify)	25.0	(For placement of flow directed catheter, see 93503)
94250	Expired gas collection, quantitative, single procedure (separate procedure)	10.0	(For venipuncture, see 36410)
94260	Thoracic gas volume	20.0	(For central venous catheter placement, see
04350	(For plethysmography, see 93720, 93722)		36480– 36491)
94350	Determination of maldistribution of inspired gas; multiple breath nitrogen washout curve including	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(For arterial puncture, see 36600)
94360	alveolar nitrogen or helium equilibration time Determination of resistance to airflow, oscillatory	BR	(For arterial catheterization, see 36620) (For thoracentesis, see 32000)
94370	or plethysmographic methods	BR	(For phlebotomy, therapeutic, see 99195)
94375	breath tests	25.0 20.0	(For lung biopsy, needle, see 32405)
94400 94450	Breathing response to CO <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>2</sub> response curve). Breathing response to hypoxia (hypoxia response	20.0	(For intubation, orotracheal or nasotracheal, see 31500)
94620	Pulmonary stress testing, simple or complex	20.0 40.0	94799 Unlisted pulmonary service or procedure BR
94640	Nonpressurized inhalation treatment for acute airway obstruction	14.5	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-070, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-
94650	Intermittent positive pressure breathing (IPPB) treatment, air or oxygen, with or without nebulized medication; initial demonstration	40.0	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-070, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-070, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-
94651 94656	and/or evaluation	20.0	01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-070, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-070, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-21-070, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
94657	or controlled breathing; first daysubsequent days	40.0 15.0	WAC 296-21-075 Allergy and clinical immunology.
94660	Continuous positive airway pressure ventilation (CPAP), initiation and management	40.0	NOTES
94662	Continuous negative pressure ventilation (CNP),		ALLERGY SENSITIVITY TESTS: Allergy testing and
94664	Aerosol or vapor inhalations for sputum mobiliza- tion or bronchodilation, or sputum induction for	40.0	treatment require prior authorization. The performance and evaluation of selective cutaneous and mucous mem-
	diagnostic purposes; initial demonstration and/or evaluation	30.0	brane tests in correlation with the history, physical ex-
94665 94667	subsequent	15.0	amination, and other observations of the patient. The number of tests performed should be judicious and de-
94007	percussing, and vibration to facilitate lung func-		pendent upon the history, physical findings, and clinical
94668	tion; initial demonstration and/or evaluation subsequent	40.0 15.0	judgment. All patients should not necessarily receive the
94680	Oxygen uptake, expired gas analysis, rest and exercise, direct, simple	50.0	same tests nor the same number of sensitivity tests.
94681	including CO <sub>2</sub> output, percentage oxygen ex-		IMMUNOTHERAPY (DESENSITIZATION, HYPOSENSITIZATION): The parenteral administration of allergenic ex-
94690	rest, indirect (independent procedure)	100.0 16.0	tracts as antigens at periodic intervals, usually on an
94700	Arterial blood gas study (oxygen saturation, PO <sub>2</sub> , PCO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> pH), rest only	70.0	increasing dosage scale to a dosage which is maintained as maintenance therapy. Indications for immunotherapy
94705	rest and exercise (including cannulization of ar- tery)	130.0	are determined by appropriate diagnostic procedures co-
94710	complete, 3 or more (e.g., O <sub>2</sub> administration, 1PPB, exercise, etc.)	220.0	ordinated with clinical judgment and knowledge of the natural history of allergic diseases.
94715	Hemoglobin-oxygen affinity (pO <sub>2</sub> for 50% hemoglobin saturation with oxygen)	70.0	OTHER THERAPY: For medical conferences on the use
	(For values for blood gas determination, see 82800 et seq.)		of mechanical and electronic devices (precipitators, air conditioners, air filters, humidifiers, dehumidifiers),
(1000 F	•		(T)41-204 NV AC - 2501

Unit climatotherapy, physical therapy, occupational and rec-Value reational therapy, see 95105. (For definitions of LEVELS OF SERVICE, see the 95105 Medical conference services (e.g., use of mechani-Introduction) cal and electronic devices, climatotherapy, breathing exercises and/or postural drainage) ...... 50.0 (For medical service procedures, see 90000–90699) (For summary conference or for therapeutic conference by physician following completion of diagnostic workup, including discus-(For skin testing of bacterial, viral, fungal extracts, sion, avoidance, elimination, symptomatic treatment, and immunotherapy, see 90040-90070) etc., see 86450-86585) SPECIAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES (ALLERGY TESTING) (For prolonged conference, see 99155-99156) ALLERGY IMMUNOTHERAPY Unit 95115 Professional services for allergen immunotherapy not including provision of allergenic extracts; sin-95000 Percutaneous tests (scratch, puncture, prick) with allergenic extracts; up to 30 tests................ 10.0 95117 95001 Immunotherapy, in prescribing physician's office 95120 95002 61-90 tests each test . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.5 or institution, including provision of allergenic ex-95003 Percutaneous tests (scratch, puncture, prick) with 95005 multiple antigens (specify number of injec-95125 antibiotics, biologicals, stinging insects; 1-5 tests . . . . . 10.0 95006 95130 95007 11-15 tests each test . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.5 95131 95011 more than 15 tests each test................................. 2.0 95132 three stinging insect venoms ...... BR Intracutaneous (intradermal) tests, with antibiot-95014 95133 four stinging insect venoms ..... BR ics, biologicals, stinging insects, immediate reacfive stinging insect venoms..... BR 95134 tion 15-20 minutes; 1-5 tests................................ 15.0 Professional services for the supervision and pro-95135 95016 vision of antigens for allergen immunotherapy 95017 (specify number of vials); single antigen, single 95018 more than 15 tests each test ................................ 3.0 95020 Intracutaneous (interdermal) tests with allergenic 95140 multiple antigens, single dose vials ................ 30.0 extracts, immediate reaction-15 to 20 minutes; 95145 Professional services for the supervision and pro-vision of antigens for allergen immunotherapy 95021 (specify number of treatments or total volume); 

 21-30 tests each test
 2.0

 more than 30 tests each test
 2.5

 95022 single stinging insect venom, multiple dose vials...... 20.0 95023 95146 two single stinging insect venoms, multiple dose 95027 Skin end point titration ..... BR vials ..... BR 95030 Intracutaneous (intradermal) tests with allergenic 95147 three single stinging insect venoms, multiple extracts, delayed reaction-24 to 72 hours, in-95148 four single stinging insect venoms, multiple dose 95031 vials ..... BR 95032 5-6 tests each test . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.5 95149 five single stinging insect venoms, multiple dose 95033 vials ..... BR 95034 95150 Professional services for the supervision and pro-95040 Patch test, one to ten tests ...... 10.0 vision of antigens for allergen immunotherapy 95041 (specify number of treatments or total volume); 95042 single or multiple antigens, one multiple dose vial ..... 25.0 95043 95155 single or multiple antigens, two or more multi-Photo-patch test, one to ten tests .................. 10.0 95050 95051 more than 10 tests each test . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.0 95056 (For allergy injection(s) by other than the prescribing physician, 95060 Mucous membrane test ophthalmic. . . . . . . . . . . . . 10.0 95065 Direct nasal mucous membrane test ................. 10.0 95170 whole body extract of biting insect or other ar-95070 Inhalation bronchial challenge testing (not including necessary pulmonary function tests); with his-Rapid desensitization procedure, each hour (e.g., tamine, methacholine, or similar compounds ..... BR insulin, penicillin, horse serum) ...... BR 95071 with antigens, specify ...... BR 95199 Unlisted allergy/clinical immunologic service or procedure..... BR (For pulmonary function tests, see 94060, 94070) (For skin testing of bacterial, viral, fungal extracts, see 95030-95034, 86455-86585) 95075 Ingestion challenge test (e.g., metabisulfite) ..... BR Provocative testing (e.g., Rinkel test) ..... BR (For special reports on allergy patients, see 99080) 95080 Passive transfer test one to ten tests ...... 100.0 (For testing procedures such as radioallergosorbent testing 95081 (RAST), rat mast cell technique (RMCT), mast cell 95082 more than 20 tests each test ................................ 3.0 degranulation test (MCDT), lymphocytic transformation test (For allergy laboratory tests, see 86000-86699) (LTT), leukocyte histamine release (LHR), migration inhibitory factor test (MIF), transfer factor test (TFT), nitroblue (For intravenous therapy for severe or intractable allergic disease, tetrazolium dye test (NTD), see Immunology section in Pathology or use 95199)

see 99070)

(For preparation of antigens, materials supplied by physician, etc.,

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039

(Order 89-09), § 296-21-075, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-

Unit

16-004 (Order 87-18),  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19),  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28),  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29),  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7,  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7,  $\S$  296-21-075, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### WAC 296-21-080 Neurology and neuromuscular.

#### NOTES

Neurologic services are typically consultative, and any of the five levels of consultation (90600–90643) may be appropriate.

In addition, services and skills outlined under medicine levels of service appropriate to neurologic illnesses should be coded similarly (90000 series).

	Unit Value
95819	Electroencephalogram (EEG) including recording awake, drowsy and asleep, with hyperventilation and/or photic stimulation; standard or portable, same facility
95821	portable, to an alternate facility 80.0
95822	sleep
95823	physical or pharmacological activation 70.0
95824	cerebral death evaluation recording 70.0
95826	intracerebral (depth) EEG
95827	all night sleep recording 100.0
•	ambulatory 24-hour EEG monitoring, see 95950.)
•	EEG during nonintracranial surgery, use 95955.)
(For	WADA activation test, use 95958.)
95828	Polysomnography (recording, analysis and interpretation of the multiple simultaneous physiological measurements of sleep)
95829	Electrocorticogram at surgery (separate procedure)
95830	Insertion by physician of sphenoidal electrodes for electroencephalographic (EEG) recording BR
95831	Muscle testing, manual, (separate procedure); per extremity (excluding hand) or trunk, with report 16.0
95832	hand (with or without comparison with normal side)
95833	total evaluation of body, excluding hands 50.0
95834	total evaluation of body, excluding hands 64.0
95842	muscle testing electrodiagnosis (e.g., reaction of
	degeneration, chronaxy, galvanic tetanus ratio),
	one or more extremity, one or more method 24.0
95851	Range of motion measurements and report, each
	extremity (independent procedure), excluding
	hand
95852	hand, with or without comparison with nor-
95857	mal side
95858	Tensilon test for myasthenia gravis
95860	Electromyography, one extremity and related
75000	paraspinal area
95861	two extremities and related paraspinal areas 120.0
95863	three extremities and related paraspinal ar-
	eas 160.0
95864	four extremities and related paraspinal areas 200.0
95867	Electromyography, cranial nerve supplied muscles; unilateral
95868	bilateral
95869	Electromyography, limited study of specific muscles (e.g. thoracic spinal muscles)
	(For eye muscles, see 92265)
95872	Electromyography, single fiber, any technique BR

	Vile
	Value
95875	Ischemic limb exercise with EMG, with lactic
	acid determination
95880	Assessment of higher cerebral function with med-
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ical interpretation; aphasia testing 50.0
95881	developmental testing
95882	cognitive testing and others
95900	Nerve conduction velocity and/or latency study,
,,,,,,	motor each nerve
95904	sensory, each nerve
95925	Somatosensory testing (e.g., cerebral evoked po-
	tentials), one or more nerves
95933	Orbicularis oculi (blink) reflex, by electrodiagnos-
	tic testing BR
95935	"H" or "F" reflex study, by electrodiagnostic
	testing
95937	Neuromuscular junction testing (repetitive stimu-
	lation, paired stimuli), each nerve, any one
	method BR
95950	Monitoring for localization of cerebral seizure fo-
	cus, by attached electrodes or radiotelemetry;
	electroencephalographic (EEG) recording and in-
	terpretation, initial 24 hours BR
95951	combined electroencephalographic (EEG)
	and videorecording and interpretation, initial
	24 hours BR
95952	each additional 24 hours, with or without
	videorecording BR
95954	Pharmacological activation during prolonged
	monitoring for localization of cerebral seizure fo-
	cusBR
95955	Electroencephalogram (EEG) during
	nonintracranial surgery (e.g., carotid surgery) BR
95958	Wada activation test for hemispheric function, in-
	cluding electroencephalographic (EEG) monitor-
	ing BR
95999	Unlisted neurological or neuromuscular diagnostic
	procedure BR
(Statute	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039
	89-09), § 296-21-080, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-
06-032	(Order 86-19), § 296-21-080, filed 2/28/86, effective
4/1/86:	83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-080, filed 8/2/83. Stat-
utory A	uthority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–
24-041	(Order 81–28), § 296–21–080, filed 11/30/81, effective
	81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-080, filed 12/23/80, ef-
fective 3	1/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-080, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7,

#### SPECIFIC THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES

§ 296-21-080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-085 Specific therapeutic procedures—Miscellaneous. The codes within WAC 296-21-085, Specific therapeutic procedures—Miscellaneous, have been deleted.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09),  $\S$  296–21–085, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19),  $\S$  296–21–085, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; Order 75–39,  $\S$  296–21–085, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–7,  $\S$  296–21–085, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7,  $\S$  296–21–085, filed 1/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-086 Chemotherapy injections. Procedures 96500-96549 are independent of the patient's office visit. Either may occur independently from the other on any given day, or they may occur sequentially on the same day. Intravenous chemotherapy injections are administered by a physician or by a qualified assistant under supervision of the physician.

Regional (isolation) chemotherapy perfusion should be reported using existing codes describing complex arterial chemotherapy. Placement of the catheter should be reported using the appropriate code from the cardiovascular surgery section. Adjunctive procedures such as lymph node dissection, wide local excision and skin grafts should also be identified separately.

		Unit alue
96500	Chemotherapy injection, intravenous, single premixed agent, administered by qualified assistant under supervision of physician or by physician; by push technique	BR
96501 96504	by infusion technique  Chemotherapy injection, intravenous, multiple premixed agents, administered by qualified assist- ant under supervision of physician or by physi-	
96505 96508	cian; by push technique	BR
96509 96510	of physician or by physician; by push technique by infusion technique by infusion technique, prolonged, requiring attendance up to one hour	BR
96511	by infusion technique, prolonged, each addi- tional hour up to a total of eight hours	
96512	by infusion technique, prolonged, up to a total of several days, involving the use of portable pump	BR
	(Use 96512 in addition to code for intravenous catheterization; see 36000-36010, 36400-36425, 36488-36491)	
96520	Portable pump refilling and maintenance (use 96520 in addition to 96512)	RP
96524	Chemotherapy injection, complex, administered by physician, arterial infusion technique	
96526	Chemotherapy injection, complex, administered by physician, prolonged intra-arterial therapy infusion technique, up to several months	
	(Use 96526 in addition to code for intra-arterial catheterization; see 36100-36299, 36640-36660)	
	(For monitoring of an intra-arterial chemotherapy, drip or forced infusion, see 36620-36625)	
	(For implantation of infusion pump in hepatic artery system for liver chemotherapy, see 36260–36262)	s ·
96530	Implantable pump filling and maintenance	BR
	(Use 96530 in addition to 96526)	
96535	racentesis and/or paracentesis, administered by	n n
96538	physician, intracavitary	
96540	ture, administered by physician	
(For 6375	insertion of subarachnoid catheter for infusion of drug, so (0)	ee
96545	Provision of chemotherapy agent	BR
	(For radioactive isotope therapy see 79000-79999)	
96549	Unlisted chemotherapy procedure	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), \$ 296-21-086, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), \$ 296-21-086, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), \$ 296-21-086, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-21-090 Special dermatological procedures.

Dermatologic services are typically consultative, and any of the five levels of consultation (90600–90630) may be appropriate;

In addition, services and skill outlined under medicine levels of service appropriate to dermatologic illnesses should be coded similarly (90000 series).

(For intralesional injections, see 11900, 11901)

(For Tzanck smear, use 87207)

	Value
(List	in addition to office visit.)
96900	Actinotherapy (ultraviolet light) 5.0
96910	Photochemotherapy; tar and ultraviolet B (Goeckerman treatment) petrolatum and ultravi-
	olet B 5.0
96912	psoralens and ultraviolet A (PUVA) 5.0
96999	Unlisted special dermatological service or procedure
Statut	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-21-090, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-090, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-21-090, filed 1/2/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-21-090, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-21-090, filed 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-095 Physical medicine. The department or self-insurer will authorize and pay for the following physical medicine services only when the services are under the direct, continuous supervision of a physician who is "board qualified" in the field of physical medicine and rehabilitation, (except for (1) and (2) below). The services must be carried out by the physician or registered physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant serving under the direction of a registered physical therapist, by whom he is employed.

The department or self-insurer will allow other licensed physicians to provide physical medicine modalities in the following situations:

- (1) The primary attending physician may administer physical therapist modalities as listed under 97000 and/or procedures as listed under 97100 in his office. No more than six such visits will be authorized and paid to the attending physician. If the injured worker requires treatment beyond six visits, he must be referred to a registered physical therapist or a physiatrist for such treatment. The attending physician can bill an office visit in addition to the physical therapy visit for the same day if indicated. Procedure 97070 should be used to bill the physical therapy portion of the visit.
- (2) In remote areas, where no registered physical therapist or physical therapist assistant is available, treatment by the attending physician with modalities listed under 97100 may be billed under 97070.

Unit

[Title 296 WAC-p 263]

	(For fabrication of splints, bracing and other supportive devices, see		Unit Value
	99070)  (For muscle testing, range of joint motion, electromyography, etc.,	97260 97261	Manipulation (cervical, thoracic, lumbosacral, sacroiliac, hand, wrist, etc.), one area (separate procedure) performed by physician
	see 95831 et seq.) Unit Value		(Codes 97260 and 97261 may be used in conjunction with code 90030. All other office visit codes include treatment of the day.)
Modal	ities		(For manipulation under general anesthesia, see appropriate anatomic section in Musculoskeletal
	Physician or therapist is required to be in con- stant attendance.	97500	System) Orthotics training (dynamic bracing, splinting,
	(97000 has been deleted. To report, use 97010–97039)		etc.) upper extremities; initial 30 minutes, each visit
97010	Physical medicine treatment to one area; hot or cold packs	97501 97520 97521 97530	each additional 15 minutes
97012 97014 97016	traction, mechanical	7,700	strength and/or range of motion, one area (any two extremities or trunk); initial 30 minutes, each visit
97018 97020 97022	paraffin bath	97531 97540	each additional 15 minutes
97024 97026	diathermy       12.0         infrared       12.0	97541	each additional 15 minutes
97028 97039	ultraviolet         12.0           unlisted modality (specify)         12.0	Tests a	nd Measurements
97050 97070	Office visit with two or more modalities to same area		(For muscle testing, manual or electrical, joint range of motion, electromyography or nerve velocity determination, see 95830–95930)
,,,,,	tered physical therapist or physical therapist as-		Unit
	sistant serving under the direction of a registered physical therapist within reasonable distance or	97700	Value Office visit including one of the following tests or
	when the first six visits are in the physician's of- fice, treatment by any of the listed modalities or procedures given in a physician's office, hospital, advanced registered nurse practitioner clinic, by		measurements, with report
	other than a registered physical therapist, will be allowed	97701	minutes, each visit _ each additional 15 minutes
Proced		97720 97721	Extremity testing for strength, dexterity or stamina; initial 30 minutes, each visit
	(Physician or therapist is required to be in constant attendance)	91121	(97740, 97741 have been deleted. To report, see
	(97100 has been deleted. To report, use 97110-		97530, 97531)
	97139) (97101 has been deleted. To report, use 97145)	97752	Muscle testing, torque curves during isometric and isokinetic exercise (e.g., by use of Cybex machine)
97110	Physical medicine treatment to one area, initial 30 minutes, each visit; therapeutic exercises 16.0	Other I	Procedures
97112	neuromuscular reeducation 16.0	97799	Unlisted physical medicine service or procedure BR
97114 97116	functional activities		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032
97118	electrical stimulation (manual)		86-19), § 296-21-095, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-(Order 83-23), § 296-21-095, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Au-
97122 97124	traction, manual	thority:	RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041
97126	contrast baths		81-28), § 296-21-095, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81- (Order 80-29), § 296-21-095, filed 12/23/80, effective
97128 97139	ultrasound	3/1/81	; Order 76-34, § 296-21-095, filed 11/24/76, effective
97145	Physical medicine treatment to one area, each ad-		; Order 74-39, § 296-21-095, filed 11/22/74, effective ; Order 74-7, § 296-21-095, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, §
97200	ditional 15 minutes	296-21	Older 74-7, § 250-21-053, filed 1/30/74, Older 76-12, § -095, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-21-ed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
97201	each additional 15 minutes 5.0	W/A	C 296-21-125 Anesthesia. (1) Values for anes-
97220 97221	Hubbard tank; initial 30 minutes, each visit	thesia	services are listed for each procedure in the surgi-
97240	Pool therapy or Hubbard tank with therapeutic		ction and for certain procedures in other sections.  values are to be used only when the anesthesia is
97241	exercises; initial 30 minutes, each visit	person	nally administered by a licensed physician and sur- who remains in constant contact attendance during

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Unit Value

the procedure for the sole purpose of rendering such anesthesia service. These values include usual pre— and post—operative visits, the administration of the anesthetic and the administration of fluids and/or blood incident to the anesthesia or surgery.

- (2) "STANDBY SERVICES": When an anesthesiologist is required to participate in the general care of the patient during a surgical procedure, but does not administer anesthesia, these services may be charged on the basis of detention or on the basis of the indicated anesthesia value in accordance with the extent of the services rendered.
- (3) In procedures where no value is listed, the basic portion of the calculated value will be the same as listed for a comparable procedure.
- (4) Local infiltration, digital block or topical anesthesia administered by the operating surgeon is included in the unit value for the original surgical procedure.
- (5) SUPPLEMENTAL SKILLS: When warranted by the necessity of supplemental skills, values for the services of the two or more physicians will be allowed.
- (6) Adjunctive services provided during anesthesia and certain other circumstances may warrant an additional charge.

#### **ANESTHESIA MODIFIERS**

Since the values of anesthesia services are related to the procedure for which the anesthesia was performed, the anesthesia service is billed under the code number of the procedure. Add appropriate anesthesia modifier -30 to -99 to the procedure number to indicate that billing is for anesthesia service and not the medical or surgical procedure.

Listed values for most procedures may be modified under certain circumstances. When applicable, the modifying circumstances should be identified by the addition of the appropriate "modifier code number" (including hyphen) after the usual procedure number. The value should be listed as a single modified total for the procedure. (When multiple modifiers are applicable to a single procedure, see modifier code -99.)

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- -22 UNUSUAL SERVICES: When the service(s) provided is greater than that usually required for the listed procedure, if may be identified by adding modifier '-22' to the usual procedure number. A report may also be appropriate.
- -23 UNUSUAL ANESTHESIA: Periodically, a procedure, which usually required either no anesthesia or local anesthesia, because of unusual circumstances must be done under general anesthesia. This circumstance may be reported by adding the modifier '-23' to the procedure code of the basic service.
- -30 ANESTHESIA SERVICE: Add this modifier (-30) to the usual procedure number and use value listed in "Anes." column for normal, uncomplicated anesthesia.
- -47 ANESTHESIA BY SURGEON: When regional or general anesthesia is provided by the surgeon use the "basic" anesthesia value without the added value for time. (Note: Surgical units and

anesthesia units are not the same dollar value.) List separately from the surgical service provided and identify by adding this modifier (-47) to the usual procedure number.

(For local infiltration, digital block or topical anesthesia, see WAC 296-21-125, item 5)

- -75 CONCURRENT CARE, SERVICES RENDERED BY MORE THAN ONE PHYSICIAN: When the patient's condition requires the additional services of more than one physician, each physician may identify his or her services by adding the modifier '-75' to the basic service performed.
- -95 SUPERVISORY ANESTHESIA: Supervisory anesthesia is allowable to the supervising anesthesiologist when provided in the hospital and when the registered nurse anesthetist is not in the employ of the supervising anesthesiologist. The basic value is paid to the supervising anesthesiologist and the time units are paid to the nurse anesthetist. Identify by adding modifier -95 to the procedure code.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-125, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-21-125, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-125, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 74-7, § 296-21-125, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-21-125, filed 1/1/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-21-128 Special services and billing procedures—Anesthesia. Many anesthesia services are provided under particularly difficult circumstances depending on factors such as extraordinary condition of patient, notable operative conditions, unusual risk factors. This section includes a list of important qualifying circumstances that significantly impact on the character of the anesthetic service provided. These procedures would not be reported alone but would be reported as additional procedure numbers qualifying an anesthesia procedure or service.

Unit Value

## QUALIFYING CIRCUMSTANCES: (More than one may be selected.)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
99100	Anesthesia for patient of extreme age, under one
	year and over seventy BR
99110	Anesthesia complicated by prone position and/or
	intubation to avoid surgical field
99116	Anesthesia complicated by utilization of total
	body hypothermia 10.0
99125	Anesthesia complicated by extracorporeal circula-
	tion, e.g., heart pump oxygenator bypass or pump
	assist, with or without hypothermia 10.0
99130	Anesthesia complicated by hyperbaric or com-
	pression chamber pressurization BR
99135	Anesthesia complicated by utilization of con-
	trolled hypotension

	value	
99140	Anesthesia complicated by emergency conditions (specify)	
	(An emergency is defined as existing when delay	
	in treatment of the patient would lead to a signif-	
	icant increase in the threat to life or body part.) 2.0	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88-04-052 (Order 87-29), § 296-21-128, filed 1/29/88; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-21-128, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-21-128, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; Order 74-7, § 296-21-128, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-21-130 Calculation of total anesthesia values. The total anesthesia value is calculated by adding the listed basic value and time units.

A basic value is listed for most procedures. This includes the value of all anesthesia services except the value of the actual time spent administering the anesthesia or in unusual detention with the patient.

The time units are computed by allowing one unit for each 12 minutes of anesthesia time. Anesthesia time begins when the anesthesiologist starts physically to prepare the patient for the induction of anesthesia in the operating room area (or its equivalent) and ends when the anesthesiologist is no longer in constant attendance (when the patient may be safely placed under post-operative supervision).

For example, in a procedure with a basic value of 5.0 units requiring two hours and forty-five minutes of anesthesia time, the time units total 14.0 and are added to the basic value of 5.0, resulting in a value of 19.0 units for this anesthesia service.

When multiple surgical procedures are performed during the same period of anesthesia, only the greater basic value of the various surgical procedures will be used. For example, when a "D & C" with a basic value of 3.0 units is followed by a hysterectomy with a basic value of 5.0 units during the same period of anesthesia, the basic value to be used is 5.0 units. To this value are added the time units applicable for the entire period of anesthesia time for the multiple procedures performed.

Basic value (as listed or modified) + time units = TOTAL ANESTHESIA VALUE.

[Order 74-7, § 296-21-130, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, § 296-21-130, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-21-130, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

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#### SURGERY

WAC 296-22-010 General information and instructions. Rules and billing procedures pertaining to all practitioners rendering services to injured workers are

- presented in the general information section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some commonalities are repeated here for the convenience of those doctors referring to the surgery section. Definitions and rules unique to surgery are also included here.
- (1) DOCTOR'S SERVICES rendered for office, home, hospital, consultations and other services are listed in the medicine section. The department may designate those diagnostic and surgical procedures which can be performed in other than a hospital inpatient setting. Where a worker has a medical condition which necessitates a hospital admission, prior approval of the department or self-insurer must be obtained.
- (2) Listed values for all surgical procedures include the surgery, local infiltration, metacarpal/digital block or topical anesthesia when used and the normal uncomplicated follow-up care for the period indicated in days in the column headed "follow-up days."
- (3) Follow-up care for diagnostic procedures (e.g., endoscopy, injection procedures for radiography, etc.) includes only that care related to recovery from the diagnostic procedure itself. Care of the condition for which the diagnostic procedure was performed or other concomitant conditions is not included and may be charged for in accordance with the services rendered.
- (4) Follow-up care for therapeutic surgical procedures includes only that care usually a part of the surgical service. Complications, exacerbations, recurrence or the presence of other diseases or injuries requiring additional services concurrent with the procedure(s) or during the listed period of normal follow-up care may warrant additional charges. (See modifier -68.)

When an additional surgical procedure(s) is carried out within the listed period of follow-up care for a previous surgery, the follow-up periods will continue concurrently to their normal terminations.

(5) PREOPERATIVE VISITS AND SERVICES: Under most circumstances the immediate preoperative visit in the hospital or elsewhere necessary to examine the patient, complete the hospital records, and initiate the treatment program is included in the listed value for the surgical procedure.

Additional charges may be warranted for preoperative services under the following circumstances:

- (a) When the preoperative visit is the initial visit (e.g., an emergency, etc.) and prolonged detention or evaluation is required to prepare the patient or to establish the need for and type of surgical procedure.
- (b) When the preoperative visit is a consultation as defined in WAC 296-21-030.
- (c) When procedures not usually part of the basic surgical procedure (e.g., bronchoscopy prior to chest surgery, etc.) are provided during the immediate preoperative period.
- (6) CONCURRENT SERVICES BY MORE THAN ONE PHY-SICIAN: Charges for concurrent services of two or more physicians may be warranted under the following circumstances:
- (a) Medical services provided during the surgical procedure or in the postoperative period (e.g., diabetic management, operative monitoring of cardiac or brain

conditions, management of postoperative electrolyte imbalance, etc.).

- (b) TWO SURGEONS: Under certain circumstances the skills of two surgeons (e.g., a urologist and a general surgeon in the creation of an ileal conduit, etc.). By prior agreement, the total value may be apportioned in relation to the responsibility of work done. The total value may be increased by 25% in lieu of the assistant's charge. (See modifier -62.)
- (c) CO-SURGEONS: Under certain circumstances, two surgeons (usually with similar skills) may function simultaneously as primary surgeons performing distinct parts of a total surgical service (e.g., two surgeons simultaneously applying skin grafts to different parts of the body of the same patient). By prior agreement, the total value may be apportioned in relation to the responsibility and work done. The total value may be increased by an appropriate amount in lieu of the usual assistant's charge. (See modifier -64.)
- (d) SURGICAL TEAM: Under some circumstances highly complex procedures requiring the concomitant services of several physicians, often of different specialties, plus other highly skilled, specially trained personnel and various types of complex equipment are carried out under the surgical team concept with a single, global fee for the total service. The services included in the "global" charge vary widely and no single value can be listed. The value should be supported by a report to include itemization of the physician(s) services, paramedical personnel and equipment included in the "global" charge. (See modifier -66.)
- (7) ASTERISK (\*) PROCEDURES OR ITEMS: Certain relatively small surgical services involve a readily identifiable surgical procedure but include variable preoperative and postoperative services (e.g., incision and drainage of an abscess, injection of a tendon sheath, manipulation of a joint under anesthesia, dilation of the urethra, etc.). Because of the indefinite pre and postoperative services the usual "package" concept for surgical services (see above) cannot be applied. Such procedures are identified by an asterisk (\*) preceding or following the procedure code number.

Where an asterisk (\*) precedes or follows a procedure number and its value, the following rules apply:

- (a) The services as listed includes the surgical procedure only. Associated pre and postoperative services are not included in the service as listed.
- (b) Preoperative services are considered as one of the following:
- (i) When the asterisk (\*) procedure is carried out at the time of an initial visit (new patient) and this procedure constitutes the major service at that visit, procedure number 99025 is listed in lieu of the usual initial visit as an additional service.
- (ii) When the asterisk (\*) procedure is carried out at the time of an initial or other visit involving significant identifiable services (e.g., removal of a small skin lesion at the time of a comprehensive history and physical examination), the appropriate visit is listed in addition to the asterisk (\*) procedure and its follow-up care.

- (iii) When the asterisk (\*) procedure is carried out at the time of a follow-up (established patient) visit and this procedure constitutes the major service at that visit, the service visit is usually not added.
- (iv) When the asterisk (\*) procedure requires hospitalization, an appropriate hospital visit is listed in addition to the asterisk (\*) procedure and its follow-up care.
- (c) All postoperative care is to be added on a service-by-service basis (e.g., office or hospital visit, cast change, etc.).
- (d) Complications are added on a service-by-service basis (as with all surgical procedures).
  - (8) MULTIPLE OR BILATERAL SURGICAL PROCEDURES:
- (a) When multiple surgical procedures which add significant time or complexity to patient care are performed at the same operative session. (See modifier -51.)
- (b) When bilateral surgical procedures which add significant time or complexity to patient care are performed at the same operative session. (See modifier -50.)
- (c) Incidental procedures (e.g., incidental appendectomy, incidental scar incision, puncture of ovarian cysts, simple lysis of adhesions, simple repair of hiatal hernia, etc.) do not warrant an additional charge. (See modifier -52.) THESE PROCEDURES MUST BE AUTHORIZED IN ADVANCE.
- (9) SURGERY AND FOLLOW-UP CARE PROVIDED BY DIFFERENT PHYSICIANS: When one physician performs the surgical procedure itself and another provides the follow-up care, the value may be apportioned between them by agreement along with notification to the department of the fee distribution. (See modifier -54 or -55.)
- (10) ANESTHESIA BY SURGEON: When regional or general anesthesia is provided by the surgeon, value as "basic" value for anesthesia procedure without added value for time. (See modifier -47) (For local infiltration, digital block or topical anesthesia, see subsection (2) of this section.)
- (11) In cases where the claimant does not survive, the percentage of the flat fee paid the physician shall be commensurate with the services rendered.
- (12) The emergency room will be considered the office for those physicians providing regular emergency room care to the hospital and fees will be allowed on this basis.
- (13) MATERIALS SUPPLIED BY PHYSICIAN: Supplies and materials provided by the physician, e.g., sterile trays/drugs, over and above those usually included with the office visit or other services rendered may be listed separately. List drugs, trays, supplies, and materials provided. Identify as 99070.
- (14) MULTIPLE PROCEDURES: It is appropriate to designate multiple procedures that are rendered on the same date by separate entries. (See modifier -50 below.)
- (15) SEPARATE PROCEDURES: Some of the listed procedures are commonly carried out as an integral part of a total service, and as such do not warrant a separate

identification. When, however, such a procedure is performed alone for a specific purpose, it may be considered to be a separate procedure.

(16) SPECIAL REPORT: A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable, or new may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure, and the time, effort, and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be included are: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings (such as size, location, and number of lesion(s), if appropriate), diagnostic and therapeutic procedures (including major and supplementary surgical procedures, if appropriate), concurrent problems, and follow-up care. See WAC 296–20-01002 for "BR" By Report instructions.

(17) SURGERY MODIFIERS: (For other modifiers, see appropriate sections.)

Listed values and procedures may be modified under certain circumstance. When applicable, the modifying circumstance should be identified by the addition of the appropriate "modifier code number" which is a two digit number placed after the usual procedure number from which it is separated by a hyphen. If more than one modifier is used, the "multiple modifiers" placed first after the procedure code indicates one or more additional modifier codes will follow. Modifiers commonly used in surgery are as follows:

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- MICRO-SURGERY: When the surgical service is performed using the techniques of micro-surgery in an operating room requiring the use of an operating microscope, the modifier -20 may be added to the surgical procedure. The use of this modifier is not warranted when surgery is done with the aid of a magnifying loupe, whether attached to the eyeglasses, or on a headband. The total value of the surgical procedure may be increased by 20%. A special report may be appropriate to document the necessity of the micro-surgical approach.
- -22 UNUSUAL SERVICES: When the service(s) provided is greater than that usually required for the listed procedure, it may be identified by adding modifier '-22' to the usual procedure number. List modified value. A report may be required.
- DIGITAL RADIOLOGY (e.g., digital subtraction angiography, digital fluoroscopy, digital radiography). When this technique is utilized, the modifier '-25' may be appended to the appropriate five digit number of the radiologic procedure to indicate that the digital modality was applied. The modifier would be applied to both the supervision and interpretation service and complete procedure. When the supervision and interpretation service code is utilized and the injection is

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done by a second physician, the modifier need not be applied to the surgical injection codes.

Payment is made on the basis of up to and including forty percent of the fee maximum.

-47 ANESTHESIA BY SURGEON: When regional or general anesthesia is provided by the surgeon, it may be reported by adding to modifier '-47' to the basic service. (This does not include local anesthesia.)

Use the "basic" anesthesia value only. (Note: Surgical units and anesthesia units are not of the same dollar values.) List separately from the surgical service provided and identify by adding this modifier '-47' to the usual procedure number. (For local infiltration, digital block or topical anesthesia, see WAC 296-21-125, item 5.)

- -50 BILATERAL PROCEDURE: Unless otherwise identified in the listings, bilateral procedures requiring a separate incision that are performed at the same operative session, should be identified by the appropriate five digit code describing the first procedure. The second (bilateral) procedure is identified by adding modifier -50 to the procedure number and value at 50% of the listed value(s) unless otherwise indicated.
- MULTIPLE PROCEDURES: When multiple procedures which add significant time or complexity to patient care are provided at the same operative session, identify and value the first or major procedure as listed. Identify secondary or lesser procedure(s) by '-51' to the usual procedure number(s) and value at 50% of the listed value(s) unless otherwise indicated.
- -52 REDUCED VALUES: Under certain circumstances, the listed value for a procedure is reduced or eliminated at the physician's election. Under these circumstances, the service provided can be identified by it's usual procedure number and the addition of modifier '-52', signifying that the service is reduced. For example:
  - (a) Incidental procedures (e.g., incidental appendectomies, incidental scar excisions, puncture of ovarian cysts, simple lysis of adhesions, simple repair of a hiatal hernia, etc.) do not warrant an additional charge.
  - (b) When the listed value is reduced in conformity with a ground rule (e.g., rereduction of a fracture).
  - (c) When charges for multiple procedures (e.g., multiple lacerations, etc.) are reduced at the physician's election to achieve an appropriate total charge.
- -54 SURGICAL PROCEDURE ONLY: When one physician performs the surgical procedure and another provides the pre and/or postoperative management surgical services may be identified by adding the modifier '-54' to the usual procedure number. Value may be apportioned between them by agreement.

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- -55 POSTOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT ONLY:
  When one physician performs the postoperative management and another has performed the surgical procedure, the post operative component may be identified by adding the modifier '-55' to the usual procedure number. Value may be apportioned between them by agreement.
- -56 PREOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT ONLY: When one physician performs the preoperative care and evaluation and another physician performs the surgical procedure, the preoperative component may be identified by adding the modifier '-56' to the usual procedure number.

Value is apportioned as per agreement between practitioners involved.

TWO SURGEONS: Under certain circumstances the skills of two surgeons (usually with different skills) may be required in the management of a specific surgical problem (e.g., a urologist and a general surgeon in the creation of an ileal conduit, etc.). By prior agreement, the total value may be apportioned in relation to the responsibility and work done. The total value may be increased by 25% in lieu of the assistant's charge. Under these circumstances the services of each surgeon should be identified by adding this modifier '-62' to the joint procedure number(s) and valued as agreed upon.

(Usual charges for surgical assistance may also be warranted if an additional physician(s) is required as part of the surgical team.)

CO-SURGEONS: Under certain circumstances, -64two surgeons (usually with similar skills) may function simultaneously as primary surgeons performing distinct parts of a total surgical service (e.g., two surgeons simultaneously applying skin grafts to different parts of the body or two surgeons repairing different fractures in the same patient). By prior agreement, the total value may be apportioned in relation to the responsibility and work done. The total value may be increased by 25% in lieu of the usual assistant's charge. Under these circumstances the services of each surgeon should be identified by adding this modifier '-64' to the joint procedure number(s) and valued as agreed upon.

> (Usual charges for surgical assistance may also be warranted if additional physicians are required as part of the surgical team.)

- -68 COMPLICATIONS: Complications or circumstances requiring unusual additional services during the listed follow-up period may warrant additional charges on a fee-for-service basis. Identify these conditions by adding this modifier '-68' to the usual procedure number(s) for the

additional service(s) rendered and indicate the appropriate value(s). May require a report.

- -75 CONCURRENT CARE, SERVICES REN-DERED BY MORE THAN ONE PHYSICIAN: When the patient's condition requires the additional services of more than one physician, each physician may identify his or her services by adding the modifier '-75' to the basic service performed.
- -76 REPEAT PROCEDURE BY SAME PHYSI-CIAN: The physician may need to indicate that a procedure or service was repeated subsequent to the original service. This may be reported by adding the modifier '-76' to the procedure code of the repeated service.
- -77 REPEAT PROCEDURE BY ANOTHER PHY-SICIAN: The physician may need to indicate that a basic procedure performed by another physician had to be repeated. This may be reported by adding modifier '-77' to the repeated service.
- -80 ASSISTANT SURGEON: Surgical assistant services are identified by adding this modifier '-80' to the usual procedure number(s) and are valued at 20% of the listed value of the surgical procedure(s)

OR

- -81 MINIMUM ASSISTANT SURGEON AL-LOWANCE: Identify by adding this modifier '-81' to the usual procedure number and value at............ 1.7
- -90 REFERENCE (OUTSIDE) LABORATORY: When laboratory procedures are performed by a party other than the treating or reporting physician, the procedure may be identified by adding the modifier '-90' to the usual procedure number.
- —99 MULTIPLE MODIFIERS: Under certain circumstances, two or more modifiers may be necessary to completely delineate a service. In such situations, modifier '-99' should be added to the procedure number and other applicable modifiers may be listed as part of the description of the service.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–010, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–03–005 (Order 86–47), § 296–22–010, filed 1/8/87; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), § 296–22–010, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–010, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–010, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–22–010, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–010, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–010, filed 1/30/74; Order 70–12, § 296–22–010, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–22–010, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

### WAC 296-22-016 Footnotes.

- + BR: By report; see WAC 296-20-01002 for detailed information.
- @ Listed units represent basic anesthesia value only; add value for time. See WAC 296-21-130 for calculating total anesthesia values.
- & Sv: See WAC 296-20-01002 before using.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–016, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–016, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-22-017 Unlisted service or procedure. A service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in WAC 296-22-01701 below. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for SURGERY are as follows:

onows.	
15999	Unlisted procedure, excision pressure ulcer
17999	Unlisted procedure, skin, mucous membrane, and
17777	subcutaneous tissue
19499	Unlisted procedure, breast
20999	Unlisted procedure, musculoskeletal system, general
21499	Unlisted orthopedic procedure, head
21899	Unlisted procedure, neck or thorax
22899	Unlisted procedure, spine
22999	Unlisted procedure, abdomen, musculoskeletal
	system
23929	Unlisted procedure, shoulder
24999	Unlisted procedure, humerous or elbow
25999	Unlisted procedure, forearm or wrist
26989	Unlisted procedure, hands or fingers
27299	Unlisted procedure, pelvis or hip joint
27599	Unlisted procedure, femur or knee
27899	Unlisted procedure, leg or ankle
28899	Unlisted procedure, foot or toes
29799	Unlisted procedure, casting or strapping
29909	Unlisted procedure, arthroscopy
30999	Unlisted procedure, nose
31299	Unlisted procedure, accessory sinuses
31599	Unlisted procedure, larynx
31899	Unlisted procedure, trachea, bronchi
32999	Unlisted procedure, lungs and pleura
33999	Unlisted procedure, cardiac surgery
36299	Unlisted procedure, vascular injection
37799	Unlisted procedure, vascular surgery
38999	Unlisted procedure, hemic or lymphatic system
39499	Unlisted procedure, mediastinum
39599	Unlisted procedure, diaphragm
40799	Unlisted procedure, lips
40899	Unlisted procedure, vestibule of mouth
41599	Unlisted procedure, tongue, floor of mouth
41899	Unlisted procedure, dentoalveolar structures
42299	Unlisted procedure, palate, uvula
42699	Unlisted procedure, salivary glands or ducts
42999	Unlisted procedure, pharynx, adenoids, or tonsils
43499	Unlisted procedure, esophagus
43999	Unlisted procedure, stomach
44799	Unlisted procedure, intestine
44899	Unlisted procedure, Meckel's diverticulum and the
44077	mesentary
45999	Unlisted procedure, rectum
	Unlisted procedure, rectain
46999	
47399	Unlisted procedure, liver
47999	Unlisted procedure, biliary tract
48999	Unlisted procedure, pancreas
49999	Unlisted procedure, abdomen, peritoneum and
£2000	omentum
53899	Unlisted procedure, urinary system
55899	Unlisted procedure, male genital system
58999	Unlisted procedure, female genital system - nonob-
	stetrical
59899	Unlisted procedure, maternity care and delivery
60699	Unlisted procedure, endocrine system
64999	Unlisted procedure, nervous system
66999	Unlisted procedure, anterior segment of eye
67299	Unlisted procedure, posterior segment of eye
67399	Unlisted procedure, ocular muscle
67599	Unlisted procedure, orbit
67999	Unlisted procedure, eyelids
68399	Unlisted procedure, conjunctiva
68899	Unlisted procedure, lacrimal system
69399	Unlisted procedure, external ear
69799	Unlisted procedure, middle ear
	•

69949 Unlisted procedure, inner ear
Unlisted procedure, temporal bone, middle fossa
approach.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–017, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–017, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–017, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–855 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–017, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–22–017, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-22-01701 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable, or new may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure; and the time, effort, and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be included are: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings (such as size, location, and number of lesion(s), if appropriate), diagnostic and therapeutic procedures (including major and supplementary surgical procedures, if appropriate), current problems, and followup care.

[Order 76-34, § 296-22-01701, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

#### INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

WAC 296-22-020 Skin, subcutaneous and areolar tissues

tissues.				
		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
INCISIO	ON .			
*10000 10001 10002 10003*	Incision and drainage of infected or noninfected subaceous cyst; one lesion	*0.4 0.2 0.1	0	3.0 3.0 3.0
	(For excision, see 11400, et seq.)			
*10020 *10040	Incision and drainage of furuncle	*0.4	0	3.0
*10060	zation, opening, or removal of multiple milia, comedones, cysts, pustules)	*0.3	0	3.0
10061 *10080	or subcutaneous abscesses); simple	0.4 BR+ *0.4	0	3.0 3.0 3.0
10081	complicated	BR+	U	3.0
	(For excision of pilonidal cyst, see 11770-11772)			
*10100	Incision and drainage of onychia	*0.4	•	2.0
10101	or paronychia, single or simple multiple or complicated	*0.4 BR+	0	3.0 3.0

		T lmis	Follow-	Dania			i Imia	Follow-	Dania
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
*10120	Incision and removal of foreign body, subcutaneous tissues; sim-				11101	each additional lesion	0.2	7	3.0
10121	ple	*0.4 BR+	0	3.0 3.0		(For biopsy of conjunctiva, see 68100; eyelid, see 67810)			
*10140	Incision and drainage of hematoma, simple	*0.4	0	3.0	EXCIS	ION-BENIGN LESIONS			
10141	complicated	BR+		3.0	Excision	(including simple closure) of be-			
*10160	Puncture aspiration of abscess, hematoma, bulla, or cyst	*0.3	0	3.0	(e.g., c	ions of skin or subcutaneous tissues icatricial, fibrous, inflammatory,			
10180	Incision and drainage, complex, postoperative wound infection	BR	•	3.0	anesthes	tal, cystic lesions), including local sia. See appropriate size and area			
	(For secondary closure of surgical wound, see 12020, 12021,				below.	(For electrosurgical and other			
	13160)					methods see 17000 et seq.)			
(Order 8	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 36–19), § 296–22–020, filed 2/28/8 thority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.	6, effec	tive 4/1/8	6. Statu-	*11200	Excision (including simple clo- sure or ligature strangulation), skin tags, multiple fibrocutan-			
3/1/81;	(Order 80-25), § 296-22-020, Order 74-7, § 296-22-020, filed 020, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/0	1/30/			11201	eous tags, any area; up to 15 each additional 10 lesions	*0.4 0.2	0	3.0 3.0
	C 296-22-021 Excision1	-	ement.			(For electrosurgical destruction, see 17200, 17201)			
	DEMENT				11400	Excision, benign lesion, except skin tag (unless listed else-			
	(For dermabrasions, see 15780-					where), trunk, arms or legs; lesion diameter 0.5 cm or less	0.6	15	3.0
	15791)				11401	lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm.	0.8	15	3.0
	(For nail debridement, see 11700-11711)				11402 11403	lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm. lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm.	1.0 1.2	15 15	3.0 3.0
	(For burn(s), see 16000–16035)				11404	lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm.	1.4	15	3.0
	(101 04111(8); 800 10000 10033)		Follow-		11406	lesion diameter over 4.0 cm	1.6	15	3.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@		(For unusual or complicated excision, add modifier -22)			
*11000	Debridement of extensive eczem-				11420	Excision, benign lesion, except			
11000	atous or infected skin; up to 10%					skin tag (unless listed else- where), scalp, neck, hands,			
11001	of body surface each additional 10% of the	*0.4	0	3.0		feet, genitalia; lesion diameter	Λο.	1.5	2.0
	body surface	0.2		3.0	11421	0.5 cm or less	0.8	15 15	3.0 3.0
11040	Debridement; skin, partial thickness	BR+		3.0	11422	lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm.	1.2	15	3.0
11041	skin, full thickness	BR		3.0	11423 11424	lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm. lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm.	1.4 1.6	15 15	3.0 3.0
11042	skin and subcutaneous tissue.	BR		3.0	11426	lesion diameter over 4.0 cm	1.8	15	3.0
11043 11044	skin, subcutaneous tissue, and muscle skin, subcutaneous tissue,	BR		3.0		(For unusual or complicated excision, add modifier -22)			
11044	skin, subcutaneous tissue, muscle, and bone	BR		3.0	11440	Excision, other benign lesion			
PARINO	G, CURETTEMENT, OR SHAVII	NG				(unless listed elsewhere), face,			
11050*	Paring, curettement, or shaving					ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mu- cous membrane; lesion diame-			
	of benign lesion with or without chemical cauterization (such as				11441	ter 0.5 cm or less	1.0	15	3.0
	verrucae or clavi); single lesion	0.5	0	3.0	11441 11442	lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm. lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm.	1.2 1.4	15 15	3.0 3.0
11051 11052	two to four lesions more than four lesions	0.6 0.7		3.0 3.0	11443	lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm.	1.6	15	3.0
	ON AND SIMPLE CLOSURE	0.7		3.0	11444 11446	lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm . lesion diameter over 4.0 cm	1.8 2.0	15 15	3.0 3.0
LACISI	(Not reconstructive surgery; for					(For unusual or complicated ex-			
	reconstructive surgery see repair- complex)					cision, add modifier -22) (For eyelids involving more than			
	(For electro-surgical and other methods, see 17000 et seq.)		7		11450	skin, see also 67800 et seq.)  Excision of skin and subcuta-			
BIOPSY						neous tissue for hidradenitis, axillary; with primary suture.	BR		3.0
11100	Biopsy of skin, subcutaneous tis- sue and/or mucous membrane				11451 11462	with other closure  Excision of skin and subcuta-	BR		3.0
	(including simple closure), unless				11702	neous tissue for hidradenitis,			
	otherwise listed (separate procedure); one lesion	0.6	7	3.0	11463	inguinal; with primary suture . with other closure	BR BR		3.0 3.0
(1989 Ed.	)						Title	296 WAC-	—n 2711
, <u></u>	•								L1

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
11470	Excision of skin and subcuta-				11760	Reconstruction of nail bed; sim-			
	neous tissue for hidradenitis, perianal, perineal, or umbili-					ple	2.5	0	3.0
11471	cal; with primary closure with other closure	BR BR		3.0 3.0	11762 11765	complicated	3.0	0	3.0
	(When skin graft or flap is used				MISCE	LLANEOUS			
	for closure, use appropriate pro- cedure code in addition)					(For incision of pilonidal cyst, see 10080, 10081)			
	(For bilateral procedure, add modifier -50)				11770	Excision of pilonidal cyst or si-			
EXCISI	ON-MALIGNANT LESIONS				11771	nus, simple	2.0 7.0	30 60	3.0 3.0
Excision	(including simple closure) or				11772	complicated	BR+	00	3.0
treatmen	t by any other method (except ra- or chemosurgery) of malignant le- skin, including local anesthesia,					(For hemangioma, see 11400-11446, 13100-15730)			
each lesi	on:					(For hidradenitis, see 10060-10061, 11450-11471)			
11600	Excision, malignant; lesion, trunk, arms, or legs; lesion diameter 0.5 cm or less	1.2	90	3.0		(For lipoma, see 11400-11446, 13100-15730)			
11601	lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm .	1.6	90	3.0		(For lymph node dissection, see			
11602	lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm.	2.0	90	3.0		38700–38780)			
11603 11604	lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm. lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm.	2.4 2.8	90 90	3.0 3.0		(For ulcer, vascular or inflam-			
11606 11620	lesion diameter over 4.0 cm Excision, malignant lesion,	3.2	90	3.0		matory, see 11400-11446, 13100-15730)			
	scalp, neck, hands, feet, geni- talia; lesion diameter 0.5 cm or				[Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.	04.030. 89	-17-039
	less	2.0	90	3.0		89–09), § 296–22–021, filed 8/10/			
11621	lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm .	3.0	90	3.0		(Order 87–18), § 296–22–021, filed 19), § 296–22–021, filed 2/28/86,			
11622	lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm.	4.0	90	3.0		der 83–23), § 296–22–021, filed 8/			
11623 11624	lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm. lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm.	5.0 6.0	90 90	3.0 3.0		1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.			
11626	lesion diameter over 4.0 cm	7.0	90	3.0		§ 296–22–021, filed 12/3/80, effec			
11640	Excision, malignant lesion, face, ears, eyelids, nose, lips,					021, filed 1/30/74; Order 68- 8, effective 1/1/69.]	-1, 8 1	290-22-02	i, illeu
11641	lesion diameter 0.5 cm or less. lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm.	3.0 4.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	WA	C 296-22-022 Introduction	n.		
11642	lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm.	5.0	90	3.0	AA UV	· By W-Ma-Vaa Essts Voot tave	по		
11643	lesion diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm .	6.0	90	3.0			Unit	Follow-	Dosio
11644	lesion diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm.	7.0	90	3.0			Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
11646	lesion diameter over 4.0 cm	8.0	90	3.0			vaido	Days	7111000
	(For eyelids involving more than skin, see also 67800 et seq.)				*11900 *11901	Injection, intralesional; up to and including seven lesions more than seven lesions	*0.4 *0.72	0 0	3.0 3.0
NAILS						(For veins, see 36470, 36471)			
******	(For drainage of paronychia or onychia, see 10100, 10101)				11920	Tattooing, intradermal introduction of insoluble opaque pigments			
*11700	Debridement nails, manual, five or less	*0.3	0	3.0		to correct color defects of skin; 6.0 sq cm or less	BR		3.0
11701 11710	each additional five or less.  Debridement of nails, electric	0.15	Ū	3.0	11921 11922	6.1 to 20.0 sq cm	BR BR		3.0 3.0
	grinder, five or less	*0.4	0	3.0	11950	Subcutaneous injection of "fill-			
11711	each additional five or less.	0.2		3.0		ing" material (e.g., silicone); 1 cc	pp		2.0
*11730	Avulsion of nail plate, partial or complete, simple; single	*0.4	0	3.0	11951	or less	BR BR		3.0 3.0
11731	second nail plate	0.2			11952	5.1 to 10 cc	BR		3.0
11732	each additional nail plate	0.1			11954	over 10 cc	BR		
11740	Evacuation of subungual hematoma	0.3	0	3.0	11960 11970	Insertion of tissue expander(s) Replacement of tissue expander	BR		3.0
11750	Excision of nail and nail matrix, partial or complete (e.g., ingrown				11971	with permanent prosthesis Removal of tissue expander(s)	BR		3.0
	or deformed nail), for permanent removal	2.0	30	3.0		without insertion of prosthesis	2.0		3.0
11752	with amputation of tuft of dis-	۷.0	30	3,0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
	tal phalanx	3.0	30	3.0	16-004 (	89–09), § 296–22–022, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–022, filed 9), § 296–22–022, filed 2/28/86, o	7/23/8	7; 86-06-0	032 (Or-
	(For skin graft, if used, see 15050)					y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030			
PERSONAL TIME	( WAC 272)							,	1000 E4 )

Follow-

055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-022, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-022, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-022, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-22-023 Repair. The repair of wounds may be classified as simple, intermediate or complex.

SIMPLE REPAIR is used when the wound is superficial; i.e., involving skin and/or subcutaneous tissues, without significant involvement of deeper structures, and which requires simple suturing. For closure with adhesive strips, list appropriate visit only.

INTERMEDIATE REPAIR includes the repair of wounds that, in addition to the above, require layer closure. Such wounds usually involve deeper layers such as fascia or muscle, to the extent that at least one of deeper layers requires separate closure.

COMPLEX REPAIR includes the repairs of wounds requiring reconstructive surgery, complicated wound closures, skin grafts or unusual and time consuming techniques of repair to obtain the maximum functional and cosmetic result. It may include creation of the defect and necessary preparation for repairs or the debridement and repair of complicated lacerations or avulsions.

Instructions for listing services at time of wound repair.

- 1. The repaired wound(s) should be measured and recorded in centimeters, whether curved, angular or stellate.
- 2. When multiple wounds are repaired, add together the lengths of those in the same classification (see above) and report as a single item.

When more than one classification of wounds is repaired, list the more complicated as the primary procedure and the less complicated as the secondary procedure, using modifier '-51'.

- 3. Decontamination and/or debridement: Debridement is considered a separate procedure only when gross contamination requires prolonged cleansing when appreciable amounts of devitalized or contaminated tissue are removed, or when debridement is carried out separately without immediate primary closure. (For extensive debridement of soft tissue and/or bone, see 11040-11044.)
- 4. Involvement of nerves, blood vessels and tendons: Report under appropriate system (nervous, cardiovascular, musculoskeletal) for repair of these structures. The repair of the associated wound is included in the primary procedure unless it qualifies as a complex wound, in which case modifier '-51' applies.

Simple ligation of vessels in an open wound is considered as part of any wound closure.

Simple "exploration" of nerves, blood vessels or tendons exposed in an open wound is also considered part of the essential treatment of the wound and is not a separate procedure unless appreciable dissection is required.

		Unit	ronow– up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@
REPAIR	-SIMPLE			
	(Sum of lengths of repairs)			
12001*	Simple repair of superficial wounds of scalp, neck, axillae, external genitalia, trunk and/or extremities (including hands			
12002#	and feet); 2.5 cm or less	0.4	0	3.0
12002* 12004*	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm 7.6 cm to 12.5 cm	0.6 0.8	0	3.0 3.0
12004	12.6 cm to 20.0 cm	1.0	0	3.0
12006	20.1 cm to 30.0 cm	1.2	ő	3.0
12007	over 30.0 cm	BR		3.0
12011*	Simple repair of superficial wounds of face, ears, eyelids,			
	nose, lips and/or mucous mem-			
	branes; 2.5 cm or less	0.6	0	3.0
12013*	2.6 cm to 5.0 cm	0.8	0	3.0
12014	5.1 cm to 7.5 cm	1.0	0	3.0
12015	7.6 cm to 12.5 cm	1.2	0	3.0
12016	12.6 cm to 20.0 cm	1.4	0	3.0
12017	20.1 cm to 30.0 cm	1.6	. 0	3.0
12018	over 30.0 cm	BR		3.0
12020	Treatment of superficial wound dehiscence; simple closure	BR		3.0
12021	with packing	BR	•	3.0
12021	with packing	DK		3.0
	(For extensive or complicated secondary wound closure, see 13160)			
REPAIR	-INTERMEDIATE			
12031*	Layer closure of wounds of scalp, axillae, trunk and/or extremities (excluding hands and feet); 2.5 cm or less	0.6	0	3.0
12032*	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm	0.8	ő	3.0
12034	7.6 cm to 12.5 cm	1.0	Ö	3.0
12035	12.6 cm to 20.0 cm	1.2	0	3.0
12036	20.1 cm to 30.0 cm	1.4	0	3.0
12037	over 30.0 cm	BR		3.0
12041*	Layer closure of wounds of			
	neck, hands, feet and/or exter-	Λ.0	۸	2.0
12042	nal genitalia; 2.5 cm or less 2.6 cm to 7.5 cm	0.8 1.0	0	3.0 3.0
12044	7.6 cm to 12.5 cm	1.2	0	3.0
12045	12.6 cm to 20.0 cm	1.4	ŏ	3.0
12046	20.1 cm to 30.0 cm	1.6	Ö	3.0
12047	over 30.0 cm	BR		3.0
12051*	Layer closure of wounds of			
	face, ears, eyelids, nose, lips			
	and/or mucous membranes; 2.5			
12052	cm or less	1.0	0	3.0
12052	2.6 cm to 5.0 cm 5.1 cm to 7.5 cm	1.2	0	3.0
12053 12054	7.6 cm to 12.5 cm	1.4 1.6	0	3.0 3.0
12055	12.6 cm to 20.0 cm	1.8	0	3.0
12056	20.1 cm to 30.0 cm	2.0	0	3.0
12057	over 30.0 cm	BR	v	3.0
				5.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-023, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-023, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-023, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-023, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-023, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-023, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-22-024 Repair--Complex.

14000

14001

14020

14021

14040

14041

14060

14061

14300

14350

	(Reconstructive procedures, complicated wound closure, skin grafts, pedicle flaps)			
	(For full thickness re- pair of lip or eyelid, see respective anatomical subsections)			
		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
13100	Repair, complex, trunk; 1.1 cm to 2.5 cm	1.2	30	3.0
	(For 1.0 cm or less, see simple or intermediate repairs)			
13101 13120	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm	3.0	30	3.0
13120	and/or legs; 1.1 cm to 2.5 cm	1.8	30	3.0
	(For 1.0 cm or less, see simple or intermediate repairs)		· .	
13121 13131	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm	2.4	30	3.0 4.0
	(For 1.0 cm or less, see simple or intermediate repairs)		,,,	,,,
13132 13150	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm Repair, complex, eyelids, nose, ears and/or lips; 1.0 cm or	6.0	30	4.0
	less	2.0	30	4.0
	(See also 40650–40654, 67961–67975)			
13151	1.1 cm to 2.5 cm	- 3.0	30	4.0
13152 13160	2.6 cm to 7.5 cm  Secondary closure of surgical wound or dehiscence, extensive or complicated	8.0 BR	30	4.0
	(For packing or simple secondary wound closure, see 12020, 12021)	DI.		4.0
13300	Repair, unusual, complicated, over 7.5 cm, any area	BR		4.0

#### ADJACENT TISSUE TRANSFER OR REARRANGEMENT

(For full thickness repair of lip or eyelid, see respective anatomical subsections)

Excision and/or repair by adjacent tissue transfer or rearrangement (e.g., Z-plasty, W-plasty, V-Y plasty, rotation flap, advancement flap, double pedicle flap). When applied in repairing lacerations, the procedures listed must be developed by the surgeon to accomplish the repair. They do not apply when direct closure or rearrangement of traumatic wounds incidentally result in these configurations.

(Skin graft necessary to close secondary defect considered an additional procedure) [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–21–024, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–024, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–024, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–024, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–024, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–024, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

Follow-

up

Days=

60

60

60

60

60

60

60

60

Basic

3.0

3.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

3.0

Anes@

Unit

4.0

6.0

8.0

8.0

10.0

10.0

14.0

BR

RR

Value

Adjacent tissue transfer or rearrangement, trunk; defect 10

sq cm or less .....

Adjacent tissue transfer or rearrangement, scalp, arms and/or legs; defect up to 10 sq

defect 10.1 sq cm to 30 sq

defect 10 sq cm to 30 sq cm

defect 10 sq cm to 30 sq cm

defect 10 sq cm to 30 sq cm

(For eyelid, full thickness, see

67961 et seq.)

Adjacent tissue transfer or rearrangement, eyelids, nose, ears and/or lips; defect up to 10 sq cm.....

Adjacent tissue transfer or re-

arrangement, forehead, cheeks, chin, mouth, neck, axillae, genitalia, hands and/or feet; defect up to 10 sq cm ......

WAC 296-22-025 Free skin grafts. Identify by the size and location of the defect (recipient area) and the type of graft; includes simple debridement of granulations or recent avulsion.

When a primary procedure such as orbitectomy, radical mastectomy or deep tumor removal requires skin graft for definitive closure, see appropriate anatomical subsection for primary procedure and this section for skin graft.

(Repair of donor site requiring skin graft or local flaps to be added as additional procedure)

	Follow-		
	Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
Excisional preparation or creation of recipient site by excision of essentially intact skin (including subcutaneous tissue), scar, or other lesion prior to repair with			
service in addition to skin graft)	*3.6		3.0
	ation of recipient site by excision of essentially intact skin (includ- ing subcutaneous tissue), scar, or other lesion prior to repair with free skin graft (list as separate	Value  Excisional preparation or creation of recipient site by excision of essentially intact skin (including subcutaneous tissue), scar, or other lesion prior to repair with free skin graft (list as separate	Unit value Up Days=  Excisional preparation or creation of recipient site by excision of essentially intact skin (including subcutaneous tissue), scar, or other lesion prior to repair with free skin graft (list as separate

## Surgical Fees

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit	up	Basic			Unit	up Davis	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
	(For appropriate skin grafts, see 15050-15261; list the free graft separately by its procedure number when the graft, immediate or delayed is applied)				15410 15412 15414	Free transplantation of skin flap by microsurgical technique, in- cluding microvascular anastomo- sis; 100 sq cm or less between 101 and 160 sq cm between 161 and 230 sq cm	5.0 6.0 7.0	45 45 45	3.0 3.0 3.0
*15050	Pinch graft, single or multiple, to cover small ulcer, tip of digit or				15416	over 230 sq cm	BR	40	3.0
	other minimal open area (except on face), defect size 2 cm diame-					LE FLAPS (SKIN AND DEEP TIST listed refer to the recipient area	SUES)		
15100	ter	*1.2	. 0	3.0		nor site) when flap is being at- n transfer or to final site.			
	legs, hands and/or feet (except multiple digits); 100 sq cm or less, or each one percent of body area of infants and children (ex-				tube is	listed refer to donor site when formed for later transfer or when of flap is prior to transfer.			
15101	cept 15050) each additional 100 sq cm,	6.0	45	4.0	extensive	res 15500-15730 do not include e immobilization, e.g., large plaster			
	or each one percent of body area of infants and children, or part thereof	1.2		4.0		d other immobilizing devices are ed additional separate procedures.		•	
15120	Split graft, face, eyelids, mouth, neck, ears, orbits, genitalia, and/or multiple digits; 100 sq cm or				or local	of donor site requiring skin graft flaps is considered an additional procedure)			
	less, or each one percent of body area of infants and children (except 15050)	11.0	45	4.0	15500	Formation of tube pedicle with- out transfer, or major "delay" of large flap without transfer; on			
15121	Each additional 100 sq cm, or					trunk	7.0	45	3.0
	each one percent of body area of infants and children, or part thereof	2.0		4.0	15505 15510	on scalp, arms or legs on forehead, cheeks, chin, mouth, neck, axillae, genitalia,	7.0	45	3.0
	(For eyelids, see also 67961 et			1		hands or feet	7.0	45	3.0
	seq.)				15515 15540	on eyelids, nose, ears or lips Primary attachment of open or	7.0	45	3.0
15200	Full thickness graft, free, including direct closure of donor site,					tubed pedicle flap to recipient site requiring minimal prepara-			
	trunk; 20 sq cm or less	4.0	45	3.0		tion; to trunk	9.0	45	3.0
15201 15220	each additional 20 sq cm Full thickness graft, free, in-	2.0			15545 15550	to scalp, arms and legs to forehead, cheeks, chin,	9.0	45	3.0
	cluding direct closure of donor site, scalp, arms and/or legs;		*			mouth, neck, axillae, genitalia, or hands, feet	9.0	45	3.0
15221	20 sq cm or less	6.0 3.0	45	3.0		(For cross finger pedicle flap, see 15580)			
15240	Full thickness graft, free, in- cluding direct closure of donor				15555	to eyelids, nose, ears and lips .	9.0	45	3.0
	site, forehead, cheeks, chin, mouth, neck, axillae, genitalia,				15580	cross finger pedicle flap, in- cluding free graft to donor			
•	hands and/or feet; 20 sq cm or less	8.0	45	4.0		site	9.0	45	3.0
	(For finger tip graft, see 15050)		45	4.0		(For major debridement or excis- ional preparation of recipient			
•	(For repair of syndactyly, fingers, see 26560-26562)					area at the time of attachment of pedicle flap, see 15700–15730)			
15241 15260	each additional 20 sq cm Full thickness graft, free, in-	4.0		4.0	15600	Intermediate "delay" of any flap, primary "delay" of small flap, or sectioning pedicle of tubed or di-		•	
	cluding direct closure of donor				15(10	rect flap; at trunk	4.0	45	3.0
15261	site, nose, ears, eyelids, and/or lips; 20 cm or less each additional 20 sq cm	10.0 5.0	45	4.0	15610 15620	at scalp, arms and legs at forehead, cheeks, chin, neck, axillae, genitalia, hands	5.0	45	3.0
-	(For eyelids, see also 67961 et seq.)				15625	(except 15625), or feet section pedicle of cross finger	6.0	45	3.0
					15630	flap at eyelids, nose, ears and lips .	6.0 6.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
	(Repair of donor site requiring skin graft or local flaps, to be added as additional separate procedure)				15650	Transfer, intermediate, of any pedicle flap (e.g., abdomen to wrist, "Walking" tube), any lo-			
15350	·				15700	cation Excision of lesion and/or excis-	BR+		3.0
15400	(homograft), skin	5.0	45	3.0	13700	ional preparation of recipient site and attachment of direct or			
	(heterograft), skin	6.0	45	3.0		tubed pedicle flap; trunk	9.0	45	3.0
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—p 275]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
15710 15720	scalp, arms and legs forehead, cheeks, chin, mouth, neck, axillae, genitalia, hands	11.0	45	4.0	15831	Excision, excessive skin and sub- cutaneous tissue (including lipec-			
15730	or feeteyelids, nose, ears or lips	16.0 16.0	45 45	4.0		tomy); abdomen (abdominoplasty)	30.0	45	3.0
13730	(For eyelids, nose, ears, or lips, see also anatomical area)	10.0	43	4.0	15832 15833 15834	thigh	25.0 30.0 30.0	45 45 45	3.0 3.0 3.0
	(For revision, defatting or rearranging of transferred pedicle				15835 15836	buttock	30.0 25.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
	flap or skin graft, see 13100 -14300)				15837 15838 15839	forearmsubmental fat padother area	25.0 BR	45	3.0 3.0
OTHER	GRAFTS					(For bilateral procedure, add modifier -50)	BR		3.0
15740 15745	Graft, island pedicle flap myocutaneous flap	12.0 BR	90 90	3.0 3.0	15840	Graft for facial nerve paralysis;	DIC.		5.0
15750 15755	neurovascular pedicle flap free flap (microvascular trans-	10.0	90	4.0		free fascia graft, (including obtaining fascia)	30.0	90	3.0
15760	fer)	BR	90	4.0		(For bilateral procedure, add modifier -50)			
15770	primary closure, donor area	10.0	45	4.0	15841	free muscle graft (including	35.0	45	3.0
15775	derma-fat-fascia	12.0	60	3.0	15842	obtaining graft) free muscle graft by			
15776	to 15 punch grafts more than 15 punch grafts	0.5 BR+	, 90	3.0 3.0	15845	microsurgical technique regional muscle transfer	35.0 BR+	45	3.0 3.0
MICCE	(For strip transplant, 15220)  LLANEOUS PROCEDURES					(For intravenous fluorescein examination of blood flow in graft			
						or flap, see 15860)			
15780	Dermabrasion; total face (e.g., for acne scarring, fine wrinkling, rhytids, general keratosis)	12.0	90	3.0		(For nerve transfers, decompression, or repair, see 64830-64876, 64905-64907, 69720-69725,			
15781	segmental, face	3.5	90	3.0		69740–69745, 69955)			
15782 15783	regional, other than face superficial, any site (e.g., tattoo removal)	3.5 2.0	90	3.0	15850	Removal of sutures under anesthesia (other than local) same			
15786*		0.5	0	3.0	15851	Removal of sutures under anes-	1.2	0	3.0
15787	each additional four lesions or less	0.3		3.0	15852	thesia (other than local) other surgeon	BR		3.0
15790	Chemical peel (chemexfoliation); total face	7.0	60		13032	burns) under anesthesia (other than local)	1.4	0	3.0
15791	regional, face, neck, or else- where	BR+		3.0	15860	Intravenous injection of agent			
15810 15811	Salabrasion; up to 20 sq cm over 20 sq cm	BR BR		3.0 3.0		(e.g., fluorescein) to test blood flow in flap or graft	BR		3.0
15819	Cervicoplasty	16.5	60	3.0	15875	Suction assisted lipectomy, any site(s)	BR	30	3.0
15820 15821	Blepharoplasty, lower eyelids; with extensive herniated fat	12.0	30	3.0	PRESSU	JRE ULCERS (DECUBITUS ULC			5.0
	pads	14.0	30	3.0	15920	Excision, coccygeal pressure ul-	,		
15822 15823	Blepharoplasty; upper eyelids with excessive skin weighting	8.0	30	3.0		cer, with coccygectomy; with primary suture	BR		3.0
	down lids	12.0	30	3.0	15922	with local or regional skin flap closure	BR		3.0
	(For bilateral blepharoplasty, add modifier -50)				15931	Excision, sacral decubitus ulcer; with primary suture	13.0		3.0
	(See also 67916, 67917, 67923, 67924)				15933 15934	with ostectomy	BR		3.0
15824 15825	Rhytidectomy; forehead  neck with platysmal tightening (platysmal flam 'P flam')	10.0	30	3.0		skin flap closure (e.g., advancement, rotation, rhom-			_
15826	(platysmal flap, 'P-flap') glabellar frown	16.0 8.0	30 30	3.0 3.0	15935	boid, bipedicle)	20.0 BR		3.0 3.0
15828 15829	cheeks, chin and neck subcutaneous	30.0	45	3.0	15936	Excision, sacral pressure ulcer, with other flap closure;	BR		3.0
	musculoaponeurotic system (SMAS) flap	BR		3.0	15937	with ostectomy	BR		3.0
	(For bilateral rhytidectomy, add modifier -50)					(To identify other flap closure, use also code number for specific flap)			
	•					• *			

s.		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	Follow– Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@				
15940	Excision, ischial decubitus ulcer;				15983 with ostectomy BR 3.0				
15941	with primary suture	BR BR		3.0 3.0	(To identify other flap closure, use also code number for specific				
15944	Excision, ischial pressure ul- cer, with local or regional skin				flap) 15999 Unlisted procedure, excision pres-				
15945	flap closure with ostectomy	BR BR		3.0 3.0	sure ulcer BR 3.0				
15946	Excision, ischial pressure ul- cer, with ostectomy, with mus- cle flap or myocutaneous flap				(For free skin graft to close ulcer or donor site, see 15000 et seq.)				
	(To identify muscle or myocu-	BR		3.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-025, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-				
	taneous flap closure, use also code number for specific flap)				16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-025, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-025, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-22-025, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order				
15950	Excision, trochanteric pressure ulcer; with primary suture	BR		3.0	81–28), § 296–22–025, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–18–055				
15951	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	(Order 80-25), § 296-22-025, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order				
15952	Excision, trochanteric pressure ulcer, with local rotation skin	22		• •	74-7, § 296-22-025, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-025, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]				
15953	flap closure	BR BR		3.0 3.0					
15954	Excision, trochanteric pressure ulcer, with bipedicle flap clo-	DIC		3.0	WAC 296-22-026 Burns, local treatment.				
	sure	BR		3.0	Procedures 16000-16030 refer to local treatment of				
15955 15956	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	burned surface only.				
	myocutaneous flap closure	BR		3.0	List percentage of body surface involved and depth of				
15958	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	burn.				
	(To identify muscle or myocu- taneous flap closure, use also code number for specific flap)				(For skin graft, see 15100–15730)				
15960	Excision, heel pressure ulcer;				(For necessary related medical services (e.g., hospital				
15961	with primary suture with ostectomy	BR BR		3.0 3.0	visits, detention) in management of burned patients, see appropriate services in medicine section.)				
15964	Excision, heel pressure ulcer,				Follow-				
	with local skin flap closure	BR		3.0	Unit up Basic				
15965 15966	with ostectomy	BR BR		3.0	Value Days= Anes@				
15967	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	16000 Initial treatment, first degree burn, when no more than local				
	(To identify other flap closure, use also code number for specific flap)				treatment is required 0.3 0 16010 Dressings and/or debridement, initial or subsequent; under anes-				
15070					thesia, small				
15970	Excision, leg pressure ulcer, with primary suture	BR		3.0	16015 under anesthesia, medium or large, or with major debride-				
15971	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	ment				
	Excision, leg pressure ulcer, with			• •	*16020 without anesthesia, office or				
15973	local skin flap(s)	BR BR		3.0 3.0	hospital, small *0.4 0				
15974	Excision, leg pressure ulcer, with muscle or myocutaneous flap clo-	DIX		3.0	*16025 without anesthesia, medium (e.g., whole face or whole extremity)*0.6 0				
	sure;	BR		3.0	16030 without anesthesia, large				
15975	with ostectomy	BR		3.0	(e.g., more than one extremity) 0.8 0				
	(To identify muscle or myocutaneous flap closure, use also code number for specific				16035 Escharotomy BR 3.0				
	flap)				[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-026, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-				
	Excision, knee pressure ulcer, with	В'n		3.0	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-026, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and				
15981	local skin flap closure with ostectomy	BR BR		3.0 3.0	51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–026, filed				
	Excision, knee pressure ulcer, with	DΙ		. 5.0	12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–026, filed 1/30/74;				
	other flap closure	BR		3.0	Order 68-7, § 296-22-026, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]				

WA	C 296-22-027 Destruction	•						Follow-	
			Follow-				Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
		Unit	up	Basic			value	Duys	71103@
		Value	Days=	Anes@	*17360	Chemical exfoliation for acne (e.g., acne paste, acid)	*0.3	0	
	(For electrosurgical destruction				*17380	Electrolysis epilation, each 1/2			
	of malignant skin lesions, see 11600-11646)					hour	*0.6	0	
	(For condylomata, see 46900-					(For actinotherapy, see 96900)			
	46924, 54050-54065, 56501-				17999	Unlisted procedure, skin, mucous membrane and subcutaneous tis-			
	56515)					sue	BR		3.0
*17000	Destruction by any method, with or without surgical curettement,				[Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.	04.030. 89	-17-039
	all facial lesions or premalignant					89-09), § 296-22-027, filed 8/10/ (Order 86-19), § 296-22-027,			
	lesions in any location, including local anesthesia; one lesion	*0.6	. 0	3.0	4/1/86.	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.	04.020(	4), 51.04.	030 and
17001	second and third lesions,			5.0		20(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–2: ), effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 2			
17002	eachover 3 lesions, each	0.3				8-7, § 296-22-027, filed 11/27/68			
	additional lesion	0.15			. WE/A	C 204 22 020 Dage			
17010 *17100	complicated lesion(s)  Destruction by any method of	BR		3.0	VV A	C 296-22-030 Breast.		Y'' 44	
	benign skin lesions on any area						Unit	Follow— up	Basic
	other than the face, including lo- cal anesthesia; one lesion	<b>*0.4</b>	. 0	3.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
17101	second lesion	0.2			INCISI	ON			
17102	over two lesions, each addi- tional lesion up to 15 lesions	0.1				(For needle localization of breast			
17104	15 or more lesions	0.1		2.0		nodules, see 76096 and 76097)			
17105 *17110	complicated lesions  Destruction by any method of	BR		3.0	*19000	Puncture aspiration of cyst	*0.4	0	
	flat (plane, juvenile) warts or				19001 19020	each additional cyst  Mastotomy with exploration or	0.1	0	
	molluscum contagiosum, milia, up to 15 lesions	*0.4	0	3.0		drainage of abscess, deep	2.6	. 14	3.0
	(Retreatment same as office				19030	Injection procedure only for mammary ductogram or			
	visit)					galactogram	0.4		3.0
*17200	Electrosurgical destruction of	*o. 4	•	2.0		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
17201	multiple tags; up to 15 lesions each additional 10 lesions	*0.4 0.2	U	3.0 3.0		89–09), § 296–22–030, filed 8/10/ (Order 83–23), § 296–22–030, fil			
	(For excision of fibrocutaneous					RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 80-25), § 296-22-030, filed 12/3/3			
	tags, see 11200, 11201)				74-7, §	296-22-030, filed 1/30/74; Order			
*17250	Chemical cauterization of a				11/27/6	58, effective 1/1/69.]			
	wound	BR		3.0	WA	C 296-22-031 Breast.			
	(17300-17302 have been deleted. To report use 17303-17310)	100						Follow-	
17202							Unit	up	Basic
	Chemosurgery (Moh's technique), first stage, fixed tissue technique,						Value	Days=	Anes@
	including the removal of all gross tumor and application of fixative.	BR		3.0	EXCISI	ION			
17304	Chemosurgery (Moh's technique);	DK		5.0		(All codes for bilateral proce-			
	first stage, fresh tissue technique, including the removal of all gross					dures have been deleted. To re- port, add modifier -50)			
	tumor and delineation of margins				*19100				
	by means of up to five horizontal, microscopic specimens	BR		3.0	10101	rate procedure)	*0.6	0	2.0
17305	second stage, fixed or fresh				19101 19110	incisional	3.6	30	3.0
17306	tissue, up to 5 specimens third stage, fixed or fresh tis-	BR		3.0		out excision of a solitary lactiferous duct or a papilloma			
17307	sue, up to 5 specimens	BR		3,0		lactiferous duct	BR		
	additional stage(s), up to 5 specimens, each stage	BR		3.0	19112	Excision of lactiferous duct fistula	BR		
17310	more than 5 specimens, fixed or fresh tissue, any stage	BR		3.0	19120	Excision of cyst, fibroadenoma or			
		υĸ		3.0		other benign or malignant tumor, aberrant breast tissue, duct lesion			
	(For initiation or follow-up care of topical chemotherapy (e.g. 5-	٠				or nipple lesion (except 19140),			
	FU or similar agents), see appropriate office visits)					male or female, one or more lesions	5.0	30	3.0
#10040		1			19140	Mastectomy for gynecomastia			
*17340	Cryotherapy (CO <sub>2</sub> slush, liquid N <sub>2</sub> )	*0.3	0			through circumareolar or other incision	8.0	60	3.0
miss. 30	6 WACp 278]			en de la companya de La companya de la co					: 1090 E4 V
frame 23	o war_h *10]								1989 Ed.)

			Follow-		Follow-
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@
19160 19162	Mastectomy, partial with axillary lymphadenec-	6.0	60	3.0	19350 Reconstruction of nipple and/or areola BR 30 3.0
19180	tomy	BR 8.0	45	3.0 3.0	19355 Correction of inverted nipples BR 3.0 19360 Breast reconstruction with mus-
	(For immediate or delayed insertion of implant, use 19340 or				cle or myocutaneous flap BR 90 3.0  (Use also code number for spe-
	19342) (For gynecomastia, see 19140,				cific flap)
19182	19141) Mastectomy, subcutaneous	10.0	60	3.0	19364 Breast reconstruction with free flap BR 90 3.0
17102	(When performed in conjunction	10.0	00	3.0	(Use also code number for specific flap)
	with reduction mammaplasty, use also 19318)				19366 Breast reconstruction with other technique BR 90 3.0
	(For supplemental skills of two surgeons, see WAC 296-22-010 item 5 and modifier -62)				(For microsurgical technique, add modifier -20)
	(For supply of prosthetic implant, see 99070)				(For insertion of prosthesis, use also 19340 or 19342)
19200	Mastectomy, radical, including breast, pectoral muscles, axillary				19370 Open periprosthetic capsulotomy, breast BR 3.0
19220	lymph nodes	18.0	60	3.0	19371         Periprosthetic capsulectomy, breast
	breast, pectoral muscles, axillary and internal mammary lymph				19396 Preparation of moulage for custom breast implant BR 3.0
19240	nodes (Urban type operation)  Mastectomy, modified radical, with modified axillary dissection	26.0	60	11.0	19499 Unlisted procedure, breast BR 3.0 [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039
	but leaving pectoral muscles	16.0	60	3.0	(Order 89-09), § 296-22-031, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-031, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Or-
	(For supply of prosthetic implant, see 99070)				der 86–19), § 296–22–031, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–
19260	Excision of chest wall tumor including ribs	BR+		9.0	055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–031, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–031, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–031, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
19271	Excision of chest wall tumor in- volving ribs, with plastic recon- struction; without mediastinal				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19272	lymphadenectomy with mediastinal lymphadenec-	BR+ BR		9.0 9.0	MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM
REPAIR	tomy R AND RECONSTRUCTION	ЫK		7.0	WAC 296-22-035 Musculoskeletal system. NOTES
	(All codes for bilateral procedures have been deleted. To report, add modifier -50)				Casts and strapping procedures appear at the end of this section. The services listed below include the application and removal of the first cast or traction device only.
19316 19318	Reduction mammaplasty	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0	Subsequent replacement of cast and/or traction device may require an additional listing.
19324 19325	Mammaplasty, augmentation; without prosthetic implant with prosthetic implant	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0	Most bone, cartilage, and fascia graft procedures include
17323	(For flap or graft, use also appropriate number)	Dic	,,	5.0	obtaining of the graft by the operating surgeon. When a surgical associate obtains the graft for the operating
19328	Removal of intact mammary im-	DD	30	3.0	surgeon, the value of the total procedure may be apportioned between the surgeons.
19330	Removal of mammary implant material	BR BR	30	3.0	Rereduction of a fracture and/or dislocation, performed
19340		Dic	20	5.0	by the primary physician, may be identified by the addition of modifier '-76' to the usual procedure number and
19342	mastectomy or in reconstruction Delayed insertion of breast pros- thesis following mastopexy, mas-	BR	30	3.0	value as appropriate to indicate "repeat procedure by same physician" (see guidelines).
	tectomy or in reconstruction	BR	30	3.0	All codes for suction irrigation have been deleted. To
	(For supply of implant, use 99070)  (For preparation of custom				report, list only the primary surgical procedure performed (e.g., sequestrectomy, deep incision, etc.). Modifier -62 and procedures 20900-20922 are not to be used
	breast implant, see 19396)				in conjunction with procedures which include a graft as
(1989 Ed	.)				[Title 296 WAC—p 279]

part of the descriptor. Procedures 20900-20922 can be used in those unusual circumstances when a graft is used that is not included in the descriptor.

When an alloplastic implant or nonautogenous graft is used in a procedure which "includes obtaining graft," the value is to be reduced by an appropriate amount. Identify this circumstance by adding modifier -52 to the procedure number.

Plastic and metallic implant or nonautogenous graft materials are to be valued at the cost to the physician including an appropriate handling or shaping charge where applicable. See procedure 99070.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-035, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-035, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-035, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-035, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### WAC 296-22-036 General.

		Unit Value	Follow– up Days≔	Basic Anes@
INCISIO	ON			
*20000 20005	Incision of soft tissue abscess, secondary to osteomyelitis; superficial	*0.4 BR	0	3.0 3.0
(Order 8 19), § 2 thority: (Order 8 74–7, §	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 87–18), \$ 296–22–036, filed 7/23/196–22–036, filed 2/28/86, effect RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 10–25), \$ 296–22–036, filed 1/30/74; Order 8, effective 1/1/69.]	87; 86–0 ive 4/1/ d 51.16. 80, effec	06–032 (O 86. Statut 120(3). 80 tive 3/1/8	rder 86- ory Au- -18-055 1; Order
WA	C 296-22-037 Excision.			
			Follow-	

		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For aspiration of bone marrow, see 85095)			
20200	Biopsy, muscle; superficial	1.2	7	3.0
20205 20206*	deep	2.4	15	3.0
	needle	BR		3.0
	(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943)			
	(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of smears, see 88170-88173)			
	(For excision of muscle tumor, deep, see specific anatomic section)			
20220	Biopsy, bone, trocar or needle; superficial (e.g., ilium, sternum,			
20225	spinous process, ribs) deep (vertebral body, fe-	1.2	7	3.0
	mur)	4.0	15	3.0
20240	Biopsy, excisional; superficial (e.g., ilium, sternum, spinous process, ribs,) trochanter of fe-			
	mur	3.0	21	3.0
[Title 290	5 WAC—p 280]			

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
20245	deep (e.g., humerus, is-			
	chium, femur)	5.0	30	3.0
20250	Biopsy, vertebral body, open;			
	thoracic	BR		3.0
20251	lumbar or cervical	BR		3.0
	(For sequestrectomy, osteomyelitis or drainage of bone abscess,			
	see anatomical area)			

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–037, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–037, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–037, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–037, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–037, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–037, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

Follow-

up

Days=

**Basic** 

Anes@

Unit

Value

#### WAC 296-22-038 Introduction or removal.

	(For injection procedure for arthrography, see anatomical area)			
20500	Injection of sinus tract; thera- peutic (separate procedure)	0.4	0	
20501*	diagnostic (sinogram) (separate procedure)	1.0	0	
*20520	Removal of foreign body in mus- cle or tendon sheath; simple	*1.2	0	3.0
20525	deep or complicated	BR+	U	3.0
*20550	Injection, tendon sheath, liga-	DICT		5.0
20000	ment, trigger points, or ganglion			
	cyst	*0.4	0	
*20600	Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or			
	injection; small joint, bursa, or			
	ganglion cyst (e.g., fingers, toes)	*0.3	0	
*20605	intermediate joint, bursa, or			
	ganglion cyst (e.g., temporo-			
	mandibular, acromioclavicular,			
	wrist, elbow or ankle; ole-	*0.4	0	
*20610	cranon bursa)	0.4	U	
20010	shoulder, hip, knee joint, sub-			
	acromial bursa)	*0.6	0	
20615	Aspiration and injection for		-	
	treatment of bone cyst	0.6		3.0
*20650	Insertion of wire or pin with ap-			
	plication of skeletal traction, in-			
	cluding removal (separate			
20.00	procedure)	*1.2	0	3.0
20660	Application of cranial tongs, caliper, or stereotactic frame in-			
	cluding removal (separate			
	procedure)	3.0	0	3.0
20661	Application of halo, including re-	5.0	•	5.0
	moval; cranial	3.0	0	3.0
20662	pelvic	3.0	0	3.0
20663	femoral	3.0	0	3.0
*20665	Removal of tongs or halo applied			
440.00	by another physician	0.3	0	
*20670	Removal of implant; superficial,			
	(e.g., buried wire, pin or rod)	*0.6	0	2.0
20680	(separate procedure) deep (e.g., buried wire, pin,	*0.6	0	3.0
20000	screw, metal band, nail, rod or			
	plate)	3.6	21	4.0
	•			
			(19	89 Ed.)

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[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–039, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–039, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–039, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–039, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–039, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
20690	Application of external fixation system (e.g., Hoffmann apparatus), including removal	BR		3.0	20827	Replantation, thumb (includes distal tip to MP joint); complete amputation	BR		3.0
	(List number 20690 in addition to code for treatment of closed or open fracture)				20828	incomplete amputation (devascularized extremity with soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0
	REPAIR				20832	Replantation, leg; complete amputation	BR		3.0
	(For debridement as a separate procedure (e.g., in traumatic				20834	(incomplete amputation devascularized extremity with			
	wound) involving soft tissue and/or bone, see 11042, 11044)				20838	soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)				20840	incomplete (amputation devascularized extremity with	BR		3.0
	9-09), § 296-22-038, filed 8/10/					soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–038, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–038, filed 7/23/87; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–038, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–038, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–038, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–038, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### WAC 296-22-039 Reimplantation.

(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up	Basic	WA	C 296-22-040 Grafts (or i	mplant	s).	
REIMP	LANTATION	value	Days=	Anes@	fascia	for obtaining autogenous bollata grafts, or other tissues,	throug	h separa	te inci-
20802	Replantation, arm (includes sur- gical neck of humerus through elbow joint); complete (amputa-				as par WAC	re to be used only when gra t of basic procedure. Listo 296–22–010, item 7 is not to	ed valu	ue appli	es and
20804	tion	BR		3.0		20900–20922.	- C4		
20005	soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0	•	lloplastic or heterologous gr 296-22-035)	arts, s	ee instru	ictions,
20805	Replantation, forearm (includes radius and ulna to radial carpal	n n		2.0		·		Follow-	
20806	joint; complete amputation incomplete amputation (devascularized extremity with	BR		3.0			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
20808	soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0	20900	Bone graft, any donor area; minor or small (e.g., dowel or but-		_	
	geal joints); complete amputa-				20902	major or large	2.4 4.8	0	3.0
	tion	BR		3.0	20902	Cartilage graft, costochondral	4.8	0	3.0 3.0
20812	incomplete (amputation devascularized extremity with	20		2.0	20912	nasal septum	4.2	ő	3.0
20816		BR		3.0		(For ear cartilage, see 21235)			
	thumb (includes metacarpopha- langeal joint to insertion of flexor sublimis tendon); complete				20920 20922	Fascia lata graft; by stripper by incision and area exposure,	2.0	0	3.0
20820	amputationincomplete (amputation	BR		3.0	20924		4.0	0	3.0
20020	devascularized extremity with soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0	20026	(e.g., palmaris, toe extensor, plantaris)	BR		3.0
20822		ЫX		5.0	20926	Tissue grafts, other (e.g., paratenon, fat, dermis, etc.)	BR		3.0
	sublimis tendon insertion); com-				MISCE	LLANEOUS			
20823	incomplete amputation (devascularized extremity with	BR		3.0	20950	Monitoring of interstitial fluid pressure (e.g., wick catheter			
20824	soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0		technique, needle manometer technique) in detection of muscle			
	carpometacarpal joint to MP joint); complete amputation	BR		3.0	20955	compartment syndrome  Bone graft with microvascular	BR		3.0
20826	incomplete amputation				20060	anastomosis; fibula	BR		3.0
	(devascularized extremity with soft tissue pedicle)	BR		3.0	20960 20962	ribother bone graft (specify)	BR BR		3.0 3.0

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
20969	Free osteocutaneous flap with microvascular anastomosis; other than iliac crest, rib, metatarsal, or great toe	BR		3.0	21040 21041 21044	Excision of benign cyst or tumor of mandible; simple	5.0 BR	90	5.0 5.0
20970	Free osteocutaneous graft with microvascular anastomosis; iliac crest	BR		3.0	21045	mandibleradical resection	BR BR		5.0 5.0
20971	rib	BR		3.0		(For bone graft, see 21215)			
20972 20973 20974	metatarsal great toe with web space Electrical stimulation to aid bone healing; noninvasive (nonoperative)	BR BR BR		3.0 3.0	21050	Condylectomy, temporomandibu- lar joint (separate procedure) (21051 has been deleted. To re- port bilateral procedure, use modifier -50)	18.0	90	5.0
	(use 20974 in addition to code for appropriate bony procedure when applicable)				21060	Meniscectomy, partial or complete, temporomandibular joint (separate procedure)	18.0	90	5.0
20975	invasive (operative)	BR		3.0		(21061 has been deleted, to report, use modifier -50)			
	(use 20975 in addition to code for appropriate bony procedure when applicable)				21070 21071	Coronoidectomy (separate procedure); unilateral	18.0 20.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
20976	percutaneous insertion of electrodes	BR		3.0	INTRO	DUCTION OR REMOVAL			
	(use 20976 in addition to code for appropriate bony procedure when applicable)	<i>b</i> K		3.0		(For application or removal of caliper or tongs, see 20660, 20665)			
20999	Unlisted procedure, musculoskeletal system, general	BR		3.0	*21100	Application of halo type appli- ance for maxillofacial fixation, includes removal (separate pro-			
(Order ) 06–032 4/1/86;	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-040, filed 8/10/ (Order 86-19), § 296-22-040, 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-2 uthority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04	89, effe filed 2 22–040,	ctive 9/10 2/28/86, filed 8/2/	/89; 86– effective 83. Stat-	21110	cedure)	*2.0 8.0	90	3.0
18-055 3/1/81;	(Order 80-25), § 296-22-040, Order 74-7, § 296-22-040, filed 040, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/	filed 1 1/30/1	2/3/80,	effective		(For removal of interdental fixation by another physician, see 20670-20680)			
WA	C 296-22-042 Head.				21116	mandibular joint arthrotomogra-			
	(Skull, facial bones and temporo- mandibular joint)					phy (For temporomandibular arthro-	BR		
INCISI	ON					tomography, see 70332)			
	(For drainage of superficial ab-				REPAII	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	CTION		
	scess and hematoma, see 20000) (For removal of embedded for-					(For cranioplasty, see 62140 -62145)			
	eign body from dentoalveolar structure, see 41805, 41806)		E-llew		21200	Osteotomy (e.g., for prognathism, micrognathism apertognathism or for recon-			
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic		struction); mandible, total or	30.0	90	5.0
01010	Authorities	Value	Days=	Anes@	21202 21203	horizontal)	BR	90	5.0
	Arthrotomy, temporomandibular joint; unilateral	BR		3.0		(osteotomy)	BR	90	5.0
21011	bilateral	BR		3.0	21204 21206	maxilla, total	BR BR	90 90	5.0 5.0
EXCISI	(For biopsy, see 20220, 20240)				21208	Osteoplasty, facial bones; augmentation (autograft, allograft, or prosthetic implant)	BR		
21025	Excision of bone (e.g., for osteo- myelitis or bone abscess); mandi-	; DD			21209 21210	reduction	BR		
21026 21030	facial bone(s)  Excision of benign tumor or cyst of facial bone other than mandi-	BR BR				graft)	20.0	120	5.0
21034	ble Excision of malignant tumor of facial bone other than mandible.	BR BR		5.0 5.0	21215	42200-42225) mandible (includes obtaining graft)	20.0	120	5.0
Title 29	6 WAC-p 282]					<b>3</b> ,			1989 Ed.)
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## Surgical Fees

		Unit	Follow— up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
			24,0	7111444				,.	
21230	Graft; rib cartilage, autogenous,				*21315	Manipulative treatment nasal			
	to face, chin, nose or ear (in-					bone fracture; without stabiliza-			
21225	cludes obtaining graft)	18.0	120	5.0		tion	*1.1	0	3.0
21235	ear cartilage to nose or ear (includes obtaining graft)	12.0	60	5.0	21320	with stabilization	3.0	90	3.0
21240	Arthroplasty, temporomandibu-	12.0	00	5.0	21325	•	4.0	90	3.0
21240	lar joint, with or without				21330	uncomplicated	4.0	90	3.0
	autograft	BR+		5.0	21330	and/or external skeletal			
	(If home or contilege quaft is					fixation	9.5	90	3.0
	(If bone or cartilage graft is used for temporomandibular				21335	with concomitant open of			
	joint arthroplasty, use 20900-					fractured septum	17.0	90	3.0
	20910)				21337	Treatment of closed nasal septal			
01040	A 45 1 - 4 4					fracture	BR	90	3.0
21242	Arthroplasty, temporomandibu- lar joint, with allograft	BR		5.0	21338	<del>.</del>			
21243	Arthroplasty, temporomandibu-	ы		5.0		fracture; without external fixa-			3.0
21243	lar joint, with prosthetic joint re-				21220	tion	BR	90	3.0
	placement	24.5	90	4.5	21339	with external fixation	BR	90	3.0
21244	Reconstruction of mandible, ex-				21340	Treatment of closed or open nasoethmoid complex fracture,			
	tramural, with transosteal bone					with splint, wire or headcap fixa-			
	plate (e.g., mandibular staple	nn.				tion, including repair of canthal	4,		
21245	bone plate)	BR				ligaments and/or the nasolacri-			
21245	Reconstruction of mandible or maxilla, subperiosteal implant;					mal apparatus	BR		3.0
	partial	BR			21345	Treatment of nasomaxillary			
21246	complete	BR				complex fracture (LeFort II			
21248	Reconstruction of mandible or					type), with interdental wire fixa-			
	maxilla, endosteal implant (e.g.,					tion or fixation of denture or			
	blade, cylinder); partial	BR				splint	BR		3.0
21249	complete	BR	•		21346	•			
21250	Osteoplasty of maxilla and/or					complex fracture (LeFort II			: *
	other facial bones for midface hypoplasia or retrusion (LeFort					type); with wiring and/or local	DD		3.0
	type operation); without bone				21247	fixation	BR BR		3.0
	graft	BR		5.0	21347 *21355	with multiple approaches Manipulative treatment of closed	DK		3.0
21254	with bone graft	BR		5.0	21333	or open fracture of malar area,			
21260	Periorbital osteotomies for orbi-					including zygomatic arch and			
	tal hypertelorism, with bone	D.D.		5.0		malar tripod, towel clip tech-			
21261	grafts; extracranial approach	BR		5.0		nique	*1.0	2	3.0
21261	combined intra— and extra- cranial approach	BR		5.0	21360	Open treatment of closed or open			
21263	with forehead advancement	BR		5.0		depressed malar fracture, includ-			
21267	Orbital repositioning, periorbital					ing zygomatic arch and malar			
	osteotomies, unilateral, with bone					tripod	7.0	90	3.0
	grafts; extracranial approach	BR		5.0	21365	Open treatment of closed or open			
21268	combined intra- and extra-	DD.		<i>5</i> 0		complicated (e.g., multiple frac-			
21270	cranial approach  Malar augmentation, bone or al-	BR		5.0		tures) of malar area, including zygomatic arch and malar tripod,			
21270	loplastic material	BR		5.0		with internal skeletal fixation			
21275		~!\				and multiple surgical ap-			
	craniofacial reconstruction	BR		5.0		proaches	13.0	90	5.0
	(For reconstruction of skull by								
	(For reconstruction of skull by bone flaps, see 61555)				21385	Open treatment of orbital floor			
_						"blowout" fracture; transantral			
21280	Medial canthoplasty	BR		5.0		approach (Caldwell-Luc type	10.0		
21282	Lateral canthopexy	BR		5.0	21107	operation)	12.0	90	3.0
21295	Reduction of masseter muscle (e.g., treatment of benign				21386 21387	periorbital approach	13.0 15.0	90 90	3.0
	masseteric hypertrophy); extra-				21390	combined approach periorbital approach, with	13.0	90	3.0
	oral approach	BR		5.0	21570	alloplastic or other implant.	14.0	90	3.0
21296	intraoral approach	BR		5.0	21395	periorbital approach with		• • •	
EDACT	URE AND/OR DISLOCATION					bone graft (includes ob-			
FRACI	OKE AND/OR DISEOCATION					taining graft)	18.0	90	3.0
21300	Treatment of closed skull frac-	_			21400	Treatment of fracture of orbit,			
	ture without operation	Sv.&				except "blowout"; without ma-			
	(For operative repair, see 62000-					nipulation	SV		_
	62010)				21401	with manipulation	6.0	- 90	3.0
					21406	Open treatment of fracture of			
21310	Treatment of closed or open na-					orbit, except "blowout"; without	7.0	00	2.0
	sal fracture without manipula-	Sv.&			21407	implant	7.0 8.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
	tion	₩. OC			217U/	with hipiant	0.0	. 70	3,0
(1989 Ed	)						(Title	296 WAC	—р <b>2</b> 83]
									-

		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	1 4		Unit	Follow- up	Basic
21.421		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
21421	Treatment of palatal or alveolar ridge fractures (LeFort I type); closed manipulation with inter-					(For treatment of fracture of larynx, see 31584-31586)			
21422	dental wire fixation or fixation of denture or splint	7.0 12.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	21497	Interdental wiring, for condition other than fracture	BR		3.0
21431	open treatment	12.0	90	3.0	21499 (Statuto	Unlisted procedure, head ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	BR and 51.	04.030. 89	3.0 -17-039
	terdental wire fixation of denture or splint	8.0	90	4.0	(Order	89–09), § 296–22–042, filed 8/10, (Order 87–18), § 296–22–042, filed	/89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 87–
21432	Open treatment of craniofacial separation (LeFort III type);			4.0	der 86– 066 (Or	19), § 296-22-042, filed 2/28/86 der 83-23), § 296-22-042, filed 8,	, effective /2/83. S	ve 4/1/86; Statutory A	83-16- uthority:
21433	with wiring and/or local fixation complicated (e.g., multiple ap-	BR BR		5.0	81-28),	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296-22-042, filed 11/30/81, el 30-25), § 296-22-042, filed 12/3/	fective 1	1/1/82; 80	-18-055
21435	proaches)	DIX		5.0		296–22–042, filed 1/30/74.]	ou, effec	AIVE 3/1/6	i, Oidei
	gical approaches, internal fixa- tion, and/or wiring teeth	BR		5.0	WA	C 296-22-051 Neck (soft	tissues	) and tho	rax.
-	(For removal of internal or external fixation device, see					(For cervical spine, see 22100, et seq.)			
21440	20670)  Manipulative treatment of alveo-					(For injection of fracture site or trigger point, see 20550)			
	lar ridge fracture (separate procedure)	BR		5.0	INCISI	ON			
21445	Open treatment of alveolar ridge fracture (separate procedure)	BR		5.0		(For incision and drainage of abscess or hematoma, superficial,			
21450	Treatment of closed or open mandibular fracture without ma-					see 10060)		Follow-	
21451	nipulation with manipulation, may in-	Sv.&				•	Unit Value	up Days≔	Basic Anes@
21452	clude external fixation Treatment of open mandibular	BR		5.0	21501	Incision and drainage, deep ab-		,-	
21453	fracture; without manipulation	BR BR		5.0 5.0		scess or hematoma; soft tissues of neck or thorax	5.0	30	3.0
21454	Open treatment of closed or open mandibular fracture with external fixation	BR		5.0	21502 21510	with partial rib ostectomy Incision, deep, with opening of	6.0	30	3.0
21455	Closed manipulative treatment by interdental fixation of closed					bone cortex for osteomyelitis or bone abscess	7.0	30	3.0
21461	or open mandibular fracture  Open treatment of closed or open	8.0	90	5.0	EXCISI				
	mandibular fracture; with or without interdental fixation	16.0	90	5.0	21550	Biopsy, soft tissue of neck or thorax	7.0	30	3.0
21462 21465	with interdental fixation Open treatment of mandibular	16.0	90	5.0		(For needle biopsy of soft tissue, see 20206)			
21470	condylar fracture Open treatment of complicated	BR		5.0	21555	Excision tumor, soft tissue of			
	closed or open mandibular frac- ture by multiple surgical ap-				21556	neck or thorax; subcutaneous deep, subfascial, intramuscu-	7.0	30	3.0
	proaches including internal fixation, interdental fixation,				21557	lar	8.0	30	3.0
****	and/or wiring of dentures or splints	BR		5.0		malignant neoplasm), soft tissue of neck or thorax			
21480	temperomandibular dislocation,	<i>a</i> •			21600	Excision of rib, partial	6.0	60	5.0
21485	initial or subsequent	Sv.&		3.0		(For radical resection of chest wall and rib cage for tumor, see 19260)			
21490	location, initial or subsequent  Open treatment of temperoman-	BR		3.0		(For radical debridement of chest			
	dibular dislocation	BR		3.0		wall and rib cage for injury, see 11040-11044)			
	(For interdental wire fixation, see 21462)				21610	Costotransversectomy (separate procedure)	BR		5.0
21493	Treatment of closed or open hyoid fracture; without manipulation	ev.			21615	Excision first and/or cervical rib for outlet compression syndrome	16.6	60	
21494	with manipulation	SV 7.0	90	3.0	21616	with sympathectomy	16.6 BR	60	
21495	Open treatment of closed or open hyoid fracture	8.0	90	3.0	21620 21627	Ostectomy of sternum, partial Sternal debridement	BR BR		5.0 5.0
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			Follow-		EXCISI	ON			
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@		(For injection procedure for my- elography, see 63510-63520)			
21630	Radical resection of sternum for tumor	BR		5.0		(For injection procedure for dis-			
21632	with mediastinal lymphadenec-					cography, see 63530-63535)			
21633	for osteomyelitis	BR BR		5.0 5.0			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC			5.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
KESI / KII	·	011011			22100	Partial resection of vertebral			
	(For superficial wound, see general section under Repair—				22100	component, spinous processes;			
	Simple)				22101	thoracic	8.0 8.0	90 90	8.0 7.0
21700	Division of scalenus anticus;				22101	lumbar	8.0	90	7.0 7.0
21705	without resection of cervical rib. with resection of cervical rib.	10.0 12.0	60	3.0 5.0	22105	Partial resection of vertebral			
21720	Division of sternocleidomastoid	12.0				component for tumor (e.g., par- tial facetectomy without primary			
	for torticollis, open operation; without cast application	8.0	60	3.0		grafting); cervical	12.0	90	8.0
		0.0		5.0	22106 22107	thoraciclumbar	12.0 12.0	90 90	7.0 7.0
	(For transection of spinal accessory and cervical nerves, see				22110	Partial excision of vertebrae		,,	
	63191, 63192, 64722)				22112	(e.g., for osteomyelitis), cervical thoracic	BR BR		8.0 7.0
21725	with cast application	9.0	: 60	3.0	22114	lumbar	BR		7.0
21740	Reconstructive repair of pectus excavatum or carinatum	26.0	120	11.0	INTRO	DUCTION			
FRACT	URE AND/OR DISLOCATION	20.0	120	11.0		(For injection procedure for my- elography, see 62284)			
21800	Treatment of rib fracture; closed, uncomplicated, each	Sv.&				(For injection procedure for disk- ography, see 62290, 62291)			
21805 21810	open or complicated, each closed or open requiring exter-	BR		5.0		(For injection procedure, chemo-			
21820	nal fixation ("flail chest") Treatment of sternum fracture;	BR		5.0		nucleolysis, single or multiple levels, see 62292)			
21825	open	Sv.& BR+		5.0		(For injection procedure for facet joints, see 64442, 64443, 64622,			
	(For sternoclavicular dislocation, see 23520–23532)					64623) (For needle or trocar biopsy, see			
MISCEI	LLANEOUS					20220–20225)			
21899	Unlisted procedure, neck or thorax	BR		5.0	REPAIR	R, REVISION, RECONSTRUCTI	ON ·		
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)					(For radical resection of verte- bral body, see vertebral			
	39–09), § 296–22–051, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–051, filed					corpectomy, 63081-63091)			
der 86-1 Authorit	9), § 296–22–051, filed 2/28/86, 6 y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–051, filed	effective and 51.	4/1/86. S 16.120(3).	Statutory 80–18–		(For prosthetic replacement of vertebrae, see 22150-22152)			· •
	ter 80-23), § 290-22-031, filed 1 1-7, § 296-22-051, filed 1/30/74.]	12/3/60	, cirective	3/1/01,	22140	Reconstruction of spine with			
						bone graft (autograft, allograft,			
WA	C 296-22-052 Back and fl	ank.				and/or methylmethacrylate) fol- lowing resection of single verte-		•	
			Follow-		22144	bral body; cervical	28.0	90	9.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	22141 22142	thoraciclumbar	28.0 28.0	90 90	9.0 7.0
EXCISI	ON		·		22145	Reconstruction of spine following vertebral body resection, each			N
21920	Biopsy, soft tissue of back or				22149	additional vertebral body Harvesting of bone autograft for	BR		
	flank; superficial	1.3	30	0	22148	vertebral reconstruction following			
21925 21930	deep  Excision, tumor, soft tissue of back or flank	7.0	60 60	0		vertebral corpectomy	BR		
21935	Radical resection of tumor (e.g., malignant neoplasm), soft tissue					(List separately in addition to codes 22140-22145)			
	of back or flank	13	180	0	22150	Reconstruction of spine with pre- fabricated prosthetic replacement			
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 9-09), § 296-22-052, filed 8/10/89					following resection of one or more vertebral bodies; cervical	24.0		
WAJ A 4	C <b>296–22–053</b> Spine (verte	hral co	luuram)		22151 22152	thoraciclumbar	24.0 24.0		
AA 1-7/4	(Cervical, thoracic, and lumbar		eanungs <b>]</b>			(For osteotomy of spine, see 22210–22230)			
(1989 Ed.	spine)					U	(Title	296 WAC	—p 285]
, <del></del>	•						-		- •

Discovery of spine, posterior approach, for correction of definementation for correction of the definementation for correction for correctio				Follow-					Follow-	
2210 Oktotomy of spine, posterior approach, for correction of deformity, single segment; certain 2 3.0 180 7.0 22212 thoracie 3.5.0 180 7.0 22222 thoracie 3.5.0 180 7.0 22223 thoracie 3.5.0 180 7.0 22224 thoracie 3.5.0 180 7.0 22225 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22226 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22226 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22227 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22228 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22229 thoracie 4.5.0 180 180 8.0 22220 Closed freatment of vertebral body freutrely 3.5.0 180 9.0 22232 thoracie 4.5.0 180 8.0 22232 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22325 Open treatment of vertebral activation of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation. 1.0 22222 thoracie 4.5.0 180 8.0 22222 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22223 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22223 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22224 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22225 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22226 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22226 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22227 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22228 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22229 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22220 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22220 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22220 thoracie 5.5.0 180 9.0 22222 thoracie		•		•						
proach, for correction of deforming sign segment; criterical 35.0   180   7.0   2231   1					7 1112				2,0	
mily, single segment; cervical. 35.0 180 7.0 22112 branch	22210					22554				
22212 (Imber			35.0	180	7.0			23.0	180	9.0
22220 Okteotomy of spine, anterior appropriach, for correction of deformity, single section, cervical  22221 Diversity of the properties o	22212					22556		25.0	100	7.0
proach, for correction of deformative process and experience of the process of th			28.0	180	7.0	22550				
mity, single section, cervical. BR 222224   lumber	22220							5.5	180	7.0
222240   Limbar		mity, single section; cervical					anterolateral, each additional			
2230 Osteotomy of spine for correction of offormity, each additional segment    8.5 180 0  (For wrethral corpoctomy, see 63081-63091, For spinal instrumentation, see 22840-22845, For reconstruction following vertebral corpoctomy, see 22140-22152)  FRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION  22305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s).  22316 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s).  22317 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s).  22328 (Procedure codes 22549-22560) are for SINGLE interapace arthrodesis, posterior technique, cranicocryical (occiput-C2), with bone graft and/or internal fixation.  22329 Security for additional process fracture(s).  22327 thoracic, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22226 cervical, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22226 cervical, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22227 thoracic, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22227 thoracic, each.  22328 fracture(s).  2240 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22506 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesis has been deleted. To rep								22.0	180	9.0
exclude reconstruction following verterbal corpectomy, see 63081- 63091. For spinal instrumentation, see 22840-22845. For reconstruction following verterbal corpectomy. See 22840-22845. For reconstruction following verterbal expectations are considered to the property of the pr			ЫK					22.0	100	7.0
(For vertebral corpectomy, see 63081–63091. For spinal instrumentation, see 22840–22845. For reconstruction following vertebral corpectomy, see 22140–22152)  FRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION  22305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s)			. 0.5							
63091. For spinal instrumentation, see 22840—22845. For reconstruction following vertebral corpectomy, see 22140—2152)  FRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION 22305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s). Whote manipulation of rections and post discontinumbar, cand		segment	8.5	180	U					
22346—22845. For reconstruction following vertebral corpectomy, see 2140—22153)  FRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION  22305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s). Sv.& 22310 Closed treatment of vertebral abody fracture(s) without manipulation		The second secon		1		ARTHI	RODESIS, POSTERIOR, POSTE	ROLAT	ERAL. O	R LAT-
PRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION  2305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s). Sv.&									,	
PRACTURE AND/OR DISLOCATION  2305 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s)										
ments); for additional interspaces or segments, see 22650)  2301 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s), without manipulation  2315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each  2315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each  2326 Open treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation; lumbar, each  24.0 180 7.0  23232 Open treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation; lumbar, each  24.0 180 7.0  23232 Thoracic, each  24.0 180 7.0  22325 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, nay region  **24.0 180 7.0  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring answhesia, any region  **24.0 180 7.0  **2261 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, curvical below C2 segment, local curvical below C2 seg	2214	30–22152)								
22315 Closed treatment of vertebral process fracture(s)	FRACT	URE AND/OR DISLOCATION								
22315 Closed treatment of vertebral body fracture(s), without manipulation  2315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each  2315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each  24.0 180 7.0 22326 cervical, each  24.0 180 7.0 22327 thoracic, each  24.0 180 7.0 22327 thoracic, each  24.0 180 7.0 22328 cervical, each  24.0 180 7.0 22327 thoracic, each  24.0 180 7.0 22328 Thoracic, each  24.0 180 7.0 22590 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **2250 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  (Arthrodesis procedures, 22548—22812, include cither an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis; (2 adjacent verrebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22385)  22588 ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL APPROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for STNGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent verrebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22385)  22588 Arthrodesis, naterior transoral or extraoral technique, cithus—claracity in a didition to code for single level and or non-additional interspaces or segments, use 22385)  22580 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, with bone graft, with or without excision of odnotiol process.  26.0 180 9.0  26260 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, cithus—claracity in the control of the code for single level and/or internal wire fination, thoracic.  22650 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, cithus—claracity in the code for single level and or non-additional interspace or segments, use 22380 code and code an	22305							•		
body fracture(s); without manipulation  Sv.&  22315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each.  7.0 180 3.0  22325 Open treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation; tumbar, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22326 Cervical, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22327 thoracic, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22327 thoracic, each.  24.0 180 7.0  22500 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  **22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **2250 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **2250 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **2250 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **1.4 0 5.0  **22626 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, circulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **1.4 0 5.0  22610 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, circulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **1.4 0 5.0  22625 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, circulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **1.4 0 5.0  22626 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, circulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region  **1.4 0 5.0  22627 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal fixation, humbar  22628 Arthrodesis, posterior technique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal fixation, humbar  22628 Arthrodesis, posterior,	22210	process fracture(s)	Sv.&			22590	Arthrodesis, posterior technique,			
22315 Closed treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each	22310									
fracture and/or dislocation, with or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each	22215		Sv.&					35.0	180	9.0
or without anesthesia, by manipulation or traction, each	22313					22595	Arthrodesis, posterior technique,			
23325 Open treatment of vertebral fracture and/or dislocation; lumbur, each		or without anesthesia, by manip-						26.0	180	9.0
fracture and/or dislocation; lumbar, each	22325		7.0	180	3.0					,
22326 cervical, each		fracture and/or dislocation; lum-				* .				
22327 thoracic, each	22326						item 5b and modifier -62.)			
MANIPULATION  (22500 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  *22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region						22600				
(22500 Manipulation of spine not requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  *22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region	MANIP	PULATION								
requiring anesthesia has been deleted. To report, use 97260)  *22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region		(22500 Manipulation of spine not					ternal fixation	24.0	180	8.0
*22505 Manipulation of spine requiring anesthesia, any region						22610				
ARTHRODESIS  (Arthrodesis procedures, 22548— 22812, include either an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL APPROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554—22558 are for SINGLE interspaces or segments, use 22585)  (22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1—C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020—63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548—22650)  ARTHRODESIS For arthrodesis, anterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; 4 to 7 vertebrae are six see 22548—22650)  22612 lumbar		leted. To report, use 97260)					cal bone or bone allograft and/or			
ARTHRODESIS  (Arthrodesis procedures, 22548— 22812, include either an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL AP- PROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arth- rodesis (2 adjacent vertebral seg- ments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1— C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process	*22505					22612				
(Arthrodesis procedures, 22548– 22812, include either an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL AP- PROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–C1– C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of oddontoid process 26.0 180 9.0  (For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020–63042. For arthrode- sis, see 22548–22650)  bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar 22.0 180 7.0  Arthrodesis, posterior, posterolateral, or lateral trans- verse process technique, each ad- ditional interspace		anesthesia, any region	*1.4	0	5.0			22.0	.00	7.0
(Arthrodesis procedures, 22548– 22812, include either an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL APPROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–C1– C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process. 26.0 180 9.0  (For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020–63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548–22650)  (Internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 Arthrodesis, posterior interbody technique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, with local bone or bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, each additional interpace on bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar. 22.0 180 7.0 dechnique, each additional interpace of code for single level arthrodesis, 22590–22630)  Arthrodesis, posterior, for	ARTHR	RODESIS						1		
22812, include either an allograft or an autograft. Use procedure code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL APPROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–C1–C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process		(Arthrodesis procedures, 22548-						22.0	180	7.0
code 22820 for the harvesting of autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL APPROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–Cl–C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process. 26.0 180 9.0  (For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020–63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548–22650)  bone allograft and/or internal wire fixation, lumbar		22812, include either an allograft	•			22630				
autograft in addition to the code for arthrodesis)  ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL AP-PROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus-CI-C2 (atlas-axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process. 26.0 180 9.0  (For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020-63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548–22650)  (Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspace of code for single level arthrodesis, 22590-22630)  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, KYPHOSIS)  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, WYPHOSIS)  Arthrodesis, posterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; 6 or less vertebrae										٠.
ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL AP- PROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558     are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—Cl—C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process. 26.0 180 9.0  (For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020–63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548–22650)  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, KYPHOSIS)  22800 Arthrodesis, posterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; or lateral transverse process technique, each additional interspace. 5.5 180 8.0  (List separately in addition to code for single level arthrodesis, 22590–22630)  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, KYPHOSIS)  22800 Arthrodesis, posterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; or leavent and ditional interspace. 5.5 180 8.0  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, KYPHOSIS)  22800 Arthrodesis, anterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; or more vertebrae. BR  13.0  22802 7 or more vertebrae. BR  22810 Arthrodesis, anterior, for spinal deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; 4 to 7 vertebrae BR  22812 or more vertebrae. BR		autograft in addition to the code					wire fixation, lumbar	22.0	180	7.0
ARTHRODESIS, ANTERIOR OR ANTEROLATERAL AP- PROACH TECHNIQUE  (Procedure codes 22554–22558     are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–C1–C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process		•				22650				
(Procedure codes 22554–22558 are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus–Cl–C2 (atlas–axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process			NTERO	LATERA	L AP-		verse process technique, each ad-			
are for SINGLE interspace arthrodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1—C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process	PROAC	H TECHNIQUE					ditional interspace	5.5	180	8.0
rodesis (2 adjacent vertebral segments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1—C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process										
ments); for additional interspaces or segments, use 22585)  ARTHRODESIS FOR SPINE DEFORMITY (E.G., SCOLIOSIS, KYPHOSIS)  22548 Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1— C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process										
Arthrodesis, anterior transoral or extraoral technique, clivus—C1— C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process						ADTUD	•	IITV (E	C SCO	IOCIC
extraoral technique, clivus—C1— C2 (atlas—axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process								(E	, SCOI	LIVOIO,
C2 (atlas-axis), with bone graft, with or without excision of odontoid process	22548					22800	Arthrodesis, posterior for spinal			
odontoid process		C2 (atlas-axis), with bone graft,					deformity, with or without cast,			
(For intervertebral disk excision by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020-63042. For arthrodesis, see 22548-22650)  22802 7 or more vertebrae			26.0	190	0.0			29 0	180	13.0
by laminotomy or laminectomy, see 63020-63042. For arthrode- sis, see 22548-22650)  deformity, with or without cast, with bone graft; 4 to 7 vertebrae BR  22812  or more vertebrae BR			20.0	100	7.0		7 or more vertebrae			
see 63020-63042. For arthrode- sis, see 22548-22650) with bone graft; 4 to 7 vertebrae BR 22812 or more vertebrae BR						22810				
		see 63020-63042. For arthrode-				9.	with bone graft; 4 to 7 vertebrae			
[Title 296 WAC—p 286] (1989 Ed.)		sis, see 22548–22650)				22812	or more vertebrae	BR		
	(Title 29	6 WAC—p 286]			,				(1	989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	WA	C 296–22–063 Shoulder.	Unit	Follow- up	Basic
ARTHR	ODESIS, MISCELLANEOUS						Value	Days=	Anes@
22820	Harvesting of bone autograft (e.g., ilium, fibula, etc.) for arthrodesis	3.5	180	11.5		(Clavicle, scapula, humerus head and neck, sternoclavicular joint, acromioclavicular joint and shoulder joint)			
22830	Exploration of spinal fusion	BR			INCISI	· ,			
SPINAL	. INSTRUMENTATION				23000	Removal of subdeltoid (or			
	(List separately, in addition to code for fracture, dislocation, or arthrodesis of the spine, 22305-22812)				23020	(Sever type procedure) for Erb's	6.0	60	3.0
22840	Posterior instrumentation; with-					palsy	11.0	60	3.0
	out segmental fixation (e.g., single Harrington rods technique)	50.0	180	13.0		(For incision and drainage procedures, superficial, see 10000–10160)			•
22842	segmental fixation (e.g., pedicle fixation, dual rods with multiple hooks and				23030	Incision and drainage; shoulder area deep abscess or hematoma.	BR		3.0
22845 22849	subliminal wires)  Anterior instrumentation  Reinsertion of spinal fixation de-	42 BR	180	13.0 7.0	23031 23035	infected bursa Incision, deep, with opening of cortex (e.g., shoulder area) for	BR		3.0
22850	vice Removal of posterior	BR		7.0	23040	osteomyelitis or bone abscess Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint, for infection, with exploration,	BR		3.0
22852	nonsegmental instrumentation Removal of posterior segmental	BR	100	8.0		drainage, or removal of foreign body	11.0	60	5.0
22855	Removal of anterior instrumentation	11.0 BR	180	3.5 8.0	23044	Anthrotomy, acromioclavicular, sternoclavicular joint, for infec-			2.0
	(For spinal cord monitoring, use					or removal of foreign body	10.0	60	5.0
	95925)				EXCISI	ON			
MISCEI	LANEOUS				23065	Biopsy, soft tissue of shoulder area; superficial	1.2	7	3.0
22899	Unlisted procedure, spine	BR		7.0	23066	deep	2.4	15	3.0
(Order 8	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 19–09), § 296–22–053, filed 8/10/ Order 87–18), § 296–22–053, filed	89, effe	tive 9/10/	′89; 87 <b>–</b>		(For needle biopsy of soft tissue use 20206)			
der 86-1 066 (Ord	9), § 296–22–053, filed 2/28/86, der 83–23), § 296–22–053, filed 8/	effectiv 2/83. S	re 4/1/86; tatutory At	83–16– uthority:	23075 23076	Excision, tumor; shoulder area subcutaneous deep, subfascial or intramus-	3.0	7	3.0
81-28),	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 § 296–22–053, filed 11/30/81, eff 0–25), § 296–22–053, filed 12/3/8	ective 1	/1/82; 80-	-18055	23077	cular	4.0	15	3.0
74-7, § 2	296-22-053, filed 1/30/74.]	•	, ,	•	22100	malignant neoplasm), soft tissue of shoulder area	BR		
W A e	C 296-22-061 Abdomen.				23100	humeral joint	11.0	60	3.0
VV PAR	270-22-001 Abdomen.		r-11		23101	Arthrotomy for biopsy or for excision of torn cartilage, acromio-			
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	23105	clavicular, sternoclavicular joint.  Arthrotomy for synovectomy;	11.0	60	4.0
		Value	Days=	Anes@		glenohumeral joint	BR		5.0
EXCISION	ON				23106 23107	sternoclavicular joint Arthrotomy, glenohumeral joint,	BR		4.0
	Excision, abdominal wall tumor, subfascial (e.g., desmoid)	10.0	90	4.0		with joint exploration, with or without removal of loose foreign body	BR		
MISCEL	LANEOUS				23120 23125	Claviculectomy; partial	8.5 16.0	60 60	5.0 5.0
22999	Unlisted procedure, abdomen,				23130	Acromiectomy, partial or total	8.5	60	5.0
1	musculoskeletal system	BR		5.0	23140	Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor of clavicle			
(Order 8	y Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 9-09), § 296-22-061, filed 8/10/8	89, effec	tive 9/10/	89; 87–	23145	or scapula with primary autogenous graft	6.0	60	3.0
16-004 ( der 86-1	Order 87-18), § 296-22-061, filed 9), § 296-22-061, filed 2/28/86,	7/23/8 effective	7; 86–06–0 e 4/1/86;	32 (Or- 83-16-	23146	(includes obtaining graft) with homogenous or other	9.0	120	3.0
RCW 51	ler 83–23), § 296–22–061, filed 8/ 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 § 296–22–061, filed 12/3/80, effect	20(3).	80-18-055	(Order	23150	nonautogenous graft Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor of proximal	11.0	120	3.0
	3 290-22-001, filed 12/3/80, effect 061, filed 1/30/74.]	5/1/	or, Oraci	, <del>, , , , ,</del> 8		humerus	6.0	120	3.0
(1989 Ed.)	)						[Title :	296 WAC-	—p 287]

[Title 296 WAC-p 288]

		1 1 - !a	Follow-	D!-			** **	Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
22155	and all and an all an all an all and an all an al		•		22410	<b>D</b>		•	
23155	with primary autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)	9.0	120	3.0	23410	Repair of ruptured supraspinatus tendon (rotator cuff) or			
23156	with homogenous or other		120	5.0		musculotendinous cuff; acute	14.0	120	5.0
22170	nonautogenous graft	11.0	120	3.0	23412	chronic	16.0	120	5.0
23170	Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteo- myelitis or bone abscess), clavi-				23415	Coracoacromial ligament release, with or without acromioplasty,			
	cle	BR		3.0		for chronic ruptured supraspina-			
23172					22/20	tus tendon (rotator cuff)	6.5		5.0
	myelitis or bone abscess), scap- ula	BR		3.0	23420	Repair of complete shoulder (ro- tator) cuff avulsion, chronic (in-			
23174	Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteo-					cludes acromioplasty)	18.0	120	5.0
	myelitis or bone abscess), humeral head to surgical neck	BR		3.0	23430	Tenodesis for rupture of long tendon of biceps	12.0	90	5.0
23180	Partial excision of bone (crateri-	ЫK		3.0	23440	Resection or transplantation of	12.0	90	3.0
	zation, saucerization or diaphy-					long tendon of biceps, for chronic			
	sectomy) for osteomyelitis, clavicle	5.0	60	3.0	23450	tenosynovitis	12.0	90	5.0
23182	Partial excision of bone (crateri-	5.0	00	3.0	23.150	dislocation, anterior; Putti-Platt			
	zation, saucerization, or diaphy-					procedure or Magnuson type op-	17.0	. 00	
	sectomy) for osteomyelitis, scapula	6.0	60	4.0	23455	Bankart type operation with or	17.0	90	5.0
23184	Partial excision (craterization,	0.0	00	****		without stapling	19.0	90	5.0
	saucerization, or diaphysectomy)				23460				
	of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis), proximal humerus	6.0	60	4.0		dislocation, anterior, any type; with bone block	20.0	120	5.0
23190	Ostectomy of scapula, partial				23462	with coracoid process transfer	18.0	120	5.0
23195	(e.g., superior medial angle) Resection humeral head	7.0 BR	60	3.0 3.0	23465	Capsulorrhaphy for recurrent dislocation, posterior, with or			
23173	Resection numeral nead	ЛС		3.0		without bone graft	17.0	90	5.0
	(For replacement with implant,					(For sternoclavicular and acro-			
	see 23470)					mioclavicular reconstruction, see			
23200	Radical resection for tumor;	DD		2.0		23530 or 23550)			
23210	claviclescapula	BR BR		3.0 3.0	23466				
23220	Radical resection for tumor,					dislocation with any type multidirectional instability	BR		3.0
23221	proximal humerus	BR		3.0	23470		DK		3.0
23221	with autogenous bone graft, (includes obtaining graft)	BR		3.0		humeral implant (e.g., Neer type			
23222	with prosthetic replacement	BR		3.0	23472	operation)	20.0	120	6.0
INTROI	DUCTION OR REMOVAL				20.72	proximal humeral replacement			
	(For arthrocentesis or needling of					(e.g., total shoulder)	BR		6.0
	bursa, see 20610)					(For removal of total shoulder			
	(For V wire or nin insertion or					implants, see 23331, 23332)			
	(For K wire or pin insertion or removal, see 20650, 20670,					(For osteotomy proximal hu-			
	20680)					merus, see 24400)			
23330	Removal of foreign body, shoul-				23480	Osteotomy, clavicle, with or without internal fixation	10.0	- 90	3.0
	der; subcutaneous	8.0	60	3.0	23485	with bone graft for nonunion	10.0	. 90	3.0
23331	deep (e.g., neer prosthesis re- moval)	11.0	60	3.0		or malunion (includes obtain-			
23332	complicated, including "total	11.0	00	5.0		ing graft and/or necessary fix- ation)	13.0	120	3.0
22250	shoulder"	BR		3.0	23490	Prophylactic treatment (nailing,	1510	120	5.0
23350	Injection procedure for shoulder arthrography	0.6	0	3.0		pinning, plating, or wiring) with			
			•	-10		or without methyl methacrylate; clavicle	BR		
	(For shoulder arthrography, see 73040)				23491	proximal humerus and			
DEDAID	•	OTHOR				humeral head	BR		
KEPAIK	, REVISION OR RECONSTRU	CHON			FRACT	URE AND/OR DISLOCATION			
23395	Muscle transfer, any type for				23500	Treatment of closed clavicular			
	paralysis of shoulder or upper arm; single	20.0	90	5.0	23505	fracture; without manipulation	Sv.& 3.0	90	3.0
23397	multiple	BR	90	5.0	23510	Treatment of open clavicular	5.0	. 70	3.0
23400	Scapulopexy (e.g., Sprengel's de-	22.0	00	5.0		fracture, with uncomplicated soft	- ^	00	2.0
23405	formity or for paralysis)  Tenomyotomy; shoulder area sin-	22.0	90	5.0	23515	Open treatment of closed or open	5.0	90	3.0
	gle	7.0	60	5.0		clavicular fracture, with or with-			
23406	multiple through same inci-	13.0	60	5.0		out internal or external skeletal fixation	9.0	90	3.0
			00	5.0		ination	7.0	30	3.0
Deres as an	1000 - 2001								

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	
23520	Treatment of closed sternoclavi- cular dislocation; without manip-				MANIP	PULATION				
	ulation	Sv.&			*23700	Manipulation under anesthesia,				
23525	with manipulation	2.8	90	3.0	23700	shoulder joint including applica-				
23530	Open treatment of closed or open					tion of fixation apparatus (dislo-				
	Sternoclavicular dislocation,		00			cation excluded)	*1.2	0	4.0	
23532	acute or chronic with fascial graft (includes	10.0	90	5.0	ARTHR	ODESIS				
23332	obtaining graft)	12.0	90	5.0						
23540	Treatment of closed acromioclav-				23800	Arthrodesis, shoulder joint, with or without local bone graft	20.0	120	5.0	
	icular dislocation, without ma-				23802	with primary autogenous	20.0	120	5.0	
22545	nipulation	Sv.&	45	2.0		graft (includes obtaining				
23545 23550	with manipulation  Open treatment of closed or open	2.4	45	3.0		graft)	24.0	120	5.0	
23330	acromioclavicular dislocation,				AMPUT	<b>TATION</b>				
	acute or chronic	12.0	90	5.0	12000	Intesthese concernular amountation				
23552	with fascial graft (includes				23900	Interthoracoscapular amputation (forequarter)	24.0	90	11.0	
22570	obtaining graft)	15.0	90	5.0	23920	Disarticulation of shoulder	18.0	90	5.0	
23570	Treatment of closed scapular fracture; without manipulation.	Sv.&			23921	secondary closure or scar				
23575	with manipulation (with or	3,,00				revision	5.0	30	3.0	
	without shoulder joint in-				MISCEI	LLANEOUS				
*****	volvement)	2.8	90	3.0	23929	Unlisted procedure, shoulder	BR		5.0	
23580	Treatment of open scapular frac- ture, with uncomplicated soft tis-					•				
	sue closure	5.0	90	3.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 39-09), § 296-22-063, filed 8/10/				
23585	Open treatment of closed or open					(Order 87–18), § 296–22–063, filed 8/10/				
	scapular fracture juxtaarticular.	12.0	90	3.0		19), § 296–22–063, filed 2/28/86,				
23600	Treatment of closed humeral (surgical or anatomical neck)					der 83-23), § 296-22-063, filed 8/				
	fracture; without manipulation.	Sv.&				1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296-22-063, filed 11/30/81, eff				
23605	with manipulation	5.0	90	3.0		80–25), § 296–22–063, filed 12/3/8				
23610	Treatment of open humeral (sur-				2	296-22-063, filed 1/30/74.]		, ,	•	
	gical or anatomical neck) frac- ture, with uncomplicated soft									
	tissue closure	7.0	90	3.0	WA	C <b>296–22–067 Hum</b> erus (u	pper a	rm) and e	lbow.	
23615	Open treatment of closed or open					(Elbow area includes head and				
	humeral (surgical or anatomical					neck of radius and olecranon				
	neck) fracture, with or without internal or external skeletal fixa-					process.)				
	tion	12.0	90	3.0	INCISIO	ON				
23620	Treatment of closed greater tu-					(For incision and drainage proce-				
	berosity fracture; without manip-					dures, superficial, see 10000—				
23625	with manipulation	Sv.& 3.5	90	3.0		10160)				
	Open treatment of closed or open	3.3	,,,	5.0				Follow-		
25050	greater tuberosity fracture, with						Unit	up	Basic	
	or without internal or external			• •			Value	Days=	Anes@	
22660	skeletal fixation	9.0	90	3.0	22020	Indiana and desirons dans at				
23650	location, with manipulation;				23930	Incision and drainage; deep abscess or hematoma	5.0	15	3.0	
	without anesthesia	Sv.&			23931	infected bursa	5.0	15	3.0	
*23655	requiring anesthesia	*1.2	0	3.0	23935	Incision, deep, with opening of				
23658	Treatment of open shoulder dis-					cortex (e.g., for osteomyelitis or bone abscess) humerus or elbow.	8.0	15	2.0	
	location, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	BR		3.0	24000	Arthrotomy, elbow, for infection,	8.0	13	3.0	
23660	Open treatment of closed or open	DIC		5.0	21000	with exploration, drainage, or re-				
	shoulder dislocation	12.0	90	3.0		moval of foreign body	10.0	60	3.0	
23665	Treatment of closed shoulder dis-				EXCISI	ON			4	
	location, with fracture of greater tuberosity, with manipulation	3.0	90	3.0			2.0	-	2.0	
23670	Open treatment of closed or open	3.0	70	3.0	24065 24066	Biopsy, soft tissues; superficial deep	2.0 3.0	7 15	3.0 3.0	
					24075	Excision, tumor; upper arm or	5.0		5.0	
	shoulder dislocation, with frac-		90	3.0		elbow area, subcutaneous	4.0	15	3.0	
	ture of greater tuberosity	12.0			24076	doon subfassial on intro				
23675	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dis-	12.0			2.10.0	deep, subfascial or intra-	AE	1.5	2.0	
23675	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dis- location, with surgical or ana-	12.0				muscular	4.5	15	3.0	
23675	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dis-	12.0	90	3.0	24077		4.5	15	3.0	
23675 23680	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dis- location, with surgical or ana- tomical neck fracture, with manipulation Open treatment of closed or open			3.0	24077	muscular	4.5 BR	15	3.0	
	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dislocation, with surgical or anatomical neck fracture, with manipulation Open treatment of closed or open shoulder dislocation, with surgi-	4.0	90			muscular	BR			
	ture of greater tuberosity Treatment of closed shoulder dis- location, with surgical or ana- tomical neck fracture, with manipulation Open treatment of closed or open			3.0 3.0	24077	muscular		15	3.0	

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit	up	Basic			Unit	up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
24101	with joint exploration, with								
2,10.	or without biopsy, with or					(For elbow arthrography, see			
	without removal of loose or	120		2.0		73085)			
24102	foreign body for synovectomy	12.0 14.0	60 90	3.0 3.0		(For injection of tennis elbow,			
24105	Excision, olecranon bursa	4.8	60	3.0		see 20550)			
24110	Excision or curettage of bone				REPAII	R, REVISION, AND RECONSTR	UCTIO	N	
24115	cyst or benign tumor, humerus with primary autogenous	9.5	. 60	3.0	24301	Muscle or tendon transfer, any			
2.7113	graft (includes obtaining					type, upper arm or elbow area	DD		2.0
	graft)	12.5	120	3.0	24305	single (excluding 24320-24331). Tendon lengthening; upper arm	BR		3.0
24116	with homogenous or other	120	120	2.0	2.505	or elbow area single, each	7.0		3.0
24120	nonautogenous graft  Excision or curettage of bone	13.0	120	3.0	24310	Tenotomy, open, elbow to shoul-		20	
2,120	cyst or bone tumor of head or				24320	der, single, each	5.0	30	3.0
	neck of radius or olecranon pro-				24320	with or without free graft, elbow			
24125	with primary autogenous	8.0	60	3.0		to shoulder, single (Seddon-			
24123	graft (includes obtaining				24220	Brookes type procedure)	BR		3.0
	graft)	10.0	120	3.0	24330	Flexor-plasty, elbow (e.g., Steindler type advancement)	8.0	90	3.0
24126	with homogenous or other	11.0	120	2.0	24331	with extensor advancement.	8.0	90	3.0
24130	nonautogenous graft Excision, radial head	11.0 8.0	120 60	3.0 3.0	24340	Tenodesis for rupture of biceps		00	
					24342	tendon at elbow	14.0	90	3.0
	(For replacement with implant, see 24366)				24342	tendon, distal, with or without			
24124						tendon graft (includes obtaining			
24134	Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteo- myelitis or bone abscess), shaft				24350	graft)	14.0	90	3.0
	or distal humerus	BR		3.0	24330	Fasciotomy, lateral or medial (e.g., "tennis elbow" or epicon-			
24136	Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteo-					dylitis)	6.0	30	3.0
	myelitis or bone abscess), radial head or neck	BR		3.0	24351	with extensor origin detach-	5.0	20	2.0
24138	Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteo-	. DK		5.0	24352	ment with annular ligament resec-	5.0	30	3.0
	myelitis or bone abscess), ole-				2,002	tion	6.0	30	3.0
24140	Partial excision (craterization,	BR		3.0	24354	with stripping	7.0		3.0
29190	saucerization or diaphysectomy),				24356 24360	with partial ostectomy  Arthroplasty, elbow, with mem-	BR		3.0
	of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis),				24300	brane	BR		3.0
24146	humerus	7.0	60	3.0	24361	with distal humeral pros-			
24145	Partial excision (craterization, saucerization or diaphysectomy,)	-			24362	thetic replacement with implant and fascia lata	BR		3.0
	of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis),				24302	ligament reconstruction	BR		3.0
24147	radial head or neck	7.0	6.0	3.0	24363	with distal humerus and			
24147	Partial excision (craterization, saucerization or diaphysectomy)					proximal ulnar prosthetic			
	of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis),					replacement ("total el- bow")	BR		3.0
	olecranon process	7.0	60	3.0	24365	Arthroplasty, radial head;	10.0	120	3.0
24150	Radical resection for tumor, shaft or distal humerus	BR		3.0	24366	with implant	BR		3.0
24151	with autogenous bone graft (in-	DIC		5.0	24400	Osteotomy, humerus, with or without internal fixation	12.0	90	3.0
	cludes obtaining graft)	BR		3.0	24410			, , , ,	5.0
24152	Radical resection for tumor, ra- dial head or neck	DD		3.0		alignment on intramedullary rod			
24153	with autogenous bone graft	BR		3.0		humeral shaft (Sofield type procedure)	14.0	90	3.0
	(includes obtaining graft)	BR		3.0	24420		17.0	20	٠,٠
24155	Resection of elbow joint (arth-	рn		2.0		shortening or lengthening) (ex-			
	rectomy)	BR		3.0	24430	cluding 64876)	BR		3.0
INTRO	DUCTION OR REMOVAL				24430	humerus; without graft (e.g.,			
	(For K wire or pin insertion or					compression technique, etc.)	17.0	90	3.0
	removal, see 20650, 20670,				24435	with iliac or other autogenous			
	20680)					bone graft (includes obtaining graft)	20.0	120	3.0
	(For arthrocentesis or needling of						20.0	.20	5.0
	bursa or joint, see 20605)					(For proximal radius and/or ulna, see 25400-25420)			
24160	Implant removal; elbow joint	6.0	60	3.0	04480				
24164 24200	radial head	4.8	60	3.0	24470	Hemiepiphyseal arrest (e.g., for cubitus varus or valgus, distal			
#474VV	arm or elbow area subcutaneous	BR		3.0		humerus)	7.0	120	3.0
24201	deep	BR		3.0	24495	Decompression fasciotomy, fore-			
24220	Injection procedure for elbow arthrography	BR		3.0		arm, with brachial artery exploration	BR		3.0
	artmography	ЛÜ		3.0		Tation	ыĸ		5.0
(Title 29	6 WAC—p 290]							(1	1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
24498	Prophylactic treatment (nailing, pinning, plating or wiring) with or without methyl methacrylate; humerus	BR			24583	Treatment of open comminuted elbow fracture (fracture distal humerus and/or proximal ulna and/or proximal radius), with			
FRACT	TURE AND/OR DISLOCATION				24585	•	9.0	90	3.0
24500	Treatment of closed humeral shaft fracture; without manipu-	C., Q.				comminuted elbow fracture (fracture distal humerus and/or proximal ulna/radius), with or			
24505	lation with manipulation	Sv.& 5.0	90	3.0		without internal or external skel- etal fixation	12.0	90	3.0
24506	percutaneous insertion of	BR	00	3.0	24586	with elbow resection	BR BR	7-	3.0
24510	Treatment of open humeral shaft fracture, with uncomplicated soft	DK	90	3.0	24587	with implant(See also 24361)	DK		3.0
	tissue closure	7.0	90	3.0	24588	with implants and fascia			
24515	humeral shaft fracture, with or				24300	lata ligament reconstruc-	BR		3.0
0.4520	without internal or external skel- etal fixation	11.0	90	3.0		(See also 24362)		•	
24530	Treatment of closed supracondy- lar or transcondylar fracture,				24600	Treatment of closed elbow dislo-			
	without manipulation	Sv.&		•	24000	cation; without anesthesia	Sv.&		
24531	with traction (pin or skin)	BR		3.0	*24605	requiring anesthesia	*1.0	0	3.0
24535	Treatment of closed supracondy- lar or transcondylar fracture,				24610	Treatment of open elbow disloca- tion, with uncomplicated soft tis-			· *
	with manipulation	5.0	90	3.0		sue closure	6.0	45	3.0
24536 24538	with traction (pin or skin) with percutaneous skeletal	9.0	90	3.0	24615	Open treatment of closed or open elbow dislocation	12.0	90	3.0
24336	fixation	10.0	90	3.0	24620	Treatment of closed Monteggia	12.0	90	5.0
24540	Treatment of open supracondylar					type of fracture dislocation at el-			
	or transcondylar fracture, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	7.0	90	3.0		bow (fracture proximal end of ulna with dislocation of radial			* * *
24542	with traction (pin or skin).	11.0	90	3.0		head)	4.0	90	3.0
24545	Open treatment of closed or open				24625				
	humeral supracondylar or transcondylar fracture, with or					type of fracture dislocation at el- bow (fracture proximal end of			
	without internal or external skel-			•		ulna with dislocation of the ra-			
	etal fixation	10.0	90	3.0		dial head), withuncomplicated soft tissue closure	6.0	90	3.0
24560	Treatment of closed epicondylar fracture, medial or lateral; with-				24635	Open treatment of closed or open	0.0		5.0
	out manipulation	Sv.&				Monteggia type fracture disloca-			
24565	with manipulation	4.0	90	3.0		tion at elbow (fracture proximal end of ulna with dislocation of			
24570	Treatment of open humeral epicondylar fracture, medial or					radial head), with or without in-			
	lateral with uncomplicated soft					ternal or external skeletal fixa-	12.0	90	3.0
34575	tissue closure	6.0	90	3.0	*24640	Treatment of radial head sublux-	12.0	<del>9</del> 0	3.0
24575	Open treatment of closed or open epicondyler fracture, medial or					ation in child, "nursemaid el-			
	lateral, with or without internal				24650	bow," with manipulation  Treatment of closed radial head	Sv.&		
24576	or external skeletal fixation  Treatment of closed humeral	9.0	90	3.0	21000	or neck fracture; without manip-			
24370	condylar fracture, medial or lat-				24655	ulation	Sv.&	90	3.0
	eral; without manipulation	SV			24655 24660	with manipulation  Treatment of open radial head or	3.0	90	3.0
24577 24578	with manipulation  Treatment of open condylar frac-	4.0	90	3.0		neck fracture, with uncompli-			
24310	ture, medial or lateral, with un-				24665	cated soft tissue closure  Open treatment of closed or open	4.0	90	3.0
	complicated soft tissue closure	5.0	90	3.0	. 24003	radial head or neck fracture,			
24579	Open treatment of closed or open condylar fracture, medial or lat-		N.			with or without internal fixation			2.0
	eral, with or without internal or				24666	or radial head excision with implant	8.0 9.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
	external skeletal fixation	7.0	90	3.0	24670	Treatment of closed ulnar frac-			0
24580	Treatment of closed comminuted elbow fracture (fracture distal					ture, proximal end (olecranon process); without manipulation	Sv.&		
	humerus and/or proximal ulna				24675	with manipulation	3.0	90	3.0
	and/or proximal radius), treat-				24680	Treatment of open ulnar frac-			
	ment with traction, (pin or skin); without manipulation	SV				ture, proximal end (olecranon process), with uncomplicated soft			
24581	with manipulation	8.0	90	3.0		tissue closure	4.0	90	3.0
							PERMAN.	204 WIA	2011
(1989 Ed	)						I I IIIG	296 WAC	p &71]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
04606	Onen treatment of along the	v alue	Days=	VIICS®			Value	Days=	Anes@
24685	Open treatment of closed or open ulnar fracture proximal end (ole- cranon process), with or without internal or external skeletal fixa-					(For incision and drainage procedures, superficial, see 10000–10160)			
	tion	8.0	90	3.0		(For debridement, see also			
MANIP	ULATION					11000–11044)			
	(24700 has been deleted; use 24999)				25028	Incision and drainage; forearm and/or wrist deep abscess or he-		20	2.0
ARTHR	ODESIS				25031	matomainfected bursa	1.0 1.5	30 30	3.0 3.0
24800	Arthrodesis, elbow joint; with or without local or homogenous				25035	Incision, deep, with opening of cortex (e.g., for osteomyelitis or	2.0	20	2.0
24802	with primary autogenous	16.0	120	3.0	25040	bone abscess); forearm or wrist. Arthrotomy, radiocarpal, or mediocarpal joint, for infection,	2.0	30	3.0
	bone graft (includes obtaining graft)	16.0	120	3.0		with exploration, drainage, or re- moval of foreign body	5.0	60	3.0
AMPUT	TATION				EXCISI	ON			
24900	Amputation, arm through humerus; with primary closure	10.0	90	3.0	25065	Biopsy, soft tissues; superficial	2.0	7	3.0
24920 24925	open, circular (guillotine) secondary closure or scar revi-	9.0	90	3.0	25066	deep	3.0	15	3.0
24930	sion	3.0 10.0	30 90	3.0 3.0		(For needle biopsy of soft tissue, use 20206)			
24931	with implant	10.0	90	3.0	25075	Excision, tumor; forearm and/or			
24935 24940	Stump elongation	3.0	90	3.0	25076	wrist area subcutaneous deep, subfascial or intramus-	4.0	15	3.0
MISCE	complete procedure	BR		3.0	25077	cular	4.0	15	3.0
24999	Unlisted procedure, humerus or elbow	BR		4.0	25085	of forearm and/or wrist area	BR		
Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.0	04.030. 89	-17-039	25100	contracture)	4.0	15	3.0
	39–09), § 296–22–067, filed 8/10/9 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–067, filed					opsy	5.0	60	3.0
der 86-1 066 (Or	19), § 296–22–067, filed 2/28/86, der 83–23), § 296–22–067, filed 8/	effectiv 2/83. Si	e 4/1/86: tatutory A	; 83-16- uthority:	25101	with joint exploration, with or without biopsy, with or with- out removal of loose or foreign			
	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 § 296-22-067, filed 11/30/81, eff				25105	body	7.0	60	3.0
(Order 8	80–25), § 296–22–067, filed 12/3/8 296–22–067, filed 1/30/74.]				25105 25107	for synovectomy	8.0	90	3.0
ATE	C 104 11 071 Famous	s_4			25110	tilage complex	9.0	60	3.0
AA W	C 296-22-071 Forearm an	o Wrisi			25110	forearm and/or wrist	3.0	30	3.0
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	25111	Excision of ganglion, wrist (dorsal or volar); primary	5.0	30	3.0
		Value	Days=	Anes@	25112	recurrent	4.0	30	3.0
	(Radius, ulna, carpal bones and					(For hand or finger, see 26160)			
INCISIO	joints) ON				25115	Radical excision of bursa synovia of wrist, or forearm tendon			
25000	Tendon sheath incision; at radial styloid for De Quervain's disease	4.4	30	3.0		sheaths (e.g., tenosynovitis, fungus, Tbc., or other granulomas,	100	<b>70</b>	3.0
25005	at wrist for other stenosing tenosynovitis	4.0	30	3.0	25116	rheumatoid arthritis); flexors extensors (with or without transposition of dorsal	10.0	60	3.0
	(For decompression median					retinaculum)	10.0	60	3.0
	nerve or for carpal tunnel syndrome, see 64721)					(For finger synovectomies, see 26145)			
25020	Decompression fasciotomy, wrist				25118	Synovectomy, extensor tendon			
	flexor and/or extensor compartment	3.5	30	3.0	22110	sheaths, wrist, single compart-	10.0		2.0
25023	with debridement of nonviable muscle and/or nerve	4.0	30	3.0	25119	ment; with resection of distal ulna	10.0 11.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
	(For decompression fasciotomy	7.0	30	3.0	25120	Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor of radius or			
	with brachial artery exploration, see 24495)					ulna (excluding head or neck of radius and olecranon process)	7.0	60	3.0
[Title 29	6 WAC—p 292]							(	1989 Ed.)

			Follow-				** *.	Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For head or neck of radius or				25265	secondary, with free graft (includes obtaining graft), each			
25145	olecranon process, see 24120, 24126)				25270	tendon or muscle	3.0	90	3.0
25125	with primary autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)	10.0	120	3.0		primary, single, each tendon or muscle	5.0	90	3.0
25126	with homogenous or other nonautogenous graft	10.0	120	3.0	25272	secondary, single, each ten- don or muscle	1.5	90	3.0
25130	cyst or benign tumor of carpal	5.0		2.0	25274	Repair, tendon or muscle, extensor, secondary, with tendon			
25135	with primary autogenous graft	5.0	60	3.0		graft (includes obtaining graft), forearm and/or wrist, each ten-	i		
25136	(includes obtaining graft) with homogenous or other	7.0	120	3.0	25280	don or muscle	8.0	90	3.0
25145	nonautogenous graft  Sequestrectomy (e.g., for osteomyelitis or bone abscess); fore-	7.0	120	3.0	20200	flexor or extensor tendon, fore- arm and/or wrist single, each			
25150	arm and/or wrist  Partial excision (craterization,	BR		3.0	25290	Tenotomy, open, single, flexor or	7.0	90	3.0
23130	saucerization or diaphysectomy) of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis),				25295	extensor tendon, forearm and/or wrist single, each tendon  Tenolysis, single flexor or	4.0	90	3.0
25151	ulna radius	5.0 5.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	1	extensor tendon, forearm and/or	1.0	. 00	2.0
	(For head or neck of radius or				25300	wrist single, each tendon Tenodesis, at wrist; flexors of	1.0	90	3.0
	olecranon process, see 24145–24147)				25301	fingers extensors of fingers	8.0 6.0	90 90	3.0
25170	Radical resection for tumor, ra-				25310	Tendon transplantation or trans- fer, flexor or extensor, forearm			
25210	dius or ulna	BR 7.0	60	3.0 3.0	25312	and/or wrist single, each tendon with tendon graft(s) (includes	9.5	90	3.0
	(For carpectomy with implant,		e.		25315	obtaining graft), each tendon Flexor origin slide for cerebral	8.0	90	3.0
25215	see 25441-25445) all bones of proximal row	10.0	60	3.0	25316	palsy; forearm and/or wrist with tendon(s) transfer	8.0 9.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
25230	Radial styloidectomy (separate procedure)	5.0	60	3.0	25317	Flexor origin slide for Volkmann contracture	12.0	120	3.0
25240	Excision distal ulna (Darrach type procedure)	6.0	60	3.0	25318 25320	with tendon(s) transfer Capsulorrhaphy or reconstruc-	13.0	120	3.0
	(For implant replacement, distal	0.0	. 00	5.0		tion, capsulectomy, wrist (includes synovectomy, resection of			
	ulna, see 25442)				25330	capsule, tendon insertions) Arthroplasty, wrist	21.1 8.0	120 120	3.0 3.0
	(For obtaining fascia for interposition, see 20920, 20922)				25331 25332	with implant	BR		3.0
INTROI	DUCTION OR REMOVAL					nal fixation	BR		3.0
	(For K wire, pin, or rod insertion or removal, see 20650, 20670,					(For obtaining fascia for interposition, see 20920–20922)			
25246	20680)				25335	Centralization of wrist on ulna (e.g., radial club hand)	BR		
25246	Injection procedure for wrist arthrography	BR			25350 25355	Osteotomy, radius, distal third middle or proximal third	10.0 12.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
	(For wrist arthrography, see				25360	Osteotomy, ulna	10.0	90	3.0
	73115)				25365 25370	radius and ulna	14.0	90	3.0
	(For foreign body removal, su- perficial see 20520)					alignment on intramedullary rod (Sofield type procedure), radius	12.0	00	2.0
25248	Exploration for removal of deep foreign body forearm or wrist	BR			25375	OR ulna radius AND ulna	12.0 18.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
25250	Removal of wrist prosthesis; (separate procedure)	BR		3.0	25390	Osteoplasty, radius OR ulna; shortening	BR+		3.0
25251	complicated, including "total wrist"	BR	1	3.0	25391	lengthening with autogenous bone graft	BR		3.0
REPAIR	, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC			3.0	25392	Osteoplasty, radius AND ulna; shortening (excluding 64876)	BR		3.0
	Repair, tendon or muscle, flexor;				25393	lengthening with autogenous bone graft	BR		3.0
	forearm and/or wrist primary, single, each tendon or muscle	7.0	90	3.0	25400	Repair of nonunion or malunion, radius OR ulna; without graft			
25263	secondary, single, each tendon or muscle	1.5	90	3.0		(e.g., compression technique, etc.)	14.0	90	3.0
(1989 Ed.)	1						[Title 2	296 WAC-	<b>–</b> р 293]

[Title 296 WAC-p 294]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
25405	with iliac or other autogen- ous bone graft (includes ob-				25575	Open treatment of closed or open radial and ulnar shaft fractures,			
	taining graft)	17.0	120	3.0		with or without internal or exter-			
25415	Repair of nonunion or malunion,					nal skeletal fixation	12.0	90	3.0
	radius AND ulna; without graft				25600	Treatment of closed distal radial			
	(e.g., compression technique, etc.)	20.0	90	3.0		fracture (e.g., Colles or Smith type) or epiphyseal separation,			
25420	with iliac or other autogen-		70	5.0		with or without fracture of ulnar			
	ous bone graft (includes ob-		فحد		25/05	styloid, without manipulation	Sv.&	, 00	2.0
25425	taining graft)	23.0	120	3.0	25605 25610	with manipulation Treatment of closed, complex.	4.0	90	3.0
25425	Repair of defect with autogenous bone graft; radius OR ulna	14.0	120	3.0	23010	distal radial fracture (e.g., Colles			
25426	radius AND ulna	20.0	120	3.0		or Smith type) or epiphyseal sep-			
25440	Repair of nonunion, scaphoid					aration, with or without fracture			
	(navicular) bone, with or without					of ulnar styloid, requiring ma- nipulation; without external skel-			
	radial styloidectomy (includes obtaining graft and necessary					etal fixation or percutaneous			
	fixation)	14.0	120	3.0		pinning	6.0	90	3.0
25441	Arthroplasty with prosthetic re-				25611				
	placement; distal radius	18.0	120	3.0	25615	and plaster technique	8.0	120	3.0
25442	distal ulna	12.5	120	3.0	23013	Treatment of open distal radial fracture (e.g., Colles or Smith			
25443 25444	scaphoid (navicular) lunate	15.5 15.5	120 120	3.0 3.0		type) or epiphyseal separation,			
25445	trapezium	15.5	120	3.0		without fracture of ulnar styloid,	• •		
25446	distal radius and partial or en-			2.0		with uncomplicated soft tissue	5.0	00	10
	tire carpus ("total wrist")	20.0	120	3.0	25620	Open treatment of closed or open	5.0	90	3.0
25447	Interposition arthroplasty; inter-				23020	distal radial fracture (e.g., Colles			
25449	carpal or carpometacarpal  Revision of arthroplasty, includ-	BR	120	3.0		or Smith type) or epiphyseal sep-			
43447	ing removal of implant wrist					aration, with or without fracture			
	joint	BR	120	3.0		of the ulnar styloid, with or without internal or external skel-			
25450	Epiphyseal arrest by epiphysio-					etal fixation	8.0	90	3.0
	desis or stapling; distal radius		100		25622	Treatment of closed carpal			
25455	OR ulna distal radius AND ulna	6.0 8.0	120 120	3.0 3.0		scaphoid (navicular) fracture;	~		
25490	Prophylactic treatment (nailing,	0.0	120	3.0	25624	without manipulation	SV		
20.50	pinning, plating or wiring) with				25624 25626	with manipulation  Treatment of open carpal	4.0	90	3.0
	or without methyl methacrylate;				25020	scaphoid (navicular) fracture,			
05401	radius	BR				with uncomplicated soft tissue			
25491 25492	ulna radius and ulna	BR BR			05(00	closure	5.0	90	3.0
23472	rudius and una	<b>-</b>			25628	Open treatment of closed or open carpal scaphoid (navicular) frac-			
FRACT	URE AND/OR DISLOCATION					ture, with or without skeletal fix-			
25500	Treatment of closed radial shaft					ation	8.0	90	3.0
23300	fracture; without manipulation	Sv.&			25630	Treatment of closed carpal bone			
25505	with manipulation	4.2	.90	3.0		fracture (excluding carpal scaphoid (navicular)); without			•
25510	Treatment of open radial shaft					manipulation, each bone	Sv.&		
	fracture, with uncomplicated soft		00	2.0	25635	with manipulation, each			
25515	Open treatment of closed or open	5.0	90	3.0		bone	4.0	90	3.0
23313	radial shaft fracture, with or				25640	Treatment of open carpal bone fracture (excluding carpal			
	without internal or external skel-					scaphoid (navicular)); with un-			
	etal fixation	8.0	90	3.0		complicated soft tissue closure,			
25530	Treatment of closed ulnar shaft	C 0				each bone	5.0	90	3.0
25535	fracture; without manipulation with manipulation	Sv.& 4.0	90	3.0	25645				
25540	Treatment of open ulnar shaft	4.0	70	5.0		carpal bone fracture (excluding carpal scaphoid (navicular)),			
	fracture with uncomplicated soft					each bone	6.0	90	3.0
	tissue closure	5.0	90	3.0	25650	Treatment of closed ulnar styloid			
25545	Open treatment of closed or open					fracture	BR		3.0
	ulnar shaft fracture, with or without internal or external skel-				25660	Treatment of closed radiocarpal or intercarpal dislocation, one or			
	etal fixation	8.0	90	3.0		more bones, with manipulation.	1.2	0	3.0
25560	Treatment of closed radial and				25665	Treatment of open radiocarpal or		J	
	ulnar shaft fractures; without	<b>.</b>				intercarpal dislocation, one or			
25565	manipulation with manipulation	Sv.&. 5.4	90	3.0		more bones, with uncomplicated	4.0	45	2 0
25570	Treatment of open radial and	2.4	. 90	3.0	25670	soft tissue closure  Open treatment of closed or open	4.0	43	3.0
	ulnar shaft fractures, with un-				25010	radiocarpal or intercarpal dislo-			
	complicated soft tissue closure .	6.0	90	3.0		cation, one or more bones	8.0	90	3.0
IT:41. 20.	( W/AC - 204)							,	1000 E47

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	WA	.C 296-22-073 Hand and f	ingers.	Follow-	
25675	Treatment of closed distal	value	Days-	Ancsu			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
25015	radioulnar dislocation with ma-	2.2	- 60	3.0	INCISI	ON	valuo	Days	7 11103@
25676	nipulation  Open treatment of closed or open distal radioulnar dislocation,	3.2	60	3.0	*26010	Drainage of finger tip abscess;	*0.72		2.0
25680		6.0	90	3.0	*26011 26020	complicated (e.g., felon, etc.).  Drainage of tendon sheath, one	*0.72 BR	0	3.0 3.0
25685	scaphoperilunar type of fracture dislocation, with manipulation Open treatment of closed or open	6.0	45	3.0	26025	digit and/or palm	4.0	30	3.0
25/00	trans-scaphoperilunar type of fracture dislocation	12.0	90	3.0	26030 26034	ulnar or radial	5.0 BR	30	3.0 3.0
	Treatment of lunate dislocation, with manipulation	4.0	90	3.0		cortex (e.g., for osteomyelitis or bone abscess) hand or finger	4.0	30	3.0
25695	Open treatment of lunate dislocation	8.0	90	3.0	26035		4.0	30	3.0
MANIP	PULATION (25700 has been deleted, use				26040	grease gun, etc.)	BR		
	25999)					Dupuytren's contracture; closed (subcutaneous)	3.6	60	3.0
	RODESIS				26045	open, partial	5.0	60	3.0
25800	Arthrodesis, wrist joint (including radiocarpal and/or ulnocarpal fusion), without bone					(For fasciectomy, see 26120–26128)			
	graft	12.0	120	3.0	26055	Tendon sheath incision for trig-	5.0	20	2.0
25805 25810	with sliding graft	14.0	120	3.0	26060	ger finger  Tenotomy, subcutaneous, single, each digit	5.0	30 0	3.0
25820	distant bone graft (includes obtaining graft) Intercarpal fusion, without bone	16.0	120	4.0	26070			v	<b>5.0</b>
	graft	BR	120	3.0		of foreign body; carpometacarpal joint	5.0	60	3.0
25825	with autogenous bone graft (includes obtaining graft)	BR	120	3.0	26075 26080	metacarpophalangeal joint interphalangeal joint, each	5.0 4.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
AMPUT	TATION				EXCISI				
25900	Amputation, forearm, through radius and ulna	9.0	90	3.0	26100	Arthrotomy for synovial biopsy;			
25905	open, circular (guillotine)	8.0	90	3.0		carpometacarpal joint	5.0	60	3.0
25907	secondary closure or scar revision	3.0	30	3.0	26105 26110	metacarpophalangeal joint interphalangeal joint, each	5.0 4.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
25909	reamputation	9.0	90	3.0	26115	Excision, tumor or vascular mal-			
25915 25920	Krukenberg procedure  Disarticulation through wrist	9.0 8.0	90 90	3.0 3.0		formation, hand or finger; subcutaneous	4.0	15	3.0
25922	secondary closure or scar revi-	0.0	<del>90</del>	3.0	26116	deep, subfascial, intramuscu-	*7.0	13	3.0
25024	sion	3.0	90	3.0	. 26117	lar	4.0	30	3.0
25924 25927 25929	reamputation	9.0 10.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	26117	Radical resection of tumor (e.g., malignant neoplasm), soft tissue of hand or finger	BR		
25931	sion reamputation	3.0 10.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	26120	Dupuytren's contracture, partial			
MISCEI	LLANEOUS				26122	excisionup to 1/2 palmar fascia, with	6.0	60	3.0
25999	Unlisted procedure, forearm or wrist	BR		3.0		single digit involvement, with or without Z-plasty or other			
(Order 8 16-004 (	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 2 19-09), § 296-22-071, filed 8/10/8 Order 87-18), § 296-22-071, filed 19), § 296-22-071, filed 2/28/86,	39, effec 7/23/8	tive 9/10/ 7; 86–06–0	89; 87– 32 (Or-		local tissue rearrangement (For fasciotomy, see 26040–26045)	10.0	60	3.0
066 (Ord RCW 51	104.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 § 296-22-071, filed 8/2 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 § 296-22-071, filed 11/30/81, effection	2/83. St 20(3). 8	atutory Au 31–24–041	thority: (Order	26124	Fasciectomy, palmar, compli- cated, requiring skin grafting (includes obtaining graft); with			
(Order 8	§ 296–22–071, filed 17/30/81, e18 0–25), § 296–22–071, filed 12/3/80 296–22–071, filed 1/30/74.]				26126 26128	single digit involvement each additional digit each finger joint release	14.0 18.0 BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
					26130 26135	Synovectomy, carpometacarpal joint	10.0	90	3.0
						cluding intrinsic release and extensor hood reconstruction, each digit	5.0	90	3.0
(1989 Ed.)	)						(Title 2	296 WAC-	-p 295]

			Follow					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
26140	Synovectomy, proximal interpha- langeal joint, including extensor reconstruction, each interphalan-				26357 26358	secondary, each tendon secondary with free graft (in- cludes obtaining graft), each	BR		
26145	geal joint	5.0	90	3.0	26370	tendon	BR		3.0
	or, palm or finger, single, each digit	10.0	90	3.0	26372	primarysecondary with free graft (in-	11.8	120	3.0
	(For tendon sheath synovectomies at wrist, see 25115, 25116)				26373 26390	cludes obtaining graft) secondary without free graft Flexor tendon excision, implanta-	BR BR		3.0 3.0
26160	Excision of lesion of tendon sheath or capsule (e.g., cyst or	2.4	30	3.0		tion of plastic tube or rod for de- layed tendon graft hand or finger	BR		3.0
	ganglion) hand or finger (For wrist ganglion, see 25111, 25112)	2.4		3.0	26392	Removal of tube or rod and in- sertion of flexor tendon graft (in- cludes obtaining graft) hand or			
	(For trigger digit, see 26055)				26410	Extensor tendon repair, dorsum of hand, single, primary or sec-	BR		3.0
26170	Excision of tendon, palm, flexor, single (separate procedure), each	BR		3.0		ondary; without free graft, each tendon	3.0	120	3.0
26180	Excision of tendon, finger, flexor (separate procedure)	BR		3.0	26412	with free graft (includes obtaining graft); each tendon	BR		3.0
26200	Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor of metacarpal	6.0	60	3.0	26415	Extension tendon excision, im- plantation of plastic tube or rod for delayed extensor tendon			
26205	with autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)	7.0	120	3.0	26416	graft, hand or finger	BR		
26210						sertion of extensor tendon graft (includes obtaining graft), hand or finger	BR		
26215	finger with autogenous graft (in-	5.0	60	3.0	26418	Extensor tendon repair, dorsum of finger, single, primary or sec-			
26230	cludes obtaining graft) Partial excision (craterization,	6.0	120	3.0		ondary; without free graft, each tendon	4.0	120	3.0
	saucerization, or diaphysectomy) of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis),				26420 26426	with free graft (includes obtaining graft) each tendon  Extensor tendon repair, central	BR		3.0
26235	metacarpal proximal or middle phalanx of	6.0	60	3.0	20420	slip repair, secondary (bouton- niere deformity); using local tis-			
26236	finger distal phalanx of finger	5.0 5.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	27.420	sues	4.0	120	3.0
26250	Radical resection (ostectomy) for tumor, metacarpal	12.0	120	3.0	26428	with free graft (includes obtaining graft)	BR		
26255	with autogenous graft (in- cludes obtaining graft)	12.0	120	3.0	26432	Extensor tendon repair, distal in- sertion ("mallet finger"), closed, splinting with or without percu-			
26260	tumor, proximal or middle pha- lanx of finger	10.0	120	3.0	26433	taneous pinning Extensor tendon repair, distal in-	5.0	120	3.0
26261	with autogenous graft (in- cludes obtaining graft)	10.0	120	3.0		sertion ('mallet finger'), open, primary or secondary repair; without graft	6.0	120	3.0
26262	Radical resection (ostectomy) for tumor, distal phalanx of finger	BR		3.0	26434	with free graft (includes obtaining graft)	BR	120	3.0
INTRO	DUCTION OR REMOVAL					(For tenovaginotomy for trigger			2.0
26320	Removal of implant from finger or hand	BR		3.0	26437	finger, see 26055)  Extensor tendon realignment,			
	(For removal of foreign body in hand or finger, see 20520-20525)				26440	hand	BR		3.0
REPAIR	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	CTION			20142	palm, OR finger, single, each tendon	5.0	60	3.0
26350	Flexor tendon repair or advance- ment, single, not in "no man's				26442 26445	palm AND finger, each tendon	6.0	60	3.0
26352	land"; primary or secondary without free graft, each tendon secondary with free graft (in-	7.0	120	3.0	26449	dorsum of hand or finger; each tendon	6.0	60	3.0
26356	cludes obtaining graft), each tendon	BR+		3.0		don, dorsum of hand or finger, including hand and forearm	BR		3.0
20000	ment, single, in "no man's land"; primary, each tendon	7.0	120	3.0		(For fascia or other implant, see 20920, 20922)			
(Title 29	6 WAC—p 296]							(	1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
26450	70 . O		. •		26535	Arthroplasty interphalangeal			
26450	Tenotomy, flexor, single, palm, open each	4.0	. 30	3.0	26536	joint; single, each with prosthetic implant, single,	8.0	90	3.0
26455	Tenotomy, flexor, single, finger, open, each	5.0	30	3.0	26540	each Primary repair of collateral liga-	11.3	90	3.0
26460	Tenotomy, extensor, hand or finger, single, open, each	BR+		3.0	26541	ment, metacarpophalangeal joint with tendon or fascial graft	10.0	90	3.0
26471	Tenodesis; for proximal interpha- langeal joint stabilization	8.0	120	3.0	26542	(includes obtaining graft) with local tissue	12.0 BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
26474 26476	for distal joint stabilization.  Tendon lengthening, extensor,	7.0	120	3.0	26545	Reconstruction, collateral ligament, interphalangeal joint, sin-			
26477	hand or finger single, each Tendon shortening, extensor,	8.0	120	3.0	26548	gle, including graft, each joint Repair and reconstruction, fin-	8.0	90	3.0
26478	hand or finger single, each Tendon lengthening, flexor, hand	8.0	120	3.0		ger, volar plate, interphalangeal joint	7.0	90	2.5
26479	or finger single, each  Tendon shortening, flexor, hand	BR			26550 26552	Pollicization of a digit Reconstruction thumb with toe	BR BR		3.0
26480	or finger single, each	BR			26555 26557	Positional change of other finger Toe to finger transfer; first stage	BR BR		3.0 3.0
	carpometacarpal area or dorsum of hand, single; without free				26558	each delay	BR		3.0
26483	graft, each	8.0	90	3.0	26559 26560	second stage	BR	*	3.0
20463	with free tendon graft (includes obtaining graft), each	110		2.0		ger), each web space; with skin flaps	9.5	45	3.0
26485	Tendon transfer or transplant,	11.0	90	3.0	26561 26562	with skin flaps and grafts complex, involving bone, nails,	12.5	45	3.0
*****	palmar, single, each tendon, without free tendon graft	10.0	90	3.0	26565	etc	BR		3.0
26489	with free tendon graft (in- cludes obtaining graft), each				26567	formity; metacarpal	8.0 5.0	90	3.0 3.0
26490	tendonOpponens plasty, sublimis tendon	11.0	90	3.0	26568	Osteoplasty for lengthening of metacarpal or phalanx	BR		3.0
26492	transfer type tendon transfer with graft (in-	9,5	120	3.0	26570	Bone graft, (includes obtaining graft); metacarpal	10.0	120	3.0
26494	cludes obtaining graft) hypothenar muscle transfer	11.0 12.0	120 120	3.0 3.0	26574 26580	phalanx	7.0 BR	120	3.0
26496	other methods	BR		3.0	26585	Repair cleft hand	BR		
	(For thumb fusion in opposition, see 26820)			•	26587	Repair of supernumerary digit, soft tissue and bone	BR		
26497	Tendon transfer to restore intrin-					(For excision of supernumerary digit, soft tissue only, use 11200)			
	sic function; ring and small finger	BR		3.0	26590	Repair macrodactylia	BR		
26498 26499	all four fingers  Correction claw finger, other	BR		3.0	26591	Repair, intrinsic muscles of hand (specify)	BR		3.0
26500	methods  Tendon pulley reconstruction;	BR		3.0		(For microsurgical technique, use			
	with local tissues (separate procedure)	6.0	90	3.0	2/502	modifier –20)			
26502	with tendon or fascial graft (includes obtaining graft)				26593	Release, intrinsic muscles of hand (specify)	BR		3.0
26504	(separate procedure) with tendon prosthesis (sepa-	8.0	90	3.0		(For microsurgical technique, use modifier -20)			÷
26508	rate procedure) Thenar muscle release for thumb	BR			26596	Excision of constricting ring with			
	contracture	8.0	90	3.0	26597	multiple z-plasties	BR		3.0
26510 26516	Cross intrinsic transfer  Capsulodesis for M-P joint sta-	BR	90	3.0	20397	flexor or extensor, with skin			
	bilization; single digit	6.0	90	3.0		grafts, rearrangement flaps, or Z-plasties, hand and/or finger.	BR		3.0
26517 26518	two digits	8. <b>0</b> 10.0	90 90	3.0 3.0			DIC		5.0
26520	three or four digits Capsulectomy or capsulotomy,		, 90	3.0	FRACT	URES AND/OR DISLOCATION			
	for contracture, metacarpopha-	7.0	00	2.0	26600	Treatment of closed metacarpal			
26525	langeal joint, single, each interphalangeal joint, single,	7.0	90	3.0		fracture, single; without manipulation, each bone	Sv.&		
26527	each	7.0	90	3.0	26605 26607	with manipulation, each bone. with manipulation, with skele-	2.4	90	3.0
26530	joint Arthroplasty, metacarpophalan-	BR		3.0	26610	tal fixation, each bone  Treatment of open metacarpal	BR		3.0
26531	geal joint, single, each with prosthetic implant, single,	7.0	90	3.0		fracture, single, with uncompli- cated soft tissue closure, each			
	each	9.0	90	3.0		bone	3.0	90	3.0
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 297]

		Unit	Follow- up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
26615	Open treatment of closed or open metacarpal fracture, single, with or without internal or external				26735	Open treatment of closed or open phalangeal shaft fracture, proxi- mal or middle phalanx, finger or			
26641	skeletal fixation, each bone  Treatment of carpometacarpal	7.0	90	3.0		thumb, with or without internal or external skeletal fixation,			
20041	dislocation, thumb, with manipulation	Sv.&			26740	each Treatment of closed articular	4.0	60	3.0
26645	Treatment of closed carpometa- carpal fracture dislocation, thumb (Bennett fracture), with	52				fracture, involving metacarpo- phalangeal or proximal interpha- langeal joint; without			
26650	manipulation with skeletal fixation	4.0 6.0	45 45	3.0 3.0	26742	manipulation, each with manipulation, each	Sv. 2.0	60	3.0
26655	Treatment of open carpometa- carpal fracture dislocation, thumb (Bennett fracture), with				26744	Treatment of open articular frac- ture, involving metacarpophalan- geal or proximal interphalangeal joint, with uncomplicated soft			
	uncomplicated soft tissue clo- sure	5.0	45	3.0	26746	tissue closure, each	1.5	60	3.0
26660 26665	with skeletal fixation Open treatment of closed or open	7.0	45	3.0	26746	Open treatment of closed or open articular fracture, involving met- acarpophalangeal or proximal in-			
	carpometacarpal fracture dislo- cation, thumb (Bennett fracture), with or without internal or exter-				26750	terphalangeal joint, each	6.0	60	3.0
26670	nal skeletal fixation  Treatment of closed carpometa-	10.0	90	3.0		phalangeal fracture, finger or thumb; without manipulation,	~ ^		
	carpal dislocation, other than				26755	each with manipulation, each	Sv.& 0.72	0	3.0
	Bennett fracture, single, with manipulation; without anesthesia	0.72	0		26756 26760	with percutaneous pinning Treatment of open distal	BR		3.0
26675	requiring anesthesia	2.0	45	3.0		phalangeal fracture, finger or thumb, with uncomplicated soft			
26676 26680	with percutaneous pinning Treatment of open carpometa-	BR		3.0		tissue closure, each	1.2	30	3.0
20000	carpal dislocation, other than Bennett fracture, single, with un-				26765	Open treatment of closed or open distal phalangeal fracture, finger	•	4.5	2.0
26685	complicated soft tissue closure Open treatment of closed or open	3.0	45	3.0	26770	or thumb, each	2.0	45	3.0
	carpometacarpal dislocation, other than Bennett fracture; sin-					manipulation; without anesthe-	*0.72	0	
	gle, with or without internal or		00	2.0	26775	requiring anesthesia	1.2	45	3.0
26686	external skeletal fixation complex, multiple or delayed reduction	6.0 BR	90	3.0	26776 26780	with percutaneous pinning  Treatment of open interphalan-	1.5	45	2.5
26700	Treatment of closed metacarpo- phalangeal dislocation, single,	2			26785	geal joint dislocation, single, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure Open treatment of closed or open	1.6	45	3.0
	with manipulation; without anes-	0.72	0			interphalangeal joint dislocation,	2.4	40	2.0
26705	requiring anesthesia	2.0	45	3.0		single	2.4	60	3.0
26706	with percutaneous pinning	BR		3.0	ARTHR	RODESIS			
26710	Treatment of open metacarpo- phalangeal dislocation, single, with uncomplicated soft tissue				26820	Fusion in opposition, thumb, with autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)	10.0	120	3.0
26715	Open treatment of closed or open	3.0	45	3.0	26841	Arthrodesis, carpometacarpal joint, thumb, with or without in-			
	metacarpal phalangeal disloca- tion, single, with or without in- ternal or external skeletal				26842	ternal fixation with autogenous graft (in-	8.0	120	3.0
26720	fixation	6.0	90	3.0	26843	cludes obtaining graft) Arthrodesis, carpometacarpal	10.0	120	3.0
20720	shaft fracture, proximal or mid- dle phalanx, finger or thumb;				26844	joint, digits, other than thumb with autogenous graft (in-	8.0	120	3.0
26725	without manipulation, each	Sv.&	45	3.0	26850		10.0	120	3.0
26727	Treatment of unstable phalangeal shaft fracture, proximal or	1.0		3.0	26852	joint, with or without internal fixation	7.0	120	3.0
	middle phalanx, finger or thumb, with manipulation, requiring				26860	cludes obtaining graft) Arthrodesis, interphalangeal	8.0	120	3.0
26730	traction or fixation, each  Treatment of open phalangeal	2.0	45	3.0	24044	joint, with or without internal fixation	5.0	120	3.0
	shaft fracture, proximal or mid- dle phalanx, finger or thumb,				26861 26862	each additional interphalan- geal joint	4.0	120	3.0
	with uncomplicated soft tissue closure, each	2.2	45	3.0	20802	with autogenous graft (in- cludes obtaining graft)	6.0	120	3.0
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			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
26863	with autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft), each				27005	Tenotomy, iliopsoas, open (separate procedure)	6.0	45	3.0
A M/DI 17	additional joint	5.0	120	3.0	27006	Tenotomy, abductors, of hip open (separate procedure)	6.0	60	3.0
AMIO					27010	Gluteal-iliotibial fasciotomy			
	(For hand through metacarpal bones, see 25927)				27015	(Ober type procedure) Iliac crest fasciotomy (Soutter or Campbell type procedure), strip-	6.0	45	3.0
26910	Amputation, metacarpal, with finger or thumb (ray amputation), single, with or without interosseous transfer	· 7.0	90	3.0	27025	ping of ilium	8.0	90	3.0
	(For repositioning, see 26550-26555)				27026	tibia, wedging the cast, etc.; uni- lateral	10.0 12.0	90	3.0
26061					27030	Arthrotomy, hip, for infection,	12.0	90	3.0
26951	Amputation, finger or thumb, primary or secondary, any joint or phalanx, single, including				27033	with drainage	14.0	90	3.0
	neurectomies; with direct clo-					or removal of loose or foreign	16.0	00	2.0
26062	sure	3.5	45	3.0	27035	Hip joint denervation, intrapelvic	10.0	90	3.0
26952	with local advancement flaps (V-Y, hood)	5.0	45	3.0		or extrapelvic intra-articular			
	(For repair of soft tissue defect	4.4				branches of sciatic, femoral or obturator nerves	17.0	60	3.0
	requiring split or full thickness graft or other pedicle grafts, see 15050-15750)					(For obturator neurectomy, see 64763-64768)			
MISCEI	LLANEOUS				EXCISI	ON			
26989	Unlisted procedure, hands or fin-				27040	Biopsy, soft tissues of pelvis and			
	gers	BR		3.0	27041	hip area; superficial deep	1.2 2.4	7 15	3.0 3.0
(Order 8 16-004 (	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 19-09), § 296-22-073, filed 8/10/19 Order 87-18), § 296-22-073, filed 19), § 296-22-073, filed 2/28/86,	89, effec 7/23/8	tive 9/10 7; 86–06–	/89; 87– 032 (Or-	27041	(For needle biopsy of soft tissue, use 20206)	2.4	13	3.0
066 (Ord RCW 51	der 8323), § 29622073, filed 8/ 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1	2/83. St 20(3). 3	atutory A 81-24-041	uthority:   (Order	27047	Excision, tumor; pelvis and hip area subcutaneous	3.0	. 7	3.0
	§ 296–22–073, filed 11/30/81, eff 0–25), § 296–22–073, filed 12/3/8				27048	deep, subfascial, intramuscu- lar	4.0	15	3.0
74-7,`§ 2	296-22-073, filed 1/30/74.]				27049	Radical resection of tumor (e.g., malignant neoplasm); soft tissue			
	296-22-079 Pelvis and h	ip join	t.		27050	of pelvis and hip area	BR		
,	ding head and neck of femur)				27052	hip joint	6.0 14.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
INCISIO	the state of the s				27054				
	(For incision and drainage procedures, superficial, see 10000-				27060	joint Excision; ischial bursa	20.0 5.0	90 60	3.0 3.0
	10160)				27062	trochanteric bursa or calcifica-	4.0	60	3.0
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic					
		Value	Days=	Anes@		(For arthrocentesis or needling of bursa, see 20610)			
26990	Incision and drainage; pelvis or hip joint area, deep abscess or		•		27065	Excision of bone cyst or benign tumor; superficial (wing of ilium,			
26991	hematomainfected bursa	BR BR		3.0 3.0		symphysis pubis or greater tro- chanter of femur) with or with-			
	Incision, deep, with opening of	DK		5.0		out autogenous bone graft	5.0	120	3.0
	bone cortex (e.g., for osteomyelitis or bone abscess); pelvis				27066	deep, with or without bone graft	9.5	120	3.0
27000	and/or hip joint	BR		3.0	27067	with bone graft requiring sep- arate incision	10.0	120	3.0
27000	subcutaneous, closed (separate procedure)	1.0	0	3.0	27070	Partial excision (craterization, saucerization), (e.g., for osteo-	10.0	120	3.0
27001	Tenotomy, adductor [abductor], of hip subcutaneous, open; uni-	1.0		3.0		myelitis); superficial (e.g., wing of ilium, symphysis pubis or			
- دخشت	lateral	3.0	45	3.0		greater trochanter of femur)	6.0	60	3.0
27002 27003	bilateral	4.0	45	3.0	27071 27075	deep	12.0	60	3.0
	subcutaneous, open; with				21013	infection; wing of ilium; one			
27004	obturator neurectomy; unilateral bilateral	5.0 6.0	45 45	3.0 3.0		pubic or ischial ramus or symphysis pubis	BR		5.0
(1989 Ed.)	•						[Title 2	96 WAC-	-p 299]

[Title 296 WAC-p 300]

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
27076	ilium, including acetabulum,				27147	with open reduction of hip			
	both pubic rami, or ischium and acetabulum	BR		3.0	27151	with femoral osteotomy	27.0	120	4.0
27077	innominate bone, total	BR		3.0	27156	with femoral osteotomy and with open reduction of hip.	30.0	120	4.0
27078	ischial tuberosity and greater trochanter of femur	BR		3.0	27157	Acetabular augmentation (Wilson procedure)	BR	120	5.0
27079	ischial tuberosity and greater trochanter of femur, with skin				27158	Osteotomy, pelvis, bilateral for congenital malformation	BR		5.0
27080	flaps Coccygectomy primary	BR 6.0	90	3.0 3.0	27161	Osteotomy, femoral neck, (sepa-		120	
27000	(For pressure (decubitus) ulcer,	0.0	70	3.0	27165	•	20.0	120	3.0
	see 15920-15922 and 15931- 15958)					subtrochanteric including inter- nal or external fixation and/or			
INTRO	DUCTION AND/OR REMOVAL		* 1		27170	Bone graft for nonunion, femoral	24.0	120	5.0
27086*	·				2,1,0	head, neck, intertrochanteric or			
	or hip subcutaneous tissue	BR		3.0		subtrochanteric area (includes obtaining bone graft)	24.0	120	6.0
27087 27090	deep	BR		3.0	27175	Treatment of slipped femoral epiphysis; by traction, without			
27091	rate procedure)	14.0	90	3.0	27176	by single or multiple pinning,	Sv.&		
27093	hip"	BR		7.0		in situ	20.0	120	3.0
27095	rography; without anesthesia	BR BR		3.0 3.0	27177	moral epiphysis; single or multi-			
21093	(For hip arthrography, see	ы		3.0		ple pinning or bone graft (includes obtaining graft)	22.0	120	5.0
	73525)				27178	closed manipulation with sin- gle or multiple pinning	21.0	120	5.0
REPAIR	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	CTION			27179	osteoplasty of femoral neck			
27097 27098	Hamstring recession, proximal Adductor transfer to ischium	BR BR		3.0 3.0	27181	(Heyman type procedure) osteotomy and internal fixa-	16.0	120	5.0
27100	Transfer external oblique muscle	DK		3.0	27185	tion Epiphyseal arrest by epiphysiodes	24.0	120	5.0
	to greater trochanter including fascial or tendon extension				27187	or stapling, greater trochanter	5.0	120	3.0
27105	(graft) Transfer paraspinal muscle to hip	15.0	120	5.0	2/10/	pinning, plating, or wiring) with			
	(includes fascial or tendon extension graft)	16.0	120	3.0		or without methyl methacrylate, femoral neck and proximal fe-			
27110	Transfer iliopsoas to greater tro-					mur	BR		
27111	to femoral neck	18.0 15.0	120 120	3.0 3.0	FRACT	URES AND/OR DISLOCATION	S		
27120	Acetabuloplasty; (Whittman or Colonna type procedure)	24.0	120	6.0	27190	Treatment of closed sacral fracture	Sv.&		
27122	resection femoral head (Girdlestone procedure)	20.0	120	7.0	27192		BR		3.0
27125	Hemiarthroplasty; of hip (partial hip replacement) prosthesis (e.g.,				27195	Treatment of sacroiliac and/or	DK		3.0
	Austin-Moore, bipolar	20.0	100	7.0		symphysis pubis dislocation, without manipulation	Sv.&		
	arthroplasty)(For prosthetic replacement fol-	28.0	180	7.0	27196	Treatment of sacroiliac and/or symphysis pubis dislocation, with			
	lowing fracture of the hip, use					anesthesia and with manipula-	BR		3.0
27126	27236)	26.0	100		27200	Treatment of closed coccygeal			3.0
27126 27127	cup with acetabuloplasty	26.0 34.0	180 180	6.0 7.0	27201	fracture  Treatment of open coccygeal	Sv.&		
27130	Arthroplasty, acetabular and proximal femoral prosthetic re-				27202	Open treatment of closed or open	BR		3.0
	placement (total hip replacement)	40.0	180	10.0	27210	coccygeal fracture	BR		3.0
27132	Conversion of previous hip sur-		100			or ischial fracture	*:		
27134	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	BR		7.0	27212	Treatment of open iliac, pubic or ischial fracture, with uncompli-			
27137	arthroplasty; both components acetabular component only .	BR BR		7.0 7.0	27214	Open treatment of closed or open	Sv.&		3.0
27138 27140	femoral component only  Osteotomy and transfer of	BR		7.0		iliac, pubic or ischial fracture, with or without internal skeletal			
	greater trochanter (separate procedure)	12.0	90	3.0		fixation	BR		4.0
27146	Osteotomy, iliac, acetabular or		•			(For external fixation, see			
PORMA . W	innominate bone	24.0	120	4.0		20690–20691)			

		Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit Value	Follow-	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			vaiue	Days=	Anes@
27220	Treatment of closed acetabulum (hip socket) fracture(s); without	C., e.			27258	Open treatment of congenital hip dislocation; replacement of fe- moral head in acetabulum (in-		120	5.0
27222	with manipulation with or without skeletal traction	Sv.&	90	3.0	27259 27265	with femoral shaft shortening.  Treatment of atraumatic hip dis-	17.0 BR	120 120	5.0 5.0
27224	Open treatment of closed or open acetabulum (hip socket) fracture(s), with or without in-				27266	location (e.g., post-total hip arthroplasty); without anesthesia requiring general anesthesia	BR	•	
	ternal or external fixation, simple	22.0	90	6.0	MANIP	ULATION			
27225	complicated, intrapelvic approach	BR		10.0	*27275	Manipulation, hip joint, requiring general anesthesia	*1.2	0	3.0
27230	Treatment of closed femoral fracture, proximal end, neck; without manipulation	Sv.&			ARTHR	ODESIS			
27232	with manipulation includ-			2.0	27280	Arthrodesis, sacroiliac joint (including obtaining graft)	14.0	120	5.0
27234	ing skeletal traction  Treatment of open femoral frac-	9.5	90	3.0	27282	Arthrodesis, symphysis pubis (in-		120	
2.22.	ture, proximal end, neck; with uncomplicated soft tissue closure,				27284	cluding obtaining graft) Arthrodesis, hip joint (including obtaining graft)		180	4.0 5.0
	with manipulation (including skeletal traction)	12.0	90	3.0	27286	with subtrochanteric osteo-			
27235	Treatment of closed or open fe- moral fracture, proximal end,				AMPUT	tomy  ATION	26.0	180	5.0
	neck, in situ pinning of undisplaced or impacted frac-				27290	Interpelviabdominal amputation			
27236	ture	20.0	180	4.0	27295	(hind quarter amputation)	29.0	120 120	11.0 8.0
	femoral fracture, proximal end, neck, internal fixation or pros-				MISCEI	LLANEOUS			
27238	thetic replacement	22.0	120	6.0	27299	Unlisted procedure, pelvis or hip			7.0
27240	chanteric, pertrochanteric or subtrochanteric femoral fracture; without manipulation with manipulation (in-	Sv.&			(Order 8	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-079, filed 8/10 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-079, file	and 51. /89, effe	ctive 9/10/	-17-039 '89; 87-
27242	cluding skeletal traction). Treatment of open intertrochanteric, pertrochanteric or subtrochanteric femoral fracture, with	9.5	90	3.0	der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or	(9), § 296–22–079, filed 2/28/86, cy: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–079, filed 4–7, § 296–22–079, filed 1/30/74.	effective and 51 12/3/80	: 4/1/86. S .16.120(3).	tatutory 80–18–
	uncomplicated soft tissue closure (including traction)	12.0	90	3.0					
27244	Open treatment of closed or open intertrochanteric, pertrochanteric or subtrochanteric femoral frac-	12.0	,,,		WA( joint.	C 296–22–082 Femur (th	igh reg	gion) and	l knee
	ture, with internal fixation	20.0	120	6.0	(Inclu	uding tibial plateaus)			
27246	Treatment of closed greater trochanteric fracture, without	C., 0.					Unit	Follow- up	Basic
27248	manipulation	Sv.&					Value	Days=	Anes@
	greater trochanteric fracture, with or without internal or exter-				INCISIO	ON			
27250	nal skeletal fixation Treatment of closed hip disloca-	7.0	90	5.0		(For incision and drainage of abscess or hematoma, superficial			
	tion, traumatic; without anesthe- sia	Sv.&				see 10000–10160)			
27252	requiring anesthesia	4.8	120	3.0		Incision and drainage of deep ab- scess, infected bursa, or hematoma			
27253	Open treatment of closed or open hip dislocation, traumatic, without internal fixation	15.0	180	5.0		thigh or knee region Incision, deep, with opening of	BR		3.0
27254	Open treatment of closed or open hip dislocation, traumatic, with	15.0				or bone abscess) femur or knee	BR		3.0
	acetabular lip fixation, with or without internal or external skel-				•	Fasciotomy, iliotibial (tenotomy) open		45	3.0
	etal fixation	17.0	120	5.0		(For combined Ober-Young			
27255 *27256	complicated or late  Treatment of congenital hip dis-	22.0	180	5.0		fasciotomy, see 27025-27026)			
2,230	location, by abduction, splint or traction; any method	Sv.&		3.0		Tenotomy, subcutaneous, closed adductor or hamstring, (separate	,	5	
*27257	with manipulation requiring anesthesia	4.5	45	3.0	27307	procedure); single		60 60	3.0 3.0
		*.5	,,,	2.0	2.20,				
(1989 Ed.	)						Little	296 WAC	—p 301]

			Follow					Follow-	
		Unit	up Dave=	Basic			Unit	up Davis	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
27310	Arthrotomy, knee, for infection, with exploration, drainage or re-			• •	27385	Suture of quadriceps or hamstring muscle rupture; primary	13.0	90	3.0
27315	moval of foreign body Neurectomy, hamstring muscle	12.0 11.0	90 30	3.0 3.0	27386	secondary reconstruction, including fascial or tendon graft.	15.0	90	3.0
27320	Neurectomy, popliteal (gastrocnemius)	11.0	30	3.0	27390	Tenotomy, open, hamstring, knee to hip; single	6.0	45	3.0
EXCIS					27391	multiple, one leg	6.0	90	3.0
27323					27392 27393	multiple, bilateral Lengthening of hamstring tendon;	8.0	45	3.0
21323	Biopsy, soft tissue of thigh or knee area; superficial	1.2	7	3.0		single	8.0	90	3.0
27324	deep	2.4	15	3.0	27394 27395	multiple, one leg multiple, bilateral	12.0 16.0	90 120	3.0 3.0
27327	Excision, tumor; thigh or knee area subcutaneous	3.0	7	3.0	27396	Transplant, hamstring tendon to	10.0	120	3.0
27328	deep, subfascial, or intramuscu-				27397	patella; single	16.0 14.0	120 120	3.0 3.0
27329	Radical resection of tumor (e.g.,	4.0	15	3.0	27400	multiple  Tendon or muscle transfer, ham-	14.0	120	3.0
21327	malignant neoplasm); soft tissue					strings to femur (Eggers type pro-	160	120	
27330	of thigh or knee area	BR			27403	cedure) Arthrotomy with open meniscus	16.0	120	3.0
21330	opsy only	12.0	90	3.0		repair	14.0	120	3.0
27331	with joint exploration, with or without biopsy, with or without removal of loose or foreign bod-					(For arthroscopic repair, use 29882)			
27332	ies	13.0	90	3.0	27405	Repair, primary, torn ligament, and/or capsule, knee; collateral	14.0	120	3.0
21332	semilunar cartilage (meniscec-				27407	cruciate	16.0	120	3.0
27333	tomy); medial OR lateral	14.0	90	3.0		(27408 has been deleted, use			
27334	medial AND lateral Arthrotomy, knee, for synovecto-	20.0	90	3.0		27427)			
27225	my; anterior OR posterior	17.0	120	3.0	27409	collateral and cruciate liga-	10 0	120	2.0
27335	anterior AND posterior includ- ing popliteal area	14.0	120	3.0	27418	ments	18.0	120	3.0
27340	Excision, prepatellar bursa	5.0	60	3.0		chondromalacia patellae (Maquet	140	120	10
27345	Excision of synovial cyst of popliteal space (Baker's cyst)	8.0	60	3.0	27420	Reconstruction for recurrent	14.0	120	3.0
27350	Patellectomy or hemipatellectomy	12.0	90	3.0		dislocating patella; (Hauser type		100	2.0
27355	Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor of femur	11.0	60	3.0	27422	procedure) realignment	14.0	120	3.0
27356	with homogenous graft	12.0	60	3.0		and/or muscle advancement or			
27357	with primary autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)	14.0	120	3.0		release (Campbell, Goldthwaite, etc., type procedure)	15.0	120	3.0
27358	with internal fixation (list in			5.0	27424	with patellectomy	17.0	120	3.0
	addition to 27355, 27356, or 27357)	15.0	120	3.0	27425	Lateral retinacular release (any method)	6.0	120	3.0
27360	Partial excision, (craterization,	13.0	120	3.0	27427	Ligamentous reconstruction (aug-			
	saucerization or diaphysectomy),				27428	mentation) knee; extra-articular . intraarticular (open)	14.0 16.0	120 120	3.0 3.0
	of bone (e.g., osteomyelitis), fe- mur, proximal tibia and/or fibula	10.0	60	3.0	27429	intraarticular (open) and extra-	10.0	120	5.0
27365	Radical resection for tumor (fe-	DD 1		2.0		articular	23.0	120	3.0
	mur or bone)	BR+		3.0		(When performed with primary			
	(For radical resection of tumor, soft tissue, use 27329)					repair, use in addition to the code for the primary repair)			
INTRO	DUCTION AND/OR REMOVAL				27430		15.0	120	2.0
27370	Injection procedure for knee arth-				27435	Thompson type)	15.0	120	3.0
	rography	0.6	0			capsular release	14.0	90	3.0
	(For knee arthrography, see 73580, 73581)	•				(27436 has been deleted, see 29887)			
27372	Removal foreign body, deep thigh region or knee area	BR			27437	Arthroplasty, patella; without prosthesis	BR		3.0
	(For removal of knee prosthesis	DΙ			27438	with prosthesis	22.0	120	3.0
	including "total" knee, see 27488)				27440 27441	Arthroplasty, knee, tibial plateau. with debridement and partial synovectomy	20.0 BR	120 120	3.0
REPAI	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	TION			27442	Arthroplasty, knee, femoral			
27380					27443	condyles or tibial plateaus with debridement and partial	24.0	120	3.0
	primary	11.0	90	3.0		synovectomy	BR		
27381	secondary reconstruction, in- cluding fascial or tendon graft.	BR			27445	Arthroplasty, knee, constrained, prosthesis (e.g., Waldius type)	28.0	120	3.0
Title 2	96 WAC—p 302]					· · · ·		(1	989 Ed.)
	and the second second							(,	

		Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
27446	Arthroplasty, knee, condyle and	value	Duys	7 thosas	27506	Open treatment of closed or open	value	Duys	7 21105(6)
07.14	plateau; medial OR lateral com- partment	43.5	120	5.0		femoral shaft fracture (including supracondylar), with or without internal or external skeletal fixa-			,
27447	medial AND lateral compart- ments with or without patella resurfacing ("total knee re-				27508	tion	19.0	90	4.0
	placement )	40.0	120	5.0	27510	ture, distal end, medial or lateral condyle; without manipulation	Sv.&	00	2.0
	(For revision of total knee arthroplasty, see 27487)				27510 27512	with manipulation  Treatment of open femoral fracture, distal end, medial or lateral condular with proceedings of the conduction of	8.0	90	3.0
	(For revision of total knee prosthesis, see 27488)				27514	condyle, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	12.0	90	3.0
27448	Osteotomy, femur, shaft or supracondylar, without fixation	13.0	120	3.0		femoral fracture, distal end, me- dial or lateral condyle, with or			
27450 27454	with fixation	19.0	90	3.0	07516	without internal or external skele- tal fixation	20.0	90	4.0
	shaft, with realignment on intramedullary rod (Sofield type				27516	Treatment of closed distal femoral epiphyseal separation; without manipulation (includes traction)	SV		
27455	procedure) Osteotomy, proximal tibia, includ-	20.0	90	3.0	27517 27518	with manipulation  Treatment of open distal femoral	7.0	120	3.0
	ing fibular excision or osteotomy (includes correction of genu varus				27010	epiphyseal separation, with un- complicated soft tissue closure	8.0	120	3.0
	(bowleg) or genu valgus (knock knee)), before epiphyseal closure.	12.0	90	3.0	27519	Open treatment of closed or open distal femoral epiphyseal separa-			
27457 27465	After epiphyseal closure Osteoplasty, femur; shortening		100	2.0		tion, with or without internal or external skeletal fixation	18.0	120	4.0
27466	(excluding 64876)	20.0 26.0	180 180	3.0 3.0	27520	Treatment of closed patellar fracture, without manipulation	Sv.&		
27468	combined, lengthening and shortening with femoral seg-	40.0	180	4.0	27522	Treatment of open patellar frac- ture, with uncomplicated soft tis- sue closure	4.0	90	3.0
27470	ment transfer	40.0	160	4.0	27524	Open treatment of closed or open patellar fracture, with repair			
27472	without graft (e.g., compression technique, etc.) with iliac or other autogenous	20.0	120	3.0	27530	and/or excision	12.0	90	3.0
	bone graft (includes obtaining graft)	23.0	120	3.0	27532 27534	manipulation	Sv.& 5.0	90	3.0
27475	Epiphyseal arrest by epiphysiodesis or stapling; distal		100	2.0	21334	proximal (plateau), with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	8.0	90	3.0
27477	tibia and fibula, proximal combined, distal femur, proxi-	14.0 16.0	120 120	3.0 3.0	27536	Open treatment of closed or open tibial fracture, proximal (plateau),			
27479	mal tibia and fibula	20.0	1,20	3.0	27.525	with or without internal or exter- nal skeletal fixation	14.0	90	3.0
27485	mur or proximal leg (e.g., for genu varus or valgus)	11.0	120	3.0	27537 27538	with autogenous graft (includes obtaining graft)  Treatment of closed intercondylar	16.0	120	3.0
27486		BR	120	3.0	27540	spine(s) fracture(s) of knee	Sv.&		
27487 27488	all components	BR				intercondylar spine(s) fractures(s), of knee with internal fixation	14.0	90	3.0
27495	cluding "total knee"	BR			27550	Treatment of closed knee dislocation; without anesthesia	Sv.&		
	pinning, plating or wiring) with or without methyl methacrylate, fe-				27552 27554	requiring anesthesia  Treatment of open knee disloca-	3.6	45	3.0
	mur	BR			27556	tion, with uncomplicated soft tis- sue closure	7.0	45	3.0
27500	TURES AND/OR DISLOCATION Treatment of closed femoral shaft				21330	knee dislocation, with or without internal or external skeletal fixa- tion; without primary ligamentous			
	fracture (including supracondy- lar); without manipulation (in-	C 0		٠	27557	repair with primary ligamentous re-	15.0	90	3.0
27502	with manipulation	Sv.& 7.0	90	3.0	27560	pair	BR	120	3.0
27504	Treatment of open femoral shaft fracture (including supracondy- lar), with uncomplicated soft tis-					cation; without anesthesia (For recurrent dislocation, see	Sv.&		
	sue closure	11.0	90	3.0		27420–27424)			
(1989 E	1.)					·	[Title	296 WAC	—p 303]

	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
	Value	Days-	Alles@			v aluc	Days-	Allesee
27562 requiring anesthesia 27564 Treatment of open pate	ellar dislo-	45	3.0	27607	Incision, deep, with opening of bone cortex (e.g., for osteomyeli- tis or bone abscess); leg or ankle	BR		3.0
cation, with uncomplication tissue closure	5.0	45	3.0	27610	Arthrotomy, ankle, for infection with exploration, drainage or re-			
27566 Open treatment of close patellar dislocation, wit	h or with-			27612	moval of foreign body	9.0	60	3.0
out partial or total patel MANIPULATION	lectomy 12.0	90	3.0		capsular release, with or without Achilles tendon lengthening	10.0	60	3.0
	aint undan				(See also 27685)			
*27570 Manipulation of knee j general anesthesia (in plication of traction or	cludes ap-			EXCISI	,			
ation devices)		0	3.0	27613	Biopsy, soft tissues; superficial	1.2	7	3.0
ARTHRODESIS				27614	deep	2.4	15	3.0
27580 Fusion of knee, any tech	nique 20.0	120	3.0	27615	Radical resection of tumor (e.g., malignant neoplasm); soft tissue			
AMPUTATION	20.0		5.0	27618	of leg or ankle area Excision, tumor; leg or ankle	BR		
27590 Amputation, thigh, th	rough fe-			27610	subcutaneous deep, subfascial or intramus-	3.0	7	3.0
mur, any level	14.5	120	4.0	27619	cular	4.0	15	3.0
27591 immediate fitting tec	•	30	3.0	27620	Arthrotomy, ankle, with joint ex-			
27592 open, circular (guillot		120	4.0		ploration, with or without biopsy, with or without removal of loose			
27594 secondary closure or			2.0		or foreign body	9.0	60	3.0
sion			3.0 4.0	27625	Arthrotomy, ankle, for synovec-	12.0	90	2.0
27598 Disarticulation at knee		120	4.0	27626	including tenosynovectomy	12.0 14.0	90	3.0 3.0
MISCELLANEOUS				27630	Excision of lesion of tendon, sheath or capsule (e.g., cyst or			
27599 Unlisted procedure,					ganglion leg and/or ankle	3.6	30	3.0
knee	BR		4.0	27635	Excision, or curettage, of bone cyst or benign tumor, tibia or			
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.					fibula	10.0	60	3.0
(Order 89–09), § 296–22–082, 1 16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22	nica 8/10/89, enc 2-082. filed 7/23/8	ctive 9/10/ 87: 86-06-0	89; 8/- 32 (Or-	27637	with primary autogenous graft	13.0	120	3.0
der 86-19), § 296-22-082, file	d 2/28/86, effecti	ve 4/1/86;	83-16-	27638	(includes obtaining graft) with primary homogenous	13.0	120	3.0
066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–08 RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030				25.10	graft	14.0	120	3.0
81–28), § 296–22–082, filed 11				27640	Excision, partial, (craterization, saucerization or diaphysectomy)			
(Order 80–25), § 296–22–082, f					of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis or			
76-34, § 296-22-082, filed 11/2 § 296-22-082, filed 11/28/75,				27641	exostosis; tibia	12.0 10.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
22-082, filed 1/30/74.]		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0	27645	Resection for tumor, radical;	10.0	00	3.0
					tibia	BR		3.0
WAC 296-22-087 Le	g (tibia and fil	bula) and	ankle	27646 27647	fibulatalus or calcaneus	BR BR		3.0 3.0
joint.						DIC		5.0
		Follow-		INTRO	DUCTION OR REMOVAL			
	Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	27648	Injection procedure for ankle arthrography	BR		
INCISION					(For ankle arthrography, see 73615)			
27600 Fasciotomy, leg, for cle decompression; anterior		*			(For ankle arthroscopy, see			
ment only		30	3.0		29890–29898)			
27601 posterior compartme		30	3.0	REPAIR	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	CTION		
27602 anterior and poste partments		30	3.0	27650	Repair, primary, open or percu-			
(For incision and drain	age proce-			27030	taneous, ruptured Achilles ten-			
dures, superficial, se				27/52	don	11.0	120	3.0
10160)				27652	with graft (includes obtaining graft)	14.0	120	3.0
27603 Incision and drainage; kle deep abscess or hen				27654				
27604 infected bursa				09/5/	graft	14.0	120	3.0
*27605 Tenotomy, Achilles ten cutaneous (separate p				27656 27658	Repair, fascial defect of leg  Repair or suture of flexor tendon	6.0	45	3.0
local anesthesia	1.0	0	3.0		of leg; primary, without graft,		22	
27606 general anesthesia	2.0	0			single, each	6.0	90	3.0
[Title 296 WAC—p 304]							(	1989 Ed.)

	•	Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit	Follow-	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
27659	secondary with or without graft, single tendon, each	8.0	90	3.0	27730	Epiphyseal arrest by epiphysio- desis or stapling, distal tibia	12.0	120	3.0
27664	Repair or suture of extensor ten- don of leg; primary, without				27732 27734	distal fibula	6.0 14.0	120 120	3.0
27665	graft, single, each secondary with or without	4.0	90	3.0	27740	Epiphyseal arrest by epiphysio- desis or stapling, combined,			
27675	graft, single tendon, each Repair for dislocating peroneal	6.0	90	3.0	27742	proximal and distal tibia and fib- ula	18.0 22.0	120 120	3.0 3.0
	tendons; without fibular osteo- tomy	5.0	90	3.0	21142		22.0	120	3.0
27676 27680	with fibular osteotomy Tenolysis, including tibia, fibula	6.0	90	3.0		(For epiphyseal arrest of proximal tibia and fibula, see 27477)			
27681	and ankle flexor, single multiple (through same inci-	5.0 6.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	27745	Prophylactic treatment (nailing, pinning, plating or wiring), with			
27685	sion), each	0.0	00	3.0		or without methyl methacrylate, tibia	BR		
27686	dure) multiple (through same inci-	7.0	90	3.0	FRACT	URES AND/OR DISLOCATION	S		
27/07	sion), each	8.0	120	3.0	27750	Treatment of closed tibial shaft fracture; without manipulation	C., 0.		
27687	Gastrocnemius recession (e.g., Strayer procedure)	7.0	120	3.0	27752 27754	with manipulation  Treatment of open tibial shaft	Sv.& 5.0	90	3.0
	a group to be a single tendon when transplanted into midfoot)				27756	fracture, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure Open treatment of closed or open	6.5	90	3.0
27690	Transfer or transplant of single tendon (with muscle redirection					tibial shaft fracture, with internal skeletal fixation; simple	12.0	90	3.0
	or rerouting); superficial (e.g., anterior tibial extensors into				27758 27760	Treatment of closed distal tibial	17.9	120	3.0
07/01	midfoot)	8.0	120	3.0		fracture (medial malleolus); without manipulation	Sv.&		
27691	anterior tibial or posterior tibial through interosseous	10.0	120	3.0	27762 27764	with manipulation Treatment of open distal tibial	3.0	90	3.0
27692	space	2.0	120	3.0		fracture (medial malleolus) with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	4.4	90	3.0
27695	Suture, primary, torn, ruptured or severed ligament, ankle; col-	10.0	120	10	27766	Open treatment of closed or open distal tibial fracture (medial	7.7	30	5.0
27696	both collateral ligaments	10.0 14.0	120 120	3.0 3.0	27700	malleolus), with fixation	9.0	90	3.0
27698	Suture, secondary repair, torn, ruptured or severed ligament;				27780	Treatment of closed proximal fibula or shaft fracture; without manipulation	Sv.&		
	ankle, collateral (e.g., Watson- Jones procedure)	14.0	120	3.0	27781	with manipulation	3.0	90	3.0
27700 27702	Arthroplasty, ankle with implant ("total ankle")	BR BR		3.0 3.0	27782	Treatment of open proximal fib- ula or shaft fracture, with un-	4.0	00	3.0
27703	secondary reconstruction, total	BR		3.0	27784		4.0	90	3.0
27704	Removal of ankle implant	BR	00			proximal fibula or shaft fracture, with or without internal or exter-			
27705 27707	Osteotomy; tibia	12.0 7.0	90 90	3.0 3.0		nal skeletal fixation	8.0	90	3.0
27709 27712	tibia and fibula multiple, with realignment on	14.0	90	3.0	27786	Treatment of closed distal fibular fracture (lateral malleolus);	G 0		
	intramedullary rod (Sofield	10 0	00	3.0	27788	without manipulation with manipulation	Sv.& 3.0	90	3.0
	(For osteotomy to correct genu	18.0	90	3.0	27790	Treatment of open distal fibular fracture (lateral malleolus), with			
	varus (bowleg) or genu valgus (knock-knee), see 27455-27457)				27792	uncomplicated soft tissue closure Open treatment of closed or open distal fibular fracture (lateral	4.0	90	3.0
27715	Osteoplasty, tibia and fibula, lengthening	24.0	90	3.0	27800	malleolus), with fixation  Treatment of closed tibia and	9.0	90	3.0
27720	Repair of nonunion or malunion, tibia, without graft (e.g., com-	21.0	. ,	3.0	27000	fibula fractures, shafts; without manipulation	Sv.&		
	pression technique, etc.)	18.0	90	3.0	27802	with manipulation	6.5	90	3.0
27722 27724	with sliding graft	20.0	120	3.0	27804	Treatment of open tibia and fib- ula fractures, shafts, with un- complicated soft tissue closure			
27725	graft)by synostosis, with fibula, any	22.0	120	3.0	27806	(e.g., "pins above and below") Open treatment of closed or open	8.0	90	3.0
27727	method	BR	120	3.0	27000	tibia and fibula fractures, shafts, with or without internal or exter-			
,	throsis, tibia	BR	120	3.0		nal skeletal fixation	14.5	90	3.0
(1989 Ed.	.)						[Title	296 WAC	—р 305]

		Y Imia	Follow-	Donie			T !!4	Follow-	Davis
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
27808	Treatment of closed bimalleolar ankle fracture, (including Potts);			t.	MISCE	ELLANEOUS			
	without manipulation	Sv.&			27899	Unlisted procedure, leg or ankle.	BR		4.0
27810 27812	with manipulation	5.0	90	3.0		•		04.020 90	17 020
2/012	Treatment of open bimalleolar ankle fracture, with uncompli-					ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-087, filed 8/10/			
27814	cated soft tissue closure Open treatment of closed or open bimalleolar ankle fracture, with	6.5	90	3.0	16-004 der 86- 066 (O	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–087, filed -19), § 296–22–087, filed 2/28/86, rder 83–23), § 296–22–087, filed 8/	l 7/23/8 , effecti /2/83. S	37; 86–06– ve 4/1/86; tatutory A	032 (Or- 83–16– uthority:
27816	or without internal skeletal fixa- tion	12.0	90	3.0	80-25).	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16. § 296–22–087, filed 12/3/80, effect			
2/610	ankle fracture; without manipulation	Sv.&				-087, filed 1/30/74.]			
27818	with manipulation	6.0	90	3.0	WA	AC 296–22–091 Foot.			
27820	Treatment of open trimalleolar							Follow-	
	ankle fracture, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	7.0	90	3.0			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
27822	Open treatment of closed or open trimalleolar ankle fracture, with				INCIS	ION	varac	Duys	7 thosas
	or without internal or external skeletal fixation, medial and/or					(For incision and drainage proce-			
27823	lateral malleolus; only including internal skeletal fix-	14.5	90	3.0		dures, superficial, see 10000–10160)			
	ation of posterior lip (malleo-	10.0	120	2.0	*28001	Incision and drainage, infected			
27830	lus)	18.0	120	3.0	*28002	bursa	SV		
	esthesia	Sv.&				quiring deep dissection, with or without tendon sheath involve-			
27831 27832	open treatment of proximal tibi-	BR		3.0		ment; single bursal space, specify	BR		3.0
	ofibular joint dislocation with fixation or excision	8.0	90	3.0	28003	multiple areas	BR		3.0
27840	Treatment of ankle dislocation; without anesthesia	Sv.&			28005	Incision, deep, with opening of bone cortex (e.g., for osteomyelitis	DD		10
27842 27844	requiring anesthesia Treatment of open ankle disloca-	2.0	45	3.0	28008	or bone abscess); foot	BR 2.4	60	3.0
	tion, with uncomplicated soft tis- sue closure	3.2	45	3.0		(See also 28060, 28062, 28250)	2.4	00	3.0
27846	Open treatment of closed or open		00	2.0	20010				
27848	ankle dislocation with fixation	12.0 9.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	28010	Tenotomy, subcutaneous, toe; sin-	*0.8	0	3.0
ARTHR	OSCOPY				28011	multiple	*1.2	0	3.0
	ULATION					(For open tenotomy, see 28230, 28234)			
*27860	Manipulation of ankle under general anesthesia (includes ap-				28020	Arthrotomy, with exploration, drainage or removal of loose or			
	plication of traction or other fix-	** 0		2.0		foreign body; intertarsal or tarso-			
	ation apparatus)	*1.0	0	3.0		metrtarsal joint	6.0	60	3.0
ARTHR	ODESIS				28022 28024	metatarsophalangeal joint interphalangeal joint	3.6 2.4	60 60	3.0 3.0
27870 27871	Arthrodesis, ankle any method Arthrodesis, tibiofibular joint,	17.0	120	3.0	28030		BR	00	3.0
	proximal or distal	BR	120	3.0	28035	Tarsal tunnel release (posterior		(0	2.0
AMPUT	ATION					tibial nerve decompression)	8.0	60	3.0
27880	Amputation, leg, through tibia and fibula	12.0	90	4.0		(For other nerve entrapments, see 64704 and 64722)			
27881	with immediate fitting tech- nique including application of	12.0		4.0	EXCIS	ION			
<b>6</b> =000	first cast	12.0	90	4.0	28043	Excision, tumor foot; subcutane-		_	
27882 *27884	open, circular (guillotine) secondary closure or scar revi-	10.5	90	4.0	28045	deep, subfascial, intramuscular.	3.0 4.0	7 15	3.0 3.0
27886	reamputation	*Sv.& BR		3.0 4.0	28046	malignant neoplasm); soft tissue	nn		
27888	Amputation, ankle, through malleoli of tibia and fibula (Syme, Pirogoff type proce-				28050	of foot  Arthrotomy for synovial biopsy; intertarsal or tarsometrtarsal	BR		
	dures), with plastic closure and					joint	6.0	60	3.0
27889	resection of nerves	12.0 12.0	.90 120	3.0 3.0	28052 28054	metatarsophalangeal joint interphalangeal joint	3.6 2.4	60 60	3.0 3.0
[Title 29	6 WAC—p 306]							(1	1989 Ed.)

			Follow-					Follow-	
	•	Unit	up	Basic			Unit	up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
28060	Faciectomy, excision of plantar fascia; partial (separate proce-				28124	Partial excision (craterization, saucerization, or diaphysectomy)			
28062	dure)radical (separate procedure)	6.0 BR	60	3.0 3.0		of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis or dorsal bossing), phalanx of toe	3.6	60	3.0
	(For plantar fasciotomy, see				28126	single toe, each	8.0	60	3.0
	28008, 28250)				28130	Talectomy (astragalectomy)	10.0	120	3.0
28070	Synovectomy, intertarsal or tarso-				28140 28150	Metatarsectomy	6.0 3.6	60 30	3.0 3.0
28072	metrtarsal joint, each metatarsophalangeal joint,	6.0	90	3.0	28153 28160	Resection, head of phalanx, toe Hemiphalangectomy or interpha-	6.0	30	3.0
28080	each  Excision of interdigital (Morton)	3.6	90	3.0		langeal joint excision, toe single,			
28086	neuroma, single, each	3.6	30	3.0	28171	Radical resection for tumor; tarsal	3.0	30	3.0
20000	flexor	6.0	90	3.0	28173	(except talus or calcaneus)	BR BR		3.0 3.0
28088	extensor	6.0	90	3.0	28175	phalanx of toe	BR		3.0
28090	Excision of lesion of tendon or fi- brous sheath or capsule (including					(For talus or calcaneous, see 27647)			
	synovectomy) (cyst or ganglion); foot	3.6	30	3.0		,			
28092	toes	2.4	30	3.0	INTRO	DDUCTION AND/OR REMOVAL			
28100	Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor, talus or calca-				*28190	Remove foreign body; foot sub- cutaneous	BR		3.0
	neus	6.0	60	3.0	28192	deep	BR		3.0
28102	with iliac or other autogenous bone graft (includes obtain-				28193	complicated	BR		3.0
20102	ing graft)	7.0	120	3.0	KEPAI	R, REVISION OR RECONSTRUC	LION		
28103 28104	with homogenous bone graft Excision or curettage of bone cyst or benign tumor, tarsal or meta-	8.0	120	3.0	28200	Repair or suture of tendon, foot, flexor, single; primary or second-			
	tarsal bones, except talus or calca-					ary, without free graft, each ten- don	6.0	90	3.0
28106	neus with iliac or other autogenous	4.8	60	3.0	28202	secondary with free graft, each tendon (includes ob-	3.0		
	bone graft (includes obtain-	5.6	120	2.0		taining graft)	8.0	90	3.0
28107	ing graft) with homogenous bone graft	5.6 6.6	120 120	3.0 3.0	28208	Repair or suture of tendon, foot,			•
28108	Excision or curettage of bone cyst	0.0	.20	5.0		extensor, single; primary or secondary, each tendon	2.8	90	3.0
	or benign tumor, phalanges of foot	3.6	60	3.0	28210	secondary with free graft, each tendon (includes ob-			2,0
	(For ostectomy, partial (e.g., hal-					taining graft)	4.4	90	3.0
	lux valgus, Silver type procedure) see 28290)				28220 28222	Tenolysis, flexor, single multiple (through same inci-	5.0	60	3.0
	· ·				28225	sion)	BR 2.8	60 60	3.0 3.0
28110	Ostectomy, partial excision, fifth				28226	multiple (through same inci-	2.0	00	3.0
	metatarsal head (bunionette) (separate procedure)	2.4	60	3.0	20220	sion)	BR	60	3.0
28111	Ostectomy; complete excision of				28230	Tenotomy, open, flexor, foot, sin- gle or multiple (separate proce-			
28112	first metatarsal head other metatarsal head (second,	7.0	90	3.0		dure)	3.0	30	3.0
20112	third or fourth)	4.0	60	3.0	28232	toe, single (separate proce-			
28113	fifth metatarsal head	1.0	90	3.0	20224	dure)	1.4	30	3.0
28114	all metatarsal heads with proximal phalangectomy par-				28234 28236	Tenotomy, open, extensor, foot or toe  Transfer of tendon, anterior tibial	1.0	30	3.0
	tial excluding first metatarsal (Clayton type procedure)	12.0	60	3.0		into tarsal bone	5.0	120	3.0
28116		7.0	60	3.0	28238	Advancement of posterior tibial tendon with excision of accessory			
28118	Ostectomy, calcaneus	7.0	60	3.0		navicular bone (Kidner type procedure)	7.0	120	3.0
28119	for spur, with or without plantar fascial release	BR		3.0		(For subcutaneous tenotomy, see	7.0	120	3.0
28120	Partial excision (craterization, saucerization, sequestrectomy, or	,		310		28010, 28011)			
	diaphysectomy) of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis or talar bossing),	( 0	60	2.0		(For transfer or transplant of tendon with muscle redirection or rerouting, see 27690-27692)			
28122		6.0	60	3.0		(For extensor hallucis longus			ŧ
	saucerization, or diaphysectomy) of bone (e.g., for osteomyelitis or tarsal bossing), tarsal or metatar-					transfer, great toe, IP fusion (Jones procedure), see 28760)			
	sal bone, except talus or calcaneus	4.8	60	3.0	28240	Tenotomy lengthening or release, abductor hallucis muscle	3.6	60	3.0
(1989 E	d.)						[Title	296 WAC	—р 307]

		Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit	Follow-	Basic
20250	District of all and a signature is	Value	Days=	Anes@	20212		Value	Days=	Anes@
28250	Division of plantar fascia and muscle ("Steindler stripping") (separate procedure)	6.0	60	3.0	28313	Reconstruction, angular deformity of toe (overlapping second toe, fifth toe, curly toes), soft tissue			
28260	Capsulotomy, midfoot; medial re- lease only (separate procedure)	BR	00	3.ů	28315	procedures only	BR		
28261 28262	with tendon lengthening extensive, including posterior	BR		3.0	28320	rate procedure)	BR		3.0
	talotibial capsulotomy and tendon(s) lengthening as for re-					tarsal bones (calcaneus, talus, etc.)	BR		3.0
28264	sistant clubfoot deformity Capsulotomy, midtarsal (Heyman	BR	,	3.0	28322	metatarsal, with or without bone graft (includes obtaining		4, 4	
28270	type procedure)	12.0	90	3.0	28340	graft)	4.8	120	3.0
	metatarsophalangeal joint, with or without tenorrhaphy, single, each joint (concepts precedure)	3.0	60	3.0	28341	requiring bone resection	BR BR		
28272	joint (separate procedure) interphalangeal joint, single, each joint (separate procedure)	1.4	60	3.0	28344 28345	Reconstruction, toe(s); polydactyly	BR		
28280	Webbing operation (create syndactylism of toes) for soft corn	1.4	00	5.0	28360	syndactyly, with or without skin graft(s), each web  Reconstruction, cleft foot	BR BR		
28285	(Kelikian type procedure) Hammer toe operation, one toe	3.6	46	3.0		TURE AND/OR DISLOCATION	ВK		
	(e.g., interphalangeal fusion, fil- leting, phalangectomy) (separate				28400	Treatment of closed calcaneal			
28286	procedure)	4.8	90	3.0	28405	fracture; without manipulation with manipulation including	Sv.&		
	tic skin closure, (Ruiz-Mora type procedure)	3.6	120	3.0		Cotton or Bohler type reductions	BR		3.0
28288	Ostectomy, partial, exostectomy or condylectomy, single, metatar-				28406	with manipulation and skeletal fixation	BR	120	3.0
	sal head, first through fifth, each metatarsal head, (separate proce-	: 7.0	120	1.0	28410	ture, with uncomplicated soft tis-	4.0	00	2.0
28290	Hallux valgus (bunion) correction,	7.0	120	3.0	28415	Open treatment of closed or open calcaneal fracture, with or without	4.0	90	3.0
	with or without sesamoidectomy; simple exostectomy (Silver type procedure)	4.8	60	3.0		internal or external skeletal fixa-	10.0	90	3.0
28292	Keller, McBride or Mayo type procedure	7.0	90	3.0	28420	with primary iliac or other autogenous bone graft (in-	10.0	,,	3.0
28293 28294	resection of joint with implant . with tendon transplants (Joplin	8.0	120°	3.0	28430	cludes obtaining graft) Treatment of closed talus fracture;	14.5	90	3.0
28296	type procedure) with metatarsal osteotomy	9.5	90	3.0	28435	without manipulation with manipulation	Sv.& 3.0	90	3.0
	(Mitchell Chevron or concentric type procedure)	9.5	120	3.0	28436	with manipulation and percu- taneous pinning	BR		3.0
28297 28298	Lapidus type procedureby phalanx osteotomy	9.5 7.0	120 120	3.0 3.0	28440	Treatment of open talus fracture, with uncomplicated soft tissue clo-		•	
28299	by other methods (e.g., double osteotomy)	BR		3.0	28445	Open treatment of closed or open	4.0	90	3.0
28300	Osteotomy; calcaneus (Dwyer or Chambers type procedure) with or	0.5	00		20.450	talus fracture, with or without in- ternal or skeletal fixation	10.0	90	3.0
28302 28304	without internal fixation talus Osteotomy, midtarsal bones, other	9.5 9.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	28450	Treatment of closed tarsal bone fracture (except talus and calcaneous); without manipula-			
28304	than calcaneus or talus with autogenous graft (includes	8.0	90	3.0	28455	tion, each with manipulation, each	Sv.& 2.0	90	3.0
28306	obtaining graft) (Fowler type).	9.0	120	3.0	28456	with manipulation reduction and percutaneous pinning,	2.0	90	3.0
20300	shaft, single, with or without lengthening for shortening or an-				28460	each	BR		3.0
28307	gular correction; first metatarsal. first metatarsal with bone	7.0	90	3.0		fracture (except talus and calcaneus), with uncomplicated soft			
28308	graft	BR 5.6	90	3.0	28465	tissue closure, each	3.0	90	3.0
28309	Osteotomy, metatarsals, multiple, for cavus foot (Swanson type pro-					tarsal bone fracture (except talus and calcaneus), with or without			
28310	Osteotomy for shortening, angular	BR	120	3.0	00.475	internal or external skeletal fixa- tion, each	6.0	90	3.0
	or rotational correction; proximal phalanx, first toe (separate proce-	3.0	00	2.0	28470	Treatment of closed metatarsal fracture; without manipulation,	C 0		
28312	other phalanges, any toe	2.8 2.0	90 90	3.0 3.0	28475	each with manipulation, each	Sv.& 2.2	90	3.0
[Title 2	96 WACp 308]							(1	989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
28476	with manipulation and percu- taneous pinning, each	BR		3.0	28610	Treatment of open tarsometatarsal joint dislocation, with uncompli-			
28480	Treatment of open metatarsal fracture, with uncomplicated soft	ЫK		3.0	28615	cated soft tissue closure  Open treatment of closed or open	2.8	45	3.0
28485	tissue closure, each	3.0	90	3.0		tarsometatarsal joint dislocation, with or without internal or external skeletal fixation	6.0	90	3.0
	metatarsal fracture, with or with- out internal or external skeletal fixation, each	6.0	90	3.0	*28630		0.0	70	3.0
28490	Treatment of closed fracture great toe, phalanx or phalanges; without		, ,	2.0	28635 28640	without anesthesia requiring anesthesia Treatment of open metatarsopha-	*0.72 1.4	0 45	3.0
28495	manipulation	Sv.& 1.2	30	3.0		langeal joint dislocation, with un- complicated soft tissue closure	2.0	45	3.0
28496	with manipulation and per- cutaneous pinning, each	BR			28645	Open treatment of closed or open metatarsophalangeal joint disloca-			
28500	Treatment of open fracture great toe, phalanx or phalanges, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure.	1.8	30	3.0	*28660	Treatment of closed interphalangeal joint dislocation; without	4.0	90	3.0
28505	Open treatment of closed or open fracture great toe, phalanx or				28665	anesthesia	*0.72 1.2	0 45	3.0
28510	phalanges, with or without inter- nal or external skeletal fixation Treatment of closed fracture, pha-	3.6	45	3.0	28670	Treatment of open interphalangeal joint dislocation, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	1.6	45	3.0
20010	lanx or phalanges, other than great toe; without manipulation,				28675	Open treatment of closed or open interphalangeal joint dislocation.	2.4	60	3.0
28515	each with manipulation, each	Sv.& 1.0	30	3.0	ARTHI	RODESIS			
28520	Treatment of open fracture, pha- lanx or phalanges, other than				28705	Pantalar arthrodesis	19.0	120	3.0
	great toe, with uncomplicated soft				28715	Triple arthrodesis	15.0 BR	120 120	3.0 3.0
28525	tissue closure, each	1.6	30	3.0	28725 28730	Subtalar arthrodesis	DK	120	3.0
	fracture, phalanx or phalanges; other than great toe, with or with-				28735	with osteotomy as for flat	11.0	120	3.0
28530	out internal or external skeletal fixation, each	3.0	45.	3.0	28737	foot correction	14.0	120	3.0
*28540	fracture	BR			•	cuneiform, with tendon lengthen- ing and advancement (Miller type procedure)	7.0	120	3.0
20010	dislocation; without anesthesia	*0.72	0		28740	Arthrodesis, midtarsal or tarsome-			
28545 28546	requiring anesthesia  Treatment of closed tarsal bone	2.0	45	3.0	28750	trtarsal, single joint	9.0	120	3.0
	dislocation, with percutaneous	• •			20755	phalangeal joint	7.0	120 120	3.0 3.0
28550	skeletal fixation	2.8			28755 28760	interphalangeal joint	4.0	120	5.0
28555	tissue closure	2.8	45	3.0		hallucis longus transfer to first metatarsal neck (Jones type pro-			
20000	tarsal bone dislocation, with or without internal or external skele-					(For hammertoe operation or in-	6.0	120	3.0
*28570		6.0	90	3.0		terphalangeal fusion, see 28285)			
	joint dislocation; without anes- thesia	*1.0	0		AMPU	TATION			
28575 28580	requiring anesthesia  Treatment of open talotarsal joint	2.4	45	3.0		Amputation, foot; midtarsal (Chopart type procedure)	10.0	90	3.0
	dislocation, with uncomplicated soft tissue closure	3.2	45	3.0	28805 28810	transmetatarsal	10.0	90 90	3.0
28585	Open treatment of closed or open talotarsal joint dislocation, with or				28820	Amputation, toe; metatarsophalangeal joint	3.0	45	3.0
	without internal or external skele- tal fixation	10.0	90	3.0	28825	interphalangeal joint	2.0	45	3.0
*28600	Treatment of closed tarsometatarsal joint dislocation,					(For amputation of tuft of distal phalanx use 11752)			
28605	without anesthesia	*0.72 2.0	0 45	3.0	MISCE	ELLANEOUS			
28606	Treatment of closed tarsometatarsal joint dislocation,	2.0	75	5.0	28899	Unlisted procedure, foot or toes	BR		3.0
	with percutaneous skeletal fixa-	3.0		3.0		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-091, filed 8/10/			
(1989 E	1.)						[Title	296 WAC	—р 309]

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16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-091, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Or-
der 86-19), § 296-22-091, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-
066 (Order 83-23), § 296-22-091, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority:
RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order
81-28), § 296-22-091, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-055
(Order 80-25), § 296-22-091, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order
74-7, § 296-22-091, filed 1/30/74.]

## WAC 296-22-095 Application of casts and strapping.

The listed procedures apply when the cast application or strapping is a replacement procedure used during or after the period of follow-up care. Additional visits are reportable only if significant identifiable further services are provided at the time of the cast application or strapping.

If cast application or strapping is provided as an initial 0

pro	ocedure in which no surgery is po a sprained ankle or knee), use the	erform	ed (e.g.,	casting	29440		1.2	2	3.0
	fice visit in addition to 99070 for			icver or	29450	Application of clubfoot cast with molding or manipulation, long or	0.3		
Lis	sted procedures include removal	of cas	t or strap	ping.		short leg; unilateral	0.4	2	3.0
			Follow-		29455	bilateral	0.8	2	3.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	•	(If over age 24 months, see other lower extremity casts)			
ВО	DY AND UPPER EXTREMITY CAS	TS			SPLINT	rs			
29	Application of halo type body cast (see 20661-20663 for inser-				29505	Application of long leg splint (thigh to ankle or toes)	0.72	2	3.0
	tion)	5.0	2	3.0	29515	Application of short leg splint		•	2.0
25	2010 Application of Risser jacket,		•	2.0		(calf to foot)	0.6	2	3.0
- 20	localizer, body; only	3.0	2	3.0	STRAP	PING—ANY AGE			
	2015 including head	3.6	2	3.0	DIKA	ING ANT AGE			
25	O20 Application of turnbuckle jacket,	2 0	2	3.0	29520	Strapping; hip	0.5	0	
20	body; only	3.0	2	3.0	29530	Knee	0.4	0	
	2025 including head	3.6	2	3.0	29540	Ankle	0.3	0	
29	O35 Application of body cast, shoul-		•	2.0	29550	toes	0.3	. 0	
	der to hips	1.6	. 2	3.0	29580	Unna boot	0.4	0	
	including head, Minerva type.	2.2	2	3.0	29590	Denis-Browne splint strapping	0.4	0	
	including one thigh	2.0	2	3.0			_		
	including both thighs	2.2	2	3.0	REMOV	VAL OR REPAIR			
29	0049 Application; plaster figure of		_						
	eight	0.6	2	3.0		(Codes for cast removals should			
	shoulder spica	1.8	2	3.0		be employed only for casts ap-			
	plaster Velpeau	0.8	2	3.0		plied by another physician)			
	shoulder to hand (long arm)	0.8	2	3.0	20700	Damanal on himships, countlet			
29	075 elbow to fingers (short arm)	0.6	2	3.0	29700	Removal or bivalving; gauntlet,	0.4	^	
29	085 hand and lower forearm				20705	boot or body cast	0.4	0	
	(gauntlet)	0.6	2	3.0	29705	full arm or full leg cast	0.4		
CDI	TATTE				29710	shoulder or hip spica, Minerva	0.5	^	
251	LINTS				20515	or Risser jacket, etc	0.5	0	
29	105 Application of long arm splint				29715	turnbuckle jacket	0.7	0	
	(shoulder to hand)	0.6	2	3.0	29720	Repair of spica, body cast or	0.04		
29	125 Application of short arm (fore-	0.0	-	5.0		jacket	0.24	0	
	arm and hand); static	0.5	2	3.0	29730	Windowing of cast	0.24	0	
29	126 dynamic	0.8	2	3.0	29740	Wedging of cast (except clubfoot			
	130 Application of finger splint;	0.0	~	2.0		casts)	0.3	0	
_,	static	0.3	2	3.0	29750	Wedging of clubfoot cast; unilat-		_	
29	131 dynamic	0.4	2	3.0	29751	eral	0.3 0.4	0	
ST	RAPPING—ANY AGE					LLANEOUS	0.4		
20	200 Strapping; thorax	0.4	0		MISCE				
		0.5	0		29799	Unlisted procedure, casting or			
	low back	0.5	0			strapping	BR		3.0
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		_			**			,
	260 elbow or wrist	0.24 0.2	0		[Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a	ind 51.04.03	0. 89-1	7-039
	WER EXTREMITY CASTS	0.2	·		06-032	39–09), § 296–22–095, filed 8/10/8 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–095,	filed 2/28/	/86, eff	fective
						Statutory Authority: RCW 51.0			
29	305 Application of hip spica cast; unilateral	2.0	2	3.0		90(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25) , effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 29			
Frene -		2.0	4	3.0	12/3/00	, ontouve 3/1/01, Order /4-/, § 29	u-44-U73, II	•	, -
1 8 88	le 296 WACn 3101							(19)	( bal 08

Follow-

up Days=

2

2

2

2

2

2

Basic

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

Anes@

Unit

Value

2.4

1.1

1.3

BR

1.0

0.8

1.0

bilateral, or one and one-

half spica .....

(For hip spica (body) cast, including thighs only, see 29046)

Application of long leg cast

(thigh to toes) .....

Application of long leg cast

Application of cylinder cast

(thigh to ankle) .....

Application of short leg (below knee to toes).....

Application of patellar tendon

walking or ambulatory type

brace .....

walking or ambulatory type

up

60

90

90

90

60

60

90

90

90

90

90

90

Basic

3.5

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.5

3.5

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

Anes@

## Surgical Fees WAC 296-22-097 Arthroscopy. Follow-Unit Days= Value Surgical arthroscopy always includes a diagnostic arthroscopy. When arthroscopy is performed in conjunc-29883 with meniscus repair (medial tion with arthrotomy, add modifier -51. AND lateral) ..... 18.5 29884 with lysis of adhesions with or Followwithout manipulation (separate Unit Basic up procedure) ..... 15.2 Value Days= Anes@ drilling for osteochondritis 29885 dissecans with bone grafting 29815 Arthroscopy, shoulder, diagnostic, with or without internal fixawith or without synovial biopsy BR (separate procedure) ...... 7.0 60 3.0 29886 drilling for intact osteochondri-Arthroscopy, shoulder, surgical; 29819 tis dissecans lesion . . . . . . . . . 16.4 with removal of loose body or for-29887 drilling for intact osteochondrieign body ..... 7.5 60 3.0 tis dissecans lesion with internal 29820 synovectomy, partial ...... 8.0 60 3.0 16.8 29821 synovectomy, complete ...... 9.9 60 3.0 29888 Arthroscopy aided anterior debridement, limited ...... 60 29822 3.0 7.5 cruciate ligament repair/aug-29823 debridement, extensive ...... 9.9 60 3.0 mentation or reconstruction . . . . 27.0 29825 with lysis and resection of adhe-29889 Arthroscopy aided posterior sions with or without manipulacruciate ligament repair/aug-9.9 60 3.0 mentation or reconstruction . . . . 27.0 Arthroscopy, elbow, diagnostic, 29830 29890 Arthroscopy, ankle, diagnostic, with or without synovial biopsy with or without synovial biopsy (separate procedure) . . . . . . . . . 4.7 60 3.0 (separate procedure) . . . . . . . 6.0 Arthroscopy, elbow, surgical; with 29834 29894 Arthroscopy, ankle, surgical; with removal of loose body or foreign removal of loose body or foreign body ..... 5.0 60 3.0 9.0 29835 29895 synovectomy, partial ..... 60 3.0 synovectomy, partial ..... 9.4 7.1 synovectomy, complete ..... 29896 29836 8.2 60 3.0 synovectomy, complete ...... 9.9 29837 debridement, limited ...... 60 29897 debridement, limited . . . . . . . . 9.4 3.0 7.2 29898 debridement, extensive ...... 9.9 29838 debridement, extensive ...... 8.0 60 3.0 20000 Unlisted procedure, arthroscopy 20840 RR

29840	Arthroscopy, wrist, diagnostic,				29909 Unlisted procedure, arthroscopy BR 3.0
	with or without synovial biopsy				[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030, 89-17-039
	(separate procedure)	6.5	60	3.0	(Order 89–09), § 296–22–097, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–
29843	Arthroscopy, wrist, surgical; for				16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-097, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89, 8/-
	infection, lavage and drainage	6.5	60	3.0	10-004 (Older 87-18), § 230-22-037, filled 7/23/87.]
29844	synovectomy, partial	6.5	60	3.0	
29845	synovectomy, complete	8.0	60	3.0	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
29846	excision of triangular				RESI INA I ON I SISIATIVE
	fibrocartilage and/or joint de-				
	bridement	8.5	60	3.0	WAC 296-22-100 Respiratory system.
29847	internal fixation for fracture or				F 11
	instability	8.5	60	3.0	Follow-
29870	Arthroscopy, knee, diagnostic,				Unit up Basic
	with or without synovial biopsy				Value Days= Anes@
	(separate procedure)	6.1	30	3.0	NOSE
29871	Arthroscopy, knee, surgical; for				NOSE
	infection, lavage and drainage	7.4	90	3.0	INCISION
29872	for infection, lavage and drain-				
	age with suction irrigation	7.6	90	3.0	(For simple furuncle, see 10020)
29874	for removal of loose body or				*30000 Drainage abscess or hematoma,
	foreign body (e.g., osteochon-				nasal, internal approach *1.2 0 3.0
	dritis dissecans fragmentation,				nasai, internal approach 1.2 0 5.0
	chondral fragmentation)	13.0	90	3.0	(For external approach, see
29875	synovectomy, limited (e.g., plica				10020, 10060, 10140)
	or shelf resection) (separate				*30020 Drainage of abscess or hema-
	procedure)	16.2	90	3.0	toma, nasal septum
29876	synovectomy, major, two or				toma, nasar septum 1.4 0 5.0
	more compartments (e.g., me-				(For lateral rhinotomy, see spe-
	dial or lateral)	16.6	90	3.0	cific application, e.g., 30118,
29877	debridement/shaving of articu-				30320)
	lar cartilage (chondroplasty)	16.4	90	3.0	PVOIGION
29879	abrasion arthroplasty (includes				EXCISION
	chondroplasty where necessary)				30100 Biopsy, intranasal 0.6 7 3.0
	or multiple drilling	16.8	90	3.0	
29880	with meniscectomy (medial				(For biopsy skin of nose, see
	AND lateral, including any				11100, 11101)
	meniscal shaving)	16.0	60	3.5	30110 Excision of nasal polyp(s) simple;
29881	with meniscectomy (medical or				unilateral 1.4 15 3.0
	lateral including any meniscal				30111 bilateral BR 3.0
	shaving)	16.6	90	3.0	J.U
29882	with meniscus repair (medial or				(30110, 30111 would normally
	lateral)	16.8	90	3.0	be completed in an office setting)
(1989 F	11				[Title 296 WACn 311]

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[Title 296 WAC--p 311]

		Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
		,	2,.		30435	intermediate revision (hony		,	
30115	Excision, nasal polyp(s), extensive; unilateral	4.0	30	3.0	30450	intermediate revision (bony work with osteotomies) major revision (nasal tip	BR	45	3.0
30116	bilateral	BR		3.0	50.50	work and osteotomies)	BR		4.0
	(30115, 30116 would normally require the facilities available in a hospital setting)					(For submucous resection of turbinates, see 30140)			
30117	Excision, intranasal lesion; inter-				30520	Septoplasty or submucous resec- tion with or without cartilage			
	nal approach external approach (lateral	BR				scoring, contouring or replacement with graft	10.0	90	5.0
30118	rhinotomy)	BR			30540	Repair choanal atresia; intra-			
30120	Excision or surgical planing of skin of nose for rhinophyma	10.0	60	3.0	30545	nasaltranspalatine	11.0 20.0	60 365	5.0 5.0
30124	Excision dermoid cyst, nose; simple, skin, subcutaneous	2.5	0	4.0	*30560 30580	Lysis intranasal synechia Repair fistula; oromaxillary	*0.4	0	3.0
30125	complex, under bone or carti-	BR	30	4.0		(combine with 31030 if antrotomy is included)	10.0	90	3.0
30130					30600	oronasal	BR+	,,,	3.0
30140	complete Submucous resection turbinate,	2.0	30	3.0	30620	Reconstruction, functional, inter- nal nose (septal or other septal			
	partial or complete	6.0	90	3.0		dermatoplasty) (does not include obtaining graft)	10.0	90	3.0
	(For submucous resection of nasal septum, see 30500)				30630	Repair nasal septal perforations.	BR		3.0
30150	Rhinectomy; partial	BR		3.0		UCTION			
30160	total	BR		3.0	*30800	Cauterization turbinates, unilateral or bilateral (separate proce-			
	(For closure and/or reconstruc-				30805	dure); superficial	*0.4 1.4	0 7	3.0 3.0
	tion, primary or delayed, see in- tegumentary System, 13150-				30820	Cryosurgery of turbinates, uni-		ŕ	3.0
	13152, 14060–14300, 15120– 15730, 15760, 20900–20910)				OTHER	lateral or bilateral	BR		5.0
INTRO	DUCTION				*30901	Control nasal hemorrhage, ante-			
*30200	Injection into turbinate(s), thera-					rior, simple (cauterization); uni- lateral	*0.6	0	
30210*	peutic Displacement therapy (Proetz	*0.48	0		*30902	bilateral	*0.8		0
	type)	0.2	0	4.0	*30903	Control nasal hemorrhage, anterior, complex (cauterization);			
30220	Insertion, nasal septal prosthesis (button)	BR		4.0	*30904	unilateralbilateral	BR BR		
ENDOS	СОРУ				*30905	Control nasal hemorrhage, pos- terior, with posterior nasal packs			
	(For nasal endoscopy, see 31250-				*30906	and/or cauterization; initial	*2.4 *1.6	0	3.0 3.0
DEMON	31258)				30915	Ligation, arteries, ethmoidal	10.0	30	3.0
	AL OF FOREIGN BODY				30920	internal maxillary artery, transantral	BR		3.0
*30300	Removal of foreign body; internasal; office type procedure	*0.4	. 0	3.0		(For ligation external carotid ar-			
30310 30320	requiring general anesthesia by lateral rhinotomy	2.0 BR	7	3.0 3.0	30930	tery, see 37600)  Fracture nasal turbinate(s) ther-			
REPAIR						apeutic	BR		3.0
	(For obtaining tissues for graft, see 20900-20926, 21210)					Unlisted procedure, nose			
30400	Rhinoplasty, primary, lateral and				16-004	(Order 87-18), § 296-22-100, filed	7/23/8	7; 86-06-0	032 (Or-
	alar cartilages and/or elevation of nasal tip	12.0	180	3.0	Authorit	19), § 296-22-100, filed 2/28/86, ety: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030	and 51	.16.120(3).	81-24-
	(For columellar reconstruction, see 13150 et seq.)				80–18–0 3/1/81;	der 81–28), § 296–22–100, filed 1 55 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–100 Order 74–7, § 296–22–100, filed	filed 1/30/	12/3/80,	effective
30410	complete, external parts in- cluding bony pyramid, lateral and alar cartilages, and/or el-				470- <i>22</i> -	100, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/0	ן.לט		
30420	evation of nasal tip including major septal repair.	18.0 20.0	180 180	3.0 3.0					
30430	Rhinoplasty, secondary; minor								
	revision (small amount of na- sal tip work)	3.0	45	3.0					
PEAL 20	6 W/AC - 2121								1989 Ed )

			•				Unit	up	Basic
			Follow-				Value	Days=	Anes@
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	ENDOS	СОРУ			
INCISI	ON				For end	oscopic procedures, code appropria	ite endos	scopy of e	ach ana-
*31000	Lavage by cannulation; maxillary sinus, unilateral (antrum punc-				31250	e examined.  Nasal endoscopy, diagnostic (in-			
	ture or natural ostium)	*0.4	0	3.0	31230	cludes examination of the medial			
*31001	maxillary sinuses, bilateral	*0.6	0	3.0		meatus, infundibulum, and sinus			
31002* 31020	sphenoid sinus	0.8	0	3.0	21252	Ostia)	1.0	0	3.0
31020	my); intranasal, unilateral	3.0	90	3.0	31252	Nasal endoscopy, surgical; with nasal polypectomy	3.0	30	3.0
31021	intranasal, bilateral	6.0	90	3.0	31254	with ethmoidectomy, partial	8.0	60	3.0
31030	radical, unilateral (Caldwell-				31255	with ethmoidectomy, anterior			
	Luc) without removal of	100		1.0		and posterior	13.5	60	3.0
31031	antrochoanal polyps radical, bilateral (Caldwell-	10.0	90	3.0	31256	with maxillary antrostomy	14.0	30	3.0
31031	Luc) without removal of				31258	with removal of foreign	1.5	30	3.0
	antrochoanal polyps	12.0	90	3.0	31260	body(s)	1.5	30	3.0
31032	radical unilateral				51200	nostic with or without biopsy	5.0	30	3.0
	(Caldwell-Luc) with re-				31263	Maxillary sinus endoscopy, surgi-			
	moval of antrochoanal	110	1.0			cal; with removal of foreign			
31033	polyps radical, bilateral (Caldwell-	11.0	3.0		21265	body(s)	6.5	30	3.0
31033	Luc) with removal of				31265 31267	with removal of cyst with removal of mucous mem-	5.0	30	3.0
	antrochoanal polyps	16.0	3.0		31207	brane and/or polyps	10.0	30	3.0
31040	Pterygomaxillary fossa surgery,				31268	with removal of fungus ball	10.0	30	3.0
	any approach	17.5	90	4.5	31270	Sphenoid endoscopy, diagnostic .	3.0	30	3.0
	(For transantral ligation of inter-				31275	Sphenoid endoscopy, surgical; in-		•	
	nal maxillary artery, see 30920)				31277	cluding sphenoidotomy	5.0	30	3.0
21050	Classical and the second				312//	with removal of mucous mem- brane	5.5	30	3.0
31050	Sinusotomy, sphenoid, with or without biopsy	11.0	30	3.0				, 50	5.0
31051	with mucosal stripping or re-	11.0	30	3.0	OTHER	PROCEDURES			
	moval of polyp(s)	14.0	30	3.0		(For hypophysectomy, transnasal			
31070						or transeptal approach, see			
21055	simple (trephine operation)	10.0	30	3.0		61548)			
31075	transorbital, unilateral (for mucocele or osteoma, Lynch					(For transcranial hypophysecto-			
	type)	16.0	180	3.0		my, see 61546)			
31080	obliterative without osteoplas-				31299	Unlisted procedure, accessory			
	tic flap, brow incision (in-				31299	sinuses	BR		3.0
*****	cludes ablation)	24.0	180	3.0					
31081	obliterative, without osteoplas-					ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
	tic flap, coronal incision (in- cludes ablation)	BR		3.0		39–09), § 296–22–105, filed 8/10/ (Order 86–19), § 296–22–105,			
31084	obliterative, with osteoplastic	<b>D</b>		5.0	4/1/86:	83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-	22-105.	filed 8/2/	83. Stat-
	flap, brow incision	BR		3.0	utory A	thority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04	.030 and	51.16.120	0(3). 81–
31085	obliterative, with osteoplastic					(Order 81-28), § 296-22-105,			
21007	flap, coronal incision	BR		3.0		80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296-			
31086	nonobliterative, with osteoplas- tic flap, brow incision	BR		3.0		/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–105, 2–105, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/		30/ /4; Ore	ier 68–7,
31087	nonobliterative, with osteoplas-	DIC		3.0	8 270 2.	2-105, filed 11/27/08, effective 1/	./07.]		
	tic flap, coronal incision	BR		3.0	THIA.	C 296-22-110 Larynx.			
31090	Sinusotomy combined, three or				W A	C 290-22-110 Larynx.			
	more sinuses	26.0	180	3.0				Follow-	
EXCISI	ON						Unit	up	Basic
							Value	Days=	Anes@
31200	Ethmoidectomy; intranasal, anterior	6.0	90	3.0	EXCISI	ON			
31201	intranasal, total	10.0	90	3.0					
31205	extranasal total	13.0	90	3.0	31300	Laryngotomy (thyrotomy, lar-			
31225	Maxillectomy; without orbital					yngofissure); with removal of tu- mor or laryngocele, cordectomy.	16.0	90	6.0
	exenteration	24.0	180	3.0	31320	diagnostic	8.0	60	6.0
31230	with orbital exenteration (en	240	100	2.0	31360	Laryngectomy; total, without			2.3
	bloc)	24.0	180	3.0		radical neck dissection	26.0	180	6.0
	(For orbital exenteration as an				31365	total, with radical neck dissec-	• • •		
	independent procedure, see				21267	tion	34.0	180	6.0
	65110 et seq.)				31367	subtotal supraglottic, without radical neck dissection	30.0	180	6.0
	(For skin grafts, see 15120 et				31368	subtotal supraglottic, with rad-	50.0	100	0.0
	seq.)					ical neck dissection	30.0	180	6.0
(1989 Ed	.)						['f'itle	296 WAC	—р 313]

		Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit	Follow-	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
31370	Partial laryngectomy (hemilar- yngectomy); horizontal	30.0	180	6.0	31582	for laryngeal stenosis, with graft or core mold, including			
31375	laterovertical	20.0	180	6.0	21.50	tracheotomy	BR		4.0
31380 31382	anterovertical	20.0 20.0	180 180	6.0 6.0	31584	with open reduction of frac- ture	BR		4.0
31390	Pharyngolaryngectomy, with radical neck dissection; without				3158:				4.0
31395	reconstruction with reconstruction	BR BR		6.0 6.0	31586	with closed manipulative reduction	BR		4.0
31400	Arytenoidectomy or	DK		0.0	31587		BR		4.0
	arytenoidopexy, external approach	20.0	180	6.0	31590	<ul> <li>Laryngeal reinnervation by neur- omuscular pedicle</li> </ul>	BR	90	4.0
	(For endoscopic arytenoidecto-				DEST	RUCTION		•	
	my, see 31560)				3159	, ,			
31420	Epiglottidectomy	16.0	180	6.0		nerve, therapeutic (separate procedure), unilateral	BR	90	4.0
	DUCTION				ОТНЕ	R PROCEDURES			
31500	Intubation, endotracheal, emergency procedure	1.4	0			Unlisted procedure, larynx	BR		4.0
	(For injection procedure for	1,-4	Ū			tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		04 020 80	
	bronchography, see 31656, 31708, 31710)				(Order	89-09), § 296-22-110, filed 8/10/ 2 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-110,	/89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 86-
ENDOS	SCOPY				4/1/86	6. Statutory Authority: RCW 51. 120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–2	.04.020(	4), 51.04.0	030 and
	oscopic procedures, code appropriate examined.	te endos	scopy of ea	ach ana-	11/30/	720(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-2) 781, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-055 (Order 7) 72/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 7	rder 80~	25), § 296-	-22-110,
31505	Laryngoscopy, indirect (separate	DD				74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-110,			
31510	procedure); diagnostic with biopsy	BR BR			~~.				
31511	with removal of foreign body.	BR			W A	AC 296-22-115 Trachea an	d bron	chi.	
31512 31513	with removal of lesion with vocal cord injection	BR BR					Unit	Follow- up	Basic
31515	Laryngoscopy, direct, with or without tracheoscopy; for aspira-						Value	Days=	Anes@
21.520	tion	0.6	0	4.0	INCIS	ION			
31520 31525	diagnostic, newborn diagnostic, except new-	2.4	. 7	4.0	31600	Tracheostomy, planned (separate			
31526	born	4.0	7	4.0	31601	procedure);	5.4 6.0	15 15	6.0 6.0
	croscope	BR		4.0	31603	Tracheostomy, emergency proce-			
31527 31528	with insertion of obturator with dilatation, initial	BR BR		4.0 4.0	31605	dure, transtracheal	BR BR	90	6.0 4.0
31529	with dilatation, subsequent	BR		4.0	31610	Tracheostomy, fenestration proce-			
31530		6.0	30	4.0		dure with skin flaps	7.0	15	6.0
31531	with operating microscope	BR	30	4.0		(For endotracheal intubation, see			
31535	Laryngoscopy, operative, with biopsy	6.0	30	4.0		31500)			
31536	with operating microscope	BR	30	4.0		(For tracheal aspiration under direct vision, see 31515)			
31540	Laryngoscopy, operative, with excision of tumor and/or strip-				31612	Tracheal puncture, percutaneous			
	ping of vocal cords or epiglottis.	6.0	90	4.0	2.0.2	for aspiration of mucus (transtra-			
31541	with operating microscope	BR		4.0	31613	cheal aspiration)	BR		4.0
31560	Laryngoscopy, operative, with arytenoidectomy	15.0	90	4.0		without flap rotation	BR	30	5.0
31561	with operating microscope	BR			31614	complex, with flap rotation	BR	30	5.0
31570	Laryngoscopy with injection into vocal cord(s), therapeutic	6.0	90	4.0	ENDO	SCOPY			
31571	with operating microscope	BR		4.0		doscopic procedures, code appropria	te endo	scopy of ea	ach ana-
31575	Laryngoscopy, flexible fiberco- pic, diagnostic	BR	90	4.0	tomic s	ite examined.			
31576	with biopsy	BR	90	4.0		(For tracheoscopy, see laryngoscopy codes 31515-			
31577	with removal of foreign body .	BR	90	4.0		laryngoscopy codes 31515-31578)			
31578 31579	with removal of lesion with stroboscopy	BR BR	90 90	4.0 4.0	31615	Tracheobronchoscopy through es-			
REPAIR	• •					tablished tracheostomy incision			4.0
31580	Laryngoplasty; for laryngeal				31622	Bronchoscopy; diagnostic, (flexible or rigid), with or without cell			
21200	web, two stage, with keel inser-					washing or brushing	3.6		5.0
	tion and removal	BR		4.0	31625	with biopsy, rigid bronchoscope	5.0	30	4.0
(Title 29	6 WAC—p 314]							(1	1989 Ed.)

		Unit	Follow- up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
31628	with transbronchial lung biopsy, with or without fluoroscopic				31755	tracheopharyngeal fistulization (Asai technique),			
31629	guidance with transbronchial needle aspi-	BR		5.0	31760	each stage	BR BR		6.0 12.0
	ration biopsy	BR		5.0	31766	Carinal reconstruction	BR		6.0
31630	with tracheal or broncheal dila- tion or closed reduction of frac-				31770 31775	Bronchoplasty; graft repair excision stenosis and anastomo-	BR		11.0
	ture	6.0	30	6.0		sis	BR		11.0
31631	with tracheal dilation and	BR		4.0		(For lobectomy and bronchoplas-			
31635	placement of tracheal stent with removal of foreign body	5.6	30	4.0		ty, see 32485)			
31640	with excision of tumor	5.0	30	4.0	31780	Excision tracheal stenosis and	D.D.		
31641	with destruction of tumor or re- lief of stenosis by any method				31781	anastomosis; cervical	BR BR		11.0 11.0
	other than excision (e.g., laser)	BR	30	4.0	31785	Excision of tracheal tumor or car-			
31645	with therapeutic aspiration of tracheobronchial tree, initial				31786	cinoma; cervical	BR BR		11.0 11.0
	(e.g., drainage of lung abscess).	4.0	30	4.0	SUTUR				1
31646	with therapeutic aspiration of tracheobronchial tree, subse-								
	quent	2.6	30	4.0	31800	Suture of external tracheal wound or injury; cervical	BR		6.0
	(For catheter aspiration of				31805	intrathoracic	BR		12.0
	tracheobronchial tree at bedside,					Surgical closure tracheostomy or fistula; without plastic repair	4.0	30	4.0
	see 31725)				31825	with plastic repair	6.0	30	4.0
31656	with injection of contrast mate-					(For repair of tracheoesophageal			
	rial for segmental broncho- graphy (fiberscope only)	4.0	30	4.0		fistula, see 43305-43312)			
	(For radiological procedure, see					Revision of tracheostomy scar	5.60	30	4.0
	71040, 71060)					Unlisted procedure, trachea, bron- chi	BR		4.0
31659	with other bronchoscopic proce-				Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.	04.030. 89	-17-039
	dures	BR		4.0	(Order	89-09), § 296-22-115, filed 8/10/	89, effe	ctive 9/10/	′89; 87 <u>–</u>
INTRO	DUCTION					(Order 87–18), § 296–22–115, filed 19), § 296–22–115, filed 2/28/86			
	(For endotracheal intubation, see				066 (Or	der 83-23), § 296-22-115, filed 8/	2/83. S	tatutory Au	thority:
	31500)					1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296-22-115, filed 11/30/81, ef			
	(For tracheal aspiration under				(Order 8	80-25), § 296-22-115, filed 12/3/8	30, effec	tive 3/1/8	; Order
	direct vision, see 31515)					296-22-115, filed 1/30/74; Order 68, effective 1/1/69.]	68-1, §	296-22-1	15, filed
31700	Catheterization transglottic (sepa-				,,				
31708	rate procedure)	3.6	0		WA	C 296-22-116 Lungs and	pleura.		
51,00	for laryngography or broncho-							Follow-	
31710	graphy, without catheterization Catheterization for broncho-	0.9	0				Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
31710	graphy, with or without instilla-							Dujo	7 11105
	tion of contrast material	0.8	0		INCISI				•
	(For bronchoscopic catheteriza-				*32000	Thoracentesis, puncture of pleu- ral cavity for aspiration, initial or			
	tion for bronchography, fiber- scope only, see 31656)					subsequent	*0.72	0	v.
31715	Transtracheal injection for bron-				32005	Chemical pleurodesis (e.g., for recurrent or persistent pneu-			
31/13	chography	0.8	0			mothorax)	BR		
	(For detention time, see 99150,				*32020				
	99151)					out water seal (e.g., pneu- mothorax, hemothorax,	*		
31717	Catheterization with bronchial				22025	empyema) (separate procedure).	*1.2	0	
21710	brush biopsy	BR			32035	Thoracostomy; with rib resection for empyema	6.0	60	3.0
31719	Transtracheal (percutaneous) in- troduction of indwelling tube for				32036	with open flap drainage for	0.0		2.0
21522	therapy (tickle tube)	BR			32095	Thoracotomy limited, for biopsy	8.0	90	3.0
31720	Catheter aspiration (separate procedure); nasotracheobronchial	0.8	0			of lung or pleura	BR		3.0
31725	tracheobronchial with fiber-				32100	Thoracotomy, major; with exploration and biopsy	12.0	90	11.0
	scope, bedside	1.0	0		32110	with control of traumatic hem-		, ,	
REPAI	Ř					orrhage and/or repair of lung	16.0	90	11.0
31750	Tracheoplasty; cervical	BR		6.0			. 0.0	70	
(1989 E							[Title	296 WAC-	—p 3151
,	•							,	g j .

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit	up	Basic		•	Unit	up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
32120	for postoperative complica-							-	
20124	tions	16.0	90	11.0	32525	with major reconstruction of		00	
32124	with open intrapleural pneu- monolysis	16.0	90	11.0	32540	chest wall, with prosthesis	35.0	90	11.0
32140	with cyst(s) removal with or	10.0	70	11.0	32340	Extrapleural enucleation of empyema (empyemectomy)	20.0	90	11.0
521 10	without a pleural procedure	16.0	90	11.0	32545	with lobectomy	30.0	90	11.0
32141	with excision-plication of								
	bullae, with or without any				ENDOS	SCOPY			
22150	pleural procedure	20.0	90	11.0	For end	oscopic procedures, code appropria	ite endos	scopy of ea	ich ana-
32150	with removal of intrapleural foreign body or fibrin deposit.	14.0	90	11.0	tomic sit	te examined.			
32151	with removal of intrapulmon-	14.0	70	11.0	32700	Thoracoscopy, exploratory (sepa-			
52151	ary foreign body	16.0	90	11.0	2	rate procedure)	4.0	30	4.0
32160	with cardiac massage	BR		12.0	32705	with biopsy	4.0	30	4.0
	(For segmental or other				REPAIR	R			
	resections of lung, see 32480—								
	32525)				32800		nn.		
32200	Pneumonostomy, with open				32810	wall	BR		11.0
32200	Pneumonostomy, with open drainage of abscess or cyst	14.0	120	11.0	32010	open flap drainage for empyema			
32215		1 1.10	120	11.0		(Clagett type procedure)	BR		11.0
	pneumothorax	16.0	90	11.0	32815				
32220	Decortication, pulmonary, (sepa-					fistula	BR		11.0
22225	rate procedure); total	20.0	90	11.0	32820	Major reconstruction, chest wall	<b>D</b> D		
32225	partial	14.0	90	11.0		(post-traumatic)	BR		11.0
EXCISI	ON				SURGIO	CAL COLLAPSE THERAPY; TH	ORACO	<b>OPLASTY</b>	
32310	Pleurectomy; parietal (separate				(See also	o 32520–32525)			
020.0	procedure)	20.0	90	11.0					
32315	partial	15.0	90	11.0	32900		140	00	10.0
32320					32905	all stages  Thoracoplasty, Schede type or	14.0	90	10.0
22400	pleurectomy	28.0	90	11.0	32903	extrapleural (all stages)	14.0	90	9.0
32400	Biopsy, pleura; percutaneous needle	1.2	7		32906	with closure of bronchopleural		, ,	J.0
		1.2				fistula	16.0	90	9.0
	(For CT guidance, see 76360,					(For open closure of major bron-			
	76361; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943; for fluoro-					chial fistula, see 32815)			
	scopic localization, see 71036,								
	71037)					(For resection of first rib for tho- racic outlet compression, see			
	(For fine needle aspiration, prep-					21615, 21616)			
	aration, and interpretation of								
	smears, see 88170–88173)				32940				
20402	•			2.0		including filling or packing procedures	14.0	- 90	9.0
32402 32405	open	6.0	15	3.0	*32960	Pneumothorax; therapeutic, in-	14.0	70	7.0
32403	percutaneous needle	3.0	7	3.0		trapleural injection of air	*1.0	0	
	·	2,0	•	5,0	32999	Unlisted procedure, lungs and			
	(For CT guidance, see 76360,					pleura	BR		9.0
	76361; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943; for fluoro-				<b>Statuto</b>	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.0	04.030. 89	-17039
	scopic localization, see 71036,				(Order 8	89–09), § 296–22–116, filed 8/10/	89, effec	tive 9/10/	89; 87–
	71037)					(Order 87-18), § 296-22-116, filed			
	(For fine needle aspiration, prep-					19), § 296–22–116, filed 2/28/86			
	aration, and interpretation of					der 83–23), § 296–22–116, filed 8/ 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.			
	smears, see 88170-88173)					§ 296–22–116, filed 12/3/80, effect			
*22420						116, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-			
*32420	Pneumonocentesis, puncture of lung for aspiration	*1.2	0		11/27/6	8, effective 1/1/69.]			
32440	Pneumonectomy, total	30.0	. 90	11.0					
32445	Pneumonectomy, extrapleural;	•					OWOUN	7B.4	
	without empyemectomy	20.0	90	11.0		CARDIOVASCULAR	BICIC	71 <b>VI</b>	
32450	with empyemectomy	25.0	90	11.0	The lis	ted values are for the princi	pal sur	geon on	v. For
32480 32485	Lobectomy, total or segmental; . with bronchoplasty	26.0 30.0	90 90	11.0 11.0		rent services of other physi-			
32483 32490	with concomitant decortica-	30.0	70	11.0		co-surgeon), see WAC 296			
52470	tion	30.0	90	11.0		riate unit value modifiers.	<i>ا</i> ک ہے۔	J, 100111	~ unu
32500	Wedge resection, of lung; single				• • •				
00-0-	or multiple	22.0	90	11.0		nonitoring, operation of pum	p and	other no	n-sur-
32520	Resection of lung; with resection	20.0	00	11.0		ervices, see 99150-99192)			
32522	of chest wall with reconstruction of chest	30.0	90	11.0		,			
J & J & L	wall, without prosthesis	32.0	90	11.0	WAG	C 296-22-120 Heart and p	pericar	dium.	
	•								
PTIAL TO	7 397 A 471 - 2441.								000 51)

		Unit	Follow–	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
	ARDIUM		•		33245	Implantation of automatic internal cardioverter-defibrillator (AICD)			
33010* 33011*		1.2 1.0	0			pads with or without sensing electrodes	BR		6.0
33015 33020	Tube pericardiostomy	BR			33246	with insertion of automatic in- ternal cardioverter-defibrillator			
2222	cedure)	20.0	90	13.0	33248		BR		6.0
33025	Creation of pericardial window or partial resection for drainage	20.0	15	15.0		internal cardioverter-defibrillator (AICD) pads and electrodes	BR		6.0
33030	Partial resection for chronic constrictive pericarditis, without				WOU	NDS OF THE HEART AND GREA	T VES	SELS	
33035	bypass	30.0	90	15.0	33300	Repair of cardiac wound; without			
	tion, with cardiopulmonary by-	40.0	90	15.0	33305	bypass with cardiopulmonary bypass	24.0 30.0	90 90	15.0 15.0
33050	Excision of pericardial cyst or tu-				33310				
33100	mor Pericardiectomy (separate proce-	20.0	90	13.0	22215	bypass	22.0	90	15.0
	dure)	34.0	90	15.0	33315 33320		34.0	90	15.0
CARD	IAC TUMOR				33322	vessels; without bypass with cardiopulmonary bypass	20.0 30.0	90 90	15.0 15.0
33120	Excision of intracardiac tumor, resection with cardiopulmonary				33330	Insertion of graft; without bypass.	30.0	90	15.0
22422	bypass	50.0	90	15.0	33335 33350	with cardiopulmonary bypass Great vessel repair with other ma-	40.0	90	15.0
33130	Resection of external cardiac tu-	25.0	90	12.0		jor procedure	BR		15.0
PACE	MAKER OR DEFIBRILLATOR				CARD	IAC VALVES			
	(For electronic analysis of inter-				(Aortic	•			
	nal pacemaker system, see 93731-93736)					Valvuloplasty, aortic valve, open, with cardiopulmonary bypass	50.0	90	15.0
	(Procedures include repositioning				33404	Construction of apical-aortic conduit	BR	90	15.0
	or replacement in first 14 days) (For fluoroscopy and radiogra-				33405	cardiopulmonary bypass	52.0	90	15.0
	phy procedure with insertion of pacemaker, see 71090)				33407	Valvotomy, aortic valve (commissurotomy); with cardiopulmonary bypass	BR		15.0
33200	Insertion of permanent pacemaker				33408	with inflow occlusion	BR		15.0
	with epicardial electrode; by thoracotomy	24.0	90	15.0		(For multiple valve replacement,			
33201	by xiphoid approach	24.0	90	15.0		see 33480–33492)			
33206	Insertion of permanent pacemaker with transvenous electrode(s); at-				33411	Replacement aortic valve; with aortic annulus enlargement,			
33207	rial ventricular	BR BR		3.0 3.0	33412	noncoronary with transventricular aortic an-	BR	90	15.0
33208	AV sequential	BR		3.0	33412	nulus enlargement (Konno pro-			
33210	Insertion of temporary transve- nous cardiac electrode, or pace- maker catheter (separate				33415	cedure)	BR	90	15.0
22212	procedure)	7.0	15	Sv.&	22417	aortic stenosis	40.0	90	15.0
33212	Insertion or replacement of pace- maker pulse generator or auto-				33417	Aortoplasty (gusset) for supraval- vular stenosis	40.0	90	15.0
	matic internal cardioverter— defibrillator (AICD) pulse gener-				MITRA	AL VALVE			
33216	ator only Insertion, replacement, or reposi-	4.0	30	6.0	33420				
	tioning of permanent transvenous electrodes only (15 days or more		4		33422	surotomy); closed open, with cardiopulmonary by-	32.0	90	15.0
10010	after initial insertion)	8.0	30	6.0	33425	pass	50.0	90	15.0
	Repair of pacemaker; electrodes only	5.0	30	6.0	33430	cardiopulmonary bypass Replacement, mitral valve, with	52.0	90	15.0
33219	with replacement of pulse gen- erator	BR		6.0	33730	cardiopulmonary bypass	52.0	90	15.0
33222	Revision or relocation of skin pocket for pacemaker or auto-				TRICL	SPID VALVE			
	matic internal cardioverter-de- fibrillator (AICD)	4.5	3.0	6.0	33450	Valvotomy, tricuspid valve (commissurotomy); closed	32.0	90	15.0
33232	Removal of permanent pace-		3.0		33452	open, with cardiopulmonary by-			
/10 <del>-</del>	maker	BR		6.0		pass	50.0	90	15.0
(1989 Ed	.)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 317 <u>]</u>

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
33460	Valvuloplasty or valvectomy, tricuspid valve, with cardiopulmo-				POSTI	INFARCTION MYOCARDIAL PR	OCED	URES	
33465	replacement	50.0 52.0	90 90	15.0 15.0	33542	Myocardial resection (e.g., ven- tricular aneurysmectomy)	35.0	90	15.0
	(For multiple valve replacement, see 33480-33492)				33545	Repair of postinfarction ventricu- lar septal defect, with or without myocardial resection	50.0	90	15.0
33468	Tricuspid valve repositioning and plication for Ebstein anomaly	50.0	90	15.0	33560	Myocardial operation combined with coronary bypass procedure	BR	, ,	15.0
PULM	ONARY VALVE				33570	ectomy, with or without gas, ar-			
33470	Valvotomy, pulmonary valve (commissurotomy); closed (trans-				22575	terial implantation or anastomosis), with bypass	60.0	90	15.0
	ventricular)	32.0	90	15.0	33575	combined with vascularization.	68.0	90	15.0
33471	transvenous balloon method	BR	90	15.0	SEPTA	AL DEFECT			
33472	open, with inflow occlusion	32.0	90	15.0	22640	Dancin atrial contal defeat conta			
33474	open, with cardiopulmonary by-	50.0	o à		33640	Repair atrial septal defect, secun- dum: direct closure without			
22.476	pass	50.0	90	15.0		cardiopulmonary without bypass.	32.0	90	15.0
33476	Right ventricular resection for infundibular stenosis, with or				33641	direct closure with cardiopul-	52.0	70	15.0
	without commissurotomy	50.0	90	15.0		monary bypass	46.0	90	15.0
33478	•	50.0	,,	15.0	33643	patch closure, with or without			
00110	set), with or without commissurot-					anomalous pulmonary venous			
	omy or infundibular resection	52.0	90	15.0		drainage	30.0	90	15.0
> 44 LT (T	IN E VALUE DROCEDURES				33645				
MULI	IPLE VALVE PROCEDURES					venosus, with or without anoma-	20.0	00	160
33480	Replacement and/or repair, dou-				33647	lous pulmonary venous drainage.	30.0	90	15.0
	ble valve procedure, by methods				33047	Repair of atrial septal defect and ventricular septal defect, with di-			
	33400–33465	70.0	90	15.0		rect or patch closure	BR	90	15.0
33481					33649		DI	,,	15.0
	commissurotomy or valvuloplasty					Fontan, Gago procedures)	BR		15.0
	of another valve	56.0	90	15.0	33660				
33482	with commissurotomy or					defect, with or without repair of	-	1	
	valvuloplasty of two valves	60.0	90	15.0		mitral and/or tricuspid cleft	50.0	90	15.0
33483	Double valve replacement	65.0	90	15.0	33665	with repair of separate ventric-			
33485	with commissurotomy or valvu- loplasty of one valve	47.0	. 00	150		ular septal defect	35.0	90	15.0
33/00	Replacement and/or repair, triple	67.0	90	15.0	33670				
33470	valve procedure, by methods					lar canal, with or without pros-	50.0	00	150
	33400 to 33465	80.0	90	15.0	33681	thetic valve	50.0	90	15.0
33492	Triple valve replacement	85.0	90	15.0	33001	direct	35.0	90	15.0
0000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				33682	patch	50.0	90	15.0
CORO	NARY ARTERY PROCEDURES				33684	with pulmonary valvotomy or			
(Basic 1	procedures include endarterectomy of	r angion	lastv)			infundibular resection (acyano-			
(245)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. ungrop	uoty)			tic)	50.0	90	15.0
33502					33688	with removal of pulmonary ar-			
	tion	20.0	90	15.0		tery band, with or without gus-			
33503	graft, without cardiopulmonary	25.0	00	150	22600	set	5.0	00	150
22504	bypass	25.0	90	15.0	33690	Banding of pulmonary artery	15.0	90	15.0
33504	graft, with cardiopulmonary by-	35.0	90	15.0	33692	Total repair tetralogy of Fallot; intact outflow tract	50.0	90	15.0
33510		33.0	70	13.0	33694	with outflow tract gusset	50.0	90	15.0
33310	ous graft, (e.g., saphenous vein or				33696	with closure of previous shunt.	8.0		15.0
	internal mammary artery); single					, <del>-</del>			
	graft	35.0	90	15.0	SINUS	S OF VALSALVA			
33511	two coronary grafts	56.0	90	15.0	33702	Repair sinus of Valsalva fistula,			
33512	three coronary grafts	67.0	90	15.0	55.02	with cardiopulmonary bypass	50.0	90	15.0
33513	four coronary grafts	67.0	90	15.0	33710	with repair of ventricular septal	20.0		. 5.0
33514	five coronary grafts	67.0	90	15.0		defect	35.0	90	15.0
33516	six or more coronary grafts	67.0	90	15.0	33720	Repair sinus of Valsalva aneu-			
	(For separate procurement of au-					rysm, with cardiopulmonary by-			
	togenous graft, see modifier -62,					pass	50.0	90	15.0
	services rendered by two				TOTAL	L ANOMALOUS PULMONARY	/ENO	S DD A IN	AGE
	surgeons)				IOIAI	L MACHALOUS I CLINONAR I	LINOU	'S DIVAIN	.10E
22500	Consequence anti bases				33730				
33520	Coronary artery bypass, nonauto-	•				nous return (supracardiac, intra-			
	genous graft (e.g., synthetic or ca- daver); single graft	30.0	90	15.0		cardiac, or infracardiac types)	50.0	90	15.0
33525	two coronary grafts	35.0	90	15.0		(For partial anomalous return,			
33528	three or more coronary grafts	50.0	90	15.0		see atrial septal defect)			
[Title 2	96 WAC—p 318]					•		(	1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
SHUN	TING PROCEDURES				33851	repair using left subclavian ar- tery as gusset for enlargement			
33735	Atrial septectomy or septostomy; closed (Blalock-Hanlon type oper-					of segment (Waldhusen procedure)	BR	90	15.0
33737	open, with inflow occlusion	32.0 40.0	90 90	15.0 15.0	THOR	ACIC AORTIC ANEURYSM			
33738	transvenous method, balloon, Rashkind type (includes cardiac				33860	Ascending aorta graft, with cardiopulmonary bypass; with or without coronary implant, with or			
33739	catheterization)blade method (Sang-Park septostomy) (includes cardiac	50.0	90	15.0	33865	without valve suspension; without valve replacement with valve replacement	40.0 50.0	90 90	15.0 15.0
33750		BR		15.0	33870		60.0	90	15.0
	artery (Blalock-Taussig type operation)	30.0	90	15.0	33875	Descending thoracic aorta graft,	20.0	90	15.0
33755	ascending aorta to pulmonary artery (Waterston type opera-	50.0		15.0	33877	with or without bypass	20.0	<del>,</del> 90	13,0
22762	tion)	30.0	90	15.0		without cardiopulmonary bypass .	40.0	90	15.0
33762	descending aorta to pulmonary artery (Potts-Smith type opera-				PULM	ONARY ARTERY			
	tion)	30.0	90	15.0	33910	Pulmonary artery embolectomy;			
33764 33766	central, with prosthetic graft vena cava to pulmonary artery	BR	90	15.0		with cardiopulmonary bypass	30.0	90	15.0
33700	(Glenn type operation)	30.0	90	15.0	33915	without bypass	20.0	90	15.0
TRAN	SPOSITION OF THE GREAT VE	SSELS			MISCE 33930	ELLANEOUS  Donor cardiectomy-pneumonec-			
33782	Repair transposition of great vessels, atrial baffle procedure (Mus-				33730	tomy, with preparation and main- tenance of homograft	BR		15.0
	tard or Senning type); with	50.0	00		33935	Heart-lung transplant with recipient cardiectomy-pneumonectomy.	BR		
33783	cardiopulmonary bypass with removal of pulmonary artery band, with or without gus-	50.0	90	15.0	33940	Donor cardiectomy, with preparation and maintenance of homo-			
	set	50.0	90	15.0	33945	graft  Heart transplant, with or without	BR		
33784	with closure of ventricular sep- tal defect	50.0	90	15.0	33743	recipient cardiectomy	BR		
33785	Repair transposition of great vessels; aortic pulmonary artery				33960	Prolonged extracorporeal circula- tion for cardiopulmonary insuffi-			
	reconstruction (Jatene type)	BR	90	15.0		ciency	BR		15.0
TRUN	CUS ARTERIOSUS				33970	Intraaortic balloon counterpulsation; insertion only	BR	10	15.0
33786	Total repair, truncus arteriosus (Rastelli type operation) Replant pulmonary artery for	50.0	90	15.0		(For percutaneous insertion use 93536)			
	hemitruncus	30.0	90	15.0	33971	removal of balloon including re- pair of artery with or without			_
	(For pulmonary artery band, see 33690)				33972 33999	graft monitoring only Unlisted procedure, cardiac sur-	BR BR		15.0 15.0
AORT	IC ANOMALIES					gery	BR		15.0
33802	Division of aberrant vessel (vascu-					ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
33803	lar ring) with reanastomosis	18.0 20.0	90	15.0 15.0		89-09), § 296-22-120, filed 8/10/8 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-120, filed			
33810	Creation of aortopulmonary win-	20.0	90	13.0		-19), § 296–22–120, filed 2/28/86,			
	dow; without bypass	20.0	90	15.0		rder 83–23), § 296–22–120, filed 8/			
33812	with cardiopulmonary bypass	30.0	90	15.0		51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1 , § 296-22-120, filed 11/30/81, eff			
33820	Patent ductus arteriosus; ligation (primary procedure)	15.0	90	15.0	(Order	80-25), § 296-22-120, filed 12/3/8	0, effect	ive 3/1/81	; Order
33822	division, under 18 years	18.0	90	15.0		296-22-120, filed 1/30/74; Order	68–7, §	296-22-12	20, filed
33824 33830	division, 18 years and older ligation or division when per-	20.0	90	15.0	, ,	68, effective 1/1/69.]			
33840	formed with another procedure Excision of coarctation of aorta,	5.0		15.0		C 296-22-125 Arteries and			
33040	with or without associated patent ductus arteriosus; with direct				and or	procedure listings include est utflow by whatever procedure	es nece	ssary. A	lso in-
	anastomosis	20.0	90	15.0		l is that portion of the opera			
33845	with graft	30.0	90	15.0	iorme	d by the surgeon, as indicar	-		- -
(1989 E	i.)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 319 <u>]</u>

or ur	nlisted vascular procedure, us	0 3117					Value	Days=	Ane
		• • • •	Follow-				· uiuo	Days	71110
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	35013	for ruptured aneurysm, axil- lary-brachial artery, by arm incision	BR		
	RIAL EMBOLECTOMY OR THE THOUT CATHETER	ROMBI	ЕСТОМҮ,	WITH	35021	for aneurysm or occlusive dis- ease, innominate, subclavian			
4001	Embolectomy or thrombectomy, with or without catheter; carotid, subclavian, or innominate artery,				35022	artery, by thoracic incision for ruptured aneurysm, innominate, subclavian artery, by	32.0	90	ı
4051	by neck incision	14.0	60	6.0	35045	thoracic incision	BR		
4101	by thoracic incision	14.0	60	11.0	35081	ease, radial or ulnar artery for aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR		
4101	subclavian artery, by arm inci-	140	(0	5.0	35082	ease, abdominal aorta for ruptured aneurysm, ab-	40.0	90	
4111	sion radial or ulnar	14.0 BR	60 60	5.0 5.0	35091	dominal aortafor aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR		
4151	renal, celiac, mesentery, aorto- iliac artery, by abdominal inci-				33071	ease, abdominal aorta involv- ing visceral vessels			
4201	sion	20.0	60	6.0	35092	(mesenteric, celiac, renal)	BR		
4203	tery, by leg incision popliteal-tibio-peroneal, by	14.0	60	5.0	33092	for ruptured aneurysm, ab- dominal aorta involving vis- ceral vessels (mesenteric,			
-NIOI	leg incision	BR	60	5.0	25102	celiac, renal)	BR		
4401	JS THROMBECTOMY, DIRECT Thrombectomy, direct or with	OK WI	IH CAIH	EIEK	35102	for aneurysm or occlusive dis- ease, abdominal aorta involv-			
	catheter; vena cava, iliac vein, by abdominal incision	18.0	60	5.0		ing iliac vessels (common, hypogastric, external)	40.0	90	
4421	vena cava, iliac, femoropopli- teal vein, by leg incision	12.0	60	3.0	35,103	for ruptured aneurysm, ab- dominal aorta involving iliac			
4451	vena cava, iliac, femoropopli-	12.0	00	3.0		vessels (common, hypogastric, external)	BR		
4 47 1	teal vein, by abdominal and leg incision	24.0	60	5.0	35111	for aneurysm or occlusive disease, splenic artery	24.0	90	
1471	subclavian vein, by neck inci-	28.0	60	5.0	35112	for ruptured aneurysm, splenic artery	BR		
4490	axillary and subclavian vein, by arm incision	28.0	60	5.0	35121	for aneurysm or occlusive dis- ease, hepatic, celiac, renal, or			
NOU	JS RECONSTRUCTION				35122	mesenteric artery for ruptured aneurysm, he-	40.0	90	
1501 1510	Valvuloplasty, femoral vein Venous valve transposition, any	BR			33122	patic, celiac, renal, or mesenteric artery	BR		
1520	vein donor	BR			35131	for aneurysm or occlusive disease, iliac artery (common,	DIC		
1530	systemSaphenopopliteal vein anastomo-	BR			25122	hypogastric, external)	32.0	90	
	sis	BR			35132	for ruptured aneurysm, iliac artery (common, hypogastric,			
t TO	T REPAIR OF ANEURYSM, OR DTAL) AND GRAFT INSERTIC	ON FO	R ANEU	RYSM,	35141	for aneurysm or occlusive disease, common femoral artery	BR		
CCLU	ANEURYSM, RUPTURED USIVE DISEASE	AN	EURYSM	, OR		(profunda femoris, superficial femoral)	20.0		
	res 35001-35162 include preparation g endarterectomy.	of arte	ery for anas	stomosis	35142	for ruptured aneurysm, com- mon femoral artery (profunda	28.0	90	
	(For intracranial aneurysm, see 61700 et seq.)				35151	femoris, superficial femoral) for aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR		
	(For thoracic aortic aneurysm,				35152	ease, popliteal artery for ruptured aneurysm, popli-	28.0	90	
5001	see 33860-33875)  Direct repair of aneurysm or ex-				35161	teal arteryfor aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR		
,	cision (partial or total) and graft insertion, with or without patch				35162	ease, other arteries for ruptured aneurysm, other	BR		
	graft; for aneurysm or occlusive					arteries	BR		
	disease, carotid, subclavian artery, by neck incision	28.0	90	6.0		R ARTERIOVENOUS FISTULA			
5002	for ruptured aneurysm, caro- tid, subclavian artery by neck			-	35180	Repair, congenital arteriovenous fistula; head and neck	28.0	60	
005	incision for aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR		6.0	35182 35184	thorax and abdomen extremities	34.0 28.0	60 60	
5011	ease, vertebral artery for aneurysm or occlusive dis-	BR			35188	Repair, acquired or traumatic arteriovenous fistula; head and			
	ease, axillary-brachial artery, by arm incision	28.0	90	5.0	35189	neck thorax and abdomen	30.0 40.0	60 60	
		_0.0	70	J.J	55467			50	

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
		value	Days-	Alles@			value	Days-	Alles@
35190	extremities	30.0	60	6.0	35518	axillary—axillary	30.0	90	5.0
	R BLOOD VESSEL OTHER	ΓHAN	FOR FIS	STULA,	35521 35526	axillary-femoralaortosubclavian or carotid	30.0 32.0	90 90	5.0 12.0
WITH (	OR WITHOUT PATCH GRAFT				35531	aortoceliac, or aortomesen-	32.0	70	12.0
	(For AV fistula repair, see					teric	36.0	90	12.0
	35180–35190)				35533	axillary-femoral-femoral	BR	90	12.0
35201	Repair blood vessels, direct;				35536 35541	splenorenal	32.0 32.0	90 90	10.0 12.0
	neck	28.0	60	10.0	35546	aortofemoral or bifemoral	32.0	90	12.0
35206	upper extremity	28.0	60	10.0	35548	aortoiliofemoral, unilateral	32.0	90	12.0
35207	hand and finger	BR 35.0	60 <b>60</b>	10.0 10.0	35549	aortoiliofemoral, bilateral	40.0	90	12.0
35211 35216	intrathoracic, with bypass intrathoracic, without bypass .	30.0	60	10.0	35551	aorto-femoral-popliteal	40.0	90	12.0
35221	intra-abdominal	34.0	90	10.0	35556	femoral-popliteal	28.0	90	5.0
35226	lower extremity	28.0	60	8.0	35558	femoral-femoral	28.0	90 90	5.0 12.0
35231	Repair blood vessel with vein			4.0	35560 35563	aorto-renal	BR 30.0	90	12.0
25226	graft; neck	30.0 30.0	60	6.0 6.0	35565	iliofemoral	32.0	90	12.0
35236 35241	upper extremity	40.0	60 60	6.0	35566	femoral-anterior tibial, poster-			
35246	intrathoracic, with cypass	35.0	60	6.0		ior tibial, or peroneal artery	30.0	90	12.0
35251	intra-abdominal	40.0	90	6.0	35571	popliteal-tibial or peroneal ar-			
35256	lower extremity	32.0	60	3.0		tery	32.0	90	12.0
35261	Repair blood vessel with graft	22.0	60	6.0	IN-SIT	U VEIN BYPASS			
35266	other than vein; neck	32.0 32.0	60 60	6.0 6.0		- · · - · ·			
35271	intrathoracic, with bypass	42.0	60	6.0	35582				
35276	intrathoracic, without bypass .	37.0	60	6.0		oral-popliteal (only femoral-po-	BR	90	12.0
35281	intra-abdominal	42.0	90	6.0	35583	pliteal portion in-situ) femoral-popliteal	BR	90	12.0
35286	lower extremity	34.0	60	3.0	35585	femoral-anterior tibial, poster-	DXC.		12.0
THRON	<b>IBOENDARTERECTOMY</b>					ior tibial, or peroneal artery	BR	90	12.0
	(For coronary artery, see 33570,				35587	popliteal-tibial, peroneal	BR	90	12.0
	33575)				BYPAS	S GRAFT—WITH OTHER THAI	N VEIN	Ī	
35301	Thromboendarterectomy, with or								
33301	without patch graft; carotid, ver-				35601	Bypass graft, with other than	40.0	00	12.0
	tebral, subclavian, by neck inci-		•		35606	vein, carotid	40.0 40.0	90 90	12.0 12.0
	sion	30.0	90	6.0	35612	subclavian-subclavian	40.0	90	12.0
35311	subclavian, innominate, by	30.0	90	11.0	35616	subclavian-axillary	30.0	90	6.0
35321	thoracic incision axillary-brachial	30.0	90	11.0 5.0	35621	axillary-femoral	35.0	90	12.0
35331	abdominal aorta	40.0	90	12.0	35626	aortosubclavian or carotid	35.0	90	12.0
35341	mesenteric, celiac, or renal	40.0	90	6.0	35631	aortoceliac, aorto mesenteric,	25.0	90	12.0
35351	iliac	32.0	90	6.0	35636	aorto renalsplenorenal	35.0 35.0	90 90	12.0
35355	iliofemoral	BR 40.0	90 90	6.0 12.0	35637	vertebral-carotid transposi-	33.0	,,	12.0
35361 35363	combined aortoiliac combined aortoiliofemoral	BR	90	12.0		tion	BR	90	12.0
35371	common femoral	28.0	90	5.0	35638	vertebral-subclavian transposi-			
35372	deep (profunda) femoral	28.0	90	5.0		tion	BR	90	12.0
35381	femoral and/or popliteal,				35641	aortoiliac	35.0	90 90	12.0 12.0
	and/or tibioperoneal	28.0	90	5.0	36642 35645	subclavian-vertebral	BR BR	90	12.0
TRANS	LUMINAL ANGIOPLASTY, IN	TRAOP	ERATIVE	ţ	35646	aortofemoral or bifemoral	30.0	90	12.0
	(If done as part of another oper-				35650	axillary-axillary	BR		
	ation, use modifier -51 or -52)				35651	aortofemoral-popliteal	30.0	90	12.0
25450					35654	axillary-femoral-femoral	BR	00	
35450	Transluminal angioplasty, intra- operative (separate procedure);				35656	femoral-popliteal	28.0	90 90	5.0
	renal	BR			35661 35663	femoral-femoralilioiliae	28.0 28.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
35452	aortic	BR			35665	iliofemoral	28.0	90	5.0
35454	iliac	BR			35666	femoral-anterior tibial, poster-			
35456	femoral-popliteal	BR				ior tibial, or peroneal artery	28.0	90	5.0
35458	subclavian-axillary	BR			35671	popliteal-tibial or peroneal ar-	20.0	00	5.0
BYPAS	S GRAFT—VEIN				35681	Bypass graft, composite	28.0 BR	90	5.0
35501	Bypass graft, vein; carotid	30.0	90	6.0					
35506	carotid-subclavian	30.0	90	6.0		RATION (NOT FOLLOWED B		GICAL R	EPAIR)
35507	subclavian-carotid	30.0	90	6.0	WITH (	OR WITHOUT LYSIS OF ARTEI	RY		
35508	carotid-vertebral	30.0	90	11.0	35701	Exploration; carotid artery	10.0	30	3.0
35509 35511	carotid-carotid subclavian-subclavian	30.0 30.0	90 90	11.0 11.0	35701 35721	femoral artery	8.0	30	3.0
35515	subclavian-subclavian subclavian-vertebral	30.0	90	11.0	35741	popliteal artery	8.0	30	3.0
35516	subclavian-axillary	30.0	90	6.0	35761	Other vessels	BR		BR
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(1989 Ed	)						[ 1 HHE	296 WAC	

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		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
	RATION FOR POSTOPERATIV ON OR THROMBOSIS	E HE	MORRHA	GE, IN-	36200	Introduction of catheter; aorta (arch, abdominal, midstream re- nal, aorto-iliac run-off) or selec-			
35800 35820	Exploration for postoperative hemorrhage or thrombosis; neck chest	BR BR		BR BR	36215	tive; initial placement	4.0	0	3.0
35840 35860 35870	abdomen	BR BR BR		BR BR	36230	tery catheter placement (e.g., vertebral or carotid coronary artery, selective,	5.8	0	3.0
35875	Thrombectomy and/or repair of arterial or venous graft	BR			36245	unilateral or bilateral each additional selective	6.0	0	7.0
35900 35910	Excision of infected graft with revascularization	BR BR				abdominal artery catheter placement (e.g., celiac ar- tery, gastroduodenal ar-			
Introduc	tion					tery, inferior mesenteric	5.0	0	2.0
VASCU	LAR INJECTION PROCEDURE	S			36260	artery, renal artery)  Insertion of implantable infusion pump	5.0 BR	0	3.0
	ervices for injection procedures inc	dude ne	ressary lo	cal anes-	36261	Revision of implanted infusion			
thesia, i	ntroduction of needles or catheter th or without automatic power injection	, injecti	on of cont	rast me-	36262	•	BR	0	3.0
	tion care specifically related to the				36299	pump Unlisted procedure, vascular in-	BR	0	3.0
	ological vascular injection performe procedure (necessary local anesthe					jection	BR		3.0
catheter	and injection of contrast media, as rpretation of results), see RADIO	nd super	rvision of t	he study	VENOU				
bers 755	00–75893.					ecture, needle or catheter for diagn percutaneous:	ostic st	udy or int	ravenous
	s, drugs and contrast media are no the injection procedures.	tinclud	ed in the li	sted ser-	36400	Venipuncture, under age 3 years; femoral, jugular or sagittal sinus	0.4	0	
	(For injection procedures in con-			•	*36405	scalp vein	0.4	0	
	junction with cardiac catheterization, see 93541-93545)				*36406 *36410	other vein	0.3	0	
	(For chemotherapy of malignant disease, see 96500–96549)				30110	years or adult, necessitating physician's skill (separate proce-			
INTRA	VENOUS					dure), for venography (upper extremity, vena cava, adrenal,			
(An int	racatheter is a sheathed combina	tion of	needle ar	nd short		renal, iliac, femoral, popliteal, tibial, saphenous, jugular, in- nominate vein). Not to be used			
36000	Introduction of needle or intra-				*36415	for routine venipuncture  Routine venipuncture for collec-	0.2	0	
36001	catheter, vein; unilateral	1.0 1.4	0		30413	tion of specimen(s)	BR	0	
36010	Introduction of catheter; in supe-				36420	Venipuncture, cutdown; under age 1 year	1.0	7	
	rior or inferior vena cava, right heart or pulmonary artery	2.0	0	3.0	36425	age I or over	0.72	7	
	(For venous catheterization for				36430	Transfusion, blood or blood com-	0.4	0	
	selective organ blood sampling, see 36500)				*36440	Push transfusion, blood, 2 years or under	1.2	0	
INTRA-	-ARTERIAL-INTRA-AORTIC				36450	Exchange transfusion; newborn .	7.0	0	
36100					36455 36460	other than newborn  Transfusion, intrauterine, fetal	BR+ BR+		
30100	Introduction of needle or intra- catheter, carotid or vertebral ar-				*36470	Injection of sclerosing solution;			
36101	tery; unilateral	5.0 6.0	0	3.0 3.0	*36471	single vein same leg	*0.28 *0.4	0	
36120	Introduction of needle or intra- catheter; retrograde brachial ar-	0.0	. •	5.0	36488	Placement of central venous catheter (subclavian, jugular, or	0.4	U	
	tery	5.0	0	3.0		other vein) (e.g., for central ve-			
36140 36145	extremity artery	2.0	0	3.0		nous pressure, hyperalimenta-			
30143	arteriovenous shunt created for dialysis (cannula, fistula					tion, hemodialysis, or chemotherapy); percutaneous,			
	or graft)	1.0	0	3.0		age 2 years or under	0.8		
	(For insertion of arteriovenous cannula, see 36810-36820)				36489* *36490	percutaneous, over age 2 Cutdown placement of central	. 0.8		
36160	Introduction of needle or intra-					venous catheter for hyperalimen- tation; age 2 years or under	3.0	15	
<b>-</b>	catheter, aortic, translumbar	3.0	0	3.0	*36491	over age 2	2.0	15	

			Follow-					Follow-		
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	
	(For exemination of potions and				36835	Insertion of Thomas shunt	15.0	60	4.0	
	(For examination of patient and instruction to patient, review of prescription of fluids for long-				36840 36845 36860	Anastomosis mandril	6.0 10.0	60 60	4.0 4.0	
	term or permanent hyperalimen-				30800	Cannula declotting; without balloon catheter	BR		4.0	
	tation, use levels of care listed in office or hospital visits category				36861	with balloon catheter	BR	90	4.0 11.0	
	or consultative follow-up codes as appropriate)				37140	Anastamosis, portacaval (For peritoneal-venous shunt, see	32.0	<b>90</b>	11.0	
36495	Insertion of implantable intrave-					49425)				
	nous infusion pump or venous access port	BR	0	3.0	37145 37160	renoportalcaval-mesenteric	32.0 32.0	90 90	9.0 9.0	
36496	Revision of implantable intrave- nous infusion pump or venous		v	2.0	37180 37181	Splenorenal, proximal	32.0	90	9.0	
2400	access port	BR	0	3.0		decompression of esophagogas-	ממ		0.0	
36497	Removal of implantable intrave- nous infusion pump or venous				37190	tric varices, any technique) Plastic repair of arteriovenous	BR		9.0	
26500	access port	BR	0	3.0		aneurysm	BR		9.0	
36500	Venous catheterization for selective organ blood sampling	BR			REPAIR	R, LIGATION AND OTHER PRO	CEDUI	RES		
*36510	Catheterization of umbilical vein				37565	Ligation of internal jugular vein.	BR		6.0	
	for diagnosis or therapy, new- born	0.6	7		37600 37605	Ligation, external carotid artery. internal or common carotid ar-	10.0	30	3.0	
36520	Therapeutic apheresis (plasma	D D				tery	10.0	30	3.0	
4 D TOD	and/or cell exchange)	BR			37606	internal or common carotid ar- tery, with gradual occlusion, as	i e k	74		
ARTER						with Selverstone or Crutch-		20	4.0	
*36600	Arterial puncture; withdrawal of blood for diagnosis	0.2	0			field clamp	10.0	30	4.0	
36620	Arterial catheterization or cannulation for sampling, moni-			i .		(For litigation treatment of intracranial aneurysm, see 61703)				
	toring or transfusion (separate procedure); percutaneous	1.0	0		37609	Ligation or biopsy, temporal ar-		20	4.0	
36625	cutdown	1.4	7		37615	Ligation, major artery (e.g.,	4.0	30	4.0	
36640	Arterial catheterization for pro- longed infusion therapy (chemo-					post-traumatic, rupture); neck	BR		4.0	
	therapy), cutdown (see also				37616 37617	chest abdomen	BR BR		6.0 6.0	
	96526)	2.0	7		37618	extremity	BR		4.0	
	(For arterial catheterization for				37620	Interruption, partial or complete, of inferior vena cava by suture,				
	occlusion therapy, see 75894 and 75895)					ligation, plication, clip, extravas-				
*36660	Catheterization, umbilical artery,					cular, intravascular (umbrella device)	16.0	90	5.0	
	newborn, for diagnosis or ther-	1.0	. 7		37650	Interruption, partial or complete,				
36680	Placement of needle for intraos-	1.0	,			of femoral vein, by ligature, in- travascular device; unilateral	8.0	30	3.0	
	seous infusion	1.4	7		37651	bilateral	10.0	30	3.0	
	ASCULAR CANNULIZATION	OR	SHUNT	(SEPA-	37660	Interruption, partial or complete, of common iliac vein by ligature,				
	ROCEDURE)					intravascular device	12.0	90	3.0	
36800	Insertion of cannula for hemodi- alysis, other purpose; vein to		*		37700	Ligation and division of long saphenous vein at saphenofemo-				
26010	vein	3.0	7	3.0		ral junction, or distal interrup-	4.0	20	2.0	
36810	arteriovenous, external (Scrib- ner type)	9.0	7	3.0	37701	tions; unilateral	4.8 6.0	30 60	3.0 3.0	
36815	arteriovenous, external revision	60	7	3.0	37720					
36820	or closure arteriovenous, internal (Ci-	6.0	•	3.0		plete stripping of long or short saphenous veins; unilateral	7.0	30	3.0	
36821	mino type)	BR		3.0	37721	bilateral	12.0	30	3.0	
30821	rect, any site	10.0	60	4.0	37730	plete stripping of long and short				
36822	Insertion of cannula(s) for pro- longed extracorporeal circulation				37731	saphenous veins; unilateral bilateral	10.0 14.5	30 30	3.0 3.0	
	for cardiopulmonary insuffi-			:	37735	Ligation and division and com-	17.5	30	5.0	
	ciency (ECMO)	12.0	7	3.0		plete stripping of long or short saphenous veins with radical ex-				
	(For maintenance of prolonged					cision of ulcer and skin graft				
	extracorporeal circulation, use 33960)					and/or interruption of communi- cating veins of lower leg, with				
36825	Creation of arteriovenous fistula;	150	<i>(</i> 0	4.0		excision of deep fascia; unilat-		20	3.0	
36830	autogenous graft	15.0 12.0	60 60	4.0 4.0	37737	eral bilateral	18.0 22.0	30 30	3.0	
	•						Title	296 WAC	р 3231	
(1303 Ed.	(1989 Ed.) [Title 296 WAC—p 323]									

	Unit	Follow-	Basic		C 296-22-135	Lymph 1	iodes	and lyn	nphatic
	Value	up Days=	Anes@	channe	ls.				
37760 Ligation of perforators, subfascial, radical (Linton type), with oi							Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
without skin graft	10.0	60	3.0	INCISI	ON			•	Ū
saphenous vein at saphenopopli- teal junction (separate proce-				*38300	Drainage of lymph			0	3.0
dure); unilateral		30 30	3.0 3.0	38305	or lymphadenitis, si extensive	,	BR	U	3.0
37785 Ligation and division of minor varicose vein of leg		15	3.0	38308	Lymphangiotomy of tions on lymphatic of	channels	. BR		3.0
37787 Bilateral	1.8	15	3.0	38380	Suture and/or ligaracic duct; cervical	approach	BR		3.0
gery	BR		3.0	38381 38382	thoracic approach abdominal approa				3.0 3.0
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) (Order 89-09), § 296-22-125, filed 8/10				EXCISI	ON				
16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-125, file der 86-19), § 296-22-125, filed 2/28/86				38500	Biopsy or excisionode(s); superfici	on of lymph	1		
066 (Order 83-23), § 296-22-125, filed 8 RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16	/2/83. S	tatutory A	uthority:	20505	procedure)		1.4	15	3.0
80-25), § 296-22-125, filed 12/3/80, effe 296-22-125, filed 1/30/74; Order 68	ctive 3/1	/81; Order	74–7, §	38505	by needle, supe cervical, inguinal,				
11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	270-22 12	s, mou		(For fine needle a 88170)	spiration, use			
HEMIC AND LYMPHAT	IC SY	STEMS		38510 38520	deep, cervical noc deep cervical noc	. ? :		30	3.0
WAC 296-22-130 Spleen.				38525	cision scalene fat deep axillary nod	pad e(s)	5.0 BR	30	3.0
	Unit	Follow- up	Basic	38530	internal mamm (separate procedu			60	3.0
EXCISION	Value	Days=	Anes@		(For percutaneous retroperitoneal lyrmass, see 49180; for	nph node o	г		
38100 Splenectomy (separate proce-					aspiration, use 8817	•			
dure); total		45 45	6.0 6,0	38542	Dissection deep jugu (For radical cervica			60	3,0
REPAIR					tion, see 38720, 387				
38115 Repair of ruptured spleen (splenorrhaphy) with or without partial splenectomy		45	6.0	38550	Excision of cystic h lary or cervical, v neurovascular dissec	without deep	)	60	3.0
INTRODUCTION	15.0	73	0.0	38555	complex	-		00	3.0
38200 Injection procedure for spleno- portography		7	3.0	LIMITE PROCE	D LYMPHADENE DURE)	CTOMY FO	R STAG	ING (SEF	ARATE
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) (Order 89-09), § 296-22-130, filed 8/10	and 51. /89, effe	04.030. 89 ctive 9/10,	-17-039 /89; 87-	38562	Limited lymphade staging (separate pelvic and para—aor	procedure):	;		
16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-130, file der 83-23), § 296-22-130, filed 8/2/83. 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). § 296-22-130, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/	Statutor 80–18–0	y Authority 055 (Order	y: RCW 80–25),		(When combin prostatectomy, use 55842)				
22–130, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296- fective 1/1/69.]	22–130,	filed 11/27	7/68, ef-		(When combined vof radioactive suppressate, use 55862)	bstance into			
WAC 296-22-132 Bone ma services.	rrow 1	transplan	itation	38564	retroperitoneal (a splenic)				
	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@		(When combined w tomy, use 55812 or				
38230 Bone marrow harvesting for transplantation		Days-	3.0		(When combined vof radioactive suppostate, use 55862)	bstance into			
38240 Bone marrow transplantation (For compatibility studies, see	BR		3.0		AL LYMPHADEN MPH NODES)		RADIC	AL RESI	ECTION
86810–86822)		04 030 84	06 022	J. LIN	(For limited pelvic a				
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) (Order 86–19), § 296–22–132, filed 2/28/					toneal lymphadene 38562–38564)	ctomies, see	<del>,</del>		

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
3870	0 Suprahyoid lymphadenectomy;				EXCISI	ON			
3870	unilateral	12.0 15.0	60 60	4.0 4.0	39200	Excision of mediastinal cyst	18.0	90	12.0
3872	0 Cervical lymphadenectomy	15.0	00	4.0	39220	Excision of mediastinal tumor		90	12.0
3872	(complete); unilateral	19.0 22.0	60 60	4.0 4.0		(For substernal thyroidectomy,	,		
3872	4 Cervical lymphadenectomy	22.0	00			see 60270)			
	(modified radical neck dissec-	BR		4.0		(For thymectomy, see 60520)			
3874	0 Axillary lymphadenectomy; su-		60		ENDOS	SCOPY			
3874	perficial	8.0 14.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	39400				2.0
3876	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				D E D	biopsy	BR		3.0
	tomy, superficial, including Cloquet's node (separate procedure);				REPAII	₹			
3876	unilateral	8.0 12.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	39499	Unlisted procedure, media- stinum	BR		3.0
3876	5 Inguinofemoral lymphadenec-	12.0	00	5.0	[Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		M 020 80	
	tomy, superficial, in continuity with pelvic lymphadenectomy,				(Order	89–09), § 296–22–140, filed 8/10,	/89, effec	tive 9/10	/89; 87–
	including external iliac hypogas-					(Order 87–18), § 296–22–140, filed 19), § 296–22–140, filed 2/28/86,			
	tric and obturator nodes (separate procedure); unilateral	20.0	60	5.0	Authorit	y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030	and 51.	16.120(3).	80-18-
38766	6 bilateral	24.0	60	5,0		der 80–25), § 296–22–140, filed 4–7, § 296–22–140, filed 1/30/74;			
38770	Pelvic lymphadenectomy, includ- ing external iliac, hypogastric,					27/68, effective 1/1/69.]		7, 3 420	,
	and obturator nodes (separate procedure); unilateral	12.0	60	6.0	WWZA	C 50/ 55 141 D:			
3877		20.0	60	6.0	WA	C 296-22-141 Diaphragm	•		
38780	Retroperitoneal transabdominal lymphadenectomy, extensive, in-						Unit	Follow- up	Basic
	cluding pelvic, aortic, and renal	20.0		7.0	2		Value	Days=	Anes@
	nodes (separate procedure)	28.0	90	7.0	REPAIR	· <b>{</b>			
	(For excision and repair of lymphedematous skin and subcutaneous tissue, see 15000, 15500–15730)				39501 39502	hernia, transabdominal with or			6.0
	ODUCTION					without fundoplasty, vagotomy, and/or pyloroplasty, except neo-	. 55		
38790	Injection procedure for lymphan- giography; unilateral	3.0	7		39503	natal	BR		6.0
38791	bilateral	4.0	7			hernia, including chest tube and ventral hernia	BR		7.0
38794 38999	Cannulation, thoracic duct	BR BR		3.0	39520	Repair, diaphragmatic hernia (esophageal hiatal); transthor-	17.0	90	
	tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a				39530	combined,		,	11.0
16-004	89–09), § 296–22–135, filed 8/10/8 4 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–135, filed -19), § 296–22–135, filed 2/28/86, e	7/23/8	7; 86–06–0	32 (Or-	39531	thoracicoabdominal	19.0	90	11.0
041 (C	rity: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 : Order 81–28), § 296–22–135, filed 11 -055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–135	1/30/81,	effective	1/1/82;	39540	or without gastroplasty) Repair, diaphragmatic hernia	BR		11.0
3/1/81	; Order 74-7, § 296-22-135, filed	1/30/7				(other than neonatal), traumatic; acute	BR		13.0
296–22	2–135, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/6	59.J			39541 39545	chronic	BR		11.0
	ROW OFFER A RESTRICTION A BOSTER A		ACRE		. 39343	Imbrication of diaphragm for eventration; paralytic	22.0	90	7.0
	MEDIASTINUM AND DI	IAPHN	AGIVE		39547 39599	nonparalytic	BR BR		7.0 7.0
WA	AC 296–22–140 Mediastinum	n.			27217	(For incidental repair of minor			
		Unit	Follow	Basic		hiatal hernia, see WAC 296-22-010, item 7b)			
		Value	Days=	Anes@		y Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
INCIS	ION					9-09), § 296-22-141, filed 8/10/ Order 87-18), § 296-22-141, filed			
39000					der 86-1	9), § 296-22-141, filed 2/28/86,	effective	4/1/86. S	tatutory
	tion, removal of foreign body or drainage; cervical approach	6.0	90	6.0	055 (Ord	y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–141, filed	12/3/80,	effective	3/1/81;
39010 39020	transthroacic	12.0 22.0	90 90	12.0 12.0		141, § 296–22–141, filed 1/30/74			

[Title 296 WAC-p 325]

#### **DIGESTIVE SYSTEM**

#### WAC 296-22-145 Mouth.

(For drainage of abscess, see appropriate anatomic areas)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-145, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), \$ 296-22-145, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; Order 74-7, \$ 296-22-145, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, \$ 296-22-145, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-22-146 Lips.

Follow-Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@ (For procedures on skin of lips, see 10000 et seq.) **EXCISION** 40490 Biopsy of lip..... 0.6 7 3.0 Vermilionectomy ("lip peel") 40500 with mucosal advancement . . . . 10.5 120 3.0 Excision of lip; transverse wedge 40510 excision with primary closure . . . 10.5 120 3.0 V-excision of lesion with primary 40520 3.0 direct linear closure ...... 6.0 120 40525 full thickness, reconstruction with local flap (e.g., Estlander 3.0 or fan) ...... BR 40527 full thickness, reconstruction with cross lip flap (Abbe-BR 3.0 Estlander)..... (For excision of mucous lesions, see 40810-40814) 40530 Resection of lip, more than onefourth, without reconstruction ... 120 3.0 6.0 (For lip reconstruction (see 13131 et seq.)) REPAIR (CHEILOPLASTY) 40650 Repair lip, full thickness; vermil-BR 3.0 up to half vertical height . . . . 40652 BR 3.0 40654 over one half vertical height, or complex .... BR 3.0 Plastic repair of cleft lip; pri-40700 mary, partial or complete, uni-16.0 90 6.0 40701 Primary bilateral, one stage procedure ..... 20.0 90 6.0 40702 primary bilateral, one of two 14.0 90 6.0 stages ...... 40720 secondary, unilateral, by recreation of defect and reclosure... 16.0 90 6.0 40740 secondary, bilateral (per major 14.0 90 6.0 with cross lip pedicle flap (Abbe-Estlander type), in-40761 cluding sectioning and inserting of pedicle ..... BR 6.0 (For repair cleft palate, see 42200 et seq.) (For other reconstructive procedures, see 14060, 14061, 15120-15261, 15515 et seq.) **OTHER PROCEDURES** Unlisted procedure, lips..... 3.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-146, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-146, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-146, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-146, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81: Order 74-7, § 296-22-146, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-22-145 (part).]

#### WAC 296-22-147 Vestibule of mouth.

The vestibule is the part of the oral cavity outside the dentoalveolar structures; it includes the mucosal and submucosal tissue of lips and cheeks.

		T 1 ! 4	Follow-	D:
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basi Anese
INCISIO	ON			
40800*	Drainage of abscess, cyst, he-			
	matoma, vestibule of mouth;			
40001	simple	0.4	0	4.
40801 40804*	complicated	BR	0	4.
40005	body; simple	0.4	0	4.
40805 40806	complicated Incision of labial frenum	BR		4.
	(frenotomy)	Sv		4.
EXCISI	ON, DESTRUCTION			
40808 40810	Biopsy, vestibule of mouth Excision of lesion of mucosa and	0.6	0	4.
40010	submucosa; without repair	0.6	0	4.
40812	with simple repair	1.0	0	4.
40814	with complex repair	BR	0	4.
40816	complex, with excision of and	2.0	·	
	underlying muscle	BR	0	4.
40818	Excision of mucosa as donor			
	graft	BR	0	4.
40819	Excision of frenum, labial or			
	buccal (frenumectomy, frenulec-			
	tomy, frenectomy)	BR	0	4.
40820	Destruction of lesion or scar by			
	physical methods (e.g., laser,			
	thermal, cryo, chemical)	BR	0	4.
REPAIR				
40830	Closure of laceration; 2.5 cm or			
	less	0.4	0	4.
40831	over 2.5 cm or complex	0.4	0	4.
40840	Vestibuloplasty; anterior	BR	0	4.
40842	posterior, unilateral	BR	0	4.
40843	posterior, bilateral	BR	0	4.
40844	entire arch	BR	0	4.
40845	complex (including ridge extension, muscle repositioning).	BR	0	4.
	(For skin grafts, see 15000 et seq.)			
OTHER	PROCEDURES			
40899	Unlisted procedure, vestibule of			
10033	mouth	BR		4.
(Order 8 16–004 ( der 86–1 Authorit	y Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 19-09), \$ 296-22-147, filed 8/10/0rder 87-18), \$ 296-22-147, filed 9), \$ 296-22-147, filed 2/28/86, 6 y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 ler 80-25), \$ 296-22-147, filed 12/28/86, 6 y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030	89, effective and 51.	ctive 9/10 7; 86–06– 4/1/86. S 16.120(3).	/89; 87 032 (O Statutor 80–18

WA	C 296-22-150 Tongue, flo		Follow-				Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	41252	* Repair laceration of tongue,		-	
INCISIO	ON	74160	Duys	7 11103@	41232	floor of mouth, over 2.6 cm or complex			4.0
*41000	Incision and drainage of intraoral				OTHER	R PROCEDURES			
	abscess, cyst, or hematoma of tongue or floor of mouth; lingual	*0.4	0	3.0	41500	Fixation tongue, mechanical,			
41005* 41006	sublingual, superficial sublingual, deep, supramylohy-	0.4	0	4.0	41510			30	3.0
41007	oid	BR BR	0	4.0 4.0		micrognathia (Douglas type procedure)	10.0	30	3.0
41007	submandibular space	BR	0	4.0	41520	Frenoplasty (surgical revision of			
41009	masticator space	BR	0	4.0		frenum, e.g., with Z-plasty)	BR		3.0
41010	Incision of lingual frenum (frenotomy)	0.4	15	4.0		(For frenotomy, see 40806,			
41015	Incision and drainage of extraoral abscess, cyst, or hema-				41599	41010) Unlisted procedure, tongue, floor			
	toma of floor of mouth; sublin-	0.6	1.6	4.0		of mouth	BR		3.0
41016	gual submental	0.6 BR	15	4.0 4.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
41017	submandibular	BR		4.0		87–18), § 296–22–150, filed 7/23/			
41018	masticator space	BR		4.0		296-22-150, filed 2/28/86, effect RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and			
	(For frenoplasty, see 41520)				(Order	81-28), § 296-22-150, filed 11/30 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-150,	)/81, eff	ective 1/1	/82; 80-
EXCISI	ON				3/1/81;	Order 74-7, § 296-22-150, filed	d 1/30/		
41100	Biopsy of tongue, anterior two-	1.0	15	3.0	296-22-	-150, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/	69.]		
41105	thirds posterior one-third	0.6	15	3.0					
41108	Biopsy, floor of mouth	1.0	15	4.0		DENTOALVEOLAR ST	RUCT	URES	
41110	Excision lesion of tongue; with- out closure	BR		4.0	WA	C 296-22-155 Teeth and	gums.		
	thirds	BR		4.0			Unit	Follow-	Basic
41113	with closure, posterior one- third	BR		4.0			Value	up Days=	Anes@
41114	with local tongue flap	BR		4.0		(For biopsy, see 11100)			
	(List 41114 in addition to code 41112 or 41113)				INCISI	ON			
41115	Excision of lingual frenum				*41800	Drainage abscess, cyst, hema-	*0.4		2.0
41116	(frenectomy)	BR BR		4.0 4.0	41805	toma Removal embedded foreign body;	.0.4	0	3.0
41116 41120	Excision lesion of floor of mouth Glossectomy; less than one-half	ВK		4.0		from soft tissues	0.8	0	3.0
	tongue	8.0	120	6.0	41806	from bone	2.0	0	3.0
41130	Hemiglossectomy	12.0	120	6.0	EXCISI	ON, DESTRUCTION			
41135	partial, with unilateral radical neck dissection	20.0	120	6.0	41820	Gingivectomy, excision gingiva,			
41140	complete or total, with or with-				41821	each quadrant  Operculectomy, excision perico-	BR		3.0
	out tracheostomy, without radi- cal neck dissection	18.0	120	6.0	41021	ronal tissues	BR		3.0
41145	complete or total, with or				41822	Excision fibrous tuberosities	BR		3.0
	without tracheostomy, with				41823 41825	Excision osseous tuberosities Excision of lesion or tumor (ex-	BR		3.0
	unilateral radical neck dissec-	26.0	120	6.0	41023	cept listed above); without re-			
41150	composite procedure with re-				41007	pair	BR		3.0
	section floor of mouth and mandibular resection, without				41826 41827	with simple repair with complex repair	BR BR		3.0 3.0
	radical neck dissection	BR+		6.0	1102				
41153	composite procedure with re-					(For nonexcisional destruction, see 41850)			
	section floor of mouth, with suprahyoid neck dissection	BR	120	6.0	41828	Excision of hyperplastic alveolar			
41155	composite procedure with re-					mucosa, each sextant or quadrant			
	section floor of mouth, man- dibular resection, and radical				41830	(specify)	BR		3.0
	neck dissection (Commando				41630	Alveolectomy, including curet- tage of osteitis or sequestrec-			
	type)	BR	120	6.0		tomy	BR		3.0
REPAIR					41850	Destruction of lesion (except excision), dentoalveolar structures.	BR		3.0
41250*	Repair laceration 2.5 cm or less;				OTHER	PROCEDURES			
	floor of mouth and/or anterior two-thirds of tongue	1.0	0	4.0		Periodontal mucosal grafting	BR		3.0
41251*	posterior one-third of tongue	1.0	0	4.0	41872		BR		3.0
(1989 Ed.)	)						[Title	296 WAC-	р 327]
	,								

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days≃	Basic Anes@
41874	Alveoplasty	BR		3.0		(For obtaining bone graft by second surgeon, see WAC 296-22-			
	40830, 40831)					010, item 5c and modifier -64)			
	(For segmental osteotomy, see 21202, 21206)				42215	Palatoplasty for cleft palate; major revision	16.0	90	6.0
	(For reduction of fractures, see 21420-21490)				42220	secondary lengthening proce- dure	17.0	90	6.0
41899	Unlisted procedure, dentoalveolar				42225 42226	attachment pharyngeal flap Lengthening of palate, and pharyngeal flap	17.0 BR	90 90	6.0 6.0
[Ctotute	structures	BR	04.020.00	3.0	42227	Lengthening of palate, with island flap	BR	90	6.0
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-155, filed 8/10/ (Order 86-19), § 296-22-155,	89, effe	ctive 9/10,	/89; 86-	42235	Repair anterior palate, including vomer flap	16.0	90	6.0
4/1/86. 51,16.1	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 2	04.020(4 5), § 2	i), 51.04.0 196–22–15	030 and 5, filed		(For repair of larger defect, see 42215)			
	8-7, § 296-22-155, filed 11/27/68,				42260 42280	Repair nasolabial fistula Maxillary impression for palatal	BR		4.0
WA	C 296-22-160 Palate, uvul	a.			42281	prosthesis	BR		4.0
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic		prosthesis	BR		4.0
		Value	Days=	Anes@		seq.)			
INCISI						PROCEDURES			
*42000	Drainage of abscess of palate, uvula	*0.4	0 -	3.0	42299	Unlisted procedure, palate, uvula	BR		4.0
EXCIS	ON, DESTRUCTION					ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-160, filed 8/10/			
42100 42104	Excision lesion of palate, uvula;	0.6	7	3.0	16-004 der 86-	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–160, filed 19), § 296–22–160, filed 2/28/86,	i 7/23/8 effective	37; 86–06–6 4/1/86. S	032 (Or- Statutory
42106 42107	without closurewith closurewith local flap closure	BR BR BR		3.0 3.0 3.0	055 (Or Order 7-	ty: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–160, filed 4–7, § 296–22–160, filed 1/30/74;	12/3/80	, effective	3/1/81;
	(For skin graft, see 14040–14300)					/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]			
	(For mucosal graft, see 40818)				W A	C 296–22–165 Salivary gla	enus an	Follow-	
42120	Resection of palate or extensive resection of lesion	BR+		6.0			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For reconstruction of palate with extraoral tissue, see 14040-				INCISI	ON			
	14300, 15050, 15120, 15240, 15510–15720)				*42300	Drainage of abscess; parotid, simple	*1.4	0	3.0
42140 42145	•	*0.6	0	3.0	42305 *42310	parotid, complicated Drainage of abscess; submaxillary or sublingual, intraoral	BR+ *1.0	0	3.0
	lopalatopharyngoplasty uvulo- pharyngoplasty)	BR			42320 42325	submaxillary, external  Fistulization sublingual salivary	3.0	0	3.0
42150	ate	BR		3.0	42326	cyst (ranula); with prosthesis	BR BR		3.0
42160	Destruction of lesion, palate or uvula (thermal, cryo or chemical)	BR		3.0	*42330	Sialolithotomy; submandibular (submaxillary), sublingual, or parotid, uncomplicated, intra-			
REPAI	•			-	42335	oralsubmandibular (submaxillary),	*0.6	0	3.0
42180		nn			42340	complicated, intraoral parotid, extraoral or compli-	2.4	30	3.0
42182	over 2 cm or complex	BR BR				cated intraoral	6.0	30	3.0
42200	and/or hard palate only	16.0	90	6.0	EXCISI		.a.a.=	=	
42205	Palatoplasty for cleft palate, with closure of alveolar ridge; soft tis-	***			*42400 42405	Biopsy salivary gland; needle incisional	*0.8 2.0	0 30	3.0
42210	with bone graft to alveolar	20.0	90	6.0	42408	Excision sublingual salivary cyst (ranula)	BR		3.0
	ridge (includes obtaining graft)	22.0	90	6.0	42409	Marsupialization sublingual salivary cyst (ranula)	BR		3.0
[Title 29	96 WAC—p 328]							(	1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For fistulization of sublingual		,-		42804	nasopharynx, visible lesion,	1.0	7	3.0
40410	salivary cyst, see 42325)				42806	nasopharynx, survey for un- known primary lesion	BR	,	3.0
42410	Excision of parotid tumor or parotid gland; lateral lobe, without nerve dissection	6.0	60	3.0		(For laryngoscopic biopsy, see	DK		3.0
42415	lateral lobe, with dissection and preservation of facial	0.0	00	3.0	42808	31510, 31535, 31536) Excision of lesion of pharynx	BR		3.0
42420	nervetotal, with dissection and preser-	14.5	60	3.0	42809	Removal of foreign body from pharynx	BR		3.0
42425	total, en bloc removal with	18.0	60	3.0	42810	Excision branchial cleft cyst, or vestige, confined to skin and sub-			
42426	sacrifice of facial nerve total, with unilateral radical	12.0	60	3.0	42815	cutaneous tissues Excision branchial cleft cyst, ves-	4.0	30	3.0
42440	neck dissection Excision submandibular (sub-	25.0	60	3.0		tige, or fistula, extending beneath subcutaneous tissues and/or into			
42450	maxillary) gland Excision sublingual gland	10.0 5.5	60 60	3.0 3.0	42820	pharynx	10.0	30	3.0
REPAIR						my; under age 12 years	4.0	30	3.0
42500	Plastic repair salivary duct,				42821 42825	age 12 or over	4.8	30	3.0
	(sialodochoplasty); primary or simple	7.0	60	3.0	1000	ondary; under age 12	3.5	30	3.0
42505	secondary or complicated	BR+	00	3.0	42826 42830	age 12 or over	4.0	30	3.0
42507	Parotid duct diversion, bilateral (Wilke type procedure);	BR		3.0	42831	age 12 age 12 or over	2.8 3.0	30 30	3.0 3.0
42508	with excision of one	BR		2.0	42835	Adenoidectomy, secondary; un-			3.0
42509	submandibular gland with excision of both	DK		3.0	42836	der age 12	2.8 3.0	30 30	3.0 3.0
42510	submandibular glands with ligation of both	BR		3.0	42842	Radical resection of tonsil, tonsillar pillars, and/or	5.0		
	submandibular (Wharton's) ducts	BR		3.0		retromolar trigone; without clo-	D.D.		2.0
OTHER	PROCEDURES				42844	closure with local flap (e.g.,	BR		3.0
42550	Injection procedure for sialo-				42845	tongue, buccal)	BR BR		3.0 3.0
42600	graphy Closure salivary fistula	0.4 BR+	0	3.0		(For closure with other flap(s),			
*42650 42660*	Dilation salivary duct  Dilation and catheterization of	*0.3	0	3.0		use appropriate number for flap(s))			
	salivary duct, with or without injection	.5		3.0		(When combined with radical			
42665 42699	Ligation salivary duct, intraoral. Unlisted procedure, salivary	BR		3.0		neck dissection, use also 38720, 38721)			
ra	glands or ducts	BR	04.030.05	3.0	42860	Excision of tonsil tags	2.8	30	3.0
	y Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 7-18), § 296-22-165, filed 7/23/8				42870	Excision lingual tonsil (separate procedure)	4.8	30	3.0
19), § 2	96-22-165, filed 2/28/86, effective	ve 4/1/	86. Statut	ory Au-	42880	Excision of nasopharyngeal lesion (e.g., fibroma)	BR		3.0
(Order 8	RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 0–25), § 296–22–165, filed 12/3/8	0, effect	tive 3/1/8	l; Order			ЫK		3.0
	296-22-165, filed 1/30/74; Order 8, effective 1/1/69.]	687, §	296–22–1	65, filed		(For excision and repair of hypopharyngeal diverticulum, cervical approach, see 43130; for			
WAG	C 296-22-170 Pharynx, ad	lenoids	and ton	sils.		endoscopic approach, see 43225)			
	•		Follow-		42890	Limited pharyngectomy; without radical neck dissection	BR		3.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	42892		ЬK		3.0
INCISIO	ON					closure by advancement of lateral and posterior pharyngeal walls.	BR		3.0
*42700	Incision and drainage abscess;						Dic		5.0
42720	peritonsillar retropharyngeal or paraphar-	*0.6	0	3.0		(When combined with radical neck dissection, use also 38720, 38721)			
42725	yngeal, intraoral approach retropharyngeal or	2.4	15	3.0	42894	•			
	parapharangeal, external approach	BR		3.0		quiring closure with myocutaneous flap	BR		3.0
EXCISIO	ON					(When combined with radical			
42800 42802	Biopsy; oropharynxhypopharynx	0.8 1.4	7 7	3.0 3.0		neck dissection, use also 38720, 39721)			
(1989 Ed.)	)						[Title	296 WAC	—p 329]

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
REPAI	<b>ર</b>				43110	Esophagectomy: (at upper two- thirds level) and gastric			
42900	Suture pharynx for wound or in-					anastomosis with vagotomy; with			
	jury	BR		3.0	42111	or without pyloroplasty	30.0 35.0	90 90	12.0 12.0
42950	Pharyngoplasty (plastic or reconstructive operation on pharynx).	BR		3.0	43111 43115	with second stage pyloroplasty Esophagectomy (at upper two-	33.0	30	12.0
		DIC		5.0		thirds level) with segment re-			
	(For pharyngeal flap, see 42225)				43119	placement, one or two stages  Total esophagectomy with	40.0	90	12.0
42953	Pharyngoesophageal repair	BR		3.0	43119	gastropharyngostomy, without			
	(For closure with myocutaneous					thoracotomy	BR		12.0
	or other flap, use appropriate number in addition)				43120	Esophagogastrectomy (lower- third) and vagotomy, combined			
OTHER	•					thoracicoabdominal with or			
	PROCEDURES				42120	without pyloroplasty	29.0	90	12.0
42955	Pharyngostomy (fistulization of pharynx, external for feeding)	BR			43130	Diverticulectomy of hypopharynx or esophagus, with or without			
42960	Control oropharyngeal hemor-					myotomy; cervical approach	14.0	90	6.0
	rhage (primary or secondary, e.g.,			4.0	43135	thoracic approach	20.0	90	12.0
42961	posttonsillectomy); simple complicated, requiring hospital-	1.0	0	4.0	43136	Diverticulopexy of hypopharynx, with or without myotomy	BR		6.0
42701	ization	BR		4.0					
42962	with secondary surgical inter-	DD.		4.0		(For endoscopic approach, see 43225)			
42970	vention	BR		4.0		,			
	rhage (primary or secondary, eg,				ENDOS	SCOPY	,		
	postadenoidectomy); simple, with posterior nasal packs, with or					(For endoscopic procedures, code			
	without anterior packs and/or					appropriate endoscopy of each anatomic site examined)			
	cauterization	2.0	0	4.0					
42971	complicated, requiring hospital- ization	BR		4.0	43200	Esophagoscopy, rigid or flexible fiberoptic (specify); diagnostic			
42972	with secondary surgical inter-	DIC		4.0		procedure	4.0	15	3.0
42000	vention	BR		4.0	43202	for biopsy and/or collection of			
42999	Unlisted procedure, pharynx, adenoids, or tonsils	BR		4.0		specimen by brushing or washing for cytology	4.8	15	3.0
[Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		በፈ በ3በ - ዩዐ	_17_030	43204	for injection sclerosis of esoph-			0.0
(Order	89-09), § 296-22-170, filed 8/10/	89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 86-	43215	ageal varices	5.0 6.0	15 15	3.0 3.0
	(Order 86–19), § 296–22–170,				43213	for foreign body removal	0.0	13	3.0
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51. 20(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25)					(For removal of foreign body with use of catheter see 74235)			
12/3/80	, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 2	296-22-	170, filed	1/30/74;		,			
Order 6	8-7, § 296-22-170, filed 11/27/68,	effectiv	e 1/1/69.j		43217	for removal of polyp(s)	6.0	15	3.0
WW A	C 296-22-180 Esophagus.					(43218 Esophagoscopy with irri-			
** **	C 276-22-100 Esophagus.		ъ.			gation has been deleted. To report, use 43499)			
		Unit	Follow– up	Basic		•			
		Value	Days=	Anes@	43219	for insertion of plastic tube or stent	4.8	15	3.0
INCISI	ONI				43220	for dilation, direct, any	-4.0	13	3.0
						method	4.8	15	3.0
43000	Esophagotomy, cervical approach; without removal foreign					(For dilation, without visualiza-			
	body	14.0	90	6.0		tion, see 43450-43456)			
43020 43030	with removal of foreign body.	14.0 14.0	90 90	6.0 6.0	43226	for insertion of wire to guide			
43040	. , , , ,	14.0	90	0.0		dilation	4.0	15	3.0
	proach; without removal of for-		20		43227	for control of hemorrhage (e.g., electrocoagulation, laser			
43045	eign body with removal foreign body .	19.0 19.0	90 90	12.0 12.0		photocoagulation)	5.0	15	3.0
EXCISI	• •	17.0	,,	.2.0	43228	for ablation of tumor or			
						mucosal lesion (e.g., electrocoagulation, laser			
43100	Excision of local lesion, esopha- gus, with primary repair; cervical					photocoagulation)	5.0	15	3.0
	approach	19.0	90	12.0		(For gastroscopy, without esoph-			
43101	thoracic approach	20.0	90	12.0		agoscopy, see 43700-43714)			
43105	Wide excision of malignant le- sion of cervical esophagus, with				43234	Uppergastrointestinal endoscopy,			
	or without laryngectomy	BR		12.0		simple primary examination			
43106	with radical neck dissection (Wookey type procedure)	BR		12.0		(e.g., with small diameter flexible fiberscope)	BR		3.0
		DIC		12.0			211		
[Title 29	6 WAC—p 330]							(	1989 Ed.)

# Surgical Fees

		Ĭ 1=:4	Follow-	Dania			I init	Follow-	Davis
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@		·	Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
43235	Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy including esophagus, stomach,				REPAI	R			
	and either the duodenum and/or jejunum as appropriate; complex	• •		• •	43300	Esophagoplasty; (plastic repair or reconstruction) cervical ap-			
43239	for biopsy and/or collection of	5.0	15	3.0		proach; without repair of tracheoesophageal fistula	BR		12.0
43241	specimen by brushing or washing for cytology with transendoscopic tube or	4.0	15	3.0	43305	with repair of tracheoesopha- geeal fistula	22.0	90	6.0
43243	catheter placement for injection sclerosis of esoph-	BR		3.0	43310	Esophagoplasty, (plastic repair or reconstruction) thoracic approach; without repair of			
43245	ageal and/or gastric varices for dilation of gastric outlet	BR			43312	trachioesophageal fistula with repair of tracheoesopha-	30.0	90	12.0
43246	for obstruction	BR BR	15 15	3.0	43320		26.0	90	12.0
	cutaneous gastrostomy tube (For radiological guidance of	ЬK	13	3.0		(cardioplasty) with or without vagotomy and pyloroplasty; abdominal approach	22.0	90	6.0
	percutaneous placement, see 74350, 74351)				43321 43324	thoracic approach	22.0	90	11.0
43247 43251	for removal of foreign body for removal of polyp(s)	5.0 6.0	15 15	3.0 3.0		(e.g., Nissen, Belsey IV, Hill procedures)	BR		6.0
43255	for control of hemorrhage (e.g., electrocoagulation, laser				43325	with fundic patch (Thal-Nissen	, DD		
43258	photocoagulation)	5.0	15	3.0		(For cricopharyngeal myotomy,	BR		6.0
	mucosal lesion (e.g., electroco- agulation, laser photocoagula- tion hot biopsy/fulguration)	5.0	. 15	3.0	43330	see 43030) Esophagomyotomy (Heller type)			
	(For injection sclerosis of esoph-				43330	with or without hiatal hernia re- pair); abdominal approach	19.0	90	6.0
	ageal varicies, use 43204 or 43243)				43331	thoracic approach	19.0	90	11.0
43260	Endoscopic retrograde cholan- giopancreatography (ERCP),					(For esophagoduodenostomy or esophagojejunostomy with total gastric resection, see 43620)			
	with or without biopsy, and/or collection of specimen collec-	5.0	15	3.0	43340	Esophagojejunostomy (without total gastrectomy); abdominal			
43262	for sphincterotomy papillo- tomy	6.0	15	3.0	43341	approach thoracic approach	24.0 24.0	90 90	6.0 11.0
43263	for pressure measurement of sphincter of Oddi	8.7	15	3.0	43350	Esophagostomy, fistulization of esophagus, external; abdominal			
43264	for extraction of stone(s) from biliary and/or pancreatic			2.0	43351	approach thoracic approach	14.0 14.0	90 90	6.0 11.0
43265	ducts  for destruction lithotripsy of stone, any method	7.0 BR	. 15	3.0	43352 SUTUR	cervical approach	14.0	90	14.0
	(When done with	·			43400	Ligation, direct, esophageal var-	20.0		100
43267	sphincterotomy, also use 43262) for insertion of Nasobiliary or				43401	Transection of esophagus with repair, for esophageal varices	20.0 BR	90	12.0
43207	nasopancreatic drainage tube				43410	Suture esophageal wound or injury; cervical approach	BR		7.0
	(When done with sphincterotomy, also use 43262)				43415 43420	thoracic approach	19.0	90	12.0
43268	for insertion of tube or stent into bile or pancreatic duct	BR		3.0	43425	la; cervical approach thoracic approach	14.0 26.0	90 90	6.0 12.0
	(When done with sphincterotomy, also use 43262)					(For repair of esophageal hiatal hernia, see 39500 et seq.)			
43269	for removal and/or change of				MANIP	ULATION			
43271	tube, stent, or foreign body for balloon dilation of ampulla,	BR		2.0		(For associated esophagogram, use 74220)			
43272	biliary or pancreatic duct for ablation of tumor or mucosal lesion (e.g., laser hot	BR		3.0	*43450	Dilation of esophagus, by un- guided sound or bougie, single or			
	biopsy/fulgeration)	BR		3.0	*43451	multiple; initial session subsequent session	*0.6 *0.6	0 0	3.0 3.0
	(For fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography, see 74330)				43453	Dilation of esophagus, over guide wire or string	3.0	15	3.0
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—p 331]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For dilation with direct visualization, see 43220)				43641	parietal cell (highly selective).	BR		6.0
42455					ENDOS	SCOPY			
43455	Dilation of esophagus by balloon or Stark dilator;	4.0	15	3.0		(For upper gastrointestinal endo-			
43456	retrograde	BR		3.0		scopy, see 43234-43258)			
43460	Esophagogastric tamponade, with balloon (Sengstaaken type)	Sv.&			INTRO	DUCTION			
	(For removal of esophageal for-				43750	Percutaneous placement of gas-	D.D.		
	eign body by balloon catheter,				*43760	trostomy tube	BR BR		5.0 5.0
	use 74235)				SUTUR	F		100	
43499	Unlisted procedure, esophagus	BR		3.0		•			
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)				43800	Pyloroplasty	13.0	45	5.0
16-004 der 86-	89–09), § 296–22–180, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–180, filed 19), § 296–22–180, filed 2/28/86,	7/23/8 effective	37; 86–06– ve 4/1/86;	032 (Or- 83–16–		(For pyloroplasty and vagotomy, see 43640)			
066 (Or	der 83–23), § 296–22–180, filed 8/ 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.	2/83. S	tatutory A	uthority: S. (Order	43810	Gastroduodenostomy	14.0	45	5.0
80-25),	§ 296-22-180, filed 12/3/80, effec	tive 3/1	/81; Order	r 74–7, §	43820 43825	Gastrojejunostomy with vagotomy any type	14.0 18.0	45 45	5.0 6.0
296-22-	-180, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-	-7, §	296–22–18	0, filed	43830	Gastrostomy, temporary (tube,	10.0	15	0.0
11/2//0	8, effective 1/1/69.]		i.			rubber, or plastic) (separate procedure)	13.0	45	5.0
WAY A	C 296-22-190 Stomach.				43831	neonatal, for feeding	8.0	30	5.0
AA UF.	C 276-22-176 Stomacn.		Follow-			(For change of gastrostomy tube,			
		Unit	up	Basic		see 43760)			
		Value	Days=	Anes@	43832				
INCISI	ON				43840	construction of gastric tube Gastrorrhaphy, suture of perfo-	16.0	45	5.0
43500	Gastrotomy; with exploration or				45040	rated duodenal or gastric ulcer,			
43300	foreign body removal	12.0	45	5.0	43844	wound, or injury	13.0	45	6.0
43501	with suture repair of bleeding ulcer or esophagogastric lacer-				43044	sity		NONCO	VERED
	ation	BR		5.0	12045	Costnia stanling for mouhid abo		PROC	EDURE
43510	with esophageal dilation and	BR		5.0	43845	Gastric stapling for morbid obe- sity		NONCO	VERED
43520	insertion of plastic tubes  Pyloromyotomy, cutting of py-	ЫK		5.0	43846	Gastric bypass with Roux-en-Y		PROC	EDURE
	loric muscle (Fredet-Ramstedt	10.0	45	6.0	43040	gastroenterostomy for morbid			
	type operation)	10.0	: 40	0.0		obesity		NONCO	VERED EDURE
EXCISI	ON				43850	Revision of gastroduodenal		rkoc	EDUKE
43600	Biopsy of stomach; by capsule,					anastomosis (gastroduodenosto-			
	tube, peroral (one or more specimens)	3.0	0			my) with reconstruction, without vagotomy	20.0	60	5.0
43605	by laparotomy	12.0	45	5.0	43855	with vagotomy	23.0	60	6.0
43610 43620	Local excision of ulcer or tumor.  Gastrectomy, total; including in-	14.5	45	6.0	43860	Revision of gastrojejunal anasto mosis (gastrojejunostomy) with			
	testinal anastomosis	28.0	90	7.0		reconstruction; with or without			
43625	with repair by intestinal trans- plant	34.0	90	7.0		partial gastrectomy or bowel resection; without vagotomy	20.0	60	5.0
43630	Hemigastrectomy or distal subto-	34.0	70	7.0	43865	with vagotomy	23.0	60	6.0
	tal gastrectomy including pyloro-				43870 43880	Closure of gastrostomy, surgical. Closure of gastrocolic fistula	12.0 BR	45	5.0 5.0
	plasty, gastroduodenostomy or gastrojejunostomy; without vago-				43885	Anterior gastropexy for hiatal	DK		5.0
	tomy	19.0	60	6.0	42000	hernia (separate procedure)	BR		5.0
43635 43638	with vagotomy, any type Hemigastrectomy or proximal	21.0	60	6.0	43999	Unlisted procedure, stomach	BR		5.0
	subtotal gastrectomy, thoracic or				[Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-190, filed 8/10/	and 51.	04.030, 89	-17-039
43640	abdominal approach	19.0	60	6.0		89–09), § 296–22–190, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–190, filed			
15070	ty, with or without gastrostomy				der 86-	19), § 296-22-190, filed 2/28/86,	effecti	ve 4/1/86	83–16–
	truncal or selective	17.0	60	6.0		der 83-23), § 296-22-190, filed 8/1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.			
	(For pyloroplasty, see 43800)				81-28),	§ 296-22-190, filed 11/30/81, ef	fective 1	1/1/82; 80	-18-055
	(For vagotomy, see 64752-					80-25), § 296-22-190, filed 12/3/8 296-22-190, filed 1/30/74; Order			
	64760)					68, effective 1/1/69.]		•	

WA	C <b>296–22–195</b> Intestines (e	except	rectum).				]	Follow-	
	(		Follow-				Unit	up	Basic
		Unit	up	Basic			Value	Days=	Anes@
		Value	Days=	Anes@	44151	with continent ileostomy	BR	90	6.0
TALOTOL	N. J				44152	with rectal mucosectomy,			
INCISIO	JN .					ileoanal anastomosis, with or	D.D.		
44005	Enterolysis (freeing of intestinal				44153	without loop ileostomy with rectal mucosectomy,	BR	90	6.0
	adhesion) for acute bowel ob-				44133	ileoanal anastomosis, creation			
44010	struction	14.5	90	6.0		of ileal reservoir (S or J), with			
44010	Duodenotomy for exploration, biopsy(s), or foreign body re-					or without loop ileostomy	BR	90	6.0
	moval	14.5	60	7.0	44155	Colectomy, total abdominal, with			
44015	Needle catheter jejunostomy for				441.77	proctectomy and ileostomy	30.0	90	6.0
	enteral hyperalimentation (list				44156	with continent ileostomy	BR	90	6.0
	separately in addition to primary	D.D.		4.0	44160	Colectomy with removal of terminal ileum and ileocolostomy	30.0	90	6.0
44020	procedure) Enterotomy, small bowel, other	BR		4.0					
44020	than duodenum, for exploration,					OSTOMY—EXTERNAL FISTU	LIZATIO	ON OF	INTES-
	biopsy(s); or foreign body re-				TINES	(SEPARATE PROCEDURE)			
	moval	14.5	60	4.0					
44021	for decompression (e.g. Baker				44300	Enterostomy, or cecostomy, tube			
44005	tube)	BR	60	4.0		(e.g., for decompression of feed-			
44025	Colotomy, for exploration,				44005	ing)	8.5	90	4.0
	biopsy(s), or foreign body removal	15.0	60	4.0	44305	in conjunction with other pro-	2.0	00	
44040	Exteriorization of intestine	15.0	00	7.0	44310	cedures	2.0 14.5	90 90	4.0
	(Mikulicz resection with crush-				44310	Revision of ileostomy; simple	14.3	90	4.0
	ing of spur)	18.0	60	5.0	77312	(release of superficial scar)	BR		4.0
44050	Reduction of volvulus, intus-				44314	complicated (reconstruction in			***
	susception, internal hernia, by	140	0.0	5.0		depth)	BR		4.0
44055	laparotomy	14.0	90	5.0	44316	Continent ileostomy (Koch pro-			
44033	Correction of malrotation by lysis of duodenal bands and/or re-					cedure)	BR		4.0
	duction of midgut volvulus (e.g.,					(For fiberoptic evaluation, see			
	Ladd procedure	BR	90	5.0		44385)			
EXCISI	ON!				4.4000	,			
EACISI	JN				44320	Colostomy or skin level cecos-	12.0	00	4.0
44100	Biopsy of intestine by capsule,				44322	tomy (separate procedure) with multiple biopsies (e.g., for	12.0	90	4.0
	tube, peroral (one or more speci-	• •			77322	Hirschsprung disease	BR	90	4.0
44110	mens)	3.0	0		44340	Revision of colostomy, simple		, ,	
44110	Excision of one or more lesions of small or large bowel not requir-					(release of superficial scar)	1.2	90	4.0
	ing anastomosis, exteriorization,				44345	complicated (reconstruction in			
	or fistulization; single entero-				11216	depth)	6.0	60	4.0
	tomy	16.0	60	4.0	44346	with repair of paracolostomy	DD	<b>60</b>	4.0
44111	multiple enterotomies	BR		4.0		hernia	BR	60	4.0
44120	Enterectomy, resection of small	17.0	60	6.0	ENDOS	SCOPY, SMALL BOWEL AND ST	<b>COMAL</b>		
44125	intestine; with anastomosis with double-barrel enteros-	17.0	60	6.0		(For your control testing) and			
44123	tomy	14.0	60	6.0		(For upper gastrointestinal endo- scopy, see 43234–43258)			
44130	Enteroenterostomy, anastomosis		•	0.0		scopy, see 43234-43236)			
	of intestine; (separate proce-				44360	Small intestinal endoscopy, en-			
	dure)	14.5	90	5.0		teroscopy beyond second portion	2.0		• •
44131	intestinal bypass for morbid				44361	of duodenum; diagnostic for biopsy and/or collection of	3.0	7	3.0
44140	obesity noncovered procedure				44301	specimen by brushing or wash-			
44140	Colectomy, partial; with anastomosis	18.0	90	5.0		ing for cytology	2.0	7	3.0
44141	with skin level cecostomy or	10.0	70	5.0	44363	with removal of foreign body.	BR	7	3.0
	colostomy	20.0	90	6.0	44364	with removal of polyps	3.0	7	3.0
44143	with end colostomy and clo-				44366	for control of hemorrhage			
	sure of distal segment					(e.g., electrocoagulation, laser			
44144	(Hartmann type procedure)	18.0	90	6.0	44260	photocoagulation)	BR		3.0
44144	with resection, with colostomy or ileostomy and creation of				44369	for ablation of tumor or mucosal lesion (e.g., laser hot			
	mucofistula	18.0	90	6.0		biopsy/fulguration)	2.0	7	3.0
44145	with coloproctostomy (low	. 0.0	70	0.0	44372	for placement of percutaneous		•	-10
	pelvic anastomosis)	24.0	90	6.0		jejunostomy tube	BR		
44146	with coloproctostomy (low pel-				44373	for conversion of percutaneous			
	vic anastomosis) with colos-		_			gastrostomy tube to percutane-			
	tomy	26.0	90	6.0	11000	ous jejunostomy tube	BR		
44147	abdominal and transanal ap-	pp	00	۲.۵	44380	Fiberoptic ileoscopy through	4.0	~	2.0
44150	proach	BR	90	6.0	44382	stoma with biopsy and/or collection	4.0	7	3.0
77130	with ileostomy or ileoproctos-				77204	of specimen by brushing or			
	tomy; without proctectomy	26.0	90	6.0		washing	3.0	7	3.0
	•					<del>-</del>			
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		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	WAC 296-22-200 Meckel's diverticulum and the
		Value	Days=	Anes@	mesentery.
44385	Eibarantia avaluation of small in				Follow– Unit up Basio
44363	Fiberoptic evaluation of small intestinal (kock) or pelvic pouch	3.0	7	3.0	Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@
44386	for biopsy and/or collection of	5.5	,		, a.a. 2a) 5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	specimen by brushing or wash-				EXCISION
44200	ing	BR		3.0	44800 Excision of Meckel's divertic-
44388	Fiberoptic colonoscopy through colostomy	3.0	7	3.0	ulum (diverticulectomy) or
44389	with biopsy and/or collection	5.0	,	5.0	omphalomesenteric duct 10.0 45 4.0
	of specimen by brushing or				44820 Excision of lesion of mesentery
4.4000	washing	2.5		3.0	(separate procedure) (with bowel resection, see 44120 or 44140 et
44390 44391	with removal of foreign body.	3.5		3.0	seq.) BR 4.0
44391	for control of hemorrhage (e.g., electrocoagulation, laser				(With bowel resection, see 44120
	photocoagulation)	3.5		3.0	or 44140 et seq.)
44392	with removal of polypoid				• /
44202	lesion(s)	3.5		3.0	SUTURE
44393	for ablation of tumor or mucosal lesion (e.g., laser hot				44850 Suture of mesentery (separate
	biopsy/fulguration)	BR		3.0	procedure)
				5.0	(For reduction and repair of in-
	(For colonoscopy per rectum, see 45360–45386)				ternal hernia, see 44050)
CLUDIUD	,				44899 Unlisted procedure, Meckel's di-
SUTUR	E				verticulum and the mesentery BR 4.0
44600	Suture of intestine (enterorrha-				[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039
	phy), large or small, for perfo-				(Order 89-09), § 296-22-200, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-
	rated ulcer, diverticulum, wound, injury or rupture; single	14.0	45	7.0	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-200, filed 2/28/86, effective
44605	with colostomy	16.0	90	7.0	4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-200, filed
44610	multiple	BR		7.0	12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–200, filed 1/30/74
44620	Closure of enterostomy, large or	100	00	5.0	Order 68-7, § 296-22-200, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
44625	small intestine with resection and anastomo-	10.0	90	5.0	
44023	sis	14.0	90	6.0	WAC 296-22-205 Appendix.
44640	Closure of intestinal cutaneous		, ,		Follow-
	fistula	BR		4.0	Unit up Basio
44650	Closure of enteroenteric or	140		5.0	Value Days= Anes@
44660	enterocolic fistula	14.0	90	5.0	INICICIONI
77000	without intestinal or bladder re-				INCISION
	section	14.0	90	5.0	44900 Incision and drainage of
	(For closure of renocolic fistula,				appendiceal abscess, transab- dominal
	see 50525, 50526)				
44661	with bowel and/or bladder re-				EXCISION
44001	section	BR		5.0	44950 Appendectomy; 9.5 45 4.0
	(For closure of gastrocolic				(For incidental appendectomy,
	fistula, see 43880)				see WAC 296-22-010, item 7b
	•				and modifier -52)
	(For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 45800–45805)				44955 when done for indicated pur-
44600	· ·				pose at time of other major
44680	Intestinal plication, (separate procedure)	20.0	90	6.0	procedure (not as separate
44799	Unlisted procedure, intestine	BR	70	5.0	procedure)
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		04 030 89		scess or generalized peritonitis BR 4.0
Locatato	J		5 110001 09	., 000	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–195, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–195, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–195, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–195, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–195, filed 1/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–195, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–195, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-205, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-205, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-205, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-205, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WA	C 296-22-210 Rectum.							Follow-	
			Follow-				Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	45317	for control of hemorrhage			
INCISI	ON					(e.g., electrocoagulation, laser photocoagulation)	2.0	7	3.0
45000	Transrectal drainage of pelvic				45320	for ablation of tumor (e.g.,	2.0	,	3.0
	abscess	3.0	15	3.0		electrocoagulation, laser photocoagulation, hot biopsy/			
45005	Incision and drainage of submucous abscess, rectum	4.5	30	3.0	45221	fulguration)	BR		2.0
45020	Incision and drainage of deep				45321	for decompression of volvulus.	BR		3.0
	supralevator, pelvirectal or retrorectal abscess (see also					(45325 colonoscopy has been renumbered 45355 without change			
	46050, 46060)	4.8	30	3.0		in terminology)			
EXCISI	ON				45330	Sigmoidoscopy, flexible fiberoptic; diagnostic	0.8	15	3.0
45100	Biopsy of anorectal wall, anal approach (e.g., congenital mega-				45331	for biopsy and/or collection of	0.0	13	5.0
	colon)	4.0	15	3.0		specimen by brushing or washing	1.4	15	3.0
	(For endoscopic biopsy, see				45332	for removal of foreign body	1.4	15	3.0
	45305)				45333 45334	with removal of polyp(s) for control of hemorrhage	1.8	15	3.0
45108	Anorectal myomectomy	BR		3.0	43334	(e.g., electrocoagulation, laser			
45110	Proctectomy; complete, combined				45006	photocoagulation)	BR		
	abdominoperineal, with colostomy, one or two stages	26.0	90	7.0	45336	for ablation of tumor or mucosal lesion (e.g., electroco-			
45111	partial resection of rectum	24.0	90	7.0		agulation, laser photocoagula-			
45112					45377	tion hot biopsy/fulguration)	BR		3.0
	operineal, pull-through procedure, one or two stages	28.0	90	7.0	[45337]	for decompression of volvu-			
45114	Proctectomy, partial, with				46255	lus	BR		
	anastomosis; abdominal and transacral approach, one or two				45355	Colonoscopy, with standard sigmoidoscope, transabdominal			
	stages	30.0	90	7.0		via colotomy, single or multiple.	3.0	7	3.0
45116	transacral approach only (Kraske type)	28.0	90	7.0	45378	Colonoscopy, fiberoptic, beyond splenic flexure; diagnostic proce-			
45120	Proctectomy, complete, (e.g., for	20.0	50	7.0		dure	6.0	7	3.0
	congenital megacolonSwenson				45379	with removal of foreign body.	7.0	7	3.0
	Duhamel, or Soave type operation)	26.0	90	7.0	45380	with biopsy and/or collection of specimen for cytology	6.0	7	3.0
45121	with subtotal or total	2010		.,,	45382	for control of hemorrhage	7.0	7	3.0
	colectomy, with multiple biopsies (e.g., for colonic				45383	for ablation of tumor or mucosal lesion (e.g., electroco-			
	aganglionosis)	BR				agulation, laser photocoagula-			
45130	Excision of rectal procidentia, with anastomosis; perineal ap-				45385	tion, hot biopsy/fulguration). for removal of polypoid	BR		3.0
	proach	14.5	90	4.0	45505	lesion(s)	7.0	7	3.0
45135	abdominal and perineal ap-	26.0	00			(For small bowel and stomal en-			
45150	proach	26.0 BR	90	6.0 3.0		doscopy, see 44360-44393)			
45160	Excision of rectal tumor by				REPAIR	2			
	proctotomy, transacral or transcoccygeal approach	19.0	90	3.0	45500	Proctoplasty, for stenosis	10.0	90	3.0
45170	Excision of rectal tumor,				45505	for prolapse of mucous mem- brane	11.0	90	3.0
45180	transanal approach  Excision and/or electrodesicca-	BR		3.0	45520	Perirectal injection of sclerosing			5.0
	tion of malignant tumor of rec-	DD		• •	45521	solution for prolapse; office	1.0 4.0	0 30	3.0
	tum, transanal approach	BR		3.0	45540	Proctopexy for prolapse, abdomi-	41.0		5.0
ENDOS	COPY				45541	nal approach	18.0 18.0	90 90	4.0 3.0
45300	Proctosigmoidoscopy; diagnostic				45550	perineal approach proctopexy combined with sig-	10.0	90	3.0
45302	(separate procedures) for collection of specimen by	0.6	0	3.0		moid resection, abdominal ap-	22.0	00	
	brushing or washing for				45560	Repair of rectocele (separate	22.0	90	5.0
45303	cytology for dilation, direct, instrumen-	1.0	7	3.0		procedure)	24.0	90	5.0
43303	tal	1.5	7	3.0		(For repair of rectocele with pos-			
45305	for biopsy,	1.2	7	3.0		terior colporrhaphy, see 57250)			
45307 45310	for removal of foreign body for removal of polyp or	1.0	7	3.0	SUTUR	E			
	papilloma	1.4	7	3.0	45800	Closure of rectovesical fistula	20.0	90	5.0
45315	with removal of multiple				45805	with colostomy	22.0	90	5.0
	excrescences, papillomata or polyps	1.8	7	3.0	45820 45825	Closure of rectourethral fistula with colostomy	20.0 22.0	90 90	3.0 4.0
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		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(For rectovaginal fistula closure, see 57300-57308)				46230	Excision of external hemorrhoid tags and/or multiple papillae	1.2	15	3.0
MANIP	ULATION				46250	Hemorrhoidectomy, external, complete	4.8	90	3.0
*45900	Reduction of procidentia (sepa-				46255	Hemorrhoidectomy, internal and external, simple	7.0	90	3.0
45905*	rate procedure) under anesthesia Dilation of anal sphincter (sepa- rate procedure) under anesthesia	*0.6	0	3.0	46257 46258	with fissurectomy with fistulectomy, with or	BR	90	3.0
45910	other than local	BR		3.0	46260	Hemorrhoidectomy, internal and external, complex or extensive	BR 10.0	90	3.0
45915*	other than local	BR		3.0	46261 46262	with fissurectomy with fistulectomy, with or without fissurectomy	BR BR		3.0
	foreign body (separate proce-	22			46270	Fistulectomy; subcutaneous	2.4	30	3.0
45999	dure) under anesthesia	BR BR		3.0 3.0	46275	submuscular	9.5	90	3.0
	Unlisted procedure, rectum				46280	complex or multiple	BR+	20	3.0
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)				46285 *46320	second stage	2.0	30	3.0
	39–09), § 296–22–210, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–210, filed				70320	nal thrombotic hemorrhoid	*0.72	0	3.0
	(9), § 296–22–210, filed 2/28/86,				IN ITTO O				
	y: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030				INTRO	DUCTION			
055 (Or	der 80-25), § 296-22-210, filed	12/3/80	, effective	3/1/81;	*46500	Injection of sclerosing solution,			
	4-7, § 296-22-210, filed 1/30/74;	Order 68	3–7, § 296-	-22–210,		hemorrhoids	*0.4	0	3.0
filed 11/	[27/68, effective 1/1/69.]				ENDOS	SCOPY			
WA	C 296-22-215 Anus.				*46600	Anoscopy; diagnostic (separate			
,,,,			Follow-			procedure)	*0.32	0	3.0
		Unit	up	Basic	46602	for collection of specimen by brushing or washing for			
		Value	Days=	Anes@	46604	cytologyfor dilation, direct, instrumen-	0.5	0	3.0
INCISIO	ON				40004	tal	0.7	0	3.0
*46000	Fistulotomy, subcutaneous	*0.6	0	3.0	.46606	for biopsy	1.0	0	3.0
	· ·		-		46608	for removal of foreign body	1.5	0	3.0
	(For fistulectomy, see 46060, 46270–46285)				46610	for removal of polyp	1.5	0	3.0
	•				46612 46614	for multiple polyp removal	BR		3.0
*46030	Removal of seton, other marker.	*0.6	0		40014	with coagulation for control of hemorrhage and/or fulgura-			
46040	Incision and drainage of ischiorectal and/or perirectal ab-					tion of mucosal lesion	BR		3.0
	scess (separate procedure)	2.4	15	3.0	REPAIR				
46045	Incision and drainage of intra-				KLIAH				
	mural, intramuscular or submu-				46700	Anoplasty, plastic operation for	0.0	0.0	2.0
	cosal abscess, transanal, under	2.4	15	3.0	46705	stricture; adult	9.0 10.0	90 30	3.0 4.0
*46050	anesthesia	4. <del>71</del>	13	3.0	40703		10.0	30	4.0
	abscess, superficial (see also					(For simple incision of anal sep-			
46060	45020, 46060)	*0.48	0	3.0		tum, see 46070)			
46060	ischiorectal or intramural abscess with fistulectomy, submuscular				46715	Repair of congenital anovaginal fistula ("cut-back" type procedure)	12.0	90	4.0
46070	(see also 45020)	9.5	90	3.0	46716	•	12.0	90	4.0
46070	Incision, anal septum (infant)  (For anoplasty, see 46700–	1.2	0	3.0	46730	fistula	14.0	90	4.0
	46705)					coccygeal approach	16.0	90	5.0
*46080	Sphincterotomy, anal, division of				46735	combined abdominal and per-			
	anal sphincter (separate procedure)	*1.2	0	3.0	46740	ineal approach	20.0	90	7.0
46083	Incision of thrombosed hemor-	1.2	U	3.0	46740	Construction of anus for congenital absence, with repair of urin-			
	rhoid, external	BR		3.0		ary fistula	22.0	90	7.0
EXCISI	ON				46750	Sphincteroplasty, anal, for incon-			
					4/554	tinence, or prolapse; adult	10.0	90	3.0
46200	Fissurectomy, with or without sphincterotomy	4.8	90	3.0	46751 46753	child Graft (Thiersch operation) for	12.0	90	4.0
46210	Cryptectomy, single	1.4	30	3.0	40/33	rectal incontinence and/or pro-			
46211	multiple, (separate procedure)	7.0	90	3.0		lapse	BR		4.0
46220	Papillectomy or excision of single	^ ′		3.0	46754	Removal of Thiersch wire or su-	nn		4.0
46221	tab, anus (separate procedure) Hemorrhoidectomy, by simple	0.6	15	3.0	46760	Sphinteroplasty, anal, for incon-	BR		4.0
	ligature (rubber band)	BR		3.0		tinence, adult, muscle transplant	BR		4.0
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			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
46761	levator muscle imbrication				47120	Hepatectomy, resection of liver;			
46762	(park posterior anal repair) implantation artificial sphinc-	BR			47122	partial lobectomy trisegmentectomy	19.0 BR	45	10.0
	ter	BR			47125	total left lobectomy	BR		13.0
DESTR	UCTION				47130 47133	total right lobectomy  Donor hepatectomy, with prepa-	BR		13.0
*46900	Destruction of lesion(s), anus (e.g., condyloma, papilloma,					ration and maintenance of homograft	BR		13.0
	molluscum contagiosum, herpetic	*0.40	0		47135		BR		15.0
*46910	vessel, simple chemical	*0.48 *0.8	0 0	3.0	REPAII		ЫK		13.0
46916 46917	cryosurgerylaser surgery	BR BR	0	3.0	47300	Marsupialization of cyst or ab-			
46922	surgical excision	BR		3.0	47500	scess of liver	14.5	60	6.0
46924	Destruction of lesion(s), anus (e.g., condyloma, papilloma,				SUTUR	Е			
	molluscum, contagiosum, her- petic vessel) etensive, any				47350	Hepatorrhaphy, suture of liver	14.0	45	4.0
46004	method	BR		3.0	47355	wound or injury; simple with common duct or gallblad-			-
46934	Destruction of hemorrhoids, any method; internal	BR			47360	der drainage	18.0	45	7.0
46935 46936	external	BR BR			47399	patic artery ligation Unlisted procedure, liver	BR BR		12.0 3.0
46937	Cryosurgery of rectal tumor; be-					ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		NA N3N 89.	
46938	nign malignant	BR BR		3.0	(Order 8	39-09), § 296-22-220, filed 8/10/	89, effe	ctive 9/10/	/89; 87
46940	Curettage or cauterization of anal fissure, including dilation of					(Order 87–18), § 296–22–220, filed 19), § 296–22–220, filed 2/28/86.			
	anal sphincter (separate proce-	BR		3.0		der 83-23), § 296-22-220, filed 8/1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.			
46942	dure); initialsubsequent	BR		3.0	80-25),	§ 296-22-220, filed 12/3/80, effect	tive 3/1	/81; Order	74-7, §
SUTUR	E					-220, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-8, effective 1/1/69.]	~/, 8 4	196-22-22	u, illea
46945	Ligation of internal hemorrhoids; single procedure	BR		3.0	WW/A	C 296-22-225 Biliary trac	4		
		KK		3 ()			' B _		
46946	multiple procedures	BR		3.0	****	C 270-22-225 Dinary trac		Fallow	
					VV 1 K	C 270-22-225 Dillary trac	Unit	Follow- up	Basic
	multiple procedures				**************************************	C 270-22-225 Binary trac			Basic Anes@
OTHER 46999 [Statuto	multiple procedures	BR BR and 51.6		3.0 3.0 9–17–039	INCISI	·	Unit	up	
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16–004	multiple procedures	BR BR and 51.6 89, effect 7/23/8	tive 9/10, 7; 86–06–	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or-		ON  Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy	Unit	up	
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1	multiple procedures	BR BR and 51.6 89, effec 17/23/8 effective	tive 9/10, 7; 86–06–4 4/1/86. S	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory	INCISI 47400	ON  Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit	up	
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or	multiple procedures	BR and 51.6 89, effective and 51.1 12/3/80,	etive 9/10, 7; 86–06–4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81;	INCISI	ON  Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value	up Days=	Anes@
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74	multiple procedures	BR and 51.6 89, effective and 51.1 12/3/80,	etive 9/10, 7; 86–06–4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81;	INCISI 47400	ON  Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value	up Days=	Anes@
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR and 51.6 89, effective and 51.1 12/3/80,	etive 9/10, 7; 86–06–4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81;	INCISI 47400	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0	up Days=	6.0 5.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR and 51.6 89, effective and 51.1 12/3/80,	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-1, 4/1/86. S 16.120(3), effective 1-7, § 296-	3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81;	INCISIO 47400 47420	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0 17.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.6 89, effective 7/23/8 effective and 51. 12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10 7; 86-06-4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective 1-7, § 296-	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	47400 47420 47425 47440	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0	up Days=	6.0 5.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.6 89, effect 7/23/8 effective and 51. 2/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-14/1/86. S 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, § 296-	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,	INCISIO 47400 47420 47425	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0 17.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 74 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.6 89, effective 7/23/8 effective and 51. 12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10 7; 86-06-4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective 1-7, § 296-	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	47400 47420 47425 47440	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0 17.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authoriti 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value 20.0 17.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.6 89, effective 7/23/8 effective and 51. 12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10 7; 86-06-4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective 1-7, § 296-	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0  19.0  19.0  19.0	up Days= 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 12.0 BR	up Days= 45 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-) Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/ WAG INCISIO**47000	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	up Days= 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-) Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/ WAG INCISIO**47000	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.689, effective and 51.12/3/80, Order 68	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 9-17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- Statutory . 80-18- 3/1/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO 47500	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 11.0 BR	up Days= 45 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-) Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/ WAG INCISIO**47000	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.4 89, effect 7/23/8 effective and 51. 12/3/80, Order 68  Unit Value	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO 47500	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 12.0 BR	up Days= 45 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 5.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16-004 der 86-) Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/ WAG  INCISIO *47000	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.4 89, effective and 51. (2/3/80, Order 68  Unit Value  *1.4	tive 9/10 7; 86-06-4 4/1/86. S 16.120(3), effective -7, § 296-  Follow- up Days=	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.0 3.1 89; 87 31/81; -22-215,  Basic Anes@ 3.0	47420 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO 47500	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0  12.0 BR  1.6 BR BR	up Days= 45 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 5.0
OTHER 46999 [Statuto (Order 8 16–004 der 86–1 Authorit 055 (Or Order 7 filed 11/ WAG  INCISIO *47000	multiple procedures	BR  BR and 51.4 89, effect 7/23/8 effective and 51. 12/3/80, Order 68  Unit Value	etive 9/10, 7; 86-06-4, 4/1/86. \$ 16.120(3)., effective 1-7, \$ 296-17.	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	INCISIO 47400 47420 47425 47440 47460 47480 47490 INTRO 47500 47510	Hepaticotomy or hepaticostomy with exploration, drainage, or removal of calculus	Unit Value  20.0  17.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 12.0 BR	up Days= 45 45 45 45 45	6.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 5.0

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	(Order 16-004	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-225, filed 8/10 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-225, file 19), § 296-22-225, filed 2/28/86	/89, effe d 7/23/8	ctive 9/10 37; 86–06–	/89; 87– 032 (Or-
	(For radiologic guidance, see 75981, 75983)				RCW 5	rder 83–23), § 296–22–225, filed 8 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16 § 296–22–225, filed 12/3/80, effe	.120(3).	80-18-05	5 (Order
ENDOS	СОРУ				296-22-	-225, filed 1/30/74; Order 68 68, effective 1/1/69.]			
47550	Biliary endoscopy, intraoperative (choledochoscopy)	BR		5.0		C 296-22-230 Pancreas.			
	(Use 47550 with either 47420 or 47610)				***	e 200 22 200 Tunereus.	Unit	Follow-	Dania
47552	Biliary endoscopy, percutaneous via T-tube or other tract; diag-						Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
47553	nostic for biopsy and/or collection of	BR		5.0	INCISI				
41555	specimen by brushing or wash-			* 0	48000	Drainage of abdomen for pancreatitis		60	5.0
47554	for removal of stone(s)	BR BR		5.0 5.0	48020		20.0	60	6.0
47555	for dilation of biliary duct	nn			EXCISI	ION			
	stricture	BR		5.0	48100				
	(For peroral biliary endoscopic procedure see 43260-43272)				48102	procedure)	14.0 2.5	60 7	5.0
EXCISI	ON							,	
47600 47605 47610	Cholecystectomy with cholangiography Cholecystectomy with explora-	14.5 15.0	45 45	5.0 5.0		(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943)			
	tion of common duct	17.0	45	6.0		(For fine needle aspiration, prep-			
47612 47620	with choledochoenterostomy with transduodenal sphinctero- tomy or sphinteropalsty	BR	45	6.0		aration, and interpretation of smears, see 88170-88173)	•		
	[sphincteroplasty], with or without cholangiograpy	20.0	45	6.0	48120	(e.g., cyst, adenoma)	17.0	60	6.0
47630	Biliary duct stone extraction, percutaneous via t-tube tract (e.g., Burhenne technique)	BR		5.0	48140 48145	Pancreatectomy, distal subtotal, with or without splenectomy with pancreaticojejunos-	20.0	60	6.0
		. DK		5.0		tomy	22.0	60	6.0
	(For fluoroscopic procedure, see 74327)				48148	Excision of ampulla of Vater, simple	BR		6.0
47700	Exploration for congenital atresia of bile ducts, without repair, with				48150	Pancreatectomy, proximal subto- tal, with pancreaticoduodenos- tomy (Whipple type procedure			
	or without liver biopsy, with or without cholangiography	14.5	45	6.0		and pancreatic jejunostomy)	34.0	60	6.0
47701	Portoenterostomy (e.g., Kasai	14.5	45	0.0	48151	Pancreatectomy, near-total, with preservation of duodenum (Child			
47710	procedure) Excision of bile duct tumor, with	BR				type procedure)	BR		
47710	repair	BR			48155 48160	Pancreatectomy, total with transplantation	34.0 BR	60	6.0 6.0
	Excision of choledochal cyst Anastomosis, choledochal cyst,	BR			48180	Pancreaticojejunostomy side-to-			0.0
	without excision	BR				side anastomosis, Puestow type operation, (separate procedure).	24.0	60	6.0
REPAIR					ENDOS				
47720	Chloecystoenterostomy; direct	14.5	60	5.0		(For peroral pancreatic endo-			
47721 47740	with gastroenterostomy Roux-en-y	16.0 16.0	60 60	6.0 6.0		scopic procedures see 43260-			
47760	Anastomosis, direct, of extrahep-		00	0.0		43272)			
	atic biliary ducts and gastroin- testinal tract	20.0	90	6.0	REPAII	₹			
47765	Anastomosis, direct, of intrahep-				48500	Marsupialization of cyst of pan- creas	14.5	60	6.0
	atic ducts and gastrointestinal tract	BR		6.0	48510	External drainage, pseudocyst of		00	0.0
47780	Anastomosis, Roux-en-y of ex-				48520	pancreas	BR		
	trahepatic biliary ducts and gas- trointestinal tract	22.0	90	6.0	.0220	tic cyst to gastrointestinal tract;	1710		
47800	Reconstruction, plastic, of extra- hepatic biliary ducts with end-				48540	direct	17.0 19.0	60 60	6.0 6.0
15001	to-end anastomosis	20.0	90	6.0	48999	Unlisted procedure, pancreas	BR		6.0
47801 47802	Placement of choledochal stent U-tube hepaticoenterostomy	BR BR		5.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
	PROCEDURES				16004	89–09), § 296–22–230, filed 8/10, (Order 87–18), § 296–22–230, filed	17/23/8	7; 86–060	032 (Or-
	Unlisted procedure, biliary tract.	BR		5.0		19), § 296–22–230, filed 2/28/86 der 83–23), § 296–22–230, filed 8,			
	6 WAC—p 338]	210		5.0	555 (01)	20	2,00.0	•	1989 Ed.)

80–25), 296–22-	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296-22-230, filed 12/3/80, effection of the state of the st	tive 3/1	/81; Order	74–7, §			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
, ,	, , -				49250				
WA tum.	C 296-22-235 Abdomen, 1	periton	eum and	omen-	49255	,,,,	BR		5.0
			Follow-			section of omentum (separate procedure)	BR		5.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	ENDOS				
INCISI	ON.				49300	Peritoneoscopy; without biopsy	4.0	15	3.0
					49301	with biopsy	6.0	10	5.0
49000	Exploratory laparotomy, exploratory celiotomy with or without				49302	Peritoneoscopy with guided transhepatic cholangiography;			
	biopsy(s) (separate procedure)				40202	without biopsy	7.0	10	5.0
	(see WAC 296-22-010, item 7b)	10.0	45	6.0	49303	with biopsy	8.0	10	5.0
49002	Reopening of recent laparotomy incision for exploration; removal	10.0	,,,			(For sterilization by laparoscopic technique, see 58982)			
	of hematoma, control of bleeding	10.0	45	7.0	INTRO	DUCTION AND REVISION			
49010	Exploration, retroperitoneal area with or without biopsy(s) (sepa-				*49400	Pneumoperitoneum (separate procedure); initial	*1.0	0	3.0
49020	rate procedure)	10.0	45	6.0	*49401 *49420	Insertion of intraperitoneal can-	*0.6	0	3.0
	appendiceal abscess, transabdo-					nula or catheter for drainage or dialysis; temporary	*1.0	0	3.0
	minal	11.0	45	6.0	49421	permanent	BR		3.0
	(For appendiceal abscess, see				49425	Peritoneal-venous shunt (e.g., LeVeen shunt)	BR		3.0
	44900)				49426	Revision of peritoneal-venous	BR		2.0
49040	Drainage of subdiaphragmatic or subphrenic abscess	12.0	45	7.0		shunt	DK		3.0
49060	Drainage of retroperitoneal ab-	12.0	43	7.0		(For shunt patency test, see 78291)			
*49080	scess Peritoneocentesis, abdominal pa-	11.0	45	7.0	REPAIR	•			
47000	racentesis or peritoneal lavage;					` OPLASTY, HERNIORRHAPHY,	HEDN	IOTOMY	
*49081	initial subsequent	*0.8 *0.6	0	4.0 4.0	HERINE		BEKN	IOTOWIT	
49085	Removal of peritoneal foreign		Ū			(For reduction and repair of intra-abdominal hernia, see 44050)			
	body	BR		6.0		(For debridement of abdominal			
	(For lysis of intestinal adhesions, see 44000)					wall, see 11042, 11043)			
EXCISI	ON AND DESTRUCTION					(All codes for bilateral procedures in hernia repair have been			
*49180	Biopsy, abdominal or retroperi-					deleted. To report, add modifier			
	toneal mass, needle, percutane-	2.5	_			<b>–50)</b>			
	ous	2.5	7		49500	Repair inguinal hernia, under age 5 years, with or without			
	(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361, 76365, 76366; for ultra-					hydrocelectomy; unilateral	7.0	45	3.0
	sonic guidance, see 76942,				49505	Repair inguinal hernia, age 5 or over; unilateral	9.0	45	4.0
	76943)				49510	Repair of inguinal hernia, age 5	710		
	(For fine needle aspiration, prep-					or over; unilateral, with orchiectomy, with or without implanta-			
	aration, and interpretation of smears, see 76942, 76943)					tion of prosthesis	9.5	45	3.0
49200	Excision or destruction by any				49515	with excision of hydrocele or spermatocele	9.5	45	3.0
47200	method of intraabdominal or re-				49520	recurrent	10.0	45	4.0
	troperitoneal tumors or cysts or endometriomas	14.0	60	5.0	49525 49530	slidingincarcerated	10.0 12.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
49201	extensive	BR	00	5.0	49535	strangulated	12.0	45	3.0
49215	Excision of presacral or			3.0	49540	Repair lumbar hernia	10.0	45	3.0
49220	sacrococcygeal tumor Staging celiotomy (laparotomy)	BR			49550 49552	Repair femoral hernia, groin incision; unilateral	9.0	45	3.0
	for Hodgkin's disease or lym- phoma (includes splenectomy,				47332	Repair femoral hernia, Henry approach; unilateral	10.0	45	3.0
	needle or open biopsies of both				49555	Repair femoral hernia, recurrent,	10.0		
	liver lobes, possibly also removal of abdominal nodes, abdominal				49560	any approach	10.0	45	3.0
	node and/or bone marrow biopsies, ovarian repositioning)	BR	45	5.0	49565	procedure)	11.0 12.0	45 45	6.0
	area, ovarian repositioning)	Ж	₩3	٦.0	47,000	100uiiont			3.0
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 339]

		Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
49570	Repair epigastric hernia, properitomeal fat (separate procedure); simple	3.0	45	3.0		(For renal endoscopy performed in conjunction with this proce-			
49575 49580	complex	7.0 7.0	45 45	3.0 3.0	50060	dure, see 50570-50580)  Nephrolithotomy; removal of calculus	20.0	90	5.0
49581 49590	age 5 or over	8.5 9.0	45 45	4.0 3.0	50065	secondary surgical operation for calculus	24.0	90	5.0
49600	Repair of omphalocele; small, with primary closure large or gastroschisis, with or	9.5	45	6.0	50070	complicated by congenital kidney abnormality	24.0	90	5.0
49606	without prosthesis with staged closure of prosthe-	14.5	60	9.0	50075	removal of large (staghorn cal- culus filling renal pelvis and calyces including anatrophic			
49610	sis, reduction in operating room, under anesthesia Repair of omphalocele (Gross	BR		9.0	50080	pyelolithotomy) Percutaneous nephrostolithotomy or pyelostolithotomy, with or	26.0	90	5.0
49611	type operation); first stage	12.0 12.0	60 60	8.0 7.0		without dilation, endoscopy, lithotripsy, stenting or basket ex-			•
	(For diaphragmatic or hiatal hernia repair, see 39502-39541)				50081	traction; up to 2 cmover 2 cm	BR BR		5.0 5.0
CA IMPA ID	(For surgical repair of omentum, use 49999)					(For establishment of nephrostomy without nephrostolithotomy, see 50040, 50395 or 52334)			
SUTUR 49900	Suture, secondary, of abdominal				50100	Transection or repositioning of aberrant renal vessels (separate			
	wall for evisceration or dehiscence	6.0	30	5.0	50120	procedure)	17.0 20.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
	(For suture of ruptured dia- phragm, see 39540-39541) (For debridement of abdominal					(For renal endoscopy performed in conjunction with this procedure, see 50570-50580)			
49999	wall, see 11042, 11043) Unlisted procedure, abdomen,				50125 50130	with drainage, pyelostomy with removal of calculus	20.0	90	5.0
	peritoneum and omentum ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	BR	<b>04 030 80</b>	5.0 _17_039	50150	(pyelolithotomy, pelviolithotomy including coagulum			
(Order 8 16–004 (	39–09), § 296–22–235, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–235, filed (9), § 296–22–235, filed 2/28/86,	89, effe 7/23/8	ctive 9/10, 37; 86–06–0	/89; 87– 032 (Or-	50135	pyelolithotomy)	20.0	90	5.0
066 (Ore RCW 5	der 83–23), § 296–22–235, filed 8/1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1	2/83. S 120(3).	tatutory A 81–24–041	uthority: (Order	EXCISI	abnormality)	24.0	90	5.0
(Order 8	§ 296–22–235, filed 11/30/81, eff 60–25), § 296–22–235, filed 12/3/8 296–22–235, filed 1/30/74; Order	0, effec	tive 3/1/8	1; Order		(For excision of retroperitoneal tumor or cyst, see 49200, 49201)			
11/27/6	8, effective 1/1/69.]				*50200	Renal biopsy, percutaneous; by trocar or needle	2.4	7	
	URINARY SYST		se 99070	in ad-		(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for fluoroscopic guidance, see 76000; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943)			
	to primary procedure)					(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of smears, see 88170-88173)			
		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	50205 50220	by surgical exposure of kidney Nephrectomy, including partial ureterectomy, any approach in-	8.0	30	5.0
INCISIO	DN				50225	cluding rib resection complicated because of pre-	20.0	90	5.0
	(For retroperitoneal exploration, abscess, tumor, or cyst, see 49010, 49060, 49200, 49201)				50230	vious surgery on same kid- ney radical, with regional lym-	24.0	90	5.0
50010	Renal exploration, not necessitating other specific procedures	17.0	90	6.0	50234	phadenectomy Nephrectomy with total ureterectomy and bladder cuff;	26.0	90	5.0
50020	Drainage of perirenal or renal abscess (separate procedure)	14.0	90	5.0	50236	through same incision through separate incision	24.0 24.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
50040 50045	Nephrostomy, nephrotomy with drainage	20.0 20.0	90 90	5.0 5.0	50240 50280	Nephrectomy, partial Excision or unroofing of cyst(s) of kidney	24.0 18.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
	6 WAC—p 340]	20.0	70	5.0		or maney	10.0		989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
50290	Excision of perinephric cyst	18.0	90	5.0	50394	Injection procedure for pyelo-			
RENAL	TRANSPLANTATION				30354	graphy (as nephrostogram,			
	(For dialysis, see 90941-90999)					pyelostogram, antegrade pyelou- reterograms) through nephros-			
50300	Donor nephrectomy, with preparation and maintenance of homograft; from cadaver donor, unilateral or bilateral	BR+			50395	tomy or pyelostomy tube, or indwelling ureteral catheter (separate procedure) Introduction of guide into renal pelvis and/or ureter with dilation	.3	0	
50320 50340	from living donor, unilateral Recipient nephrectomy (separate	24.0	90	5.0		to establish nephrostomy tract, percutaneous	BR		3.0
50341	procedure); unilateral	20.0 30.0	90 90	5.0 5.0		(For nephrostolithotomy, see			
50360	Renal homotransplantation, implantation of graft; excluding do-					50080, 50081) (For retrograde percutaneous ne-			
50365	nor and recipient nephrectomy with unilateral recipient ne-	30.0	180	6.0		phrostomy, use 52334)			
50366	phrectomy with bilateral recipient ne-	50.0	180	6.0		(For endoscopic surgery, see 50551-51561)			
50370	phrectomy	50.0	180	6.0	50396	Manometric studies through ne-			
*****	graft (e.g., infarcted or rejected kidney)	13.0	60	6.0	50398*	phrostomy or pyelostomy tube, or indwelling ureteral catheter Change of nephrostomy or pyel-	.4	0	
50380	Renal autotransplantation, reimplantation of kidney	30.0	120	6.0	30370	ostomy tube	.3	0	
	(For extra-corporeal "bench"				REPAIL	R			
	surgery, use autotransplantation as the primary procedure and add the secondary procedure e.g., partial nephrectomy, nephrolith- otomy, and use the modifier -51)				50400	Pyeloplasty; (Foley Y-pyelo- plasty), plastic operation on re- nal pelvis, with or without plastic operation on ureter or nephro- pexy, nephrostomy, pyelostomy,			
INTROI	DUCTION				50405	or uretral splinting; simple complicated (congenital kidney	22.0	90	5.0
*50390	Aspiration and/or injection of renal cyst or pelvis by needle, percutaneous	2.5	7			abnormality, secondary pyelo- plasty, solitary kidney calycoplasty)	26.0	90	5.0
	•	2.5	,		SUTUR	E			
	(For CT guidance, see 76365, 76366)				50500	Nephrorrhaphy, suture of kidney			
	(For fluoroscopic guidance, see				50520	wound or injury	20.0	90	8.0
	76000; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76938, 76939; for radiologic guidance, see 74000)				50525	pyelocutaneous fistula	20.0	90	5.0
	(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of				50526	dominal approach thoracic approach	24.0 24.0	90 90	5.0 11.0
50392	smears, see 88170–88173)  Introduction of intracatheter or					(For supplemental skills of two surgeons, see WAC 296-22-010, item 5b, and modifier -62)			
	catheter into renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous	2.5	7		50540	kidney with or without pyelo- plasty and/or other plastic pro- cedure, unilateral or bilateral	20.0	00	<i>5</i> 0
	see 76938)				E1:500	(one operation)	28.0	90	5.0
	(For radiographic procedure, see 74475, 74476)				ENDOS	(For supplies and materials, use			
50393	Introduction of ureteral catheter or stent into ureter through renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous	2.5	7	3.0	50551	lished nephrostomy or pyelos- tomy, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureteropyelogra-			
	(For fluoroscopic guidance, see 76000; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76938)				50553	phy, exclusive of radiologic service	2.0	3	3.0
	(For radiographic procedure, see 74480, 74481)				50555	ureter with biopsy	2.0 2.0	3 3	3.0 3.0
(1989 Ed.)	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 341 <u>]</u>

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
50557	with fulguration and/or inci-				,				
50559	sion, with or without biopsy with insertion of radioactive substance with or without bi-	2.0	3	3.0		(For endoscopic extraction or manipulation of ureteral calculus, see 50080, 50081, 50561,			
50561	opsy and/or fulguration with removal of foreign body	3.0	3	3.0		50961, 50980, 52320–52330, 52336, 52337)			
	or calculus	2.0	3	3.0	EXCISI	ON			
	When procedures 50570-50580 provide a significant identifiable service, they may be added to					(For ureterocele, see 51535, 51536, 52300)			
50570	50045 and 50120 Renal endoscopy through ne-				50650	Ureterectomy, with bladder cuff (separate procedure) Ureterectomy, total, ectopic ure-	20.0	90	5.0
	phrotomy or pyelotomy, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureteropyelography, exclusive of					ter, combination abdominal, vaginal and/or perineal approach.	22.0	90	7.0
	radiologic service	1.4	3			DUCTION			
	(For nephrotomy, see 50045)				50684	Injection procedure for uretero- graphy or ureteropyelography			
50572	(For pyelotomy, see 50120) with ureteral catheterization					through ureterostomy or indwelling ureteral catheter (separate	0.2	•	
	with or without dilation of ureter	1.8	3		50686	procedure)	0.3	0	4
50574	with biopsy	1.8	3			terostomy or indwelling ureteral catheter	0.4	0	
50576 50578	with fulguration and/or inci- sion, with or without biopsy with insertion of radioactive	2.0	3		50688* 50690	Change of ureterostomy tube Injection procedure for visualiza-	0.3	0	
50580	substance, with or without bi- opsy and/or fulguration with removal of foreign body	2.4	3			tion of ilial conduit and/or ureteropyelography, exclusive of radiologic service (separate pro-	0.4	0	
	or calculus	2.0	3		DEDATE	cedure)	0.4	0	
	PROCEDURES				REPAII				
	Lithotripsy, extracorporeal shock wave	BR				(When substantial ureteral tapering is required for the following procedures, use modifier -22)			
Order 8 16–004	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89–09), § 296–22–245, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–245, filed 19), § 296–22–245, filed 2/28/86,	89, effe 7/23/8	ctive 9/10 37; 86–06–	/89; 87– 032 (Or-	50700 50715	Ureteroplasty: Plastic operation on ureter (e.g., stricture) Ureterolysis, with or without re-	20.0	90	5.0
066 (Or	der 83–23), § 296–22–245, filed 8/	2/83. S	tatutory A	uthority:		positioning of ureter for retroper- itoneal fibrosis; unilateral	16.0	90	5.0
	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.3 § 296–22–245, filed 12/3/80, effec				50716	bilateral	24.0	90	5.0
29622-	245, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-				50722	Ureterolysis for ovarian vein syndrome	16.0	90	5.0
	8, effective 1/1/69.] C 296–22–250 Ureter.				50725	Ureterolysis for retrocaval ureter, with reanastomosis of upper			
			Follow-		50740	urinary tract or vena cava Ureteropyelostomy anastomosis	26.0	90	5.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	50750	of ureter and renal pelvis Ureterocalycostomy, anastomosis of ureter to renal calyx	22.0	90 90	5.0 5.0
INCISIO	ON				50760	Ureteroureterostomy	22.0	90	5.0
50600	Ureterotomy with exploration or drainage (separate procedure)	18.0	90	5.0	50770	Transureteroureterostomy anastomosis of ureter to contralateral ureter	24.0	90	5.0
	(For ureteral endoscopy performed in conjunction with this procedure, see 50970-50980)				50780	Ureteroneocystostomy anastomosis of ureter to bladder, or other operations for correction of vesicourelateral reflux; unilat-			
50605	Ureterotomy for insertion of	D.D.			50701	eral	22.0	90	5.0
50610	indwelling stent, all types Ureterolithotomy; upper one-	BR		5.0	50781	bilateral	26.0	90	5.0
50620 50630	third or ureter	20.0 18.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0		(When combined with cysto- urethroplasty or vasical neck re- vision, see 51820)			
	(For transvesical ureterolithotomy, see 51060)	,			50785	Ureteroneocystostomy, with bladder flap; unilateral	24.0	90	5.0
	(For cystotomy with stone basket extraction of ureteral calculus,				50786 50800	bilateral	28.0	90	5.0
	see 51065)					unilateral	22.0	90	5.0
[Title 29	6 WACp 342]							(	1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
50801 50810	bilateral	26.0	90	5.0		When procedures 50970-50980 provide a significant identifiable service, they may be added to 50600			
	bowel anastomosis	30.0	120	6.0	50970	Ureteral endoscopy through ureterotomy, with or without ir- rigation, instillation, or uretero- pyelography, exclusive of radiologic service		3	
50820	Ureteroileal conduit (ileal bladder), including bowel anastomosis (Bricker operation); unilateral	30.0	120	6.0	50972	(For ureterotomy, see 50600) with ureteral catheterization with or without dilation of			
	(For supplemental skills of two surgeons, see WAC 296-22-010, item 5b, and modifier -62)	30.0	120	0.0	50974 50976	ureter	1.8 1.8	3	
50821 50825	bilateral	34.0	120	6.0	50978	sion, with or without biopsy with insertion of radioactive substance, with or without bi- opsy and/or fulguration (not		3	
	or Camey enterocystoplasty) (For combination of 50800–50821 with cystectomy, see	30.0	120	6.0	50980	including provision of material)with removal of foreign body	2.4	3	
50830	51580-51595) Urinary undiversion (e.g., taking				(Order 8	or calculus	89, effec	ctive 9/10	/89; 87–
	down of ureteroilial conduit, ure- terosigmoidostomy or ureteren- torostomy with ureteroureterostomy or ureteron-				der 86-1 Authorit	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–250, filed 19), § 296–22–250, filed 2/28/86, cy: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–250, filed	effective and 51.	4/1/86. S .16.120(3).	Statutory 80–18–
50840	eocystostomy)	BR		6.0	Order 74 filed 11/	4-7, § 296-22-250, filed 1/30/74; /27/68, effective 1/1/69.]			
	eral	30.0	120	6.0	WA	C 296–22–255 Bladder.			
50841	bilateral	40.0	120	6.0				Follow-	
50841 50860		40.0 18.0	120 90	6.0 5.0			Unit Value	up	Basic
	bilateral						Unit Value		Basic Anes@
50860	bilateral	18.0	90	5.0	INCISIO	NC		up	
50860 50861 SUTUR	bilateral	18.0	90	5.0	51000	Aspiration of bladder by needle .	Value	up	
50860 50861	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0		Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0	up Days=	
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0	90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0	up Days=	
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5	up Days= 0 0 30	5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930	bilateral Ureterostomy, transplantation of ureter to skin; unilateral bilateral  Ureterorrhaphy, suture of ureter (separate procedure) Closure of ureterocutaneous fistula Closure of ureterovisceral fistula (including visceral repair) Deligation of ureter	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5	up Days= 0 0 30	Anes@ 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5	up Days= 0 0 30	5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS	bilateral Ureterostomy, transplantation of ureter to skin; unilateral bilateral  Ureterorrhaphy, suture of ureter (separate procedure) Closure of ureterocutaneous fistula Closure of ureterovisceral fistula (including visceral repair) Deligation of ureter  (For ureteroplasty, ureterolysis, etc., see 50700–50861)	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0	90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5	up Days= 0 0 30 90	5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR	90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5 14.5	up Days= 0 0 30 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR	90 90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050	Aspiration of bladder by needle . Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4 *1.0 2.0 14.5 14.5 12.0 14.5	up Days=  0  0  30  90  90  90  90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951	bilateral Ureterostomy, transplantation of ureter to skin; unilateral bilateral  Ureterorrhaphy, suture of ureter (separate procedure) Closure of ureterocutaneous fistula Closure of ureterovisceral fistula (including visceral repair) Deligation of ureter (For ureteroplasty, ureterolysis, etc., see 50700–50861)  COPY  Ureteral endoscopy through established ureterostomy, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureteropyelography, exclusive of radiologic service with ureteral catheterization with or without dilation of ureter with biopsy with fulguration and/or inci-	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR	90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4  *1.0  2.0  14.5  14.5  12.0  14.5	up Days=  0  0  30  90  90  90  90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR 2.5 2.5	90 90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050 51060 51065	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4  *1.0  2.0  14.5  14.5  12.0  14.5  19.0	up Days= 0 0 30 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951	bilateral	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR 2.5 2.5	90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	\$1000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050 51060 51065	Aspiration of bladder by needle. Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4  *1.0  2.0  14.5  14.5  12.0  14.5  12.0	up Days= 0 0 30 90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951	bilateral Ureterostomy, transplantation of ureter to skin; unilateral bilateral  Ureterorrhaphy, suture of ureter (separate procedure) Closure of ureterocutaneous fistula Closure of ureterovisceral fistula (including visceral repair) Deligation of ureter (For ureteroplasty, ureterolysis, etc., see 50700–50861)  COPY  Ureteral endoscopy through established ureterostomy, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureteropyelography, exclusive of radiologic service with ureteral catheterization with or without dilation of ureter with biopsy with fulguration and/or incision, with or without biopsy with insertion of radioactive substance with or without biopsy and/or fulguration (not including provision of material) with removal of foreign body	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	90 90 90 90 3 3 3 3	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51050 51060 51065	Aspiration of bladder by needle . Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4  *1.0  2.0  14.5  14.5  12.0  14.5  12.0  8.0	up Days=  0  0  30  90  90  90  90  90  90  90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0
50860 50861 SUTUR 50900 50920 50930 50940 ENDOS 50951 50953 50955 50957 50959	bilateral Ureterostomy, transplantation of ureter to skin; unilateral bilateral  Ureterorrhaphy, suture of ureter (separate procedure) Closure of ureterocutaneous fistula Closure of ureterovisceral fistula (including visceral repair) Deligation of ureter  (For ureteroplasty, ureterolysis, etc., see 50700–50861)  COPY  Ureteral endoscopy through established ureterostomy, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureteropyelography, exclusive of radiologic service with ureteral catheterization with or without dilation of ureter with biopsy with fulguration and/or incision, with or without biopsy with insertion of radioactive substance with or without biopsy and/or fulguration (not including provision of material)	18.0 22.0 20.0 20.0 BR 2.5 2.5 2.5	90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	51000 *51005 51010 51020 51030 51040 51045 51060 51065 51080 EXCISI	Aspiration of bladder by needle . Aspiration of bladder; by trocar or intracatheter	Value  0.4  *1.0  2.0  14.5  14.5  12.0  14.5  12.0	up Days= 0 0 30 90 90 90 90	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@		·	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
51520	Cystotomy; for simple excision of	Value	Days-	Ancsus			value	Days-	Anesw
31320	vesical neck (separate procedure)	16.0	90	5.0		(For injection procedure for re- troperitoneal pneumography, see			
51525	for excision of bladder diver- ticulum, single or multiple				*51700	49430) Bladder irrigation, simple, lavage			
51530	(separate procedure) for excision of bladder tumor.	20.0 16.0	90 90	5.0 5.0	51705*	and/or instillation	*0.2	0	
	(For transurethral excision, see 52200-52240)				51710*	plecomplicated	0.3 BR	0	
51535	Cystotomy for excision, incision or repair of ureterocele; unilat-				51720	Bladder instillation of anticarcin- ogenic agent (including detention			
51536	eral bilateral	16.0 18.0	90 90	5.0 5.0	URODY	time) /NAMICS	0.8	0	
	(For transurethral excision, see 52300)					owing section (51725-51796) lists p ly or in many and varied combinat			
51550	Cystectomy, partial; simple	18.0	90	6.0	dures ar	e performed in the same investiga			
51555	complicated (e.g., postradia- tion, previous surgery, difficult					e employed. edures in this section imply that the	hese serv	ices are n	erformed
51565		20.0	90	6.0	by, or a	re under the direct supervision of, its, equipment, fluids, gases, probes,	a physici	an and th	at all in-
51570	plantation of ureter(s) into blad- der (ureter-oneocystostomy)	24.0	90	6.0	medicati by the p	ions, gloves, trays, tubing and other hysician. When the physician only i	sterile s nterprets	upplies be the result	provided s and/or
51575	Cystectomy, complete; (separate procedure) with bilateral pelvic lym-	26.0	90	6.0		the equipment, a p.c. (professional be used to identify physicians' service		ent modifi	er '–26')
	phadenectomy, including external iliac, hypogastric						Unit	Follow- up	Basic
51580	and obturator nodes Cystectomy, complete with ure-	34.0	90	6.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
£1£0£	terosigmotomy or ureterocutane- ous transplantations	34.0	120	7.0	51725	Simple cystometrogram (CMG) (e.g., spinal manometer)	BR		
51585	with bilateral pelvic lym- phadenectomy, including external iliac, hypogastric				51726 51736	Complex cystometrogram (e.g., calibrated electronic equipment) Simple uroflowmetry (UFR)			
51590	and obturator nodes  Cystectomy, complete, with	40.0	120	7.0	31730	(e.g., stop—watch flow rate, me- chanical uroflowmeter)	BR		
	ureteroileal conduit or sigmoid bladder, including bowel				51739	Sound recording of external stream (e.g., Lyons type, Keitzer			
51595	anastomosis	44.0	.120	7.0	51741	type) Complex uroflowmetry (e.g., cal-	BR		
	nal iliac, hypogastric and obturator nodes	50.0	120	7.0	51772	ibrated electronic equipment) Urethral pressure profile, studies (UPP) (urethral closure pressure	.8		
51596	Cystectomy, complete, with con- tinent diversion, including bowel					profile), any technique gas or liquid; initial recording	BR		
£1.50	anastomosis (e.g., Kock pouch, Camey enterocystoplasty	44.0	120	7.0	51785	Electromyographic studies (EMG) of anal or urethral	,		
51597	Pelvic exenteration, complete, for vescical, prostatic or urethral malignancy, with removal of				51792		BR		
	bladder and ureteral transplanta- tions, with or without hysterec-				51795	measurement of bulbocavernosus reflex latency time)	BR		
	tomy and/or abdominoperineal resection of rectum and colon				31193	bladder voiding pressure, any technique	BR		
	and colostomy, or any combina- tion thereof	BR		7.0	51797	intraabdominal voiding pres- sure (AP) (rectal, gastric,			
INTRO	DUCTION				DEDATE	intraperitoneal)			
	(For bladder catheterization, see 53670-53675)				51800	Cystoplasty or cystourethroplas-			
51600	Injection procedure for cystogra- phy or voiding urethracystogra-				21000	ty, plastic operation on bladder and/or vesical neck (anterior			
51605	3 1	0.2	0			Y-plasty, vesical fundus resection), any procedure, with or			
	ment of chain for contrast and/or chain urethrocysto- graphy	0.4	0		51820	without wedge resection of pos- terior vesical neck	20.0	90	5.0
51610	Injection procedure for retrograde urethrocystography	0.3	0		51020	eral or bilateral ureteroneocyst- ostomy	30.0	90	5.0
[Title 29	6 WAC—p 344]							(	1989 Ed.)

			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
Unrethropecy (Marshall-Marcophilared (Egs., secondary complicated (Egs.,			value	Days-	Anesw			Value	Days-	Ancse
chetri-Kranitz type); simple   14.5   90   4.0   4.0   4.0   5.1841   complicated (e.g., secondary repuir)   2.10   90   4.0   5.1841   complicated (e.g., secondary repuir)   2.10   90   4.0   5.1841   complicated (e.g., secondary repuir)   5.1845   complicated (e.g., secondary repuir)   6.0   4.0   5.1845   complicated (e.g., secondary repuir)   6.0   5.0	51840					52224				
Featuring   2.10   90   4.0	C1041	chetti-Krantz type); simple	14.5	90	4.0		ser surgery) or treatment of			
Figure 1	51841		21.0	90	4.0			2.0	7	3.0
Sample   S		(For urethropexy (Peyreya type),				52234	Cystourethroscopy, with fulgura-	2.0	,	5.0
SAMALL bladder tumor(s)   0.5   0.		see 57289)								
docopic control (e.g., Stamey, Raz, modified Persyn)	51845						SMALL bladder tumor(s) (0.5			
Raz, modified Pereyra						52235		5.0	30	3.0
No.   Single   Sing	61960	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BR		4.0		(2.0-5.0 cm)			
1880   Completed   1864   0.0     1864   0.0     1865   0.0   1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     1865   0.0     18	21000		14.5	90			` '	18.0	30	5.0
Procedure			BR+		6.0	32230	of radioactive substance, with or			
bodominal approach. 22.0 90 5.0  (For vaginal approach see S7320-57330)  Closure of vesicouterine fistula 20.0 90 5.0  S1920 Closure of vesicouterine fistula 20.0 90 5.0  (For closure of vesicoenteric fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 44660, 44661)  S1940 Closure of restrophy (see also S4390)		procedure)	8.0	90	3.0	52260		6.0	30	3.0
For vaginal approach, see	51900		22.0	90	5.0	32200	of bladder for interstitial cystitis;			
\$7320—\$7330   \$7520			22.0		2.0			2.0	20	2.0
19192 Clearure of vesicoenteric fistula. 20.0 90 5.0  (For cloaure of vesicoenteric fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For cloaure of rectovesical fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For cloaure of rectovesical fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For cloaure of rectovesical fistula, see 44860, 44661)  (For cloaure of rectovesical fistula, see 48800–48805)  1940 Cloaure of extrophy (see also 54390). Including bowel anastomosis including formed at the same time. For example. Metatomy unretarnel albration and/or dilation of urethral astricture or stenosis, with or without matatomy and injection procedure of external syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22: For example: Uterthrotomy and bladder need, procedure 1.2 7 3.0 with ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder need addition of time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22: For example: Uterthrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder need control times to the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22: For example: Uterthrotomy and bladder need are additional times and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22: For example: Uterthrotomy and bladder need and effort, it may be identified by the addition of uterthral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant nectoromy, unilateral or bilateral incisions of the bladder need, procedure to the female urethrotomy, unilateral or bilateral nectoromy, unilateral or bilateral nectoromy, unilateral or bilateral nectoromy, unilateral or bilateral nectorom						52265				3.0
(For closure of vesicoenteric fistula, see 4466, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 4460, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 4460, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 45800-45805)  51940 Closure of extrophy (see also 54390)	51920	Closure of vesicouterine fistula	20.0	90	5.0	52270		4.0	45	2.0
Fistula, see 44660, 44661)  (For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 45800-45805)  For closure of extrophy (see also 54390)  For closure of extraction of uncertal sphinter (sphinted stripers of extraction of uncertal sphinter of the female urchral also for female 52285  For closure of extraction of uncertal sphinter (sphinted stripers of extraction of uncertal sphinter of the female urchral sphinter of t	51925	with hysterectomy	20.0	90	5.0	52275				
(For closure of rectovesical fistula, see 45800-45805)  51940 Closure of exstrophy (see also 54390)						52276	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.0	45	10
fistula, see 45800-45805)  Statula, see 45800-45805)  Statula staticulor of sensios, with or with our methors on with our methorsopy, with stricture or stenosis, with or without mentor on without mentorony and linjection procedure for extograpy, male or female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethroscopy, with steriod injection into stricture.  State of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethroscopy for treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethroscopy, and cystocopy prior to a treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethrosopy, and cystocopy prior to a treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethrosopy for treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethrosopy for treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of following: Urethrosopy for treatment of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of the following: Urethrosopy for the female urchral syndrome with any or all of the female urchral syndrome with any or all of the female urchra						52277		4.0	45	3.0
Signification of the processing process of the female unrethral synthesis of the female unrethral synthesis of unrethroscopy (altalian, urrethral catheterization, with or without irrigation, instillation, or unrethral catheterization and/or renal pelvis of radiologic service 1.6 7 3.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5		`					• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.0	20	2.0
51960 Entercocytoplasty, including bowed anastomosis	51940	•				52281		6.0	30	3.0
bowel anastomosis 30.0 90 5.0  ENDOSCOPY — CYSTOSCOPY, URETHROSCOPY, CYSTOUR-ETHROSCOPY  NOTES  Endoscopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral cathetrization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fuguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0 codure) 1.2 7 3.0 with ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureterpyclography, exclusive of radiologic service. 1.6 7 3.0 signed or with piscopy of ureter and/or renal pelvis BR 3 3.0 with ejaculatory duct catheterization (including cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck, prostate fossosa, urethra, or periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and complicated or large (over periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 signed and procedure can be defined by the addition of ureteral catheterization following cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck contracture.  52010 with ejaculation for treatment of the female urethral syndrome with any or all of the following: Urethral meatotomy, urethral dalation, internal	31740		BR		5.0		tion and/or dilation of urethral			
ENDOSCOPY — CYSTOSCOPY, URETHROSCOPY, CYSTOUR-ETHROSCOPY  NOTES  Redescopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Urethral metalotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrostoopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier — 22. For example: Urethral methotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0 tion, initillation, or ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, initillation or uretery pelography, exclusive of reference of the female urethral syndrome with any or all of the following: Urethral metatotomy, urethral dilation, internal urethrotomy, perior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, initial time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier — 22. For example: Urethral meatotomy, urethral dilation, internal urethrotomy, lysis of urethral polyp(s), bladder neck, and fulguration of ureteral galends and commented probable and of ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, with or without irrigation, internal urethrotomy, lysis of uretrand/or trigone. 3.4 7 3.0  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0  52001 with ureteral catheterization or uretery pelography, exclusive of uretra addition of uretral relations, uretral meatotomy, uretral dilation, internal urethrotomy, lysis of uretral dilation, internal urethrotomy, lysis of uretral dilation, internal urethrotomy, lysis of uretral dil	51960		30.0	90	5.0					
ETHROSCOPY  NOTES  Endoscopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '22': For example: Urethroscopy for the female urethroscopy for the female urethroscopy in the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '22': For example: Urethroscopy recodure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '22': For example: Urethrostomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  \$2000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)	51980						procedure for cystograpy, male		_	
NOTES  Endoscopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)			IROSC	OPY, CYS	STOUR-	52283		2.4	7	3.0
Endoscopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22." For example: Urethratomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  5200 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)	ETHRO	SCOPY					injection into stricture	2.0	7	3.0
Endoscopic descriptions are listed so that the main procedure can be identified without having to list all the minor related functions performed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral calteterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "22". For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)	NOTES					52285				
formed at the same time. For example: Meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transurethral resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier "-22". For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0 with ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, with or without irrigation, with or without irrigation, with properties of the process of the bladder neck, and/or trigone							with any or all of the following:			
tion and/or dilation, urethroscopy, and cystoscopy prior to a transuretrial resection of prostate; ureteral catheterization following extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0  52005 with ureteral catheterization, instillation, or ureterpyclography, exclusive of radiologic service 1.6 7 3.0  52007 with brush biopsy of ureter and/or renal pelvis BR 3 3.0  52010 with equalitory duct catheterization 1.6 7  52010 with equalitory duct catheterization 1.6 7  52010 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy BR 3 3.0  52010 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy BR 3 3.0  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy 2.0 7 3.0  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy 2.0 7 3.0  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with fulguration of calculus by any means in bladder and removal of fragments, simple; small (less than 2.5 cm) BR 30 3.0  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with fulguration of calculus by any means in bladder and removal of fragments, simple; small (less than 2.5 cm) BR 30 3.0							<b>.</b> .			
extraction of ureteral calculus; internal urethrotomy and bladder neck fulguration when performing a cystourethroscopy for the female urethral syndrome. When the secondary procedure requires significant additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)							of urethrovaginal septal fibrosis,			
rute training a dystoure throscopy for the female additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure) 1.2 7 3.0 with ureteral catheterization, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureterpyelography, exclusive of radiologic service 1.6 7 3.0 Separate procedure) 1.6 8 8 8 3.0 3.0 Separate procedure) 1.6 8 8 8 3.0 Separate	extractio	n of ureteral calculus; internal uret	hrotom	and blad	der neck					
additional time and effort, it may be identified by the addition of modifier '-22.' For example: Urethrotomy performed for a documented preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)							, .			
preexisting stricture or bladder neck contracture.  52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)	additiona	al time and effort, it may be ide	ntified	by the add	dition of	52290		3.4	7	3.0
52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)				lor a doc	umentea	32270	2.7			
cedure) 1.2 7 3.0 ureteroccle, unilateral or bilateral cion, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureterpyelography, exclusive of radiologic service 1.6 7 3.0 52007 with brush biopsy of ureter and/or renal pelvis BR 3 3.0 Cystourethroscopy, with ejaculatory duct catheterization 1.6 7 52010 with ejaculatory duct catheterization 1.6 7 52010 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy of ureter and/or renal pelvis BR 3 3.0 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy of ureter eral stent from urethra or bladder (separate procedure); simple der (separate procedure); simple der (separate procedure); simple complicated BR 3.0 Separate procedure); simple complicated BR 3.0 Separate procedure); simple complicated BR 3.0 Separate procedure); simple simple complicated BR 3.0 Separate procedure); simple simple simple simple simple simple; simple simple simple; simple; simple simple; simple simple;	•	-				52300		4.0	30	3.0
tion, with or without irrigation, instillation, or ureterpyelography, exclusive of radiologic service		cedure)	1.2	7	3.0	32300	· · ·			
tion, instillation, or ureterpyelography, exclusive of radiologic service	52005					52205		6.0	30	3.0
of radiologic service						32303				
and/or renal pelvis BR 3 3.0 of foreign body, calculus or ureteral stent from urethra or bladder (separate procedure); simple 4.0 30 3.0 complicated			1.6	7	3.0	52210		6.0	30	3.0
by the jaculatory duct catheterization	52007		RR	3	3.0	52310				
TRANSURETHRAL SURGERY (URETHRA AND BLADDER)  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy 2.0 7 3.0  Cystourethroscopy, with fulguration (including cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck, prostatic fossa, urethra, or periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0  52315 complicated	52010				3.0		eral stent from urethra or blad-			
TRANSURETHRAL SURGERY (URETHRA AND BLADDER)  52204 Cystourethroscopy, with biopsy . 2.0 7 3.0  Cystourethroscopy, with fulguration (including cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck, prostatic fossa, urethra, or periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0  Litholapaxy: Crushing or fragmentation of calculus by any means in bladder and removal of fragments, simple; small (less than 2.5 cm)		terization	1.6	7		52315			30	
Cystourethroscopy, with fulguration (including cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck, prostatic fossa, urethra, or periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 means in bladder and removal of fragments, simple; small (less than 2.5 cm)	TRANS	URETHRAL SURGERY (URET	HRA A	ND BLAD	DER)		Litholapaxy: Crushing or frag-			
tion (including cryosurgery or laser surgery) of trigone, bladder neck, prostatic fossa, urethra, or periurethral glands			2.0	7	3.0					
neck, prostatic fossa, urethra, or periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 2.5 cm) BR 30 3.0	32214	tion (including cryosurgery or la-					fragments, simple; small (less			
periurethral glands 2.0 7 3.0 2.5 cm) BR 30 3.0						52318		BR	30	3.0
(1989 Ed.) [Title 296 WAC—p 345]			2.0	7	3.0	223.0		BR	30	3.0
	(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—p 345]

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
TRANS	SURETHRAL SURGERY (URET	ER AND	PELVIS)	1	52650	Transurethral cryosurgical removal of prostrate (postoperative			
52320						irrigations and aspirations of	20.0	120	5.0
52325	eteral catheterization); with removal of ureteral calculus with fragmentation of ureteral	7.0	30	3.0	52700	sloughing tissue included) Transurethral drainage of prostatic abscess	20.0 8.0	120 60	5.0 5.0
52220	calculus (e.g. ultrasonic or electro-hydraulic technique).	BR	30	3.0		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-255, filed 8/10/			
52330 52332	with manipulation, without re- moval of ureteral calculus cystourethroscopy, with inser-	5.0	30	3.0		(Order 87–18), § 296–22–255, filed 19), § 296–22–255, filed 2/28/86			
32332	tion of indwelling ureteral stent (e.g., Gibbons or double				RCW 5	der 83–23), § 296–22–255, filed 8/51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.	120(3).	81-24-041	(Order
52334	3	BR	7	3.0	(Order	\$ 296-22-255, filed 11/30/81, ef 80-25), \$ 296-22-255, filed 12/3/8 296-22-255, filed 1/30/74; Order	80, effec	tive 3/1/8	1; Order
	of ureteral guide wire through kidney to establish a percutane-	D.D.		2.0		68, effective 1/1/69.]	, 6		,
	ous nephrostomy, retrograde (For percutaneous nephrostoli-	BR		3.0	WA	C 296-22-260 Urethra.			
	thotomy, see 50080, 50081; for establishment of nephrostomy tract only, see 50395)					(For endoscopy, see cystoscopy, urethroscopy, cystourethroscopy, 52000-52700)			
52335	Cystourethroscopy, with ureter- oscopy and/or pyeloscopy (in- cludes dilation of the ureter by	b.				(For injection procedure for ure- throcystography, see 51600- 51610)			
52336	any method) with removal or manipulation	4.2	7	3.0				Follow-	
32330	of calculus (ureteral catheterization is included)	BR		3.0			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
52337	with lithotripsy (ureteral catheterization is included)	BR		3.0	INCISI	ON			
52338	with biopsy and/or fulguration of lesion	BR		3.0	53000	Urethrotomy or urethrostomy, external (separate procedure)			
TRANS PROST	SURETHRAL SURGERY (VI ATE)	ESICAL	NECK	AND	53010 53020	pendulous urethra	2.4 6.0	15 30	3.0 3.0
52340	Cystourethroscopy, with incision, fulguration or resection of blad-				33020	(separate procedure), except infant	1.0	15	3.0
	der neck and/or posterior ure- thra (congenital valves,				53025 53040	Infant	0.6	15	3.0
	obstructive hypertrophic mucosal	6.0	20	2.0		abscess	3.0	30	3.0
52500	folds)	6.0	30	3.0		(For subcutaneous abscess, see 10060-10061)			
52601	der neck, (separate procedure) Transurethral resection of pros-	10.0	90	4.0	53060	Drainage of Skene's gland ab-	1.0	1.6	2.0
	tate, including control of post- operative bleeding during the				53080	Drainage of perineal urinary ex-	1.2	15	3.0
	hospitalization, complete (vasectomy, meatotomy, cystourethros-				5200.5	travasation; uncomplicated (separate procedure)	4.0	15	3.0
	copy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, and internal urethro-				53085 EXCISI	complicated	BR+		5.0
	tomy are included)	20.0	90	5.0	53200	Biopsy of urethra	2.0	7	3.0
	(For other approaches, see 55801-55845)				53210	Urethrectomy, total, including cystostomy; female	14.0	60	5.0
52606	Transurethral fulguration for postoperative bleeding occurring				53215 53220	male Excision or fulguration of carci-	18.0	60	5.0
52612	after the usual follow—up time Transurethral resection of prostate first stage of two stages.	2.4	0		53230	noma of urethra	BR+ 10.0	60	3.0
52614	tate; first stage of two-stage re- section (partial resection)	15.0	90	5.0	53235 53240	male	12.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
52620	second stage of two-stage re- section (resection completed). Transurethral resection; of resid-	11.0	90	5.0	53250	verticulum, male or female Excision of bulbourethral gland	4.0	30	3.0
02020	ual obstructive tissue after 90 days postoperative	6.0	90	5.0	53260	(Cowper's gland)  Excision or fulguration; urethral	12.0	60	3.0
52630	of regrowth of obstructive tis- sue longer than one year post-	0.0	,,	2.0		polyp(s), distal urethra	1.0	15	3.0
52640	operativeof postoperative bladder neck	20.0	90	5.0		(For endoscopic approach, see 52212-52224)			
	contracture	10.0	90	5.0	53265	urethral caruncle	1.2	15	3.0
[Title 29	6 WACp 346]							(1	989 Ed.)

		Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
53270 53275	Skene's glandsurethral prolapse	1.2 3.0	15 30	3.0 3.0	MANIP	ULATION			
REPAIR	t .				*53600	Dilation of urethral stricture by passage of sound or urethral di-			
	(For hypospadias, see 54300-					lator, male; initial	*0.4	0	
	54352)				*53601 53605	subsequent		0	
53400	Urethroplasty; first stage, for fistula, diverticulum, or stricture, (e.g., Johannsen type)	10.0	60	3.0		vesical neck by passage of sound or urethral dilator, male, general	<b>l</b>		
53405	second stage (formation of urethra), including urinary di-	10.0	00	5.0	*53620	or conduction (spinal) anesthe- sia	1.6	3	3.0
53410	version	14.0	60	3.0	33020	passage of filiform and follower	,		
33410	struction of male anterior ure-				*53621	male; initial		0	
53415	thra Urethroplasty, transpubic or per-	16.0	60	3.0	*53640	Passage of filiform and follower	r .		
55115	ineal, one stage, for reconstruc-				*53660	for acute vesical retention, male.  Dilation of female urethra in-		0	
	tion or repair of prostatic or membranous urethra	BR		3.0		cluding suppository and/or in-		0	
53420	Urethroplasty, two-stage recon-				*53661	stillation; initial		0	
	struction or repair of prostatic or membranous urethra; first stage.	20.0	60	3.0	53665	dilation of female urethra	,		
53425	second stage	20.0	90	3.0		general or conduction (spinal) anesthesia		3	3.0
53430	Urethroplasty, reconstruction of female urethra	14.0	90	3.0	53670*	Catheterization; simple	0.3	Õ	5.0
53440	Operation for correction of male	14.0	,,	5.0	53675*	complicated (may include difficult removal of balloon			
	urinary incontinence, with or without introduction of prosthe-					catheter)	0.7	0	
	sis	20.0	90	3.0	53899	Unlisted procedure, urinary system			3.0
53442	Removal of perineal prosthesis introduced for continence	BR	90	3.0	[Statuto	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)		NA N3N 89	
53443	Urethroplasty with tubulariza-	DIC	,,	5.0	(Order 8	89–09), § 296–22–260, filed 8/10	/89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 87-
	tion of posterior urethra and/or lower bladder for incontinence				16-004 der 86-1	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–260, file 19), § 296–22–260, filed 2/28/86,	d 7/23/8	37; 8606 - 4/1/86- \$	032 (Or-
	(e.g., Tenago, Leadbetter proce-					ty: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030			
52445	dure)	BR		3.0	055 (Or	der 80-25), § 296-22-260, filed	12/3/80	, effective	3/1/81;
53445	Operation for correction of urin- ary incontinence with placement					4-7, § 296-22-260, filed 1/30/74; /27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	Order 6	8-1, § 296-	-22-260,
	of inflatable urethral or bladder				,				
	neck sphincter, including place- ment of pump and/or reservoir.	BR	90	3.0		MALE GENITAL S	VSTE	М	
53447	Removal, repair or replacement of inflatable sphincter including							••	
	pump and/or reservoir and/or				WA	C 296-22-265 Penis.			
52440	cuff	BR	90	3.0				Follow	
53449	Surgical correction of hydraulic abnormality of inflatable sphinc-						Unit	up	Basic
50.150	ter device	BR	90	3.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
53450	Urethromeatoplasty, with mu- cosal advancement	4.0	30	3.0	INCISI	ON			
53460	Urethromeatoplasty, with partial				54000		-		
	excision of distal urethral seg- ment (Richardson type proce-					eral, (separate procedure); new-		7	
	dure)	3.4	30	3.0	54001	except newborn	1.4	7 7	3.0
SUTUR	E				54015	Incision and drainage of penis		15	3.0
53502	Urethrorrhaphy, suture of				DECED	•	1.7	13	3.0
	urethral wound or injury, fe-	BR		3.0	DESTR	UCTION			
53505	Urethrorrhaphy, suture of	DIC			*54050	Destruction of lesion(s), penis (e.g., condylloma, papilloma			
53510	urethral wound or injury; penile.	10.0 14.0	90 90	3.0 3.0		molluscum, contagiosum, her-	-		
53515	prostatomembranous	20.0	90	3.0	*54055	petic vesicle), simple, chemical electrodesiccation		0	3.0 3.0
53520	Closure of urethrostomy or				54056	cryosurgery	BR	U	3.0
	urethrocutaneous fistula, male (separate procedure)	6.0	90	3.0	54057	laser surgery	BR *1.0	•	3.0
	(For closure of urethrovaginal				54060 54065	surgical excision extensive, any method		0	3.0 3.0
	fistula, see 57310)					(For destruction or excision of			
	(For closure of urethrorectal fistula, see 45820, 45825)					other lesions, see integumentary system)			
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC	—р 347]

		Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
EXCISI	ON				54316	Urethroplasty for second stage hypospadias repair (including			
54100	Biopsy of penis, cutaneous (separate procedure)	0.6	7	3.0		urinary diversion) with free skin graft obtained from site other			
54105 54110	deep structures Excision of penile plaque	1.4	15	3.0	54318	than genitalia	BR		3.0
	(Peyronie disease)	7.4	30	3.0		hypospadias repair to release penis from scrotum (e.g., third			
54111 54112	with graft to 5 cm in length with graft greater than 5 cm	BR		3.0	54322	stage Cecil repair) One stage distal hypospadias re-	BR		3.0
54115	Removal foreign body from deep penile tissue (e.g., plastic im-	BR		3.0		pair (with or without chordee or circumcision); with simple			
54120	plant)	6.0 10.0	45 60	3.0		meatal advancement (e.g., Magpi, V-flap)	BR		3.0
54125	Amputation of penis, partial	20.0	60	3.0 3.0	54324	with urethroplasty by local			
54130	Amputation of penis, radical; with bilateral inguinofemoral					skin flaps (e.g., flip-flap, prepucial flap)	BR		3.0
54135	lymphadenectomy in continuity with bilat-	26.0	90	3.0	54326	with urethroplasty by local skin flaps and mobilization			
	eral pelvic lymphadenec- tomy, including external				54328	of urethra with extensive dissection to	BR		3.0
	iliac, hypogastric and obturator nodes	30.0	90	5.0		correct chordee and urethro- plasty with local skin flaps,			
		30.0	90	3.0		skin graft patch, and/or is-			
	(For lymphadenectomy (separate procedure), see 38760–38771)				54332	land flap One stage proximal penile or	BR		3.0
54150	Circumcision, clamp procedure;					penoscrotal hypospadias repair requiring extensive dissection to			
	newborn	0.8	15	2.0		correct chordee and urethro-			
54152 54160	except newborn	1.0	15	3.0		plasty by use of skin graft tube and/or island flap	BR		3.0
	other than clamp or dorsal slit; newborn	0.8	30		54336	One stage perineal hypospadias	2.0		5.0
54161	except newborn	3.0	30	3.0		repair requiring extensive dissec- tion to correct chordee and ure-			
INTRO	DUCTION					throplasty by use of skin graft tube and/or island flap	BR		3.0
*54200	Injection procedure for Peyronie				54340	Repair of hypospadias complica-	Dit		3.0
54205	disease with surgical exposure of	*0.4	0			tions (i.e., fistula, stricture, diverticula); by closure, incision,			
	plaque	7.4	. 30	3.0	54344	or excision, simple	BR		3.0
54220	Irrigation of corpora cavernosa for priapism	BR		3.0	J4344	skin flaps and urethroplasty			
54230	Injection procedure for corpora cavernosography	BR		3.0	54348	with flap or patch graft requiring extensive dissec-	BR		3.0
54235	Injection of corpora cavernosa with pharmacological agent(s)			5.0		tion and urethroplasty with flap, patch or tubed graft			
	(e.g., papaverine, phentolamine,					(includes urinary diversion)	BR		3.0
54240	etc.) penile plethysmography	l BR	7	2.5 3.0	54352	Repair of hypospadias cripple requiring extensive dissection and			
54250	Nocturnal penile tumescence and/or rigidity test	BR		3.0		excision of previously constructed structures including re-release of			
DEDAID	,	ЬK		3.0		chordee and reconstruction of			
REPAIR						urethra and penis by use of local skin as grafts and island flaps			
	(For other urethroplasties, see 53400-53430)					and skin brought in as flaps or grafts	BR		3.0
54300	Plastic operation of penis for				54360	Plastic operation on penis to cor-		00	
	straightening of chordee (e.g., hypospadias), with or without				54380		BR	90	3.0
54304	mobilization of urethra	8.0	60	3.0		epispadias distal to external sphincter	BR+		3.0
54304	Plastic operation on penis for correction of chordee or for first				54385	with incontinence	BR		4.0
	stage hypospadias repair with or without transplantation of				54390 54400	with exstrophy of bladder Insertion of penile prosthesis,	BR		4.0
	prepuce and/or skin flaps	BR		3.0		noninflatable (semirigid)	14.0		3.0
54308	Urethroplasty for second stage hypospadias repair (including urinary diversion); less than 3				54401 54402	inflatable (self-contained) Removal or replacement of noninflatable (semp-rigid) or in-	15	90	3.0
54312	cmgreater than 3 cm	BR BR		3.0 3.0		flatable (self-contained) penile prosthesis	BR		
JTJ14	greater than 3 cm	אני		3,0		prostnesis	ŊΚ		

# Surgical Fees

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
54405	Insertion of inflatable (multicomponent) penile prosthesis, including placement of					(For radical retroperitoneal lymphadenectomy, see 38780)			
54407	pump, cylinders and/or reservoir	BR		3.0	54550	testis (inguinal or scrotal area);		20	4.0
34407	of inflatable (multicomponent) penile prosthesis, including pump and/or reservoir and/or cylin-				54555 54560	unilateral	8.0 12.0	30 30	4.0 4.0
55409	Surgical correction of hydraulic abnormality of inflatable pros-	BR		3.0	54565	tion; unilateral	12.0 15.0	30 30	4.0 5.0
	thesis, including pump and/or				REPAIR	₹			
54420	reservoir and/or cylinders Corpora cavernosa-saphenous vein shunt (priapism operation),	BR		3.0	54600	Reduction of torsion of testis, surgical, with or without fixation			
54430	unilateral or bilateral  Corpora cavernosa—corpus spon-	10.0		3.0	54620	of contralateral testis  Fixation of contralateral testis (separate procedure)	8.0 4.0	30 30	3.0
	giosum shunt or corpora cavernosa—glans penis shunt (pri-				54640	Orchiopexy, any type, with or			
	apism operation), unilateral or				54641	without hernia repair; unilateral.	12.0 18.0	30 30	3.0 4.0
54435	- r - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.0	0	3.0	54645 54660	second stage (Torek type) Insertion of testicular prosthesis	2.0	30	3.0
	fistulization (e.g., biopsy needle, Winter procedure, rongeur, or				54661	(separate procedure); unilateral . bilateral	4.0 6.0	30 30	3.0 3.0
54440	punch) for priapism  Plastic operation of penis for in-	BR		3.0	54670	Suture or repair of testicular in-	8.0	30	3.0
MANIP	jury ULATION	BR		3.0	54680	Transplantation of testis(es) to thigh (because of scrotal destruc-			
54450	Foreskin manipulation including					tion)	10.0	30	3.0
(Order 8 16–004 der 86– 066 (Or	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 89–09), § 296–22–265, filed 8/10/(Order 87–18), § 296–22–265, filed 19), § 296–22–265, filed 2/28/86, der 83–23), § 296–22–265, filed 8/1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.	89, effe 7/23/8 effectiv 2/83. S	ctive 9/10 37; 86–06– ve 4/1/86: tatutory A	/89; 87 032 (Or- 83-16- uthority:	80–25), 296–22– 11/27/6	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296-22-270, filed 12/3/80, effective 1/30/74; Order 68 8, effective 1/1/69.]  C 296-22-275 Epididymis	tive 3/1 -7, §	/81; Order	· 74–7, §
80–25), 296–22–	§ 296–22–265, filed 12/3/80, effect 265, filed 1/30/74; Order 68– 8, effective 1/1/69.]	tive 3/1	/81; Order	74-7, §			Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@
WA	C 296-22-270 Testis.				INCISI	ON			_
,,,-		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@		Incision and drainage of epi- didymis, testis and/or scrotal space (abscess or hematoma)	1.4	7	3.0
EXCISI	ON				EXCISI	ON			
54500	Biopsy of testis, needle (separate				54800	Biopsy of epididymis, needle	0.4	7	
54505	procedure)	0.4	7			(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of			
54506	rate procedure); unilateral bilateral	3.0 4.0	15 15	3.0 3.0	54820				
	(When combined with vasogram, seminal vesiculogram or epididy-				54830	·	6.0	30	3.0
54510	mogram, see 55300)  Excision of local lesion of testis.	6.0	30	3.0	54840		6.0	30 45	3.0
54520	Orchiectomy, simple, (including subcapsular), with or without	0.0	30	3.0		without epididymectomy (With hernia repair, see 49515)	8.0	43	3.0
	testicular prosthesis, scrotal or inguinal approach; unilateral	6.0	30	3.0	54860 54861	Epididymectomy, unilateral bilateral	8.0 10.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
54521 54530	Orchiectomy, radical, for tumor;	8.0	30	3.0	REPAIR				
	inguinal approach	8.0	30	3.0	54900	Epididymovasostomy,			
54535	with abdominal exploration	12.0	30	4.0		anastomosis of epididymis to vas			
	(For orchiectomy with repair of					deferens; unilateral	10.0	90	3.0
	•				54901	deferens; unilateral	10.0 14.0	90 90	3.0 3.0

(For microsurgical repair with use of operating microscope, add modifier -20)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-275, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-275, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-275, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-275, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-22-280 Tunica vaginalis.

		Follow-			
		Unit	up	Basic	
		Value	Days=	Anes@	
INCISI	ON				
*55000	Puncture aspiration of hydrocele, with or without injection of medication	*0.48	0		
EVOICE		0.10	Ū		
EXCISI	ON				
55040	Excision of hydrocele; unilateral.	8.0	45	3.0	
55041	bilateral	12.0	45	3.0	
	(With hernia repair, see 49515)				
REPAIR	₹				
55060	Repair of hydrocele (Bottle type)	6.0	45	3.0	

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–280, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–280, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–280, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

## WAC 296-22-285 Scrotum.

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
INCIS	ION			
*55100 55110 55120	(see also 54700)	*0.4 BR BR	0	3.0 3.0 3.0
EXCIS	ION			
*	(For excision of local lesion of skin of scrotum, see integumentary system)	* 1		
55150	Resection of scrotum	BR		3.0
REPAI	R			
55175 55180	Scrotoplasty; simple	BR BR		3.0 3.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-22-285, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-285, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-285, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-285, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-285, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-22-290 Vas deferens.

		Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@				
INCISIO	ON							
55200	Vasotomy, cannulization with or without incision of vas, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)	3.6	30	3.0				
EXCISI	ON							
55250	Vasectomy, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure), including postoperative semen examination(s)	3.6	30	3.0				
INTRO	DUCTION							
55300	Vasotomy for vasograms, seminal vesiculograms, or epididymograms, unilateral or bilateral	3.6	30	3.0				
	(When combined with 54505 or 54506, apply WAC 296-22-010, item 7a)							
	(For radiographic procedure, see 74440, 74441)							
REPAIR								
55400	Vasovasostomy, vasovasorrhaphy;							
55401	unilateral bilateral	10.0 14.0	90 90	3.0 3.0				
	(For microsurgical repair with use of operating microscope, add modifier -20)							
SUTUR	E							
55450	Ligation (percutaneous) of vas deferens, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure)	1.2	30	3.0				
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-290, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-290, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-290, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-290, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]								

# WAC 296-22-295 Spermatic cord.

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
EXCISI	ON			
55500	Excision of hydrocele of sper- matic cord, unilateral (separate			
55520	procedure) Excision of lesion of spermatic	6.0	45	3.0
	cord (separate procedure)	6.0	30	3.0
55530	Excision of varicocele or ligation of spermatic veins for varicocele;			
	(separate procedure)	8.0	45	3.0
55535	abdominal approach	9.5	45	5.0
55540	with hernia repair	9.5	45	3.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–295, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–295, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–295, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

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WA	C 296-22-300 Seminal ves	icles.			Follow- Unit up Basic
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	Value Days= Anes@
		Value	Days=	Anes@	55815 with bilateral pelvic lympha-
INCISI	ON				denectomy, including external iliac, hypogastric and obtura-
55600	Vesiculotomy, unilateral	8.0	60	5.0	tor nodes BR 6.0
55601 55605	bilateral	12.0 14.0	60 60	5.0 3.0	(If 55815 is carried out on sepa- rate days, use 38771 and 55810)
EXCISI	ON				55821 Prostatectomy, including control
55650	Vesiculectomy, any approach;				of postoperative bleeding com-
	unilateral	20.0	90	5.0	plete (vasectomy, meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dila-
55651 55680	bilateral Excision of Mullerian duct cyst .	20.0 20.0	90 90	5.0 5.0	tion, and interal urethrotomy are included), suprapubic, subtotal,
	(For injection procedures, see				one or two stages
	52010, 52110, 55300)				55831 retropubic, subtotal 20.0 90 5.0 55840 prostatectomy, retropubic
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 5				radical 26.0 90 6.0
	155 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–300 Order 74–7, § 296–22–300, filed				55842 with lymph node biopsy(s) (limited pelvic lymphadenec-
	300, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/		.,	/, 3	tomy) BR 55845 with bilateral pelvic lympha-
WWYA	C 00/ 00 00F D				denectomy, including external
W A	C 296-22-305 Prostate.				iliac, hypogastric and obturator nodes BR 3.0
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic	with bilateral pelvic lympha-
		Value	Days=	Anes@	denectomy, including external iliac, hypogastric and obtura-
INCISI	ON				tor nodes
55700	Biopsy, prostate; needle or				OTHER PROCEDURES
	punch, single or multiple, any approach	1.4	15	3.0	(For artificial insemination, see 58310)
	(For fine needle aspiration, prep-				55899 Unlisted procedure, male genital
	aration, and interpretation of smears, see 88170-88173)				system BR 3.0
55705	incisional, any approach	8.0	30	4.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–305, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–
55720	Prostatotomy, external drainage	0.0	30	1.0	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-305, filed 2/28/86, effective
	of prostatic abscess, any approach; simple	8.0	60	.0	4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-22-305, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-
55725	complicated	14.0	60	4.0	18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-305, filed 12/3/80, effective
	(For transurethral drainage, see 52700)				3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–305, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–305, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
55740	Prostatolithotomy, removal of				WAC 296-22-306 Intersex surgery.
	prostatic calculus (separate procedure)	20.0	60	4.0	Follow-
EXCISI	,				Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@
LACISI	(For transurethral removal of				
	prostate, see 52601–52650)				55970 Intersex surgery; male to female NONCOVERED PROCEDURE
	(For limited pelvic lymphadenectomy for staging (separate proce-				55980 female to male
	dure), use 38562)				[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039
	(For independent node dissection, see 38770-38780)				(Order 89-09), \$ 296-22-306, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(2), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-
55801	Prostatectomy, perineal, subtotal				18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-306, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81.]
	(including control of postopera- tive bleeding, during initial hos-				
	pitalization, vasectomy,				FEMALE GENITAL SYSTEM
	meatotomy, urethral calibration and/or dilation, and internal				(For pelvic laparotomy,
55810	urethrotomy) are included prostatectomy, perineal radi-	20.0	90	6.0	see 49000)
	cal	26.0	90	6.0	(For endometriomas re-
55812	with lymph node biopsy(s) (limited pelvic				section, see 49200,
	lymphadenopathy)	BR			49201)
(1000 E4	,				[T:46-204 WAC - 251]

(1989 Ed.)

(For paracentesis, see 49080, 49081)						Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
(For secondary closure of abdominal wall evis- ceration or disruption, see 49900)				DEST	RUCTION			
(For chemotherapy, see 90790–90793)				*56501 56515	simple, any method	BR BR+	0	3.0 3.0
WAC 296-22-307 Perineum.					(For destruction of Skene's gland cyst or abscess, see 53270)			
	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	EXCIS	(For cautery destruction of urethral caruncle, see 53265)			
INCISION								
*56000 Incision and drainage of perineal abscess (nonobstetrical) (see also				56600	Biopsy of vulva (separate procedure)	0.6	7	3.0
10060 et seq) EXCISION	*0.6		3.0		(For local excision or fulguration of lesion(s) of external genitalia, see 11420-11426, 11620-11626,			
56100 Biopsy of perineum (separate			2.0		17000–17302, 56500–56521)			
procedure)	0.6	7	3.0	56620	Vulvectomy; partial, unilateral or bilateral (but less than 80% of vulvar area)	12.0	60	3.0
REPAIR				56625	complete (skin and subcuta-			
56200 Perineoplasty, repair of perineum					neous tissue), bilateral	15.0	60	3.0
nonobstetrical, (separate procedure) (see also 56800)	BR		3.0		(For skin graft, see 15000 et seq)			
			3.0	56630	Vulvectomy, radical; without skin graft	20.0	120	3.0
(For repair of wounds to genita- lia, see 12001-12007, 12041-	•			56635	with inguinofemoral lympha-			
12047, 13131, 13132)				56636	denectomy, unilateral with inguinofemoral lympha-	24.0	120	5.0
(For repair of recent injury of vagina and perineum, nonobstetrical, see 57210)				56640	denectomy, bilateral vulvectomy, radical, with inguinofemoral, iliac, and	26.0	120	5.0
(For anal sphincteroplasty, see 46750, 46751)					pelvic lymphadenectomy; uni- lateral	26.0	120	5.0
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51	04 030 86	_06_032	56641	bilateral	30.0	120	5.0
Order 86–19), § 296–22–307, filed 2/28/tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–307,	86, effec .030 and	tive 4/1/80 51.16.120	6. Statu- (3). 80–		(For lymphadenectomy, see 38760-38780)			
3/1/81; Order 74-7, \$ 296-22-307, filed	1/30/7	4. Formerl	y WAC	56680 56685	Clitoridectomy, simple	8.0 12.0	30 90	3.0 3.0
296–22–335.]				56700	Hymenectomy, partial excision of			
WAC 296-22-310 Vulva and i	introitu	s.		56710	hymen  Plastic revision of hymen	2.4 2.4	30 30	3.0 3.0
		Follow-		*56720	Hymenotomy, simple incision	*1.4	0	3.0
	Unit Value	up Days=	Basic	36740	Excision of Bartholin's gland or cyst	4.8	30	3.0
INCISION	value	Days-	Anes@		(For excision of Skene's gland, see 53270)			
(For incision and drainage of se- baceous cyst, furuncle, or carun- cle, see 10000-10020, 10060,					(For excision of urethral caruncle, see 53265)			
10061)					(For excision or fulguration of			
*56400 Incision and drainage, abscess of vulva, extensive	*0.8	0	3.0		urethral carcinoma, see 53220) (For excision or marsupialization			
Bartholin's gland abscess, unilateral	*1.0	0	3.0		of urethral diverticulum, see 53230-53240)			
(For incision and drainage of		ŭ	2.0	REPAI	R			
Skene's gland abscess or cyst, see 53060)					(For repair of urethra for mucosal prolapse, see 53275)			
56440 Marsupialization of Bartholin's gland cyst	4.0	30	3.0	56800	Plastic repair of introitus	4.8	30	3.0
[Title 296 WACp 352]							(1	989 Ed.)

57230

57240

Basic

3.0

3.0

Anes@

Follow-

up

Days=

60

60

Unit

Value

7.0

7.0

57220 Plastic operation on urethral sphincter, vaginal approach (eg,

Kelly urethral plication) (separate procedure) .....

Plastic repair of urethrocele

cystocele with or without repair of urethrocele (separate proce-

#### **SUTURE**

(For episiorrhaphy, episioperineorrhaphy for recent injury of vulva and/or perineum, nonobstetrical, see 57210)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–310, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–310, filed 7/23/87; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–310, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–310, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–310, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–310, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

fective 1	, , ,	22-310,	med 11/2	// 68, er-	57250	dure)		60	4.0
WA	C 296-22-315 Vagina.					perineorrhaphy		60	3.0
		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@		(For repair of rectocele (separate procedure) without posterior colporrhaphy, see 45560)			
INCISI	ON				57260				
67000	Calastana with auglantian	4.0	30	3.0	57265	porrhaphy with enterocele repair	12.0 14.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
57000 57010	with drainage of pelvic ab-	4.0 BR	30	3.0	57268	Repair of enterocele, vaginal approach (separate procedure)		00	3.0
*57020			0	2.0	57270	Repair of enterocele, abdominal		60	4.0
	dure)	*0.8	0	3.0	57280	approach (separate procedure) Colpopexy, abdominal approach .	14.0	60 60	4.0 4.0
DESTR	UCTION				57282	Sacrospinous ligament fixation			110
57061	Destruction of vaginal lesion(s); simple, any method	0.7		3.0		for prolapse of vagina following hysterectomy (separate proce-			
57065	extensive, any method	BR		3.0	57288	dure)	BR		3.0
EXCISI	ON					nence (e.g., fascia or synthetic) .	15.0	90	5.0
*57100	Biopsy of vaginal mucosa; simple				57289	Pereyra procedure, including anterior colporrhaphy	13.0	90	3.0
57105	(separate procedure) extensive, requiring suture (in-	0.72	7	3.0	57291	Construction of artificial vagina; without graft	BR		3.0
37103	cluding cysts)	BR		3.0	57292	with graft	BR		3.0
57108	Colpectomy, obliteration of va-	12.0	<b>60</b>	2.0	57300	Closure of rectovaginal fistula;		00	
	gina; partial	12.0	60	3.0	57305	vaginal or transanal approach	14.5 18.0	90	3.0 5.0
	(For excision and/or fulgura-				57307	abdominal approach, with		70	5.0
	tion of local lesion(s), see 11200-11660, 17000-17300)				55010	concomitant colostomy	20.0	90	5.0
57110		140	60	2.0	57310 57311	Closure of urethrovaginal fistula with bulbo cavernous trans-	14.5	60	4.0
57110 57120	complete	14.0 12.0	60 60	3.0 3.0	3/311	plant	BR	60	4.0
57130	Excision of vaginal septum	BR		3.0	57320	Closure of vesicovaginal fistula, vaginal approach	14.5	60	4.0
57135	Excision of vaginal cyst or tu-	BR		3.0		(For concomitant cystostomy, see		00	7.0
INTRO	DUCTION					51005-51040 and WAC 296-22-			
						010, item 7a)			
*57150	Irrigation and/or application of medicament for treatment of bacterial, parasitic or fungoid				57330	transvesical and vaginal ap- proach	BR		5.0
*57160	disease	*0.24 *0.24	0 0			(For abdominal approach, see 51900)			
57170	Diaphragm fitting with instruc-	0.24			MANIP	ULATION			
57180	Introduction of any hemostatic				*57400	Ç			
	agent or pack for spontaneous or traumatic nonobstetrical hemor-				*57410	thesia  Pelvic examination under anes-	*0.72	0	3.0
	rhage (separate procedure)	BR		3.0		thesia	*0.72	0	3.0
REPAIR	t.				ENDOS	COPY			
	(For urethral suspension, (Marshall-Marchetti-Krantz				57450 57451	Culdoscopy, diagnostic with biopsy and/or lysis of ad-	4.0	15	3.0
	type) abdominal approach, see 51840, 51841)				57452*	1 13, 1	4.0	15	3.0
572.00	Colporrhaphy, suture of injury of	n n	3.0		57454*	dure) with biopsies, or biopsy of the	1.0	0	
57210	vagina (nonobstetrical) Colpoperineorrhaphy, suture of	BR	3.0			cervix	2.0	0	
	injury of vagina and/or perineum (nonobstetrical)	BR	3.0			ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 39-09), § 296-22-315, filed 8/10/			
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title :	296 WAC-	-р 353]

[Title 296 WAC-p 354]

WAC 296-22-330 Corpus uteri.

Follow-

up Days=

Basic

(1989 Ed.)

Anes@

Unit

Value

16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-22-315, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Or-
der 86-19), § 296-22-315, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-
066 (Order 83-23), § 296-22-315, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority:
RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order
80-25), § 296-22-315, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, §
296-22-315, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-315, filed
11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.1

296-22-	315, filed 1/30/74; Order 68- 8, effective 1/1/69.]				EXCISI	ON		2,.	
WA	C 296–22–325 Cervix uteri	i.			*58100 58101*	Endometrial biopsy, suction type (separate procedure)	*0.72	0	3.0
****					38101"	Endometrial washings (e.g., for cytology sampling)	1.0	0	3.0
		¥ 1	Follow-	Deste	58102	Office endometrial curettage	2.0	ő	3.0
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	58103	Menstrual extraction	0.5	0	
		Value	Days	/Tites@	58120	Dilation and curettage, diagnos-			
EXCISI	ON					tic and/or therapeutic (obstetri- cal) (see also 57520			
	(For radical auraical massadures					nonobstetrical)	4.0	15	3.0
	(For radical surgical procedures, see 58200–58240)					(For postpartum hemorrhage, see 59160)			
*57500	Biopsy, single or multiple, or lo-				50140	,			
	cal excision of lesion, with or				58140	Myomectomy, excision of fibroid tumor of uterus, single or multi-			
	without fulguration, (separate procedure)	*0.6	0	3.0		ple, (procedure); abdominal ap-			
57505	Endocervical curettage (not done	0.0	U	5.0		proach	14.0	45	5.0
	as part of a dilation and curet-				58145	vaginal approach	BR		5.0
	tage)	BR		3.0	58150	Total hysterectomy (corpus and cervix), with or without removal			
*57510	Cauterization of cervix; electro	***	_			of tube(s), with or without re-			
57511*	or thermal	*0.6 0.6	0			moval of ovary(s)	16.0	45	5.0
57513	cryocautery, initial or repeat. laser surgery	1.0	. 0	3.0	58152	with colpo-urethrocystopexy			
57520	Biopsy of cervix, circumferential	1.0		5.0		(Marshall–Marchetti– Krantz type)	BR		5.0
	(cone) with or without dilation						ы		3.0
	and curettage, with or without					(For urethrocystopexy without			
	Sturmdorff type repair (see also	10	45	2.0		hysterectomy, see 51840, 51841)			
57530	58120) Trachelectomy (cervicectomy),	4.8	43	3.0	58180	Supracervical hysterectomy (sub-			
37330	amputation of cervix (separate					total hysterectomy), with or without tube(s), with or without			
	procedure)	4.8	45	3.0		removal of ovary(s)	16.0	45	5.0
57540	Excision of cervical stump, ab-				58200	Total hysterectomy, including		,,,	
57545	dominal approach	12.0	45	4.0		partial vaginectomy, with limited			
57550	with pelvic floor repair Excision of cervical stump, va-	BR		4.0		para-aortic and pelvic	20.0	120	5.0
37330	ginal approach	12.0	45	3.0		lymphnode biopsy(s)	20.0	120	5.0
57555	with anterior and/or poster-					(For hysterectomy with pelvic			
	ior repair	14.5	45	3.0		lymphadenectomy, use 58210)			
57556	with repair of enterocele	14.5	45	4.0	58210	Radical hysterectomy, with bilat-			
INTROI	DUCTION					eral total pelvic and limited para-aortic lymphadenectomy	30.0	120	7.0
	(For insertion of intrauterine de-	**				(For radical hysterectomy with			
	vice, see 58300)					ovarian transposition, use also			
REPAIR						51597)			
					58240	Pelvic exenteration for gyneco-			
57700	Tracheloplasty (Shirodkar or			• •		logical malignancy, with total			
57720	Lash type operation) Trachelorrhaphy, plastic repair	6.0	45	3.0		hysterectomy or cervicectomy, with removal of bladder and ur-			
31120	of uterine cervix, vaginal ap-					eteral transplantations, and/or			
	proach	6.0	45	3.0		abdominoperineal resection of			
N # A D 1445	UL ATION					rectum and colon and colostomy,			
MANIP	ULATION					or any combination thereof (pel- vic exenteration)	BR		7.0
*57800	Dilation of cervical canal, instru-					,			
	mental (separate procedure)	*0.6	0	3.0		(For pelvic exenteration of lower urinary tract or male genital ma-			
57820	Dilation and curettage of cervical	4.0	. 1.5	1.0		lignancy, use 51597)			
	stump	4.0	15	3.0	59260	Vaginal hystorostory	160	15	4.0
	y Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a				58260 58265	Vaginal hysterectomy with plastic repair of vagina,	16.0	45	4.0
	9-09), § 296-22-325, filed 8/10/8					anterior and/or posterior			
	(Order 86-19), § 296-22-325,				202.2	colporrhapy	18.0	45	4.0
	83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-2 thority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.				58267	with colpo-urethrocystopexy (Marshal-Marchetti-			
	(Order 80–25), § 296–22–325,					Krantz type, Pereyra type,			
3/1/81;	Order 74-7, § 296-22-325, filed	1/30/7	, , ,			with or without endoscopic			
296–22–3	325, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/6	9.]				control)	20.0	90	5.0
FOTO A GAG	. XX/A C)								

[Title 296 WAC—p 355]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
58270 58275	with repair of enterocele Vaginal hysterectomy, with total	18.0	45	4.0		(For laparoscopic procedures, see 58980-58987)			
58280	or partial colpectomy with repair of enterocele	18.0 18.0	45 45	4.0 4.0	58611	Ligation or transection of			
58285	Vaginal hysterectomy, radical (Schauta type operation)	24.0	120	7.0		fallopian tube(s) when done at the time of Cesarean section or			
INTRO	DUCTION	20				intra-abdominal surgery (not a			
111110	(For insertion of radioactive sub-					separate procedure, included in major procedure.)	BR		4.0
	stance into corpus with or with-				58615	Occlusion of fallopian tube(s) by device (e.g., band, clip, Falope			
	out dilation and curettage, see 77520-77550)					ring, fulguration) vaginal or			4.0
*58300	Insertion of intrauterine device		_			suprapubic approach	BR		4.0
58301	(IUD)	*1.0	0	3.0		(For laparoscopic approach, see 58983)			
58310	(IUD) Artificial insemination	BR BR			EXCISI	ON			
58311	with sperm washing	BR			58700	Salpingectomy, complete or par-			
*58320	Insufflation of uterus and tubes with air and CO <sub>2</sub>	*1.0	0	3.0		tial, unilateral or bilateral (sepa- rate procedure)	12.0	45	4.0
*58340	Injection procedure for hystero-				58720	Salpingo-oophorectomy, com-		,,,	
*58350	salpingography*  * Hydrotubation of oviduct, in-	0.8	0			plete or partial, unilateral or bi- lateral (separate procedure)	12.0	45	4.0
	cluding materials	1.0	0		REPAI	₹		-	
	(For materials supplied by physician, see 99070)				58740	Lysis of adhesions (salpingolysis, ovariolysis)	BR		4.0
REPAI						(For laparoscopic approach,			
58400	Uterine suspension, with or with- out shortening of round ligaments,					see 58985)			
	with or without shortening of				58750 58752	Tubotubal anastomosis Tubouterine implantation	BR BR		4.0 4.0
	sacrouterine ligaments; (separate procedure)	12.0	45	4.0	58760	Fimrioplasty	BR		4.0
58410 58520	with presacral sympathectomy. Hysterorrhaphy, repair of rup-	14.0	45	5.0	58770	Salpingostomy (salpingoneostomy)			
	tured uterus (nonobstetrical)	12.0	45	4.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
58540	Hysteroplasty, repair of uterine anomaly (Strassman type)	14.0	45	4.0		39-09), § 296-22-333, filed 8/10/ (Order 86-19), § 296-22-333,			
SUTUR	RE .				4/1/86;	83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-	22-333,	filed 8/2/	83. Stat-
	(For closure of vesicouterine				24-041	uthority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04 (Order 81-28), § 296-22-333,	filed 1	1/30/81,	effective
	fistula, see 51920)					80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296- /1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-333,			3/80, ef-
[Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-330, filed 8/10/	and 51.	04.030. 89	-17-039			,,	,,	
16-004	(Order 87-18), § 296-22-330, filed	1 7/23/8	37; 86–06–0	032 (Or-	WA	C 296-22-337 Ovary.			
	19), § 296-22-330, filed 2/28/86, der 83-23), § 296-22-330, filed 8/						1 !!4	Follow-	Do-!-
RCW 5	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.	120(3).	80-18-055	(Order			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
80–25), 296–22-	§ 296–22–330, filed 12/3/80, effec -330, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-	tive $3/1$ –7, § :	/81; Order 296–22–33	0, filed	OVARY	,			
	68, effective 1/1/69.]				INCISI				
WA	C 296-22-333 Oviduct.				58800				
**15	C EJO EE JOJ OHIGHER		Follow-		20000	lateral, or bilateral, (separate			4.0
		Unit	up	Basic	58805	procedure); vaginal approach abdominal approach	4.0 12.0	15 45	4.0 4.0
		Value	Days=	Anes@	58820	Drainage of ovarian abscess; va-	4.0	15	4.0
INCISI	ON				58822	ginal approach	6.0	15	4.0
58600	Transection of fallopian tube,				58825	Transposition, ovary(s)	BR		
	abdominal or vaginal approach, unilateral or bilateral	12.0	45	4.0	EXCISI				
58605	Ligation or transection of fallopian tube(s), abdominal or				58900	Biopsy of ovary, unilateral or bi- lateral (separate procedure)	12.0	45	4.0
	vaginal approach, postpartum,				58920	Wedge resection or bisection of			
	unilateral or bilateral during same hospitalization (separate				58925	ovary, unilateral or bilateral Ovarian cystectomy, unilateral or	12.0	45	4.0
	procedure)	7.0	45	4.0		bilateral	12.0	45	4.0

(1989 Ed.)

		Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@
58940	Oophorectomy, partial or total, unilateral or bilateral	12.0	45	4.0
58943	for ovarian malignancy, with para-aortic and pelvic lymph node biopsies, peritoneal biop- sies, diaphragmatic assess- ments, with or without salpingectomy(s)	BR		·
58950	Resection of ovarian malignancy with bilateral salpingo-			
58951	oophorectomy and omentectomy with total abdominal hysterec- tomy, pelvic and limited para-	14	60	5.0
58952	aortic lymphadenectomy with radical dissection for	BR		
	debulking	BR		
58960	Laparotomy, for staging or restaging of ovarian malignancy ('second look'), with or without omentectomy, peritoneal washings, biopsy of abdominal and pelvic peritoneum, diaphragmatic assessment with pelvic and limited para-aortic lymphadenectomy	BR		
IN VITE	RO FERTILIZATION			
58970	Follicle puncture for oocyte retrieval, any method		NONCOVI PROCEDU	
58972	Culture and fertilization of oocyte(s)	N	NONCOVI	ERED
58974	Embryo transfer, any method (separate procedure)	Ŋ	NONCOVI	ERED
58976	Gamete intrafallopian transfer, any method	ī	NONCOVI PROCEDU	ERED

# ENDOSCOPY-LAPAROSCOPY

The endoscopic descriptors in this publication are listed so that the main procedure can easily be identified without having to list all the minor related procedures that may be performed at the same time (such as lysis of adhesions and fulguration of bleeding points during laparoscopy with fulguration transection of the oviducts). When the laproscopy requires mini-laparotomy (Hasson technique) or when secondary procedures involve significant additional time and effort, they may be reported by using modifier -22.

(For	peritoneoscopy,	see	49300-
4930	3)		

58980	Laparoscopy for visualization of			
	pelvic viscera	6.0	10	5.0
58982	with fulguration of oviducts (with or without transec-			
	`	8.0	10	5.0
58983	tion) with occlusion of oviducts	0.0	10	5.0
30703	by device (e.g., band, clip,			
	or Falope ring)	BR		5.0
	or ratope ring)	DK		5.0
	(For vaginal or suprapubic ap-			
	proach), see 58615)			
58984	with fulguration of ovarian			
30704	or peritoneal lesions by any			
	method	8.0	10	5.0
50005				
58985	with lysis of adhesions	8.0	10	5.0
58986	with biopsy (single or multi-			
	ple)	8.0	10	5.0
58987	with aspiration (single or			
/	multiple)	8.0	10	5.0
58990		BR	10	3.0
20390	Hysteroscopy, diagnostic	DΚ		5.0

58995	therapeutic	BR	3.0
OTHER	PROCEDURES		
58999	Unlisted procedure, female genital system nonobstetrical	BR	3.0
(Order 8	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a 39–09), § 296–22–337, filed 8/10/8	9, effective	9/10/89; 87-

Follow-

up

Days=

Basic

Anes@

Unit

Value

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–337, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–337, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–337, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–337, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–337, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–337, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296–22–320.]

#### MATERNITY CARE AND DELIVERY

# WAC 296-22-340 Maternity care and delivery.

#### NOTES

The services normally required in uncomplicated maternity cases include antepartum care, delivery and postpartum care.

Antepartum care includes usual prenatal services (initial and subsequent history, physical examinations, recording of weight, blood pressure, fetal heart tones, routine chemical urinalyses, maternity counseling).

Delivery includes vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, with or without forceps or breech delivery) or Cesarean section, and resuscitation of new born infant when necessary.

Postpartum care includes hospital and office visits following vaginal or Cesarean section delivery.

For medical complications of pregnancy (toxemia, cardiac problems, neurological problems or other problems requiring additional or unusual services or requiring hospitalization), see services in MEDICINE section. For surgical complications of pregnancy not listed below, see appropriate procedures in SURGERY.

If a physician provides all or part of the antepartum and/or postpartum patient care but does not perform the delivery due to termination of pregnancy by abortion or referral to another physician for delivery, see 59420–59430.

39430.	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
INCISION			
59000 Amniocentesis for diagnostic purposes, abdominal approach	1.0	0	
(For ultrasonic guidance, see 76946, 76947)			
59010* Amnioscopy	1.0	0	
59011* Amnioscopy (intraovular)	BR	0	
59015 Chorionic villus sampling	BR	0	
59020* Fetal oxytocin stress test	1.0	0	
59025 Fetal nonstress test	1.0		
59030* Fetal scalp blood sampling	1.0	0	
59031* repeat	0.5	. 0	

		Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
59050	Initiation and/or supervision of internal fetal monitoring during labor by consultant	1.0	0		59420 59430	procedure)	Sv.&		
EXCISI	•	1.0	U		37430	procedure)	Sv.&		
59100	Hysterotomy, abdominal, for re-				CESAR	EAN SECTION			
	moval of hydatidiform mole	14.0	45	5.0		(For standby attendance of in-			
59101 59105	with tubal ligation	14.0	45	6.0	50500	fant, see 99151)			
59106	gal abortion with tubal ligation	16.0 18.0	45 45	6.0 6.0	59500	including in-hospital postpartum			
EXCISI	•				59501	care; (separate procedure) including antepartum and	10.0	7	5.0
59120	Surgical treatment of ectopic				59520	postpartum care	13.0	45	5.0
	pregnancy; tubal, requiring san- pingectomy and/or oophorecto-				37320	ing in-hospital postpartum care;	10.0		5.0
	my, abdominal or vaginal approach	14.0	45	5.0	59521	(separate procedure) including antepartum and	10.0	7	5.0
59121	tubal, without sanpingectomy		43		59540	postpartum care	13.0	45	5.0
59125	and/or oophorectomy ovarian, requiring oophorec-	BR		5.0		al, including in-hospital postpar- tum care; (separate procedure)	12.0	7	5.0
59126	tomy and/or sanpingectomy ovarian, without oophorectomy	BR		5.0	59541	including antepartum and			
	and/or sanpingectomy	BR		5.0	59560	postpartum care	16.0	45	5.0
59130 59135	abdominal interstitial, uterine pregnancy	BR		3.0		tomy, subtotal, including in- hospital postpartum care; (sepa-			
	requiring hysterectomy, total or subtotal	BR		5.0	50561	rate procedure)	12.0	7	6.0
59140 59160	cervical	BR		5.0	59561	including antepartum and postpartum care	16.0	45	6.0
39100	partum hemorrhage (separate				59580	Cesarean section with hysterectomy, total, including in-hospital			
DAMED OF	procedure)	4.0	15	3.0		postpartum care; (separate procedure)	12.0	7	6.0
INTRO	OUCTION (For intrauterine fetal transfu-				59581	including antepartum and			
	sion, see 36460)				ABORT	postpartum care	16.0	45	6.0
	(For introduction of hypertonic				59800	Treatment of spontaneous abor-			
	solution and/or prostaglandins to initiate labor, see 59850)				37000	tion, first trimester; completed medically	Sv.&		
59200	Insertion of hygroscopic cervical dilator (e.g., laminaria) (separate				59801	completed surgically (sepa-		4.5	2.0
	procedure)	BR			59810	rate procedure) Treatment of spontaneous abor-	4.0	45	3.0
REPAIR						tion, second trimester; completed medically	Sv.&		
	(For tracheloplasty, see 57700)				59811	completed surgically (separate procedure)	4.0	45	3.0
59300	Episiotomy or vaginal repair only, by other than delivering				59820	Treatment of missed abortion, any trimester, completed medi-			
59305	physician; simple extensive	2.0 BR	0	3.0 3.0		cally or surgically	Sv.&		3.0
59350	Hysterorrhaphy of ruptured				59830 59840	Treatment of septic abortion Legal (therapeutic) abortion, by	Sv.&		
59351	uterus; (separate procedure) following dilation and curet-	BR		3.0		dilation and curettage, and/or vacuum extraction	6.0	45	3.0
	tage, including both proce-	BR		3.0	59841	Legal (therapeutic) abortion, by			
DELIVE	RY, ANTEPARTUM AND POST		J <b>M CARE</b>		59850	dilation and evacuation Legal (therapeutic) abortion, by	6.0	45	3.0
	Total obstetrical care (all-inclu-					one or more intraamniotic injections (amniocentesis-injections)			
	sive, "global" care) includes an- tepartum care, vaginal delivery					(including hospital admission and visits, delivery of fetus and			
	(with or without episiotomy,				****	secundines)	6.0	45	5.0
	and/or forceps or breech deliv- ery) and postpartum care	8.0	45	3.0	59851 59852	with dilation and curettage with hysterotomy (failed sa-	BR		
59410	Vaginal delivery only (with or without episiotomy, forceps or				OWNER	line)	BR		
	breech delivery) including in- hospital postpartum care (sepa-					PROCEDURES			
50413	rate procedure)	4.0	45	3.0	59899	Unlisted procedure, maternity care and delivery	BR		3.0
59412	External cephalic version, with or without tocolysis		ONCOVE			ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a			
		P	ROCEDUF	RE.	(Order 8	19–09), § 296–22–340, filed 8/10/8	s9, effec	tive 9/10/	89; 87–

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16-004 (Order 87-18),  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19),  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23),  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28),  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-055 (Order 80-25),  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7,  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7,  $\S$  296-22-340, filed 1/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### **ENDOCRINE SYSTEM**

(For pituitary and pineal surgery, see Nervous system)

## WAC 296-22-350 Thyroid gland.

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
INCISIO	ON			
*60000	Incision and drainage of thyroglossal cyst, infected	*0.6	0	3.0
EXCISIO	ON			
*60100	Biopsy, thyroid, percutaneous needle	1.2	7	
	(For ultrasonic guidance, see 76942, 76943)			
	(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of smears, see 88170-88173)			
60200	Excision of cyst or adenoma of	0.5	45	5.0
60220	thyroid, or transection of isthmus Total thyroid lobectomy, unilat-	9.5	45	5.0
60225*	eral	14.0	45	5.0
60240	mus	14.0	45	5.0
	plete	16.0	45	5.0
60245	Thyroidectomy, subtotal or partial	14.5	45	5.0
60246	with removal of substernal thyroid gland, cervical ap-			
60252	proach	BR		5.0
	neck dissection	24.0	180	5.0
60254	with radical neck dissection	28.0	180	. 6.0
60260	Thyroidectomy, secondary; unilateral	15.0	45	5.0
60261	bilateral	18.0	45	5.0
60270	Thyroidectomy, including sub- sternal thyroid gland, sternal			- 70
60280	split or transthor ic approach Excision of thyroglossal duct cyst	BR	45	5.0
	or sinus	11.0	45	4.0
60281	recurrent	BR		4.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–350, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–350, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–350, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–350, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–350, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–350, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–350, filed 1/1/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-22-355 Parathyroid, thymus, adrenal glands and carotid body.

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
EXCISI	ON			
	(For pituitary and pineal surgery, see Nervous System)			
60500	Parathyroidectomy or explora-			
(0500	tion of parathyroid(s)	18.0 BR	45	5.0 5.0
60502 60505	reexploration	BK		3.0
	proach	24.0	60	12.0
60520	Thymectomy, partial or total (separate procedure)	18.0	60	12.0
60540	Adrenalectomy, partial or com-	10.0	00	12.0
00210	plete, or exploration of adrenal			
	with or without biopsy, transab-			
	dominal, lumbar or dorsal (sepa-			
60545	rate procedure), unilateral;	19.0	90	9.0
60343	with excision of adjacent re- troperitoneal tumor	22.0	90	9.0
	•	22.0	70	7.0
	(For excision of remote or disseminated pheochromocytoma, see 49200, 49201)			
60550	Adrenalectomy, partial or com-			
00220	plete, or exploration of adrenal gland with or without biopsy,			
	transabdominal, lumbar or dor- sal, bilateral; one stage	24.0	90	9.0
60555	two stages	BR	90	9.0
60600	Excision of carotid body tumor; without excision of carotid ar-			
	tery	17.0	60	8.0
60605 60699	with excision of carotid artery Unlisted procedure, endocrine	24.0	60	8.0
	system	BR		5.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09),  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18),  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19),  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–25),  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7,  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7,  $\S$  296–22–355, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

## WAC 296-22-365 Skull, meninges, and brain.

(For injection procedure for cerebral angiography, see 36100-36215)

(For injection procedure for ventriculography, see 61026, 61120, 61130)

(For injection procedure for pneumoencephalography, see 61055)

# Surgical Fees

		Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit	Follow-	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
PUNCT	URE FOR INJECTION, DRAIN	AGE OF	R ASPIRA	TION		(If burr hole(s) or trephine fol-			
*61000	Subdural tap through fontanelle (infant); unilateral or bilateral;					lowed by craniotomy at same operative session, use 61304-61321;			
*61001	initial subsequent taps	*2.0 *1.4	0 0			do not use 61250, 61251, or 61253)			
*61020	Ventricular puncture through previous burr hole, fontanelle, or				CRANI	ECTOMY OR CRANIOTOMY			
	implanted ventricular catheter/ reservoir; without injection	*2.0	0		61304	Craniectomy or craniotomy, exploratory; supratentorial	34.0	90	9.0
61026*	with injection of drug or other substance for diagno-				61305	infratentorial (posterior fossa)	40.0	90	10.0
	sis or treatment	BR		7.0	61312	Craniectomy or craniotomy for evacuation of hematoma,			
*61050	Cisternal or lateral cervical puncture; without injection (sep-					supratentorial; extradural or sub-	31.5	90	9.5
61055*	arate procedure) with injection of drug or	*1.8	0		61313	intracerebral	33.0	90	9.5
01055	other substance for diagno-				61314	Craniectomy or craniotomy for evacuation of hematoma,			
61070*	sis or treatment  Puncture of shunt tubing or res-	BR		6.0		infratentorial; extradural or sub- dural	39.0	90	9.5
	ervoir for aspiration or injection procedure	2.0	0	0	61315	intracerebellar	42.7	90	9.5
	•		0		61320	Craniectomy or craniotomy, drainage of intracranial abscess;			
	DRILL BURR HOLE(S) OR TRE	SPHINE	3		61321	supratentorial	28.0 28.0	90 90	11.0 13.0
61105*	Twist drill hole for subdural or ventricular puncture; not fol-				61330	Decompression of orbit only,			
(110/	lowed by other surgery	BR			61331	transcranial approach; unilateral bilateral	26.0 BR	90	9.0 9.0
61106 61107*	followed by other surgery for implanting ventricular	BR			61332	Exploration of orbit (transcranial approach); with biopsy	BR		9.0
	catheter or pressure recording device	8.0	30	7.0	61333	with removal of lesion	BR		9.0
61108	for evacuation and/or drain-				61334 61340	with removal of foreign body.  Other cranial decompression	BR		9.0
61120	age of subdural hematoma Burr hole(s) for ventricular	17.5	7	8.0		(e.g., subtemporal), supratentorial; unilateral	16.0	90	9.0
	puncture (including injection of gas, contrast media, dye, or ra-				61341	bilateral	24.0	90	9.0
	dioactive material); not followed				61343	Craniectomy, suboccipital with cervical laminectomy for decom-			
61130	by other surgery followed by other surgery	10.0 7.0	30 0	7.0		pression of medulla and spinal cord, with or without dural graft			
61140	Burr hole(s) or trephine; with bi- opsy of brain or intracranial le-					(e.g., Arnold-Chiari malforma-	20.2	00	0.5
	sion	20.0	0	5.0	61345	tion) Other cranial decompression,	39.2	90	9.5
61150	Burr hole(s) with drainage of brain abscess or cyst	24.0	90	9.0		posterior fossa	22.0	90	13.0
61151	with subsequent tapping (aspi-					(For orbital decompression by lateral wall approach, Kroenlein			
	ration) of intracranial abscess or cyst	2.0	0	4.0		type, see 67440)			
61154	Burr hole(s); with evacuation and/or drainage of hematoma,				61440				
(1155	extradural or subdural; unilateral	26.0	90	9.0		tentorium cerebelli (separate procedure)	BR		10.0
61155 61156	bilateral of hematoma	39.0	90	9.0	61450	Craniectomy, subtemporal, for section, compression, or decom-			
61210*	or cyst, intracerebral for implanting ventricular	25.0	90	9.0		pression of sensory root of	20.0		10.0
01210	catheter, reservoir, or pres-				61458	gasserian ganglion	28.0	90	10.0
	sure recording device (sepa- rate procedure)	8.0	30	7.0		exploration or decompression of cranial nerves	30.0	90	10.0
61215	Insertion of subcutaneous reservoir, pump or continuous infusion				61460	for section of one or more cra-			
	system for connection to ventric-			** 4	61470	nial nerves	34.0 40.0	90 90	10.0 11.0
61250	ular catheter	BR		7.0	61480	for mesencephalic tractotomy or pedunculotomy	40.0	90	11.0
	tentorial, exploratory, not fol- lowed by other surgery;				61490	Craniotomy for lobotomy, in-			
	unilateral	15.0	30	7.0	61491	cluding cingulotomy; unilateral . bilateral	24.0 30.0	90 90	9.0 11.0
61251 61253	bilateral	22.0	30	7.0	61500	Craniectomy; with tumor or other bone lesion of skull	BR		8.0
	tentorial, unilateral or bilateral .	BR			61501	for osteomyelitis	BR		8.0
(1989 Ed.)							[Title	296 WAC-	—р 359]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=-	Basic Anes@
61510	Craniectomy, trephination, bone flap craniotomy; for excision of brain tumor, supratentorial; ex-				61548	Hypophysectomy, transnasal or transseptal approach, nonstereotactic	BR		4.0
61512	cept meningioma	34.0	90	12.0		single suture	18.0	90	9.0
61514	supratentorial for excision of brain abscess,	40.0	90	11.0	61552 61553	multiple sutures, one stage each stage of multiple stages .	22.0 BR	90	9.0 9.0
61516	supratentorial  for excision or fenestration of cyst, supratentorial	32.0		9.0 11.0	61555	Reconstruction of skull by multi- ple bone flaps	BR		9.0
	(For excision of pituitary tumor of craniopharyngioma, see 61545, 61546, 61548)	50.0		11.0		(For cranial reconstruction for orbital hypertelorism, see 21260–21263)			
61518	Craniectomy for excision of brain tumor, infratentorial or posterior					(For sequestrectomy for osteo- myelitis, see 21020)			
	fossa; except meningioma or ce- rebellopontine angle tumor, or	40.0	20		61561	Reconstruction of skull by orbital advancement, including suturo-	n n		0.0
61519	midline tumor at base of skull	40.0 44.0	90 90	11.0 13.0	61562	tomy or craniotomy; unilateral bilateral	BR BR		9.0 9.0
61520	cerebellopontine angle tumor	40.0	90	11.0	61570	Craniectomy or craniotomy for	ВK		3.0
61521	midline tumor at base of skull	BR		11.0	0.070	excision of foreign body from			
61522	Craniectomy, infratentorial or posterior fossa; for excision of				61571	brain with treatment of penetrating	BR		9.0
61524	brain abscess for excision or fenestration of	30.0	90	13.0	61575	wound of brain	BR		9.0
61526	cyst Craniectomy, bone flap cranioto-	30.0	90	13.0		brain stem, or upper spinal cord for biopsy, decompression, or ex-			
0.020	my, transtemporal (mastoid) for excision of cerebellopontine angle				61576	cision of lesion requiring splitting of tongue	BR	90	
61530	tumor combined with middle/poster-	30.0	90	13.0		and/or mandible (including tracheostomy)	BR	90	
	ior fossa craniotomy/crani- ectomy	BR		13.0		(For arthrodesis, use 22548)			
61533	craniectomy, trephination, bone flap craniotomy; for in- sertion of eipdural electrode				61680	Surgery of intracranial arteriovenous malformation; supratentorial, simple	52.0	90	
	(For continuous EEG monitoring, see 95950-95954)	BR		9.0	61682 61684 61686	supratentorial, complexinfratentorial, simpleinfratentorial, complex	61.0 56.5 65.5	90 90 90	
61534	for excision of epileptogenic focus without				61690 61692	dural, simpledural, complex	BR BR	90 90	
	electrocorticography during surgery	BR		9.0		(For sequestrectomy for osteomyelitis, see 21020)			
61535	for removal of epidural elec- trode array, without excision					RY FOR ANEURYSM, ARTER N, OR VASCULAR DISEASE	RIOVE	NOUS MA	ALFOR-
	of cerebral tissue (separate procedure)	BR		9.0	MINITO	•			
61536	for excision of cerebral, epileptogenic focus with elec- trocorticography during sur-					(For excision of vascular malformation, see 61532)			
	gery (includes removal of electrode array)	BR		9.0	61700	rysm, intracranial approach; car-	40.0	20	
61538	for lobectomy with electrocor- ticography during surgery,	-		710	61702	otid circulation	40.0 44.0	90 90	13.0 15.0
61539	temporal lobe for lobectomy with electrocor-	38.0	90	9.0	61703	Surgery of intracranial aneu- rysm, cervical approach by ap- plication of occluding clamp to			
	ticography during surgery, other than temporal lobe, par- tial or total	38.0	90	9.0		cervical carotid artery (Selver- stone—Crutchfield type)	BR		7.0
61541	for transection of corpus	BR	70	9.0		(For cervical approach for direct			
61542 61543	callosum for total hemispherectomy . for partial or subtotal	48.0	90	9.0		ligation of carotid artery, see 37600-37606)			
61544	hemispherectomy for excision or coagulation	BR		9.0	61705	Surgery of aneurysm, vascular malformation or carotid-cavern-			
61545	of choroid plexus for excision of craniophar-	30.0	90	11.0		ous fistula; by intracranial and cervical occlusion of carotid ar-			
61546	yngioma	63.5	90	9.5	61708	tery by intracranial electrothrom-	32.0	90	15.0
31040	intracranial approach	34.0	90	10.0	31,00	bosis	30.0	90	9.0
								,	1000 51

		Unit Value	Follow up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
61710	by intra-arterial embolization, injection procedure or balloon				62010	with repair of dura and/or de- bridement of brain	29.0	90	11.0
61711	catheter	24.0	90	9.0	62100	Craniotomy for repair of dural/CSF leak, including surgery for rhinorrhea/otorrhea	30.0	90	9.0
	rebral/cortical) arteries  (For carotid or vertebral throm-	36.0	90	15.0		(For repair of spinal dural/CSF leak, see 63708)			
61712	boendarterectomy, see 35301) Microdissection, intracranial or				62120	Repair of encephalocele, including cranioplasty	BR		9.0
	spinal procedure (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	BR		9.0	62140 62141		20.0 BR	90	9.0 9.0
STERE	OTAXIS				62142	Removal of bone flap or prosthetic plate of skull	BR		9.0
61720	Stereotactic lesion, any method, including burr hole(s) and localizing and recording techniques,				62145	reparative brain surgery	BR+		11.0
	single or multiple stages; globus pallidus or thalamus	38.0	90	8.0	CSF SH				
61735	subcortical structure other than globus pallidus or thala-				62180 62190	ildsen type operation)	32.0	90	11.0
61750	stereotactic biopsy, aspiration or excision, including burr hole(s)	38.0	90	8.0		subdural-atrial, -jugular, -auric- ular	24.0	90	9.0
61751	for intracranial lesion with computerized axial to- mography	BR BR		8.0	62192	subarachnoid/subdural-peri- toneal, -pleural, -other termi- nus	22.0	90	9.0
61770	Stereotactic localization, any method, including burr hole(s);	Z.K		0.0	62194	Replacement or irrigation, sub-arachnoid/subdural catheter	6.0	90	5.0
	with insertion of catheter(s) for brachytherapy	16.5	90	8.0	62200	ventricle	32.0	90	11.0
61780	for introduction of subcortical electrodes	18.0	90	8.0	62220	Creation of shunt; ventriculo-atrial, -jugular, -auricular	26.0	90	11.0
61790	Stereotactic lesion of gasserian ganglion, percutaneous, by neurolytic agent (e.g., alcohol, ther-				62223 62225	ventriculo-peritoneal, -pleural, -other terminus	24.0	90	9.0
61793	mal, electrical, radiofrequency). Stereotactic focused proton beam	18.0	90	7.0	62230	tricular catheter	10.0	90	5.0
NEUDO	or gamma radio-surgery	BR				obstructed valve, or distal catheter in shunt system	20.0	90	11.0
	STIMULATORS, INTRACRANI	IAL			62256	Removal of complete shunt system; without replacement	10.0	90	11.0
01030	Burr or twist drill hole(s) for im- plantation of neurostimulator	1.50	20	0.0	62258	with replacement by similar or other shunt at same operation	3.0	0	9.0
61855	electrodes; cortical	15.0 18.0	30 30	8.0 8.0		•	5.0	v	7.0
61860	Craniectomy or craniotomy for implantation of neurostimulator					(For percutaneous irrigation or aspiration of shunt reservoir, see			
	electrodes, cerebral; cortical	15.0	30	6.0		61070)			
61865 61870	subcortical	18.0	30	6.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a			
01070	neurostimulator electrodes, cere-	100	20	7.0		89–09), § 296–22–365, filed 8/10/8 (Order 87–18), § 296–22–365, filed			
61875	bellar; corticalsubcortical	18.0 19.0	30 30	7.0 7.0		19), § 296–22–365, filed 2/28/86,			
61880	Revision or removal of intracranial neurostimulator electrodes	BR		7.0	RCW 5	der 83–23), § 296–22–365, filed 8/2 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.1	20(3).	81-24-041	(Order
61885	Incision for subcutaneous placement of neurostimulator receiver,				(Order 8	§ 296–22–365, filed 11/30/81, eff 30–25), § 296–22–365, filed 12/3/8 296–22–365, filed 1/30/74; Order	0, effect	ive 3/1/8	1; Order
61888	direct or inductive coupling Revision or removal of intracranial neurostimulator receiver	BR BR		7.0 7.0		8, effective 1/1/69.]	007, g	270-22-3	os, med
	(See WAC 296-22-010, item 2)				WA	C 296-22-370 Spine and sp	pinal c	ord.	
REPAIR	· }					(For application of caliper or			
62000	Elevation of depressed skull frac-					tongs, see 20660)			
62005	ture; simple, extradural compound or comminuted, ex-	18.0	90	9.0		(For treatment of fracture or dislocation of spine, see 22305-			
	tradural	24.0	90	9.0		22327)			
(1989 Ed.	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 361]

,		Unit	Follow- up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
PUNCI	TURE FOR INJECTION, DRAIN	AGE OF	CASPIRA	HON	63015	Laminectomy for exploration/de- compression of spinal cord and/or			
62268*	Percutaneous aspiration, spinal cord cyst or syrinx	BR				cauda equina, more than two seg- ments; cervical	BR		10.0
	(For CT guidance, see 76365, 76366; for ultrasonic guidance, see 76938, 76939)			•	63016 63017 63020	thoracic	BR BR		10.0 8.0
62269*	Biopsy of spinal cord, percutaneous needle	BR				including partial facetectomy, for aminotomy and/or excision of herniated intervertebral disk; one			
	(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for ultrasonic guidance,				63021	interspace, cervical, unilateral one interspace, cervical, bilat-	26.0	90	10.0
	see 76942, 76943)				63030	one interspace, lumbar, unilat-	28.0	90	10.0
62270*	Spinal puncture, lumbar; diag-				63031	eral	25.0	90	8.0
62272*	nostic	1.6	0			one interspace, lumbar, bilateral	27.0	90	8.0
	drainage of spinal fluid (by nee- dle or catheter)	BR			63035	each additional interspace, cer- vical or lumbar	BR		10.0
62273*	Injection, lumbar epidural, of blood or clot patch	2.1				(Use 63035 only for procedures			
62274*	Injection of anesthetic substance including narcotics, diagnostic or				63040	63031-63035)  Laminotomy (hemilaminectomy),			
	therapeutic; subarachnoid or	2.1	0		03040	for decompression of nerve root(s)			
62276*	subdural, single					including partial facetectomy, foraminotomy and/or excision of			
62277*	differentialsubarachnoid or subdural,	3.5	0			herniated intervertebral disk; reexploration; cervical	30.5	90	10.0
62278*	continuouslumbar or caudal epidural,	3.0			63042 63045	lumbar Laminectomy, including unilateral	BR		8.0
62279*	singlelumbar or caudal epidural,	2.1	0			or bilateral complete facetectomy or foraminotomy for decompres-			
62280*	continuous	3.0				sion of spinal cord, cauda equina and/or nerve root(s), (e.g., spinal			
02200	(e.g., alcohol, phenol, iced saline					or lateral recess stenosis), single	20.5	00	0.0
62282*	solutions); subarachnoid lumbar or caudal epidural	5.0 5.0			63046	segment; cervical thoracic	30.5 30.5	90 90	9.0 9.0
62284*	Injection procedure for myelo-	5.0			63047	lumbar	28.0	90	9.0
(2200*	graphy, spinal or posterior fossa.	3.0	7		63048	each additional segment, cervi- cal, thoracic, or lumbar	5.0	90	9.0
62288*	Injection of substance other than anesthetic, contrast, or neurolytic				TRAN	SPEDICULAR OR COSTOVER			
	solutions; subarachnoid (separate procedure)	BR			FOR	POSTEROLATERAL EXTRADUMPRESSION			
62289*	lumbar or caudal epidural	2.8	0	0					
62290*	Injection procedure for disko- graphy, single or multiple levels;				63055	Transpedicular approach for de- compression of spinal cord, equina			
62291*	lumbar	2.8 2.8				and/or nerve root(s) (e.g., herniated intervertebral disk), single			
	Injection procedure for chemonu-	_,,				segment, thoracic	39.0	90	9.0
	cleolysis; including diskography, intervertebral disc; one or more				63056 63057	lumbareach additional segment, tho-	35.0	90	9.0
62204*	levels-lumbar	13.0	180	4.0		racic or lumbar	5.0	90	9.0
62294*	Injection procedure, arterial, for occlusion of arteriovenous mal-	•			63064	compression of spinal cord or			
DOCTE:	formation, spinal	2.8	OD LAN	INDO		nerve root(s), (e.g., herniated intervertebral disk), thoracic; single	20.0		
TOMY	RIOR EXTRADURAL LAMINO FOR EXPLORATION/DECOMP	RESSIC	ON OF NE	EURAL	63066	segment each additional segment	30.0 5.0	90 90	8.0 9.0
BRAL I	NTS OR EXCISION OF HERN DISKS	NIATED	INTERV	EKIE-		(For excision of thoracic intraspinal lesions by laminec-			
63001	Laminectomy for exploration/de- compression of spinal cord and/or					tomy, see 63266, 63271, 63276, 63281, and 63286)			
	cauda equina, one or two seg- ments; cervical	30.0	90	10.0		RIOR OR ANTEROLATERA ADURAL EXPLORATION/DECO		PROACH	FOR
63003 63005	thoraciclumbar, except for spondylolis-	30.0	90	10.0	63075		.714 14150		
63010	thesislumbar for spondylolisthesis	24.0	90	8.0		pression of spinal cord and/or nerve root(s), including			
63011	(Gill type procedure)	28.0 24.0	90 90	8.0 10.0		osteophytectomy; cervical, single interspace	26.0	90	8.0
		۵٦.∪	70	10.0		тыврасо	20.0		
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		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
63076	cervical, each additional inter-	5.0	90	9.0	63198	Laminectomy for cordotomy, bi- lateral, two stages within fourteen			
63077 63078	thoracic, single interspace thoracic, each additional inter-	26.0	90	9.0	63199	days; cervical	40.0 40.0	90 90	8.0 7.0
63081	space Vertebral corpectomy (vertebral body resection), partial or com-	5.0	90	9.0		SION BY LAMINECTOMY OF I	ESION	OTHER	THAN
	plete, anterior approach for de- compression of spinal cord and/or nerve root(s); cervical, single seg-					Laminectomy, for release of tethered spinal cord, lumbar Laminectomy for excision or oc-	32.5	90	9.0
63082	ment	36.5	90	9.0	,	clusion of arteriovenous malfor- mation of spinal cord; cervical	BR		9.0
63085	went	6.0	90	10.0	63251 63252 63265	thoracicthoracolumbar	BR 48.0	90	8.0 9.0
	decompression of spinal cord and/ or nerve root(s); thoracic, single				63266	intraspinal lesion other than neo- plasm, extradural; cervical	35.0 35.0	90 90	9.0
63086	segment	39.0	90	9.0	63267	thoraciclumbar	31.5	90	9.0 9.0
	thoracic, each additional seg-	6.0	90	9.0	63268 63270	sacral Laminectomy for excision of	31.5	90	9.0
63087	Vertebral corpectomy (vertebral body resection), partial or com-					intraspinal lesion other than neo- plasm, intradural; cervical	36.5	90	9.0
	plete, combined thoracolumbar approach for decompression of				63271 63272	thoraciclumbar	36.5 33.0	90 90	9.0 9.0
	spinal cord, cauda equina, or nerve root(s), lower thoracic, or				63273 63275	sacral Laminectomy for biopsy/excision	33.0	90	9.0
63088	lumbar; single each additional segment	39.0 6.0	90 90	9.0 9.0		of intraspinal neoplasm, extradural, cervical	35.0	90	9.0
63090	Vertebral corpectomy (vertebtal	•••			63276	extradural, thoracic	35.0	90	9.0
	body resection), partial or com- plete, transperitoneal or retroperi-				63277 63278	extradural, lumbarextradural, sacral	31.5 31.5	90 90	9.0 9.0
	toneal approach for decompression of spinal cord, cauda equina, or				63280	intradural, extramedullary, cer-			
	nerve root(s), lower thoracic, lum-	24.5	00	2.0	63281	vical intradural, extramedullary,	36.5	90	9.0
63091	bar, or sacral; single segment each additional segment	36.5 6.0	90 90	9.0 9.0	63282	throacicintradural, extramedullary,	36.5	90	9.0
	(Procedures 63081-63091 include diskectomy above and/or				63283	lumbarintradural, sacral	33.0 33.0	90 90	9.0 9.0
	below vertebral segment)				63285	intradural, intramedullary, cervical	43.5	90	9.0
	(If followed by arthrodesis, see 22554–22585)				63286	intradural, intramedullary, tho- racic	43.5	90	9.0
INCISI	ON				63287	intradural, intramedullary, throacolumbar	43.5	90	9.0
63170	Laminectomy for myelotomy (e.g., Bischof or DREZ type), cervical,				63290	combined extradural-intradural lesion, any level	BR	90	9.0
63172	thoracic, or thoracolumbar  Laminectomy for drainage of	36.5	90	8.0		ION, ANTERIOR OR ANTERO		L APPR	ОАСН,
03172	intramedullary cyst/syrinx; to	BR	90	8.0	INTRA	ASPINAL LESION  (For arthrodesis, see 22548-			
63173	to peritoneal space	BR	90	8.0		22650)			
03180	Laminectomy and section of den- tate ligaments, with or without dural graft, cervical; one or two	20.0	. 00	9.0		(For reconstruction of spine, see 22140-22152)			
63182	more than two segments	38.0 BR	90	8.0 8.0	63300	Vertebral corpectomy (vertebral body resection), partial or com-			
	Laminectomy for rhizotomy; one or two segments	28.0	90	8.0		plete, for excision of intraspinal lesion, single segment; extradural,			
63190 63191	more than two segments  Laminectomy for section of spinal	BR		8.0	(2201	cervical	39.0	90	
63192	accessory nerve; unilateral	BR BR		8.0 8.0	63301	transthoracic approach	43.5	90	
03172	(For resection of sternocleido-	D.C.		0.0	63302 63303	extradural, throacic by thoracolumbar approach extradural, lumbar or sacral by	43.5	90	
63194	mastoid muscle, use 21720)  Laminectomy for cordotomy, uni-					transperitoneal or retroperito- neal approach	43.5	90	•
63195	lateral, one stage; cervical thoracic	32.0 32.0	90 90	8.0 7.0	63304 63305	intradural, cervical intradural, thoracic by	39.0	90	
63196	Laminectomy for cordotomy, bi-	32.0	90			transthoracic approach	43.5	90	
63197	lateral, one stage; cervical thoracic	32.0	90	8.0 7.0	63306	intradural, throacic by thoracolumbar approach	43.5	90	
(1989 Ed	.)						[Title 2	96 WAC-	-p 363]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
63307	intradural, lumbar, or sacral by transperitoneal or retroperito-		•		63780	Insertion, subarachnoid or epi- dural catheter, with reservoir		·	
63308	neal approacheach additional segment (list separately in addition to codes	43.5	90			and/or pump for drug infusion, without laminectomy		7	7.0
	for single segment 63300-63307)	5.0	90			(For pump refilling and maintenance, see 96520 and 96530)			
STERE	EOTAXIS					ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
63600	Stereotactic lesion of spinal cord, percutaneous, any modality (including stimulation and/or recording)	18.0	90	7.0	16-004 der 86- 066 (Or RCW 5	89–09), § 296–22–370, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–370, filed 19), § 296–22–370, filed 2/28/86 der 83–23), § 296–22–370, filed 8/ 1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.	1 7/23/8 , effectiv /2/83. S 120(3).	37; 86–06–0 ve 4/1/86; tatutory A 81–24–041	032 (Or- ; 83–16– uthority: I (Order
63610	Stereotactic stimulation of spinal cord, percutaneous, separate pro- cedure not followed by other sur-				(Order 74–7, §	\$ 296-22-370, filed 11/30/81, ef 80-25), \$ 296-22-370, filed 12/3/296-22-370, filed 1/30/74; Order	80, effec	tive 3/1/8	1; Order
63615	Stereotactic biopsy, aspiration, or	8.0	. 0	7.0	11/27/0	68, effective 1/1/69.]			
NEUR	excision of lesion, spinal cord OSTIMULATORS, SPINAL	BR		7.0		C 296-22-375 Extracrani and autonomic nervous system		ves, per	ipheral
	Percutaneous implantation of				2502 7 010	· .			
03030	neurostimulator electrodes; epi- dural	BR		8.0		(For intracranial surgery on cranial nerves, see 61450, 61460, 61790)			
63652	intradural (spinal cord)	BR		8.0	DIED O	,	ANIROT	urma	A CLEINITE
63655	Laminectomy for implantation of neurostimulator electrodes; epi-	BR		10.0		DUCTION/INJECTION OF E BLOCK), DIAGNOSTIC OR T			AGENI
63656	dural	BR		10.0 10.0				Follow-	
63657	subdural	BR		10.0			Unit	up	Basic
63658	spinal cord (dorsal or ventral) .	BR		10.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
63660	Revision or removal of spinal neurostimulator electrodes	BR		10.0	SOMA	ΓIC NERVES			
63685	Incision for subcutaneous place-				64400*	Injection, anesthetic agent;			
	ment of neurostimulator receiver, direct or inductive coupling	BR		4.0		trigeminal nerve, any division or	*3.0	. 0	
63688	Revision or removal of spinal	DIC		7.0	64402*	branch facial nerve	*2.5	0	
	neurostimulator receiver	BR		4.0	64405*	greater occipital nerve	*2.5	0	
REPAI	R				64408* 64410*	vagus nerve	*2.5 *2.5	0 0	
63700	Repair of meningocele; less than 5				64412*	spinal accessory nerve	*2.5	ő	
	cm diameter	20.0	90	9.0	64413*	cervical plexus	*2.5	0	
63702	larger than 5 cm diameter	BR		9.0	64415*	brachial plexus	*2.5	0	
63704	Repair of myelomeningocele; less than 5 cm diameter	BR		9.0	64417* 64418*	axillary nervesuprascapular nerve	*2.5 2.0	0	
63706	larger than 5 cm diameter	BR		9.0	64420*	intercostal nerve, single	*2.0	0	
63707	Repair of dural/CSF leak, not re-	DIC		7.0	64421*	intercostal nerves, multiple, re-	210	v	
63709	quiring laminectomy	28.0	90	7.0	64425*	gional block	*2.5	0	
	pseudomeningocele, with laminec-				C 4 4 2 2 2 **	nerves	*2.0	0	
63710	Dural graft animal	28.0 BR	90	7.0 9.0	64430* 64435*	pudendal nerve paracervical (uterine) nerve	*2.5 *2.5	0	
03/10	Dural graft, spinal	ЬK		9.0	64440*	paravertebral nerve (tho-		U	
	(For laminectomy and section of dentate ligaments, with or with-		÷.			racic, lumbar, sacral, coccygeal), single	*3.0	0	
	out dural graft, cervical, see 63180-63182)				64441*	paravertebral nerves, multiple, regional block	*3.2	0	
SHUN	T, SPINAL CSF				64442*	paravertebral facet joint nerve, lumbar, single level	2.5	0	
63740	Creation of shunt, lumbar, sub- arachnoid-peritoneal, -pleural or				64443*	paravertebral facet joint nerve, lumbar, each additional level.	0.5	0	
63744	other including laminectomy Replacement, irrigation or revision	26.0	90	9.0	64445* 64450*	sciatic nerve	*2.5	Ö	
	of lumbar-subarachnoid shunt	10.0	90	5.0	0-1-10	branch	*2.0	0	
63746	Removal of entire lumbosubarach- noid shunt system without re- placement	10.0	90	5.0		(For phenol destruction, see 64600-64640)			
63750	Insertion, subarachnoid catheter with reservoir and/or pump for	10.0	<del>2</del> 0			(For subarachnoid or subdural, see 62274–62277)			
	intermittent or continuous infusion of drug, including laminectomy	BR		5.0		(For epidural or caudal, see 62278, 62279)			
		211		2.0		/			

# Surgical Fees

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit	ир	Basic			Unit	up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
SVMD	ATHETIC NERVES				< 4500				
					64702	Neuroplasty; digital, one or both, same digit	4.8	90	3.0
64505*	Injection, anesthetic agent; sphenopalatine ganglion	*3.0	0		64704	nerve of hand or foot	8.0	90	3.0
64508*	carotid sinus (separate proce-				64708	Neuroplasty, major peripheral			
64510*	dure)stellate ganglion (cervical	*2.5	0			nerve; arm or leg; other than specified	12.0	90	4.0
04310	sympathetic)	*2.0	0	,	64712	sciatic nerve	BR		6.0
64520*	lumbar or thoracic (para-	<b>*</b> 2.0			64713	brachial plexus	BR		6.0
64530*	vertebral sympathetic) celiac plexus, with or without	*3.0	0		64714 64716	lumbar plexus Neuroplasty and/or transposition;	BR		6.0
	radiologic monitoring	*4.0				cranial nerve (specify)	BR		6.0
NEURO	OSTIMULATORS, PERIPHERAL	NERV:	Е		64718 64719	ulnar nerve at elbow ulnar nerve at wrist	15.0 9.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
64550	Application of surface (transcu-				64721	median nerve at carpal tun-	2.0	20	3.0
	taneous) neurostimulator	BR				nel	10.0	90	3.0
64553	Percutaneous implantation of neurostimulator electrodes; cranial				64722	Decompression; unspecified nerve(s) (specify)	BR		
	nerve	BR			64726	plantar digital nerve	6.0	90	3.0
64555	peripheral nerve	BR			64727	Internal neurolysis, requiring use			
64560 64565	autonomic nerveneuromuscular	BR BR				of operating microscope (list sepa- rately in addition to code for neu-			
64573	Incision for implantation of	211				roplasty) (neuroplasty includes			
	neurostimulator electrodes; cranial	DD				external neurolysis)	BR		3.0
64575	peripheral nerve	BR BR			TRAN	SECTION OR AVULSION OF N	RVE		
64577	autonomic nerve	BR			IRA	BECTION OR AVOLSTON OF THE	JK V L		
64580	neuromuscular	BR				(For steriotactic lesion of			
64585	Revision or removal of peripheral neurostimulator electrodes	BR				gasserian ganglion, see 61790)			
64590	Incision for subcutaneous place-				64732	Transection or avulsion of; supra-			
	ment of neurostimulator receiver,	BR			64734	orbital nerve	7.0 7.0	30 30	3.0 3.0
64595	direct or inductive coupling Revision or removal of peripheral	ы			64736	infraorbital nerve	7.0	30	3.0
	neurostimulator receiver	BR			64738	inferior alveolar nerve by			
DESTR	UCTION BY NEUROLYTIC AG	ENT (E	.G., CHE	MICAL,	(1710	osteotomy	10.0	30	3.0
	MAL, ELECTRICAL, RADIOFR	EQUÈN	VCY) SO	MATIC	64740 64742	lingual nerve facial nerve, differential or	BR		3.0
NERVE	S.				04742	complete	BR		3.0
64600	Destruction by neurolytic agent,				64744	greater occipital nerve	7.0	30	3.0
	trigeminal nerve; supraorbital, infraorbital, mental, or inferior al-				64746	phrenic nerve	5.0	30	3.0
	veolar branch	5.0	7			(For section of recurrent			
64605	second and third division	<i>5</i> 0	20			laryngeal nerve, see 31595)			
64610	branches at foramen ovale second and third division	5.0	30		64752	vagus nerve (vagotomy),			
01010	branches at foramen ovale					transthoracic	14.0	45	11.0
(4600	under radiologic monitoring.	5.0	30	* .	64755	vagi limited to proximal			
64620	Destruction by neurolytic agent; intercostal nerve	4.0	7			stomach (selective proximal vagotomy, proximal gastric			
64622	paravertebral facet joint nerve,					vagotomy, parietal cell			
64623	lumbar, single level paravertebral facet joint nerve,	BR				vagotomy, supra— or highly	DD	45	2.0
04023	lumbar, each additional level	BR			64760	selective vagotomy)vagus nerve (vagotomy), ab-	BR	45	3.0
64630	pudendal nerve	5.0				dominal	14.0	45	6.0
64640	Other peripheral nerve or branch.	5.0			64761	pudendal nerve, unilateral	BR		6.0
SYMPA	THETIC NERVES				64762 64763	pudendal nerve, bilateral Transection or avulsion of	BR		6.0
64680	Destruction by neurolytic agent,				01705	obturator nerve, extrapelvic, with			
	celiac plexus, with or without rad-	6.0	•			or without adductor tenotomy;			
	iologic monitoring	6.0	7		64764	unilateralbilateral	6.0 9.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
	OPLASTY (EXPLORATION, NE	UROLY	SIS OR	NERVE	64766	Transection or avulsion of	7.0	45	
	(PRESSION)					obturator nerve, intrapelvic, with			
	asty is the decompression or freeing scluding external neurolysis and tran			rom scar		or without adductor tenotomy; unilateral	10.0	60	4.0
tissut, li		וטוזופטקט.	••		64768	bilateral	13.0	60	4.0
	(For internal neurolysis by dissection, see 64727)				64771	Transection or avulsion of other			
					64772	cranial nerve, extradural  Transection or avulsion of other	BR		3.0
	(For facial nerve decompression, see 69720)				04/12	spinal nerve, extradural	BR		3.0
						. ,			
(1989 Ed	.)						[Title	296 WAC-	—p 365]

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
			-		64858	Suture of sciatic nerve	BR		3.0
	(For excision of tender scar, skin				64859	Suture of each additional major	DIX		5.0
	and subcutaneous tissues with or					peripheral nerve	BR		3.0
	without tiny neuroma, see 11400-11460, 13000-13300)				64861 64862	Suture of; brachial plexus	BR BR		3.0 3.0
EVOIG	·				64864	Suture of facial nerve; extracran-		•	
EXCIS	ION-SOMATIC NERVES				64865	intratemporal, with or without	BR		3.0
	(For Morton neurectomy, see				. 04603	grafting	BR		3.0
	28080)				64866	Anastomosis; facial-spinal acces-	26.0	00	2.0
64774	Excision of neuroma; cutaneous			• •	64868	sory	26.0 26.0	90 90	3.0 3.0
64776	nerve, surgically identifiable digital nerve, one or both,	3.0	30	3.0	64870	facial-phrenic	26.0	90	3.0
04770	same digit	3.0	30	3.0	64872	Suture of nerve; requiring second-			
64778	digital nerve, each additional					ary or delayed suture (list sepa- rately in addition to code for			
	digit (list separately by this number)	2.0				primary neurorrhaphy)	BR		3.0
64782	hand or foot, except digital	2.0			64874	requiring extensive mobiliza-			
	nerve	6.0	30	3.0		tion, or transposition of nerve (list separately in addition to			
64783	hand or foot, each additional					code for nerve suture)	BR		3.0
	nerve, except same digit (list separately by this number)	3.0	30	3.0	64876	requiring shortening of bone of			
64784	major peripheral nerve except					extremity (list separately in addition to code for nerve suture)	BR		3.0
(4706	sciaticsciatic nerve	10.0 BR	30	3.0 3.0					
64786 64787	Implantation of nerve end into	DI		3.0	NEUR	ORRHAPHY WITH NERVE GRA	AFT		
	bone or muscle (list separately in				64890	Nerve graft (includes obtaining			
C 4700	addition to neuroma excision)	5.5	30	3.0		graft), single strand, hand or foot;	DD	00	2.0
64788	Excision of neurofibroma or neurolemmoma, cutaneous nerve.	6.0	30	3.0	64891	up to 4 cm length more than 4 cm length	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
64790	major peripheral nerve	BR		3.0		Nerve graft '(includes obtaining		,,	5.0
64792	extensive (including malig-	D.D.		2.0		graft), single strand, arm or leg;	n n	00	2.0
64795	nant type)	BR BR		3.0	64893	up to 4 cm length more than 4 cm length	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
	• •				64895	Nerve graft (includes obtaining	DIC	,,	5.0
EXCIS	ION-SYMPATHETIC NERVES					graft), multiple strands (cable),			• •
64802	Sympathectomy, cervical; unilat-				64896	hand or foot; up to 4 cm length more than 4 cm length	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
	eral	14.5	60	6.0	64897	Nerve graft (includes obtaining	DIC	70	3.0
64803 64804	bilateral Sympathectomy, cervicothoracic;	19.0	60	6.0		graft), multiple strands (cable),			
04004	unilateral, one stage	20.0	60	6.0	64898	arm or leg; up to 4 cm length more than 4 cm length	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
64806	bilateral or two stage unilat-				64901	Nerve graft, each additional	DIX	,,	5,0
64800	eral Sympathectomy, thoracolumbar;	28.0	60	8.0		nerve; single strand	BR	90	3.0
04007	unilateral	20.0	60	6.0	64902 64905	multiple strands (cable) Nerve pedicle transfer; first stage	BR BR	90 90	3.0 3.0
64811	bilateral	28.0	60	8.0	64907	second stage	BR	90	3.0
64818	Sympathectomy, lumbar; unilateral	15.0	60	5.0	OTHE	n procedures			
64819	bilateral	21.0	60	5.0	OTHE	R PROCEDURES			
NIEDVI	E REPAIR BY SUTURE (NEURO	ADDLIA	DHV)		64999	Unlisted procedure, nervous sys-	DD		3.0
	•		,			tem	BR		
64830	Microdissection and/or microre-					ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)			
	pair of nerve (list separately in addition to code for nerve repair).	BR		4.0		89–09), § 296–22–375, filed 8/10/ (Order 87–18), § 296–22–375, filed			
64831	Suture of digital nerve, hand or			**-		-19), § 296–22–375, filed 2/28/86,			
< 1000	foot; one nerve	4.8	90	3.0		rder 83–23), § 296–22–375, filed 8/			
64832 64834	each additional digit nerve Suture of one nerve, hand or foot;	1.2				51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16. § 296–22–375, filed 11/30/81, eff			
04054	common sensory nerve	8.0	90	3.0		80–25), § 296–22–375, filed 12/3/8			
64835	median motor thenar	10.0	90	3.0		296-22-375, filed 1/30/74; Order	68-7, §	3 296–22–3	375, filed
64836 64837	ulnar motor	12.0	90	3.0	11/27/	68, effective 1/1/69.]			
0703/	hand or foot	BR		3.0					
64840	Suture of posterior tibial nerve	BR		3.0		EYE AND OCULAR A	ADNE	XA	
64856	Suture of major peripheral nerve, arm or leg, except sciatic; includ-					MANUACO CAPITA LA LA LA			
	ing transposition	14.0	90	3.0		liagnostic and treatment opht			ervices,
64857	without transposition	BR	90	3.0	see me	edicine, ophthalmology, and 9	2002	et seq.)	
Title 2	96 WAC-p 366]			•				(	1989 Ed.)
1	E1							`	•

WA	.C 296-22-405 Eyeball.	Unit	Follow-	Basic			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
		Value	up Days=	Anes@		(For removal of foreign body			
REMO	VAL OF EYE					from eyelid, embedded, see 67938)			
65091	Evisceration ocular contents; without implant	10.0	30	3.0		(For removal of foreign body from lacrimal system, see 68530)			
65093 65101	with implant	12.0	30	3.0	65205*	Removal foreign body, external eye; conjunctival superficial	0.2	0	4.0
65103	plant with implant, muscles not at-	10.0	30	3.0	65210*	conjunctival embedded (in- cludes concretions), subcon-	0.2	Ü	4.0
65105	tached to implant with, muscles attached to im-	11.0	30	3.0		junctival, or scleral nonperforating	0.6	0	4.0
	plant, muscles attached to im- plant	12.0	30	3.0	65220* 65222*	corneal, without slit lamp corneal, with slit lamp	0.6 0.8	0 0	4.0 4.0
	(For conjunctivoplasty after enucleation, see 68320 et seq)					(For repair of corneal laceration with foreign body, see 65275)			
65110	Exenteration orbit (does not include skin graft), removal orbital				65230	Removal foreign body intraocular; from anterior chamber, magnetic			
65112	contents; only with therapeutic removal of	20.0	60	4.0	65235	extraction from anterior chamber, non-	12.0	45	6.0
65114	bone with temporalis muscle trans-	BR		4.0	65240	magnetic extraction from lens (without extraction	16.0	45	8.0
	plant (For skin graft to orbit (split	25.0	60	4.0	65245	lens), magnetic extraction from lens (without extraction		30	6.0
	skin), see 15120, 15121; free, full thickness, see 15260, 15261)					lens), nonmagnetic extraction  (For removal implanted material	BR		8.0
	(For eyelid repair involving more than skin, see 67930 et seq)				65260	anterior segment, see 65920) from posterior segment, mag-			
SECO	NDARY IMPLANT PROCEDURES	S				netic extraction, anterior or posterior route	12.0	30	6.0
	lar implant is an implant inside mus an implant outside muscular cone.	cular c	one; an or	oital im-	65265	from posterior segment, non- magnetic extraction	18.0	30	8.0
65130	Insertion ocular implant secondary; after evisceration, in scleral					(For removal implanted material posterior segment, see 67120)			
65135	shell after enucleation, muscles not	8.0	30	4.0	REPAI	R OF LACERATION OF EYEBA (For fracture of orbit, see 21385			
65140	attached to implant	10.0	30	4.0		et seq.)			
65150	tached to implant	14.0 BR	30	4.0 4.0		(For repair wound of eyelid, skin, linear, simple, see 12011-12018;			, ,
65155	or without conjunctival graft with use of foreign material for reinforcement and/or attach-	bк		4.0		intermediate, layered closure, see 12051–12057; linear, complex,			
65175	ment of muscles to implant	BR BR		4.0 4.0		see 13150-13300; other, see 67930-67935)			
00170	(For orbital implant (implant outside muscle cone) insertion,					(For repair wound of lacrimal system, see 68700)			
~ ~ · · · ·	see 67550; removal, see 67560)	DV				(For repair operative wound, see 66250)			
REMO	VAL OF OCULAR FOREIGN BOI (For removal of implanted mate-	υĭ			65270*	Repair laceration; conjunctiva, with or without nonperforating			
	rial: Ocular implant, see 65175; anterior segment implant, see				65272	laceration sclera, direct closure . conjunctiva, by mobilization	0.9	0	4.0
	65920; posterior segment implant, see 67120; orbital implant,				65272	and rearrangement, without hospitalization conjunctiva, by mobilization	BR		4.0
	(For diagnostic x-ray for foreign				65273	and rearrangement, with hospitalization	BR		4.0
	body, see 70030-70050) (For diagnostic echography for				65275	cornea, nonperforating, with or without removal foreign body	SV		4.0
	foreign body, see 76529) (For removal of foreign body				65280 65285	cornea and/or sclera, perforat- ing, not involving uveal tissue cornea and/or sclera, perforat-	BR	30	5.0
	from orbit: Frontal approach, see 67413; lateral approach, see				30200	ing, with reposition or resection of uveal tissue		30	6.0
	67430; transcranial approach, see 61334)				65286	application of tissue glue, wounds of cornea and/or sclera		0	4.0
(1989 E	,						[Title	e 296 WAC	—р 367]

			Follow-					Follow-	
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
	(Repair of laceration includes use of conjunctival flap and restoration of anterior chamber, by air or saline injection when indicated)				65730 65750	Keratoplasty (corneal transplant), penetrating (except in aphakia), includes autografts, and fresh or preserved homografts Keratoplasty (corneal transplant), penetrating, (in aphakia), includes	30.0	90	8.0
	(For repair of iris or ciliary body, see 66680)					autografts, and fresh or preserved homografts	30.0	90	8.0
65290	Repair wound extraocular muscle,		••		ОТНЕ	R PROCEDURES			
(Order 16-004 der 86- Authori 041 (Or 80-18-0 3/1/81;	tendon and/or Tenon's capsule	89, effective and 51. 1/30/81, filed 1/30/71	tive 9/10 7; 86–06– 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). , effective 12/3/80,	/89; 87– 032 (Or- statutory 81–24– 1/1/82; effective	65760 65765 65767 65770 65772	Keratomileusis Keratophakia Epikeratophakia Keratoprosthesis Corneal relaxing incision for correction of surgically induced astigmatism Corneal wedge resection for correction of surgically induced astigmatism	30.0 30.0 BR 32.0	90 90 90 90 90	8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0
		-	_			(For fitting of contact lens for			
WA	C 296-22-410 Anterior seg	gment–	Cornea Follow-	•		treatment of disease, see 92070)			
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@		(For unlisted procedures on cornea, see 66999)			
INCISI	ON		Juj.			ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-410, filed 8/10/			
65300	Delimiting keratotomy	2.0	15	3.0	16004	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–410, filed 19), § 296–22–410, filed 2/28/86,	1 7/23/8	7; 86-06-4	032 (Or-
	(For paracentesis of cornea, see 65800-65815)				055 (O Order 7	ty: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 rder 80–25), § 296–22–410, filed 1/30/74;	12/3/80	effective	3/1/81;
	(For removal of foreign body, cornea, see 65220-65222)				illed I i	/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]			
EXCIS	cornea, see 65220-65222)				WA	C 296-22-413 Anterior	segn	nentA	nterior
EXCIS: 65400	cornea, see 65220-65222)					C 296-22-413 Anterior	segn	<b>nentA</b> i Follow-	nterior
65400	CONNECTION (CONNECTION CONNECTION	8.0	30	3.0 3.0	WA	C 296-22-413 Anterior	Unit	Follow– up	Basic
	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea	1.0	0	3.0	W A chamb	C 296-22-413 Anterior oer.	_	Follow-	
65400 65410*	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium				WA chamb	C 296-22-413 Anterior er.	Unit	Follow– up	Basic
65400 65410* 65420 65426	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft	6.0	0	3.0	W A chamb	C 296-22-413 Anterior er.	Unit	Follow– up	Basic
65400 65410* 65420 65426	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for	1.0 6.0 BR	30	3.0 3.0 3.0	WAchamb	C 296-22-413 Anterior over.  ON  Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous	Unit	Follow– up	Basic
65400 65410* 65420 65426 REMO	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture	1.0 6.0 BR	0	3.0	WA chamb	ON  Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
65400 65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430*	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4	30	3.0 3.0 3.0	WA chamb INCISI *65800	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value *1.0	Follow- up Days= 0	Basic Anes@ 3.0 3.0
65400 65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435*	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  WAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture	1.0 6.0 BR	30	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0	WA chamb INCISI *65800	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value *1.0 1.5	Follow— up Days=  0 0	Basic Anes@ 3.0 3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4	30	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65810	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value *1.0	Follow- up Days= 0	Basic Anes@ 3.0 3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435*	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65810	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value *1.0 1.5	Follow— up Days=  0 0	Basic Anes@ 3.0 3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization  Tattoo of cornea, mechanical or	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65810	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value *1.0 1.5	Follow— up Days=  0 0	Basic Anes@ 3.0 3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization  Tattoo of cornea, mechanical or chemical  COPLASTY  (Keratoplasty excludes refractive keratoplasty procedures, 65760,	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65815	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value  *1.0 1.5 8.0 5.6	Follow-up Days=  0 0 15	Basic Anes@  3.0  3.0  3.0  3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450	cornea, see 65220-65222)  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium  Biopsy cornea  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft  with graft  WAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization  Tattoo of cornea, mechanical or chemical  COPLASTY  (Keratoplasty excludes refractive	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65815	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	*1.0 1.5 8.0 5.6	Follow-up Days=  0 0 90	Basic Anes@  3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450	cornea, see 65220-65222)  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium.  Biopsy cornea.  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft.  WAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture.  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization  Tattoo of cornea, mechanical or chemical  COPLASTY  (Keratoplasty excludes refractive keratoplasty procedures, 65760, 65765, 65767)	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0	WAchamb INCISI *65800 65805* 65810 65820 65825	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	Unit Value  *1.0 1.5 8.0 5.6	Follow-up Days=  0 0 15	Basic Anes@  3.0  3.0  3.0  3.0
65410* 65420 65426 REMO 65430* 65435* 65436 65450 65600 KERAT	cornea, see 65220-65222)  ION  Excision lesion cornea (keratectomy, lamellar, partial), except pterygium.  Biopsy cornea.  Excision or transposition, pterygium; without graft.  with graft.  VAL OR DESTRUCTION  Scraping cornea, diagnostic, for smear and/or culture.  Removal corneal epithelium; with or without chemocauterization (abrasion, curettage)  with application of chelating agent, e.g., EDTA  Destruction of lesion of cornea by cryotherapy; photocoagulation or thermocauterization.  Tattoo of cornea, mechanical or chemical  TOPLASTY  (Keratoplasty excludes refractive keratoplasty procedures, 65760, 65765, 65767)  (Corneal transplant includes preparation of donor material)	1.0 6.0 BR 0.4 1.0 BR	0 30 0 0	3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0	WAchamb  INCISI *65800 65805* 65810 65820 65820 65825 65830 65850	Paracentesis anterior chamber eye (separate procedure); with diagnostic aspiration of aqueous with therapeutic release of aqueous	*1.0 1.5 8.0 5.6	Follow-up Days=  0 0 15	Basic Anes@  3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0

	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic	Follow— Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@
(If retreatment necessary after several months because of disease progression, a new treatment or treatment series should be reported with a modifier, if necessary, to indicate lessor or greater complexity)  (For trabeculectomy, see 66170)  OTHER PROCEDURES  65865 Severing adhesions anterior segment of eye, incisional technique (with or without injection air or liquid) (separate procedure); goniosynechiae	Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	66220 Repair scleral staphyloma; without graft
65870 anterior synechiae, except goniosynechiae	9.0 9.0 BR BR	30 30	6.0 6.0 3.0 6.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-415, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-22-415, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-22-415, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-22-415, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]  WAC 296-22-420 Anterior segment—Iris, ciliary
segment eye	BR 2.0 1.1	7 7	6.0 3.0 3.0	body.  Follow- Unit up Basic Value Days= Anes@
(For unlisted procedures on anterior segment, see 66999)  [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) (Order 86–19), § 296–22–413, filed 2/28/8 tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–413, 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–413, filed 296–22–405 (part) and 296–22–415.]  WAC 296–22–415 Anterior sclera.	6, effec 030 and filed 1 1/30/7	tive 4/1/80 51.16.120 2/3/80, 0	6. Statu- (3). 80- effective y WAC	IRIDOTOMY, IRIDECTOMY   66500   Iridotomy by stab incision (separate procedure); except transfixion
EXCISION  (For removal of intraocular for-	Unit Value	Follow– up Days≕	Basic Anes@	66625 peripheral for glaucoma (separate procedure)
eign body, see 65230-65235)  (For operations on posterior sclera, see 67250-67255)  66130 Excision lesion sclera  66150 Fistulization sclera for glaucoma; trephination with iridectomy  66151 thermocauterization with iridectomy  66162 sclerectomy with punch or scis-	BR 12.0 12.0	45 45	6.0 6.0 6.0	(For "coreoplasty" by photocoagulation, see 66762)  REPAIR  66680 Repair of iris, ciliary body (as for iridodialysis)
sors, with iridectomy  66165 iridencleisis or iridotasis  (For trabeculectomy ab externo, see 65850)  (For repair of operative wound, see 66250)	12.0 12.0 BR	45 45	6.0 6.0	65285)  66682 Suture of iris, ciliary body (separate procedure) with retrieval of suture through small incision (e.g., McCannel suture) BR 45 3.0  DESTRUCTION
REPAIR  (For scleral procedures in retinal surgery, see 67102 et seq)  (1989 Ed.)				66700       Cyclodiathermy; initial       8.0       30       3.0         66701       subsequent       4.0       30       3.0         66720       Cyclocryotherapy; initial       6.0       30       3.0         66721       subsequent       3.0       30       3.0         [Title 296 WAC—p 369]

		TT *.	Follow-	ъ .			** **	Follow-	ъ.
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
		value	Days-	Allesto			Value	Days-	Ancse
66740	Cyclodialysis; initial	12.0	45	3.0		(For removal of intralenticular			
66741	subsequent	6.0	45	3.0		foreign body without lens extrac-			
66761	Coreoplasty ("irodotomy") by photocoagulation; for glaucoma.	5.0	30	3.0		tion, see 65240-65245)			
66762	other than for glaucoma	5.0	30	3.0		(For some of apprehise wound			
66770		5.0	30	3.0		(For repair of operative wound, see 66250)			
	or ciliary body (nonexcisional					•			
	procedure)	9.0	45	3.0	ANTE	RIOR SEGMENT—OTHER PRO	CEDUR	ES	
	(For excision lesion iris, ciliary				66983	Intracapsular cataract extraction			
	body, see 66600, 66605; for re-					with insertion of intraocular lens			
	moval epithelial downgrowth, see				((004	prosthesis (one stage procedure)	BR		3.0
	65900)				66984	Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens			
OTHE	R PROCEDURES					prothesis (one stage procedure),			
OIIIL	(TROODE ORDS					manual or phacoemulsification			
	(For unlisted procedures on iris,					technique	BR		3.0
	ciliary body, see 66999)				66985	insertion of intraocular lens			
Statute	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 5	1.04.03	0 and 51.16	6.120(3).		subsequent to cataract extrac- tion (separate procedure)	BR		3.0
81-24-	041 (Order 81–28), § 296–22–420,	, filed	1/30/81,	effective			DIC		3.0
	80-18-055 (Order 80-25), § 296-					(For removal of implanted mate-			
	3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–420,		30/74; Ord	ler 68–7,		rial from anterior segment, see 65920)			
g 296-2	2-420, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1	1/69.]				03920)			
						(For intraocular lens prosthesis			
WA	C 296–22–425 Anterior seg	gment-	Lens.			supplied by physician, see 99070)			
			Follow-			(For ultrasonic determination of			
		Unit	up	Basic		intraocular lens power, see			
		Value	Days=	Anes@		76516, 76517)			
	037					(For secondary fixation (separate			
INCIS	ON					procedure), see 66682)			
66800	Discission of lens capsule; incis-				66999	Unlisted procedure, anterior seg-			
	ional technique (needling of					ment of eye	BR		3.0
66901	lens); initial	5.0	45	3.0	Statut	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	and 51.	04.030. 89	-17-039
66801 66802	subsequent	2.4	45	3.0	(Order	89-09), § 296-22-425, filed 8/10/	89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 87–
00002	stages)	BR	45	3.0		(Order 87–18), § 296–22–425, filed			
66820						-19), § 296-22-425, filed 2/28/86 order 83-23), § 296-22-425, filed 8			
	nous cataract ("after cataract")					51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.			
	and/or anterior hyAloid; incis-				80-25)	, § 296-22-425, filed 12/3/80, effect	tive 3/1	/81; Order	74-7, §
	ional technique (Ziegler or Wheeler Knife)	5.0	45	3.0	296-22	2-425, filed 1/30/74; Order 68	7, § 1	296–22–42	5, filed
66821	laser surgery (e.g., YAG laser)	2.0	,,,		11/27/	68, effective 1/1/69.]			
	(one or more stages)	BR	45	3.0					
DEMO	VAL CATARACT				WA	AC 296-22-427 Posterior se	egment	Vitreo	us.
KEMO	VAE CATARACT							Follow-	
66830	Removal of secondary membra-						Unit	up	Basic
	nous cataract ("after cataract"),						Value	Days=	Anes@
	with corneoscleral section, with or without iridectomy (iridocapsulo-				67005	Removal of vitreous, anterior ap-			
	tomy, iridocapsulectomy)	12.0	90	3.0	0/003	proach (open sky technique or			
66840	Removal of lens material; aspira-					limbal incision); partial removal	BR		3.0
	tion technique, one or more				67010	subtotal removal with mechani-			
((050	stages	12.0	30	3.0		cal vitrectomy (such as VISC or	nn		2.0
66850	phacofragmentation technique (mechanical or ultrasonic, e.g.,					rotoextractor)	BR		3.0
	phacoemulsification), with aspi-					(For removal of vitreous by			
	ration	16.0	90	3.0		paracentesis of anterior chamber,			
66915	Expression lens, linear, one or	^^ ^				see 65810)			
66920	more stages	20.0	90	3.0		(For removal of corneovitreal ad-			
00920	Extraction lens with or without iridectomy; intracapsular, with or					hesions, see 65880)			
	without enzymes	20.0	90	3.0	67015	Aspiration or release of vitreous,			
66930	intracapsular, for dislocated					subretinal or choroidal fluid, pars			
((0.10	lens	22.0	90	3.0		plana approach (posterior sclerot-	0.0	15	2.0
66940	extracapsular (other than	20.0	90	3.0	67025	omy) Injection of vitreous substitute,	9.0	15	3.0
	66840, 66850, 66915)	20.0	90	3.0	01023	pars plana approach (separate			
	ary iridectomy, done as a separate			extrac-		procedure), excludes air or bal-			
tion of l	ens, is included in the listed extraction	on of le	ns			anced salt solutions	12.0	30	3.0
Title 20	96 WACp 370]							,	1989 Ed.)
[ I I I I I Z	0 11/AC [ 5/V]							,	. / U/ Ld. j

[Title 296 WAC-p 371]

		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
67030	Discission of vitreous strands (without removal), pars plana approach	BR		3.0		(For aspiration or drainage of subretinal or subchoroidal fluid,			
67031	Severing of vitreous strands, vitre- ous face adhesions, sheets, mem- branes, or opacities, laser surgery				67115	see 67015)  Release of encircling material (posterior segment)	BR		3.0
67036	(one or more stages)	BR		3.0	67120	Removal implanted material, posterior segment extraocular	BR		3.0
67038	plana approach	BR 14.0	30	3.0	67121	intraocular	BR		3.0
67040	with endolaser panretinal photocoagulation	14.0	30	3.0		ment, use 65920) (For removal of foreign body, see			
	(For associated lensectomy, see 66850)				PROPH	65260, 65265) YLAXIS			
	(For use of vitrectomy in retinal detachment surgery, see 67108)				multiple	ve services. The services listed bel sessions or groups of sessions. The owing descriptors are intended to i	method	s of reporti	ing vary.
	(For associated removal of for- eign body, see 65260-65265)				fined tre	eatment period.			
	(For unlisted procedures on vitreous, see 67299)				67141	Prophylaxis of retinal detach- ment (e.g., retinal break, lattice degeneration), without drainage, one or more sessions; cryothera-			
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-427, filed 8/10/ (Order 87-18), § 296-22-427, filed	89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 87-	67145	py, diathermy photocoagulation (laser or xe-	10.0	30 30	3.0
der 86-	19), § 296–22–427, filed 2/28/86, ty: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030	effective	4/1/86. \$	Statutory	POSTE	non arc)	10.0 CEDUR		3.0
	rder 80–25), § 296–22–427, filed 1/4–7, § 296–22–427, filed 1/30/74.				DESTR	UCTION—RETINA, CHOROID			
425.]	C 206 22 420 Bantonian		A FRAS		67208	Destruction of localized lesion of retina (e.g. maculopathy, cho- roidopathy, small tumors), one or			
tachm	C 296-22-430 Posterior sent.	segmei	itKeii	iai uc-		more sessions; cryotherapy, dia- thermy	10.0	30	3.0
REPAI	R				67210	photocoagulation, (laser or xenon arc)	10.0	30	3.0
	(If diathermy, cryotherapy				67218	radiation by implantation of			
	and/or photocoagulation are					source (includes removal of source)			3.0
	combined, report under principle modality used)		Callan		67227	source (includes removal of source)			3.0
	combined, report under principle	Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@	67227 67228	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0	30 30	3.0
67101	combined, report under principle modality used)		up			source (includes removal of source)	BR	30 30	
67101	combined, report under principle modality used)  Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal	Value	up	Anes@	67228	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0		3.0
67101 67105	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid		up		67228	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0		3.0
	combined, report under principle modality used)  Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	Value	up	Anes@	67228 SCLER.	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0 12.0	30	3.0
67105	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	Value BR	up	Anes@	67228 SCLER	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0 12.0	30	3.0
67105 67107	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	Value BR	up	Anes@	67228 SCLER.	source (includes removal of source)	BR 12.0 12.0	30	3.0
67105	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	BR 22.0	up Days=	3.0 3.0	67228  SCLER.  67250  67255  67299  [Statuto (Order 1)	source (includes removal of source)	12.0 12.0 12.0 22.0 24.0 BR and 51.0	90 90 90 94.030. 89	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 -17-039/89; 87-
67105 67107 67108	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	BR 22.0	up Days=	3.0 3.0	67228  SCLER  67250  67255  67299  [Statuto (Order 16-004 der 86-1	source (includes removal of source)  Destruction of extensive or progressive retinopathy (eg, diabetic), one or more sessions; cryotherapy, diathermy  photocoagulation (laser or xenon arc)  (For unlisted procedures on retina, see 67299)  AL REPAIR  (For excision lesion sclera, see 66130)  Scleral reinforcement (separate procedure); without graft  with graft  (For repair scleral staphyloma, see 66220–66225)  Unlisted procedure, posterior segment  ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89–09), § 296–22–430, filed 8/10/(Order 87–18), § 296–22–430, filed 2/28/86,	12.0 12.0 12.0 22.0 24.0 BR and 51.0 89, effective	90 90 90 94.030. 89 2 tive 9/10, 7; 86-06-(4/1/86. S	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0
67105 67107	Repair of retinal detachment, one or more sessions; cryotherapy or diathermy, with or without drainage of subretinal fluid	BR 22.0	up Days=	3.0 3.0 8.0	67228  SCLER.  67250  67255  67299  [Statuto (Order 8 6 -	source (includes removal of source)	22.0 24.0 BR and 51.0 89, effect 17/23/8 effective and 51.	90 90 90 90 94.030. 89 7; 86–06–( 4/1/86. S 16.120(3). effective	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 -17-039 /89; 87- 032 (Or- statutory 80-18- 3/1/81;

WA muscle	C 296-22-435 s.	Ocular	adnexa	Extra	ocular			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
			Unit	Follow- up	Basic					
			Value	Days=	Anes@		(For orbitotomy, transcranial approach, see 61330–61334)			
67311	not previously oper	ated on, any	,				(For orbital implant, see 67550, 67560)			
	procedure, any mus clude minor displace A or V pattern); one	ement, eg, for	•	30	3.0		(For removal of eyeball or for repair after removal, see 65091-			
67312 67313	two muscles, one three or more mu			30	3.0	OMITED	65175)			
	both eyes		12.0	30	3.0		R PROCEDURES			
67320	Transposition extract (e.g., for paretic mumore stages, one o cles, with displacem	uscle), one or r more mus-	·			*67500	Retrobulbar injection; medication (separate procedure, does not include supply of medication)		0	
67331	of action more than Strabismus surgery previously operated	y on patient	t ,	30	3.0	67505 67515*	alcohol  Injection therapeutic agent into Tenon's capsule	ı	15	3.0
67332	volving reoperation involving reopera	of muscles	10.0	30	3.0		(For subconjunctival injection, see 68200)		·	
67335	cles				3.0	67550				
07333	ing strabismus surge	ry	BR		3.0	67560	Orbital implant (implant outside muscle cone); insertion removal or revision		30	3.0 3.0
	(Use also code for muscle surgery, 673 identify number involved)	11-67313, to	)				(For ocular implant (implant inside muscle cone), see 65093-65105, 65130-65175)			
OTHER	PROCEDURES						(For treatment of fractures of	•		
67350	Biopsy extraocular r			15	3.0		malar area, orbit, see 21350 et seq)			
	(For repair of woun muscle, tendon or sule, see 65290)					67599	Unlisted procedure, orbit  bry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)	BR	04 030   80	3.0
67399	Unlisted procedure,	ocular muc				(Order	89–09), § 296–22–440, filed 8/10,	/89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 86–
01377	cle				3.0		(Order 86–19), § 296–22–440, Statutory Authority: RCW 51.			
(Order 8 06–032 4/1/86. 51.16.12	ry Authority: RCW 39-09), § 296-22-43: (Order 86-19), § Statutory Authority 20(3). 80-18-055 ( 9, effective 3/1/81; O	5, filed 8/10 296–22–435, y: RCW 51 Order 80–2	/89, effe , filed 2 .04.020(4 .25), § 2	ctive 9/10, 2/28/86, 6 4), 51.04.0 296–22–43	/89; 86– effective 030 and 5, filed	51.16.12 12/3/80 Order 6	20(3). 80–18–055 (Order 80–2), effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 28–7, § 296–22–440, filed 11/27/68  C 296–22–445 Ocular adn	5), § 2 296–22–4 , effectiv	296–22–44 440, filed : e 1/1/69.] E <b>yelids.</b>	0, filed 1/30/74;
Order 6	3–7, § 296–22–435, fi	led 11/27/68	, effectiv	e 1/1/69.]				Unit	Follow up	Basic
WA	C 296-22-440	Ocular adn	exaC	Drbit.				Value	Days=	Anes@
				Follow-		INCISI	ON			
			Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@	*67700	eyelid	*0.4	0	3.0
	RATION, EXCISION					67710 67715	Severing tarsorrhaphy	0.4	0	3.0
67400	Orbitotomy without (frontal approach);						(For canthoplasty, see 67950)	V. 1	v	5.0
67405	tion, with or without			30	7.0		(For division symblepharon, see			
67405 67412	drainage only with removal lesion		12.0 BR	30	7.0 7.0		68340)			
67413 67415	with removal forei Transconjunctival or biopsy	aspirational		15	7.0 3.0		ON OR REMOVAL OF LESIC SKIN (I.E., INVOLVING LID M			
	(For exenteration,	enucleation,		13	5.0	OR PAI	LPEBRAL CONJUNCTIVA)  (For removal of lesion, involving			
67420	and repair, see 6510 Orbitotomy with be eral approach (e.g.,	one flap, lat- , Kroenlein);					mainly skin of eyelid, see 11440– 11446; 11640–11646; 17000– 17010)			
67430 67440	with removal of lesic	gn body	22.0	30 30	7.0 7.0		(For repair wounds, blepharo- plasty, grafts, reconstructive sur-			
67440 67450	with drainage or sion for exploration, w		22.0	30	7.0	67800	gery, see 67930–67975) Excisionchalazion; single	1.2	15	3.0
0170U	out biopsy		22.0	30	7.0	67801	multiple, same lid	1.4	15	3.0
[Title 29	6 WAC—p 372]								(	1989 Ed.)

		Unit	Follow- up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
67805 67808	multiple, different lids under general anesthesia and/	1.6	15	3.0	67916	blepharoplasty, excision tarsal wedge	9.0	60	3.0
	or requiring hospitalization,	3.2	30	3.0	67917	blepharoplasty, extensive (e.g., Kuhnt-Szymanowski opera-			
67810*	single or multiple	1.0	37	3.0		tion)	11.0	60	3.0
*67820	Correction trichiasis; epilation, forceps only	*0.4	0			(For correction everted punctum, see 68705)			
*67825	epilation, (e.g., by electrosurgery or cryotherapy)	*1.0	0	3.0	67921	Repair entropion; suture	1.6	15	3.0
67830 67835	incision lid margin incision lid margin, with free	BR		3.0	67922 67923	thermocauterizationblepharoplasty, excision tarsal	1.4	15	3.0
67840*	mucous membrane graft Excision of lesion of eyelid (ex-	BR		3.0	67924	wedgeblepharoplasty, extensive (e.g.,	9.0	60	3.0
0,040	cept chalazion) without closure	1.6	•	3.0	01324	Wheeler operation)	11.0	60	3.0
	or with simple direct closure	1.0	0	3.0		(For repair cicatricial ectropion			
	(For excision and repair of eyelid by reconstructive surgery, see 67961–67966)					or entropion requiring scar excision or skin graft, see also 67961 et seq.)			
67850*	Destruction of lesion of lid margin (up to 1 cm)	1.6	0	3.0	VOLVI	NSTRUCTIVE SURGERY, BL NG MORE THAN SKIN (I.E., I ARSUS, AND/OR PALPEBRAL (	INVOLV	ING LID	MAR-
	(For chemosurgery technique of malignancies of skin, see 17300–17302)				67930	· ,	CONJU	NCIIVA)	
	(For initiation or follow-up care					palpebral conjunctiva) direct clo-			2.0
	of topical chemotherapy, e.g., 5- FU or similar agents, see appro-				67935	sure; partial thickness full thickness	1.6 3.4	15 30	3.0 3.0
	priate office visits)				67938	Removal embedded foreign body, eyelid	BR		3.0
TARSO	RRHAPHY					(For repair skin of eyelid, see			
67880	sions, median tarsorrhaphy, or					12011–12018; 12051–12057; 13150–13300)			
67882	canthorrhaphy with transposition of tarsal	2.0	30	3.0		(For tarsorrhaphy, canthorrhaphy, see 67880-67882)			
	plate (For severing of tarsorrhaphy,	14.0	60	3.0		(For repair blepharoptosis and			
	see 67710)					lid retraction, see 67901-67911) (For blepharoplasty for entro-			
	(For canthoplasty, reconstruction canthus, see 67950)					pion, ectropion, see 67916, 67917, 67923, 67924)			
DEDAID	(For canthotomy, see 67715)  BLEPHAROPTOSIS, LID RETI	O A CTIO	)N			(For correction blepharochalasis (blepharorhytidectomy), see			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CACTIC				15820–15823)			
67902	Repair blepharoptosis; frontalis muscle technique with suture frontalis muscle technique	12.0	60	3.0		(For repair skin of eyelid, adjacent tissue transfer, see 14060, 14061; preparation for graft, see			
	with fascial sling (includes obtaining fascia)	16.0	60	3.0		15000; free graft, see 15120,			
67903	(tarso) levator resection, internal approach	16.0	60	3.0		15121, 15260, 15261)			
67904	(tarso) levator resection, exter- nal approach	16.0	60	3.0		(For excision lesion of eyelid, see 67800 et seq.)			
67906	superior rectus technique with fascial sling (includes obtain-					(For repair lacrimal canaliculi, see 68700)			
67907	ing fascia)superior rectus tendon trans-	16.0	60	3.0	67950		DD		3.0
67908	plantconjunctivo-tarso-levator re-	16.0	60	3.0	67961	canthus)	BR		3.0
	section (Fasanella-Servat type)	12.0	60	3.0		junctiva, canthus, or full			
67909	Reduction of overcorrection of ptosis	BR		3.0		thickness, may include prepara- tion for skin graft or pedicle flap			
67911	Correction of lid retraction	12.0	60	3.0		with adjacent tissue transfer or rearrangement; up to one-fourth			
REPAIR	ECTROPION, ENTROPION				67966	of lid margin over one-fourth of lid margin.	12.0 15.0	60 60	3.0 3.0
	(For correction trichiasis by mucous membrane graft, see 67835)					(For canthoplasty, see 67950)			
67914 67915	Repair ectropion; suture thermocauterization	1.6 1.4	15 15	3.0 3.0		(For free skin grafts, see 15120, 15121, 15260, 15261)			
(1989 Ed.)	)						[Title	296 WAC-	—р 373]

			C-llaw			,		Fallow	
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic			Unit	Follow- up	Basic
		Value	Days=	Anes@			Value	Days=	Anes@
					£0.00.0				
	(For tubed pedicle flap prepara-				68325	with buccal mucous membrane graft (includes obtaining			
	tion, see 15515; for delay, see			,		graft (includes obtaining graft)	14.0	30	5.0
	15630; for attachment, see				68326	Conjunctivoplasty, reconstruction			
	15555)					cul-de-sac; with conjunctival			
67971	Reconstruction eyelid full thick-					graft or extensive rearrangement	BR		3.0
	ness by transfer of tarsoconjunc-				68328	with buccal mucous membrane			
	tival flap from opposing eyelid;					graft (includes obtaining graft)	BR		5.0
	up to two-thirds of eyelid, one stage or first stage	15.0	60	3.0	68330	Repair symblepharon; conjuncti-	1011		
67973	total eyelid, lower, one stage or	15.0	00	3.0		voplasty, without graft	BR		3.0
	first stage	17.0	60	3.0	68335	with free graft conjunctiva or			
67974	total eyelid, upper, one stage					buccal mucous membrane (in-	E+ 13		
(7075	or first stage	20.0	60	3.0	68340	cludes obtaining graft) division symblepharon with or	BR		5.0
67975	second stage	2.4	60	3.0	00540	without insertion of conformer			
OTHE	R PROCEDURES					or contact lens	BR		3.0
67999	Unlisted procedure, eyelids	BR		3.0	ОТЦЕР	PROCEDURES			
01777		DK		3.0	OTHER	PROCEDURES			
	(For cicatricial ectropion or en-				68360	Conjunctival flap; bridge or par-			
	tropion requiring scar excision,					tial (separate procedure)	5.0	30	3.0
	skin graft, etc., see 15100– 15260)	2.3	2		68362	total (such as Gunderson thin	. 0.0	20	10
						flap or purse string flap)	9.0	30	3.0
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)					(For conjunctival flap for perfo-			
(Order	89-09), § 296-22-445, filed 8/10/ (Order 87-18), § 296-22-445, filed	89, elle 7/22/9	ctive 9/10	/89; 8/ <del>-</del> 032 (Oc.		rating injury, see 65280-65285)			
	19), § 296–22–445, filed 2/28/86, 6					(For repair of operative wound,			
	ty: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030					see 66250)			
	rder 80-25), § 296-22-445, filed 1					(F			
	4-7, § 296-22-445, filed 1/30/74; (	Order 68	8–7, § 296-	-22-445,		(For removal of conjunctival foreign body, see 65205–65210)			
med 11	/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]								
A TEF	C 20/ 22 450 Omland		7 <sup>9</sup> 40 45	·	68399	Unlisted procedure, conjunctiva.	BR		3.0
₩ A	C 296-22-450 Ocular adno	<i>}</i> &X	onjuncu	Val.		(For repair of symblepharon without graft, see 11400-11460,			
			Follow-			13000–14160)			
		Unit	up	Basic		•		04000 04	0.000
		Value	Days=	Anes@		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) : 36–19), § 296–22–450, filed 2/28/8			
	(For removal of foreign body, see					thority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.0			
	65205 et seq.)					(Order 80–25), § 296–22–450,			
INCISI	ON, DRAINAGE					Order 74-7, § 296-22-450, filed		74; Order	68-7, §
					29622	450, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/6	69.]		
68020	Incision conjunctiva, drainage			• •					
40040	cyst Expression conjunctival follicles,	0.4	15	3.0	WA	C 296–22–455 Ocular adı	nexa	-Lacrima	al sys-
00040	e.g., for trachoma	sv			tem.				
	•	٥,						Follow-	
EXCIS	ION, DESTRUCTION						Unit	up	Basic
68100	Biopsy conjunctiva	1.0	15	3.0			Value	Days=	Anes@
68110	Excision lesion conjunctiva; up to								
68115	1 cm	1.0 2.0	15 15	3.0 3.0	INCISIO	UN			
68130	over 1 cm with adjacent sclera	BR	13	3.0	68400	Incision, drainage lacrimal			
68135		0.60	0	3.0		gland	2.4	15	3.0
	•				68420	Incision, drainage lacrimal sac	2.0	15	3.0
	(For nevus, see 11440-11460)				*68440 EXCISI	Snip incision lacrimal punctum .	*0.4	0	3.0
INJEC	ΓΙΟΝ				EACISI	014			
68200	Subconjunctival injection	0.6	7		68500	Excision of lacrimal gland:			
55250		0.0	•			(dacryoadenectomy), except for	100	4.6	2.0
	(For injection into Tenon's cap-				68505	tumor; total	12.0 12.0	45 45	3.0 3.0
	sule or retrobulbar injection, see 67500–67515)				68510	Biopsy lacrimal gland	BR	₩.	3.0
<b></b>	·				68520	Excision of lacrimal sac			2.0
CONJU	INCTIVOPLASTY					(dacryocystectomy)	12.0	45	3.0
	(For wound repair, see 65270-				68525	Biopsy of lacrimal sac	BR		3.0
	65273)				68530	Removal or foreign body or	CIV.		
68320	Conjunctivoplasty; with conjunc-				68540	dacryolith, lacrimal passages Excision of lacrimal gland tumor;	SV		
00320	tival graft or extensive rear-				00340	frontal approach	15.0	45	3.0
	rangement	12.0	30	3.0	68550	involving osteotomy	BR		3.0
						•			
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		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@
REPAII	<b>,</b>				69110	Excision external ear; partial,		-	
68700	Plastic repair canaliculi	BR		3.0	69120	simple repair	3.0 8.0	30 90	3.0 3.0
68705	Correction everted punctum, cautery	1.0	60	3.0		(For reconstruction of ear, see 15120 et seq.)			
68720	Dacryocystorhinostomy (fistulization of lacrimal sac to nasal				69140	Excision exostosis(es), of external			
68745	cavity)	14.0	60	5.0		auditory canal	12.0	90	3.0
06743	Conjunctivorhmostomy (fistulization of conjunctiva to nasal				69145	Excision soft tissue lesion, external auditory canal	0.6	90	3.0
68750	cavity); without tube with insertion of tube or stent.	15.0 15.0	90 90	5.0 5.0	69150	Radical excision external audi- tory canal lesion; without neck			
68760	Closure of lacrimal punctum (e.g., thermocauterization, liga-				69155	dissection	BR BR		3.0 6.0
68770	tion, or laser photocoagulation). Closure lacrimal fistula (separate	1.0	15	3.0	-7	(For resection of temporal bone,			0.0
00770	procedure)	5.0	30	3.0	•	see 69535)			
PROBIN	NG AND RELATED PROCEDUR	RES				(For skin grafting, see 15000–15261)			
*68800	Dilation lacrimal punctum, with or without irrigation, unilateral				REMOV	VAL FOREIGN BODY			
*68820	or bilateral	*0.4	0	3.0	*69200	Removal foreign body from ex-			
08620	or without irrigation, unilateral	***				ternal auditory canal; without general anesthesia	*0.4	0	
68825	or bilateral requiring general anesthesia	*0.6 BR	0	3.0 3.0	69205 69210	with general anesthesia Removal impacted cerumen (sep-	2.0	7	3.0
	(See also 92018)					arate procedure), one or both ears	0.5	0	3.0
68830	with insertion of tube or stent.	2.8	15	3.0	69220	Debridement, mastoidectomy	0,5	. 0	3.0
*68840	Probing lacrimal canaliculi, with or without irrigation	*0.4	0	3.0		cavity, simple (e.g., routine cleaning; unilateral	BR		3.0
68850*	Injection contrast medium for dacryocystography	0.7	0	3.0	69221 69222	bilateral  Debridement, mastoidectomy	BR		3.0
	(For dacryocystography, see					cavity, complex (e.g., with anesthesia or more than routine			
	70170, 70171)				60222	cleaning); unilateral	BR		3.0
	PROCEDURES				69223 REPAIR	bilateral	BR		3.0
68899	Unlisted procedure, lacrimal system	BR		3.0	112311111	(For suture of wound or injury of			
	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)					external ear, see 12011-14300)		•	
06-032	39-09), § 296-22-455, filed 8/10/ (Order 86-19), § 296-22-455,	filed 2	/28/86, 6	effective	69300	Otoplasty protruding ear, with or without size reduction; unilateral	10.0	180	3.0
51.16.12	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.0 20(3). 80-18-055 (Order 80-25)	5), § 2	96-22-45	5, filed	69301 69310	bilateral	16.0	180	3.0
12/3/80 Order 68	, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 2 3-7, § 296-22-455, filed 11/27/68,	96-22-4 effective	155, filed 1 e 1/1/69.]	/30/74;	0,510	tory canal (meatoplasty) (eg, for			
	, , , , , ,		, , ,			stenosis due to trauma, infec- tion), separate procedure	BR		3.0
	AUDITORY SYST	<b>FEM</b>			69320	Reconstruction external auditory canal for congenital atresia, sin-			
	liagnostic services, e.g., au	idiome	try, ves	tibular		gle stage	16.0	180	3.0
tests, s	ee 92502 et seq.)					(For combination with middle ear reconstruction see 69631,			
WA	C 296-22-465 External ea	r.				69641)			
		Unit	Follow- up	Basic		(For other reconstructive procedures with grafts (skin, cartilage,			
		Value	Days=	Anes@		bone), see 13150–15760, 21230–21235)			
INCISIO	ON				OTHER	PROCEDURES			
*69000	Drainage external ear, abscess or hematoma; simple	*0.4	0	3.0		(For otoscopy under general an-			
69005	complicated	BR		3.0	69399	esthesia, see 92502) Unlisted procedure, external ear.	BR		3.0
*69020	Drainage external auditory canal, abscess	*0.4	0	3.0		ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) a		04.030. 89	
69090	Ear piercing	0.6	7		(Order 8	39-09), § 296-22-465, filed 8/10/8 (Order 86-19), § 296-22-465,	89, effec	ctive 9/10,	′89; 86 <b>–</b>
EXCISIO		0.4	-	2.0	4/1/86.	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.0	)4.020(4	i), 51.04.0	30 and
69100 69105	Biopsy external ear Biopsy external auditory canal	0.6 0.6	7 7	3.0 3.0		20(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28 1, effective 1/1/82; 80-18-055 (Ord			

	/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 7; Order 68-7, § 296-22-465,						Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
WAG	C 296–22–470 Middle ear.				REPAI	R			
		Unit Value	Follow– up Days=	Basic Anes@	69601 69602	Revision mastoidectomy; result- ing in complete mastoidectomy resulting in modified radical	15.0	180	6.0
INTROI	DUCTION		,-		69603	mastoidectomy resulting in radical mastoidec-	20.0	180	5.0
69400	Eustachian tube inflation,		•		69604	tomy resulting in tympanoplasty	20.0 BR	180	5.0 5.0
69401 69405	transnasal; with catheterization . without catheterization Eustachian tube catheterization, transtympanic	0.3 0.3 BR	0			(For planned secondary tympanoplasty after mastoidecto- my, see 69631, 69632)			
69410	Focal application of phase control substance, middle ear (baffle technique)	BR			69605	with apicectomy	BR		
INCISIO	)N					15121, 15260, 15261)			
*69420	Myringotomy, including aspiration and/or eustachian tube in-	*0.4	•	2.0	69610	Tympanic membrane repair, with or without site preparation or per- foration preparation for closure			
69421*	Myringotomy including aspira-	*0.6	0	3.0	69611	without patch	0.6	0	3,0
	tion and/or eustachian tube in- flation requiring general	2.0	. 0	3.5	69620	with tissue graft	0.6	0	3.0
*69424	ventilating tube removal when originally inserted by another	2.0	Ū	3.3	69631	to drumhead and donor area) Tympanoplasty, without mas-	13.0	180	3.0
69425 *69433	physician; unilateral bilateral Tympanostomy (requiring in-	BR BR		3.0 3.0		toidectomy (including canalplas- ty, atticotomy and/or middle ear surgery), initial or revision; with- out ossicular chain reconstruc-			
*<0.42.4	sertion of ventilating tube); lo- cal or topical anesthesia; unilateral	1.6	. 7	3.0	69632	with ossicular chain reconstruction, e.g., postfenestra-	22.0	180	3.0
*69434 69436	bilateral	2.0	. 0	3.0	69633	tion	22.0	180	3.0
69437 69440	bilateral	3.0		3.0		thesis (e.g., partial ossicular replacement prosthesis (PORP), total ossicular re-			
	sion	10,0	30	3.0		placement prosthesis, (TORP))	BR		3.0
(0.450	(For atticotomy, see 69601 et seq.)			2.0	69635	or mastoidotomy (including ca- nalplasty, atticotomy, middle ear			
69450 EXCISION	Tympanolysis, transcanal			3.0	1	surgery, and/or tympanic mem- brane repair); without ossicular			
69501	Transmastoid antrotomy ("sim-				69636	chain reconstruction with ossicular chain recon-	22.0	180	6.0
69502	ple" mastoidectomy)	12.0 18.0	180 180	5.0 5.0	69637	struction with ossicular chain recon-	24.0	180	6.0
69505 69511	modified radical	20.0 20.0	180 180	6.0 6.0		struction and synthetic pros- thesis (e.g., partial ossicular replacement prosthesis, (PORP), total ossicular re-			
	seq.) (For mastoidectomy cavity debridement, see 69220-69223)				69641	placement prosthesis, (TORP))	BR	0	6.0
	Petrous apicectomy including radical mastoidectomy	30.0	180	6.0		middle ear surgery, tympanic membrane repair); without ossicular chain reconstruction	23.0	180	5.0
69535	Resection temporal bone, external approach	BR	180	6.0	69642	with ossicular chain reconstruction	26.0	180	5.0
	(For middle fossa approach, see 69950-69970)				69643	with intact or reconstructed wall, without ossicular chain reconstruction	26.0	180	5.0
69540 69550	Excision aural polyp Excision aural glomus tumor;	1.0	15	3.0	69644	with intact or reconstructed canal wall, with ossicular	20.0	100	5.0
69552	transcanal transmastoid	BR BR		3.0 3.0	69645	chain reconstruction radical or complete, without	28.0	180	5.0
69554	extended (extratemporal)	BR		3.0		ossicular chain reconstruction.	24.0	180	5.0
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		Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@			Unit Value	Follow- up Days=	Basic Anes@
69646 69650 69660	radical or complete, with ossicular chain reconstruction. Stapes mobilization Stapedectomy with reestablishment of ossicular continuity, with	26.0 12.0	180 . 90	5.0 3.0	69805 69806 69820 69840	Endolymphatic sac operation; without shunt	BR BR 22.0 11.0	180 180	6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
69661	or without use of foreign material	20.0 BR	90 90	5.0 5.0	EXCISI 69905	ON  Labyrinthectomy; transcanal	BR		6,0
0,001	(For revision, see 69632)		, ,	2.0	69910 69915	with mastoidectomy Vestibular nerve section, transla-	BR		6.0
69666 69667	Repair oval window fistula Repair round window fistula	20.0 20.0	180 180	5.0 5.0		byrinthine approach	BR	180	6.0
69670		BR	100	6.0		(For transcranial approach, see 69950)			
	(69675 Tympanic neurectomy				INSER	ΓΙΟΝ			
	has been revised as 69676, 69677)				69930	Cochlear device implantation, with or without mastoidectomy.	BR		
69676	J 1	3.0	180	6.0	OTHER	PROCEDURES			
69677	eral bilateral	BR	180	6.0	69949	Unlisted procedure, inner ear	BR		6.0
OTHER	PROCEDURES				TEMPO	ORAL BONE, MIDDLE FOSSA A	PPROA	.CH	
69700	Closure postauricular fistula, mastoid (separate procedure)	7.0	60	3.0		(For external approach, see 69535)			
69710	Implantation or replacement of electromagnetic bone conduction hearing device in temporal bone.	BR		6.0	69950 69955	Vestibular nerve section, trans- cranial approach	BR		6.0
	(Replacement procedure includes removal of old device)				(00/0	and/or repair (may include graft)	BR		6.0
69711	netic bone conduction hearing				69960 69970	Decompression internal auditory canal	BR BR		6.0 6.0
69720	device in temporal bone Decompression, facial nerve, in- tratemporal; lateral to geniculate	BR		6.0	OTHER	PROCEDURES			
69725	ganglion	24.0	180	6.0	69979	Unlisted procedure, temporal bone, middle fossa approach	BR		6.0
69740	ganglion	26.0	180	6.0	(Order 8	ry Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) 89-09), § 296-22-475, filed 8/10/	89, effe	ctive 9/10	/89; 87–
69745	al, with or without graft or de- compression; lateral to geniculate ganglion	30.0 30.0	180 180	6.0 6.0	der 86-1 Authorit 055 (Or	(Order 87–18), § 296–22–475, filed 19), § 296–22–475, filed 2/28/86, vy: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 der 80–25), § 296–22–475, filed 4–7, § 296–22–475, filed 1/30/74; v	effective and 51. 12/3/80	4/1/86. S 16.120(3). , effective	Statutory 80–18– 3/1/81;
	(For extracranial suture of facial nerve, see 64864)	50.0	100	0.0		27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	oruer oc	, y 230°	22-71J,
69799	Unlisted procedure, middle ear	BR		5.0		Chapter 296-23 W	/ <b>^</b> C		
						Chaptel 270-23 W	AL		

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–22–470, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–22–470, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–22–470, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–22–470, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 80–18–055 (Order 80–25), § 296–22–470, filed 12/3/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–22–470, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–22–470, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### WAC 296-22-475 Inner ear.

		Follow-		
		Unit Value	up Days=	Basic Anes@
INCISI	ON, DESTRUCTION			
69801	Labyrinthotomy, with or without cryosurgery or other nonexci- sional destructive procedures or			
	tack procedure; transcanal	20.0	180	6.0
69802	with mastoidectomy	BR		6.0

RADIOLOGY, RADIATION THERAPY, NUCLEAR MEDICINE, PATHOLOGY, HOSPITAL, CHIROPRACTIC, PHYSICAL THERAPY, DRUGLESS THERAPEUTICS, NURSING, AND **VOCATIONAL SERVICES** 

#### WAC

	RADIOLOGY
296-23-010	General information—Radiology.
296-23-01001	Injection procedures.
296-23-01002	Custody of x-rays.
296-23-01004	Billing procedures.
296-23-01005	Duplication of x-rays and extra views.
296-23-01006	Radiology, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine and modifiers.
296-23-01007	Unlisted service or procedure.
296-23-01008	Special report.
296-23-015	Head and neck.
296-23-020	Chest.
296-23-025	Spine and pelvis.

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296-23-030	Upper extremities,	296-23-620	Chiropractic consultations.
296-23-035	Lower extremities.	270 25 020	•
296-23-040	Abdomen.		PHYSICAL THERAPY
296-23-045	Gastrointestinal tract.	296-23-710	Physical therapy rules.
296-23-050	Urinary tract.	296-23-715	Modalities.
296-23-055	Female genital tract.	296-23-720	Procedures.
296-23-065	Vascular system.	296-23-725	Tests and measurements.
296-23-079	Miscellaneous.	296-23-730	Work hardening.
296-23-07901			DRIEG ESC THER ADDITION
	Head and neck.	204 22 010	DRUGLESS THERAPEUTICS
296-23-07903	Heart and chest.	296-23-810	General instructions.
	Abdomen and retroperitoneum.	296-23-811	Office visits and special services.
296-23-07906	Pelvis, genitalia, and extremities.		NURSING
296-23-07907		296-23-900	Licensed nursing rules.
296-23-07908	Miscellaneous.	296-23-910	Maximum values are established for services
		270-23-710	rendered.
	THERAPEUTIC RADIOLOGY		
296-23-080	Therapeutic radiology—General information and		VOCATIONAL SERVICES
	instructions.	296-23-950	Massage therapy rules.
	NUCLEAR MEDICINE	296-23-960	Massage—Modalities.
296-23-120		296-23-970	Occupational therapy rules.
290-23-120		296-23-980	Occupational therapy services.
206 22 125	instructions.	296-23-990	Work hardening.
296-23-125	Diagnostic.		,
296-23-130	Therapeutic.	DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS
	PATHOLOGY		CHAPTER
296-23-200	Pathology general information and instruction.		
296-23-201	Unlisted service or procedure.	296–23–01003	Identification of x-rays. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-
296-23-20101			01003, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed
	Pathology modifier.		by Order 77-27, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78;
296-23-20102	Panel or profile tests.		Emergency Order 77-26, filed 12/1/77; Emergency
296-23-204	Urinalysis.		Order 77–16, filed 9/6/77.
296-23-208	Chemistry and toxicology.	296-23-013	Footnotes. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-013, filed
296–23–216			1/30/74.] Repealed by 81-24-041 (Order 81-28),
	Hematology.		filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Author-
296–23–221	Immunology.		ity: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296-23-224	Microbiology.		
	A	296–23–060.	296-23-070, 296-23-075, 296-23-085, 296-23-090.
296-23-228	Anatomic pathology.	296–23–060,	296-23-070, 296-23-075, 296-23-085, 296-23-090, 296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210
296-23-231	Anatomic pathology.	296–23–060,	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210,
		296–23–060,	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230,
296-23-231	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.	296–23–060,	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order
296–23–231 296–23–232	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL	296–23–060,	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL General information and instructions.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL General information and instructions. Diagnostic services.	296–23–060, 296–23–07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4)]
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74. Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions.  Diagnostic services.  Preventive services.  Restorative services.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), §
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions.  Diagnostic services.  Preventive services.  Restorative services.  Endodontics.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Stat-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-460	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions.  Diagnostic services.  Preventive services.  Restorative services.  Endodontics.  Periodontics.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74. Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions.  Diagnostic services.  Preventive services.  Restorative services.  Endodontics.  Periodontics.  Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postde-	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-480	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-480 296-23-485	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09),
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-490	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Author-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-480 296-23-485	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and profes-	296-23-07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.6.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-490	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery.	·	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-440 296-23-440 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-490	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.	296-23-07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74. Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-495 MISCE	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES	296-23-07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-495 MISCE 296-23-500	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances.	296-23-07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-495 MISCE 296-23-500 296-23-50001	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care.	296–23–07904 296–23–105	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-490 296-23-5000 296-23-50001 296-23-50002	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services.	296-23-07904	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-495 296-23-495 MISCE 296-23-5000 296-23-50001 296-23-50002 296-23-50002	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices.	296–23–07904 296–23–105	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-490 296-23-490 296-23-490 296-23-50001 296-23-50001 296-23-50003 296-23-50003 296-23-50004	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses.	296–23–07904 296–23–105	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-5000 296-23-50001 296-23-50002 296-23-50004 296-23-50004 296-23-50004 296-23-50004	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses. Orthotics and prosthetics.	296–23–07904 296–23–105	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030.
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-495 MISCE 296-23-5000 296-23-50002 296-23-50003 296-23-50005 296-23-50005 296-23-50005 296-23-50005	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses. Orthotics and prosthetics. Medical supplies.	296-23-07904 296-23-105 296-23-110	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
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296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-450 296-23-470 296-23-480 296-23-485 296-23-495 MISCE 296-23-495 296-23-5000 296-23-50002 296-23-50003 296-23-50005 296-23-50005 296-23-50006 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Prosthodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses. Orthotics and prosthetics. Medical supplies. Pulmonary and respiratory services and supplies. Hospital beds and accessories. Traction equipment.	296-23-07904 296-23-105 296-23-110	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Special adjunctive services. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-115, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Au-
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-421 296-23-430 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-490 296-23-5000 296-23-50001 296-23-50002 296-23-50004 296-23-50005 296-23-50006 296-23-50007 296-23-50008 296-23-50009 296-23-50009 296-23-50009 296-23-50009	Anatomic pathology. Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses. Orthotics and prosthetics. Medical supplies. Pulmonary and respiratory services and supplies. Hospital beds and accessories. Traction equipment. Canes.	296-23-07904 296-23-105 296-23-110	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296-23-231 296-23-232 296-23-232 296-23-412 296-23-430 296-23-440 296-23-450 296-23-460 296-23-470 296-23-485 296-23-485 296-23-490 296-23-5000 296-23-50001 296-23-50002 296-23-50005 296-23-50006 296-23-50007 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-50008 296-23-500010 296-23-50010	Anatomic pathology.  Miscellaneous.  DENTAL  General information and instructions. Diagnostic services. Preventive services. Restorative services. Endodontics. Periodontics. Periodontics, removable—Including routine postdelivery care. Prosthodontics, fixed. Orthodontics. Oral surgery. Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.  LANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES Miscellaneous services and appliances. Nursing services and attendant care. Transportation services. Hearing aids and masking devices. Eyeglasses and contact lenses. Orthotics and prosthetics. Medical supplies. Pulmonary and respiratory services and supplies. Hospital beds and accessories. Traction equipment. Canes. Crutches.	296-23-07904 296-23-105 296-23-110	296-23-095, 296-23-100, 296-23-205, 296-23-210, 296-23-215, 296-23-220, 296-23-225, 296-23-230, 296-23-235, 296-23-240 and 296-23-245. [Order 68-7, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-7, filed 1/30/74.  Thorax. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07904, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07904, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07904, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07904, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Teletherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-105, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-085.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Brachytherapy. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-110, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-090.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51-04.030 and 51.16.120(3).  Special adjunctive services. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-115, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-
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	23-300, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-		340, filed
	39, § 296-23-300, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 68-7, § 296-23-300, filed 11/27/68, effective		296–23–3 75–39, §
	1/1/69.] Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47),		1/1/76; C
	filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW		effective
296-23-301	51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. Rates for daily and ancillary services. [Statutory Au-		11/27/68 (Order 8
290-23-301	thority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-		RCW 51.
	074 (Order 86–36), § 296–23–301, filed 10/1/86, ef-	296-23-345	Per diem
	fective 11/1/86; 86-04-035 (Order 86-15), § 296-23-301, filed 1/30/86. Statutory Authority: RCW		11/27/68 34, filed 1
	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-	296-23-350	Bed accor
	041 (Order 81–28), § 296–23–301, filed 11/30/81,		filed 11/2
	effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-301, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-		23-350, filed 11/2
	34, § 296-23-301, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77;		75–39, fil
	Order 75-39, § 296-23-301, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.] Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47),	296-23-355	Rate affi
	filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW		11/28/75
	51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.		355, filed 12/1/70,
296–23–305	Questionable beneficiary. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-		355, filed
	100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–305, filed 12/23/80,	206 22 256	Order 76-
	effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-305, filed	296-23-356	Billing p 51.04.020
	11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 70–12, § 296–23–305, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, §		36), § 29
	296-23-305, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Re-		83-16-06
	pealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87.		8/2/83. S .04.030, a
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.		§ 296–23
296-23-310	Refund of incorrect payments. [Statutory Authority:		01–100 12/23/80
	RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-		356, filed
	01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-310, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 68-7, § 296-23-		Order 77
	310, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by		gency Ore der 76–34
	87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87. Statutory		1/1/77; 0
296-23-315	Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.  Treatment of unrelated conditions. [Statutory Au-		effective
	thority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-		11/22/74 356, filed
	066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–315, filed 8/2/83; Order 70–12, § 296–23–315, filed 12/1/70, effective		6/1/71;
	1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-23-315, filed 11/27/68,		effective
	effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 87–03–005 (Order		(part).] R 1/8/87. S
	86-47), filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.		51.04.030
296-23-320	Private room—Critical cases. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-	296–23–357	X–rays. 51.04.030
	320, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-320, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 74-		28), § 29
	39, filed 11/22/74 and Order 75–39, filed 11/28/75.		81-01-10
296-23-325	Isolation of infected cases. [Order 70-12, § 296-23-		12/23/80 357, filed
	325, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-23-325, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Re-		Order 77
	pealed by Order 74–39, filed 11/22/74 and Order		gency Or
	75–39, filed 11/28/75.		der 76–3-
296-23-330	Closed claims. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-		Repealed
	100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–330, filed 12/23/80,		Statutory
	effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–23–330, filed	296-23-360	51.04.030 Hospital o
	1/30/74; Order 70–12, § 296–23–330, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–23–330, filed	270-23-300	360, filed
	11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 87-03-005		11/27/68
	(Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.	296-23-365	34, filed 1 Drugs. [C
296-23-335	RX's take home. [Statutory Authority: RCW]	270 23 303	Order 68
	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-		1/1/69.]
	100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–335, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–335, filed	296-23-370	effective Dressing
	11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–23–	2,0 20 0.0	296-23-3
	335, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 68-7, §		74-7, § 2
Ε.	296-23-335, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87.		296-23-3 pealed by
	Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and		1/1/77.
	51.04.030.	296–23–375	Anesthetic
296–23–340	Routine laboratory procedures on admission. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and		filed 1/3 11/27/68
	51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-		34, filed

340, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-340, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75-39, § 296-23-340, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-39, § 296-23-340, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 68-7, § 296-23-340, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-345 Per diem rate. [Order 68-7, \$ 296-23-345, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

296-23-350 Bed accommodations. [Order 74-39, § 296-23-350, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-350, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-350, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 75-39, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.

96-23-355 Rate affidavit. [Order 75-39, § 296-23-355, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74-7, § 296-23-355, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, § 296-23-355, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-23-355, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

procedures. [Statutory Authority: RCW 20(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-96-23-356, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-356, filed Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), 3-356, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-(Order 80-29), § 296-23-356, filed 30, effective 3/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-23ed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency 7-26, § 296-23-356, filed 12/1/77; Emerrder 77-16, § 296-23-356, filed 9/6/77; Or-34, § 296-23-356, filed 11/24/76, effective Order 75-39, § 296-23-356, filed 11/28/75, 1/1/76; Order 74-39, § 296-23-356, filed 4, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23ed 1/30/74; Order 71-6, § 296-23-356, filed Order 70-12, § 296-23-356, filed 12/1/70, 1/1/71. Formerly WAC 296-23-355 Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and

96-23-357 X-rays. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-23-357, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-357, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-23-357, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-357, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-357, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-357, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-7, § 296-23-357, filed 1/30/74.] Repealed by 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), filed 1/8/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030

296-23-360 Hospital daily service charge. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-360, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-360, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

Drugs. [Order 74-7, \$ 296-23-365, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, \$ 296-23-365, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

296-23-370 Dressing room and emergency room. [Order 74-39, § 296-23-370, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-370, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-370, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

Anesthetic material. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-375, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-375, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

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296–23–380	Anesthetic administration—General. [Order 74–39, § 296–23–380, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–380, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–380, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76–34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–385	Anesthetic administration—Other. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-385, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-385, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–390	Surgery. [Order 74-39, § 296-23-390, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-390, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-390, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–395	Recovery room—Use of. [Order 74–7, § 296–23–395, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–395, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296–23–400	Oxygen. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-400, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-400, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
29623405	Parenteral fluid therapy. [Order 74–7, § 296–23–405, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–405, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76–34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–410	Use of cast room for application of casts. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-410, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-410, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–415	Cast—Materials only. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-415, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-415, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–420	Fracture appliances. [Order 74-7, § 296-23-420, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-420, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76-34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296–23–425	Laboratory. [Order 74–7, § 296–23–425, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–425, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 76–34, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.
296-23-510	Osteopathic office visits. [Order 68-7, § 296-23-510, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296–23–515	Osteopathic hospital visits. [Order 68-7, § 296-23-515, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.] Repealed by Order 70-12, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71.
296–23–61001	Who may treat. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-61001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296-23-61002	Acceptance of rules and fees. [Order 76–34, § 296–23–61002, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296–23–61003	Penalties. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-61003, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).
296-23-61004	Initial treatment and report of accident. [Order 76–34, § 296–23–61004, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Author-
296–23–61005	ity: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). Treatment following initial treatment. [Order 77–27, § 296–23–61005, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77–26, § 296–23–61005, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77–16, § 296–23–61005, filed 9/6/77; Order 76–34, § 296–23–61005, filed

11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61006 Rejected and closed claims. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-61006, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61007 Treatment beyond 60 days. [Order 76-34, \$ 296-23-61007, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61008 Doctor's supplemental report. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-61008, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61009 Transfer of practitioners. [Order 77-27, § 296-23-61009, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-61009, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-61009, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-61009, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61010 Concurrent treatment. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-61010, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-61011 Billing procedures. [Order 77-27, § 296-23-61011, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-61011, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-61011, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-61011, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81001 Who may treat. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81002 Acceptance of rules and fees. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81002, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81003 Penalties. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81003, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81004 Initial treatment and report of accident. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81004, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81005 Treatment following initial treatment. [Order 77-27, \$ 296-23-81005, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, \$ 296-23-81005, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, \$ 296-23-81005, filed 12/1/77; Order 76-34, \$ 296-23-81005, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81006 Rejected and closed claims. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81006, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81007 Treatment beyond 60 days. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81007, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed

by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81008 Doctor's supplemental report. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81008, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81009 Transfer of practitioners. [Order 77-27, § 296-23-81009, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-81009, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-81009, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-81009, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81010 Concurrent treatment. [Order 76-34, § 296-23-81010, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-81011 Billing procedures. [Order 77-27, § 296-23-81011, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-81011, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-81011, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-81011, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.] Repealed by 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).

296-23-940 Vocational service providers. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-23-940, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-9401 Reasons for holding provider ineligible for referral. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-23-9401, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-9402 Time lines. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-23-9402, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-9403 Services requiring authorization. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), § 296-23-9403, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-9408 Vocational fee schedule. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), \$ 296-23-9408, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 82-24-050 (Order 82-39), \$ 296-23-9408, filed 11/29/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

296-23-9409 Vocational services. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), \$ 296-23-9409, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

Retraining service. [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-9410, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.] Repealed by 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.

#### **RADIOLOGY**

WAC 296-23-010 General information—Radiology. Rules and billing procedures pertaining to all practitioners rendering services to injured workers are presented in the general instruction section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some of the commonalities are repeated here for the convenience of those doctors referring to the radiology section. Practitioners shall bill their usual and customary fee for services.

UNIT VALUE: The following values apply only when these services are performed by or under the responsible supervision of a doctor.

The unit value represents x-ray service units appropriate for billing charges for professional services plus expenses of nonradiologist personnel, materials, facilities and space used, for diagnostic or therapeutic services rendered, but excludes the cost of radio-isotopes. This value is applicable in any situation in which a single charge is made to include both professional services and the cost involved in providing that service.

BY REPORT: "BR" in the unit value column indicates that the value of this service is to be determined by report (BR) because the service is too unusual, variable, or new to be assigned a unit value. The report should provide an adequate definition or description of the services or procedures as discussed in WAC 296-23-01008.

The department or self-insurer may adjust BR procedures when such action is indicated. Whenever possible, list the nearest similar procedure code according to this schedule.

PROFESSIONAL COMPONENT: The professional component (PC) represents the professional services of the doctor, including examination of the patient, when indicated, performance and/or supervision of the procedure, interpretation and reporting of the examination and consultation with the attending doctor. This component is applicable in any situation in which the doctor submits a charge for these professional services only. It is distinct from and does not include the time devoted by technologists, nor costs of materials, equipment and space.

TECHNICAL COMPONENT: The technical component represents the expenses of nonradiological personnel, materials, facilities, and space, used for diagnostic or therapeutic services rendered. It excludes the cost of radio-isotopes.

MULTIPLE OR SEPARATE PROCEDURES: It is appropriate to designate multiple procedures that are rendered on the same date by separate entries.

Values for office and hospital visits, consultation and other services are listed in the various sections of this fee schedule.

Practitioners should identify the appropriate section for their area of health care practice.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–010, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–010, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–010, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74–39, § 296–23–010, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–010, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, § 296–23–010, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–23–010, filed 12/1/70,

effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-23-010, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-23-01001 Injection procedures. Values for injection procedures include all usual pre and postinjection care specifically related to the injection procedure, necessary local anesthesia, placement of needle or catheter, and injection of contrast media.

Vascular injection procedures are listed in the cardiovascular section. Other injection procedures are listed in the appropriate sections.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-01001, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-01001, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-01001, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01002 Custody of x-rays. (1) Radiographs should not be sent to the department or self-insurer unless they are requested for comparison and interpretation in determining a permanent disability, administrative or legal decisions and for cases in litigation. X-rays must be retained for a period of ten years by the radiologist or the attending doctor.

- (2) X-rays must be made available upon request to consultants, to medical examiners, to the department, to self-insurers and/or the board of industrial insurance appeals.
- (3) In cases where the injured worker transfers from one doctor to another, the former attending doctor will immediately forward all films in his possession to the new attending doctor.
- (4) When a doctor's office is closed because of death, retirement or upon leaving the state, department approved custodial arrangements must be made to insure availability on request. If a radiological office is closed for any of the previously listed reasons or because the partnership or corporation is being dissolved, disposition of x-rays for industrial injuries will be handled in the same manner. In the event custodial arrangements are to be made, the department must approve the arrangements prior to transfer of x-rays to the custodian so as to assure their availability to the department or self-insurer upon request.
- (5) Reports of x-ray findings must accompany bills for x-ray services. See WAC 296-20-125 for additional billing information.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-23-01002, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-01002, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77-27, § 296-23-01002, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77-26, § 296-23-01002, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77-16, § 296-23-01002, filed 9/6/77; Order 76-34, § 296-23-01002, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01004 Billing procedures. (1) Complete billing instructions appear in WAC 296-20-125.

(2) Listed unit values for x-ray services are for combined technical and professional components, except as

otherwise indicated. Appropriate modifiers and charges must be used when billing for only technical or professional component. When billing for technical component only, the total value should be reduced by the professional component value.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–01004, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–01004, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 77–27, § 296–23–01004, filed 11/30/77, effective 1/1/78; Emergency Order 77–26, § 296–23–01004, filed 12/1/77; Emergency Order 77–16, § 296–23–01004, filed 9/6/77; Order 76–34, § 296–23–01004, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01005 Duplication of x-rays and extra views. Every attempt should be made to minimize number of x-rays taken for injured workers. The attending doctor or any other person or institution having possession of x-rays which pertain to the injury and are deemed to be needed for diagnostic or treatment purposes should make these x-rays available upon request.

The department or self-insurer will not authorize or pay for additional x-rays when recent x-rays are available except when presented with adequate information regarding the need to re-x-ray.

Extra views — may be billed under modifier code '— 22'. However, such billing must be supported by an explanation of why extra views were necessary. When description of procedure indicates "minimum of \_\_\_\_\_ views" usually no additional amount will be paid for extra views.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-01005, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-01005, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01006 Radiology, radiation therapy, nuclear medicine and modifiers. Listed services and procedures may be modified under certain circumstances. When applicable, the modifying circumstance should be identified by the addition of the appropriate modifier code which is a two digit number placed after the usual procedure number from which it is separated by a hyphen. If more than one modifier is used, the "multiple modifiers" code placed first after the procedure code indicates that one or more additional modifier codes will follow. Modifiers commonly used in RADIOLOGY (INCLUDING NUCLEAR MEDICINE AND DIAGNOSTIC ULTRASOUND) are as follows:

-22 UNUSUAL SERVICES: When the service(s) provided is greater than that usually required for the listed procedure, it may be identified by adding modifier '-22' to the usual procedure number. List modified value. A report may also be appropriate. Note: Modifier -22 may be utilized with computerized tomography numbers when additional slices are required or a more detailed examination is necessary.

- -26 PROFESSIONAL COMPONENT: Certain procedures are a combination of a physician component and a technical component. When the physician component is billed separately, the procedure may be identified by adding the modifier '-26' to the usual procedure number and value as appropriate. The total cost of procedure cannot exceed the basic unit value. Payment is made on the basis of up to and including forty percent of the fee maximum.
- -27 TECHNICAL COMPONENT: Certain procedures are a combination of a physician component and a technical component. When the technical component is billed separately, the procedure may be identified by adding the modifier '-27' to the usual procedure number and value as appropriate. The total cost of procedure cannot exceed the basic unit value. Payment is made on the basis of up to and including sixty percent of the fee maximum.
- -51 MULTIPLE OR BILATERAL PROCEDURES: When multiple or bilateral procedures are provided at the same operative session, the major procedure may be reported as listed. The secondary or lesser procedure(s) may be identified by adding the modifier '-51' to the usual procedure number(s) and value at 50 percent of the listed values unless otherwise indicated.
- -52 REDUCED SERVICES: Under certain circumstances a service or procedure is partially reduced or eliminated at the physician's election. Under these circumstances the service provided can be identified by its usual procedure number and the addition of the modifier '-52' signifying that the service is reduced. This provides a means of reporting reduced services at reduced charge without disturbing the identification of the basic service. Note: Modifier -52 may be utilized with computerized tomography numbers for a limited study or a follow-up study.
- -62 TWO SURGEONS: Under certain circumstances the skills of two surgeons (usually with different skills) may be required in the management of a specific surgical procedure. Under such circumstances the services of each may be identified by adding the modifier '-62' to the procedure number used by each surgeon for reporting his services.
- -66 SURGICAL TEAM: Under some circumstances, highly complex procedures (requiring the concomitant services of several physicians, often of different specialties, plus other highly skilled, specially trained personnel and various types of complex equipment) are carried out under the 'surgical team' concept. Such circumstances may be identified by each participating physician with the addition of the modifier '-66' to the basic procedure number used for reporting services.

- -75 CONCURRENT CARE, SERVICES RENDERED BY MORE THAN ONE PHYSICIAN: When the patient's condition requires the additional services of more than one physician, each physician may identify his or her services by adding the modifier '-75' to the basic service performed.
- -76 REPEAT PROCEDURE BY SAME PHYSICIAN: The physician may need to indicate that a procedure or service was repeated subsequent to the original service. This may be reported by adding the modifier '-76' to the procedure code of the repeated service.
- -77 REPEAT PROCEDURE BY ANOTHER PHYSICIAN: The physician may need to indicate that a basic procedure performed by another physician had to be repeated. This may be reported by adding modifier '-77' to the repeated service.
- -80 ASSISTANT SURGEON: Surgical assistant services may be identified by adding the modifier '-80' to the usual procedure number(s).
- -90 REFERENCE (OUTSIDE) LABORATORY: When laboratory procedures are performed by a party other than the treating or reporting physician the procedure(s) may be identified by adding the modifier '-90' to the usual procedure number and shall be billed as charged to the physician.
- —99 MULTIPLE MODIFIERS: Under certain circumstances two or more modifiers may be necessary to completely delineate a service. In such situations modifier '-99' should be added to the basic procedure, and other applicable modifiers may be listed as a part of the description of the service. Value in accordance with appropriate modifiers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–01006, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–03–005 (Order 86–47), § 296–23–01006, filed 1/8/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–01006, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–01006, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–23–01006, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82, 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–01006, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–01006, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01007 Unlisted service or procedure. A service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in WAC 296-23-01008 below. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for RADIOLOGY (including nuclear medicine and diagnostic ultrasound) are as follows:

- 76499 Unlisted diagnostic radiologic procedure
- 76999 Unlisted diagnostic ultrasound procedure
- 77299 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning
- 77399 Unlisted procedure, medical radiation physics, dosimetry and treatment devices
- 77499 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment management
- 77799 Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy

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70170 Nasolacrimal duct (dacryocystography) supervision and interpretation only .....

tography, see 68850)

complete procedure ......

(For injection procedure for dacryocys-

Radiologic examination, optic foramina .

Radiologic examination, paranasal sinuses, less than three views ......

Radiologic examination, sinuses, paranasal, complete, minimum of three views ...

Radiologic examination, sella turcica ...

Radiologic examination, skull, limited, less than four views, with or without stereo .....

complete, minimum of four views, with or without stereo ......

Radiologic examination, teeth, single

partial examination, less than full

complete, full mouth . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Radiologic examination, temporomandi-

bular joints, unilateral, open and closed

Temporomandibular joint arthrography;

supervision and interpretation only .....

bilateral .....

(For injection procedure only for arth-

Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-

ing, temporomandibular joint ......

Cephalogram (orthodontic) .....

Orthopantogram .....

Radiologic examination, neck soft tissue.

pharynx or larynx, including fluoros-

rography, see 21116)

orbits, complete, minimum of four

78099	Unlisted endocrine procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78199	Unlisted hematopoietic, R-E and lymphatic procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78299	Unlisted gastrointestinal procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78399	Unlisted musculoskeletal procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78499	Unlisted cardiovascular procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78599	Unlisted respiratory procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78699	Unlisted nervous system procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78799	Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78999	Unlisted miscellaneous procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
79999	Unlisted radionuclide therapeutic procedure.
utory A	uthority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030, 89-17-039

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-01007, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-01007, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-01007, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-01007, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-01008 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable, or new, may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and the need for the procedure; and the time, effort and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be helpful might include: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, concurrent problems, and follow-up care.

[Order 76-34, § 296-23-01008, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

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<b>W</b> A	Myelography, posterior fossa supervision and interpretation only	Unit Value BR BR	70371 70373 70374	copy and/or magnification technique.  Complex dynamic pharyngeal and speech evaluation by cine or video recording  Laryngography, contrast; supervision and interpretation only	8.0 10.0 9.6 24.0
70015 70016	(For injection procedure, see 61052)  Cisternography, positive contrast; supervision and interpretation only  complete procedure	BR BR	70380 70390 70391	gography, see 31708)  Radiologic examination, salivary gland for calculus	6.4 3.2 8.0
70030 70100 70110 70120 70130 70134	Radiologic examination, eye, for detection of foreign body	8.8 6.0 10.0 6.0 12.0	70450 70460 70470	graphy, see 42550)  Computerized axial tomography, head or brain; without contrast material	58.0 64.0 71.0
70140 70150 70160	meati, complete	12.0 6.0 10.0 6.4	70480 70481 70482	Computerized axial tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear; without contrast material with contrast material without contrast material, followed by contrast material and further sections .	58.0 64.0 71.0

Unit Value

4.0

10.0

6.0

8.0

5.0

8.8

5.0

6.0

12.0

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4.0

8.0

6.0

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8.4

21.1

60.0

4.0

10.0

4.0

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		Unit Value			Unit Value
70486 70487 70488	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)  Computerized axial tomography, maxillofacial area; without contrast material with contrast material(s) without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	58.0 64.0 71.0	71040 71041 71060 71061	Bronchography, unilateral; supervision and interpretation only	5.6 14.0 8.8 22.0
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)		71090	Insertion pacemaker, fluoroscopy and ra- diography, supervision and interpretation	pp.
70490 70491 70492	Computerized axial tomography, soft issue neck; without contrast material with contrast material(s) without contrast material followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	BR BR BR	71100 71101 71110 71111	only.  Ribs, unilateral, two views including posteroanterior chest; minimum of three views bilateral; three views including posteroanterior chest, minimum of four views	BR 7.2 11.2 10.0
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)		71120 71130 71250	Sternum, minimum of two views  Sternoclavicular joint(s), minimum of three views  Computerized tomography, thorax; with-	6.0 6.0
70540 70551	(For cervical spine, see 72125, 72126)  Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging; orbit, face and neck  Magnetic resonance imaging (e.g., proton) imaging, brain (including brain	120.0	71260 71270	out contrast material	77.0 84.0 90.0
(Order 16-004	stem)	9/10/89; 87– 5–06–032 (Or-	71550	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)  Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, chest (e.g., for evaluation of hilar and mediastinal lymphadenopathy)	120.0
066 (Or RCW : 81-28), (Order 76-34, § 296-2 tive 1/1 296-23	ries, § 296–23–015, filed 8/2/83. Statut for 83–23), § 296–23–015, filed 8/2/83. Statut 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–2 § 296–23–015, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/880–29), § 296–23–015, filed 12/23/80, effective § 296–23–015, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; 23–061 (codified as WAC 296–23–015), filed 11/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–015, filed 1/30/74; –015, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	ory Authority: 4-041 (Order 32; 81-01-100 3/1/81; Order Order 74-39, /22/74, effec-	(Order 16-004 der 86- 066 (O RCW: 81-28), (Order 76-34, § 296-2	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.0 89-09), \$ 296-23-020, filed 8/10/89, effective (Order 87-18), \$ 296-23-020, filed 7/23/87; 8-19), \$ 296-23-020, filed 2/28/86, effective 4 rder 83-23), \$ 296-23-020, filed 8/2/83. Statu 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-3, \$ 296-23-020, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/80-29), \$ 296-23-020, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/723-064 (codified as WAC 296-23-020), filed 11/75; Order 74-7, \$ 296-23-020, filed 1/30/74;	2 9/10/89; 87– 16-06-032 (Or- 1/1/86; 83-16- tory Authority: 24-041 (Order 82; 81-01-100 3/1/81; Order 7; Order 74-39, 1/22/74, effec-

# WAC 296-23-020 Chest.

***		Unit Value		1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–020, filed 1/30/74; ( –020, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	Order 68-7, §
71010 71015 71020	view, frontalstereo, frontal	4.0 5.0 7.0		AC 296-23-025 Spine and pelvis.	Unit Value
71021 71022	frontal and lateral	7.0 7.2 7.2	72010 72020	Spine, entire, survey study (A-P and lateral)	16.0
71023	with fluoroscopy	BR	72040	view, specify level	6.5 6.0
71030 71034	Radiologic examination, chest, complete, minimum of four views with fluoroscopy	8.0 10.0	72040 72050 72052	Spine, cervical; A-P and lateral minimum of four views complete, including oblique and flexion	10.0
	(For separate chest fluoroscopy, see 76000)		72070 72072	and/or extension views	15.2 9.0
71035	Radiologic examination, chest, special views, e.g., lateral decubitus, Bucky studies	BR	72074	swimmer's view of the cervicothoracic junction thoracic, complete inc. obliques, mini-	12.0
71036	Needle biopsy of intrathoracic lesion, in- cluding follow-up films, fluoroscopic lo-		72080 72090	mum of four views thoraco-lumbar, A-P and lateral scoliosis study, including supine and	16.0 9.0
71037 71038	calization only	BR BR	72100	erect studies	6.0 9.0
	chial biopsy or brushing	BR	72110 72114 72120	complete, with oblique views complete, including bending views bending views only, minimum of four	16.0 18.5
	32405)		12120	views	10.0

		Unit Value	066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–025, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order
72125	Computerized axial tomography, cervical		81–28), § 296–23–025, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–025, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order
72126	spine; without contrast material with contrast material	62.4 72.8	76-34, § 296-23-025, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-39, § 296-23-067 (codified as WAC 296-23-025), filed 11/22/74, effec-
72127	without contrast material, followed by	1210	tive 1/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-025, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, §
	contrast material(s) and further sections	BR	296–23–025, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]
	(For injection procedure 72126, 72127,		WAC 296-23-030 Upper extremities.
	72129, 72130, 72132, 72133, by intra- thecal injection, also use 62284)		Unit Value
72128	Computerized axial tomography, thoracic spine; without contrast material	62.4	73000 Clavicle, complete 4.8
72129	with contrast material	72.8	73010         Scapula, complete         6.0           73020         Shoulder; one view         4.0
72130	without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sec-		73030 complete, minimum of two views 6.0
50101	tions	BR	73040 arthrography; supervision and interpretation only
72131	Computerized axial tomography, lumbar spine; without contrast material	60.0	73041 complete procedure
72132	with contrast material	70.0	(For injection procedure for arthrog-
72133	without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sec-	. DD	raphy, see 23350)
72141	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-	BR	73050 Acromio-clavicular joints, bilateral, with or without weighted distraction 7.0
	ing, spinal canal and contents; cervical	120.0	73060 Humerus, minimum of two views 4.8
72143 72144	thoraciclumbar	120.0 120.0	73070 Elbow, limited, A-P and lateral
72170	Pelvis, A-P only	5.0	73085 Radiologic examination, elbow, arthrog-
72180 72190	stereo complete, minimum of three views	6.4 8.0	raphy; supervision and interpretation only4.0
72170	•	0.0	73086 complete procedure
	(For pelvimetry, see 74710)		(For injection procedure only for arth-
72192	Computerized tomography, pelvis; without contrast material	60.0	rography, see 24220)
72193	with contrast material(s)	70.0	73090 Forearm, A-P and lateral
72194	without contrast material, followed by		73100 Wrist, limited, A-P and lateral 4.0 73110 complete, minimum of three views 6.0
<b>***</b>	contrast material(s) and further sec-	BR	73115 Radiologic examination, wrist, arthrog-
72196	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging; pelvis	120.0	raphy; supervision and interpretation only
72200	Sacro-iliac joints; less than three views	5.0	73116 complete procedure
72202 72220	three or more views	8.0	(For injection procedure only for arth-
12220	views	6.4	rography, see 25246)
72240	Myelography, cervical; supervision and	7.2	73120 Hand; two views
72241	interpretation only	7.2 18.0	73130 minimum of three views
72255	thoracic; supervision and interpretation		73200 Computerized tomography, upper ex-
72256	only complete procedure	7.2 18.0	tremity; without contrast material
72265	lumbosacral; supervision and interpre-	10.0	73201 with contrast material(s) 64.0 73202 without contrast material, followed by
72266	tation only	7.2	contrast material(s) and further sec-
72266 72270	complete procedure	18.0	tions 71.0
	terpretation only	12.0	(For coronal, sagittal and oblique sections, see 76375)
72271	complete procedure	30.0	
	(For injection procedures for myelo- graphy, see 61055 or 62284)		73220 Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, upper extremity, other than joint 120.0
50005			73221 Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-
72285	Diskography, cervical; supervision and interpretation only	8.0	ing, any joint of upper extremity 120.00
72286	complete procedure	20.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–030, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–
72295	lumbar; supervision and interpretation only	8.0	16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-030, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Or-
72296	complete procedure	20.0	der 86-19), § 296-23-030, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-
	(For injection procedures for diskography, see 62290, 62291)		041 (Order 81–28), § 296–23–030, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–030, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76 34 \$ 296 23 030, filed 11/24/76, effective
[Statute	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.0-	4.030. 89–17–039	3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-030, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-39, § 296-23-071 (codified as WAC 296-23-030),
(Order	89-09), § 296-23-025, filed 8/10/89, effect	ive 9/10/89; 87-	filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-030, filed
	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–025, filed 7/23/87 -19), § 296–23–025, filed 2/28/86, effective		1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-030, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

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WA	AC 296-23-035 Lower extremities.	Unit	§ 296- tive 1/	§ 296-23-035, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77: 23-074 (codified as WAC 296-23-035), filed 11/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-035, filed 1/30/74;	/22/74, effec-
		Value	296–23	3-035, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	
73500	Radiologic examination, hip, unilateral, one view	5.0	WA	AC 296–23–040 Abdomen.	
73510	complete, minimum of two views	7.0			Unit
73520	Radiologic examination, hips, bilateral, minimum of two views of each hip, in-				Value
72525	cluding A-P of pelvis	9.6	74000	Abdomen, single view (KUB) A-P	6.0
73525	Radiologic examination, hip, arthrog- raphy; supervision and interpretation		74010 74020	with additional oblique and cone views complete, includes decubitus and/or	8.0
	only	BR		erect views	11.0
73526	complete procedure	BR	74022	complete acute abdomen series, includ-	
	(For injection procedure only for arthrography, see 27093, 27095)			ing supine, erect, and/or decubitus views, upright PA chest	BR
72520	- · · ·		74150	Computerized axial tomography, abdomen; without contrast material	77.0
73530	Radiologic examination, hip, during operative procedure	16.0	74160	with contrast material	84.0
73550	Radiologic examination, femur, A-P and		74170	without contrast material, followed by	
72560	lateral	6.0		contrast material and further sections.	90.0
73560	Radiologic examination, knee, A-P and lateral	4.4		(For coronal, sagittal and/or oblique	
73562	A-P and lateral, with oblique(s), mini-		74101	sections, see 76375)	
73564	mum three views	<b>6.4</b>	74181	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, abdomen	120.0
13304	tunnel, and/or patella and/or standing	* '		<del>-</del>	
	views	8.4		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.03 89-09), § 296-23-040, filed 8/10/89, effective	
73580	Radiologic examination, knee, arthrog-	6.1		(Order 87–18), § 296–23–040, filed 7/23/87; 86	
73581	raphy supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	6.4 16.0		-19), § 296-23-040, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/	
75501		10.0		order 83–23), § 296–23–040, filed 8/2/83. Statut	
	(For injection procedure for arthrography, see 27370)		81-28)	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-2 , § 296-23-040, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/8	32; 81–01–100
73590	Radiologic examination, tibia and fibula,			80-29), \$ 296-23-040, filed 12/23/80, effective \$ 296-23-040, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77;	
	A-P and lateral	4.8		23-077 (codified as WAC 296-23-040), filed 11	
73592	lower extremity, infant, minimum of	4.0	tive 1/	1/75; Order 74-7, § 296-23-040, filed 1/30/74;	
73600	two views	4.0	296-23	-040, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	
, , , , ,	lateral	4.4	WW 7 A	C 200 22 045 C	
73610	complete, minimum of three views	6.0	<b>VV</b> ₽	AC 296–23–045 Gastrointestinal tract.	
73615	Radiologic examination, ankle, arthrog- raphy; supervision and interpretation				Unit
	only	4.0			Value
73616	complete procedure	10.0	74210	Pharynx and/or cervical esophagus	, 8.8
	(For injection procedure only for arth-		74220	Esophagus	8.8
	rography, see 27648)		74230	Swallowing function, pharynx and/or esophagus, by cineradiography and/or	
73620		4.0	24225	video	12.0
73630	complete, minimum of three views	4.0 5.6	74235	Removal of foreign body(s), esophageal, with use of balloon catheter under fluoro-	
73650	Radiologic examination, calcaneus, mini-	5.0		scopic guidance	BR
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	mum of two views	4.4	74240	Uppergastrointestinal tract, with or with-	
73660	Toe(s), minimum of two views	3.6	74041	out delayed films, without KUB	14.0
73700	Computerized axial tomography, lower extremity; without contrast material	58.0	74241	with or without delayed films, with KUB	15.2
73701	with contrast material(s)	64.0	74245	with small bowel, includes multiple se-	13.2
73702	without contrast material, followed by			rial films	17.6
	contrast materials and further sections	71.0	74246	Radiological exam gastrointestinal tract,	
	(For coronal, sagittal and/or oblique			upper, air contrast, with specific high density barium, effervescent agent, with	
	sections, see 76375)			or without glucagon; with or without de-	
73720	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-			layed films, without KUB	BR
	ing, lower extremity, other than joint	120.0	74247	with or without delayed films, with	DD
73721	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-		74249	with small bowel follow through	BR BR
	ing, any joint of lower extremity	120.0	74250		DIC
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.0			films	14.0
(0-1-	89-09), § 296-23-035, filed 8/10/89, effective		74260 74270	Duodenography, hypotonic	BR
16-004	(Order 87-18), § 296-23-035, filed 7/23/87; 8				12.0
16-004 der 86-	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–035, filed 7/23/87; § 19), § 296–23–035, filed 2/28/86, effective 4	1/1/86; 83-16-	74280	air contrast with specific high density	
16-004 der 86- 066 (O	(Order 87-18), § 296-23-035, filed 7/23/87; 8	1/1/86; 83-16- tory Authority:			12.0 14.0 9.6
16-004 der 86- 066 (O: RCW : 81-28),	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–035, filed 7/23/87; 8-19), § 296–23–035, filed 2/28/86, effective 4 rder 83–23), § 296–23–035, filed 8/2/83. Status 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81– § 296–23–035, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/	1/1/86; 83–16– tory Authority: 24–041 (Order /82; 81–01–100	74280	air contrast with specific high density barium with or without glucagon  Cholecystography, oral contrast	14.0 9.6
16-004 der 86- 066 (O: RCW : 81-28),	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–035, filed 7/23/87; 8-19), § 296–23–035, filed 2/28/86, effective 4 rder 83–23), § 296–23–035, filed 8/2/83. Statu 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–	1/1/86; 83–16– tory Authority: 24–041 (Order /82; 81–01–100	74280 74290	air contrast with specific high density barium with or without glucagon Cholecystography, oral contrast	14.0

		Unit Value			Unit Value
74300 74301 74305	Cholangiography and/or pancreatography; during surgery	10.0 3.0 12.0	74425 74426	Urography, antegrade, (pyelostogram, nephrostogram, loopogram); supervision and interpretation only	BR BR
	(For biliary duct stone extraction, percutaneous, see 47630, 74327)			(For injection procedure only, see 50394, 50684, 50690)	
74320 74321	percutaneous, transhepatic; supervision and interpretation onlycomplete procedure	6.4 16.0	74430 74431		3.5 8.8
	(For injection procedure for percutaneous or transhepatic cholangiography, see			(For injection procedure for cystography, see 51600, 51605)	
74327	Postoperative biliary duct stone removal percutaneous via T-tube tract, basket or		74440 74441	Vasography, vesiculography, or epididy- mography supervision and interpretation only	3.5 8.8
74328	snare (e.g., Burhenne technique), fluoro- scopic monitoring and radiography Endoscopic catheterization of the biliary	BR	, , , , , ,	(For injection procedure, see 52010, 55300)	0.0
74329	ductal system, fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography  Endoscopic catheterization of the pancreatic ductal system, fluoroscopic	BR	74445 74446	Corpora cavernosography; supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR
74330	monitoring and radiography	BR		(For injection procedure only, see 54230)	
74340	fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography Introduction of long gastrointestinal tube	BR	74450 74451	Urethrocystography, retrograde; supervision and interpretation only	3.8 9.6
74350	(e.g., Miller-Abbott), with multiple fluoroscopies and films	BR	74455	voiding; supervision and interpretation only	5.6
74351	tube; radiological guidance only complete procedure	BR BR	74456	(For injection procedure only for voiding	14.0
74275	(For endoscopic approach, use 43246)		74470	urethrocystography, see 51600)  Translumbar renal cyst study, translum-	
74355 74356	Percutaneous placement of enteroclysis tube; radiologic guidance only complete procedure	BR BR	74471	bar, contrast visualization; supervision and interpretation only	4.0
	(For surgical procedure only, use 44015)		/74/1	(For injection procedure only for trans-	10.0
74360	Intraluminal dilation of strictures and/or obstructions (e.g., esophagus or biliary tree); radiologic guidance only	BR	74475	lumbar renal cyst study, see 50390) Introduction of intracatheter or catheter	
74361	(For dilation only, use 43455 or 47555)	BR		into renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous, with fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography; supervision	
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.0489-09), § 296-23-045, filed 8/10/89, effect	ive 9/10/89; 87-	74476	and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR
der 86-	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–045, filed 7/23/87 19), § 296–23–045, filed 2/28/86, effective der 83–23), § 296–23–045, filed 8/2/83. Sta	4/1/86; 83-16-		(For injection procedure only, see 50392-50398)	
RCW 5 81–28), (Order 76–34, 296–23	51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 8 § 296-23-045, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/80-29), § 296-23-045, filed 12/23/80, effecti § 296-23-045, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/7-045, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 29	1-24-041 (Order 1/82; 81-01-100 ve 3/1/81; Order 77; Order 74-7, §	74480 74481	Introduction of ureteral catheter or stent into ureter through renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous, with fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography; supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR
, ,	68, effective 1/1/69.]  C 296-23-050 Urinary tract.			(For injection procedure only, see 50392 - 50398)	21.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	·	Unit Value	74485 74486	Dilation of nephrostomy or ureters with fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography; supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR
74400 74405	Urography, (pyelography) intravenous, with or without KUB with special hypertensive contrast con-	15.2	[Statute	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.089-09), § 296-23-050, filed 8/10/89, effective for the state of the s	04.030. 89–17–039
74410	centration and/or clearance studies Urography, infusion, drip technique and/or bolus technique	16.0	16-004 der 86-	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–050, filed 7/23/8 -19), § 296–23–050, filed 2/28/86, effective	7; 86–06–032 (Or- re 4/1/86; 83–16–
74415 74420	with nephrotomography  Urography retrograde, with or without KUB	20.0 26.0 12.0	RCW : 80–29),	rder 83-23), § 296-23-050, filed 8/2/83. St 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). § 296-23-050, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1 23-050, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; O	81-01-100 (Order /81; Order 76-34,
trou a co	ACTUACI 2001				

23-050, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-050, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]		Unit Value
WAC 296-23-055 Female genital tract.	75519 Cardiac radiography, selective cardiac catheterization; right side, supervision	
Unit	and interpretation only	17.2
Value	75520 complete procedure	43.0
(For abdomen and pelvis, see 74000-	only	8.6
74170, 72170–72190)	75524 left side, complete procedure	21.5
74710 Pelvimetry with or without placental lo-	75528 Cardiac radiography, selective cardiac catheterization, right and left side, com-	
calization	plete procedure	55.0
74720 Abdomen for fetal age, fetal position	75552 Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imag-	
and/or placental localization, single view 4.0 74725 multiple views	ing, myocardium	120.0
74740 Hysterosalpingography supervision and	AORTA AND ARTERIES	
interpretation only	75600 Aortography, thoracic, without serialo-	
	graphy; supervision and interpretation	
(For injection procedure for hysterosal-	only	8.0
pingography, see 58340)	75601 complete procedure	20.0
74775 Perineogram (e.g., vaginogram, for sex	supervision and interpretation only	11.0
determination or extent of anomalies)	75606 complete procedure	30.0
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004	75620 Aortography, abdominal, translumbar,	
(Order 87–18), § 296–23–055, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–	without serialography; supervision and interpretation only	12.8
19), \$ 296-23-055, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100	75621 complete procedure	32.0
(Order 80–29), § 296–23–055, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order	75622 Aortography, abdominal, catheter, with-	32.0
76-34, § 296-23-055, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-7, §	out serialography; supervision and inter-	
296-23-055, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-055, filed	pretation only	12.8
11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]	75623 complete procedure	32.0
WILLIAM AND AND AND WILLIAM IN THE STATE OF	serialography; supervision and interpreta-	
WAC 296-23-065 Vascular system.	tion only	15.2
(For vascular injection	75626 complete procedure	40.0
procedures, see 36000-	75627 Aortography, abdominal, catheter, by serialography; supervision and interpreta-	
36299)	tion only	17.0
(T	75628 complete procedure	48.0
(For cardiac fluoroscopy,	75630 Aortography, abdominal plus bilateral ileofemoral lower extremity, catheter, by	
see 93280)	serialography; supervision and interpreta-	
(For cardiac catheteriza-	tion only	BR
tion, see 93501-93562)	75631 complete procedure	BR
When multiple manufacture and companies are and	75650 Angiography, cervicocerebral, catheter, including vessel origin; supervision and	
When multiple vascular radiographic procedures are	interpretation only	17.2
performed at the same time (e.g., aortic arch study plus	75651 complete procedure	40.0
renal arteriogram), the total value shall be the value for	75652 Angiography, cervicocerebral, selective	
the major procedure plus 50% of the value for the lesser	catheter, including vessel origin; one ves- sel, supervision and interpretation only	12.6
procedure(s) unless otherwise indicated. See modifier -50. The cost of catheters, drugs and contrast media is	75653 one vessel, complete procedure	36.0
included in the listed value for the radiographic	75654 two vessels, supervision and interpreta-	
procedure.	tion only	13.3
	75655 two vessels, complete procedure	38.0
Unit	interpretation only	17.2
Value	75657 three or four vessels, complete proce-	
HEART	dure	40.0
75500 Angiocardiography, by cineradiography	vision and interpretation only	17.2
supervision and interpretation only 8.8	75659 complete procedure	40.0
75501 complete procedure (including cathe-	75660 Angiography, external carotid, cerebral,	
terization)	unilateral, selective; supervision and in- terpretation only	17.2
75505 Angiocardiography by serialography (sin- gle plane;) supervision and interpretation	75661 complete procedure	40.0
only 9.2	75662 Angiography, external carotid, cerebral,	
75506 complete procedure (including cathe-	bilateral, selective; supervision and inter-	
terization)	pretation only	21.5 50.0
75507 Angiocardiography by serialography, multi-plane; supervision and interpreta-	75665 Angiography, carotid, cerebral, unilater-	50.0
tion only	al; supervision and interpretation only	17.2
75509 complete procedure (including cathe-	75667 direct puncture, complete procedure	40.0
terization)	75669 catheter, complete procedure	46.0

		Unit Value			Unit Value
75671	Angiography, carotid, cerebral, bilateral;		75746	Angiography, pulmonary; by nonselective	
75/73	supervision and interpretation only	21.5 50.0		catheter or venous injection, supervision and interpretation only	10.5
75672 75673	direct puncture, complete procedure catheter, complete procedure	54.0	75747	catheter, nonselective, complete proce-	10.5
75676	Angiography, carotid, cervical, unilateral;	5 110		dure	30.0
	supervision and interpretation only	17.2	75748	venous injection, complete procedure	40.0
75677	direct puncture, complete procedure	40.0	75750	Angiography, coronary, root injection; supervision and interpretation only	25.8
75678 75680	catheter, complete procedure Angiography, carotid, cervical, bilateral;	46.0	75751	complete procedure	60.0
73000	supervision and interpretation only	21.5	75752	Angiography, coronary, unilateral selec-	
75681	direct puncture, complete procedure	50.0		tive injection, including left ventricular	
75682	catheter, complete procedure	54.0		and supravalvular angiogram and pres- sure recording; supervision and interpre-	
75685	Angiography, vertebral; supervision and	17.3		tation only	30.1
75686	direct puncture, complete procedure	17.2 40.0	75753	complete procedure	70.0
75687	catheter, complete procedure	46.0	75754	Angiography, coronary, bilateral selective	
75690	Angiography, vertebral, cervical, unilat-			injection, including left ventricular and supravalvular angiogram and pressure re-	
	eral; supervision and interpretation only.	17.2		cording; supervision and interpretation	
75692	catheter, complete procedure	46.0		only	34.4
75695	Angiography, vertebral, cervical, bilat-	21.5	75755	complete procedure	80.0
75697	eral; supervision and interpretation only . catheter, complete procedure	21.5 54.0	75756	Angiography, internal mammary; super-	15 5
75705	Angiography, spinal, selective; supervi-	54.0	75757	vision and interpretation only	15.2 40.0
	sion and interpretation only	9.8	75762	Angiography, coronary bypass, unilateral	40.0
75706	complete procedure	28.0		selective injection; supervision and inter-	
75710	Angiography, extremity, unilateral, su-	10.5		pretation only	BR
75711	pervision and interpretation only	10.5	75764	complete procedure	BR
75711	without serialography, complete proce- dure	30.0	75766	Angiography, coronary bypass, multiple selective injection; supervision and inter-	
75712	by serialography, complete procedure.	32.0		pretation only	BR
75716	Angiography, extremity, bilateral; super-		75767	complete procedure	BR
	vision and interpretation only	11.2	75774	Angiography, selective, each additional	
75717	without serialography, complete proce-	22.0		vessel studied after basic examination;	aa
75718	dureby serialography, complete procedure .	32.0 34.0	75775	supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR
75722	Angiography, renal, unilateral, selective	34.0	75790	Angiography, arteriovenous shunt (e.g.,	DK.
	(including flush aortogram); supervision			dialysis patient)	BR
	and interpretation only	17.2	VEINS	S AND LYMPHATICS	
75723	complete procedure	40.0	V LIIVE		
75724	Angiography, renal, bilateral, selective			(For injection procedure only for venous	
	(including flush aortogram); supervision and interpretation only	25.8		system, see 36400-36510)	
75725	complete procedure	60.0		(For injection procedure only for lymph-	
75726	Angiography, visceral; selective or supra-			atic system, see 38790-38794)	
	selective, supervision and interpretation		75801	Lymphangiography, extremity only, uni-	
75707	only	19.7		lateral; supervision and interpretation	
75727	selective (with or without flush aortogram), complete procedure	46.0	75000	only	9.6
75728	supraselective, complete procedure	48.0	75802 75803	complete procedure	25.0
	• • •		7,5005	lateral; supervision and interpretation	
	(For selective angiography, additional			only	12.0
	visceral vessels studied after basic exam-		75804	complete procedure	35.0
	ination, see 75772, 75773)		7.5805	Lymphangiography, pelvic/abdominal, unilateral; supervision and interpretation	
75731	Angiography, adrenal, unilateral, selec-			only	12.0
m = m	tive; supervision and interpretation only.	19.7	75806	complete procedure	35.0
75732	complete procedure	46.0	75807	Lymphangiography, pelvic/abdominal,	
75733	Angiography, adrenal, bilateral, selective; supervision and interpretation only	20.6		bilateral; supervision and interpretation	12.0
75734	complete procedure	48.0	75808	only complete procedure	12.0 35.0
75736	Angiography, pelvic; selective or suprase-		75810	Splenoportography; supervision and inter-	33.0
	lective, supervision and interpretation			pretation only	15.2
75777	only	18.9	75811	complete procedure	40.0
75737 75738	selective, complete procedure supraselective, complete procedure	44.0 46.0	75820	Venography, extremity, unilateral super-	0.0
75741	Angiography, pulmonary, unilateral, se-	70.0	75821	vision and interpretation only	8.0 16.0
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	lective; supervision and interpretation		75822	Venography, extremity, bilateral; supervi-	10.0
	only	10.5	- /	sion and interpretation only	10.0
75742	complete procedure	30.0	75823	complete procedure	26.0
75743	Angiography, pulmonary, bilateral, selec-	21.5	75825	Venography, caval, inferior or superior, with serialography	16.0
75744	tive; supervision and interpretation only . complete procedure	21.5 50.0	75826	complete procedure	32.0
		2010	.5020		22.0
[Title 2	96 WAC—p 390]				(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value			Unit Value
75827	Venography, caval, superior, with serialo-				
	graphy; supervision and interpretation	12.0	75898	Angiogram through existing catheter for follow-up study for transcatheter ther-	
75828	complete procedure	12.0 35.0		apy, embolization or infusion	10.0
75831	Venography, renal, unilateral, selective;		75940	Percutaneous placement of IVC filter;	10.0
	supervision and interpretation only	15.2		supervision and interpretation only	BR
75832	complete procedure	40.0	75941	complete procedure	BR
75833	Venography, renal, bilateral, selective; supervision and interpretation only	19.5		(For surgical procedure, use 37620)	
75834	complete procedure	45.0		(1 of surgical procedure, use 57020)	
75840	Venography, adrenal, unilateral, selective;		75950	Transcatheter intravascular occlusion,	
	supervision and interpretation only	10.8		(e.g., balloon) temporary, including an-	
75841	complete procedure	30.0		giography; supervision and interpretation	nn.
75842	Venography, adrenal, bilateral, selective;	10.0	75951	only complete procedure	BR BR
75843	supervision and interpretation only complete procedure	12.2 32.0	75955	Transcatheter intravascular occlusion,	DIC
75845	Venography, azygos; selective or	32.0		(e.g., balloon, coil or methacrylate) per-	
	nonselective, supervision and interpreta-			manent, including angiography; supervi-	
	tion only	10.6		sion and interpretation only	BR
75846	selective, complete procedure	30.0	75956	complete procedure	BR
75847 75850	nonselective, complete procedure Venography, intraosseous; supervision	28.0	75961	Transcatheter retrieval, percutaneous, of fractured venous or arterial catheter	BR
73830	and interpretation only	12.2	75962	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty,	DK
75851	complete procedure	32.0	,	any method, peripheral artery; supervi-	
75860	Venography, sinus or jugular, catheter;			sion and interpretation only	BR
	supervision and interpretation only	12.2	75963	complete procedure	BR
75861	complete procedure	32.0	75964	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty,	
75870	Venography, superior sagittal sinus; supervision and interpretation only	12.2		any method, each additional peripheral artery; supervision and interpretation	
75871	complete procedure, including direct	12.2		only	BR
	puncture	32.0	75965	complete procedure	BR BR
75872	Venography, epidural; supervision and in-		75966	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty,	
	terpretation only	BR		any method, visceral artery; supervision	
75873	complete procedure	BR		and interpretation only	BR
75880	Venography, orbital; supervision and interpretation only	13.7	75967	complete procedure	BR
75881	complete procedure	36.0	75968	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, any method, each additional visceral ar-	
75885	Percutaneous transhepatic portography			tery; supervision and interpretation only.	BR
	with hemodynamic evaluation; supervi-		75969	complete procedure	BR
75007	sion and interpretation only	13.7			
75886 75887	complete procedure	36.0		(For injection procedure only for percu-	
75007	without hemodynamic evaluation; super-			taneous transluminal angioplasty, see 36100-36299)	
	vision and interpretation only	12.9		30100-30299)	
75888	complete procedure	34.0		(For percutaneous transluminal coro-	
75889	Hepatic venography wedged or free, with			nary angioplasty, see 92982-92984)	
	hemodynamic evaluation; supervision and interpretation only	14.4		(For intraoperative transluminal	
75890	complete procedure	38.0		angioplasty, see 35450–35458)	
75891	Hepatic venography, wedged or free,	20.0		- • •	
	without hemodynamic evaluation; super-		75970	Transcatheter biopsy; supervision and in-	
## # C ^ ^	vision and interpretation only	12.9	75971	terpretation only	BR
75892	complete procedure	34.0	139/1	complete procedure	BR
75893	Venous sampling thru catheter without angiography (e.g., for parathyroid hor-			(For transcatheter renal and ureteral bi-	
	mone, renin)	5.0		opsy, see 52007)	
				(For percutaneous needle biopsy of pan-	
TRANS	SCATHETER THERAPY AND BIOPSY			creas, see 48102; of retroperitoneal	
75894	Transcatheter therapy, embolization,			lymph node or mass, see 49180)	
	(e.g., particulate or liquid) including an-			,	
	giography; supervision and interpretation			(For injection procedure only for, see	
75005	only	15.2		36100–36299)	
75895 75896	complete procedure	40.0	75978	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty,	
13090	thrombolysis other than coronary) in-			venous (e.g., subclavian stenosis); super-	
	cluding angiography; supervision and in-			vision and interpretation only	BR
	terpretation only	15.9	75979	Complete procedure	BR
75897	complete procedure	42.0	75980	Percutaneous transhepatic biliary drainage with monitoring; supervision and in-	•
	(Infusion for coronary disease, see			terpretation only	BR
	92975–92977)		75981	complete procedure	BR
/1000 F1					

		Unit Value			Unit Value
75982	Percutaneous placement of drainage catheter for combined internal and exter-			(See appropriate surgical code for loca-	
	nal biliary drainage or of a drainage stent for internal biliary drainage in patients			tion, e.g., 20220, 20225, 32400, 32405, 47000, 48100, 50200, 50390, 60100)	
	with an inoperable mechanical biliary obstruction; supervision and interpretation only	BR	76020 76040	2	6.0
75983 75984	complete procedure	BR	76061	scanogram)	10.0
,,,,,,,	ter with contrast monitoring (i.e., biliary tract, urinary tract); supervision and in-		76062	limited (e.g., for metastases) complete (axial and appendicular skel-	15.2
75985	terpretation only	BR BR	76065	eton)osseous survey, infant	BR 13.2
	(For change of pyelostomy or nephros-		76066	Joint survey, single view, one or more joints (specify)	BR
	tomy tube, use 50398) (For introduction procedure only for		76070	study	BR
	percutaneous biliary drainage, see 47510)			Fistula or sinus tract study supervision and interpretation only	4.8
	(For percutaneous cholecystostomy, use		76081 76086	complete procedure	12.0
	47490)		<b>5</b> 400 <b>5</b>	single duct; supervision and interpretation only	6.3
	(For change of percutaneous biliary drainage catheter only, use 47425)		76087 76088	Complete procedure	15.8
	(For percutaneous nephrostolithotomy		76089	multiple ducts; supervision and interpre-	10.6 26.5
75989	or pyelostolithotomy, see 50080, 50081)  Radiological guidance for percutaneous		70009	complete procedure	20.3
	drainage of abscess, or specimen collec- tion (e.g., fluoroscopy, ultrasound or			mary ductogram or galactogram, see 19030)	
	computed tomography), with or without placement of indwelling catheter; supervi-		76090	Mammography, unilateral	8.8
75990	sion and interpretation only complete procedure	BR BR	76091 76096	bilateral	13.2
	(75989, 75990 are neither organ nor			tion before operation, with marker and confirmation of its position with appro-	
	area specific. For drainage of abscess performed without radiology or fluoroscopy, see under specific anatomic site)		7/007	priate imaging (e.g., ultrasound or radio- logic)	14.6
[Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.	04.030. 89–17–039	76097 76098	each additional localization Radiological examination, breast surgical	7.3
(Order	89-09), § 296-23-065, filed 8/10/89, effective (Order 87-18), § 296-23-065, filed 7/23/8	ctive 9/10/89; 87–	76100		BR
der 86-	19), § 296-23-065, filed 2/28/86, effective rder 83-23), § 296-23-065, filed 8/2/83. S	re 4/1/86; 83-16-	76101	body section (e.g., tomography), other than with urography	13.2
81-28),	\$1.04.020(4), \$1.04.030 and \$1.16.120(3). \$ 296-23-065, filed 11/30/81, effective 1	/1/82; 81-01-100	70101	(i.e., hypercycloidal) body section (e.g., mastoid polytomography), other than	
76-34,	80–29), § 296–23–065, filed 12/23/80, effec § 296–23–065, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1	/77; Order 74-7, §	76102	with urography; unilateralbilateral	19.3 35.0
	-065, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 268, effective 1/1/69.]	296–23–065, filed	70102	(For nephrotomography, see 74415)	33.0
WA/A	C 296-23-079 Miscellaneous.		76120	Cineradiography, except where specifi-	
VV 23	C 250 25-075 IVERSCORMANCOUS.	Unit	76125	to complement routine examination	13.2 7.0
		Value	76140	Written consultation on x-ray examination made elsewhere	BR
	(For arthrography of shoulder, see 73040, 73041; elbow, see 73085, 73086;		76150 76350	0.0	6.0
	wrist, see 73115, 73116; hip, see 73525, 73526; knee, see 73580, 73581; ankle,		76355		BR
	see 73615, 73616)		76360	sterotactic localization	BR
76000	Fluoroscopy (separate procedure, up to one hour physician time other than 71023			needle biopsy; supervision and interpreta- tion only	BR
76001	or 71034)	3.0	76361 76365	complete procedure	BR
	one hour, assisting a nonradiologic physician (e.g., nephrostolithotomy, ERCP,			cyst aspiration; supervision and interpre- tation only	BR
76003	bronchoscopy, transbronchial biopsy) Fluoroscopic localization for needle bi-	11.0	76366 76370	complete procedure	BR
popular in the	opsy or aspiration	BR		placement of radiation therapy fields	BR
[Title 29	96 WACp 392]				(1989 Ed.)

[Title 296 WAC-p 393]

Unit Value	WAC 296-23-07903 Heart and chest.
76375 Computerized tomography, coronal, sa-	Unit Value
76375 Computerized tomography, coronal, sagittal, multiplanar, oblique and/or 3 dimensional reconstruction	
WAC 296-23-07901 Diagnostic ultrasound.	76645 Echography, breast(s) (unilateral or bilateral), B-scan and/or real time with image documentation. 19.2
Notes:	
<ul> <li>A-mode: Implies a one-dimensional ultrasonic measurement procedure.</li> <li>M-mode: Implies a one-dimensional ultrasonic measurement procedure with movement of the trace to record amplitude and velocity of moving echo-producing structures.</li> <li>B-scan: Implies a two-dimensional ultrasonic scanning procedure</li> </ul>	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–07903, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–07903, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–07903, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–07903, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–07903, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75–39, § 296–23–07903, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]
with a two-dimensional display.	
Real-time scan: Implies a two-dimensional ultrasonic scanning procedure with display of both two-dimensional structure and motion with time.	WAC 296-23-07905 Abdomen and retroperitoneum.  Unit
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07901, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07901, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]	76700 Echography, abdominal B-scan and/or real time with image documentation complete
WAC 296-23-07902 Head and neck.	76770 Echography, retroperitoneal (e.g., renal, aorta, nodes), B-scan and/or real time with image doc-
Unit Value	umentation complete         22.9           76775         limited         19.2
76506 Echoencephalography, B-mode (gray scale) complete (for determination of ventricular size, delineation of cerebral contents and detection of fluid, masses or other intracranial abnormalities), including A-mode encephalography as secondary component where indicated	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-07905, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07905, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07905, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07905, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07905, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]
76513 immersion (water bath) B-scan	WAC 296-23-07906 Pelvis, genitalia, and extremities.
A-mode	Unit Value  76805 Echography, pregnant uterus pelvic B-scan and/or real time with image documentation;
·	complete
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-07902, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-07902, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-07902, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-07902, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-07902, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296-23-07902, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]	76815 limited, fetal growth rate, heart beat, anomalies, placental location

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–07906, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296–23–07906, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296–23–07906, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296–23–07906, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296–23–07906, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296–23–07906, filed 11/28/75, effective 3/1/81; Order 75-39, § 296–23–07906, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]

#### WAC 296-23-07907 Vascular studies.

with image documentation ......

		Unit Value
76925	Imaging, peripheral (e.g., B-scan, Doppler or real time scan)	BR
76926	Imaging, head and trunk (e.g., Duplex Doppler).	25.0
ULTR	ASONIC GUIDANCE PROCEDURES	
76930	Ultrasonic guidance for pericardiocentesis; supervision and interpretation	BR
76931	complete procedure	BR
76934	Ultrasonic guidance for thoracentesis; supervision	3.0
76935	and interpretation only	5.0
76933	Ultrasonic guidance for cyst (any location,) or re-	5.0
10736	nal pelvis aspiration; supervision and interpreta-	
	tion only	1.0
76939	complete procedure	2.0
76942	Ultrasonic guidance for needle biopsy; supervision	
	and interpretation only	4.0
76943	complete procedure	6.0
76946	Ultrasonic guidance for amniocentesis; supervision	1.2
	and interpretation only	4.0
76947	complete procedure	6.0
76948	Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; com-	D.D.
77.00.40	plete procedure	BR
76949 76950	complete procedure	BR
/6930	Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan	17.1
76960	Ultrasonic guidance for placement of radiation	
	therapy fields except for B-scan echography	14.3

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–07907, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–07907, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–07907, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–07907, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–07907, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75–39, § 296–23–07907, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]

### WAC 296-23-07908 Miscellaneous.

		Unit Value
76970	Ultrasound study follow-up specify	10.0
76986	Echography, intraoperative	5.7
76991	Intraluminal ultrasound study (e.g., transrectal,	
	transvaginal)	BR
76999	Unlisted ultrasound procedure	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–07908, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–07908, filed 7/23/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–07908, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75–39, § 296–23–07908, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76.]

#### THERAPEUTIC RADIOLOGY

WAC 296-23-080 Therapeutic radiology—General information and instructions. (1) Listings for therapeutic radiology provide for teletherapy and brachytherapy to include initial consultation, clinical treatment planning, simulation, medical radiation physics, dosimetry, treatment devices, special services, and clinical treatment management procedures. They include normal follow—up care during course of treatment and for three months following its completion.

#### CONSULTATION: CLINICAL MANAGEMENT

Preliminary consultation, evaluation of patient prior to decision to treat, or full medical care (in addition to treatment management) when provided by the therapeutic radiologist may be identified by the appropriate procedure codes from medicine or surgery sections.

# CLINICAL TREATMENT PLANNING (EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL SOURCES)

The clinical treatment planning process is a complex service including interpretation of special testing, tumor localization, treatment volume determination, treatment time/dosage determination, choice of treatment modality, determination of number and size of treatment ports, selection of appropriate treatment devices, and other procedures.

#### DEFINITIONS:

Simple—planning requiring single treatment area of interest encompassed in a single port or simple parallel opposed ports with simple blocking.

Intermediate—planning requiring three or more converging ports, two separate treatment areas, special blocking, or special time dose constraints.

Complex—planning requiring highly complex blocking, tangential ports, special wedges or compensators, three or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.

		value
77261	Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple	BR
77262	intermediate	BR
77263	complex	BR
77280	Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field set-	
	ting; simple	BR
77285	intermediate	BR
77290	complex	BR
77299	Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical	
	treatment planning	BR

Unit

		Unit Value	Unit Value
	CAL RADIATION PHYSICS, DOSIMETRY, DEVICES AND SPECIAL SERVICES		77470 Special treatment procedure (e.g., total body irradiation, hemi-body irradiation, per oral, vaginal cone irradiation)
77300	Basic radiation dosimetry calculation, central axis depth dose, TDF, NSD, gap calculation, off axis factor, tissue inhomogeneity factors, as required during course of treatment	4.0	(77470 assumes that the procedure be performed one or more times during the course of therapy, in addition to daily or weekly patient management)
77305	Teletherapy, isodose plan (whether hand or com- puter calculated); simple (one or two parallel op- posed unmodified ports directed to a single area of		77499 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment management
77310	interest)intermediate (three or more treatment ports di-	3.0	HYPERTHERMIA
77315 Intermediate (three or more treatment ports di- rected to a single area of interest)		4.0	Hyperthermia treatments as listed in this section include external (su- perficial and deep) and interstitial and intravacitary. Radiation ther- apy when given concurrently is listed separately.
77321	rotational blocking or special beam considerations)  Special teletherapy port plan, particles, hemi-	6.0	Hyperthermia is used only as an adjunct to radiation therapy or chemotherapy. It may be induced by a variety of sources, e.g., microwave, ultrasound, low energy radiofrequency conduction, or by probes.
77326	body, total bodyBrachytherapy isodose calculation; simple (calculation made from single plane, one to four source/	BR	The listed treatments include management during the course of therapy and follow—up care for three months after completion. Preliminary consultation is not included (see medicine 90600—90630). Physics
77327	ribbon application)	BR	planning and interstitial insertion of temperature sensors, and use of external or interstitial heat generating sources are included.
77328	bons)	BR	77600 Hyperthermia, externally generated; superficial (i.e., heating to a depth of 4 cm or less) BR 77605 deep (i.e., heating to depths greater than 4 cm) BR
77331	used, special spatial reconstruction)  Special dosimetry (e.g., TLD, microdosimetry) (specify)	BR BR	77610 Hyperthermia generated by interstitial probe(s); 5 or fewer interstitial applicators BR 77615 more than 5 interstitial applicators
77332	Treatment devices, design and construction; simple (simple block, simple bolus)	BR	CLINICAL INTRACAVITARY HYPERTHERMIA
77333	intermediate (multiple blocks, stents, bite blocks, special bolus)	BR	77620 Hyperthermia generated by intracavitary probe(s)
77334	complex (irregular blocks, special shields, compensators, wedges, molds or casts)	BR	CLINICAL BRACHYTHERAPY
77336 77370 77399 CLINI	Continuing medical radiation physics consultation in support of therapeutic radiologist, including continuing quality assurance	BR BR	Clinical brachytherapy requires the use of either natural or man-made radioelements applied into or around a treatment field of interest. The supervision of radioelements and dose interpretation are performed solely by the therapeutic radiologist. When a procedure requires the service of a surgeon in addition, the modifier '-66' or '-80' may be used (see modifiers in radiology guidelines, page 290). Services 77750-77799 include admission to the hospital and daily visits.
Except where specified, assumes treatment on a daily basis (4 or 5 fractions per week) with the use of megavoltage photon or high energy particle sources. Daily and weekly clinical treatment management are mutually exclusive for the same dates.			DEFINITIONS: (Sources refer to intracavitary placement or permanent interstitial placement; ribbons refer to temporary interstitial placement)
	ITTIONS: Simple—single treatment area, single po	rt or nar-	Simple—application with one to four sources/ribbons
DDI II.	allel opposed ports, simple blocks.	t or pur	Intermediate—application with five to ten sources/ribbons
	Intermediate—two separate treatment are or more ports on a single treatment are special blocks.		Complex—application with greater than ten sources/ribbons (Professional service component only)
	Complex—three or more separate treatmential ports, wedges, compensators, or contain the considerations.	d Y, tan-	77750 Infusion or instillation of radioelement solution of radioactive materials for therapy (includes handling and loading)
77400	Daily megavoltage treatment management; simple	2.0	77763 complex BR 77776 Interstitial radioelement application; simple BR
77405 intermediate		3.0 4.0 3.0	77777intermediateBR77778complexBR77789Surface application of radioelement24.7577790Supervision, handling, loading of radioelement33.577799Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapyBR
77425 77430	pleintermediatecomplex	4.0 5.0 6.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–080, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–
	(For complicated shielding devices, see treatment aids, 77600–77635)		16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-080, filed 7/23/87; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-080, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-23), § 206-23-089, filed 1/20/81, 656-256, § 206-23, §
77465	Daily kilovoltage treatment management	2.0	§ 296–23–080, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–080, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7,
(1000 Ea		[Tide 204 WAC = 205]	

(For aldosterone, RIA, urine, see 82089)

(For insulin antibodies, RIA, see 86337)

(For 17-hydroxycorticosteroids, RIA, see 83491)

(For insulin factor antibodies, RIA, see 86338)

(For adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH),

(For human growth hormone (HGH), (somato-

(For human growth hormone antibody, RIA, see

(For thyroid microsomal antibody, RIA, see

(For thyroglobulin antibody, RIA, see 86800)

(For 17-ketosteroids, RIA, see 83588) (For 17-OH ketosteroids, RIA, see 83599)

(For insulin, RIA, see 83525)

(For proinsulin, RIA, see 84206)

(For glucagon, RIA, see 82943)

RIA, see 82024)

tropin), RIA, see 83003)

§ 296-23-080, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-080, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

Unit Value

#### **NUCLEAR MEDICINE**

WAC 296-23-120 Nuclear medicine—General information and instructions. (1) The listed procedures may be performed independently or in the course of the overall medical care of the patient. If the physician providing these nuclear medicine services is also responsible for the preliminary diagnostic work—up and/or follow—up care of the patient, see appropriate sections also.

The services listed do not include the provision of radium or other radioelements. Those materials supplied by the physician should be listed separately and identified by the code 78990 for diagnostic radionuclide(s) and 79900 for therapeutic radionuclide.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-120, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-120, filed 1/30/74.]

# WAC 296-23-125 Diagnostic.

	<del>-</del>	Unit		86376)	
ENDO	CRINE SYSTEM	Value		(For thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), RIA, see 84443)	
78000 78001	Thyroid uptake, single determination multiple determinations	6.0 8.0		(For thyrotropin releasing factor, RIA, see 84444)	
78003 78006	stimulation, suppression or discharge (not including initial uptake studies)	9.0		(For plus long-acting thyroid stimulator (LATS), see 84445)	
78007 78010	tion	16.0 18.0 10.0		(For follicle stimulating hormone (FSH component of pituitary gonadotropin), RIA, see 83001)	
78011 78015	with vascular flow	BR		(For luteinizing hormone (LH component of pituitary gonadotropin), (ICSH), RIA, see 83002)	
78016	area (e.g., neck and chest only)	20.0 25.0		(For luteinizing releasing factor (LRH), RIA, see 83727)	
78017 78018	multiple areaswhole body	BR BR		(For prolactin level (mammotropin), RIA, see 84146)	
	(For triiodothyronine true (TT-3), RIA, see 84480)			(For oxytocin level, (oxytocinase), RIA, see 83949)	
	(For calcitonin, RIA, see 82308)			(For vasopressin level (antidiuretic hormone), RIA, see 84588)	
	(For triiodothyronine, free (FT-3), RIA (unbound T-3 only), see 84481)			(For estradiol, RIA, see 82670)	
	(For T-4 thyroxine, CPB or resin uptake, see			(For progesterone, RIA, see 84144)	
	84435)			(For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84403)	
	(For TT-4 thyroxine, RIA, see 84436)			(For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84405)	
	(For T-4 thyroxine, neonatal, see 84437)			(For etiocholanolone, RIA, see 82696)	
	(For FT-4 thyroxine, free, RIA (unbound T-4 only), see 84439)			(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212, chemistry and toxicology)	
78070	Parathyroid imaging	BR		Unlisted endocrine procedure, diagnostic nuclear	
	(For parathormone (parathyroid hormone), RIA, see 83970)		I	medicine	BR
78075	Adrenal imaging, cortical	BR		(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see Chemistry and Toxicology section)	
	(For adrenal cortex antibodies, RIA, see 86681)			OPOIETIC, RETICULOENDOTHELIAL AND	LYMPH-
	(For cortisol, RIA, plasma, see 82533)		ATIC SY		D.D.
	(For cortisol, RIA, urine, see 82534)		78102 1 78103	Bone marrow imaging; limited area multiple areas	BR BR
	(For aldosterone, double isotope technique, see 82087)			whole bodyPlasma volume, radionuclide-dilution technique; (separate procedure) single sampling	BR 8.0
	(For aldosterone, RIA, blood, see 82088)		78111	multiple sampling	BR+
[Title 2	96 WAC—p 396]				(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value	78223	Hepatobiliary ductal system imaging, including	Unit Value
	(For dye method, see 84605, 84610)		10223	gallbladder	BR
78120	Red cell volume determination (separate procedure); single sampling	12.0	78225	Liver-lung study, imaging (e.g., subphrenic abscess)	BR
78121	multiple sampling	BR+	78230	Salivary gland imaging; static	14.0
78122	Whole blood volume determination, including		78231	with serial views	16.0
	separate measurement of plasma volume and red cell volume (radionuclide volume-dilution tech-		78232 78258	Salivary gland function study	BR BR
	nique)	8.0	78261	Gastric mucosa imaging	BR
78130	Red cell survival study (e.g., radiochromium)	20.0	78262		BR
78135 78140	plus splenic and/or hepatic sequestration Red cell splenic and/or hepatic sequestration	30.0 20.0	78264 78270	1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	BR
78140	Plasma radio-iron turnover rate	16.0	70270	test); without intrinsic factor	10.0
78162	Radio-iron oral absorption	BR	78271	with intrinsic factor	20.0
78170 78172	Radio-iron red cell utilization	24.0 BR	78272	Vitamin B-12 absorption studies combined, with and without intrinsic factor	25.0
70172	·	DK	78276		BR
	(For hemosiderin, RIA, see 83071)		78278 78280	Acute gastrointestinal blood loss imaging Gastrointestinal blood loss study (e.g., stool	BR
	(For intrinsic factor antibodies, RIA, see 86340)		70200	counting)	16.0
	(For cyanocobalamin (vitamin B-12), RIA, see 82607)		78282	Gastrointestinal protein loss (e.g., radiochromium albumin)	12.0
	(For folic acid (folate) serum, RIA, see 82746)			(For gastrin, RIA, see 82941)	
	(For human hepatitis antigen, nepatitis associated agent (Australian antigen) (HAA), RIA,			(For intrinsic factor level, see 83528)	
	see 86287) (For hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), RIA, see			(For carcinoembryonic antigen level (CEA), RIA, see 86151)	
	86296)		78290	Bowel imaging (e.g., ectopic gastric mucosa, Meckel's localization, volvulus)	20.0
	(For hepatitis A virus antibody (HAVAb), see 86297)		78291	Peritoneal-venous shunt patency test (e.g., for LeVeen shunt)	BR
	(For hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA, see 86288)		78299	Unlisted gastrointestinal procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine	BR
	(For hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86289)			(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212, chemistry and toxicology)	
	(For hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86287)			ULOSKELETAL SYSTEM	
	(For hepatitis B surface antibody (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86291)		infectio	and joint imaging can be used in the diagnosis of a us inflammatory diseases, e.g., osteomyelitis, as well on of primary and/or metastatic neoplasms)	
	(For hepatitis Be antigen (HB <sub>e</sub> Ag), RIA, see 86293)		78300	Bone, imaging limited area (e.g., spine, pelvis, or skull, etc.)	25.0
	(For hepatitis Be antibody (HB,Ab), RIA, see		78305	multiple areas	40.0
	86295)		78306 78310	whole body	48.2 BR
78185	Spleen imaging only; static	20.0	78315	vascular flow onlyby three phase technique	BR
70105	1 0-0	20.0	78320	tomographic (SPECT)	BR
	(If combined with liver study, use procedures 78215 and 78216)		78350	Bone density (mineral content) study single photon absorptiometry	DD
78186	with vascular flow	25.0	78351	dual photon absorptiometry	BR BR
78191	Platelet survival	23.0 BR	78380	Joint imaging; limited area	BR
78192	White blood cell localization; limited area scan-		78381 78399	multiple areas	BR
78193	ning whole body	BR BR	10377	nuclear medicine	BR
78195	Lymphatics and lymph glands imaging	BR	CARD	IOVASCULAR SYSTEM	
78199	Unlisted hematopoietic, R-E and lymphatic pro-	DD.			
	cedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine	BR	/8414	Determination of ventricular ejection fraction with probe technique	BR
	(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212, chemistry and toxicology)		78415	Cardiac blood pool imaging, functional imaging	2
GASTR	COINTESTINAL SYSTEM		78425	(e.g., phase and amplitude analysis) Regurgitant index	BR
78201	Liver imaging; static only	20.0	78428	Cardiac shunt detection	BR
78201	with vascular flow	25.0	78435	Cardiac flow study, imaging (i.e., angiocardiography)	BR
	(For spleen imaging only, use 78185 and 78186)		78445	Vascular flow study, imaging (i.e., angiography, venography)	BR
78205	Liver imaging (SPECT)	BR	78455	Venous thrombosis study (e.g., radioactive fibrin-	
78215 78216	Liver and spleen imaging; static only with vascular flow of liver and/or spleen	25.0 30.0	78457	ogen)	BR
	Liver function study with hepatobiliary agents;			lateral	BR
	with serial images	20.0	78458	bilateral	BR

		Unit			Unit
78460	Myocardial imaging; resting only, quantitative, or	Value	78593	Pulmonary ventilation imaging, gaseous, with	Value
70461	qualitative	27.0		rebreathing and washout with or without single	22.0
78461	exercise and redistribution, qualitative or quantitative, with or without pharmacological intervention	30.0	78594	breath; single projection	22.0 BR
78464	tomographic (SPECT), at rest only, qualitative or quantitative	BR	78599		BR
78465	tomographic (SPECT) with exercise and redis-	DK	NERV	OUS SYSTEM	DK
	tribution, qualitative or quantitative, with or without pharmacological intervention	BR	78600	Brain imaging, limited procedure; static	26.0
78466	Myocardial imaging, infarct avid, at rest; qualita-		78601	with vascular flow	31.0
78467	quantitative	27.0	78605	Brain imaging, complete; static	30.0
78468	with first pass technique	27.0 35.0	78606 78607	with vascular flowtomographic (ECT)	35.0 BR
78469	with emission computed tomography	50.0	78610	Brain imaging, vascular flow study only	10.0
78470	Cardiac output	BR	78615	Cerebral blood flow	BR
78471	Cardiac blood pool imaging, gated equilibrium, at		78630	Cerebrospinal fluid flow, imaging; cisternography	
78472	rest, wall motion study plus ejection fraction	21.0		(not including introduction of material)	35.0
70412	Cardiac blood pool imaging, gated equilibrium, at rest, wall motion study plus regional ejection fraction	23.0		(For injection procedure, see 61000-61070; 62270-62294)	
78474	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection		78635	ventriculography	35.0
78475	fraction plus ventricular volume determination. quantitative wall motion study, with exercise	25.0		(For injection procedure, see 61000-61070;	
	and/or pharmacological intervention	26.0		62270–62294)	
78476	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction, with exercise and/or pharmacological		78645	shunt evaluation	35.0
70.4	intervention	27.0		(For injection procedure, see 61000-61070;	
78477	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction plus ventricular volume determination,			62270–62294)	
	with exercise and/or pharmacological interven-	•	78650	CSF leakage detection and localization	32.0
	tion	30.0		(For injection procedure, see 61000-61070;	
78479 78481	serial studies, any combination	25.0		62270–62294)	
	at rest; wall motion study with ejection fraction	20.0	78652	tomographic (ECT)	BR
78484	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction plus ventricular volume determination.	25.0		(For myelin basic protein, CSF, RIA, see 83873)	•
78485	quantitative wall motion study, with exercise		78655	Eye tumor identification with radiophosphorus	BR
78486	and/or pharmacological intervention quantitative wall motion study plus ejection	26.0	78660 78699	Dacryocystography (lacrimal flow study) Unlisted nervous system procedure, diagnostic nu-	BR
	fraction, with exercise and/or pharmacological	27.0		clear medicine	BR
78487	intervention quantitative wall motion study plus ejection	27.0	GENIT	TOURINARY SYSTEM	. •
	fraction plus ventricular volume determination,		78700	Kidney imaging; static only	18.0
	with exercise and/or pharmacological intervention	30.0	78701 78704	with vascular flow	20.0 23.0
78489	serial studies, any combination	25.0	78707	with vascular flow and function study	30.0
	(For digoxin, RIA, see 82643)			(For introduction of radioactive substance in as-	
	(For digitoxin (digitalis), RIA, see 82640)			sociation with renal endoscopy, see 50558, 50559, 50578)	
	(For cerebral blood flow study, see 78615)		78710	Kidney imaging (SPECT)	BR
78499	Unlisted cardiovascular procedure, diagnostic nu-		78715	Kidney vascular flow	BR
	clear medicine	BR	78725 78726	Kidney function study only with pharmacological intervention	BR BR
	(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC			(For renin (angiotensin I), RIA, see 84244)	
	296-23-212, chemistry and toxicology)			(For angiotensin II, RIA, see 82163)	
RESPI	RATORY SYSTEM			(For beta-2 microglobulin, RIA, see 82231,	
78580	Pulmonary perfusion imaging; particulate	26.0		82232)	
78581	gaseous	BR	78727	Kidney transplant evaluation	BR
78582	gaseous, with ventilation, rebreathing and washout	BR	78730		BR
78584	Pulmonary perfusion imaging, particulate, with			(For introduction of radioactive substance in as-	
78585	ventilation; single breathrebreathing and washout, with or without single	BR		sociation with cystotomy or cystostomy, see	
	breath	1.6		51020; in association with cystourethroscopy, see 52250)	
78586	Pulmonary ventilation imaging, aerosol; single projection	BR	78740	Ureteral reflux study (radionuclide voiding	
78587	multiple projections (e.g., anterior, posterior,			cystogram)	BR
78591	lateral views)	BR		(For estradiol, RIA, see 82670)	
	breath, single projection	BR		(For estriol, RIA, see 82677, 84680)	
[Title 29	96 WACp 398]				(1989 Ed.)

[Title 296 WAC-p 399]

(For progesterone, RIA, see 84144) (For prostatic acid phosphatase, RIA, see 84066) (For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 8403) (For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 8405) (For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 8405) (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For for formal endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For formal endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84138)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8405) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84067) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84138)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8405) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8407) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8407) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 84138)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8407) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8407) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8407) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8408)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8408) (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8408)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8418)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8408)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8408)  REAL (For pregnantical, RIA, see 8418)  REA			Unit Value		nit lue
78761 Testicular imaging.  88 (For gentamicin, see 84695)  (For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84403)  (For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84403)  (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50918, 20939, 20978)  (For introduction, RIA, see 84405)  (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50918, 20939, 20978)  (For forhonice) genadorion heat subunit, RIA, see 84702, 84703)  (For pregnanticial, RIA, see 84135)  (For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology)  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78800  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78801  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78802  (For specific organ, see appropriate heading)  (For eye tumor identification, see 78653)  more controlled localization of tumor (e.g. gallium, selementionionic) imited area  whole body.  78803  78803  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78800  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78801  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78801  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78801  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78802  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78802  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78803  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78804  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78805  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78806  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78807  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78807  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78808  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78809  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78809  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78800  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78801  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78801  REGIONAL SEED STUDIES  78900  REGIONAL SEE		(For progesterone, RIA, see 84144)		(For phenytoin (diphenylhydantoin), see 84045)	
(For testosterone, blood, R1A, see 84403) (For testosterone, urine, R1A, see 84405) (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For lateoduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For lateoduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, R1A, see 8470, 84703) (For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, R1A, see 8470, 84703) (For pregnanediol, R1A, see 84135) (For pregnanediol, R1A, see 84135) (For pregnanediol, R1A, see 84138) (For pregnanediol, R1A, see 84138) (For pregnanediol, R1A, see 84138)  R890  R8		(For prostatic acid phosphatase, RIA, see 84066)		(For flucytosine, see 82741)	
(For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84405) (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 5998, 50998), 50998) (For lactogen, placental (HPL) chorionic somatomamortopin, RIA, see 83622) (For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA, see 84702, 84703) (For pregnanetiol, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnanetiol, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnanetiol, RIA, see 84138)  (For regnanetical, RIA, see 84138)  (For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology)  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  Radionuclide localization of tumor (e.g., gallium, selenomethicinnic), limited area (For specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For cye tumor identification, see 78655)  multiple areas  (For specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For gamma-G immunoglobulin, see 82784) (For alpha-I antitrypsin, RIA, see 86064) (For alpha-I antitrypsin, RIA, see 86064) (For animaclar antibodies, RIA, see 86064) (For animaclar antibodies, RIA, see 86078) (For aminophylline, see 82112) (For aminophylline, see 82117) (For aminicphyline, see 82117) (For charityptine, see 82118) (For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA, see 86064) (For charityptine, see 82117) (For aminicphyline, see 82117) (For charityptine, see 82118) (For chorromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, demical, quantitative, see 82145) (For chorromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, demical, quantitative, see 82145) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, demical, quantitative, see 82145) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine)  (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, see 82125) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, see 82126) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, see 82126) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine, see 82126) (For chorroromazine, see phenothiainie, chrine)  (For chorroromazine, see				, , ,	
(For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84405) (For introduction of radioactive substance in association with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For Introduction with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For pregnanefiol, RIA, see 846135) (For pregnanefiol, RIA, see 84135) (For Interduction and Interpolation an		(For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84403)			
(For introduction of radioactive substance in association with urretral endoscopy, see 50958, 50959, 50978) (For lactogen, placental (HPL) chorionic somatomamotropin, RIA, see 84070, 84703) (For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA, see 84070, 84703) (For pregnancido, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnancido, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnancido, RIA, see 84138)  R87899 Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear modicine (For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-2312; chemistry and toxicology)  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  R8800 Radionuclide localization of tumor (e.g., gallium, selenomichionine); limited area (For specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For eye tumor identification, see 78655)  R8900 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8901 The specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For eye tumor identification, see 78655)  R8900 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8901 The specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For eye tumor identification, see 78655)  R8901 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8902 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8903 The specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For eye tumor identification, see 78655)  R8901 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8902 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8903 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8904 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8905 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8906 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8907 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8908 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8909 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8900 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8901 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8902 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8903 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8904 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0  R8905 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s)		(For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84405)		,	
sociation with ureteral endoscopy, see 50958, 50958),					
(For thermination pin, RIA), see 84502)  (For chorionic gonadetropin beta subunit, RIA), see 84702, 84703)  (For pregnandiol, RIA, see 84135)  (For pregnandiol, RIA, see 84135)  (For pregnandiol, RIA, see 84135)  (For pregnandiol, RIA, see 84138)  78799 Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine.  (For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology)  MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES  78800 Radionuclide localization of tumor (e.g., gallium, selenomethionine); limited area.  (For specific organ, see appropriate heading) (For eye tumor identification, see 78655)  multiple areas.  Malutiple areas.  Malutiple areas.  Mole body.  Tumor localization (SPECT)  Tumor localization (SPECT)  Tumor localization (SPECT)  BR RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030, 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), \$296-23-125, filed 2/23/86, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-13), \$296-23-125, filed 2/23/86, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-13), \$296-23-125, filed 3/10/30, 81-01-100 (Order 88-09), \$296-23-125, filed 3/10/30, 81-01-100 (Order 88-09), \$296-23-125, filed 3/10/30, 81-01-100 (Order 88-08-08) (For imaging bone infectious inflammatory disease, see 78300-78381)  (For gamma-E immunoglobulin, RIA, see 80048)  (For alpha-1 antitrypsin, RIA, see 86049)  (For alpha-1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86049)  (For alpha-1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86049)  (For amitriptyline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For chloridazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chloridazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorionazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorionazine, see phenothizazine, urine, 59400 Intravascular radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid, nonhemotologic e.g., for metastases to bone BR-4 Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 60.00 Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 60.00 Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 8R PA (2010) Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 8R PA (2010) Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 60.00 Intravascular radionuclide therapy . 6				(For phenobarbital, see barbiturates, 82205,	
(For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA, see 84702, 84703)  (For pregnanediol, RIA, see 84135)  (For pregnanetial, RIA, see 84138)  78799 Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine		` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` · ` · · · · · · · ·		,	
(For pregnanediol, RIA, see 84135) (For pregnantrial, RIA, see 84138) (For pregnantrial, RIA, see 84138)  Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine medicine medicine care medicine care medicine medicine medicine medicine medicine care medicine		(For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA,			
For pregnantrial, RIA, see 84138    For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology    For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology    For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see WAC 296-23-212 chemistry and toxicology    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye umor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For specific organ, see appropriate heading    For eye tumor identification, see 78655    For alpha				78890 Generation of automated data: Interactive process	
Interpretation, not to exceed 30 minutes   BR					
Clear medicine	78700			interpretation, not to exceed 30 minutes	BR
MISCELLANEOUS STUDIES   78990   Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s)   12.0	70733		BR		BR
Radionuclide localization of tumor (e.g., gallium, selenomethionine); limited area					
Selenomethionine); limited area   BR   Clear medicine   BR	MISCE	ELLANEOUS STUDIES		78990 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s)	2.0
For eye tumor identification, see 78655    16-004 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-125, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-1801 multiple areas	78800		BR		BR
For eye tumor identification, see 78655   16-004 (Order 87-181), § 296-23-125, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 88-191), § 296-23-125, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 88-191), § 296-23-125, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: Robert of the part o		(For specific organ, see appropriate heading)			
Multiple areas   Mult	78802 78803 78805	(For eye tumor identification, see 78655)			
ease, see 78300-78381)  (For Rast, see 86421, 86422)  (For gamma-E immunoglobulin, RIA, see 82785)  (For gamma-G immunoglobulin, see 82784)  (For alpha-I antitrypsin, RIA, see 86064)  (For alpha-I fetoprotein, RIA, see 86038)  (For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 86038)  (For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see phenothiazine, urine, 979440  Radionuclide therapy, hyperthyroidism, initial including evaluation of patient 48.0  (For follow-up visit, see 90030-90080)  (For follow-up visit, se		whole body	BR BR BR	066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-125, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authori RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-125, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74	ity: der
(For Rast, see 86421, 86422)  (For gamma-E immunoglobulin, R1A, see 82785)  (For gamma-G immunoglobulin, see 82784)  (For alpha-I antitrypsin, R1A, see 86064)  (For alpha-I fetoprotein, RIA, see 86064)  (For antinuclear antibodies, R1A, see 86038)  (For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)  (For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, P3001 Radionuclide therapy, particulate BR  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, P3001 Radionuclide therapy, particulate BR  79400 Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid, nonhematologic e.g., for metastases to bone BR  179400 Intravascular radionuclide therapy, particulate BR  179440 Intravarcular radionuclide therapy BR					nit
Secretary   Secr		(For Rast, see 86421, 86422)			
(For gamma—G immunoglobulin, see 82784)  (For alpha—1 antitrypsin, R1A, see 86064)  (For alpha—1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86244)  (For antinuclear antibodies, RIA, see 86288)  (For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)  (For amikacin, see 82112)  (For amirriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 16.00  (For alpha—1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86064)  (For follow—up visit, see 90030—90080)  (Radionuclide therapy, thyroid suppression, (euthyroid cardiac disease), including evaluation of patient					8.0
(For alpha-1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86244)  (For antinuclear antibodies, RIA, see 86038)  (For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)  (For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, Page 10		(For gamma-G immunoglobulin, see 82784)			
thyroid cardiac disease), including evaluation of patient		(For alpha-1 antitrypsin, RIA, see 86064)		(For follow-up visit, see 90030-90080)	
(For antinuclear antibodies, RIA, see 86038)  (For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)  (For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 19030  Radionuclide ablation of gland for thyroid carcinoma		(For alpha-1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86244)			
(For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 179440  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  noma  Radionuclide therapy for metastases of thyroid carcinoma  16.0  Radionuclide therapy, polycythemia vera, chronic leukemia, etc., each treatment  16.0  Intracavitary radioactive colloid therapy  24.0  Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid, nonhematologic e.g., for metastases to bone  BR+  Intravascular radionuclide therapy, particulate  BR		(For antinuclear antibodies, RIA, see 86038)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.0
(For amikacin, see 82112)  (For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 179440  (For amikacin, see 82138)  Radionuclide therapy for metastases of thyroid carcinoma  Radionuclide therapy, polycythemia vera, chronic leukemia, etc., each treatment		(For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)			R <b>Τ</b>
(For aminophylline, see 82137)  (For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 16.0  Radionuclide therapy, polycythemia vera, chronic leukemia, etc., each treatment		(For amikacin, see 82112)		79035 Radionuclide therapy for metastases of thyroid	
(For amitriptyline, see 82138)  (For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 16.0    leukemia, etc., each treatment 16.0   Intracavitary radioactive colloid therapy 24.0   Interstitial radioactive colloid therapy 60.0   Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid, nonhematologic e.g., for metastases to bone 884400.    BR+		(For aminophylline, see 82137)			BK
(For amphetamine, chemical, quantitative, see 82145)  (For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 19300 Interstitial radioactive colloid therapy. 60.0 Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid, nonhematologic e.g., for metastases to bone BR+ Intravascular radionuclide therapy, particulate BR  (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 19440 Intraarticular radionuclide therapy BR		(For amitriptyline, see 82138)		leukemia, etc., each treatment	
(For chlordrazepoxide, see 82420, 82425) 79420 Intravascular radionuclide therapy, particulate BR (For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 79440 Intraarticular radionuclide therapy BR				79300 Interstitial radioactive colloid therapy 60 79400 Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid,	0.0
(For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 79440 Intraarticular radionuclide therapy BR		(For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)			
				79440 Intraarticular radionuclide therapy	BR BR
(For clonazepam, see 82512)  79999 Unlisted radionuclide therapeutic procedure BR		(For clonazepam, see 82512)			
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-130, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Stat-		(For cocaine, quantitative, see 82520)			
(For diagenam, see 82636) utory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–				utory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 8	31–
(For dihydromorphinone, quantitative, see 82649)  01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-130, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-130, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-095.]				3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-130, filed 1/30/74. Formerly WA	

(1989 Ed.)

89399

#### **PATHOLOGY**

WAC 296-23-200 Pathology general information and instruction. Rules and billing procedure pertaining to all practitioners rendering service to injured workers are presented in general information section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some commonalities are repeated here for convenience of those doctors referring to pathology section. Definitions and rules to pathology are also included here.

- (1) The following values apply only when these services are performed by or under the responsible supervision of a physician. Unless otherwise specified, the listed values include the collection and handling of the specimens by the laboratory performing the procedure.
- (2) Lab reports must be attached to bills for lab services. See WAC 296-20-125 for further billing instruction.
- (3) Laboratory procedures performed by other than the billing physician shall be billed at the value charged that physician by the reference (outside) laboratory under the individual procedure number or the panel procedure number listed under "PANEL OR PROFILE TESTS" (see modifier -90).
- (4) The department or self-insurer may deny payment for lab procedures which are determined to be excessive or unnecessary for management of the injury or conditions.
- (5) By report: "BR" in the unit value column indicates that the value of the service is to be determined by report (BR) because the services is too unusual, variable, or new to be assigned a unit value. The report should provide an adequate definition or description of the services or procedure as discussed in WAC 296-23-01008. Whenever possible, list the nearest similar procedure code according to this schedule. The department or selfinsurer may adjust BR procedures when such action is indicated.
- (6) Separate or multiple procedures: It is appropriate to designate multiple procedures that are rendered on the same date by separate entries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-200, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-23-200, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-200, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-200, filed 1/30/74; Order 70-12, § 296-23-200, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68-7, § 296-23-200, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-23-201 Unlisted service or procedure. A service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in WAC 296-23-20101 below. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for PATHOLOGY AND LABORATORY are as follows:

80099 Unlisted panel 81099 Unlisted urinalysis procedure 84999 Unlisted chemistry toxicology procedure 85999 Unlisted hematology procedure 86999 Unlisted immunology procedure 87999 Unlisted microbiology procedure 88099 Unlisted necropsy (autopsy) procedure 88199 Unlisted cytopathology procedure 88299 Unlisted cytogenetic study 88399 Unlisted surgical pathology procedure Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-201, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-201, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-201, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.]

WAC 296-23-20101 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable or new may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure; and the time, effort, and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be helpful might include: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, concurrent problems, and followup care. For report requirements see WAC 296-20-01002.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), \$ 296-23-20101, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-20101, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77.

WAC 296-23-20102 Pathology modifier. MODIFI-ERS: Listed services and procedures may be modified under certain circumstances. When applicable, the modifying circumstance should be identified by the addition of the appropriate modifier code, which is a two digit number placed after the usual procedure number from which it is separated by a hyphen. If more than one modifier is used, the "multiple modifiers" code placed first after the procedure code indicates that one or more additional modifier codes will follow. Modifiers commonly used in PATHOLOGY AND LABORATORY are as follows:

-22UNUSUAL SERVICES: When the service(s) provided is greater than that usually required for the listed procedure, it may be identified by adding modifier '-22' to the usual procedure number. A report may also be appropriate..... BR

Unit

- -26PROFESSIONAL COMPONENT: Certain procedures are a combination of a physician component and a technical component. When the professional component is reported separately, the service may be identified by adding the modifier '-26' to the usual procedure number. Payment is made on the basis of up to and including forty percent of the fee maximum.
- -52REDUCED SERVICES: Under certain circumstances a service or procedure is partially reduced or eliminated at the doctor's election. Under these circumstances the service provided can be identified by its usual procedure number and the addition of the modifier '-52', signifying that the service is reduced. This provides a means of reporting reduced services without disturbing the identification of the basic service.
- -90 REFERENCE (OUTSIDE) LABORATORY: When laboratory procedures are performed by a party other than the treating or reporting doctor, the procedure may be identified by adding the modifier '-90' to the usual procedure number. The procedure shall be billed as charged to the ordering doctor..... BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-20102, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23-20102, filed 1/8/87; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-20102, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-20102, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81.]

#### WAC 296-23-204 Panel or profile tests.

The following list contains those tests that can be and are frequently done as groups and combinations ("profiles") on automated multichannel equipment. For any combination of tests among those listed immediately below, use the appropriate number 80002-80021. Groups of the tests listed here are distinguished from multiple tests performed individually for immediate or "stat" reporting.

The following unit values apply when three or more of the tests listed below are performed on the same blood or urine specimen under the conditions described under WAC 296-23-200(5).

(For handling of specimen, see 99000 and 99001)

Albumin Albumin/globulin ratio Bilirubin, direct Bilirubin, total Calcium

Carbon dioxide content Chloride Cholesterol Creatinine Globulin Glucose (sugar) Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH) Phosphatase, acid Phosphatase, alkaline Phosphorus Potassium Protein, total Sodium Transaminase, glutamic, oxaloacetic (SGOT)

Transaminase, glutamic, pyruvic (SGPT)

Urea nitrogen (BUN)

Uric acid

		Value
80002	Automated multichannel test; 1 or 2 clinical	
	chemistry test(s)	21.0
80003	3 clinical chemistry tests	28.0
80004	4 clinical chemistry tests	32.0
80005	5 clinical chemistry tests	36.0
80006	6 clinical chemistry tests	40.0
80007	7 clinical chemistry tests	44.0
80008	8 clinical chemistry tests	48.0
80009	9 clinical chemistry tests	52.0
80010	10 clinical chemistry tests	56.0
80011	11 clinical chemistry tests	60.0
80012	12 clinical chemistry tests	64.0
80016	13-16 clinical chemistry tests	66.8
80018	17-18 clinical chemistry tests	69.6
80019	19-24 clinical chemistry tests	72.4
80020	25–30 clinical chemistry tests	75.2
80021	31 or more clinical chemistry tests	78.0
THER	APEUTIC DRUG MONITORING	

(e.g., antiepilepsy drugs, cardiac drugs, antibiotics, sedatives)

(6-,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
80031	Therapeutic quantitative drug monitoring in body fluids and/or excreta measurement one drug (if	
	drug not specified by individual code number)	BR
80032		BR
80033	3 drugs measured	BR
80034	4 or more drugs measured	BR
80040	Serum radioimmunoassay for circulating antibi-	
	otic levels	BR
80042	Serum antimicrobial level, bioassay method	BR

# ORGAN OR DISEASE ORIENTED PANELS

Organ "panels" as an approach to diagnosis have been developed in response to the increased use of general screening programs that are now in use in physicians' offices, health centers, clinics, and hospitals. Also included here are profiles that combine laboratory tests together under a problem oriented classification. The lack of an expanded list of laboratory tests under each number is deliberate. Because no two laboratories utilize the same array of tests in a particular panel, each laboratory should establish its own profile and accompany each reported panel by a listing of the components of that panel performed by the laboratory.

	Valu	e
80050	General health screen panel BF	Ł
80052	Premarital profileNONCOVERE	)
80053	Executive profileNONCOVERE	)
80055	Obstetric profileNONCOVEREI	)
80056	Amenorrhea profile BF	Ş
80057	Male infertility and/or gynecomastia profile BF	ζ
80058	Hepatic function panel BF	Ł

Unit

[Title 296 WAC-p 402]

		Unit	Unit
		Value	Value
80059 80060	Hepatitis panel	BR BR	81030 Quantitative sediment analysis and quantitative protein (Addis count)
80061 80062	Lipid profile	BR	81099 Unlisted urinalysis procedure
90073	panel	BR	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–208, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–
80063 80064	Cardiac injury panel	BR	06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-208, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and
	tic dehydrogenase (LDH) isoenzyme determination	BR	51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-23-208, filed
80065	Metabolic panel	BR	11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–208, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–23–208, filed
80066 80067	Malabsorption panel	BR BR	1/30/74. Formerly WAC 296-23-245.]
80068	Lung maturity profile	BR	
80070 80071	Thyroid panel	BR BR	WAC 296-23-212 Chemistry and toxicology.
80072	Arthritis panel	BR	The material for examination can be from any source. Examina-
80073 80075	Renal panel	BR BR	tion is quantitative unless specified. (For list of automated, multi- channel tests, see 80003-80019.)
80080	Prostatic panel	BR	Unit
80082 80084	Pancreatic panel	BR BR	Value
80085	Microcytic anemia panel	BR	82000 Acetaldehyde, blood
80086	Macrocytic anemia panel	BR	82003 Acetaminophen, urine
80088	Transition panel (for management of patient with proven metastatic disease)	BR	(Acetic anhydride, see volatiles, 84600)
80089	Muscle panel	BR	82005 Acetoacetic acid, serum
80090	Antibody panel (e.g., TORCH: Toxoplasma IFA, rubella HI, cytomegalovirus CF, herpes virus	DD.	82009 Acetone, qualitative         12.0           82010 quantitative         12.0
80099	CF)	BR BR	(For acetone bodies, see 82009-82010, 82635, 83947)
	JLTATIONS (CLINICAL PATHOLOGY)		82011         Acetylsalicylic acid; quantitative         32.0           82012         qualitative         32.0
	al pathology consultation is a service, including a wri		82013 Acetylcholinesterase,
	ndered by the pathologist in response to a request from		(Acid, gastric, see gastric acid, 82926-82932)
	physician in relation to a test result(s) requiring ad interpretive judgment. Reporting of a test result(s)		(Acid phosphatase, see 84060-84065)
medical	interpretive judgment is not considered a clinical pa		82015 Acidity, titratable, urine
consulta			
80500	Clinical pathology consultation; limited, without review of patient's history and medical records	BR	(ACTH, see 82024)
80502	comprehensive, for a complex diagnostic prob-	DK	(Adrenalin-Noradrenalin, see catecholamines, 82382-82384)
	lem, with review of patient's history and medi- cal records	BR	82024 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH), RIA 120.0 82030 Adenosine; 5'-diphosphate (ADP) and 5'-mono-
(For			phosphate (AMP), cyclic, RIA, blood 40.0
	consultations involving the examination and evaluation on the second of	or the	82035       5'-triphosphate, blood       40.0         82040       Albumin, serum       *20.0
Statuto	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-	-17–039	82042 urine, quantitative (specify method, e.g.,
(Order	89-09), § 296-23-204, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/	89; 87–	Esbach) 20.0
	(Order 87–18), § 296–23–204, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–0 19), § 296–23–204, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86;		(For albumin/globulin ratio, albumin/globulin ratio by electro-
066 (Or	der 83-23), § 296-23-204, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Au	thority:	phoretic method, see 84155-84200)
	1.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 § 296-23-204, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-		82055 Alcohol (ethanol), blood, chemical
(Order	30–29), § 296–23–204, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81	; Order	82065 urine, chemical
74–39, §	3 296-23-204, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order		82070 by gas-liquid chromatography 40.0
296-23-	-204, filed 1/30/74.]		82072       Alcohol (ethanol) gelation       30.0         82075       breath       60.0
WA	C 296-23-208 Urinalysis.		82076 Alcohol; isopropyl
	*		82078         methyl         60.0           82085         Aldolase, blood, kinetic ultraviolet method         26.0
(1.01	specific analyses, see appropriate section)	** 1.	82086 colorimetric
		Unit Value	82087         Aldosterone; double isotope technique         120.0           82088         RIA blood         100.0
0400			82089 RIA urine
81000 81002	Urinalysis, routine, complete	12.0 8.0	82091 saline infusion test BR
81004	components, single, not otherwise listed, specify	5.0	(Alkaline phosphatase, see 84075-84080)
81005 81010	chemical, qualitative any number of constituents . concentration and dilution test	8.0 14.0	82095 Alkaloids, tissue, screening
81011	water deprivation test	BR	82096       quantitative       120.0         82100       urine, screening       80.0
81012 81015	water deprivation test with vasopressin response	BR	82101 quantitative
81015	microscopictwo or three glass test	10.0 10.0	(See also 82486, 82600, 82662, 82755, 84231)
[TS43. 20	6 WAC - 2 4021		(1000 E4)

(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value			Unit Value
(Alph:	a amino acid nitrogen, see 82126)		82236	Bicarbonate loading test	BR
•	a-hydroxybutyric (HBD) dehydrogenase, see 83485, 83	486)	(Bicar	bonate, see 82374)	
•		400)	82240	Bile acids, blood, fractionated	120.0
	aketoglutarate, see 83584)		82245 82250	Bile pigments, urine	8.0 24.0
(Alph	a tocopherol (Vitamin E), see 84446)		82251	blood, total and direct	30.0
82108 82112	Aluminum, blood (serum)	BR BR	82252	feces, qualitative	BR
		ВK	82260 82265	urine, quantitative	12.0 30.0
(Amik	acin serum radioimmunoassay, see 80040)		82268	Bismuth	80.0
82126	Alpha amino acid nitrogen	50.0 40.0	82270	Blood, feces, occult, screening	8.0
82128 82130	Amino acids, qualitative	40.0	82273	duodenal, gastric contents, qualitative	BR
	fractionation and quantitation, one or more	180.0	(Bloo	d urea nitrogen (BUN), see 84520–84525, 84545)	
82134	Aminohippurate, para (PAH)	30.0	(Blood	d volume, see 84605–84610, 78110, 78111)	
(For a	dministration, see 36410, 99070)		82280	Boric acid, blood	100.0
82135	Aminolevulinic acid, delta (ALA)	50.0	82285 82286	urine	100.0 BR
82137 82138	Aminophylline	60.0 60.0	82290	Bromides, blood	24.0
82140	Ammonia, blood	40.0	82291	urine	40.0
82141	urine	40.0	(For l	promsulphthalein (BSP), see 84382)	
82142 82143	Ammonium chloride loading test	40.0 50.0	82300	Cadmium, urine	100.0
	, , ,	30.0	82305	Caffeine	60.0
(For I	_/S ratio, see 83661)		82306	Calcifediol (25-OH Vitamin D-3), chromato-	D.D.
(Amo	barbital, see 82205–82210)		82307	graphical technique	BR BR
82145	Amphetamine, or methamphetamine, chemical,		82308	Calcitonin, RIA	80.0
82150	quantitative	80.0 30.0	82310	Calcium, blood, chemical	22.0
82156	Amylase, serum urine (diastase)	30.0	82315 82320	fluorometric emission flame photometry	22.0 22.0
82157	Androstenedione RIA	80.0	82325	atomic absorption flame photometry	24.0
82159 82160	Androsterone	50.0 50.0	82330	fractionated, diffusible	60.0
		30.0	82331 82335	after calcium infusion testurine, qualitative (Sulkowitch)	24.0 11.0
(See a	lso 83593–83596)		82340	quantitative timed specimen	32.0
(Angi	otensin I, see renin, 84244)		82355	Calculus (stone) qualitative, chemical	40.0
82163	Angiotensin II, RIA	BR	82360 82365	quantitative, chemical	60.0 60.0
82164	Angiotensin-converting enzyme	BR BR	82370	X-ray diffraction	50.0
82165		DIX	(Carb	amates, see individual listings)	
(Antio	liuretic hormone, RIA, see 84588)		82372	Carbamazepine, serum	BR
82168	Antihistamines	BR	82374	Carbon dioxide, combining power or content	10.0
82170	Antimony, urine	80.0	(See a	ilso 82801–82803, 82817)	
(Antii	nony, screen, see 83015)		82375	Carbon monoxide, (carboxyhemoglobin); quantita-	
(Antit	rypsin, alpha-1-, see 86329)		02575	tive	48.0
82172	Apolipoprotein	BR	82376	qualitative	48.0
82173 82175	Arginine tolerance test	BR	(Carb	on tetrachloride, see 84600)	
02173	quantitative	80.0	(Carb	oxyhemoglobin, see 82375, 82376)	
(For h	neavy metal screening, see 83015)		•	Carotene, blood	40.0
82180	Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C) blood	40.0		tene plus Vitamin A, see 84595)	10.0
		40.0	•		
•	rin, see acetylsalicylic acid, 82011, 82012)		82382	Catecholamines (dopamine, norepinephrine, epine- phrine); total urine	BR
(Athe 83717	rogenic index, blood, ultracentrifugation, quantitative	, see	82383	blood	BR
		60.0	82384	fractionated	BR
82205 82210	Barbiturates quantitative quantitative and identification	60.0 80.0		rrine metabolites, see 83835, 84585)	40.0
(For c	qualitative screen, see 82486, 82660, 82662, 82755, 842	31)	82390	Ceruloplasmin, chemical (copper oxidase), blood .	
82225	Barium	BR		gel diffusion technique, see 86331; immunodiffusion see 86329)	tecn-
(Benc	e-Jones protein, 84185)		82400	Chloral hydrate, blood	60.0
82230	Beryllium, urine	80.0	82405	urine	40.0
82231	Beta-2 microglobulin, RIA; urine	BR	82415	Chloramphenicol, blood	40.0
82232 82235	serum	BR BR	82418 82420	Chlorazepate dipotassium	40.0 60.0
04433	picarounate exerction, urine	DIX	04740	Chicialazoponios, cioca	30.0
(1989 Ed	.)			[Title 296 WAC-	—р <b>403</b> ]

	Unit Value	Unit Value
82425 urine	60.0 20.0	82600 Cyanide, blood
82436 urine, (specify chemical, electrometric or Fantus	20.0	82606         Cyanocobalamin (Vitamin B-12); bioassay         70.0           82607         RIA         45.0
test)	20.0 20.0	82608 unsaturated binding capacity
(For iontophoresis, see 89360)	20.0	(Cyclic AMP, see 82030)
82438 spinal fluid	20.0	(Cyclic GMP, see 83008)
82441 Chlorinated hydrocarbons, screen	20.0	(Cyclosporine, see 83003)
82443 Chlorothiazide-hydrochlorothiazide	60.0	82614 Cystine, blood, qualitative BR
(Chlorpromazine, see 84021, 84022)		82615 Cystine, and homocystine, urine, qualitative 30.0 82620 quantitative
82465 Cholesterol, serum; total	°22.0 30.0	82624 Cystine aminopeptidase BR
82480 Cholinesterase, serum	40.0	(D hemoglobin, see 83053)
82482 RBC	60.0 80.0	(Delta-aminolevulinic acid (ALA), see 82135)
82485 Chondroitin B sulfate, quantitative	BR	82626 Dehydroepiandrosterone, RIA BR
(Chorionic gonadotropin, see gonadotropin, 84702, 84703)		(See also 83593-83596)
82486 Chromatography; gas-liquid, compound and		(Deoxycortisol, 11- (compound S), RIA, see 82634)
method not elsewhere specified	BR	82628 Desipramine BR
elsewhere specified	BR	82633 Desoxycorticosterone, 11-RIA BR
82488 paper, 2-dimensional, not elsewhere specified 82489 thin layer, not elsewhere specified	BR BR	(See also 83593-83596)
82495 Chromium, urine	100.0 80.0	82634 Desoxycortisol, 11-(compound S), RIA 80.0
82512 Clonazepam	BR	(See also 83492)
82520 Cocaine, quantitative	60.0	82635 Diacetic acid
(Cocaine, screen, see 82486, 82489, 82660, 82662, 82755, 8-	4231)	(Diagnex blue, tubeless gastric, see 82939)
(Codeine, quantitative, see 82096, 82101)		(Diastase, urine, see 82156)
(Complement, see 86158–86164)		82636         Diazepam         50.0           82638         Dibucaine number         34.0
(Compound S, see 82634)		82639 Dicumarol
82525 Copper, blood	60.0 60.0	(Dichloroethane, see 84600)
(Coprobilinogen, feces, 84577)	00.0	(Dichloromethane, see 84600)
(Coproporphyrins, see 84118–84121)		(Diethylether, see 84600)
(Corticosteroids, see 83491–83496)		82640 Digitoxin digitalis, blood RIA BR+
82528 Corticosterone, RIA	BR	82641       urine       BR+         82643       Digoxin, RIA       36.0         82646       Dihydrocodinone       BR
(See also 83593–83597)		(Dihydrocodinone screen, see 82486–82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)
82529 Cortisol; fluorometric, plasma	36.0 75.0	82649 Dihydromorphinone, quantitative
82532 CPB, urine	75.0	(Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755,
82533 RIA, plasma	90.0 90.0	84231)
82536 after adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) ad-	DD	82651 Dihydrotestosterone (DHT) BR
ministration	BR BR	82652         Dihydroxy vitamin D, 1, 25         BR           82654         Dimethadione         BR
82538 after metyrapone tartrate administration 82539 dexamethasone suppression test, plasma and/or	BR	(Diphenylhydantoin, see 84045)
82539 dexamethasone suppression test, plasma and/or urine	BR	(Dopamine, see 82382–82384)
82540 Creatine, blood	24.0 40.0	82656 Doxepin BR
82546 Creatine and creatinine	50.0	82660 Drug screen (amphetamines, barbiturates, alka-
82550 Creatine phosphokinase (CPK), blood, timed kinetic ultraviolet method	26.0	loids)
82552 isoenzymes	30.0	(See also 82486–82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)
82555 colorimetric	20.0 °20.0	(Duodenal contents, see individual enzymes; for intubation and collection, see 89100)
82570 urine	°20.0	82662 Immunoassay technique for drugs
82575 clearance	°40.0 40.0	(For enzyme immunoassay for bacteria, use 86227)
82595 Cryoglobulin, blood	40.0	82664 Electrophoretic technique, not elsewhere specified . 45.0
(Crystals, pyrophosphate vs. urate, see 84208)		82666 Epiandrosterone
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
(See a	lso 83593)		(Gamı	ma-glutamyl transpeptidase (GGT), see 82977)	
(Epine	ephrine, see 82382-82384)		82790	Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation	
82668	Erythropoietin, bioassay	BR	92701	from pO <sub>2</sub>	40.0 40.0
(For I	II method, see 86280)		82791 82792	by manometryby oximetry	20.0
82670		90.0	82793	by spectrophotometry	40.0
82671	Estradiol, RIA (placental)	85.0	82795 82800	by calculation from pCO <sub>2</sub>	6.0 20.0
82672	total	60.0	82801	pCO <sub>2</sub>	24.0
82673 82674	Estriol; fluorometric	54.0 45.0	82802 82803	pH, pCO <sub>2</sub> by electrodepH, pCO <sub>2</sub> , pO <sub>2</sub> simultaneous	42.0 54.0
82676	Chemical	75.0	82804	pO <sub>2</sub> by electrode	40.0
82677	RIA	105.0	82812 82817	pO <sub>2</sub> by manometry pH, pCO <sub>2</sub> by tonometry	24.0 24.0
(Estro	gen receptor assay, see 84233)				24.0
82678 82679	Estrone; chemical	75.0 90.0	•	rterial puncture, see 36600)	
	nol, see 82055–82075)	90.0		lood gas studies as a part of pulmonary function studie -94710)	s, see
82690	Ethchlorvynol (Placidyl), blood	60.0	82926 82927	Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen	11.2 9.0
82691 82692	urine Ethosuximide	60.0 BR	82927 82928	Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen	9.0
		ВK	82929	each additional specimen	7.5
` •	l alcohol, see 82055–82075)		82931 82932	Gastric acid, pH titration; single specimen each additional specimen	24.0 18.0
82694 (See a	Etiocholanolonelso 83593)	BR		ric analysis, with stimulation, see 89140, 89141)	
•	s blue, see blood volume, 84605–84610)		(Gastı	ric analysis, pepsin, see 83974)	
`		50.0	(For g	astric intubation, see 89130, 74340)	
82696 82705	Etiocholanolone, RIA	10.0	(For	aspiration of specimens with insulin administr	ation
82710	quantitative, 24 or 72 hour specimen	100.0		inder test), see 91075)	
82715 82720	Fat differential, feces, quantitative	BR 40.0	82938	Gastrin (serum) after secretin stimulation (e.g., for	
82725	nonesterified	40.0	82941	gastrinoma, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome) Gastrin, RIA	BR 48.0
82727 82728	Ferric chloride, urine	BR		, see 82977)	40.0
	metric assay)	BR	,	, gas liquid chromatography, see 82486)	
(Fetal	hemoglobin, see hemoglobin 83030, 83033, and 85460	)	82942	Globulin, serum	10.5
(Feto	orotein, alpha-1, see 86329)			llso 82784, 82786, 84155–84200, 86329)	
82730	Fibrinogen, quantitative	21.0		Glucagon, RIA	BR
(See a	ılso 85371, 85377)		82943 82944	Glucosamine	6.0
	Fluoride, blood	100.0	82946	Glucagon tolerance test	BR
82740 82741	urine	100.0 BR	82947	Glucose; except urine (e.g., blood, spinal fluid, joint fluid)	10.5
82742	Flurazepam	BR	82948	blood, stick test	8.2
82745	Folic acid, (folate), blood bioassay	BR+	82949 82950	fermentation	22.5 13.5
82746 (Follie	RIA	45.0	82951	tolerance test (GTT), three specimens (includes	
82750	Formimino-glutamic acid (FIGLU), urine	100.0	82952	glucose)	37.5
82755	Free radical assay technique for drugs (FRAT)	BR		specimens	10.5
82756	Free thyroxine index (T-7)	BR	(For i	ntravenous glucose tolerance test, see 82961)	
82757	Fructose, semen	BR	82953	tolbutamide tolerance test	15.0
`	tose, TLC screen, see 84375)		(For i	nsulin tolerance test, see 83526)	
82759 82760	Galactokinase, RBC	BR 40.0	(For l	eucine tolerance test, see 83681)	
82763	tolerance test	75.0	82954	urine	20.0
82765 82775	urine	40.0 60.0	82955	Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, erythrocyte.	60.0
	FLC screen, see 84375)	00.0	82960 82961	Glucose tolerance test, intravenous	56.0 BR
82776	screen	18.0	(For g	clucose tolerance test with medication use 90784 in add	ition)
82780 82784	Gallium	BR 12.0	82963	Glucosidase, beta	BR
82785	Gammaglobulin, E, (e.g., RIA, EIA)	75.0	82965	Glutamate dehydrogenase, blood	40.0
82786	Gammaglobulin, salt precipitation method	21.0	,	amic oxaloacetic transaminase (SGOT), see 84450–844	155)
-	maglobulin by gel (immuno) diffusion, see 86329)		,	amic pyruvic transaminase (SGPT), see 84460–84465)	_ 40.51
(1989 Ed	.)		•	[Title 296 WAC-	—p 405]

		Unit Value			Unit Value
82975 82977 82978	Glutamine (glutamic acid amide), spinal fluid Glutamyl transpeptidase, gamma (GGT) Glutathione	80.0 BR BR	83495 83496	urine, Porter-Silber typeurine, fluorometric	52.0 52.0
82979	Glutathione reductase, RBC	BR			(0.0
82980	Glutethimide	56.2	83497 (Family	Hydroxyindolacetic acid, 5–(HIAA), urine	60.0
(Glyc	ohemoglobin, see 83036)			HIAA, blood, see 84260)	
82985 82995	Glycoprotein electrophoresis	60.0 100.0	83498 83499	Hydroxyprogesterone, 17–d, RIA	105.0 BR
83000	Gold, blood	90.0	83500	Hydroxy-proline, urine, free only	100.0
83001	RIA	90.0	83505 83510	total only free and total	100.0 180.0
83002 83003	(LH)(ICSH)RIA Growth hormone (HGH), (somatotropin) RIA	90.0 48.0	83523	Imipramine	67.0
83004	after glucose tolerance test	48.0	(Imm	unoassay technique for drugs, use 82662)	
(For 82173	growth hormone secretion after arginine tolerance test	t, see	(Imm	unoglobulines, see 82784, 82785, 82786, 86329, 86335)	
	numan growth hormone antibody, RIA, see 86277)		83524	Indican, urine	35.0
,		D.D.	83525 83526	Insulin, RIAInsulin tolerance	40.0 80.0
83008 83010	Guanosine monophosphate (GMP) cyclic, RIA  Haptoglobin, chemical	BR 60.0			80.0
83011	quantitative, electrophoresis	30.0		proinsulin, see 84206)	
83012 83015	phenotypes, electrophoresis	60.0	83528	Intrinsic factor level	BR
	antimony); chemical (e.g., Reinsch, Gutzeit)	30.0	(For i	ntrinsic factor antibodies, RIA, see 86340)	
83018 83020	chromatography, DEAE column	BR	83530	Inulin clearance	40.0
	etc.)	80.0	(For a	administration, see 36410, 99070)	
	oglobin, carboxyhemoglobin (CO), see 82375, 82376; c	color-	(For t	hyroxine, see 84435-84439)	
	c, see 85018, 85031)		(For t	riiodothyronine (true T-3), RIA, see 84480)	
83030 83033	F (fetal), chemical	40.0	83540	Iron, serum, chemical	20.0
83036	F (fetal), qualitative (APT) test, fecalglycosylated (Alc)	56.0 60.0	83545	automated	12.0
83040	methemoglobin, electrophoretic separation	80.0	83546 83550	radioactive uptake method	30.0 20.0
83045 83050	qualitativequantitative	20.0 40.0	83555	automated	12.0
83051	plasma	40.0	83565	radioactive uptake method	30.0
83052	sickle, turbidimetric	34.0	83570	Isocitric dehydrogenase (IDH), blood, kinetic ultraviolet	26.0
83053 83055	solubility, S–D, etcsulfhemoglobin, qualitative	40.0 20.0	83571	colorimetric	20.0
83060	quantitative	40.0	(Isopr	opyl alcohol, see alcohol 82076)	
83065	thermolabile	BR	83576	Isonicotinic acid hydrazide (INH)	105.0
83068 83069	unstable, screen	BR BR	83578	Kanamycin	49.0
83070	Hemosiderin, urine	12.0	83582	Ketogenic steroids, urine; 17-(17-KGS)	45.0
83071	Hemosiderin, RIA	25.6	83583 83584	11-desoxy: 11-oxy ratio	75.0 40.0
	in, screening, see 82660, 82486, 82662, 82755, 84 tative, see 82096, 82101)	1231;		ne bodies, see 82005–82010; urine, see 81000–81005)	
(HIA	A, see 83497)		83586	Ketosteroids, 17-(17-KS), blood; total	38.0
83086	Histidine; blood, qualitative	BR	83587 83588	fractionation, alpha/beta	75.0 54.0
83087	urine, qualitative	BR	83589	RIA	54.0 36.0
83088	Histamine	100.0	83590	fractionation, alpha/beta	60.0
(Holla	ander test, see 91075)		83593 83597	chromatographic fractionation	75.0 75.0
(Hom	ocystine, qualitative, see 82615)		(See a	lso 82528, 82633, 82666, 82694)	
(Hom	ocystine, quantitative, see 82620)		83599	Ketosteroids, 17-OH, RIA	64.1
83093	Homogentisic acid; blood, qualitative	BR	83600	Kynurenic acid	90.0
83094 83095	Homogentisic acid, urine, qualitative	20.0 40.0	83605 83610	Lactate, lactic acid	40.0 33.7
	nones, see individual alphabetic listings in chemistry sec		83615	Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), blood, kinetic ultra- violet method	
83150	Homo-vanillic acid (HVA), urine	80.0	83620	colorimetric or fluorometric	26.0 20.0
83485	Hydroxybutyric dehydrogenase, alpha (HBD),	22.0	83624	heat or urea inhibition (total not included)	24.0
83486	blood; kinetic ultraviolet method	22.0 20.0	83625	isozymes, electrophoretic separation and quanti- tation	60.0
83491	Hydroxycorticosteroids, 17- (17-OHCS); RIA	64.1	83626	chemical separation	20.0
83492	gas liquid chromatography (GLC)	82.0	83628	Lactic dehydrogenase, liver (LLDH)	20.0
83493 83494	blood, Porter-Silber typeblood, fluorometric	45.0 38.0	83629 83631	Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), urine  Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), CSF	20.0 20.0
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

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		Unit Value			Unit Value
(For h	ydroxybutyric dehydrogenase (HBD), see 83485)		83840	Methadone	60.0
83632	Lactogen, human placental (HPL) chorionic soma-		(Meth	namphetamine, see 82145)	
02622	tomammotropin, RIA	30.0 20.0	(Meth	nanol, see 82078)	
83633 83634	quantitative	20.0	83842	Methapyrilene	50.0
(For t	olerance, see 82951–82952)		83845	Methaqualone	90.0
(For 7	FLC screen, see 84375)		83857	Methemalbumin	32.0
83645	Lead, screening, blood	20.0	,	nemoglobin, see hemoglobin 83045–83050)	
83650	urine	20.0	83858	Methsuximide, serum	90.0
83655	quantitative, blood	60.0 60.0	(Meth	nyl alcohol, see 82078)	
83660 83661	urine	00.0	83859	Methyprylon	90.0
	fluid	75.0	83860	Morphine, screening	80,0
83670	Leucine amino-peptidase (LAP), blood, kinetic ultraviolet method	26.0	83861 83862	quantitative	120.0 82.0
83675	colorimetric	20.0	83864	Mucopolysaccharides, acid, blood	60.0
83680	urine	26.0	83865	Mucopolysaccharides, acid, urine quantitative	60.0
83681	Leucine tolerance test	26.0	83866	screen	21.0
83685	Lidocaine	20.0	83872	Mucin, synovial fluid (rope test)	21.0
83690	Lipase, blood	30.0	83873	Myeline basic protein, CSF, RIA	BR
83700 83705	Lipids, blood, total fractionated (cholesterol, triglycerides, phospho-	30.0	(For o	oligoclonal bands, see 83916)	. •
03703	lipids)	60.0	83874	Myoglobin, electrophoresis	30.0
(For f	eces, see 82705-82715)		83875	Myoglobin, urine	40.0
(ror i	eces, see 82703-82713)		83880	Nalorphine	60.0
83715	Lipoprotein, blood; electrophoretic separation and		83885	Nickel, urine	100.0
	quantitation phenotyping	60.0	83887	Nicotine	75.0 60.0
83717	analytic ultracentrifugation separation and	100.0	83895 83900	Nitrogen, urine, total, 24 hour specimen feces, 24 hour specimen	100.0
02710	quantitation (atherogenic index)	100.0	83910	Nonprotein nitrogen, blood	20.0
83/18	Lipoprotein high density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol) by precipitation method)	BR		epinephrine, see 82382–82384)	20.0
83719	Lipoprotein very low density cholesterol (VLDL	BR	83912	Nucleic acid probe with electrophoresis, with ex-	
83720	cholesterol) by ultracentrifugation	DK	03912	amination and report	BR
	formula	BR	83915	Nucleotidase 5'	25.0
83725	Lithium, blood, quantitative	60.0	83916	Oligocional immune globulin (lg), CSF, by electrophoresis	BR
(Lute	inizing hormone (LH), see 83002)		(37)		DI
83727	Luteinizing releasing factor (LRH), RIA	60.0	(For i	nyelin basic protein, CSF, see 83873)	
83728	Lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) RIA	BR	83917	Organic acids; screen, qualitative	30.0
83730	Macroglobulins (Sia test)	30.0	83918	quantitative	30.0
83735	Magnesium, blood; chemical	20.0	83920	Ornithine carbonyl transferase, (OCT)	24.0
83740 83750	fluorometric	20.0 40.0	83930 83935	Osmolality, blood	20.0 20.0
83755	urine: chemical	40.0	83938	Ouabain	BR
83760	fluorometric	40.0	83945	Oxalate, urine	40.0
83765	atomic absorption	40.0		·	74,5
83775	Malate dehydrogenase, kinetic ultraviolet method .	30.0	(For a	alpha oxoglutarate, see 82120)	
(Malt	ose tolerance, see 82951, 82952)		83946	Oxazepam	40.0
(Man	nmotropin, see 84146)		83947 83948	Oxybutyric acid, beta	40.0 52.0
83785	Manganese, blood or urine	60.0	(Oxvi	gen, see gases, blood, 82790-82817)	
83790	Mannitol clearance	BR		Oxytocinase, RIA	52.0
(Mari	juana, see tetrahydrocannabinol THC, 84408)			-aminohippuric acid, see 82134)	
83795	Melanin, urine, quantitative	60.0			
83799	Meperidine, quantitative	54.0	83965	Paraldehyde, blood, quantitative	60.0
(For s	creen, see 82486, 82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)		83970 83971	Parathormone (parathyroid hormone), RIA Penicillin, urine	165.0 50.0
83805	Meprobamate, blood or urine	60.0	83972	Pentazocine	60.0
	creen, see 82486, 82489, 84231)		83973	Pentose, urine, qualitative	13.5
		<b>5</b> 0.0	(For	TLC screen, see 84375)	
83825	Mercury quantitative, blood	70.0	83975	Pepsinogen, blood	40.0
83830	urine	70.0	83985	Pesticide, other than chlorinated hydrocarbons,	
(Merc	cury screen, see 83015)			blood, urine or other material	BR+
83835	Metanephrines, urine	52.0	(Pesti	cide, chlorinated hydrocarbons, see 82441)	_
(For o	eatecholamines, see 82382-82384)		83986	pH, body fluid, except blood	BR
(1989 Ed	.)			[Title 296 WAC	—р 407]

	Unit Value			Unit Value
(For blood, see 82800, 82802, 82803, 82817)		84144	Progesterone, any method	105.0
83992 Phencyclidine (PCP)	38.0	(For	proinsulin, RIA, see 84206)	
83995 Phenol, blood or urine	60.0 20.0	84146 84147	Prolactin (mammotropin), RIA	225.0 60.0
(For injection procedure, see 36410 for provision of materia	ls, see	(For	screen, see 82486 et seq.)	
99070)		84149	Propranolol	BR
84021 Phenothiazine, urine	100.0	84150 84155	Prostaglandin, any one, RIA  Protein, total, serum; chemical	BR °20.0
(See also 82486 et seq.)		84160	refractometric	12.0
84022 quantitative, chemical	BR	84165 84170	electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation  Protein, total, and albumin/globulin ratio	60.0 °40.0
(For also individual drugs)		(For	serum albumin, see 82040, for serum globulin, 82942)	
84030 Phenylalanine, blood, Guthrie	12.0	84175	Protein, other sources, quantitative	24.0
(Phenylalanine-tyrosine ratio, see 84030, 84510)		84176	Protein, special studies (e.g., monoclonal protein	D.D.
84031 fluorometric	12.0	84180	analysis)	BR 24.0
84033 Phenylbutazone	20.0 20.0	84185	Bence-Jones	12.0
84037 urine, qualitative	20.0	84190	electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation.	80.0
84038 Phenylpropanolamine	20.0	84195	spinal fluid semi-quantitative (Pandy)	20.0
84039 Phenylpyruvic acid; blood	20.0	84200	electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation.	80.0
84040 Phenylpyruvic acid, urine	20.0	84201	Protirelin, thyrotropin releasing hormone (TRH)	D.D.
(For qualitative chemical tests, urine, see 81005)		84202	Protoporphyrin, RBC; quantitative	BR 30.0
		84202	screen	20.0
84045 Phenytoin	61.0	84205	Protiptylene	68.0
84060 Phosphatase, acid, blood	24.0	84206	Proinsulin, RIA	60.0
84065 (prostatic) fraction	40.0 60.0	84207	Pyridoxine (Vitamin B-6)	BR
84075 alkaline, blood	24.0	84208	Pyrophosphate vs. urate, crystals (polarization)	12.0
84078 heat stable (total not included)	16.0	84210	Pyruvate, blood	30.0
84080 isoenzymes, electrophoretic method	BR	84220	Pyruvic-kinase, RBC	30.0
84081 Phosphatydylglycerol	BR	84228 84230	Quinine	30.0 40.0
84082 Phosphates, tubular reabsorption of (TRP)	60.0	84231	Quinidine, blood	BR
(Phosphates, inorganic, see 84100-84105)			sch test, see 83015)	
(Phosphates, organic, see 82480-82484)		·	,	DD.
84083 Phosphoglucomutase, isoenzymes	60.0	84232 84233	Releasing factor	BR BR
84085 Phosphogluconate, 6-, dehydrogenase, RBC	18.0	84234	progesterone	BR
84087 Phosphohexose isomerase	30.0	84235	endocrine, other than estrogen or progesterone	2
84090 Phospholipids, blood	30.0		(specify hormone)	BR
(See also 83705)		84236	progesterone and estrogen	BR
·		84238	nonendocrine (e.g., acetylcholine) (specify recep-	DD.
(For lecithin/sphingomyelin ratio, see 83661)		84244	tor)	BR 60.0
84100 Phosphorus, blood	°24.0 °24.0	(See	also 82163, angiotensin II)	
	11.U	84246	furosemide test	BR
(Pituitary gonadotropins, see 83000–83002)		84252	Riboflavin (Vitamin B–2)	BR
(PKU, see 81005, 84030, 84031)	20.0	(Salic	sylates, see 82011, 82012)	
84106 Porphobilinogen, urine; qualitative	20.0 20.0	(Salir	ne infusion test, see 82091)	
84118 Porphyrins, copro-, urine; quantitative	30.0	(Secre	etin test, see 99070, 89100 and appropriate analyses)	
84119 qualitative	24.0 64.0			100.0
84121 uro-, copro-, and porphobilinogen, urine	80.0	84255 84260	Selenium, blood, urine or tissue	100.0 120.0
(For porphyrin precursors, see 82630)		(For t	urine metabolites, see 83497)	
84126 feces, quantitative	100.0	84275	Sialic acid, blood	50.0
84128 Porphyrins, plasma	82.0		le hemoglobin, see 83020, 83052, 83053, 85660)	
(For protoporphyrin, RBC, see 84202, 84203)		84285	Silica, blood, urine or tissue	100.0
84132 Potassium, blood	°24.0	84295	Sodium, blood	°24.0
84133 urine	°24.0	84300	urine	°24.0
84135 Pregnanediol; RIA	BR	(Some	atomammotropin, see 83632)	
84136 other method (specify)	BR BR	,	• ,	
84139 other method (specify)	BR	(Soma	atotropin, see 83003; chorionic, see 83632)	
84141 Primidone	60.0	84310	Sorbitol dehydrogenase, serum	26.0
84142 Procainamide	60.0	84315		8.0
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		Unit Value	U: Vai	nit lue
84318	Stercobilin, qualitative, feces	BR	84510 Tyrosin, blood 40	0.0
(For s	tone analysis see 82355-82370)		(Ultracentrifugation, lipoprotein, see 82190)	,,0
84324	Strychnine	75.0	(Urate vs. pyrophosphate crystals, see 84208)	
(Suga	r, see under glucose)		84520 Urea nitrogen, blood (BUN); quantitative °22	2.0
84375	Sugars chromatographic separation	80.0		2.0 8.0
(Sulfh	emoglobin, see hemoglobin, 83055–83060)		84540 urine	
84395	Sulfonamide, blood chemical	20.0	84545 clearance	
	see 84479–84481)	20.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.0
• •	•			0.0 2.0
•	see 84435–84439)	105.0		4.0
84403 84405	Testosterone, blood, RIA	105.0 120.0	and the second of the second o	0.0 0.0
84406	Testosterone, binding protein	BR	84578 Urobilinogen, urine, qualitative 24	4.0
84407	Tetracaine	BR BR	·	4.0 0.0
84408 84409	Tetrahydrocannabinol THC (marijuana) Tetrahydrocortisone or tetrahydrocortisol	105.0	A	4.0
(See a	lso 83492–83497)		(Uroporphyrins, see 84120, 84121)	
84410	Thallium, blood or urine	100.0	84585 Vanillylmandelic acid (VMA), urine	4.0
84420	Theophylline, blood or saliva	60.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	BR
84425	Thiamine (Vitamin B-1)	BR	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.0
84430 84434	Thiocyanate, blood	30.0 40.0	,	0.0 0.0
	otropin releasing hormone (TRH) test, see 84201)	.0.0	(Vitamin B-1, see 84425)	
84435	Thyroxine, (T-4), CPB or resin uptake	33.0	(Vitamin B-2, see 84252)	
84436	Thyroxine, true (TT-4), RIA	21.0		
84437	Thyroxine (T-4), neonatal	20.0	(Vitamin B-6, see 84207)	
84439 84442	Thyroxine, free (FT-4), RIA (unbound T-4 only). Thyroxine binding globulin (TBG)	45.0 52.0	(Vitamin B-12, blood, see 82606, 82607)	
	oxine, free thyroxine index, T-7, see 82756)		(Vitamin B-12, absorption (Schilling), see 78270, 78271)	
` •	oid hormones, thyroxine, etc., see 84435–84439, 84	1.470	(Vitamin C, see 82180)	
84481		<del>14</del> 17-	(Vitamin D, see 82306, 82307)	
84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), RIA or EIA	60.0	(Vitamin E, see 84446)	
84444	Thyrotropin releasing factor (TRF), RIA	BR BR	84597 Vitamin K F	BR
84445 84446	plus long acting (LATS)  Tocopherol alpha (Vitamin E)	38.0	(VMA, see 84585)	
(Tolbi	utamide tolerance, see 82953)		84600 Volatiles (acetic anhydride, carbon tetrachloride,	
84447	Toxicology, screen; general	BR	dichloroethane, dichloromethane, diethylether) 45	5.0
84448	sedative (acid and neutral drugs, volatiles)	45.0	(For acetaldehyde, see 82000)	
84450	Transaminase, blood, glutamic oxaloacetic (SGOT), timed kinetic ultraviolet method	24.0		0.0
84455	colorimetric or fluorometric	20.0	84610 including total plasma and total blood cell vol- ume	0.0
84460	glutamic pyruvic (SGPT), blood timed kinetic	24.0		3.0
84465	ultraviolet	24.0 20.0	(Volume, blood, RISA or Cr-51, see 78110, 78111)	
	sferrin, see 86329)			BR BR
`		60.0		0.0
84472 84474	Trichloroethanol	60.0 36.0	84630       Zinc, quantitative, blood       100         84635       urine       100	
(Trich	aloroacetaldehyde, see 82400-82405)			BR
84476	Trifluoperazine	36.0		8.5
84478	Triglycerides, blood	30.0		0.0 0.0
(See a	also 83705)		84800 Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), neonatal 60	0.0
84479	Triiodothyronine (T-3), resin uptake			BR BR
84480	Triiodothyronine, true (TT-3), RIA	36.0		
84481	Triiodothyronine, free (FT-3), RIA (unbound T-3	BR	Note: Gas-liquid chromatography, paper chromatograph electrophoresis, nuclear medicine, enzyme immunoassay a	
84483	only)	36.0	radioimmunossay techniques are being extended constantly	for
84485	Trypsin, duodenal fluid	30.0	the analysis of many drugs, hormones and other substanc Where these methodologies are not specifically listed under t	
84488	Trypsin, feces, quantitative, 24 hour specimen	30.0 30.0	compound in question, such tests should be coded under t	
84490	*		listing for the specific general methodology. (For immunod	lif-
`	llar reabsorption of phosphate, blood and urine, see 840	002)	fusion, immunoprecipitin, and counter-immunoelectrophore	
(1000 E4			ITida 206 WAC - n A	rain!

Sintertoy Authority: RCW   1.04020(4) and 1.04.030, 30-17-0.09 (Order 87-0.09), 226-0.3-21.2, filled 7.23871, 87-0.001 (Order 87-18), 2 36-0.3-2.12, filled 7.23871, 87-0.001 (Order 87-18), 2 36-0.3-2.12, filled 7.23871, 87-0.001 (Order 87-28), 2 36-0.3-2.12, filled 8.2783. Statutory Authority: RCW   1.04.020(4), 51.04020(4), 5	methods other than enzyme and radioimmunoassay tec see immunology section.)	chniques,			Unit Value
296-22-212, filed   2/23/86, effective 4/1/86, 83-16.066 (Order 83-123), 8 296-2-312, filed   2/23/82. Statutory Authority: RVB   200-201, 829-212. filed   2/23/82. Statutory Authority: RVB   200-201, 829-23-212, filed   1/20/33/82. defective 3/1/81. Order 74-7, \$296-23-212, filed   1/20/33/80, effective 3/1/81. Order 74-7, \$296-23-212, file	(Order 89–09), § 296–23–212, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10, 16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–212, filed 7/23/87; 87–03–0	/89; 87– 005 (Or-		with written report	BR
Since   Sinc			83093		45.0
292-32-212, fixed   1/39/81, effective 3   1/38 , Order 74-7, \$262-3-212, fixed   1/39/81,   Greber 9   1/38 ,   Greber 9	23), § 296-23-212, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority	: RCW	85097		DD
### WAC 296-23-216 Hematology.  (Includes blood clotting (congulation) procedures. For blood banking procedures, see under Immunology WAC 296-23-221.)  (Agglutnins, see Immunology)  (Antiflactor (specific coagulation factors), see 35300-85341)  (Antiplasmin, see 85410)  (Antiplasmin, see 85410)  (Antiprothrombinate, see 85311)  (Antiprothrombinate, see 85310)  (Basophil count, see 85005)  (Basophil count, see 85005)  (Basophil count, see 85005)  (Board Count; basophil count, direct  (See also 85548, \$5855)  (See also 85548, \$5855)  (See also 85548, \$5855)  (For other fluids, e.g. CSF, see 89051, 89190)  (For other fluids, e.g. CSF, see 89051, 891			85100		
Sample   S		er 74–7,	(For	special stains, see 85535, 85540, 85560, 88312-88313)	
Clinetiudes blood clotting (coagulation) procedures. For blood banking procedures, see under Immunology WAC 296-23-221.)   \$100   Staining and interpretation   \$60.0   Coagulation factors), see \$5300-85341   \$100   Staining and interpretation only   \$30.0   Staining and preparation only   \$30.0   Staining and preparation only   \$30.0   Staining and preparation only   \$30.0   Coagulation factors), see \$5300-85341   \$1517   Cole byis time, whole blood dilution   \$40.0   Cole by time   \$40.0   Cole byis time, whole blood dilution   \$40.0   Cole byis time, whole blood dilution   \$40.0	\$ 270 23-212, filed 1/30/74.j				75.0
Sample   S	WAC 296-23-216 Hematology.			• •	75.0
Antifactor (specific coagulation factors), see \$300-85341   \$8109   \$8101   \$8107			,		60.0
Sample   S	(Agglutinins, see Immunology)				
(Antiphasmin, see \$5410) (Antithrambin III, see \$5300) (Basophil count, see \$5005)  (Basophil count, see \$5005, 89190)  (Basophil coun	(Antifactor (specific coagulation factors), see 85300-85341)		85170	Clot retraction screen	8.0
(Antithrombin III, see 85300) (Basophil count, see 85005) (Basophil count, see 85005) (Basophil count, see 85005) (Bod ell morphology and plate eller estimation) (Bod dell morphology only, see 85548) (Bod ell morphology and platelet estimation) (Bod dell morphology and platelet estimation) (Bod acunt hasping loant, direct	(Antiplasmin, see 85410)				
(Antithrombin III, see 85300) (Basophil count, see 85005)    Count   C	(Antiprothrombinase, see 85311)				
Comparison   Com			(Clo	otting factor I (fibrinogen), see 82730, 85371-85377)	
Source   S			85210	Clotting factor; II prothrombin, specific	40.0
Soundaries   Value   Section   Sec		Unit	(See	also 85610-85618)	
Second   Bleeding time Duke   10.0   Second				• • •	
Blood cell morphology only, see 85548	85000 Bleeding time Duke	10.0			
Responsibility   Resp	85002 Ivy or template	24.0			
Second   S	(Blood cell morphology only, see 85548)			factor IX (PTC or Christmas)	
See also 85548, 85850   See 89051, 89190   See 89180		10.0			
See also 85548, 85585   8529   factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing), screen solubility. 40.0		7.5	85280	factor XII (Hagemann)	40.0
Record   Fluids, e.g., CSF, see 89051, 89190   85292   prekallkirein assay (Fletcher factor assay)   BR 82509   differential WBC count, buffy coat   12.0   (For nasal smear, see 89180)   85300   Clotting inhibitors or anti-coagulants, anti-thrombonin III, antigen assay   BR 825014   hematocrit   8.0   85301   anti-prothrombins   40.0   85301   hemoglobin, colorimetric   8.0   85310   anti-prothrombinase   40.0   85320   hemogram, automated, and manual differential wBC (CBC)   85340   hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated partial differential WBC (CBC)   15.0   85345   Coagulation time, activated   20.0   20					
Sologo	(For other fluids, e.g., CSF, see 89051, 89190)			prekallikrein assay (Fletcher factor assay)	
Sol   Clotting inhibitors or anti-coagulants, anti-thromosophil count, direct   Sol   Sol   Sol   Additional automated, and automated hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated hemogram automated, with platelet count count (CBC)   Sol   Sol   Additional automated hemogram indices (e.g., red cell distribution with (RDW), mean platelet histogram, white blood cell (RBC) only   Sol   RBC   Sol		12.0	82393		BR
R5014   hematocrit		10.0	85300		40.0
Sol	(For nasal smear, see 89180)			antithrombin III, antigen assay	BR
Solid   Soli					
So21	,	8.0		anti-prothrombinase	40.0
indices only).  10.5   85341   PTT inhibition test   BR   85345   Coagulation time (Inkuties)   30.0   MBC count (CBC)   15.0   85345   Coagulation time (Lee and White)   30.0   MBC count (CBC)   17.0   17					
hemogram, automated, and manual differential WBC count (CBC)		10.5			
hemogram and platelet count, automated, and manual differential WBC count (CBC)	85022 hemogram, automated, and manual differential		85345	Coagulation time (Lee and White)	
manual differential WBC count (CBC)		13.0			
tomated partial differential WBC (CBC)		17.0			2.,
hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated complete differential WBC (CBC)  85027 hemogram, automated, with platelet count  85029 Additional automated hemogram indices (e.g., red cell distribution width (RDW), mean platelet volume (MPV), red blood cell histogram, platelet histogram, white blood cell histogram; one to three indices  85030 four or more indices  85031 blood count; hemogram, manual, complete CBC (RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct, differential and indices)  85041 red blood cell (RBC) only  (See also 85021–85031, 89050)  85042 reticulocyte count  (See also 85021–85031)  (Drug inhibition, clot retraction, see 85172)  (Duke bleeding time, see 85000)  (Eosinophils, microscopic examination for, in various body fluids, see 89180)  (Ethanol gel, see 85363)  85360 Euglobulin lysis  (Fetal hemoglobin, see 83030–83033, 85460)  (Fetal hemoglobin, see 83030–83033, 85460)  (Fetal hemoglobin, see 83030–83033, 85460)  85362 Fibrin degradation (split) products (FDP)(FSP); agglutination, slide  85363 ethanol gel  12.0  85364 hemagglutination inhibition (Merskey), microtiter  12.0  85364 hemagglutination inhibition (Merskey), microtiter  13.0	tomated partial differential WBC (CBC)	17.0			
hemogram, automated, with platelet count	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17.0	<u>.</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
cell distribution width (RDW), mean platelet volume (MPV), red blood cell histogram, platelet histogram, white blood cell histogram); one to three indices	85027 hemogram, automated, with platelet count	12.0	•		
histogram, white blood cell histogram); one to three indices			(Eos	inophil count, direct, see 85012)	
Second   S					luids,
85031   blood count; hemogram, manual, complete CBC (RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct, differential and indices)   16.5   85360   Euglobulin lysis	indices		see 8	39180)	·
(RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct, differential and indices)       16.5       85360       Euglobulin lysis       40.0         85041       red blood cell (RBC) only       8.0       (Fetal hemoglobin, see 83030–83033, 85460)         (See also 85021–85031, 89050)       85362       Fibrin degradation (split) products (FDP)(FSP); agglutination, slide       12.0         85044       reticulocyte count       12.0       85363       ethanol gel       10.0         85048       white blood cell (WBC)       8.0       85364       hemagglutination inhibition (Merskey), microtiter       10.0         (See also 85021–85031)       36.0		BR	(Eth		
(See also 85021–85031, 89050)  85362 Fibrin degradation (split) products (FDP)(FSP); ag- glutination, slide	(RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct, differential and indices)		85360	Euglobulin lysis	40.0
85044 reticulocyte count	· · · ·	8.0	(Fet:		
85048 white blood cell (WBC)		10.0	85362		12.0
(See also 85021–85031)  85364 hemagglutination inhibition (Merskey), microtiter				ethanol gel	
			85364		36.0
	·				

		Unit Value		Unit Value
85367 precipitation. 85368 protamine par	ophoresis	BR 18.0 BR 12.0	(See also 85618)  85612 Russell viper venom type (includes venom) 85615 Prothrombin utilization (consumption)	36.0 40.0
(Fibrinogen, quantitat	• •	12.0	85618 Prothrombin–Proconvertin, P & P (Owren)	18.0
85371 Fibrinogen, semi 85372 turbidimetric 85376 Fibrinogen; thro 85377 thrombin time 85390 Fibrinolysins, se	iquantitative; latex mbin with plasma dilution e dilution reening ontrol	40.0 22.5 24.0 36.0 20.0 BR	(Red blood cell count, see 85021, 85031, 85041)  85630 Red blood cell size (Price-Jones)	40.0 30.0 33.0
85398 Fibrinolysis, qua 85400 Fibrinolytic mec 85410 alpha-2 anti- 85420 plasminogen plasminogen,	ive Intitative Inhanisms, plasmin Indiasmin In	30.0 45.0 BR BR BR BR	(Rumpel-Leede test, see 85165)  85650 Sedimentation rate (esr) Wintrobe type	14.0 10.5 14.0
(For plasminogen activ	vator, see 85665)		(Sickling, solubility, S–D, see 83053)	
(Fragility, red blood c	ell, see 85547, 85555-85557)		(Sickling, turbidimetric (Sickledex dithionate), see 83052)	
85441 Heinz bodies; di 85445 induced, acety	rectlphonylhydrazine	9.0 19.5	(Siderocytes, see 85535) (Smears for parasites, malaria, etc., see 87207)	
(For hematocrit (pcv)	, see 85014, 85021-85031)		(Staphyloccoccal clumping test, see 85369)	
,	83020-83068, 85018-85031) al, differential lysis (Kleihauer)	26.0	85665 Streptokinase titer (plasminogen activator) 85670 Thrombin time, plasma	BR 20.0
(See also 83030, 8303		20.0	85675 titer	12.0
(Hemogram, see 8502			Pitney)	40.0 45.0
(Hemolysins, see 8600			85711 with patient's platelets	45.0 BR+
85530 Heparin-protam	nine tolerance test	60.0 60.0 18.0	(For individual clotting factors, see 85210 et seq.) 85730 Thromboplastin time, partial (PTT) plasma or whole	DK (
(Ivy bleeding time, see	e 85002)		blood	30.0 30.0
85540 Leucocyte alkali	erase) blood or bone marrow ine phosphatase tosus (LE) cell prep	30.0 20.0 20.0	(For thromboplastin inhibition test, see 85341) (For tourniquet test, see 85165)	
(Lysozyme, see 85549	)		85810 Viscosity, blood	40.0
85548 Morphology of 85549 Muramidase, se	gility, RBCred blood cells, onlyrumy, RBC;	30.0 9.0 52.0 15.0	85820 serum or plasma	40.0 BR
85556 incubated, qu	alitativeantitative	18.0 60.0	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-(Order 89-09), \$ 296-23-216, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/16-004 (Order 87-18), \$ 296-23-216, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-0	89; 87– 32 (Or-
•	in time, see 85730–85732)		der 86–19), § 296–23–216, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Stathority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3).	
•	malaria smears, see 87207)		041 (Order 81–28), \$ 296–23–216, filed 11/30/81, effective 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–23–216, filed 12/23/80, or	
85560 Peroxidase stain	, WBC	15.0	3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-216, filed 1/30/74. Formerly	
(Plasmin, see 85400)			296–23–210.]	
(Plasminogen, see 854	20)		WAC 296-23-221 Immunology.	
(Plasminogen activato	or, see 85665)		(Includes serology, immuno-hematology and blood banking)	
	veness (in vivo)	45.0	(Acetylcholine antireceptor antibody, see 86685)	
	in vitro), any agentvitro), glass bead	BR 30.0	(Acid hemolysins, see 86281)	
85580 Platelet, count (	(Rees-Ecker)smear, only	14.0 10.0	(Actinomycosis, see 86000–86009)	
(See also 85007)	•		(Adrenal cortex antibodies, RIA, see 86681)	# 1 · *·
85590 phase microso 85595 electronic tec	copyhnique	20.0 20.0 16.0	86000 Agglutinins febrile, each antigen	Unit Value 14.0
		_	[Title 296 WAC-	
(1989 Ed.)			[1 tile 296 WAC-	—B -018]

	Unit Value		Unit Value
86002 febrile panel (typhoid O & H, paratyphoid A	&	(A	(* <b>)</b>
B, brucella and Proteus OX-19		(Autoantibodies, see specific an	
(Agglutinins and autohemolysins, see 86004, 8601)		(Blastomycosis, see 86006–8600	,
86281–86283, 86006–86009)	1-00013,	cludes typing and antib	ete standard technique, in- ody screening of recipient 60.0
(Agglutinins, auto, see 86282–86283, 86011, 86013)		86069 each additional unit	45.0
(Agglutinins, cold, see 86006, 86013, 86282, 86283) (Alpha–1 antitrypsin, see 86329)		86073 screening for compatib	e technique
(Alpha-1 feto-protein, see 86329)			
(Anti-AChR (acetylcholine receptor) antibody titer, see	86685)	(For enzyme technique, see 860	18)
86006 Antibody, qualitative, not otherwise specified; first antigen, slide or tube	. 12.0	globulin), includes recipi	only (plasma, Rh immune ent and donor typing and init
86008 Antibody, quantitative titer, not otherwise specified first antigen	i;		27.0
86009 each additional antigen	. 12.0	(For incompatibility problems, 86026, 86031-86035, 86068-86	see 86004, 86011-86014, 86016-076)
86012 Antibody absorption, cold auto absorption; per se rum	<b>&gt;-</b>	(For typing, antibody screening see 86017)	and blood in lieu of crossmatch,
(For elution, see 86019)		(For blood transfusion, see 3640	00–36460, 36510, 36660)
86013 differential	. 45.0	and/or evaluation of irre	rvices; difficult crossmatch gular antibody(s), interpre-
antihuman globulin technique		86078 investigation of transfu	BR sion reaction including susdisease, interpretation and
with ABO + Rh(D) typing (for holding blood in stead of complete crossmatch)		86079 authorization for devia	BR standard blood
86018 enzyme technique including antihuman globulin 86019 elution, any method	. 17.0	transfusion of RH inco	g., use of outdated blood, mpatible units), with writ-
86021 Antibody identification; leukocyte antibodies	. 60.0		BR 12.0
86022 platelet antibodies		86082 ABO and Rho(D)	
86024 RBC antibodies (8-10 cell panel) standard techniques	<b>)-</b>	86095 Blood typing, RBC anti	gens other than ABO or nique, each antigen 10.5
86026 RBC antibodies (8-10 cell panel), with enzym technique including antihuman globulin	е	86096 direct, slide or tube, in	nique, each antigen 10.5 cluding Rh subtypes, each 10.5
(For absorption and elution, see 86012-86013, 86019)		86100 Blood typing; Rho(D) onl	y
saline or high protein, each (Rh, AB, etc.)	. 12.0	(For Rho variant Du, see 86095	
(Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, use 86235)		•	lin testing (Rhogam type) 68.0
(Anti-DNA, see 86225) (Antideoxyribonuclease titer, see 86215)		86120 special (Kell, Duffy, etc.)	c.) BR d storage of predeposited
86031 Antihuman globulin test; direct (Coombs) 1–3 dilu		autologous whole blood or	components BR
tions	. 12.0		sing for transfusion of od BR
nongamma, each)	. 15.0	(For therapeutic phlebotomy, se	e 99195)
each)	. 12.0	(Bovine milk antibody, see 8600	8, 86009)
86034 enzyme technique, qualitative		(Brucellosis, see 86000–86002, 8	
(For antibody detection (screening), see 86016, 86017)		86140 C-reactive protein	20.0
86038 Antinuclear antibodies (ANA), RIA	. 55.0	(Candidiasis, see 86008)	
(Antinuclear antibodies, fluorescent technique, see 86255,	86256)	86151 RIA or EIA	; gel diffusion
(Antistreptococcal antibody, anti-DNAse, see 86215)		86155 Chemotaxis assay, specify	
(Antistreptokinase titer, see 86590)		(Coccidioidomycosis, see 86006-	-86009, 86490)
86060 Antistreptolysin O titre		(Cold agglutinin or hemolysin, s	
86064 Antitrypsin, alpha-1; RIA	. 20.0		52.0 52.0
86066 Pi (Protease inhibitor) typing		86162 total (CH 50)	70.0 BR
(Autoagglutinins, see 86282, 86283)		•	BR
[Title 296 WAC—p 412]			(1989 Ed.)

For complement fractions, quantitative, see 863290		Unit Value	Unit Value
Section   Sect	(For example, see the second s		
Combit test, see 86031-86035   Se035   Counter-electrophoresis, each antigen		40.0	
Hintoplasmosis, see 86009-86079   Hintoplasmosis, see 86009-86079	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40.0	
(For HAA, see 86287) (Crystpococcisis, see 86078, 86098, 86098, 86255, 86256) 86215 Deoxyribonucless, see 86008, 86099, 86255, 86256) (Direct antiglobulin test (Coombo), see 86013) (Donath-Landsteiner screen, see 86008, 86099) (Dray sensitization, RBC, see 860035) (Erbinococcosis, see 86171, 86280, 86009) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86401)  86213 Enveryation, RBC, see 860128-860139) (For HV antibody tests, see 86312-86314) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86401)  86223 Er creeptor assay, specify method BR (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86401)  86234 Feco-protici, alpha—I, Alfa or ElA.  86255 Fluorecent antibody, screen.  24.0  86256 Fluorecent antibody, screen.  24.0  86256 For particle tendingue for antigen identification in tissue, see 83146)  86267 With freezing and collection;  878 86266 with having BR 86267 with freezing and thaving BR 86267 with freezing and collection;  878 86268 With reading and collection;  878 86269 With reading and collection;  878 86260 With rapid and thaving BR 86260 with having BR 86260 with ha			pig kidney
(Crossmatch, see 86068-86076) (Cryptococcosis, see 86008, 86009, 86255, 86256) (Cryptococcosis, see 86008, 86009, 86255, 86256) 86215 Deoxyribonucleiae, antibody 36.0 86215 Deoxyribonucleiae antibody 36.0 86216 Deoxyribonucleiae, antibody 36.0 86217 Deoxyribonucleiae, antibody 36.0 (Dreat antiglobalin test (Comba), ase 86011) (Donath-Landsteiner screen, see 86008, 86009) (Dreg sensitization, RRC, see 86025) (Dreg sensitization, RRC, see 86025) (Cre particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, see 8618-8613) (For HIV antibody tests, see 86312-86314) (Rosinophits, nausl meers, use 89190) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, see 86235 Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each 86243 For exceptor assay, specify method 86243 For exceptor assay, specify method 86244 Feto-protoin, alpha-1, RIA or E1A. 97.0 (Fillariasis, see 86250) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen or antibody cach antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each 86243 For exceptor assay, specify method 86244 Feto-protoin, alpha-1, RIA or E1A. 97.0 (Fillariasis, see 86250) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen or antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each 86243 Feto-protoin, alpha-1, RIA or E1A. 97.0 (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen or antibody cach antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each 86243 Feto-protoin, alpha-1, RIA or E1A. 97.0 (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen or antibody cach cach antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each 86243 Feto-protoin, alpha-1, RIA or E1A. 97.0 (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen or antibody cach cach antibody to specific nuclear antigen and cache cache antibody to specific nuclear antigen and cache cache antibody cache antibody to specific nuclear antigen and cache cache antibody cache antibody cache antibody to specific nuclear antigen and cache cache antibody cache		24.0	(Histoplasmosis, see 86006-86009, 86171)
Cryptococcosis, see 86008, 86009, 86255, 86256    Re212D Dooxyribonucleic and (DNA) antibody	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(HLA typing, see 86597)
86215 Deoxyribonuclease, antibody 86215 Deoxyribonuclease, antibody 86216 Deoxyribonuclease, antibody 86216 Deoxyribonuclease, antibody 86217 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86218 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86218 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86219 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86210 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86210 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86210 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86211 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86212 Antibody 86213 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86213 Deoxyribonuclease and (DNA) and (DNA) 86223 Filtonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86235 Filtonuclease and (DNA) antibody 86236 Method (DNA) and (DNA) and (DNA) 86236 Method (DNA) and (DNA) and (DNA) and (DNA) 86236 Method (DNA) and (DNA)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Direct antighobalin test (Coomba), see 86031) (Direct antighobalin test (Coomba), see 86031) (Dorault-andiscine screen, see 8608, 8609) (Drug sensitization, RBC, see 86035) (Drug sensitization, RBC, see 86035) (Echinococcosis, see 86171, 86280, 86000) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, any method, each antigen, any method, ea	(Cryptococcosis, see 86008, 86009, 86255, 86256)		
(Donath-Landsteiner screen, see 86098, 86009) (Drug sensitization, RBC, see 86015) (Echinococcosis, see 86171, 86280, 86500) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403) (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, encorating in infectious agent antigen, encorating infectious agent antigen, encorating in infectious agent antigen, encorating infectious agent antigen, encoration, encoration, encoration, each of the part of the p			86314 confirmatory test (e.g., Western blot) BR
Core   Content	(Direct antiglobulin test (Coombs), see 86031)		(Human growth hormone antibody, RIA, see 86277)
(Echinococcosis, see 86171, 86280, 86500)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutination antigen, use 86403)   (For particle agglutin	(Donath-Landsteiner screen, see 86008, 86009)		
(For particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent, use 86403)  (For HIV antibody tests, see 86312–86314)  (Eosinophils, nasal smear, use 89190)  86233 Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each	(Drug sensitization, RBC, see 86035)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
100.0   100.	(Echinococcosis, see 86171, 86280, 86500)		body, each BR
Resident	` i ee .	nt, use	
(For cerulpolasmin by chemical method, see 83290) (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86244 Fete-protein, alpha-1, RIA or EIA 57.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86255 Florescent antibody; screen 42.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Fete-protein, alpha-1, RIA or EIA 57.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86255 Florescent antibody; screen 42.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 862565 Florescent antibody; screen 42.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 862567 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 86255 Florescent antibody; screen 36.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 88346) (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; screen 36.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; screen 36.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; screen 36.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; screen 36.0 (For exceptor assay, specify method BR 86256 Florescent antibody; for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; for proximal antigen for antigen identification in tissue, see 88336 Florescent antibody; for feezing, each unit including processing and antigen for freezing, each unit including processing and antigen for freezing, each unit including processing and antigen for freezing, each unit including processing and antibody (For exceptor) BR 883333 Florescent antibody; (For parassay) Florescent antibody; (For parassay) Florescent for antibody for feezing, each unit including processing and antibody for feezing and that for antibody for feezing and feezing for feezing for feezing for feezing for feezing for f	(For HIV antibody tests, see 86312-86314)		
86235 Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method, each each each each each each each each	(Eosinophils, nasal smear, use 89190)		(plate) 100.0
Security	86235 Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method,		other fluids (e.g., urine) with concentration, each
Section   Sect			
(Filariasis, see 86280) 86255 Fluorescent antibody; screen. 24.0 863626 titler. 36.0 (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 83346)  (IgE, RIA, see 82785; RIST, see 86423)  (IgE,			
86255 Fluorescent antibody; screen         24.0 (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 86256 (Fluorescent technique for antigen identification in tissue, see 86265 Frozen blood, preparation for freezing, each unit including processing and collection;         88 8626 (For ceruloplasmin by chemical method, see 83290)         (Itles RIA, see 82785; RIST, see 86423)	(Filariasis, see 86280)		
For ceruloplasmin by chemical method, see 83290	86255 Fluorescent antibody; screen	24.0	
Second   S	86256 titer	36.0	
Secondary   Content   Co	•	ue, see	(For ceruloplasmin by chemical method, see 83290)
BR			(IgE, RIA, see 82785; RIST, see 86423)
86266 with thawing         BR         86333 Raji cell         BR           86267 with freezing and thawing         BR         86334 Immunofixation electrophoresis         BR           (FTA, see 86650)         (Go grouping, see 86335)         (Insulin antibody, see 86016)         BR           (Gel (agar) diffusion tests, see 86335)         86337 Insulin antibodies, RIA         BR           (Gor grouping, see 86335)         86330 Insulin antibodies, RIA         32.0           86277 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA         BR         (Intrinsic factor antibodies, RIA         32.0           86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g., rubella, viral)         24.0         46.0         (Intrinsic factor, antibody (fluorescent), see 86255, 86256)         (Inv grouping, see 86335)           86281 Hemolysins, acid (for paroxysmal hemoglobinuria) (Ham test)         24.0         46.0         (Le cell preparation, see 86003         (Le cell preparation, see 86005, 86007, 86255, 86256)         (Let cell preparation, see 86006, 86007, 86255, 86256)         (Let cell preparation, see 86008, 86007, 86255, 86256)         (Let cell preparation, see 86013, 86021)         (Let		BR	86332 Immune complex assay; Clq binding cell BR
(FTA, see 86650) (Gc grouping, see 86335) (Gel (agar) diffusion tests, see 86331) (Gm grouping, see 86335)  86277 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA. BR (Ham test, see 86281)  86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g., rubella, viral).  86281 Hemolysins and agglutinins, auto, screen, each; 30.0  86282 Hemolysins and agglutinins, auto, screen, each; 30.0  86283 incubated with glucose (e.g., ATP) 75.0 (Cold, see 86006–86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)  86286 Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>8</sub> Ag) (Australian antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA 186289  86288 Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>6</sub> Ag), RIA or EIA 186290  86298 Hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86299 Hepatitis B eniten (HB <sub>8</sub> Ag), (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86299 IgM antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86299 IgM antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86299 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86390 IgG antibody (HBAAb), (e.g			
(Gc grouping, see 86335) (Gel (agar) diffusion tests, see 86331) (Gm grouping, see 86335) (Gm grouping, see 86335)  86277 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA  86278 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA  86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), cach (e.g., rubella, viral)  86281 Hemolysins, acid (for paroxysmal hemoglobinuria) (Ham test)  (Ham test)  (Cold, see 86006–86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)  86287 Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB,Ag) (Australian antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA  (For gel diffusion technique, see HAI, 86280)  86288 Hepatitis B core antigen (HB,Ag), RIA  86290 Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core antibody (HB,Ab), RIA or EIA  EAR Hepatitis B core ant		bk	
(Gel (agar) diffusion tests, see 86331) (Gm grouping, see 86335) (Gm grouping, see 86335)  86287 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA (Ham test, see 86281)  86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), cach (e.g., rubella, viral) (Ham test) (Leatca fixation, see 86403) (Le cell preparation, see 85544) (Le tell preparation, see 85544) (Le tell preparation, see 86055, 86256) (Le tell preparation, see 86055, 86256) (Le tell speaparation, see 86013, 86251 (Le tell preparation, see 86035 (Le tell preparation, see 86035 (Le tell preparation, see 86035 (Le tell preparation,			(Insulin antibody, see 86016)
Gm grouping, see 86335   S6340 Intrinsic factor antibodies, RIA   32.0			
86277 Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA BR  (Ham test, see 86281)  86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g., rubella, viral) 60.0  86281 Hemolysins, acid (for paroxysmal hemoglobinuria) (Ham test) 24.0  86282 Hemolysins and agglutinins, auto, screen, each; 30.0  86283 incubated with glucose (e.g., ATP) 75.0  (Cold, see 86006–86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)  86287 Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>8</sub> Ag) (Australian antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA 86280  (For gel diffusion technique, see HAI, 86280)  86288 Hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), RIA or EIA BR 86290 IgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA), BR 86291 Hepatitis B aurface antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86294 Hepatitis Be antibody (HB <sub>8</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86298 IgG antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86299 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86399 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86399 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86399 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA) BR 86390 IgM antibody (HAAb), (e.g.,			
(Ham test, see 86281)  86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g., rubella, viral)		DD.	·
86280 Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g., rubella, viral)		BK	
rubella, viral)			
Hemolysins, acid (for paroxysmal hemoglobinuria) (Ham test)			
Hemolysins and agglutinins, auto, screen, each; 30.0 (Leptospirosis, see 86006-86009, 86171)  (Cold, see 86006-86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)  86287 Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>s</sub> Ag) (Australian antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA	86281 Hemolysins, acid (for paroxysmal hemoglobinuria)		
Cold, see 86006-86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)   Cleukoagglutinins, see 86013, 86021)			
86287 Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>s</sub> Ag) (Australian antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA  (For gel diffusion technique, see HAI, 86280)  86288 Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA  86289 Hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA or EIA  86290 IgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)  86291 Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)  86293 Hepatitis B e antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86295 Hepatitis B e antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86296 Hepatitis B e antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86297 Hepatitis B antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86298 IgG antibody  86299 IgM antibody  86299 IgM antibody  86299 IgM antibody  86376 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  86343 Leukocyte histamine release test (LHR)  86344 Leukocyte phagocytosis  86344 Leukocyte phagocytosis  86345 Lymphocyte culture, see 86353)  86353 Lymphocyte transformation, spontaneous blastogenesis or phytomitogen (phytohemagglutinin, PHA) or other mitogen culture (MC) (e.g., tuberculin, candida)  86357 Lymphocytes; T & B differentiation  86358 B-cell evaluation  86376 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  86376 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  86376 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(Leptospirosis, see 86006–86009, 86171)
antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA  (For gel diffusion technique, see HAI, 86280)  86288 Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA  86289 Hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA or EIA  86290 lgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)  86291 Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86293 Hepatitis B e antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86294 Hepatitis B e antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86295 Hepatitis B e antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86296 Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA)  86297 lgM antibody  86398 lgG antibody  86399 lgM antibody  86399 lgM antibody  86396 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  86344 Leukocyte phagocytosis  86344 Leukocyte phagocytosis  86349 Leukocyte transfusion (leukapheresis)  86349 Leukocyte transformation, spontaneous blastogenesis or phytomitogen (phytohemagglutinin, PHA) or other mitogen culture (MC) (e.g., tuberculin, candida)  86357 Lymphocytes; T & B differentiation  86358 B-cell evaluation  86359 B-cell evaluation  86350 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  863636 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA  863636 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA	(Cold, see 86006-86009, warm 86004, acid 86281)		(Leukoagglutinins, see 86013, 86021)
(Lymphocyte culture, see 86353)  86288 Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA			86344 Leukocyte phagocytosis BR
Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA	(For gel diffusion technique, see HAI, 86280)		
86290 lgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)			
EIÀ, RPHA)	86290 lgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)		blastogenesis or phytomitogen (phytohemagglutinin, PHA) or other mitogen culture (MC) (e.g., tuber-
86295 Hepatitis Be antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), (e.g., RIA, EIA)	EIÂ, RPHA)		,,,
86296       Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA)       BR       (Malaria, see 87207)         86298       lgG antibody       BR       BR         86299       lgM antibody       BR       86376       Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA       BR			
86299 lgM antibody	86296 Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), (e.g., RIA, EIA)		(Malaria, see 87207)
100 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	86299 lgM antibody		86376 Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA BR
	•		[Title 296 WAC—p 413]

	Unit Value	Unit Value
86377 other method (specify)		86650 Treponema antibodies, fluorescent, absorbed (FTA-abs)
(Milk antibody, anti-bovine, see 86008-860	•	86662 Treponema pallidum test, other, specify (e.g., TPIA, TPA, TPMB, TPCF, RPCF)
(Mitochondrial antibody, liver, see 86255)	. ,	(Trichinosis, see 86006–86009)
(Mononucleosis screening slide, see 86006-	86007)	
86382 Neutralization test, viral	BR	(Trypanosomiasis, see 86171, 86280)
86384 Nitroblue tetrazolium dye test (NTD	) BR	(Tuberculosis, see 86580, 86585, 87116–87118, 87190)
(Ouchterlony diffusion, see 86331)		(Vaccinia immune globulin, see 90742)
(Parietal cell antibody, see 86255, 86256)		(VDRL, see 86592)
86385 Paternity testing, ABO + Rh factor		(Viral antibodies, see 86171, 86280, 86382)
individual)		(Visceral larval migrans, see 86280)
(Penicillin antibody RBC, see 86035)		(Warm agglutinins, see 86004)
(Platelet antibodies (agglutinins), see 86014		86681 Adrenal cortex antibodies, RIA
(Platelet associated immunoglobulin assay,	see 86023)	86800 Thyroglobulin antibody, RIA
86403 Particle agglutination, rapid test for i	nfectious agent	TISSUE TYPING
antigen, each antigen		(For pretransplant crossmatch, use appropriate code(s))
86405 Precipitin test for blood (species ident (Pregnancy test, see 84702, 84703, 86006-8	·	86805 Lymphocytotoxicity assay, visual crossmatch; with
		titration
86421 Radioallergosorbent test in vitro allergen-specific IgE (e.g., RAST, I		86807 Serum screening for cytotoxic percent reactive anti- body (PRA); standard method BR
IP, PRIST, etc.); up to 5 tests		body (PRA); standard method
86423 . Radioimmunosorbent test (RIST) IgE		(86810 has been deleted)
(Rapid plasma reagin test (RPR), see 8659	2)	86812 Tissue typing; HLA typing, A, B, or C (e.g., A10,
86430 Rheumatoid factor latex fixation	12.0	B7, B27), single antigen BR
(RIST, see 86423)		86813 HLA typing, A, B, and/or C (e.g., A10, B7, B27), multiple antigens
(RPR, see 86592)		86816 HLA typing, DR, single antigen BR 86817 HLA typing, DR, multiple antigen BR
(Rubella, CF, see 86171; HAI, see 86280)		86821 Lymphocyte culture, mixed (MLC) BR
(Serologic test for syphilis (STS), see 86171	, 86592, 86593)	86822 Lymphocyte culture, primed (PLC) BR 86999 Unlisted immunology procedure BR
86455 Skin test; anergy testing, one or more		[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039
86490 coccidioidomycosis		(Order 89-09), § 296-23-221, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-
86540 mumps	20.0	16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-221, filed 7/23/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-221, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-
86580 tuberculosis, intradermal 86585 tuberculosis, tine test		066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-221, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority:
(For skin tests for allergy testing, see 95		RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-24-041 (Order 81-28), § 296-23-221, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81-01-100
section)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(Order 80–29), § 296–23–221, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–7, § 296–23–221, filed 1/30/74.]
(Smooth muscle antibody, see 86255, 86256	<b>5)</b>	74-1, § 270-25-221, Incu 1/30/74.]
(Sporotrichosis, see 86006-86009)		WAC 296-23-224 Microbiology.
86590 Streptokinase, antibody	27.0	Unit
(Streptolysin O antibody, see antistreptolysi	n O, 86060-86061)	Value
(Streptobacillus, see 86008, 86009)		(Includes bacteriology, mycology, parasitology and virology)
86592 Syphilis, test; qualitative (e.g., VDRL quantitative		87001 Animal inoculation, small animal; with observation . 36.0 with observation and dissection
(Tetanus, see 86280)		87015 Concentration (any type) for parasites, ova or tuber- cle bacillus (T.B. AFB)
(Thyroglobulin antibody, see 86006-86009,	86171)	87040 Culture, bacterial, definitive blood; includes anaero-
(Thyroglobulin antibody, RIA, see 86800)		bic screen       48.0         87045       stool       25.0
(Thyroglobulin RIA, use 86318)		87060 throat or nose
86594 Thyroid autoantibodies		
86595 Tissue; culture		(For urine, see 87086–87088)
(For CF, see 86171; IFA, see 86255, 86256)		87072 Culture or direct bacterial identification method, each organism, by commercial kit, any source except
86630 Transfer factor test (TFT)		urine
, ,	DR	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
[Title 296 WAC—p 414]		(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value			Unit Value
		Value			Value
87076	definitive identification each anaerobic organism including gas chromatography	60.0	(For	complex special stains, see 88312-88313)	
87081	Culture, bacterial, screening only, for single organ-		(For	fat, meat, fibers, nasal eosinophils, and starch, see mis	scella-
87082	isms	15.0		s section)	
07002	ing only, by commercial kit (specify type); for single		87210	wet mount with simple stain, for bacteria, fungi,	
07003	organisms	BR	87211	ova, and/or parasites  wet and dry mount, for ova and parasites	12.0 18.0
87083 87084	multiple organisms	BR BR	87220	Tissue examination for fungi (e.g., KOH slide)	BR
87085	with colony count	BR	87230	Toxin or antitoxin assay, tissue culture (e.g.,	
87086	Culture, bacterial, urine; quantitative, colony count.	15.0	87250	clostridium difficile toxin)	BR
87087 87088	commercial kitidentification, in addition to quantitative or com-	12.0	67230	eggs, or small animal, includes observation and dis-	
	mercial kit	12.0	05050	section	12.0
87101 87102	Culture, fungi, isolation; skin	15.0 18.0	87252 87253	tissue culture, innoculation and observation tissue culture, additional studies (e.g.,	12.0
87102	blood	BR	07200	hemadsorption, neutralization) each isolate	6.0
87106	Culture, fungi, definitive identification of each fun-		(For	electron microscopy, see 88348)	
87109	gus	30.0 75.0	•	,	no. :-
87110	Culture, Chlamydia	BR		inclusion bodies in tissue sections, see 88304-8830 ars, see 87207-87210; in fluids, see 88106)	99; III
87116	Culture, tubercle or other acid-fast bacilli (e.g., TB,	40.0		Unlisted microbiology procedure	BR
87117	AFB, mycobacteria); any source, isolation only concentration plus isolation	18.0 30.0			
87118	culture, mycobacteria, definitive identification of	50.0		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-89-09), § 296-23-224, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/	
	each organism	30.0		(Order 87–18), § 296–23–224, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–0	
87140 87143	Culture, typing fluorescent method each antiserum . gas liquid chromatography (GLC) method	20.0 45.0		-19), § 296-23-224, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. S	
87145	phage method	40.0		ity: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). order 81-28), § 296-23-224, filed 11/30/81, effective	
87147	serological method agglutination grouping, per			100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–224, filed 12/23/80, 6	
87151	antiserum serologic method, speciation	20.0 20.0	3/1/81	; Order 74-7, § 296-23-224, filed 1/30/74. Former!	
87155	precipitin method, grouping, per antiserum	12.0	296–23	-205.j	
87158	other methods	20.0	W/A	AC 296-23-228 Anatomic pathology.	
87163	Culture, any source, additional identification methods required (use in addition to primary culture		. ** 7	AC 270-25-220 Anatomic pathology.	** **
	code)	BR			Unit Value
87164	Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, va-	60.0			
87166	ginal, oral, skin); includes specimen collection without collection	60.0 30.0	POSTN	MORTEM EXAMINATION	
87174	Endotoxin, bacterial pyrogens; chemical	24.0		cedures 88000 through 88099 represent physician se	rvices
87175 87176	biological assay (e.g., Limulus lystate)homogenization, tissue, for culture	BR 15.0	only.	See modifier -90 for outside laboratory services.)	
87177	Ova and parasites, direct smears, concentration and	15.0	88000	Necropsy (autopsy) without CNS, gross examina-	400.0
	identification	36.0	88005	tion only	400.0 500.0
(Indi	vidual smears and procedures, see 87015, 87208-87211)		88007	with brain and spinal cord	600.0
	chrome, iron hemotoxylin and other special stains, see 88.	312)	88012	infant with brain	300.0
-		,	88014 88016	stillborn or newborn with brain macerated stillborn	300.0 400.0
87178	Microbial identification, nucleic acid probes, each probe used	BR	88020	Necropsy (autopsy) without CNS, gross and micro-	
(For	nucleic acid probes in cytologic material, use 88365)	***	88025	scopic examination	0.008
	,		88023 88027	with brain and spinal cord	900.0 1000.0
87181	Sensitivity studies antibiotic, agar diffusion method, per antibiotic	40.0	88028	infant with brain	700.0
87184	disc method, per plate (12 or less discs)	24.0	88029	stillborn or newborn with brain	700.0
87186	microtiter, minimum inhibitory concentration	45.0	88036	Necropsy (autopsy), limited, gross and/or microscopic; regional	BR
87187	(MIC), any number of antibiotics	45.0	88037	single organ	BR+
	in addition to 87186 or 87188)	BR	88040 88045	Necropsy (autopsy); forensic examination coroner's call	BR BR
87188	macrotube dilution method, each antibiotic  Sensitivity study of tubercle bacillus, (TB, AFB),	30.0	88099	Unlisted necropsy (autopsy) procedure	BR
87190	each drug	60.0			
87192	fungi, each drug	BR	CYTO	PATHOLOGY	
87197 87205	Serum bactericidal titer (Schlicter test) Smear, primary source, with interpretation; routine	BR	88104	Cytopathology, fluids, washings or brushings, with	
0/203	stain for bacteria, fungi, or cell types	12.0	001U <del>4</del>	centrifugation except cervical or vaginal; smears	
87206	fluorescent and/or acid fast stain for bacteria,		00100	with interpretation	45.0
87207	fungi, or cell typesspecial stain for inclusion bodies or intracellular	18.0	88106 88107	filter method only with interpretation smears and filter preparation with interpretation.	45.0 60.0
0/20/	parasites (e.g., malaria, kala azar, herpes)	24.0	88108	concentration technique, smears and interpreta-	00.0
87208	direct or concentrated, dry, for ova and parasites.	12.0		tion (e.g., Saccomanno technique)	BR
(For	concentration, see 87015; complete examination, see 871	77)	(For	cervical or vaginal smears, see 88150)	
(1989 E	1.)			[Title 296 WAC-	-p 415)

	Unit Value	Unit Value
(For gastric intubation with lavage, see 89130–89141, 91055) (For x-ray localization, see 74340)  88125 Cytopathology, forensic (e.g., sperm)	75.0 40.0 40.0 BR BR 40.0 36.0 BR	Salar   Count 5 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding   BR
		WAC 296-23-231 Anatomic pathology.
88170 Fine needle aspiration with or without preparation of smears; superficial tissue (e.g., thyroid, breast, prostate)	BR	Unit Value
(For percutaneous needle biopsy, see 60100 for thyroid, 19100 breast, 55700 for prostate)	) for	SURGICAL PATHOLOGY
88171 deep tissue under radiologic guidance	BR	(Procedures 88300 through 88399 include accession, handling and reporting)
(For CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for ultrasonic guidance, 76942, 76943; for fluoroscopic guidance use 76000) (For percutaneous needle biopsy, see 32405 for lung, 47000)		NOTE: Only one of the numbers 88300-88309 should be used in reporting specimens (single or multiple) that are removed during a single surgical procedure.
liver, 48102 for pancreas, 49180 for abdominal or retroperito mass)  88172 Evaluation of fine needle aspirate with or without preparation of smears; immediate cytohistologic study to determine adequacy of specimen(s)		88300 Surgical pathology, gross examination only
CYTOGENETIC STUDIES		(For fine needle aspiration, preparation, and interpretation of
(For acetylcholinesterase, see 82013)		smears, see 88170-88173)
(For alpha-fetoprotein, Serum or amniotic fluid, see 86244)  88230 Tissue culture for chromosome analysis; lymphocyte 88233 skin or other solid tissue biopsy	BR BR BR BR	<ul> <li>88311 Decalcification procedure. (List separately in addition to code for surgical pathology examination) 12.0</li> <li>88312 Special stains (list separately in addition to code for surgical pathology examination); Group I for microorganisms, (e.g., Gridley, acid fast, methena-</li> </ul>
88239 other tissue	BR	mine silver), each
with banding (e.g., Bloom syndrome)	BR	(For immunocytochemistry and immunoperoxidase tissue studies, use 88342)
mia)	BR BR	88314 Histochemical staining with frozen section(s) BR 88317 Interpretation and report by treating physician of previously diagnosed histologic slide (without con-
88260 Chromosome analysis for fragile X associated with		sultation) BR
fragile X-linked mental retardation; score 100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding	BR	88318 Determinative histochemistry to identify chemical components (e.g., copper, zinc) BR
[Title 296 WACp 416]		(1989 Ed.)

		Unit Value
88319	Determinative histochemistry or cytochemistry to identify enzyme constituents, each	BR
88321	Consultation and report on referred slides prepared elsewhere	BR
88323	Consultation and report on referred material requiring preparation of slides	BR
88325	Consultation, comprehensive, with review of records and specimens, with report on referred material	BR
88329	Consultation during surgery	BR
88331	with frozen section(s), single specimen	90.0
88332	each additional tissue block with frozen section(s)	30.0
88342	Immunocytochemistry (including tissue immunoperoxidase), each antibody	BR
88346	Immunofluorescent study, each antibody	BR
88348	Electron microscopy; diagnostic	BR
88349	scanning	BR
88355 88356	Morphometric analysis; skeletal muscle	BR BR
88358	tumor	, BR
88362	Nerve teasing preparations	BR
(For 8506	physician interpretation of peripheral blood smear 50)	, use
88365	Tissue in situ hybridization, interpretation and report	BR
88399	Unlisted surgical pathology procedure	BR
	tory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-89-09), § 296-23-231, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/8	
WA	AC 296-23-232 Miscellaneous.	
		Unit Value
89050	Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (except blood)	
	(e.g., CSF, joint fluid, etc.)	12.0
89051 89060	with differential count	20.0
07000	lens analysis, synovial fluid	BR
89100	Duodenal intubation and aspiration single specimen (e.g., simple bile study or afferent loop culture) plus	
00105	appropriate test procedure	40.0
89105	collection of multiple fractional specimens, with pancreatic or gallbladder stimulation, single or	pp.
	double lumen tube	BR
•	chemical analyses, see Chemistry and Toxicology)	
(For	electrocardiogram, see 93000-93279)	
	radiological localization, see 74340)	
(Eso	phagus acid perfusion test (Bernstein), see 91030)	
89125 89130	Fat stain, feces, urine, sputum	15.0
	specimen, for chemical analyses or cytopathology	20.0
89132	after stimulation	45.0
89135	Gastric intubation, aspiration, and fractional collec- tions; for one hour (e.g., gastric secretory study)	60.0
89136	two hours	90.0
89140	two hours including gastric stimulation (e.g.,	1050
89141	histalog, pentagastrin)three hours, including gastric stimulation	105.0 120.0
(For	gastric lavage, therapeutic, see 96150)	
(For	radiologic localization of gastric tube, see 74340)	
(For	chemical analyses, see 82926-82932)	
(For section	joint fluid chemistry, see Chemistry and Toxicology on)	this
(1989 E	4)	

		Unit Value
89160 89190 89205	Meat fibers, feces  Nasal smear for eosinophils  Occult blood, any source except feces	12.0 BR 10.5
(Occ	cult blood, feces, see 82270)	
(Pate	ernity tests, see 86385, 86386)	
89300 89310 89320	Semen analysis, presence and/or sperm motility including Huhner test	12.0 40.0 80.0
(For	skin test, see 86455-86585 and 95005-95199)	
89325	Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test	BR
(For	medicolegal identification of sperm, see 88125)	
89329 89330	Sperm evaluation; hamster penetration test cervical mucus penetration test, with or without spinn barkeit test	BR BR
(For	complete spinal fluid examination, see 89070)	
89350 89355 89360	Sputum, obtaining specimen, aerosol induced technique (separate procedure)	20.0 10.5 BR
(For	chloride and sodium analysis, see 82437, 84295)	
(Tiss	ue culture, see 86595)	
(Tiss	sue typing, see 86810–86822)	
89365 89399	Water load test	BR BR
(Order 16-004 der 86- Author 100 (O	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–89–09), § 296–23–232, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/6 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–232, filed 7/23/87; 86–06–0-19), § 296–23–232, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Stity: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). order 80–29), § 296–23–232, filed 12/23/80, effective 74–7, § 296–23–232, filed 1/30/74.]	89; 87– 32 (Or- tatutory 81–01–

# DENTAL

WAC 296-23-412 General information and instructions. (1) The department or self-insurer is responsible only for repair or replacement of teeth injured or prosthodontics broken as a result of an industrial injury.

- (2) Information pertaining to industrial claims is explained in WAC 296-20-010.
- (3) Information pertaining to reports of accident is outlined in WAC 296-20-025.
- (4) Information pertaining to the care of injured workers is explained in WAC 296-20-110.
- (5) An estimate of cost is not needed prior to authorization of dental work unless indicated due to the extensive nature of the dental work. The department or self-insurer reserves the right to review all charges billed.
- (6) Billing instructions are listed in WAC 296-20-125. Bills for services must be itemized, specifying tooth numbers and materials used. No services will be paid on rejected or closed claims except those rendered in conjunction with a reopening application.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-412, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-421 Diagnostic services.

- 00110 Initial oral examination
- 00120 Periodic oral examination
- Emergency oral examination 00130

#### 00200 RADIOGRAPHS

- Intraoral—complete series (including 00210 bitewings)
- 00220 Intraoral periapical—single, first film
- Intraoral periapical—each additional film 00230
- Intraoral—occlusal, film 00240
- Extraoral—single, first film 00250
- 00260 Extraoral—each additional film
- 00270 Bitewing—single film
- 00272 Bitewing—two films
- 00273 Bitewings—three films
- 00274 Bitewing—four films
- 00275 Bitewings—each additional film
- 00290 Posteroanterior or lateral skull and facial bone survey film
- 00315 Sialography
- Temporomandibular joint arthrogram, in-00320 cluding injection
- 00321 Other temporomandibular joint, films
- 00330 Panoramic—maxilla and mandible film
- 00340 Cephalometric film
- 00400 TESTS AND LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS
- 00415 Bacteriologic studies for determination of pathologic agents
- 00425 Caries susceptibility tests
- 00460 Pulp vitality tests
- 00470 Diagnostic casts
- 00471 Diagnostic photographs
- 00501 Histopathologic examinations
- 00502 Other oral pathology procedures
- 00999 Unspecified diagnostic procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-421, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-421, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-421, filed 8/2/83.]

#### WAC 296-23-430 Preventive services.

#### DENTAL PROPHYLAXIS

- 01110 Adult
- 01120 Child

# FLUORIDE TREATMENTS

- 01201 Topical application of fluoride (including prophylaxis)—child
- 01203 Topical application of fluoride (excluding prophylaxis)—child
- 01204 Topical application of fluoride (excluding prophylaxis)—adult
- 01205 Topical application of fluoride (including prophylaxis)—adult

#### OTHER PREVENTIVE SERVICES

- 01310 Dietary planning for the control of dental
- 01330 Oral hygiene instruction
- 01351 Sealants—per tooth

#### SPACE MANAGEMENT THERAPY

- 01510 Space maintainer; fixed—unilateral type
- 01515 fixed-bilateral
- 01520 removable-unilateral
- 01525 removable-bilateral
- 01550 Recementation of space maintainer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), \$ 296-23-430, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), \$ 296-23-430, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-430, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-440 Restorative services.

# AMALGAM RESTORATIONS (INCLUDING POLISH-ING)

- 02110 Amalgam—one surface, primary
- 02120 Amalgam—two surfaces, primary
- 02130 Amalgam—three surfaces, primary
- 02131 Amalgam—four surfaces, primary
- 02140 Amalgam—one surface, permanent
- 02150 Amalgam—two surfaces, permanent 02160 Amalgam—three surfaces, permanent
- 02161 Amalgam—four or more surfaces,
- permanent

#### SILICATE RESTORATIONS

# 02210 Silicate cement per restoration

# ACRYLIC OR PLASTIC OR COMPOSITE RESTORA-**TIONS**

- Resin—one surface 02330
- 02331 Resin-two surfaces
- 02332 Resin—three surfaces
- 02335 Resin—four or more surfaces or involving incisal angle
- 02380 Resin—one surface, posterior—primary
- 02381 Resin—two surfaces, posterior-primary
- 02382 Resin—three surfaces, posterior-primary 02385
- Resin—one surface, posterior-permanent 02386
- Resin—two surfaces, posterior-permanent 02387 Resin-three surfaces, posterior-

# permanent

# GOLD FOIL RESTORATIONS

- 02410 Gold foil-one surface
- Gold foil-two surfaces 02420
- 02430 Gold foil—three surfaces

# INLAY RESTORATIONS

- 02510 Inlay—metallic, one surface
- 02520 Inlay—metallic, two surfaces
- 02530 Inlay-metallic, three surfaces
- Onlay metallic-per tooth (in addition to 02540 inlay)

#### INLAY RESTORATIONS

- 02610 Inlay—porcelain/ceramic—one surface
- 02620 Inlay—porcelain/ceramic—two surfaces
- 02630 Inlay—porcelain/ceramic—three surfaces
- 02700 CROWNS—SINGLE RESTORATIONS ONLY
- 02710 Crown-resin (laboratory)
- 02720 Crown-resin with high noble metal (gold)
- 02721 Crown-resin with predominantly base (nonprecious) metal
- 02722 Crown-resin with noble (semiprecious) metal
- 02740 Porcelain/ceramic substrate
- 02750 Porcelain fused to high noble metal (gold)
- 02751 Porcelain fused to predominantly base (nonprecious) metal
- 02752 Porcelain fused to noble (semiprecious) metal
- 02790 Full cast high noble metal (gold)
- 02791 Full cast predominantly base (nonprecious) metal
- 02792 Full cast noble (semiprecious) metal
- 02810 23/4 cast metallic

#### OTHER RESTORATIVE SERVICES

- 02910 Recement inlays
- 02920 Recement crowns
- 02931 Prefabricated stainless steel crownprimary
- 02932 Prefabricated resin crown
- 02940 Fillings (sedative)
- 02950 Crown buildup, pin retained
- 02951 Pin retention, per tooth, in addition to restoration
- 02952 Cast post and core in addition to crown
- 02953 Cast post as part of crown
- 02954 Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown
- 02960 Labial veneer (laminate)
- 02961 Labial veneer (resin laminate), laboratory
- 02962 Labial veneer (porcelain laminate), laboratory
- 02970 Temporary crown (fractured tooth)
- 02980 Crown repair
- 02999 Unspecified restorative procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-440, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-440, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-440, filed 8/2/83.]

#### WAC 296-23-450 Endodontics.

# PULP CAPPING

- 03110 Pulp cap—direct (excluding final restoration)
- 03120 Pulp cap—indirect (excluding final restoration)

# PULPOTOMY (EXCLUDING FINAL RESTORATION)

03220 Therapeutic pulpotomy

ROOT CANAL THERAPY (INCLUDES TREATMENT PLAN, CLINICAL PROCEDURES, AND FOLLOW-UP CARE)

- 03310 One canal (excludes final restoration)
- 03320 Two canals (excludes final restoration)
- 03330 Three canals (excludes final restoration)
- 03340 Four canals (excludes final restoration)
- O3350 Apexification (treatment may extend over period of 6 to 18 months), per treatment visit

#### PERIAPICAL SERVICES

- 03410 Apicoectomy—(per tooth)-first root
- 03420 Apicoectomy—(per tooth)-each additional root
- 03430 Retrograde filling, per root
- 03440 Apical curettage
- 03450 Root amputation, per root
- 03460 Endodontic endosseous implants

#### OTHER ENDODONTIC PROCEDURES

- 03910 Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth with rubber dam
- 03920 Hemisection
- 03940 Recalcification of repair (perforations, root resorption, etc.)
- 03950 Canal preparation and fitting of preformed dowel or post
- 03960 Bleaching of discolored tooth
- 03999 Unspecified endodontic procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-450, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-450, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-450, filed 8/2/83.]

#### WAC 296-23-460 Periodontics.

Includes all necessary diagnostic, surgical and adjunctive services:

- 1 All necessary diagnostic procedures
- 2 Training in personal preventive dental care
- 3 Mouth preparation procedures
- 4 Routine finishing procedures
- 5 Post-treatment evaluation
- 6 Occlusal adjustment (if necessary)
- Surgical procedures including curettage, gingivectomy, flap entry, osseous procedures and complex techniques

# SURGICAL SERVICES (INCLUDING THE USUAL POST-OPERATIVE SERVICES)

- 04210 Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty—per quadrant
- 04211 Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty—per tooth
- 04220 Gingival curettage
- 04240 Gingival flap procedure including root planning—per quadrant
- 04260 Osseous surgery (including flap entry and closure)—per quadrant

- O4261 Osseous graft—single site (including flap entry, closure, and donor site)
- 04262 Osseous graft—multiple sites (including flap entry, closure, and donor site)
- 04270 Pedicle soft tissue grafts
- 04271 Free soft tissue grafts (including donor site)
- 04272 Apically repositioned flap procedure

ADJUNCTIVE PERIODONTAL SERVICES (IN CON-JUNCTION WITH TOTAL PERIODONTAL TREAT-MENT)

- 04320 Provisional splinting-intracoronal
- 04321 Provisional splinting-extracoronal
- O4341 Periodontal scaling and root planing—per quadrant
- O4345 Periodontal scaling performed in the presence of gingival inflammation

# OTHER PERIODONTIC SERVICES

- 04910 Periodontal maintenance procedures following active therapy
- 04920 Unscheduled dressing change (by someone other than treating dentist)
- 04999 Unspecified periodontal procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-460, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-460, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-460, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-470 Prosthodontics, removable--Including routine postdelivery care.

COMPLETE DENTURES—INCLUDING SIX MONTHS POSTDELIVERY

- 05110 Complete upper
- 05120 Complete lower
- 05130 Immediate upper
- 05140 Immediate lower

# PARTIAL DENTURES—INCLUDING ROUTINE POST-DELIVERY CARE

- 05211 Upper, including any conventional clasps and rests, acrylic base
- 05212 Lower, including any conventional clasps and rests, acrylic base
- 05213 Upper—predominantly base cast with acrylic saddles, including any conventional clasps and rests
- 05214 Lower—predominantly base cast with acrylic saddles, including any conventional clasps and rests
- 05215 Upper denture—high noble cast base with acrylic saddles (including any conventional clasps and rests)
- 05216 Lower denture—high noble cast base with acrylic saddles (including any conventional clasps and rests)
- 05280 Removable unilateral partial denture one piece gold (high noble) casting, clasp attachments, per unit including pontics

05281 Removable unilateral partial denture one piece predominantly base casting, clasp attachments, per unit including pontics

# ADJUSTMENT TO DENTURES

- 05410 Adjustment to complete denture upper
- 05411 Adjustment to complete denture lower
- 05421 Adjustment to upper partial denture
- 05422 Adjustment to lower partial denture

#### REPAIRS TO DENTURES

- 05510 Repair broken complete denture base
- 05520 Replace missing or broken teeth, complete denture (each tooth)
- 05610 Repair partial denture—acrylic saddle or base
- 05620 Repair partial denture—cast framework
- 05630 Repair or replace broken clasp
- 05640 Replace broken teeth-per tooth
- 05650 Adding tooth to existing partial denture
- 05660 Adding clasp to existing partial denture

# DENTURE DUPLICATION (REBASE PROCEDURES)

- 05710 Duplicate complete upper denture
- 05711 Duplicate complete lower denture
- 05720 Duplicate upper partial denture
- 05721 Duplicate lower partial denture

# DENTURE RELINING

- 05730 Relining complete upper denture (in office)
- 05731 Relining complete lower denture (in office)
- 05740 Relining upper partial denture (in office)
- 05741 Relining lower partial denture (in office)
- 05750 Relining upper complete denture (laboratory)
- 05751 Relining lower complete denture (laboratory)
- 05760 Relining upper partial denture (in laboratory)
- 05761 Relining lower partial denture (laboratory)

# OTHER REMOVABLE PROSTHETIC SERVICES

- 05810 Temporary upper denture (complete)
- 05811 Temporary lower denture (complete)
- 05820 Temporary upper denture (partial stayplate)
- 05821 Temporary lower denture (partial stayplate)
- 05850 Tissue conditioning, per denture unit
- 05860 Overdenture complete (by report)
- 05861 Overdenture partial (by report)
- 05862 Precision attachment (by report)
- Unspecified removable prosthodontic procedure (by report).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-470, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-470, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-470, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-480 Prosthodontics, fixed.

(Each abutment and each pontic constitute a unit in a bridge)

# **BRIDGE PONTICS**

06210	Bridge	pontic	cast,	high	noble	metal
	(gold)					

- 06211 Bridge pontic, cast predominantly base metal (nonprecious)
- 06212 Bridge pontic, cast noble metal (semiprecious)
- 06240 Porcelain fused to high noble metal (gold)
- 06241 Porcelain fused to predominantly base (nonprecious) metal
- 06242 Porcelain fused to noble (semiprecious) metal
- 06250 Resin with high noble metal (gold)
- 06251 Resin with predominantly base metal
- 06252 Resin with noble metal

#### RETAINERS

- 06520 Inlay-metallic-two surfaces
- 06530 Inlay-metallic-three or more surfaces
- 06540 Inlay-metallic-onlaying cusps
- 06545 Cast metal retainer for acid etch bridge

#### BRIDGE RETAINERS-CROWNS

- 06720 Crown—resin with high noble metal—gold
- 06721 Crown—resin with predominantly base metal—nonprecious metal
- 06722 Crown—resin with noble metal—semiprecious metal
- 06750 Porcelain fused to gold—high noble metal
- 06751 Porcelain to nonprecious metal—predominantly base metal
- 06752 Porcelain fused to semiprecious metal-noble metal
- 06780 Crown-3/4 cast high noble metal
- 06790 Crown-full cast high noble metal
- 06791 Crown-full cast predominantly base metal
- 06792 Crown-full cast noble metal

#### OTHER FIXED PROSTHETIC SERVICES

- 06930 Recement bridge
- 06940 Stress breaker
- 06950 Precision attachment
- 06970 Cast post and core in addition to bridge retainer
- 06971 Cast post as part of bridge retainer
- 06972 Prefabricated post and core in addition to bridge retainer
- 06980 Bridge repair (by report)
- 06999 Unspecified fixed prosthodontic procedure (by report).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23–480, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–480, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–480, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-485 Orthodontics.

#### PREVENTIVE TREATMENT PROCEDURES

#### MINOR TREATMENT FOR TOOTH GUIDANCE

- 08110 Removable appliance therapy
- 08120 Fixed or cemented appliance therapy

# MINOR TREATMENT TO CONTROL HARMFUL HABITS

- 08210 Removable appliance therapy
- 08220 Fixed or cemented appliance therapy

### INTERCEPTIVE ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT

- 08360 Removable appliance therapy
- 08370 Fixed appliance therapy

#### COMPREHENSIVE ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT

# TREATMENT OF THE TRANSITIONAL DENTITION

- 08460 Class I malocclusion
- 08470 Class II malocclusion
- 08480 Class III malocclusion

#### TREATMENT OF THE PERMANENT DENTITION

- 08560 Class I malocclusion
- 08570 Class II malocclusion
- 08580 Class III malocclusion

#### OTHER ORTHODONTIC DEVICES

- 08650 Treatment of the atypical or extended skeletal case
- 08750 Posttreatment stabilization
- 08999 Unspecified orthodontic procedure (by report).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-485, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-485, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

# WAC 296-23-490 Oral surgery.

# EXTRACTIONS—INCLUDES LOCAL ANESTHESIA AND ROUTINE POSTOPERATIVE CARE

- 07110 Single tooth
- 07120 Each additional tooth
- 07130 Root removal-exposed roots

# SURGICAL EXTRACTIONS—INCLUDES LOCAL ANESTHESIA AND ROUTINE POSTOPERATIVE CARE

- 07210 Surgical extractions of erupted tooth, requires elevation of mucoperiosteal flap and removal of bone and/or section of tooth
- 07220 Removal of impacted tooth, soft tissue
- 07230 Removal of impacted tooth-partially bony
- 07240 Removal of impacted tooth-completely
- 07241 Removal of impacted tooth-completely bony, with unusual surgical complications
- 07250 Surgical removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure)
- 07260 Oral antral fistula closure

07270	Tooth reimplantation and/or stabilization of accidentally evulsed or displaced tooth	
05054	and/or alveolus	
07271	Tooth implantation	
07272	Tooth transplantation	
07280		
	unerupted tooth for orthodontic reasons—	
	including orthodontic attachment when	
	indicated	
07281	Surgical exposure of impacted or	
	unerupted tooth to aid eruption	
07285	Biopsy of oral tissue (hard)	
07286	Biopsy of oral tissue (soft)	
07290	Surgical repositioning of teeth	
	OLOPLASTY (SURGICAL PREPARATION OF E FOR DENTURES)	
07310	Per quadrant—in conjunction with	
0,010	extractions	
07320		
01320	extractions	
	IBULOPLASTY—including revision of soft	
	on ridges, muscle reattachment, tongue,	
palat	e, and other oral soft tissues	
07240	W41114: 14	
07340	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
00000	ary epithelialization)	
07350	Vestibuloplasty-ridge extension (including	
	soft tissue grafts, muscle reattachments,	
	revision of soft tissue attachment, and	
	management of hypertrophied and hyper-	
	plastic tissue)	
SHE	ICAL EXCISION—reactive inflammatory le-	
eione	(scar tissue or localized congenital lesions)	
310113		
07410	Radical excision—scar or lesion up to	
	1.25 cm	
07420	Radical excision—scar or lesion over 1.25	
	cm	
	REMOVAL OF TUMORS	
07420		
07430	Excision of benign tumor—lesion diame-	
	ter up to 1.25 cm	
07431	Excision of benign tumor—lesion diame-	
	ter over 1.25 cm	
07440	Excision of malignant tumor—lesion di-	
	ameter up to 1.25 cm	
07441	Excision of malignant tumor—lesion di-	
	ameter over 1.25 cm	
	REMOVAL OF CYSTS AND NEOPLASMS	
07450	Removal of odontogenic cyst or tumor—	
- · • <del></del>	up to 1.25 cm in diameter	
07451	Removal of odontogenic cyst or tumor—	
0, 101	over 1.25 cm in diameter	
07460	Removal of nonodontogenic cyst or tu-	
U/90U	mor—up to 1.25 cm in diameter	
07461		

07461 Removal of nonodontogenic cyst or tumor—over 1.25 cm in diameter 07465 Destruction of lesions by physical meth-

ods: electro-surgery, chemotherapy,

	EXCISION OF BONE TISSUE
07470	Removal of exostosis—maxilla or
	mandible
07480	Partial ostectomy (guttering or saucerization)
07490	·
	SURGICAL INCISION
07510	
07520	intraoral soft tissue Incision and drainage of abscess—
. 4	extraoral soft tissue
07530	Removal of foreign body, skin or subcutaneous areolar tissue
07540	Removal of reaction—producing foreign
07550	bodies musculoskeletal system Sequestrectomy for osteomyelitis
07560	
0/300	Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body
	TREATMENT OF FRACTURES—SIMPLE
07610	Maxilla—open reduction—teeth immobi-
07620	lized (if present)  Maxilla—closed reduction—teeth immo-
. 07020	bilized (if present)
07630	Mandible—open reduction—teeth immo- bilized (if present)
07640	Mandible—closed reduction—teeth im-
07650	mobilized (if present)
07030	Malar and/or zygomatic arch—open reduction
07660	Malar and/or zygomatic arch—closed reduction
07670	Alveolus—stabilization of teeth—open re-
	duction splinting
07680	Facial bones—complicated reduction with fixation and multiple surgical approaches
•	
	TREATMENT OF FRACTURES—COMPOUND
07710	Maxilla—open reduction Maxilla—closed reduction
07720	
07730	Mandible—open reduction
07740	
07750	Malar and/or zygomatic arch—open reduction
07760	Malar and/or zygomatic arch—closed
07770	reduction Alveolus—stabilization of teeth—open re-
	duction splinting
07780	Facial bones—complicated reduction with fixation and multiple surgical approaches
	REDUCTION OF DISLOCATION AND MAN-
A	GEMENT OF OTHER TEMPOROMANDIBULAR
	OINT DYSFUNCTIONS
07810	Open reduction of dislocation—temporo-
, <del>-</del>	mandibular joint

07820 Closed reduction of dislocation-tempor-

omandibular joint

cryotherapy

07830 07840 07850 07860 07870 07880	Manipulation under anesthesia—temporomandibular joint Condylectomy—temporomandibular joint Meniscectomy—temporomandibular joint Arthrotomy—temporomandibular joint Arthrocentesis—temporomandibular joint Occlusal orthotic appliance
	REPAIR OF TRAUMATIC WOUNDS
07910	Suture of recent small wounds up to 5 cm
	COMPLICATED SUTURING
07911 07912	Up to 5 cm Over 5 cm
	OTHER REPAIR PROCEDURES
07920	Skin grafts (identify defect covered, location and type of graft)
07940	Osteoplasty for orthognathic deformities
07945	Osteotomy—body of mandible
07946	Lefort I (maxilla, total)
07948	Lefort II or Lefort III (osteoplasty of fa-
	cial bones for midface hypoplasia or retrusion without bone graft)
07947	Lefort I (maxilla, segmented)
07949	Lefort II or Lefort III, with bone graft
07950	Osseous, osteoperiosteal, periosteal, or
	cartilage graft of the mandible—auto-
	genous or nonautogenous
07955	Repair of maxillofacial soft and hard tis-
	sue defects
07960	Frenulectomy—separate procedure (fren-
	ectomy or frenotomy)
07970	Excision of hyperplastic tissue—per arch
07971	Excision of pericoronal gingiva
07980	Sialolithotomy
07981	Excision of salivary gland
07982	Sialodochoplasty
07983	Closure of salivary fistula
07990	Emergency tracheotomy
07991	Coronoidectomy
07992	Eminenectomy
07993	Implant, facial bones
07994	Implant, other than facial bones
07999	Unspecified oral surgery procedure (by report).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-490, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-490, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-490, filed 8/2/83.]

# WAC 296-23-495 Adjunctive general services, anesthesia and professional consultation.

#### UNCLASSIFIED TREATMENT

09110 Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain, minor procedures

# ANESTHESIA

09210 Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures

09211 Regional block anesthesia

09212 Trigeminal division block

09220 General anesthesia; first 30 minutes

09221 each additional 15 minutes

09230 Analgesia

09240 Intravenous sedation

PROFESSIONAL CONSULTATION—DIAGNOSTIC SERVICE PROVIDED BY PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST OTHER THAN PRACTITIONER PROVIDING TREATMENT

09310 Consultation—per session

#### PROFESSIONAL VISITS

09410 House calls 09420 Hospital calls

09430 Office visit—during regularly scheduled office hours (no operative service performed)

09440 Office visit—after regularly scheduled office hours (no operative service performed)

#### DRUGS

09610 Therapeutic drug injection (by report)
09630 Other drugs and/or medicaments (by report)

#### MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

09910 Application of desensitizing medicaments 09930 Complications (post-surgical—unusual circumstances) (by report) 09940 Occlusal guards (by report) 09950 Occlusion analysis (mounted case) 09951 Occlusal adjustment, limited 09952 Occlusal adjustment, complete 09960 Completion of claim form 09999 Unspecified (by report to be described by

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23-495, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-495, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-495, filed 8/2/83.]

statement of attending dentist).

# MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES AND APPLIANCES

WAC 296-23-500 Miscellaneous services and appliances. (1) The department or self-insurer will reimburse for certain medically necessary miscellaneous services and items needed as a result of an industrial accident. Nursing care, attendant care, transportation, hearing aids, eyeglasses, orthotics and prosthetics, braces, medical supplies, oxygen systems, walking aids, and durable medical equipment are included in this classification.

(a) When a fee maximum has been established, the rate of reimbursement for miscellaneous services and items will be the supplier's usual and customary charge or the department's current fee maximum, whichever is less. In no case may a supplier or provider charge a claimant the difference between the fee maximum and their usual and customary charge.

- (b) When the department or self-insurer has established a purchasing contract with a qualified supplier through an open competitive request for proposal process, the department or self-insurer will require that claimants obtain specific groups of items from the contractor. When items are obtained from a contractor, the contractor will be paid at the rates established in the contract. When a purchasing contract for a selected group of items exists, suppliers who are not named in the contract will be denied reimbursement if they provide a contracted item to a claimant. The noncontracting supplier, not the claimant, will be financially responsible for providing an item to a claimant when it should have been supplied by a contractor. This rule may be waived by an authorized representative of the department or self-insurer in special cases where a claimant's attending doctor recommends that an item be obtained from another source for medical reasons or reasons of availability. In such cases, the department may authorize reimbursement to a supplier who is not named in a contract. Items or services may be provided on an emergency basis without prior authorization, but will be reviewed for appropriateness to the accepted industrial condition and medical necessity on a retrospective basis.
- (2) The department or self-insurer will inform providers and suppliers of the selected groups of items for which purchasing contracts have been established, including the beginning and ending dates of the contracts.
- (3) Prior authorization by an authorized representative of the department or self-insurer will be required for reimbursement of selected items and services which are provided to claimants. Payment will be denied for selected items or services supplied without prior authorization. The supplier, not the claimant, will be financially responsible for providing selected items or services to claimants without prior authorization. In cases where a claimant's doctor recommends rental or purchase of a contracted item from a supplier who lacks a contract agreement, prior authorization will be required.

The decision to grant or deny prior authorization for reimbursement of selected services or items will be based on the following criteria:

- (a) The claimant is eligible for coverage.
- (b) The service or item prescribed is appropriate and medically necessary for treatment of the claimant's accepted industrial condition.
- (4) The decision to rent or purchase an item will be made based on a comparison of the projected rental costs of the item with its purchase price. An authorized representative of the department or self-insurer will decide whether to rent or purchase certain items provided they are appropriate and medically necessary for treatment of the claimant's accepted condition. Decisions to rent or purchase items will be based on the following information:
  - (a) Purchase price of the item.
  - (b) Monthly rental fee.
- (c) The prescribing doctor's estimate of how long the item will be needed.

- (5) The department will review the medical necessity, appropriateness, and quality of items and services provided to claimants.
- (6) The department's STATEMENT FOR MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES form or electronic transfer format specifications must be used for billing the department for miscellaneous services, equipment, supplies, appliances, and transportation. Bills must be itemized according to instructions in WAC 296-20-125 and the department or self-insurer's billing instructions. Bills for medical appliances and equipment must include the type of item, manufacturer name, model name and number, and serial number.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-22-052 (Order 87-22), § 296-23-500, filed 11/2/87; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-500, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50001 Nursing services and attendant care. See WAC 296-20-091 for qualifications. Specify skill level and hours of service.

M 0855 Professional nurse services

M 0856 Nonprofessional attendant care

M 0877 Home health office call

M 0878 Home health aide care

M 0879 Visiting nurse call

M 1200 Home health-nurse visit, agency based

M 1201 Home health-physical therapy, agency based

M 1202 Home health-occupational therapy, agency

M 1203 Home health-speech therapy, agency based

M 1204 Home health-aide visit, agency based

M 1210 Home health-nurse visit, free standing

M 1211 Home health-physical therapy, free standing

M 1212 Home health-occupational therapy, free

M 1213 Home health-speech therapy, free standing

M 1214 Home health-aide visit, free standing

M 3333 Visiting nurse-Physical therapy

M 4444 Visiting nurse-Occupational therapy

M 5555 Visiting nurse-Speech therapy

M 8900 Special duty nurse-RN-First shift

M 8901 Special duty nurse-RN-Second shift

M 8902 Special duty nurse-RN-Third shift

M 8903 Special duty nurse-RN-Partial shift

M 8904 Special duty nurse-LPN—First shift

M 8905 Special duty nurse-LPN—Second shift

M 8906 Special duty nurse-LPN-Third shift

M 8907 Special duty nurse-LPN-Partial shift

M 8908 Special duty nurse-RN-Holiday

M 8909 Special duty nurse-LPN-Holiday

M 8999 Unlisted nursing or attendant service.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50001, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50001, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50002 Transportation services. Specify place of departure, destination, purpose of trip and mileage as applicable.

M 0001 Base rate - Ground or air

M 0002 Ambulance – Each additional patient

M 0003 Ambulance-one-way mileage - Per mile

M 0004 Ambulance-return pickup – Same patient, same day

M 0005 Ambulance-return pickup one-way mileage -Per mile

M 0006 Ambulance-return pickup - Additional patient

M 0007 Ambulance – night call

M 0008 Ambulance - Oxygen administration

M 0009 Ambulance-waiting time - Per minute

M 0010 Bridge and ferry tolls

M 0011 Chartered air transportation

M 0012 Advanced life support - Ground or air

M 0023 Ambulance - Extra attendant

M 0024 Ambulance - Monitoring

M 0025 Cabulance - One-way mileage - Per mile

M 0026 Cabulance – Waiting time – Per minute

M 0027 Cabulance – Base rate

M 0028 Private transportation - 18¢ Per mile

M 0029 Commercial transportation

M 0030 Taxi - One-way time or mileage

M 0036 Licensed air ambulance – One-way mileage

M 0060 Ambulance - Suction catheter

M 0061 Ambulance - Oxygen mask

M 0062 Ambulance - Oxygen cannula

M 0063 Ambulance – Airway

M 0064 Ambulance – Cardboard splint

M 0065 Ambulance - Disposable cervical collar

M 0066 Ambulance - Dressing

M 0067 Ambulance - Triangular bandage

M 0068 Ambulance - Backboard, stretcher

M 0069 Ambulance - Ice packs

M 0070 Ambulance - Trauma pads

M 0071 Ambulance - Burn kit

M 0072 Ambulance - Mast trouser

M 0073 Ambulance – Heart/lung resuscitation

M 0074 Ambulance - IV administration - Per IV

M 0075 Lodging - Receipt required

\$ 5.00 M 0076 Breakfast - Receipt required

\$ 5.00 M 0077 Lunch - Receipt required

M 0078 Dinner - Receipt required \$10.00

\$50.00 M 0079 Per diem lodging/meals

M 0080 Parking

M 0081 Interpreter

M 0099 Unlisted transportation item or service.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50002, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50002, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50003 Hearing aids and masking devices. See WAC 296-20-1101 for qualifications. Specify manufacturer and model number.

M 3500 Hearing aid

M 3505 Tinnitis masker

M 3539 Hearing aid casing

M 3559 Hearing aid earmold

M 3579 Hearing aid repairs

M 3599 Unlisted hearing device.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50003, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50003, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50004 Eyeglasses and contact lenses. See WAC 296-20-100 for qualifications.

M 3200 Eyeglass left lens

M 3201 Eyeglass right lens

M 3202 Frames – Repair

M 3203 Frames – Purchase

M 3204 Contact lens - left

M 3205 Contact lens - right

M 3206 Artificial eye, Left – optical supplier

M 3207 Artificial eye, Right - optical supplier

M 3210 Refraction

M 3299 Unlisted optical item.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50004, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50004, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50005 Orthotics and prosthetics. See WAC 296-20-1102 for qualifications. Specify type, manufacturer, and model number when applicable.

M 1000 Prosthetic - Other

M 1400 Orthotic - Other

M 1600 Orthotic - Podiatry

M 1602 Podiatry impression casting

M 6401 Prosthetic - Upper extremity

M 6402 Prosthetic – Lower extremity

M 6403 Prosthetic – Accessories/supplies

M 6407 Prosthetic repair, including labor

M 6431 Orthotic – Upper extremity

M 6432 Orthotic - Lower extremity

M 6435 Brace - Upper extremity

M 6436 Brace - Lower extremity

M 6440 Orthotic accessories/supplies

M 6442 Orthotic fitting fee

M 6444 Orthotic repair, including labor

M 6445 SACRO ease seat

M 6450 Braces to neck/spine/trunk

M 6451 Collars/casts/splints

M 6452 Brace accessories/supplies

M 6453 Brace repairs, including labor

M 6458 Pressure garments

M 6459 Support hose

M 6460 Orthopedic shoes without brace

M 6461 Orthopedic shoes with brace

M 6462 Shoe repairs

M 6463 Heel lift

M 6764 Prosthetic fitting fee

M 6799 Unlisted orthotic - Prosthetic item or service.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50005, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50005, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50006 Medical supplies. Specify type, manufacturer, and model when applicable.

M 6411 Urinary collection systems supplies - Itemize

M 6466 Colostomy bags

M 6467 Colostomy accessories/supplies - Itemize

M 6769 Other small appliances/supplies - Itemize

M 6999 Unlisted equipment - Equipment repair

M 7444 Sterile distilled water

M 7447 Twill tape - Per roll

M 7448 Nonlisted disposable supplies

M 7499 Unlisted medical supplies

M 7999 Replacement of clothing/equipment damaged in injury.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50006, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50006, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50007 Pulmonary and respiratory services and supplies. Specify manufacturer and model number when applicable. See WAC 296-20-1102 for qualifications.

M 6605 Initial oxygen

M 6606 Oxygen

M 6608 Oxygen transportation/delivery

M 6609 Oxygen regulator - Purchase

M 6611 Oxygen concentrator - Rental

M 6613 Oxygen concentrator - Purchase

M 6617 Unlisted oxygen related equipment - Rental

M 6618 Unlisted oxygen related equipment - Purchase

M 6695 Repairs – Oxygen related

M 6696 Oxygen tank rental

M 6690 Portable liquid oxygen system

M 7117 Emergency delivery – Oxygen

M 7118 Oxygen mileage

M 7119 Oxygen regulator – Rental

M 7126 Aerosol tee adaptor

M 7128 Aerosol mask – Without tubing

M 7129 Multi-vent mask

M 7134 Nebulizer - Specify model

M 7135 Aerosol effusion bag

M 7136 Disposable humidifier

M 7142 Bi-flow nasal mask

M 7166 Aspirator

M 7167 Pressure pump

M 7168 Compressor

M 7169 Pulmo-aid

M 7170 VACU-aid

M 7174 Home patient kit

M 7300 IDDD

M 7208 IPPB equipment

M 7209 IPPB equipment respiratory only

M 7210 Portable nebulizer equipment

M 7216 Portable aspirator equipment

M 7218 Stationary respirator equipment

M 7251 Miscellaneous unlisted items/services.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50007, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50008 Hospital beds and accessories. See WAC 296-20-1102 for qualifications. Specify type, manufacturer and model when applicable.

M 6408 Hospital bed - Rental

M 6430 Trapeze bars - Rental

M 6439 Commode chair - Rental

M 6503 Hospital bed – Purchase

M 6510 Hospital bed accessories

M 6539 Commode chair - Purchase

M 6540 Commode chair accessories

M 6541 Bed pans/urinals

M 6630 Trapeze bars – Purchase

M 6631 Trapeze bars accessories

M 6699 Unlisted hospital bed or accessories.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50008, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50008, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50009 Traction equipment. See WAC 296-20-1102 for qualifications. Specify type, manufacturer and model when applicable.

M 6427 Traction equipment - Rental

M 6626 Traction equipment – Accessories

M 6627 Traction equipment – Purchase

M 6628 Unlisted traction equipment or service.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50009, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50009, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

# WAC 296-23-50010 Canes.

M 6434 Canes - Rental

M 6534 Canes - Purchase

M 6535 Cane accessories.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50010, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

#### WAC 296-23-50011 Crutches.

M 6454 Crutches-metal - Rental

M 6455 Crutches-wooden - Rental

M 6553 Crutch - Accessories

M 6554 Crutches-metal - Purchase

M 6555 Crutches-wooden - Purchase.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50011, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50012 Walkers. See WAC 296-20-1102 For qualifications. Specify type, manufacturer and model when applicable.

M 6475 Walk-aid/walker - Rental

M 6655 Walk-aid/walker - Purchase

M 6656 Walk-aid/walker - Accessories

M 6657 Unlisted walker or walker accessory.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50012, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-

24-016 (Order 83-35), \$ 296-23-50012, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50013 Wheelchairs. See WAC 296-20-1102 for qualifications. Specify type, manufacturer, and model when applicable.

M 6465 Wheelchair - Rental

M 6558 Wheelchair - Purchase

M 6666 Wheelchair accessories

M 6667 Wheelchair repair

M 6668 Powered mobility unit

M 7428 12V GELI cell battery

M 7429 12V Deep cycle battery

M 7430 Battery charger.

**TAX 00** 

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50013, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50013, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

### WAC 296-23-50014 Stimulators.

Bone stimulators.

M 6418 Electromagnetic field bone stimulator rental. TAX 00

Muscle stimulators.

M 6419 Pulsed galvanic muscle stimulator rental. TAX 00

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS).

M 6420 TENS rental.

M 6421 TENS purchase.

M 6422 TENS supplies.

**TAX 00** 

Unlisted stimulator service or accessories.

M 7199 Unlisted stimulator items or service. TAX 00

For qualifications regarding prior authorization and billing of stimulators refer to WAC 296-23-500, 296-20-1102, and 296-20-125.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-22-052 (Order 87-22), § 296-23-50014, filed 11/2/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50014, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50014, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50015 Vehicle and home modification. Require prior approval from the assistant director for industrial insurance.

M 8000 Home modification

M 8500 Vehicle modification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 83-24-016 (Order 83-35), § 296-23-50015, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 296-23-50016 Drug and alcohol rehabilitation services. Authorization requirements for these services may be found in WAC 296-20-03001 and 296-20-055.

M 9100 Intake evaluation M 9101 Physical examination M 9102 Individual therapy, routine visit

M 9103 Individual therapy, brief visit

M 9108 Group therapy

M 9113 Chemotherapy

M 9115 Medication adjustment

M 9126 Detoxification facility (room & board).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-50016, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

#### **CHIROPRACTIC**

WAC 296-23-610 General instructions. (1) Please refer to WAC 296-20-010 through WAC 296-20-125 for general information and rules pertaining to treatment of injured workers.

- (2) The maximum fee is determined by multiplying the unit value of a procedure by a conversion factor. The appropriate conversion factor table for chiropractic services is the medicine tables. For x-ray services use radiology conversion tables and procedure numbers.
- (3) In addition to the rules found in WAC 296-20-010 to 296-20-125, the following rules apply when chiropractic treatment is being rendered:
- (a) No more than one chiropractic adjustment per day will be authorized or paid, except on the initial and next two subsequent visits. The attending doctor must submit a detailed report regarding the need for the additional treatment.
- (b) Treatment beyond the first 20 treatments or 60 days, whichever comes first, will not be authorized without submission of a consultation report or a comprehensive comparative exam report regarding need for further care. (See WAC 296-20-051 re: Consultation.)
- (c) If needed, x-rays immediately prior to and immediately following the initial chiropractic treatment may be allowed without prior authorization.
- (d) X-rays before and after subsequent chiropractic treatment will not be paid unless previously authorized. Prior authorization must be obtained for x-rays subsequent to the initial treatment.
- (e) No payment will be made for excessive or unnecessary x-rays taken on initial or subsequent visits.
- (f) No services or x-rays will be paid on rejected or closed claims except those rendered in conjunction with a reopening application.
- (g) See WAC 296-23-01002 for custody requirements for x-rays.
- (h) Treatment as a maintenance or supportive measure will not be authorized nor paid.
- (4) Billing procedures itemized in WAC 296-20-125 must be followed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), \$ 296–23–610, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–23–610, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, \$ 296–23–610, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, \$ 296–23–610, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, \$ 296–23–610, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–7, \$ 296–23–610, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, \$ 296–23–610, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, \$ 296–23–610, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, \$ 296–23–610, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-23-615 Office visits and special services.

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

Routine office visit: A level of service pertaining to the evaluation and treatment of a condition requiring only an abbreviated history and exam, i.e.:

- (1) Palpation, exam and adjustment of one or more areas.
  - (2) Brief exam and no adjustment.

Extended office visit: A level of service pertaining to an evaluation of patient with a new or existing problem requiring a detailed history, review of records, exam, and a formal conference with patient or family to evaluate and/or adjust therapeutic treatment management and progress.

Comprehensive office visit: A level of service pertaining to an indepth evaluation of a patient with a new or existing problem, requiring development or complete revaluation of treatment data; includes recording of chief complaints and present illness, family history, past treatment history, personal history, system review; and a complete exam to evaluate and determine appropriate therapeutic treatment management and progress.

#### REPORTING:

Reporting requirements are outlined in WAC 296-20-06101. The department or self-insurer will accept a brief narrative report of treatment received and the patient's progress as supporting documentation for billings in lieu of routine follow—up office notes.

#### CHIROPRACTIC MODIFIERS:

-22 Unusual services: When treatment services provided are greater than that usually required for listed procedures. Use of this modifier must be based on the injured worker's need for extended or unusual care. A report is required; the modifier -22 should be added to the procedure number.

-52 Reduced services: Under certain circumstances no treatment may be given, in these cases the procedure should be reduced and modifier -52 should be added to the procedure number.

# MATERIAL SUPPLIED BY DOCTOR:

Department or self-insurer will reimburse the doctor for materials supplied, i.e. cervical collars, heel lifts, etc., at cost only. In addition, a handling fee, not to exceed five percent of the wholesale cost of the item, will be paid. See RCW 19.68.010, professional license statutes. Use procedure number C99070.

#### SPECIAL SERVICES:

The following services are generally part of the basic services listed in the maximum fee schedule but do involve additional expenses to the chiropractor for materials, for his time or that of his employees. These services are generally provided as an adjunct to common chiropractic services and should be used only when circumstances clearly warrant an additional charge over and above the usual charges for the basic services.

		Value
C90001	Completion of report of accident	12.0
C90097	Completion of reopening application	12.0
C99032	Mileage, one way, each mile beyond 7 mile radius	
	of point of origin (office or home), per mile	2.0
C99040	Completion of disability card	2.0
C99044	Doctor's estimate of physical capacities	10.0
C99052	Services requested between 10:00 p.m. and 8:00	
	a.m. in addition to basic services, provided the of-	
	fice is closed during this period of time	12.0
C99054	Services requested on Sundays and holidays in ad-	
	dition to basic services provided office is closed	12.0
C99070	Supplies, materials provided by doctor. Bill at cost	BR
C99080	Special report requested by the agency or 60-day	
	report (see WAC 296-20-06101)	BR
INITIAI	_ VISIT	
C90000	Routine examination, history, chiropractic adjust-	
	ment and submission of a report	20.0
C90017	Extended office visit including treatment - report	
	required	30.0
C90020	Comprehensive office visit including treatment -	
	report required in addition to the report of acci-	
٩	dent	40.0
FOLLO	W-UP VISITS	
C90050	Office visit including chiropractic adjustment	16.0
C90070	Extended office visit including treatment – report	10.0
	required	30.0
	•	

Unit

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–615, filed 7/23/87; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–615, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–23–615, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–615, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–615, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–23–615, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, § 296–23–615, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–615, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–615, filed 11/20/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-23-620 Chiropractic consultations. See WAC 296-20-035, 296-20-045, and 296-20-051 for rules pertaining to consultation.

Chiropractic consultation requires prior notification to the department or self-insurer. Consultants must be from an approved list of Chiropractic Consultants.

		Unit Value
C90600	Limited consultation involving one prime accepted area of injury or brief evaluation – report re-	
	quired	30.0
C90605	Intermediate consultation involving two prime accepted injury areas and/or more intensive exam –	
	report required	50.0
C90620	Comprehensive consultation involving entire spinal accepted injury areas and/or extensive report – may include review of prior treatment records and	
	x-rays - report required	70.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-620, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76-34, § 296-23-620, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74-7, § 296-23-620, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-620, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### PHYSICAL THERAPY

WAC 296-23-710 Physical therapy rules. Practitioners should refer to WAC 296-20-010 through 296-20-125 for general information and rules pertaining to the care of injured workers. See WAC 296-20-125 for billing instructions.

Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed only when ordered by the injured worker's attending doctor and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant serving under the direction of a licensed physical therapist. Doctors rendering physical therapy should refer to WAC 296-21-095.

The department or self-insurer will review the quality and medical necessity of physical therapy services provided to injured workers. Practitioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for the department's rules regarding medical necessity and to WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regarding utilization review and quality assurance.

The department or self-insurer will pay for a maximum of one physical therapy visit per day. When multiple treatments (different billing codes) are performed on one day, the department or self-insurer will pay either the sum of the individual fee maximums, the provider's usual and customary charge, or 48 relative value units, whichever is less. These limits will not apply to physical therapy that is rendered as part of a physical capacities evaluation, work hardening program, or pain management program, provided a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer has authorized the service.

The department will publish specific billing instructions, utilization review guidelines, and reporting requirements for physical therapists who render care to injured workers.

Use of diapulse or similar machines on injured workers is not authorized. See WAC 296-20-03002 for further information.

A physical therapy progress report must be submitted to the attending doctor and the department or the self-insurer following 12 treatment visits or one month, whichever occurs first. Physical therapy treatment beyond initial 12 treatments will be authorized only upon substantiation of improvement in the worker's condition. An outline of the proposed treatment program, the expected restoration goals, and the expected length of treatment will be required.

Physical therapy services rendered in the home and/or places other than the practitioner's usual and customary office, clinic, or business facilities will be allowed only upon prior authorization by the department or self-insurer.

No inpatient physical therapy treatment will be allowed when such treatment constitutes the only or major treatment received by the worker. See WAC 296-20-030 for further information.

The department may discount maximum fees for treatment performed on a group basis in cases where the treatment provided consists of a nonindividualized course of therapy (e.g., pool therapy; group aerobics; and back classes).

Biofeedback treatment may be rendered on doctor's orders only. The extent of biofeedback treatment is limited to those procedures allowed within the scope of practice of a licensed physical therapist. See WAC 296–21–0501 for rules pertaining to conditions authorized and report requirements.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–08–002 (Order 89–01), \$ 296–23–710, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), \$ 296–23–710, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), \$ 296–23–710, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), \$ 296–23–710, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 75–39, \$ 296–23–710, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, \$ 296–23–710, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–39, \$ 296–23–710, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, \$ 296–23–710, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, \$ 296–23–710, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/76.]

# WAC 296-23-715 Modalities.

Unit Value

Physician or therapist is required to be in constant attendance.

(97000 has been deleted. To report, use 97010-97039)

P97010	Physical medicine treatment to one area, initial 30	
	minutes; hot or cold packs	12.0
P97012	traction, mechanical	12.0
P97014	electrical stimulation (unattended)	12.0
P97016	vasopneumatic devices	12.0
P97018	paraffin bath	12.0
P97020	microwave	12.0
P97022	whirlpool	12.0
P97024	diathermy	12.0
P97026	infrared	12.0
P97028	ultraviolet	12.0
P97039	unlisted modality (specify)	12.0
P97040	modality; each additional 15 minutes	3.75
P97050	Two or more modalities to the same area	13.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23-715, filed 7/23/87; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-715, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-715, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-715, filed 1/30/74; Order 68-7, § 296-23-715, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

WAC 296-23-720 Procedures. (Therapist is required to be in constant attendance.)

Unit Value

(97100 has been deleted. To report, use 97110-97139)

(97101 has been deleted. To report, use 97145)

P97110	Physical medicine treatment to one area, initial 30	
	minutes; therapeutic exercises	16.0
P97112	neuromuscular reeducation	16.0
P97114	functional activities	16.0
P97116	gait training	16.0
P97118	electrical stimulation (manual)	16.0
P97122	traction, manual	16.0
P97124	massage	16.0
P97126	contrast baths	16.0
P97128	ultrasound	16.0
P97139	unlisted procedure (specify)	16.0
P97145	Physical medicine treatment to one area, each ad-	
	ditional 15 minutes	5.0
P97200	Combination of any modality(s) and procedure(s),	
	initial 30 minutes	16.0

		Value
P97201	Each additional 15 minutes	5.0
P97220	Hubbard tank, initial 30 minutes	24.0
P97221	Each additional 15 minutes (maximum allowance,	
	one hour)	5.0
P97240	Pool therapy or hubbard tank with therapeutic ex-	•••
	ercises, initial 30 minutes	30.0
P97241	Each additional 15 minutes (maximum allowance,	
	one hour)	6.0
P97250	Sterile technique (severe burn cases and open	
	draining areas requiring sterile bandages and	
DOTEGO	dressings)	6.0
P97500	Orthotics training (dynamic bracing, splinting,	24.0
007501	etc.) upper extremities, initial 30 minutes	24.0
P97501	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
P97520	Prosthetic training, initial 30 minutes	24.0
P97521	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
P97530	Kinetic activities to increase coordination, strength	
	and/or range of motion, one area (any two ex-	
	tremities or trunk); initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
P97531	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
P97540	Activities of daily living (ADL) and diversional ac-	
	tivities, initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
P97541	each additional 15 minutes	12.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–720, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23), § 296–23–720, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–720, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–720, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 74–7, § 296–23–720, filed 1/30/74.]

# WAC 296-23-725 Tests and measurements.

		Unit Value
P97700	Office visit, including one of the following tests or measurements with report, initial 30 minutes	24.0
	(a) Orthotic "check-out"	24.0
	(b) Prosthetic "check-out"	
	(c) Activities of daily living "check-out"	,
	(d) Biofeedback evaluation	
P97701	Each additional 15 minutes	12.0
P97720	Extremity testing for strength, dexterity or stam-	
	ina, initial 30 minutes	24.0
P97721	Each additional 15 minutes	12.0
(P977 P9753	40, P97741 have been deleted. To report, see P9	7530,
P97730	Performance-based physical capacities evaluation	
	with report. Flat fee	\$375
P97752	Muscle testing, torque curves during isometric and	
	isokinetic exercise (e.g., by use of Cybex machine)	24.0
P99070	Supplies and materials provided by the therapist over and above those usually included with office	
	visit or other services rendered. List item provided.	
	Bill at cost	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-08-004 (Order 87-09), § 296-23-725, filed 3/20/87; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-725, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86; 83-16-066 (Order 83-23), § 296-23-725, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030, and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-725, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-725, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-23-730 Work hardening. The department will publish billing instructions, reimbursement limits, quality assurance standards, utilization review

guidelines, admission criteria, outcome criteria, measures of effectiveness, minimum staffing levels, certification requirements, special reporting requirements, and other criteria that will ensure injured workers receive good quality services at cost-effective payment levels. Providers will be required to meet the department's requirements in order to qualify as a work hardening provider. The department may also establish a competitive or other appropriate selection process for work hardening providers. Providers should refer to WAC 296-20-12050 regarding special programs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-002 (Order 89-01), § 296-23-730, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89.]

#### DRUGLESS THERAPEUTICS

WAC 296-23-810 General instructions. (1) Refer to WAC 296-20-010 through 296-20-125 regarding general rules and billing procedures.

- (2) The maximum fee is determined by multiplying the unit value of a procedure by a conversion factor. The appropriate conversion tables for drugless therapeutics services is the medicine table; for x-rays-radiology table.
- (3) In addition to general rules found in WAC 296–20–010 through 296–20–125, the following rules apply to drugless therapists:
- (a) If the drugless therapist is dual licensed, all treatment rendered by the practitioner must be billed as "treatment of the day." Further, the practitioner must elect and notify the department or self-insurer, which type of treatment he is providing for the injured worker, and abide by rules pertaining to area of elected treatment.
- (b) Drugless therapists utilizing hydro-; mechano-; and/or electro- therapy modalities cannot bill for those services in addition to office visit services. Office visit includes treatment of the day.
- (c) No more than one office visit wil be allowed per day, except on the initial and next two subsequent visits. The attending doctor must submit a detailed report regarding the need for the additional treatment.
- (d) If necessary, x-rays may be taken immediately prior to and following the initial drugless therapeutic treatment without prior authorization.
- (e) X-rays immediately prior to and following each subsequent drugless therapeutic treatment will be disallowed, unless previously authorized.
- (f) Prior authorization must be obtained for x-rays subsequent to initial treatment.
- (g) Payment will not be made for excessive or unnecessary x-rays. No payment will be made for x-rays taken on rejected or closed claims, except those taken in conjunction with a reopening application.
- (h) See WAC 296-23-01002 for custody requirements for x-rays.
- (4) Drugless therapy as a maintenance or supportive measure will not be authorized or paid.
- (5) Treatment beyond the first 20 treatments or 60 days, whichever occurs first, will not be authorized

without submission of a consultation report or a comprehensive comparative exam report regarding need for further care.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–810, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–810, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–23–810, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, § 296–23–810, filed 11/22/74, effective 1/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–810, filed 1/30/74; Order 71–6, § 296–23–810, filed 6/1/71; Order 70–12, § 296–23–810, filed 12/1/70, effective 1/1/71; Order 68–7, § 296–23–810, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

# WAC 296-23-811 Office visits and special services.

#### **Definitions:**

Routine office visit: A level of service pertaining to the evaluation and treatment of a condition requiring only an abbreviated history and exam.

Extended office visit: A level of service pertaining to an evaluation of patient with a new or existing problem requiring a detailed history, review of records, exam, and a formal conference with patient or family to evaluate and/or adjust therapeutic treatment management and progress.

Comprehensive office visit: A level of service pertaining to an indepth evaluation of a patient with a new or existing problem, requiring development or complete revaluation of treatment data; includes recording of chief complaints and present illness, family history, past treatment history, personal history, system review; and a complete exam to evaluate and determine appropriate therapeutic treatment management and progress.

# Reporting:

Reporting requirements are outlined in WAC 296-20-06101. The department or self-insurer will accept a brief narrative report of treatment received and the patient's progress as supporting documentation for billings in lieu of routine follow-up office notes.

# Drugless therapeutic modifiers:

- -22 Unusual services: When treatment services provided are greater than that usually required for listed procedures. Use of this modifier must be based on the injured worker's need for extended or unusual care. A report may be required. The modifier -22 should be added to the procedure number.
- -52 Reduced services: Under certain circumstances no treatment may be given, in these cases the procedure should be reduced by 10 units and modifier -52 should be added to the procedure number.

# Material supplied by doctor:

Department or self-insurer will reimburse the doctor for materials supplied, i.e. cervical collars, heel lifts, etc., at cost only. In addition, a handling fee not to exceed five percent of the wholesale cost of the item, will be paid. See RCW 19.68.010, Professional license statutes. Procedure Number D99070 should be used to bill these charges.

Special services:

The following services are generally part of the basic services listed in the maximum fee schedule but do involve additional expenses to the drugless therapeutic practitioner for materials, for his time or that of his employees. These services are generally provided as an adjunct to common drugless therapeutic services and should be used only when circumstances clearly warrant an additional charge over and above the usual charges for the basic services.

		Unit Value
D90001 D90097 D99032	Completion of report of accident	12.0 12.0
	mile	2.0
D99040	Completion of disability card	2.0
D99044 D99052	Doctor's estimate of physical capacities Services requested between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. in addition to basic services, provided the	10.0
D99054	office is closed during this period of time Services requested on Sundays and holidays in addition to basic services provided office is	12.0
	closed	12.0
D99070	Supplies, materials provided by doctor - bill at	
	cost	BR
D99080	Special report requested by the agency or 60 day report. See WAC 296-20-06101	BR
INITIAI	VISIT	
D90000	Routine examination, history, and/or treatment	
	(routine procedure), and submission of a report	20.0
D90017	Extended office visit including treatment - re-	
D90020		30.0
	treatment – report required in addition to the report of accident	40.0
Follow-u	p treatment	
D90050	Routine office visit including evaluation and/or	
	treatment	16.0
D90070	Extended office visit including treatment - re-	
	port required	30.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23–811, filed 7/23/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–24–041 (Order 81–28), § 296–23–811, filed 11/30/81, effective 1/1/82; 81–01–100 (Order 80–29), § 296–23–811, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 76–34, § 296–23–811, filed 11/24/76, effective 1/1/77; Order 75–39, § 296–23–811, filed 11/28/75, effective 1/1/76; Order 74–39, § 296–23–815, (codified as WAC 296–23–811), filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74–7, § 296–23–811, filed 1/30/74; Order 68–7, § 296–23–811, filed 11/27/68, effective 1/1/69.]

#### NURSING

WAC 296-23-900 Licensed nursing rules. (1) Registered nurses and licensed practical nurses may perform private duty nursing care in industrial injury cases when the attending physician deems this care necessary. (See WAC 296-20-091 for home nursing rules.)

(2) Certified registered nurses (CRNs) and advanced registered nurse practitioners (ARNPs) may perform advanced and specialized levels of nursing care on a fee for service basis in industrial injury cases within the limitations of subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

- (3) Advance approval must be obtained from the department to treat industrial injury cases. To be eligible to treat industrial injuries, the registered nurse must:
- (a) Be recognized by the Washington state board of nursing as a certified registered nurse (CRN) or advanced registered nurse practitioner (ARNP).
- (b) Provide the department with evidence of a reliable and rapid system of obtaining physician consultation.
- (4) The scope of practice for certified registered nurses or advanced registered nurse practitioners under the industrial insurance program is limited to the following, based on CRN or ARNP speciality as approved by the state board of nursing:
- (a) Preparing reports of accident and progress reports for the supervising physician's signature. The supervising physician's L & I Provider No. must be entered in Box 48 on the Accident Report form.
- (b) Emergency treatment of serious injuries to include initial wound care, administration of medication and support of life functions.
- (c) Treatment of minor injuries to include suturing of minor lacerations not involving tendons, nerves or bones.
  - (d) Removal of sutures.
  - (e) Removal of foreign bodies from eyes.
- (f) Removal of slivers or foreign bodies where bones, nerves and tendons are not involved.
- (g) Prescribing legend drugs when so authorized by state board of nursing.
- (h) Nursing type follow-up care (i.e., dressing changes, etc.)
- (i) Accompanying ambulance to the site of injury and/or to the hospital with the injured workman.
- (j) Home visits to evaluate claimant's condition when attendant care is being rendered for the injured worker by persons other than the nurse practitioner, may be authorized when the request is received in advance of the visit.
- (k) Administration of biofeedback as per WAC 296-21-0501.
  - (5) BILLING PROCEDURES

Billing procedures outlined in WAC 296-20-125 apply. Certified registered nurses and advanced nurse practitioners must obtain provider account numbers from the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09),  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36),  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 83–16–066 (Order 83–23),  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 8/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81–01–100 (Order 80–29),  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74–39,  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 11/22/74, effective 4/1/75; Order 74–7,  $\S$  296–23–900, filed 1/30/74.]

WAC 296-23-910 Maximum values are established for services rendered. The following maximum values are established for services rendered by advanced registered nurse practitioners and certified registered nurses.

Other services rendered by advanced registered nurse practitioners may be billed using the appropriate procedure number preceded by N- and valued at 80% of the unit value listed. Services are limited to the scope of practice defined in WAC 296-23-900(4).

Unit Value

Medicine procedures (see WAC 296-20-135 for Conversion Factor Table).

or Table).		
N90000	Initial office visit, to include history, initiation	
1170000	of treatment and preparation of Report of Ac-	
	cident for supervising physician's signature	14.0
N90010	Initial limited visit (routine involving single	
	region or organ system)	24.0
	Initial office visit, intermediate	40.0
N90030	Follow-up office visit, minimal	6.4
N90040	Follow-up office visit, brief	9.6
	Follow-up limited office visit	12.8
	Follow-up visit, intermediate exam Follow-up office visit, extended	16.0 24.0
	Follow-up office visit, comprehensive	40.0
N90701	Immunization, active; diptheria and tetanus	40.0
	toxoids and pertussis vaccine (DTP)	6.4
N90702	diphtheria and tetanus toxoids (DT)	4.0
N90718	tetanus and diphtheria toxoids absorbed,	
	for adult use (Td)	4.0
N90782	Therapeutic injection of medication (specify);	
	subcutaneous or intramuscular	4.8
N90784	intravenous	6.4
	Intramuscular injection of antibiotic (specify).	4.8
1490900	Biofeedback training by electromyogram ap-	40.0
N90901	plication, including office visit (one hour) (one-half hour)	40.0 24.0
	In conduction disorder, including office visit	24.0
1170702	(one hour)	40.0
N90903	(one-half hour)	24.0
N90904	Regulation of blood pressure, including office	
	visit (one hour)	40.0
N90905	(one-half hour)	24.0
N90906	Regulation of skin temperature or peripheral	
	blood flow, including office visit (one hour)	40.0
N90907	(one-half hour)	24.0
N90908	By electroencephalogram application, includ-	40.0
<b>3</b> 100000	ing office visit (one hour)	40.0
N90909	(one-half hour)	24.0
NAOAIO	By electro-oculogram, including office visit (one hour)	40.0
N90911	(one-half hour)	24.0
	Diagnostic evaluation, includes report (one	21.0
	hour)	48.0
N90913	Follow-up evaluation, includes report (one-	
	half hour)	24.0
N97070	Physical medicine modalities and procedures	
	by other than registered physical therapist in	
	remote area or first six visits in advanced reg-	
	istered nurse practitioner clinic	4.0
N99000	Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for	4.0
N00012	transfer to a laboratory	4.8
1499013	Telephone call for consultation or medical management; simple or brief, under 15 min-	
	utes	4.0
N99014	intermediate 15–30 minute	8.0
N99015	lengthy or complex	12.0
N99054	Office visit, Sunday, holidays or at night. To	
	be paid in addition to fees listed above	7.0
N99064	Emergency care facility services: Emergency	
	services outside regular office hours	20.0
N99065	during regular office hours	12.8
N99070	Supplies and materials provided over and	
	above those usually included with office visit	
	or other services rendered (list drugs; trays,	
	supplies or materials cast room and/or casting supplies provided). Bill at cost	BR
Nggnga	Accompanying an ambulance to the site of the	BK
1177002	injury and/or the hospital. (Each fifteen min-	
	utes or fraction thereof)	7.0
		(1000 E4)

	Unit Value	Unit Value
Minor surgical procedures		Pathology
(See WAC 296-22-023 for complete text and WAC	296-20-145 for	(See WAC 296-20-155 for Conversion Factor Table)
Conversion Factor Table)  N10120 Incision and removal foreign body, subcous tissues; simple	32	N81000 Urinalysis, routine, complete
N11040 Debridement; skin, partial thickness         N12001 Simple repair wound-scalp, neck, extrement trunk 2.5 cm	mities,3248	N87045       stool       20.0         N87060       throat or nose       16.0         N87070       any other source       12.8         N87181       Sensitivity studies antibiotic, agar diffusion
N12005 12.5 cm - 20 cm		method, per antibiotic
N12007       over 30 cm         N12011       Simple repair wound, face, ear, eyelids, cm         N12013       2.5 cm - 5 cm         N12014       5 cm - 7.5 cm         N12015       7.5 cm - 12.5 cm         N12016       12.5 cm - 20 cm         N12017       20 cm - 30 cm         N12018       30 cm	to 2.5	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-23-910, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-910, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4), 51.04.030 and 51.16.120(3). 81-01-100 (Order 80-29), § 296-23-910, filed 12/23/80, effective 3/1/81; Order 74-7, § 296-23-910, filed 1/30/74.]
N12031 Layer closure of wounds of scalp, a	•	VOCATIONAL SERVICES
N12032 2.5 cm - 7.5 cm	80 96 BR	WAC 296-23-950 Massage therapy rules. Practitioners should refer to WAC 296-20-010 through 296-20-125 for general information and rules pertaining to
N12041 Layer, closure of wound neck, hands genital         N12042 2.5 cm - 7.5 cm	, feet, 64 80	the care of injured workers. See WAC 296-20-125 for billing instructions.  Massage therapy treatment will be permitted when
N12044       7.5 cm - 12.5 cm         N12045       12.5 cm - 20 cm         N12046       20 cm - 30 cm         N12047       30 cm	1.12 1.28	given by a licensed massage practitioner only upon written orders from the worker's attending doctor.  A progress report must be submitted to the attending
N12051 Layer closure of wounds, face, ear, ey         2.5 cm         N12052       2.5 cm         5 cm       5 cm	80	doctor and the department or the self-insurer following six treatment visits or one month, whichever comes first. Massage therapy treatment beyond the initial six treat-
N12054       7.5 cm - 12.5 cm         N12055       12.5 cm - 20 cm         N12056       20 cm - 30 cm         N12057       30 cm	44	ments will be authorized only upon substantiation of im- provement in the worker's condition in terms of functional modalities, i.e., range of motion; sitting and
Burns, local treatment (see WAC 296-22-0 complete text and WAC 296-20-145 for Conversion	26 for Factor Table)	standing tolerance; reduction in medication; etc. In addition, an outline of the proposed treatment program, the expected restoration goals, and the expected length
N16000 Initial treatment first degree burns N16010 Dressings and/or debridement; initial or quent; under anesthesia, small	subse-	of treatment will be required.  Massage therapy in the home and/or places other
N16020 without anesthesia		than the practitioners usual and customary business fa- cilities will be allowed only upon prior justification and
Introduction or removal (see WAC 296-20- Conversion Factor Table)	145 for	authorization by the department or self-insurer.  No inpatient massage therapy treatment will be al-
N20520 Removal foreign body in muscle, simple Casts	96	lowed when such treatment constitutes the only or major treatment received by the worker. See WAC 296-20-
N29075 Application; plaster figure of eight; el fingers (short arm)		030 for further information.  Massage therapy treatments exceeding once per day
Splints N29125 Application of short arm (forearm and static		must be justified by attending doctor.  [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-950, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]
Removal ocular foreign body N65220 Removal foreign body, external eye; c without slit lamp		WAC 296-23-960 MassageModalities. Therapist is required to be in constant attendance.
Radiology (See WAC 296-20-150 for Conversion Facto	r Table)	CODE DESCRIPTION RUV
N73090 Forearm including one joint, A-P and la N73130 X-ray hand complete, minimum 3 views N73550 Femur (thigh), A-P and lateral	4.8	9 97010       Hot and Cold Packs       12.0         9 97124       Massage, One-Half Hour       16.0         9 97125       Additional 15 Minutes       5.0
(1000 E4)		[Title 296 WAC_n 433]

9 97200 Combination of Modalities and/or Massage, One-Half Hour 16.0 9 97201 Additional 15 Minutes 5.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-20-074 (Order 86-36), § 296-23-960, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-960, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

WAC 296-23-970 Occupational therapy rules. Practitioners should refer to WAC 296-20-010 through 296-20-125 for general information and rules pertaining to the care of injured workers. See WAC 296-20-125 for billing instructions.

Occupational therapy treatment will be reimbursed only when ordered by the injured worker's attending doctor and rendered by a licensed occupational therapist or an occupational therapist assistant serving under the direction of a licensed occupational therapist. Vocational counselors assigned to injured workers by the department or self-insurer may request an occupational therapy evaluation. However, occupational therapy treatment must be ordered by the injured worker's attending doctor.

An occupational therapy progress report must be submitted to the attending doctor and the department or self-insurer following twelve treatment visits or one month, whichever occurs first. Occupational therapy treatment beyond the initial twelve treatments will be authorized only upon substantiation of improvement in the worker's condition. An outline of the proposed treatment program, the expected restoration goals, and the expected length of treatment will be required.

The department or self-insurer will review the quality and medical necessity of occupational therapy services. Practitioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for the department's definition of medically necessary and to WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regarding utilization review and quality assurance.

The department will pay for a maximum of one occupational therapy visit per day. When multiple treatments (different billing codes) are performed on one day, the department or self-insurer will pay either the sum of the individual fee maximums, the provider's usual and customary charge, or 48 relative value units, whichever is less. These limits will not apply to occupational therapy which is rendered as part of a physical capacities evaluation, work hardening program, or pain management program, provided a qualified representative of the department or self-insurer has authorized the service.

The department will publish specific billing instructions, utilization review guidelines, and reporting requirements for occupational therapists who render care to injured workers.

Occupational therapy services rendered in the injured worker's home and/or places other than the practitioner's usual and customary office, clinic, or business facility will be allowed only upon prior authorization by the department or self—insurer.

No inpatient occupational therapy treatment will be allowed when such treatment constitutes the only or major treatment received by the worker. See WAC 296–20–030 for further information.

The department may discount maximum fees for treatment performed on a group basis in cases where the treatment provided consists of a nonindividualized course of therapy (e.g., pool therapy; group aerobics; and back classes).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-002 (Order 89-01), § 296-23-970, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89; 86-06-032 (Order 86-19), § 296-23-970, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

#### WAC 296-23-980 Occupational therapy services.

		Unit Value
97010	Physical medicine treatment to one area, hot or cold	
	packs	12.0
97016	vasopneumatic devices	12.0
97018	paraffin bath	12.0
97110	therapeutic exercises	16.0
97112	neuromuscular reeducation	16.0
97114	functional activities	16.0
97145	Physical medicine treatment to one area, each additional 15 minutes	5.0
97200	Combination of any modality(s) and procedure(s),	5.0
	initial 30 minutes	16.0
97201	Each additional 15 minutes	5.0
97500	Orthotics training (dynamic bracing, splinting, etc.)	
	upper extremities, initial 30 minutes	24.0
97501	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97520	Prosthetic training, initial 30 minutes	24.0
97521	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97530	Kinetic activities to increase coordination, strength	
	and/or range of motion, one area (any two extremi-	
	ties or trunk), initial 30 minutes	24.0
97531	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97540	Activities of daily living (ADL) and diversional ac-	
	tivities, initial 30 minutes	24.0
97541	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97700	One of the following tests or measurements with re-	
	port, initial 30 minutes	24.0
	(a) Orthotic "check—out"	
	(b) Prosthetic "check-out"	
	(c) Activities of daily living "check-out" (d) Biofeedback evaluation	
97701	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97720	Extremity testing for strength, dexterity or stamina,	12.0
9//20	initial 30 minutes	24.0
97721	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97730	Performance—based physical capacities evaluation	12.0
21130	with report. Flat fee	\$375
97799	Unlisted physical medicine service or procedure	BR
99030	Mileage, one way, each mile beyond 7 mile radius of	<i>D</i> . (
	point of origin (office or home), per mile	2.0
99070	Supplies and materials provided by the therapist	2.0
	over and above those usually included with office	
	visit or other services rendered. List item provided.	
	Bill at cost	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–08–004 (Order 87–09), § 296–23–980, filed 3/20/87; 86–20–074 (Order 86–36), § 296–23–980, filed 10/1/86, effective 11/1/86; 86–06–032 (Order 86–19), § 296–23–980, filed 2/28/86, effective 4/1/86.]

WAC 296-23-990 Work hardening. The department will publish billing instructions, reimbursement limits, quality assurance standards, utilization review guidelines, admission criteria, outcome criteria, measures of effectiveness, minimum staffing levels, certification requirements, special reporting requirements, and other criteria that will ensure injured workers receive

good quality services at cost-effective payment levels. Providers will be required to meet the department's requirements in order to qualify as a work hardening provider. The department may also establish a competitive or other appropriate selection process for work hardening providers. Providers should refer to WAC 296-20-12050 regarding special programs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-002 (Order 89-01), § 296-23-990, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89.]

# Chapter 296–23A WAC HOSPITALS

#### WAC

#### HOSPITAL RULES

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### HOSPITAL RULES

WAC 296-23A-100 General information. Hospital services will be paid when necessary for treatment of the accepted industrial illness or injury. General information and rules pertaining to the care of injured workers are explained in the section beginning WAC 296-20-010 through 296-20-17003.

To avoid a delay in paying hospital bills be sure the claim number is listed in the space provided on the bill form. If the department's accident report form is completed at the hospital, then a preassigned claim number will be on the form. In other circumstances, the hospital may not be able to obtain the claim number from the injured worker or the attending physician prior to hospitalization and/or outpatient services. When this occurs, contact the local service location or call the department's provider toll-free line in Olympia. Self-insurers may be contacted directly to obtain claim numbers on self-insured claims. See Appendix B in the medical aid rules and maximum fee schedules for a list of self-insured employers.

Do not substitute the date of injury with either the date of admission or the date of service.

We urge you to submit bills to the department or self-insurer on a monthly basis.

The department or self-insurer will pay hospital inpatient charges for bed rest, physical therapy and/or administration of injectable drugs only under the conditions specified in WAC 296-20-075.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23A–100, filed 7/23/87; 87–03–005 (Order 86–47), § 296–23A–100, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-105 Payment for hospital inpatient and outpatient services. Effective January 1, 1988, the department or self-insurer pays for hospital inpatient services using either prospectively determined diagnosis related group per case rates or allowed charges multiplied by a percent of allowed charges factor. The diagnosis related group per case rates will be determined from case mix adjusted historical per case costs, indexed to the payment period for inflation and other factors. Hospital outpatient radiology, pathology and laboratory, and physical therapy services which do not occur within one day of an inpatient admission are to be billed and will be paid using the appropriate labor and industries outpatient fee schedule procedure codes. Effective January 1, 1988, hospital outpatient services which are not billed and paid using the hospital outpatient fee schedule will be paid a percent of allowed charges.

296-23A-330

296-23A-335

296-23A-340

Urinalysis.

Hematology.

Chemistry and toxicology.

All hospital inpatient and outpatient services and billed charges are subject to review by the department or a representative chosen by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-105, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-105, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-110 Hospital outpatient fee schedule information. The hospital outpatient fee schedule contains procedure codes and fee maximums for radiology, pathology and laboratory, and physical therapy services performed in a hospital outpatient setting by practitioners who are approved by the department (see WAC 296-20-015). The fee schedule is based on the Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) manual of procedure codes with modifications to accommodate ease of billing and department rules. (Note: Do not use the CPT manual as a billing reference.)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-110, filed 1/8/87.]

## WAC 296-23A-115 Hospital outpatient services conversion factors.

Radiology (codes 70000 through 79999) \$5.92 Pathology and laboratory (codes 80000 through 89999) \$0.56

Physical therapy (codes beginning with 9) \$1.29

(The conversion factor multiplied by the unit value equals the fee maximum for a procedure code in this chapter.)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 88-24-011 (Order 88-28), § 296-23A-115, filed 12/1/88, effective 1/1/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-115, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-120 Questionable eligibility. It is the responsibility of the hospital to try to determine at the time of admission or outpatient service(s) if the injured worker is covered under the Industrial Insurance Act for an allowable industrial illness or injury as stated in the medical aid rules and maximum fee schedules.

In cases of questionable eligibility for an industrial illness or injury, where the hospital has billed the injured worker or other insurance, and the claim is subsequently allowed, the hospital must make a full refund to the injured worker or other insurer and bill the department or self—insurer for services rendered.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-120, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-125 Refund of incorrect payments. When the department or self-insurer has paid a hospital billing and it is later determined that the service performed was not the responsibility of the department or self-insurer, then it is the hospital's responsibility to refund the department. The department or self-insurer will deduct the incorrect payments from future hospital payments if the hospital does not refund.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-125, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-130 Treatment of unrelated illness or injury. Treatment or surgery for an unrelated illness or injury, while the injured worker is hospitalized or receiving hospital outpatient services, is not usually allowed. When such unrelated treatment is permitted by the department or self-insurer, the requesting physician must identify which services are needed due to the industrial illness or injury and which are needed due to the unrelated condition(s). Diagnostic tests and/or treatment for unrelated conditions directly affecting recovery from the industrial illness or injury may be given consideration as stated under WAC 296-20-055.

Diagnostic tests and studies ordered by the attending physician as a part of the initial care and diagnosis of an industrial injury will be allowed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-130, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-135 Closed claims. The department or self-insurer will not pay for services rendered after the claim has been closed. If responsibility is later accepted by the department or self-insurer, WAC 296-23A-120 will apply.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-135, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-140 Take-home Rx's. Take-home prescriptions will be authorized upon discharge of the patient or completion of hospital outpatient services if the medication is necessary for the industrial illness or injury.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-140, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-145 Routine laboratory procedures on admission. On admission of an industrially injured patient to a hospital, the department or the self-insurer will allow routine laboratory work-up consisting of a complete blood count or hematocrit, urinalysis, serology, and routine admission chemical screening procedure. Laboratory reports for the procedures accomplished must accompany the bill.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-145, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-150 Billing procedures. Bills for hospital services must be submitted on UB-82 bill forms, transmitted electronically on department provided software, or transmitted electronically using department file format specifications. Providers using the UB-82 bill form must follow the billing instructions provided by the Washington state hospital association. Providers using any of the electronic transfer options must follow department instructions for electronic billing in addition to instructions provided by the Washington state hospital association. The self-insurer may accept other bill forms.

- (1) The following information must appear on the UB-82 for hospital inpatient services:
  - (a) Provider name:
  - (b) Patient control number;

- (c) Type of bill;
- (d) Department of labor and industries provider number;
  - (e) Patient name;
  - (f) Patient address;
  - (g) Birth date;
  - (h) Sex;
  - (i) Admission date;
  - (j) Patient status;
  - (k) Statement covers period;
  - (1) Date of injury;
- (m) Description (include daily rate with room accommodation revenue code);
  - (n) Revenue code;
  - (o) Units;
  - (p) Total charges;
  - (q) Payer;
  - (r) Social Security number;
  - (s) Claim number;
  - (t) Employer name;
  - (u) Narrative of principal and other diagnoses;
- (v) Principal and other ICD diagnosis code(s) when applicable;
  - (w) Narrative of principal and other procedure(s);
- (x) Principal and other ICD procedure code(s) when applicable; and
- (y) Procedure date(s) for ICD procedure code(s) when applicable.
- (2) The following information must appear on the UB-82 for hospital outpatient services:
  - (a) Provider name;
  - (b) Patient control number;
  - (c) Type of bill;
- (d) Department of labor and industries provider number;
  - (e) Patient name;
  - (f) Patient address;
  - (g) Birth date;
  - (h) Sex;
  - (i) Statement covers period;
  - (j) Date of injury:
  - (k) Description;
  - (1) Revenue code when applicable;
- (m) Department of labor and industries procedure codes for radiology, pathology and laboratory, and physical therapy services;
  - (n) Units;
  - (o) Total charges;
  - (p) Payer;
  - (g) Social Security number;
  - (r) Claim number;
  - (s) Employer name;
- (t) Narrative of principal and other diagnoses with side of body; and
- (u) Principal and other ICD diagnosis code(s) when applicable.

Summarize inpatient charges by revenue codes as specified in the UB-82 instructions.

(3) Supporting documentation for inpatient and outpatient services must be attached to the billings. Place the claim number on the upper right hand corner of each

attachment. (a) through (j) of this subsection are needed for inpatient services, and (d) through (j) of this subsection are needed for outpatient services:

- (a) Admission history and physical examination;
- (b) Discharge summary for stays over forty-eight hours:
  - (c) Itemized detail of summary charges;
  - (d) X-ray reports;
  - (e) Laboratory and pathology reports;
  - (f) Diagnostic studies reports;
  - (g) Emergency room reports;
  - (h) Operative reports;
  - (i) Physical therapy notes; and
  - (i) Occupational therapy notes.

Providers using any of the electronic transfer options provided by the department must send the department the required documentation normally associated with a bill, as outlined in subsection (3) of this section, within thirty days of the date billing information was sent to the department on electronic medium. Providers must comply with electronic billing instructions supplied by the department regarding the submission of hospital bill documentation. Place the claim number on the upper right hand corner of each supporting document submitted.

- (4) For a bill to be considered for payment, it should be received by the department or self-insurer within ninety days from the date of service.
- (5) The department or the self-insurer may reject bills for services rendered in violation of the medical aid rules and maximum fee schedules.
- (6) Charges for professional services provided by hospital staff physicians must be submitted on the Health Insurance Claim Form, HCFA-1500. Hospitals using any of the electronic transfer options must follow department instructions for electronic billing in addition to department instructions for completing the Health Insurance Claim Form, HCFA-1500. The emergency room will be considered the office for those physicians providing regular emergency room care to the hospital, and fees will be allowed on this basis.
- (7) Call-back services between 6 p.m. and 8 a.m., of surgical staff not normally on duty during this period of time, should be billed using the appropriate revenue codes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-150, filed 7/23/87; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-150, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-155 New hospitals. New hospitals are those entities which were not open for at least one year prior to the department's implementation of the latest diagnosis related group rates or percent of allowed charges factor for hospitals paid by the department. A change in ownership does not constitute the creation of a new hospital. If a hospital changes ownership, rates will be those payable to the previous owner.

Payment for services provided by new hospitals will be at the average diagnosis related group rates and average percent of allowed charges for the new hospital's peer group. A new hospital will be paid using its hospital-specific percent of allowed charges factor within three years of receiving a provider number(s) from the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-155, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

# WAC 296-23A-160 Excluded and included services. (1) Ambulance and air transportation services are excluded from the diagnosis related group payments.

- (2) Preadmission services: Services performed in a hospital outpatient setting within one day prior to admission into the hospital must be billed as hospital inpatient services.
- (3) Freestanding and distinct part psychiatric, rehabilitation, and substance abuse facilities as defined by the health care finance administration will be excluded from payment by diagnosis related group rates. These facilities will be paid a percent of allowed charges. The department may choose to exclude other freestanding and distinct part units from diagnosis related group rates.
- (4) Bills which are coded as diagnosis related groups 000, 469, and 470 will be denied.
- (5) Military, health maintenance organization (HMO), and children's hospitals will be paid their allowed charges.
- (6) Bills which are coded as diagnosis related groups paid by the department, and are for hospital services where the injured worker has been admitted and discharged on the same day, will be reviewed by the department and may be paid as hospital outpatient services.
- (7) All hospital services provided to an injured worker admitted to a hospital will be included in the diagnosis related group rates unless otherwise specified.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-160, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-165 Out-of-state hospitals. (1) Hospitals not in Oregon, Idaho, or Washington will be paid a percent of allowed charges. The percent of allowed charges may differ for services performed in the inpatient and outpatient settings.

(2) Oregon and Idaho hospitals: Hospital outpatient radiology, pathology and laboratory, and physical therapy services are to be billed and will be paid using the appropriate labor and industries outpatient fee schedule procedure codes. Other hospital outpatient services will be paid a percent of allowed charges.

Hospital inpatient services will be paid a percent of allowed charges. The percent of allowed charges may differ for services performed in the inpatient and outpatient settings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-165, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-170 Outliers. (1) Outlier payments are for cases with unusually high or low costs. Outlier status will be granted to qualified diagnosis related groups cases paid by the department.

(2) Qualification for high outlier status: To qualify as a high outlier under the diagnosis related groups payment system, the allowed charges (ACHGE) for the case minus a dollar threshold (\$threshold) must be greater than zero:

#### (ACHGE - \$threshold) > 0.

The dollar threshold is defined as the greater of two standard deviations above the state—wide diagnosis related group rate for each diagnosis related group paid by the department or \$9,000. The state—wide per case rates used to compute the standard deviations for the diagnosis related groups will be computed across all relevant cases in the historical data base excluding outliers.

(3) Payment: Outlier cases will be paid a hospital's diagnosis related group rate plus an add—on. The add—on will be calculated by first subtracting the dollar threshold from the allowed charges for the case. This product is then multiplied by that hospital's percent of allowed charges factor (F) and then by eighty percent:

(ACHGE-\$threshold) \* F \* 0.80 = Add-on.

The outlier payment will be as follows:

Outlier payment = Hospital's DRG rate + add-on.

- (4) To have a bill considered for high outlier status, the hospital must enter "61" for the condition code, block 35 of the UB-82.
- (5) Hospitals must submit the following information with a bill, in addition to the information required in WAC 296-23A-150(3), when requesting a high outlier:
  - (a) Physician's progress notes.
  - (b) Physician's orders.
  - (c) Nurse's notes.
- (6) Qualification for low outlier status: To qualify as a low outlier, the allowed charges multiplied by that hospital's percent of allowed charges factor must be less than the greater of ten percent of the state-wide diagnosis related group rate or \$200. The state-wide diagnosis related group rate will be computed across all relevant cases in the historical data base excluding outliers. Low outlier cases will be paid that hospital's inpatient percent of allowed charges factor multiplied by the allowed charges for the case.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-170, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-175 Interim bills. (1) An interim bill is defined as a bill which has a patient status code of 30 in block 21 of the UB-82.

- (2) Interim bills which are assigned to diagnosis related groups paid per case by the department will be denied.
- (3) If an interim bill is coded as a diagnosis related group not paid by the department, then the bill will be paid as a percent of allowed charges. If an interim bill is paid as a percent of allowed charges, and a subsequent bill coded as a diagnosis related group paid by the department for the same injured worker has a first date of service within seven days of the last date of service of

the previous bill, then the bills will be subject to review by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-175, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-180 Readmissions. (1) Both bills for an injured worker who is readmitted within seven days of a previous discharge and for which at least one bill is coded as a diagnosis related group paid by the department will be subject to review by the department. Payment for services associated with these bills will depend on the review.

(2) Both bills for a readmitted worker involving different hospitals, and for which at least one bill is coded as a diagnosis related group paid by the department, will be reviewed by the department and may be paid using the payment method for transfers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-180, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-185 Transfers. (1) A transfer is defined as an admission to another acute care hospital within seven days of the previous discharge for the same injured worker. All transfers will be subject to review by the department and payment will be determined according to the department's interpretation of the review. The transferring hospital may qualify for high and low outlier status.

- (2) When the stay at the transferring hospital is a diagnosis related group paid by the department and does not qualify as a low outlier, the transferring hospital is paid a per day rate for each day of care allowed by the department's review prior to the transfer. The per day rate is determined by dividing that hospital's rate for the appropriate diagnosis related group by that diagnosis related group's average length of stay determined by the department. If the case does not qualify as a high outlier, payment to the transferring hospital will not exceed the appropriate diagnosis related group rate that would have been paid had the injured worker not been transferred to another hospital.
- (3) The receiving hospital in a transfer will be paid according to the department's review of the case. If the receiving hospital's stay is a diagnosis related group paid by the department, then the hospital will receive the appropriate per case and outlier payments. If the case is not a diagnosis related group paid by the department, then the hospital is paid a percent of allowed charges.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-185, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

WAC 296-23A-190 Adjustment of rates. If a hospital can demonstrate to the department that its percent of allowed charges factor has changed by more than ten percent over the percent of allowed charges factor currently applied to the hospital's rates, then the hospital can file for rate relief with the department. To demonstrate this change to the department, the hospital must use independently audited source data from the same time period for which the initial percent of allowed charges factor was calculated. If the department's review

of the material submitted by the hospital results in a favorable determination for the hospital, the department will modify the hospital's percent of allowed charges factor and recalculate the hospital's base rates for diagnosis related group rates using the revised percent of charges factor.

The revised rates will apply to all bills with a date of admission on or after a date chosen by the department. The chosen date will be within four months of the agreement to modify between the hospital and the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-24-050 (Order 87-23), § 296-23A-190, filed 11/30/87, effective 1/1/88.]

#### HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT RADIOLOGY

WAC 296-23A-200 General information—Hospital outpatient radiology. Rules and billing procedures pertaining to all practitioners rendering services to injured workers are presented in the general instructions section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some of the similarities are repeated here for the convenience of those hospitals referring to the radiology section. Radiology fees for nonhospital providers are covered in chapter 296-23 WAC.

The following procedures and fee maximums apply only when these services are performed by or under the supervision of a physician.

The department or self-insurer may deny payment for radiology procedures which are determined to be excessive or unnecessary for management of the accepted industrial illness or injury.

The technical component represents the expenses of nonradiologist personnel, materials, facilities and space, used for diagnostic or therapeutic services rendered. It excludes the cost of radio-isotopes.

The professional component represents the professional services supplied by physicians. See WAC 296–23–010 to 296–23–130 for billing the professional component.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-200, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-205 Billing procedures. (1) Department billing instructions appear in WAC 296-20-125. Hospital billing information and instructions appear in WAC 296-23A-100, 296-23A-105, and 296-23A-150.

- (2) Fee maximums for radiology services are listed for the combined professional and technical components.
- (3) Hospitals are reimbursed only for the technical component at a rate up to and including sixty percent of the fee maximum.
- (4) Hospitals should bill their usual and customary rates for the technical component of outpatient radiology services.
- (5) Radiology procedures performed by other than the billing hospital shall be billed at the value charged the hospital by the reference (outside) radiology department. When possible, the service should be billed under the same procedure code as billed by the reference radiology department.

(6) "BR" in the unit value column indicates that the value of this service is to be determined by report (BR) because the service is too unusual, variable, or new to be assigned a unit value. The report should provide an adequate definition or description of the services or procedures as discussed in WAC 296-23A-235. Whenever possible, list the nearest similar procedure code according to this schedule. The department or self-insurer may adjust BR procedures when such action is indicated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23A-205, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-205, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-210 Injection procedures. Values for injection procedures include all usual preinjection and postinjection care specifically related to the injection procedure, necessary local anesthesia, placement of needle or catheter, and injection of contrast media.

Vascular injection procedures are listed in the cardiovascular section. Other injection procedures are listed in the appropriate sections.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-210, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-215 Responsibility for x-rays. (1) X-rays should not be sent to the department or self-insurer unless requested for comparison and interpretation in determining permanent disability, other administrative or legal decisions, and for cases in litigation. X-rays must be retained by the hospital for a period of ten years.

- (2) X-rays must be made available upon request to consultants, to medical examiners, to the department, to self-insurers and/or to the board of industrial insurance appeals.
- (3) If a hospital ceases to function as an acute care facility, department approved custodial arrangements must be made to insure availability of x-rays on request.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-215, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-220 Duplication of x-rays. Every attempt should be made to minimize the number of x-rays taken of injured workers. The attending physician or any other person or institution having possession of x-rays which pertain to the injury and are deemed to be needed for diagnostic or treatment purposes should make these x-rays available upon request.

The department or self-insurer will not authorize nor pay for additional x-rays when recent x-rays are available except when presented with adequate information regarding the need to retake the x-ray.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-220, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-225 Additional views. The department will only reimburse hospitals for the number of views stated in the description of the procedure. If the number of views taken is not described by a procedure, and the necessity of the views can be supported to the

satisfaction of the department, then see WAC 296-23A-230 for the appropriate billing procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-225, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-230 Unlisted service or procedure. A radiology service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this section of the fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in WAC 296-23A-235. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for the RADIOLOGY section are as follows:

- 76499 Unlisted diagnostic radiologic procedure
- 76999 Unlisted diagnostic ultrasound procedure
- 77299 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning
- 77399 Unlisted procedure, medical radiation physics, dosimetry and treatment devices
- 77499 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment management
- 77799 Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy
- 78099 Unlisted endocrine procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78199 Unlisted hematopoietic, R-E and lymphatic procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78299 Unlisted gastrointestinal procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78399 Unlisted musculoskeletal procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78499 Unlisted cardiovascular procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78599 Unlisted respiratory procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78699 Unlisted nervous system procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78799 Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 78999 Unlisted miscellaneous procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
- 79999 Unlisted radionuclide therapeutic procedure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-230, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-235 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable, or new, may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure; and the time, effort and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be helpful include: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, concurrent problems, and follow-up care.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-235, filed 1/8/87.]

#### WAC 296-23A-240 Head and neck.

Value		
BR	Myelography, posterior fossa; complete procedure Cisternography, positive contrast; complete proce-	70011 70016
BR	dure	
	(For injection procedure only for cisternography, see 61053)	

Unit

		Unit Value			Unit Value
70030	Radiologic examination, eye, for detection of for-	8.8	70487 70488	with contrast material(s) without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	64.0 71.0
	(70040 and 70050 have been deleted)			(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections,	71.0
70100	Radiologic examination, mandible; partial, less			see 76375)	
70110 70120 70130	than four views	6.0 10.0 6.0 12.0	70490 70491 70492	Computerized axial tomography, soft tissue neck; without contrast material with contrast material(s)	BR BR BR
70134	Radiologic examination, internal auditory meati, complete	12.0		(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)	
70140	Radiologic examination, facial bones; less than three views	6.0		,	
70150	complete, minimum of three views	10.0		(For cervical spine, see 72125, 72126)	
70160	Radiologic examination, nasal bones, complete, minimum of three views	6.4	70540	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging; orbit, face, and neck	120.0
70171	Dacryocystography nasolacrimal, complete proce-		70551	brain (including brain stem)	120.0
70190	dure	10.0 6.0	[Statut	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 8	3917039
70200 70210	orbits, complete, minimum of four views Radiologic examination, sinuses, paranasal, less	8.0 5.0	(Order	89-09), § 296-23A-240, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/1 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-240, filed 1/8/87.]	
70220	than three views		WA	AC 296-23A-242 Chest.	
70240	plete, minimum of three views	8.8 5.0	****		Unit
70250	Radiologic examination, skull; less than four views, with or without stereo	6.0			Value
70260	complete, minimum of four views, with or with-		71010	Radiologic examination, chest; single view,	4.0
70300	out stereo	12.0 2.0	71015	frontal stereo, frontal	4.0 5.0
70310	partial examination, less than full mouth	4.0	71020	two views, frontal and lateral	7.0
70320	complete, full mouth	8.0	71021	apical lordotic procedure	7.2
70328	Radiologic examination, temporomandibular joint,		71022	oblique projections	7.2
<b>50000</b>	open and closed mouth; unilateral	6.0	71023	with fluoroscopy	BR
70330 70333	bilateral  Temporomandibular joint arthrotomography (in-	8.8	71030	Radiologic examination, chest, complete, mini- mum of four views	8.0
10333	cludes a contrast arthrogram and appropriate		71034	with fluoroscopy	10.0
70336	laminographic studies); complete procedure  Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, tem-	21.1		(For separate chest fluoroscopy, see 76000)	
70350	poromandibular joint	120.0 4.0	71035	Radiologic examination, chest, special views, e.g.,	
70355	Orthopantogram	10.0	<b>5100</b> (	lateral decubitus, Bucky studies	BR
70360	Radiologic examination, neck; soft tissue	4.0	71036	Fluoroscopic localization for needle biopsy	DD
70370	pharynx or larynx, including fluoroscopy and/or magnification technique	8.0	71038	of intrathoracic lesion, including follow-up films. Fluoroscopic localization for transbronchial biopsy	BR
70371		0.0	71041	or brushing	BR
, 05, 1	tion by cine or video recording	BR	71041 71061	Bronchography, unilateral; complete procedure Bronchography, bilateral; complete procedure	14.0 22.0
70374	Laryngography, contrast; complete procedure	24.0	711001		22.0
70380	Radiologic examination, salivary gland for calculus	6.4	71101	views	7.2
70391	Sialography; complete procedure	8.0	71101	three views	11.2
70450	Computerized axial tomography, head or brain; without contrast material	58.0	71110	Radiologic examination, ribs, bilateral; three views	10.0
70460 70470	with contrast material(s)	64.0	71111	including posteroanterior chest, minimum of	
70470	material(s) and further sections	71.0	71120	four views	14.0
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)		71130	sternoclavicular joint or joints, minimum of	6.0
70480	Computerized axial tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear;		71250	three views	6.0 77.0
	without contrast material	58.0	71260	with contrast material(s)	84.0
70481 70482	with contrast material(s)	64.0	71270	without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	90.0
	material(s) and further sections	71.0		(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections,	
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)		71550	see 76375)	
70486	Computerized axial tomography, maxillofacial area; without contrast material	58.0	71550	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, chest (e.g., for evaluation of hilar and mediastinal lymphadenopathy)	120.0
(1989 E	d.)			[Title 296 WA	С—р 441]

03-005	(Order 86–47), § 296	-23A-242, filed 1/8/87.]		72220	Radiologic examination, sacrum and coccyx, min-	
WA	C 296-23A-244	Spine and pelvis.		12220	imum of two views	6.4
****	o mora mer	Delia Wind Polivios	T 1	72241	Myelography, cervical; complete procedure	18.0
			Unit Value	72256 72266	Myelography, thoracic; complete procedure Myelography, lumbosacral; complete procedure	18.0 18.0
			y aruc	72271	Myelography, entire spinal canal; complete proce-	10.0
72010	Radiologic examina	tion, spine, entire, survey			dure	30.0
		r and lateral	16.0	72286	Diskography, cervical; complete procedure	20.0
72020		on, spine, single view, specify	6.5	72296	Diskography, lumbar; complete procedure	20.0
72040		ion, spine, cervical; antero-	6.5		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.	
, 20 10			6.0		89–09), § 296–23A–244, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/	
72050		iews	10.0		(Order 87–18), § 296–23A–244, filed 7/23/87; 86–47), § 296–23A–244, filed 1/8/87.]	87-03-00:
72052		g oblique and flexion and/or	15.2	(Oraci	30-47), § 230-2374-244, med 1/8/87.]	
72070		ion, spine; thoracic, antero-	15.2	NA/ A	AC 296–23A–246 Upper extremities.	
.20,0	posterior and lateral		9.0	¥ ¥ Z	ac 270-25A-240 Opper extremities.	
72072		sterior and lateral, including				Uni
		the cervicothoracic junction.	12.0			Value
72074		e, including obliques, mini-	16.0	73000	Radiologic examination; clavicle, complete	4.8
72080		eroposterior and lateral	9.0	73010	scapula, complete	6.0
72090		luding supine and erect stud-		73020	Radiologic examination, shoulder; one view	4.0
	ies		6.0	73030	complete, minimum of two views	6.0
72100		ion, spine, lumbosacral; an-	0.0	73041	Radiologic examination, shoulder, arthrography; complete procedure	10.0
72110		ral	9.0 16.0	73050	Radiologic examination; acromioclavicular joints,	10.0
72114		bending views	18.5		bilateral, with or without weighted distraction	7.0
72120	Radiologic examinati	on, spine, lumbosacral, bend-		73060	humerus, minimum of two views	4.8
70105		num of four views	10.0	73070	Radiologic examination, elbow; anteroposterior and lateral views	4.8
72125		tomography, cervical spine;	62.4	73080	complete, minimum of three views	6.0
72126		rial	72.8	73086	Radiologic examination, elbow, arthrography;	
72127		aterial, followed by contrast			complete procedure	10.0
		ther sections	BR	73090	Radiologic examination; forearm, anteroposterior	
72128		tomography, thoracic spine;	62.4	73100	and lateral views	4.8
72129		rial	72.8	75100	and lateral views	4.0
72130		aterial, followed by contrast		73110	complete, minimum of three views	6.0
		ther sections	BR	73116	Radiologic examination, wrist, arthrography;	10.6
72131		tomography, lumbar spine;	60.0	73120	complete procedure	10.0 4.0
72132		erial	70.0	73130	minimum of three views	6.0
			, ,,,	73140	Radiologic examination, finger or fingers, mini-	
	see 76375)	al, and/or oblique sections,		72200	mum of two views	3.6
	,			73200	Computerized axial tomography, upper extremity; without contrast material	58.0
72133	without contrast m	aterial, followed by contrast ther sections	BR	73201	with contrast material(s)	64.0
72141		(e.g., proton) imaging, spinal	М	73202	without contrast material, followed by contrast	
		ervical	120.0	<b>5000</b>	material(s) and further sections	71.0
72143			120.0	73220	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, upper	120.0
72144	lumbar	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	120.0	73221	extremity, other than joint	120.0
		leted. To report, see 72125-			joint of upper extremity	120.0
	72132)			Statut	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.	89_17. nac
72170	Radiologic examinat	ion, pelvis; anteroposterior			89–09), § 296–23A–246, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/	
	only		5.0	16-004	(Order 87–18), § 296–23A–246, filed 7/23/87;	
72180 72190		of three views	6.4 8.0	(Order	86-47), § 296-23A-246, filed 1/8/87.]	
2170	- ·		0.0	_		
	(For pelvimetry, see	74710)		WA	C 296-23A-248 Lower extremities.	
72192	Computerized axial	tomography, pelvis; without				Unit
			BR			Value
72193 72194		rial(s)aterial, followed by contrast	BR	72500	Production and in the control of the	- ^
21 <b>74</b>		ther sections	BR	73500 73510	Radiologic examination, hip; unilateral, one view complete, minimum of two views	5.0 7.0
				73510	Radiologic examination, hips, bilateral, minimum	7.0
	(For coronal, sagitt see 76375)	al, and/or oblique sections,			of two views of each hip, including anteroposterior	
	•		é.		view of pelvis	9.6
		e.g., proton) imaging, pelvis	120.0	73526	Radiologic examination, hip, arthrography; com-	מת
72200		on, sacroiliac joints; less than	5.0	73530	Radiologic examination, hip, during operative	BR
			8.0	10000	procedure	16.0
/2202	three or more views	3	0.0		procedure	10.0

		Unit	WA	C 296-23A-252 Gastrointestinal tract.	
		Value			Unit
73550	Radiologic examination, femur, anteroposterior				Value
73560	and lateral views	6.0	74210	Radiologic examination; pharynx and/or cervical esophagus	8.8
73562	anteroposterior and laterial, with oblique(s),	4.4	74220 74230	esophagus	8.8
73564	minimum of three viewscomplete, including oblique(s), and/or tunnel,	6.4		with cineradiography and/or video	12.0
73304	and/or patellar, and/or standing views	8.4	74235	Removal of foreign body(s), esophageal, with use of balloon catheter under fluoroscopic guidance	BR
73581	Radiologic examination, knee, arthrography; complete procedure	16.0	74240	Radiologic examination, gastrointestinal tract, upper; with or without delayed films, without KUB.	14.0
73590	Radiologic examination; tibia and fibula, antero-		74241	with or without delayed films, with KUB	15.2
73592	posterior and lateral viewslower extremity, infant, minimum of two views	4.8 4.0	74245 74246	with small bowel, includes multiple serial films Radiologic examination, gastrointestinal tract, up-	17.6
73600	Radiologic examination, ankle; anteroposterior			per, air contrast, with specific high density bar- ium, effervescent agent, with or without glucagon;	
73610	and lateral views	4.4 6.0		with or without delayed films, without KUB	BR
73616	Radiologic examination, ankle, arthrography;	0.0	74247	with or without delayed film, with KUB	BR
73620	complete procedure	10.0	74249 74250	with small bowel follow through	BR
75020	lateral views	4.0	74260	multiple serial films	14.0 BR
73630	complete, minimum of three views	5.6	74260 74270	Duodenography, hypotonic	12.0
73650	Radiologic examination; calcaneus, minimum of	4.4	74280	air contrast with high density barium, with or	
73660	toe or toes, minimum of two views	4.4 3.6	74290	without glucagon	14.0 9.6
73700	Computerized axial tomography, lower extremity;		74290	additional or repeat examination or multiple	9.0
72701	without contrast material with contrast material(s)	58.0 64.0	74200	day examination	4.8
73701 73702	without contrast materials, followed by contrast	04.0	74300	Cholangiography and/or pancreatography; during surgery	10.0
	material(s) and further sections	71.0	74301	additional set during surgery	3.0
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections,		74305	postoperative	12.0
	see 76375)			(For biliary duct stone extraction, percutaneous, see 74327)	
73720	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, lower extremity, other than joint	120.0		(74310, 74315 have been deleted. To report, use	
73721	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, any	120.0	74321	76499) Chalangiagraphy paraytanagus transhanatia	
	joint of lower extremity	120.0	74321	Cholangiography, percutaneous, transhepatic; complete procedure	16.0
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 889-09), § 296-23A-248, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/1 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-248, filed 1/8/87.]		74327	Postoperative biliary duct stone removal, percutaneous via T-tube tract, basket or snare (e.g., Burhenne technique) fluoroscopic monitoring and	
03-003	(Order 60-47), § 250-2574-246, incd 1/6/67.]		74328	radiography Endoscopic catheterization of the biliary ductal	BR
WA	C 296-23A-250 Abdomen.		74328	system, fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography.  Endoscopic catheterization of the pancreatic duc-	BR
		Unit	7 1327	tal system, fluoroscopic monitoring and radiogra-	
		Value	74220	phy	BR
74000	Radiologic examination, abdomen; single antero-		74330	Combined endoscopic catheterization of the biliary and pancreatic ductal systems, fluoroscopic	p.p.
, 1000	posterior view	6.0	74340	monitoring and radiography	BR
74010	anteroposterior and additional oblique and cone	ο Λ	74540	Miller-Abbott), with multiple fluoroscopies and	
74020	views	8.0	74351	films  Percutaneous placement of gastrostomy tube;	BR
74000	views	11.0		complete procedure	BR
74022	pine, erect, and/or decubitus views, upright PA		74356	complete procedure	BR
74150	chest	BR	74361	Intraluminal dilation of strictures and/or obstruc- tions (e.g., esophagus or biliary tree); complete	
74130	out contrast material	77.0		procedure	BR
74160	with contrast material(s)	84.0	[Statut	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 8	917039
74170	without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections	90.0	16-004	89-09), § 296-23A-252, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/16 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-252, filed 7/23/87; 8	
	(For coronal, sagittal, and/or oblique sections, see 76375)		(Order	86–47), § 296–23A–252, filed 1/8/87.]	
74181	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, abdomen	120.0			
rc:		7 01 005			
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 8 86-47), § 296-23A-250, filed 1/8/87.]	1-03-003			

WA	AC 296-23A-254 Urinary tract.				Unit Value
		Unit			value
		Value	75506	Angiocardiography by serialography, single plane; complete procedure	23.0
74400	Urography (pyelography) intravenous, with or without KUB	15.2	75509	Angiocardiography by serialography, multiplane; complete procedure	46.0
74405	with special hypertensive contrast concentration		75520	Cardiac radiography, selective cardiac catheteri-	
74410	and/or clearance studies	16.0	75524	zation, right side; complete procedure	43.0
74415	technique with nephrotomography	20.0 26.0	75528	zation, left side; complete procedure	21.5
74420	Urography, retrograde, with or without kidneys,			zation, right and left side; complete procedure	55.0
74426	ureters, and bladder	12.0	75552	Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, myo- cardium	120.0
74431	gram, loopogram); complete procedure Cystography, minimum of three views; complete	BR	AOI	RTA AND ARTERIES	
74441	procedure	8.8	75601	Aortography, thoracic, without serialography;	
	Vasography, vesiculography, or epididymography; complete procedure	8.8	75606	complete procedure	20.0
74446 74451	Corpora cavernosography; complete procedure Urethrocystography, retrograde; complete proce-	BR	75621	procedure	30.0
74456	dure	9.6		serialography; complete procedure	32.0
74471	Urethrocystography, voiding; complete procedure Radiologic examination, renal cyst study, trans-	14.0	75623	Aortography, abdominal, catheter, without serial- ography; complete procedure	32.0
	lumbar, contrast visualization; complete procedure	10.0	75626	Aortography, abdominal, translumbar, by serialography; complete procedure	40.0
74476	Introduction of intracatheter or catheter into renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous,		75628	Aortography, abdominal, catheter, by serialo-	
	with fluoroscopic monitoring and radiography;		75631		48.0
74481	complete procedure	BR		lower extremity, catheter, by serialography; complete procedure	BR
	ter through renal pelvis for drainage and/or injection, percutaneous, with fluoroscopic monitoring		75651	Angiography, cervicocerebral, catheter, including	40.0
74407	and radiography; complete procedure	BR	75653	vessel origin; complete procedure	40.0
74486	Dilation of nephrostomy or ureters with fluoro- scopic monitoring and radiography; complete pro-			including vessel origin; one vessel, complete procedure	36.0
	cedure	BR	75655	two vessels, complete procedure	38.0
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.		75657 75659	three or four vessels, complete procedure Angiography, brachial, retrograde; complete pro-	40.0
	89–09), \$ 296–23A–254, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/3 (Order 87–18), \$ 296–23A–254, filed 7/23/87; \$			cedure	40.0
	86-47), § 296-23A-254, filed 1/8/87.]		75661	Angiography, external carotid, cerebral, unilateral, selective; complete procedure	40.0
WA	C 296-23A-256 Gynecological and obst	etrical.	75663	Angiography, external carotid, cerebral, bilateral, selective; complete procedure	50.0
		Unit	75667	Angiography, carotid, cerebral, unilateral; direct	
		Value	75669	puncture, complete procedure	40.0 46.0
	/E 11 1 1 1 54000 54450		75672	Angiography, carotid, cerebral, bilateral; direct	
	(For abdomen and pelvis, see 74000-74170, 72170-72190)		75673	puncture, complete procedure	50.0
7.47.10			75677	Angiography, carotid, cervical, unilateral; direct	54.0
74710 74720	Pelvimetry, with or without placental localization Radiologic examination, abdomen, for fetal age,	10.0		puncture, complete procedure	40.0
74720	fetal position and/or placental localization; single		75678	catheter, complete procedure	46.0
	view	4.0	75681	Angiography, carotid, cervical, bilateral; direct puncture, complete procedure	50.0
74725	multiple views	6.0	75682	catheter, complete procedure	50.0 54.0
	(74731 has been deleted. To report, use 76499)		75686	Angiography, vertebral; direct puncture, complete	
74741	-	10.0		procedure	40.0
74741 74775	Hysterosalpingography; complete procedure Perincogram (e.g., vaginogram, for sex determi-	10.8	75687	catheter, complete procedure	46.0
	nation or extent of anomalies)	BR	75692	(75691 has been deleted)	46.0
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 889-09), § 296-23A-256, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/1		13092	(75696 has been deleted)	46.0
	(Order 87-18), § 296-23A-256, filed 7/23/87; 8			(75696 has been deleted)	
(Order	86-47), § 296-23A-256, filed 1/8/87.]		75697 75706	catheter, complete procedure	54.0
WA	C 296-23A-258 Vascular system.		75711	Angiography, extremity, unilateral; without se-	28.0
	•	Unit	73711	rialography, complete procedure	30.0
		Value	75712	by serialography, complete procedure	32.0
HEA	RT		75717	Angiography, extremity, bilateral; without serial- ography, complete procedure	32.0
75501	Angiocardiography by cineradiography; complete		75718 75723	by serialography, complete procedure Angiography, renal, unilateral, selective, (includ-	34.0
,5501	procedure	22.0	(3123	ing flush aortogram); complete procedure	40.0
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
75725	Angiography, renal, bilateral, selective, (including flush aortogram); complete procedure	60.0	75847 75851	nonselective, complete procedure Venography, intraosseous; complete procedure	28.0 32.0
75727	Angiography, visceral; selective with or without flush aortogram), complete procedure	46.0	75861	Venography, sinus or jugular, catheter; complete procedure	32.0
75728	supraselective, complete procedure  (For selective angiography, additional visceral	48.0	75871	Venography, superior sagittal sinus; complete procedure, including direct puncture	32.0 BR
	vessels studied after basic examination, see 75773)		75873 75881 75886	Venography, orbital; complete procedure  Percutaneous transhepatic portography with he-	36.0
75732	Angiography, adrenal, unilateral, selective; complete procedure	46.0	75888	modynamic evaluation; complete procedure Percutaneous transhepatic portography without	36.0
75734	Angiography, adrenal, bilateral, selective; complete procedure	48.0	75890	hemodynamic evaluation; complete procedure Hepatic venography wedged or free, with hemo-	34.0
75737	Angiography, pelvic; selective, complete procedure	44.0	75892	dynamic evaluation; complete procedure  Hepatic venography, wedged or free, without he-	38.0
75738 75742	supraselective, complete procedure Angiography, pulmonary, unilateral, selective;	46.0	75893	1 0 0	34.0
75744	complete procedure	30.0	TRA	graphy (e.g., for parathyroid hormone, renin)	5.0
75747	complete procedure	50.0	75895	Transcatheter therapy, embolization (e.g., partic-	
75748 75751	venous injection, complete procedure	30.0 40.0		ulate or liquid), including angiography; complete procedure	40.0
75753	Angiography, coronary, root injection; complete procedure	60.0	75897	Transcatheter therapy, infusion, including angiography; complete procedure	42.0
73733	tion, including left ventricular and supravalvular angiogram and pressure recording; complete pro-		75898	Angiogram through existing catheter for follow- up study for transcatheter therapy, embolization	•••
75755	cedure	70.0	75941	or infusion	10.0
	tion, including left ventricular and supravalvular angiogram and pressure recording; complete pro-		75951	procedure	BR
75757	cedure	80.0	75956	procedure	BR
75764	dure Angiography, coronary bypass, unilateral selective	40.0	12720	loon, coil or methacrylate), permanent, including angiography; complete procedure	BR
75767	injection; complete procedure	BR BR	75961	Transcatheter retrieval, percutaneous, of fractured venous or arterial catheter	BR
75775	Angiography, coronary bypass, selective, each additional vessel studied after basic examination;	DK	75963	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, any method, peripheral artery; complete procedure	BR
75790	complete procedure	BR	75965	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, any method, each additional peripheral artery; com-	
	patient)	BR	75967	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, any	BR
	NS AND LYMPHATICS  Lymphangiography, extremity only, unilateral;		75969	method, visceral artery; complete procedure  Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, any method, each additional visceral artery; complete	BR
75804	complete procedure	25.0	75971	procedure	BR BR
75806	complete procedure	35.0	75979	Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty, venous (e.g., subclavian stenosis); complete procedure	BR
75808	complete procedure Lymphangiography, pelvic/abdominal, bilateral;	35.0	75981	Percutaneous transhepatic biliary drainage with contrast monitoring; complete procedure	BR
75811	complete procedure	35.0 40.0	75983	Percutaneous placement of drainage catheter for combined internal and external biliary drainage or	
75821 75823	Venography, extremity, unilateral; complete procedure	16.0		of a drainage stent for internal biliary drainage in patients with an inoperable mechanical biliary ob-	
75826	dure	26.0	75985	struction; complete procedure	BR
75828	complete procedure	32.0	75000	tract); complete procedure	BR
75832	complete procedure	35.0	75990	Radiologic guidance for percutaneous drainage of abscess or specimen collection (i.e., fluoroscopy, ultrasound, or computed tomography), with or	
75834	procedure	40.0		without placement of indwelling catheter; complete procedure	BR
75841	procedure Venography, adrenal, unilateral, selective; com-	45.0		(75990 is neither organ nor area specific. For	
75843	plete procedure	30.0		drainage of abscess performed without radiology or fluoroscopy, see under specific anatomic site.)	
75846	procedure	32.0 30.0		ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 8 89-09), § 296-23A-258, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10	
/1000 T		50.0	(Sidol	(Fral. 200 W/A	•

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[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23A-260, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-260, filed 7/23/87; 87-03-005

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(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-260, filed 1/8/87.]

16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-258, filed 7/23/87; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-258, filed 1/8/87.]

#### WAC 296-23A-260 Miscellaneous.

Unit WAC 296-23A-262 Diagnostic ultrasound. Value Notes (For arthrography of shoulder, see 73041, elbow, A-mode: see 73086, wrist, see 73116, hip, see 73526, knee, Implies a one-dimensional ultrasonic measurement procedure see 73581, ankle, see 73616) Implies a one-dimensional ultrasonic measurement M-mode: 76000 Fluoroscopy (separate procedure) up to one hour procedure with movement of the trace to record amphysician time, other than 71023 or 71034 . . . . . 3.0 76001 Fluoroscopy, physician time more than one hour, plitude and velocity of moving echo-producing assisting a nonradiologic physician (e.g., nephrostolithotomy, ERCP, bronchoscopy, trans-Implies a two-dimensional ultrasonic scanning proce-B-scan: BR bronchial biopsy)...... dure with a two-dimensional display 76003 Fluoroscopic localization for needle biopsy or fine needle aspiration ..... BR Real-time 76020 Implies a two-dimensional ultrasonic scanning proce-Bone age studies ..... 6.0 scan: 76040 Bone length studies (orthoroentgenogram, dure with display of both two-dimensional structure scanogram) ..... 10.0 and motion with time 76061 Radiologic examination, osseous survey; limited Unit 15.2 Value complete (axial and appendicular skeleton).... 76062 BR 76065 Radiologic examination; osseous survey, infant... 13.2 HEAD AND NECK 76066 Joint survey, single view, one or more joints (specify)..... BR 76506 Echoencephalography, B-scan and/or real time 76070 Computerized tomography, bone density study... BR with image documentation (gray scale) (for deter-76081 Radiologic examination, fistula or sinus tract mination of ventricular size, delineation of cerestudy; complete procedure ...... 12.0 bral contents and detection of fluid masses or 76087 Mammary ductogram or galactogram, single duct; other intracranial abnormalities), including A-15.8 mode encephalography as secondary component 76089 Mammary ductogram or galactogram, multiple where indicated ..... BR ducts; complete procedure..... 26.5 Ophthalmic ultrasound, echography; A-mode 76511 76090 Mammography, unilateral ..... 8.8 22.9 76091 bilateral ...... 13.2 76512 contact B-scan..... 22.9 immersion (water bath) B-scan ..... 76513 22.9 (For xeromammography, list 76150 in addition 76516 Ophthalmic biometry by ultrasound echography, to code for mammography) 15.4 76096 Localization of breast nodule or calcification; be-76519 with intraocular lens power calculation . . . . . . BR fore operation, with marker and confirmation of 76529 Ophthalmic ultrasound foreign body localization . BR its position with appropriate imaging (e.g., ultra-76536 Echography, soft tissues of head and neck (e.g., sound or radiologic ..... 14.6 thyroid, parathyroid, parotid), B-scan and/or real 76097 each additional localization ..... 7.3 BR 76098 Radiologic examination, breast surgical specimen BR **HEART** 76100 Radiologic examination, single plane body section, (e.g., tomography), other than with urography . . . 13.2 76604 Echography, chest, B-scan (includes media-76101 Radiologic examination, complex motion (i.e., stinum) and/or real time with image documentahypercycloidal) body section (e.g., mastoid poly-11.4 tomography), other than with urography; unilat-76620 Echocardiography, M-mode; complete ...... 15.4 19.3 limited, (e.g., follow-up or limited study) . . . . 7.7 76625 bilateral ..... 76102 35.0 76627 Echocardiography, real time with image docu-11.4 (For nephrotomography, see 74415) 76628 limited ..... 9.7 Cineradiography, except where specifically in-76120 Echocardiography, M-mode real time with image 76629 13.2 cluded........ documentation (2D) ..... BR 76125 Cineradiography to complement routine examina-76632 Doppler echocardiography ..... BR 7.0 (Procedure 76632 is often performed in combi-Xeroradiography ..... 76150 6.0 76350 Subtraction in conjunction with contrast studies... BR nation with M-mode or 2-dimensional echocar-Computerized tomography guidance for stereotacdiography) 76355 BR 76645 Echography, breast(s) (unilateral or bilateral), B-Computerized tomography guidance for needle 76361 scan and/or real time with image documentation. 19.2 biopsy; complete procedure..... BR 76366 Computerized tomography guidance for cyst aspi-ABDOMEN AND RETROPERITONEUM ration; complete procedure ...... BR Computerized tomography guidance for place-76370 76700 Echography, abdominal, B-scan and/or real time BR with image documentation; complete study . . . . . 22.9 76375 Computerized tomography, coronal, sagittal, 76705 limited (e.g., single organ, quadrant, followmultiplanar, oblique and/or 3 dimensional recon-15.4 23.5 76770 Echography, retroperitoneal (e.g., renal, aorta, Magnetic resonance (e.g., proton) imaging, bone nodes) B-scan and/or real time with image docu-120.0 mentation; complete ..... 22.9 76499 Unlisted diagnostic radiologic procedure . . . . . . BR 76775 limited ..... 19.2

	Unit Value	77499 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment management
		77799 Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy
PELVIS		(For treatment by injectable or ingestible isotopes, see
76805 Echography, pregnant uterus, B-scan and/or real time with image documentation; complete 76815 limited (fetal growth rate, heart beat, anoma-	21.2	subsection NUCLEAR MEDICINE)
lies, placental location)	9.7	CONSULTATION: CLINICAL MANAGEMENT
76816 follow-up or repeat	BR BR	Preliminary consultation, evaluation of patient prior to
76825 Echocardiography, fetal heart in utero	BR 11.4	decision to treat, or full medical care (in addition to
76855 Echography, pelvic area (Doppler)	11.4	treatment management) when provided by the therapeu- tic radiologist may be identified by the appropriate pro-
real time with image documentation; complete  76857 limited or follow-up (e.g., for follicles)	BR BR	cedure codes from medicine or surgery sections.
GENITALIA		CLINICAL TREATMENT PLANNING
76870 Echography, scrotum and contents	BR	(EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL SOURCES)
EXTREMITIES		The clinical treatment planning process is a complex
76880 Echography, extremity, B-scan and/or real time with image documentation	BR	service including interpretation of special testing, tumor localization, treatment volume determination, treatment
VASCULAR STUDIES		time/dosage determination, choice of treatment modal-
76925 Imaging, peripheral, (e.g., B-scan, Doppler or	DD	ity, determination of number and size of treatment ports, selection of appropriate treatment devices, and other
real-time scan)	BR BR	procedures.
ULTRASONIC GUIDANCE PROCEDURES		DEFINITIONS:
76931 Ultrasonic guidance for pericardiocentesis; com-		
plete procedure	BR 5.0	Simple—planning requiring single treatment area of interest encompassed in a single port or simple parallel
procedure		opposed ports with simple blocking.
nal pelvis aspiration; complete procedure  76943 Ultrasonic guidance for needle biopsy; complete procedure	2.0 6.0	Intermediate—planning requiring three or more converging ports, two separate treatment areas, special
(76945 has been deleted. See 75990)		blocking, or special time dose constraints.
76947 Ultrasonic guidance for amniocentesis; complete		Complex—planning requiring highly complex blocking,
procedure	6.0	tangential ports, special wedges or compensators, three
procedure	6.0 BR	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261-77299 only if a technical
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261-77299 only if a technical component has been performed.
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261-77299 only if a technical
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261-77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple 77262 intermediate
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple 3 procedure intermediate
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple a process of the
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87–	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87–	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR intermediate BR 77262 intermediate BR 77280 Therapeutic radiology simulation—aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate BR 77290 complex BR
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87–	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple a procedure complex of the procedure of the proce
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure 76950 Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR intermediate BR 77262 intermediate BR 77280 Therapeutic radiology simulation—aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate BR 77290 complex BR
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple and the procedure complex area of the procedure and t
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings / and inical	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple and treatment radiology treatment planning; simple are special planning.  Therapeutic radiology simulation—aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple are special planning.  BR  77285 intermediate BR  77290 complex BR  77290 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys-	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate. BR 77263 complex BR 77280 Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate. BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 Lulisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR MEDICAL RADIATION PHYSICS, DOSIMETRY, TREATMENT DEVICES AND SPECIAL SERVICES 77300 Basic radiation dosimetry calculation, central axis
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate. BR 77263 complex BR 77280 Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate. BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 Lulisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR  MEDICAL RADIATION PHYSICS, DOSIMETRY, TREATMENT DEVICES AND SPECIAL SERVICES
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure 76950 Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  Tracel Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple and the procedure complex are simple and the procedure radiology simulation—aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple are simple and procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning bracel bra
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure 76950 Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure 76950 Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate. BR 77263 complex BR 77280 Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate. BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 Lulisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR 77290 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR 77300 Basic radiation dosimetry calculation, central axis depth dose, TDF, NSD, gap calculation off axis factor, tissue inhomogeneity factors, as required during course of treatment 4.0 77305 Teletherapy, isodose plan (whether hand or computer calculated); simple (one or two parallel opposed unmodified ports directed to a single area of
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple intermediate
76949 Ultrasonic guidance for aspiration of ova; complete procedure 76950 Echography for placement of radiation therapy fields, B-scan 76960 Ultrasonic guidance for placement of radiation therapy fields, except for B-scan echography  MISCELLANEOUS 76970 Ultrasound study follow-up (specify) 76986 Echography, intraoperative. 76991 Intraluminal ultrasound study (e.g., transrectal, transvaginal) 76999 Unlisted ultrasonic procedure.  [Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–(Order 89–09), § 296–23A–262, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/816–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23A–262, filed 7/23/87; 87–4 (Order 86–47), § 296–23A–262, filed 1/8/87.]  WAC 296–23A–264 Therapeutic radiology. Lift of therapeutic radiology provide for teletherapy brachytherapy to include initial consultation, clareatment planning, simulation, medical radiation ics, dosimetry, treatment devices, special services clinical treatment management procedures. They in normal follow-up care during course of treatment for three months following its completion.	BR 17.1 14.3 10.0 BR BR 17–039 89; 87– 03–005 stings 7 and linical phys- 4, and aclude	or more separate treatment areas, rotational or special beam considerations.  Bill procedure codes 77261–77299 only if a technical component has been performed.  Unit Value  77261 Therapeutic radiology treatment planning; simple BR 77262 intermediate. BR 77263 complex BR 77260 Therapeutic radiology simulation-aided field setting (requiring simulator, with or without fluoroscopy); simple BR 77285 intermediate. BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 complex BR 77290 Thisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR 77290 Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical treatment planning BR 77300 Basic radiation dosimetry calculation, central axis depth dose, TDF, NSD, gap calculation off axis factor, tissue inhomogeneity factors, as required during course of treatment 4.0 77305 Teletherapy, isodose plan (whether hand or computer calculated); simple (one or two parallel opposed unmodified ports directed to a single area of interest) 3.0

	Unit Value
complex (mantle or inverted Y, tangential ports, the use of wedges, compensators, complex rotational blocking or special beam considera-	
	6.0
body, total body	BR
Brachytherapy isodose calculation; simple (calculation made from single plane, one to four source/	
ribbon application)	BR
application involving five to ten sources/rib-	
bons)	BR
plant calculations, over ten sources/ribbons	
	BR
	BR
	DIX
ple (simple block, simple bolus)	BR
intermediate (multiple blocks, stents, bite	
	BR
	BR
Continuing medical radiation physics consultation	210
in support of therapeutic radiologist, including	
	BR
	BR
simetry and treatment devices	BR
	ports, the use of wedges, compensators, complex rotational blocking or special beam considerations)  Special teletherapy port plan, particles, hemibody, total body.  Brachytherapy isodose calculation; simple (calculation made from single plane, one to four source/ribbon application)  intermediate (multiplane dosage calculations, application involving five to ten sources/ribbons).  complex (multiplane isodose plan, volume implant calculations, over ten sources/ribbons used, special spatial reconstruction).  Special dosimetry (e.g., TLD, microdosimetry) (specify).  Treatment devices, design and construction; simple (simple block, simple bolus).  intermediate (multiple blocks, stents, bite blocks, special bolus).  complex (irregular blocks, special shields, compensators, wedges, molds or casts).  Continuing medical radiation physics consultation in support of therapeutic radiologist, including continuing quality assurance.  Special medical radiation physics consultation  Unlisted procedure, medical radiation physics, do-

#### CLINICAL TREATMENT MANAGEMENT

Except where specified, assumes a treatment on a daily basis (4 or 5 fractions per week) with the use of megavoltage photon or high energy particle sources. Daily and weekly clinical treatment management are mutually exclusive for the same dates.

DEFINITIONS:

Simple—single treatment area, single port or parallel opposed ports, simple blocks.

Intermediate—two separate treatment areas, three or more ports on a single treatment area, use of special blocks.

Complex—three or more separate treatment areas, highly complex blocking (mantle, inverted Y, tangential ports, wedges, compensators, or other special beam considerations).

Bill procedure codes 77400-77499 only if a technical component has been performed.

		Unit Value
77400	Daily megavoltage treatment management; sim-	
	ple	2.0
77405	intermediate	3.0
77410	complex	4.0
77415	Therapeutic radiology treatment port film inter-	
•	pretation and verification, per treatment course	3.0
77420	Weekly megavoltage treatment management; sim-	
	ple	4.0
77425	intermediate	5.0
77430	complex	6.0
77465	Daily kilovoltage treatment management	2.0
77470		
	diation, hemibody irradiation, per oral, vaginal	
	cone irradiation)	BR

(77470 assumes that the procedure be performed one or more
times during the course of therapy, in addition to daily or weekly
patient management)

Unit Value

77499	Unlisted procedure, therapeutic radiology clinical	
	treatment management	BR

#### HYPERTHERMIA

Hyperthermia treatments as listed in this section include external (superficial and deep) and interstitial. Radiation therapy when given concurrently is listed separately.

Hyperthermia is used only as an adjunct to radiation therapy or chemotherapy. It may be induced by a variety of sources, e.g., microwave, ultrasound, low energy radio-frequency conduction, or by probes.

The listed treatments include management during the course of therapy and follow-up care for three months after completion. Preliminary consultation is not included (see WAC 296-21-030). Physics planning and interstitial insertion of temperature sensors, and use of external or interstitial heat generating sources are included.

The following descriptors are included in the treatment schedule:

		Unit Value
77600	Hyperthermia, externally generated; superficial	
	(i.e., heating to a depth of 4 cm or less)	BR
77605	deep (i.e., heating to depths greater than 4 cm)	BR
77610	Hyperthermia generated by interstitial probe(s); 5	
	or fewer interstitial applicators	BR
77615	more than 5 interstitial applicators	BR
CLINI	CAL INTRACAVITARY HYPERTHERMIA	
77620	Hyperthermia generated by intracavitary probe(s)	BR

#### CLINICAL BRACHYTHERAPY

Clinical brachytherapy requires the use of either natural or man-made radioelements applied into or around a treatment field of interest.

DEFINITIONS: (Sour

(Sources refer to intracavitary placement or permanent interstitial placement; ribbons refer to temporary interstitial placement)

Simple—application with one to four sources/ribbons Intermediate—application with five to ten sources/rib-

Complex—application with greater than ten sources/ribbons

		Unit Value
77750	Infusion or instillation of radioelement solution	12.5
77761	Intracavitary radioelement application; simple	BR
77762	intermediate	BR
77763	complex	BR
77776	Interstitial radioelement application; simple	BR
77777	intermediate	BR
77778	complex	BR

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(For 17-hydroxycorticosteroids, RIA, see 83491)

(For adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH), RIA, see 82024)

(For human growth hormone (HGH), (somato-

(For human growth antibody, RIA, see 86277)

(For thyroglobulin antibody, RIA, see 86800)

(For thyroid microsomal antibody, RIA, see

(For insulin antibodies, RIA, see 86337) (For insulin factor antibodies, RIA, see 86338)

(For insulin, RIA, see 83525)

(For proinsulin, RIA, see 84206)

(For glucagon, RIA, see 82943)

tropin), RIA, see 83003)

Unit Value

		Unit Value
77789	Surface application of radioelement	24.75
77790	Supervision, handling, loading of radioelement	33.5
77799	Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23A-264, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-264, filed 1/8/87.]

#### WAC 296-23A-266 Nuclear medicine.

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Notes: Listed procedures may be performed independently or in the course of overall medical care.

Radioimmunoassay tests are found in the clinical pathology section (codes 82000-84999). These codes can be appropriately used by any specialist performing such tests in a laboratory licensed and/or certified for radioimmunoassays. The reporting of these tests is not confined to clinical pathology laboratories alone.

confir	ned to clinical pathology laboratories alone.		(For thyroid microsomal antibody, RIA, see 86376)	
DIA	GNOSTIC	Unit	(For thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), RIA, see 84443)	
ENDO	CRINE SYSTEM	Value	(For thyrotropin releasing factor, RIA, see 84444)	
78000 78001	Thyroid uptake, single determination multiple determinations	6.0 8.0	(For plus long-acting thyroid stimulator (LATS), see 84445)	
78003 78006	cluding initial uptake studies)	9.0	(For follicle stimulating hormone (FSH component of pituitary gonadotropin), RIA, see 83001)	
78007 78010	tion	16.0 18.0 10.0	(For luteinizing hormone (LH component of pituitary gonadotropin), (ICSH), RIA, see 83002)	
78011 78015	with vascular flow	BR	(For luteinizing releasing factor (LRH), RIA, see 83727)	
78016 78017	area (e.g., neck and chest only)	20.0 25.0 BR	(For prolactin level (mammotropin), RIA, see 84146)	
78018	whole body(For triiodothyronine (true TT-3), RIA, see	BR	(For oxytocin level, (oxytocinase), RIA, see 83949)	
	84480) (For calcitonin, RIA, see 82308)		(For vasopressin level (antidiuretic hormone), RIA, see 84588)	
			(For estradiol, RIA, see 82670)	
	(For triiodothyronine, fee (FT-3), RIA (unbound T-3 only), see 84481)		(For progesterone, RIA, see 84144)	
	(For T-4 thyroxine, CPB or resin uptake, see		(For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84403)	
	84435)		(For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84405)	
	(For TT-4 thyroxine, RIA, see 84436)		(For etiocholanolone, RIA, see 82696)	
	(For T-4 thyroxine, neonatal, see 84437)		78099 Unlisted endocrine procedure, diagnostic nuclear	
	(For FT-4 thyroxine, fee, RIA (unbound T-4 only), see 84439)		medicine BR  (For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see Chemistry	
	(For parathormone (parathyroid hormone), RIA, see 83970)		and Toxicology section)	
78070 78075	Parathyroid imaging	BR BR	HEMATOPOIETIC, RETICULOENDOTHELIAL AND LYMPH- ATIC SYSTEM  78102 Bone marrow imaging; limited area	
	(For adrenal cortex antibodies, R1A, see 86681)		78103 multiple areas BR	
	(For cortisol, RIA, plasma, see 82533)		78104 whole body	
	(For cortisol, RIA, urine, see 82534)		technique; (separate procedure) single sampling 8.0	
	(For aldosterone, double isotope technique, see 82087)		78111 multiple samplings BR  (For dye method, see 84605, 84610)	
	(For aldosterone, RIA, blood, see 82088)		78120 Red cell volume determination (separate proce-	
	(For aldosterone, RIA, urine, see 82089)			dure) single sampling
	(For 17-ketosteroids, RIA, see 83588)			78122 Whole blood volume determination including sep-
	(For 17-OH ketosteroids, RIA, see 83599)		arate measurement of plasma volume and red cell volume (radionuclide volume—dilution technique). 8.0	
(1000 F)	15		TTM- 204 \$8/46 - 4401	

		Unit		•	Unit
	(For dye method, see 84610)	Value	78258	Esophageal motility	Value BR
78130 78135		20.0 30.0	78261 78262 78264	Gastric mucosa imaging	BR BR BR
78140 78160 78162 78170 78172	Red cell splenic and/or hepatic sequestration  Plasma radioiron disappearance (turnover) rate  Radioiron oral absorption	20.0 16.0 BR 24.0 BR	78270 78271 78272	Vitamin B-12 absorption studies (e.g., Schilling test); without intrinsic factor (e.g., Schilling test) with intrinsic factor (e.g., Schilling test)	10.0 20.0 25.0
	(78180 has been deleted. To report radioiron body distribution and storage pools, use 78199)		78276 78278 78280	Gastrointestinal aspirate blood loss localization Acute gastrointestinal blood loss imaging	BR BR 16.0
	(For hemosiderin, RIA, see 83071)		78282	Gastrointestinal protein loss	12.0
	(For intrinsic factor antibodies, RIA, see 86340)			(For gastrin, RIA, see 82941)	
	(For cyanocobalamin (vitamin B-12), RIA, see 82607)			(For intrinsic factor level, see 83528)	
	(For folic acid (folate) serum, RIA, see 82746)			(For carcinoembryonic antigen level (CEA), RIA, see 86151)	
	(For human hepatitis antigen, hepatitis associated agent (Australian antigen) (HAA), RIA, see 86287) (For hepatitis A antibody (HAAb), RIA, see		78290 78291	Meckel's localization, volvulus)	20.0 BR
	86296) (For hepatitis A virus antibody (HAVAb), see		78299		BR
	86297) (For hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA, see			(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see Chemistry and Toxicology section)	
	86288)		MUSC	ULOSKELETAL SYSTEM	
	(For hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86289)			(Bone and joint imaging can be used in the diagnosis of a variety of infectious inflammatory dis-	
	(For hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), R1A, see 86287)			eases, e.g., osteomyelitis, as well as for localization of primary and/or metastatic neoplasms)	
	(For hepatitis B surface antibody (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86291)		78300	Bone imaging, limited area (e.g., skull, pelvis)	25.0
	(For hepatitis Be antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA, see 86293)	,	78305 78306 78310	multiple areas whole body vascular flow only	40.0 48.2 BR
	(For hepatitis Be antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA, see 86295)		78315 78320	by three phase techniquetomographic (SPECT)	BR BR
78185	Spleen imaging only	20.0	78350	Bone density (bone mineral content) study; single photon absorptionmetry	BR
	(If combined with liver study, use procedures 78215 and 78216)		78351 78380	dual photon absorptionmetry	BR BR
78186 78191 78192 78193 78195	with vascular flow	25.0 BR BR BR BR	78381 78399 CARD	multiple areas	BR BR
78199		BR		(78401-78412 have been deleted. To report, see 78471-78489)	
	(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see Chemistry and Toxicology section)		78414 78415	with probe technique	BR
GASTI	ROINTESTINAL SYSTEM		70413	(e.g., phase and amplitude analysis)	BR
78201 78202 78205	Liver imaging; static only	20.0 25.0 BR		(78418-78424 have been deleted. See 78460-78469)	
70203	(For spleen imaging only, use 78185 and 78186)	ЫK	78425	Cardiac regurgitant index	BR
78215 78216	Liver and spleen imaging; static only	25.0	78428 78435 78445	Cardiac shunt detection	BR BR
78220	with vascular flow	30.0		graphy)	BR
78223	with serial images	20.0	78455	Venous thrombosis study (e.g., radioactive fibrinogen)	BR
78225	gallbladder	BR BR	78457	Venous thrombosis imaging (e.g., venogram); unilateral	BR
78230 78231 78232	Salivary gland imaging	14.0 16.0 BR	78458 78460	bilateral	BR BR
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
78461	exercise and redistribution, qualitative or quantitative, with or without pharmacological inter-		78593	Pulmonary ventilation imaging, gaseous, with rebreathing and washout with or without single	
78462	vention quantitative, at rest only	BR BR	78594	breath; single projection multiple projections (e.g., anterior, posterior,	22.0
78463	quantitative, at rest plus exercise and/or phar- macological intervention	BR	78599	lateral views)	BR
78464	tomographic (SPECT), at rest only, qualitative or quantitative	BR	•	medicine	BR
78465	tomographic (SPECT) with exercise and redis- tribution, qualitative or quantitative, with or	2.1		OUS SYSTEM	26.0
78466	without pharmacological intervention  Myocardial imaging, infarct avid, at rest; qualita-	BR	78600 78601	Brain imaging, limited procedure with vascular flow	26.0 31.0
	tive	BR	78605 78606	Brain imaging, complete study	30.0 35.0
78467 78468	quantitative	BR BR	78607 78610	tomographic (ECT)Brain imaging, vascular flow only	BR 10.0
78469	with emission computed tomography	BR	78615	Cerebral blood flow	BR
78470	Cardiac output	BR	78630	Cerebrospinal fluid flow, imaging (not including	
78471 78472	Cardiac blood pool imaging, gated equilibrium, at rest, wall motion study plus ejection fraction Cardiac blood pool imaging, gated equilibrium, at	BR	78635	introduction of material); cisternographyventriculography	35.0 35.0
70172	rest, wall motion study plus regional ejection frac-			(78640 has been deleted. Use 78699)	
	tion	BR	78645	shunt evaluation	35.0
78474	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction plus ventricular volume determination.	BR	78650 78652	CSF leakage detection and localizationtomographic (ECT)	32.0 BR
78475	quantitative wall motion study, with exercise and/or pharmacological intervention	BR		(For myelin basic protein, CSF, RIA, see 83873)	
78476	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction, with exercise and/or pharmacological		78655	Eye tumor identification	BR
	intervention	BR	78660	Dacryocystography (lacrimal flow study)	BR
78477	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection	,	78699	Unlisted nervous system procedure, diagnostic nu-	BR
	fraction plus ventricular volume determination, with exercise and/or pharmacological interven-		CENIT	clear medicine  FOURINARY SYSTEM	ВK
	tion	BR			
78479	serial studies, any combination	BR	78700 78701	Kidney imaging; only with vascular flow	18.0 20.0
78481	Cardiac blood pool imaging, first pass technique,	BR	78704	with function study (i.e., imaging renogram)	23.0
78484	at rest; wall motion study with ejection fraction  quantitative wall motion study plus ejection		78707	with vascular flow and function study	30.0
, - , - ,	fraction plus ventricular volume determination.	BR	78710	Kidney imaging (SPECT)	BR
78485	quantitative wall motion study, with exercise	DD.	78715 78725	Kidney vascular flow only	BR BR
78486	and/or pharmacological intervention quantitative wall motion study plus ejection	BR	78726	with pharmocological intervention	BR
	fraction, with exercise and/or pharmacological intervention	BR		(For renin (angiotensin I), RIA, see 84244)	
78487	quantitative wall motion study plus ejection fraction plus ventricular volume determination,			(For angiotensin II, RIA, see 82163)	
	with exercise and/or pharmacological interven-	BR		(For beta-2 microglobulin, RIA, see 82231, 82232)	
78489	serial studies, any combination	BR	78727	Kidney transplant evaluation	BR
	(For digoxin, RIA, see 82643)		78730 78740	Urinary bladder residual study Ureteral reflux study (radionuclide voiding	BR
	(For digitoxin (digitalis), RIA, see 82640)			cystogram)	BR
	(For cerebral blood flow study, see 78615)			(For estradiol, RIA, see 82670)	
78499	Unlisted cardiovascular procedure, diagnostic nu-	, BR		(For estriol, RIA, see 82677)	
	clear medicine	DK		(For progesterone, RIA, see 84144)	
	and Toxicology section)		78760	(For prostatic acid phosphatase, RIA, see 84066) Testicular imaging	BR
RESPI	RATORY SYSTEM		78761	with vascular flow	BR
78580 78581	Pulmonary perfusion imaging; particulate gaseous	26.0 BR		(For testosterone, blood, RIA, see 84403)	
78582	gaseous, with ventilation, rebreathing and	DD		(For testosterone, urine, RIA, see 84405)	
78584	washout	BR BR		(For lactogen, human placental (HPL) chorionic somatomammotropin, RIA, see 83632)	
78585	rebreathing and washout, with or without single breath	1.6		(For chorionic gonadotropin beta subunit, RIA, see 84702, 84703)	
78586	Pulmonary ventilation imaging, aerosol; single projection	BR		(For pregnanediol, RIA, see 84135)	
78587	multiple projections (e.g., anterior, posterior,			(For pregnanetriol, RIA, see 84138)	
78591	Pulmonary ventilation imaging, gaseous, single breath, single projection	BR BR	78799	Unlisted genitourinary procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine	BR
	original brokenia	~**			
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		Unit Value	Unit Value
	(For chemical analysis, RIA tests, see Chemistry and Toxicology section)	,	(use 78890 or 78891 in addition to primary procedure)
MIS	CELLANEOUS STUDIES		(use 78895 in addition to primary procedure)
	(For specific organ, see appropriate heading)		78990 Provision of diagnostic radionuclide(s) 12.0
	(For radiophosphorus tumor identification, ocular, see 78655)		78999 Unlisted miscellaneous procedure, diagnostic nuclear medicine
78800	Radionuclide localization of tumor; limited area	BR	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039
	(For specific organ, see appropriate heading)		(Order 89–09), § 296–23A–266, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), § 296–23A–266, filed 7/23/87; 87–03–005
	(For eye tumor identification, see 78655)		(Order 86–47), § 296–23Å–266, filed 1/8/87.]
78801 78802 78803 78805 78806	multiple areas whole body.  Tumor localization (SPECT) Abscess localization; limited area whole body.	BR BR BR BR BR	WAC 296-23A-268 Therapeutic. Unit Value
	(For imaging bone infectious inflammatory dis-		79000 Radionuclide therapy, hyperthyroidism, initial, including evaluation of patient
	ease, see 78300-78381) (For Rast, see 86421, 86422)		79001 subsequent, each therapy
	(For gamma-E immunoglobulin, RIA, see		roid cardiac disease), including evaluation of patient
	82785) (For gamma-G immunoglobulin, see 82784)		79030 Radionuclide ablation of gland for thyroid carcinoma BR
	(For alpha-1 antitrypsin, RIA, see 86064)		79035 Radionuclide therapy for metastases of thyroid carcinoma BR
	(For alpha-1 fetoprotein, RIA, see 86244)		79100 Radionuclide therapy, polycythemia vera, chronic
	(For antinuclear antibodies, RIA, see 86038)		leukemia, each treatment
	(For lactic dehydrogenase, RIA, see 83610)		79300 Interstitial radioactive colloid therapy 60.0 79400 Radionuclide therapy, nonthyroid,
	(For amikacin, see 82112)		nonhematologic (e.g., for metastases to bone) BR
	(For aminophylline, see 82137)	ì	79420 Intravascular radionuclide therapy, particulate BR 79440 Intra-articular radionuclide therapy BR
	(For amitriptyline, see 82138)		79900 Provision of therapeutic radionuclide(s) BR
	(For amphetamine, chemical quantitative, see		7999 Unlisted radionuclide therapeutic procedure BR
	82145)		[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-268, filed 1/8/87.]
	(For chlordiazepoxide, see 82420, 82425)	1	7 7 1
	(For chlorpromazine, see phenothiazine, urine, 84021, 84022)		HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PATHOLOGY AND LABORATORY
	(For clonazepam, see 82512)		LADORATORT
	(For cocaine, quantitative, see 82520)		WAC 296-23A-300 General informationHospital
	(For diazepam, see 82636)		outpatient pathology and laboratory. Rules and billing
	(For dihydromorphinone, quantitative, see 82649)		procedures pertaining to all practitioners rendering services to injured workers are presented in the general in-
	(For phenytoin (diphenylhydantoin), see 84045)	•	structions section beginning with WAC 296-20-010. Some of the similarities are repeated here for the conve-
	(For flucytosine, see 82741)		nience of those hospitals referring to the pathology and
	(For gentamicin, see 84695)		laboratory section. Pathology and laboratory fees for
	(For lysergic acid diathylamide (LSD), RIA, see 83728)		nonhospital providers are covered in chapter 296–23 WAC.
	(For morphine (Heroin), RIA, see 83862)		The following procedures and fee maximums apply
	(For phencyclidine (PCP), see 83992)		only when these services are performed by or under the supervision of a physician.
	(For phenobarbital, see barbiturates, 82205, 82210)		Unless otherwise specified, the fee maximums include the collection and handling of the specimens by the lab-
	(For tobramycin, see 84810)		oratory performing the procedure.
	(For kanamycin, see 83578)		The department or self-insurer may deny payment for
78890 78891	Generation of automated data: Interactive process involving nuclear physician and/or allied health professional personnel; simple manipulations and interpretation, not to exceed 30 minutes complex manipulations and interpretation, exceeding 30 minutes	BR BR	pathology or laboratory procedures which are determined to be excessive, unrelated, or unnecessary for management of the accepted industrial illness or injury.  The technical component represents the expenses of the nonpathologist personnel, materials, facilities and

space, used for diagnostic or therapeutic services rendered.

The professional component represents the professional services supplied by physicians. See WAC 296-23-200 to 296-23-232 for billing the professional component.

By report: "BR" in the unit value column indicates that the value of the service is to be determined by report (BR) because the service is too unusual, variable, or new to be assigned a unit value. The report should provide an adequate definition or description of the services or procedure as discussed in WAC 296-23A-315. Whenever possible, list the nearest similar procedure code according to this schedule. The department or self-insurer may adjust BR procedures when such action is indicated.

It is appropriate to designate separate or multiple procedures that are rendered on the same date by separate entries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039 (Order 89–09), § 296–23A–300, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–03–005 (Order 86–47), § 296–23A–300, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-310 Billing procedures. (1) Department billing instructions appear in WAC 296-20-125. Hospital information and billing instructions appear in WAC 296-23A-100, 296-23A-105, and 296-23A-150.

(2) Some pathology and laboratory services contain a professional component. Fee maximums for these services are set for the combined professional and technical components, and the procedure codes for these services are marked with a "\*."

All other pathology and laboratory services do not have a professional component. Fee maximums for these services are for the total procedure.

- (3) Hospitals are reimbursed only for the technical component at a rate up to and including sixty percent of the fee maximum for the procedure codes with a "\*." All other procedure codes are reimbursed at a rate up to and including one hundred percent of the fee maximum.
- (4) Hospitals should bill their usual and customary rates for the technical component of outpatient pathology and laboratory services.
- (5) Laboratory procedures performed by other than the billing hospital shall be billed at the value charged the hospital by the reference (outside) laboratory. When possible, the service should be billed under the same procedure code or panel procedure number listed under "PANEL OR PROFILE TESTS" used by the reference laboratory.
- (6) Laboratory reports must be attached to the bills for laboratory services.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-310, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-315 Unlisted service or procedure. A pathology or laboratory service or procedure may be provided that is not listed in this section of the fee schedule. When reporting such a service, the appropriate "unlisted procedure" code may be used to indicate the service, identifying it by "special report" as discussed in

WAC 296-23A-420. The "unlisted procedures" and accompanying codes for the PATHOLOGY AND LABORATORY section are as follows:

80099 Unlisted panel 81099 Unlisted urinalysis procedure 84999 Unlisted chemistry or toxicolo

84999 Unlisted chemistry or toxicology procedure

85999 Unlisted hematology procedure 86999 Unlisted immunology procedure 87999 Unlisted microbiology procedure

88099 Unlisted necropsy (autopsy) procedure 88199 Unlisted cytopathology procedure

88299 Unlisted cytogenetic procedure

88399 Unlisted surgical pathology procedure 89399 Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test

19399 Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-315, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-320 Special report. A service that is rarely provided, unusual, variable or new may require a special report in determining medical appropriateness of the service. Pertinent information should include an adequate definition or description of the nature, extent, and need for the procedure; and the time, effort, and equipment necessary to provide the service. Additional items which may be helpful include: Complexity of symptoms, final diagnosis, pertinent physical findings, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, concurrent problems, and follow-up care.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-320, filed 1/8/87.]

#### WAC 296-23A-325 Panel or profile tests.

The following list contains those tests that can be and are frequently done as groups and combinations ("profiles") on automated multichannel equipment. For any combination of tests among those listed immediately below, use the appropriate number 80002–80021. Groups of the tests listed here are distinguished from multiple tests performed individually for immediate or "stat" reporting.

The following unit values apply when three or more of the tests listed below are performed on the same blood or urine specimen, under the conditions described in WAC 296-23A-300.

Albumin

Albumin/globulin ratio

Bilirubin, direct

Bilirubin, total

Calcium

Carbon dioxide content

Chlorides

Cholesterol

Creatinine

Globulin

Glucose (sugar)

Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH)

Phosphatase, alkaline

Phosphorus (organic phosphate)

Potassium

Protein, total

Sodium

	Transaminase, glutamic oxaloacetic (SGOT) Transaminase, glutamic pyruvic (SGPT) Urea nitrogen (BUN)					
	Uric acid					
		Unit Value				
80002	Automated multichannel test; 1 or 2 clinical					
	chemistry test(s)	21.0				
80003	3 clinical chemistry tests	28.0				
80004	4 clinical chemistry tests	32.0				
80005	5 clinical chemistry tests	36.0				
80006	6 clinical chemistry tests	40.0				
80007	7 clinical chemistry tests	44.0				
80008	8 clinical chemistry tests	48.0				
80009	9 clinical chemistry tests	52.0				
80010	10 clinical chemistry tests	56.0				
80011	11 clinical chemistry tests	60.0				
80012	12 clinical chemistry tests	64.0				
80016	13-16 clinical chemistry tests	66.8				
80018	17–18 clinical chemistry tests	69.6				
80019	19–24 clinical chemistry tests	72.4				
80020	25–30 clinical chemistry tests	75.2				
80021	31 or more clinical chemistry tests	78.0				
THER.	APEUTIC DRUG MONITORING					
(e.g., a	ntiepilepsy drugs, cardiac drugs, antibiotics, sedatives)					
80031	Therapeutic quantitative drug monitoring in body fluids and/or excreta; measurement one drug (if					
	drug not specified by individual code number)	BR				
80032	2 drugs measured	BR				
80033	3 drugs measured	BR				
80034	4 or more drugs measured	BR				
80040	Serum radioimmunoassay for circulating antibi-					
	otic levels	BR				
80042	Serum antimicrobial level, bioassay method	BR				
ORGA	ORGAN OR DISEASE ORIENTED PANELS					

Organ "panels" as an approach to diagnosis have been developed in response to the increased use of general screening programs that are now in use in physicians' offices, health centers, clinics, and hospitals. Also included here are profiles that combine laboratory tests together under a problem oriented classification. The lack of an expanded list of laboratory tests under each number is deliberate. Because no two laboratories utilize the same array of tests in a particular panel, each laboratory should establish its own profile and accompany each reported panel by a listing of the components of that panel performed by the laboratory.

		Unit
		Value
00050	0 11 13	
80050	General health screen panel	BR
80056	Amenorrhea profile	BR
80057	Male infertility and/or gynecomastia profile	BR
80058	Hepatic function panel	BR
80059	Hepatitis panel	BR
80060	Hypertension panel	BR
80061	Lipid profile	BR
80062	Cardiac evaluation (including coronary risk)	
	panel	BR
80063	Cardiac injury panel	BR
80064	with creatine phosphokinase (CPK) and/or lac-	
	tic dehydrogenase (LDH) isoenzyme determi-	
	nation	BR
80065	Metabolic panel	BR
80066	Malabsorption panel	BR
80067	Pulmonary (lung function) panel	BR
80068	Lung maturity profile	BR

80070	Thyroid panel	BR
80071	with thyrotropin releasing hormone (TRH)	BR
80072	Arthritis panel	BR
80073	Renal panel	BR
80075	Parathyroid panel	BR
80080	Prostatic panel	BR
80082	Pancreatic panel	BR
80084	Pituitary panel	BR
80085	Microcytic anemia panel	BR
80086	Macrocytic anemia panel	BR
80089	Muscle panel	BR
80090	Antibody panel (e.g., TORCH: Toxoplasma IFA,	
	rubella HI, cytomegalovirus CF, herpes virus	
	CF)	BR
80099	Unlisted panel	BR
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030.	
	89-09), § 296-23A-325, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/	
	(Order 87–18), § 296–23A–325, filed 7/23/87;	87–03–005
(Order	86-47), § 296-23A-325, filed 1/8/87.]	

Unit Value

## WAC 296-23A-330 Urinalysis.

(For specific analyses, see appropriate section)

		Unit Value
81000	Urinalysis; routine (pH, specific gravity, protein, tests for reducing substances as glucose), with mi-	
	croscopy	12.0
81002	routine, without microscopy	8.0
81004	components, single, not otherwise listed, specify	5.0
81005	chemical, qualitative, any number of constituents	8.0
81010	concentration and dilution test	14.0
81011	water deprivation test	BR
81012	water deprivation test with vasopressin response	BR
81015	microscopic only	10.0
81020	two or three glass test	10.0
81030	Quantitative sediment analysis and quantitative pro-	
	tein (Addis count)	40.0
81099	Unlisted urinalysis procedure	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-039 (Order 89-09), § 296-23A-330, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-330, filed 1/8/87.]

## WAC 296-23A-335 Chemistry and toxicology.

Notes: The material for examination may be from any source. Examination is quantitative unless specified. (For list of automated, multichannel tests, see 80003-80019)

Clinical pathology includes radioimmunoassay as one method of performing many chemistry tests. These codes can be appropriately used by any specialist performing such tests in a laboratory licensed and/or certified for radioimmunoassays. The reporting of these tests is not confined to clinical pathology laboratories alone.

		Value
82000	Acetaldehyde, blood	40.0
82003	Acetaminophen, urine	40.0
(Acet	ic anhydride, see volatiles, 84600)	
82005	Acetoacetic acid	40.0
82009	Acetone, qualitative	12.0
82010	quantitative	12.0
(For a	acetone bodies, see 82009-82010, 82635, 83947)	
82011	Acetylsalicylic acid; quantitative	32.0
82012	qualitative	32.0

	Unit Value			Unit Value
82013 Acetylcholinesterase	40.0	93157	Amulana mina (diserse)	20.0
(Acid, gastric, see gastric acid, 82926–82932)		82156 82157	Amylase, urine (diastase)	30.0 80.0
(Acid phosphatase, see 84060-84065)		82159	Androsterone	50.0
82015 Acidity, titratable, urine	30.0	82160	RIA	50.0
	50.0	·	llso 83593–83596)	
(ACTH, see 82024)		(Angi	otensin I, see renin, 84244)	
(Adrenalin-Noradrenalin, see catecholamines, 82382-82384)		82163	Angiotensin II, RIA	BR BR
82024 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH), RIA 82030 Adenosine; 5'-diphosphate (ADP) and 5'-mono-	120.0 40.0	82164 82165	Angiotensin-converting enzyme	BR
phosphate (AMP), cyclic, RIA, blood	40.0	(Antie	liuretic hormone, RIA, see 84588)	
82040 Albumin serum	20.0	82168 82170	Antihistamines	BR 80.0
82042 urine, quantitative (specify method, e.g., Esbach)	20.0		Antimony, urine	80.0
(For albumin/globulin ratio, albumin/globulin ratio by ele		,	mony, screen, see 83015)	
phoretic method, see 84155–84200)	CCLIO-	(Antii	rypsin, alpha-1-, see 86329)	
82055 Alcohol (ethanol), blood; chemical	30.0	82172	Apolipoprotein	BR
82060 by gas-liquid chromatography	40.0	82173 82175	Arginine tolerance test	BR
82065 Alcohol (ethanol), urine; chemical	30.0 40.0	02175	quantitative	80.0
82072 Alcohol (ethanol) gelation	30.0	(For l	neavy metal screening, see 83015)	
82075 Alcohol (ethanol), breath	60.0	82180	Ascorbic acid (Vitamin C), blood	40.0
82076 Alcohol; isopropyl	60.0 60.0		·	40.0
82085 Aldolase, blood; kinetic ultraviolet method	26.0	•	rin, see acetylsalicylic acid, 82011, 82012)	
82086 colorimetric	20.0 120.0	(Athe 83717	rogenic index, blood, ultracentrifugation, quantitativ	e, see
82088 RIA blood	100.0		•	(0.0
82089 RIA urine	100.0	82205 82210	Barbiturates; quantitative	60.0 80.0
82091 saline infusion test	BR		qualitative screen, see 82486, 82660, 82755, 84231)	
(Alkaline phosphatase, see 84075–84080)		•		DD.
82095 Alkaloids, tissue; screening	80.0		Barium	BR
82096 quantitative	120.0 80.0	(Benc	e-Jones protein, 84185)	
82101 quantitative	120.0	82230	Beryllium, urine	80.0
(See also 82486, 82600, 82662, 82755, 84231)		(Beta-	-glucosidase, see 82963)	
(Alpha amino acid nitrogen, see 82126)		82231	Beta-2 microglobulin, RIA; urine	BR
(Alpha-hydroxybutyric (HBD) dehydrogenase, see 83485, 83	3486)	82232 82235	serum Bicarbonate excretion, urine	BR BR
		82236	Bicarbonate loading test	BR
(Alphaketoglutarate, see 83584)		(Bicar	bonate, see 82374)	
(Alpha tocopherol (Vitamin E), see 84446)		82240	Bile acids, blood, fractionated	120.0
82108 Aluminum, blood (serum)	BR BR	82245	Bile pigments, urine	8.0
82112 Amikacin	DK.	82250 82251	Bilirubin; blood, total or directblood, total and direct	24.0 30.0
(Amikacin serum radioimmunoassay, see 80040)		82252	feces, qualitative	BR
82126 amino acid nitrogen, alpha	50.0	82260	urine, quantitative	12.0
82128 Amino acids, qualitative	40.0	82265 82268	amniotic fluid, quantitative	30.0 80.0
fractionation and quantitation, one or more	180.0	82270	Blood; occult, feces, screening	8.0
82134 Aminohippurate, para (PAH)	30.0 50.0	82273	duodenal, gastric contents, qualitative	BR
82137 Aminophylline	60.0	(Blood	l urea nitrogen (BUN), see 84520-84525, 84545)	
82138 Amitriptyline	60.0	(Blood	l volume, see 84605-84610, 78110, 78111)	
82140 Ammonia; blood	40.0 40.0	82280	Boric acid; blood	100.0
82142 Ammonium chloride loading test	40.0	82285	urine	100.0
82143 Amniotic fluid scan (spectrophotometric)	50.0	82286 82290	Bradykinin	BR 24.0
(For L/S ratio, see 83661)		82290 82291	urine	40.0
(Amobarbital, see 82205-82210)		82300	Cadmium, urine	100.0
82145 Amphetamine or methamphetamine, chemical,		82305 82306	Calcifediol (25-OH Vitamin D-3), chromato-	60.0
quantitative	80.0		graphic technique	BR
82150 Amylase, serum	30.0	82307	Calciferol (Vitamin D), RIA	BR
(82155 has been deleted)		(For 1	, 25-Dihydroxyvitamin D, use 82652)	
(1989 Ed.)			[Title 296 WAC-	—p 4551

		Unit Value		Unit Value
82308 82310 82315 82320 82325 82330 82331 82335 82340	Calcitonin, RIA  Calcium, blood; chemical fluorometric emission flame photometry atomic absorption flame photometry fractionated, diffusible after calcium infusion test  Calcium, urine; qualitative (Sulkowitch) quantitative, timed specimen	80.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 24.0 60.0 24.0 11.0 32.0	(82490 has been deleted)  82495 urine	100.0 80.0 BR 60.0
(8234	5 has been deleted)		(Codeine, screen, see 82486-82489, 82660, 82662, 82755, 842	•
82355 82360 82365 82370	Calculus (stone), qualitative; chemical Calculus (stone), quantitative; chemical infrared spectroscopy X-ray diffraction	40.0 60.0 60.0 50.0	(Codeine, quantitative, see 82096, 82101) (Complement, see 86154–86158) (Compound S, see 82634)	231)
(Carb	amates, see individual listings)		82525 Copper; blood	60.0
82372 82374	Carbamazepine, serum	BR 10.0	82526 urine	60.0
(See a	also 82801–82803, 82817)		(Coproporphyrins, see 84118-84121)	
82375	Carbon monoxide, (carboxyhemoglobin); quantita-	40.0	(Corticosteroids, see 83491–83496)	
82376	tive qualitative	48.0 48.0	82528 Corticosterone, RIA	BR
	on tetrachloride, see 84600)	, , , ,	(See also 83593–83597)	DIC
				26.0
•	oxyhemoglobin, see 82375, 82376)	40.0	82529 Cortisol; fluorometric, plasma	36.0 75.0
82380	,	40.0	82532 CPB, urine	75.0
(Caro	tene plus Vitamin A, see 84595)		82533 RIA, plasma	90.0 90.0
82382	Catecholamines (dopamine, norepinephrine, epine-		82536 after adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) ad-	
82383	phrine); total urineblood	BR BR	ministration	BR BR
82384	fractionated	BR	82538 after metyrapone tartrate administration	BR
(For t	rine metabolites, see 83835, 84585)		82539 dexamethasone suppression test, plasma and/or urine	BR
82390	Ceruloplasmin, chemical (copper oxidase), blood	40.0	82540 Creatine; blood	24.0
	gel diffusion technique, see 86331; immunodiffusion see 86329)	tech-	82545 urine	40.0 50.0
82400 82405 82415 82418 82420 82425 82435	Chloral hydrate; blood urine. Chloramphenicol; blood Chlorazepate dipotassium Chlordiazepoxide; blood urine Chlorides; blood (specify chemical or electrometric)	60.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 60.0 60.0	netic ultraviolet method  82552 isoenzymes  82555 colorimetric  82565 Creatinine; blood  82570 urine  82575 clearance  82585 Cryofibrinogen, blood  82595 Cryoglobulin, blood	26.0 30.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 40.0 40.0 40.0
82436	urine (specify chemical, electrometric or Fantus	20.0	(Crystals, pyrophosphate vs. urate, see 84208)	
82437 82438 82441 82443	test) sweat (without iontophoresis) spinal fluid Chlorinated hydrocarbons, screen Chlorothiazide-hydrochlorothiazide	20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 60.0	82600       Cyanide; blood         82601       tissue         82606       Cyanocobalamin (Vitamin B-12); bioassay         82607       RIA         82608       unsaturated binding capacity	80.0 80.0 70.0 45.0 60.0
(Chlo	rpromazine, see 84021, 84022)		(Cyclic AMP, see 82030)	
82465 82470 82480 82482	Cholesterol, serum; total total and esters Cholinesterase; serum RBC	22.0 30.0 40.0 60.0	(Cyclic GMP, see 83008) (Cyclosporine, see 83003)	-
82484 82485	serum and RBC	80.0 BR	82614 Cystine, blood, qualitative	BR 30.0 40.0
(Chor	ionic gonadotropin, see gonadotropin, 84702, 84703)		82624 Cystine aminopeptidase	BR
82486	Chromatography; gas-liquid, compound and	DD	(D hemoglobin, see 83053)	
82487	method not elsewhere specified paper, 1-dimensional, compound and method not	BR	(Delta-aminolevulinic acid (ALA), see 82135)	
82488 82489	elsewhere specified	BR BR BR	82626 Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA), RIA	BR

Decoxyortisol, 11-(compound S), RIA, see 826349   Bibliosusimide   BR			Unit Value			Unit Value
Second   Compound S), R1A   80   80   82694   Etiocholanolone   80   82695   8269	(Deor	xycortisol, 11-(compound S), RIA, see 82634)				BR
See also 83592    Commerbanous suppression test, see 82539    Commerbanous suppression test, see 82539    See also 83592    Commerbanous suppression test, see 82539    See also 83593    Commerbanous suppression test, see 82539    Commerbanous suppression test, see 82600    Commerbanous suppression test, see 826800		•				RR
Decamethasone suppression test, see 82539)   Evans Bitte, see Blood volume, 34603-3461)   S2765   Electrical cold   18.0   18.0   22765   Electrohandone, RIA   19.0   Decamethasone, see 82465   Diacetic acid   18.0   22705   Fat or lipids, feces, screening   10.0   Decamethasone, see 824600   S2715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   BR   S2785   Diacetic number   3400   32715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   BR   S2785   Diacetic number   3400   32715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   BR   S2785   Diacetic number   3400   32715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   BR   S2785   Diacetic number   3400   S2715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   3400   S2715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   3400   S2715   Fat differential, feces, quantitative   3400   BR   S2735   Fat cit in specify method (e.g., RIA, immunoradio metric assay)   Geology of Patricia (Gistalis)   BR   S2730   Fittingoen, quantitative   21.0   S2740   Digition (digitalis)   Br   Geology of Patricia   S2735   Fittingoen, quantitative   21.0   S2740   Digition (digitalis)   S2740   S2740   Digition (digitalis)   S2740   S2740   Digition (digitalis)   S2740						DK
82615 Diacetic acid  (\$1,0\$)  (Diatasae, urine, see \$12156)  82715 Fat differential, feece, quantitative  82716 Ferric indoned, urine  82717 Fat differential, feece, quantitative  82718 Ferritia, specify method (e.g., RIA, immunorable method (e.g., R	(See	also 83492)		(Evan	s Blue, see blood volume, 84605-84610)	
Diastase, urine, see &2156	(Dexa	amethasone suppression test, see 82539)		82696	Etiocholanolone, RIA	50.0
State   Comment   State   St	82635	Diacetic acid	18.0			
82636 Diazepam         50.0         \$2720 Fatty acids, blood, esterified         40.0           82638 Dibucunarol         BR         \$2727 Ferric chloride, urine         40.0           82638 Dibucunarol         BR         \$2727 Ferric chloride, urine method (e.g., RIA, immunoradio metric assay)         BR           (Dichloromethane, see 84600)         (Fetal bremgolohi, see hemoglobin 83030, 83033, and 85460)         (Fetal bremgolohi, see hemoglobin 83030, 83033, and 85460)           (Baccol Digidzoni, Gigitalis); blood, RIA         BR         82730 Fibrinogen, quantitative         21.0           82641 Digsorii, RIA         36.0         68ce also 85371, 833777         100.0           826420 Dijkydronorphinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 842211         82730 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0           82652 Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 842211         82746 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0           82652 Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 842211         82746 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0           82652 Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 842211         82746 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0           82652 Dihydroxyvitamin D. 1, 25-         BR         8746 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0           82652 Dihydroxyvitamin D. 1, 25-         BR         8747 Fibrinogen, quantitative         100.0	(Dias	tase, urine, see 82156)				
BR   \$2777   Ferric chloride, urine   BR   \$2777   Ferric chloride, urine   BR   \$2776   Ferric chloride,				82720	Fatty acids, blood; esterified	40.0
Dichloroethane, see 846000   Fortile, specify method (e.g., RIA, immunoration of the properties as a specific as any specific properties and the properties of the properties and the					Ferric chloride, urine	
Dichloromethane, see 846000   (Feal hemoglobin, see hemoglobin \$3030, \$3033, and \$3460)					Ferritin, specify method (e.g., RIA, immunoradio-	
Cliethylether, see 846000   Clear		•				
Second   Digitoxin (digitalis): blood, RIA   BR   82641   Digoxin, RIA   36.0   Second   21.0   Second   21.				(Fetal	hemoglobin, see hemoglobin 83030, 83033, and 85460	)
Section   Sect				(Feto	protein, alpha-1, see 86329)	
S2644   Digoxin, R1A				82730	Fibrinogen, quantitative	21.0
Dihydrocodinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)   82740   urine   100.0   100.		Digoxin, RIA		(See a	ılso 85371, 85377)	
Dihydrocodinone screen, see \$2486-\$2489, 82662, 82755, 84231)	82646	Dihydrocodinone	BR	82735	Fluoride; blood	100.0
Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486–82489, 82662, 82755,   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioassay   BR (8231)   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioassay   BR (82431)   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioassay   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioad; blood; bioassay   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioad; blood; bioassay   Sar745   Folia caid (folate), blood; bioad; blood; blood; blood; blood; blood; blood; blood; blood; blood; b	(Dihy	drocodinone screen, see 82486-82489, 82662, 82755, 8	4231)		urine	
Dihydromorphinone screen, see 82486—82489, 82662, 82755, 82745   Folic acid (folate), blood; bioassay.   BR 84231)	82649	Dihydromorphinone, quantitative	75.0			
			2755,	82745	Folic acid (folate), blood; bioassay	BR
Second   Dimethation   D. 1, 25	84231			82746	RIA	45.0
Second Collection   Seco				(Follie	cle stimulating hormones (FSH), see 83000, 83001)	
Diphenyllydantoin, see 84045    S2756   Free tradical assay technique for drugs (FAT)   BR						
Second   S						
Race   Document   Section   Sectio		* *				
Second   Communication   Com			DD.	(Fruc	tose, TLC screen, see 84375)	
Sec also 82486—82489, 82662, 82755, 84231   82760   Galactoxic; blood   40.0			BK	(Furo	semide test, see 84246)	
See also 82486–82489, 82662, 82755, 84231   82760   Galactose; blood   40.0			65.0	82759	Galactokinase, RBC	RR
Duodenal contents, see individual enzymes; for intubation and collection, see 89100)   Endocrine receptor assays, see 84233–84235)   (For TLC screen, see 84375)	(See a	also 82486–82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)		82760	Galactose; blood	40.0
Endocrine receptor assays, see 84233-84235    See 2   Immunoassay technique for drugs   30.0   82775   Galactose-I-phosphate uridyl transferase; quantitative   60.0   82766   Electrophoretic technique, not elsewhere specified   45.0   82786   Gallillum   BR   82785   Galmanglobulin, A, D, G, M nephelometric, each   12.0   82786   Gammaglobulin, salt precipitation method   21.0   (Gammaglobulin, salt precipita	(Duoc	denal contents, see individual enzymes; for intubation	and			
Second   S	collect	tion, see 89100)				70.0
Second   Communication   Com	(Endo	ocrine receptor assays, see 84233-84235)		· ·	•	
Secondary   Seco	82662	Immunoassay technique for drugs	30.0	82775		60.0
S2664   Electrophoretic technique, not elsewhere specified   45.0   BR   82784   Gammaglobulin, A, D, G, M nephelometric, each   12.0   82785   Gammaglobulin, E, (e.g., R1A, E1A)   75.0   (See also 83593)	(For e	enzyme immunoassay for bacteria, use 86227)				18.0
S2666   Epiandrosterone   BR   S2785   Gammaglobulin, E. (e.g., RIA, EIA)   75.0	82664	Electrophoretic technique, not elsewhere specified.	45.0			
(Epinephrine, see 82382–82384)         (Gammaglobulin by gel (immuno) diffusion, see 86329)           82668 Erythropoietin, bioassay         BR         (Gamma-glutamyl transpeptidase (GGT), see 82977)           (For HI method, see 86280)         82790 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pO2	82666	Epiandrosterone	BR .			
Record   R	(See a	ılso 83593)		82786	Gammaglobulin, salt precipitation method	21.0
(For HI method, see 86280)       82790 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pO2       40.0         82670 Estradiol, RIA (placental)       90.0       82791 by manometry       40.0         82671 Estrogens; fractionated       85.0       82792 by oximetry       20.0         82672 total       60.0       82793 by spectrophotometry       40.0         82673 Estriol; fluorometric       54.0       82795 by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82674 GLC       45.0       82800 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82674 GLC       45.0       82795 by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82676 Chemical       75.0       82801 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82677 RIA       105.0       82800 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82807 RIA       105.0       82801 Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82807 PL, pCO2       90.0       82801 pCO2       90.0 <td>(Epine</td> <td>ephrine, see 82382-82384)</td> <td></td> <td>(Gam</td> <td>maglobulin by gel (immuno) diffusion, see 86329)</td> <td></td>	(Epine	ephrine, see 82382-82384)		(Gam	maglobulin by gel (immuno) diffusion, see 86329)	
R2670   Estradiol, RIA (placental)   90.0   82791   by manometry   40.0	82668	Erythropoietin, bioassay	BR	(Gam	ma-glutamyl transpeptidase (GGT), see 82977)	
82670 Estradiol, RIA (placental)       90.0       82791 by manometry       40.0         82671 Estrogens; fractionated       85.0       82792 by oximetry       20.0         82672 total       60.0       82793 by spectrophotometry       40.0         82673 Estriol; fluorometric       54.0       82795 by calculation from pCO2       60.0         82674 GLC       45.0       82800 Gases, blood; pH, only       20.0         82676 Chemical       75.0       82801 pCO2       24.0         82677 RIA       105.0       82802 pH, pCO2 by electrode       42.0         (Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)       82803 pH, pCO2, pO2 simultaneous       54.0         82678 Estrone; chemical       75.0       82812 pO2 by manometry       24.0         82679 RIA       90.0       82817 pH, pCO2 by tonometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055–82075)       82926 Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690 Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0       82928 Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691 urine       60.0       82929 each additional specimen       7.5	(For I	HI method, see 86280)		82790	Gases, blood, oxygen saturation; by calculation	
82671       Estrogens; fractionated       85.0       82792       by oximetry       20.0         82672       total       60.0       82793       by spectrophotometry       40.0         82673       Estriol; fluorometric       54.0       82795       by calculation from pCO2       6.0         82674       GLC       45.0       82800       Gases, blood; pH, only       20.0         82676       Chemical       75.0       82801       pCO2       24.0         82677       RIA       105.0       82802       pH, pCO2 by electrode       42.0         (Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)       82803       pH, pCO2, pO2 simultaneous       54.0         82678       Estrone; chemical       75.0       82812       pO2 by manometry       24.0         82679       RIA       90.0       82817       pH, pCO2 by tonometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055-82075)       82926       Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690       Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0       82928       Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691       urine       60.0       82929       each additional specimen       7.5	82670	Estradiol. RIA (placental)	90.0	92701		
82673         Estriol; fluorometric         54.0         82795         by calculation from pCO2         6.0           82674         GLC         45.0         82800         Gases, blood; pH, only         20.0           82676         Chemical         75.0         82801         pCO2         24.0           82677         RIA         105.0         82802         pH, pCO2 by electrode         42.0           (Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)         82803         pH, pCO2, pO2 simultaneous         54.0           82678         Estrone; chemical         75.0         82812         pO2 by manometry         24.0           82679         RIA         90.0         82812         pO2 by manometry         24.0           (Ethanol, see 82055–82075)         82926         Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen         11.2           82690         Ethchlorvynol; blood         60.0         82928         Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen         9.0           82691         urine         60.0         82929         each additional specimen         7.5	82671	Estrogens; fractionated	85.0			
82674       GLC       45.0       82800       Gases, blood; pH, only       20.0         82676       Chemical       75.0       82801       pCO2       24.0         82677       RIA       105.0       82802       pH, pCO2 by electrode       42.0         (Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)       82803       pH, pCO2, pO2 simultaneous       54.0         82678       Estrone; chemical       75.0       82812       pO2 by electrode       40.0         82679       RIA       90.0       82812       pO2 by manometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055–82075)       82926       Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690       Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0       82928       Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691       urine       60.0       82929       each additional specimen       7.5						
82676 Chemical       75.0       82801       pCO2       24.0         82677 RIA       105.0       82802       pH, pCO2 by electrode       42.0         (Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)       82803       pH, pCO2, pO2 simultaneous       54.0         82678 Estrone; chemical       75.0       82812       pO2 by electrode       40.0         82679 RIA       90.0       82812       pO2 by manometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055-82075)       82926       Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690 Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0       82928       Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691 urine       60.0       82929       each additional specimen       7.5						
(Estrogen receptor assay, see 84233)       82803 pH, pCO <sub>2</sub> , pO <sub>2</sub> simultaneous       54.0         82678 Estrone; chemical       75.0 82812 pO <sub>2</sub> by electrode       40.0         82679 RIA       90.0 82817 pH, pCO <sub>2</sub> by tonometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055–82075)       82926 Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690 Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0 82928 Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691 urine       60.0 82929 each additional specimen       7.5				82801	pCO <sub>2</sub>	24.0
82678   Estrone; chemical   75.0   82812   pO <sub>2</sub> by electrode   40.0			103.0			
82678 Estrone; chemical       75.0       82812 pO2 by manometry       24.0         82679 RIA       90.0       82817 pH, pCO2 by tonometry       24.0         (Ethanol, see 82055-82075)       82926 Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen       11.2         82690 Ethchlorvynol; blood       60.0       82928 Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen       9.0         82691 urine       60.0       82929 each additional specimen       7.5				82804	pO <sub>2</sub> by electrode	
(Ethanol, see 82055–82075)         82926         Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen         11.2           82690         Ethchlorvynol; blood         60.0         82928         Gastric acid, free and total; single specimen         9.0           82691         urine         60.0         82928         Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen         9.0           82691         urine         60.0         82929         each additional specimen         7.5		•			pO <sub>2</sub> by manometry	
82690         Ethchlorvynol; blood         60.0         82928         Gastric acid, free or total; single specimen         9.0           82691         urine         60.0         82929         each additional specimen         7.5			70.0			
82691 urine	•		<b></b>	82927	each additional specimen	9.0
		and the second s			and the second s	
				42,27	•	

	Unit Value		Unit Value
82931 Gastric acid, pH titration; single specimen 82932 each additional specimen		(83005 has been deleted)	
(Gastric analysis, with stimulation, see 89140, 89141, 910		83008 Guanosine monophosphate (GMP), cyclic, RIA	BR
(Gastric analysis, pepsin, see 83974)	52)	83010 Haptoglobin; chemical	60.0 30.0
		83012 phenotypes, electrophoresis	60.0
(For gastric intubation, see 89130, 74340)		83015 Heavy metal screen (arsenic, bismuth, mercury,	
82938 Gastrin (serum) after secretin stimulation (e.g., for gastrinoma, Zollinger-Ellison syndrome)	. BR	antimony); chemical (e.g., Reinsch, Gutzeit)  83018 chromatography, DEAE column	30.0 BR
(Gentamicin, see 84695)		etc.)	80.0
(GGT, see 82977)		(Hemoglobin, carboxyhemoglobin (CO), see 82375, 82376; col	lor-
		imetric, see 85018, 85031)	
(Gentamicin serum radioimmunoassay, see 80040)		83030 F (fetal), chemical	40.0
(GLC, gas liquid chromatography, see 82486)		83033 F (fetal), qualitative (APT) test, fecal	56.0 60.0
82942 Globulin, serum	. 10.5	83040 methemoglobin, electrophoretic separation	80.0
(See also 82784, 82786, 84155-84200, 86329)		83045 methemoglobin, qualitative	20.0
82943 Glucagon, RIA	. BR	83050 methemoglobin, quantitative	40.0 40.0
82944 Glucosamine		83052 sickle, turbidimetric	34.0
82946 Glucagon tolerance test		83053 solubility, S–D, etc	40.0
82947 Glucose; except urine (e.g., blood, spinal fluid, joint		83055 sulfhemoglobin, qualitative	20.0
fluid)		83060 sulfhemoglobin, quantitative	40.0 BR
82949 fermentation		83068 unstable, screen	BR
post glucose dose (includes glucose)	13.5	83069 urine	BR
82951 tolerance test (GTT), three specimens (includes		83070 Hemosiderin, urine	12.0 25.6
glucose)	•	(Heroin, screening, see 82660, 82486, 82662, 82755, 842 quantitative, see 82096, 82101)	
(For intravenous glucose tolerance test, see 82961)			
82953 tolbutamide tolerance test	. 15.0	(HIAA, see 83497)	
(For insulin tolerance test, see 83526)	. 15.0	83086 Histidine; blood, qualitative	BR BR
(For leucine tolerance test, see 83681)			100.0
82954 Glucose, urine	20.0	(Homocystine, qualitative, see 82615)	
82955 Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase(G6PD) quantitative	;	(Homocystine, quantitative, see 82620)	
82960 screen		83093 Homogentisic acid; blood, qualitative	BR
82961 Glucose tolerance test, intravenous	BR	83094 urine, qualitative	20.0 40.0
82963 Glucosidase, beta		•	
82965 Glutamate dehydrogenase, blood		83150 Homovanillic acid (HVA), urine	80.0
(Glutamic oxaloacetic transaminase (SGOT), see 84450–8	•	(Hormones, see individual alphabetic listings in chemistry section	on)
(Glutamic pyruvic transaminase (SGPT), see 84460-8446.	5)	83485 Hydroxybutyric dehydrogenase, alpha (HBD), blood; kinetic ultraviolet method	22.0
82975 Glutamine (glutamic acid amide), spinal fluid		83486 colorimetric method	20.0
82977 Glutamyl transpeptidase, gamma (GGT) 82978 Glutathione		83491 Hydroxycorticosteroids, 17-(17-OHCS); RIA	64.1
82979 Glutathione reductase, RBC		83492 gas liquid chromatography (GLC)	82.0
82980 Glutethimide		83493 blood, Porter-Silber type	45.0 38.0
(Glycohemoglobin, see 83036)		83495 urine, Porter–Silber type	52.0
82985 Glycoprotein, electrophoresis	60.0	83496 urine, fluorometric	52.0
82995 Gold, blood		(See also 82531-82534, 82634, 84409)	
83000 Gonadotropin, pituitary, follicle stimulating hor-		83497 Hydroxyindolacetic acid, 5-(HIAA), urine	60.0
mone (FSH); bioassay		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	00.0
83001 RIA		(For HIAA, blood, see 84260)	
(LH)(ICSH), RIA		83499 Hydroxyprogesterone, 20	105.0 BR
(For luteinizing releasing factor (LRH), see 83727)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100.0
83003 Growth hormone human (HGH), (somatotropin);			180.0
RIA		83523 Imipramine	67.0
	/	(Immunoassay technique for drugs, use 82662)	
(For growth hormone secretion after arginine tolerance t 82173)	test, see	(Immunoglobulins, see 82784, 82785, 82786, 86329, 86335)	
(For human growth hormone antibody, RIA, see 86277)		83524 Indican, urine	35.0
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
83525	Insulin, RIA	40.0	83681 I	Leucine tolerance test	26.0
(For 1	proinsulin, see 84206)			Lidocaine	20.0
83526	Insulin tolerance test	80.0		Lipase, blood	30.0 30.0
83528	Intrinsic factor level	BR	83705	fractionated (cholesterol, triglycerides, phospholipids)	60.0
(For i	ntrinsic factor antibodies, RIA, see 86340)		(For foo	tes, see 82705–82715)	00.0
83530	Insulin clearance	40.0	,		
(For t	thyroxine, see 84435-84439)			Lipoprotein, blood; electrophoretic separation and quantitation (phenotyping)	60.0
(For t	triiodothyronine (true T-3), RIA, see 84480)		83717	analytic ultracentrifugation separation and	
83540	Iron, serum; chemical	20.0	83718 I	quantitation (atherogenic index)	100.0
83545	automated	12.0	t	erol) by precipitation method)	BR
83546 83550	radioactive uptake method  Iron binding capacity, serum; chemical	30.0 20.0		Lipoprotein very low density cholesterol (VLDL cholesterol) by ultracentrifugation	BR
83555	automated	12.0	83720 I	Lipoprotein cholesterol fractionation calculation by	
83565 83570	radioactive uptake method	30.0		ormulaLithium, blood, quantitative	BR 60.0
63370	Isocitric dehydrogenase (IDH), blood; kinetic ultraviolet	26.0			00.0
83571	colorimetric	20.0		izing hormone (LH), see 83002)	
(Isopr	ropyl alcohol, see alcohol 82076)			Luteinizing releasing factor (LRH), RIA	60.0 BR
83576	Isonicotinic acid hydrazide (INH)	105.0		Macroglobulins (Sia) test)	30.0
83578 83582	Kanamycin	49.0 45.0	(Macro	globulins, alpha-2-Sia, see 86329)	
83583	11-desoxy: 11-oxy ratio	75.0	83735	Magnesium, blood; chemical	20.0
83584	Ketoglutarate, alpha	40.0	83740	fluorometric	20.0
(Keto	ne bodies, see 82005-82010; urine, see 81000-81005)		83750 83755 1	atomic absorption	40.0 40.0
83586	Ketosteroids 17-(17-KS), blood; total	38.0	83760	fluorometric	40.0
83587 83588	fractionation, alpha/beta	75.0 54.0	83765 83775 N	atomic absorption	40.0 30.0
83589	Ketosteroids, 17-(17-KS), urine; total	36.0		e tolerance, see 82951, 82952)	50.0
83590 83593	fractionation, alpha/beta	60.0 75.0	•		
83597	11-desoxy: 11-oxy ratio	75.0		otropin, see 84146)	
·	also 82528, 82633, 82666, 82694)			Manganese, blood or urine	60.0 BR
83599 83600	Ketosteroids, 17–OH, RIA	64.1 90.0	(Mariju	ana, see tetrahydrocannabinol THC, 84408)	
83605	Lactate, (lactic acid)	40.0		Melanin, urine, qualitative	60.0
83610 83615	Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), RIA Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), blood; kinetic ultra-	33.7		Meperidine, quantitative	54.0
03013	violet method	26.0	(For ser	een, see 82486, 82489, 82662, 82755, 84231)	
83620	colorimetric or fluorometric	20.0	83805	Meprobamate, blood or urine	60.0
83624 83625	heat or urea inhibition (total not included) isoenzymes, electrophoretic separation and quan-	24.0	(For scr	een, see 82486, 82489, 84231)	
	titation	60.0	83825 N	Mercury, quantitative; blood	70.0
83626 83628	isoenzymes, chemical separation	20.0 20.0	83830	urine	70.0
83629	Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), urine	20.0	(Mercui	ry screen, see 83015)	
83631	Lactic dehydrogenase (LDH), CSF	20.0	83835 N	Metanephrines, urine	52.0
(For h	hydroxybutyric dehydrogenase (HBD), see 83485)		(For cat	echolamines, see 82382-82384)	
83632	Lactogen, human placental (HPL) chorionic somatomammotropin, RIA	30.0	83840 N	Methadone	60.0
83633	Lactose, urine; qualitative	20.0	(Methar	mphetamine, see 82145)	
83634	quantitative	20.0	(Methar	nol, see 82078)	
(For t	olerance, see 82951-82952)		83842 N	Methapyrilene	50.0
(For 7	TLC screen, see 84375)		83845 N	Methaqualone	90.0
83645	Lead, screening; blood	20.0		Methemalbumin	32.0
83650 83655	urine	20.0 60.0	(Mether	noglobin, see hemoglobin 83045-83050)	
83660	urine	60.0	83858 N	Methsuximide, serum	90.0
83661	Lecithin – sphingomyelin (L/S ratio), amniotic	75.0	(Methyl	alcohol, see 82078)	
83670	fluid	75.0	83859 N	Methyprylon	90.0
	traviolet method	26.0	(Microg	lobulin, beta-2, RIA, see 82231, 82232)	
83675 83680	Colorimetric	20.0 26.0	83860 N	Morphine, screening	80.0
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
83861	quantitative	120.0	84030 Phenylala	nine (PKU), blood; Guthrie	12.0
83862 83864	RIA Mucopolysaccharides, acid, blood	82.0 60.0	•		12.0
83865	Mucopolysaccharides, acid, urine; quantitative	60.0	•	yrosine ratio, see 84030, 84510)	
83866	screen	21.0		netric	12.0 20.0
83872 83873	Mucin, synovial fluid (Ropes test)	21.0 BR		tones; blood, qualitative	20.0
		DK	84037 urine, c	qualitative	20.0
(For c	oligoclonal bands, see 83916)		· · ·	opanolamine	20.0
83874	Myoglobin, electrophoresis	30.0	J 1 J	ruvic acid; blood	20.0 20.0
83875 83880	Myoglobin, urine	40.0 60.0			20.0
83885	Nickel, urine	100.0	(For qualitative	chemical tests, urine, see 81005)	
83887	Nicotine	75.0		1	61.0
83895	Nitrogen, total; urine, 24—hour specimen	60.0		ase, acid; blood	24.0 40.0
83900 83910	feces, 24-hour specimen	100.0 20.0		ic fraction, RIA	60.0
83912	Nucleic acid probe with electrophoresis, with ex-		84075 Phosphat	ase, alkaline, blood	24.0
	amination and report	BR		able (total not included)	16.0
(Nore	pinephrine, see 82382-82384)		,	ydylglycerol	BR BR
83915	Nucleotidase 5'-	25.0	•	es, tubular reabsorption of (TRP)	60.0
83916	Oligoclonal immune globulin (lg), CSF, by electrophoresis	BR	(Phosphates, ino	rganic, see 84100-84105)	•
(For r	nyelin basic protein, CSF, see 83873)		(Phosphates, org	anic, see 82480–82484)	
83917	Organic acids; screen, qualitative	30.0		lucomutase, isoenzymes	60.0
83917	quantitative	30.0		luconate, 6-, dehydrogenase, RBC exose isomerase	18.0
83920	Ornithine carbamyl transferase (OCT)	24.0		pids, blood	30.0 30.0
83930	Osmolality; blood	20.0	(See also 83705)	•	
83935 83938	urine	20.0 BR			
83945	Oxalate, urine	40.0	(For lecithin/spl	ingomyelin ratio, see 83661)	
(For a	lpha-oxoglutarate, see 83584)			s (phosphate); blood	24.0 24.0
83946	Oxazepam	40.0	(Pituitary gonad	otropins, see 83000-83002)	
83947 83948	Oxybutyric acid, beta	40.0 52.0	(PKU, see 81005		
(Oxyg	en, see gases, blood, 82790-82817)		84106 Porphobil	inogen, urine; qualitative	20.0
83949	Oxytocinase, RIA	52.0		ative	20.0
(Para	-aminohippuric acid, see 82134)			s, copro–, urine; quantitativetive	30.0 24.0
•	••	<b>60.0</b>	84120 Porphyrir	s; copro- and uro-, fractionated, urine	64.0
83965 83970	Paraldehyde, blood, quantitative	60.0 165.0		opro-, and porphobilinogen, urine	80.0
	see 83533)	105.0		ss, feces, quantitativess, plasma	100.0 82.0
83971	Penicillin, urine	50.0	(Porphyrin precu	rsors, see 82135)	
83972	Pentazocine	60.0	(For protoporphy	rin, RBC, see 84202, 84203)	
83973	Pentose, urine, qualitative	13.5		; blood	24.0
(For T	LC screen, see 84375)				24.0
(83974	4 has been deleted)		84135 Pregnance	diol; RIA	BR
83975	Pepsinogen, blood	40.0		nethod (specify)	BR
	Pesticide other than chlorinated hydrocarbons,	40.0		triol; RIA	BR BR
	blood, urine, or other material	BR		> (speed)	60.0
(Pestic	cide, chlorinated hydrocarbons, see 82441)			nide	60.0
83986	pH, body fluid, except blood	BR		one, any method	105.0
(For b	lood, see 82800, 82802, 82803, 82817)			ceptor assay, see 84234)	
	Phencyclidine (PCP)	38.0	(For proinsulin, l	RIA, see 84206)	
	obarbital, see barbiturates 82205–82210)			(mammotropin), RIA	225.0 60.0
83995	Phenol, blood or urine	60.0	(For screen, see		50.0
84005	Phenolsulphonphthalein (PSP), test, urine	20.0			
84021	Phenothiazine, urine; qualitative, chemical	100.0		olndin, any one, RIA	BR BB
(See a	lso 82486 et seq.)			otal, serum; chemical	BR 20.0
84022	quantitative, chemical	BR	84160 refracto	ometric	12.0
	lso individual drugs)	- i.		phoretic fractionation and quantitation  otal and albumin/globulin ratio	60.0
(See a	iso marviduai di ugs j		out to reducin, to	nai and aibuilin/globuilin ratio	40.0
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
(For s	terum albumin, see 82040; serum globulin, see 82942)		(Sulfl	nemoglobin, see hemoglobin, 83055-83060)	
84175	Protein, other sources, quantitative	24.0	84395	Sulfonamide, blood, chemical	20.0
84176	Protein, special studies (e.g., monoclonal protein			see 84435, 84479, 84480)	
84180	analysis)	BR 24.0	, ,		
84185	Bence-Jones	12.0		see 84435–84439)	
84190	electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation	80.0	84403 84405	Testosterone, blood, RIA	105.0 120.0
84195 84200	Protein, spinal fluid; semi-quantitative (Pandy) electrophoretic fractionation and quantitation	20.0 80.0	84406	Testosterone, binding protein	BR
84201	Protirelin, thyrotropin releasing hormone (TRH)	00.0	84407	Tetracaine	BR
0.4000	test	BR	84408 84409	Tetrahydrocannabinol THC (marijuana) Tetrahydrocortisone or tetrahydrocortisol	BR 105.0
84202 84203	Protoporphyrin, RBC; quantitative	30.0 20.0			105.0
84205	Protiptylene	68.0	(See a	llso 83491–83497)	
84206	Proinsulin, RIA	60.0	84410	Thallium, blood or urine	100.0
84207 84208	Pyridoxine (Vitamin B-6)	BR 12.0	84420 84425	Theophylline, blood or saliva  Thiamine (Vitamin B-1)	60.0 BR
84210	Pyruvate, blood	30.0	84430	Thiocyanate, blood	30.0
84220	Pyruvic kinase, RBC	30.0	84434	Thioridazine	40.0
84228	Quinine	30.0	(Thyr	otropin releasing hormone (TRH) test, see 84201)	
84230 84231	Quinidine, blood	40.0 BR	_ `		22.0
	•	ЫK	84435 84436	Thyroxine, (T-4), CPB or resin uptake	33.0 21.0
(Reins	sch test, see 83015)		84437	Thyroxine (T-4), neonatal	20.0
84232	Releasing factor	BR	84439	Thyroxine, free (FT-4), RIA (unbound T-4 only).	45.0
84233 84234	Receptor assay; estrogen (estradiol)progesterone	BR BR	84442	Thyroxine binding globulin (TBG)	52.0
84235	endocrine, other than estrogen or progesterone	DK	(Thyr	oxine, free thyroxine index, T-7, see 82756)	
	(specify hormone)	BR	(Thyr	oid hormones, thyroxine, etc., see 84435-84439, 8	4479–
84236	progesterone and estrogen	BR	84481	)	
84238	nonendocrine (e.g., acetylcholine) (specify receptor)	BR	84443	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), RIA	60.0
84244	Renin (angiotensin I); (RIA)	60.0	(Thyr	oid stimulating hormone (TSH), neonatal, see 84800)	
(See a	lso 82163, angiotensin II)		84444	Thyrotropin releasing factor (TRF), RIA	BR
84246	furosemide test	BR	84445	plus long acting (LATS)	BR
(Renir	n converting enzyme, see 82164)		(Tobr	amycin, see 84810)	
84252	Riboflavin (Vitamin B-2)	BR	84446	Tocopherol alpha (Vitamin E)	38.0
(Salicy	ylates, see 82011, 82012)		(Tolbi	stamide tolerance, see 82953)	
(Saline	e infusion test, see 82091)		84447	Toxicology, screen; general	BR
(Secre	etin test, see 89100 and appropriate analyses)		84448 84450	sedative (acid and neutral drugs, volatiles)  Transaminase, glutamic oxaloacetic (SGOT),	45.0
84255	Selenium, blood, urine or tissue	100.0	0,120	blood; timed kinetic ultraviolet method	. 24.0
84260	Serotonin, blood	120.0	84455	colorimetric or fluorometric	20.0
	rine metabolites, see 83497)		84460	Transaminase, glutamic pyruvic (SGPT), blood; timed kinetic ultraviolet method	24.0
•	·		84465	colorimetric or fluorometric	24.0 20.0
84275	Sialic acid, blood	50.0		sferrin, see 86329)	20,0
(Sickle	e hemoglobin, see 83020, 83052, 83053, 85660)		•	,	60.0
84285	Silica, blood, urine or tissue	100.0	84472 84474	Trichloroacetic acid	60.0 36.0
84295 84300	Sodium; blood	24.0 24.0			50.0
		24.0	•	loroacetaldehyde, see 82400–82405)	
	tomammotropin, see 83632)		84476 84478	Trifluoperazine	36.0 30.0
•	totropin, see 83003; chorionic, see 83632)			lso 83705)	2010
		26.0	,		
84315	Specific gravity (except urine)	8.0	84479	Triiodothyronine (T-3), resin uptake	BR
(For u	rine specific gravity, see 81000)		84480 84481	Triiodothyronine true (TT-3), RIA	36.0
(84317	7 has been deleted)			only)	BR
84318	Stercobilin, qualitative, feces	BR	84483	Trimethadione	36.0
	analysis, see 82355–82370)	-	84485 84488	Trypsin, duodenal fluid	30.0 30.0
	Strychnine	75.0	84490	quantitative	30.0
	•	15.0	(Tubu	lar reabsorption of phosphate, blood and urine, see 840	082)
, •	r, see under glucose)		84510	Tyrosine, blood	40.0
043/3	Sugars, chromatographic, TLC or paper chromatography	80.0		centrifugation, lipoprotein, see 83717)	
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		Unit Value	under the listing for the specific general methodology. (For immunodiffusion, immunoprecipitin, and counter-immunoelectrophoretic methods other than enzyme and radioimmunoassay techniques, see immunology section.)	-
(Urat	te vs. pyrophosphate crystals, see 84208)		[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–17–039	)
84520 84525 84540 84545	stick test	22.0 8.0 20.0 40.0	(Order 89–09), \$ 296–23A–335, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; 87–16–004 (Order 87–18), \$ 296–23A–335, filed 7/23/87; 87–03–005 (Order 86–47), \$ 296–23A–335, filed 1/8/87.]	-
84550 84555	Uric acid; blood, chemicaluricase, ultraviolet method	20.0 26.0	WAC 296-23A-340 Hematology.	
84560 84565 84570 84575	Uric acid, urine Urobilin, urine; qualitative quantitative, timed specimen Urobilin, feces, quantitative	20.0 12.0 24.0 60.0	(Includes blood clotting (coagulation) procedures. For blood banking procedures, see under Immunology WAC 296-23A-345)	
84577 84578	Urobilinogen, feces, quantitative	30.0 24.0	(Agglutinins, see Immunology)	
84580 84583 84584	quantitative, timed specimensemiquantitative	24.0 20.0 24.0	(Antifactor (specific coagulation factors), see 85300-85341)	
(Uroj	porphyrins, see 84120, 84121)		(Antiplasmin, see 85410)	
•	proic acid, see 80031)		(Antiprothrombinase, see 85311)	
84585 84588	Vanillymandelic acid (VMA), urine Vasopressin (antidiuretic hormone), RIA	24.0 BR	(Antithrombin III, see 85300)	
84589 84590 84595	Viscosity, fluid	10.0 40.0 60.0	(Basophil count, see 85005)	
(See	also 82380)		Value	
(Vita	min B-1, see 84425)		85000 Bleeding time; Duke	
`	min B-2, see 84252)		85002 Ivy or template	)
(Vita	min B-6, see 84207)		(Blood cell morphology only, see 85548)	
•	min B-12, blood, see 82606, 82607)		85005 Blood count; basophil count, direct	)
•	min B-12, absorption (Schilling), see 78270, 78271)		morphology and platelet estimation) 7.5	,
,	min C, see 82180)		(See also 85548, 85585)	
•	min D, see 82306, 82307)		(For other fluids, e.g., CSF, see 89051, 89190)	
•	min E, see 84446)		85009 differential WBC count, buffy coat 12.0	
	Vitamin K	BR	85012 eosinophil count, direct	,
•	Volatiles (acetic anhydride, carbon tetrachloride,		85014 hematocrit	)
	dichloroethane, dichloromethane, diethylether)	45.0	85018 hemoglobin, colorimetric 8.0	
•	acetaldehyde, see 82000)		(For other hemoglobin determination, see 83020–83068)	
84605 84610	Volume, blood, dye method (Evans blue) including total plasma and total blood cell vol-	30.0	85021 hemogram, automated (RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct and indices only)	i
	ume	50.0	85022 hemogram, automated, and manual differential WBC count (CBC)	)
(Volu	une, blood, RISA or Cr-51, see 78110, 78111)  Warfarin	BR	85023 hemogram and platelet count, automated, and manual differential WBC count (CBC) 17.0	)
84615 84620	Xanthurenic acid	BR 40.0	85024 hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated partial differential WBC (CBC) 17.0	)
84630	Zinc, quantitative; blood	100.0	85025 hemogram and platelet count, automated, and automated complete differential WBC (CBC) 17.0	)
84635	urine	100.0	85027 hemogram, automated, with platelet count 12.0	
84681	C-peptide, any method	BR	85029 Additional automated hemogram indices (e.g., red cell distribution width (RDW), mean platelet vol-	
84695	Gentamicin	38.5	ume (MPV), red blood cell histogram, platelet	
84702 84703	Gonadotropin, chorionic; quantitative	30.0 30.0	histogram, white blood cell histogram, three part differential); one to three indices BR	
84800	Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), neonatal	60.0	85030 four or more indices	-
84810 84999	Tobramycin Unlisted chemistry or toxicology procedure	BR BR	(RBC, WBC, Hgb, Hct, differential and indices) 16.5	
	Gas-liquid chromatography, paper chromatog		85041 red blood cell count (RBC) only	,
	electrophoresis, nuclear medicine, enzyme immunoass radioimmunoassay techniques are being extended con		(See also 85021–85031, 89050)	,
	for the analysis of many drugs, hormones and oth stances. Where these methodologies are not specificall	er sub-	85044         reticulocyte count         12.0           85048         white blood cell (WBC)         8.0	
	under the compound in question, such tests should be		(See also 85021-85031)	

	Unit Value		Unit Value
		85367 precipitation	18.0
85095 Bone marrow smear and/or cell block; aspiration only	45.0	85368 protamine paracoagulation (PPP)	BR 12.0
85097 Smear interpretation only, with or without differential cell count		(Fibrinogen, quantitative, see 82730)	12.0
(For interpretation of smear, use 85097; for cell block into	erpreta-	85371 Fibrinogen, semiquantitative; latex	40.0
tion, see 88304, 88305)	•	85372 turbidimetric	22.5
85100 aspiration, staining and interpretation		85376 Fibrinogen; thrombin with plasma dilution	24.0 36.0
85101 aspiration and staining only		85390 Fibrinolysins; screening	20.0 BR
(For special stains, see 85535, 85540, 85560, 88312–88313		85395 semiquantitative	30.0
85102 Bone marrow needle biopsy		85398 Fibrinolysis, quantitative	45.0 BR
85109 staining and preparation only	30.0	85410 antiplasmin	BR
85170 Clot retraction; screen		85420 plasminogen, except antigenic assay	BR
85172 inhibition by drugs	BR	(For plasminogen activator, see 85665)	
85175 Clot lysis time, whole blood dilution	40.0	85421 plasminogen, antigenic assay	BR
(Clotting factor I (fibrinogen), see 82730, 85371-85377)		85426 Von Willebrand factor assay	BR
85210 Clotting factor II prothrombin, specific	40.0	(Fragility, red blood cell, see 85547, 85555–85557)	
(See also 85610-85618)		85441 Heinz bodies; direct	9.0 19.5
85220 factor V (AcG or proaccelerin) labile factor			17.5
85230 factor VII (proconvertin, stable factor)		(Hematocrit (PCV), see 85014, 85021–85031)	
85242 factor VIII (AHG), two stage	40.0	(Hemoglobin, see 83020–83068, 85018–85031)	
85244 factor VIII related antigen quantitation 85250 factor IX (PTC or Christmas)		85460 Hemoglobin, fetal, differential lysis (Kleihauer)	26.0
85260 factor X (Stuart-Prower)		(See also 83030, 83033)	
85270 factor XI (PTA)		(Hemogram, see 85021-85031)	
85280 factor XII (Hageman)		(Hemolysins, see 86006, 86281, 86282)	
85291 factor XIII (fibrin stabilizing), screen solubility	40.0	85520 Heparin assay	60.0
85292 preallikrein assay (Fletcher factor assay) 82593	BR	85530 Heparin-protamine tolerance test	60.0
[85293] high molecular weight kinningen assay		85535 Iron stain (RBC or bone marrow smears)	18.0
(Fitzgerald factor assay)		(Ivy bleeding time, see 85002)	
III, except antigen assay	40.0	85538 Leder stain (esterase) blood or bone marrow 85540 Leucocyte alkaline phosphatase with count	30.0 20.0
85301 antithrombin III, antigen assay		85544 Lupus erythematosus (LE) cell prep	20.0
85310 antithromboplastin	40.0	(Lysozyme, see 85548)	
85311 antiprothrombinase		85547 Mechanical fragility, RBC	30.0
85330 antifactor VIII		85548 Morphology of red blood cells, only	9.0
85340 cross recalcification time (mixtures)	40.0	85549 Muramidase, serum	52.0
85341 PTT inhibition test		(Nitroblue tetrazolium dye test, see 86384)	
85347 activated	20.0	85555 Osmotic fragility, RBC	15.0
85348 other methods	BR	85557 incubated, quantitative	18.0 60.0
(Complete blood count, see 85021–85031)		(Packed cell volume, see 85014)	
(Differential count, see 85007 et seq.)		(Partial thromboplastin time, see 85730–85732)	
(Drug inhibition, clot retraction, see 85172)		(Parasites, blood, e.g., malaria smears, see 87207)	
(Duke bleeding time, see 85000)		85560 Peroxidase stain, WBC	15.0
(Eosinophil count, direct, see 85012)		(Plasmin, see 85400)	15.0
(Eosinophils, microscopic examination for, in various body	fluids,	(Plasminogen, see 85420)	
see 89180)			
(Ethanol gel, see 85363)	40.0	(Plasminogen activator, see 85665)	45.0
85360 Euglobulin lysis	40.0	85575 Platelet; adhesiveness (in vivo)	45.0 BR
(Fetal hemoglobin, see 83030-83033, 85460)		85577 retention (in vitro), glass bead	30.0
85362 Fibrin degradation (split) products (FDP)(FSP); ag-		85580 count (Rees-Ecker)	14.0 10.0
glutination, slide		(See also 85007)	10.0
85364 hemagglutination inhibition (Merskey),	,		20.0
microtiter		85590 phase microscopy	20.0 20.0
•		•	
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	Init Iue	Unit Value
(2)		86000 Agglutinins; febrile, each antigen
(Protamine paracoagulation (PPP), see 85368)		86002 febrile panel (typhoid O & H, paratyphoid A & B, brucella and Proteus OX-19)
1	6.0	86004 warm
(See also 85618)  85612 Russell viper venom type (includes venom) 3	6.0	(Agglutinins and autohemolysins, see 86004, 86011-86013, 86281-86283, 86006-86009)
(85614 has been deleted)		(Agglutinins, auto, see 86282-86283, 86011, 86013)
<b>-</b>	0.0	(Agglutinins, cold, see 86006, 86013, 86282, 86283)
	8.0	(Alpha-1 antitrypsin, see 86064, 86067, 86329)
(Red blood cell count, see 85021–85031)		(Alpha-1 feto-protein, see 86244)
	0.0	(Anti-AChR (acetylcholine receptor) antibody titer, see 86685)
	3.0	86006 Antibody, qualitative, not otherwise specified; first
(Reticulocyte count, see 85044)		antigen, slide or tube
(Rumpel-Leede test, see 85165)		86008 Antibody, quantitative titer, not otherwise specified;
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.0	first antigen         18.0           86009         each additional antigen         12.0
	0.5 4.0	86011 Antibody, detection, leukocyte antibody 44.0 86012 Antibody absorption, cold auto absorption; per se-
(Sickling, electrophoresis, see 83020)		rum
(Sickling, solubility, S-D, see 83053)		(For elution, see 86019)
(Sickling, turbidimetric (Sickledex dithionate), see 83052)		86013 differential
(Siderocytes, see 85535)		86014 Antibody, platelet antibodies (agglutinins) 45.0 86016 Antibodies, RBC, saline; high protein and
(Smears for parasites, malaria, etc., see 87207)		antihuman globulin technique
(Staphylococcal clumping test, see 85369)		(See also 86032)
85665 Streptokinase titer (plasminogen activator)	BR	86017 with ABO Rh(D) typing (for holding blood in-
· •	0.0 2.0	stead of complete crossmatch)
85700 Thromboplastin generation test; screening (Hicks-		86019 elution, any method
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.0 5.0	86022 platelet antibodies 75.0
85711 with patient's platelets 4	5.0 BR	86023 platelet associated immunoglobulin assay BR 86024 RBC antibodies (8–10 cell panel) standard technique
(For individual clotting factors, see 85210 et seq.)		86026 RBC antibodies (8-10 cell panel), with enzyme
85730 Thromboplastin time, partial (PTT); plasma or		technique including antihuman globulin 52.0
	0.0 0.0	(For absorption and elution, see 86012–86013, 86019)
(For thromboplastin inhibition test, see 85341)		86028 saline or high protein, each (Rh, AB, etc.) 12.0
(Tourniquet test, see 85165)		(Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, use 86235)
85810 Viscosity, blood	0.0	(Anti-DNA, see 86225)
85820 serum or plasma	0.0	(Anti-deoxyribonuclease titer, see 86215)
(Von Willebrand factor assay, see 85426)		86031 Antihuman globulin test; direct (Coombs) 1-3 dilutions
(WBC count, see 85021-85031, 85048, 89050)		86032 indirect, qualitative (broad, gamma or nongamma, each)
85999 Unlisted hematology procedure	BR	86033 indirect, titer (broad, gamma or nongamma
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-17-(Order 89-09), § 296-23A-340, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89; §		each)
16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-340, filed 7/23/87; 87-03-0		86035 drug sensitization, identification (e.g., penicillin) . 75.0
(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-340, filed 1/8/87.]		(For antibody detection (screening), see 86016, 86017)
WAC 296-23A-345 Immunology.		86038 Antinuclear antibodies (ANA), RIA 55.0
(Includes serology, immunohematology and blood		(Antinuclear antibodies, fluorescent technique, see 86255, 86256)
banking)		(86045 has been deleted) (Antistreptococcal antibody, anti-DNAse, see 86215)
(Acetylcholine antireceptor antibody, see 86685)		(Antistreptococcai antibody, anti-Divase, see 80213)  (Antistreptokinase titer, see 86590)
(Acid hemolysins, see 86281)		86060 Antistreptolysin O titer
(Actinomycosis, see 86000-86009)		86063 screen
(Adrenal cortex antibodies, RIA, see 86681)		86064         Antitrypsin, alpha-1; RIA         20.0           86066         Pi (Protease inhibitor) typing         20.0
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
86067	other method (specify)	20.0	0.401.5		26.0
(Aut	oagglutinins, see 86282, 86283)		86215 86225	Deoxyribonuclease, antibody  Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) antibody	36.0 36.0
(Aut	oantibodies, see specific antigens)		(862	27-86229 have been deleted)	
(Blas	stomycosis, see 86006–86009)		(Dire	ect antiglobulin test (Coombs), see 86031)	
86068	Blood crossmatch, complete standard technique, in-		(Dor	ath-Landsteiner screen, see 86008, 86009)	
	cludes typing and antibody screening of recipient	60.0	(Dru	g sensitization, RBC, see 86035)	
86069	and donor; first uniteach additional unit	45.0	(Ech	inococcosis, see 86171, 86280)	
86072 86073	Blood crossmatch; enzyme technique screening for compatible unit saline and/or high protein	10.5 26.0		particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent	, use
86074	antiglobulin technique	15.0	(For	HIV HTLV-III antibody tests, see 86312-86314)	
(For	enzyme technique, see 86018)		(Eos	inophils, nasal smear, see 89190)	
86075	Blood crossmatch, minor only (plasma, Rh immune		86235	Antibody to specific nuclear antigen, any method,	
	globulin), includes recipient and donor typing and antibody screening; first unit	44.0	86243	each Fc receptor assay, specify method	30.0 BR
86076	each additional unit	27.0	86244	Feto-protein, alpha-1, RIA or EIA	57.0
	incompatibility problems, see 86004, 86011-86014, 86 6, 86031-86035, 86068-86076)	016–	`	riasis, see 86280)	
	typing, antibody screening and blood in lieu of crossm 6017)	atch,	86255 86256	Fluorescent antibody; screentiter	24.0 36.0
86080	Blood typing; ABO only	12.0		prescent technique for antigen identification in tissue	, see
86082	ABO and Rho(D)	18.0	8834		
86090 86095	MN	20.0	86265	Frozen blood, preparation for freezing, each unit in- cluding processing and collection	BR
86096	Rho(D); antiglobulin technique, each antigen direct, slide or tube, including Rh subtypes, each	10.5	86266 86267	with thawing with freezing and thawing	BR BR
86100	antigen	10.5 12.0	(FT	A, see 86650)	
86105	Rh genotyping, complete	45.0	(Gc	grouping, see 86335)	
(For	Rho variant Du, see 86095)		(Gel	(agar) diffusion tests, see 86331)	
86115	anti-Rh immunoglobulin testing (RhoGAM		(Gm	grouping, see 86335)	
86120	type)	68.0 BR	(Gor	adotropins, chorionic, see 82996-82998, 84701)	
86128	Collection and processing of predeposited autologous		86277	Growth hormone, human (HGH), antibody, RIA	BR
86130	whole blood or components	BR	(Hai	n test, see 86281)	
00120	inoperatively salvaged blood	BR	86280	Hemagglutination inhibition tests (HAI), each (e.g.,	
(Bov	ine milk antibody, see 86008, 86009)		86281	rubella, viral)	60.0
(Bru	cellosis, see 86000-86002)		00201	(Ham test)	24.0
86140	C-reactive protein	20.0	86282 86283	Hemolysins and agglutinins, auto, screen, each incubated with glucose (e.g., ATP)	30.0 75.0
(Can	didiasis, see 86008)			d, see 86006–86009; warm, see 86004; acid, see 86281)	,,,,
86149	Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA); gel diffusion	60.0		85, 86286 have been deleted)	
86151 86155	RIA	60.0 BR	86287	Hepatitis B surface antigen (HB <sub>s</sub> Ag) (Australian	
	cidioidomycosis, see 86006–86009, 86171, 86490)	Dit	60267	antigen, HAA), RIA or EIA	36.0
•	d agglutinin or hemolysin, see 86006–86013, 86282, 862	83)	(For 8628	gel diffusion technique, see 86331; CF, see 86171; HA	36.0 I, see
86158 86159	Complement; C'1 esterase	52.0 52.0	86288	Hepatitis B core antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag), RIA	BR
86162	total (CH 50)	70.0	86289	Hepatitis B core antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab), RIA or EIA	BR
86163	C'3 esterase	BR	86290	IgM antibody (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)	BR
86164	C'4 esterase	BR	86291	Hepatitis B surface antibody (HB <sub>s</sub> Ab) (e.g., RIA, EIA, RPHA)	BR
	complement fractions, quantitative, see 86329)	40.0	86293 86295	Hepatitis Be antigen (HB <sub>c</sub> Ag) (e.g., RIA, EIA)	BR BD
86171		40.0	86295 86296	Hepatitis Be antibody (HB <sub>c</sub> Ab) (e.g., RIA, EIA) Hepatitis A antibody (HAAb) (e.g., RIA, EIA)	BR BR
	mbs test, see 86031–86035)	24.5	86298 86299	IgG antibodyIgM antibody	BR BR
86185 (For	Counterelectrophoresis, each antigen	24.0	86300	Heterophile antibodies, screening (includes monotype test) slide or tube	20.0
•	ssmatch, see 86068-86076)		86305	quantitative titer	30.0
•	ptococcosis, see 86008, 86009, 86255, 86256)		86310	plus titers after absorption with beef cells and guinea pig kidney	30.0
(1989 E	•			[Title 296 WAC-	
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
(His	toplasmosis, see 86006–86009, 86171)		(Mit	ochondrial antibody, liver, see 86255-86256)	
(HL	A typing, see 86812–86817)		-	nonucleosis screening slide, see 86006–86007)	
	mones, see individual alphabetic listing in chemistry sec	tion)	86382	Neutralization test, viral	BR
86312 86314	HIV (HTLV-III) antibody detection; immunoassay confirmatory test (e.g., Western blot)	BR BR		Nitroblue tetrazolium dye test (NTD)	BR
(Hu	nan growth hormone antibody, RIA, see 86277)		(Pari	ietal cell antibody, see 86255, 86256)	
86316			86385	Paternity testing, ABO + Rh factors + MN (per	
86317	cific antigen, cancer antigen 125)	BR BR	86386	individual) each additional antigen system	37.5 15.0
(For	particle agglutination rapid test for infectious agent an			icillin antibody RBC, see 86035)	
	6403)	ugen,	(Plat	elet antibodies (agglutinins), see 86014)	
86318	Immunoassay for chemical constituent	BR	(Plat	elet associated immunoglobulin assay, see 86023)	
86320	Immunoelectrophoresis, serum, each specimen (plate)	100.0	(864	02 has been deleted)	
86325	other fluids (e.g., urine) with concentration, each specimen	100.0	86403	Particle agglutination, rapid test for infectious agent antigen, each antigen	BR
86327 86329	crossed (2 dimensional assay)	BR	(For	immunoassay for infectious agent antigen, use 86317)	
00527	ceruloplasmin, transferrin, alpha-2, macroglobulin,		86405	Precipitin test for blood (species identification)	BR
	complement fractions, alpha-1 antitrypsin, or other (specify)	30.0	(Preg	gnancy test, see 84702, 84703, 86006-86009)	
86331	gel diffusion, qualitative (Ouchterlony) each anti-		86421	Radioallergosorbent test, in vitro testing for allergen	
86332	gen or antibody	30.0 BR		specific IgE (e.g., RAST, MAST, FAST, IP, PRIST, etc.); up to 5 tests	BR
86333	Raji cell	BR	86422	6 or more tests	BR
86334	Immuno fixation electrophoresis	BR	86423	Radioimmunosorbent test (RIST) IgE, quantitative	BR
•	ceruloplasmin by chemical method, see 82390)		` •	id plasma reagin test (RPR), see 86592)	120
	RIA, see 82785; RIST, see 86423)	20		Rheumatoid factor, latex fixation	12.0
86335	Immunoglobulin typing (Gc, Gm, Inv), each	BR		T, see 86423)	
	lin antibody, see 86016)		•	R, see 86592)	
86337 86338	Insulin antibodies, RIA	BR 32.0	, '	rella, CF, see 86171; HAI, see 86280)	
86340	Intrinsic factor antibodies, RIA	32.0	,	plogic test for syphilis (STS), see 86171, 86592, 86593)	D.D.
(Intr	insic factor, antibody (fluorescent), see 86255, 86256)		86455 86490	Skin test; anergy testing, one or more antigens coccidioidomycosis, each test	BR 20.0
(Inv	grouping, see 86335)		86510 86540	histoplasmosis mumps	20.0 20.0
,	ex fixation, see 86403)		86580 86585	tuberculosis, patch or intradermal tuberculosis, tine test	20.0 12.0
-	cell preparation, see 85544) factor, see 86006, 86007, 86255, 86256)		(Smc	ooth muscle antibody, see 86255, 86256)	
•			(Spor	rotrichosis, see 86006-86009)	
	tospirosis, see 86006–86009)		86590	Streptokinase, antibody	27.0
	koagglutinins, see 86013, 86021)	22	(Stre	ptolysin O antibody, see antistreptolysin O, 86060-8606	53)
86343 86344	Leukocyte histamine release test (LHR) Leukocyte phagocytosis	BR BR	(Stre	ptobacillus, see 86008, 86009)	•
86349	Leukocyte transfusion (leukapheresis)	BR	86592	Syphilis test; qualitative (e.g., VDRL, RPR, ART)	9.0
(Lyn	phocyte culture, see 86353)		86593	quantitative	15.0
86353	Lymphocyte transformation, spontaneous blastogenesis or phytomitogen (phytohemoglutina-		(Teta	nus, see 86280)	
	tion, PHA) or other mitogen culture (MC) (e.g., tu-		(Thy	roglobulin antibody, see 86006-86009, 86171)	
86357	berculin, candida)	120.0 165.0	(Thy	roglobulin anitbody, RIA, see 86800)	
86358		BR	(Thy	roglobulin, RIA, use 86318)	
(Mal	aria, see 87207)		86594 86595	Thyroid autoantibodies	BR BR
(Mel	ioidosis, see 86280)		86600	Toxoplasmosis, dye test	80.0
86376	Microsomal antibody (thyroid); RIA	BR	(For	CF, see 86171; IFA, see 86255, 86256)	
86377 86378	other method (specify)	30.0 BR	86630	Transfer factor test (TFT)	BR
	antibody, antibovine, see 86008–86009)		86650	Treponema antibodies, fluorescent, absorbed (FTA-Abs)	30.0
,	96 WAC—p 466]			,	989 Ed.)

	Unit Value			Unit Value
(86660 has been deleted)		87082	Culture, presumptive, pathogenic organisms, screening only, by commercial kit (specify type); for single	D.D.
86662 Treponema pallidum test, other, specify (e.g., TPIA, TPA, TPMB, TPCF, RPCF)	BR	87083	organisms	BR BR
(Trichinosis, see 86006-86009)		87084 87085	with colony estimation from density chart with colony count	BR BR
(Trypanosomiasis, see 86171, 86280)		(For	urine colony count, see 87086)	
(Tuberculosis, see 86580, 86585, 87116-87118, 87190)		87086	Culture, bacterial, urine; quantitative, colony count .	15.0
(VDRL, see 86592)		87087 87088	commercial kitidentification, in addition to quantitative or com-	12.0
(Viral antibodies, see 86171, 86280, 86382)		87101	mercial kit	12.0 15.0
(Visceral larval migrans, see 86280)		87102	other source (except blood)	18.0
(Warm agglutinins, see 86004)		87103 87106	Culture, fungi, definitive identification of each fun-	18.0
86681 Adrenal cortex antibodies, RIA	31.0		gus	30.0
86685 Anti-AChR (acetylcholine receptor) antibody titer . 86800 Thyroglobulin antibody, RIA	BR 31.0	87109 87110	Culture, mycoplasma, any source	75.0
(For pretransplant crossmatch, use appropriate code or code		87116	each organism	BR
86805 Lymphocytotoxicity assay, visual crossmatch; with	20)		AFB, mycobacteria); any source, isolation only	18.0
titration	BR	87117 87118	concentration plus isolation	30.0
86806 without titration	BR	87140	each organism	30.0 20.0
body (PRA); standard method	BR BR	87143	gas liquid chromatography (GLC) method	45.0
	DK	87145 87147	phage method serologic method agglutination grouping, per	40.0
(86810 has been deleted)		87151	antiserumserologic method, speciation	20.0 20.0
86812 Tissue typing; HLA typing, A, B, or C (e.g., A10, B7, B27), single antigen	BR	87155	precipitin method, grouping, per antiserum	12.0
86813 HLA typing, A, B, and/or C (e.g., A10, B7, B27), multiple antigens	BR	87158 87163	other methods	20.0
86816 HLA typing, DR, single antigen	BR		ods required (use in addition to primary culture	BR
86817 HLA typing, DR, multiple antigen	BR BR	87164	Dark field examination, any source (e.g., penile, va-	DK
86822 lymphocyte culture, primed (PLC)	BR BR	87166	ginal, oral, skin); includes specimen collection without collection	60.0 30.0
		87174	chemical	24.0
[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89 (Order 89–09), § 296–23A–345, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10	/89; 87–	87175 87176	biological assay (e.g., Limulis lysate)homogenization, tissue, for culture	BR 15.0
16-004 (Order 87-18), \$ 296-23A-345, filed 7/23/87; 87 (Order 86-47), \$ 296-23A-345, filed 1/8/87.]	-03-005	87177	Ova and parasites, direct smears, concentration and identification	36.0
		(Ind	ividual smears and procedures, see 87015, 87208–87211	)
WAC 296-23A-350 Microbiology.		(Tric	chrome, iron hemotoxylin and other special stains, see 88	312)
	Unit Value	87178	Microbial identification, nucleic acid probes, each	-
W. A. d. a. L. and d. L. a.			probe used	BR
(Includes bacteriology, mycology, parasitology, and virology	•	(For	nucleic acid probes in cytologic material, use 88365)	
87001 Animal inoculation, small animal; with observation . 87003 with observation and dissection	36.0 45.0	87181	Sensitivity studies, antibiotic; agar diffusion method, each antibiotic	40.0
87015 Concentration (any type), for parasites, ova, or tubercle bacillus (TB, AFB)	20.0	87184	disc method, each plate (12 or less discs)	24.0
87040 Culture, bacterial, definitive, blood (includes anaer-		87186	microtiter, minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC), any number of antibiotics	45.0
obic screen)	48.0 25.0	87187	minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) (use in addition to 87186 or 87188)	BR
87060 throat or nose	20.0	87188	macrotube dilution method, each antibiotic	30.0
87070 any other source	16.0	87190 87192	tubercle bacillus (TB, AFB), each drug fungi, each drug	60.0 BR
(For urine, see 87086–87088)		87197	Serum bactericidal titer (Schlicter test)	BR
87072 Culture or direct bacterial identification method, each organism, by commercial kit, any source except		87205	Smear, primary source, with interpretation; routine stain for bacteria, fungi, or cell types	12.0
urine	BR	87206	fluorescent and/or acid fast stain for bacteria, fungi, or cell types	18.0
(For urine, see 87087)		87207	special stain for inclusion bodies or intracellular	
87075 Culture, bacterial, any source; anaerobic (isolation) 87076 definitive identification, each anaerobic organism,	36.0	87208	parasites (e.g., malaria, kala azar, herpes) direct or concentrated, dry, for ova and parasites .	24.0 12.0
including gas chromatography	60.0	(For	concentration, see 87015; complete examination, see 87	177)
isms	15.0	(For	complex special stains, see 88312-88313)	
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		Unit Value			Unit Value
(For	fat, meat fibers, nasal eosinophils, and starch, see misco			CT guidance, see 76360, 76361; for ultrasonic guidance 12, 76943; for fluoroscopic guidance use 76003)	
neou	s section)		88172	Evaluation of fine needle aspirate with or without	
87210 87211 87220	wet mount with simple stain, for bacteria, fungi, ova, and/or parasites	12.0 18.0 BR	88180 88182 88199	preparation of smears; immediate cytohistologic study to determine adequacy of specimen(s)  Flow cytometry; each cell surface marker cell cycle or DNA analysis Unlisted cytopathology procedure	BR BR BR BR
87230	Toxin or antitoxin assay, tissue culture (e.g.,	BR		electron microscopy, see 88348)	·
87250	Clostridium difficile toxin)	DK	,	TOGENETIC STUDIES	
	eggs, or small animal, includes observation and dis- section	12.0	(For	acetylcholinesterase, see 82013)	
87252 87253	tissue culture, inoculation and observation tissue culture, additional studies (e.g.,	12.0	(For	alpha-fetoprotein, serum or amniotic fluid, see 86244)	
	hemadsorption, neutralization) each isolate	6.0	88230	Tissue culture for chromosome analysis; lympho-	DD
(Elec	etron microscopy, see 88348)		88233	skin or other solid tissue biopsy	BR BR
	usion bodies in tissue sections, see 88304–88309; in sme 7207–87210; in fluids, see 88106)	ears,	88235 88237 88239	amniotic fluid or chorionic villus cells	BR BR BR
87999	Unlisted microbiology procedure	BR	88245	other tissue	ВK
(Order	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–189–09), § 296–23A–350, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/8 (Order 86–47), § 296–23A–350, filed 1/8/87.]		88248	score 25 cells (SCE study), count 5 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding (e.g., Bloom syndrome). score 100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding (e.g., ataxia telangiectasia,	BR
WA	C 296-23A-355 Cytopathology.	Unit	88250	with fragile X-linked mental retardation; score	BR
		Value		100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding	BR
88104	Cytopathology, fluids, washings or brushings, with centrifugation except cervical or vaginal; smears		88260	Chromosome analysis for fragile X associated with fragile X-linked mental retardation; score	
88106 88107	and interpretation  filter method only with interpretation  smears and filter preparation with interpreta-	45.0 45.0	88261 88262	100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with banding	180.0 375.0 525.0
88108	tion	60.0 BR	88263	count 45 cells for mosaicism, 2 karyotypes, with banding	675.0
(For	cervical or vaginal smears, see 88150)		88267	Chromosome analysis; amniotic fluid or chorionic villus, count 15 cells, 1 karyotype with banding	600.0
(For	gastric intubation with lavage, see 89130-89141)		(882	65, 88268, and 88270 have been deleted)	
(For	x-ray localization, see 74340)		88269	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
88125 88130 88140	Cytopathology, forensic (e.g., sperm)  Sex chromatin identification; (Barr bodies)  peripheral blood smear, polymorphonuclear "drum sticks"	75.0 40.0 40.0	88280 88283	cells, count cells from 6-12 colonies, 1 karyotype with banding	BR 75.0 BR
(For	guard stain, see 88313)		88285 88289	additional cells counted, each study	15.0 BR
88150	Cytopathology, smears, cervical or vaginal (e.g., Papanicolaou), screening by technician under physician supervision, up to three smears	BR	88299	Unlisted cytogenetic study	BR
88151 88155	requiring interpretation by physician with definitive hormonal evaluation (e.g., maturation index, karyopyknotic index, estrogenic	BR		GICAL PATHOLOGY cedures 88300 through 88399 include accession, handling	and
88160	index)	40.0	-	rting)	
	interpretation	36.0	88300	Surgical pathology, gross examination only	20.0
88161 88162	preparation, screening and interpretation extended study involving over 5 slides and/or multiple stains	BR BR	Note:	Only one of the numbers 88302–88309 should be used porting specimens (single or multiple) that are removed single anatomic site.	
	obtaining specimen, see percutaneous needle biopsy unidual organ in Surgery)	ıder	88302	Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination of presumptively normal tissue(s), for identification and record purposes	60.0
(For	aerosol collection of sputum, see 89350)		88304	Surgical pathology, gross and microscopic exami-	00.0
(For	special stains, see 88312-88314)			nation of presumptively abnormal tissue(s); un- complicated specimen	75.0
88170	Fine needle aspiration with or without preparation of smears; superficial tissue (e.g., thyroid, breast,	מפ	88305	single complicated or multiple uncomplicated specimen(s), without complex dissection	105.0
88171	deep tissue under radiologic guidance	BR BR	88307	single complicated specimen requiring complex dissection or multiple complicated specimens	150.0
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Unit

Unit

		Value		Value
88309	complex diagnostic problem with or without ex-		(Joint fluid chemistry, see Chemistry and Toxicology)	
	tensive dissection	BR	89160 Meat fibers, feces	12.0
	fine needle aspiration, preparation and interpretation rs, see 88170-88173)	of	89190 Nasal smear for eosinophils	BR 10.5
88311	Decalcification procedure (list separately in addition to code for surgical pathology examination).	12.0	(Occult blood, feces, see 82270)	
88312	Special stains (list separately in addition to code	12.0	(Paternity tests, see 86385, 86386)	
	for surgical pathology examination); Group I for		89300 Semen analysis; presence and/or motility of sperm	
	microorganisms (e.g., Gridley, acid fast, methenamine silver), each	25.0	including Huhner test	12.0
88313	Group II, all other (e.g., iron, trichrome) except	2010	89310 motility and count	40.0
	immunocytochemistry and immunoperoxidase	12.0	89320 complete (volume, count, motility and differential)	80.0
	stains, each		(Skin tests, see 86455-86585)	
(For see 8	immunocytochemistry and immunoperoxidase tissue stud	ites,		BR
		BR	89325 Sperm antibodies	BR
88314 88318	histochemical staining with frozen section(s) Determinative histochemistry to identify chemical	DK	(For medicolegal identification of sperm, see 88125)	
	components (e.g., copper, zinc)	BR	89330 cervical mucus penetration test, with or without	
88319	Determinative histochemistry to identify enzyme constituents, each	BR	spinnbarkeit test	BR
88323	Preparation of slides on referred material	BR	89350 Sputum, obtaining specimen, aerosol induced tech-	•••
88331	Preparation of frozen section(s), single specimen.	BR	nique (separate procedure)	20.0 10.5
88332	each additional frozen section during same visit to surgical operating suite	BR	89360 Sweat collection by iontophoresis	BR
88342	Immunocytochemistry (including tissue		(For chloride and sodium analysis, see 82437, 84295)	
88346	immunoperoxidase), each antibody Immunofluorescent study, each antibody	BR BR	(Tissue culture, see 86595)	
88348	Electron microscopy; diagnostic scanning	BR	(Tissue typing, see 86810–86822)	
88349	scanning	BR BR		D.D.
88355 88356	Morphometric analysis; skeletal muscle	BR	89365 Water load test	BR BR
88358	tumor	BR	[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–	
88362 88399	Nerve teasing preparations	BR BR	(Order 89-09), § 296-23A-360, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/8	39; 87-
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		16 004 (Order 97-18) \$ 206-234-360 filed 7/23/87: 97-4	03_005
[Statute (Order 16-004	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89–1 89–09), § 296–23A–355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/8 (Order 87–18), § 296–23A–355, filed 7/23/87; 87–0 86–47), § 296–23A–355, filed 1/8/87.]	9; 87–	16-004 (Order 87-18), \$ 296-23A-360, filed 7/23/87; 87-6 (Order 86-47), \$ 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA	
[Statute (Order 16–004 (Order	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]	9; 87–	(Order 86–47), § 296–23A–360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA	ΔPY
[Statute (Order 16–004 (Order	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/8 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0	9; 87– 3–005	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient physical	APY ysical
[Statute (Order 16–004 (Order	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.] C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.	9; 87–	(Order 86–47), § 296–23A–360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA	APY ysical 6–20–
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.] C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.	9; 87– 3–005 Unit	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296	APY ysical 6–20– rules,
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87- 3-005 Unit Value	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.	APY ysical 6-20- rules, njured
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89051	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87- 3-005 Unit Value	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed	APY ysical 6-20- rules, njured only
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87- 3-005 Unit Value	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of	ysical 6-20- rules, njured
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89051	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of inworkers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi-
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060 89100	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of inworkers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li-
(Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the q	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060 89100	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the quand medical necessity of physical therapy services.	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac-
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89051 89060 89100 89105	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-360, filed 1/8/87.]  HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the q	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060 89100 89105 (For	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a p cal therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the q and medical necessity of physical therapy services, titioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for department's definition of medically necessary at WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regar	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the nd to
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060 89100 89105 (For	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR	HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a p cal therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the q and medical necessity of physical therapy services. titioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for department's definition of medically necessary a WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules rega- utilization review and quality assurance.	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the and to
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[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89100 89105 (For For 89125 89130	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0/86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005 Unit Value 12.0 20.0 BR 40.0 BR 15.0 20.0 45.0	HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA  WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the quand medical necessity of physical therapy services. It it is should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for department's definition of medically necessary at WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regard utilization review and quality assurance.  The department or self-insurer will pay for a mum of one physical therapy visit per day. When a ple treatments (different billing codes) are perform	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the nd to arding maxi- multi- ed on
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[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order 18-004 (Order WA 89050 89050 89060 89100 89105 (For For 89125 89130 89132 89135 89136 89140	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005  Unit Value  12.0 20.0  BR  40.0  BR  15.0  20.0 45.0  60.0 90.0  105.0	HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the quand medical necessity of physical therapy services. titioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for department's definition of medically necessary at WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regalutilization review and quality assurance.  The department or self-insurer will pay for a mum of one physical therapy visit per day. When a ple treatments (different billing codes) are perform one day, the department or self-insurer will pay the sum of the individual fee maximums, the provusual and customary charge, or 48 relative value whichever is less. These limits will not apply to physical therapy the physical therapy to physical therapy the physica	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the nd to urding maxi- multi- ed on either rider's units, ysical
[Statute (Order 16-004 (Order 16-004 (Order WA 89050 89051 89060 89100 89105 (For For 89125 89130 89132 89135 89136 89140 89141	89-09), § 296-23A-355, filed 8/10/89, effective 9/10/89 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-355, filed 7/23/87; 87-0 86-47), § 296-23A-355, filed 1/8/87.]  C 296-23A-360 Miscellaneous.  Cell count, miscellaneous body fluids (e.g., CSF, joint fluid), except blood	9; 87– 3–005  Unit Value  12.0 20.0  BR  40.0  BR  15.0  20.0 45.0  60.0 90.0	HOSPITAL OUTPATIENT PHYSICAL THERA WAC 296-23A-400 Hospital outpatient phy therapy rules. Hospitals should refer to WAC 296 010 through 296-20-125 for general information, and billing instructions pertaining to the care of in workers.  Physical therapy treatment will be reimbursed when ordered by the injured worker's attending of and rendered by a licensed physical therapist or a particular call therapist assistant serving under the direction of censed physical therapist.  The department or self-insurer will review the quand medical necessity of physical therapy services. titioners should refer to WAC 296-20-01002 for department's definition of medically necessary at WAC 296-20-024 for the department's rules regarment or self-insurer will pay for a mum of one physical therapy visit per day. When a ple treatments (different billing codes) are perform one day, the department or self-insurer will pay the sum of the individual fee maximums, the provusual and customary charge, or 48 relative value whichever is less. These limits will not apply to physical care.	ysical 6-20- rules, njured only doctor physi- f a li- uality Prac- or the nd to urding maxi- multi- ed on either rider's units, ysical apaci-
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(1989 Ed.)

the department or self-insurer has authorized the service.

The department will publish specific billing instructions, utilization review guidelines, and reporting requirements for physical therapists who render care to injured workers.

Use of diapulse or similar machines on injured workers is not authorized. See WAC 296-20-03002 for further information.

No inpatient physical therapy treatment will be allowed when such treatment constitutes the only or major treatment received by the worker. See WAC 296-20-075 and 296-23A-100 for further information.

Biofeedback treatment may be rendered on physician's orders only. The extent of biofeedback treatment is limited to those procedures allowed within the scope of practice of a licensed physical therapist. See WAC 296–21–0501 for rules pertaining to the authorized conditions and the reporting requirements. The department may discount maximum fees for treatment performed on a group basis in cases where the treatment provided consists of a nonindividualized course of therapy (e.g., pool therapy; group aerobics; and back classes).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-002 (Order 89-01), § 296-23A-400, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-400, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-410 Muscle testing. (The maximum allowable is for payment in full, regardless of time required.)

		Unit Value
95831	Muscle testing manual (separate procedure); ex-	
	tremity (excluding hand) or trunk, with report	16.0
95832	hand (with or without comparison with normal	
	side)	16.0
95833	total evaluation of body, excluding hands	16.0
95834	total evaluation of body, including hands	16.0
95842	Muscle testing, electrical: Reaction of degenera-	
	tion, chronaxy, galvanic/tetanus ratio, one or	
	more extremities, one or more methods	16.0
95851	Range of motion measurements and report (sepa-	
	rate procedure); each extremity, excluding hand.	16.0
95852	hand, with or without comparison with normal	
	side	16.0
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-47), \$ 296-23A-410, filed 1/8/87.1	87-03-005

(Order 86-47), § 296-23A-410, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-415 Modalities. Physician or therapist is required to be in constant attendance.

Unit Value

	(97000 has been deleted. To report, use 97010-97039)	
97010	Physical medicine treatment to one area, initial 30	
	minutes; hot or cold packs	12.0
97012	traction, mechanical	12.0
97014	electrical stimulation (unattended)	12.0
97016	vasopneumatic devices	12.0
97018	paraffin bath	12.0
97020	microwave	12.0
97022	whirlpool	12.0
97024	diathermy	12.0
97026	infrared	12.0
97028	ultraviolet	12.0

		Unit
		Value
97039	unlisted modality (specify)	12.0
97040	modality; each additional 15 minutes	3.75
97050	Two or more modalities to the same area	13.0

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-415, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-420 Procedures. Therapist is required to be in constant attendance.

Value

		, and
	(97100 has been deleted. To report, use 97110-97139)	
	(97101 has been deleted. To report, use 97145)	
97110	Physical medicine treatment to one area, initial 30	
	minutes, each visit; therapeutic exercises	16.0
97112	neuromuscular reeducation	16.0
97114	functional activities	16.0
97116	gait training	16.0
97118	electrical stimulation (mandal)	16.0
97122	traction, manual	16.0
97124	massage	16.0
97126	contrast baths	16.0
97128	ultrasound	16.0
97139	unlisted procedure (specify)	16.0
97145	Physical medicine treatment to one area, each ad-	
	ditional 15 minutes	5.0
97220	Hubbard tank; initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
97221	each additional 15 minutes (maximum allow-	
	ance, one hour)	5.0
97240	Pool therapy or Hubbard tank with therapeutic	
	exercises; initial 30 minutes; each visit	30.0
97241	each additional 15 minutes (maximum allow-	
	ance, one hour)	6.0
7260	Joint mobilization (cervical, thoracic, lumbosac-	
	ral, sacroiliac, hand, wrist) (separate procedure);	
	one area	16.0
7500	Orthotics training (dynamic bracing, splinting),	
	upper extremities; initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
97501	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
7520	Prosthetic training; initial 30 minutes, each visit.	24.0
7521	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97530	Kinetic activities to increase coordination,	
	strength and/or range of motion, one area (any	
	two extremities or trunk), initial 30 minutes, each	
	visit	24.0
97531	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97540	Activities of daily living (ADL) and diversional	
	activities; initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
97541	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97554	Combination of modality(s) and/or procedure(s);	
	initial 30 minutes	16.0
97555	Combination of modality(s) and/or procedure(s);	
	each additional 15 minutes	5.0
	ory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 86-47), § 296-23A-420, filed 1/8/87.]	87-03-005

#### WAC 296-23A-425 Tests and measurements.

		Unit Value
97600	Patient assessment and evaluation by a therapist,	
	with report	16.0
97700	Office visit, including one of the following tests or	
	measurements, with report; initial 30 minutes	24.0
	a. Orthotic "check-out"	
	b. Prosthetic "check-out"	
	c. Activities of daily living "check-out"	
	d. Biofeedback evaluation	
05501		100
97/01	each additional 15 minutes	12.0

		Unit
		Value
97720	Extremity testing for strength, dexterity or stam-	
	ina; initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
97721	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97730	Performance-based physical capacities evaluation	
	with report. Flat fee	\$375
	(97740, 97741 have been deleted. To report, see 97530, 97531)	
97752	Muscle testing, torque curves during isometric and isokinetic exercise (e.g., by use of Cybex machine)	24.0
99070	Supplies and materials provided by the therapist over and above those usually included with office visit or other services rendered. List item pro-	
	vided. Bill at cost.	BR

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 87-16-004 (Order 87-18), § 296-23A-425, filed 7/23/87; 87-03-005 (Order 86-47), § 296-23A-425, filed 1/8/87.]

WAC 296-23A-430 Work hardening. The department will publish billing instructions, reimbursement limits, quality assurance standards, utilization review guidelines, admission criteria, outcome criteria, measures of effectiveness, minimum staffing levels, certification requirements, special reporting requirements, and other criteria that will ensure injured workers receive good quality services at cost-effective payment levels. Providers will be required to meet the department's requirements in order to qualify as a work hardening provider. The department may also establish a competitive or other appropriate selection process for work hardening providers. Providers should refer to WAC 296-20-12050 regarding special programs.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 51.04.020(4) and 51.04.030. 89-08-002 (Order 89-01), § 296-23A-430, filed 3/23/89, effective 5/1/89.]

### Chapter 296–24 WAC GENERAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS

Reviser's note: To simplify the organization of this lengthy chapter and to assist the user in locating the desired subject matter, the agency has divided this chapter into subchapters. Only the names of such subchapters are shown in this chapter digest; for a full listing of sections within subchapters refer to the appropriate subchapter digest preceding the text of such sections.

Part A-1 General, educational, medical and first-aid requirements. (WAC 296-24-001 through 296-24-073)

Personal protective equipment. Part A-2 (WAC 296-24-075 through 296-24-094)

Sanitation, temporary labor camps and nonwater carriage Part B-1 disposal systems. (WAC 296-24-120 through 296-24-13013)

Safety color code for marking physical hazards, etc., window washing.

(WAC 296-24-135 through 296-24-14519) Part C Machinery and machine guarding.

(WAC 296-24-150 through 296-24-20730)

Part D Materials handling and storage, including cranes, derricks, etc., and rigging.

(WAC 296-24-215 through 296-24-29431) Hazardous materials, flammable and combustible liquids, Part E spray finishing, dip tanks.

(WAC 296-24-295 through 296-24-450)

Part F-1 Storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gases. WAC 296-24-475 through 296-24-47517) Part F-2 Storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia. (WAC 296-24-510 through 296-24-51099) Part G-1 Means of egress. (WAC 296-24-550 through 296-24-56701) Fire protection. Part G-2 (WAC 296-24-585 through 296-24-58517) Part G-3 Fire suppression equipment. (WAC 296-24-590 through 296-24-63599) Part H-1 Hand and portable powered tools and other hand-held equipment. (WAC 296-24-650 through 296-24-67005) Part H-2

Safe practices of abrasive blasting operations, ventilation. (WAC 296-24-675 through 296-24-67701)

Part I Welding, cutting and brazing.

(WAC 296-24-680 through 296-24-722)

Part J-1 Working surfaces, guarding floors and wall openings, ladders, scaffolds. (WAC 296-24-735 through 296-24-85505)

Part J-2 Powered platforms, etc.

(WAC 296-24-870 through 296-24-90009)

Compressed gas and compressed gas equipment. Part K (WAC 296-24-920 through 296-24-94003)

Part L

(WAC 296-24-950 through 296-24-960)

#### Part A-1 GENERAL, EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND FIRST-AID REQUIREMENTS

WAC	
296-24-001	Foreword.
296-24-003	Subsections, subdivisions, items, subitems, and segments.
296-24-005	Purpose and scope.
296–24–006	Equipment approval by nonstate agency or organization.
296-24-007	Incorporation of standards of national organization.
296-24-008	Incorporation of standards of federal agency.
296-24-010	Variance and procedure.
296-24-012	Definitions applicable to all sections of this chapter.
296-24-015	Education and first-aid standards.
296-24-020	Management's responsibility.
296-24-025	Employee's responsibility.
296-24-040	Accident prevention programs.
296-24-045	Safety and health committee plan.
296-24-055	Safety bulletin board.
296-24-060	First-aid training and certification.
296-24-065	First-aid kit.
296-24-067	First-aid station.
296-24-070	First-aid room.
296–24–073	Safe place standards.

WAC 296-24-001 Foreword. This chapter has been compiled with the purpose of consolidating all safety rules of general application into one chapter of the Washington Administrative Code, by the promulgation of the rules contained herein. It is also the intent that the safety rules of the Washington state department of labor and industries, will be at least as effective as those adopted by the U.S. Department of Labor and administered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration as published in the Code of Federal Regulations. The division of safety is incorporating many of the existing safety rules of general application and adding new rules under this chapter.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-001, filed 5/7/73.]

		Unit
		Value
97720	Extremity testing for strength, dexterity or stam-	
	ina; initial 30 minutes, each visit	24.0
97721	each additional 15 minutes	12.0
97730	Performance-based physical capacities evaluation	
	with report. Flat fee	\$375
	(97740, 97741 have been deleted. To report, see 97530, 97531)	
97752	Muscle testing, torque curves during isometric and isokinetic exercise (e.g., by use of Cybex machine)	24.0
99070	Supplies and materials provided by the therapist over and above those usually included with office visit or other services rendered. List item pro-	
	vided. Bill at cost.	BR

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(WAC 296-24-135 through 296-24-14519) Part C Machinery and machine guarding.

(WAC 296-24-150 through 296-24-20730)

Part D Materials handling and storage, including cranes, derricks, etc., and rigging.

(WAC 296-24-215 through 296-24-29431) Hazardous materials, flammable and combustible liquids, Part E spray finishing, dip tanks.

(WAC 296-24-295 through 296-24-450)

Part F-1 Storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gases. WAC 296-24-475 through 296-24-47517) Part F-2 Storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia. (WAC 296-24-510 through 296-24-51099) Part G-1 Means of egress. (WAC 296-24-550 through 296-24-56701) Fire protection. Part G-2 (WAC 296-24-585 through 296-24-58517) Part G-3 Fire suppression equipment. (WAC 296-24-590 through 296-24-63599) Part H-1 Hand and portable powered tools and other hand-held equipment. (WAC 296-24-650 through 296-24-67005) Part H-2

Safe practices of abrasive blasting operations, ventilation. (WAC 296-24-675 through 296-24-67701)

Part I Welding, cutting and brazing.

(WAC 296-24-680 through 296-24-722)

Part J-1 Working surfaces, guarding floors and wall openings, ladders, scaffolds. (WAC 296-24-735 through 296-24-85505)

Part J-2 Powered platforms, etc.

(WAC 296-24-870 through 296-24-90009)

Compressed gas and compressed gas equipment. Part K (WAC 296-24-920 through 296-24-94003)

Part L

(WAC 296-24-950 through 296-24-960)

#### Part A-1 GENERAL, EDUCATIONAL, MEDICAL AND FIRST-AID REQUIREMENTS

WAC	
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WAC 296-24-001 Foreword. This chapter has been compiled with the purpose of consolidating all safety rules of general application into one chapter of the Washington Administrative Code, by the promulgation of the rules contained herein. It is also the intent that the safety rules of the Washington state department of labor and industries, will be at least as effective as those adopted by the U.S. Department of Labor and administered by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration as published in the Code of Federal Regulations. The division of safety is incorporating many of the existing safety rules of general application and adding new rules under this chapter.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-003 Subsections, subdivisions, items, subitems, and segments. (1) That portion of section numeration appearing after the chapter designation appears in either a three digit or a five digit format (e.g. 296-24-330 and 296-24-33002). The final two digits of the section number are implied decimal extensions of the first three digits and represent a further division of the three digit enumeration.

(2) Sections of this chapter may be divided into subsections (1), (2), (3), etc., which may in turn be divided into subdivisions (a), (b), (c), etc., which may be further divided into items (i), (ii), (iii), etc., which may be further divided into subitems (A), (B), (C), etc., which may be further divided into segments (I), (II), (III), etc., all according to the following hierarchy, e.g.

Sections	296–24–330 and 296–24–33002
Subsections	(1) . (2)
Subdivisions	(a) (b)
Items	(i) (ii)
Subitems	(A) (B)
Segments	(I) (II)

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–003, filed 11/14/88; Order 76–6, § 296–24–003, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-005 Purpose and scope. The rules included in this chapter apply throughout the state of Washington, to any and all work places under the jurisdiction of the department of labor and industries. These rules are minimum safety requirements with which all industries must comply. Special industry rules which will complement or augment rules contained in this chapter, appear as vertical standards in other chapters of Title 296 WAC. By adherence to such rules industrial accidents may be eliminated or minimized.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-006 Equipment approval by nonstate agency or organization. Whenever a provision of this chapter states that only that equipment or those processes approved by an agency or organization other than the department of labor and industries, such as the Underwriters Laboratories or the Bureau of Mines, shall be utilized, that provision shall be construed to mean that approval of such equipment or process by the designated agency or group shall be prima facie evidence of compliance with the provision of this chapter.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-006, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-006, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-007 Incorporation of standards of national organization. Whenever a provision of this chapter incorporates by reference a national code or portion thereof which has been adopted by and is currently administered by another state agency, compliance with those provisions adopted and administered by such other state agency, if from a more recent edition of such national code, will be deemed to be prima facie evidence of compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-007, filed 9296-24-007

WAC 296-24-008 Incorporation of standards of federal agency. (1) Whenever a provision of this chapter incorporates therein provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) or any other regulations adopted by an agency of the federal government, that provision of this chapter shall be construed to mean that compliance with such regulations shall be prima facie evidence of compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Whenever a provision of this chapter incorporates therein provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations, the provisions so incorporated shall be those in effect on the date of effectiveness of this chapter, unless the content of the incorporating section specifies otherwise.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-008, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-008, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-010 Variance and procedure. Realizing that conditions may exist in operations under which certain state standards will not have practical application, the director of the department of labor and industries or his authorized representative may, pursuant to this section, RCW 49.17.080 and/or 49.17.090 and appropriate administrative rules of this state and the department of labor and industries and upon receipt of application and after adequate investigation by the department, permit a variation from these requirements when other means of providing an equivalent measure of protection are afforded. Such variation granted shall be limited to the particular case or cases covered in the application for variance and may be revoked for cause. The permit for variance shall be conspicuously posted on the premises and shall remain posted during the time it is in effect. All requests for variances from safety and health standards included in this or any other chapter of Title 296 WAC, shall be made in writing to the director of the department of labor and industries at Olympia, Washington, or his duly authorized representative, the supervisor of safety, division of industrial safety and health, department of labor and industries, Olympia, Washington. Variance application forms may be obtained from the department upon request.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-010, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-010, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-010, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-012 Definitions applicable to all sections of this chapter.

Note: Meaning of words. Unless the context indicates otherwise, words used in this chapter shall have the meaning given in this section.

- (1) "Approved" means approved by the director of the department of labor and industries or his authorized representative: *Provided*, *however*, That should a provision of this chapter state that approval by an agency or organization other than the department of labor and industries is required, such as Underwriters' Laboratories or the Bureau of Mines, the provisions of WAC 296-24-006 shall apply.
- (2) "Authorized person" means a person approved or assigned by the employer to perform a specific type of duty or duties or to be at a specific location or locations at the job site.
- (3) "Competent person" means one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective action to eliminate them.
- (4) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.
- (5) "Director" means the director of the department of labor and industries, or his designated representative.
- (6) "Employer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, business trust, legal representative, or other business entity which engages in any business, industry, profession, or activity in this state and employs one or more employees or who contracts with one or more persons, the essence of which is the personal labor of such person or persons and includes the state, counties, cities, and all municipal corporations, public corporations, political subdivisions of the state, and charitable organizations: *Provided*, That any person, partnership, or business entity not having employees, and who is covered by the industrial insurance act shall be considered both an employer and an employee.
- (7) "First-aid" means, for purposes of this section, the extent of treatment that could be expected to be given by a person trained in basic first-aid, using supplies from a first-aid kit. Tests, such as x-rays, shall not be confused with treatment.
- (8) "Hazard" means that condition, potential or inherent, which can cause injury, death, or occupational disease.
- (9) "Hospitalization" means to be sent to; to go to; or be admitted to a hospital or an equivalent medical facility and receive medical treatment beyond that which would be considered as first—aid treatment, regardless of the length of stay in the hospital or medical facility.
- (10) "Qualified" means one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.
- (11) "Safety factor" means the ratio of the ultimate breaking strength of a member or piece of material or equipment to the actual working stress or safe load when in use.

- (12) "Safety and health standard" means a standard which requires the adoption or use of one or more practices, means, methods, operations, or processes reasonably necessary or appropriate to provide safe or healthful employment and places of employment.
  - (13) "Shall" means mandatory.
  - (14) "Should" means recommended.
- (15) "Standard safeguard" means a device designed and constructed with the object of removing the hazard of accident incidental to the machine, appliance, tool, building, or equipment to which it is attached.

Standard safeguards shall be constructed of either metal or wood or other suitable material or a combination of these. The final determination of the sufficiency of any safeguard rests with the director of the department of labor and industries through the division of safety.

- (16) "Suitable" means that which fits, or has the qualities or qualifications to meet a given purpose, occasion, condition, function, or circumstance.
- (17) "Working day" means a calendar day, except Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays as set forth in RCW 1.16.050, as now or hereafter amended, and for the purposes of the computation of time within which an act is to be done under the provisions of this chapter, shall be computed by excluding the first working day and including the last working day.
- (18) "Worker," "personnel," "person," "employee," and other terms of like meaning, unless the context of the provision containing such term indicates otherwise, mean an employee of an employer who is employed in the business of his/her employer whether by way of manual labor or otherwise and every person in this state who is engaged in the employment of or who is working under an independent contract the essence of which is his/her personal labor for an employer whether by manual labor or otherwise.
- (19) "Work place" means any plant, yard, premises, room, or other place where an employee or employees are employed for the performance of labor or service over which the employer has the right of access or control, and includes, but is not limited to, all work places covered by industrial insurance under Title 51 RCW, as now or hereafter amended.
  - (20) Abbreviations used in this chapter:
- (a) "ANSI" means American National Standards Institute.
  - (b) "API" means American Petroleum Institute.
  - (c) "ASA" means American Standards Association.
- (d) "ASAE" means American Society of Agricultural Engineers.
- (e) "ASHRE" means American Society of Heating and Refrigeration Engineers.
- (f) "ASME" means American Society for Mechanical Engineers.
- (g) "ASTM" means American Society for Testing and Materials.
  - (h) "AWS" means American Welding Society.
  - (i) "BTU" means British thermal unit.
  - (j) "BTUH" means British thermal unit per hour.
  - (k) "CFM" means cubic feet per minute.

- (1) "CFR" means Code of Federal Register.
- (m) "CGA" means Compressed Gas Association.
- (n) "CIE" means Commission Internationale de l' Eclairage.
  - (o) "DOT" means department of transportation.
  - (p) "FRP" means fiberglass reinforced plastic.
  - (q) "GPM" means gallons per minute.
  - (r) "ICC" means Interstate Commerce Commission.
  - (s) "ID" means inside diameter.
  - (t) "LPG" means liquefied petroleum gas.
- (u) "MCA" means Manufacturing Chemist Association.
- (v) "NBFU" means National Board of Fire Underwriters.
- (w) "NEMA" means National Electrical Manufacturing Association.
- (x) "NFPA" means National Fire Protection Association.
  - (y) "NTP" means normal temperature and pressure.
  - (z) "OD" means outside diameter.
  - (aa) "PSI" means pounds per square inch.
- (bb) "PSIA" means pounds per square inch atmospheric.
  - (cc) "PSIG" means pounds per square inch gauge.
- (dd) "RMA" means Rubber Manufacturers Association.
  - (ee) "SAE" means Society of Automotive Engineers.
  - (ff) "TFI" means The Fertilizer Institute.
  - (gg) "TSC" means Trailer Standard Code.
  - (hh) "UL" means Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
- (ii) "USASI" means United States of America Standards Institute.
  - (jj) "USC" means United States Code.
  - (kk) "USCG" means United States Coast Guard.
  - (II) "WAC" means Washington Administrative Code.
- (mm) "WISHA" means Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act of 1973.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–012, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 73–5, § 296–24–012, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–012, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-015 Education and first-aid standards. It shall be the duty of every employer to comply with such standards and systems of education for safety as shall be, from time to time, prescribed for such employer by the director of labor and industries through the division of safety or by statute. (Chapter 49.17 RCW.)

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–015, filed 11/13/80; Order 73–5, § 296–24–015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–015, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-020 Management's responsibility. (1) It shall be the responsibility of management to establish and supervise:

- (a) A safe and healthful working environment.
- (b) An accident prevention program as required by these standards.
- (c) Training programs to improve the skill and competency of all employees in the field of occupational

safety and health. Such training shall include the onthe-job instructions on the safe use of powered materials handling equipment, machine tool operations, use of toxic materials and operation of utility systems prior to assignments to jobs involving such exposures.

- (2) After the emergency actions following accidents that cause serious injuries that have immediate symptoms, a preliminary investigation of the cause of the accident shall be conducted. The investigation shall be conducted by a person designated by the employer, the immediate supervisor of the injured employee, witnesses, employee representative if available and any other person with the special expertise required to evaluate the facts relating to the cause of the accident. The findings of the investigation shall be documented by the employer for reference at any following formal investigation.
- (3) Reporting of fatality or multiple hospitalization accidents.
- (a) Within 24 hours after the occurrence of an employment accident which results in an immediate or probable fatality(s) or which results in [the] hospitalization of two or more employees, the employer of any employee so injured or killed shall report the accident [either orally or in writing] to the nearest office of the department. The reporting may be by telephone or telegraph. The reporting shall relate the circumstances of the accident, the number of fatalities, and the extent of any injuries. The director may require such additional reports, in writing or otherwise, as he deems necessary, concerning the accident.
- (b) Equipment involved in an accident resulting in an immediate or probable fatality, shall not be moved, until a representative of the division of industrial safety and health investigates the accident and releases such equipment, except where removal is essential to prevent further accident. Where necessary to remove the victim, such equipment may be moved only to the extent of making possible such removal.
- (c) Upon arrival of division of industrial safety and health investigator, employer shall assign to assist the investigator, the immediate supervisor and all employees who were witnesses to the accident, or whoever the investigator deems necessary to complete his investigation.
- (4) A system for maintaining records of occupational injuries and illnesses as prescribed by chapter 296-27 WAC.

Note: Recordable cases include:

- 1. Every occupational death.
- 2. Every industrial illness.
- Every occupational injury that involves one of the following:
   Unconsciousness.
  - b. Inability to perform all phases of regular job.
  - c. Inability to work full time on regular job.
  - d. Temporary assignment to another job.
  - e. Medical treatment beyond first-aid.

All employers with eleven or more employees shall record occupational injury and illness information on forms OSHA 101 – Supplementary Record Occupational Injuries and Illnesses and OSHA 200 – Log and

Summary. Forms other than OSHA 101 may be substituted for the Supplementary Record of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses if they contain the same items.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240 and chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 78-12-017 (Order 78-22), § 296-24-020, filed 11/13/78; Order 74-27, § 296-24-020, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-020, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-020, filed 5/7/73.]

Reviser's note: RCW 34.05.395 requires the use of underlining and deletion marks to indicate amendments to existing rules, and deems ineffectual changes not filed by the agency in this manner. The bracketed material in the above section does not appear to conform to the statutory requirement.

WAC 296-24-025 Employee's responsibility. (1) Employees shall coordinate and cooperate with all other employees in an attempt to eliminate accidents.

- (2) Employees shall study and observe all safe practices governing their work.
- (3) Employees should offer safety suggestions, wherein such suggestions may contribute to a safer work environment.
- (4) Employees shall apply the principles of accident prevention in their daily work and shall use proper safety devices and protective equipment as required by their employment or employer.
- (5) Employees shall properly care for all personal protective equipment.
- (6) Employees shall make a prompt report to their immediate supervisor, of each industrial injury or occupational illness, regardless of the degree of severity.
- (7) Employees shall not wear torn or loose clothing while working around machinery.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–025, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–025, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–025, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-040 Accident prevention programs. Each employer shall develop a formal accident-prevention program, tailored to the needs of the particular plant or operation and to the type of hazards involved. The division may be contacted for assistance in developing appropriate programs.

- (1) The following are the minimal program elements for all employers:
- (a) A safety orientation program describing the employer's safety program and including:
- (i) How and when to report injuries, including instruction as to the location of first-aid facilities.
  - (ii) How to report unsafe conditions and practices.
- (iii) The use and care of required personal protective equipment.
- (iv) The proper actions to take in event of emergencies including the routes of exiting from areas during emergencies.
- (v) Identification of the hazardous gases, chemicals or materials involved along with the instructions on the safe use and emergency action following accidental exposure.
- (vi) A description of the employer's total safety program.
- (vii) An on-the-job review of the practices necessary to perform the initial job assignments in a safe manner.

- (b) A designated safety and health committee consisting of management and employee representatives with the employee representatives being elected or appointed by fellow employees.
- (2) Each accident-prevention program shall be outlined in written format.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240 and chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 78-12-017 (Order 78-22), § 296-24-040, filed 11/13/78; Order 74-27, § 296-24-040, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-040, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-040, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-045 Safety and health committee plan. (1) All employers of eleven or more employees, shall have a designated safety committee composed of employer-selected and employee-elected members.

- (a) The terms of employee-elected members shall be a maximum of one year. Should a vacancy occur on the committee, a new member shall be elected prior to the next scheduled meeting.
- (b) The number of employer-selected members shall not exceed the number of employee-elected members.
- (2) The safety committee shall have an elected chairperson.
- (3) The safety committee shall be responsible for determining the frequency of committee meetings.

Note: If the committee vote on the frequency of safety meetings is stalemated, the division's regional safety educational representative shall be consulted for recommendations.

- (a) The committee shall be responsible for determining the date, hour and location of the meeting.
- (b) The length of each meeting shall not exceed one hour except by majority vote of the committee.
- (4) Minutes of each committee meeting shall be prepared and filed for a period of at least one year and shall be made available for review by noncompliance personnel, of the division of industrial safety and health.
- (5) Safety and health committee meetings shall address the following:
- (a) A review of the safety and health inspection reports to assist in correction of identified unsafe conditions or practices.
- (b) An evaluation of the accident investigations conducted since the last meeting to determine if the cause of the unsafe acts or unsafe condition involved was properly identified and corrected.
- (c) An evaluation of the accident and illness prevention program with a discussion of recommendations for improvement where indicated.
  - (d) The attendance shall be documented.
  - (e) The subject(s) discussed shall be documented.
- (6) All employers of ten or less employees and employers of eleven or more employees where the employees are segregated on different shifts or in widely dispersed locations in crews of ten or less employees, may elect to have foreman—crew meetings in lieu of a safety and health committee plan provided:
- (a) Foreman-crew safety meetings shall be held at least once a month, or if conditions require, weekly or biweekly meetings shall be held to discuss safety problems as they arise.

(b) All items under subsection (5) of this section, shall be complied with.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80-17-014 (Order 80-20), \$ 296-24-045, filed 11/13/80; 78-12-017 (Order 78-22), \$ 296-24-045, filed 11/13/78.]

WAC 296-24-055 Safety bulletin board. There shall be installed and maintained in every fixed establishment employing eight or more persons, a safety bulletin board sufficient in size to display and post safety bulletins, newsletters, posters, accident statistics and other safety educational material. It is recommended that safety bulletin boards be painted green and white.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-055, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-055, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-060 First-aid training and certification. The purpose of this section is to assure that all employees of this state can be afforded quick and effective first-aid attention in the event that an injury occurs on the job. The means of achieving this purpose is to assure the presence of personnel trained in first-aid procedures at or near those places where employees are working. Compliance with the provisions of this section may require the presence of more than one first-aid trained person.

- (1) In addition to RCW 51.36.030, every employer shall comply with the department's requirements for first—aid training and certification.
- (2) There shall be present or available at all times, a person or persons holding a valid certificate of first-aid training. (A valid first-aid certificate is one which is less than three years old.)
- (3) Compliance with the requirements of subsection (2) of this section may be achieved as follows:
- (a) All foremen, supervisors, or persons in direct charge of crews working in physically dispersed operations, shall have a valid first-aid certificate: Provided, That if the duties or work of the foreman, supervisor or person in direct charge of the crew requires an absence from the crew, another person holding a valid first-aid certificate shall be present. For the purposes of this section, a crew shall mean a group of two or more employees working at a work site separate and remote from the main office or fixed work place such as occurs in construction, logging, etc. If there is no foreman, supervisor or person in direct charge assigned to the crew, at least one employee shall have a valid first-aid certificate. In emergencies, foremen, supervisors and persons in direct charge of a crew will be permitted to work up to 30 days without having the required certificate, providing an employee in the crew or another foreman in the immediate work area has the necessary certificate.
- (b) In fixed establishments, all foremen, supervisors, or persons in direct charge of a group or groups of employees shall have a valid first—aid certificate: *Provided*, That in fixed establishments where the foreman, supervisor, or person in charge has duties which require his absence from the work site of the group, another person

holding a valid first-aid certificate shall be present or available to the group.

Note: Foremen, supervisors or persons in direct charge of a group or groups of employees will be permitted to work up to 30 days without having the required certificate, providing an employee in the crew or another foreman in the immediate work area has the necessary certificate.

- (c) In fixed establishments organized into distinct departments or equivalent organizational units such as department stores, large company offices, etc., a person or persons holding a valid first-aid certificate shall be present or available at all times employees are working within that department or organizational unit.
- (d) In small businesses, offices or similar types of fixed workplaces, compliance may be achieved by having a number of such small businesses, offices, etc., combined into a single unit for the purpose of assuring the continued presence or availability of a person or persons holding a valid first—aid training certificate.

A plan for combining a number of small businesses etc., into such a group shall be submitted to the division of industrial safety and health, safety education section, for approval. That section is also available to assist employers who wish to develop such a plan. Criteria for approval by the division shall include:

- (i) The businesses within the group must not be widely dispersed;
- (ii) The name(s) of the person or persons holding the first—aid certificates, their usual places of work, their phone numbers, and other appropriate information shall be posted in each establishment which is a member of the group, in a place which can reasonably be expected to give notice to employees of that establishment;
- (iii) First-aid kits must be available as required by WAC 296-24-065.
- (e) Valid certification shall be achieved by passing a course of first-aid instruction and participation in practical application of the following subject matter.

Bleeding control and bandaging.

Practical methods of artificial respiration, including mouth to mouth and mouth to nose resuscitation.

Closed chest heart massage.

Poisons.

Shock, unconsciousness, stroke.

Burns, scalds.

Sunstroke, heat exhaustion.

Frostbite, freezing, hypothermia.

Strains, sprains, hernias.

Fractures, dislocations.

Proper transportation of the injured.

Bites, stings.

Subjects covering specific health hazards likely to be encountered by co-workers of first-aid students enrolled in the course.

(4) In physically dispersed operations, at least one member of each crew shall have a valid first—aid certificate. A crew shall mean a group of two or more employees working at a work site separate and remote from

the main office or fixed workplace such as occurs in construction, logging, etc.

- (5) Industrial first-aid course instructors will, upon request, be furnished by the division of industrial safety and health, department of labor and industries, either directly or through a program with the community colleges or vocational education.
- (6) Employers of employees working in fixed establishments, meeting the following criteria, are exempt from the requirements of this section: *Provided*
- (a) They can submit written evidence to the department, upon request, that the worksite of their employees is within a two-minute time frame of response by an aid car, medic unit or established ambulance service with first-aid trained attendants.
- (b) There is a back-up aid car, medic unit or established ambulance service within the two-minute response time; or that a first-aid trained person with readily available transportation is on the site of the posted emergency phone number for immediate dispatch in the event the primary unit is not available.
- (c) There are no traffic impediments, such as draw bridges, railroad track; etc., along the normal route of travel of the aid car, medic unit or established ambulance service that would delay arrival beyond the required two minute time frame.
- (d) Emergency telephone numbers are posted on all first-aid kits and at all telephones on the worksite.
- (e) The above services are available or exist at all times when more than one employee is on the worksite.

Note: A construction site that will be of more than six months duration, such as a large building, shall be considered a fixed establishment for the purposes of this section. Doctor's offices and clinics are not to be considered as alternates due to the fact that very often doctor's schedules require them to be away from their offices.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240. 81–13–053 (Order 81–9),  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 6/17/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80–17–014 (Order 80–20),  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 11/13/80, 78–12–017 (Order 78–22),  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 11/13/78; Order 74–27,  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–060, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-065 First-aid kit. (1) All employers who employ men and women covered by the Industrial Safety and Health Act shall furnish first-aid kits as required by the division of safety, department of labor and industries, (RCW 51.36.030).
- (2) First-aid supplies shall be readily accessible when required.
- (3) In the absence of readily accessible first aid supplies such as first aid kits, first aid stations, first aid rooms or their equivalent, all crew trucks, power shovels, cranes, locomotives, loaders, dozers, logging trucks, speeders, freight trucks and similar equipment shall be equipped with not less than a ten package first—aid kit.
- (4) All crew vehicles used for transporting workmen shall be equipped with not less than a ten package first—aid kit. When more than five employees are being transported on any one trip, the kit shall be increased in size to comply with a 16, 24, or 36-package kit depending

upon the number of personnel normally being transported.

(5) At least one first-aid kit shall be available on construction jobs, line crews, and other transient or short duration jobs. The size and quantity of first-aid kits, required to be located at any site, shall be determined by the number of personnel normally dependent upon each kit as outlined in the following table:

NUMBER OF PERSONNEL	MINIMUM FIRST-AID
NORMALLY ASSIGNED	SUPPLIES REQUIRED
TO WORKSITE	AT WORKSITE
1 - 50 persons	First-Aid Kit
1 - 5	10 package kit
6 - 15	16 package kit
16 - 30	24 package kit
31 - 50	36 package kit
51 - 200 persons	First-Aid Station
51 – 75	One 36 and one 10 package kit
76 – 100	One 36 and one 16 package kit
101 - 150	One 36 and one 24 package kit
151 - 200	Two 36 package kits
Over 200 Persons	First-Aid Room Refer to WAC 296-24-070

- (6) Employers shall establish a procedure to assure that first-aid kits and required contents are maintained in a serviceable condition.
- (7) First-aid kits shall contain at least the following items:

#### 10 Package Kit

- 1 Pkg. Adhesive bandages, 1" (16 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Bandage compress, 4" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Scissors\* and tweezers (1 each per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Triangular bandage, 40" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Antiseptic soap or pads (3 per pkg.)
- 5 Pkgs. of consulting physician's choice\*\*

#### 16 Package Kit

- 1 Pkg. Absorbent gauze, 24" x 72" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Adhesive bandages, 1" (16 per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Bandage compresses, 4" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Eye dressing (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Scissors\* and tweezers (1 each per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Triangular bandages, 40" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Antiseptic soap or pads (3 per pkg.)
- 7 Pkgs. of consulting physician's choice\*

#### 24 Package Kit

- 2 Pkgs. Absorbent gauze, 24" x 72" (1 per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Adhesive bandages, 1" (16 per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Bandage compresses, 4" (1 per pkg.)

- 1 Pkg. Eye dressing (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Scissors\* and tweezers (1 each per pkg.)
- 6 Pkgs. Triangular bandages (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Antiseptic soap or pads (3 per pkg.)
- 9 Pkgs. of consulting physician's choice\*\*

#### 36 Package Kit

- 4 Pkgs. Absorbent gauze, 24" x 72" (1 per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Adhesive bandages, 1" (16 per pkg.)
- 5 Pkgs. Bandage compresses, 4" (1 per pkg.)
- 2 Pkgs. Eye dressing (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Scissors\* and tweezers (1 each per pkg.)
- 8 Pkgs. Triangular bandages, 40" (1 per pkg.)
- 1 Pkg. Antiseptic soap or pads (3 per pkg.)
- 13 Pkgs. of consulting physician's choice\*\*
- \*Scissors shall be capable of cutting 2 layers of 15 oz. cotton cloth or its equivalent.
- \*\*First-aid kits shall be maintained at the ten, sixteen, twenty-four or thirty-six package level. In the event the consulting physician chooses not to recommend items, the department of labor and industries shall be contacted for recommended items to complete the kit.
- (8) Where the eyes or body of any person may be exposed to injurious chemicals and/or materials, suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body shall be provided, within the work area, for immediate emergency use.
- (9) When practical, a poster shall be fastened and maintained either on or in the cover of each first—aid kit and at or near all phones plainly stating, the phone numbers of available doctors, hospitals, and ambulance services within the district of the worksite.
- (10) When required by the department, in addition to the first-aid kit which must be kept on the equipment or at the place of work, there shall be available within the closest practicable distance from the operations (not to exceed 1/2 mile) the following items:
  - 1 set of arm and leg splints.
  - 2 all wool blankets or blankets equal in strength and fire resistant (properly protected and marked).
  - 1 stretcher.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-065, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-065, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-065, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-067 First-aid station. (1) First-aid stations shall be located as close as practicable to the highest concentration of personnel.
- (2) First-aid stations shall be well marked and available to personnel during all working hours.
- (3) One person holding a valid first-aid certificate shall be responsible for the proper use and maintenance of the first-aid station.

- (4) First-aid stations shall be equipped with a minimum of two first-aid kits, the size of which shall be dependent upon the number of personnel normally employed at the worksite. One first-aid kit may be a permanent wall-mounted kit, but in all cases the station shall be equipped with at least one portable first-aid kit.
- (5) When required by the department, the station shall be equipped with two wool blankets and a stretcher in addition to first-aid kits.
- (6) A roster, denoting the telephone numbers and addresses of doctors, hospitals and ambulance services available to the worksite, shall be posted at each first-aid station.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-067, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-067, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-070 First-aid room. (1) A first-aid room meeting the requirements of this section shall be required when:
- (a) A fixed establishment employs more than 200 employees at one central location,

EXCEPTION: The department may permit the employer to follow the requirements of WAC 296-24-060, 296-24-065 and 296-24-067 as appropriate when employees would be better served for first-aid purposes and the following conditions are present:

- (i) In low hazard occupations such as retail clothing stores, banks, or general office work where exposure to manufacturing processes or heavy materials handling does not exist, and
- (ii) Where the 200 or more employees have physically dispersed normal work stations which would result in excessive travel to the first-aid room. (Excessive travel shall mean travel of one quarter mile or more or three or more floors of vertical travel.)
- (b) At construction sites which are expected to remain construction sites for six months or more.
- (2) First-aid rooms shall be located as close as possible to the heaviest concentrated work area. They shall be identified in such a manner as to be easily recognizable as first-aid rooms.
- (3) The first-aid room shall be well lighted and ventilated, kept clean and orderly, provided with hot and cold running water, and maintained in a fully-equipped condition.
- (4) The first-aid room shall be manned and maintained by:
  - (a) A licensed physician, or
  - (b) A licensed or registered nurse, or
  - (c) An employee who:
- (i) Holds a valid advanced first-aid certificate as recognized by the department,
  - (ii) Works in the vicinity of the first-aid room, and
- (iii) Does not perform other work of the nature that is likely to affect adversely her/his ability to administer first—aid.
- (5) First-aid rooms shall be equipped with items recommended by the consulting physician or plant medical officer and, as a minimum, should contain an adequate supply of the following:

Antiseptic soap

3/4" or 1" adhesive compresses

Adhesive knuckle bands

2" Bandage compresses

4" Bandage compresses

3" x 3" gauze pads

Assorted sizes of large gauze pads

2" roller bandages

3" roller bandages

4" roller bandages

Assorted adhesive tape rolls

Eye dressings

Ammonia inhalants

Burn ointment

Triangular bandages

Scissors, forceps, razor and blades, medicine droppers

Safety pins

Drinking cups

Rubbing alcohol

Absorbent cotton

Arm and leg splints

Antidotes for specific industrial poisons

Pressure points chart

Stretcher

Wool blankets and clean linen

Hot water bottles

Quick colds or ice bag

Emergency first-aid kit

A method of sterilizing instruments

(6) A poster shall be maintained on, or in the cover of, each first-aid cabinet and near each first-aid room phone. Such poster will state phone numbers of available doctors, hospitals, and ambulance services with in the employer's district.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240. 81–13–053 (Order 81–9), § 296–24–070, filed 6/17/81; Order 73–5, § 296–24–070, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–070, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-073 Safe place standards. (1) Each employer shall furnish to each of his employees a place of employment free from recognized hazards that are causing or likely to cause serious injury or death to his employees.
- (2) Every employer shall furnish and use safety devices and safeguards, and shall adopt and use practices, means, methods, operations, and processes which are reasonably adequate to render such employment and place of employment safe. Every employer shall do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life and safety of employees.
- (3) No employer shall require any employee to go or be in any employment or place of employment which is not safe.
  - (4) No employer shall fail or neglect:
  - (a) To provide and use safety devices and safeguards.
- (b) To adopt and use methods and processes reasonably adequate to render the employment and place of employment safe.

- (c) To do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life and safety of employees.
- (5) No employer, owner, or lessee of any real property shall construct or cause to be constructed any place of employment that is not safe.
  - (6) No person shall do any of the following:
- (a) Remove, displace, damage, destroy or carry off any safety device, safeguard, notice, or warning, furnished for use in any employment or place of employment.
- (b) Interfere in any way with the use thereof by any other person.
- (c) Interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee, including himself, in such employment, or place of employment.
- (d) Fail or neglect to do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life and safety of employees.
- (e) Intoxicating beverages and narcotics shall not be permitted in or around work sites except in industries and business engaged in the production, distribution, and sale of intoxicating beverages and drugs. Workers under the influence of alcohol or narcotics shall not be permitted on the work site. This rule does not apply to persons taking prescription drugs and narcotics as directed by a physician or dentist providing such use shall not endanger the worker or others.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–01–022 (Order 84–24), § 296–24–073, filed 12/11/84; Order 74–27, § 296–24–073, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–073, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–073, filed 5/7/73.]

# Part A-2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

11710	
296-24-075	Personal protective equipment
296-24-07501	General requirements.
296-24-078	Eye and face protection.
296-24-07801	General.
296-24-084	Occupational head protection.
296-24-086	Personal flotation devices.
29624088	Occupational foot protection.
296-24-092	Electrical protective devices.
296-24-094	Lighting and illumination.

W/AC

### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS SUBCHAPTER

296-24-081	Respiratory protection. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-081,
	filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-081, filed
	5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19),
	filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17-
	.050 and 49.17.240. Later promulgation, see chapter
	296–62 WAC.

296-24-08101 Permissible practice. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-08101, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08101, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17-050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08103 Requirements for a minimal acceptable program. [Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, and 49.17.240. 80-11-010 (Order 80-14), § 296-24-08103, filed 8/8/80; Order 73-5, § 296-24-08103, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08103, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08105 Selection of respirators. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-08105, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08105, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17-040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08107 Air quality. [Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, and 49.17.240. 80-11-010 (Order 80-14), § 296-24-08107, filed 8/8/80; Order 73-5, § 296-24-08107, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08107, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17-040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08109 Use of respirators. [Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, and 49.17.240. 80-11-010 (Order 80-14), § 296-24-08109, filed 8/8/80; Order 73-5, § 296-24-08109, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08109, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08111 Maintenance and care of respirators. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-08111, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08111, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

296-24-08113 Identification of gas mask canisters. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-08113, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-08113, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 81-16-016 (Order 81-19), filed 7/27/81. Statutory Authority: 49.17.040, 49.17.050 and 49.17.240.

#### WAC 296-24-075 Personal protective equipment.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–075, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–075, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-07501 General requirements. (1) Application.

- (a) Protective equipment, including personal protective equipment for eyes, face, head, and extremities, protective clothing, respiratory devices, and protective shields and barriers, shall be provided, used, and maintained in a sanitary and reliable condition wherever it is necessary by reason of hazards of processes or environment, chemical hazards, radiological hazards, or mechanical irritants encountered in a manner capable of causing injury or impairment in the function of any part of the body through absorption, inhalation or physical contact.
- (b) Employee owned equipment. Where employees provide their own protective equipment, the employer shall be responsible to assure its adequacy, including proper maintenance, and sanitation of such equipment.
- (c) Design. All personal protective equipment shall be of safe design and construction for the work to be performed.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-07501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-07501, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-078 Eye and face protection.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-078, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-078, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-07801 General. (1) Protective eye and face equipment shall be required where there is a reasonable probability of injury that can be prevented by such equipment. In such cases, employers shall make conveniently available a type of protector suitable for

the work to be performed, and employees shall use such protectors. No unprotected person shall knowingly be subjected to a hazardous environmental condition. Suitable eye protectors shall be provided where machines or operations present the hazard of flying objects, glare, liquids, injurious radiation, or a combination of these hazards.

- (2) Protectors shall:
- (a) Provide adequate protection against the particular hazards for which they are designed.
- (b) Be reasonably comfortable when worn under the designated conditions.
- (c) Fit snugly and shall not unduly interfere with the movements of the wearer.
  - (d) Be durable.
  - (e) Be capable of being disinfected.
  - (f) Be easily cleanable.
- (3) Protectors should be kept clean and in good repair.
- (4) Persons whose vision requires the use of corrective lenses in spectacles, and who are required by this standard to wear eye protection, shall wear goggles or spectacles of one of the following types:
- (a) Spectacles whose protective lenses provide optical correction.
- (b) Goggles that can be worn over corrective spectacles without disturbing the adjustment of the spectacles.
- (c) Goggles that incorporate corrective lenses mounted behind the protective lenses.
- (5) Every protector shall be distinctly marked to facilitate identification of the manufacturer.
- (6) When limitations or precautions are indicated by the manufacturer, they shall be transmitted to the user and care taken to see that such limitations and precautions are strictly observed.
- (7) Design, construction, testing, and use of devices for eye and face protection shall be in accordance with American National Standard for Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection, Z87.1–1968.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-07801, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-07801, filed 926-

#### WAC 296-24-084 Occupational head protection.

- (1) Helmets for the protection of employees against impact and penetration of falling and flying objects shall meet the specifications contained in American National Standards Institute, Z89.1–1969, Safety Requirements for Industrial Head Protection.
- (2) Helmets for the head protection of employees exposed to high voltage electrical shock and burns shall meet the specifications contained in American National Standards Institute, Z89.2–1970.
- (3) Persons working in the shops around machinery or in locations which present a hair catching or fire hazard shall wear caps or other type of head covering which completely covers the hair. Caps with metal buttons or metal visors shall not be worn around electrical hazards.
- (4) Hard hats shall be worn by employees who work around or under scaffolds or other overhead structures, or who are otherwise exposed to the hazards of falling materials and propelled objects.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-084, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-084, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-084, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-086 Personal flotation devices. (1) Employees working on, over or along water, where the danger of drowning exists, shall be provided with and shall wear approved personal flotation devices.

(a) Employees are not considered exposed to the danger of drowning when;

(i) The water depth is known to be less than chest deep on the exposed individual;

(ii) When working behind standard height and strength guardrails;

(iii) When working inside operating cabs or stations which eliminate the possibility of accidentally falling into the water;

(iv) When wearing approved safety belts with lifeline attached so as to preclude the possibility of falling into the water.

(b) Prior to and after each use, personal flotation devices shall be inspected for defects which would reduce their designed effectiveness. Defective personal flotation devices shall not be used.

(c) To meet the approved criteria required by subdivision (1), a personal flotation device shall be approved by the United States Coast Guard as a Type I PFD, Type II PFD, or Type V PFD, or their equivalent, pursuant to 46 CFR 160 (Coast Guard Lifesaving Equipment Specifications) and 33 CFR 175.23 (Coast Guard table of devices equivalent to personal flotation devices). Ski belt or inflatable type personal flotation devices are specifically prohibited.

(2) Life ring.

(a) Along docks, walkways or other fixed installations on or adjacent to open water more than five feet deep, approved life rings with line attached shall be provided. The life rings shall be spaced at intervals not to exceed 200 feet and shall be kept in easily visible and readily accessible locations.

(b) When employees are assigned work at other casual locations where exposure to drowning exists, at least one approved life ring with line attached shall be provided in the immediate vicinity of the work assigned.

(c) Work assigned over water where the vertical drop from an accidental fall would exceed 50 feet, shall be subject to specific procedures as approved by the department.

(d) Lines attached to life rings shall be at least 90 feet in length, at least 1/4 inch in diameter and have a minimum breaking strength of 500 pounds.

(e) Life rings must be United States Coast Guard approved 30 inch size.

(f) Life rings and attached lines must be maintained to retain at least 75 percent of their designed buoyance and strength.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-086, filed 3/1/76.]

WAC 296-24-088 Occupational foot protection. (1) Calks or other suitable footwear which will afford reasonable protection from slipping shall be worn while working on logs.

(a) Safety—toe footwear for employees shall meet the requirements and specifications in American National Standard for Men's Safety—Toe Footwear, Z41.1–1967.

(2) Workmen who work in areas where there is a possibility of foot injury due to falling or rolling objects shall wear safety type footwear.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-088, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-088, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-092 Electrical protective devices. (1) Rubber protective equipment for electrical workers shall conform to the requirements established in the American National Standards Institute Standards as specified in the following list:

Item	Standard
Rubber insulating gloves. Rubber matting for use around elec-	J6.6–1971.
tric apparatus.	J6.7-1935
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(R1971).
Rubber insulating blankets.	J6.4-1971.
Rubber insulating hoods.	J6.2-1950
	(R1971).
Rubber insulating line hose.	J6.1-1950
	(R1971).
Rubber insulating sleeves.	J6.5-1971.

(2) Where switches or fuses of more than 150 volts to ground are not guarded during ordinary operations, suitable insulating floors, mats or platforms shall be provided on which the operator must stand while handling the switches.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–092, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–092, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-094 Lighting and illumination. Refer to WAC 296-62-09003 (General occupational health standards) which shall apply as minimum standards of illumination for industrial interiors.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-094, filed 5/7/74.]

#### Part B-1

### SANITATION, TEMPORARY LABOR CAMPS AND NONWATER CARRIAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS

- 296-24-12513 Lighting.
- 296-24-12515 Refuse disposal.
- 296-24-12517 Construction and operation of kitchens, dining hall, and feeding facilities.
- 296-24-12519 Insect and rodent control.
- 296-24-12521 First aid.
- 296-24-12523 Reporting communicable disease.

### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS SUBCHAPTER

- 296-24-12013 Lunchrooms. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-12013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12013, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.
- 296-24-12015 Food handling. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-12015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12015, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.
- 296-24-130 Nonwater carriage disposal systems. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-130, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-130, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13001 Acceptable industrial disposal systems. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13001, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13003 Privy specifications. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13003, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13005 Chemical toilet specifications. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13005, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13007 Seepage pit construction. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13007, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13009 Combustion toilet. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13009, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13011 Recirculating toilet specifications. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13011, filed 5/9/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-13013 Portable toilet construction. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13013, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.

#### WAC 296-24-120 Sanitation.

Note: Rules and regulations of the state board of health governing sanitation of places of work shall be complied with by every employer, and shall be enforced as provided for by statute law (RCW 43.20.050).

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-120, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-120, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12001 Scope. This scope includes all sections of WAC 296-24-120 in the numbering and applies to all permanent places of employment except where domestic, mining, or agricultural work only is performed. Measures for the control of toxic materials are considered to be outside the scope of this section.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-12001, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-12001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12002 Definitions. The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-120 in the section number.

- (1) "Lavatory" means a basin or similar vessel used exclusively for washing of the hands, arms, face and head
- (2) "Nonwater carriage toilet facility" means a toilet facility not connected to a sewer.
- (3) "Number of employees" means, unless otherwise specified, the maximum number of employees present at any one time on a regular shift.
- (4) "Personal service room" means a room used for activities not directly connected with the production or service function performed by the establishment. Such activities include but are not limited to, first aid, medical services, dressing, showering, toilet use, washing, and eating.
- (5) "Potable water" means water which meets the quality standards prescribed in the U.S. Public Health Service Drinking Water Standards, published in 42 CFR part 72, or water which is approved for drinking purposes by the state or local authority having jurisdiction.
- (6) "Toilet facility" means a fixture maintained within a toilet room for the purpose of defecation or urination, or both.
- (7) "Toilet room" means a room maintained within or on the premises of any place of employment, containing toilet facilities for use by employees.
- (8) "Toxic material" means a material in concentration or amount which exceeds the applicable limit established by a standard, such as chapter 296-62 WAC or, in the absence of an applicable standard, which is of such toxicity so as to constitute a recognized hazard that is causing or is likely to cause death or serious physical harm.
- (9) "Urinal" means a toilet facility maintained within a toilet room for the sole purpose of urination.
- (10) "Water closet" means a toilet facility maintained within a toilet room for the purpose of both defecation and urination and which is flushed with water.
- (11) "Wet process" means any process or operation in a workroom which normally results in surfaces upon which employees may walk or stand becoming wet.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-12002, filed 5/7/74.]

# WAC 296-24-12003 General requirements. Housekeeping.

- (1) All places of employment shall be kept clean to the extent that the nature of the work allows.
- (2) The floor of every workroom shall be maintained so far as practicable in a dry condition. Where wet processes are used, drainage shall be maintained and false floors, platforms, mats, or other dry standing places shall be provided, where practicable, or appropriate waterproof footgear shall be provided.
- (3) To facilitate cleaning, every floor, working place, and passageway shall be kept free from protruding nails,

splinters, loose boards and unneccessary holes and openings.

(4) Cleaning and sweeping shall be done in such a manner as to minimize the contamination of the air with dust and so far as is practicable, shall be done outside of working hours.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–12003, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–12003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–12003, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-12005 Water supply. (1) Potable water.

- (a) Potable water shall be provided in all places of employment, for drinking, washing of the person, cooking, washing of foods, washing of cooking or eating utensils, washing of food preparation or processing premises, and personal service rooms.
- (b) Portable drinking water dispensers shall be designed, constructed, and serviced so that sanitary conditions are maintained, shall be capable of being closed, and shall be equipped with a tap.
- (c) Open containers such as barrels, pails, or tanks for drinking water from which the water must be dipped or poured, whether or not they are fitted with a cover, are prohibited.
- (d) A common drinking cup and other common utensils are prohibited.
  - (2) Nonpotable water.
- (a) Outlets for nonpotable water, such as water for industrial or firefighting purposes shall be posted or otherwise marked in a manner that will indicate clearly that the water is unsafe and is not to be used for drinking, washing of the person, cooking, washing of food, washing of cooking or eating utensils, washing of food preparation or processing premises, or personal service rooms, or for washing clothes.
- (b) Construction of nonpotable water systems or systems carrying any other nonpotable substance shall be such as to prevent backflow or backsiphonage into a potable water system.

Nonpotable water shall not be used for washing any portion of the person, cooking or eating utensils, or clothing. Nonpotable water may be used for cleaning work premises, other than food processing and preparation premises and personal service rooms: *Provided*, That this nonpotable water does not contain concentrations of chemicals, fecal coliform, or other substances which could create unsanitary conditions or be harmful to employees.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), § 296–24–12005, filed 6/11/82; Order 74–27, § 296–24–12005, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–12005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–12005, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-12007 Toilet facilities. (1) General.

(a) Except as otherwise indicated in this section, toilet facilities, in toilet rooms separate for each sex, shall be provided in all places of employment in accordance with Table B-1 of this section. The number of facilities to be provided for each sex shall be based on the number of employees of that sex for whom the facilities are furnished. Where toilet rooms will be occupied by no more

than one person at a time, can be locked from the inside, and contain at least one water closet, separate toilet rooms for each sex need not be provided. Where such single—occupancy rooms have more than one toilet facility, only one such facility in each toilet room shall be counted for the purpose to Table B-1.

TABLE B-1

		er of yees:	Minimum number of water closets
1	to	15	1
16	to	35	2
36	to	55	3
56	to	80	4
81	to	110	5
111	to	150	6
Over		150	One additional
			fixture for
			each additional
į.			40 employees

Where toilet facilities will not be used by women, urinals may be provided instead of water closets, except that the number of water closets in such cases shall not be reduced to less than 2/3 of the minimum specified.

- (b) The requirements of subdivision (a) of this subsection do not apply to mobile crews or to normally unattended work locations so long as employees working at these locations have transportation immediately available to nearby toilet facilities which meet the other requirements of this section.
- (c) The sewage disposal method shall not endanger the health of employees.
- (d) Toilet paper with holder shall be provided for every water closet.
- (2) Construction of toilet rooms. Each water closet shall occupy a separate compartment with a door and walls or partitions between fixtures sufficiently high to assure privacy.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 87–24–051 (Order 87–24), § 296–24–12007, filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–02–003 (Order 81–32), § 296–24–12007, filed 12/24/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–12007, filed 11/13/80; Order 74–27, § 296–24–12007, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–12007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–12007, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12009 Washing facilities. (1) General. Facilities for maintaining personal cleanliness shall be provided in every place of employment pursuant to the provisions of this section. These shall be convenient for the employees for whom they are provided and shall be maintained in a sanitary condition.

- (2) Lavatories.
- (a) Lavatories shall be made available in all places of employment. The requirements of this subsection do not apply to mobile crews or to normally unattended work locations if employees working at these locations have transportation readily available to nearby washing facilities which meet the other requirements of this section.

- (b) Each lavatory shall be provided with hot and cold running water, or tepid running water.
- (c) Hand soap or similar cleansing agents shall be provided.
- (d) Individual hand towels or sections thereof, of cloth or paper, warm air blowers or clean individual sections of continuous cloth toweling, convenient to the lavatories, shall be provided.
  - (3) Showers.
- (a) Whenever showers are required by a particular standard, the showers shall be provided, in accordance with subdivisions (b) through (e) of this subsection.
- (b) One shower shall be provided for each 10 employees of each sex, or numerical fraction thereof, who are required to shower during the same shift.
- (c) Body soap or other appropriate cleansing agents convenient to the showers shall be provided as specified in this section.
- (d) Showers shall be provided with hot and cold water feeding a common discharge line.
- (e) Employees who use showers shall be provided with individual clean towels.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–08–026 (Order 82–10),  $\$  296–24–12009, filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21),  $\$  296–24–12009, filed 11/13/80; Order 74–27,  $\$  296–24–12009, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5,  $\$  296–24–12009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\$  296–24–12009, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-12011 Change rooms. (1) Whenever employees are required by a particular standard to wear protective clothing because of the possibility of contamination with toxic materials, change rooms equipped with storage facilities for street clothes and separate storage facilities for the protective clothing shall be provided.
- (2) Clothes drying facilities. Where working clothes are provided by the employer and become wet or are washed between shifts, provisions shall be made to insure that such clothing is dry before reuse.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–12011, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–12011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–12011, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12017 Consumption of food and beverages on the premises. (1) Application. This section shall apply only where employees are permitted to consume food or beverages, or both, on the premises.

- (2) Eating and drinking areas. No employee shall be allowed to consume food or beverages in a toilet room nor in any area exposed to a toxic material.
- (3) In every establishment where there is exposure to injurious dusts or other toxic materials, a separate lunchroom shall be maintained unless it is convenient for the employees to lunch away from the premises. The following number of square feet per person, based on the maximum number of persons using the room at one time, shall be required:

#### Square feet

Number of persons	per	person
25 and less ————		13
26–74		12
75–149 —		11
150 and over		10

- (4) Waste disposal containers. Receptacles, constructed of smooth, corrosion resistant, easily cleanable, or disposable materials, shall be provided and used for the disposal of waste food. The number, size, and location of such receptacles shall encourage their use and not result in overfilling. They shall be emptied not less frequently than once each working day, unless unused, and shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition. Receptacles shall be provided with a solid tight-fitting cover unless sanitary conditions can be maintained without use of a cover.
- (5) Sanitary storage. No food or beverages shall be stored in toilet rooms or in an area exposed to a toxic material.
- (6) Food handling. All employee food service facilities and operations shall be carried out in accordance with sound hygienic principles. In all places of employment where all or part of the food service is provided, the food dispensed shall be wholesome, free from spoilage, and shall be processed, prepared, handled, and stored in such a manner as to be protected against contamination.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-12017, filed 3/1/76; Order 74-27, § 296-24-12017, filed 5/7/74.]

- WAC 296-24-12019 Waste disposal. (1) Any receptacle used for putrescible solid or liquid waste or refuse shall be so constructed that it does not leak and may be thoroughly cleaned and maintained in a sanitary condition. Such a receptacle shall be equipped with a solid tight-fitting cover, unless it can be maintained in a sanitary condition without a cover. This requirement does not prohibit the use of receptacles which are designed to permit the maintenance of a sanitary condition without regard to the aforementioned requirements.
- (2) All sweepings solid or liquid wastes, refuse, and garbage shall be removed in such a manner as to avoid creating a menace to health and as often as necessary or appropriate to maintain the place of employment in a sanitary condition.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-12019, filed 5/7/74.]

WAC 296-24-12021 Vermin control. Every building shall be so constructed, equipped, and maintained so as to restrict the entrance or harborage of rodents, insects, and other vermin. A continuing and effective extermination program shall be instituted where their presence is detected.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-12021, filed 5/7/74.]

#### WAC 296-24-125 Temporary labor camps.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-125, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-125, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-12501 Site. (1) All sites used for camps shall be adequately drained. They shall not be subject to periodic flooding, nor located within 200 feet of swamps, pools, sink holes, or other surface collections of water unless such quiescent water surfaces can be subjected to mosquito control measures. The camp shall be located so the drainage from and through the camp will not endanger any domestic or public water supply. All sites shall be graded, ditched, and rendered free from depressions in which water may become a nuisance.
- (2) All sites shall be adequate in size to prevent overcrowding of necessary structures. The principal camp area in which food is prepared and served and where sleeping quarters are located shall be at least 500 feet from any area in which livestock is kept.
- (3) The grounds and open areas surrounding the shelters shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition free from rubbish, debris, waste paper, garbage, or other refuse.
- (4) Whenever the camp is closed for the season or permanently, all garbage, manure, and other refuse shall be collected and so disposed of as to prevent nuisance. All abandoned privy pits shall be filled with earth and the grounds and buildings left in a clean and sanitary condition. If privy buildings remain, they shall be locked or otherwise secured to prevent entrance.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-12501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-12501, filed 9296-24-12501

WAC 296-24-12503 Shelter. (1) Every shelter in the camp shall be constructed in a manner which will provide protection against the elements.

(2) Each room used for sleeping purposes shall contain at least 50 square feet of floor space for each occupant. At least a 7-foot ceiling shall be provided.

- (3) Beds, cots, or bunks, and suitable storage facilities such as wall lockers for clothing and personal articles shall be provided in every room used for sleeping purposes. Such beds or similar facilities shall be spaced not closer than 36 inches both laterally and end to end, and shall be elevated at least 12 inches from the floor. If double—deck bunks are used, they shall be spaced not less than 48 inches both laterally and end to end. The minimum clear space between the lower and upper bunk shall be not less than 27 inches. Triple—deck bunks are prohibited.
- (4) The floors of each shelter shall be constructed of wood, asphalt, or concrete. Wooden floors shall be of smooth and tight construction. The floors shall be kept in good repair.
- (5) All wooden floors shall be elevated not less than 1 foot above the ground level at all points to prevent dampness and to permit free circulation of air beneath.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit "banking" with earth or other suitable material around the outside walls in areas subject to extreme low temperatures.
- (7) All living quarters shall be provided with windows the total of which shall be not less than one-tenth of the floor area. At least one-half of each window shall be so

- constructed that it can be opened for purposes of ventilation.
- (8) All exterior openings shall be effectively screened with 16-mesh material. All screen doors shall be equipped with self-closing devices.
- (9) Each dwelling unit shall have at least 70 square feet of floor space for the first occupant and at least 50 square feet of floor space for each additional occupant. A separate sleeping area shall be provided for the husband and wife in all family units in which one or more children over six years of age are housed.
- (10) In camps where cooking facilities are used in common, stoves (in ratio of one stove to 10 persons or one stove to two families) shall be provided in an enclosed and screened shelter. Sanitary facilities shall be provided for storing and preparing food.
- (11) If a camp is used during cold weather, adequate heating equipment shall be provided.

Note: All heating, cooking, and water heating equipment shall be installed in accordance with state and local ordinances, codes, and regulations governing such installations.

[Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–12503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–12503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-12505 Water supply. (1) An adequate and convenient water supply, approved by the appropriate health authority, shall be provided in each camp for drinking, cooking, bathing, and laundry purposes.
- (2) A water supply shall be deemed adequate if it is capable of delivering 35 gallons per person per day to the campsite at a peak rate of 2 1/2 times the average hourly demand.
- (3) The distribution lines shall be capable of supplying water at normal operating pressures to all fixtures for simultaneous operation. Water outlets shall be distributed throughout the camp in such a manner that no shelter is more than 100 feet from a yard hydrant if water is not piped to the shelters.
- (4) Where water under pressure is available, one or more drinking fountains shall be provided for each 100 occupants or fraction thereof. The construction of drinking fountains shall comply with ANSI Standard Specifications for Drinking Fountains, Z4.2–1942. Common drinking cups are prohibited.

[Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–12505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–12505, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-12507 Toilet facilities. (1) Toilet facilities adequate for the capacity of the camp shall be provided.
- (2) Each toilet room shall be located so as to be accessible without any individual passing through any sleeping room. Toilet rooms shall have a window not less than 6 square feet in area opening directly to the outside area or otherwise be satisfactorily ventilated. All outside openings shall be screened with 16-mesh material. No fixture, water closet, chemical toilet, or urinal shall be located in a room used for other than toilet purposes.
- (3) A toilet room shall be located within 200 feet of the door of each sleeping room. No privy shall be closer

than 100 feet to any sleeping room, dining room, lunch area, or kitchen.

- (4) Where the toilet rooms are shared, such as in multi-family shelters and in barracks type facilities, separate toilet rooms shall be provided for each sex. These rooms shall be distinctly marked "for men" and "for women" by signs printed in English and in the native language of the persons occupying the camp, or marked with easily understood pictures or symbols. If the facilities for each sex are in the same building, they shall be separated by solid walls or partitions extending from the floor to the roof or ceiling.
- (5) Where toilet facilities are shared, the number of water closets or privy seats provided for each sex shall be based on the maximum number of persons of that sex which the camp is designed to house at any one time, in the ration of one such unit to each 15 persons, with a minimum of two units for any shared facility.
- (6) Urinals shall be provided on the basis of one unit or 2 linear feet of urinal trough for each 25 men. The floor from the wall and for a distance not less than 15 inches measured from the outward edge of the urinals shall be constructed of materials impervious to moisture. Where water under pressure is available, urinals shall be provided with an adequate water flush. Urinal troughs in privies shall drain freely into the pit or vault and the construction of this drain shall be such as to exclude flies and rodents from the pit.
- (7) Every water closet installed after the effective date of these standards shall be located in a toilet room.
- (8) Each toilet room shall be lighted naturally, or artificially at all hours of the day and night as specified in WAC 296-24-12513.
- (9) An adequate supply of toilet paper shall be provided in each privy, water closet, or chemical toilet compartment.
- (10) Privies and toilet rooms shall be kept in a sanitary condition. They shall be cleaned at least daily.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12507, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12509 Sewage disposal facilities. In camps where public sewers are available, all sewer lines and floor drains from buildings shall be connected thereto.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12509, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12511 Laundry, handwashing, and bathing facilities. (1) Laundry, handwashing, and bathing facilities shall be provided in the following ratio:

- (a) Handwash basin per family shelter or per six persons in shared facilities.
  - (b) Shower head for every 10 persons.
  - (c) Laundry tray or tub for every 30 persons.
- (d) Slop sink in each building used for laundry, hand washing, and bathing.
- (2) Floors shall be of smooth finish but not slippery materials; they shall be impervious to moisture. Floor drains shall be provided in all shower baths, shower

rooms, or laundry rooms to remove waste water and facilitate cleaning. All junctions of the curbing and the floor shall be coved. The walls and partitions of shower rooms shall be smooth and impervious to the height of splash.

- (3) An adequate supply of hot and cold running water shall be provided for bathing and laundry purposes. Facilities for heating water shall be provided.
- (4) Every service building shall be provided with equipment capable of maintaining a temperature of at least 70°F, during cold weather.
  - (5) Facilities for drying clothes shall be provided.
  - (6) All service buildings shall be kept clean.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12511, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12513 Lighting. Where electric service is available, each habitable room in a camp shall be provided with at least on ceiling-type light fixture and at least one separate floor-or wall-type convenience outlet. Laundry and toilet rooms and rooms where people congregate shall contain at least one ceiling-or wall-type fixture. Light levels in toilet and storage rooms shall be at least 20 foot-candles 30 inches from the floor. Other rooms, including kitchens and living quarters, shall be at least 30 foot-candles 30 inches from the floor.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12515 Refuse disposal. (1) Fly-tight, rodent-tight, impervious, cleanable or single service containers, approved by the state board of health shall be provided for the storage of garbage. At least one such container shall be provided for each family shelter and shall be located within 100 feet of each shelter on a wooden, metal, or concrete stand.

- (2) Garbage containers shall be kept clean.
- (3) Garbage containers shall be emptied when full, but not less than twice a week.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12515, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-12517 Construction and operation of kitchens, dining hall, and feeding facilities. (1) In all camps where central dining or multiple family feeding operations are permitted or provided, the food handling facilities shall comply with the requirements of the "Food Service Sanitation Ordinance and Code," Part V of the Food Service Sanitation Manual, U.S. Public Health Service Publication 934 (1965).
- (2) A properly constructed kitchen and dining hall adequate in size, separate from the sleeping quarters of any of the workers or their families, shall be provided in connection with all food handling facilities. There shall be no direct opening from living or sleeping quarters into a kitchen or dining hall.
- (3) No person with any communicable disease shall be employed or permitted to work in the preparation, cooking, serving, or other handling of food, foodstuffs, or materials used therein, in any kitchen or dining room

operated in connection with a camp or regularly used by persons living in a camp.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12517, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12519 Insect and rodent control. Effective measures shall be taken to prevent infestation by and harborage of animal or insect vectors or pests.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12519, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12521 First aid. (1) Adequate first-aid facilities approved by a health authority shall be maintained and made available in every labor camp for the emergency treatment of injured persons.

(2) Such facilities shall be in charge of a person trained to administer first aid and shall be readily accessible for use at all times.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12521, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12521, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-12523 Reporting communicable disease. (1) It shall be the duty of the camp superintendent to report immediately to the local health officer the name and address of any individual in the camp known to have or suspected of having a communicable disease.

(2) Whenever there shall occur in any camp a case of suspected food poisoning or an unusual prevalence of any illness in which fever, diarrhea, sore throat, vomiting, or jaundice is a prominent symptom, it shall be the duty of the camp superintendent to report immediately the existence of the outbreak to the local health officer or state board of health by telegram or telephone.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-12523, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-12523, filed 5/7/73.]

#### Part B-2

# SAFETY COLOR CODE FOR MARKING PHYSICAL HAZARDS, ETC., WINDOW WASHING

WAC	
296-24-135	Safety color code for marking physical hazards.
296-24-13501	Color identification.
296-24-140	Specifications for accident prevention signs and tags.
296-24-14001	Scope.
296-24-14003	Definitions.
296-24-14005	Classification of signs according to use.
296-24-14007	Sign design and colors.
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296-24-145	Window washing.
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296-24-14505	Protection of persons engaged at window cleaning.
296-24-14507	General.
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296-24-14511	Belts.
296-24-14513	Anchor installations.
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296-24-14517	Ladders.
296-24-14519	Boatswain's chairs.

### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS SUBCHAPTER

296-24-13503 Color specifications. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-13503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-13503, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 83-15-017 (Order 83-19), filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.

### WAC 296-24-135 Safety color code for marking physical hazards.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-135, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-135, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-13501 Color identification. (1) Red. Red shall be the basic color for the identification of:

(a) Fire protection equipment and apparatus, except motorized apparatus, as used on roads.

(b) Danger. Safety cans or other portable containers of flammable liquids having a flashpoint at or below 80°F. table containers of flammable liquids (open cup tester), excluding shipping containers, shall be painted red with some additional clearly visible identification either in the form of a yellow band around the can or the name of the contents conspicuously stenciled or painted on the can in yellow. Red lights shall be provided at barricades and at temporary obstructions, as specified in ANSI Safety Code for Building Construction, A10.2—1944. Danger signs shall be painted red.

(c) Stop. Emergency stop bars on hazardous machines such as rubber mills, wire blocks, flat work ironers, etc., shall be red. Stop buttons or electrical switches used for emergency stopping of machinery shall be red.

(2) Yellow. Yellow shall be the basic color for designating caution and for marking physical hazards such as: Striking against, stumbling, falling, tripping, and "caught in between." Solid yellow, yellow and black stripes, yellow and black checkers (or yellow with suitable contrasting background) should be used interchangeably, using the combination which will attract the most attention in the particular environment. Yellow shall be the basic color for designating caution, limited to warning against the starting, the use of, or the movement of equipment under repair or being worked upon.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), § 296–24–13501, filed 6/11/82; Order 73–5, § 296–24–13501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–13501, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-140 Specifications for accident prevention signs and tags.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-140, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-140, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-14001 Scope. (1) These specifications apply to the design, application, and use of signs or symbols (as included in WAC 296-24-14005 through 296-24-14009) intended to indicate and, insofar as possible, to define specific hazards of a nature such that failure to designate them may lead to accidental injury to workers. These specifications are intended to cover all safety signs except those designed for streets, highways, railroads, and marine regulations. These specifications do not apply to plant bulletin boards or to safety posters.

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(2) All new signs and replacements of old signs after August 27, 1971 shall be in accordance with these specifications.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-14001, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-14001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-14003 Definitions. As used in this section, the word "sign" refers to a surface on which letters or other markings appear, prepared for the warning of, or safety instructions of, industrial workers who may be exposed to hazards. Excluded from this definition, however, are news releases, displays commonly known as safety posters, and bulletins used for employee education.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14003, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-14005 Classification of signs according to use. (1) Danger signs.

- (a) Danger signs should be used only where an immediate hazard exists. There shall be no variation in the type of design or signs posted to warn of specific dangers and radiation hazards.
- (b) All employees shall be instructed that danger signs indicate immediate danger and that special precautions are necessary.
  - (2) Caution signs.
- (a) Caution signs shall be used only to warn against potential hazards or to caution against unsafe practices.
- (b) All employees shall be instructed that caution signs indicate a possible hazard against which proper precaution should be taken.
- (3) Safety instruction signs. Safety instruction signs shall be used where there is a need for general instructions and suggestions relative to safety measures.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14005, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14007 Sign design and colors. (1) All signs shall be furnished with rounded or blunt corners and shall be free form sharp edges, burrs, splinters, or other sharp projections. The ends or heads of bolts or other fastening devices shall be located in such a way that they do not constitute a hazard.
  - (2) Danger signs.
- (a) The colors red, black, and white shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of Fundamental Specification of Safety Colors for CIE Standard Source "C," American National Standard Z53.1–1971.
- (b) Standard proportions shall be as indicated in Table J-1, and format shall be as in Fig. J-1.
  - (3) Radiation warning signs.
- (a) Standard color of the background shall be yellow; the panel, reddish purple with yellow letters; the symbol, reddish purple; any letters used against the yellow background shall be black. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of American National Standard, Z53.1–1971.
- (b) The standard symbol shall be as in Figure J-3. Method of dimensioning, design, and orientation of the

standard symbol (one blade pointed downward and centered on the vertical axis) shall be executed as illustrated. The symbol shall be prominently displayed, and of a size consistent with the size of the equipment or material or area to which it is attached.

- (c) Format shall be as in Figure J-2. Sign proportions shall be the same as those for danger signs in Table J-1.
  - (4) Caution signs.
- (a) Standard color of the background shall be yellow; and the panel, black with yellow letters. Any letters used against the yellow background shall be black. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of American National Standard Z53.1-1971.
- (b) Standard proportions shall be as indicated in Table J-2, and format shall be as in Figure J-4.
- (5) Exit signs. Exit signs shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-56531.
  - (6) Safety instruction signs.
- (a) Standard color of the background shall be white; and the panel, green with white letters. Any letters used against the white background shall be black. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of American National Standard, Z53.1–1971.
- (b) Standard proportions shall be as indicated in Table J-3, and format shall be as in Figure J-5.
  - (7) Directional signs.
- (a) Standard color of the background shall be white; and the panel, black with white directional symbol. Any letters used against the white background shall be black. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of American National Standard Z53.1–1971.
- (b) Standard proportions shall be as indicated in Table J-4, and format shall be as in Figure J-6.
- (8) In-plant traffic signs. Regulatory and control signs required for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians on thoroughfares on plant property shall conform to the standards established in American National Standard Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, D6.1-1971.
- (9) Informational signs. Blue shall be the standard color for informational signs. It may be used as the background color for the complete sign or as a panel at the top of such types of "notice" signs, which have a white background. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1 of American National Standard Z53.1–1971.
- (10) Slow-moving vehicle emblem. This emblem (see Fig. J-7) consists of a fluorescent yellow-orange triangle with a dark red reflective border. The yellow-orange fluorescent triangle is a highly visible color for daylight exposure. The reflective border defines the shape of the fluorescent color in daylight and creates a hollow red triangle in the path of motor vehicle headlights at night. The emblem is intended as a unique identification for, and it shall be used only, on vehicles which by design move slowly (25 m.p.h. or less) on the public roads. The emblem is not a clearance marker for wide machinery nor is it intended to replace required lighting or marking of slow-moving vehicles. Neither the color film pattern and its dimensions nor the backing shall be altered to

permit use of advertising or other markings. The material, location, mounting, etc., of the emblem shall be in accordance with the American Society of Agricultural Engineers Emblem for Identifying Slow-Moving Vehicles, ASAE R276, 1967, or ASAE S276.2 (ANSI B114.1-1971).

(11) Symbols. Symbols used on signs shall follow recognized practices, such as in Figure J-8. For radioactive materials, see symbol in Figure J-3.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), § 296–24–14007, filed 6/11/82; Order 73–5, § 296–24–14007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–14007, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-14009 Sign wordings. (1) Examples of wordings. The lists in (3) through (7) of this section are intended to serve as a guide for choosing the correct sign design for the message to be displayed.

(2) Nature of wording. The wording of any sign should be easily read and concise. The sign should contain sufficient information to be easily understood. The wording should make a positive, rather than negative suggestion and should be accurate in fact.

#### (3) Danger signs.

Danger—Keep off, electric current.

Danger—No smoking, matches, or open lights.

Danger-Men working above.

Danger—Not room enough here to clear men on cars.

Danger-Keep away.

Danger-Men in boiler.

Danger—Insufficient clearance.

Danger-2,300 volts.

Danger-Keep out.

Danger—Crane overhead.

Danger—Keep off.

(4) Biological hazard signs. The biological hazard warning shall be used to signify the actual or potential presence of a biohazard and to identify equipment, containers, rooms, materials, experimental animals, or combinations thereof, which contain, or are contaminated with, viable hazardous agents. For the purpose of this subdivision the term "biological hazard," or "biohazard," shall include only those infectious agents presenting a risk or potential risk to the well-being of man. The biohazard symbol shall be designed and proportioned as illustrated in Figure J-9. The symbol design shall be a fluorescent orange or orange-red color. Background color is optional as long as there is sufficient contrast for the symbol to be clearly defined. Appropriate wording may be used in association with the symbol to indicate the nature or identity of the hazard, name of individual responsible for its control, precautionary information, etc., but never should this information be superimposed on the symbol.

#### (5) Caution signs.

Caution—Do not operate, men working on repairs.

Caution—Hands off switch, men working on line.

Caution—Working on machines, do not start.

Caution—Goggles must be worn when operating this machine.

Caution—This door must be kept closed.

Caution—Electric trucks, go slow.

Caution—This space must be kept clear at all times.

Caution—Stop machinery to clean, oil, or repair.

Caution—Keep aisles clear.

Caution—Operators of this machine shall wear snug fitting clothing—No gloves.

Caution—Close clearance.

Caution—Watch your step.

Caution—Electric fence.

#### (6) Safety instruction signs.

Report all injuries to the first-aid room at once.

Walk-Don't run.

Report all injuries no matter how slight.

Think, if safe go ahead.

Make your work place safe before starting the job.

Report all unsafe conditions to your foreman.

Help keep this plant safe and clean.

#### (7) Directional signs.

This way out (below arrow panel).

This way (inside arrow) out (below arrow panel).

Fire exit (below arrow panel).

Fire (inside arrow) extinguisher (below arrow panel).

To the (inside arrow) fire escape (below arrow panel).

To the (inside arrow) first aid (below arrow panel).

Manway (below arrow panel).

This way to (inside arrow) first-aid room (below arrow panel).

#### (8) Informational signs.

No trespassing under penalty of the law.

This elevator is for freight only, not for passengers.

No admittance except to employees on duty.

No admittance.

No admittance, apply at office.

No trespassing.

Men.

Women.

For employees only.

Office.

Note: When sign wordings such as those listed in this section are contemplated, care should be taken to be sure that they are suitable for the particular location at which the sign is to be placed and that wording meets the requirements of the intended purpose. When there is a reasonable doubt, a sign of a standard design should be used.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14009, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-14011 Accident prevention tags. (1)

Scope and purpose.

- (a) This section applies to all accident prevention tags used to identify hazardous conditions and provide a message to employees with respect to hazardous conditions as set forth in subsection (3) of this section, or to meet the specific requirements of other WAC requirements.
- (b) Tags are a temporary means of warning all concerned of a hazardous condition, defective equipment, radiation hazards, etc. The tags are not to be considered

as a complete warning method, but should be used until a positive means can be employed to eliminate the hazard; for example, a "do not start" tag on power equipment shall be used for a few moments or a very short time until the switch in the system can be locked out; a "defective equipment" tag shall be placed on a damaged ladder and immediate arrangements made for the ladder to be taken out of service and sent to the repair shop.

- (c) This section does not apply to construction or agriculture.
  - (2) Definitions.
- (a) "Biological hazard" or "BIOHAZARD" means those infectious agents presenting a risk of death, injury or illness to employees.
- (b) "Major message" means that portion of a tag's inscription that is more specific than the signal word and that indicates the specific hazardous condition or the instruction to be communicated to the employee. Examples include: "High Voltage," "Close Clearance," "Do Not Start," or "Do Not Use" or a corresponding pictograph used with a written text or alone.
- (c) "Pictograph" means a pictorial representation used to identify a hazardous condition or to convey a safety instruction.
- (d) "Signal word" means that portion of a tag's inscription that contains the word or words that are intended to capture the employee's immediate attention.
- (e) "Tag" means a device usually made of card, paper, pasteboard, plastic or other material used to identify a hazardous condition.
  - (3) Use.
- (a) Tags shall be used as a means to prevent accidental injury or illness to employees who are exposed to hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions, equipment or operations which are out of the ordinary, unexpected or not readily apparent.
- (b) Tags shall be used until such time as the identified hazard is eliminated or the hazardous operation is completed. Tags need not be used where signs, guarding or other positive means of protection are being used.
- (c) Do not start tags shall be placed in a conspicuous location or shall be placed in such a manner that they effectively block the starting mechanism which would cause hazardous conditions should the equipment be energized. See Fig. J-11.
  - (4) General tag criteria.
  - (a) All required tags shall meet the following criteria:
- (i) Tags shall contain a signal word and a major message.
- (ii) The signal word shall be either "Danger," "Caution," or "Biological Hazard," "biohazard," or the biological hazard symbol.
- (iii) The major message shall indicate the specific hazardous condition or the instruction to be communicated to the employee.
- (b) The signal word shall be readable at a minimum distance of five feet (1.52 m) or such greater distance as warranted by the hazard.
- (c) The tag's major message shall be presented in either pictographs, written text or both.

- (d) The signal word and the major message shall be understandable to all employees who may be exposed to the identified hazard.
- (e) All employees shall be informed as to the meaning of the various tags used throughout the workplace and what special precautions are necessary.
- (f) Tags shall be affixed as close as safely possible to their respective hazards by a positive means such as string, wire, or adhesive that prevents their loss or unintentional removal.
- (g) The tag and attachment method or device used shall be constructed of such material that they will not be likely to deteriorate in the environment in which the tag is used during the time period of intended use.
  - (5) Danger tags.
- (a) Danger tags shall be used in major hazard situations where an immediate hazard presents a threat of death or serious injury to employees. Danger tags shall be used only in these situations. See Fig. J-11.
- (b) All employees should be instructed that danger tags indicate immediate danger and that special precautions are necessary.
  - (6) Caution tags.
- (a) Caution tags shall be used in minor hazard situations where a nonimmediate or potential hazard or unsafe practice presents a lesser threat of employee injury. Caution tags shall be used only in these situations. See Fig. J-12.
- (b) All employees should be instructed that caution tags indicate a possible hazard against which proper precautions should be taken.
- (7) Warning tags. Warning tags may be used to represent a hazard level between "Caution" and "Danger," instead of the required "Caution" tag, provided that they have a signal word of "Warning," an appropriate major message, and otherwise meet the general tag criteria of subsection (4) of this section.
- (8) Out of order tags. Out of order tags should be used only for the specific purpose of indicating that a piece of equipment, machinery, etc., is out of order and to attempt to use it might present a hazard. (See Fig. J-13.)
  - (9) Radiation tags.
- (a) The standard background for radiation tags shall be yellow; the panel shall be reddish purple. Any letters used against the yellow background shall be black. The colors shall be those of opaque glossy samples as specified in Table 1, Fundamental Specification of Safety Colors for CIE Standard Source "C" American National Standard Safety Color Code for Marking Physical Hazards and the Identification of Certain Equipment, Z53.1–1971.
- (b) The method of dimension, design, and orientation of the standard symbol (one blade pointed downward and centered on the vertical axis) shall be executed as illustrated in Figure J-14. The symbol shall be prominently displayed and of a size consistent with the size of the equipment or area in which it is to be used.
  - (10) Biological hazard tags.
- (a) Biological hazard tags shall be used to identify the actual or potential presence of a biological hazard and to

identify equipment, containers, rooms, experimental animals, or combinations thereof, that contain or are contaminated with hazardous biological agents.

- (b) The symbol design for biological hazard tags shall conform to the design shown in Fig. J-15.
- (11) Other tags. Other tags may be used in addition to those required by this section or in other situations where this section does not require tags, provided that they do not detract from the impact or visibility of the signal word and major message of any required tag.

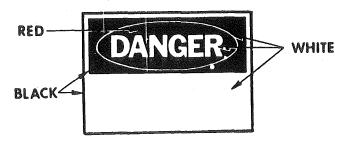


Fig. J-1
Danger Sign

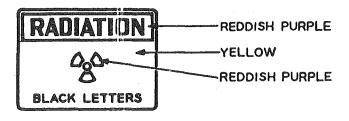


Fig. J-2
Radiation Warning Sign

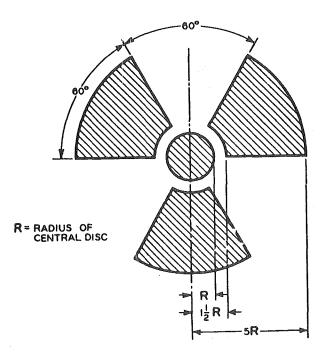


Fig. J-3
Standard Radiation Symbol



Fig. J-4
Caution Sign





Fig. J-5

#### Safety Instruction Signs

(Note: The words "think" and "be careful," given here, are only illustrations. Other wordings may be used.)



Fig. J-6
Directional Signs

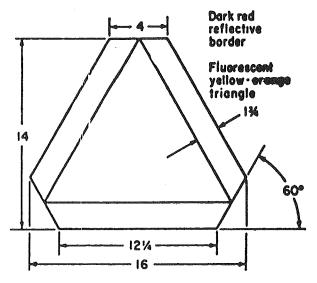


Fig. J-7
Slow-Moving Vehicle Emblem

Note: All dimensions are in inches.

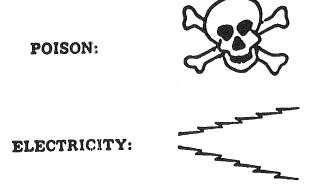


Fig. J-8
Symbols Used on Signs

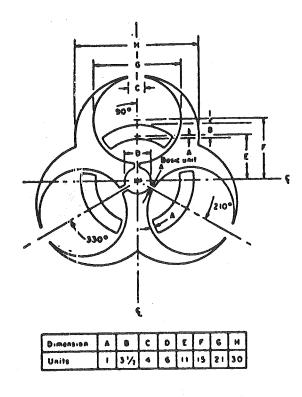


Fig. J-9
Symbol for Biological Hazard

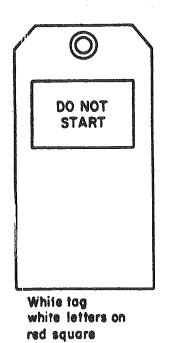
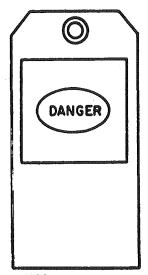


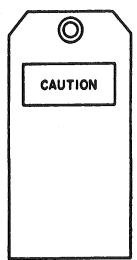
Fig. J-10

Do Not Start Tag



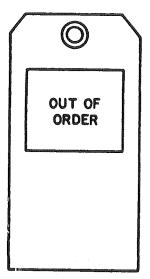
White tag white letters on red oval with a black square

Fig. J-11
Danger Tag



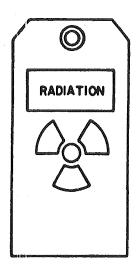
Yellow tag yellow letters on a black background

Fig. J-12
Caution Tag



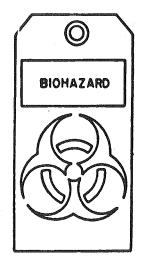
White tag white letters on black background

Fig. J-13
Out of Order Tag



Yellow tag
yellow letters in
raddish-purple panel
(Added wording in black
on yellow background)

Fig. J-14
Radiation Tag



White tag black letters on fluorescent orange background and symbol

Fig. J-15
Biological Hazard Tag
TABLE J-1

#### STANDARD PROPORTIONS FOR DANGER SIGNS

Sign size, inches Height Width	Black rectangular panel, inches Height Width	Red oval, inches Height Width	Word danger, height inches	Maximum space available for sign wording, inches
	Н	ORIZONTAL PAT	TERN	
7x10	3 1/4 x 9 3/8	27/8 x 81/2	1 7/16	2 3/4 x 9 3/8
10x14	4 5/8 x 13 3/8	4 1/8 x 11 7/8	2 1/16	4 1/4 x 13 3/8
14x20	6 1/2 x 19 3/8	5 3/4 x 17	2 7/8	6 1/4 x 19 3/8
20x28	9 1/4 x 27 3/8	8 1/4 x 23 7/8	4 1/8	9 1/2 x 27 3/8
		UPRIGHT PATTE	ERN	
10x 7	2 3/8 x 6 3/8	2 1/8 x 5 7/8	1 1/16	6 3/8 x 6 3/8
14x10	3 1/4 x 9 3/8	27/8 x 8 1/2	17/16	9 1/2 x 9 3/8
20x14	4 5/8 x 13 3/8	4 1/8 x 11 7/8	21/16	14 x 13 3/8
28x20	6 1/2 x 19 3/8	5 3/4 x 17	27/8	20 1/4 x 19 3/8

TABLE J-2
STANDARD PROPORTIONS FOR CAUTION SIGNS

Sign size, inches height width	Black rectangular panel, inches height width	Word "Caution" height of letter, inches	U
	HORIZO	NTAL PATTE	RN
7 x 10	2 1/4 x 9 3/8	1 5/8	3 1/4 x 9 3/8
10 x 14	3 1/4 x 13 3/8	2 1/4	5 1/2 x 13 3/8
14 x 20	3 3/4 x 19 3/8	2 3/4	5 1/2 x 13 3/8 9 x 19 3/8
20 x 28	4 1/4 x 27 3/8	3 1/4	14 1/2 x 27 3/8
	UPRIC	HT PATTERN	N
10 x 7	1 5/8 x 6 3/8	1 1/8	7 x 6 3/8 10 1/2 x 9 3/8
14 x 10		1 5/8	10 1/2 v 9 3/8

#### TABLE J-2——cont.

Sign size, inches height width	Black rectangular panel, inches height width	Word "Caution" height of letter, inches	Maximum space available for sign wording below panel inches height width
20 x 14	3 1/4 x 13 3/8	2 1/4	15 1/2 x 13 3/8
28 x 20	3 3/4 x 19 3/8	2 3/4	24 x 19 3/8

TABLE J-3
STANDARD PROPORTIONS FOR SAFETY INSTRUCTION SIGNS

### [TABLE J-3: PART 1 ——"Think" Safety Sign]

Maximum					
Sign size, inches, height, width	Green rectangular panel, inches, height, width	Word "Think" height letters, inches	Space available for sign wording below panel, inches height, width		
7x10 10x14 14x20 20x28	2 3/4x 9 3/8 3 1/4x13 3/8 3 3/4x19 3/8 4 1/4x27 3/8	1 5/8 2 1/4 2 3/4 3 1/4	3 1/2x 9 3/8 5 1/2x13 3/8 9 x19 3/8 14 1/2x27 3/8		

[TABLE J-3: PART 2 ——"Be Careful" Safety Sign]

		Maxim	um		
Sign size, inches height, width	Green panel, inches, height, width	Word "Be" height of letters, inches	Word "Careful" height of letters, inches	Space available for sign wording below panel, inches, height, width	
7x10	3 3/8x 9 3/8	1 1/4	1 3/16	2 1/2x 9 3/8	
10x14	4 1/4x13 3/8	1 3/4	2 3/16	4 x13 3/8	
14x20	6 1/4x19 3/8	2 1/2	3 1/8	6 x19 3/8	
20x28	9 1/2x27 3/8	3 1/2	4 3/8	9 1/4x27 3/8	

TABLE J-4
STANDARD PROPORTIONS FOR DIRECTIONAL SIGNS

Sign size inches height	Black rec- tangular panel, inches height width		Maximum space			
		Overall length	Arrow head height width	Arrow shaft height	Arrow tail height width	for sign wording below panel height
6 1/2x14	3 1/4x 13 3/8	12 5/8	2 3/4x 3	1 1/8	2 3/8x 3 1/4	2 1/4x 13 3/8
9x20	4 1/2x 19 3/8	18 5/8	3 3/4x 4 1/8	1 5/8	3 1/4x 4 1/2	3 3/8x 19 3/8
12x28	6x 27 3/8	26 5/8	5 1/8x 5 5/8	2 1/8	4 3/8x 6	4 3/4x 27 3/8
15x36	7 1/2x 35 3/8	34 5/8	6 3/8x 6 7/8	2 5/8	5 1/2x 7 1/2	6 1/4x 35 3/8

Appendix A-Recommended color coding.

While the standard does not specifically mandate colors to be used on accident prevention tags, the following color scheme is recommended by OSHA for meeting the requirements of this section:

"DANGER"—Red, or predominantly red, with lettering or symbols in a contrasting color.

"CAUTION"—Yellow, or predominantly yellow, with lettering or symbols in a contrasting color.

"WARNING"—Orange, or predominantly orange, with lettering or symbols in a contrasting color.

"BIOLOGICAL HAZARD"—Fluorescent orange or orange-red, or predominantly so, with lettering or symbols in a contrasting color.

#### Appendix B-References for further information.

The following references provide information which can be helpful in understanding the requirements contained in various sections of the standard:

- 1. Bresnahan, Thomas F., and Bryk, Joseph. "The Hazard Association Values of Accident Prevention Signs", Journal of American Society of Safety Engineers: January 1975.
- 2. Dreyfuss, H., Symbol Sourcebook, McGraw Hill: New York, NY, 1972.
- 3. Glass, R. A. and others, Some Criteria for Colors and Signs in Workplaces, National Bureau of Standards, Washington D.C., 1983.
- 4. Graphic Symbols for Public Areas and Occupational Environments, Treasury Board of Canada, Ottawa, Canada, July 1980.
- 5. Howett, G. L., Size of Letters Required for Visibility as a Function of Viewing Distance and Observer Acuity, National Bureau of Standards, Washington D.C., July 1983.
- 6. Lerner, N. D., and Collins, B. L., The Assessment of Safety Symbol Understandability by Different Testing Methods, National Bureau of Standards, Washington D.C., 1980.
- 7. Lerner, N. D. and Collins, B. L., Workplace Safety Symbols, National Bureau of Standards, Washington D.C., 1980.
- 8. Modley, R. and Meyers, W. R., Handbook of Pictorial Symbols, Dover Publication, New York, NY, 1976.
- 9. Product Safety Signs and Labels, FMC Corporation, Santa Clara, CA, 1978.
- 10. Safety Color Coding for Marking Physical Hazards, Z53.1, American National Standards Institute, New York, NY, 1979.
- 11. Signs and Symbols for the Occupational Environment, Can. 3–Z–321–77, Canadian Standards Association, Ottawa, September 1977.
- 12. Symbols for Industrial Safety, National Bureau of Standards, Washington D.C., April 1982.
- 13. Symbol Signs, U.S. Department of Transportation, Washington D.C., November 1974.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.050(2) and 49.14.040 [49.17.040]. 87–07–022 (Order 87–01), § 296–24–14011, filed 3/12/87; Order 76–6, § 296–24–14011, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–14011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–14011, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-145 Window washing.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-145, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-145, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14501 Definitions. (1) "Building" means a building more than one story in height or having window sills more than twelve feet above grade, which is a place of employment.
- (2) The term "outside" means wholly without the building and/or establishment.
- (3) The term "window cleaning" means all methods of cleaning windows.
- (4) The term "safety belt" means the equipment which is attached to the body of the window cleaner while cleaning windows.
- (5) "Waist band" means that part of the safety belt which is attached to the body of the window cleaner.
- (6) "Terminal strap" means the strap or rope which is attached to the waist band and to which the belt terminals are attached.
- (7) A "safe manner" means the method employed in cleaning windows in which the employee is protected:
- (a) By standing or sitting on the sill while protected by a safety device.
  - (b) By working from a ladder.
  - (c) By working from a scaffold, or
  - (d) By working from a boatswain's chair.
- (8) "Belt terminal" means that part of the safety belt which is fastened to the terminal strap to be attached to the anchor during the operation of window cleaning.
- (9) The term "anchor" means the fitting, fastened to the window frame or wall, to which the belt terminal is attached.
- (10) The term "single-head anchor" means an anchor having one head.
- (11) The term "double-head anchor" means an anchor having two heads.
- (12) The term "machine bolt" means the bolts used to install anchors in steel window frames.
- (13) "Grade" means the ground, the floor, the sidewalk, the roof, or any approximately level solid surface of sufficient area and having sufficient structural strength to be considered as a safe place to work.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-14503 Application. These orders shall apply to all window cleaning done in places of employment.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14505 Protection of persons engaged at window cleaning. (1) The employer shall not require nor permit any window in such building to be cleaned from the outside unless means are provided to enable such work to be done in a safe manner as provided in these standards.
- (2) All employees required to clean windows shall use safety devices as required herein.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14505, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14507 General. (1) In every building hereafter erected, having windows so constructed that it is usual and/or practicable for a person to stand on the sill in order to clean said window, there shall be installed window cleaner's safety anchors approved by the American Standard Association.
- (2) When an employee is sitting on the window sill with his legs inside the room, he shall wear a safety belt equipped with a safety line. One end of the line shall be tied to a radiator, or any other substantial anchorage inside the room, unless the window opening is equipped with anchors in which case he shall attach his safety belt to said anchors.
- (3) No safety device shall be used in window cleaning operations until it has the approval of the American Standard Association.
- (4) The use of lag screws is prohibited in new or replacement installations hereafter made.
- (5) Window cleaners shall not pass from one window sill to another window sill on the outside of a building unless one terminal is connected at all times.
- (6) No employee who has not been properly trained to handle such equipment shall be assigned to work on scaffolds or boatswains' chairs.
- (7) All window cleaning safety devices hereafter approved shall bear identification marks to identify the approval of the American Standard Association.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14507, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14509 Belt terminals, anchors and bolts. (1) All anchors and belt terminals shall be capable of withstanding the following tests:
- (a) To withstand an impact test of an iron weight of thirty—two pounds falling free a distance of four feet and striking the head of the anchor without fracture.
- (b) A drop test of three hundred fifty pounds dead weight (not sand) falling a distance of four feet without fracture. The connection between the weight and anchor being a standard safety belt or ropes or cables not over six feet long.
- (c) To withstand a tension pull of six thousand pounds without fracture. This tension to be applied through a belt terminal and in the direction which the anchor must withstand in service when a man falls.
- (2) All metals used in the manufacture of anchors and belt terminals shall have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of fifty-five thousand pounds per square inch, with an elongation of at least twenty-five percent in two inches and shall have a corrosion resistance of sixty percent as compared to copper. The belt terminal may be excepted from the corrosive resistance and elongation requirements of this order if of material and design of obvious superiority.
- (3) All anchors installed hereafter shall be double-headed. These heads to be so designed or spaced that it will be impossible to attach the belt terminal to a single

head. The division of safety may approve a singleheaded anchor upon sufficient tests and proofs.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14509 filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14511 Belts. (1) An approved safety belt of tanned leather, canvas or any other approved material shall be used when the operator is required to stand on the sill while cleaning the window. The safety belt shall be capable of withstanding a drop test of three hundred fifty pounds dead weight (not sand) falling a distance of four feet without failure, one terminal only being attached. The connection between the weight and the belt shall be the waist band of the belt.
  - (2) The safety belt shall be kept in repair.
- (3) Window cleaners using a safety belt shall attach one belt terminal to anchor before stepping out onto the sill. During the operation of window cleaning, both belt terminals shall be attached to the anchors.
- (4) The fittings on the waist band through which the terminal strap or rope passes shall be so constructed that it will be impossible for the safety terminals to pass through them.
- (5) Metal thimbles shall be provided where ropes or straps are secured to eyes or rings.
- (6) Suitable length terminal straps shall be provided for windows more than six feet wide between mullions.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-14511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-14511, filed 926-24-14511

- WAC 296-24-14513 Anchor installations. (1) Locations: Anchors shall be attached to the side frames of the window or to the building at a point not less than forty-two inches nor more than fifty-one inches (approximately) above the window sill. Care shall be taken when screwing up anchor fastenings, to prevent producing excess stresses.
- (2) Wood—Existing and new buildings: When anchors are attached to wood construction, through bolts of not less than one—half inch diameter, extending at least through the window frame with washers and nuts inside, shall be used as anchor fasteners. Means shall be provided to keep the nut from backing off.

Wall flanges shall be not less than one and onequarter inches in diameter, or equivalent area.

- (3) Concrete—New buildings: Anchors attached to concrete poured in place in buildings hereafter erected, shall be installed while the concrete is being placed. Such anchors shall extend not less than five inches into the concrete and shall have a cross—sectional area of not less than one—quarter of a square inch and shall be provided with a fluke at the end of the anchor not less than one inch in length.
- (4) Masonry—New buildings: Anchors attached to masonry, other than concrete poured in place, in buildings hereafter erected, shall be installed while the wall is under construction and shall be shaped to build into the joints between masonry units. Such anchors shall be not less than eight and one—half inches long and shall have a cross—sectional area of not less than one—quarter of a square inch at all unexposed points and shall have a

fluke or flukes having a holding surface of not less than one inch in length that shall be firmly imbedded in the masonry.

- (5) Masonry and concrete—Existing buildings: Anchors installed on buildings or masonry and concrete construction heretofore erected, shall be attached to the window frames as required in these standards, or by other methods approved by the division of safety.
- (6) Hollow metal—Existing and new buildings: Anchors shall be attached to hollow metal construction by one of the following methods:
- (a) At least two nickel steel bolts not less than five-sixteenths of an inch in diameter passing through the frame and a steel reinforcing plate five-sixteenths of an inch thick and not less than six inches long, placed on the inside of the frame and secured by means of nuts and lock washers. In cases where it is impracticable to provide nuts and lock washers, the reinforcing plate may be tapped to receive five-sixteenths inch diameter bolts, and the bolts shall extend through the plate.
- (b) Where the screw bolt is an integral part of the anchor, it shall be at least one—half inch in diameter and shall be secured by means of a nut and lock washer, or any other method approved by the division of safety.
- (c) All anchors and anchor fastenings shall be provided with means to prevent them from turning, backing off or becoming loose.
- (7) Solid metal—Existing and new buildings: Anchors shall be attached to solid metal construction by one of the following methods:
- (a) At least two nickel steel bolts not less than five-sixteenths of an inch in diameter passing through the frame, and secured by means of nuts and lock washers. In cases where it is impracticable to provide nuts and lock washers, the metal frame shall be reinforced with a five-sixteenths inch thick plate and tapped to receive at least two five-sixteenths inch diameter nickel steel bolts, and the bolts shall extend through the reinforcing plate.
- (b) Where the screw bolt is an integral part of the anchor, it shall be at least one—half inch in diameter and shall be secured by means of a nut and lock washer, or any other method approved by the division of safety.
- (c) All anchors and anchor fastenings shall be provided with means to prevent them from turning, backing off or becoming loose.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-14513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-14513, filed 9296-24-14513

### WAC 296-24-14515 Reversible and pivot windows.

- (1) When it is necessary to clean reversible and pivot windows either of which is prevented from properly operating by obstructions or by the design of said windows, they shall be provided with safety devices of approved design.
- (2) Horizontally pivoted sash. Provision shall be made so that the outside of horizontally pivoted windows may be cleaned without necessitating the window washer leaning against or putting his weight on the sash.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14515, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-14517 Ladders. (1) All movable ladders shall be provided with rough surface feet or other suitable means to prevent slipping.
- (2) A person shall be placed at the foot of all ladders over eighteen feet in length.
- (3) No person shall be required to stand within four rungs of the top of any ladder.
- (4) No ladder shall be used where the base of the ladder is above grade except where it is securely fastened so as to prevent it from slipping or falling.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14517, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-14519 Boatswain's chairs. An employee shall be secured in his boatswain's chair with a safety belt or rope, and shall have a short rope with a sliding hitch between his body or the chair and the hoistline.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-14519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-14519, filed 5/7/73.]

# Part C MACHINERY AND MACHINE GUARDING

WAC	
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296-24-195	Mechanical power presses.		296-24-17007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-
296-24-19501			24-17007, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045
296-24-19503	General requirements.		(Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority:
296-24-19505	Mechanical power press guarding and construction,		RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	general.	296-24-17009	Hand-fed ripsaws. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17009,
296-24-19507	Safeguarding the point of operation.		filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17009, filed
296-24-19509	Design, construction, setting and feeding of dies.		5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22),
296-24-19511	Inspection, maintenance and modification of presses.		filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040
296-24-19513	Operation of power presses.		and 49.17.050.
	Presence sensing device initiation (PSDI).	296-24-17011	
296-24-197	Compactors.		73-5, § 296-24-17011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4,
296-24-200	Forging machines.		§ 296-24-17011, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-
296-24-20001			045 (Order 82–22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Author-
296–24–20003			ity: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	Hammers, general.	296–24–17013	
296-24-20007			[Order 73-5, § 296-24-17013, filed 5/9/73 and Or-
	Power-driven hammers.		der 73-4, § 296-24-17013, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed
296-24-20011			by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statu-
	Forging presses.	204 24 18018	tory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	Trimming presses.	296–24–17015	
296-24-20017			24-17015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
296-24-20019			17015, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82–13–045 (Order
296-24-20021			82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
296-24-205	Mechanical power-transmission apparatus.	207 24 17017	49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
296-24-20501		296–24–17017	
	General requirements.		73-5, § 296-24-17017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4,
296–24–20505 296–24–20507			\$ 296–24–17017, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82–13–
296-24-20509	•		045 (Order 82–22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	Belt, rope, and chain drives.	296-24-17019	
	Gears, sprockets, and chains.	290-24-17019	5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–17019, filed
	Guarding friction drives.		5/7/73.] Repealed by $82-13-045$ (Order $82-22$ ),
296-24-20517			filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040
	Collars and couplings.		and 49.17.050.
296-24-20521		296-24-17021	
296-24-20523	5		17021, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
<del>-</del> -	pulleys.		17021, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order
296-24-20525	Belt shifters, clutches, shippers, poles, perches, and		82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
	fasteners.		49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
296-24-20527	Standard guards—General requirements.	296-24-17023	
296-24-20529			296-24-17023, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-
296-24-20531	Approved materials.		24-17023, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045
296-24-20533	Care of equipment.		(Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority:
296–24–20699			RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	chapter 296-24 WAC, to describe the federal proce-	296–24–17025	Heading-up machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17025,
	dures for third-party validation and certification of		filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17025, filed
	presence sensing devices on mechanical power		5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22),
20/ 24 20700	presses.		filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040
296-24-20700	Appendix A to WAC 296-24-195.		and 49.17.050.
	Appendix B to WAC 296–24–195.	296-24-17027	Head charring machine. [Order 73–5, § 296–24–
	Appendix C to WAC 296–24–195.		17027, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
290-24-20730	Appendix D to WAC 296–24–195.		17027, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82–13–045 (Order
DISPOSITION	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS		82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
DIDI OSITIO	SUBCHAPTER	296-24-17029	49.17.040 and 49.17.050. Bilge truss hoop ring removing machine. [Order 73–5,
	SOBOIMI IEM	230-24-17023	\$ 296-24-17029, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, \$
296-24-170	Cooperage machinery. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-170,		296-24-17029, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-
	filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-170, filed		045 (Order 82–22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Author-
	5/7/73.] Repealed by $82-13-045$ (Order $82-22$ ),		ity: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040	296-24-17031	Hoop elevators and conveyors, [Order 73-5, § 296-
	and 49.17.050.	200 21 11001	24-17031, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
296-24-17001	Definitions. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17001, filed		17031, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order
	5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17001, filed		82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
	5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22),		49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040	296-24-17033	Barrel sanding machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-
206 24 17002	and 49.17.050.		17033, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
296–24–17003	Heading bolt sawing machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-		17033, filed $5/7/73$ .] Repealed by 82–13–045 (Order
	24-17003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-		82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
	17003, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82, Statutory Authority, PCW		49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
	82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.	296-24-17035	Hoop drivers and trussers. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-
296-24-17005			17035, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-
270 24-17003	style). [Order 73–5, § 296–24–17005, filed 5/9/73		17035, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82–13–045 (Order
	and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17005, filed 5/7/73.] Re-		82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW
	needed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22) filed 6/11/82		49.17.040 and 49.17.050.

49.17.040 and 49.17.050.

Bolt, equalizer, stave, and heading saws (tilting table style). [Order 73–5, § 296–24–17005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–17005, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.

- 296-24-17037 Head sanding machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17037, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17037, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-17039 Hand jointer. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17039, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17039, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-17041 Hoop punching and coiling machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17041, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17041, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-17043 Hoop riveting machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17043, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17043, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-17045 Hoop flaring and expanding machine. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17045, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17045, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-17047 Inspection and maintenance of cooperage machinery. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-17047, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-17047, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 82-13-045 (Order 82-22), filed 6/11/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050.
- 296-24-19515 Reports of point of operation injuries—Mechanical power presses. [Order 76-6, § 296-24-19515, filed 3/1/76.] Repealed by 88-14-108 (Order 88-11), filed 7/6/88. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW.

WAC 296-24-150 Machinery and machine guarding—General requirements for all machines—Scope and application. (1) All sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-150 in the section number apply to machinery and machine guarding.

- (2) All sections which include WAC 296-24-150 in the section number also applies to combination, multipurpose powered machines, commonly referred to as "iron workers," that punch, shear, notch, cope, and form metals or other materials and to single-end punches, double-end punches, structural shearing machines, notching machines, coping machines, beam punches, detail punches, and spacing punches. It also applies to machines similar in construction and function to mechanical power presses, but which are specifically identified by the respective manufacturers as "iron workers," and to machines whose most distinguishing feature is the multiple work stations at which various operations may be performed singly or simultaneously, including, but not limited to, punching, shearing, notching, coping, and forming.
- (3) Mechanical powered machines that shear, punch, form, or assemble metal or material by means of tools or dies attached to slides, and are identified by their respective manufacturers as "mechanical power presses" are regulated by sections which include WAC 296-24-195 in the subsection number.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89-11-035 (Order 89-03), § 296-24-150, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 74-27, § 296-24-150, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-150, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-150, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-15001 Machine guarding. (1) Types of guarding. One or more methods of machine guarding shall be provided to protect the operator and other employees in the machine area from hazards such as those created by point of operation, ingoing nip points, rotating parts, flying chips and sparks. Examples of guarding methods are—barrier guards, two—hand tripping devices, electronic safety devices, etc.
- (2) General requirements for machine guards. Guards shall be affixed to the machine where possible and secured elsewhere if for any reason attachment to the machine is not possible. The guard shall be such that it does not offer an accident hazard in itself.
  - (3) Point of operation guarding.
- (a) Point of operation is the area on a machine where work is actually performed upon the material being processed.
- (b) The point of operation of machines whose operation exposes an employee to injury, shall be guarded. The guarding device shall be in conformity with any appropriate standards therefor, or, in the absence of applicable specific standards, shall be so designed and constructed as to prevent the operator from having any part of his body in the danger zone during the operating cycle.
- (c) Circular meat cutting saws shall be guarded in one of the following ways:
- (i) A suspended counter—balanced circular meat cutting saw that requires two—handed operation shall be deemed adequately guarded if provided with a guard that covers at least twenty—five degrees of the circumference of the blade and it conforms to the requirements of (c)(iv) of this subsection.
- (ii) A suspended counter-balanced circular meat cutting saw that requires only one-handed operation shall be deemed adequately guarded if provided with a guard that covers at least ninety degrees of the circumference of the blade and it conforms to the requirements of (c)(iv) of this subsection.
- (iii) A nonsuspended circular meat saw, either one-handed or two-handed operation, shall be deemed adequately guarded if provided with a guard that covers at least ninety degrees of the circumference of the blade and it conforms to the requirements of (c)(iv) of this subsection.
- (iv) All circular meat cutting saws shall conform to the following:
  - (A) A "deadman" control shall be required.
- (B) The guard protecting the operator from contact with the blade shall be located between the operator and the blade.
- (C) The maximum number of degrees of circumferential guarding of the blade shall be provided based on specific applications in meat cutting operations.
- (D) A brake that automatically activates upon release of the operating control(s) is required.
- (d) Special handtools for placing and removing material shall be such as to permit easy handling of material without the operator placing a hand in the danger zone. Such tools shall not be in lieu of other guarding required

by this section, but can only be used to supplement protection provided.

- (e) The following are some of the machines which usually require point of operation guarding:
  - (i) Guillotine cutters.
  - (ii) Shears.
  - (iii) Alligator shears.
  - (iv) Power presses.
  - (v) Milling machines.
  - (vi) Power saws.
  - (vii) Jointers.
  - (viii) Portable power tools.
  - (ix) Forming rolls and calenders.
- (4) Barrels, containers, and drums. Revolving drums, barrels, and containers shall be guarded by an enclosure which is interlocked with the drive mechanism, so that the barrel, drum, or container cannot revolve unless the guard enclosure is in place.
- (5) Exposure of blades. When the periphery of the blades of a fan is less than seven feet above the floor or working level, the blades shall be guarded. The guard shall have openings no larger than one-half inch. Safeguards shall be so constructed that rods, pipes, or like material being handled by workmen will not enter same, and come in contact with moving machinery. Fan blade guards of any material are acceptable where the material provides protection to workers and meets the requirements of figure O-12 of WAC 296-24-18005(5).
- (6) Cams and other machine parts which move in such a manner as to create shearing or crushing hazards shall, if exposed to contact, be guarded with a standard safeguard.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03),  $\S$  296–24–15001, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 74–27,  $\S$  296–24–15001, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–15001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–15001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-15003 Anchoring fixed machinery. Machines designed for a fixed location shall be securely anchored to prevent walking or moving.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–15003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–15003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-15005 Means to prevent slipping. Operators of dangerous machinery, such as shapers, jointers, and circular saws, shall be safeguarded against slipping on smooth, oily or otherwise slippery floor, where he stands while at the point of operation of such dangerous machinery, by covering such portion of the floor with a rubber mat, cork, nonslip composition flooring, or some other effective means of preventing slipping.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-15005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-15005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-15007 Machines shall be stopped when making repairs. All power-driven machinery shall be stopped and brought to a complete standstill before any repairs or adjustments are made or pieces of material or refuse removed, except where motion is necessary to make adjustment.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-15007, filed 5/7/74.]

WAC 296-24-15009 Counterweights. All counterweights exposed to contact shall be guarded with standard safeguards.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-15009, filed 5/7/74.]

WAC 296-24-165 Fixed and portable power tool requirements. Scope and application. All sections which include WAC 296-24-165 in the section number shall apply to the use of fixed and portable power tools for processing all materials, including, but not limited to, wood, metal, plastics, and other natural and synthetic material.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–165, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 76–6, § 296–24–165, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–165, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–165, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16501 Definitions. (1) "Point of operations" means that point at which cutting, shaping, boring, or forming is accomplished upon the stock.
- (2) "Push stick" means a narrow strip of wood or other soft material with a notch cut into one end and which is used to push short pieces of material through saws.
- (3) "Block" means a short block of wood, provided with a handle similar to that of a plane and a shoulder at the rear end, which is used for pushing short stock over revolving cutters.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16503 Machine construction general. (1) Each machine shall be so constructed as to be free from sensible vibration when the largest size tool is mounted and run idle at full speed.
- (2) Arbors and mandrels shall be constructed so as to have firm and secure bearing and be free from play.
- (3) Any automatic cutoff saw that power strokes continuously without the operator being able to control each stroke shall not be used in work situations where employees are exposed to hazards during loading, clamping, cut-off, unloading operations, etc.
- (4) Saw frames or tables shall be constructed with lugs cast on the frame or with an equivalent means to limit the size of the saw blade that can be mounted, so as to avoid overspeed caused by mounting a saw larger than intended.
- (5) Circular saw fences shall be so constructed that they can be firmly secured to the table or table assembly without changing their alignment with the saw. For saws with tilting tables or tilting arbors the fence shall be so constructed that it will remain in a line parallel with the saw, regardless of the angle of the saw with the table.
- (6) Circular saw gages shall be so constructed as to slide in grooves or tracks that are accurately machined, to insure exact alignment with the saw for all positions of the guide.
- (7) Hinged saw tables shall be so constructed that the table can be firmly secured in any position and in true alignment with the saw.

- (8) All belts, pulleys, gears, shafts, and moving parts shall be guarded in accordance with the specific requirements of WAC 296-24-20501 through 296-24-20533.
- (9) It is recommended that each power-driven machine be provided with a disconnect switch that can be locked in the off position.
- (10) The frames and all exposed, noncurrent—carrying metal parts of portable electric machinery operated at more than 90 volts to ground shall be grounded and other portable motors driving electric tools which are held in the hand while being operated shall be grounded if they operate at more than 90 volts to ground. The ground shall be provided through use of a separate ground wire and polarized plug and receptacle.
- (11) For all circular saws where conditions are such that there is a possibility of contact with the portion of the saw either beneath or behind the table, that portion of the saw shall be covered with an exhaust hood, or, if no exhaust system is required, with a guard that shall be so arranged as to prevent accidental contact with the saw.
- (12) Revolving double arbor saws shall be fully guarded in accordance with all the requirements for circular crosscut saws or with all the requirements for circular ripsaws, according to the kind of saws mounted on the arbors.
- (13) No saw, cutter head, or tool collar shall be placed or mounted on a machine arbor unless the tool has been accurately machined to size and shape to fit the arbor.
- (14) Combs (featherboards) or suitable jigs shall be provided at the workplace for use when a standard guard cannot be used, as in dadoing, grooving, jointing, moulding and rabbeting.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–16503, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16503, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), § 296–24–16503, filed 6/11/82; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16505 Machine controls and equipment. (1) A mechanical or electrical power control shall be provided on each machine to make it possible for the operator to cut off the power from each machine without leaving his position at the point of operation.
- (2) On machines driven by belts and shafting, a locking-type belt shifter or an equivalent positive device shall be used.
- (3) On applications where injury to the operator might result if motors were to restart after power failures, provision shall be made to prevent machines from automatically restarting upon restoration of power.
- (4) Power controls and operating controls should be located within easy reach of the operator while he is at his regular work location, making it unnecessary for him to reach over the cutter to make adjustments. This does not apply to constant pressure controls used only for setup purposes.

- (5) On each machine operated by electric motors, positive means shall be provided for rendering such controls or devices inoperative while repairs or adjustments are being made to the machines they control.
- (6) Each operating treadle shall be protected against unexpected or accidental tripping.
- (7) Feeder attachments shall have the feed rolls or other moving parts so covered or guarded as to protect the operator from hazardous points.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16505, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16507 Hand-fed ripsaws. (1) Each circular hand-fed ripsaw shall be guarded by a hood which shall completely enclose that portion of the saw above the table and that portion of the saw above the material being cut. The hood and mounting shall be arranged so that the hood will automatically adjust itself to the thickness of and remain in contact with the material being cut but it shall not offer any considerable resistance to insertion of material to saw or to passage of the material being sawed. The hood shall be made of adequate strength to resist blows and strains incidental to reasonable operation, adjusting, and handling, and shall be so designed as to protect the operator from flying splinters and broken saw teeth. It shall be made of material that is soft enough so that it will be unlikely to cause tooth breakage. The material should not shatter when broken, should be nonexplosive, and should be no more flammable than wood. The hood shall be so mounted as to insure that its operation will be positive, reliable, and in true alignment with the saw; and the mounting shall be adequate in strength to resist any reasonable side thrust or other force tending to throw it out of line.
- (2) Each hand-fed circular ripsaw shall be furnished with a spreader to prevent material from squeezing the saw or being thrown back on the operator. The spreader shall be made of hard tempered steel, or its equivalent, and shall be thinner than the saw kerf. It shall be of sufficient width to provide adequate stiffness or rigidity to resist any reasonable side thrust or blow tending to bend or throw it out of position. The spreader shall be attached so that it will remain in true alignment with the saw even when either the saw or table is tilted, and should be placed so that there is not more than 1/2-inch space between the spreader and the back of the saw when the largest saw is mounted in the machine. The provision of a spreader in connection with grooving, dadoing, or rabbeting is not required. On the completion of such operations; the spreader shall be immediately replaced.
- (3) Each hand-fed circular ripsaw shall be provided with nonkickback fingers or dogs so located as to oppose the thrust or tendency of the saw to pick up the material or to throw it back toward the operator. They shall be designed to provide adequate holding power for all the thicknesses of materials being cut.

[Order 73–5, \$296-24-16507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$296-24-16507, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16509 Hand-fed crosscut table saws. (1) Each circular crosscut table saw shall be guarded by a hood which shall meet all the requirements of WAC 296-24-16507(1) for hoods for circular ripsaws.
- (2) Each circular crosscut saw should also be provided with a spreader which should meet all the requirements of WAC 296-24-16507.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16509, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16511 Circular resaws. (1) Each circular resaw shall be guarded by a hood or shield of metal above the saw. This hood or shield shall be so designed as to guard against danger from flying splinters or broken saw teeth.
- (2) Each circular resaw (other than self-feed saws with a roller or wheel at back of the saw) shall be provided with a spreader fastened securely behind the saw. The spreader shall be slightly thinner than the saw kerf and slightly thicker than the saw disk.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16513 Self-feed circular saws. (1) Feed rolls and saws shall be protected by a hood or guard to prevent the hands of the operator from coming in contact with the in-running rolls at any point. The guard shall be constructed of heavy material, preferably metal, and the bottom of the guard shall come down to within three-eighths inch of the plane formed by the bottom or working surfaces of the feed rolls. This distance (three-eighths inch) may be increased to three-fourths inch, provided the lead edge of the hood is extended to be not less than five and one-half inches in front of the nip point between the front roll and the work.
- (2) Each self-feed circular ripsaw shall be provided with sectional nonkickback fingers for the full width of the feed rolls. They shall be located in front of the saw and so arranged as to be in continual contact with the material being fed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83-15-017 (Order 83-19), § 296-24-16513, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 73-5, § 296-24-16513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16513, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16515 Swing cutoff saws. The requirements of this section are also applicable to sliding cutoff saws mounted above the table.
- (1) Each swing cutoff saw shall be provided with a hood that will completely enclose the upper half of the saw, the arbor end, and the point of operation at all positions of the saw. The hood shall be constructed in such a manner and of such material that it will protect the operator from flying splinters and broken saw teeth. Its hood shall be so designed that it will automatically cover the lower portion of the blade, so that when the saw is returned to the back of the table the hood will rise on top of the fence, and when the saw is moved forward the hood will drop on top of and remain in contact with the table or material being cut.

- (2) Each swing cutoff saw shall be provided with an effective device to return the saw automatically to the back of the table when released at any point of its travel. Such a device shall not depend for its proper functioning upon any rope, cord, or spring. If there is a counterweight, the bolts supporting the bar and counterweight shall be provided with cotter pins; and the counterweight shall be prevented from dropping by either a bolt passing through both the bar and counterweight, or a bolt put through the extreme end of the bar, or, where the counterweight does not encircle the bar, a safety chain attached to it.
- (3) Limit chains or other equally effective devices shall be provided to prevent the saw from swinging beyond the front or back edges of the table, or beyond a forward position where the gullets of the lowest saw teeth will rise above the table top.
- (4) Inverted swing cutoff saws shall be provided with a hood that will cover the part of the saw that protrudes above the top of the table or above the material being cut. It shall automatically adjust itself to the thickness of and remain in contact with the material being cut.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16515, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16517 Radial saws. (1) The upper hood shall completely enclose the upper portion of the blade down to a point that will include the end of the saw arbor. The upper hood shall be constructed in such a manner and of such material that it will protect the operator from flying splinters, broken saw teeth, etc., and will deflect sawdust away from the operator. The sides of the lower exposed portion of the blade shall be guarded to the full diameter of the blade by a device that will automatically adjust itself to the thickness of the stock and remain in contact with stock being cut to give maximum protection possible for the operation being performed.
- (2) Each radial saw used for ripping shall be provided with nonkickback fingers or dogs located on both sides of the saw so as to oppose the thrust or tendency of the saw to pick up the material or to throw it back toward the operator. They shall be designed to provide adequate holding power for all the thickness of material being cut.
- (3) An adjustable stop shall be provided to prevent the forward travel of the blade beyond the position necessary to complete the cut.
- (4) Installation shall be in such a manner that the front end of the unit will be slightly higher than the rear, so as to cause the cutting head to return to the starting position in the following manner when released by the operator:
- (a) The cutting head or carriage shall return to the rest or starting position in a gentle motion;
- (b) The cutting head or carriage shall not bounce or recoil when reaching the rest or starting position; and
- (c) The cutting head or carriage will remain in the rest or starting position.
- (5) Ripping and ploughing shall be against the direction in which the saw turns. The direction of the saw rotation shall be conspicuously marked on the hood. In

addition, a permanent label not less than 1 1/2 inches by 3/4 inch with standard proportional lettering shall be affixed to the rear of the guard hood at approximately the level of the arbor, where the blade teeth exit the upper hood during the operation of the saw, reading as follows: "Danger: Do not rip or plough from this end." Such a label shall be colored standard danger red.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–16517, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16517, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-16519 Bandsaws and band resaws. (1) All portions of the saw blade shall be enclosed or guarded, except for the working portion of the blade between the bottom of the guide rolls and the table. Bandsaw wheels shall be fully encased. The outside periphery of the enclosure shall be solid. The front and back of the band wheels shall be either enclosed by solid material or by wire mesh or perforated metal. Such mesh or perforated metal shall be not less than 0.037 inch (U.S. Gage No. 20), and the openings shall be not greater than three-eighths inch. Solid material used for this purpose shall be of an equivalent strength and firmness. The guard for the portion of the blade between the sliding guide and the upper-saw-wheel guard shall protect the saw blade at the front and outer side. This portion of the guard shall be self-adjusting to raise and lower with the guide. The upper-wheel guard shall be made to conform to the travel of the saw on the wheel, and the top member of the guard should have at least a 2-inch clearance outside the saw and be lined with smooth material, preferably metal. Effective brakes should be provided to stop the wheel in case of blade breakage.

- (2) Each bandsaw machine shall be provided with a tension control device to indicate a proper tension for the standard saws used on the machine, in order to assist in the elimination of saw breakage due to improper tension.
- (3) Feed rolls of band resaws shall be protected with a suitable guard to prevent the hands of the operator from coming in contact with the in-running rolls at any point. The guard shall be constructed of heavy material, preferably metal, and the edge of the guard shall come to within three-eighths inch of the plane formed by the inside face of the feed roll in contact with the stock being cut.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16519, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16521 Jointers. (1) Each hand-fed planer and jointer with horizontal head shall be equipped with a cylindrical cutting head, the knife projection of which shall not exceed one-eighth inch beyond the cylindrical body of the head.
- (2) The opening in the table shall be kept as small as possible. The clearance between the edge of the rear table and the cutter head shall be not more than one-eighth inch. The table throat opening shall be not more than two and one-half inches when tables are set or aligned with each other for zero cut.

- (3) Each hand-fed jointer with a horizontal cutting head shall have an automatic guard which will cover all the section of the head on the working side of the fence or gage. The guard shall effectively keep the operator's hand from coming in contact with the revolving knives. The guard shall automatically adjust itself to cover the unused portion of the head and shall remain in contact with the material at all times.
- (4) Each hand-fed jointer with horizontal cutting head shall have a guard which will cover the section of the head back of the gage or fence.
- (5) Each jointer with vertical head shall have either an exhaust hood or other guard so arranged as to enclose completely the revolving head, except for a slot of such width as may be necessary and convenient for the application of the material to be jointed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16521, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16521, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16521, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16523 Tenoning machines. (1) Feed chains and sprockets of all double end tenoning machines shall be completely enclosed, except for that portion of chain used for conveying the stock.
- (2) At the rear ends of frames over which feed conveyors run, sprockets and chains shall be guarded at the sides by plates projecting beyond the periphery of sprockets and the ends of lugs.
- (3) Each tenoning machine shall have all cutting heads, and saws if used, covered by metal guards. These guards shall cover at least the unused part of the periphery of the cutting head. If such a guard is constructed of sheet metal, the material used shall be not less than one-sixteenth inch in thickness, and if cast iron is used, it shall be not less than three-sixteenths inch in thickness.
- (4) Where an exhaust system is used, the guard shall form part or all of the exhaust hood and shall be constructed of metal of a thickness not less than that specified in subdivision (3) of this subsection.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-16523, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-16523, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16523, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16525 Boring and mortising machines. (1) Safety-bit chucks with no projecting set screws shall be used.
- (2) Boring bits should be provided with a guard that will enclose all portions of the bit and chuck above the material being worked.
- (3) The top of the cutting chain and driving mechanism shall be enclosed.
- (4) If there is a counterweight, one of the following or equivalent means shall be used to prevent its dropping:
- (a) It shall be bolted to the bar by means of a bolt passing through both bar and counterweight;
- (b) A bolt shall be put through the extreme end of the bar:
- (c) Where the counterweight does not encircle the bar, a safety chain shall be attached to it;

- (d) Other types of counterweights shall be suspended by chain or wire rope and shall travel in a pipe or other suitable enclosure wherever they might fall and cause injury.
- (5) Universal joints on spindles of boring machines shall be completely enclosed in such a way as to prevent accidental contact by the operator.
- (6) Each operating treadle shall be covered by an inverted U-shaped metal guard, fastened to the floor, and of adequate size to prevent accidental tripping.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16525, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16525, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-16527 Shapers and similar equipment. (1) The cutting heads of each shaper, hand-fed panel raiser, or other similar machine not automatically fed, shall be enclosed with a cage or adjustable guard so designed as to keep the operator's hand away from the cutting edge. The diameter of circular shaper guards shall be not less than the greatest diameter of the cutter. In no case shall a warning device of leather or other material attached to the spindle be acceptable.

(2) All double-spindle shapers shall be provided with a spindle starting and stopping device for each spindle.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16527, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16527, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16527, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16529 Planing, molding, sticking, and matching machines. (1) Each planing, molding, sticking, and matching machine shall have all cutting heads, and saws if used, covered by a metal guard. If such guard is constructed of sheet metal, the material used shall be not less than 1/16 inch in thickness, and if cast iron is used, it shall be not less than three-sixteenths inch in thickness.
- (2) Where an exhaust system is used, the guards shall form part or all of the exhaust hood and shall be constructed of metal of a thickness not less than that specified in (1) of this section.
- (3) Feed rolls shall be guarded by a hood or suitable guard to prevent the hands of the operator from coming in contact with the in—running rolls at any point. The guard shall be fastened to the frame carrying the rolls so as to remain in adjustment for any thickness of stock.
- (4) Surfacers or planers used in thicknessing multiple pieces of material simultaneously shall be provided with sectional infeed rolls having sufficient yield in the construction of the sections to provide feeding contact pressure on the stock, over the permissible range of variation in stock thickness specified or for which the machine is designed. In lieu of such yielding sectional rolls, suitable section kickback finger devices shall be provided at the infeed end.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16529, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16529, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-16531 Profile and swing-head lathes and heel turning machine. (1) Each profile and swing-

- head lathe shall have all cutting heads covered by a metal guard. If such a guard is constructed of sheet metal, the material used shall be not less than one—sixteenth inch in thickness; and if cast iron is used, it shall not be less than three—sixteenths inch in thickness.
- (2) Cutting heads on turning lathes, whether rotating or not, shall be covered as completely as possible by hoods or shields, which should be hinged to the machines so that they can be thrown back for making adjustments.
- (3) Shoe last and spoke lathes, doweling machines, heel turning machines, and other automatic turning lathes of the rotating knife type shall be equipped with hoods enclosing the cutter blades completely except at the contact points while the stock is being cut.
- (4) Lathes used for turning long pieces of stock held only between the two centers shall be equipped with long curved guards extending over the tops of the lathes in order to prevent the work pieces from being thrown out of the machines if they should become loose.
- (5) Where an exhaust system is used, the guard shall form part or all of the exhaust hood and shall be constructed of metal of a thickness not less than that specified in subsection (1) of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16531, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16531, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16531, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16533 Sanding machines. (1) Feed rolls of self-feed sanding machines shall be protected with a semicylindrical guard to prevent the hands of the operator from coming in contact with the in-running rolls at any point. The guard shall be constructed of heavy material, preferably metal, and firmly secured to the frame carrying rolls so as to remain in adjustment for any thickness of stock. The bottom of the guard should come down to within three-eighths inch of a plane formed by the bottom or contact face of the feed roll where it touches the stock.
- (2) Each drum sanding machine shall have an exhaust hood, or other guard if no exhaust system is required, so arranged as to enclose the revolving drum, except for that portion of the drum above the table, if a table is used, which may be necessary and convenient for the application of the material to be finished.
- (3) Each disk sanding machine shall have the exhaust hood, or other guard if no exhaust system is required, so arranged as to enclose the revolving disk, except for that portion of the disk above the table, if a table is used, which may be necessary for the application of the material to be finished.
- (4) Belt sanding machines shall be provided with guards at each nip point where the sanding belt runs on to a pulley. These guards shall effectively prevent the hands or fingers of the operator from coming in contact with the nip points. The unused run of the sanding belt shall be guarded against accidental contact.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16533, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16533, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-16535 Veneer cutters and wringers. (1) Veneer slicer knives shall be guarded to prevent accidental contact with knife edge, at both front and rear.

- (2) Veneer clippers shall have automatic feed or shall be provided with a guard which will make it impossible to place a finger or fingers under the knife while feeding or removing the stock.
- (3) Sprockets on chain or slat-belt conveyors shall be enclosed.
- (4) Where practicable, hand and foot-power guillotine veneer cutters shall be provided with rods or plates or other satisfactory means, so arranged on the feeding side that the hands cannot reach the cutting edge of the knife while feeding or holding the stock in place.
- (5) Power-driven guillotine veneer cutters, except continuous feed trimmers, shall be equipped with:
- (a) Starting devices which require the simultaneous action of both hands to start the cutting motion and of at least one hand on a control during the complete stroke of the knife; or
- (b) An automatic guard which will remove the hands of the operator from the danger zone at every descent of the blade, used in conjunction with one-hand starting devices which require two distinct movements of the device to start the cutting motion, and so designed as to return positively to the nonstarting position after each complete cycle of the knife.
- (6) Where two or more workers are employed at the same time on the same power-driven guillotine veneer cutter equipped with two-hand control, the device shall be so arranged that each worker shall be required to use both hands simultaneously on the controls to start the cutting motion, and at least one hand on a control to complete the cut.
- (7) Power-driven guillotine veneer cutters, other than continuous trimmers, shall be provided, in addition to the brake or other stopping mechanism, with an emergency device which will prevent the machine from operating in the event of failure of the brake when the starting mechanism is in the nonstarting position.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-16535, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-16535, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16537 Miscellaneous machines. (1) The feed rolls of roll type glue spreaders shall be guarded by a semicylindrical guard. The bottom of the guard shall come to within three-eighths inch of a plane formed by bottom or contact face of the feed roll where it touches the stock.
- (2) Drag saws shall be so located as to give at least a four-foot clearance for passage when the saw is at the extreme end of the stroke; or if such clearance is not obtainable, the saw and its driving mechanism shall be provided with a standard enclosure.
- (3) For combination or universal machines each point of operation of any tool shall be guarded as required for such a tool in a separate machine.
- (4) The mention of specific machines in WAC 296-24-16503 through 296-24-16535, inclusive, is not intended to exclude other machines from the requirement that suitable guards and exhaust hoods be provided to

reduce to a minimum the hazard due to the point of operation of such machines.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16537, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16537, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16537, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-16539 Inspection and maintenance of machinery. (1) Dull, badly set, improperly filed, or improperly tensioned saws shall be immediately removed from service, before they begin to cause the material to stick, jam, or kick back when it is fed to the saw at normal speed. Saws to which gum has adhered on the sides shall be immediately cleaned.
- (2) All knives and cutting heads of machines shall be kept sharp, properly adjusted, and firmly secured. Where two or more knives are used in one head, they shall be properly balanced.
- (3) Bearings shall be kept free from lost motion and shall be well lubricated.
  - (4) Arbors of all circular saws shall be free from play.
- (5) Sharpening or tensioning of saw blades or cutters shall be done only by persons of demonstrated skill in this kind of work.
- (6) Emphasis is placed upon the importance of maintaining cleanliness around machinery, particularly as regards the effective functioning of guards and the prevention of fire hazards in switch enclosures, bearings, and motors.
  - (7) All cracked saws shall be removed from service.
- (8) The practice of inserting wedges between the saw disk and the collar to form what is commonly known as a "wobble saw" shall not be permitted.
- (9) Push sticks or push blocks shall be provided at the work place in the several sizes and types suitable for the work to be done.
- (10) The knife blade of jointers shall be so installed and adjusted that it does not protrude more than one-eighth inch beyond the cylindrical body of the head. Push sticks or push blocks shall be provided at the work place in the several sizes and types suitable for the work to be done.
- (11) Whenever veneer slicers or rotary veneer—cutting—machines have been shutdown for the purpose of inserting logs or to make adjustments, operators shall make sure that machine is clear and other workmen are not in a hazardous position before starting the machine.
- (12) Operators shall not ride the carriage of a veneer slicer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 83–15–017 (Order 83–19), § 296–24–16539, filed 7/13/83, effective 9/12/83; 82–13–045 (Order 82–22), § 296–24–16539, filed 6/11/82; Order 73–5, § 296–24–16539, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–16539, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-180 Abrasive wheel machinery.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-180, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-180, filed 5/7/73.]

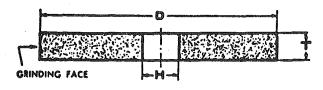
WAC 296-24-18001 Definitions. (1) "Type 1 straight wheels" means wheels having diameter, thickness, and hole size dimensions, and they should be used

only on the periphery. Type 1 wheels shall be mounted between flanges. See Figure No. O-1.

(a) Limitation: Hole dimension (H) should not be greater than two-thirds of wheel diameter dimension (D) for precision, cylindrical, centerless, or surface grinding applications. Maximum hole size for all other applications should not exceed one-half wheel diameter.

Figure No. O-1

Type 1—Straight Wheels.

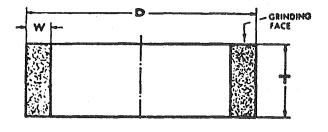


Type 1—Straight Wheel.

Peripheral grinding wheel having a diameter, thickness and hole.

- (2) "Type 2 cylinder wheels" means wheels having diameter, wheel thickness, and rim thickness dimensions. Grinding is performed on the rim face only, dimension W. Cylinder wheels may be plain, plate mounted, inserted nut, or of the projecting stud type. See Figure No. O-2.
- (a) Limitation: Rim height, T dimension, is generally equal to or greater than rim thickness, W dimension.

Figure No. O-2
(Type 2—Cylinder Wheel)

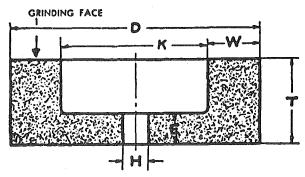


Type 2—Cylinder Wheel

Side grinding wheel having a diameter, thickness and wall—wheel is mounted on the diameter.

- (3) "Type 6 straight cup wheels" means wheels having diameter, thickness, hole size, rim thickness, and back thickness dimensions. Grinding is always performed on rim face, W dimension. See Figure No. O-3.
- (a) Limitation: Minimum back thickness, E dimension, should not be less than one-fourth T dimension. In addition, when unthreaded hole wheels are specified, the inside flat, K dimension, must be large enough to accommodate a suitable flange.

Figure No. 0-3
Type 6—Straight Cup Wheels

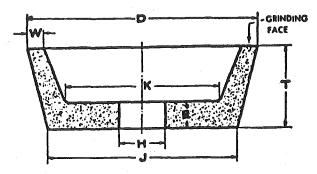


Type 6—Straight Cup Wheel

Side grinding wheel having a diameter, thickness and hole with one side straight or flat and the opposite side recessed. This type, however, differs from Type 5 in that the grinding is performed on the wall of the abrasive created by the difference between the diameter of the recess and the outside diameter of the wheel. Therefore, the wall dimension "W" takes precedence over the diameter of the recess as an essential intermediate dimension to describe this shape type.

- (4) "Type 11 flaring cup wheels" mean wheels having double diameter dimensions D and J and in addition have thickness, hole size, rim and back thickness dimensions. Grinding is always performed on rim face, W dimension. Type 11 wheels are subject to all limitations of use and mounting listed for type 6 straight sided cup wheels definition. See Figure No. O-4.
- (a) Limitation: Minimum back thickness, E dimension, should not be less than one—fourth T dimension. In addition when unthreaded hole wheels are specified the inside flat, K dimension, shall be large enough to accommodate a suitable flange.
- (5) "Modified types 6 and 11 wheels (terrazzo)" mean some type 6 and 11 cup wheels used in the terrazzo trade having tapered K dimensions to match a special tapered flange furnished by the machine builder. See Figure No. O-5.
- (a) Limitation: These wheels shall be mounted only with a special tapered flange.

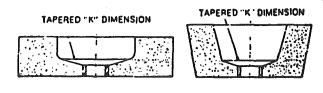
# Figure No. 0-4 Type 11—Flaring Cup Wheels



Type 11—Flaring Cup Wheel

Side grinding wheel having a wall flared or tapered outward from the back. Wall thickness at the back is normally greater than at the grinding face (W).

# Figure No. O-5 Type 6 & 11—Wheels (Terrazzo)



Type 6 (Terrazzo)

Type 11 (Terrazzo)

Typical examples of modified types 6 and 11 wheels (terrazzo) showing tapered K dimensions.

- (6) "Types 27 and 28 depressed center wheels" mean wheels having diameter, thickness, and hole size dimensions. Both types are reinforced, organic bonded wheels having offset hubs which permit side and peripheral grinding operations without interference with the mounting. Type 27 wheels are manufactured with flat grinding rims permitting notching and cutting operations. Type 28 wheels have saucer shaped grinding rims.
- (a) Limitations: Special supporting, back adapter and inside flange nuts are required for the proper mounting of these types of wheels subject to limitations of WAC 296-24-18007 (4)(a) and (b).
- (b) Mounts which are affixed to the wheel by the manufacturer may not require an inside nut and shall not be reused
- (7) "Type 27A depressed center, cutting-off wheels" mean wheels having diameter, thickness, and hole size dimensions. They are reinforced, organic bonded, offset hub type wheels, usually 16 inches diameter and larger, specially designed for use on cutting-off machines where mounting nut or outer flange interference cannot be tolerated.

- (a) Limitations: See WAC 296-24-18007.
- (8) "Surface feet per minute" (s.f.p.m.) means the distance in feet any one abrasive grain on the peripheral surface of a grinding wheel travels in 1 minute.

Surface Feet Per Minute =

3.1416 X diameter in inches X r.p.m.

12

or

.262 X diameter in inches X r.p.m.

Examples: (a) 24-inch diameter wheel, 1,000 revolutions per minute. Surface Feet per minute .262 X 24 X 1,000 = 6,288 s.f.p.m.

- (b) 12-inch diameter wheel, 1,000 revolutions per minute. Surface Feet per minute .262 X 12 X 1,000 = 3,144 s.f.p.m.
- (9) "Flanges" means collars, discs or plates between which wheels are mounted and are referred to as adaptor, sleeve, or back up type. See WAC 296-24-18007 for full description.
- (10) "Snagging" means grinding which removes relatively large amounts of material without regard to close tolerances or surface finish requirements.
- (11) "Off-hand grinding" means the grinding of any material or part which is held in the operator's hand.
- (12) "Safety guard" means an enclosure designed to restrain the pieces of the grinding wheel and furnish all possible protection in the event that the wheel is broken in operation. See WAC 296-24-18005.
- (13) "Cutting off wheels" mean wheels having diameter, thickness and hole size dimensions and are subject to all limitations of mounting and use listed for type 1 wheels, the definition in WAC 296-24-18001(1) and 296-24-18009. They may be steel centered, diamond abrasive or organic bonded abrasive of the plain or reinforced type.
- (a) Limitation: Cutting off wheels are recommended only for use on specially designed and fully guarded machines and are subject to the following maximum thickness and hole size limitations.

	Max.
	thickness
Wheel diameter:	(inch)
6 inch and smaller	3/16
Larger than 6 inches to 12 inches	1/4
Larger than 12 inches to 23 inches	3/8
Larger than 23 inches	1/2

- (b) Maximum hole size for cutting-off wheels should not be larger than 1/4-wheel diameter.
- (14) "Abrasive wheel" means a cutting tool consisting of abrasive grains held together by organic or inorganic bonds. Diamond and reinforced wheels are included.
- (15) "Organic wheels" means wheels which are bonded by means of an organic material such as resin, rubber, shellac, or other similar bonding agent.
- (16) "Inorganic wheels" means wheels which are bonded by means of inorganic material such as clay, glass, porcelain, sodium silicate, magnesium oxychloride,

or metal. Wheels bonded with clay, glass, porcelain or related ceramic materials are characterized as "vitrified bonded wheels."

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-18001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-18001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-18003 General requirements. (1) Machine guarding. Abrasive wheels shall be used only on machines provided with safety guards as defined in WAC 296-24-18005, except:
- (a) Wheels used for internal work while within the work being ground;
- (b) Mounted wheels used in portable operations 2 inches and smaller in diameter; and
- (c) Types 16, 17, 18, 18R, and 19 cones, plugs, and threaded hole pot balls where the work offers protection.
- (2) Guard design. The safety guard shall cover the spindle end, nut, and flange projections. The safety guard shall be mounted so as to maintain proper alignment with the wheel, and the strength of the fastenings shall exceed the strength of the guard, except:
- (a) Safety guards on all operations where the work provides a suitable measure of protection to the operator, may be so constructed that the spindle end, nut, and outer flange are exposed; and where the nature of the work is such as to entirely cover the side of the wheel, the side covers of the guard may be omitted; and
- (b) The spindle end, nut, and outer flange may be exposed on machines designed as portable saws.
- (3) Flanges. Grinding machines shall be equipped with flanges in accordance with WAC 296-24-18007.
- (4) Work rests. On offhand grinding machines, work rests shall be used to support the work. They shall be of rigid construction and designed to be adjustable to compensate for wheel wear. Work rests shall be kept adjusted closely to the wheel with a maximum opening of one-eighth inch to prevent the work from being jammed between the wheel and the rest, which may cause wheel breakage. The work rest shall be securely clamped after each adjustment. The adjustment shall not be made with the wheel in motion.
- (5) Excluded machinery. Natural sandstone wheels and metal, wooden, cloth, or paper discs, having a layer of abrasive on the surface are not covered by WAC 296–24–18003.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-18003, filed 5/9/73; Order 73-4, § 296-24-18003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-18005 Guarding of abrasive wheel machinery. (1) Cup wheels. Cup wheels (types 6 and 11) shall be protected by:

- (a) Safety guards as specified in (1) through (10) of this section.
- (b) Band type guards as specified in (11) of this section; and
- (c) Special "revolving cup guards" which mount behind the wheel and turn with it. They shall be made of

- steel or other material with adequate strength and shall enclose the wheel sides upward from the back for one—third of the wheel thickness. The mounting features shall conform with all requirements of this section. It is necessary to maintain clearance between the wheel side and the guard. This clearance shall not exceed one—sixteenth inch.
- (2) Guard exposure angles. The maximum exposure angles specified in (3) through (8) of this section shall not be exceeded. Visors or other accessory equipment shall not be included as a part of the guard when measuring the guard opening, unless such equipment has strength equal to that of the guard.
- (3) Bench and floor stands. The angular exposure of the grinding wheel periphery and sides for safety guards used on machines known as bench and floor stands should not exceed 90° or one-fourth of the periphery. This exposure shall begin at a point not more than 65° above the horizontal plane of the wheel spindle. (See Figures O-6 and O-7 and (9) of this section.)

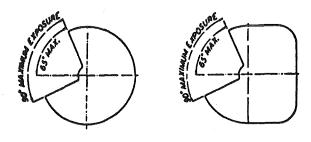


Figure No. O-6

Figure No. 0-7

Wherever the nature of the work requires contact with the wheel below the horizontal plane of the spindle, the exposure shall not exceed 125°. (See Figures O-8 and O-9.)

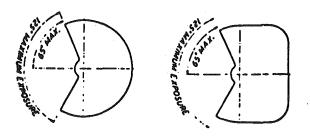


Figure No. O-8

Figure No. 0-9

(4) Cylindrical grinders. The maximum angular exposure of the grinding wheel periphery and sides for safety guards used on cylindrical grinding machines shall not exceed 180°. This exposure shall begin at a point not more than 65° above the horizontal plane of the wheel spindle. (See Figures O-10 and O-11 and (9) of this section.)



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Figure No. O-10

Figure No. O-11

(5) Surface grinders and cutting—off machines. The maximum angular exposure of the grinding wheels periphery and sides for safety guards used on cutting—off machines and on surface grinding machines which employ the wheel periphery shall not exceed 150°. This exposure shall begin at a point not less than 15° below the horizontal plane of the wheel spindle. (See Figures O–12 and O–13.)

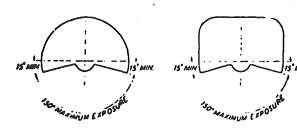


Figure No. O-12

Figure No. O-13

(6) Swing frame grinders. The maximum angular exposure of the grinding wheel periphery and sides for safety guards used on machines known as swing frame grinding machines shall not exceed 180°, and the top half of the wheel shall be enclosed at all times. (See Figures O-14 and O-15.)

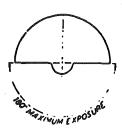




Figure No. O-14

Figure No. O-15

(7) Automatic snagging machines. The maximum angular exposure of the grinding wheel periphery and sides

for safety guards used on grinders known as automatic snagging machines shall not exceed 180° and the top half of the wheel shall be enclosed at all times. (See Figures O-14 and O-15.)

(8) Top grinding. Where the work is applied to the wheel above the horizontal centerline, the exposure of the grinding wheel periphery shall be as small as possible and shall not exceed 60°. (See Figures O-16 and O-17.)



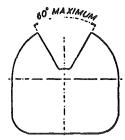
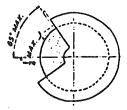


Figure No. O-16

Figure No. O-17

- (9) Exposure adjustment. Safety guards of the types described in (3) and (4) of this section, where the operator stands in front of the opening, shall be constructed so that the peripheral protecting member can be adjusted to the constantly decreasing diameter of the wheel. The maximum angular exposure above the horizontal plane of the wheel spindle as specified in (3) and (4) of this section shall never be exceeded, and the distance between the wheel periphery and the adjustable tongue or the end of the peripheral member at the top shall never exceed one-fourth inch. (See Figures O-18, O-19, O-20, O-21, O-22, and O-23.)
- (10) Material requirements and minimum dimensions.
  (a) See Figures O-36 and O-37 and Table O-9 for minimum basic thickness of peripheral and side members for various types of safety guards and classes of service.
- (b) If operating speed does not exceed 8,000 surface feet per minute cast iron safety guards, malleable iron guards or other guards as described in item (10)(c) of this subsection.
- (c) Cast steel, or structural steel, safety guards as specified in Figures O-36 and O-37 and Table O-9 shall be used where operating speeds of wheels are faster than 8,000 surface feet per minute up to a maximum of 16,000 surface feet per minute.
- (d) For cutting-off wheels 16 inches diameter and smaller and where speed does not exceed 16,000 surface feet per minute, cast iron or malleable iron safety guards as specified in Figures O-36 and O-37 and in Table O-9 shall be used.



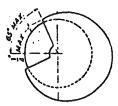
S. Marian Control of the Control of

Figure No. O-18

Figure No. O-19

#### CORRECT

Showing adjustable tongue giving required angular protection for all sizes of wheel used.



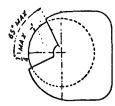
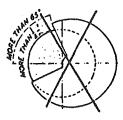


Figure No. O-20

Figure No. O-21

#### CORRECT

Showing movable guard with opening small enough to give required protection for smallest size wheel used.



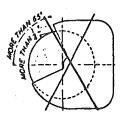


Figure No. O-22

Figure No. O-23

#### **INCORRECT**

Showing movable guard with size of opening correct for full size wheel but too large for smaller wheels.

- (e) For cutting-off wheels larger than 16 inches diameter and where speed does not exceed 14,200 surface feet per minute, safety guards as specified in Figures O-27 and O-28, and in Table O-1 shall be used.
- (f) For thread grinding wheels not exceeding 1 inch in thickness cast iron or malleable iron safety guards as specified in Figures O-36 and O-37, and in Table O-9 shall be used.
- (11) Band type guards—General specifications. Band type guards shall conform to the following general specifications:
- (a) The bands shall be of steel plate or other material of equal or greater strength. They shall be continuous, the ends being either riveted, bolted, or welded together in such a manner as to leave the inside free form projections.

- (b) The inside diameter of the band shall not be more than 1 inch larger than the outside diameter of the wheel, and shall be mounted as nearly concentric with the wheel as practicable.
- (c) The band shall be of sufficient width and its position kept so adjusted that at no time will the wheel protrude beyond the edge of the band a distance greater than that indicated in Figure O-29 and in Table O-2 or the wall thickness (W), whichever is smaller.
- (12) Guard design specifications. Abrasive wheel machinery guards shall meet the design specifications of the American National Standard Safety Code for the Use, Care, and Protection of Abrasive Wheels, ANSI B7.1–1970. This requirement shall not apply to natural sandstone wheels or metal, wooden, cloth, or paper discs, having a layer of abrasive on the surface.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–18005, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–18005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–18005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-18007 Flanges. (1) General requirements. All abrasive wheels shall be mounted between flanges which shall not be less than one—third the diameter of the wheel.

- (a) Exceptions:
- (i) Mounted wheels.
- (ii) Portable wheels with threaded inserts or projecting studs.
- (iii) Abrasive discs (inserted nut, inserted washer and projecting stud type).
  - (iv) Plate mounted wheels.
- (v) Cylinders, cup, or segmental wheels that are mounted in chucks.
  - (vi) Types 27 and 28 wheels.
  - (vii) Certain internal wheels.
  - (viii) Modified types 6 and 11 wheels (terrazzo).
- (ix) Cutting-off wheels, Types 1 and 27A (see (b) and (c) of this section).
- (b) Type 1 cutting—off wheels are to be mounted between properly relieved flanges which have matching bearing surfaces. Such flanges shall be at least one—fourth the wheel diameter.
- (c) Type 27A cutting-off wheels are designed to be mounted by means of flat, not relieved, flanges having matching bearing surfaces and which may be less than one-third but shall not be less than one-fourth the wheel diameter. (See Figure O-24 for one such type of mounting.)
  - (d) There are three general types of flanges:
  - (i) Straight relieved flanges (see Figure O-32);
  - (ii) Straight unrelieved flanges (see Figure O-30);
  - (iii) Adaptor flanges (see Figures O-33 and O-34).
- (e) Regardless of flange type used, the wheel shall always be guarded. Blotters shall be used in accordance with (6) of this section.
  - (2) Design and material.
- (a) Flanges shall be of such design as to satisfactorily transmit the driving torque from the spindle to the grinding wheel.
- (b) Flanges may be made of steel, cast iron, or other material of equal or greater strength and rigidity.

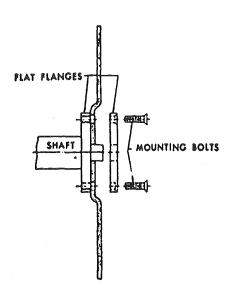


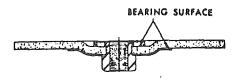
Figure No. O-24

The type 27A wheel is mounted between flat nonrelieved flanges of equal bearing surfaces.

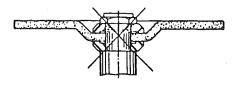
- (c) Flanges shall be designed with respect to rigidity so that when tightened, the radial width of bearing surface of contact on the wheel is maintained. (See Table O-6 and Figure O-32.)
- (3) Finish and balance. Flanges shall be dimensionally accurate and in good balance. There shall be no rough surfaces or sharp edges.
  - (4) Uniformity of diameter.
- (a) Both flanges, of any type, between which a wheel is mounted, shall be of the same diameter and have equal bearing surface. Exceptions are set forth in (4)(b) and (c).
- (b) Type 27 and Type 28 wheels, because of their shape and usage, require specially designed adaptors. The back flange shall extend beyond the central hub or raised portion and contact the wheel to counteract the side pressure on the wheel in use. The adaptor nut which is less than the minimum one-third diameter of wheel fits in the depressed side of wheel to prevent interference in side grinding and serves to drive the wheel by its clamping force against the depressed portion of the back flange. The variance in flange diameters, the adaptor nut being less than one-third wheel diameter, and the use of side pressure in wheel operation limit the use to reinforced organic bonded wheels. Mounts which are affixed to the wheel by the manufacturer shall not be reused. Type 27 and Type 28 wheels shall be used only with a safety guard located between wheel and operator during use. (See Figure O-24-A.)
- (c) Modified Types 6 and 11 wheels (terrazzo) with tapered K dimension.
- (5) Recess and undercut. (a) Straight relieved flanges made according to Table O-6 and Figure O-32 shall be recessed at least one-sixteenth inch on the side next to the wheel for a distance as specified in Table O-6.

(b) Straight flanges of the adaptor or sleeve type (Table O-7 and Figures O-33 and O-34) shall be undercut so that there will be no bearing on the sides of the wheel within one-eighth inch of the arbor hole.

Figure No. O-24-A



CORRECT PROPERLY MOUNTED TYPE 27 WHEEL



#### INCORRECT IMPROPERLY MOUNTED TYPE 27 WHEEL

Types 27 and 28 wheels, because of their shape, require specially designed adaptors.

- (6) Blotters.
- (a) Blotters (compressible washers) shall always be used between flanges and abrasive wheel surfaces to insure uniform distribution of flange pressure. (See WAC 296-24-18009.)
  - (b) Exception:
  - (i) Mounted wheels.
- (ii) Abrasive discs (inserted nut, inserted washer, and projecting stud type).
  - (iii) Plate mounted wheels.
- (iv) Cylinders, cups, or segmental wheels that are mounted in chucks.
  - (v) Types 27 and 28 wheels.
  - (vi) Certain Type 1 and Type 27A cutting-off wheels.
  - (vii) Certain internal wheels.
  - (viii) Type 4 tapered wheels.
- (ix) Diamond wheels, except certain vitrified diamond wheels.
- (x) Modified types 6 and 11 wheel (terrazzo)—blotters applied flat side of wheel only.
- (7) Driving flange. The driving flange shall be securely fastened to the spindle and the bearing surface shall run true. When more than one wheel is mounted between a single set of flanges, wheels may be cemented together or separated by specially designed spacers. Spacers shall be equal in faces. (See WAC 296-24-18009(6).)

- (8) Dimensions.
- (a) Tables O-4 and O-6 and Figures O-30 and O-32 show minimum dimensions for straight relieved and unrelieved flanges for use with wheels with small holes that fit directly on the machine spindle. Dimensions of such flanges shall never be less than indicated and should be greater where practicable.
- (b) Table O-5, and Table O-7 and Figures O-31, O-33, O-34 show minimum dimensions for straight adaptor flanges for use with wheels having holes larger than the spindle. Dimensions of such adaptor flanges shall never be less than indicated and should be greater where practicable.
- (c) Table O-8 and Figure O-35 show minimum dimensions for straight flanges that are an integral part of wheel sleeves which are frequently used on precision grinding machines. Dimensions of such flanges shall never be less than indicated and should be greater where practicable.
- (9) Repairs and maintenance. All flanges shall be maintained in good condition. When the bearing surfaces become worn, warped, sprung, or damaged they should be trued or refaced. When refacing or truing, care shall be exercised to make sure that proper relief and rigidity is maintained as specified in (2) and (5) of this section and they shall be replaced when they do not conform to these requirements and Table O-4, Figure O-30, Table O-5, Figure O-31, Table O-6, Figure O-32, and Table O-35. Failure to observe these rules might cause excessive flange pressure around the hole of the wheel. This is especially true of wheel-sleeve or adaptor flanges.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–18007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–18007, filed 5/7/73.]

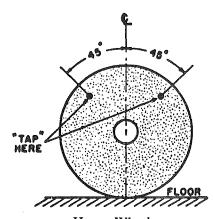
WAC 296-24-18009 Mounting. (1) Inspection. Immediately before mounting, all wheels shall be closely inspected and sounded by the user (ring test) to make sure they have not been damaged in transit, storage, or otherwise. The spindle speed of the machine shall be checked before mounting of the wheel to be certain that it does not exceed the maximum operating speed marked on the wheel. Wheels should be tapped gently with a light nonmetallic implement, such as the handle of a screwdriver for light wheels, or a wooden mallet for heavier wheels. If they sound cracked (dead), they shall not be used. This is known as the "ring test."

(a) Wheels must be dry and free from sawdust when applying the ring test, otherwise the sound will be deadened. It should also be noted that organic bonded wheels do not emit the same clear metallic ring as do vitrified and silicate wheels.



Light Wheels Suspend from hole by small pin or flanger

Figure No. O-25



Heavy Wheels Support on clean hard floor

Figure No. 0-26

- (b) "Tap" wheels about 45° each side of the vertical centerline and about 1 or 2 inches from the periphery as indicated by the spots in Figure O-25 and Figure O-26. Then rotate the wheel 45° and repeat the test. A sound and undamaged wheel will give a clear metallic tone. If cracked, there will be a dead sound and not a clear "ring."
- (2) Arbor size. Grinding wheels shall fit freely on the spindle and remain free under all grinding conditions. A controlled clearance between the wheel hole and the machine spindle (or wheel sleeves or adaptors) is essential to avoid excessive pressure from mounting and spindle expansion. To accomplish this, the machine spindle shall be made to nominal (standard) size plus zero minus .002 inch, and the wheel hole shall be made suitably oversize to assure safety clearance under the conditions of operating heat and pressure.
- (3) Surface condition. All contact surfaces of wheels, blotters and flanges shall be flat and free of foreign matter.

- (4) Bushing. When a bushing is used in the wheel hole it shall not exceed the width of the wheel and shall not contact the flanges.
- (5) Blotters. When blotters or flange facings of compressible material are required, they shall cover entire contact area of wheel flanges. Highly compressible material such as blotting paper as normally used should not exceed .025 inch in thickness. If material of lower compressibility is used, greater thickness may be necessary. Blotters need not be used with the following types of wheels:
  - (a) Mounted wheels.
- (b) Abrasive discs (inserted nut, inserted washer, and projecting-stud type).
  - (c) Plate mounted wheels.
- (d) Cylinders, cups, or segmental wheels that are mounted in chucks.
  - (e) Types 27 and 28 wheels.
  - (f) Certain Type 1 and Type 27A cutting-off wheels.
  - (g) Certain internal wheels.
  - (h) Type 4 tapered wheels.
- (i) Diamond wheels, except certain vitrified diamond wheels.
- (6) Multiple wheel mounting. When more than one wheel is mounted between a single set of flanges, wheels may be cemented together or separated by specially designed spacers. Spacers shall be equal in diameter to the mounting flanges and have equal bearing surfaces. When mounting wheels which have not been cemented together, or ones which do not utilize separating spacers, care must be exercised to use wheels specially manufactured for that purpose.
- (7) Replacing safety guard. After mounting a wheel, care should be taken to see that the safety guard is properly positioned before starting the wheel.

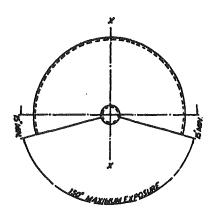
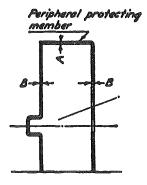


Figure No. 0-27



Section X-X

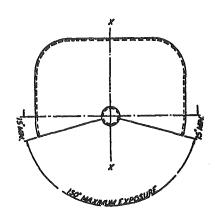


Figure No. O-28

#### TABLE O-1

MINIMUM BASIC THICKNESS FOR PERIPHERAL AND SIDE MEMBERS FOR SAFETY GUARDS USED WITH CUTTING-OFF WHEELS

(TABLE O-1: Part 1--6" through 30")

Material used in construction of guard	Maximum thickness of cutting off wheel	Speed not to exceed	Cutting off wheel diameters						
			6 to 11 inches		Over 11 to 20 in.		Over 20 to 30 in.		
			A	В	A	В	Α	В	
Structural steel min. tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i.)	1/2 inch or less	14,200 SFPM	1/16	1/16	3/32	3/32	1/8	1/8	
	1/2 inch or less	16,000 SFPM	3/32	1/8	1/8	1/8	3/16	1/8	

(TABLE O-1: Part 2-Over 30" through 72")

Material used in construction of guard	Maximum thickness of cutting off wheel	Speed not to exceed	Cutting off wheel diameters				
			not to Over		Over 48 to 72 in.		
			A	В	A	В	
Structural steel min. tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i.)	1/2 inch or less	14,200 SFPM	3/16	3/16	1/4	1/4	
	1/2 inch or less	16,000 SFPM	1/4	3/16	5/16	1/4	

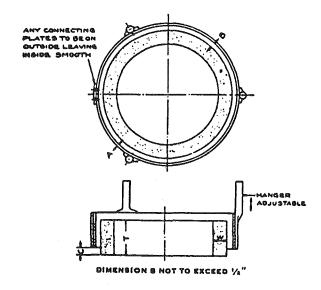


Figure No. O-29

TABLE 0-2
EXPOSURE VERSUS WHEEL THICKNESS

of wheel (C) (inches)
1/4 

TABLE 0-3
GUIDE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BAND TYPE
(Maximum Wheel Speed 7,000 SFPM)

Minimum materia specifications	Diameter of wheel	Minimum thickness of band A	Minimum diameter of	between centers
	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches
Hot rolled steel				
SAE 1008	Under 8-	1/16	3/16	3/4
	8 to 24	——— i/8	1/4	
	Over 24 to 30 -	——— 1 <i>′</i> /4	3/8	1 1/4

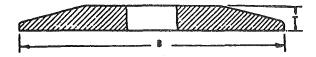


Figure No. O-30

Driving flange secured to spindle for use only on portable wheels with threaded inserts or projecting studs.

TABLE O-4

MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STRAIGHT UNRELIEVED FLANGES FOR WHEELS WITH THREADED INSERTS OR PROJECTING STUDS

Α	$\mathbf{B}^{1}$	T
	Minimum	
Diameter	outside	Minimum
of	diameter	thickness
wheel	of flange	of flange
Inches	Inches	Inches
1	5/8	1/8
2	1	1/8
3	1	3/16
4	1 3/8	3/16
5	1 3/8 1 3/4	1/4
6	2 '	3/8

<sup>1</sup> Note: Must be large enough to extend beyond the bushing. Where prong anchor or cupback bushing are used, this footnote does not apply.

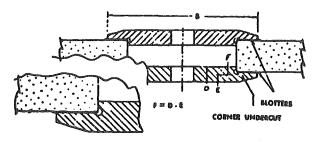


Figure No. O-31 TABLE O-5

MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STRAIGHT ADAPTOR FLANGE FOR ORGANIC BONDED WHEELS OVER 1 1/4 INCHES THICK<sup>1</sup>

		В	D	E	F
Wheel diameter	Wheel hole diameter	Minimum flange diameter	Minimum thickness of flange at bore	Minimum thickness of flange at edge of undercut	(D-E) Minimum thickness
Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches
12 to 14	4	6	7/8	3/8	1/2
	5	7	7/8	3/8	1/2
	6	8	7/8	3/8	1/2
Larger than	n		· ·		,
14 to 18	4	6	7/8	3/8	1/2
	5	7	7/8	3/8	1/2
	6	8 9	7/8	3/8	1/2
	7	9	7/8	3/8	1/2
	8	10	7/8	3/8	1/2
Larger than	n		•	,	•
18 to 24	6	8	1	1/2	1/2
	7	9	1	1/2	1/2
	8	10	1	1/2	1/2
	10	12	1	1/2	1/2
	12	14	1	1/2	1/2
Larger than	n			,	•
24 to 30	12	15	1	1/2	1/2
Larger than	n			•	•
30 to 36	12	15	1 3/8	7/8	1/2

<sup>1</sup>For wheels under 1/4 inches thick F dimension shall not exceed 40 percent of wheel thickness.

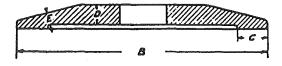


Figure No. O-32
Driving flange secured to spindle.

TABLE 0-6
MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STRAIGHT RELIEVED
FLANGES

$A^1$	В	С		D	E
Diameter of wheel	Minimum outside diameter of flanges	Radial wid bearing su MinimumM	rface	Minimum thickness of flange at bore	Minimum thickness of flange at edge of recess
Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches
2 3 4 5 6 7 10 12 14 16 20 22 24	1 3/8 1 3/4 2 2 1/2 3 1/2 4 4 1/2 6 7 7 1/2 8 8 1/2 10 10 12 14 16	1/16 1/8 1/8 1/8 3/16 1/4 1/4 1/4 5/16 5/16 3/8 1/2 1/2 5/8 5/8 3/4 7/8 7/8 1 1 1 1/4 1 1/4	1/8 3/16 3/16 3/16 3/16 1/4 1/2 1/2 1/2 5/8 5/8 3/4 1 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/2 2 2 2 2	1/16 1/8 3/16 3/16 1/4 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 1/2 1/2 1/2 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 1/8 1/8 1 1/8	1/16 3/32 3/32 1/8 1/8 3/16 3/16 3/16 3/16 5/16 5/16 5/16 5/16 3/8 3/8 7/16 7/16 1/2 1/2 5/8 3/4 3/4 1 1 1/8
72		1 1/2	2 1/2	1 3/8	1 1/4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Flanges for wheels under 2 inches diameter may be unrelieved and shall be maintained flat and true.

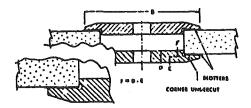


Figure No. O-33
Central Nut Mounting
Driving flange secured to spindle.

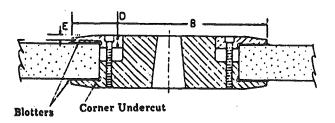


Figure No. O-34 Multiple Screw Mounting Driving flange secured to spindle.

TABLE O-7 MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STRAIGHT FLANGES FOR MECHANICAL GRINDERS 12,500 S.F.P.M. TO 16,500 S.F.P.M.

Wheel diameter	Wheel hole diameter	B Minimum flange diameter	D Minimum thickness of flange at bore	E Minimum thickness of flange at edge of undercut	F <sup>2</sup> (D-E) minimum thickness
20	6	8	1	1/2	1/2
20	8	10	1 1/2	3/4	3/4
24	12	15	2	1	1
30	12	15	2	1	1
36	12	15	2	1	1

 $<sup>^1</sup>F$  lange shall be of steel, quality SAE 1040 or equivalent, annealed plate, heat treated to  $R_c\ 25-30.$   $^2F$  or wheels under 1 1/4 inch thick F dimension shall not exceed 40

percent of wheel thickness.

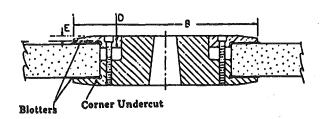


Figure No. O-35 Driving flange secured to spindle.

TABLE 0-8 MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STRAIGHT FLANGES USED AS WHEEL SLEEVES FOR PRECISION GRINDING ONLY

		В	D	E Minimum
Wheel diameter	Wheel hole diameter	Minimum outside diameter of flange	Minimum thickness of flange at bore	thickness of flange at edge of undercut
Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches
12 to 14	5	7	1/2	7/16
	5	7	5/8	7/16
	6	8	5/8	7/16
Larger than	8	10	5/8	7/16

TABLE O-8--cont.

		B Minimum	D Minimum	E Minimum thickness
Wheel diameter	Wheel hole diameter	outside diameter of flange	thickness of flange at bore	of flange at edge of undercut
Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches	Inches
14 to 20	10	11 1/2	5/8	7/16
	12	13 1/2	5/8	7/16
Larger than	8	10	3/4	1/2
20 to 30	10	11 1/2	3/4	1/2
	12	13 1/2	3/4	1/2
	16	17 1/2	3/4	1/2
Larger than	12	13 1/2	3/4	1/2
30 to 42	16	17 1/2	3/4	1/2
	18	19 1/2	3/4	1/2
	20	21 1/2	3/4	1/2
Larger than	16	20	1	3/4
42 to 60	20	24	i	3/4
0 00	24	29	1 1/8	7/8

Note: These flanges may be clamped together by means of a central nut, or by a series of bolts or some other equivalent means of fastening. For hole sizes smaller than shown in this table, use table 12.

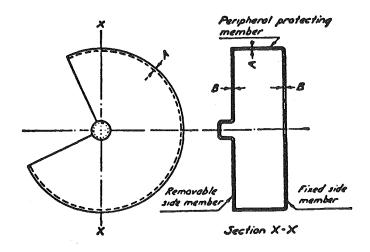


Figure No. 0-36

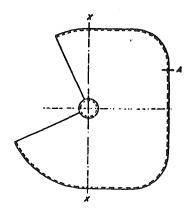


Figure No. O-37

TABLE 0-9
MINIMUM BASIC THICKNESSES OF PERIPHERAL AND SIDE MEMBERS FOR SAFETY GUARDS

(TABLE O-9: Part 1--Diameters 3" to 12")

	Maximum	Grin	ding who	eel diame	ters
Material used in construction of guard	thickness of grinding wheel	3 to 6 inches		Over 6 to 12 inches	
guaru	wilcei -	A	В	A	В
	Inches	Inch	es	Inch	es
Material satis- factory <sup>1</sup> for speeds up to 8,000 SFPM. Cast iron (min. tensile strength 20,000 p.s.i.) Class 20.	2 4 6 8 10 16 20	1/4 5/16 3/8	1/4 5/16 5/16	3/8 3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4	5/16 5/16 7/16 9/16 11/16
Material satis—factory <sup>1</sup> for speeds up to 9,000 SFPM. Malleable iron (min. tensile strength 50,000 p.s.i.) Grade 32510.	2 4 6 8 10 16 20	1/4 5/16 3/8	1/4 5/16 5/16	3/8 3/8 1/2 1/2 1/2	5/16 5/16 7/16 7/16 7/16
Materials satis—factory <sup>1</sup> for speeds up to 16,000 SFPM. Steel castings (min. tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i.) Grade V60—30.	2 4 6 8 10 16 20	1/4 1/4 3/8	1/4 1/4 1/4	5/16 1/2 3/4 7/8	5/16 1/2 5/8 3/4 7/8
Structural steel (min. tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i.).	2 4 6 8 10 16 20	1/8 1/8 3/16	1/16 1/16 1/16	5/16 3/8 1/2 1/2 9/16	1/4 5/16 3/8 3/8 7/16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The recommendations listed in the above table are guides for the conditions stated. Other material, designs or dimensions affording equal or superior protection are also acceptable.

(TABLE 0-9: Part 2-Diameters Over 12" to 20")

	Mayimay	Grinding wheel diameters		ers		
Material used in construction of guard	Maximum thickness of grinding wheel	Over 12 to 16 inches		Over 16 to 20 inches		
guaru	Wilcei	A	В	Α	В	
	Inches	Inches		Inches		
Material satis-	2	1/2	3/8	5/8	1/2	
factory1 for	4	1/2	3/8	3/4	5/8	
speeds up to	6	5/8	1/2	1	5/8	
8,000 SFPM.	8	7/8	3/4	1	3/4	
Cast iron	10	7/8	3/4	1	3/4	
(min. tensile	16	1-1/8	i i	1-1/4	1	
strength	20	•		1-3/8	1-1/8	
20,000 p.s.i.) Class 20.				•	,	
Material satis–	2	1/2	3/8	5/8	1/2	
factory1 for	4	1/2	3/8	5/8	1/2	
speeds up to	6	5/8	1/2	3/4	5/8	
9,000 SFPM.	8	5/8	1/2	3/4	5/8	
Malleable iron	10	5′/8	1/2	3/4	5/8	
(min. tensile	16	13/16	11/16		11/1	
strength	20	,	,	7/8	3/4	
50,000 p.s.i.)					'	
Grade 32510.						
Materials satis-	2	3/8	3/8	1/2	7/16	
factory <sup>1</sup> for	4	1/2	1/2	9/16	1/2	
speeds up to	6	3/4	5/8	3/4	5/8	
16,000 SFPM.	8	7′/8	3/4	7′/8	3/4	
Steel castings	10	1	7/8	1	7/8	
(min. tensile	16	1-1/4 1	-1/8	1-1/4	1-1/8	
strength	20	, .	-7-	• •	1-1/4	
60,000 p.s.i.)				, .	, .	
Grade V60-						
30.						
Structural	2	5/16	1/4	5/16	1/4	
steel (min.	4	3/8	5/16	3/8	5/16	
tensile	6	7/16	3/8	7/16	3/8	
strength	8	9/16	7/16	9/16	7/16	
60,000 p.s.i.).	10	5/8	1/2	5/8	1/2	
- ·	16	5/8	9/16	3/4	5/8	
	20	•		13/16	11/1	

<sup>1</sup>The recommendations listed in the above table are guides for the conditions stated. Other material, designs or dimensions affording equal or superior protection are also acceptable.

(TABLE O-9: Part 3--Diameters Over 20" to 40")

Material used in construction of guard	M	Grinding wheel diameters			
	Maximum thickness of grinding	Over 20 to 24 inches		Over 24 to 40 inches	
	wheel	Α	В	Α	В
	Inches	Inches		Inches	
Material satis-	2	7/8	5/8	1	3/4
factory <sup>1</sup> for	4	1	5/8	1-1/8	3/4
speeds up to	6	1-1/8	3/4	1-1/4	7/8
8,000 SFPM.	8	1-1/8	3/4	1-1/4	7/8
Cast iron	10	1-1/8	3/4	1-1/4	7/8
(min. tensile	16	1-5/16	1		1-1/16
strength	20	1-3/8	1-1/8	1-1/2	1-3/8
20,000 p.s.i.) Class 20.					
Material satis-	2	3/4	5/8	7/8	3/4
factory <sup>1</sup> for	4	3/4	5/8	7/8	3/4
speeds up to	6	7/8	5/8	1	3/4
9,000 SFPM.	8	7/8	5/8	1	3/4
Malleable iron	10	7/8		i	3/4
(min. tensile	16	1	3/4	1-1/8	7/8
strength	20	i	3/4	1-1/8	7/8
50,000 p.s.i.)	20	•	3/4	1-1/0	,,0
Grade 32510.					
Materials satis-	2	5/8	1/2	3/4	5/8
factory1 for	4	5/8	1/2	3/4	5/8
speeds up to	6	13/1			
16,000 SFPM.	8	7/8	3/4	15/16	
Steel castings	10	1-1/8		6 1-1/8	1
(min. tensile	16	1-1/4	1-1/8		1-1/8
strength	20	1-3/8	1-1/4	,	1-5/16
60,000 p.s.i.)	20	1-5/0	11/-	1-7/10	1-5/10
Grade V60-					
30.				at .	
Structural	2	5/16	5 1/4	3/8	5/16
steel (min.	. 4	3/8	5/16		5/16
tensile	6	7/16		7/16	3/8
strength	8	9/16			1/2
60,000 p.s.i.).	10	5/8	1/2	5/8	1/2
00,000 p.s.i.).	16	,	•	•	,
	20	3/4	5/8	13/16	,
	20	13/1	6 11/1	6 7/8	3/4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The recommendations listed in the above table are guides for the conditions stated. Other material, designs or dimensions affording equal or superior protection are also acceptable.

(TABLE O-9: Part 4-Diameters Over 40" to 48")

	Movies	Grinding wheel diameters  Over 40 to 48 inches		
Material used in construction of guard	Maximum thickness of grinding wheel			
guaru	WIICCI	A	В	
110.00	Inches	Inches		
Material satis-	. 2	1-1/4	1	
factory for	4	1-3/8	i	
speeds up to	6	1-1/2	1-1/8	
8,000 SFPM.	8	1-1/2	1-1/8	
Cast iron	10	1-1/2	1-1/8	
(min. tensile	16	1-3/4	1-3/8	
strength	20	2	1-5/8	
20,000 p.s.i.)		-	, .	
Class 20.				
Material satis-	2	1	7/8	
factory1 for	4	1-1/8	7/8	
speeds up to	6	1-1/4	7/8	
9,000 SFPM.	8	1-1/4	7/8	
Malleable iron	10	1-1/4	7/8	
(min. tensile	16	1-3/8	1	
strength	20	1-1/2	1–1/8	
50,000 p.s.i.)				
Grade 32510.				
Material satis-	2	7/8	3/4	
factory <sup>1</sup> for	4	1	3/4	
speeds up to	6	1-1/8	3/4	
16,000 SFPM.	8	1-3/8	1	
Steel castings	10	1-7/16	1-1/16	
(min. tensile	16	1-13/16	1-7/16	
strength	20	2–1/16	1-11/10	
60,000 p.s.i.)				
Grade V60-				
30.				
Structural	2	1/2	3/8	
steel (min.	4	1/2	3/8	
tensile	6	3/4	1/2	
strength	8	3/4	1/2	
60,000 p.s.i.).	10	7/8	5/8	
	16	1-1/16	13/16	
	20	1-3/16	15/10	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The recommendations listed in the above table are guides for the conditions stated. Other material, designs or dimensions affording equal or superior protection are also acceptable.

[Order 73–5, \$296-24-18009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$296-24-18009, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-190 Mills and calenders in the rubber and plastics industries.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-190, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-190, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19001 Definitions. (1) "Bite" means the nip point between any two inrunning rolls.

(2) "Calender" means a machine equipped with two or more metal rolls revolving in opposite directions and used for continuously sheeting or plying up rubber and plastics compounds and for frictioning or coating materials with rubber and plastics compounds.

(3) "Mill" means a machine consisting of two adjacent metal rolls, set horizontally, which revolve in opposite directions (i.e. toward each other as viewed from above) used for the mechanical working of rubber and plastics compounds.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-19001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-19001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19003 General requirements. (1) New installations. All new installations after August 27, 1971, shall be in conformity with WAC 296-24-190 through 296-24-19015.
- (2) Existing installations. All existing plant installations or equipment contracted for prior to the effective date of these standards, shall comply with WAC 296-24-190 through 296-24-19015.
- (3) Auxiliary equipment. Mechanical and electrical equipment and auxiliaries shall be installed in accordance with this section and the state of Washington safety standards for installing electric wires and equipment, WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (4) Mill roll heights. All new mill installations shall be installed so that the top of the operating rolls is not less than 50 inches above the level on which the operator stands, irrespective of the size of the mill. This distance shall apply to the actual working level, whether it be at the general floor level, in a pit, or on a platform.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050, 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–19003, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–19003, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19003, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19005 Mill safety controls. (1) Safety trip control. A safety trip control shall be provided in front and in back of each mill. It shall be accessible and shall operate readily on contact. The safety trip control shall be one of the following types or a combination thereof.
- (a) Pressure—sensitive body bars. Installed at front and back of each mill having a 46-inch roll height or over. These bars shall operate readily by pressure of the mill operator's body. Pressure—sensitive body bars should be installed on new equipment.
- (b) Safety triprod. Installed in the front and in the back of each mill and located with 2 inches of a vertical plane tangent to the front and rear rolls. The top rods shall be not more than 72 inches above the level on which the operator stands. The triprods shall be accessible and shall operate readily whether the rods are pushed or pulled.
- (c) Safety tripwire cable or wire center cord. Installed in the front and in the back of each mill and located within 2 inches of a vertical plane tangent to the front and rear rolls. The cables shall not be more than 72 inches above the level on which the operator stands. The tripwire cable or wire center cord shall operate readily whether cable or cord is pushed or pulled.

- (2) Fixed guards. A fixed bar across the front and one across the back of the mill approximately 40 inches vertically above the working level and 20 inches horizontally from the crown face of the roll should be used where they are applicable.
- (3) Auxiliary equipment. All auxiliary equipment such as mill divider, support bars, spray pipes, feed conveyors, strip knives, etc., shall be located in such a manner as to avoid interference with access to and operation of safety devices.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-19005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-19005, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19007 Calender safety controls. (1) Safety trip, face. A-safety triprod, cable, or wire center cord shall be provided across each pair of in-running rolls extending the length of the face of the rolls. It shall be readily accessible and operate whether pushed or pulled. The safety tripping devices shall be located within reach of the operator and the bite.
- (2) Safety trip, side. On both sides of the calender and near each end of the face of the roll, there shall be a cable or wire center cord connected to the safety trip. These lines should be not more than 12 inches from the faces of the respective rolls and not less than 2 inches from the calender frame. They should be anchored to the frame not more than 6 inches from the floor or operator's platform. They shall operate readily when pushed or pulled.

[Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–19007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–19007, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19009 Protection by location. (1) Mills. Where a mill is so installed that persons cannot normally reach through, over, under or around to come in contact with the roll bite or be caught between a roll and an adjacent object, then, provided such elements are made a fixed part of a mill, safety control devices listed in WAC 296-24-19005 shall not apply.
- (2) Calenders. Where a calender is so installed that persons cannot normally reach through, over, under, or around to come in contact with the roll bite or be caught between a roll and an adjacent object, then, provided such elements are made a fixed part of a calender, safety control devices listed in WAC 296-24-19007 shall not apply.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–19009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–19009, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19011 Trip and emergency switches. All trip and emergency switches shall not be of the automatically resetting type, but shall require manual resetting.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-19011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-19011, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19013 Stopping limits. (1) Determination of distance of travel. All measurements on mills and calenders shall be taken with the rolls running empty at maximum operating speed. Stopping distances shall be expressed in inches of surface travel of the roll

from the instant the emergency stopping device is actuated.

- (2) Stopping limits for mills. All mills irrespective of the size of the rolls or their arrangement (individually or group-driven) shall be stopped within a distance, as measured in inches of surface travel, not greater than 1 1/2 percent of the peripheral no-load surface speeds of the respective rolls as determined in feet per minute.
  - (3) Stopping limits for calenders.
- (a) All calenders, irrespective of size of the rolls or their configuration, shall be stopped within a distance, as measured in inches of surface travel, not greater than 1 3/4 percent of the peripheral no-load surface speeds of the respective calender rolls as determined in feet per minute.
- (b) Where speeds above 250 feet per minute as measured on the surface of the drive roll are used, stopping distances of more than 1 3/4 percent are permissible. Such stopping distances shall be subject to engineering determination.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-19013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-19013, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19015 Alarm. Where an exposure is created by the operation, and the operators are not within sight or hearing of other employees, a suitable alarm device should be provided so that assistance will be available in case of accidents.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-19015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-19015, filed 926-24-19015

- WAC 296-24-195 Mechanical power presses. (1) Mechanical powered machines that shear, punch, form, or assemble metal or material by means of tools or dies attached to slides, and are identified by their respective manufacturers as "mechanical power presses" are regulated by sections which include WAC 296-24-195 in the subsection number.
- (2) Combination, multipurpose powered machines, commonly referred to as "iron workers," that punch, shear, notch, cope, and form metals or other materials, single-end punches, double-end punches, structured shearing machines, notching machines, coping machines, beam punches, detail punches, and spacing punches, machines similar in construction and function to mechanical power presses, but which are specifically identified by the respective manufacturers as "iron workers," and machines whose distinguishing feature is the multiple work stations at which various operations may be performed singly or simultaneously, including, but not limited to, punching, shearing, notching, coping, and forming shall be regulated by subsections which include WAC 296-24-150 in the subsection number.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–195, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 76–6, § 296–24–195, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–195, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–195, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19501 Definitions. (1) "Antirepeat" means the part of the clutch/brake control system designed to limit the press to a single stroke if the tripping

- means is held operated. Antirepeat requires release of all tripping mechanisms before another stroke can be initiated. "Antirepeat" is also called single stroke reset or reset circuit.
- (2) "Brake" means the mechanism used on a mechanical power press to stop and/or hold the crankshaft, either directly or through a gear train, when the clutch is disengaged.
- (3) "Bolster plate" means the plate attached to the top of the bed of the press having drilled holes or T-slots for attaching the lower die or die shoe.
- (4) "Clutch" means the coupling mechanism used on a mechanical power press to couple the flywheel to the crankshaft, either directly or through a gear train.
- (5) "Full revolution clutch" means a type of clutch that, when tripped, cannot be disengaged until the crankshaft has completed a full revolution and the press slide a full stroke.
- (6) "Part revolution clutch" means a type of clutch that can be disengaged at any point before the crankshaft has completed a full revolution and the press slide a full stroke.
- (7) "Direct drive" means the type of driving arrangement wherein no clutch is used; coupling and decoupling of the driving torque is accomplished by energization and deenergization of a motor. Even though not employing a clutch, direct drives match the operational characteristics of "part revolution clutches" because the driving power may be disengaged during the stroke of the press.
- (8) "Concurrent" means acting in conjunction, and is used to describe a situation wherein two or more controls exist in an operated condition at the same time.
- (9) "Continuous" means uninterrupted multiple strokes of the slide without intervening stops (or other clutch control action) at the end of individual strokes.
- (10) "Counterbalance" means the mechanism that is used to balance or support the weight of the connecting rods, slide, and slide attachments.
- (11) "Device" means a press control or attachment that:
- (a) Restrains the operator from inadvertently reaching into the point of operation, or
- (b) Prevents normal press operation if the operator's hands are inadvertently within the point of operation, or
- (c) Automatically withdraws the operator's hands if the operator's hands are inadvertently within the point of operation as the dies close, or
- (d) Prevents the initiation of a stroke, or stops the stroke in progress, when there is an intrusion through the sensing field by any part of the operator's body or by any other object.
- (12) "Presence sensing device" means a device designed, constructed and arranged to create a sensing field or area that signals the clutch/brake control to deactivate the clutch and activate the brake of the press when any part of the operator's body or a hand tool is within such field or area.
- (13) "Gate or movable barrier device" means a movable barrier arranged to enclose the point of operation before the press stroke can be started.

- (14) "Holdout or restraint device" means a mechanism, including attachments for operator's hands, that when anchored and adjusted prevent the operator's hands from entering the point of operation.
- (15) "Pull-out device" means a mechanism attached to the operator's hands and connected to the upper die or slide of the press, that is designed, when properly adjusted, to withdraw the operator's hands as the dies close, if the operator's hands are inadvertently within the point of operation.
- (16) "Sweep device" means a single or double arm (rod) attached to the upper die or slide of the press and designed to move the operator's hands to a safe position as the dies close, if the operator's hands are inadvertently within the point of operation.
- (17) "Two hand control device" means a two hand trip that further requires concurrent pressure from both hands of the operator during a substantial part of the die—closing portion of the stroke of the press.
- (18) "Die" means the tooling used in a press for cutting or forming material. An upper and a lower die make a complete set.
- (19) "Die builder" means any person who builds dies for power presses.
- (20) "Die set" means a tool holder held in alignment by guide posts and bushings and consisting of a lower shoe, an upper shoe or punch holder, and guide posts and bushings.
- (21) "Die setter" means an individual who places or removes dies in or from mechanical power presses, and who, as a part of his duties, makes the necessary adjustments to cause the tooling to function properly and safely.
- (22) "Die setting" means the process of placing or removing dies in or from a mechanical power press, and the process of adjusting the dies, other tooling and safeguarding means to cause them to function properly and safely.
- (23) "Die shoe" means a plate or block upon which a die holder is mounted. A die shoe functions primarily as a base for the complete die assembly, and, when used, is bolted or clamped to the bolster plate or the face of slide.
- (24) "Ejector" means a mechanism for removing work or material from between the dies.
- (25) "Face of slide" means the bottom surface of the slide to which the punch or upper die is generally attached
- (26) "Feeding" means the process of placing or removing material within or from the point of operation.
- (27) "Automatic feeding" means feeding wherein the material or part being processed is placed within or removed from the point of operation by a method or means not requiring action by an operator on each stroke of the press.
- (28) "Semiautomatic feeding" means feeding wherein the material or part being processed is placed within or removed from the point of operation by an auxiliary means controlled by operator on each stroke of the press.

- (29) "Manual feeding" means feeding wherein the material or part being processed is handled by the operator on each stroke of the press.
- (30) "Foot control" means the foot operated control mechanism designed to be used with a clutch or clutch/brake control system.
- (31) "Foot pedal" means the foot operated lever designed to operate the mechanical linkage that trips a full revolution clutch.
- (32) "Guard" means a barrier that prevents entry of the operator's hands or fingers into the point of operation.
- (33) "Die enclosure guard" means an enclosure attached to the die shoe or stripper, or both, in a fixed position.
- (34) "Fixed barrier guard" means a die space barrier attached to the press frame.
- (35) "Interlocked press barrier guard" means a barrier attached to the press frame and interlocked so that the press stroke cannot be started normally unless the guard itself, or its hinged or movable sections, enclose the point of operation.
- (36) "Adjustable barrier guard" means a barrier requiring adjustment for each job or die setup.
- (37) "Guide post" means the pin attached to the upper or lower die shoe, operating within the bushing on the opposing die shoe, to maintain the alignment of the upper and lower dies.
- (38) "Hand feeding tool" means any hand held tool designed for placing or removing material or parts to be processed within or from the point of operation.
- (39) "Inch" means an intermittent motion imparted to the slide (on machines using part revolution clutches) by momentary operation of the "inch" operating means. Operation of the "inch" operating means engages the driving clutch so that a small portion of one stroke or indefinite stroking can occur, depending upon the length of time the "inch" operating means is held operated. "Inch" is a function used by the die setter for setup of dies and tooling, but is not intended for use during production operations by the operator.
- (40) "Jog" means an intermittent motion imparted to the slide by momentary operation of the drive motor, after the clutch is engaged with the flywheel at rest.
- (41) "Knockout" means a mechanism for releasing material from either die.
- (42) "Liftout" means the mechanism also known as knockout.
- (43) "Operator's station" means the complete complement of controls used by or available to an operator on a given operation for stroking the press.
- (44) "Pinch point" means any point other than the point of operation at which it is possible for a part of the body to be caught between the moving parts of a press or auxiliary equipment, or between moving and stationary parts of a press or auxiliary equipment or between the material and moving part or parts of the press or auxiliary equipment.
- (45) "Point of operation" means the area of the press where material is actually positioned and work is being

performed during any process such as shearing, punching, forming, or assembling.

- (46) "Press" means a mechanically powered machine that shears, punches, forms or assembles metal or other material by means of cutting, shaping, or combination dies attached to slides. A press consists of a stationary bed or anvil, and a slide (or slides) having a controlled reciprocating motion toward and away from the bed surface, the slide being guided in a definite path by the frame of the press.
- (47) "Repeat" means an unintended or unexpected successive stroke of the press resulting from a malfunction.
- (48) "Safety block" means a prop that, when inserted between the upper and lower dies or between the bolster plate and the face of the slide, prevents the slide from falling of its own deadweight.
- (49) "Single stroke" means one complete stroke of the slide, usually initiated from a full open (or up) position, followed by closing, (or down), and then a return to the full open position.
- (50) "Single stroke mechanism" means an arrangement used on a full revolution clutch to limit the travel of the slide to one complete stroke at each engagement of the clutch.
- (51) "Slide" means the main reciprocating press member. A slide is also called a ram, plunger, or platen.
- (52) "Stop control" means an operator control designed to immediately deactivate the clutch control and activate the brake to stop slide motion.
- (53) "Stripper" means a mechanism or die part for removing the parts or material from the punch.
- (54) "Stroking selector" means the part of the clutch/brake control that determines the type of stroking when the operating means is actuated. The stroking selector generally includes positions for "off" (clutch control), "inch," "single stroke," and "continuous" (when continuous is furnished).
- (55) "Trip or (tripping)" means activation of the clutch to "run" the press.
- (56) "Turnover bar" means a bar used in die setting to manually turn the crankshaft of the press.
- (57) "Two-hand trip" means a clutch actuating means requiring the concurrent use of both hands of the operator to trip the press.
- (58) "Unitized tooling" means a type of die in which the upper and lower members are incorporated into a selfcontained unit so arranged as to hold the die members in alignment.
- (59) "Control system" means sensors, manual input and mode selection elements, interlocking and decision—making circuitry, and output elements to the press operating mechanism.
- (60) "Brake monitor" means a sensor designed, constructed, and arranged to monitor the effectiveness of the press braking system.
- (61) "Presence sensing device initiation" means an operating mode of indirect manual initiation of a single stroke by a presence sensing device when it senses that

- work motions of the operator, related to feeding and/or removing parts, are completed and all parts of the operator's body or hand tools are safely clear of the point of operation.
- (62) "Safety system" means the integrated total system, including the pertinent elements of the press, the controls, the safeguarding and any required supplemental safeguarding, and their interfaces with the operator, and the environment, designed, constructed, and arranged to operate together as a unit, such that a single failure or single operating error will not cause injury to personnel due to point of operation hazards.
- (63) "Authorized person" means one to whom the authority and responsibility to perform a specific assignment has been given by the employer.
- (64) "Certification" or "certify" means, in the case of design certification/validation, that the manufacturer has reviewed and tested the design and manufacture, and in the case of installation certification/validation and annual recertification/revalidation, that the employer has reviewed and tested the installation, and concludes in both cases that the requirements of WAC 296–24–19503 through 296–24–19515 and 296–24–20700 have been met. The certifications are made to the validation organization.
- (65) "Validation" or "validate" means for PSDI safety systems that a WISHA recognized third-party validation organization:
- (a) For design certification/validation has reviewed the manufacturer's certification that the PSDI safety system meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 and the underlying tests and analyses performed by the manufacturer, has performed additional tests and analyses which may be required by WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700, and concludes that the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 have been met; and
- (b) For installation certification/validation and annual recertification/revalidation has reviewed the employer's certification that the PSDI safety system meets the requirements of WAC 296–24–19503 through 296–24–19515 and 296–24–20700 and the underlying tests performed by the employer, has performed additional tests and analyses which may be required by WAC 296–24–19503 through 296–24–19515 and 296–24–20700, and concludes that the requirements of WAC 296–24–19503 through 296–24–19515 and 296–24–20700 have been met.
- (66) "Certification/validation" and "certify/validate" means the combined process of certification and validation.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-19501, filed 11/14/88; Order 76-6, § 296-24-19501, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-19501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-19501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19503 General requirements. (1) New installations. The requirements of this section shall apply

to all mechanical power presses installed on or after August 31, 1971, except that the requirements of subsections 19505 (13), (14) and 19507(5) of WAC 296-24-195 shall be complied with by November 1, 1975.

- (2) Former installations. The requirements of this section shall apply to all mechanical power presses installed prior to August 31, 1971, except that the requirements of section 19505 and 19507 of WAC 296–24–195 shall be complied with by November 1, 1975.
- (3) All installations. The requirements of this section pertaining to the care and use of mechanical power presses shall apply to all mechanical power press operations as of February 15, 1972.
- (4) Reconstruction and modification. It shall be the responsibility of any person reconstructing, or modifying a mechanical power press to do so in accordance with WAC 296-24-19505.
- (5) Excluded machines. Press brakes, hydraulic and pneumatic power presses, bulldozers, hot bending and hot metal presses, forging presses and hammers, riveting machines and similar types of fastener applicators are excluded from the requirements of this section.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–19503, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19505 Mechanical power press guarding and construction, general. (1) Hazards to personnel associated with broken or falling machine components. Machine components shall be designed, secured, or covered to minimize hazards caused by breakage, or loosening and falling or release of mechanical energy (i.e. broken springs).
- (2) Brakes. Friction brakes provided for stopping or holding a slide movement shall be inherently self-engaging by requiring power or force from an external source to cause disengagement; brake capacity shall be sufficient to stop the motion of the slide quickly and capable of holding the slide and its attachments at any point in its travel.
  - (3) Machines using full revolution positive clutches.
- (a) Machines using full revolution clutches shall incorporate a single-stroke mechanism.
- (b) If the single-stroke mechanism is dependent upon spring action, the spring(s) shall be of the compression type, operating on a rod or guided within a hole or tube, and designed to prevent interleaving of the spring coils in event of breakage.
  - (4) Foot pedals (treadle).
- (a) The pedal mechanism shall be protected to prevent unintended operation from falling or moving objects or by accidental stepping onto the pedal.
- (b) A pad with a nonslip contact area shall be firmly attached to the pedal.
- (c) The pedal return spring(s) shall be of the compression type, operating on a rod or guided within a hole or tube, or designed to prevent interleaving of spring coils in event of breakage.
- (d) If pedal counterweights are provided, the path of the travel of the weight shall be enclosed.
  - (5) Hand operated levers.

- (a) Hand-lever-operated power presses shall be equipped with a spring latch on the operating lever to prevent premature or accidental tripping.
- (b) The operating levers on hand-tripped presses having more than one operating station shall be interlocked to prevent the tripping of the press except by the "concurrent" use of all levers.
  - (6) Two-hand trip.
- (a) A two-hand trip shall have the individual operator's hand controls protected against unintentional operation and have the individual operator's hand controls arranged by design and construction and/or separation to require the use of both hands to trip the press and use a control arrangement requiring concurrent operation of the individual operator's hand controls.
- (b) Two-hand trip systems on full revolution clutch machines shall incorporate an antirepeat feature.
- (c) If two-hand trip systems are used on multiple operator presses, each operator shall have a separate set of controls.
  - (7) Machines using part revolution clutches.
- (a) The clutch shall release and the brake shall be applied when the external clutch engaging means is removed, deactivated, or deenergized.
- (b) A red color stop control shall be provided with the clutch/brake control system. Momentary operation of the stop control shall immediately deactivate the clutch and apply the brake. The stop control shall override any other control, and reactuation of the clutch shall require use of the operating (tripping) means which has been selected.
- (c) A means of selecting off, "inch" single stroke, and "continuous" (when the continuous function is furnished) shall be supplied with the clutch/brake control to select type of operation of the press. Fixing of selection shall be by means capable of supervision by the employer.
- (d) The "inch" operating means shall be designed to prevent exposure of the workers hands within the point of operation by:
- (i) Requiring the concurrent use of both hands to actuate the clutch, or
- (ii) Being a single control protected against accidental actuation and so located that the worker cannot reach into the point of operation while operating the single control.
- (e) Two-hand controls for single stroke shall conform to the following requirements:
- (i) Each hand control shall be protected against unintended operation and arranged by design, construction, and/or separation so that the concurrent use of both hands is required to trip the press.
- (ii) The control system shall be designed to permit an adjustment which will require concurrent pressure from both hands during the die closing portion of the stroke.
- (iii) The control system shall incorporate an antirepeat feature.
- (iv) The control system shall be designed to require release of all operator's hand controls before an interrupted stroke can be resumed. This requirement pertains

only to those single stroke two-hand controls manufactured and installed on or after August 31, 1971.

- (f) [Reserved.]
- (g) Controls for more than one operating station shall be designed to be activated and deactivated in complete sets of two operator's hand controls per operating station by means capable of being supervised by the employer. The clutch/brake control system shall be designed and constructed to prevent actuation of the clutch if all operating stations are bypassed.
- (h) Those clutch/brake control systems which contain both single and continuous functions shall be designed so that completion of continuous circuits may be supervised by the employer. The initiation of continuous run shall require a prior action or decision by the operator in addition to the selection of "continuous" on the stroking selector, before actuation of the operating means will result in continuous stroking.
- (i) If foot control is provided, the selection method between hand and foot control shall be separate from the stroking selector and shall be designed so that the selection may be supervised by the employer.
- (j) Foot operated tripping controls, if used, shall be protected so as to prevent operation from falling or moving objects, or from unintended operation by accidental stepping onto the foot control.
- (k) The control of air—clutch machines shall be designed to prevent a significant increase in the normal stopping time due to failure within the operating valve mechanism, and to inhibit further operation if such failure does occur. These requirements shall apply only to those clutch/brake air—valve controls manufactured and installed on or after August 31, 1971, but shall not apply to machines intended only for continuous automatic feeding applications.
- (1) The clutch/brake control shall incorporate an automatic means to prevent initiation or continued activation of the single stroke or continuous functions unless the press drive motor is energized and in the forward direction.
- (m) The clutch/brake control shall automatically deactivate in event of failure of the power or pressure supply for the clutch engaging means. Reactivation of clutch shall require restoration of normal supply and the use of the tripping mechanism(s).
- (n) The clutch/brake control shall automatically deactivate in event of failure of the counterbalance(s) air supply. Reactivation of the clutch shall require restoration of normal air supply and use of the tripping mechanism(s).
- (o) Selection of bar operation shall be by means capable of being supervised by the employer. A separate pushbutton shall be employed to activate the clutch, and the clutch shall be activated only if the driver motor is deenergized.
  - (8) Electrical.
- (a) A main power disconnect switch capable of being locked only in the Off position shall be provided with every power press control system.
- (b) The motor start button shall be protected against accidental operation.

- (c) All mechanical power press controls shall incorporate a type of drive motor starter that will disconnect the drive motor from the power source in event of control voltage or power source failure, and require operation of the motor start button to restart the motor when voltage conditions are restored to normal.
- (d) All a.c. control circuits and solenoid valve coils shall be powered by not more than a nominal 120-volt a.c. supply obtained from a transformer with an isolated secondary. Higher voltages that may be necessary for operation of machine or control mechanisms shall be isolated from any control mechanism handled by the operator, but motor starters with integral start—stop buttons may utilize line voltage cont. All d.c. control circuits shall be powered by not more than nominal 240-volt d.c. supply isolated from any higher voltages.
- (e) All clutch/brake control electrical circuits shall be protected against the possibility of an accidental ground in the control circuit causing false operation of the press.
- (f) Electrical clutch/brake control circuits shall incorporate features to minimize the possibility of an unintended stroke in event of the failure of a control component to function properly, including relays, limit switches, and static output circuits.
  - (9) Slide counterbalance systems.
- (a) Spring counterbalance systems when used shall incorporate means to retain system parts in event of breakage.
- (b) Spring counterbalances when used shall have the capability to hold the slide and its attachments at midstroke, without brake applied.
- (c) Air counterbalance cylinders shall incorporate means to retain the piston and rod in case of breakage or loosening.
- (d) Air counterbalance cylinders shall have adequate capability to hold the slide and its attachments at any point in stroke, without brake applied.
- (e) Air counterbalance cylinders shall incorporate means to prevent failure of capability (sudden loss of pressure) in event of air supply failure.
- (10) Air controlling equipment. Air controlling equipment shall be protected against foreign material and water entering the pneumatic system of the press. A means of air lubrication shall be provided when needed.
- (11) Hydraulic equipment. The maximum anticipated working pressures in any hydraulic system on a mechanical power press shall not exceed the safe working pressure rating of any component used in that system.
- (12) Pressure vessels. All pressure vessels used in conjunction with power presses shall conform to the American Society of Mechanical Engineers Code for Pressure Vessels, 1968 Edition.
- (13) Control reliability. When required by subsection 19507(5) of WAC 296-24-195, the control system shall be constructed so that a failure within the system does not prevent the normal stopping action from being applied to the press when required, but does prevent initiation of a successive stroke until the failure is corrected. The failure shall be detectable by a simple test, or indicated by the control system. This requirement does not apply to those elements of the control system which have

no effect on the protection against point of operation injuries.

- (14) Brake system monitoring. When required by subsection 19507(5) of WAC 296-24-195, the brake monitor shall meet the following requirements:
- (a) Be so constructed as to automatically prevent the activation of a successive stroke if the stopping time or braking distance deteriorates to a point where the safety distance being utilized does not meet the requirements set forth in item 19507 (3)(c)(v) or 19507 (3)(g)(iii) of this section. The brake monitor used with the Type B gate or movable barrier device shall be installed in a manner to detect slide top—stop overrun beyond the normal limit reasonably established by the employer.
- (b) Be installed on a press such that it indicates when the performance of the braking system has deteriorated to the extent described in subdivision 19505 (14)(a) of this section; and
- (c) Be constructed and installed in a manner to monitor brake system performance on each stroke.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–19505, filed 3/1/76; Order 74–27, § 296–24–19505, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19505, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-19507 Safeguarding the point of operation. (1) General requirements.

- (a) It shall be the responsibility of the employer to provide and insure the usage of "point of operation guards" or properly applied and adjusted point of operation devices on every operation performed on a mechanical power press. See Table O-10.
- (b) The requirement of (a) of this subsection shall not apply when the point of operation opening is one—fourth inch or less. See Table O-10.

TABLE 0-10
MAXIMUM OPENINGS UNDER GUARDS

Distance of Opening From Point of Operation Hazard (Inches)	Maximum Openin Under Guard (Inches)		
1/2 to 1-1/2	1/2 		

#### MAXIMUM OPENINGS THROUGH GUARDS

Material	Guard Clearance From Hazard Point	Largest Mesh or Opening (Inches)	
Woven Wire, Expanded Metal or Perforated Metal	From 2 to 4 4 to 15	1/2 2	
Wood or Metal Strips (Crossed)	From 2 to 4 4 to 15	3/8	
Wood or Metal Strips (Not Crossed)	From 2 to 4 4 to 15	1/2 width of strip 1 width of strip	

Note: The specifications for the materials used for filling barrier, point of operation guards is contained in Table O-12, WAC 296-24-20531. When plastic is used as filling, it shall be 1/4 inch thick (minimum).

- (2) Point of operation guards.
- (a) Every point of operation guard shall meet the following design, construction, application and adjustment requirements:
- (i) It shall prevent entry of hands or fingers into the point of operation by reaching through, over, under or around the guard;
- (ii) It shall conform to the maximum permissible openings of Table O-10;
- (iii) It shall, in itself, create no pinch point between the guard and moving machine parts;
- (iv) It shall utilize fasteners not readily removable by operator, so as to minimize the possibility of misuse or removal of essential parts;
  - (v) It shall facilitate its inspection, and
- (vi) It shall offer maximum visibility of the point of operation consistent with other requirements.
- (b) A die enclosure guard shall be attached to the die shoe or stripper in a fixed position.
- (c) A fixed barrier guard shall be attached securely to the frame of the pressor to the bolster plate.
- (d) An interlocked press barrier guard shall be attached to the press frame or bolster and shall be interlocked with the press clutch control so that the clutch cannot be activated unless the guard itself, or the hinged or movable sections of the guard are in position to conform to the requirements of Table O-10.
- (e) The hinged or movable sections of an interlocked press barrier guard shall not be used for manual feeding. The guard shall prevent opening of the interlocked section and reaching into the point of operation prior to die closure or prior to the cessation of slide motion. See subsection (3)(b) of this section regarding manual feeding through interlocked press barrier devices.

- (f) The adjustable barrier guard shall be securely attached to the press bed, bolster plate, or die shoe, and shall be adjusted and operated in conformity with Table O-10 and the requirements of this subsection. Adjustments shall be made only by authorized personnel whose qualifications include a knowledge of the provisions of Table O-10 and this subsection.
- (g) A point of operation enclosure which does not meet the requirements of this subsection and Table 0-10 shall be used only in conjunction with point of operation devices.
  - (3) Point of operation devices.
- (a) Point of operation devices shall protect the operator by:
- (i) Preventing and/or stopping normal stroking of the press if the operator's hands are inadvertently placed in the point of operation; or
- (ii) Preventing the operator from inadvertently reaching into the point of operation or withdrawing his/her hands if they are inadvertently located in the point of operation, as the dies close; or
- (iii) Preventing the operator from inadvertently reaching into the point of operation at all times; or
  - (iv) [Reserved.]
- (v) Requiring application of both of the operator's hands to machine operating controls and locating such controls at such a safety distance from the point of operation that the slide completes the downward travel or stops before the operator can reach into the point of operation with his/her hands; or
- (vi) Enclosing the point of operation before a press stroke can be initiated and maintaining this closed condition until the motion of the slide had ceased; or
- (vii) Enclosing the point of operation before a press stroke can be initiated, so as to prevent an operator from reaching into the point of operation prior to die closure or prior to cessation of slide motion during the downward stroke.
- (b) The gate or movable barrier device shall protect the operator as follows:
- (i) A Type A gate or movable barrier device shall protect the operator in the manner specified in (a)(vi) of this subsection.
- (ii) A Type B gate or movable barrier device shall protect the operator in the manner specified in (a)(vii) of this subsection.
- (c) A presence sensing point of operation device shall protect the operator as provided in (a)(i) of this subsection, and shall be interlocked into the control circuit to prevent or stop slide motion if the operator's hand or other part of his/her body is within the sensing field of the device during the downstroke of the press slide.
- (i) The device may not be used on machines using full revolution clutches.
- (ii) The device may not be used as a tripping means to initiate slide motion, except when used in total conformance with WAC 296-24-19517.
- (iii) The device shall be constructed so that a failure within the system does not prevent the normal stopping action from being applied to the press when required,

- but does prevent the initiation of a successive stroke until the failure is corrected. The failure shall be indicated by the system.
- (iv) Muting (bypassing of the protective function) of such device, during the upstroke of the press slide, is permitted for the purpose of parts ejection, circuit checking, and feeding.
- (v) The safety distance (Ds) from the sensing field to the point of operation shall be greater than the distance determined by the following formula:

Ds = 63 inches/second x Ts where:

Ds = minimum safety distance (inches);

63 inches/second = hand speed constant; and

- Ts = stopping time of the press measured at approximately 90° position of crankshaft rotation (seconds).
- (vi) Guards shall be used to protect all areas of entry to the point of operation not protected by the presence sensing device.
- (d) The pull—out device shall protect the operator as specified in (a)(ii) of this subsection and shall include attachments for each of the operator's hands.
- (i) Attachments shall be connected to and operated only by the press slide or upper die.
- (ii) Attachment shall be adjusted to prevent the operator from reaching into the point of operation or to withdraw the operator's hands from the point of operation before the dies close.
- (iii) A separate pull—out device shall be provided for each operator if more than one operator is used on a press.
- (iv) Each pull-out device in use shall be visually inspected and checked for proper adjustment at the start of each operator shift, following a new die set-up, and when operators are changed. Necessary maintenance or repair or both shall be performed and completed before the press is operated. Records of inspections and maintenance shall be kept in accordance with WAC 296-24-19511
- (e) The sweep device, shall protect the operator as specified in (a)(ii) of this subsection, by removing his/her hands safely to a safe position if they are inadvertently located in the point of operation, as the dies close or prior to tripping the clutch. Devices operating in this manner shall have a barrier, attached to the sweep arm in such a manner as to prevent the operator from reaching into the point of operation, past the trailing edge of the sweep arm on the downward stroke of the press. This device may not be used for point of operation safeguarding after December 31, 1976.
- (i) The sweep device must be activated by the slide or by motion of a foot pedal triprod.
- (ii) The sweep device must be designed, installed and operated so as to prevent the operator from reaching into the point of operation before the dies close.
- (iii) The sweep device must be installed so that it will not itself create an impact or shear hazard between the sweep arm and the press tie rods, dies, or any other part of the press or barrier.
- (iv) Partial enclosure conforming with (e) of this subsection, as to the area of entry which they protect, must be provided on both sides of the point of operation to prevent the operator from reaching around or behind the

sweep device and into the point of operation after the dies start to close. Partial enclosures shall not themselves create a pinch point or shear hazard.

- (f) A holdout or a restraint device shall protect the operator as specified in (a)(iii) of this subsection and shall include attachments for each of the operator's hands. Such attachments shall be securely anchored and adjusted in such a way that the operator is restrained from reaching into the point of operation. A separate set of restraints shall be provided for each operator if more than one operator is required on a press.
- (g) The two hand control device shall protect the operator as specified in (a)(v) of this subsection.
- (i) When used in press operations requiring more than one operator, separate two hand controls shall be provided for each operator, and shall be designed to require concurrent application of all operators' controls to activate the slide. The removal of a hand from any control button shall cause the slide to stop.
- (ii) Each two hand control shall meet the construction requirements of WAC 296-24-19505 (7)(e).
- (iii) The safety distance (Ds) between each two hand control device and the point of operation shall be greater than the distance determined by the following formula:

Ds = 63 inches/second x Ts, where:

Ds = minimum safety distance (inches);

63 inches/second = hand speed constant; and

Ts = stopping time of the press measured at approximately 90° position of crankshaft rotation (seconds).

- (iv) Two hand control shall be fixed in position so that only a supervisor or safety engineer is capable of relocating the controls.
- (h) The two hand trip device shall protect the operator as specified in (a)(v) of this subsection.
- (i) When used in press operations requiring more than one operator, separate two hand trips shall be provided for each operator, and shall be designed to require concurrent application of all operators' controls to activate the slide.
- (ii) Each two hand trip shall meet the construction requirements of WAC 296-24-19505(6).
- (iii) The safety distance (Dm) between the two hand trip and the point of operation shall be greater than the distance determined by the following formula:

Dm = 63 inches/second x Tm; where:

Dm = minimum safety distance (inches);

63 inches/second = hand speed constant; and

In an appear constant, and
 Tm = the maximum time the press takes for the die closure after it has been tripped (seconds). For full revolution clutch presses with only one engaging point Tm is equal to the time necessary for one and one-half revolutions of the crankshaft. For full revolution clutch presses with more than one engaging point, Tm shall be calculated as follows:

$$Tm = \begin{cases} 1 & 1 & time necessary \\ -+ & Number of \\ 2 & engaging points \\ per revolution & shaft (seconds) \end{cases}$$

(iv) Two hand trips shall be fixed in position so that only a supervisor or safety engineer is capable of relocating the controls.

- (i) [Reserved.]
- (4) Hand feeding tools. Hand feeding tools are intended for placing and removing materials in and from the press. Hand feeding tools are not a point of operation guard or protection device and shall not be used in lieu of the "guards" or devices required in this section.
- (5) Additional requirements for safeguarding. Where the operator feeds or removes parts by placing one or both hands in the point of operation, and a two hand control, presence sensing device of Type B gate or movable barrier (on a part revolution clutch) is used for safeguarding:
- (i) The employer shall use a control system and a brake monitor which comply with WAC 296-24-19505 (13) and (14). This requirement shall be complied with by November 1, 1975;
- (ii) The exception in WAC 296-24-19505 (7)(e)(iv) for two hand controls manufactured and installed before August 31, 1971, is not applicable under this subsection;
- (iii) The control of air clutch machines shall be designed to prevent a significant increase in the normal stopping time due to a failure within the operating valve mechanism, and to inhibit further operation if such failure does occur, where a part revolution clutch is employed. The exception in WAC 296-24-19505 (7)(k) for controls manufactured and installed before August 31, 1971, is not applicable under this subsection.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–19507, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–19507, filed 11/13/80; Order 76–6, § 296–24–19507, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19507, filed 5/7/73.]

Reviser's note: The brackets and enclosed material in the text of the above section occurred in the copy filed by the agency and appear herein pursuant to the requirements of RCW 34.08.040.

WAC 296-24-19509 Design, construction, setting and feeding of dies. (1) General requirements. Effective February 1, 1975, the employer shall:

- (a) Use dies and operating methods designed to control or eliminate hazards to operating personnel, and
- (b) Furnish and enforce the use of hand tools for freeing and removing stuck work or scrap pieces from the die, so that no employee need reach into the point of operation for such purposes.
  - (2) [Reserved.]
- (3) Scrap handling. The employer shall provide means for handling scrap from roll feed or random length stock operations. Scrap cutters used in conjunction with scrap handling systems shall be safeguarded in accordance with WAC 296–24–19507 and 296–24–205, mechanical power–transmission apparatus.
- (4) Guide post hazard. The hazard created by a guide post (when it is located in the immediate vicinity of the operator) when separated from its bushing by more than one-fourth inch shall be considered as a point of operation hazard and be protected in accordance with WAC 296-24-19507.
- (5) Unitized tooling. If unitized tooling is used, the opening between the top of the punch holder and the face of the slide, or striking pad, shall be safeguarded in

accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-19507.

- (6) Tonnage, stroke and weight designation. All dies shall be:
- (a) Stamped with the tonnage and stroke requirements, or have these characteristics recorded if these records are readily available to the die setter;
- (b) Stamped to indicate upper die weight when necessary for air counterbalance pressure adjustment; and
- (c) Stamped to indicate complete die weight when handling equipment may become overloaded.
- (7) Die fastening. Provision shall be made in both the upper and lower shoes for securely mounting the die to the bolster and slide. Where clamp caps or setscrews are used in conjunction with punch stems, additional means of securing the upper shoe to the slide shall be used.
- (8) Die handling. Handling equipment attach points shall be provided on all dies requiring mechanical handling.
  - (9) Diesetting.
- (a) The employer shall establish a diesetting procedure that will insure compliance with WAC 296-24-19507.
- (b) The employer shall provide spring loaded turnover bars, for presses designed to accept such turnover bars.
- (c) The employer shall provide die stops or other means to prevent losing control of the die while setting or removing dies in presses which are inclined.
- (d) The employer shall provide and enforce the use of safety blocks for use whenever dies are being adjusted or repaired in the press.
- (e) The employer shall provide brushes, swabs, lubricating rolls and automatic or manual pressure guns so that operators and diesetters shall not be required to reach into the point of operation or other hazard areas to lubricate material, punches or dies.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–02–003 (Order 81–32), § 296–24–19509, filed 12/24/81; Order 76–6, § 296–24–19509, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19509, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-19511 Inspection, maintenance and modification of presses. (1) Inspection and maintenance records. (a) It shall be the responsibility of the employer to establish and follow a program of periodic and regular inspections of his power presses to insure that all their parts, auxiliary equipment and safeguards are in a safe operating condition and adjustment. The employer shall maintain records of these inspections and the maintenance work performed.

- (b) Each press shall be inspected and tested no less than weekly to determine the condition of the clutch/brake mechanism, anti-repeat feature and single stroke mechanism. Necessary maintenance or repair or both shall be performed and completed before the press is operated. The employer shall maintain records of these inspections and the maintenance work performed. These requirements do not apply to those presses which comply with subsections 19505 (13) and (14).
- (2) Modification. It shall be the responsibility of any person modifying a power press to furnish instructions

- with the modification to establish new or changed guidelines for use and care of the power press so modified.
- (3) Training of maintenance personnel. It shall be the responsibility of the employer to insure the original and continuing competence of personnel caring for, inspecting and maintaining power presses.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–19511, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-19513 Operation of power presses. (1) Employment of minors. The employer shall permit no one under 18 years of age to operate or assist in the operation of machinery covered in this section, except that this section shall not be deemed to prohibit the employment of persons who are 16 or 17 years of age in an apprenticeship training program which meets the requirements contained in chapter 49.04 RCW, apprenticeship.
- (2) Instruction to operators. The employer shall train and instruct the operator in the safe method of work before starting work on any operation covered by this section. The employer shall insure by adequate supervision that correct operating procedures are being followed.
- (3) Work area. The employer shall provide clearance between machines so that movement of one operator will not interfere with the work of another. Ample room for cleaning machines, handling material, work pieces, and scrap shall also be provided. All surrounding floors shall be kept in good condition and free from obstructions, grease, oil and water.
- (4) Overloading. The employer shall operate his presses within the tonnage and attachment weight ratings specified by the manufacturer.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–19513, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–19513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–19513, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-19517 Presence sensing device initiation (PSDI). (1) General.

- (a) The requirements of this section shall apply to all part revolution mechanical power presses used in the PSDI mode of operation.
- (b) The relevant requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 of this part also shall apply to all presses used in the PSDI mode of operation, whether or not cross referenced in this section. Such cross-referencing of specific requirements from WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 of this part is intended only to enhance convenience and understanding in relating to the new provisions to the existing standard, and is not to be construed as limiting the applicability of other provisions in WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 of this part.
- (c) Full revolution mechanical power presses shall not be used in the PSDI mode of operation.
- (d) Mechanical power presses with a configuration which would allow a person to enter, pass through, and become clear of the sensing field into the hazardous portion of the press shall not be used in the PSDI mode of operation.

- (e) The PSDI mode of operation shall be used only for normal production operations. Die-setting and maintenance procedures shall comply with WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 of this part, and shall not be done in the PSDI mode.
  - (2) Brake and clutch requirements.
- (a) Presses with flexible steel band brakes or with mechanical linkage actuated brakes or clutches shall not be used in the PSDI mode.
- (b) Brake systems on presses used in the PSDI mode shall have sufficient torque so that each average value of stopping times (Ts) for stops initiated at approximately forty-five degrees, sixty degrees, and ninety degrees, respectively, of crankshaft angular position, shall not be more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the average value of the stopping time at the top crankshaft position. Compliance with this requirement shall be determined by using the heaviest upper die to be used on the press, and operating at the fastest press speed if there is speed selection.
- (c) Where brake engagement and clutch release is effected by spring action, such spring(s) shall operate in compression on a rod or within a hole or tube, and shall be of noninterleaving design.
  - (3) Pneumatic systems.
  - (a) Air valve and air pressure supply/control.
- (i) The requirements of WAC 296-24-19505 (7)(m) and (n), (10), (12) and WAC 296-24-19507 (5)(c) of this part apply to the pneumatic systems of machines used in the PSDI mode.
- (ii) The air supply for pneumatic clutch/brake control valves shall incorporate a filter, an air regulator, and, when necessary for proper operation, a lubricator.
- (iii) The air pressure supply for clutch/brake valves on machines used in the PSDI mode shall be regulated to pressures less than or equal to the air pressure used when making the stop time measurements required by subsection (2)(b) of this section.
  - (b) Air counterbalance systems.
- (i) Where presses that have slide counterbalance systems are used in the PSDI mode, the counterbalance system shall also meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-19505(9) of this part.
- (ii) Counterbalances shall be adjusted in accordance with the press manufacturer's recommendations to assure correct counterbalancing of the slide attachment (upper die) weight for all operations performed on presses used in the PSDI mode. The adjustments shall be made before performing the stopping time measurements required by subsections (2)(b), (5)(c), and (9)(f) of this section.
- (4) Flywheels and bearings. Presses whose designs incorporate flywheels running on journals on the crankshaft or back shaft, or bull gears running on journals mounted on the crankshaft, shall be inspected, lubricated, and maintained as provided in subsection (10) of this section to reduce the possibility of unintended and uncontrolled press strokes caused by bearing seizure.
  - (5) Brake monitoring.

- (a) Presses operated in the PSDI mode shall be equipped with a brake monitor that meets the requirements of subsections (3) and (14) of this section. In addition, the brake monitor shall be adjusted during installation certification to prevent successive stroking of the press if increases in stopping time cause an increase in the safety distance above that required by subsection (9)(f) of this section.
- (b) Once the PSDI safety system has been certified/ validated, adjustment of the brake monitor shall not be done without prior approval of the validation organization for both the brake monitor adjustment and the corresponding adjustment of the safety distance. The validation organization shall in its installation validation, state that in what circumstances, if any, the employer has advance approval for adjustment, when prior oral approval is appropriate and when prior approval must be in writing. The adjustment shall be done under the supervision of an authorized person whose qualifications include knowledge of safety distance requirements and experience with the brake system and its adjustment. When brake wear or other factors extend press stopping time beyond the limit permitted by the brake monitor, adjustment, repair, or maintenance shall be performed on the brake or other press system element that extends the stopping time.
- (c) The brake monitor setting shall allow an increase of no more than ten percent of the longest stopping time for the press, or ten milliseconds, whichever is longer, measured at the top of the stroke.
  - (6) Cycle control and control systems.
- (a) The control system on presses used in the PSDI mode shall meet the applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 (7), (8), and (13) and 296-24-19507(5) of this part.
- (b) The control system shall incorporate a means of dynamically monitoring for decoupling of the rotary position indicating mechanism drive from the crankshaft. This monitor shall stop slide motion and prevent successive press strokes if decoupling occurs, or if the monitor itself fails.
- (c) The mode selection means of WAC 296-24-19503 (7)(c) of this part shall have at least one position for selection of the PSDI mode. Where more than one interruption of the light sensing field is used in the initiation of a stroke, either the mode selection means must have one position for each function, or a separate selection means shall be provided which becomes operable when the PSDI mode is selected. Selection of PSDI mode and the number of interruptions/withdrawals of the light sensing field required to initiate a press cycle shall be by means capable of supervision by the employer.
- (d) A PSDI set-up/reset means shall be provided which requires an overt action by the operator, in addition to PSDI mode selection, before operation of the press by means of PSDI can be started.
- (e) An indicator visible to the operator and readily seen by the employer shall be provided which shall clearly indicate that the system is set—up for cycling in the PSDI mode.

- (f) The control system shall incorporate a timer to deactivate PSDI when the press does not stroke within the period of time set by the timer. The timer shall be manually adjustable, to a maximum time of thirty seconds. For any timer setting greater than fifteen seconds, the adjustment shall be made by the use of a special tool available only to authorized persons. Following a deactivation of PSDI by the timer, the system shall make it necessary to reset the set—up/reset means in order to reactivate the PSDI mode.
- (g) Reactivation of PSDI operation following deactivation of the PSDI mode from any other cause, such as activation of the red color stop control required by WAC 296-24-19503 (7)(b) of this part, interruption of the presence sensing field, opening of an interlock, or reselection of the number of sensing field interruptions/withdrawals required to cycle the press, shall require resetting of the set-up/reset means.
- (h) The control system shall incorporate an automatic means to prevent initiation or continued operation in the PSDI mode unless the press drive motor is energized in the forward direction of crankshaft rotation.
- (i) The control design shall preclude any movement of the slide caused by operation of power on, power off, or selector switches, or from checks for proper operations as required by this subsection.
- (j) All components and subsystems of the control system shall be designed to operate together to provide total control system compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (k) Where there is more than one operator of a press used for PSDI, each operator shall be protected by a separate, independently functioning, presence sensing device. The control system shall require that each sensing field be interrupted the selected number of times prior to initiating a stroke. Further, each operator shall be provided with a set—up/reset means that meets the requirements of this subsection, and which must be actuated to initiate operation of the press in the PSDI mode.
- (1) The control system shall incorporate interlocks for supplemental guards, if used, which will prevent stroke initiation or will stop a stroke in progress if any supplemental guard fails or is deactivated.
- (m) The control system shall perform checks for proper operation of all cycle control logic element switches and contacts at least once each cycle. Control elements shall be checked for correct status after power "on" and before the initial PSDI stroke.
- (n) The control system shall have provisions for an "inch" operating means meeting the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 (7)(b) of this part. Die-setting shall not be done in the PSDI mode. Production shall not be done in the "inch" mode.
- (o) The control system shall permit only a single stroke per initiation command.
- (p) Controls with internally stored programs (e.g., mechanical, electro-mechanical, or electronic) shall meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-19505(13) of

- this part, and shall default to a predetermined safe condition in the event of any single failure within the system. Programmable controllers which meet the requirements for controls with internally stored programs stated above shall be permitted only if all logic elements affecting the safety system and point of operation safety are internally stored and protected in such a manner that they cannot be altered or manipulated by the user to an unsafe condition.
- (7) Environmental requirements. Control components shall be selected, constructed, and connected together in such a way as to withstand expected operational and environmental stresses, at least including those outlined in WAC 296-24-20700. Such stresses shall not so affect the control system as to cause unsafe operation.
  - (8) Safety system.
- (a) Mechanical power presses used in the PSDI mode shall be operated under the control of a safety system which, in addition to meeting the applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19505(13) and 296-24-19507(5) and other applicable provisions of this part, shall function such that a single failure or single operating error shall not cause injury to personnel from point of operation hazards.
- (b) The safety system shall be designed, constructed, and arranged as an integral total system, including all elements of the press, the controls, the safeguarding and any required supplemental safeguarding, and their interfaces with the operator and that part of the environment which has effect on the protection against point of operation hazards.
  - (9) Safeguarding the point of operation.
- (a) The point of operation of presses operated in the PSDI mode shall be safeguarded in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-19507 of this part, except that the safety distance requirements of (f) of this subsection shall be used for PSDI operation.
- (b) PSDI shall be implemented only by use of light curtain (photo-electric) presence sensing devices which meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-19507 (3)(c)(iii) of this part unless the requirements of (c) of this subsection have been met.
- (c) Alternatives to photo-electric light curtains may be used for PSDI when the employer can demonstrate, through tests and analysis by the employer or the manufacturer, that the alternative is as safe as the photoelectric light curtain, that the alternative meets the conditions of this section, has the same long-term reliability as light curtains and can be integrated into the entire safety system as provided for in this section. Prior to use, both the employer and manufacturer must certify that these requirements and all the other applicable requirements of this section are met and these certifications must be validated by an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization to meet these additional requirements and all the other applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 of this part. Three months prior to the operation of any alternative system, the employer must notify the OSHA Directorate of Safety Standards Programs of the name of the system to be installed, the manufacturer

and the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization immediately. Upon request, the employer must make available to that office all tests and analyses for OSHA review.

- (d) Individual sensing fields of presence sensing devices used to initiate strokes in the PSDI mode shall cover only one side of the press.
- (e) Light curtains used for PSDI operation shall have minimum object sensitivity not to exceed one and one-fourth inches (31.75 mm). Where light curtain object sensitivity is user-adjustable, either discretely or continuously, design features shall limit the minimum object sensitivity adjustment not to exceed one and one-fourth inches (31.75 mm). Blanking of the sensing field is not permitted.
- (f) The safety distance (Ds) from the sensing field of the presence sensing device to the point of operation shall be greater than or equal to the distance determined by the formula:

$$Ds=Hs(Ts+Tp+Tr+2Tm)+Dp$$

Where:

Ds=Minimum safety distance.

Hs=Hand speed constant of sixty-three inches per second (1.6 m/s).

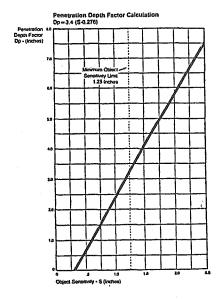
Ts=Longest press stopping time, in seconds, computed by taking averages of multiple measurements at each of three positions (forty-five degrees, sixty degrees, and ninety degrees) of crankshaft angular position; the longest of the three averages is the stopping time to use. (Ts is defined as the sum of the kinetic energy dissipation time plus the pneumatic/magnetic/hydraulic reaction time of the clutch/brake operating mechanism(s).)

Tp=Longest presence sensing device response time, in seconds.

Tr=Longest response time, in seconds, of all interposing control elements between the presence sensing device and the clutch/brake operating mechanism(s).

Tm=Increase in the press stopping time at the top of the stroke, in seconds, allowed by the brake monitor for brake wear. The time increase allowed shall be limited to no more than ten percent of the longest press stopping time measured at the top of the stroke, or ten milliseconds, whichever is longer.

Dp=Penetration depth factor, required to provide for possible penetration through the presence sensing field by fingers or hand before detection occurs. The penetration depth factor shall be determined from Graph A-1 using the minimum object sensitivity size.



- (g) The presence sensing device location shall either be set at each tool change and set—up to provide at least the minimum safety distance, or fixed in location to provide a safety distance greater than or equal to the minimum safety distance for all tooling set—ups which are to be used on that press.
- (h) Where presence sensing device location is adjustable, adjustment shall require the use of a special tool available only to authorized persons.
- (i) Supplemental safeguarding shall be used to protect all areas of access to the point of operation which are unprotected by the PSDI presence sensing device. Such supplemental safeguarding shall consist of either additional light curtain (photo-electric) presence sensing devices or other types of guards which meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-19507 and 296-24-19515 of this part.
- (A) Presence sensing devices used as supplemental safeguarding shall not initiate a press stroke, and shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-19507 (3)(c) and other applicable provisions of this part, except that the safety distance shall comply with (f) of this subsection.
- (B) Guards used as supplemental safeguarding shall conform to the design, construction and application requirements of WAC 296-24-19507(2) of this part, and shall be interlocked with the press control to prevent press PSDI operation if the guard fails, is removed, or is out of position.
- (j) Barriers shall be fixed to the press frame or bolster to prevent personnel from passing completely through the sensing field, where safety distance or press configuration is such that personnel could pass through the PSDI presence sensing field and assume a position where the point of operation could be accessed without detection by the PSDI presence sensing device. As an alternative, supplemental presence sensing devices used only in the safeguard mode may be provided. If used, these

devices shall be located so as to detect all operator locations and positions not detected by the PSDI sensing field, and shall prevent stroking or stop a stroke in process when any supplemental sensing field(s) are interrupted.

- (k) Hand tools. Where tools are used for feeding, removal of scrap, lubrication of parts, or removal of parts that stick on the die in PSDI operations:
- (i) The minimum diameter of the tool handle extension shall be greater than the minimum object sensitivity of the presence sensing device(s) used to initiate press strokes; or
- (ii) The length of the hand tool shall be such as to ensure that the operator's hand will be detected for any safety distance required by the press set—ups.
  - (10) Inspection and maintenance.
- (a) Any press equipped with presence sensing devices for use in PSDI, or for supplemental safeguarding on presses used in the PSDI mode, shall be equipped with a test rod of diameter specified by the presence sensing device manufacturer to represent the minimum object sensitivity of the sensing field. Instructions for use of the test rod shall be noted on a label affixed to the presence sensing device.
- (b) The following checks shall be made at the beginning of each shift and whenever a die change is made.
- (i) A check shall be performed using the test rod according to the presence sensing device manufacturer's instructions to determine that the presence sensing device used for PSDI is operational.
- (ii) The safety distance shall be checked for compliance with this section.
- (iii) A check shall be made to determine that all supplemental safeguarding is in place. Where presence sensing devices are used for supplemental safeguarding, a check for proper operation shall be performed using a test rod according to the presence sensing device manufacturer's instructions.
- (iv) A check shall be made to assure that the barriers and/or supplemental presence sensing devices required by this section are operating properly.
- (v) A system or visual check shall be made to verify correct counterbalance adjustment for die weight according to the press manufacturer's instructions, when a press is equipped with a slide counterbalance system.
- (c) When presses used in the PSDI mode have flywheel or bullgear running on crankshaft mounted journals and bearings, or a flywheel mounted on back shaft journals and bearings, periodic inspections following the press manufacturer's recommendations shall be made to ascertain that bearings are in good working order, and that automatic lubrication systems for these bearings (if automatic lubrication is provided) are supplying proper lubrication. On presses with provision for manual lubrication of flywheel or bullgear bearings, lubrication shall be provided according to the press manufacturer's recommendations.
- (d) Periodic inspections of clutch and brake mechanisms shall be performed to assure they are in proper operating condition. The press manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed.

- (e) When any check of the press, including those performed in accordance with the requirements of (b), (c), or (d) of this subsection, reveals a condition of noncompliance, improper adjustment, or failure, the press shall not be operated until the condition has been corrected by adjustment, replacement, or repair.
- (f) It shall be the responsibility of the employer to ensure the competence of personnel caring for, inspecting, and maintaining power presses equipped for PSDI operation, through initial and periodic training.
  - (11) Safety system certification/validation.
- (a) Prior to the initial use of any mechanical press in the PSDI mode, two sets of certification and validation are required:
- (i) The design of the safety system required for the use of a press in the PSDI mode shall be certified and validated prior to installation. The manufacturer's certification shall be validated by an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization to meet all applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 of this part.
- (ii) After a press has been equipped with a safety system whose design has been certified and validated in accordance with this section, the safety system installation shall be certified by the employer, and then shall be validated by an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization to meet all applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 of this part.
- (b) At least annually thereafter, the safety system on a mechanical power press used in the PSDI mode shall be recertified by the employer and revalidated by an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization to meet all applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19515 and 296-24-20700 of this part. Any press whose safety system has not been recertified and revalidated within the preceding twelve months shall be removed from service in the PSDI mode until the safety system is recertified and revalidated.
- (c) A label shall be affixed to the press as part of each installation certification/validation and the most recent recertification/revalidation. The label shall indicate the press serial number, the minimum safety distance (Ds) required by subsection (9)(f) of this section, the fulfillment of design certification/validation, the employer's signed certification, the identification of the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization, its signed validation, and the date the certification/validation and recertification/revalidation are issued.
- (d) Records of the installation certification and validation and the most recent recertification and revalidation shall be maintained for each safety system equipped press by the employer as long as the press is in use. The records shall include the manufacture and model number of each component and subsystem, the calculations of the safety distance as required by subsection (9)(f) of this section, and the stopping time measurements required by subsection (2)(b) of this section. The most recent records shall be made available to OSHA upon request.

- (e) The employer shall notify the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization within five days whenever a component or a subsystem of the safety system fails or modifications are made which may affect the safety of the system. The failure of a critical component shall necessitate the removal of the safety system from service until it is recertified and revalidated, except recertification by the employer without revalidation is permitted when a noncritical component or subsystem is replaced by one of the same manufacture and design as the original, or determined by the third-party validation organization to be equivalent by similarity analysis, as set forth in WAC 296-24-20700.
- (f) The employer shall notify the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization within five days of the occurrence of any point of operation injury while a press is used in the PSDI mode. This is in addition to the report of injury required by WAC 296-24-19515 of this part; however, a copy of that report may be used for this purpose.
  - (12) Die setting and work set-up.
- (a) Die setting on presses used in the PSDI mode shall be performed in accordance with WAC 296-24-19509.
- (b) The PSDI mode shall not be used for die setting or set-up. An alternative manual cycle initiation and control means shall be supplied for use in die setting which meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19505(7).
- (c) Following a die change, the safety distance, the proper application of supplemental safeguarding, and the slide counterbalance adjustment (if the press is equipped with a counterbalance) shall be checked and maintained by authorized persons whose qualifications include knowledge of the safety distance, supplemental safeguarding requirements, and the manufacturer's specifications for counterbalance adjustment. Adjustment of the location of the PSDI presence sensing device shall require use of a special tool available only to the authorized persons.
  - (13) Operator training.
- (a) The operator training required by WAC 296-24-19513(2) shall be provided to the employee before the employee initially operates the press and as needed to maintain competence, but not less than annually thereafter. It shall include instruction relative to the following items for presses used in the PSDI mode.
- (i) The manufacturer's recommended test procedures for checking operation of the presence sensing device. This shall include the use of the test rod required by subsection (10)(a) of this section.
  - (ii) The safety distance required.
- (iii) The operation, function, and performance of the PSDI mode.
- (iv) The requirements for handtools that may be used in the PSDI mode.
- (v) The severe consequences that can result if the operator attempts to circumvent or by-pass any of the safeguard or operating functions of the PSDI system.
- (b) The employer shall certify that employees have been trained by preparing a certification record which includes the identity of the person trained, the signature

of the employer or the person who conducted the training, and the date the training was completed. The certification record shall be prepared at the completion of training and shall be maintained on file for the duration of the employee's employment. The certification record shall be made available upon request to the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-19517, filed 11/14/88.]

WAC 296-24-197 Compactors. General requirements. An antirepeat device shall be installed on compactors which will prohibit the compacting of material while the gate or door is raised or open. When adjustments or clearing of jams are necessary, means shall be provided for locking out the control energy.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-197, filed 5/7/74.]

### WAC 296-24-200 Forging machines.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-200, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-200, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20001 Definitions. (1) "Forging" means the product of work on metal formed to a desired shape by impact or pressure in hammers, forging machines (upsetters), presses, rolls, and related forming equipment. Forging hammers, counterblow equipment and high-energy-rate forging machines impart impact to the workpiece, while most other types of forging equipment impart squeeze pressure in shaping the stock. Some metals can be forged at room temperature, but the majority of metals are made more plastic for forging by heating.
- (2) "Open framehammers (or blacksmith hammers)" mean hammers used primarily for the shaping of forgings by means of impact with flat dies. Open frame hammers generally are so constructed that the anvil assembly is separate form the operating mechanism and machine supports; it rests on its own independent foundation. Certain exceptions are forging hammers made with frame mounted on the anvil, e.g., the smaller, single–frame hammers are usually made with the anvil and frame in one piece.
- (3) "Steam hammers" mean a type of drop hammer where the ram is raised for each stroke by a double-action steam cylinder and the energy delivered to the workpiece is supplied by the velocity and weight of the ram and attached upper die driven downward by steam pressure. Energy delivered during each stroke may be varied.
- (4) "Gravity hammers" mean a class of forging hammer wherein energy for forging is obtained by the mass and velocity of a freely falling ram and the attached upper die. Examples: Board hammers and air-lift hammers.
- (5) "Forging presses" mean a class of forging equipment wherein the shaping of metal between dies is performed by mechanical or hydraulic pressure, and usually is accomplished with a single workstroke of the press for each die station.

- (6) "Trimming presses" mean a class of auxiliary forging equipment which removes flash or excess metal from a forging. This trimming operation can also be done cold, as can coining, a product sizing operation.
- (7) "High-energy-rate forging machines" mean a class of forging equipment wherein high ram velocities resulting from the sudden release of a compressed gas against a free piston impart impact to the workpiece.
- (8) "Forging rolls" mean a class of auxiliary forging equipment wherein stock is shaped between power driven rolls bearing contoured dies. Usually used for preforming, roll forging is often employed to reduce thickness and increase length of stock.
- (9) "Ring rolls" mean a class for forging equipment used for shaping weldless rings from pierced discs or thick-walled, ring-shaped blanks between rolls which control wall thickness, ring diameter, height and contour.
- (10) "Bolt-headers" mean the same as an upsetter or forging machine except that the diameter of stock fed into the machine is much smaller, i.e., commonly three-fourths inch or less.
- (11) "Rivet making machines" mean the same as upsetters and bolt-headers when producing rivets with stock diameter of 1-inch or more. Rivet making with less than 1-inch diameter is usually a cold forging operation, and therefore not included in WAC 296-24-200 through 296-24-20021.
- (12) "Upsetters (or forging machines, or headers)" means a type of forging equipment, related to the mechanical press, in which the main forming energy is applied horizontally to the workpiece which is gripped and held by prior action of the dies.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20003 General requirements. (1) Use of lead. The safety requirements of this section apply to lead casts or other use of lead in the forge shop or die shop.
- (a) Thermostatic control of heating elements shall be provided to maintain proper melting temperature and prevent overheating.
- (b) Fixed or permanent lead pot installations shall be exhausted.
- (c) Portable units shall be used only in areas where good, general room ventilation is provided as specified in the general occupational health standards, chapter 296-62 WAC.
- (d) Personal protective equipment (gloves, goggles, aprons, and other items) shall be worn.
- (e) A covered container shall be provided to store dross skimmings.
- (f) Equipment shall be kept clean, particularly from accumulations of yellow lead oxide.
- (2) Inspection and maintenance. It shall be the responsibility of the employer to maintain all forge shop equipment in a condition which will insure continued safe operation. This responsibility includes:
- (a) Establishing periodic and regular maintenance safety checks and keeping records of these inspections.

- (b) Scheduling and recording inspection of guards and point of operation protection devices at frequent and regular intervals.
- (c) Training personnel for the proper inspection and maintenance of forging machinery and equipment.
- (d) All overhead parts shall be fastened or protected in such a manner that they will not fly off or fall in event of failure.
  - (3) Hammers and presses.
- (a) All hammers shall be positioned or installed in such a manner that they remain on or are anchored to foundations sufficient to support them.
- (b) All presses shall be installed in such a manner that they remain where they are positioned or they are anchored to foundations sufficient to support them.
- (c) Means shall be provided for disconnecting the power to the machine and for locking out or rendering cycling controls inoperable.
- (d) The ram shall be blocked when dies are being changed or other work is being done on the hammer. Blocks or wedges shall be made of material the strength and construction of which should meet or exceed the specifications and dimensions shown in Table O-11.
- (e) Tongs shall be of sufficient length to clear the body of the worker in case of kickback, and shall not have sharp handle ends. The worker should be instructed in the proper body position when using tongs. Tongs should be checked periodically to see that they remain at the proper hardness level for the job. When rings or equivalent devices for locking tongs are used they should be inspected periodically to insure safe condition.
- (f) Oil swabs, or scale removers, or other devices to remove scale shall be provided. These devices shall be long enough to enable a man to reach the full length of the die without placing his hand or arm between the dies
- (g) Material handling equipment shall be of adequate strength, size, and dimension to handle diesetting operations safely.
- (h) A scale guard of substantial construction shall be provided at the back of every hammer, so arranged as to stop flying scale.
- (i) A scale guard of substantial construction shall be provided at the back of every press, so arranged as to stop flying scale.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-20003, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-20003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20003, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20005 Hammers, general. (1) Keys. Die keys and shims shall be made from a grade of material that will not unduly crack or splinter, and should not project more than 2 inches in front and 4 inches in back of ram or die.
- (2) Foot operated devices. All foot operated devices (i.e., treadles, pedals, bars, valves, and switches) shall be substantially and effectively protected from unintended operation.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20007 Presses. All manually operated valves and switches shall be clearly identified and readily accessible.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20007, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20009 Power-driven hammers. (1) Safety cylinder head. Every steam or airhammer shall have a safety cylinder head to act as a cushion if the rod should break or pull out of the ram.
- (2) Shutoff valve. Steam hammers shall be provided with a quick closing emergency valve in the admission pipeline at a convenient location. This valve shall be closed and locked in the off position while the hammer is being adjusted, repaired, or serviced, or when the dies are being changed.
- (3) Cylinder draining. Steam hammers shall be provided with a means of cylinder draining, such as a self-draining arrangement or a quick-acting drain cock.
- (4) Pressure pipes. Steam or air piping shall conform to the specifications of American National Standard ANSI B31.1.0-1967, Power Piping with Addenda, ANSI B31.1.06-1971.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20009, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-20011 Gravity hammers. (1) Air-lift hammers.

- (a) Airlift hammers shall have a safety cylinder head as required in WAC 296-24-20009(1).
- (b) Air-lift hammers shall have an air shutoff valve as required in WAC 296-24-20009(2) and should be conveniently located and distinctly marked for ease of identification.
- (c) Air-lift hammers shall be provided with two drain cocks: one on main head cylinder, and one on clamp cylinder.
- (d) Air piping shall conform to the specifications of the ANSI B31.1.0-1967, Power Piping with Addenda, ANSI B.31.1.06-1971.
  - (2) Board drophammers.
- (a) A suitable enclosure shall be provided to prevent damaged or detached boards from falling. The board enclosure shall be securely fastened to the hammer.
- (b) All major assemblies and fittings which can loosen and fall shall be properly secured in place.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20011, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20013 Forging presses. (1) Mechanical forging presses. When dies are being changed or maintenance is being performed on the press, the following shall be accomplished:
  - (a) The power to the press shall be locked out.
  - (b) The flywheel shall be at rest.
- (c) The ram shall be blocked with a material the strength of which shall meet or exceed the specifications or dimensions shown in Table O-11
- (2) Hydraulic forging presses. When dies are being changed or maintenance is being performed on the press, the following shall be accomplished:

- (a) The hydraulic pumps and power apparatus shall be locked out.
- (b) The ram shall be blocked with a material the strength of which shall meet or exceed the specifications or dimensions shown in Table O-11.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20013, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20015 Trimming presses. (1) Hot trimming presses. The requirements of WAC 296-24-20013(1) shall also apply to hot trimming presses.
- (2) Cold trimming presses. Cold trimming presses shall be safeguarded in accordance with WAC 296-24-195 through 296-24-19507.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20015, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20017 Upsetters. (1) General requirements. All upsetters shall be installed so that they remain on their supporting foundations.
- (2) Lockouts. Upsetters shall be provided with a means for locking out the power at its entry point to the machine and rendering its cycling controls inoperable.
- (3) Manually operated controls. All manually operated valves and switches shall be clearly identified and readily accessible.
- (4) Tongs. Tongs shall be of sufficient length to clear the body of the worker in case of kickback, and shall not have sharp handle ends. The worker should be instructed in the proper body position when using tongs. Tongs should be checked periodically to see that they remain at the proper hardness level for the job. When rings or equivalent devices for locking tongs are used they should be inspected periodically to assure safe condition.
- (5) Changing dies. When dies are being changed, maintenance performed, or any work done on the machine, the power to the upsetter shall be locked out, and the flywheel shall be at rest.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20017, filed 5/7/73.]

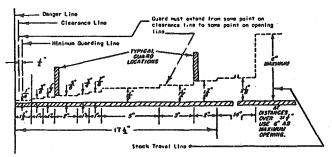
- WAC 296-24-20019 Other forging equipment. (1) Boltheading. The provisions of WAC 296-24-20017 shall apply to boltheading.
- (2) Rivet making. The provisions of WAC 296-24-20017 shall apply to rivet making.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-20019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 296-24-20019, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20021 Other forge facility equipment. (1) Billet shears. A positive-type lockout device for disconnecting the power to the shear shall be provided.
- (2) Saws. Every saw shall be provided with a guard of not less than one—eighth inch sheet metal positioned to stop flying sparks. Suitable means should be provided to trap sparks below the saw. A tank of water placed below the saw is also desirable.
- (3) Conveyors. Conveyor power transmission equipment shall be guarded in accordance with ANSI B20.1–1957, Safety Code for Conveyors, Cableways, and Related Equipment.

- (4) Shot blast. The cleaning chamber shall have doors or guards to protect operators.
- (5) Grinding. Personal protective equipment shall be used in grinding operations, and equipment shall be used and maintained in accordance with ANSI B7.1–1970, Safety Code for the Use, Care, and Protection of Abrasive Wheels, and with WAC 296–24–180 through 296–24–18009.

This table shows the distances that guards shall be positioned from the danger line in accordance with the required openings.



Explanation of above diagram:

This diagram shows the accepted safe openings between the bottom edge of a guard and feed table at various distances from the danger line (point of operation).

The "clearance line" marks the distance required to prevent contact between guard and moving parts.

The "minimum guarding line" is the distance between the infeed side of the guard and the danger line which is one—half inch from the danger line.

The various openings are such that for average size hands an operator's fingers won't reach the point of operation.

After installation of point of operation guards and before a job is released for operation a check should be made to verify that the guard will prevent the operator's hands from reaching the point of operation.

TABLE 0-11
STRENGTH AND DIMENSIONS FOR WOOD RAM PROPS

Size of timber inches	Square inches in cross section	Minimum allowable crushing strength parallel to grain, p.s.i. <sup>2</sup>	Maximum static load within short column range <sup>3</sup>	Safety factor	Maximum recommended weight of forging hammer for timber used	Maximum allowable length of timber, inches
4 x 4	16	5,000	80,000	10	8,000	44
6 x 6	36	5,000	180,000	10	18,000	66
8 x 8	64	5,000	320,000	10	32,000	88
10 x 10	100	5,000	500,000	10	50,000	100
12 x 12	144	5,000	720,000	10	72,000	132

<sup>1</sup> Actual dimension.

<sup>3</sup>Slenderness ratio formula for short columns is L/d=11, where L=length of timber in inches and d=least dimension in inches; this ratio should not exceed 11.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20021, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20021, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-205 Mechanical power-transmission apparatus.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-205, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-205, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20501 Definitions. (1) "Belts" include all power transmission belts, such as flat belts, round belts, V-belts, etc., unless otherwise specified.

- (2) "Belt shifter" means a device for mechanically shifting belts from tight to loose pulleys or vice versa, or for shifting belts on cones of speed pulleys.
- (3) "Belt pole" (sometimes called a "belt shipper" or "shipper pole") means a device used in shifting belts on and off fixed pulleys on line or countershaft where there are no loose pulleys.
- (4) "Enclosed" for vertical and inclined belts means that only the portion of a belt that is seven feet or less from the floor is required to be enclosed by a guard.
- (5) "Exposed to contact" means that the location of an object is such that a person is likely to come into contact with it and be injured.
- (6) "Flywheels" include flywheels, balance wheels, and flywheel pulleys mounted and revolving on crank-shaft of engine or other shafting.
- (7) "Fully enclosed" applies to the sides of a power transmission system not guarded by location as described in WAC 296-24-20511 (1)(a), which includes both runs of a horizontal belt, pulley, and flywheel. Small units with slightly inclined belts are included in this category.
- (8) "Maintenance runway" means any permanent runway or platform used for oiling, maintenance, running adjustment, or repair work, but not for passageway.
- (9) "Nip-point belt and pulley guard" means a device which encloses the pulley and is provided with rounded or rolled edge slots through which the belt passes.
- (10) "Point of operation" means that point at which cutting shaping, or forming is accomplished upon the stock and shall include such other points as may offer a hazard to the operator in inserting or manipulating the stock in the operation of the machine.
- (11) "Prime movers" include steam, gas, oil, and air engines, motors, steam and hydraulic turbines, and other equipment used as a source of power.
- (12) "Sheaves" mean grooved pulleys and shall be so classified unless used as flywheels.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89-11-035 (Order 89-03), § 296-24-20501, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 73-5, § 296-24-20501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20503 General requirements. (1) This section covers all types and shapes of power-transmission belts, except the following when operating at two hundred and fifty feet per minute or less:

- (a) Flat belts one inch or less in width.
- (b) Flat belts two inches or less in width which are free from metal lacings or fasteners.
  - (c) Round belts one-half inch or less in diameter.
- (d) Single strand V-belts, the width of which is thirteen thirty-seconds inch or less.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Adapted from U.S. Department of Agriculture Technical Bulletin 479. Hardwoods recommended are those whose ultimate crushing strengths in compression parallel to grain are 5,000 p.s.i. (pounds per square inch) or greater.

<sup>3</sup>Slenderness ratio formula for short columns is L/d=11, where L=length of

- (2) Vertical and inclined belts (WAC 296-24-20511 (3) and (4)) if not more than two and one-half inches wide and running at a speed of less than one thousand feet per minute, and if free from metal lacings or fastenings may be guarded with a nip-point belt and pulley guard.
- (3) For the textile industry, because of the presence of excessive deposits of lint, which constitute a serious fire hazard, the sides and face sections only of nip-point belt and pulley guards are required, provided the guard shall extend at least six inches beyond the rim of the pulley on the in-running and off-running sides of the belt and at least two inches away from the rim and face of the pulley in all other directions.
- (4) These standards cover the principal features with which power transmission safeguards shall comply. When there is no possibility of employee contact with power transmission belts during operation, the belts are "guarded by location" and no further guarding is required.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–20503, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 73–5, § 296–24–20503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–20503, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20505 Prime-mover guards. (1) Flywheels. Flywheels located so that any part is seven feet or less above floor or platform shall be guarded in accordance with the requirements of this section:

- (a) With an enclosure of sheet, perforated, or expanded metal, or woven wire;
- (b) With guard rails placed not less than fifteen inches nor more than twenty inches from rim. When flywheel extends into pit or is within 12 inches of floor, a standard toeboard shall also be provided;
- (c) When the upper rim of flywheel protrudes through a working floor, it shall be entirely enclosed or surrounded by a guardrail and toeboard.
- (d) For flywheels with smooth rims five feet or less in diameter, where the preceding methods cannot be applied, the following may be used: A disk attached to the flywheel in such manner as to cover the spokes of the wheel on the exposed side and present a smooth surface and edge, at the same time providing means for periodic inspection. An open space, not exceeding four inches in width, may be left between the outside edge of the disk and the rim of the wheel if desired, to facilitate turning the wheel over. Where a disk is used, the keys or other dangerous projections not covered by disk shall be cut off or covered. This subdivision does not apply to flywheels with solid web centers;
- (e) Adjustable guard to be used for starting engine or for running adjustment may be provided at the flywheel of gas or oil engines. A slot opening for jack bar will be permitted;
- (f) Wherever flywheels are above working areas, guards shall be installed having sufficient strength to hold the weight of the flywheel in the event of a shaft or wheel mounting failure.
- (2) Cranks and connecting rods. Cranks and connecting rods, when exposed to contact shall be guarded in

- accordance with WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20529, or by a guardrail as described in WAC 296-24-20531(5).
- (3) Tail rods or extension piston rods. Tail rods or extension piston rods shall be guarded in accordance with WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20529, or by a guardrail on sides and end, with a clearance of not less than fifteen nor more than twenty inches when rod is fully extended.
- (4) Governor balls. Governor balls six feet or less from the floor or other working level, when exposed to contact, shall be provided with an enclosure extending to the top of the governor balls when at their highest position. The material used in the construction of this enclosure shall conform to WAC 296-24-20525 and 296-24-20529.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20505, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-20507 Shafting. (1) Installation.

- (a) Each continuous line of shafting shall be secured in position against excessive endwise movement.
- (b) Inclines and vertical shafts, particularly inclined idler shafts, shall be securely held in position against endwise thrust.
  - (2) Guarding horizontal shafting.
- (a) All exposed parts of horizontal shafting seven feet or less from floor or working platform excepting runways used exclusively for oiling, or running adjustments, shall be protected by a stationary casing enclosing shafting completely or by a trough enclosing sides and top or sides and bottom of shafting as location requires.
- (b) Shafting under bench machines shall be enclosed by a stationary casing, or by a trough at sides and top or sides and bottom, as location requires. The sides of the trough shall come within at least six inches of the under side of table, or if shafting is located near floor within six inches of floor. In every case the sides of trough shall extend at least two inches beyond the shafting or protuberance.
- (3) Guarding vertical and inclines shafting. Vertical and inclines shafting seven feet or less from floor or working platform, excepting maintenance runways, shall be enclosed with a stationary casing in accordance with requirements of WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20531.
  - (4) Projecting shaft ends.
- (a) Projecting shaft ends shall present a smooth edge and end and shall not project more than one-half the diameter of the shaft unless guarded by nonrotating caps or safety sleeves.
  - (b) Unused keyways shall be filled up or covered.
- (5) Power-transmission apparatus located in basements. All mechanical power transmission apparatus located in basements, towers, and rooms used exclusively for power transmission equipment shall be guarded in accordance with this section, except that the requirements for safeguarding belts, pulleys, and shafting need not be complied with when the following requirements are met:

- (a) The basement, tower, or room occupied by transmission equipment is locked against unauthorized entrance.
- (b) The vertical clearance in passageways between the floor and power transmission beams, ceiling, or any other objects, is not less than five feet six inches.
- (c) The intensity of illumination conforms to the requirements of ANSI A11.1-1965 (R-1970).
  - (d) The footing is dry, firm, and level.
- (e) The route followed by the oiler is protected in such manner as to prevent accident.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20507, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-20509 Pulleys. (1) Guarding. Pulleys, any parts of which are seven feet or less from the floor or working platform, shall be guarded in accordance with the standards specified in WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20531. Pulleys serving as balance wheels (e.g., punch presses) on which the point of contact between belt and pulley is more than six feet six inches from the floor or platform may be guarded with a disk covering the spokes.
- (2) Location of pulleys. (a) Unless the distance to the nearest fixed pulley, clutch, or hanger exceeds the width of the belt used, a guide shall be provided to prevent the belt from leaving the pulley on the side where insufficient clearance exists.
- (b) Where there are overhanging pulleys on line, jack, or countershafts with no bearing between the pulley and the outer end of the shaft, a guide to prevent the belt from running off the pulley should be provided.
- (3) Broken pulleys. Pulleys with cracks, or pieces broken out of rims, shall not be used.
- (4) Pulley speeds. Pulleys intended to operate at rim speed in excess of manufacturers normal recommendations shall be specially designed and carefully balanced for the speed at which they are to operate.
- (5) Compositions and wood pulleys. Composition or laminated wood pulleys shall not be installed where they are subjected to influences detrimental to their structural composition.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20509, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-20511 Belt, rope, and chain drives. (1) Horizontal belts and ropes.

- (a) Where both runs of horizontal belts are seven feet or less from the floor level, the guard shall extend to at least fifteen inches above the belt or to a standard height (see Table O-12), except that where both runs of a horizontal belt are 42 inches or less from the floor, the belt shall be fully enclosed in accordance with WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20531.
- (b) In powerplants or powerdevelopment rooms, a guardrail may be used in lieu of the guard required by (1)(a) of this section.
  - (2) Overhead horizontal belts.
- (a) Overhead horizontal belts, with lower parts seven feet or less from the floor or platform, shall be guarded

- on sides and bottom in accordance with WAC 296-24-20531(3).
- (b) Horizontal overhead belts more than seven feet above floor or platform shall be guarded for their entire length under the following conditions:
- (i) If located over passageways or work places and traveling 1,800 feet or more per minute.
- (ii) If center to center distance between pulleys is ten feet or more.
  - (iii) If belt is eight inches or more in width.
- (c) Where the upper and lower runs of horizontal belts are so located that passage of persons between them would be possible, the passage shall be either:
- (i) Completely barred by a guardrail or other barrier in accordance with WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20531; or
- (ii) Where passage is regarded as necessary, there shall be a platform over the lower run guarded on either side by a railing completely filled in with wire mesh or other filler, or by a solid barrier. The upper run shall be so guarded as to prevent contact therewith either by the worker or by objects carried by him. In powerplants only the lower run of the belt need be guarded.
- (d) Overhead chain and link belt drives are governed by the same rules as overhead horizontal belts and shall be guarded in the same manner as belts.
- (e) American or continuous system rope drives so located that the condition of the rope (particularly the splice) cannot be constantly and conveniently observed, shall be equipped with a telltale device (preferably electric-bell type) that will give warning when rope begins to fray.
  - (3) Vertical and inclined belts.
- (a) Vertical and inclined belts shall be enclosed by a guard conforming to standards in WAC 296-24-20527 and 296-24-20531.
- (b) All guards for inclined belts shall be arranged in such a manner that a minimum clearance of seven feet is maintained between belt and floor at any point outside of guard.
- (4) Vertical belts. Vertical belts running over a lower pulley more than seven feet above floor or platform shall be guarded at the bottom in the same manner as horizontal overhead belts, if conditions are as stated in (2)(b)(i) and (iii) of this section.
  - (5) Cone-pulley belts.
- (a) The cone belt and pulley shall be equipped with a belt shifter so constructed as to adequately guard the nip point of the belt and pulley. If the frame of the belt shifter does not adequately guard the nip point of the belt and pulley, the nip point shall be further protected by means of a vertical guard placed in front of the pulley and extending at least to the top of the largest step of the cone.
- (b) If the belt is of the endless type or laced with rawhide laces, and a belt shifter is not desired, the belt will be considered guarded if the nip point of the belt and pulley is protected by a nip point guard located in front of the cone extending at least to the top of the largest step of the cone, and formed to show the contour

of the cone in order to give the nip point of the belt and pulley the maximum protection.

- (c) If the cone is located less than 3 feet from the floor or working platform, the cone pulley and belt shall be guarded to a height of 3 feet regardless of whether the belt is endless or laced with rawhide.
  - (6) Belt tighteners.
- (a) Suspended counterbalanced tighteners and all parts thereof shall be of substantial construction and securely fastened; the bearings shall be securely capped. Means must be provided to prevent tightener from falling, in case the belt breaks.
- (b) Where suspended counterweights are used and not guarded by location, they shall be so encased as to prevent accident.
- (c) Belt tighteners, used for starting and stopping machinery, other than those which are securely held in "off" or "out of service" position by gravity, shall be provided with means or mechanism that will securely hold the belt tightener away from the belt when the machine or part thereof driven by the belt is not in use. Such means or mechanism shall be automatic in its action in gripping, latching or otherwise fastening itself to and holding the belt tightener in "off" or "out of service" position until manually released. (Released by hand.)
- (d) Counterbalanced belt tighteners and all parts thereof shall be of substantial construction, and securely fastened. The bearings shall be securely capped. If exposed to contact, means shall be installed to catch the belt tightener, to prevent tightener from falling on any person below, should the belt break or throw the tightener.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–20511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–20511, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20513 Gears, sprockets, and chains. (1) Gears. Gears shall be guarded in accordance with one of the following methods:

(a) By a complete enclosure; or

(b) By a standard guard as described in WAC 296-24-20531, at least seven feet high extending six inches above the mesh point of the gears; or

(c) By a band guard covering the face of gear and having flanges extended inward beyond the root of the teeth on the exposed side or sides. Where any portion of the train of gears guarded by a band guard is less than six feet from the floor a disk guard or a complete enclosure to the height of six feet shall be required.

(2) Hand-operated gears. (1) of this section does not apply to hand-operated gears used only to adjust machine parts and which do not continue to move after hand power is removed. However, the guarding of these gears is highly recommended.

(3) Sprockets and chains. All sprocket wheels and chains shall be enclosed unless they are more then seven feet above the floor or platform. Where the drive extends over other machine or working areas, protection against falling shall be provided. This section does not apply to manually operated sprockets.

(4) Openings for oiling. When frequent oiling must be done, openings with hinged or sliding self-closing covers shall be provided. All points not readily accessible shall have oil feed tubes if lubricant is to be added while machinery is in motion.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20515 Guarding friction drives. The driving point of all friction drives when exposed to contact shall be guarded, all arm or spoke friction drives and all web friction drives with holes in the web shall be entirely enclosed, and all projecting belts on friction drives where exposed to contact shall be guarded.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20515, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20517 Keys, setscrews, and other projections. (1) All projecting keys, setscrews, and other projections in revolving parts shall be removed or made flush or guarded by metal covers. This section does not apply to keys or setscrews within gear or sprocket casings or other enclosures, nor to keys, setscrews, or oilcups in hubs of pulleys less than twenty inches in diameter where they are within the plane of the rim of the pulley.

Note: It is recommended, however, that no projecting setscrews or oilcups be used in any revolving pulley or part of machinery.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20517, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20519 Collars and couplings. (1) Collars. All revolving collars, including split collars, shall be cylindrical, and screws or bolts used in collars shall not project beyond the largest periphery of the collar.

(2) Couplings. Shaft couplings shall be so constructed as to present no hazard from bolts, nuts, setscrews, or revolving surfaces. Bolts, nuts, and setscrews will, however, be permitted where they are covered with safety sleeves or where they are used parallel with the shafting and are countersunk or else do not extend beyond the flange of the coupling.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20519, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20521 Bearings and facilities for oiling. Self lubricating bearings are recommended and all drip cups and pans shall be securely fastened.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-20521, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-20521, filed 926-24-20521

WAC 296-24-20523 Guarding of clutches, cutoff couplings, and clutch pulleys. (1) Guards. Clutches, cutoff couplings, or clutch pulleys having projecting parts, where such clutches are located seven feet or less above the floor or working platform, shall be enclosed by a stationary guard constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-20527. A "U" type guard is permissible.

(2) Enginerooms. In enginerooms a guardrail, preferably with toeboard, may be used instead of the guard

required by (1) of this section, provided such a room is occupied only by engineroom attendants.

(3) Bearings. A bearing support immediately adjacent to a friction clutch or cutoff coupling shall have self-lubricating bearings requiring attention at infrequent intervals.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20523, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20523, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-20525 Belt shifters, clutches, shippers, poles, perches, and fasteners. (1) Belt shifters.

- (a) Tight and loose pulleys on all installations made on or after August 27, 1971, shall be equipped with a permanent belt shifter provided with mechanical means to prevent belt from creeping from loose to tight pulley. It is recommended that old installations be changed to conform to this rule.
- (b) Belt shifter and clutch handles shall be rounded and be located as far as possible from danger of accidental contact, but within easy reach of the operator. Where belt shifters are not directly located over a machine or bench, the handles shall be cut off six feet six inches above floor level.
- (c) All belt and clutch shifters of the same type in each shop should move in the same direction to stop machines, i.e., either all right or all left. This does not apply to friction clutch on countershaft carrying two clutch pulleys with open and crossed belts, respectively. In this case the shifter handle has three positions and the machine is at a standstill when clutch handle is in the neutral or center position.
- (2) Belt shippers and shipper poles. The use of belt poles as substitutes for mechanical shifters is not recommended. Where necessity compels their use, they shall be of sufficient size to enable workmen to grasp them securely. (A two-inch diameter or 1 1/2 by 2 inches cross-section is suggested.) Poles shall be smooth and preferably of straight grain hardwood, such as ash or hickory. The edges of rectangular poles should be rounded. Poles should extend from the top of the pulley to within about forty inches of floor or working platform.
- (3) Belt perches. Where loose pulleys or idlers are not practicable, belt perches in form of brackets, rollers, etc., shall be used to keep idle belts away from the shafts. Perches should be substantial and designed for the safe shifting of belts.
- (4) Belt fasteners. Belts which of necessity must be shifted by hand and belts within seven feet of the floor or working platform which are not guarded in accordance with WAC 296-24-20527 shall not be fastened with metal in any case, nor with any other fastening which by construction or wear will constitute an accident hazard.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–20525, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–20525, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–20525, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-20527 Standard guards-General requirements. (1) Materials.

(a) Standard conditions shall be secured by the use of the following materials. Expanded metal, perforated or solid sheet metal, wire mesh on a frame of angle iron, or iron pipe securely fastened to floor or to frame of machine.

- (b) All metal should be free from burrs and sharp edges.
- (c) Wire mesh should be of the type in which the wires are securely fastened at every cross point either by welding, soldering, or galvanizing, except in case of diamond or square wire mesh made of No. 14 gage wire, 3/4-inch mesh or heavier.
  - (2) Methods of manufacture.
- (a) Expanded metal, sheet or perforated metal, and wire mesh shall be securely fastened to frame by one of the following methods:
- (i) With rivets or bolts spaced not more than five inches center to center. In case of expanded metal or wire mesh, metal strips or clips shall be used to form a washer for rivets or bolts.
  - (ii) By welding to frame every four inches.
- (iii) By weaving through channel or angle frame, or if No. 14 gage 3/4-inch mesh or heavier is used by bending entirely around rod frames.
- (iv) Where openings in pipe railing are to be filled in with expanded metal, wire mesh or sheet metal, the filler material shall be made into panels with rolled edges or bound with "V" or "U" edging of No. 24 gage or heavier sheet metal fastened to the panels with bolts or rivets spaced not more than five inches center to center. The bound panels shall be fastened to the railing by sheetmetal clips spaced not more than five inches center to center.
- (v) Diamond or square mesh made of crimped wire fastened into channels, angle or round-iron frames, may also be used as a filler in guards. Size of mesh shall correspond to Table O-12.
- (b) Where the design of guards requires filler material of greater area than 12 square feet, additional frame members shall be provided to maintain panel area within this limit.
- (c) All joints of framework shall be made equivalent in strength to the material of the frame.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20527, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20527, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-20529 Disk, shield, and "U" guards.

- (1) Disk guards. A disk guard shall consist of a sheet—metal disk not less than No. 22 gage fastened by "U" bolts or rivets to spokes of pulleys, flywheels, or gears. Where possibility of contact with sharp edges of the disk exists, the edge shall be rolled or wired. In all cases the nuts shall be provided with locknuts which shall be placed on the unexposed side of the wheel.
  - (2) Shield guards.
- (a) A shield guard shall consist of a frame filled in with wire mesh, expanded, perforated, or solid sheet metal.
- (b) If area of shield does not exceed six square feet the wire mesh or expanded metal may be fastened in a framework of 3/8-inch solid rod, 3/4-inch by 3/4-inch

by 1/8-inch angle iron or metal construction of equivalent strength. Metal shields may have edges entirely rolled around a 3/8-inch solid iron rod.

(3) "U" guards. A "U" guard consisting of a flat surface with edge members shall be designed to cover the under surface and lower edge of a belt, multiple chain, or rope drive. It shall be constructed of materials specified in Table O-12, and shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-20531 (3) and (4). Edges shall be smooth and if size of guard requires, the edges shall be reinforced by rolling, wiring, or by binding with angle or flat iron.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-20529, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-20529, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20531 Approved materials. (1) Minimum requirements. The materials and dimensions specified in this section shall apply to all guards, except horizontal overhead belts, rope, cable, or chain guards more than seven feet above floor, or platform. (For the latter, see Table O-13.)

(a) Minimum dimensions of materials for the framework of all guards, except as noted in (1)(a)(iii) of this section shall be angle iron 1 inch by 1 inch by 1/8 inch, metal pipe of 3/4-inch inside diameter or metal construction of equivalent strength.

(i) All guards shall be rigidly braced every three feet or fractional part of their height to some fixed part of machinery or building structure. Where guard is exposed to contact with moving equipment additional strength may be necessary.

(ii) The framework for all guards fastened to floor or working platform and without other support or bracing shall consist of 1 1/2-inch by 1 1/2-inch by 1/8-inch angle iron, metal pipe of 1 1/2-inch inside diameter, or metal construction of equivalent strength. All rectangular guards shall have at least four upright frame members each of which shall be carried to the floor and be securely fastened thereto. Cylindrical guards shall have at least three supporting members carried to floor.

(iii) Guards thirty inches or less in height and with a total surface area not in excess of ten square feet may have a frame work of 3/8-inch solid rod, 3/4-inch by 3/4-inch by 1/8-inch angle, or metal construction of equivalent strength. The filling material shall correspond to the requirements of Table O-12.

(b) The specifications given in Table O-12 and (1)(a) of this section are minimum requirements; where guards are exposed to unusual wear, deterioration or impact, heavier material and construction should be used to protect amply against the specific hazards involved.

(2) Wood guards.

(a) Wood guards may be used in the woodworking and chemical industries, in industries where the presence of fumes or where manufacturing conditions would cause the rapid deterioration of metal guards; also in construction work and in locations outdoors where extreme cold or extreme heat make metal guards and railings undesirable. In all other industries, wood guards shall not be used.

- (i) Wood shall be sound, tough, and free from any loose knots.
- (ii) Guards shall be made of planed lumber not less than one inch rough board measure, and edges and corners rounded off.
- (iii) Wood guards shall be securely fastened together with wood screws, hardwood dowel pins, bolts, or rivets.
- (iv) While no definite dimensions are given under this heading for framework or filler materials, wood guards shall be equal in strength and rigidity to metal guards specified in (1)(a) and (b) of this section and Table O-12.
- (v) For construction of standard wood railing, see (5) of this section.
  - (3) Guards for horizontal overhead belts.
- (a) Guards for horizontal overhead belts shall run the entire length of the belt and follow the line of the pulley to the ceiling or be carried to the nearest wall, thus enclosing the belt effectively. Where belts are so located as to make it impracticable to carry the guard to wall or ceiling, construction of guard shall be such as to enclose completely the top and bottom runs of belt and the face of pulleys.
- (b) The guard and all its supporting members shall be securely fastened to wall or ceiling by gimlet—point lag screws or through bolts. In case of masonry construction, expansion bolts shall be used. The use of bolts placed horizontally through floor beams or ceiling rafters is recommended.
- (c) Suitable reinforcement shall be provided for the ceiling rafters or overhead floor beams, where such is necessary, to sustain safely the weight and stress likely to be imposed by the guard. The interior surface of all guards, by which is meant the surface of the guard with which a belt will come in contact, shall be smooth and free from all projections of any character, except where construction demands it; protruding shallow roundhead rivets may be used. Overhead belt guards shall be at least one-quarter wider than belt which they protect, except that this clearance need not in any case exceed six inches on each side. Overhead rope drive and block and roller-chain-drive guards shall be not less than six inches wider than the drive on each side. In overhead silent chain-drive guards where the chain is held from laterial displacement on the sprockets, the side clearances required on drives of twenty inch centers or under shall be not less than one-fourth inch from the nearest moving chain part, and on drives of over twenty inch centers a minimum of one-half inch from the nearest moving chain part.
- (d) Table O-13 gives the sizes of materials to be used and the general construction specifications of guards for belts ten inches or more in width. No material for overhead belt guards should be smaller than that specified in Table O-13 for belts ten to fourteen inches wide, even if the overhead belt is less than ten inches in width. However, No. 20 gage sheet metal may be used as a filler on guards for belts less than ten inches wide. Expanded metal, because of the sharp edges, should not be used as a filler in horizontal belt guards.

- (e) For clearance between guards and belts, ropes or chains of various center to center dimensions between the shafts, see bottom of Table O-13.
- (4) Guards for horizontal overhead-rope and chaindrives. Overhead-rope and chain-drive guard construction shall conform to the rules for overhead-belt guard construction of similar width, except that the filler material shall be of the solid type as shown in Table O-13, unless the fire hazard demands the use of open construction. A side guard member of the same solid filling material should be carried up in a vertical position two inches above the level of the lower run of the rope or chain drive and two inches within the periphery of the pulleys which the guard encloses thus forming a trough. These side filler members should be reinforced on the edges with 1 1/2-inch by 1/4-inch flat steel, riveted to the filling material at not greater than eight inch centers; the reinforcing strip should be fastened or bolted to all guard supporting members with at least one 3/8-inch rivet or bolt at each intersection, and the ends should be secured to the ceiling with lag screws or bolts. The filling material shall be fastened to the framework of the guard and the filler supports by 3/16-inch rivets spaced on 4-inch centers. The width of the multiple drive shall be determined by measuring the distance from the outside of the first to the outside of the last rope or chain in the group accommodated by the pulley.
  - (5) Guardrails and toeboards.
- (a) Guardrail shall be forty-two inches in height, with midrail between top rail and floor.
- (b) Posts shall be not more than eight feet apart; they are to be permanent and substantial, smooth, and free from protruding nails, bolts, and splinters. If made of pipe, the post shall be one and one-fourth inches inside diameter, or larger. If made of metal shapes or bars, their section shall be equal in strength to that of one and one-half by one and one-half by three-sixteenths inch angle iron. If made of wood, the posts shall be two by four inches or larger. The upper rail shall be two by four inches, or two one by four strips, one at the top and one at the side of posts. The midrail may be one by four inches or more. The rails (metal shapes, metal bars, or wood), should be on that side of the posts which gives the best protection and support. Where panels are fitted with expanded metal or wire mesh as noted in Table O-12 the middle rails may be omitted. Where guard is exposed to contact with moving equipment, additional strength may be necessary.
- (c) Toeboards shall be four inches or more in height, of wood, metal, or of metal grill not exceeding one inch mesh. Toeboards at flywheel pits should preferably be placed as close to edge of the pit as possible.

TABLE O-12
TABLE OF STANDARD MATERIALS AND DIMENSIONS

Material	Clearance from moving part at all points	Largest mesh or opening allowable	Minimum gauge (U.S. Standard) or thickness	Minimum height of guard from floor or platform level
	Inches	Inches	Inches	Feet
Woven wire-	- Under 2	3/8	No. 16	7
	2-4	1/2	No. 16	7
	Under 4	1/2	No. 16	7
	4-15	2	No. 12	7
Expanded metal	<ul><li>Under 4</li></ul>	1/2	No. 18	7
•	415	2	No. 13	7
Perforated metal-	<ul><li>Under 4</li></ul>	1/2 2	No. 20	7 7 7 7 7 7
	4-15	2	No. 14	7
Sheet metal-	<ul><li>Under 4</li></ul>		No. 22	7
	4-15	h	No. 22	7
Wood or metal stri	р			
crossed-	Under 4	3/8	Wood 3/4	
		•	Metal No. 16	7
	4-15	2	Wood 3/4	
			Metal No. 16	7
Wood or metal stri	D			
not crossed		1/2 width	Wood 3/4	
		,	Metal No. 16	7
	4-15	1 width	Wood 3/4	
			Metal No. 16	7
Standard rail	– Min. 15 Max. 20			•

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–20531, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–20531, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–20531, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20533 Care of equipment. (1) General. All power-transmission equipment shall be inspected at intervals not exceeding 60 days and be kept in good working condition at all times.

- (2) Shafting.
- (a) Shafting shall be kept in alignment, free from rust and excess oil or grease.
- (b) Where explosives, explosive dusts, flammable vapors or flammable liquids exist, the hazard of static sparks from shafting shall be carefully considered.
- (3) Bearings. Bearings shall be kept in alignment and properly adjusted.
- (4) Hangers. Hangers shall be inspected to make certain that all supporting bolts and screws are tight and that supports of hanger boxes are adjusted properly.
  - (5) Pulleys.
- (a) Pulleys shall be kept in proper alignment to prevent belts from running off.
- (b) One or both pulleys carrying a nonshifting belt should have crowned faces.
- (c) Cast-iron pulleys should be tested frequently with a hammer to disclose cracks in rim or spokes. It should be borne in mind that the sound is usually much different if the belt is or is not on the pulley.
- (d) Split pulleys should be inspected to ascertain if all bolts holding together the sections of the pulley are tight.
  - (6) Care of belts.
- (a) Quarter-twist belts when installed without an idler can be used on drives running in one direction only. They will run off a pulley when direction of motion is reversed.

- (b) Inspection shall be made of belts, lacings, and fasteners and such equipment kept in good repair.
- (c) Where possible, dressing should not be applied when belt or rope is in motion; but, if this is necessary, it should be applied where belts or rope leave pulley, not where they approach. The same precautions apply to lubricating chains. In the case of V-belts, belt dressing is neither necessary nor advisable.
- (7) Lubrication. The regular oilers shall wear tightfitting clothing and should use cans with long spouts to keep their hands out of danger. Machinery shall be oiled when not in motion, wherever possible.

#### TABLE 0-13

HORIZONTAL OVERHEAD BELTS, ROPES, AND CHAINS 7 FEET OR MORE ABOVE FLOOR OR PLATFORM

(TABLE 0-13: Part 1--0" to 14")

	V	Vidth
	From 0" to 14" inclusive	Material
MEMBERS		
Framework —	- 1 1/2"x1 1/2"x1/4"	Angle iron.
Framework Filler (belt guards) Filler and vertical		Flat iron.
side member-	– No. 20 A.W.G.	Solid sheet metal.
iller supports ———	- 2"x5/16" flat iron	Flat and angle.
uard supports ———	– 2"x5/16	Flat iron.
FASTENINGS		
iller supports to		
framework ————————————————————————————————————		Rivets.
guards) —————	(1) 5/16"	Flush rivets.
iller to frame and		riush rivets.
guards) — — —	- 3/16" rivets spaced	
uard supports to frame work————	•	
rame work-	- (2) 3/6"	Rivets or bolts.
uard and supports		
o overhead ceiling——	- 1/4"x3 1/2" lag screws or 1/2" bolts	Lag screws or bolts.
DETAILS—SPACING	, ETC.	
Vidth of guards———	- One-quarter wider than belt, rope, or chain drive	
pacing between filler supports————		
Spacing between filler flats (belt guards)————————————————————————————————————		
Inacina hetween		
guard supports———	- 36" C. to C	
THER BELT GUARI		
heet metal fastened as in chain guards ——— Voven wire, 2" mesh —	- No. 20 A.W.G. - No. 12 A W.G.	Solid or perforated
CLEARANC	E FROM OUTSIDE OF CHAIN DRIVE TO G	F BELT, ROPE, UARD
Distance center to	- Up to 15' inclusive	Over 40'.

20".

## (TABLE 0-13: Part 2-Over 14" to 24")

		ν	Vidth
	Over 14 inclu	to 24"	Material
MEMBERS			
Framework ———	- 2"x2"x5/16"		Angle iron.
Framework———— Filler (belt guards) ——— Filler and vertical	- 2"x3/16"		Flat iron.
side member	- No. 18 A W	G	Solid sheet metal.
Filler supports ———	- 2"x3/8" flat	iron	Flat and angle.
side member——————————————————————————————————	- 2"x3/8"		Flat iron.
FASTENINGS	·		
Filler supports to			
framework	- (2) 3/6"		Rivets.
Filler flats to	•		
supports (belt			
	- (1) 5/16"		Flush rivets.
Filler to frame and			
supports (chain guards)	- 8" centers on	sides	
D	and 4" center		
		,	
Guard supports to frame work————————————————————————————————————			
frame work-	- (2) 7/16"		Rivets or bolts.
Juaiu and supports			_
to overhead ceiling-	5/8"x4" lag s or 5/8" bolts	crews	Lag screws or bolts.
DETAILS SDACING	•		001121
DETAILS—SPACING	, LIC.		
Width of guards	-		
Spacing between	1010		
filler supports	- 16" C. to C		
Spacing between filler flats (belt			
guards) ————	- 2 1/2" apart		
Spacing between			
guard supports	- 36" C. to C		
OTHER BELT GUARI			
FILLING PERMITTEI			
Sheet metal fastened		_	
as in chain guards —— Woven wire, 2" mesh —	- No. 18 A.W.	G. a	Solid or perforated
	E FROM OU CHAIN DRI		F BELT, ROPE, UARD
Distance center to			
center of shafts	- Over 15' to 2	5'	Over 40'.
	inclusive		•
Clearance from belt, or chain to guard———			
or chain to guard	– 10°		20".
(TABL)	E O-13: Pa	art 30	ver 24")
		W	/idth
		2.1"	
	Ov	er 24"	Material

	Width				
	Over 24"	Material			
MEMBERS					
Framework — 3	"x3"x3/8"	Angle iron.			
Filler (belt guards) 2		Flat iron.			
Filler and vertical					
side member N	lo. A.W.G.	Solid sheet metal.			
Filler supports ———— 2	1/2"x2 1/2"x1/4"				
		Flat and angle.			
Guard supports — 2		Flat iron.			

Clearance from belt,

or chain to guard-

### (TABLE 0-13: Part 3-Over 24")

		Width
	Over 24"	Material
FASTENINGS		
Filler supports to		
framework ———	— (3) 1/2"	Rivets.
Filler flats to		
supports (belt guards)	— (2) 3/8 <sup>"</sup>	Flush rivets.
Filler to frame and	— (2) 3/8	riusii riveis.
supports (chain		
guards) ————		
inard supports to		
frame work———	— (2) 5/8"	Rivets or bolts.
luard and supports		
to overhead ceiling		Lag screws or
	or 3/4" bolts.	bolts.
DETAILS—SPACING	G, ETC.	
Vidth of guards———		
nacing between		
iller supports —	— 16" C. to C.	
pacing between		
iller flats (belt guards) ————		
	— 4" apart	
pacing between		
guard supports	— 36" C. to C.	
THER BELT GUAR	RD	
FILLING PERMITTE	ED	
heet metal fastened		
as in chain guards	No. 18 A.W.G.	Solid or perforated.
oven wire, 2" mesh —	— No. 8 A.W.G.	
	CE FROM OUTSIDE O	
istance center to		
center of shafts ———	- Over 25' to 40'	Over 40'.
	inclusive	•
learance from belt,		
or chain to guard——	— 15"	20".

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–20533, filed 11/13/80; Order 73–5, § 296–24–20533, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–20533, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-20699 Appendices A through D are added to Part C of chapter 296-24 WAC, to describe the federal procedures for third-party validation and certification of presence sensing devices on mechanical power presses.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-20699, filed 11/14/88.]

- WAC 296-24-20700 Appendix A to WAC 296-24-195. Mandatory requirements for certification/validation of safety systems for presence sensing device initiation of mechanical power presses.
- (1) Purpose. The purpose of the certification/validation of safety systems for presence sensing device initiation (PSDI) of mechanical power presses is to ensure that the safety systems are designed, installed, and maintained in accordance with all applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A.
  - (2) General.

- (a) The certification/validation process shall utilize an independent third-party validation organization recognized by OSHA in accordance with the requirements specified in WAC 296-24-20720 Appendix C.
- (b) While the employer is responsible for assuring that the certification/validation requirements in WAC 296-24-19517(11) are fulfilled, the design certification of PSDI safety systems may be initiated by manufacturers, employers, and/or their representatives. The term "manufacturers" refers to the manufacturer of any of the components of the safety system. An employer who assembles a PSDI safety system would be a manufacturer as well as employer for purposes of this standard and Appendix.
- (c) The certification/validation process includes two stages. For design certification, in the first stage, the manufacturer (which can be an employer) certifies that the PSDI safety system meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A, based on appropriate design criteria and tests. In the second stage, the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization validates that the PSDI safety system meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A and the manufacturer's certification by reviewing the manufacturer's design and test data and performing any additional reviews required by this standard or which it believes appropriate.
- (d) For installation certification/validation and annual recertification/revalidation, in the first stage the employer certifies or recertifies that the employer is installing or utilizing a PSDI safety system validated as meeting the design requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A by an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization and that the installation, operation and maintenance meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A. In the second stage, the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization validates or revalidates that the PSDI safety system installation meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A and the employer's certification, by reviewing that the PSDI safety system has been certified; the employer's certification, designs and tests, if any; the installation, operation, maintenance and training; and by performing any additional tests and reviews which the validation organization believes is necessary.
- (3) Summary. The certification/validation of safety systems of PSDI shall consider the press, controls, safeguards, operator, and environment as an integrated system which shall comply with all of the requirements in WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A. The certification/validation process shall verify that the safety system complies with the OSHA safety requirements as follows:
  - (a) Design certification/validation.
- (i) The major parts, components, and subsystems used shall be defined by part number or serial number, as appropriate, and by manufacturer to establish the configuration of the system.

- (ii) The identified parts, components, and subsystems shall be certified by the manufacturer to be able to withstand the functional and operational environments of the PSDI safety system.
- (iii) The total system design shall be certified by the manufacturer as complying with all requirements in WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A.
- (iv) The third-party validation organization shall validate the manufacturer's certification under (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
  - (b) Installation certification/validation.
- (i) The employer shall certify that the PSDI safety system has been design certified and validated, that the installation meets the operational and environmental requirements specified by the manufacturer, that the installation drawings are accurate, and that the installation meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A. (The operational and installation requirements of the PSDI safety system may vary for different applications.)
- (ii) The third-party validation organization shall validate the employer's certifications that the PSDI safety system is design certified and validated, that the installation meets the installation and environmental requirements specified by the manufacturer, and that the installation meets the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A.
  - (c) Recertification/revalidation.
- (i) The PSDI safety system shall remain under certification/validation for the shorter of one year or until the system hardware is changed, modified or refurbished, or operating conditions are changed (including environmental, application or facility changes), or a failure of a critical component has occurred.
- (ii) Annually, or after a change specified in (c)(i) of this subsection, the employer shall inspect and recertify the installation as meeting the requirements set forth under subsection (3)(b) of this section, Installation certification/validation.
- (iii) The third-party validation organization, annually or after a change specified in (c)(i) of this subsection, shall validate the employer's certification that the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, Installation certification/validation have been met.

Note: Such changes in operational conditions as die changes of press relocations not involving disassembly or revision to the safety system would not require recertification/revalidation.

- (4) Certification/validation requirements.
- (a) General design certification/validation requirements.
- (i) Certification/validation program requirements. The manufacturer shall certify and the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization shall validate that:
- (A) The design of components, subsystems, software, and assemblies meets OSHA performance requirements and are ready for the intended use; and
- (B) The performance of combined subsystems meets OSHA's operational requirements.

- (ii) Certification/validation program level of risk evaluation requirements. The manufacturer shall evaluate and certify, and the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization shall validate, the design and operation of the safety system by determining conformance with the following:
- (A) The safety system shall have the ability to sustain a single failure or a single operating error and not cause injury to personnel from point of operation hazards. Acceptable design features shall demonstrate, in the following order or precedence, that:
  - (I) No single failure points may cause injury; or
- (II) Redundancy, and comparison and/or diagnostic checking, exist for the critical items that may cause injury, and the electrical, electronic, electromechanical and mechanical parts and components are selected so that they can withstand operational and external environments. The safety factor and/or derated percentage shall be specifically noted and complied with.
- (B) The manufacturer shall design, evaluate, test and certify, and the third-party validation organization shall evaluate and validate, that the PSDI safety system meets appropriate requirements in the following areas.
  - (I) Environmental limits
  - Temperature
  - Relative humidity
  - Vibration
  - Fluid compatibility with other materials
  - (II) Design limits
  - Power requirements
  - Power transient tolerances
  - Compatibility of materials used
  - Material stress tolerances and limits
  - Stability to long term power fluctuations
  - Sensitivity to signal acquisition
- Repeatability of measured parameter without inadvertent initiation of a press stroke
- Operational life of components in cycles, hours, or both
  - Electromagnetic tolerance to:
  - Specific operational wave lengths; and
  - Externally generated wave lengths
- New design certification/validation. Design certification/validation for a new safety system, i.e., a new design or new integration of specifically identified components and subsystems, would entail a single certification/validation which would be applicable to all identical safety systems. It would not be necessary to repeat the tests on individual safety systems of the same manufacture or design. Nor would it be necessary to repeat these tests in the case of modifications where determined by the manufacturer and validated by the third-party validation organization to be equivalent by similarity analysis. Minor modifications not affecting the safety of the system may be made by the manufacturer without revalidation.
- (III) Substantial modifications would require testing as a new safety system, as deemed necessary by the validation organization.
- (b) Additional detailed design certification/validation requirements.

- (i) General. The manufacturer or the manufacturer's representative shall certify to and submit to an OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization the documentation necessary to demonstrate that the PSDI safety system design is in full compliance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A, as applicable, by means of analysis, tests, or combination of both, establishing that the following additional certification/validation requirements are fulfilled.
- (ii) Reaction times. For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with the reaction time required by WAC 296-24-19517, the tests shall use the following definitions and requirements:
- (A) "Reaction time" means the time, in seconds, it takes the signal, required to activate/deactivate the system, to travel through the system, measured from the time of signal initiation to the time the function being measured is completed.
- (B) "Full stop" or "no movement of the slide or ram" means when the crankshaft rotation has slowed to two or less revolutions per minute, just before stopping completely.
- (C) "Function completion" means for, electrical, electromechanical and electronic devices, when the circuit produces a change of state in the output element of the device.
- (D) When the change of state is motion, the measurement shall be made at the completion of the motion.
- (E) The generation of the test signal introduced into the system for measuring reaction time shall be such that the initiation time can be established with an error of less than 0.5 percent of the reaction time measured.
- (F) The instrument used to measure reaction time shall be calibrated to be accurate to within 0.001 second.
  - (iii) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(b).
- (A) For compliance with these requirements, the average value of the stopping time, Ts, shall be the arithmetic mean of at least twenty-five stops for each stop angle initiation measured with the brake and/or clutch unused, fifty percent worn, and ninety percent worn. The recommendations of the brake system manufacturer shall be used to simulate or estimate the brake wear. The manufacturer's recommended minimum lining depth shall be identified and documented, and an evaluation made that the minimum depth will not be exceeded before the next (annual) recertification/ revalidation. A correlation of the brake and/or clutch degradation based on the above tests and/or estimates shall be made and documented. The results shall document the conditions under which the brake and/or clutch will and will not comply with the requirement. Based upon this determination, a scale shall be developed to indicate the allowable ten percent of the stopping time at the top of the stroke for slide or ram overtravel due to brake wear. The scale shall be marked to indicate that brake adjustment and/or replacement is required. The explanation and use of the scale shall be documented.

- (B) The test specification and procedure shall be submitted to the validation organization for review and validation prior to the test. The validation organization representative shall witness at least one set of tests.
- (iv) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517 (5)(c) and (9)(f). Each reaction time required to calculate the safety distance, including the brake monitor setting, shall be documented in separate reaction time tests. These tests shall specify the acceptable tolerance band sufficient to assure that tolerance build-up will not render the safety distance unsafe.
- (I) Integrated test of the press fully equipped to operate in the PSDI mode shall be conducted to establish the total system reaction time.
- (II) Brakes which are the adjustable type shall be adjusted properly before the test.
  - (v) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(c).
- (A) Prior to conducting the brake system test required by WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(b), a visual check shall be made of the springs. The visual check shall include a determination that the spring housing or rod does not show damage sufficient to degrade the structural integrity of the unit, and the spring does not show any tendency to interleave.
- (B) Any detected broken or unserviceable springs shall be replaced before the test is conducted. The test shall be considered successful if the stopping time remains within that which is determined by WAC 296-24-19517 (9)(f) for the safety distance setting. If the increase in press stopping time exceeds the brake monitor setting limit defined in WAC 296-24-19517 (5)(c), the test shall be considered unsuccessful, and the cause of the excessive stopping time shall be investigated. It shall be ascertained that the springs have not been broken and that they are functioning properly.
  - (vi) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517(7).
- (A) Tests which are conducted by the manufacturers of electrical components to establish stress, life, temperature and loading limits must be tests which are in compliance with the provisions of the National Electrical Code.
- (B) Electrical and/or electronic cards or boards assembled with discreet components shall be considered a subsystem and shall require separate testing that the subsystems do not degrade in any of the following conditions:
- (I) Ambient temperature variation from -20°C to +50°C.
  - (II) Ambient relative humidity of ninety-nine percent.
- (III) Vibration of 45G for one millisecond per stroke when the item is to be mounted on the press frame.
- (IV) Electromagnetic interference at the same wavelengths used for the radiation sensing field, at the power line frequency fundamental and harmonics, and also from autogenous radiation due to system switching.
- (V) Electrical power supply variations of NZ15 percent.
- (C) The manufacturer shall specify the test requirements and procedures from existing consensus tests in compliance with the provisions of the National Electrical Code.

- (D) Tests designed by the manufacturer shall be made available upon request to the validation organization. The validation organization representative shall witness at least one set of each of these tests.
  - (vii) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517 (9)(d).
- (A) The manufacturer shall design a test to demonstrate that the prescribed minimum object sensitivity of the presence sensing device is met.
- (B) The test specifications and procedures shall be made available upon request to the validation organization.
  - (viii) Compliance with WAC 296-24-19517 (9)(k).
- (A) The manufacturer shall design a test(s) to establish the hand tool extension diameter allowed for variations in minimum object sensitivity response.
- (B) The test(s) shall document the range of object diameter sizes which will produce both single and double break conditions.
- (C) The test(s) specifications and procedures shall be made available upon request to the validation organization.
  - (ix) Integrated tests certification/validation.
- (A) The manufacturer shall design a set of integrated tests to demonstrate compliance with the following requirements:

WAC 296-24-19517 (6)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), and (o).

- (B) The integrated test specifications and procedures shall be made available to the validation organization.
- (x) Analysis. The manufacturer shall submit to the validation organization the technical analysis such as hazard analysis, failure mode and effect analysis, stress analysis, component and material selection analysis, fluid compatibility, and/or other analyses which may be necessary to demonstrate compliance with the following requirements:

WAC 296-24-19517 (8)(a) and (b); (2)(b) and (c); (3)(a)(i) and (iv) and (b); (5)(a), (b) and (c); (6)(a), (c), (d), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), (o), and (p); (7)(a) and (b); (9)(d), (f), (i), (j) and (k); (10)(a) and (b).

- (xi) Types of tests acceptable for certification/validation.
- (A) Test results obtained from development testing may be used to certify/validate the design.
- (B) The test results shall provide the engineering data necessary to establish confidence that the hardware and software will meet specifications, the manufacturing process has adequate quality control and the data acquired was used to establish processes, procedures, and test levels supporting subsequent hardware design, production, installation and maintenance.
- (xii) Validation for design certification/validation. If, after review of all documentation, tests, analyses, manufacturer's certifications, and any additional tests which the third-party validation organization believes are necessary, the third-party validation organization determines that the PSDI safety system is in full compliance with the applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A, it

shall validate the manufacturer's certification that it so meets the stated requirements.

- (c) Installation certification/validation requirements.
- (i) The employer shall evaluate and test the PSDI system installation, shall submit to the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization the necessary supporting documentation, and shall certify that the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A have been met and that the installation is proper.
- (ii) The OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization shall conduct tests, and/or review and evaluate the employer's installation tests, documentation and representations. If it so determines, it shall validate the employer's certification that the PSDI safety system is in full conformance with all requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A.
  - (d) Recertification/revalidation requirements.
- (i) A PSDI safety system which has received installation certification/validation shall undergo recertification/revalidation the earlier of:
- (A) Each time the systems hardware is significantly changed, modified, or refurbished;
- (B) Each time the operational conditions are significantly changed (including environmental, application or facility changes, but excluding such changes as die changes or press relocations not involving revision to the safety system);
- (C) When a failure of a significant component has occurred or a change has been made which may affect safety; or
- (D) When one year has elapsed since the installation certification/validation or the last recertification/revalidation.
- (ii) Conduct or recertification/revalidation. The employer shall evaluate and test the PSDI safety system installation, shall submit to the OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization the necessary supporting documentation, and shall recertify that the requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A are being met. The documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following items:
- (A) Demonstration of a thorough inspection of the entire press and PSDI safety system to ascertain that the installation, components and safeguarding have not been changed, modified or tampered with since the installation certification/validation or last recertification/revalidation was made.
- (B) Demonstrations that such adjustments as may be needed (such as to the brake monitor setting) have been accomplished with proper changes made in the records and on such notices as are located on the press and safety system.
- (C) Demonstration that review has been made of the reports covering the design certification/validation, the installation certification/validation, and all recertification/revalidation, in order to detect any degradation to an unsafe condition, and that necessary changes have been made to restore the safety system to previous certification/validation levels.

(iii) The OSHA-recognized third-party validation organization shall conduct tests, and/or review and evaluate the employer's installation, tests, documentation and representations. If it so determines, it shall revalidate the employer's recertification that the PSDI system is in full conformance with all requirements of WAC 296-24-19503 through 296-24-19517 and this Appendix A.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-20700, filed 11/14/88.]

WAC 296-24-20710 Appendix B to WAC 296-24-195. Nonmandatory guidelines for certification/validation of safety systems for presence sensing device initiation of mechanical power presses.

- (1) Objectives. This Appendix provides employers, manufacturers, and their representatives, with nonmandatory guidelines for use in developing certification documents. Employers and manufacturers are encouraged to recommend other approaches if there is a potential for improving safety and reducing cost. The guidelines apply to certification/validation activity from design evaluation through the completion of the installation test and the annual recertification/revalidation tests.
  - (2) General guidelines.
- (a) The certification/validation process should confirm that hazards identified by hazard analysis, (HA), failure mode effect analyses (FMEA), and other system analyses have been eliminated by design or reduced to an acceptable level through the use of appropriate design features, safety devices, warning devices, or special procedures. The certification/validation process should also confirm that residual hazards identified by operational analysis are addressed by warning, labeling safety instructions or other appropriate means.
- (b) The objective of the certification/validation program is to demonstrate and document that the system satisfies specification and operational requirements for safe operations.
- (3) Quality control. The safety attributes of a certified/validated PSDI safety system are more likely to be maintained if the quality of the system and its parts, components and subsystem is consistently controlled. Each manufacturer supplying parts, components, subsystems, and assemblies needs to maintain the quality of the product, and each employer needs to maintain the system in a nondegraded condition.
  - (4) Analysis guidelines.
- (a) Certification/validation of hardware design below the system level should be accomplished by test and/or analysis.
- (b) Analytical methods may be used in lieu of, in combination with, or in support of tests to satisfy specification requirements.
- (c) Analyses may be used for certification/validation when existing data are available or when test is not feasible.
- (d) Similarity analysis may be used in lieu of tests where it can be shown that the article is similar in design, manufacturing process, and quality control to another article that was previously certified/validated in

accordance with equivalent or more stringent criteria. If previous design, history and application are considered to be similar, but not equal to or more exacting than earlier experiences, the additional or partial certification/validation tests should concentrate on the areas of changed or increased requirements.

- (5) Analysis reports.
- (a) The analysis reports should identify:
- (i) The basis for the analysis;
- (ii) The hardware or software items analyzed;
- (iii) Conclusions;
- (iv) Safety factors; and
- (v) Limit of the analysis.

The assumptions made during the analysis should be clearly stated and a description of the effects of these assumptions on the conclusions and limits should be included.

- (b) Certification/validation by similarity analysis reports should identify, in addition to the above, application of the part, component or subsystem for which certification/validation is being sought as well as data from previous usage establishing adequacy of the item. Similarity analysis should not be accepted when the internal and external stresses on the item being certified/validated are not defined.
- (c) Usage experience should also include failure data supporting adequacy of the design.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-20710, filed 11/14/88.]

WAC 296-24-20720 Appendix C to WAC 296-24-195. Mandatory requirements for OSHA recognition of third-party validation organizations for the PSDI standard.

- (1) This Appendix prescribes mandatory requirements and procedures for OSHA recognition of third-party validation organizations to validate employer and manufacturer certifications that their equipment and practices meet the requirements of the PSDI standard. The scope of the Appendix includes the three categories of certification/validation required by the PSDI standard: Design certification/validation, installation certification/validation, and annual recertification/revalidation. If further detailing of these provisions will assist the validation organization or OSHA in this activity, this detailing will be done through appropriate OSHA program directives.
- (2) Procedure for OSHA recognition of validation organizations.
  - (a) Applications.
  - (i) Eligibility.
- (A) Any person or organization considering itself capable of conducting a PSDI-related third-party validation function may apply for OSHA recognition.
- (B) However, in determining eligibility for a foreign-based third-party validation organization, OSHA shall take into consideration whether there is reciprocity of treatment by the foreign government after consultation with relevant United States government agencies.
  - (ii) Content of application.

- (A) The application shall identify the scope of the validation activity for which the applicant wishes to be recognized, based on one of the following alternatives:
- (I) Design certification/validation, installation certification/validation, and annual recertification/revalidation;
  - (II) Design certification/validation only; or
- (III) Installation/certification/validation and annual recertification/revalidation.
- (B) The application shall provide information demonstrating that it and any validating laboratory utilized meet the qualifications set forth in subsection (3) of this section.
- (C) The applicant shall provide information demonstrating that it and any validating laboratory utilized meet the program requirements set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (D) The applicant shall identify the test methods it or the validating laboratory will use to test or judge the components and operations of the PSDI safety system required to be tested by the PSDI standard and WAC 296-24-20700, Appendix A, and shall specify the reasons the test methods are appropriate.
- (E) The applicant may include whatever enclosures, attachments, or exhibits the applicant deems appropriate. The application need not be submitted on a federal form.
- (F) The applicant shall certify that the information submitted is accurate.
- (iii) Filing office location. The application shall be filed with: PSDI Certification/Validation Program, Office of Variance Determination, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N3653, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20210.
  - (iv) Amendments and withdrawals.
- (A) An application may be revised by an applicant at any time prior to the completion of the final staff recommendation.
- (B) An application may be withdrawn by an applicant, without prejudice, at any time prior to the final decision by the assistant secretary in (b)(viii)(B)(IV) of this subsection.
  - (b) Review and decision process.
- (i) Acceptance and field inspection. All applications submitted will be accepted by OSHA, and their receipt acknowledged in writing. After receipt of an application, OSHA may request additional information if it believes information relevant to the requirements for recognition have been omitted. OSHA may inspect the facilities of the third-party validation organization and any validating laboratory, and while there shall review any additional documentation underlying the application. A report shall be made of each field inspection.
- (ii) Requirements for recognition. The requirements for OSHA recognition of a third-party validation organization for the PSDI standard are that the program has fulfilled the requirements of subsection (3) of this section for qualifications and of subsection (4) of this section for program requirements, and the program has

identified appropriate test and analysis methods to meet the requirements of the PSDI standard and WAC 296– 24–20700, Appendix A.

- (iii) Preliminary approval. If, after review of the application, any additional information, and the inspection report, the applicant and any validating laboratory appear to have met the requirements for recognition, a written recommendation shall be submitted by the responsible OSHA personnel to the assistant secretary to approve the application with a supporting explanation.
- (iv) Preliminary disapproval. If, after review of the application, additional information, and inspection report, the applicant does not appear to have met the requirements for recognition, the director of the PSDI certification/validation program shall notify the applicant in writing, listing the specific requirements of this Appendix which the applicant has not met, and the reasons.
- (v) Revision of application. After receipt of a notification of preliminary disapproval, the applicant may submit a revised application for further review by OSHA pursuant to (b) of this subsection or may request that the original application be submitted to the assistant secretary with a statement of reasons supplied by the applicant as to why the application should be approved.
  - (vi) Preliminary decision by assistant secretary.
- (A) The assistant secretary, or a special designee for this purpose, will make a preliminary decision whether the applicant has met the requirements for recognition based on the completed application file and the written staff recommendation, as well as the statement of reasons by the applicant if there is a recommendation of disapproval.
- (B) This preliminary decision will be sent to the applicant and subsequently published in the federal register.
  - (vii) Public review and comment period.
- (A) The federal register notice of preliminary decision will provide a period of not less than sixty calendar days for the written comments on the applicant's fulfillment of the requirements for recognition. The application, supporting documents, staff recommendation, statement of applicant's reasons, and any comments received, will be available for public inspection in the OSHA docket office.
- (B) If the preliminary decision is in favor of recognition, a member of the public, or if the preliminary decision is against recognition, the applicant may request a public hearing by the close of the comment period, if it supplies detailed reasons and evidence challenging the basis of the assistant secretary's preliminary decision and justifying the need for a public hearing to bring out evidence which could not be effectively supplied through written submissions.
  - (viii) Final decision by assistant secretary.
- (A) Without hearing. If there are no valid requests for a hearing, based on the application, supporting documents, staff recommendation, evidence and public comment, the assistant secretary shall issue the final decision (including reasons) of the Department of Labor

on whether the applicant has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that it meets the requirements for recognition.

- (B) After hearing. If there is a valid request for a hearing pursuant to (b)(vii)(B) of this subsection, the following procedures will be used:
- (I) The assistant secretary will issue a notice of hearing before an administrative law judge of the Department of Labor pursuant to the rules specified in 29 CFR Part 1905, Subpart C.
- (II) After the hearing, pursuant to Subpart C, the administrative law judge shall issue a decision (including reasons) based on the application, the supporting documentation, the staff recommendation, the public comments and the evidence submitted during the hearing (the record), stating whether it has been demonstrated, based on a preponderance of evidence, that the applicant meets the requirements for recognition. If no exceptions are filed, this is the final decision of the Department of Labor.
- (III) Upon issuance of the decision, any party to the hearing may file exceptions within twenty days pursuant to Subpart C. If exceptions are filed, the administrative law judge shall forward the decision, exceptions and record to the assistant secretary for the final decision on the application.
- (IV) The assistant secretary shall review the record, the decision by the administrative law judge, and the exceptions. Based on this, the assistant secretary shall issue the final decision (including reasons) of the Department of Labor stating whether the applicant has demonstrated by a preponderance of evidence that it meets the requirements for recognition.
- (ix) Publication. A notification of the final decision shall be published in the federal register.
- (c) Terms and conditions of recognition, renewal and revocation.
- (i) The following terms and conditions shall be part of every recognition:
- (A) The recognition of any validation organization will be evidenced by a letter of recognition from OSHA. The letter will provide the specific details of the scope of the OSHA recognition as well as any conditions imposed by OSHA, including any federal monitoring requirements.
- (B) The recognition of each validation organization will be valid for five years, unless terminated before or renewed after the expiration of the period. The dates of the period of recognition will be stated in the recognition letter.
- (C) The recognized validation organization shall continue to satisfy all the requirements of this Appendix and the letter of recognition during the period of recognition.
- (ii) A recognized validation organization may change a test method of the PSDI safety system certification/validation program by notifying the assistant secretary of the change, certifying that the revised method will be at least as effective as the prior method, and providing the supporting data upon which its conclusions are based.

- (iii) A recognized validation organization may renew its recognition by filing a renewal request at the address in (a)(iii) of this subsection, not less than one hundred eighty calendar days, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. When a recognized validation organization has filed such a renewal request, its current recognition will not expire until a final decision has been made on the request. The renewal request will be processed in accordance with (b) of this subsection, except that a reinspection is not required but may be performed by OSHA. A hearing will be granted to an objecting member of the public if evidence of failure to meet the requirements of this Appendix is supplied to OSHA.
- (iv) A recognized validation organization may apply to OSHA for an expansion of its current recognition to cover other categories of PSDI certification/validation in addition to those included in the current recognition. The application for expansion will be acted upon and processed by OSHA in accordance with (b) of this subsection, subject to the possible reinspection exception. If the validation organization has been recognized for more than one year, meets the requirements for expansion of recognition, and there is no evidence that the recognized validation organization has not been following the requirements of this Appendix and the letter of recognition, an expansion will normally be granted. A hearing will be granted to an objecting member of the public only if evidence of failure to meet the requirements of this Appendix is supplied to OSHA.
- (v) A recognized validation organization may voluntarily terminate its recognition, either in its entirety or with respect to any area covered in its recognition, by giving written notice to OSHA at any time. The written notice shall indicate the termination date. A validation organization may not terminate its installation certification and recertification validation functions earlier than either one year from the date of the written notice, or the date on which another recognized validation organization is able to perform the validation of installation certification and recertification.
- (vi) OSHA may revoke its recognition of a validation organization if its program either has failed to continue to satisfy the requirements of this Appendix or its letter of recognition, has not been performing the validation functions required by the PSDI standard and WAC 296-24-20700, Appendix A, or has misrepresented itself in its applications. Before proposing to revoke recognition, the agency will notify the recognized validation organization of the basis of the proposed revocation and will allow rebuttal or correction of the alleged deficiencies. If the deficiencies are not corrected, OSHA may revoke recognition, effective in sixty days, unless the validation organization requests a hearing within that time.
- (vii) If a hearing is requested, it shall be held before an administrative law judge of the Department of Labor pursuant to the rules specified in 29 CFR Part 1905, Subpart C.

- (viii) The parties shall be OSHA and the recognized validation organization. The decision shall be made pursuant to the procedures specified in (b)(viii)(B)(II) through (IV) of this subsection except that the burden of proof shall be on OSHA to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the recognition should be revoked because the validation organization either is not meeting the requirements for recognition, has not been performing the validation functions required by the PSDI standard and WAC 296-24-20700, Appendix A, or has misrepresented itself in its applications.
- (d) Provisions of OSHA recognition. Each recognized third-party validation organization and its validating laboratories shall:
- (i) Allow OSHA to conduct unscheduled reviews or on-site audits of it or the validating laboratories on matters relevant to PSDI, and cooperate in the conduct of these reviews and audits:
- (ii) Agree to terms and conditions established by OSHA in the grant of recognition on matters such as exchange of data, submission of accident reports, and assistance in studies for improving PSDI or the certification/validation process.
- (3) Qualifications. The third-party validation organization, the validating laboratory, and the employees of each shall meet the requirements set forth in this section of this Appendix.
  - (a) Experience of validation organization.
- (i) The third-party validation organization shall have legal authority to perform certification/validation activities.
- (ii) The validation organization shall demonstrate competence and experience in either power press design, manufacture or use, or testing, quality control or certification/validation of equipment comparable to power presses and associated control systems.
- (iii) The validation organization shall demonstrate a capability for selecting, reviewing, and/or validating appropriate standards and test methods to be used for validating the certification of PSDI safety systems, as well as for reviewing judgments on the safety of PSDI safety systems and their conformance with the requirements of this section.
- (iv) The validating organization may utilize the competence, experience, and capability of its employees to demonstrate this competence, experience, and capability.
  - (b) Independence of validation organization.
  - (i) The validation organization shall demonstrate that:
  - (A) It is financially capable to conduct the work;
- (B) It is free of direct influence or control by manufacturers, suppliers, vendors, representatives of employers and employees, and employer or employee organizations; and
- (C) Its employees are secure from discharge resulting from pressures from manufacturers, suppliers, vendors, employers or employee representatives.
- (ii) A validation organization may be considered independent even if it has ties with manufacturers, employers or employee representatives if these ties are with

- at least two of these three groups; it has a board of directors (or equivalent leadership responsible for the certification/validation activities) which includes representatives of the three groups; and it has a binding commitment of funding for a period of three years or more.
- (c) Validating laboratory. The validation organization's laboratory (which organizationally may be a part of the third-party validation organization):
- (i) Shall have legal authority to perform the validation of certification;
- (ii) Shall be free of operational control and influence of manufacturers, suppliers, vendors, employers or employee representatives that would impair its integrity of performance; and
- (iii) Shall not engage in the design, manufacture, sale, promotion, or use of the certified equipment.
- (d) Facilities and equipment. The validation organization's validating laboratory shall have available all testing facilities and necessary test and inspection equipment relevant to the validation of the certification of PSDI safety systems, installations and operations.
- (e) Personnel. The validation organization and the validating laboratory shall be adequately staffed by personnel who are qualified by technical training and/or experience to conduct the validation of the certification of PSDI safety systems.
- (i) The validation organization shall assign overall responsibility for the validation of PSDI certification to an administrative director. Minimum requirements for this position are a bachelor's degree and five years professional experience, at least one of which shall have been in responsible charge of a function in the areas of power press design or manufacture or a broad range of power press use, or in the areas of testing, quality control, or certification/validation of equipment comparable to power presses or their associated control systems.
- (ii) The validating laboratory, if a separate organization from the validation organization, shall assign technical responsibility for the validation of PSDI certification to a technical director. Minimum requirements for this position are a bachelor's degree in a technical field and five years of professional experience, at least one of which shall have been in responsible charge of a function in the area of testing, quality control or certification/validation of equipment comparable to power presses or their associated control systems.
- (iii) If the validation organization and the validating laboratory are the same organization, the administrative and technical responsibilities may be combined in a single position, with minimum requirements as described in (e)(i) and (ii) of this subsection for the combined position.
- (iv) The validation organization and validating laboratory shall have adequate administrative and technical staffs to conduct the validation of the certification of PSDI safety systems.
  - (f) Certification/validation mark or logo.
- (i) The validation organization or the validating laboratory shall own a registered certification/validation mark or logo.

- (ii) The mark or logo shall be suitable for incorporation into the label required by WAC 296-24-19517 (11)(c) of this part.
  - (4) Program requirements.
  - (a) Test and certification/validation procedures.
- (i) The validation organization and/or validating laboratory shall have established written procedures for test and certification/validation of PSDI safety systems. The procedures shall be based on pertinent OSHA standards and test methods, or other publicly available standards and test methods generally recognized as appropriate in the field, such as national consensus standards or published standards of professional societies or trade associations.
- (ii) The written procedures for test and certification/validation of PSDI systems, and the standards and test methods on which they are based, shall be reproducible and be available to OSHA and to the public upon request.
  - (b) Test reports.
- (i) A test report shall be prepared for each PSDI safety system that is tested. The test report shall be signed by a technical staff representative and the technical director.
  - (ii) The test report shall include the following:
- (A) Name of manufacturer and catalog or model number of each subsystem or major component.
- (B) Identification and description of test methods or procedures used. (This may be through reference to published sources which describe the test methods or procedures used.)
  - (C) Results of all tests performed.
  - (D) All safety distance calculations.
- (iii) A copy of the test report shall be maintained on file at the validation organization and/or validating laboratory, and shall be available to OSHA upon request.
  - (c) Certification/validation reports.
- (i) A certification/validation report shall be prepared for each PSDI safety system for which the certification is validated. The certification/validation report shall be signed by the administrative director and the technical director.
- (ii) The certification/validation report shall include the following:
- (A) Name of manufacturer and catalog or model number of each subsystem or major component.
- (B) Results of all tests which serve as the basis for the certification.
  - (C) All safety distance calculations.
- (D) Statement that the safety system conforms with all requirements of the PSDI standard and WAC 296-24-20700, Appendix A.
- (iii) A copy of the certification/validation report shall be maintained on file at the validation organization and/or validating laboratory, and shall be available to the public upon request.
- (iv) A copy of the certification/validation report shall be submitted to OSHA within thirty days of its completion.
- (d) Publications system. The validation organization shall make available upon request a list of PSDI safety

- systems which have been certified/validated by the program.
  - (e) Follow-up activities.
- (i) The validation organization or validating laboratory shall have a follow-up system for inspecting or testing manufacturer's production of design certified/validated PSDI safety system components and subassemblies where deemed appropriate by the validation organization.
- (ii) The validation organization shall notify the appropriate product manufacturer(s) of any reports from employers of point of operation injuries which occur while a press is operated in a PSDI mode.
- (f) Records. The validation organization or validating laboratory shall maintain a record of each certification/validation of a PSDI safety system, including manufacturer and/or employer certification documentation, test and working data, test report, certification/validation report, any follow-up inspections or testing, and reports of equipment failures, any reports of accidents involving the equipment, and any other pertinent information. These records shall be available for inspection by OSHA and OSHA state plan offices.
  - (g) Dispute resolution procedures.
- (i) The validation organization shall have a reasonable written procedure for acknowledging and processing appeals or complaints from program participants (manufacturers, producers, suppliers, vendors, and employers) as well as other interested parties (employees or their representatives, safety personnel, government agencies, etc.), concerning certification or validation.
- (ii) The validation organization may charge any complainant the reasonable charge for repeating tests needed for the resolution of disputes.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-20720, filed 11/14/88.]

# WAC 296-24-20730 Appendix D to WAC 296-24-195. Nonmandatory supplementary information.

- (1) This Appendix provides nonmandatory supplementary information and guidelines to assist in the understanding and use of WAC 296-24-19517 to allow presence sensing device initiation (PSDI) of mechanical power presses. Although this Appendix as such is not mandatory, it references sections and requirements which are made mandatory by other parts of the PSDI standard and appendices.
- (2) General. OSHA intends that PSDI continue to be prohibited where present state—of—the—art technology will not allow it to be done safely. Only part revolution type mechanical power presses are approved for PSDI. Similarly, only presses with a configuration such that a person's body cannot completely enter the bed area are approved for PSDI.
  - (3) Brake and clutch.
- (a) Flexible steel band brakes do not possess a longterm reliability against structural failure as compared to other types of brakes, and therefore are not acceptable on presses used in the PSDI mode of operation.
- (b) Fast and consistent stopping times are important to safety for the PSDI mode of operation. Consistency of

braking action is enhanced by high brake torque. The requirement in WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(b) defines a high torque capability which should ensure fast and consistent stopping times.

- (c) Brake design parameters important to PSDI are high torque, low moment of inertia, low air volume (if pneumatic) mechanisms, noninterleaving engagement springs, and structural integrity which is enhanced by over-design. The requirement in WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(c) reduces the possibility of significantly increased stopping time if a spring breaks.
- (d) As an added precaution to the requirements in WAC 296-24-19517 (2)(c), brake adjustment locking means should be secured. Where brake springs are externally accessible, lock nuts or other means may be provided to reduce the possibility of backing off of the compression nut which holds the springs in place.
- (4) Pneumatic systems. Elevated clutch/brake air pressure results in longer stopping time. The requirement in WAC 296-24-19517 (3)(a)(iii) is intended to prevent degradation in stopping speed from higher air pressure. Higher pressures may be permitted, however, to increase clutch torque to free "jammed" dies, provided positive measures are provided to prevent the higher pressure at other times.
- (5) Flywheels and bearings. Lubrication of bearings is considered the single greatest deterrent to their failure. The manufacturer's recommended procedures for maintenance and inspection should be closely followed.
  - (6) Brake monitoring.
- (a) The approval of brake monitor adjustments, as required in WAC 296-24-19517 (5)(b), is not considered a recertification, and does not necessarily involve an onsite inspection by a representative of the validation organization. It is expected that the brake monitor adjustment normally could be evaluated on the basis of the effect on the safety system certification/validation documentation retained by the validation organization.
- (b) Use of a brake monitor does not eliminate the need for periodic brake inspection and maintenance to reduce the possibility of catastrophic failures.
  - (7) Cycle control and control systems.
- (a) The PSDI set-up/reset means required by WAC 296-24-19517 (6)(d) may be initiated by the actuation of a special momentary pushbutton or by the actuation of a special momentary pushbutton and the initiation of a first stroke with two hand controls.
- (b) It would normally be preferable to limit the adjustment of the time required in WAC 296-24-19517 (6)(b) to a maximum of fifteen seconds. However, where an operator must do many operations outside the press, such as lubricating, trimming, deburring, etc., a longer interval up to thirty seconds is permitted.
- (c) When a press is equipped for PSDI operation, it is recommended that the presence sensing device be active as a guarding device in other production modes. This should enhance the reliability of the device and ensure that it remains operable.
- (d) An acceptable method for interlocking supplemental guards as required by WAC 296-24-19517 (6)(h) would be to incorporate the supplemental guard

- and the PSDI presence sensing device into a hinged arrangement in which the alignment of the presence sensing device serves, in effect, as the interlock. If the supplemental guards are moved, the presence sensing device would become misaligned and the press control would be deactivated. No extra microswitches or interlocking sensors would be required.
- (e) WAC 296-24-19517 (6)(a) of the standard requires that the control system have provisions for an "inch" operating means; that die-setting not be done in the PSDI mode; and that production not be done in the "inch" mode. It should be noted that the sensing device would be by-passed in the "inch" mode. For that reason, the prohibitions against die-setting in the PSDI mode, and against production in the "inch" mode are cited to emphasize that "inch" operation is of reduced safety and is not compatible with PSDI or other production modes.
- (8) Environmental requirements. It is the intent of WAC 296-24-19517(7) that control components be provided with inherent design protection against operating stresses and environmental factors affecting safety and reliability.
  - (9) Safety system.
- (a) The safety system provision continues the concept of WAC 296-24-19505(13) that the probability of two independent failures in the length of time required to make one press cycle is so remote as to be a negligible risk factor in the total array of equipment and human factors. The emphasis is on an integrated total system including all elements affecting point of operation safety.
- (b) It should be noted that this does not require redundancy for press components such as structural elements, clutch/brake mechanisms, plates, etc., for which adequate reliability may be achieved by proper design, maintenance, and inspection.
  - (10) Safeguarding the point of operation.
- (a) The intent of WAC 296-24-19517 (9)(c) is to prohibit use of mirrors to "bend" a single light curtain sensing field around corners to cover more than one side of a press. This prohibition is needed to increase the reliability of the presence sensing device in initiating a stroke only when the desired work motion has been completed.
- (b) "Object sensitivity" describes the capability of a presence sensing device to detect an object in the sensing field, expressed as the linear measurement of the smallest interruption which can be detected at any point in the field. Minimum object sensitivity describes the largest acceptable size of the interruption in the sensing field. A minimum object sensitivity of one and one-fourth inches (31.75 mm) means that a one and one-fourth inch (31.75 mm) diameter object will be continuously detected at all locations in the sensing field.
- (c) In deriving the safety distance required in WAC 296-24-19517 (9)(f), all stopping time measurements should be made with clutch/brake air pressure regulated to the press manufacturer's recommended value for full clutch torque capability. The stopping time measurements should be made with the heaviest upper die that is planned for use in the press. If the press has a slide

296-24-23029 Traveling.

296-24-23031 Loading.

counterbalance system, it is important that the counterbalance be adjusted correctly for upper die weight according to the manufacturer's instructions. While the brake monitor setting is based on the stopping time it actually measures, i.e., the normal stopping time at the top of the stroke, it is important that the safety distance be computed from the longest stopping time measured at any of the indicated three downstroke stopping positions listed in the explanation of Ts. The use in the formula of twice the stopping time increase, Tm, allowed by the brake monitor for brake wear allows for greater increases in the downstroke stopping time than occur in normal stopping time at the top of the stroke.

(11) Inspection and maintenance. [Reserved]

(12) Safety system certification/validation. Mandatory requirements for certification/validation of the PSDI safety system are provided in WAC 296-24-20700, Appendix A, and 296-24-20720, Appendix C to this standard. Nonmandatory supplementary information and guidelines relating to certification/validation of the PSDI safety system are provided in WAC 296-24-20710, Appendix B to this standard.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-20730, filed 11/14/88.]

**Reviser's note:** The brackets and enclosed material in the text of the above section occurred in the copy filed by the agency and appear herein pursuant to the requirements of RCW 34.08.040.

#### Part D

## MATERIALS HANDLING AND STORAGE, INCLUDING CRANES, DERRICKS, ETC., AND RIGGING

WAC	
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296-24-29405	Hemp and wire rope slings.
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DISPOSITION	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS SUBCHAPTER
296-24-220	Indoor general storage. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-220,
· <b></b>	filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-220, filed
	filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-220, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.
296-24-22001	Definitions. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22001, filed
	5/9/73 and Order 73-4 8 296-24-22001 filed

5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22001, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.

296-24-22003 General requirements. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22003, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.

296-24-22005 Piling procedures and precautions. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22005, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.

296-24-22007 Fire protection requirements. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22007, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74

296-24-22009 Mechanical handling equipment. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22009, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.

296-24-22011 Building service equipment. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-22011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-22011, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by Order 74-27, filed 5/7/74.

# WAC 296-24-215 Materials handling and storage—Handling materials—General.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-215, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-215, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21501 Use of mechanical equipment. Where mechanical handling equipment is used, sufficient safe clearances shall be allowed for aisles, at loading docks, through doorways and wherever turns or passage must be made. Aisles and passageways shall be kept clear and in good repair, with no obstruction across or in aisles that could create a hazard. Permanent aisles and passageways shall be appropriately marked.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-21501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-21501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21503 Secure storage. Storage of material shall not create a hazard. Bags, containers, bundles, etc., stored in tiers shall be stacked, blocked, interlocked and limited in height so that they are stable and secure against sliding or collapse.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-21503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-21503, filed 9296-24-21503

WAC 296-24-21505 Housekeeping. Storage areas shall be kept free from accumulation of materials that constitute hazards from tripping, fire, explosion, or pest harborage. Vegetation control will be exercised when necessary.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-21505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-21505, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21507 Drainage. Proper drainage shall be provided.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-21507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-21507, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21509 Clearance limits. Clearance signs to warn of clearance limits shall be provided.

[Order 73–5, \$296-24-21509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$296-24-21509, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21511 Rolling railroad cars. (1) Derail and/or bumper blocks shall be provided on spur

railroad tracks where a rolling car could contact other cars being worked, enter a building, work or traffic area. This does not apply to cars being moved by a locomotive, switch engine, donkey engine, or a car puller, but only to cars which are "cut loose." The standard does not apply to "cut loose" cars in railroad yards where trains are made up using gravity feed arrangements.

(2) A clearly audible warning system shall be employed when cars are being moved by car pullers or locomotives, and when the person responsible for the moving does not have assurance that the area is clear, and it is safe to move the car or cars.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–21511, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 74–27, § 296–24–21511, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–21511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–21511, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21513 Guarding. Covers and/or guardrails shall be provided to protect personnel from the hazards of open pits, tanks, vats, ditches, etc.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-21513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-21513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-21515 Conveyors. Conveyors shall be constructed operated and maintained in accordance with the provisions of ANSI B 20.1-1957. The following additional provisions shall also apply where applicable.

- (1) When the return strand of a conveyor operates within seven feet of the floor there shall be a trough provided of sufficient strength to carry the weight resulting from a broken chain.
- (2) If the strands are over a passageway a means shall be provided to catch and support the ends of the chain in the event of a break.
- (3) When the working strand of a conveyor crosses within three feet of the floor level in passageways, the trough in which it works shall be bridged the full width of the passageway.
- (4) Whenever conveyors pass adjacent to or over working areas or passageways used by personnel, protective guards shall be installed. These guards shall be designed to catch and hold any load or materials which may fall off or become dislodged and injure a worker.

(5) Walking on rolls prohibited. Employees shall not be allowed to walk on the rolls of roller-type conveyors except for emergency.

- (6) Guarding shaftway and material entrances of elevator type conveyors. Guards, screens or barricades of sufficient strength and size to prevent material from falling shall be installed on all sides of the shaftway of elevator—type conveyors except at openings where material is loaded or unloaded. Automatic shaftway gates or suitable barriers shall be installed at each floor level where material is loaded or unloaded from the platform.
- (7) Emergency conveyor stops. Conveyors shall be provided with an emergency stopping device which can be reached from the conveyor. Such device shall be located near the material entrance to each barker, chipper, saw, or similar type of equipment except where the conveyor leading into such equipment is under constant control of an operator who has full view of the material

entrance and is located where he cannot possibly fall onto the conveyor.

- (8) Safe access to conveyors. Where conveyors are in excess of 7' in height, means shall be provided to safely permit essential inspection and maintenance operations.
- (9) Worn parts. Any part showing signs of significant wear shall be inspected carefully and replaced prior to reaching a condition where it may create a hazard.
- (10) Replacement of parts. Replacement parts shall be equal to or exceed the manufacturer's specifications.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–21515, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–21515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–21515, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-217 Servicing multi-piece and single-piece rim wheels.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 84–17–099 (Order 84–18), § 296–24–217, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80–17–014 (Order 80–20), § 296–24–217, filed 11/13/80.]

- WAC 296-24-21701 Scope. (1) This section applies to the servicing of multi-piece and single-piece rim wheels used on large vehicles such as trucks, tractors, trailers, buses and off-road machines. It does not apply to the servicing of rim wheels used on automobiles, or on pickup trucks and vans utilizing automobile tires or truck tires designated "LT."
- (2) This section does not apply to employers and places of employment regulated under the Construction safety standards, chapter 296–155 WAC.
- (3) All provisions of this section apply to the servicing of both single-piece rim wheels and multi-piece rim wheels unless designated otherwise.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-14-108 (Order 88-11), § 296-24-21701, filed 7/6/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17-040 and 49.17.050. 84-17-099 (Order 84-18), § 296-24-21701, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80-17-014 (Order 80-20), § 296-24-21701, filed 11/13/80.]

- WAC 296-24-21703 Definitions. (1) "Barrier" means a fence, wall or other structure or object placed between a single-piece rim wheel and an employee during tire inflation, to contain the rim wheel components in the event of the sudden release of the contained air of the single-piece rim wheel.
- (2) "Charts" means the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration publications entitled "Demounting and Mounting Procedures for Truck/Bus Tires" and "Multi-Piece Rim Matching Chart," the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) publications entitled "Demounting and Mounting Procedures for Truck/Bus Tires" and "Multi-Piece Rim Matching Chart," or any other poster which contains at least the same instructions, safety precautions and other information contained in the charts that is applicable to the types of wheels being serviced.
- (3) "Installing a rim wheel" means the transfer and attachment of an assembled rim wheel onto a vehicle axle hub. "Removing" means the opposite of installing.

- (4) "Mounting a tire" means the assembly or putting together of the wheel and tire components to form a rim wheel, including inflation. "Demounting" means the opposite of mounting.
- (5) "Multi-piece rim wheel" means the assemblage of a multi-piece wheel with the tire tube and other components.
- (6) "Multi-piece wheel" means a vehicle wheel consisting of two or more parts, one of which is a side or locking ring designed to hold the tire on the wheel by interlocking components when the tire is inflated.
- (7) "Restraining device" means an apparatus such as a cage, rack, assemblage of bars and other components that will constrain all rim wheel components during an explosive separation of a multi-piece rim wheel, or during the sudden release of the contained air of a single-piece rim wheel.
- (8) "Rim manual" means a publication containing instructions from the manufacturer or other qualified organization for correct mounting, demounting, maintenance, and safety precautions peculiar to the type of wheel being serviced.
- (9) "Rim wheel" means an assemblage of tire, tube and liner (where appropriate), and wheel components.
- (10) "Service" or "servicing" means the mounting and demounting of rim wheels, and related activities such as inflating, deflating, installing, removing, and handling.
- (11) "Service area" means that part of an employer's premises used for the servicing of rim wheels, or any other place where an employee services rim wheels.
- (12) "Single-piece rim wheel" means the assemblage of single-piece rim wheel with the tire and other components.
- (13) "Single-piece wheel" means a vehicle wheel consisting of one part, designed to hold the tire on the wheel when the tire is inflated.
- (14) "Trajectory" means any potential path or route that a rim wheel component may travel during an explosive separation, or the sudden release of the pressurized air, or an area at which an airblast from a single-piece rim wheel may be released. The trajectory may deviate from paths which are perpendicular to the assembled position of the rim wheel at the time of separation or explosion. (See Appendix A for examples of trajectories.)
- (15) "Wheel" means that portion of a rim wheel which provides the method of attachment of the assembly to the axle of a vehicle and also provides the means to contain the inflated portion of the assembly (i.e., the tire and/or tube).

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–21703, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 84–17–099 (Order 84–18), § 296–24–21703, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80–17–014 (Order 80–20), § 296–24–21703, filed 11/13/80.]

WAC 296-24-21705 Employee training. (1) The employer shall provide a program to train all employees who service rim wheels in the hazards involved in servicing those rim wheels and the safety procedures to be followed.

- (a) The employer shall assure that no employee services any rim wheel unless the employee has been trained and instructed in correct procedures of servicing the type of wheel being serviced, and in the safe operating procedures described in WAC 296-24-21711 and 296-24-21713.
- (b) Information to be used in the training program shall include, at a minimum, the applicable data contained in the charts (rim manuals) and the contents of this standard.
- (c) Where an employer knows or has reason to believe that any of his employees is unable to read and understand the charts or rim manual, the employer shall assure that the employee is instructed concerning the contents of the charts and rim manual in a manner which the employee is able to understand.
- (2) The employer shall assure that each employee demonstrates and maintains the ability to service rim wheels safely, including performance of the following tasks:
  - (a) Demounting of tires (including deflation);
- (b) Inspection and identification of the rim wheel components;
- (c) Mounting of tires (including inflation with a restraining device or other safeguard required by this section);
- (d) Use of the restraining device or barrier, and other equipment required by this section;
  - (e) Handling of rim wheels;
- (f) Inflation of the tire when a single-piece rim wheel is mounted on a vehicle;
- (g) An understanding of the necessity of standing outside the trajectory both during inflation of the tire and during inspection of the rim wheel following inflation; and
  - (h) Installation and removal of rim wheels.
- (3) The employer shall evaluate each employee's ability to perform these tasks and to service rim wheels safely, and shall provide additional training as necessary to assure that each employee maintains his or her proficiency.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 86-03-064 (Order 86-02), § 296-24-21705, filed 1/17/86; 84-17-099 (Order 84-18), § 296-24-21705, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80-17-014 (Order 80-20), § 296-24-21705, filed 11/13/80.]

WAC 296-24-21707 Tire servicing equipment. (1) The employer shall furnish a restraining device for inflating tires on multi-piece wheels.

- (2) The employer shall provide a restraining device or barrier for inflating tires on single-piece wheels unless the rim wheel will be bolted onto a vehicle during inflation.
- (3) Restraining devices and barriers shall comply with the following requirements:
- (a) Each restraining device or barrier shall have the capacity to withstand the maximum force that would be transferred to it during a rim wheel separation occurring at one hundred fifty percent of the maximum tire specification pressure for the type of rim wheel being serviced.

- (b) Restraining devices and barriers shall be capable of preventing the rim wheel components from being thrown outside or beyond the device or barrier for any rim wheel positioned within or behind the device;
- (c) Restraining devices and barriers shall be visually inspected prior to each day's use and after any separation of the rim wheel components or sudden release of contained air. Any restraining device or barrier exhibiting damage such as the following defects shall be immediately removed from service:
  - (i) Cracks at welds;
  - (ii) Cracked or broken components;
- (iii) Bent or sprung components caused by mishandling, abuse, tire explosion or rim wheel separation;
  - (iv) Pitting of components due to corrosion; or
- (v) Other structural damage which would decrease its effectiveness.
- (d) Restraining devices or barriers removed from service shall not be returned to service until they are repaired and reinspected. Restraining devices or barriers requiring structural repair such as component replacement or rewelding shall not be returned to service until they are certified by either the manufacturer or a registered professional engineer as meeting the strength requirements of (a) of this subsection.
- (4) The employer shall furnish and assure that an air line assembly consisting of the following components be used for inflating tires:
  - (a) A clip-on chuck;
- (b) An in-line valve with a pressure gauge or a presettable regulator; and
- (c) A sufficient length of hose between the clip-on chuck and the in-line valve (if one is used) to allow the employee to stand outside the trajectory.
- (5) Current charts or rim manuals containing instructions for the types of wheels being serviced shall be available in the service area.
- (6) The employer shall furnish and assure that only tools recommended in the rim manual for the type of wheel being serviced are used to service rim wheels.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–21707, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; 88–11–021 (Order 88–04), § 296–24–21707, filed 5/11/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 86–03–064 (Order 86–02), § 296–24–21707, filed 1/17/86; 84–17–099 (Order 84–18), § 296–24–21707, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49-17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80–17–014 (Order 80–20), § 296–24–21707, filed 11/13/80.]

- WAC 296-24-21709 Wheel component acceptability. (1) Multi-piece wheel components shall not be interchanged except as provided in the charts, or in the applicable rim manual.
- (2) Multi-piece wheel components and single-piece wheels shall be inspected prior to assembly. Any wheel or wheel component which is bent out of shape, pitted from corrosion, broken or cracked shall not be used and shall be marked or tagged unserviceable and removed from the service area. Damaged or leaky valves shall be replaced.
- (3) Rim flanges, rim gutters, rings, bead seating surfaces and the bead areas of tires shall be free of any dirt,

surface rust, scale or loose or flaked rubber build-up prior to mounting and inflation.

(4) The size (bead diameter and tire/wheel widths) and type of both the tire and the wheel shall be checked for compatibility prior to assembly of the rim wheel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 84–17–099 (Order 84–18), § 296–24–21709, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80–17–014 (Order 80–20), § 296–24–21709, filed 11/13/80.]

- WAC 296-24-21711 Safe operating procedure—Multi-piece rim wheels. The employer shall establish a safe operating procedure for servicing multi-piece rim wheels and shall assure that employees are instructed in and follow that procedure. The procedure shall include at least the following elements:
- (1) Tires shall be completely deflated before demounting by removal of the valve core.
- (2) Tires shall be completely deflated by removing the valve core, before a rim wheel is removed from the axle in either of the following situations:
- (a) When the tire has been driven underinflated at eighty percent or less of its recommended pressure, or
- (b) When there is obvious or suspected damage to the tire or wheel components.
- (3) Rubber lubricant shall be applied to bead and rim mating surfaces during assembly of the wheel and inflation of the tire, unless the tire or wheel manufacturer recommends against it.
- (4) If a tire on a vehicle is underinflated but has more than eighty percent of the recommended pressure, the tire may be inflated while the rim wheel is on the vehicle provided remote control inflation equipment is used, and no employees remain in the trajectory during inflation.
- (5) Tires shall be inflated outside a restraining device only to a pressure sufficient to force the tire bead onto the rim ledge and create an airtight seal with the tire and bead.
- (6) Whenever a rim wheel is in a restraining device the employee shall not rest or lean any part of his body or equipment on or against the restraining device.
- (7) After tire inflation, the tire and wheel components shall be inspected while still within the restraining device to make sure that they are properly seated and locked. If further adjustment to the tire or wheel components is necessary, the tire shall be deflated by removal of the valve core before the adjustment is made.
- (8) No attempt shall be made to correct the seating of side and lock rings by hammering, striking or forcing the components while the tire is pressurized.
- (9) Cracked, broken, bent or otherwise damaged rim components shall not be reworked, welded, brazed, or otherwise heated.
- (10) Whenever multi-piece rim wheels are being handled, employees shall stay out of the trajectory unless the employer can demonstrate that performance of the servicing makes the employee's presence in the trajectory necessary.
- (11) No heat shall be applied to a multi-piece wheel or wheel component.

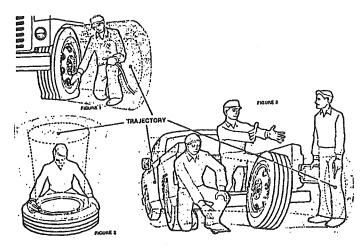
[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 86-03-064 (Order 86-02), § 296-24-21711, filed 1/17/86; 84-17-099 (Order 84-18), § 296-24-21711, filed 8/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 42.30 and 43.22 RCW. 80-17-014 (Order 80-20), § 296-24-21711, filed 11/13/80.]

- WAC 296-24-21713 Safe operating procedure—Single-piece rim wheels. The employer shall establish a safe operating procedure for servicing single-piece rim wheels and shall assure that employees are instructed in and follow that procedure. The procedure shall include at least the following elements:
- (1) Tires shall be completely deflated by removal of the valve core before demounting.
- (2) Mounting and demounting of the tire shall be done only from the narrow ledge side of the wheel. Care shall be taken to avoid damaging the tire beads while mounting tires on wheels. Tires shall be mounted only on compatible wheels of matching bead diameter and width.
- (3) Nonflammable rubber lubricant shall be applied to bead and wheel mating surfaces before assembly of the rim wheel, unless the tire or wheel manufacturer recommends against the use of any rubber lubricant.
- (4) If a tire changing machine is used, the tire shall be inflated only to the minimum pressure necessary to force the tire bead onto the rim ledge while on the tire changing machine.
- (5) If a bead expander is used, it shall be removed before the valve core is installed and as soon as the rim wheel becomes airtight (the tire bead slips onto the bead seat).
- (6) Tires may be inflated only when contained within a restraining device, positioned behind a barrier or bolted on the vehicle with the lug nuts fully tightened.
- (7) Tires shall not be inflated when any flat, solid surface is in the trajectory and within one foot of the sidewall.
- (8) Employees shall stay out of the trajectory when inflating a tire.
- (9) Tires shall not be inflated to more than the inflation pressure stamped in the sidewall unless a higher pressure is recommended by the manufacturer.
- (10) Tires shall not be inflated above the maximum pressure recommended by the manufacturer to seat the tire bead firmly against the rim flange.
  - (11) No heat shall be applied to a single-piece wheel.
- (12) Cracked, broken, bent, or otherwise damaged wheels shall not be reworked, welded, brazed, or otherwise heated.
  - (13) APPENDIX A TRAJECTORY

#### WARNING

## STAY OUT OF THE TRAJECTORY AS INDICATED BY SHADED AREA

Note: Under some circumstances, the trajectory may deviate from its expected path.



(14) Appendix B—Ordering Information for NHTSA charts

Appendix B—Ordering Information for the OSHA charts

OSHA has printed two charts entitled "Demounting and Mounting Procedures for Truck/Bus Tires" and "Multi-Piece Rim Matching Chart," as part of a continuing campaign to reduce accidents among employees who service large vehicle rim wheels.

Reprints of the charts are available through the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) area offices. The address and telephone number of the nearest OSHA area office can be obtained by looking in the local telephone directory under U.S. Government, U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Single copies are available without charge.

Individuals, establishments and other organizations desiring multiple copies of these charts may order them from the Publications Office, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N3101, Washington, D.C. 20210. Telephone: (202) 523-9667.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–21713, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 84–17–099 (Order 84–18), § 296–24–21713, filed 8/21/84.]

#### WAC 296-24-230 Powered industrial trucks.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-230, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-230, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23001 Definition. These definitions are applicable to all sections of this chapter containing WAC 296-24-230 in the section number. As used in those sections, the term, "approved truck" or "approved industrial truck" means a truck that is listed or approved for fire safety purposes for the intended use by a nationally recognized testing laboratory, using nationally recognized testing standards. Refer to WAC 296-24-58501(19) for definition of listed, and to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-23001, filed 11/14/88; Order 74-27, § 296-24-23001,

filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-23001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23003 General requirements. These requirements are applicable to all sections of this chapter containing the WAC 296-24-230 in the section number.

- (1) This section contains safety requirements relating to fire protection design, maintenance, and use of fork trucks, tractors, platform lift trucks, motorized hand trucks, and other specialized industrial trucks, powered by electric motors or internal combustion engines. This section does not apply to compressed gas—operated industrial trucks, nor to farm vehicles, to vehicles intended primarily for earth moving or over—the—road hauling.
- (2) All new powered industrial trucks acquired and used by an employer after the effective date of these standards shall meet the design and construction requirements for powered industrial trucks established in the "American National Standard for Powered Industrial Trucks, Part II, ANSI B56.1–1969," except for vehicles intended primarily for earth moving or over—the—road hauling.
- (3) Approved trucks shall bear a label or some other identifying mark indicating approval by the testing laboratory as meeting the specifications and requirements of ANSI B56.1–1969.
- (4) Modifications and additions which affect capacity and safe operation shall not be performed by the customer or user without manufacturers prior written approval. Capacity, operation, and maintenance instruction plates, tags, or decals shall be changed accordingly.
- (5) If the truck is equipped with front-end attachments other than factory installed attachments, it shall be marked to identify the attachments and show the approximate weight of the truck and attachment combination at maximum elevation with load laterally centered.
- (6) The user shall see that all nameplates and markings are in place and are maintained in a legible condition.

[Order 76–6, \$ 296–24–23003, filed 3/1/76; Order 74–27, \$ 296–24–23003, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5 \$ 296–24–23003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–23003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23005 Designations. For the purpose of this standard there are eleven different designations of industrial trucks or tractors as follows: D, DS, DY, E, ES, EE, EX, G, GS, LP, and LPS.

(1) The D designated units are units similar to the G units except that they are diesel engine powered instead of gasoline engine powered.

- (2) The DS designated units are diesel powered units that are provided with additional safeguards to the exhaust, fuel and electrical systems. They may be used in some locations where a D unit may not be considered suitable.
- (3) The DY designated units are diesel powered units that have all the safeguards of the DS units and in addition do not have any electrical equipment, including the ignition, and are equipped with temperature limitation features.

- (4) The E designated units are electrically powered units that have minimum acceptable safeguards against inherent fire hazards.
- (5) The ES designated units are electrically powered units that, in addition to all of the requirements for the E units, are provided with additional safeguards to the electrical system to prevent emission of hazardous sparks and to limit surface temperatures. They may be used in some locations where the use of an E unit may not be considered suitable.
- (6) The EE designated units are electrically powered units that have, in addition to all of the requirements for the E and ES units, the electric motors and all other electrical equipment completely enclosed. In certain locations the EE unit may be used where the use of an E and ES unit may not be considered suitable.
- (7) The EX designated units are electrically powered units that differ from E, ES, or EE units in that the electrical fittings and equipment are so designed, constructed and assembled that the units may be used in certain atmospheres containing flammable vapors or dusts.
- (8) The G designated units are gasoline powered units having minimum acceptable safeguards against inherent fire hazards.
- (9) The GS designated units are gasoline powered units that are provided with additional safeguards to the exhaust, fuel, and electrical systems. They may be used in some locations where the use of a G unit may not be considered suitable.
- (10) The LP designated unit is similar to the G unit except that liquefied petroleum gas is used for fuel instead of gasoline.
- (11) The LPS designated units are liquefied petroleum gas powered units that are provided with additional safeguards to the exhaust, fuel, and electrical systems. They may be used in some locations where the use of an LP unit may not be considered suitable.
- (12) The atmosphere or location shall have been classified as to whether it is hazardous or nonhazardous prior to the consideration of industrial trucks being used therein and the type of industrial truck required shall be as provided in WAC 296-24-23009 for such location.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23005, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23007 Designated locations. (1) The industrial trucks specified under (2) of this section are the minimum types required but industrial trucks having greater safeguards may be used if desired.
- (2) For specific areas of use see Table N-1 following this section which tabulates the information contained in this section. References in parentheses are to the corresponding classification as used in the National Electrical Code NFPA No. 70-1971; ANSI Standard CI-1971 (Rev. of 1968) for the convenience of persons familiar with those classifications.
- (a) Power-operated industrial trucks shall not be used in atmospheres containing hazardous concentration of acetylene, butadiene, ethylene oxide, hydrogen (or gases or vapors equivalent in hazard to hydrogen, such as

- manufactured gas), propylene oxide, acetaldehyde, cyclopropane, diethyl ether, ethylene, isoprene, or unsymmetrical dimenthyl hydrazine (UDMH).
- (i) Power-operated industrial trucks shall not be used in atmospheres containing hazardous concentrations of metal dust, including aluminum, magnesium, and their commercial alloys, other metals of similarly hazardous characteristics, or in atmospheres containing carbon black, coal or coke dust except approved power-operated industrial trucks designated as EX may be used in such atmospheres.
- (ii) In atmospheres where dust of magnesium, aluminum or aluminum bronze may be present, fuses, switches, motor controllers, and circuit breakers of trucks shall have enclosures specifically approved for such locations.
- (b) Only approved power-operated industrial trucks designated as EX may be used in atmospheres containing acetone, acrylonitrile, alcohol, ammonia, benzine, bensol, butane, ethylene dichloride, gasoline, hexane, lacquer solvent vapors, naphtha, natural gas, propane, propylene, styrene, vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, or xylenes in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures and where such concentrations of these gases or vapors exist continuously, intermittently or periodically under normal operating conditions or may exist frequently because of repair, maintenance operations, leakage, breakdown or faulty operation of equipment.
- (c) Power-operated industrial trucks designated as DY, EE, or EX may be used in locations where volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases are handled, processed or used, but in which the hazardous liquids, vapors or gases will normally be confined within closed containers or closed systems from which they can escape only in case of accidental rupture or breakdown of such containers or systems, or in the case of abnormal operation of equipment; also in locations in which hazardous concentrations of gases or vapors are normally prevented by positive mechanical ventilation but which might become hazardous through failure or abnormal operation of the ventilating equipment; or in locations which are adjacent to Class I, Division 1 locations, and to which hazardous concentrations of gases or vapors might occasionally be communicated unless such communication is prevented by adequate positive-pressure ventilation from a source of clear air, and effective safeguards against ventilation failure are provided.
- (d) In locations used for the storage of hazardous liquids in sealed containers or liquefied or compressed gases in containers, approved power—operated industrial trucks designated as DS, ES, GS, or LPS may be used. This classification includes locations where volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases or vapors are used, but which, would become hazardous only in case of an accident or of some unusual operation condition. The quantity of hazardous material that might escape in case of accident, the adequacy of ventilating equipment, the total area involved, and the record of the industry or business with respect to explosions or fires are all factors that should receive consideration in determining whether

or not the DS or DY, ES, EE, GS, LPS designated truck possesses sufficient safeguards for the location. Piping without valves, checks, meters and similar devices would not ordinarily be deemed to introduce a hazardous condition even though used for hazardous liquids or gases. Locations used for the storage of hazardous liquids or of liquefied or compressed gases in sealed containers would not normally be considered hazardous unless subject to other hazardous conditions also.

- (i) Only approved power—operated industrial trucks designated as EX shall be used in atmospheres in which combustible dust is or may be in suspension continuously, intermittently, or periodically under normal operating conditions, in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures, or where mechanical failure or abnormal operation of machinery or equipment might cause such mixtures to be produced.
- (ii) The EX classification usually includes the working areas of grain handling and storage plants, room containing grinders or pulverizers, cleaners, graders, scalpers, open conveyors or spouts, open bins or hoppers, mixers, or blenders, automatic or hopper scales, packing machinery, elevator heads and boots, stock distributors, dust and stock collectors (except all-metal collectors vented to the outside), and all similar dust producing machinery and equipment in grain processing plants, starch plants, sugar pulverizing plants, malting plants, hay grinding plants, and other occupancies of similar nature; coal pulverizing plants (except where the pulverizing equipment is essentially dust tight); all working areas where metal dusts and powders are produced, processed, handled, packed, or stored (except in tight containers); and other similar locations where combustible dust may, under normal operating conditions, be present in the air in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures.
- (e) Only approved power-operated industrial trucks designated as DY, EE, or EX shall be used in atmospheres in which combustible dust will not normally be in suspension in the air or will not be likely to be thrown into suspension by the normal operation of equipment or apparatus in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures but where deposits or accumulations of such dust may be ignited by arcs or sparks originating in the truck.
- (f) Only approved power—operated industrial trucks designated as DY, EE, or EX shall be used in locations which are hazardous because of the presence of easily ignitible fibers or flyings but in which such fibers or flyings are not likely to be in suspension in the air in quantities sufficient to produce ignitible mixtures.
- (g) Only approved power-operated industrial trucks designated as DS, DY, ES, EE, EX, GS, or LPS shall be used in locations where easily ignitible fibers are stored or handled including outside storage, but are not being processed or manufactured. Industrial trucks designated as E, which have been previously used in these locations may be continued in use.
- (h) On piers and wharves handling general cargo, any approved power-operated industrial truck designated as

- Type D, E, G, or LP may be used, or trucks which conform to the requirements for these types may be used.
- (i) If storage warehouses and outside storage locations are hazardous only the approved power-operated industrial truck specified for such locations in WAC 296-24-23007(2) shall be used. If not classified as hazardous, any approved power-operated industrial truck designated as Type D, E, G, or LP may be used, or trucks which conform to the requirements for these types may be used.
- (j) If general industrial or commercial properties are hazardous, only approved power-operated industrial trucks specified for such locations in this WAC 296-24-23007 shall be used. If not classified as hazardous, any approved power-operated industrial truck designated as Type D, E, G, or LP may be used, or trucks which conform to the requirements of these types may be used.

### TABLE N-1

## SUMMARY TABLE ON USE OF INDUSTRIAL TRUCKS IN VARIOUS LOCATIONS

(TABLE N-1: Part 1---Unclassified & Class I)

Classes	Unclassified	Class I locations					
Descrip- tion of classes	Locations not possessing atmospheres as described in other columns.	Locations in which flammable gases or vapors are, or may be, present in the air in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitible mixtures.					
Groups in classes	None	A B	C D				
Examples of locations or atmospheres in classes and groups	Piers and wharves inside and outside general storage general industrial or commercial properties	Acety- Hydro- lene gen	Ethyl Gasoline ether Naphtha Alcohols Acetone Lacquer solvent Benzene				
		1	2				
Divisions (nature of hazardous conditions)	None	Above condition exists continuously, intermit— tently, or periodically under normal operating conditions.  Above condimay accidentally due to a puncture of storage druit					

## (TABLE N-1: Part 2--Class II & III)

Classes	asses Class II locations			Class III location		
Descrip- tion of classes	Locations which are hazardous because of the presence of combustible dust.		use of	Locations where easily ignitible fibers or flyings are present but not likely to be in suspension in quantities sufficient to produce ignitible mixture		
Groups in E F G			None			

(TABLE N-1: Part 2--Class II & III)

Classes	Class II	locations	Class II	I locations
Examples of ocations or atmos—pheres in classes and groups	Metal Carbor dust black Coal dust Coke dust	Grain dust Flour dust Starch dust Organic dust	Baled waste, coccotton, excelsior istle, jute, kapol sisal, Spanish m synthetic fibers,	, hemp, k, oakum, oss,
	1	2	1	2
Divisions (nature of hazardous conditions)	Explosive mixture may be present under normal operating conditions, or where failure of equipment may cause the condi- tion to ex- ist simul- taneously with arcing or sparking of electri- cal equip- ment, or where dusts of an elec- trically conducting nature may be present.	Explosive mixture not normally present, but where deposits of dust may cause heat rise in electrical equipment, or where such deposits may be ignited by arcs or sparks from electrical equipment.	Locations in which easily ignitible fibers or materials producing combustible flyings are handled, manufactured, or used.	Locations in which easily ignitible fibers are stored or handled (except in the process of manufacture)

## Authorized uses of trucks by types in groups of classes and divisions

## (TABLE N-1: Part 3--Groups in classes, None--A, B, C, and D)

Groups in classes	None A	А В	C D A	<b>В</b>	C D
Types of trucks					
authorized:					
Diesel:					
Type D ——	— D**				
Type DS					
Type DY —					
Electric:					٠.
Type E———	TC **				
Type ES —					
Type EE					EE
Type EX ——			— EX –		—— ЕХ
Gasoline:					
Type G ———	G**				
Type G ——— Type GS ———					GS
I P_Gas					
Type LP ——	_ LP**				
Type LPS					LPS
Paragraph Ref.					
in No. 505	210.211	201(a)	203	209(a)	204
m 140. 505	210.211	201(a)	(a)	209(a)	(a), (b)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Trucks conforming to these types may also be used—see WAC 296-24-23007 (2)(h) and (j).

References in parentheses are to the corresponding classification as used in the National Electrical Code (NFPA No. 70, ANSI Standard CI-1968) for the convenience of persons familiar with those classifications.

(TABLE N-1: Part 4--Groups in class-E, F, G, and None)

Groups in classes	E	F	G	E	F	G	None	None
Types of trucks	****		····					
authorized:								
Diesel:								
Type D-								DC
Type DS —								
Type DY-						— ру —	– DY –	- DY
Electric:								17
Type E—— Type ES ——						EC		— Е
Type ES ——						ES	PP	— E2
Type EE ——								
Gasoline:	Е	Α.	EX			— ел—	— ЕХ -	– EX
Type G——								
Type GS —						de		GS
LP-Gas:						65		– 03
Type LP——								
Type LPS—						I DC		I DC
Paragraph Ref.						- LIS -		- LIS
in No. 505	202(a)		205(a)	20962	١.	206	207(a)	208(a)
111 140. 505	202(4)		205(a)	207(a	,	(a), (b)	201(a)	200(a)

\*\*Trucks conforming to these types may also be used — see WAC 296-24-23007 (2)(h) and (j).

References in parentheses are to the corresponding classification as used in the National Electrical Code (NFPA No. 70, ANSI Standard CI-1968) for the convenience of persons familiar with those classifications.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23007, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23009 Converted industrial trucks. Power-operated industrial trucks that have been originally approved for the use of gasoline for fuel, when converted to the use of liquefied petroleum gas fuel in accordance with WAC 296-24-23035, may be used in those locations where G, GS or LP, and LPS designated trucks have been specified in the preceding sections.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23009, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23011 Safety guards. (1) High lift rider trucks shall be fitted with an overhead guard manufactured in accordance with WAC 296-24-23003(2), unless operating conditions do not permit.

(2) If the type of load presents a hazard, the user shall equip fork trucks with a vertical load backrest extension manufactured in accordance with WAC 296-24-23003(2).

[Order 73–5, 926-24-23011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-23011, filed 926-24-23011

WAC 296-24-23013 Fuel handling and storage. (1) The storage and handling of liquid fuels such as gasoline and diesel fuel shall be in accordance with NFPA Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code (NFPA No. 30-1969).

(2) The storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gas fuel shall be in accordance with NFPA Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases (NFPA No. 58–1969).

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23013, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23015 Changing and charging storage batteries. (1) Battery charging installations shall be located in areas designated for that purpose.

- (2) Facilities shall be provided for flushing and neutralizing spilled electrolyte, for fire protection, for protecting charging apparatus from damage by trucks, and for adequate ventilation for dispersal of fumes from gassing batteries.
- (3) When racks are used for support of batteries, they should be made of materials nonconductive to spark generation or be coated or covered to achieve this objective.
- (4) A conveyor, overhead hoist, or equivalent material handling equipment shall be provided for handling batteries.
- (5) Reinstalled batteries shall be properly positioned and secured in the truck.
- (6) A carboy tilter or siphon shall be provided for handling electrolyte.
- (7) When charging batteries, acid shall be poured into water; water shall not be poured into acid.
- (8) Trucks shall be properly positioned and brake applied before attempting to change or charge batteries.
- (9) When charging batteries, the vent caps should be kept in place to avoid electrolyte spray. Care shall be taken to assure that vent caps are functioning. The battery (or compartment) cover(s) shall be open to dissipate heat.
  - (10) Smoking shall be prohibited in the charging area.
- (11) Precautions shall be taken to prevent open flames, sparks, or electric arcs in battery charging areas.
- (12) Tools and other metallic objects shall be kept away from the top of uncovered batteries.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-23015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-23015, filed 926-24-23015

# WAC 296-24-23017 Lighting for operating areas. (1) Controlled lighting of adequate intensity should be provided in operating areas. (See American National Standard Practice for Industrial Lighting, All.1-1965 (R1970).)

(2) Where general lighting is less than 2 lumens per square foot, auxiliary directional lighting shall be provided on the truck.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23017, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-23019 Control of noxious gases and fumes. (1) Concentration levels of carbon monoxide gas created by powered industrial truck operations shall not exceed the levels specified in WAC 296-62-075 (general occupational health standards).

(2) Questions concerning degree of concentration and methods of sampling to ascertain the conditions should be referred to a qualified industrial hygienist.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23019, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23021 Dockboards (bridge plates). (1) Portable and powered dockboards shall be strong enough to carry the load imposed on them.

(2) Portable dockboards shall be secured in position, either by being anchored or equipped with devices which

will prevent their slipping.

- (3) Powered dockboards shall be designed and constructed in accordance with Commercial Standard CS202-56 (1956) "Industrial Lifts and Hinged Loading Ramps" published by the U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (4) Handholds, or other effective means, shall be provided on portable dockboards to permit safe handling.
- (5) Positive protection shall be provided to prevent railroad cars from being moved while dockboards or bridge plates are in position.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23021, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23021, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23023 Trucks and railroad cars. (1) The brakes of highway trucks shall be set and wheel chocks placed under the rear wheels to prevent the trucks from rolling while they are boarded with powered industrial trucks.
- (2) Wheel stops or other recognized positive protection shall be provided to prevent railroad cars from moving during loading or unloading operations.
- (3) Fixed jacks may be necessary to support a semitrailer and prevent up-ending during the loading or unloading when the trailer is not coupled to a tractor.
- (4) Positive protection shall be provided to prevent railroad cars from being moved while dockboards or bridge plates are in position.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23023, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23023, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23025 Operator training. Only trained and authorized operators shall be permitted to operate a powered industrial truck. Methods shall be devised to train operators in the safe operation of powered industrial trucks.

[Order 73–5,  $\ 296-24-23025, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, <math display="inline">\ 296-24-23025, filed 5/7/73.]$ 

WAC 296-24-23027 Truck operations. (1) Trucks shall not be driven up to anyone standing in front of a bench or other fixed object.

(2) No person shall be allowed to stand or pass under the elevated portion of any truck, whether loaded or

empty.

(3) Unauthorized personnel shall not be permitted to ride on powered industrial trucks. A safe place to ride shall be provided where riding of trucks is authorized.

(4) The employer shall prohibit arms or legs from being placed between the uprights of the mast or outside

the running lines of the truck.

(5) When leaving a powered industrial truck unattended, load engaging means shall be fully lowered, controls shall be neutralized, power shall be shut off, and brakes set. Wheels blocked if the truck is parked on an incline.

- (a) A powered industrial truck is unattended when the operator is 25 feet or more away from the vehicle which remains in his view, or whenever the operator leaves the vehicle and it is not in his view.
- (b) When the operator of an industrial truck is dismounted and within 25 feet of the truck still in his view, the load engaging means shall be fully lowered, controls neutralized, and the brakes set to prevent movement.
- (6) A safe distance shall be maintained from the edge of ramps or platforms while on any elevated dock, or platform or freight car. Trucks shall not be used for opening or closing freight doors.
- (7) Brakes shall be set and wheel blocks shall be in place to prevent movement of trucks, trailers, or railroad cars while loading or unloading. Fixed jacks may be necessary to support a semitrailer during loading or unloading when the trailer is not coupled to a tractor. The flooring of trucks, trailers, and railroad cars shall be checked for breaks and weakness before they are driven onto.
- (8) There shall be sufficient headroom under overhead installations, lights, pipes, sprinkler system, etc.
- (9) An overhead guard shall be used as protection against falling objects. It should be noted that an overhead guard is intended to offer protection from the impact of small packages, boxes, bagged material, etc., representative of the job application, but not to withstand the impact of a falling capacity load.
- (10) A load backrest extension shall be used whenever necessary to minimize the possibility of the load or part of it from falling rearward.
- (11) Only approved industrial trucks shall be used in hazardous locations.
- (12) Whenever a truck is equipped with vertical only, or vertical and horizontal controls elevatable with the lifting carriage or forks for lifting personnel, the following additional precautions shall be taken for the protection of personnel being elevated.
- (a) Use of a safety platform firmly secured to the lifting carriage and/or forks.
- (b) Means shall be provided whereby personnel on the platform can shut off power to the truck.
- (c) Such protection from falling objects as indicated necessary by the operating conditions shall be provided.
- (13) Using forklifts as elevated work platforms. A platform or structure built specifically for hoisting persons may be used providing the following requirements are complied with: (a) The structure must be securely attached to the forks and shall have standard guardrails and toeboards installed on all sides.
- (b) The hydraulic system shall be so designed that the lift mechanism will not drop faster than 135 feet per minute in the event of a failure in any part of the system. Forklifts used for elevating work platforms shall be identified that they are so designed.
- (c) A safety strap shall be installed or the control lever shall be locked to prevent the boom from tilting.
- (d) An operator shall attend the lift equipment while workers are on the platform.
- (e) The operator shall be in the normal operating position while raising or lowering the platform.

- (f) The vehicle shall not travel from point to point while workers are on the platform except that inching or maneuvering at very slow speed is permissible.
- (g) The area between workers on the platform and the mast shall be adequately guarded to prevent contact with chains or other shear points.
- (14) Fire aisles, access to stairways, and fire equipment shall be kept clear.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–23027, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–23027, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23027, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23029 Traveling. (1) All traffic regulations shall be observed, including authorized plant speed limits. A safe distance shall be maintained approximately three truck lengths from the truck ahead, and the truck shall be kept under control at all times.
- (2) The right of way shall be yielded to ambulances, fire trucks, or other vehicles in emergency situations.
- (3) Other trucks traveling in the same direction at intersections, blind spots, or other dangerous locations shall not be passed.
- (4) The driver shall be required to slow down and sound the horn at cross aisles and other locations where vision is obstructed. If the load being carried obstructs forward view, the driver shall be required to travel with the load trailing.
- (5) Railroad tracks shall be crossed diagonally wherever possible. Parking closer than 8 feet from the center of railroad tracks is prohibited.
- (6) The driver shall be required to look in the direction of, and keep a clear view of the path of travel.
  - (7) Grades shall be ascended or descended slowly.
- (a) When ascending or descending grades in excess of 10 percent, loaded trucks shall be driven with the load upgrade.
- (b) Unloaded trucks should be operated on all grades with the load engaging means downgrade.
- (c) On all grades the load and load engaging means shall be tilted back if applicable, and raised only as far as necessary to clear the road surface.
- (8) Under all travel conditions the truck shall be operated at a speed that will permit it to be brought to a stop in a safe manner.
- (9) Stunt driving and horseplay shall not be permitted.
- (10) The driver shall be required to slow down for wet and slippery floors.
- (11) Dockboard or bridgeplates, shall be properly secured before they are driven over. Dockboard or bridgeplates shall be driven over carefully and slowly and their rated capacity never exceeded.
- (12) Elevators shall be approached slowly, and then entered squarely after the elevator car is properly leveled. Once on the elevator, the controls shall be neutralized, power shut off, and the brakes set.
- (13) Motorized hand trucks must enter elevator or other confined areas with load end forward.
- (14) Running over loose objects on the roadway surface shall be avoided.
- (15) While negotiating turns, speed shall be reduced to a safe level, by means of turning the hand steering

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wheel in a smooth, sweeping motion. Except when maneuvering at a very low speed, the hand steering wheel shall be turned at a moderate, even rate.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23029, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23029, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23031 Loading. (1) Only stable or safely arranged loads shall be handled. Caution shall be exercised when handling off-center loads which cannot be centered.
- (2) Only loads within the rated capacity of the truck shall be handled.
- (3) The long or high (including multiple-tiered) loads which may affect capacity shall be adjusted.
- (4) When attachments are used, particular care should be taken in securing, manipulating, positioning, and transporting the load. Trucks equipped with attachments shall be operated as partially loaded trucks when not handling a load.
- (5) A load engaging means shall be placed under the load as far as possible; the mast shall be carefully tilted backward to stabilize the load.
- (6) Extreme care shall be used when tilting the load forward or backward, particularly when high tiering. Tilting forward with load engaging means elevated shall be prohibited except to pick up a load. An elevated load shall not be tilted forward except when the load is in a deposit position over a rack or stack. When stacking or tiering, only enough backward tilt to stabilize the load shall be used.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–23031, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–23031, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23033 Operation of the truck. (1) If at any time a powered industrial truck is found to be in need of repair, defective, or in any way unsafe, the truck shall be taken out of service until it has been restored to safe operating condition.
- (2) Fuel tanks shall not be filled while the engine is running. Spillage shall be avoided.
- (3) Spillage of oil or fuel shall be carefully washed away or completely evaporated and the fuel tank cap replaced before restarting engine.
- (4) No truck shall be operated with a leak in the fuel system until the leak has been corrected.
- (5) Open flames shall not be used for checking electrolyte level in storage batteries or gasoline level in fuel tanks.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23033, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23033, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23035 Maintenance of industrial trucks. (1) Any power operated industrial truck not in safe operating condition shall be removed from service. All repairs shall be made by authorized personnel.
- (2) No repairs shall be made in Classes I, II, and III locations.
- (3) Those repairs to the fuel and ignition systems of industrial trucks which involve fire hazards shall be conducted only in locations designated for such repairs.

- (4) Trucks in need of repairs to the electrical system shall have the battery disconnected prior to such repairs.
- (5) All parts of any such industrial truck requiring replacement shall be replaced only by parts equivalent as to safety with those used in the original design.
- (6) Industrial trucks shall not be altered so that the relative positions of the various parts are different from what they were when originally received from the manufacturer, nor shall they be altered either by the addition of extra parts not provided by the manufacturer or by the elimination of any parts, except as provided in WAC 296-24-23003. Additional counterweighting of fork trucks shall not be done unless approved by the truck manufacturer.
- (7) Industrial trucks shall be examined before being placed in service, and shall not be placed in service if the examination shows any condition adversely affecting the safety of the vehicle. Such examination shall be made at least daily.

Where industrial trucks are used on a round-theclock basis, they shall be examined after each shift. Defects when found shall be immediately reported and corrected.

- (8) Water mufflers shall be filled daily or as frequently as is necessary to prevent depletion of the supply of water below 75 percent of the filled capacity. Vehicles with mufflers having screens or other parts that may become clogged shall not be operated while such screens or parts are clogged. Any vehicle that emits hazardous sparks or flames from the exhaust system shall immediately be removed from service, and not returned to service until the cause for the emission of such sparks and flames has been eliminated.
- (9) When the temperature of any part of any truck is found to be in excess of its normal operating temperature, thus creating a hazardous condition, the vehicle shall be removed from service and not returned to service until the cause for such overheating has been eliminated.
- (10) Industrial trucks shall be kept in a clean condition, free of lint, excess oil, and grease. Noncombustible agents should be used for cleaning trucks. Low flash point (below 100°F.) solvents shall not be used. High flash point (at or above 100°F.) solvents may be used. Precautions regarding toxicity, ventilation, and fire hazard shall be consonant with the agent or solvent used.
- (11) Where it is necessary to use antifreeze in the engine cooling system, only those products having glycol base shall be used.
- (12) Industrial trucks originally approved for the use of gasoline for fuel may be converted to liquefied petroleum gas fuel provided the complete conversion results in a truck which embodies the features specified for LP or LPS designated trucks. Such conversion equipment shall be approved. The description of the component parts of this conversion system and the recommended method of installation on specific trucks are contained in the "listed by report."

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23035, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23035, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-233 Motor vehicle trucks and trailers.
- (1) Only qualified drivers shall be permitted to operate motor vehicle trucks, and shall possess a current motor vehicle operator's license.
- (2) Motor vehicle trucks must be equipped with brakes which will safely hold the maximum load on maximum grades.
- (3) Trailers must be equipped with good, workable air brakes, or other type of brake equipment approved by the state commission on equipment. Air must be cut into the trailer brake system at the time that the trailer is coupled to the truck.
- (4) Brakes on trucks and trailers must be tested before equipment descends a steep grade.
- (5) Truck drivers shall at all times operate equipment at a safe speed for roadway conditions.
- (6) Safe methods of loading and unloading motor vehicle trucks and trailers shall be observed at all times.
- (7) To prevent accidents during the backing of trucks where vision is obstructed, a signalman shall be stationed at a point giving him a clear view of the rear of the truck and the operator of the truck at all times.
- (8) Truck drivers shall sound their horn before starting to back, and shall sound the horn intermittently during the entire backing operation.
- (9) Dump trucks shall have a device installed on the frame which will be of sufficient strength to hold the bed in the raised position when employees are working in an exposed position underneath.
- (10) All parts and accessories of trucks and trailers shall be kept in good repair and safe condition. Tires worn beyond the point of safety shall not be used.
- (11) All motor vehicle trucks and trailers shall be equipped with standard lights, horn, flags, flares, etc., to conform to the state of Washington motor vehicles laws.
- (12) All loads transported on trucks and/or trucks and trailers shall be properly secured and distributed, and limited to a safe operating load for the condition of the roadway, and the capacity of the bridges, trestles, and other structures.
- (13) Precautions to be taken while inflating tires. Unmounted split—rim wheels shall be placed in a safety cage or other device shall be used which will prevent a split—rim from striking the worker if it should dislodge while the tire is being inflated.
- (14) Trucks parked on an incline shall have the steered wheels turned into the curb and shall have at least one "driver" wheel chocked on each side, independent of the braking system.
- (15) Motor vehicles used regularly for transportation of workmen shall be well equipped, covered against the weather and maintained in good mechanical condition at all times.
- (a) Seats, which shall be properly secured, shall be provided in each vehicle to accommodate the total number of workers normally transported. Where it becomes necessary under emergency conditions to transport more workers than the seating capacity of the truck will accommodate, all workers not having seats shall ride within the vehicle. Under no circumstances shall workers ride on fenders or running boards of the vehicle.

- (b) No worker shall ride in or on any vehicle with his legs hanging over the end or sides. A safety bar should be placed across the rear opening of all manhaul trucks which are not equipped with tail gates.
- (c) Vehicles shall be equipped with compartments or screen of such strength to retain sharp tools which could present a hazard to employees being transported.
- (d) All dump-trucks used to transport workers shall be equipped with an adequate safety chain or locking device which will eliminate the possibility of the body of the truck being raised while workers are riding in the truck
- (e) Explosives or highly inflammable materials shall not be carried in or on any vehicle while it is used to transport workers.
- (f) Exhaust systems shall be installed and maintained in proper condition, and shall be so designed as to eliminate the exposure of the workers to the exhaust gases and fumes.
- (g)(i) The number of persons allowed in the cab of a single bench seat crew truck shall not exceed two in addition to the driver. Crew trucks designed and constructed with additional seating capacity behind the normal driver's seat may carry additional passengers in the seating area behind the driver's seat. Crew trucks with bucket—type seats may carry only the number of passengers for which the bucket seats are provided. In any seating arrangement, the driver must be able to maintain full freedom of motion. Additionally, the number of passengers or seating arrangement shall not obstruct the driver's normal vision.
- (ii) When trucks are designed and constructed with larger than normal seating capacity in the front seat, the total number of passengers may be increased provided that the operator's vision and control functions, as required in (15)(g)(i), are maintained.
- (h) All enclosed crew trucks shall have an emergency exit in addition to the regular entrance.
- (i) Trucks used for hauling gravel shall not be used as crew trucks unless they are equipped as follows:
  - (i) Steps in proper place or places.
  - (ii) Wooden floors.
  - (iii) Seats are securely fastened.
  - (iv) Truck is properly covered.
- (v) All other general regulations covering crew trucks are fully conformed with.
- (j) Half-ton vehicles shall haul not more than six persons including driver. Three-quarter-ton vehicles shall haul not more than eight persons including driver.
- (k) All vehicles carrying crews shall be equipped with stretchers and fire extinguishers.
- (1) No heating units in which there are open fires shall be used in vehicles transporting crews.

[Order 76–29, § 296–24–233, filed 9/30/76; Order 76–6, § 296–24–233, filed 3/1/76; Order 75–11, § 296–24–233, filed 4/4/75; Order 74–27, § 296–24–233, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–233, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–233, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-235 Overhead and gantry cranes.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-235, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-235, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23501 Definitions. (1) A "crane" is a machine for lifting and lowering a load and moving it horizontally, with the hoisting mechanism and integral part of the machine. Cranes whether fixed or mobile are driven manually or by power.
- (2) An "automatic crane" is a crane which when activated operates through a preset cycle or cycles.
- (3) A "cab-operated crane" is a crane controlled by an operator in a cab located on the bridge or trolley.
- (4) "Cantilever gantry crane" means a gantry or semigantry crane in which the bridge girders or trusses extend transversely beyond the crane runway on one or both sides.
- (5) "Floor-operated crane" means a crane which is pendant or nonconductive rope controlled by an operator on the floor or an independent platform.
- (6) "Gantry crane" means a crane similar to an overhead crane except that the bridge for carrying the trolley or trolleys is rigidly supported on two or more legs running on fixed rails or other runway.
- (7) "Hot metal handling crane" means an overhead crane used for transporting or pouring molten material.
- (8) "Overhead crane" means a crane with a movable bridge carrying a movable or fixed hoisting mechanism and traveling on an overhead fixed runway structure.
- (9) "Power-operated crane" means a crane whose mechanism is driven by electric, air, hydraulic, or internal combustion means.
- (10) A "pulpit-operated crane" is a crane operated from a fixed operator station not attached to the crane.
- (11) A "remote-operated crane" is a crane controlled by an operator not in a pulpit or in the cab attached to the crane, by any method other than pendant or rope control.
- (12) A "semigantry crane" is a gantry crane with one end of the bridge rigidly supported on one or more legs that run on a fixed rail or runway, the other end of the bridge being supported by a truck running on an elevated rail or runway.
- (13) "Storage bridge crane" means a gantry type crane of long span usually used for bulk storage of material; the bridge girders or trusses are rigidly or nonrigidly supported on one or more legs. It may have one or more fixed or hinged cantilever ends.
- (14) "Wall crane" means a crane having a jib with or without trolley and supported from a side wall or line of columns of a building. It is a traveling type and operates on a runway attached to the side wall or columns.
- (15) "Appointed" means assigned specific responsibilities by the employer or the employer's representative.
- (16) "ANSI" means the American National Standards Institute.
- (17) An "auxiliary hoist" is a supplemental hoisting unit of lighter capacity and usually higher speed than provided for the main hoist.
- (18) A "brake" is a device used for retarding or stopping motion by friction or power means.
- (19) A "drag brake" is a brake which provides retarding force without external control.
- (20) A "holding brake" is a brake that automatically prevents motion when power is off.

- (21) "Bridge" means that part of a crane consisting of girders, trucks, end ties, footwalks, and drive mechanism which carries the trolley or trollies.
- (22) "Bridge travel" means the crane movement in a direction parallel to the crane runway.
- (23) A "bumper" (buffer) is an energy absorbing device for reducing impact when a moving crane or trolley reaches the end of its permitted travel; or when two moving cranes or trolleys come in contact.
- (24) The "cab" is the operator's compartment on a crane.
- (25) "Clearance" means the distance from any part of the crane to a point of the nearest obstruction.
- (26) "Collectors" (current) are contacting devices for collecting current from runway or bridge conductors.
- (27) "Conductors, bridge" are the electrical conductors located along the bridge structure of a crane to provide power to the trolley.
- (28) "Conductors, runway" (main) are the electrical conductors located along a crane runway to provide power to the crane.
- (29) The "control braking means" is a method of controlling crane motor speed when in an overhauling condition.
- (30) "Countertorque" means a method of control by which the power to the motor is reversed to develop torque in the opposite direction.
- (31) "Dynamic" means a method of controlling crane motor speeds when in the overhauling condition to provide a retarding force.
- (32) "Regenerative" means a form of dynamic braking in which the electrical energy generated is fed back into the power system.
- (33) "Mechanical" means a method of control by friction.
- (34) "Controller, spring return" means a controller which when released will return automatically to a neutral position.
- (35) "Designated" means selected or assigned by the employer or the employer's representative as being qualified to perform specific duties.
- (36) A "drift point" means a point on a travel motion controller which releases the brake while the motor is not energized. This allows for coasting before the brake is set.
- (37) The "drum" is the cylindrical member around which the ropes are wound for raising or lowering the load.
- (38) An "equalizer" is a device which compensates for unequal length or stretch of a rope.
- (39) "Exposed" means capable of being contacted inadvertently. Applied to hazardous objects not adequately guarded or isolated.
- (40) "Fail-safe" means a provision designed to automatically stop or safely control any motion in which a malfunction occurs.
- (41) "Footwalk" means the walkway with handrail, attached to the bridge or trolley for access purposes.
- (42) A "hoist" is an apparatus which may be a part of a crane, exerting a force for lifting or lowering.

(43) "Hoist chain" means the load bearing chain in a hoist.

Note: Chain properties do not conform to those shown in ANSI B30.9-1971, Safety Code for Slings.

- (44) "Hoist motion" means that motion of a crane which raises and lowers a load.
- (45) "Load" means the total superimposed weight on the load block or hook.
- (46) The "load block" is the assembly of hook or shackle, swivel, bearing, sheaves, pins, and frame suspended by the hoisting rope.
- (47) "Magnet" means an electromagnetic device carried on a crane hook to pick up loads magnetically.
- (48) "Main hoist" means the hoist mechanism provided for lifting the maximum rated load.
- (49) A "man trolley" is a trolley having an operator's cab attached thereto.
- (50) "Rated load" means the maximum load for which a crane or individual hoist is designed and built by the manufacturer and shown on the equipment nameplate(s).
- (51) "Rope" refers to wire rope, unless otherwise specified.
- (52) "Running sheave" means a sheave which rotates as the load block is raised or lowered.
- (53) "Runway" means an assembly of rails, beams, girders, brackets, and framework on which the crane or trolley travels.
- (54) "Side pull" means that portion of the hoist pull acting horizontally when the hoist lines are not operated vertically.
- (55) "Span" means the horizontal distance center to center of runway rails.
- (56) "Standby crane" means a crane which is not in regular service but which is used occasionally or intermittently as required.
- (57) A "stop" is a device to limit travel of a trolley or crane bridge. This device normally is attached to a fixed structure and normally does not have energy absorbing ability.
- (58) A "switch" is a device for making, breaking, or for changing the connections in an electric circuit.
- (59) An "emergency stop switch" is a manually or automatically operated electric switch to cut off electric power independently of the regular operating controls.
- (60) A "limit switch" is a switch which is operated by some part or motion of a power-driven machine or equipment to alter the electric circuit associated with the machine or equipment.
- (61) A "main switch" is a switch controlling the entire power supply to the crane.
- (62) A "master switch" is a switch which dominates the operation of contractors, relays, or other remotely operated devices.
- (63) The "trolley" is the unit which travels on the bridge rails and carries the hoisting mechanism.
- (64) "Trolley travel" means the trolley movement at right angles to the crane runway.

(65) "Truck" means the unit consisting of a frame, wheels, bearings, and axles which supports the bridge girders or trolleys.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23503 General requirements. (1) Application. This section applies to overhead and gantry cranes, including semigantry, cantilever gantry, wall cranes, storage bridge cranes, and others having the same fundamental characteristics. These cranes are grouped because they all have trolleys and similar travel characteristics.
- (2) New and existing equipment. All new overhead and gantry cranes constructed and installed on or after the effective date of these standards, shall meet the design specifications of the American National Standard Safety Code for Overhead and Gantry Cranes, ANSI B30.2.0–1967. Overhead and gantry cranes constructed before the effective date of these standards, should be modified to conform to those design specifications, unless it can be shown that the crane cannot feasibly or economically be altered and that the crane substantially complies with the requirements of this section. (See WAC 296-24-010 variance and procedure.)
- (3) Modifications. Cranes may be modified and rerated provided such modifications and the supporting structure are checked thoroughly for the new rated load by a qualified engineer or the equipment manufacturer. The crane shall be tested in accordance with WAC 296–24–23521(2). New rated load shall be displayed in accordance with (5) of this section.
- (4) Wind indicators and rail clamps. Outdoor storage bridges shall be provided with automatic rail clamps. A wind-indicating device shall be provided which will give a visible or audible alarm to the bridge operator at a predetermined wind velocity. If the clamps act on the rail heads, any beads or weld flash on the rail heads shall be ground off.
- (a) Calculations for wind pressure on outside overhead traveling cranes shall be based on not less than 30 pounds per square foot of exposed surface.
- (5) Rated load marking. The rated load of the crane shall be plainly marked on each side of the crane, and if the crane has more than one hoisting unit, each hoist shall have its rated load marked on it or its load block and this marking shall be clearly legible from the ground or floor.
  - (6) Clearance from obstruction.
- (a) Minimum clearance of 3 inches overhead and 2 inches laterally shall be provided and maintained between crane and obstructions in conformity with Specification No. 61 Crane Manufactures Association of America, Inc., Thomas Circle NW, Washington, D.C. 20005.
- (b) Where passageways or walkways are provided obstructions shall not be placed so that safety of personnel will be jeopardized by movements of the crane.
- (7) Clearance between parallel cranes. If the runways of two cranes are parallel, and there are no intervening

walls or structure, there shall be adequate clearance provided and maintained between the two bridges.

(8) Designated personnel. Only designated personnel shall be permitted to operate a crane covered by this section.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–23503, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–23503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23503, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-23505 Cabs. (1) Cab location.

- (a) The general arrangement of the cab and the location of control and protective equipment shall be such that all operating handles are within convenient reach of the operator when facing the area to be served by the load hook, or while facing the direction of travel of the cab. The arrangement shall allow the operator a full view of the load hook in all positions.
- (b) The cab shall be located to afford a minimum of 3 inches clearance from all fixed structures within its area of possible movement.
- (c) The clearance of the cab above the working floor or passageway should be not less than seven feet.
- (2) Access to crane. Access to the cab and/or bridge walkway shall be by a conveniently placed fixed ladder, stairs, or platform, requiring no step over any gap exceeding 12 inches. Fixed ladders shall be in conformance with the American National Standard Safety Code for Fixed Ladders, ANSI A14.3-1956.
- (3) Fire extinguisher. A carbon dioxide, dry-chemical, or equivalent hand fire extinguisher should be kept in the cab. Carbon tetrachloride extinguishers shall not be used
- (4) Lighting. Light in the cab shall be sufficient to enable the operator to see clearly enough to perform his work

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23505, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-23507 Footwalks and ladders. (1) Location of footwalks.

- (a) If sufficient headroom is available on cab-operated cranes, a footwalk shall be provided on the drive side along the entire length of the bridge of all cranes having the trolley running on the top of the girders. To give sufficient access to the opposite side of the trolley, there should be provided either a footwalk mounted on the trolley, a suitable footwalk or platform in the building, or a footwalk on the opposite side of the crane at least twice the length of the trolley.
- (b) Footwalks should be located to give a headroom not less than 78 inches. In no case shall less than 48 inches be provided. If 48 inches of headroom cannot be provided, footwalks should be omitted from the crane and a stationary platform or landing stage built for workmen making repairs.
  - (2) Construction of footwalks.
- (a) Footwalks shall be of rigid construction and designed to sustain a distributed load of at least 50 pounds per square foot.
- (b) Footwalks shall have a walking surface of antislip type.

Note: Wood will meet this requirement.

- (c) Footwalks should be continuous and permanently secured.
- (d) Footwalks should have a clear passageway at least 18 inches wide except opposite the bridge motor, where they should be not less than 15 inches. The inner edge shall extend at least to the line of the outside edge of the lower cover plate or flange of the girder.
- (3) Toeboards and handrails for footwalks. Toeboards and handrails shall be in compliance with WAC 296-24-750 through 296-24-75011.
  - (4) Ladders and stairways.
- (a) Gantry cranes shall be provided with ladders or stairways extending from the ground to the footwalk or cab platform.
- (b) Stairways shall be equipped with rigid and substantial metal handrails. Walking surfaces shall be of an antislip type.
- (c) Ladders shall be permanently and securely fastened in place and shall be constructed in compliance with WAC 296-24-810 through 296-24-81011.

[Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–23507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–23507, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-23509 Stops, bumpers, rail sweeps, and guards. (1) Trolley stops.

- (a) Stops shall be provided at the limits of travel of the trolley.
- (b) Stops shall be fastened to resist forces applied when contacted.
- (c) A stop engaging the tread of the wheel shall be of a height at least equal to the radius of the wheel.
  - (2) Bridge bumpers.
- (a) A crane shall be provided with bumpers or other automatic means providing equivalent effect, unless the crane travels at a slow rate of speed and has a faster deceleration rate due to the use of sleeve bearings, or is not operated near the ends of bridge and trolley travel, or is restricted to a limited distance by the nature of the crane operation and there is no hazard of striking any object in this limited distance or is used in similar operating conditions. The bumpers shall be capable of stopping the crane (not including the lifted load) at an average rate of deceleration not to exceed 3 ft/s/s when traveling in either direction at 20 percent of the rated load speed.
- (i) The bumpers shall have sufficient energy absorbing capacity to stop the crane when traveling at a speed of at least 40 percent of rated load speed.
- (ii) The bumpers shall be so mounted that there is no direct shear on bolts.
- (iii) Bumpers shall be so designed and installed as to minimize parts falling from the crane in case of breakage.
  - (3) Trolley bumpers.
- (a) A trolley shall be provided with bumpers or other automatic means of equivalent effect, unless the trolley travels at a slow rate of speed, or is not operated near the ends of bridge and trolley travel, or is restricted to a limited distance of the runway and there is no hazard of striking any object in this limited distance, or is used in

similar operating conditions. The bumpers shall be capable of stopping the trolley (not including the lifted load) at an average rate of deceleration not to exceed 4.7 ft./s/s when traveling in either direction at one—third of the rated load speed.

- (i) When more than one trolley is operated on the same bridge, each shall be equipped with bumpers or equivalent on their adjacent ends.
- (b) Bumpers or equivalent shall be designed and installed to minimize parts falling from the trolley in case of age.
- (4) Rail sweeps. Bridge trucks shall be equipped with sweeps which extend below the top of the rail and project in front of the truck wheels.
  - (5) Guards for hoisting ropes.
- (a) If hoisting ropes run near enough to other parts to make fouling or chafing possible, guards shall be installed to prevent this condition.
- (b) A guard shall be provided to prevent contact between bridge conductors and hoisting ropes if they could come into contact.
  - (6) Guards for moving parts.
- (a) Exposed moving parts such as gears, set screws, projecting keys, chains, chain sprockets, and reciprocating components which might constitute a hazard under normal operating conditions shall be guarded.
  - (b) Guards shall be securely fastened.
- (c) Each guard shall be capable of supporting without permanent distortion the weight of a 200-pound person unless the guard is located where it is impossible for a person to step on it.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–23509, filed 11/13/80; Order 74–27, § 296–24–23509, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–23509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23509, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-23511 Brakes. (1) Brakes for hoists.

- (a) Each independent hoisting unit of a crane shall be equipped with at least one self-setting brake, hereafter referred to as a holding brake, applied directly to the motor shaft or some part of the gear train.
- (b) Each independent hoisting unit of a crane, except worm—geared hoists, the angle of whose worm is such as to prevent the load from accelerating in the lowering direction shall, in addition to a holding brake, be equipped with control braking means to prevent overspeeding.
  - (2) Holding brakes.
- (a) Holding brakes for hoist motors shall have not less than the following percentage of the full load hoisting torque at the point where the brake is applied.
- (i) 125 percent when used with a control braking means other than mechanical.
- (ii) 100 percent when used in conjunction with a mechanical control braking means.
- (iii) 100 percent each if two holding brakes are provided.
- (b) Holding brakes on hoists shall have ample thermal capacity for the frequency of operation required by the service.
- (c) Holding brakes on hoists shall be applied automatically when power is removed.

- (d) Where necessary holding brakes shall be provided with adjustment means to compensate for wear.
- (e) The wearing surface of all holding-brake drums or discs shall be smooth.
- (f) Each independent hoisting unit of a crane handling hot metal and having power control braking means shall be equipped with at least two holding brakes.
  - (3) Control braking means.
- (a) A power control braking means such as regenerative, dynamic or countertorque braking, or a mechanically controlled braking means shall be capable of maintaining safe lowering speeds of rated loads.
- (b) The control braking means shall have ample thermal capacity for the frequency of operation required by service.
  - (4) Brakes for trolleys and bridges.
- (a) Foot operated brakes shall not require an applied force of more than 70 pounds to develop manufacturer's rated brake torque.
- (b) Brakes may be applied by mechanical, electrical, pneumatic, hydraulic, or gravity means.
- (c) Where necessary brakes shall be provided with adjustment means to compensate for wear.
- (d) The wearing surface of all brake drums or discs shall be smooth.
- (e) All foot-brake pedals shall be constructed so that the operator's foot will not easily slip off the pedal.
- (f) Foot-operated brakes shall be equipped with automatic means for positive release when pressure is released from the pedal.
- (g) Brakes for stopping the motion of the trolley or bridge shall be of sufficient size to stop the trolley or bridge within a distance in feet equal to 10 percent of full load speed in feet per minute when traveling at full speed with full load.
- (h) If holding brakes are provided on the bridge or trolley(s), they shall not prohibit the use of a drift point in the control circuit.
- (i) Brakes on trolleys and bridges shall have ample thermal capacity for the frequency of operation required by the service to prevent impairment of functions from overheating.
  - (5) Application of trolley brakes.
- (a) On cab-operated cranes with cab on trolley, a trolley brake shall be required as specified under (4) of this section.
- (b) A drag brake may be applied to hold the trolley in a desired position on the bridge and to eliminate creep with the power off.
  - (6) Application of bridge brakes.
- (a) On cab-operated cranes with cab on bridge, a bridge brake is required as specified under (4) of this section.
- (b) On cab-operated cranes with cab on trolley, a bridge brake of the holding type shall be required.
- (c) On all floor, remote and pulpit-operated crane bridge drives, a brake or noncoasting mechanical drive shall be provided.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23511, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23513 Electric equipment. (1) General.

- (a) Wiring and equipment shall comply with chapter 296-45 WAC and the state of Washington electrical construction code.
- (b) The control circuit voltage shall not exceed 600 volts for a.c. or d.c. current.
- (c) The voltage at pendant pushbuttons shall not exceed 150 volts for a.c. and 300 volts for d.c.
- (d) Where multiple conductor cable is used with a suspended pushbutton station, the station shall be supported in a manner that will protect the electrical conductors against strain.
- (e) Pendant control boxes shall be constructed to prevent electrical shock and shall be clearly marked for identification of functions.
  - (2) Equipment.
- (a) Electrical equipment shall be so located or enclosed that live parts will not be exposed to accidental contact under normal operating conditions.
- (b) Electric equipment shall be protected from dirt, grease, oil, and moisture.
- (c) Guards for live parts shall be substantial and so located that they cannot be accidentally deformed so as to make contact with the live parts.
  - (3) Controllers.
- (a) Cranes not equipped with spring-return controllers or momentary contact pushbuttons shall be provided with a device which will disconnect all motors from the line on failure of power and will not permit any motor to be restarted until the controller handle is brought to the "off" position, or a reset switch or button is operated.
- (b) Lever operated controllers shall be provided with a notch or latch which in the "off" position prevents the handle from being inadvertently moved to the "on" position. An "off" detent or spring return arrangement is acceptable.
- (c) The controller operating handle shall be located within convenient reach of the operator.
- (d) As far as practicable, the movement of each controller handle shall be in the same general directions as the resultant movements of the load.
- (e) The control for the bridge and trolley travel shall be so located that the operator can readily face the direction of travel.
- (f) For floor-operated cranes, the controller or controllers if rope operated, shall automatically return to the "off" position when released by the operator.
- (g) Pushbuttons in pendant stations shall return to the off position when pressure is released by the crane operator.
- (h) Automatic cranes shall be so designed that all motions shall fail—safe if any malfunction of operation occurs.
- (i) Remote-operated cranes shall function so that if the control signal for any crane motion becomes ineffective the crane motion shall stop.
  - (4) Resistors.
- (a) Enclosures for resistors shall have openings to provide adequate ventilation, and shall be installed to

- prevent the accumulation of combustible matter near hot parts.
- (b) Resistor units shall be supported so as to be free as possible from vibration.
- (c) Provision shall be made to prevent broken parts or molten metal falling upon the operator or from the crane.
  - (5) Switches.
- (a) The power supply to the runway conductors shall be controlled by a switch or circuit breaker located on a fixed structure, accessible from the floor, and arranged to be locked in the open position.
- (b) On cab-operated cranes a switch or circuit breaker of the enclosed type, with provision for locking in the open position shall be provided in the leads from the runway conductors. A means of opening this switch or circuit breaker shall be located within easy reach of the operator.
- (c) On floor-operated cranes, a switch or circuit breaker of the enclosed type, with provision for locking in the open position, shall be provided in the leads from the runway conductors. This disconnect shall be mounted on the bridge or footwalk near the runway collectors. One of the following types of floor operated disconnects shall be provided:
- (i) Nonconductive rope attached to the main disconnect switch.
- (ii) An undervoltage trip for the main circuit breaker operated by an emergency stop button in the pendant pushbutton station.
- (iii) A main line contactor operated by a switch or pushbutton in the pendant pushbutton station.
- (d) The hoisting motion of all electric traveling cranes shall be provided with an overtravel limit switch in the hoisting direction.
- (e) All cranes using a lifting magnet shall have a magnet circuit switch of the enclosed type with provision for locking in the open position. Means for discharging the inductive load of the magnet shall be provided.
- (6) Runway conductors. Conductors of the open type mounted on the crane runway beams or overhead shall be so located or so guarded that persons entering or leaving the cab or crane footwalk normally could not come into contact with them.
- (7) Extension lamps. If a service receptacle is provided in the cab or on the bridge of cab-operated cranes, it shall be a grounded three-prong type permanent receptacle, not exceeding 300 volts.
  - (8) Floor operated cranes.
- (a) An unobstructed aisle not less than three feet wide shall be maintained for travel of the operator except in such cases where the control handles are hung from the trolleys of traveling cranes.
- (b) The handles of control ropes shall be distinctly different in contour so that, without looking, the operator will know which is the hoisting and which is the lowering handle. The direction of all movements of the crane shall be clearly indicated in some manner so that the operator can easily become familiar with them.

- (c) When repairing runways, repairmen shall place rail stops and warning signs or signals so as to protect both ends of the section to be repaired.
- (d) Repairmen shall take care to prevent loose parts from falling or being thrown upon the floor beneath.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23513, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-23515 Hoisting equipment. (1) Sheaves.

- (a) Sheave grooves shall be smooth and free from surface defects which could cause rope damage.
- (b) Sheaves carrying ropes which can be momentarily unloaded shall be provided with close-fitting guards or other suitable devices to guide the rope back into the groove when the load is applied again.
- (c) The sheaves in the bottom block shall be equipped with close-fitting guards that will prevent ropes from becoming fouled when the block is laying on the ground with ropes loose.
- (d) Pockets and flanges of sheaves used with hoist chains shall be of such dimensions that the chain does not catch or bind during operation.
- (e) All running sheaves shall be equipped with means for lubrication. Permanently lubricated, sealed and/or shielded bearings meet this requirement.
  - (2) Ropes.
- (a) In using hoisting ropes, the crane manufacturer's recommendation shall be followed. The rated load divided by the number of parts of rope shall not exceed 20 percent of the nominal breaking strength of the rope.
- (b) Socketing shall be done in the manner specified by the manufacturer of the assembly.
  - (c) Rope shall be secured to the drum as follows:
- (i) No less than two wraps of rope shall remain on the drum when the hook is in its extreme low position.
- (ii) Rope end shall be anchored by a clamp securely attached to the drum, or by a socket arrangement approved by the crane or rope manufacturer.
- (d) Rope clips attached with U-bolts shall have the U-bolts on the dead or short end of the rope. Spacing and number of all types of clips shall be in accordance with (2)(e) of this section. Clips shall be drop-forged steel in all sizes manufactured commercially. When a newly installed rope has been in operation for an hour, all nuts on the clip bolts shall be retightened.

(e)

Diameter of Rope	Number of Clips Required	Space Between Clips	
1 1/2 inch	8	10	inches
1 3/8 inch	7	9	inches
1 1/4 inch	6	8	inches
1 1/8 inch	5	7	inches
1 inch	5	6	inches
7/8 inch	5	5	1/4 inches
3/4 inch	5		1/2 inches
3/8 to 5/8 inch	4	3	inches

- (f) Swaged or compressed fittings shall be applied as recommended by the rope or crane manufacturer.
- (g) Wherever exposed to temperatures, at which fiber cores would be damaged, rope having an independent

- wire-rope or wire-strand core, or other temperature-damage resistant core shall be used.
- (h) Replacement rope shall be the same size, grade, and construction as the original rope furnished by the crane manufacturer, unless otherwise recommended by a wire rope manufacturer due to actual working condition requirements.
- (3) Equalizers. If a load is supported by more than one part of rope, the tension in the parts shall be equalized.
- (4) Hooks. Hooks shall meet the manufacturer's recommendations and shall not be overloaded. Safety latchtype hooks shall be used or the hook shall be moused.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–23515, filed 11/13/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.150, and 49.17.240. 79–08–115 (Order 79–9), § 296–24–23515, filed 7/31/79; Order 73–5, § 296–24–23515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23515, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23517 Warning device. Except for floor operated cranes a gong or other effective warning signal shall be provided for each crane equipped with a powered traveling mechanism.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23517, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-23519 Inspection. (1) Inspection classification.

- (a) Initial inspection. Prior to initial use all new and altered cranes shall be inspected to insure compliance with the provisions of these standards.
- (b) Inspection procedure for cranes in regular service is divided into two general classifications based upon the intervals at which inspection should be performed. The intervals in turn are dependent upon the nature of the critical components of the crane and the degree of their exposure to wear, deterioration, or malfunction. The two general classifications are herein designated as "frequent" and "periodic" with respective intervals between inspections as defined below:
  - (i) Frequent inspection daily to monthly intervals.
  - (ii) Periodic inspection -1 to 12 month intervals.
- (2) Frequent inspection. The following items shall be inspected for defects at intervals as defined in (1)(b) of this section or as specifically indicated, including observation during operation for any defects which might appear between regular inspections. All deficiencies such as listed shall be carefully examined and determination made as to whether they constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) All functional operating mechanisms for maladjustment interfering with proper operation. Daily.
- (b) Deterioration or leakage in lines, tanks, valves, drain pumps, and other parts of air or hydraulic systems. Daily.
- (c) Hooks with deformation or cracks. Visual inspection daily; monthly inspection with signed reports. For hooks with cracks or having more than 15 percent in excess of normal throat opening or more than 10° twist from the plane of the unbent hook refer to WAC 296–24–23523 (3)(c)(i).

- (d) Hoist or load attachment chains, including end connections, for excessive wear, twist, distorted links interfering with proper function, or stretch beyond manufacturer's recommendations. Visual inspection daily; monthly inspection with signed report.
- (e) Rope slings, including end connections, for excessive wear, broken wires, stretch, kinking, or twisting. Visual inspection daily; monthly inspection with signed report.
- (f) All functional operating mechanisms for excessive wear of components.
- (g) Rope reeving for noncompliance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- (3) Periodic inspection. Complete inspections of the crane shall be performed at intervals as generally defined in (1)(b)(ii) of this section, depending upon its activity, severity of service, and environment, or as specifically indicated below. These inspections shall include the requirements of (2) of this section and in addition, the following items. Any deficiencies such as listed shall be carefully examined and determination made as to whether they constitute a safety hazard:
  - (a) Deformed, cracked, or corroded members.
  - (b) Loose bolts or rivets.
  - (c) Cracked or worn sheaves and drums.
- (d) Worn, cracked or distorted parts such as pins, bearings, shafts, gears, rollers, locking and clamping devices.
- (e) Excessive wear on brake system parts, linings, pawls, and ratchets.
- (f) Load, wind, and other indicators over their full range, for any significant inaccuracies.
- (g) Gasoline, diesel, electric, or other powerplants for improper performance or noncompliance with applicable safety requirements.
- (h) Excessive wear of chain drive sprockets and excessive chain stretch.
- (i) Crane hooks. Magnetic particle or other suitable crack detecting inspection should be performed at least once each year.
- (j) Electrical apparatus, for signs of pitting or any deterioration of controller contactors, limit switches and pushbutton stations.
  - (4) Cranes not in regular use.
- (a) A crane which has been idle for a period of 1 month or more, but less than 6 months, shall be given an inspection conforming with requirements of (2) of this section and WAC 296-24-23525(2), before placing in service.
- (b) A crane which has been idle for a period of over 6 months shall be given a complete inspection conforming with requirements of (2) and (3) of this section and WAC 296-24-23525(2) before placing in service.
- (c) Standby cranes shall be inspected at least semiannually in accordance with requirements of (2) of this section and WAC 296-24-23525(2). Standby cranes exposed to adverse environment should be inspected more frequently.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-23519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-23519, filed 926-24-23519

- WAC 296-24-23521 Testing. (1) Operational tests.
- (a) Prior to initial use all new and altered cranes shall be tested to insure compliance with this section including the following functions:
  - (i) Hoisting and lowering.
  - (ii) Trolley travel.
  - (iii) Bridge travel.
  - (iv) Limit switches, locking and safety devices.
- (b) The trip setting of hoist limit switches shall be determined by tests with an empty hook traveling in increasing speeds up to the maximum speed. The actuating mechanism of the limit switch shall be located so that it will trip the switch, under all conditions, in sufficient time to prevent contact of the hook or hook block with any part of the trolley.
- (2) Rated load test. Prior to initial use all new, extensively repaired, and altered cranes should be tested by or under the direction of an appointed or authorized person, confirming the load rating of the crane. The load rating should not be more than 80 percent of the maximum load sustained during the test. Test loads shall not be more than 125 percent of the rated load unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer. The tests reports shall be placed on file where readily available to appointed personnel.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23521, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23521, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23523 Maintenance. (1) Preventive maintenance. A preventive maintenance program based on the crane manufacturer's recommendations shall be established.

- (2) Maintenance procedure.
- (a) Before adjustments and repairs are started on a crane the following precautions shall be taken:
- (i) The crane to be repaired shall be run to a location where it will cause the least interference with other cranes and operations in the area.
  - (ii) All controllers shall be at the off position.
- (iii) The main or emergency switch shall be open and locked in the open position.
- (iv) Warning or "out of order" signs shall be placed on the crane, also on the floor beneath or on the hook where visible from the floor.
- (v) Where other cranes are in operation on the same runway, rail stops or other suitable means shall be provided to prevent interference with the idle crane.
- (vi) Where temporary protective rail stops are not available, or practical, a signalman should be placed at a visual vantage point for observing the approach of an active crane and warning its operator when reaching the limit of safe distance from the idle crane.
- (b) After adjustments and repairs have been made the crane shall not be operated until all guards have been reinstalled, safety devices reactivated and maintenance equipment removed.
  - (3) Adjustments and repairs.
- (a) Any unsafe conditions disclosed by the inspection requirements of WAC 296-24-23519 shall be corrected before operation of the crane is resumed. Adjustments and repairs shall be done only by designated personnel.

- (b) Adjustments shall be maintained to assure correct functioning of components. The following are examples:
  - (i) All functional operating mechanisms.
  - (ii) Limit switches.
  - (iii) Control systems.
  - (iv) Brakes.
  - (v) Power plants.
- (c) Repairs or replacements shall be provided promptly as needed for safe operation. The following are examples:
- (i) Accessory components, such as hooks, shall be carefully examined periodically and at the time of annual examination and inspection. Cracked or deformed hooks shall be discarded immediately and not reused on any equipment subject to the provisions of this code.
- (ii) Load attachment chains and rope slings showing defects described in WAC 296-24-23519 (2)(d) and (e) respectively.
- (iii) All critical parts which are cracked, broken, bent, or excessively worn.
- (iv) Pendant control stations shall be kept clean and function labels kept legible.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–23523, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23523, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23525 Rope inspection. (1) Running ropes. A thorough inspection of all ropes shall be made at least once a month and a full written, dated, and signed report of rope condition kept on file where readily available to appointed personnel. Any deterioration, resulting in appreciable loss of original strength, such as described below, shall be carefully noted and determination made as to whether further use of the rope would constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) Reduction of rope diameter below nominal diameter due to loss of core support, internal or external corrosion, or wear of outside wires.
- (b) A number of broken outside wires and the degree of distribution or concentration of such broken wires.
  - (c) Worn outside wires.
  - (d) Corroded or broken wires at end connections.
- (e) Corroded, cracked, bent, worn, or improperly applied end connections.
  - (f) Severe kinking, crushing, cutting, or unstranding.
- (2) Other ropes. All rope which has been idle for a period of a month or more due to shutdown or storage of a crane on which it is installed shall be given a thorough inspection before it is placed in service. This inspection shall be for all types of deterioration and shall be performed by an appointed person whose approval shall be required for further use of the rope. A written and dated report of the rope condition shall be available for inspection.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80-17-015 (Order 80-21), § 296-24-23525, filed 11/13/80; Order 73-5, § 296-24-23525, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23525, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-23527 Handling the load. (1) Size of load. The crane shall not be loaded beyond its rated load

- except for test purposes as provided in WAC 296-24-23521.
  - (2) Attaching the load.
- (a) The hoist chain or hoist rope shall be free from kinks or twists and shall not be wrapped around the load
- (b) The load shall be attached to the load block hook by means of slings or other approved devices.
- (c) Care shall be taken to make certain that the sling clears all obstacles.
  - (3) Moving the load.
- (a) The load shall be well secured and properly balanced in the sling or lifting device before it is lifted more than a few inches.
- (b) Before starting to hoist the following conditions shall be noted:
  - (i) Hoist rope shall not be kinked.
- (ii) Multiple part lines shall not be twisted around each other.
- (iii) The hook shall be brought over the load in such a manner as to prevent swinging.
  - (c) During hoisting care shall be taken that:
- (i) There is no sudden acceleration or deceleration of the moving load.
  - (ii) The load does not contact any obstructions.
- (d) Cranes shall not be used for side pulls except when specifically authorized by a responsible person who has determined that the stability of the crane is not thereby endangered and that various parts of the crane will not be overstressed.
- (e) While any employee is on the load or hook, there shall be no hoisting, lowering, or traveling.
- (f) The employer shall require that the operator avoid carrying loads over people.
- (g) The operator shall test the brakes each time a load approaching the rated load is handled. The brakes shall be tested by raising the load a few inches and applying the brakes.
- (h) The load shall not be lowered below the point where less than two full wraps of rope remain on the hoisting drum.
- (i) When two or more cranes are used to lift a load one qualified responsible person shall be in charge of the operation. He shall analyze the operation and instruct all personnel involved in the proper positioning, rigging of the load, and the movements to be made.
- (j) The employer shall assure that the operator does not leave his position at the controls while the load is suspended.
- (k) When starting the bridge and when the load or hook approaches near or over personnel, the warning signal shall be sounded.
  - (4) Hoist limit switch.
- (a) At the beginning of each operator's shift, the upper limit switch of each hoist shall be tried out under no load. Extreme care shall be exercised; the block shall be "inched" into the limit or run in at slow speed. If the switch does not operate properly, the appointed person shall be immediately notified.

(b) The hoist limit switch which controls the upper limit of travel of the load block shall never be used as an operating control.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-23527, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-23527, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-23529 Operators. (1) Cranes shall be operated only be regular crane operators, authorized substitutes who have had adequate experience and training under the supervision of a competent operator, or by crane repairmen or inspectors.
- (2) No person should be permitted to operate a crane who cannot speak and read the English language, or who is under eighteen years of age.
- (3) No person shall be permitted to operate a crane whose hearing or eye—sight is impaired, or who may be suffering from heart disease or similar ailments. The following physical qualifications shall be minimum requirements for overhead and gantry crane operators and trainees:
- (a) They shall have vision of at least 20/30 in one eye, and 20/50 in the other, with or without corrective lenses.
- (b) They shall be able to distinguish colors, regardless of position of colors, if color differential is required for operation.
- (c) Their hearing, with or without hearing aid, must be adequate for a specific operation.
- (d) They shall have sufficient strength, endurance, agility, coordination, and speed of reaction to meet the demands of equipment operation.
- (e) They shall have normal depth perception, field of vision, reaction time, manual dexterity, coordination and no tendencies to dizziness or similar undesirable characteristics.
- (f) Evidence of physical defects, or emotional instability which could render the operator or trainee a hazard to their self or others, or could interfere with their safe performance may be sufficient cause for disqualification. In such cases, specialized clinical or medical judgments or tests shall be required (which include annual medical certification for recovered heart attack patients).
- (g) Evidence that an operator or trainee is subject to seizures or loss of physical control shall be sufficient reason for disqualification. Specialized medical tests shall be required to substantiate these conditions.
- (4) Persons who have recovered from a heart attack shall be exempted from the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, as it pertains to their heart condition, provided:
- (a) A medical release is obtained from their attending medical doctor.
- (b) The release shall state that the operation of a crane will not present a hazard to their self or others.
- (c) An examination by a medical doctor, and renewal of the work release certification is required annually.
- (5) The operator shall familiarize himself fully with all crane rules and with the crane mechanism and its proper care. If adjustments or repairs are necessary, he shall report the same at once to the proper authority.

- (6) The operator shall not eat, smoke or read while actually engaged in the operation of the crane, or operate the crane when he is physically unfit.
- (7) The operator or someone especially designated shall properly lubricate all working parts of the crane.
  - (8) Cranes shall be kept clean.
- (9) Whenever the operator finds the main or emergency switch open, he shall not close it, even when starting on regular duty, until he has made sure that no one is on or about the crane. He shall not oil or repair the crane unless the main switch is open.
- (10) If the power goes off, the operator shall immediately throw all controllers to "off" position until the power is again available.
- (11) Before closing the main switch the operator shall make sure that all controllers are in "off" position until the power is again available.
- (12) The operator shall recognize signals only from the man who is supervising the lift. Operating signals shall follow an established standard. Whistle signals may be used where one crane only is in operation.
- (13) Bumping into runway stops or other cranes shall be avoided. When the operator is ordered to engage with or push other cranes, he shall do so with special care for the safety of persons on or below cranes.
- (14) When lowering a load, the operator shall proceed carefully and make sure that he has the load under safe control.
- (15) When leaving the cage the operator shall throw all controllers to "off" position and open the main switch.
- (16) If the crane is located out-of-doors the operator shall lock the crane in a secure position to prevent it from being blown along or off the track by a severe wind.
- (17) Operators shall not permit anyone to ride on the load or hooks, unless using a lifeline or safety device approved by the department.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–23529, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 73–5, § 296–24–23529, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–23529, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-23531 Other requirements—General. (1) Ladders.

- (a) The employer shall insure that hands are free from encumbrances while personnel are using ladders.
- (b) Articles which are too large to be carried in pockets or belts shall be lifted and lowered by hand line.
  - (2) Cabs.
- (a) Necessary clothing and personal belongings shall be stored in such a manner as not to interfere with access or operation.
- (b) Tools, oil cans, waste, extra fuses, and other necessary articles shall be stored in the tool box, and shall not be permitted to lie loose in or about the cab.
- (3) Fire extinguishers. The employer shall insure that operators are familiar with the operation and care of fire extinguishers provided.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-23531, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-23531, filed 9296-24-23531

- WAC 296-24-237 Construction, operation and maintenance—Chain and electric hoists. (1) Chain and electric hoists shall be of what is known as "all steel construction." No cast iron shall be used in parts subject to tension except drums, bearings or brake shoes.
- (2) The chains shall be made of the best quality steel or iron with welded links.
- (3) Chain and electric hoists shall have a factor of safety of at least five.
- (4) Chain and electric hoists shall be equipped with an approved device which will automatically lock the load when hoisting is stopped.
- (5) Electric hoists shall be provided with an approved limit stop to prevent the hoist block from traveling too far in case the operating handle is not released in time.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-237, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-237, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-238 Air hoists. (1) To prevent piston rod lock nuts from becoming loose and allowing rod to drop when supporting a load, lock nut shall be secured to piston rod by a castellated nut and cotter-pin.
- (2) A clevis or other means shall be used to prevent hoists cylinder becoming detached from hanger.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-238, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-238, filed 9296-24-24-238, filed 9296-24-24-238, filed 9296-24-24-238, filed 9296-24-24-238, filed 9296-24-24-238

# WAC 296-24-240 Crawler locomotive and truck cranes.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-240, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-240, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24001 Definitions. (1) A "crawler crane" consists of a rotating superstructure with power plant, operating machinery, and boom, mounted on a base, equipped with crawler treads for travel. Its function is to hoist and swing loads at various radii.
- (2) A "locomotive crane" consists of a rotating superstructure with power plant, operating machinery and boom, mounted on a base or car equipped for travel on railroad track. It may be self-propelled or propelled by an outside source. Its function is to hoist and swing loads at various radii.
- (3) A "truck crane" consists of a rotating superstructure with power plant, operating machinery and boom, mounted on an automotive truck equipped with a power plant for travel. Its function is to hoist and swing loads at various radii.
- (4) A "wheel mounted crane" (wagon crane) consists of a rotating superstructure with power plant, operating machinery and boom, mounted on a base or platform equipped with axles and rubber—tired wheels for travel. The base is usually propelled by the engine in the superstructure, but it may be equipped with a separate engine controlled from the superstructure. Its function is to hoist and swing loads at various radii.
- (5) An "accessory" is a secondary part or assembly of parts which contributes to the overall function and usefulness of a machine.
- (6) "Appointed" means assigned specific responsibilities by the employer or the employer's representative.

- (7) "ANSI" means the American National Standards Institute.
- (8) An "angle indicator" (boom) is an accessory which measures the angle of the boom to the horizontal.
- (9) The "axis of rotation" is the vertical axis around which the crane superstructure rotates.
- (10) "Axle" means the shaft or spindle with which or about which a wheel rotates. On truck— and wheel—mounted cranes it refers to an automotive type of axle assembly including housings, gearing, differential, bearings, and mounting appurtenances.
- (11) "Axle" (bogie) means two or more automotive—type axles mounted in tandem in a frame so as to divide the load between the axles and permit vertical oscillation of the wheels.
- (12) The "base" (mounting) is the traveling base or carrier on which the rotating superstructure is mounted such as a car, truck, crawlers, or wheel platform.
- (13) The "boom" (crane) is a member hinged to the front of the rotating superstructure with the outer end supported by ropes leading to a gantry or "A" frame and used for supporting the hoisting tackle.
- (14) The "boom angle" is the angle between the longitudinal centerline of the boom and the horizontal. The boom longitudinal centerline is a straight line between the boom foot pin (heel pin) centerline and boom point sheave pin centerline.
- (15) The "boom hoist" is a hoist drum and rope reeving system used to raise and lower the boom. The rope system may be all live reeving or a combination of live reeving and pendants.
- (16) The "boom stop" is a device used to limit the angle of the boom at the highest position.
- (17) A "brake" is a device used for retarding or stopping motion by friction or power means.
- (18) A "cab" is housing which covers the rotating superstructure machinery and/or operator's station. On truck crane trucks a separate cab covers the driver's station.
- (19) The "clutch" is a friction, electromagnetic, hydraulic, pneumatic, or positive mechanical device for engagement or disengagement of power.
- (20) The "counterweight" is a weight used to supplement the weight of the machine in providing stability for lifting working loads.
- (21) "Designated" means selected or assigned by the employer or the employer's representative as being qualified to perform specific duties.
- (22) The "drum" is the cylindrical members around which ropes are wound for raising and lowering the load or boom.
- (23) "Dynamic" (loading) means loads introduced into the machine or its components by forces in motion.
- (24) The "gantry" (A-frame) is a structural frame, extending above the superstructure, to which the boom supports ropes are reeved.
- (25) A "jib" is an extension attached to the boom point to provide added boom length for lifting specified loads. The jib may be in line with the boom or offset to various angles.

- (26) "Load" (working) means the external load, in pounds, applied to the crane, including the weight of load-attaching equipment such as load blocks, shackles, and slings.
- (27) "Load block" (upper) means the assembly of hook or shackle, swivel, sheaves, pins, and frame suspended from the boom point.
- (28) "Load block" (lower) means the assembly of hook or shackle, swivel, sheaves, pins, and frame suspended by the hoisting ropes.
- (29) A "load hoist" is a hoist drum and rope reeving system used for hoisting and lowering loads.
- (30) "Load ratings" are crane ratings in pounds established by the manufacturer in accordance with WAC 296-24-24005.
- (31) "Outriggers" are extendable or fixed metal arms, attached to the mounting base, which rest on supports at the outer ends.
- (32) "Rail clamp" means a tong-like metal device, mounted on a locomotive crane car, which can be connected to the track.
- (33) "Reeving" means a rope system in which the rope travels around drums and sheaves.
- (34) "Rope" refers to a wire rope unless otherwise specified.
- (35) "Side loading" means a load applied at an angle to the vertical plane of the boom.
- (36) A "standby crane" is a crane which is not in regular service but which is used occasionally or intermittently as required.
- (37) A "standing (guy) rope" is a supporting rope which maintains a constant distance between the points of attachment to the two components connected by the rope.
- (38) "Structural competence" means the ability of the machine and its components to withstand the stresses imposed by applied loads.
- (39) "Superstructure" means the rotating upper frame structure of the machine and the operating machinery mounted thereon.
- (40) "Swing" means the rotation of the superstructure for movement of loads in a horizontal direction about the axis of rotation.
- (41) "Swing mechanism" means the machinery involved in providing rotation of the superstructure.
- (42) "Tackle" is an assembly of ropes and sheaves arranged for hoisting and pulling.
- (43) "Transit" means the moving or transporting of a crane from one jobsite to another.
- (44) "Travel" means the functions of the machine moving from one location to another, on a jobsite.
- (45) The "travel mechanism" is the machinery involved in providing travel.
- (46) "Wheelbase" means the distance between centers of front and rear axles. For a multiple axle assembly the axle center for wheelbase measurement is taken as the midpoint of the assembly.

- (47) The "whipline" (auxiliary hoist) is a separate hoist rope system of lighter load capacity and higher speed than provided by the main hoist.
- (48) A "winch head" is a power driven spool for handling of loads by means of friction between fiber or wire rope and spool.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24003 General requirements. (1) Application. This section applies to crawler cranes, locomotive cranes, wheel mounted cranes of both truck and self-propelled wheel type, and any variations thereof which retain the same fundamental characteristics. This section includes only cranes of the above types, which are basically powered by internal combustion engines or electric motors and which utilize drums and ropes. Cranes designed for railway and automobile wreck clearances are excepted. The requirements of these standards are applicable only to machines when used as lifting cranes.
- (2) New and existing equipment. All new crawler, locomotive, and truck cranes constructed and utilized on or after the effective date of these standards, shall meet the design specifications of the American National Standard Safety Code for Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck Cranes, ANSI B 30.5-1968. Crawler, locomotive, and truck cranes constructed prior to the effective date of these standards should be modified to conform to those design specifications by December 31, 1973, unless it can be shown that the crane cannot feasibly or economically be altered and that the crane substantially complies with the requirements of this section. Replacement parts shall be of equal or better quality than the original equipment and suitable for the purpose. Repairs or modifications shall be such as to render the equipment equal to or better than the original construction or design.
- (3) Designated personnel. Only designated personnel shall be permitted to operate a crane covered by this section.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–24003, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–24003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–24003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24005 Load ratings. (1) Load ratings—Where stability governs lifting performance.

(a) The margin of stability for determination of load ratings, with booms of stipulated lengths at stipulated working radii for the various types of crane mountings is established by taking a percentage of the loads which will produce a condition of tipping or balance with the boom in the least stable direction, relative to the mounting. The load ratings shall not exceed the following percentages for cranes, with the indicated types of mounting under conditions stipulated in (1)(b) and (c) of this section.

Maximum

Type of crane mounting:	load ratings (percent of tipping loads)
,,	,
Locomotive, without outriggers;	
Booms 60 feet or less	
Booms over 60 feet	. 85 1
Locomotive, using outriggers fully extended .	. 80
Crawler, without outriggers	
Crawler, using outriggers fully extended	
Truck and wheel mounted without outriggers	
or using outriggers fully extended	

<sup>1</sup>Unless this results in less than 30,000 pound-feet net stabilizing moment about the rail, which shall be minimum with such booms.

- (b) The following stipulation shall govern the application of the values in (1)(a) of this section for locomotive cranes:
- (i) Tipping with or without the use of outriggers occurs when half of the wheels farthest from the load leave the rail.
- (ii) The crane shall be standing on track which is level within 1 percent grade.
- (iii) Radius of the load is the horizontal distance from a projection of the axis of rotation to the rail support surface, before loading, to the center of vertical hoist line or tackle with load applied.
- (iv) Tipping loads from which ratings are determined shall be applied under static conditions only, i.e., without dynamic effect of hoisting, lowering, or swinging.
- (v) The weight of all auxiliary handling devices such as hoist blocks, hooks, and slings shall be considered a part of the load rating.
- (c) Stipulations governing the application of the values in (i)(a) of this section for crawler, truck, and wheel-mounted cranes shall be in accordance with Crane Load-Stability Test Code. Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) J765.

Note: The effectiveness of these preceding stability factors will be influenced by such additional factors as freely suspended loads, track, wind, or ground conditions, condition and inflation of rubber tires, boom lengths, proper operating speeds for existing conditions, and, in general, careful and competent operation. All of these shall be taken into account by the user.

- (2) Rated capacity chart. A chart indicating the manufacturer's rated capacity at all operating radii for all permissible boom lengths and jib lengths with alternate ratings for optional equipment affecting such ratings shall be posted in all mobile type cranes and shall be readily visible to the operator in his normal operating position.
  - (3) Inspection classification.
- (a) Initial inspection. Prior to initial use all new and altered cranes shall be inspected to insure compliance with provisions of these standards.
- (4) All hooks shall be of the safety latch-type or the hook shall be moused.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.150, and 49.17.240. 79–08-115 (Order 79-9), § 296-24-24005, filed 7/31/79; Order 73-5, § 296-24-24005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24007 Inspection classification. (1) Regular inspection. Inspection procedure for cranes in regular service is divided into two general classifications based upon the intervals at which inspection should be performed. The intervals in turn are dependent upon the nature of the critical components of the crane and the degree of their exposure to wear, deterioration, or malfunction. The two general classifications are herein designated as "frequent" and "periodic" with respective intervals between inspections as defined below:

- (a) Frequent inspection: Daily to monthly intervals.
- (b) Periodic inspection: One— to 12—month intervals, or as specifically recommended by the manufacturer.
- (2) Frequent inspection. Items such as the following shall be inspected for defects at intervals as defined in (2)(a) of this section or as specifically indicated including observation during operation for any defects which might appear between regular inspection. Any deficiencies such as listed shall be carefully examined and determination made as to whether they constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) All control mechanisms for maladjustment interfering with proper operation: Daily.
- (b) All control mechanisms for excessive wear of components and contamination by lubricants or other foreign matter.
  - (c) All safety devices for malfunction.
- (d) Deterioration or leakage in air or hydraulic systems: Daily.
- (e) Crane hooks with deformations or cracks. For hooks with cracks or having more than 15 percent in excess of normal throat opening or more than 10° twist from the plane of the unbent hook.
- (f) Rope reeving for noncompliance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- (g) Electrical apparatus for malfunctioning, signs of excessive deterioration, dirt, and moisture accumulation.
- (3) Periodic inspection. Complete inspections of the crane shall be performed at intervals as generally defined in (2)(b) of this section depending upon its activity, severity of service, and environment, or as specifically indicated below. These inspections shall include the requirements of (3) of this section and in addition, items such as the following. Any deficiencies such as listed shall be carefully examined and determination made as to whether they constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) Deformed, cracked, or corroded members, in the crane structure and boom.
  - (b) Loose bolts or rivets.
  - (c) Cracked or worn sheaves and drums.
- (d) Worn, cracked, or distorted parts such as pins, bearings, shafts, gears, rollers and locking devices.
- (e) Excessive wear on brake and clutch system parts, linings, pawls, and ratchets.
- (f) Load, boom angle, and other indicators over their full range, for any significant inaccuracies.

- (g) Gasoline, diesel, electric, or other power plants for improper performance or noncompliance with safety requirements.
- (h) Excessive wear of chain-drive sprockets and excessive chain stretch.
- (i) Travel steering, braking, and locking devices, for malfunction.
  - (j) Excessively worn or damaged tires.
  - (4) Cranes not in regular use.
- (a) A crane which has been idle for a period of one month or more, but less than 6 months, shall be given an inspection conforming with requirements of (3) of this section and WAC 296-24-24013 (2)(b) before placing in service.
- (b) A crane which has been idle for a period of six months shall be given a complete inspection conforming with requirements of (3) and (4) of this section and WAC 296-24-24013 (2)(b) before placing in service.
- (c) Standby cranes shall be inspected at least semi-annually in accordance with requirements of (3) of this section and WAC 296-24-24013 (2)(b). Such cranes which are exposed to adverse environment should be inspected more frequently.
- (5) Inspection records. Written, dated, and signed inspection reports and records shall be made monthly on critical items in use such as brakes, crane hooks, and ropes. Records shall be kept readily available.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–24007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–24007, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-24009 Testing. (1) Operational tests.

- (a) In addition to prototype tests and quality—control measures, the user of each new production crane shall require that it be tested and related data supplied by the manufacturer to the extent necessary to assure compliance with the operational requirements of this paragraph including functions such as the following:
  - (i) Load hoisting and lowering mechanisms
  - (ii) Boom hoisting and lower mechanisms
  - (iii) Swinging mechanism
  - (iv) Travel mechanism
  - (v) Safety devices
- (b) Where the complete production crane is not supplied by one manufacturer such tests shall be conducted at final assembly.
- (c) Certified production-crane test results shall be made available.
  - (2) Rated load test.
- (a) Written reports shall be available showing test procedures and confirming the adequacy of repairs or alterations.
- (b) Test loads shall not exceed 110 percent of the rated load at any selected working radius.
  - (c) Where rerating is necessary:
- (i) Crawler, truck, and wheel-mounted cranes shall be tested in accordance with SAE Recommended Practice, Crane Load Stability Test Code J765 (April 1961).
- (ii) Locomotive cranes shall be tested in accordance with WAC 296-24-24005 (1)(a) and (b).

- (iii) Rerating test report shall be readily available.
- (d) No cranes shall be rerated in excess of the original load ratings unless such rating changes are approved by the crane manufacturer or final assembler.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-24009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-24009, filed 926-

- WAC 296-24-24011 Maintenance procedure. (1) Any unsafe conditions disclosed by the inspection requirements of this section shall be corrected before operation of the crane is resumed. Adjustments and repairs shall be done only by designated personnel.
- (2) After adjustments and repairs have been made the crane shall not be operated until all guards have been reinstalled, safety devices reactivated, and maintenance equipment removed.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24011, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24013 Rope inspection. (1) Running ropes. A thorough inspection of all ropes in use shall be made at least once a month and a full written, dated, and signed report of rope condition kept on file where readily available. All inspections shall be performed by an appointed or authorized person. Any deterioration, resulting in appreciable loss of original strength, such as described below, shall be carefully noted and determination made as to whether further use of the rope would constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) Reduction of rope diameter below nominal diameter due to loss of core support, internal, or external corrosion or wear of outside wires.
- (b) A number of broken outside wires and the degree of distribution of concentration of such broken wires.
  - (c) Worn outside wires.
  - (d) Corroded or broken wires at end connections.
- (e) Corroded, cracked, bent, worn, or improperly applied end connections.
  - (f) Severe kinking, crushing, cutting, or unstranding.
  - (2) Other ropes.
- (a) Heavy wear and/or broken wires may occur in sections in contact with equalizer sheaves or other sheaves where rope travel is limited, or with saddles. Particular care shall be taken to inspect ropes at these locations.
- (b) All rope which has been idle for a period of a month or more due to shut down or storage of a crane on which it is installed shall be given a thorough inspection before it is placed in service. This inspection shall be for all types of deterioration and shall be performed by an appointed or authorized person whose approval shall be required for further use of the rope. A written and dated report of the rope condition shall be available.
- (c) Particular care shall be taken in the inspection of nonrotating rope.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24013, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24015 Handling the load. (1) Size of load.

- (a) No crane shall be loaded beyond the rated load, except for test purposes as provided in WAC 296-24-24009.
- (b) When loads which are limited by structural competence rather than by stability are to be handled, it shall be ascertained that the weight of the load has been determined within plus or minus 10 percent before it is lifted.
  - (2) Attaching the load.
- (a) The hoist rope shall not be wrapped around the load.
- (b) The load shall be attached to the hook by means of slings or other approved devices.
  - (3) Moving the load.
  - (a) The employer shall assure that:
- (i) The crane is level and where necessary blocked properly.
- (ii) The load is well secured and properly balanced in the sling or lifting device before it is lifted more than a few inches.
- (b) Before starting to hoist, the following conditions shall be noted:
  - (i) Hoist rope shall not be kinked.
- (ii) Multiple part lines shall not be twisted around around each other.
- (iii) The hook shall be brought over the load in such a manner as to prevent swinging.
- (iv) If there is a slack rope condition, it should be determined that the rope is properly seated on the drum and in the sheaves.
  - (c) During hoisting care shall be taken that:
- (i) There is no sudden acceleration or deceleration of the moving load.
  - (ii) The load does not contact any obstructions.
- (d) Side loading of booms shall be limited to freely suspended loads. Cranes shall not be used for dragging loads sideways.
- (e) No hoisting, lowering, swinging, or traveling shall be done while anyone is on the load or hook.
- (f) The operator should avoid carrying loads over people.
- (g) On truck mounted cranes, no loads shall be lifted over the front area except as approved by the crane manufacturer.
- (h) The operator shall test the brakes each time a load approaching the rated load is handled by raising it a few inches and apriying the brakes.
- (i) Outriggers shall be used when the load to be handled at that particular radius exceeds the rated load without outriggers as given by the manufacturer for that crane. Where floats are used they shall be securely attached to the outriggers. Wood blocks used to support outriggers shall:
  - (i) Be strong enough to prevent crushing.
  - (ii) Be free from defects.
- (iii) Be of sufficient width and length to prevent shifting or toppling under load.
- (j) Neither the load nor the boom shall be lowered below the point where less than two full wraps of rope remain on their respective drums.

- (k) Before lifting loads with locomotive cranes without using outriggers, means shall be applied to prevent the load from being carried by the truck springs.
- (1) When two or more cranes are used to lift one load, one designated person shall be responsible for the operation. He shall be required to analyze the operation and instruct all personnel involved in the proper positioning, rigging of the load, and the movements to be made.
- (m) In transit the following additional precautions shall be exercised.
- (i) The boom shall be carried in line with the direction of motion.
- (ii) The superstructure shall be secured against rotation, except when negotiating turns when there is an operator in the cab or the boom is supported on a dolly.
- (iii) The empty hook shall be lashed or otherwise restrained so that it cannot swing freely.
- (n) Before traveling a crane with load, a designated person shall be responsible for determining and controlling safety. Decisions such as position of load, boom location, ground support, travel route, and speed of movement shall be in accord with his determinations.
- (o) A crane with or without load shall not be traveled with the boom so high that it may bounce back over the cab.
- (p) When rotating the crane, sudden starts and stops shall be avoided. Rotational speed shall be such that the load does not swing out beyond the radii at which it can be controlled. A tag or restraint line shall be used when rotation of the load is hazardous.
- (q) When a crane is to be operated at a fixed radius, the boom-hoist pawl or other positive locking device shall be engaged.
- (r) Ropes shall not be handled on a winch head without the knowledge of the operator.
- (s) While a winch head is being used, the operator shall be within convenient reach of the power unit control lever.
  - (4) Holding the load.
- (a) The operator shall not be permitted to leave his position at the controls while the load is suspended.
- (b) No person should be permitted to stand or pass under a load on the hook.
- (c) If the load must remain suspended for any considerable length of time, the operator shall hold the drum from rotating in the lowering direction by activating the positive controllable means of the operator's station.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24015, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24017 Other requirements. (1) Rail clamps. Rail clamps shall not be used as a means of restraining tipping of a locomotive crane.

(2) Ballast or counterweight. Cranes shall not be operated without the full amount of any ballast or counterweight in place as specified by the maker, but truck cranes that have dropped the ballast or counterweight may be operated temporarily with special care and only for light loads without full ballast or counterweight in place. The ballast or counterweight in place specified by the manufacturer shall not be exceeded.

- (3) Cabs.
- (a) Necessary clothing and personal belongings shall be stored in such a manner as to not interfere with access or operation.
- (b) Tools, oil cans, waste, extra fuses, and other necessary articles shall be stored in the tool box, and shall not be permitted to lie loose in or about the cab.
  - (4) Refueling.
- (a) Refueling with small portable containers shall be done with an approved safety type can equipped with an automatic closing cap and flame arrester. Refer to WAC 296-24-58501(19) for definition of approved.
- (b) Machines shall not be refueled with the engine running.
  - (5) Fire extinguishers.
- (a) A carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or equivalent fire extinguisher shall be kept in the cab or vicinity of the crane.
- (b) Operating and maintenance personnel shall be made familiar with the use and care of the fire extinguishers provided.
- (6) Swinging locomotive cranes. A locomotive crane shall not be swung into a position where railway cars on an adjacent track might strike it, until it has been ascertained that cars are not being moved on the adjacent track and proper flag protection has been established.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-24017, filed 11/14/88; Order 73-5, § 296-24-24017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24017, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24019 Operating near electric power lines. (1) Clearances. Except where the electrical distribution and transmission lines have been deenergized and visibly grounded at point of work or where insulating barriers not a part of or an attachment to the crane have been erected to prevent physical contact with the lines, cranes shall be operated proximate to, under, over, by, or near powerlines only in accordance with the following:

- (a) For lines rated 50 kv. or below, minimum clearance between the lines and any part of the crane or load shall be 10 feet.
- (b) For lines rated over 50 kv. minimum, clearance between the lines and any part of the crane or load shall be 10 feet plus 0.4 inch for each 1 kv. over 50 kv., or twice the length of the line insulator but never less than 10 feet.
- (c) In transit with no load and boom lowered the clearance shall be a minimum of 4 feet.
- (2) Boom guards. Cage-type boom guards, insulating links, or proximity warning devices may be used on cranes, but the use of such devices shall not operate to alter the requirements of (1) of this section.
- (3) Notification. Before the commencement of operations near electrical lines, the owners of the lines or their authorized representative shall be notified and provided with all pertinent information. The cooperation of the owner shall be requested.

(4) Overhead wires. Any overhead wire shall be considered to be an energized line unless and until the person owning such line or the electrical utility authorities indicate that it is not an energized line.

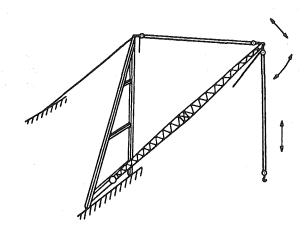
[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24019, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-245 Derricks.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-245, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-245, filed 5/7/73.]

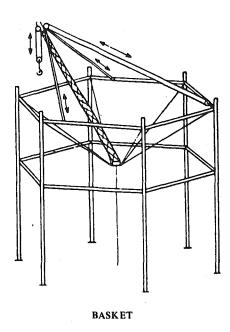
WAC 296-24-24501 Definitions. (1) A "derrick" is an apparatus consisting of a mast or equivalent member held at the head by guys or braces, with or without a boom, for use with a hoisting mechanism and operating ropes.

(2) "A-frame derrick" means a derrick in which the boom is hinged from a cross member between the bottom ends of two upright members spread apart at the lower ends and joined at the top; the boom point secured to the junction of the side members, and the side members are braced or guyed from this junction point.

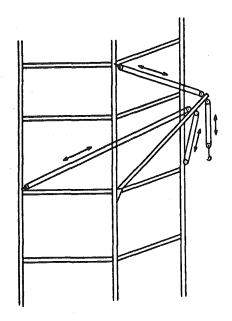


A-FRAME

(3) A "basket derrick" is a derrick without a boom, similar to a gin pole with its base supported by ropes attached to corner posts or other parts of the structure. The base is at a lower elevation than its supports. The location of the base of a basket derrick can be changed by varying the length of the rope supports. The top of the pole is secured with multiple reeved guys to position the top of the pole to the desired location by varying the length of the upper guy lines. The load is raised and lowered by ropes through a sheave or block secured to the top of the pole.

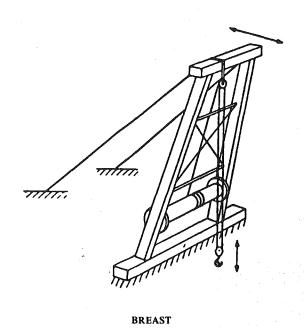


(4) "Breast derrick" means a derrick without boom. The mast consists of two side members spread farther apart at the base than at the top and tied together at top and bottom by rigid members. The mast is prevented from tipping forward by guys connected to its top. The load is raised and lowered by ropes through a sheave or block secured to the top crosspiece.

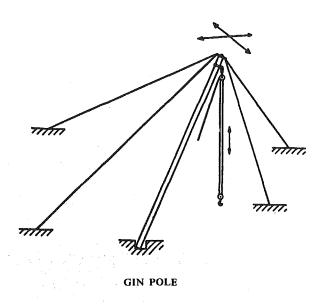


CHICAGO BOOM

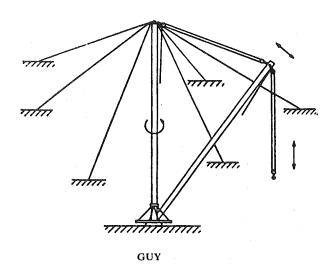
(6) A "gin pole derrick" is a derrick without a boom. Its guys are so arranged from its top as to permit leaning the mast in any direction. The load is raised and lowered by ropes reeved through sheaves or blocks at the top of the mast.



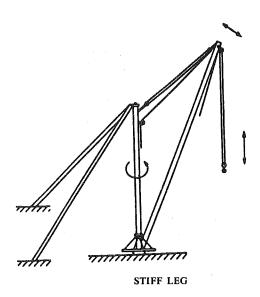
(5) "Chicago boom derrick" means a boom which is attached to a structure, and outside upright member of the structure serving as the mast, and the boom being stepped in a fixed socket clamped to the upright. The derrick is complete with load, boom, and boom point swing line falls.



(7) "Guy derrick" means a fixed derrick consisting of a mast capable of being rotated, supported in a vertical position by guys, and a boom whose bottom end is hinged or pivoted to move in a vertical plane with a reeved rope between the head of the mast and the boom point for raising and lowering the boom, and a reeved rope from the boom point for raising and lowering the load.



- (8) "Shearleg derrick" means a derrick without a boom and similar to a breast derrick. The mast, wide at the bottom and narrow at the top, is hinged at the bottom and has its top secured by a multiple reeved guy to permit handling loads at various radii by means of load tackle suspended from the mast top.
- (9) A "stiffleg derrick" is a derrick similar to a guy derrick except that the mast is supported or held in place by two or more stiff members, called stifflegs, which are capable of resisting either tensile or compressive forces. Sills are generally provided to connect the lower ends of the stifflegs to the foot of the mast.



- (10) "Appointed" means assigned specific responsibilities by the employer or the employer's representative.
- (11) "ANSI" means the American National Standards Institute.
- (12) A boom is a timber or metal section or strut, pivoted or hinged at the heel (lower end) at a location fixed in height on a frame or mast or vertical member, and with its point (upper end) supported by chains,

ropes, or rods to the upper end of the frame mast, or vertical member. A rope for raising and lowering the load is reeved through sheaves or a block at the boom point. The length of the boom shall be taken as the straight line distance between the axis of the foot pin and the axis of the boom point sheave pin, or where used, the axis of the upper load block attachment pin.

- (13) "Boom harness" means the block and sheave arrangement on the boom point to which the topping lift cable is reeved for lowering and raising the boom.
- (14) The "boom point" is the outward end of the top section of the boom.
- (15) "Derrick bullwheel" means a horizontal ring or wheel, fastened to the foot of a derrick, for the purpose of turning the derrick by means of ropes leading from this wheel to a powered drum.
- (16) "Designated" means selected or assigned by the employer or employer's representative as being qualified to perform specific duties.
- (17) "Eye" means a loop formed at the end of a rope by securing the dead end to the live end at the base of the loop.
- (18) A "fiddle block" is a block consisting of two sheaves in the same plane held in place by the same cheek plates.
- (19) The "foot bearing" or "foot block" (sill block) is the lower support on which the mast rotates.
- (20) A "gudgeon pin" is a pin connecting the mast cap to the mast allowing rotation of the mast.
- (21) A "guy" is a rope used to steady or secure the mast or other member in the desired position.
- (22) "Load, working" means the external load, in pounds, applied to the derrick, including the weight of load attaching equipment such as load blocks, shackles, and slings.
- (23) "Load block, lower" means the assembly of sheaves, pins, and frame suspended by the hoisting rope.
- (24) "Load block, upper" means the assembly of sheaves, pins, and frame suspended from the boom.
- (25) "Mast" means the upright member of the derrick.
- (26) "Mast cap (spider)" means the fitting at the top of the mast to which the guys are connected.
- (27) "Reeving" means a rope system in which the rope travels around drums and sheaves.
- (28) "Rope" refers to wire rope unless otherwise specified.
- (29) "Safety hook" means a hook with a latch to prevent slings or load from accidentally slipping off the hook.
- (30) "Side loading" is a load applied at an angle to the vertical plane of the boom.
- (31) The "sill" is a member connecting the foot block and stiffleg or a member connecting the lower ends of a double member mast.
- (32) A "standby derrick" is a derrick not in regular service which is used occasionally or intermittently as required.
- (33) "Stiff leg" means a rigid member supporting the mast at the head.

(34) "Swing" means rotation of the mast and/or boom for movements of loads in a horizontal direction about the axis of rotation.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24503 General requirements. (1) Application. This section applies to guy, stiffleg, basket, breast, gin pole, Chicago boom and A-frame derricks of the stationary type, capable of handling loads at variable reaches and powered by hoists through systems of rope reeving, used to perform lifting hook work, single or multiple line bucket work, grab, grapple, and magnet work. Derricks may be permanently installed for temporary use as in construction work. The requirements of this section also apply to any modification of these types which retain their fundamental features, except for floating derricks.
- (2) New and existing equipment. All new derricks constructed and installed on or after the effective date of these standards shall meet the design specifications of the "American National Standard Safety Code for Derricks, ANSI B30.6–1969." Derricks constructed prior to the effective date of these standards should be modified to conform to these design specifications by December 31, 1973 unless it can be shown that the derrick cannot feasibly or economically be altered and that the derrick substantially complies with the requirements of this section.
- (a) Operating controls shall be marked or an explanation of the controls shall be posted in full view of the operator.
- (b) Cranes or derricks having a movable working boom shall have a radius or boom angle indicator installed. This shall be located where the operator can readily read it while in his normal operating position.
- (c) Top of boom painted. The top six feet of the boom or jib shall be painted bright yellow.
- (3) Designated personnel. Only designated personnel shall be permitted to operate a derrick covered by this section.

[Order 76-6, \$ 296-24-24503, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, \$ 296-24-24503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, \$ 296-24-24503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24505 Load ratings. (1) Rated load marking. For permanently installed derricks with fixed lengths of boom, guy, and mast, a substantial, durable, and clearly legible rating chart shall be provided with each derrick and securely affixed where it is visible to personnel responsible for the safe operation of the equipment. The chart shall include the following data:
- (a) Manufacturer's approved load ratings at corresponding ranges of boom angle or operating radii.
- (b) Specific lengths of components on which the load ratings are based.
- (c) Required parts for hoist reeving. Size and construction of rope may be shown either on the rating chart or in the operating manual
- (2) Nonpermanent installations. For nonpermanent installations, the employer shall provide sufficient information from which capacity charts can be prepared for

the particular installation. The capacity charts shall be located at the derricks or the jobsite office.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24505, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24507 Inspection. (1) Inspection classification.

- (a) Prior to initial use all new and altered derricks shall be inspected to insure compliance with the provisions of these standards.
- (b) Inspection procedure for derricks in regular service is divided into two general classifications based upon the intervals at which inspection should be performed. The intervals in turn are dependent upon the nature of the critical components of the derrick and the degree of their exposure to wear, deterioration, or malfunction. The two general classifications are herein designated as frequent and periodic with respective intervals between inspections as defined below:
  - (i) Frequent inspection daily to monthly intervals.
- (ii) Periodic inspection -1—to 12—month intervals, or as specified by the manufacturer.
- (2) Frequent inspection. Items such as the following shall be inspected for defects at intervals as defined in (1)(b)(i) of this section or as specifically indicated, including observation during operation for any defects which might appear between regular inspections. Deficiencies shall be carefully examined for any safety hazard.
- (a) All control mechanisms: Inspect daily for adjustment, wear, and lubrication.
  - (b) All chords and lacing: Inspect daily, visually.
  - (c) Tension in guys: Daily.
  - (d) Plumb of the mast.
- (e) Deterioration or leakage in air or hydraulic systems: Daily.
- (f) Derrick hooks for deformations or cracks; for hooks with cracks or having more than 15 percent in excess of normal throat opening or more than 10° twist from the plane of the unbent hook, refer to WAC 296–24–24511 (3)(c).
- (g) Rope reeving; visual inspection for noncompliance with derrick manufacturer's recommendations.
- (h) Hoist brakes, clutches, and operating levers: Check daily for proper functioning before beginning operations.
- (i) Electrical apparatus for malfunctioning, signs of excessive deterioration, dirt, and moisture accumulation.
  - (3) Periodic inspection.
- (a) Complete inspections of the derrick shall be performed at intervals as generally defined in (1)(b)(ii) of this section depending upon its activity, severity of service, and environment, or as specifically indicated below. These inspections shall include the requirements of (2) of this section and in addition, items such as the following. Deficiencies shall be carefully examined and a determination made as to whether they constitute a safety hazard:
- (i) Structural members for deformations, cracks, and corrosion.
  - (ii) Bolts or rivets for tightness.

- (iii) Parts such as pins, bearings, shafts, gears, sheaves, drums, rollers, locking and clamping devices, for wear, cracks, and distortion.
- (iv) Gudgeon pin for cracks, wear, and distortion each time the derrick is to be erected.
- (v) Power plants for proper performance and compliance with applicable safety requirements.
- (vi) Hooks: Magnetic particle or other suitable crack detecting inspection should be performed at least once each year.
- (b) Foundation or supports shall be inspected for continued ability to sustain the imposed loads.
  - (4) Derricks not in regular use.
- (a) A derrick which has been idle for a period of 1 month or more, but less than 6 months, shall be given an inspection conforming with requirements of (2) of this section and WAC 296-24-24513(2) before placing in service.
- (b) A derrick which has been idle for a period of over 6 months shall be given a complete inspection conforming with requirements of (2) and (3) of this section and WAC 296-24-24513(3) before placing in service.
- (c) Standby derricks shall be inspected at least semiannually in accordance with requirements of (2) of this section and WAC 296-24-24513(3). Those exposed to adverse environment should be inspected more frequently.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–24507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–24507, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24509 Testing. (1) Operational tests. Prior to initial use all new and altered derricks shall be tested to ensure compliance with this section including the following functions:
  - (a) Load hoisting and lowering.
  - (b) Boom up and down.
  - (c) Swing.
  - (d) Operation of clutches and brakes of hoist.
- (2) Anchorages. All anchorages shall be approved by the appointed person. Rock and hairpin anchorages may require special testing.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24509, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24511 Maintenance. (1) Preventive maintenance. A preventive maintenance program based on the derrick manufacturer's recommendations shall be established.
  - (2) Maintenance procedure.
- (a) Before adjustments and repairs are started on a derrick the following precautions shall be taken:
- (i) The derrick to be repaired shall be arranged so it will cause the least interference with other equipment and operations in the area.
  - (ii) All hoist drum dogs shall be engaged.
- (iii) The main or emergency switch shall be locked in the open position, if an electric hoist is used.
- (iv) Warning or out of order signs shall be placed on the derrick and hoist.

- (v) The repairs of booms or derricks shall either be made when the booms are lowered and adequately supported or safely tied off.
- (vi) A good communication system shall be set up between the hoist operator and the appointed individual in charge of the derrick operations before any work on the equipment is started.
- (vii) Welding repairs shall be approved by an appointed person.
- (b) After adjustments and repairs have been made the derrick shall not be operated until all guards have been reinstalled, safety devices reactivated, and maintenance equipment removed.
  - (3) Adjustments and repairs.
- (a) Any unsafe conditions disclosed by inspection shall be corrected before operation of the derrick is resumed.
- (b) Adjustments shall be maintained to assure correct functioning of components.
- (c) Repairs or replacements shall be provided promptly as needed for safe operation. The following are examples of conditions requiring prompt repair or replacement:
- (i) Hooks showing defects described in WAC 296-24-24507 (2)(f) shall be discarded.
- (ii) All critical parts which are cracked, broken, bent, or excessively worn.
- (iii) Pitted or burned electrical contacts should be corrected only by replacement and in sets. Controller parts should be lubricated as recommended by the manufacturer.
- (iv) All replacement and repaired parts shall have at least the original safety factor.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-24513 Rope inspection. (1) Running ropes. A thorough inspection of all ropes in use shall be made at least once a month and a full written, dated, and signed report of rope condition kept on file where readily available. Any deterioration, resulting in appreciable loss of original strength, such as described below, shall be carefully noted and determination made as to whether further use of the rope would constitute a safety hazard:
- (a) Reduction of rope diameter below nominal diameter due to loss of core support, internal or external corrosion, or wear of outside wires.
- (b) A number of broken outside wires and the degree of distribution or concentration of such broken wires.
  - (c) Worn outside wires.
  - (d) Corroded or broken wires at end connections.
- (e) Corroded, cracked, bent, worn, or improperly applied end connections.
  - (f) Severe kinking, crushing, cutting, or unstranding.
- (2) Idle ropes. All rope which has been idle for a period of a month or more due to shutdown or storage of derrick on which it is installed shall be given a thorough inspection before it is placed in service. This inspection shall be for all types of deterioration. A written and dated report of the rope condition shall be available.

(3) Nonrotating ropes. Particular care shall be taken in the inspection of nonrotating rope.

Note: Limited travel ropes. Heavy wear and/or broken wires may occur in sections in contact with equalizer sheaves or other sheaves where rope travel is limited, or with saddles. Particular care shall be taken to inspect ropes at these locations.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-24515 Operations of derricks. Derrick operation shall be directed only by the individual specifically designated for that purpose.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24515, filed 5/7/73.]

# **WAC 296-24-24517 Handling the load.** (1) Size of load.

- (a) No derrick shall be loaded beyond the rated load.
- (b) When loads approach the maximum rating of the derrick, it shall be ascertained that the weight of the load has been determined within plus or minus 10 percent before it is lifted.
  - (2) Attaching the load.
- (a) The hoist rope shall not be wrapped around the load.
- (b) The load shall be attached to the hook by means of slings or other suitable devices.
  - (3) Moving the load.
- (a) The load shall be well secured and properly balanced in the sling or lifting device before it is lifted more than a few inches.
- (b) Before starting to hoist, the following conditions shall be noted:
  - (i) Hoist rope shall not be kinked.
- (ii) Multiple part lines shall not be twisted around each other.
- (iii) The hook shall be brought over the load in such a manner as to prevent swinging.
- (iv) If there is a slack rope condition, it should be determined that the rope is properly seated on the drum and in the sheaves.
  - (c) During hoisting, care shall be taken that:
- (i) There is no sudden acceleration or deceleration of the moving load.
  - (ii) Load does not contact any obstructions.
- (d) A derrick shall not be used for side loading except when specifically authorized by a responsible person who has determined that the various structural components will not be overstressed.
- (e) No hoisting, lowering, or swinging shall be done while anyone is on the load or hook.
- (f) The operator shall avoid carrying loads over people.
- (g) The operator shall test the brakes each time a load approaching the rated load is handled by raising it a few inches and applying the brakes.
- (h) Neither the load nor boom shall be lowered below the point where less than two full wraps of rope remain on their respective drums.
- (i) When rotating a derrick, sudden starts and stops shall be avoided. Rotational speed shall be such that the

- load does not swing out beyond the radius at which it can be controlled.
- (j) Boom and hoisting rope systems shall not be twisted.
  - (4) Holding the load.
- (a) The operator shall not be allowed to leave his position at the controls while the load is suspended.
- (b) People should not be permitted to stand or pass under a load on the hook.
- (c) If the load must remain suspended for any considerable length of time, a dog, or pawl and ratchet, or other equivalent means, rather than the brake alone, shall be used to hold the load.
  - (5) Use of winch heads.
- (a) Ropes shall not be handled on a winch head without the knowledge of the operator.
- (b) While a winch head is being used, the operator shall be within convenient reach of the power unit control lever.
- (6) Securing boom. Dogs, pawls, or other positive holding mechanism on the hoist shall be engaged. When not in use, the derrick boom shall:
  - (a) Be laid down;
- (b) Be secured to a stationary member, as nearly under the head as possible, by attachment of a sling to the load block; or
- (c) Be hoisted to a vertical position and secured to the mast.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-24517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24517, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-24519 Other requirements. (1)

- (a) Exposed moving parts, such as gears, ropes, setscrews, projecting keys, chains, chain sprockets, and reciprocating components, which constitute a hazard under normal operating conditions shall be guarded.
  - (b) Guards shall be securely fastened.
- (c) Each guard shall be capable of supporting without permanent distortion, the weight of a two hundred—pound person unless the guard is located where it is impossible for a person to step on it.
  - (2) Hooks.
- (a) Hooks shall meet the manufacturer's recommendations and shall not be overloaded.
- (b) Safety latch type hooks shall be used or the hooks shall be moused.
  - (3) Fire extinguishers.
- (a) A carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or equivalent fire extinguisher shall be kept in the immediate vicinity of the derrick.
- (b) Operating and maintenance personnel shall be familiar with the use and care of the fire extinguishers proved.
  - (4) Refueling.
- (a) Refueling with portable containers shall be done with approved safety type containers equipped with automatic closing spout and flame arrester. Refer to WAC 296-24-58501(19) for definition of approved.
- (b) Machines shall not be refueled with the engine running.

- (5) Operating near electric powerlines.
- (a) Except where the electrical distribution and transmission lines have been deenergized and visibility grounded at point of work or where insulating barriers not a part of or an attachment to the derrick have been erected to prevent physical contact with the lines, derricks shall be operated proximate to, under, over, by, or near powerlines only in accordance with the following:
- (i) For lines rated 50 kv. or below minimum clearance between the lines and any part of the derrick or load shall be ten feet.
- (ii) For lines rated over 50 kv. minimum clearance between lines and any part of the derrick or load shall be ten feet plus 0.4 inch for each 1 kv. over 50 kv., or use twice the length of the line insulator, but never less than ten feet.
- (b) Cage-type boom guards, insulating links, or proximity warning devices may be used on derricks, but the use of such devices shall not operate to alter the requirements of (a) of this subsection.
- (c) Before the commencement of operations near electrical lines, the owners of the lines or their authorized representatives shall be notified and provided with pertinent information. The owner's cooperation shall be requested.
- (d) Any overhead wire shall be considered to be an energized line until the owner of the line or their authorized representatives state that it is deenergized.
  - (6) Cab or operating enclosure.
- (a) Necessary clothing and personnel belongings shall be stored in such a manner as to not interfere with access or operation.
- (b) Tools, oilcans, waste, extra fuses, and other necessary articles shall be stored in the toolbox, and shall not be permitted to lie loose in or about the cab or operating enclosure.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-24519, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.150, and 49.17.240. 79-08-115 (Order 79-9), § 296-24-24519, filed 7/31/79; Order 73-5, § 296-24-24519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-24519, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-260 Helicopters. (1) Helicopter regulations. Helicopter cranes shall be expected to comply with any applicable regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration.
- (2) Briefing. Prior to each day's operation, a briefing shall be conducted. This briefing shall set forth the plan of operation for the pilot and ground personnel.
- (3) Slings and tag lines. Load shall be properly slung. Tag lines shall be of a length that will not permit their being drawn up into rotors. Pressed sleeve, swedged eyes, or equivalent means shall be used for all freely suspended loads to prevent hand splices from spinning open or cable clamps from loosening.
- (4) Cargo hooks. All electrically operated cargo hooks shall have the electrical activating device so designed and installed as to prevent inadvertent operation. In addition, these cargo hooks shall be equipped with an emergency mechanical control for releasing the load. The hooks shall be tested prior to each day's operation

- to determine that the release functions properly, both electrically and mechanically.
  - (5) Personal protective equipment.
- (a) Personal protective equipment for employees receiving the load shall consist of complete eye protection and hard hats secured by chin straps.
- (b) Loose-fitting clothing likely to flap in the downwash and thus be snagged on hoist line shall not be worn.
- (6) Loose gear and objects. Every practical precaution shall be taken to provide for the protection of the employees from flying objects in the rotor downwash. All loose gear within one hundred feet of the place of lifting the load, depositing the load, and all other areas susceptible to rotor downwash shall be secured or removed.
- (7) Housekeeping. Good housekeeping shall be maintained in all helicopter loading and unloading areas.
- (8) Operator responsibility. The helicopter operator shall be responsible for size, weight, and manner in which loads are connected to the helicopter. If, for any reason, the helicopter operator believes the lift cannot be made safely, the lift shall not be made.
- (9) Hooking and unhooking loads. Employees shall not perform work under hovering craft except for that limited period of time necessary to guide, secure and unhook loads, or to hook loads. Regardless of whether the hooking or unhooking of a load takes place on the ground or a flat roof, or other location in an elevated work position in structural members, a safe means of access and egress, to include an unprogrammed emergency escape route or routes, shall be provided for the employees who are hooking or unhooking loads.
- (10) Static charge. Static charge on the suspended load shall be dissipated with a grounding device before ground personnel touch the suspended load, or protective rubber gloves shall be worn by all ground personnel touching the suspended load.
- (11) Weight limitation. The weight of an external load shall not exceed the manufacturer's rating.
- (12) Ground lines. Hoist wires or other gear, except for pulling lines or conductors that are allowed to "pay out" from a container or roll off a reel, shall not be attached to any fixed ground structure, or allowed to foul on any fixed structure.
- (13) Visibility. When visibility is reduced by dust or other conditions, ground personnel shall exercise special caution to keep clear of main and stabilizing rotors. Precautions shall also be taken by the employer to eliminate as far as practical reduced visibility.
- (14) Signal systems. Signal systems between aircrew and ground personnel shall be understood and checked in advance of hoisting the load. This applies to either radio or hand signal systems. Handsignals shall be as shown in Figure L-1.
- (15) Approach distance. No unauthorized person shall be allowed to approach within fifty feet of the helicopter when the rotor blades are turning.
- (16) Approaching helicopter. Whenever approaching or leaving a helicopter with blades rotating, all employees shall remain in full view of the pilot and keep in a crouched position. Employees shall avoid the area from

the cockpit or cabin rearward unless authorized by the helicopter operator to work there.

- (17) Personnel. Sufficient ground personnel shall be provided when required for safe helicopter loading and unloading operations.
- (18) Communications. There shall be constant reliable communication between the pilot, and a designated employee of the ground crew who acts as a signalman during the period of loading and unloading. This signalman shall be distinctly recognizable from other ground personnel.
- (19) Fires. Open fires shall not be permitted in an area that could result in such fires being spread by the rotor downwash.
- (20) Under no circumstances shall the refueling of any type helicopter with either aviation gasoline or Jet B (Turbine) type fuel be permitted while the engines are running.
- (21) Helicopters using Jet A (Turbine-Kerosene) type fuel may be refueled with engines running provided the following criteria is met:
- (a) No unauthorized persons shall be allowed within fifty feet of the refueling operation or fueling equipment.
- (b) A minimum of one thirty-pound fire extinguisher, or a combination of same, good for Class A, B and C fires, shall be provided within one hundred feet on the upwind side of the refueling operation.
- (c) All fueling personnel shall be thoroughly trained in the refueling operation and in the use of the available fire extinguishing equipment they may be expected to utilize.
- (d) There shall be no smoking, open flames, exposed flame heaters, flare pots, or open flame lights within fifty feet of the refueling area or fueling equipment. All entrances to the refueling area shall be posted with "NO SMOKING" signs.
- (e) Due to the numerous causes of static electricity, it shall be considered present at all times. Prior to starting refueling operations, the fueling equipment and the helicopter shall be grounded and the fueling nozzle shall be electrically bonded to the helicopter. The use of conductive hose shall not be accepted to accomplish this bonding. All grounding and bonding connections shall be electrically and mechanically firm, to clean unpainted metal parts.
- (f) To control spills, fuel shall be pumped either by hand or power. Pouring or gravity flow shall not be permitted. Self—closing nozzles or deadman controls shall be used and shall not be blocked open. Nozzles shall not be dragged along the ground.
- (g) In case of a spill, the fueling operation shall be immediately stopped until such time as the person-in-charge determines that it is safe to resume the refueling operation.
- (h) When ambient temperatures have been in the one hundred degrees Fahrenheit range for an extended period of time, all refueling of helicopters with the engines running shall be suspended until such time as conditions become suitable to resume refueling with the engines running.

(22) Helicopters with their engines stopped being refueled with aviation gasoline or Jet B (Turbine) type fuel, shall also comply with subsection (21)(a) through (g) of this section.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–260, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 76–28, § 296–24–260, filed 9/28/76.]

- WAC 296-24-293 "A" frames. (1) All timbers for "A" frames shall be of correct size, length, and condition to sustain the maximum contemplated loads.
- (2) "A" frame timbers shall be braced with two spreaders spaced one-quarter the length of the "A" frame from each end. Cross bracing shall cross between the two spreaders. Bracing material shall be not less than two-thirds of the rated strength of the "A" frame timbers.
- (3) Tie rods (staybolts) of not less than one-twelfth the diameter of the main "A" frame timbers shall be used. Tie rods shall be placed directly above the upper spreader and directly below the lower spreader. Ends of bolts shall be secured at each end with malleable washers and nuts.
- (4) The base of the "A" frame shall be securely anchored. Elevating type "A" frames shall be set in pinion—type sockets. Pinion bases shall be securely anchored.
- (5) Guy lines shall be of sufficient strength to carry the load imposed upon them and shall be securely fastened in place.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-293, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-293, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-294 Rigging.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-294, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-294, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-29401 Wire rope. (1) Safe loads. Whenever used in connection with work, employment, occupations or uses to which these standards are applicable, wire rope shall not be subjected to loads in excess of one-fifth the breaking load as given in the schedule of the cable manufacturer. Except as required in standard for material hoists.
- (2) Condemned. When cables deteriorate through rust, wear, broken wires, undue strain or other conditions to the extent of fifteen percent of their original strength, use of cables shall be discontinued.
- (3) Straps and ribbons. The strap or steel ribbon type of cable shall not be used in the suspension of scaffolding.
- (4) Inspections. There shall be not less than monthly inspection of all wire rope in use, and all wire rope must be inspected before put into use.
- (5) Fastening. The following methods of fastening and attaching wire rope shall be adhered to:
- (a) Sockets. The end of wire rope to be set into socket fittings held securely with molten babbit or zinc (not lead). The wires of the cable shall be frayed out and each wire bent toward the outside of socket, so that the end of each wire projects well into the depth of the

socket. This method of fastening cables should be left in the hands of an experienced workman in this kind of work.

(b) Wrapping. Thimbles spliced into rope and the splice securely wrapped.

(c) Bolted. Thimbles inserted and held in place by at least a three bolt clamp or three U-bolt clips. Clamps shall be of standard size for the sizes of the cable in use.

(d) Lashing. For temporary work, by passing rope at least twice around large object such as a post, avoiding sharp points and carrying the end back several feet and securing it by clamps, clips or lashing to the cable.

[Order 76–29, § 296–24–29401, filed 9/30/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–29401, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–29401, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29403 Hemp rope. (1) Quality. Whenever hemp rope is used it shall be first grade long fiber Manila hemp rope.

- (2) Strength. Rope shall not be used to support loads in excess of those given in table for hemp and Manila rope.
- (3) Lashed. Supporting ropes shall be double lashed at each point of suspension.
- (4) Pads. Where supporting ropes are brought over sharp corners of steel, stone, or other material liable to cut the rope, or are in any other way subject to abrasion, they shall be protected at such points by the use of bagging, wooden blocks or other protective padding.
- (5) Knot ends. Rope knots shall have their loose and free ends lashed to the standing part in order to prevent their becoming untied.
- (6) Inspection. All ropes shall be inspected before used.
- (7) Defective rope. Rope badly frayed, rotted, exposed to the action of acid or caustic, or otherwise defective and unsafe, shall be condemned and destroyed to avoid all possibility of future use by mistake.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–29403, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–29403, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29405 Hemp and wire rope slings. (1) Inspection. All rope slings shall be inspected thoroughly and regularly at intervals of not more than one month, and when not in use, shall be stored in a dry place.

(2) Pads. Rope slings shall be protected with pads or blocks when wrapped around sharp edges of structural shapes, casting, etc.

(3) Slip-noose. Slings shall not be used in single strand slip-noose form.

(4) Acids. Hemp rope shall not be used as slings for handling objects contaminated with acid.

(5) How attached. Hand-ropes (guide-ropes) shall not be attached to slings but to hoisting tackle, or (only when necessary) attached to the object handled.

(6) Strength. All slings shall be of sufficient strength for handling the imposed loads. See tables given for hemp and wire ropes.

- (7) Double slings. Double slings shall be used on all horizontal loads over twelve feet in length, and the distance between the points where slings are attached shall be sufficient to prevent the load from tipping up endwise.
- (8) Spreaders. Spreaders shall be used where there is a danger of sling ends or "hitches" slipping together.
- (9) Defective—Destroyed. Defective and unsafe slings shall be destroyed in order to avoid possibility of their being used by mistake.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-29405, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-29405, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29407 Guys. Guy wires and ropes shall be of sufficient strength to carry the load imposed upon them and shall be securely fastened in place.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-29407, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-29407, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29409 Thimbles. Wherever rope is permanently fastened by a single wrap to a metal object less in diameter or shortest measurement than three times the diameter of the rope, a galvanized thimble (of size intended for the rope) shall be inserted between the object and the loop of the rope.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-29409, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-29409, filed 9296-24-29409

WAC 296-24-29411 Blocks and falls. Blocks and falls shall be carefully inspected before being used. Blocks shall be of substantial construction and maintained in good condition while in use. Blocks shall fit the sizes of ropes they carry and shall not chafe or abrade the ropes running through them.

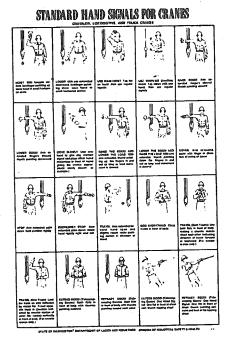
[Order 73-5, § 296-24-29411, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-29411, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29413 Chains and cables. (1) If at any time any three foot length of chain is found to have stretched one-third the length of a link it shall be discarded.

- (2) The practice of placing bolts or nails between two links to shorten chains is prohibited.
- (3) Splicing broken chains by inserting a bolt between two links with the heads of the bolt and the nut sustaining the load, or passing one link through another and inserting a bolt or nail to hold it, is prohibited.

(4) Wherever annealing of chains is attempted, it shall be done in properly equipped annealing furnaces and under the direct supervision of a competent person thoroughly versed in heat treating.

(5) Cables shall be periodically inspected. A copy of the report of the inspections of each running cable shall be filed in a place readily accessible to the department, or authorized representative.



#### CRANE SIGNALS

- Do not remove the load or the crane unless you understand the floor signal clearly.
- Be careful that the load does not swing to injure your hook—on man/woman or other floorpersons; make certain they are in the clear.
- When raising or lowering the load, see that it will safely clear adjacent stockpiles or machinery.
- Never pick up a load greater than the capacity of your crane. In case of doubt, call your foreperson.
- 5. Never do ANYTHING that is not safe.
- Co-operate with your hook-on or floorperson. You and he/she
  are a team handling a valuable piece of equipment—Never let it
  become a hazard.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–29413, filed 11/13/80; Order 73–5, § 296–24–29413, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–29413, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29415 Slings. This section applies to slings used in conjunction with other material handling equipment for the movement of material by hoisting, in employments covered by this chapter. The types of slings covered are those made from alloy steel chain, wire rope, metal mesh, natural or synthetic fiber rope (conventional three strand construction), and synthetic web (nylon, polyester, and polypropylene).

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29415, filed 3/1/76.]

WAC 296-24-29417 Definitions. (1) Angle of loading. Means the inclination of a leg or branch of a sling measured from the horizontal or vertical plane as shown in Fig. D-5: Provided, That an angle of loading of five degrees or less from the vertical may be considered a vertical angle of loading.

(2) Basket hitch. Means a sling configuration whereby the sling is passed under the load and has both ends, end

- attachments, eyes or handles on the hook or a single master link.
- (3) Braided wire rope. Means a wire rope formed by plaiting component wire ropes.
- (4) Bridle wire rope sling. Means a sling composed of multiple wire rope legs with the top ends gathered in a fitting that goes over the lifting hook.
- (5) Cable laid endless sling—mechanical joint. Means a wire rope sling made endless by joining the ends of a single length of cable laid rope with one or more metallic fittings.
- (6) Cable laid grommet—hand tucked. Means an endless wire rope sling made from one length of rope wrapped six times around a core formed by hand tucking the ends of the rope inside the six wraps.
- (7) Cable laid rope. Means a wire rope composed of six wire ropes wrapped around a fiber or wire rope core.
- (8) Cable laid rope sling—mechanical joint. Means a wire rope sling made from a cable laid rope with eyes fabricated by pressing or swagging one or more metal sleeves over the rope junction.
- (9) Choker hitch. Means a sling configuration with one end of the sling passing under the load and through an end attachment, handle or eye on the other end of the sling.
- (10) Coating. Means an elastomer or other suitable material applied to a sling or to a sling component to impart desirable properties.
- (11) Cross rod. Means a wire used to join spirals of metal mesh to form a complete fabric. (See Fig. D-2.)
- (12) Designated. Means selected or assigned by the employer or the employer's representative as being qualified to perform specific duties.
- (13) Equivalent entity. Means a person or organization (including an employer) which, by possession of equipment, technical knowledge and skills, can perform with equal competence the same repairs and tests as the person or organization with which it is equated.
- (14) Fabric (metal mesh). Means the flexible portion of a metal mesh sling consisting of a series of transverse coils and cross rods.
- (15) Female handle (choker). Means a handle with a handle eye and a slot of such dimension as to permit passage of a male handle thereby allowing the use of a metal mesh sling in a choker hitch. (See Fig. D-1.)
- (16) Handle. Means a terminal fitting to which metal mesh fabric is attached. (See Fig. D-1.)
- (17) Handle eye. Means an opening in a handle of a metal mesh sling shaped to accept a hook, shackle or other lifting device. (See Fig. D-1.)
- (18) Hitch. Means a sling configuration whereby the sling is fastened to an object or load, either directly to it or around it.
  - (19) Link. Means a single ring of a chain.
- (20) Male handle (triangle). Means a handle with a handle eye.
- (21) Master coupling link. Means an alloy steel welded coupling link used as an intermediate link to join alloy steel chain to master links. (See Fig. D-3.)
- (22) Master link or gathering ring. Means a forged or welded steel link used to support all members (legs) of

an alloy steel chain sling or wire rope sling. (See Fig. D-3.)

- (23) Mechanical coupling link. Means a nonwelded, mechanically closed steel link used to attach master links, hooks, etc., to alloy steel chain.
- (24) Proof load. Means the load applied in performance of a proof test.
- (25) Proof test. Means a nondestructive tension test performed by the sling manufacturer or an equivalent entity to verify construction and workmanship of a sling.
- (26) Rated capacity or working load limit. Means the maximum working load permitted by the provisions of this section.
- (27) Reach. Means the effective length of an alloy steel chain sling measured from the top bearing surface of the upper terminal component to the bottom bearing surface of the lower terminal component.
- (28) Selvage edge. Means the finished edge of synthetic webbing designed to prevent unraveling.
- (29) Sling. Means an assembly which connects the load to the material handling equipment.
- (30) Sling manufacturer. Means a person or organization that assembles sling components into their final form for sale to users.
- (31) Spiral. Means a single transverse coil that is the basic element from which metal mesh is fabricated. (See Fig. D-2.)
- (32) Strand laid endless sling-mechanical joint. Means a wire rope sling made endless from one length of rope with the ends joined by one or more metallic fittings.
- (33) Strand laid grommet-hand tucked. Means an endless wire rope sling made from one length of strand wrapped six times around a core formed by hand tucking the ends of the strand inside the six wraps.
- (34) Strand laid rope. Means a wire rope made with strands (usually six or eight) wrapped around a fiber core, wire strand core, or independent wire rope core (IWRC).
- (35) Vertical hitch. Means a method of supporting a load by a single, vertical part or leg of the sling. (See Fig. D-4.)

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29417, filed 3/1/76.]

WAC 296-24-29419 Safe operating practices. Whenever any sling is used, the following practices shall be observed:

- (1) Slings that are damaged or defective shall not be used.
- (2) Slings shall not be shortened with knots or bolts or other makeshift devices.
  - (3) Sling legs shall not be kinked.
- (4) Slings shall not be loaded in excess of their rated capacities.
- (5) Slings used in a basket hitch shall have the loads balanced to prevent slippage.
  - (6) Slings shall be securely attached to their loads.
- (7) Slings shall be padded or protected from the sharp edges of their loads.
- (8) Suspended loads shall be kept clear of all obstructions.

- (9) All employees shall be kept clear of loads about to be lifted and of suspended loads.
- (10) Hands or fingers shall not be placed between the sling and its load while the sling is being tightened around the load.
  - (11) Shock loading is prohibited.
- (12) A sling shall not be pulled from under a load when the load is resting on the sling.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29419, filed 3/1/76.]

WAC 296-24-29421 Inspections. Each day before being used, the sling and all fastenings and attachments shall be inspected for damage or defects by a competent person designated by the employer. Additional inspections shall be performed during sling use, where service conditions warrant. Damaged or defective slings shall be immediately removed from service.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29421, filed 3/1/76.]

- WAC 296-24-29423 Alloy steel chain slings. (1) Sling identification. Alloy steel chain slings shall have permanently affixed durable identification stating size, grade, rated capacity and reach.
  - (2) Attachments.
- (a) Hooks, rings, oblong links, pear shaped links, welded or mechanical coupling links or other attachments shall have a rated capacity at least equal to that of the alloy steel chain with which they are used or the sling shall not be used in excess of the rated capacity of the weakest component.
- (b) Makeshift links or fasteners formed from bolts or rods, or other such attachments, shall not be used.
  - (3) Inspections.
- (a) In addition to the inspection required by WAC 296-24-29421, a thorough periodic inspection of alloy steel chain slings in use shall be made on a regular basis, to be determined on the basis of:
  - (i) Frequency of sling use;
  - (ii) Severity of service conditions;
  - (iii) Nature of lifts being made; and
- (iv) Experience gained on the service life of slings used in similar circumstances. Such inspections shall in no event be at intervals greater than once every 12 months.
- (b) The employer shall make and maintain a record of the most recent month in which each alloy steel chain sling was thoroughly inspected, and shall make such record available for examination.
- (c) The thorough inspection of alloy steel chain slings shall be performed by a competent person designated by the employer, and shall include a thorough inspection for wear, defective welds, deformation and increase in length. Where such defects or deterioration are present, the sling shall be immediately removed from serve.
- (4) Proof testing. The employer shall ensure that before use, each new, repaired, or reconditioned alloy steel chain sling, including all welded components in the sling assembly, shall be proof tested by the sling manufacturer or equivalent entity, in accordance with paragraph 5.2 of the American Society of Testing and Materials Specification A391-65 (ANSI G61.1-1968). The employer

shall retain a certificate of the proof test and shall make it available for examination.

- (5) Sling use. Alloy steel chain slings shall not be used with loads in excess of the rated capacities prescribed in Table D-1. Slings not included in this table shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (6) Safe operating temperatures. Alloy steel chain slings shall be permanently removed from service if they are heated above 1000°F. When exposed to service temperatures in excess of 600°F maximum working load limits permitted in Table D-1 shall be reduced in accordance with the chain or sling manufacturer's recommendations.
- (7) Repairing and reconditioning alloy steel chain slings.
- (a) Worn or damaged alloy steel chain slings or attachments shall not be used until repaired. When welding or heat testing is performed, slings shall not be used unless repaired, reconditioned and proof tested by the sling manufacturer or an equivalent entity.
- (b) Mechanical coupling links or low carbon steel repair links shall not be used to repair broken lengths of chain.
- (8) Effects of wear. If the chain size at any point of any links is less than that stated in Table D-2, the sling shall be removed from service.
  - (9) Deformed attachments.
- (a) Alloy steel chain sling with cracked or deformed master links, coupling links or other components shall be removed from service.
- (b) Slings shall be removed from service if hooks are cracked, have been opened more than 15 percent of the normal throat opening measured at the narrowest point or twisted more than 10 degrees from the plane of the unbent hook.

[Order 76–29, § 296–24–29423, filed 9/30/76; Order 76–6, § 296–24–29423, filed 3/1/76.]

WAC 296-24-29425 Wire rope slings. (1) Sling use. Wire rope slings shall not be used with loads in excess of the rated capacities shown in Tables D-3 through D-14. Slings not included in these tables shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

- (2) Minimum sling lengths.
- (a) Cable laid and 6x19 and 6x37 slings shall have a minimum clear length of wire rope 10 times the component rope diameter between splices, sleeves or end fittings.
- (b) Braided slings shall have a minimum clear length of wire rope 40 times the component rope diameter between the loops or end fittings.
- (c) Cable laid grommets, strand laid grommets and endless slings shall have a minimum circumferential length of 96 times their body diameter.
- (3) Safe operating temperatures. Fiber core wire rope slings of all grades shall be permanently removed from service if they are exposed to temperatures in excess of 200°F. When nonfiber core wire rope slings of any grade are used at temperatures above 400°F or below minus

- 60°F, recommendations of the sling manufacturer regarding use at that temperature shall be followed.
  - (4) End attachments.
- (a) Welding of end attachments, except covers to thimbles, shall be performed prior to the assembly of the sling.
- (b) All welded end attachments shall not be used unless proof tested by the manufacturer or equivalent entity at twice their rated capacity prior to initial use. The employer shall retain a certificate of the proof test, and make it available for examination.
- (5) Removal from service. Wire rope slings shall be immediately removed from service if any of the following conditions are present:
- (a) Ten randomly distributed broken wires in one rope lay, or five broken wires in one strand in one rope lay.
- (b) Wear or scraping of one-third the original diameter of outside individual wires.
- (c) Kinking, crushing, bird caging or any other damage resulting in distortion of the wire rope structure.
  - (d) Evidence of heat damage.
- (e) End attachments that are cracked, deformed or worn.
- (f) Hooks that have been opened more than 15 percent of the normal throat opening measured at the narrowest point or twisted more than 10 degrees from the plane of the unbent hook.
  - (g) Corrosion of the rope or end attachments.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.150, and 49.17.240. 79-08-115 (Order 79-9), § 296-24-29425, filed 7/31/79; Order 76-6, § 296-24-29425, filed 3/1/76.]

- WAC 296-24-29427 Metal mesh slings. (1) Sling marking. Each metal mesh sling shall have permanently affixed to it a durable marking that states the rated capacity for vertical basket hitch and choker hitch loadings.
- (2) Handles. Handles shall have a rated capacity at least equal to the metal fabric and exhibit no deformation after proof testing.
- (3) Attachments of handles to fabric. The fabric and handles shall be joined so that:
  - (a) The rated capacity of the sling is not reduced.
- (b) The load is evenly distributed across the width of the fabric.
  - (c) Sharp edges will not damage the fabric.
- (4) Sling coatings. Coatings which diminish the rated capacity of a sling shall not be applied.
- (5) Sling testing. All new and repaired metal mesh slings, including handles, shall not be used unless proof tested by the manufacturer or equivalent entity at a minimum of 1-1/2 times their rated capacity. Elastomer impregnated slings shall be proof tested before coating.
- (6) Proper use of metal mesh slings. Metal mesh slings shall not be used to lift loads in excess of their rated capacities as prescribed in Table D-15. Slings not included in this table shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (7) Safe operating temperatures. Metal mesh slings which are not impregnated with elastomers may be used in a temperature range from minus 20°F to plus 550°F

without decreasing the working load limit. Metal mesh slings impregnated with polyvinyl chloride or neoprene may be used only in a temperature range from zero degrees to plus 200°F. For operations outside these temperature ranges or for metal mesh slings impregnated with other materials, the sling manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed.

(8) Repairs.

(a) Metal mesh slings which are repaired shall not be used unless repaired by a metal mesh sling manufacturer

or an equivalent entity.

- (b) Once repaired, each sling shall be permanently marked or tagged, or a written record maintained, to indicate the date and nature of the repairs and the person or organization that performed the repairs. Records of repairs shall be made available for examination.
- (9) Removal from service. Metal mesh slings shall be immediately removed from service if any of the following conditions are present:
- (a) A broken weld or broken brazed joint along the sling edge.
- (b) Reduction in wire diameter of 25 percent due to abrasion or 15 percent due to corrosion.
  - (c) Lack of flexibility due to distortion of the fabric.
- (d) Distortion of the female handle so that the depth of the slot is increased more than 10 percent.
- (e) Distortion of either handle so that the width of the eye is decreased more than 10 percent.
- (f) A 15 percent reduction of the original cross sectional area of metal at any point around the handle eye.
  - (g) Distortion of either handle out of its plane.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29427, filed 3/1/76.]

# WAC 296-24-29429 Natural and synthetic fiber rope slings. (1) Sling use.

- (a) Fiber rope slings made from conventional three strand construction fiber rope shall not be used with loads in excess of the rated capacities prescribed in Tables D-16 through D-19.
- (b) Fiber rope slings shall have a diameter of curvature meeting at least the minimums specified in Figs. D-4 and D-5.
- (c) Slings not included in these tables shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (2) Safe operating temperatures. Natural and synthetic fiber rope slings, except for wet frozen slings, may be used in a temperature range from minus 20°F to plus 180°F without decreasing the working load limit. For operations outside this temperature range and for wet frozen slings, the sling manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed.
- (3) Splicing. Spliced fiber rope slings shall not be used unless they have been spliced in accordance with the following minimum requirements and in accordance with any additional recommendations of the manufacturer:
- (a) In manila rope, eye splices shall consist of at least three full tucks, and short splices shall consist of at least six full tucks, three on each side of the splice center line.
- (b) In synthetic fiber rope, eye splices shall consist of at least four full tucks, and short splices shall consist of

- at least eight full tucks, four on each side of the center line.
- (c) Strand end tails shall not be trimmed flush with the surface of the rope immediately adjacent to the full tucks. This applies to all types of fiber rope and both eye and short splices. For fiber rope under one inch in diameter, the tail shall project at least six rope diameters beyond the last full tuck. For fiber rope one inch in diameter and larger, the tail shall project at least six inches beyond the last full tuck. Where a projecting tail interferes with the use of the sling, the tail shall be tapered and spliced into the body of the rope using at least two additional tucks (which will require a tail length of approximately six rope diameters beyond the last full tuck).
- (d) Fiber rope slings shall have a minimum clear length of rope between eye splices equal to 10 times the rope diameter.
  - (e) Knots shall not be used in lieu of splices.
- (f) Clamps not designed specifically for fiber ropes shall not be used for splicing.
- (g) For all eye splices, the eye shall be of such size to provide an included angle of not greater than 60 degrees at the splice when the eye is placed over the load or support.
- (4) End attachments. Fiber rope slings shall not be used if end attachments in contact with the rope have sharp edges or projections.
- (5) Removal from service. Natural and synthetic fiber rope slings shall be immediately removed from service if any of the following conditions are present:
  - (a) Abnormal wear.
  - (b) Powdered fiber between strands.
  - (c) Broken or cut fibers.
  - (d) Variations in the size or roundness of strands.
  - (e) Discoloration or rotting.
  - (f) Distortion of hardware in the sling.
- (6) Repairs. Only fiber rope slings made from new rope shall be used. Use of repaired or reconditioned fiber rope slings is prohibited.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29429, filed 3/1/76.]

- WAC 296-24-29431 Synthetic web slings. (1) Sling identification. Each sling shall be marked or coded to show the rated capacities for each type of hitch and type of synthetic web material.
- (2) Webbing. Synthetic webbing shall be of uniform thickness and width and selvage edges shall not be split from the webbing's width.
  - (3) Fittings. Fittings shall be:
- (a) Of a minimum breaking strength equal to that of the sling; and
- (b) Free of all sharp edges that could in any way damage the webbing.
- (4) Attachment of end fittings to webbing and formation of eyes. Stitching shall be the only method used to attach end fittings to webbing and to form eyes. The thread shall be in an even pattern and contain a sufficient number of stitches to develop the full breaking strength of the sling.

- (5) Sling use. Synthetic web slings illustrated in Figure D-6 shall not be used with loads in excess of the rated capacities specified in Tables D-20 through D-22. Slings not included in these tables shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (6) Environmental conditions. When synthetic web slings are used, the following precautions shall be taken:
- (a) Nylon web slings shall not be used where fumes, vapors, sprays, mists or liquids of acids or phenolics are present.
- (b) Polyester and polypropylene web slings shall not be used where fumes, vapors, sprays, mists or liquids of caustics are present.
- (c) Web slings with aluminum fittings shall not be used where fumes, vapors, sprays, mists or liquids of caustics are present.
- (7) Safe operating temperatures. Synthetic web slings of polyester and nylon shall not be used at temperatures in excess of 180°F. Polypropylene web slings shall not be used at temperatures in excess of 200°F.
  - (8) Repairs.
- (a) Synthetic web slings which are repaired shall not be used unless repaired by a sling manufacturer or an equivalent entity.
- (b) Each repaired sling shall be proof tested by the manufacturer or equivalent entity to twice the rated capacity prior to its return to service. The employer shall retain a certificate of the proof test and make it available for examination.
- (c) Slings, including webbing and fittings, which have been repaired in a temporary manner shall not be used.
- (9) Removal from service. Synthetic web slings shall be immediately removed from service if any of the following conditions are present:
  - (a) Acid or caustic burns;
- (b) Melting or charring of any part of the sling surface:
  - (c) Snags, punctures, tears or cuts;
  - (d) Broken or worn stitches; or
  - (e) Distortion of fittings.

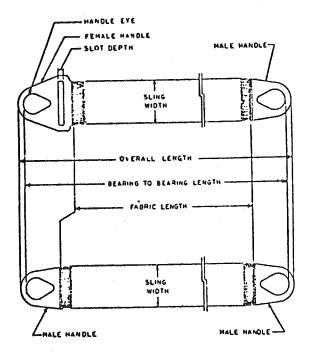


Figure D-1

Metal Mesh Sling (Typical)

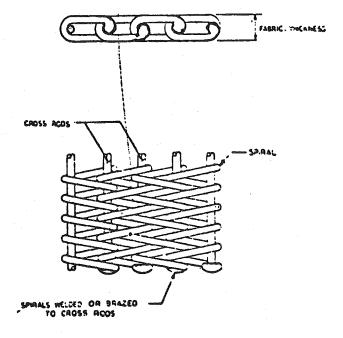


Figure D-2

Metal Mesh Construction

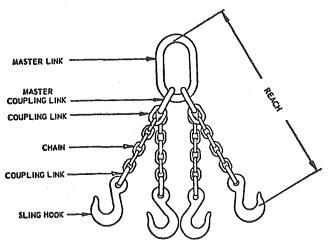


Figure D-3

# Major Components of a Quadruple Sling

TABLE D-1

RATED CAPACITY (WORKING LOAD LIMIT), FOR ALLOY STEEL CHAIN SLINGS\* RATED CAPACITY (WORKING LOAD LIMIT), POUNDS

TABLE D-1: Part 1-Double Slings

	Single	Double Sling Vertical Angle <sup>1</sup>				
Chain	Branch	30	45	60		
Size,	Sling -	degree	degree	degree		
Inches	90	H	orizontal Ang	gle <sup>2</sup>		
	degree	60	45	30		
	Loading	degree	degree	degree		
1/4	3,250	5,650	4,550	3,250		
3/8	6,600	11,400	9,300	6,600		
1/2	11,250	19,500	15,900	11,250		
5/8	16,500	28,500	23,300	16,500		
3/4	23,000	39,800	32,500	23,000		
7/8	28,750	49,800	40,600	28,750		
1	38,750	67,100	54,800	38,750		
1-1/8	44,500	77,000	63,000	44,500		
1-1/4	57,500	99,500	81,000	57,500		
1-3/8	67,000	116,000	94,000	67,000		
1-1/2	80,000	138,000	112,500	80,000		
1-3/4	100,000	172,000	140,000	100,000		

(1)Rating of multileg slings adjusted for angle of loading measured as the included angle between the inclined leg and the vertical as shown in Figure D-5.

shown in Figure D-5.

(2) Rating of multileg slings adjusted for angle of loading between the inclined leg and the horizontal plane of the load, as shown in Figure D-5.

ure D-5.
(3)Quadruple sling rating is same as triple sling because normal lifting practice may not distribute load uniformly to all 4 legs.

TABLE D-1: Part 2--Triple and Quadruple Slings

		Triple and Quadruple Sling <sup>(3)</sup>					
	Single	V	ertical Angle	(i)			
Chain	Branch	30	45	60			
Size,	Sling -	degree	degree	degree			
Inches	90	Ho	rizontal Angl	e <sup>(2)</sup>			
	degree	60	45	30			
	Loading	degree	degree	degree			
1/4	3,250	8,400	6,800	4,900			
3/8	6,600	17,000	14,000	9,900			
1/2	11,250	29,000	24,000	17,000			
5/8	16,500	43,000	35,000	24,500			
3/4	23,000	59,500	48,500	34,500			
7/8	28,750	74,500	61,000	43,000			
1	38,750	101,000	82,000	58,000			
1-1/8	44,500	115,500	94,500	66,500			
1-1/4	57,500	149,000	121,500	86,000			
1-3/8	67,000	174,000	141,000	100,500			
1-1/2	80,000	207,000	169,000	119,500			
	100,000	258,000	210,000	150,000			

(1)Rating of multileg slings adjusted for angle of loading measured as the included angle between the inclined leg and the vertical as shown in Figure D-5.

shown in Figure D-5.

(2) Rating of multileg slings adjusted for angle of loading between the inclined leg and the horizontal plane of the load, as shown in Figure D-5.

ure D-5.

(3)Quadruple sling rating is same as triple sling because normal lifting practice may not distribute load uniformly to all 4 legs.

TABLE D-2
MINIMUM ALLOWABLE CHAIN SIZE
AT ANY POINT OF LINK

Chain Size, Inches	Minimum Allowable Chain Size, Inches
1/4	13/64
,	19/64
1/2 ———	25/64
5/8	31/64
	19/32
	45/64
•	13/16
1-1/8	29′/32
1-1/4	
	1- 3/32
	1- 3/16
	1-13/32

#### TABLE D-3

RATED CAPACITIES FOR SINGLE LEG SLINGS 6x19 AND 6x37 CLASSIFICATION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE WITH FIBER CORE (FC)

Roj	e		Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)								
	ia. Constr.		Vertical			Choker			cal Ba		
(Inc	hes)	НТ	MS		HT	MS ———	S	HT	MS	S	
1/4	6x19	0.49	0.51	0.55	0.37	0.38	0.41	0.99	1.0	1.1	
5/16	6x19	0.76	0.79	0.85	0.57	0.59	0.64	1.5	1.6	1.7	
3/8	6x19	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.80	0.85	0.91	2.1	2.2	2.4	
7/16	6x19	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.2	2.9	3.0	3.3	
1/2	6x19	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.4	1.5	1.6	3.7	3.9	4.3	
9/16	6x19	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	4.6	5.0	5.4	

TABLE D-3 -- cont.

R	ope		Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)							
Dia.	Constr		Vertica	1	-	Choke	r	Ver	tical B	asket*
(Iı	nches)	HT	MS	S	HT	MS	S	HT	MS	S
5/8	6x19	2.8	3.1	3.3	2.1	2.3	2.5	5.6	6.2	6.7
3/4		3.9	4.4	4.8	2.9	3.3	3.6	7.8	8.8	9.5
7/8	6x19	5.1	5.9	6.4	3.9	4.5	4.8	10.0	12.0	13.0
1 ′	6x19	6.7	7.7	8.4	5.0	5.8	6.3	13.0	15.0	17.0
1-1/8	6x19	8.4	9.5	10.0	6.3	7.1	7.9	17.0	19.0	21.0
1 - 1/4		9.8	11.0	12.0	7.4	8.3	9.2	20.0	22.0	25.0
1 - 3/8	6x37	12.0	13.0	15.0	8.9	10.0	11.0	24.0	27.0	30.0
1-1/2	6x37	14.0	16.0	17.0	10.0	12.0	13.0	28.0	32.0	35.0
1-5/8	6x37	16.0	18.0	21.0	12.0	14.0	15.0	33.0	37.0	41.0
1 - 3/4	6x37	19.0	21.0	24.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	38.0	43.0	48.0
2 ′	6x37	25.0	28.0	31.0	18.0	21.0	23.0	49.0	55.0	62.0

HT = Hand tucked splice and hidden tuck splice

For hidden tuck splice (IWRC) use value in HT columns.

MS = Mechanical splice.

S = Swaged or zinc poured socket.

\* These values only apply when the D/d ratio for HT slings is 10 or greater, and for MS and S slings is 20 or greater where:

D = Diameter of curvature around which the body of the sling is bent.

d = Diameter of rope.

TABLE D-4

RATED CAPACITIES FOR SINGLE LEG SLINGS 6x19 AND 6x37 CLASSIFICATION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE WITH INDEPENDENT WIRE ROPE CORE (IWRC)

R	ope		R	tated C	apacitie	s, Tons	, Tons (2,000 lb)			
Dia.	Constr.		Vertica	1		Choke	•	Ver	tical B	asket*
(Ia	nches)	HT	MS	S	HT	MS	S	HT	MS	S
1/4	6x19	0.53	0.56	0.59	0.40	0.42	0.44	1.0	1.1	1.2
5/16	6x19	0.81	0.87	0.92	0.61	0.65	0.69	1.6	1.7	1.8
3/8	6x19	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.86	0.93	0.98	2.3	2.5	2.6
7/16	6x19	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.3	3.1	3.4	3.5
1/2	6x19	2.0	2.2	2.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	3.9	4.4	4.6
9/16	6x19	2.5	2.7	2.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	4.9	5.5	5.8
5/8	6x19	3.0	3.4	3.6	2.2	2.5	2.7	6.0	6.8	7.2
3/4		4.2	4.9	5.1	3.1	3.6	3.8	8.4	9.7	10.0
7/8		5.5	6.6	6.9	4.1	4.9	5.2	11.0	13.0	14.0
1 ′	6x19	7.2	8.5	9.0	5.4	6.4	6.7	14.0	17.0	18.0
1 - 1/8	6x19	9.0	10.0	11.0	6.8	7.8	8.5	18.0	21.0	23.0
1-1/4		10.0	12.0	13.0	7.9	9.2	9.9	21.0	24.0	26.0
1-3/8		13.0	15.0	16.0	9.6	11.0	12.0	25.0	29.0	32.0
	6x37	15.0	17.0	19.0	11.0	13.0	14.0	30.0	35.0	38.0
	6x37	18.0	20.0	22.0	13.0	15.0	17.0	35.0	41.0	44.0
1 - 3/4		20.0	24.0	26.0	15.0	18.0	19.0	41.0	47.0	51.0
2	6x37	26.0	30.0	33.0	20.0	23.0	25.0	53.0	61.0	66.0

HT = Hand tucked splice.

For hidden tuck splice (IWRC) use Table 1 values in HT column.

MS = Mechanical splice.

S = Swaged or zinc poured socket.

\* These values only apply when the D/d ratio for HT slings is 10 or greater, and for MS and S slings is 20 or greater where:

D = Diameter of curvature around which the body of the sling is bent.

d = Diameter of rope.

TABLE D-5

RATED CAPACITIES FOR SINGLE LEG SLINGS CABLE LAID ROPE – MECHANICAL SPLICE ONLY 7x7x7 AND 7x7x19 CONSTRUCTIONS GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE 7x6x19 IWRC CONSTRUCTION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE

	Rope	Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)					
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*			
1/4	7x7x7	0.50	0.38	1.0			
3/8	7x7x7	1.1	0.81	2.0			
1/2	7x7x7	1.8	1.4	3.7			
5/8	7x7x7	2.8	2.1	5.5			
3/4	7x7x7	3.8	2.9	7.6			
5/8	7x7x19	2.9	2.2	5.8			
3/4	7x7x19	4.1	3.0	8.1			
	7x7x19	5.4	4.0	11.0			
1 '	7x7x19	6.9	5.1	14.0			
1-1/8	7x7x19	8.2	6.2	16.0			
1-1/4	7x7x19	9.9	7.4	20.0			
3/4	7x6x19 IWR	C 3.8	2.8	7.6			
7/8	7x6x19 IWR	C 5.0	3.8	10.0			
1	7x6x19 IWR	C 6.4	4.8	13.0			
1-1/8	7x6x19 IWR	C 7.7	5.8	15.0			
1-1/4	7x6x19 IWR	C 9.2	6.9	18.0			
1-5/16	7x6x19 IWR	C 10.0	7.5	20.0			
1–3′/8	7x6x19 IWR	C 11.0	8.2	22.0			
1-1/2	7x6x19 IWR		9.6	26.0			

\* These values only apply when the D/d ratio is 10 or greater where:

D = Diameter of curvature around which the body of the sling is bent.

d = Diameter of rope.

TABLE D-6

RATED CAPACITIES FOR SINGLE LEG SLINGS 8-PART AND 6-PART BRAIDED ROPE 6x7 AND 6x19 CONSTRUCTION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE 7x7 CONSTRUCTION GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE

Componen	t Ropes	Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)							
Diameter		Vertical		c	hoker	Basket Vertical to 30 degrees*			
(inches)	Constr.	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part		
3/32	6x7	0.42	0.32	0.32	0.24	0.74	0.55		
1/8	6x7	0.76	0.57	0.57	0.42	1.3	0.98		
3/16	6x7	1.7	1.3	1.3	0.94	2.9	2.2		
3/32	7x7	0.51	0.39	0.38	0.29	0.89	0.67		
1/8	7x7	0.95	0.71	0.71	0.53	1.6	1.2		
3/16	7x7	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.2	3.6	2.7		
3/16	6x19	1.7	1.3	1.3	0.98	3.0	2.2		
1/4	6x19	3.1	2.3	2.3	1.7	5.3	4.0		
5/16	6x19	4.8	3.6	3.6	2.7	8.3	6.2		
3/8	6x19	6.8	5.1	5.1	3.8	12.0	8.9		
7/16	6x19	9.3	6.9	6.9	5.2	16.0	12.0		
1/2	6x19	12.0	9.0	9.0	6.7	21.0	15.0		
9/16	6x19	15.0	11.0	11.0	8.5	26.0	20.0		
5/8	6x19	19.0	14.0	14.0	10.0	32.0	24.0		

TABLE D-6 -- cont.

Componer	nt Ropes	Ropes Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)								
Diameter		Verti	cal	C	hoker	Basket Vertical to 30 degrees*				
(inches)	Constr.	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part			
3/4	6x19	27.0	20.0	20.0	15.0	46.0	35.0			
7/8	6x19	36.0	27.0	27.0	20.0	62.0	47.0			
1 '	6x19	47.0	35.0	35.0	26.0	81.0	61.0			

- \* These values only apply when the D/d ratio is 20 or greater where:
- D = Diameter of curvature around which the body of the sling is bent.
- d = Diameter of component rope.

TABLE D-7

RATED CAPACITIES FOR 2-LEG AND 3-LEG BRIDLE SLINGS 6x19 AND 6x37 CLASSIFICATION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE WITH FIBER CORE (FC)

TABLE D-7: Part 1--2-Leg Bridle Slings

			Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)								
Ro	ре	2-Leg Bridle Slings									
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vert 30 degree Horz 60 degree		45 de An	egree gle	Vert 60 degree Horz 30 degree					
		нт	MS	НТ	MS	НТ	MS				
1/4	6x19	0.85	0.88	0.70	0.72	0.49	0.51				
5/16	6x19	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.76	0.79				
3/8	6x19	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.1				
7/16	6x19	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.2	1.4	1.5				
1/2	6x19	3.2	3.4	2.6	2.8	1.8	2.0				
9/16	6x19	4.0	4.3	3.2	3.5	2.3	2.5				
5/8	6x19	4.8	5.3	4.0	4.4	2.8	3.1				
3/4	6x19	6.8	7.6	5.5	6.2	3.9	4.4				
7/8	6x19	8.9	10.0	7.3	8.4	5.1	5.9				
1	6x19	11.0	13.0	9.4	11.0	6.7	7.7				
1-1/8	6x19	14.0	16.0	12.0	13.0	8.4	9.5				
1-1/4	6x37	17.0	19.0	14.0	16.0	9.8	11.0				
1-3/8	6x37	20.0	23.0	17.0	19.0	12.0	13.0				
1-1/2	6x37	24.0	27.0	20.0	22.0	14.0	16.0				
1-5/8	6x37	28.0	32.0	23.0	26.0	16.0	18.0				
1-3/4	6x37	33.0	37.0	27.0	30.0	19.0	21.0				
2 ′	6x37	43.0	48.0	35.0	39.0	25.0	28.0				

HT = Hand tucked splice. MS = Mechanical splice.

TABLE D-7: Part 2--3-Leg Bridle Slings

	Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)										
ре		3-	-Leg Bri	dle Sling	gs						
Constr.	Ver 30 degree Horz 60 degree		45 degree Angle		Vert 60 degree Horz 30 degree						
	нт	MS	нт	MS	нт	MS					
6x19	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.74	0.76					
6x19	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.2					
	Constr.	Constr. Ver 30 Horz 60 HT  6x19 1.3	Constr.     Ver 30 degree Horz 60 degree       HT     MS       6x19     1.3     1.3	Pe 3-Leg Bri  Constr. Ver 30 degree 45 degree An  HT MS HT  6x19 1.3 1.3 1.0	Constr.   Ver 30 degree	Constr.   Ver 30 degree					

TABLE D-7: Part 2--3-Leg Bridle Slings

			Rated C	apacities	, Tons (	2,000 lb)	
Ro	ре		3	–Leg Br	idle Sling	gs	
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.		degree degree		egree igle	Vert 60 Horz 30	degree degree
		нт	MS	НТ	MS	нт	MS
3/8	6x19	2.8	2.9	2.3	2.4	1.6	1.7
7/16	6x19	3.7	4.0	3.0	3.2	2.1	2.3
1/2	6x19	4.8	5.1	3.9	4.2	2.8	3.0
9/16	6x19	6.0	6.5	4.9	5.3	3.4	3.7
5/8	6x19	7.3	8.0	5.9	6.5	4.2	4.6
3/4	6x19	10.0	11.0	8.3	9.3	5.8	6.6
7/8	6x19	13.0	15.0	11.0	13.0	7.7	8.9
1'	6x19	17.0	20.0	14.0	16.0	10.0	11.0
1-1/8	6x19	22.0	24.0	18.0	20.0	13.0	14.0
1-1/4	6x37	25.0	29.0	21.0	23.0	15.0	17.0
1-3/8	6x37	31.0	35.0	25.0	28.0	18.0	20.0
1-1/2	6x37	36.0	41.0	30.0	33.0	21.0	24.0
1-5/8	6x37	43.0	48.0	35.0	39.0	25.0	28.0
1-3/4	6x37	49.0	56.0	40.0	45.0	28.0	32.0
2 .	6x37	64.0	72.0	52.0	59.0	37.0	41.0

HT = Hand tucked splice.

MS = Mechanical splice.

TABLE D-8

RATED CAPACITIES FOR 2-LEG AND 3-LEG BRIDLE SLINGS 6x19 AND 6x37 CLASSIFICATION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE WITH INDEPENDENT WIRE ROPE CORE (IWRC)

TABLE D-8: Part 1--2-Leg Bridle Slings

			Rated C	apacities,	Tons (2	,000 lb)		
Ro	ре	2-Leg Bridle Slings						
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vert 30 Horz 60	_	45 de An	-	Vert 60 Horz 30		
		нт	MS	НТ	MS	нт	MS	
1/4	6x19	0.92	0.97	0.75	0.79	0.53	0.56	
5/16	6x19	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.2	0.81	0.87	
3/8	6x19	2.0	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.2	
7/16	6x19	2.7	2.9	2.2	2.4	1.5	1.7	
1/2	6x19	3.4	3.8	2.8	, 3.1	2.0	2.2	
9/16	6x19	4.3	4.8	3.5	3.9	2.5	2.7	
5/8	6x19	5.2	5.9	4.2	4.8	3.0	3.4	
3/4	6x19	7.3	8.4	5.9	6.9	4.2	4.9	
7/8	6x19	9.6	11.0	7.8	9.3	5.5	6.6	
1	6x19	12.0	15.0	10.0	12.0	7.2	8.5	
1-1/8	6x19	16.0	18.0	13.0	15.0	9.0	10.0	
1-1/4	6x37	18.0	21.0	15.0	17.0	10.0	12.0	
1-3/8	6x37	22.0	25.0	18.0	21.0	13.0	15.0	
1-1/2	6x37	26.0	30.0	21.0	25.0	15.0	17.0	
1-5/8	6x37	31.0	35.0	25.0	29.0	18.0	20.0	
1-3/4	6x37	35.0	41.0	29.0	33.0	20.0	24.0	
2 '	6x37	46.0	53.0	37.0	43.0	26.0	30.0	

HT = Hand tucked splice.

MS = Mechanical splice.

TABLE D-8: Part 2--3-Leg Bridle Slings

			Rated C	apacities	, Tons (	2,000 lb)	
Ro	Rope 3-Leg Bridle Slin				idle Slin	g	
Dia. (Inches) Constr.	Constr.		degree degree		egree igle	Vert 60 Horz 30	
	НТ	MS	НТ	MS	нт	MS	
1/4	6x19	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.2	0.79	0.84
5/16	6x19	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.3
3/8	6x19	3.0	3.2	2.4	2.6	1.7	1.9
7/16	6x19	4.0	4.4	3.3	3.6	2.3	2.5
1/2	6x19	5.1	5.7	4.2	4.6	3.0	3.3
9/16	6x19	6.4	7.1	5.2	5.8	3.7	4.1
5/8	6x19	7.8	8.8	6.4	7.2	4.5	5.1
3/4	6x19	11.0	13.0	8.9	10.0	6.3	7.3
7/8	6x19	14.0	17.0	12.0	14.0	8.3	9.9
1	6x19	19.0	22.0	15.0	18.0	11.0	13.0
1-1/8	6x19	23.0	27.0	19.0	22.0	13.0	16.0
1-1/4	6x37	27.0	32.0	22.0	26.0	16.0	18.0
1-3/8	6x37	33.0	38.0	27.0	31.0	19.0	22.0
1-1/2	6x37	39.0	45.0	32.0	37.0	23.0	26.0
1-5/8	6x37	46.0	53.0	38.0	43.0	27.0	31.0
1-3/4	6x37	53.0	61.0	43.0	50.0	31.0	35.0
2 ′	6x37	68.0	79.0	56.0	65.0	40.0	46.0

HT = Hand tucked splice. MS = Mechanical splice.

TABLE D-9

RATED CAPACITIES FOR 2-LEG AND 3-LEG BRIDLE SLINGS CABLE LAID ROPE – MECHANICAL SPLICE ONLY 7x7x7 AND 7x7x19 CONSTRUCTIONS GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE 7x6x19 IWRC CONSTRUCTION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE

TABLE D-9: Part 1--2-Leg Bridle Slings

		Rated Cap	pacities, Tons	(2,000 lb)		
	Rope	2-Leg Bridle Sling				
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vert 30 deg Horz 60 deg	45 degree Angle	Vert 60 deg Horz 30 deg		
1/4	7x7x7	0.87	0.71	0.50		
3/8	7x7x7	1.9	1.5	1.1		
1/2	7x7x7	3.2	2.6	1.8		
5/8	7x7x7	4.8	3.9	2.8		
3/4	7x7x7	6.6	5.4	3.8		
5/8	7x7x19	5.0	4.1	2.9		
3/4	7x7x19	7.0	5.7	4.1		
7/8	7x7x19	9.3	7.6	5.4		
1	7x7x19	12.0	9.7	6.9		
1-1/8	7x7x19	14.0	12.0	8.2		
1-1/4	7x7x19	17.0	14.0	9.9		
3/4	7x6x19 IWRC	6.6	5.4	3.8		
7/8	7x6x19 IWRC	8.7	7.1	5.0		
1	7x6x19 IWRC	11.0	9.0	6.4		
1-1/8	7x6x19 IWRC	13.0	11.0	7.7		
1-1/4	7x6x19 IWRC	16.0	13.0	9.2		
1-5/16	7x6x19 IWRC	17.0	14.0	10.0		
1-3/8	7x6x19 IWRC	19.0	15.0	11.0		
1-1/2	7x6x19 IWRC	22.0	18.0	13.0		

TABLE D-9: Part 2--3-Leg Bridle Slings

		Rated Cap	pacities, Tons	(2,000 lb)		
Rope		3-Leg Bridle Sling				
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vert 30 deg Horz 60 deg	45 degree Angle	Vert 60 deg Horz 30 deg		
1/4	7x7x7	1.3	1.1	0.75		
3/8	7x7x7	2.8	2.3	1.6		
1/2	7x7x7	4.8	3.9	2.8		
5/8	7x7x7	7.2	5.9	4.2		
3/4	7x7x7	9.9	8.1	5.7		
5/8	7x7x19	7.5	6.1	4.3		
3/4	7x7x19	10.0	8.6	6.1		
7/8	7x7x19	14.0	11.0	8.1		
1	7x7x19	18.0	14.0	10.0		
1-1/8	7x7x19	21.0	17.0	12.0		
1-1/4	7x7x19	26.0	21.0	15.0		
3/4	7x6x19 IWRC	9.9	8.0	5.7		
7/8	7x6x19 IWRC	13.0	11.0	7.5		
1	7x6x19 IWRC	17.0	13.0	9.6		
1-1/8	7x6x19 IWRC	20.0	16.0	11.0		
1-1/4	7x6x19 IWRC	24.0	20.0	14.0		
1-5/16	7x6x19 IWRC	26.0	21.0	15.0		
1-3/8	7x6x19 IWRC	28.0	23.0	16.0		
1-1/2	7x6x19 IWRC	33.0	27.0	19.0		

## TABLE D-10

RATED CAPACITIES FOR 2-LEG AND 3-LEG BRIDLE SLINGS 8-PART AND 6-PART BRAIDED ROPE 6x7 AND 6x19 CONSTRUCTION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE 7x7 CONSTRUCTION GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE

TABLE D-10: Part 1--2-Leg Bridle Slings

Comp	onent	Rated Capacities, Tons (2,000 lb)					
Ro	pe		2	2-Leg Bri	dle Sling	S	
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vert 30 Horz 60	degree degree	45 d An	egree gle	Vert 60 degree Horz 30 degree	
		8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part
3/32	6x7	0.74	0.55	0.60	0.45	0.42	0.32
1/8	6x7	1.3	0.98	1.1	0.80	0.76	0.57
3/16	6x7	2.9	2.2	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.3
3/32	7x7	0.89	0.67	0.72	0.55	0.51	0.39
1/8	7x7	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.0	0.95	0.71
3/16	7x7	3.6	2.7	2.9	2.2	2.1	1.5
3/16	6x19	3.0	2.2	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.3
1/4	6x19	5,3	4.0	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.3
5/16	6x19	8.3	6.2	6.7	5.0	4.8	3.6
3/8	6x19	12.0	8.9	9.7	7.2	6.8	5.1
7/16	6x19	16.0	12.0	13.0	9.8	9.3	6.9
1/2	6x19	21.0	15.0	17.0	13.0	12.0	9.0
9/16	6x19	26.0	20.0	21.0	16.0	15.0	11.0
5/8	6x19	32.0	24.0	26.0	20.0	19.0	14.0
3/4	6x19	46.0	35.0	38.0	28.0	27.0	20.0
7/8	6x19	62.0	47.0	51.0	38.0	36.0	27.0
1	6x19	81.0	61.0	66.0	50.0	47.0	35.0

TABLE D-10: Part 2--3-Leg Bridle Slings

Comp	onent		Rated C	Capacities,	Tons (2	,000 lb)			
Ro	ре	3-Leg Bridle Slings							
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.		degree degree	45 degree Angle		Vert 60 degree Horz 30 degree			
		8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part	8-Part	6-Part		
3/32	6x7	1.1	0.83	0.90	0.68	0.64	0.48		
1/8	6x7	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.1	0.85		
3/16	6x7	4.4	3.3	3.6	2.7	2.5	1.9		
3/32	7x7	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.82	0.77	0.58		
1/8	7x7	2.5	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.1		
3/16	7x7	5.4	4.0	4.4	3.3	3.1	2.3		
3/16	6x19	4.5	3.4	3.7	2.8	2.6	1.9		
1/4	6x19	8.0	6.0	6.5	4.9	4.6	3.4		
5/16	6x19	12.0	9.3	10.0	7.6	7.1	5.4		
3/8	6x19	18.0	13.0	14.0	11.0	10.0	7.7		
7/16	6x19	24.0	18.0	20.0	15.0	14.0	10.0		
1/2	6x19	31.0	23.0	25.0	19.0	18.0	13.0		
9/16	6x19	39.0	29.0	32.0	24.0	23.0	17.0		
5/8	6x19	48.0	36.0	40.0	30.0	28.0	21.0		
3/4	6x19	69.0	52.0	56.0	42.0	40.0	30.0		
7/8	6x19	94.0	70.0	76.0	57.0	54.0	40.0		
1	6x19	122.0	91.0	99.0	74.0	70.0	53.0		

#### TABLE D-11

RATED CAPACITIES FOR STRAND LAID GROMMET – HAND TUCKED IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE

ROPE BODY		RATE	D CAPAC TONS (	TTIES, 2,000 lb)
		0	8	()
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*
1/4	7x19	0.85	0.64	1.7
5/16	7x19	1.3	1.0	2.6
3/8	7x19	1.9	1.4	3.8
7/16	7x19	2.6	1.9	5.2
1/2	7x19	3.3	2.5	6.7
9/16	7x19	4.2	3.1	8.4
5/8	7x19	5.2	3.9	10.00
3/4	7x19	7.4	5.6	15.0
7/8	7x19	10.0	7.5	20.0
1	7x19	13.0	9.7	26.0
1–1/8	7x19	16.0	12.0	32.0
1-1/4	7x37	18.0	14.0	37.0
1-3/8	7x37	22.0	16.0	44.0
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4				

<sup>\*</sup> These values only apply when the D/d ratio is 5 or greater where:

26.0

19.0

52.0

7x37

## TABLE D-12

RATED CAPACITIES FOR CABLE LAID GROMMET – HAND TUCKED 7x6x7 AND 7x6x19 CONSTRUCTIONS IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE 7x7x7 CONSTRUCTION GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE

CABL	E BODY	RATE	D CAPAC TONS (	
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*
3/8	7x6x7	1.3	0.95	2.5
9/16	7x6x7	2.8	2.1	5.6
5/8	7x6x7	3.8	2.8	7.6
3/8	7x7x7	1.6	1.2	3.2
9/16	7x7x7	3.5	2.6	6.9
5/8	7x7x7	4.5	3.4	9.0
5/8	7x6x19	3.9	3.0	7.9
3/4	7x6x19	5.1	3.8	10.0
15/16	7x6x19	7.9	5.9	16.0
1–1/8	7x6x19	11.0	8.4	22.0
1-5/16	7x6x19	15.0	11.0	30.0
1-1/2	7x6x19	19.0	14.0	39.0
1-11/16	7x6x19	24.0	18.0	49.0
1-7/8	7x6x19	30.0	22.0	60.0
2-1/4	7x6x19	42.0	31.0	84.0
2-5/8	7x6x19	56.0	42.0	112.0

<sup>\*</sup> These values only apply when the D/d ratio is 5 or greater where:

d = Diameter of cable body.

TABLE D-13

RATED CAPACITIES FOR STRAND LAID ENDLESS SLINGS
- MECHANICAL JOINT IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE
ROPE

ROPE BODY		RATED CAPACITIES, TONS (2,000 lb)			
		0	8		
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*	
1/4	6x19 IWRC	0.92	0.69	1.8	
3/8	6x19 IWRC	2.0	1.5	4.1	
1/2	6x19 IWRC	3.6	2.7	7.2	
5′/8	6x19 IWRC	5.6	4.2	11.0	
3/4	6x19 IWRC	8.0	6.0	16.0	
7′/8	6x19 IWRC	11.0	8.1	21.0	

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1-1/2

D = Diameter of curvature around which rope is bent.

d = Diameter of rope body.

D = Diameter of curvature around which cable body is bent.

TABLE D-13 -- cont.

ROPE BODY		RATED CAPACITIES, TONS (2,000 )			
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*	
1	6x19 IWRC	14.0	10.0	28.0	
1–1/8	6x19 IWRC	18.0	13.0	35.0	
1-1/4	6x37 IWRC	21.0	15.0	41.0	
1-3/8	6x37 IWRC	25.0	19.0	50.0	
1-1/2	6x37 IWRC	29.0	22.0	59.0	

- \* These values only apply when the D/d ratio is 5 or greater where:
- D = Diameter of curvature around which rope is bent.
- d = Diameter of rope body.

## TABLE D-14

RATED CAPACITIES FOR CABLE LAID ENDLESS SLINGS – MECHANICAL JOINT 7x7x7 AND 7x7x19 CONSTRUCTIONS GALVANIZED AIRCRAFT GRADE ROPE 7x6x19 IWRC CONSTRUCTION IMPROVED PLOW STEEL GRADE ROPE

САВ	LE BODY	RATED CAPACITIES, TONS (2,000 lb)			
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*	
1/4	7x7x7	0.83	0.62	1.6	
3/8	7x7x7	1.8	1.3	3.5	
$\frac{1}{2}$	7x7x7	3.0	2.3	6.1	
5/8	7x7x7	4.5	3.4	9.1	
3/4	7x7x7	6.3	4.7	12.0	
5/8	7x7x19	4.7	3.5	9.5	
3/4	7x7x19	6.7	5.0	13.0	
7′/8	7x7x19	8.9	6.6	18.0	
1	7x7x19	11.0	8.5	22.0	
1-1/8	7x7x19	14.0	10.0	28.0	
1-1/4	7x7x19	17.0	12.0	33.0	
3/4	7x6x19 IWR0	C 6.2	4.7	12.0	
7′/8	7x6x19 IWR0		6.2	16.0	
1 '	7x6x19 IWR	C 10.0	7.9	21.0	
1-1/8	7x6x19 IWR0	C 13.0	9.7	26.0	
1-1/4	7x6x19 IWR0	C 16.0	12.0	31.0	
1-3'/8	7x6x19 IWR0		14.0	37.0	

TABLE D-14--cont.

	BLE BODY	KAIE	TONS (	171ES, 2,000 lb
		0	8	
Dia. (Inches)	Constr.	Vertical	Choker	Vertical Basket*
1-1/2	7x6x19 IWRC	22.0	16.0	43.0

## TABLE D-15

RATED CAPACITIES CARBON STEEL AND STAINLESS STEEL METAL MESH SLINGS

## EFFECT OF ANGLE ON RATED CAPACITIES IN BASKET HITCH

SLING 4 5 5 WIDTH	-4	·LA	L.A.
IN J	御し		
INCHES Y	→ 30 deg	45 deg	60 deg
VERTICAL ™	"" Vertical	Vertical	Vertical
OR VERTI	CAL 60 deg	45 deg	30 deg
CHOKER BASK	ET Horizontal	Horizontal	Horizontal

## Heavy Duty-10 Ga 35 Spirals/Ft of sling width

2	1,500	3,000	2,600	2,100	1,500
3	2,700	5,400	4,700	3,800	2,700
4	4,000	8,000	6,900	5,600	4,000
6	6,000	12,000	10,400	8,400	6,000
8	8,000	16,000	13,800	11,300	8,000
10	10,000	20,000	17,000	14,100	10,000
12	12,000	24,000	20,700	16,900	12,000
14	14,000	28,000	24,200	19,700	14,000
16	16,000	32,000	27,700	22,600	16,000
18	18,000	36,000	31,100	25,400	18,000
20	20,000	40,000	34,600	28,200	20,000
				·	

## Medium Duty-12 Ga 43 Spirals/Ft of sling width

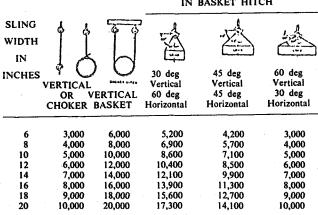
2	1,350	2,700	2,300	1,900	1,400
3	2,000	4,000	3,500	2,800	2,000
4	2,700	5,400	4,700	3,800	2,700
6	4,500	9,000	7,800	6,400	4,500
8	6,000	12,000	10,400	8,500	6,000
10	7,500	15,000	13,000	10,600	7,500
12	9,000	18,000	15,600	12,700	9,000
14	10,500	21,000	18,200	14,800	10,500
16	12,000	24,000	20,800	17,000	12,000
18	13,500	27,000	23,400	19,100	13,500
20	15,000	30,000	26,000	21,200	15,000

## Light Duty-14 Ga 59 Spirals/Ft of sling width

2	900	1,800	1,600	1,300	900
3	1,400	2,800	2,400	2,000	1,400
4	2,000	4,000	3,500	2,800	2,000

TABLE D-15 -- cont.

# EFFECT OF ANGLE ON RATED CAPACITIES IN BASKET HITCH



## TABLE D-16 MANILA ROPE SLINGS

## TABLE D-16: Part 1—Eye and Eye Sling

			EYE	& EYE	SLING	
_ /				BASI	сет нітсн	
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight			Angle of	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°
Nomi– per nal 100 ft. in in Inches Pounds	Ver– tical Hitch	Chok- er Hitch	Angle	of Rope	to Vertical	60°
1/2 7.5	480	240	960	830	680	480
9/16 10.4	620	310	1,240	1,070	875	620
5/8 13.3	790	395	1,580	1,370	1,120	790
3/4 16.7	970	485	1,940	1,680	1,370	970
13/16 19.5	1,170	585	2,340	2,030	1,650	1,170
7/8 22.5	1,390	695	2,780	2,410	1,970	1.39
1" 27.0	1,620	810	3,240	2,810	2,290	1,620
1 1/16 31.3	1,890	945	3,780	3,270	2,670	1,890
1 1/8 36.0	2,160	1,080	4,320	3,740	3,050	2,16
1 1/4 41.7	2,430	1,220	4,860	4,210	3,440	2,430
1 5/16 47.9	2,700	1,350	5,400	4,680	3,820	2,70
1 1/2 59.9	3,330	1,670	6,660	5,770	4,710	3,33
1 5/8 74.6	4,050	2,030	8,100	7,010	5,730	4,050
1 3/4 89.3	4,770	2,390	9,540	8,260	6,740	4,770
2" 107.5	5,580	2,790	11,200	9,660	7,890	5,586
2 1/8 125.0	6,480	3,240	13,000	11,200	9,160	6,486
2 1/4 146.0	7,380	3,690	14,800	12,800	10,400	7,380
2 1/2 166.7	8,370	4,190	16,700	14,500	11,800	8,370
2 5/8 190.8	9,360	4,680	18,700	16,200	13,200	9,36

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

TABLE D-16: Part 2-Endless Sling

			EN	DLESS S	SLING		
D			BASKET HITCH				
Rope Dia- meter Nom Wei	ght		Angle of	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°	
Nomi- pe nal 100 in ir Inches Pou	ft. Ver– n tical	Chok- er Hitch	Angle	of Rope 30°	to Vertical 45°	60°	
1/2 7.	.5 865	430	1,730	1,500	1,220	865	
9/16 10.	4 1,120	560	2,230	1,930	1,580	1,120	
5/8 13.	3 1,420	710	2,840	2,460	2,010	1,420	
3/4 16.	7 1,750	875	3,490	3,020	2,470	1,750	
13/16 19	.5 2,110	1,050	4,210	3,650	2,980	2,110	
7/8 22.	5 2,500	1,250	5,000	4,330	3,540	2,500	
1" 27.	0 2,920	1,460	5,830	5,050	4,120	2,920	
1 1/16 31.	3 3,400	1,700	6,800	5,890	4,810	3,400	
1 1/8 36.	.0 3,890	1,940	7,780	6,730	5,500	3,890	
1 1/4 41.	7 4,370	2,190	8,750	7,580	6,190	4,370	
1 5/16 47.	.9 4,860	2,430	9,720	8,420	6,870	4,860	
1 1/2 59.	9 5,990	3,000	12,000	10,400	8,480	5,990	
1 5/8 74.	6 7,290	3,650	14,600	12,600	10,300	7,290	
1 3/4 89.	.3 8,590	4,290	17,200	14,900	12,100	8,590	
2" 107.	5 10,000	5,020	20,100	17,400	14,200	10,000	
2 1/8 125.	0 11,700	5,830	23,300	20,200	16,500	11,700	
2 1/4 146.	0 13,300	6,640	26,600	23,000	18,800	13,300	
2 1/2 166.	7 15,100	7,530	30,100	26,100	21,300	15,100	
2 5/8 190.	8 16,800	8,420	33,700	29,200	23,800	16,800	

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

# TABLE D-17 NYLON ROPE SLINGS

TABLE D-17: Part 1--Eye and Eye Sling

			EYE	& EYE	SLING	
_				BASI	кет нітсн	
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight		_	Angle of	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°
Nomi- per	V	Chal-	A1-	-6 D	An Mandinal	
nal 100 ft. in in	Ver- tical	Chok- er	O°	or Kope	to Vertical	60°
Inches Pounds	Hitch	Hitch	U.	30,	45	00-
1/2 6.5	635	320	1,270	1,100	900	635
9/16 8.3	790	395	1,580	1,370	1,120	790
5/8 10.5	1,030	515	2,060	1,780	1,460	1,030
3/4 14.5	1,410	705	2,820	2,440	1,990	1,410
13/16 17.0	1,680	840	3,360	2,910	2,380	1,680
7/8 20.0	1,980	990	3,960	3,430	2,800	1,980
1" 26.0	2,480	1,240	4,960	4,300	3,510	2,480
1 1/16 29.0	2,850	1,430	5,700	4,940	4,030	2,850
1 1/8 34.0	3,270	1,640	6,540	5,660	4,620	3,270
1 1/4 40.0	3,710	1,860	7,420	6,430	5,250	3,710
1 5/16 45.0	4,260	2,130	8,520	7,380	6,020	4,260
1 1/2 55.0	5,250	2,630	10,500	9,090	7,420	5,250
1 5/8 68.0	6,440	3,220	12,900	11,200	9,110	6,440
1 3/4 83.0	7,720	3,860	15,400	13,400	10,900	7,720
2" 95.0	9,110	4,560	18,200	15,800	12,900	9,110
2 1/8 109.0	10,500	5,250	21,000	18,200	14,800	10,500
2 1/4 129.0	12,400	6,200	24,800	21,500	17,500	12,400
2 1/2 149.0	13,900	6,950	27,800	24,100	19,700	13,900
2 5/8 168.0	16,000	8,000	32,000	27,700	22,600	16,000

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

2 1/2 149.0 2 5/8 168.0

TABLE D-17: Part 2-Endless Sling

**ENDLESS SLING** BASKET HITCH Rope Angle of Rope to Horizontal Diameter Nominal . 60° 30° Weight Angle of Rope to Vertical nal 100 ft. Ver-Chok-60° tical Pounds Inches Hitch Hitch 1/2 6.5 8.3 570 1.140 2,290 1,980 1,620 1,140 9/16 1,420 710 2,840 2,460 2,010 1,420 5/8 3/4 925 3,710 3,210 1,850 10.5 1,850 2,620 3,590 14.5 2,540 1,270 5,080 4,400 2,540 13/16 17.0 1,510 6,050 5,240 4,280 3,020 7/8 20.0 3,560 1,780 7,130 6,170 5,040 3,560 26.0 4,460 2,230 8,930 7,730 6,310 4,460 1 1/16 29.0 5,130 2,570 10,300 8,890 7,260 5,130 1 1/8 34.0 1 1/4 40.0 1 5/16 45.0 2,940 3,340 3,830 10,200 5,890 8,330 9,450 5,890 11,800 6,680 11,600 13,300 6,680 7,670 13,400 7,670 15,300 10,800 1 1/2 18,900 16,400 55.0 9,450 4,730 13,400 9,450 1 5/8 11,600 5,800 23,200 20,100 16,400 11,600 1 3/4 83.0 13,900 6,950 27,800 24,100 19,700 13,900 95.0 16,400 8,200 32,800 28,400 23,200 16,400 2 1/8 109.0 18,900 9,450 37,800 32,700 26,700 18,900 2 1/4 129.0 22,300 11,200 25,000 12,500 44,600 38,700 31,600 22,300

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

28,800 14,400

TABLE D-18 POLYESTER ROPE SLINGS TABLE D-18: Part 1--Eye and Eye Sling

50,000

57,600

43,300 49,900

35,400

40,700

25,000

28,800

			EYE	& EYE S	SLING	
_				BASKI	ет нітсн	ı
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight		~	Angle of 90°	Rope to 1-60	lorizontal 45°	30
Nomi– per nal 100 ft. in in Inches Pounds	Ver- tical Hitch	Chok- er Hitch	Angle	of Rope t	o Vertical 45°	60°
1/2 8.0	635	320	1,270	1,100	900	635
9/16 10.2	790	395	1,580	1,370	1,120	790
5/8 13.0	990	495	1,980	1,710	1,400	990
3/4 17.5	1,240	620	2,480	2,150	1,750	1,240
13/16 21.0	1,540	770	3,080	2,670	2,180	1,540
7/8 25.0	1,780	890	3,560	3,080	2,520	1,780
1" 30.5	2,180	1,090	4,360	3,780	3,080	2,180
1 1/16 34.5	2,530	1,270	5,060	4,380	3,580	2,530
1 1/8 40.0	2,920	1,460	5,840	5,060	4,130	2,920
1 1/4 46.3	3,290	1,650	6,580	5,700	4,650	3,290
1 5/16 52.5	3,710	1,860	7,420	6,430	5,250	3,710
1 1/2 66.8	4,630	2,320	9,260	8,020	6,550	4,630
1 5/8 82.0	5,640	2,820	11,300	9,770	7,980	5,640
1 3/4 98.0	6,710	3,360	13,400	11,600	9,490	6,710
2" 118.0	7,920	3,960	15,800	13,700	11,200	7,920
2 1/8 135.0	9,110	4,460	18,200	15,800	12,900	9,110
2 1/4 157.0	10,600	5,300	21,200	18,400	15,000	10,600
2 1/2 181.0	12,100	6,050	24,200	21,000	17,100	12,100
2 5/8 205.0	13,600	6,800	27,200	23,600	19,200	13,600

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

TABLE D-18: Part 2-Endless Sling

			EN	DLESS S	SLING	
n				BASI	кет нітсн	l
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight		_	Angle of 90°	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°
Nomi- per	.,					
nal 100 ft.	Ver-		Angle 0°		to Vertical	<b>600</b>
in in Inches Pounds	tical Hitch	er Hitch	00	30°	45°	60°
1/2 8.0	1,140	570	2,290	1,980	1,620	1,14
9/16 10.2	1,420	710	2,840	2,460	2,010	1,42
5/8 13.0	1,780	890	3,570	3,090	2,520	1,78
3/4 17.5	2,230	1,120	4,470	3,870	3,160	2,23
13/16 21.0	2,770	1,390	5,540	4,800	3,920	2,77
7/8 25.0	3,200	1,600	6,410	5,550	4,530	3,20
1" 30.5	3,920	1,960	7,850	6,800	5,550	3,92
1 1/16 34.5	4,550	2,280	9,110	7,990	6,440	4,55
1 1/8 40.0	5,260	2,630	10,500	9,100	7,440	5,26
1 1/4 46.3	5,920	2,960	11,800	10,300	8,380	5,92
1 5/16 52.5	6,680	3,340	13,400	11,600	9,450	6,68
1 1/2 66.8	8,330	4,170	16,700	14,400	11,800	8,33
1 5/8 82.0	10,200	5,080	20,300	17,600	14,400	10,20
1 3/4 98.0	12,100	6,040	24,200	20,900	17,100	12,10
2" 118.0	14,300	7,130	28,500	24,700	20,200	14,30
2 1/8 135.0	16,400	8,200	32,800	28,400	23,200	16,40
2 1/4 157.0	19,100	9,540	38,200	33,100	27,000	19,10
2 1/2 181.0	21,800	10,900	43,600	37,700	30,800	21,80
2 5/8 205.0	24,500	12,200	49,000	42,400	34,600	24,50

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

TABLE D-19 POLYPROPYLENE ROPE SLINGS TABLE D-19: Part 1--Eye and Eye Sling

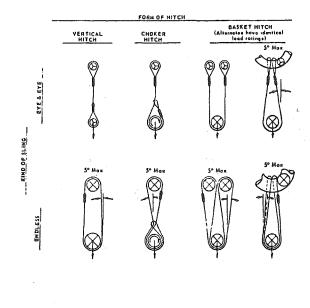
			EYE	& EYE	SLING	
		•		BASI	ET HITCH	
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight		_	Angle of 90°	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°
Nomi- per nal 100 ft. in in Inches Pounds	Ver– tical Hitch	Chok- er Hitch	Angle	of Rope 30°	to Vertical	60°
1/2 4.7	645	325	1,290	1,120	910	64
9/16 6.1	780	390	1,560	1,350	1,100	78
5′/8 7.5	950	475	1,900	1,650	1,340	95
3/4 10.7	1,300	650	2,600	2,250	1,840	1,30
13/16 12.7	1,520	760	3,040	2,630	2,150	1,52
7/8 15.0	1,760	880	3,520	3,050	2,490	1,76
1 n 18.0	2,140	1,070	4,280	3,700	3,030	2,14
1 1/16 20.4	2,450	1,230	4,900	4,240	3,460	2,45
1 1/8 23.7	2,800	1,400	5,600	4,850	3,960	2,80
1 1/4 27.0	3,210	1,610	6,420	5,560	4,540	3,21
1 5/16 30.5	3,600	1,800	7,200	6,240	5,090	3,60
1 1/2 38.5	4,540	2,270	9,080	7,860	6,420	4,54
1 5/8 47.5	5,510	2,760	11,000	9,540	7,790	5,51
1 3/4 57.0	6,580	3,290	13,200	11,400	9,300	6,58
2" 69.0	7,960	3,980	15,900	13,800	11,300	7,96
2 1/8 80.0	9,330	4,670	18,700	16,200	13,200	9,33
2 1/4 92.0	10,600	5,300	21,200	18,400	15,000	10,60
2 1/2 107.0	12,200	6,100	24,400	21,100	17,300	12,20
2 5/8 120.0	13,800	6,900	27,600	23,900	19,600	13,80

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.

TABLE D-19: Part 2--Endless Sling

			EN	DLESS :	SLING	
_				BASI	кет нітсн	I
Rope Dia- meter Nominal Weight		. <u>-</u>	Angle of	Rope to 60°	Horizontal 45°	30°
Nomi- per	V	Ob -1-	A 1 -	- C D	4 - 1/1	
nal 100 ft. in in	Ver tical	Chok-	Angie 0°	or Kope	to Vertical	60°
Inches Pounds	Hitch	er Hitch	U-	30	43	00
1/2 4.7	1,160	580	2,320	2,010	1,640	1,16
9/16 6.1	1,400	700	2,810	2,430	1,990	1,40
5/8 7.5	1,710	855	3,420	2,960	2,420	1,710
3/4 10.7	2,340	1,170	4,680	4,050	3,310	2,34
13/16 12.7	2,740	1,370	5,470	4,740	3,870	2,74
7/8 15.0	3,170	1,580	6,340	5,490	4,480	3,17
1" 18.0	3,850	1,930	7,700	6,670	5,450	3,86
1 1/16 20.4	4,410	2,210	8,820	7,640	6,240	4,41
1 1/8 23.7	5,040	2,520	10,100	8,730	7,130	5,04
1 1/4 27.0	5,780	2,890	11,600	10,000	8,170	5,78
1 5/16 30.5	6,480	3,240	13,000	11,200	9,170	6,48
1 1/2 38.5	8,170	4,090	16,300	14,200	11,600	8,17
1 5/8 47.5	9,920	4,960	19,800	17,200	14,000	9,92
1 3/4 57.0	11,800	5,920	23,700	20,500	16,800	11,80
2" 69.0	14,300	7,160	28,700	24,800	20,300	14,30
2 1/8 80.0	16,800	8,400	33,600	29,100	23,800	16,80
2 1/4 92.0	19,100	9,540	38,200	33,100	27,000	19,10
2 1/2 107.0	22,000		43,900	38,000	31,100	22,00
2 5/8 120.0	24,800	12,400	49,700	43,000	35,100	24,80

See Figures D-4 and D-5 for sling configuration description.



Notes: Angles of 5° or less from the vertical may be considered vertical angles.

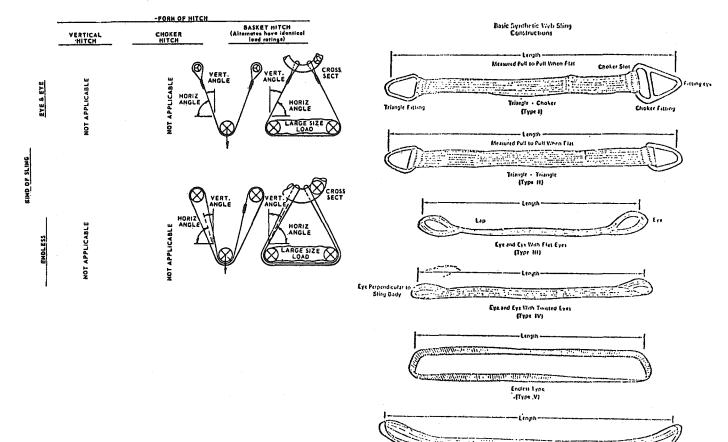
For slings with legs more than 5° off vertical, the actual angle as shown in Figure D-5 must be considered.

## EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS: Minimum diameter of curvature

- Represents a contact surface which shall have a diameter of curvature at least double the diameter of the rope.
- Represents a contact surface which shall have a diameter of curvature at least 8 times the diameter of the rope.
- Represents a load in a choker hitch and illustration the rotary force on the load and/or the slippage of the rope in contact with the load. Diameter of curvature of load surface shall be at least double the diameter of the rope.

Figure D-4

Basic Sling Configurations with Vertical Legs



Notes: For vertical angles of 5° or less, refer to Figure D-4 "basic sling configuration with vertical legs."

See Figure D-4 for explanation of symbols.

Figure D-5
Sling Configurations with Angled Legs

Figure D-6
Basic Synthetic Web Sling Constructions

Aleturn f.ye ATypa VII

## TABLE D-20

RATED CAPACITY IN POUNDS SYNTHETIC WEB SLINGS 1,000 LBS. PER INCH OF WIDTH SINGLE PLY

(TABLE D-20: Part 1--Types I, II, III, and IV)

Sling	E		le – Triang e with Flat		Type II s, Type III	
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1	1,000	750	2,000	1,700	1,400	1,000
2	2,000	1,500	4,000	3,500	2,800	2,000
3	3,000	2,200	6,000	5,200	4,200	3,000
4	4,000	3,000	8,000	6,900	5,700	4,000
5	5,000	3,700	10,000	8,700	7,100	5,000
6	6,000	4,500	12,000	10,400	8,500	6,000

#### Notes

- 1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.
- 2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

## (TABLE D-20: Part 2--Type V)

Sling	Endless Slings, Type V							
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket		
1	1,600	1,300	3,200	2,800	2,300	1,600		
2	3,200	2,600	6,400	5,500	4,500	3,200		
3	4,800	3,800	9,600	8,300	6,800	4,800		
4	6,400	5,100	12,800	11,100	9,000	6,400		
5	8,000	6,400	16,000	13,900	11,300	8,000		
6	9,600	7,700	19,200	16,600	13,600	9,600		

#### Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

(TABLE D-20: Part 3--Type VI)

Sling	Return Eye Slings, Type VI							
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket		
1	800	650	1,600	1,400	1,150	800		
2	1,600	1,300	3,200	2,800	2,300	1,600		
3	2,400	1,950	4,800	4,150	3,400	2,400		
4	3,200	2,600	6,400	5,500	4,500	3,200		
5	4,000	3,250	8,000	6,900	5,650	4,000		
6	4,800	3,800	9,600	8,300	6,800	4,800		

#### Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

TABLE D-21

RATED CAPACITY IN POUNDS SYNTHETIC WEB SLINGS 1,200 LBS. PER INCH OF WIDTH SINGLE PLY

(TABLE D-21: Part 1--Types I, II, III, and IV)

Sling Body	E	Triangle Eye & Eye	le – Triang e with Flat	er Slings, 7 tle Slings, 7 Eye Slings ed Eye Slir	Гуре II s, Туре III	
Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1	1,200	900	2,400	2,100	1,700	1,200
2	2,400	1,800	4,800	4,200	3,400	2,400
3	3,600	2,700	7,200	6,200	5,100	3,600
4	4,800	3,600	9,600	8,300	6,800	4,800
5	6,000	4,500	12,000	10,400	8,500	6,000
6	7,200	5,400	14,400	12,500	10,200	7,200

#### Notes

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

(TABLE D-21: Part 2--Type V)

Sling		]	Endless Slir	igs, Type \	1	
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1 2	1,900 3,800	1,500 3,000	3,800 7,600	3,300 6,600	2,700 5,400	1,900 3,800

(TABLE D-21: Part 2--Type V)

Sling	Endless Slings, Type V							
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket		
3	5,800	4,600	11,600	10,000	8,200	5,800		
4	7,700	6,200	15,400	13,300	10,900	7,700		
5	9,600	7,700	19,200	16,600	13,600	9,600		
6	11,500	9,200	23,000	19,900	16,300	11,500		

#### Note

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

(TABLE D-21: Part 3-Type VI)

Sling	Return Eye Slings, Type VI							
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket		
1	950	750	1,900	1,650	1,350	950		
2	1,900	1,500	3,800	3,300	2,700	1,900		
3	2,850	2,250	5,700	4,950	4,050	2,850		
4	3,800	3,000	7,600	6,600	5,400	3,800		
5	4,750	3,750	9,500	8,250	6,750	4,750		
6	5,800	4,600	11,600	10,000	8,200	5,800		

#### Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

## TABLE D-22

RATED CAPACITY IN POUNDS SYNTHETIC WEB SLINGS 1,600 LBS. PER INCH OF WIDTH SINGLE PLY

## (TABLE D-22: Part 1--Types I, II, III, and IV)

Sling Body Width, Inches	Е	Triangle Eye & Eye	le – Triang e with Flat			v
	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1	1.600	1,200	3,200	2,800	2,300	1,600
2	3,200	2,400	6,400	5,500	4,500	3,200
3	4,800	3,600	9,600	8,300	6,800	4,800
4	6,400	4,800	12,800	11,100	9,000	6,400
5	8,000	6,000	16,000	13,800	11,300	8,000
6	9,600	7,200	19,200	16,600	13,600	9,600

#### Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

## (TABLE D-22: Part 2--Type V)

Sling		i	Endless Slit	ngs, Type V	/	
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1	2,600	2,100	5,200	4,500	3,700	2,600
2	5,100	4,100	10,200	8,800	7,200	5,100
3	7,700	6,200	15,400	13,300	10,900	7,700
4	10,100	8,200	20,400	17,700	14,400	10,200

[Title 296 WAC-p 605]

(TABLE D-22: Part 2-Type V)

Sling		1	Endless Slir	ngs, Type \	7	
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
5	12,800	10,200	25,600	22,200	18,100	12,800
6	15,400	12,300	30,800	26,700	21,800	15,400

#### Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

## (TABLE D-22: Part 3--Type VI)

Sling		Rei	turn Eye S	lings, Type	VI	
Body Width, Inches	Vert.	Choker	Vert. Basket	30° Basket	45° Basket	60° Basket
1	1.050	1,050	2,600	2,250	1,850	1,300
2	2,600	2,100	5,200	4,500	3,700	2,600
3	3,900	3,150	7,800	6,750	5,500	3,900
4	5.100	4.100	10,200	8,800	7,200	5,100
5	6,400	5,150	12,800	11,050	9,050	6,400
6	7,700	6,200	15,400	13,300	10,900	7,700

## Notes:

1. All angles shown are measured from the vertical.

2. Capacities for intermediate widths not shown may be obtained by interpolation.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-29431, filed 3/1/76.]

## Part E

# HAZARDOUS MATERIALS, FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS, SPRAY FINISHING, DIP TANKS

WAC	
296-24-295	Compressed gases (general requirements).
296-24-29501	Inspection of compressed gas cylinders.
296-24-29503	Compressed gases.
296-24-29505	Safety relief devices for compressed gas containers.
296-24-310	Acetylene.
296-24-31001	Cylinders.
296-24-31003	Piped systems.
296-24-31005	Generators and filling cylinders.
296-24-315	Hydrogen.
296-24-31501	General.
296-24-31503	Gaseous hydrogen systems.
296-24-31505	Liquefied hydrogen systems.
296-24-320	Oxygen.
296-24-32001	Scope.
296-24-32003	Bulk oxygen systems.
296-24-325	Nitrous oxide.
296-24-330	Flammable and combustible liquids.
296-24-33001	Definitions.
296-24-33001	Scope.
296-24-33005	Tank storage.
296-24-33007	Piping, valves, and fittings.
296-24-33007	Container and portable tank storage.
296-24-33011	Industrial plants.
296-24-33011	Bulk plants.
296-24-33015	Service stations.
296-24-33017	Processing plants.
296-24-33019	Refineries, chemical plants, and distilleries.
296-24-370	Spray finishing using flammable and combustible
207 24 27021	materials.
296-24-37001	Definitions.

296-24-37003	Spray booths.
296-24-37005	Electrical and other sources of ignition.
296-24-37007	Ventilation.
296-24-37009	Flammable and combustible liquids—Storage and
	handling.
296-24-37011	Protection.
296-24-37013	Operations and maintenance.
296-24-37015	Fixed electrostatic apparatus.
296-24-37017	Electrostatic hand spraying equipment.
296-24-37019	Drying, curing, or fusion apparatus.
296-24-37021	Automobile undercoating in garages.
296-24-37023	Powder coating.
296-24-37025	Organic peroxides and dual component coatings.
296-24-37027	Scope.
296-24-405	Dip tanks containing flammable or combustible
	liquids.
296-24-40501	Definitions.
296-24-40503	Ventilation.
296-24-40505	Construction of dip tanks.
296-24-40507	Liquids used in dip tanks, storage and handling.
296-24-40509	Electrical and other sources of ignition.
296-24-40511	Operations and maintenance.
296-24-40513	Extinguishment.
296-24-40515	Special dip tank applications.
296-24-450	Chlorine cylinders used in chlorinator systems.
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# WAC 296-24-295 Compressed gases (general requirements).

[Order 73-5, \$ 296-24-295, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, \$ 296-24-295, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29501 Inspection of compressed gas cylinders. Each employer shall determine that compressed gas cylinders under his control are in a safe condition to the extent that this can be determined by visual inspection. Visual and other inspections shall be conducted as prescribed in the hazardous materials regulations of the department of transportation (49 CFR Parts 171-179 and 14 CFR Part 103). Where those regulations are not applicable, visual and other inspections shall be conducted in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlets C-6-1968 and C-8-1962.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-29501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-29501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29503 Compressed gases. The inplant handling, storage, and utilization of all compressed gases in cylinders, portable tanks, rail tankcars, or motor vehicle cargo tanks shall be in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1-1965.

[Order 73–5, 296-24-29503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, <math display="inline">296-24-29503, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-29505 Safety relief devices for compressed gas containers. Compressed gas cylinders, portable tanks, and cargo tanks shall have pressure relief devices installed and maintained in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlets S-1.1-1963 and 1965 addenda and S-1.2-1963.

[Order 73–5,  $\$  296–24–29505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\$  296–24–29505, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-310 Acetylene.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-310, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-310, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-31001 Cylinders. The in-plant transfer, handling, storage, and utilization of acetylene in cylinders shall be in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet G-1-1966.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-31001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-31001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-31003 Piped systems. The piped systems for the in-plant transfer and distribution of acetylene shall be designed, installed, maintained, and operated in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet G-1.3-1959.

[Order 73–5, 926-24-31003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 926-24-31003, filed 926-

WAC 296-24-31005 Generators and filling cylinders. Plants for the generation of acetylene and the charging (filling) of acetylene cylinders shall be designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with the standards prescribed in Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet G-1.4-1966.

[Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–31005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–31005, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-315 Hydrogen.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–315, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–315, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-31501 General. (1) Definitions as used in this section.

- (a) Gaseous hydrogen system is one in which the hydrogen is delivered, stored and discharged in the gaseous form to consumer's piping. The system includes stationary or movable containers, pressure regulators, safety relief devices, manifolds, interconnecting piping and controls. The system terminates at the point where hydrogen at service pressure first enters the consumer's distribution piping.
- (b) Approved—Means unless otherwise indicated, listed or approved by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
  - (c) Listed—See "approved."
- (d) ASME—American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
- (e) DOT specifications—Regulations of the department of transportation published in 49 CFR Chapter I.
  - (f) DOT regulations—See WAC 296-24-315.
  - (2) Scope.
  - (a) Gaseous hydrogen systems.
- (i) WAC 296-24-31503 applies to the installation of gaseous hydrogen systems on consumer premises where the hydrogen supply to the consumer premises originates outside the consumer premises and is delivered by mobile equipment.
- (ii) WAC 296-24-31503 does not apply to gaseous hydrogen systems having a total hydrogen content of less than four hundred cubic feet, nor to hydrogen manufacturing plants or other establishments operated by the

hydrogen supplier or his agent for the purpose of storing hydrogen and refilling portable containers, trailers, mobile supply trucks, or tank cars.

- (b) Liquefied hydrogen systems.
- (i) WAC 296-24-31505 applies to the installation of liquefied hydrogen systems on consumer premises.
- (ii) WAC 296-24-31505 does not apply to liquefied hydrogen portable containers of less than one hundred fifty liters (39.63 gallons) capacity; nor to liquefied hydrogen manufacturing plants or other establishments operated by the hydrogen supplier or his agent for the sole purpose of storing liquefied hydrogen and refilling portable containers, trailers, mobile supply trucks or tank cars.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–31501, filed 11/14/88; Order 73–5, § 296–24–31501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–31501, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-31503 Gaseous hydrogen systems. (1) Design.

- (a) Containers.
- (i) Hydrogen containers shall comply with one of the following:
- (A) Designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with appropriate requirements of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessels—1968.
- (B) Designed, constructed, tested and maintained in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation specifications and regulations.
- (ii) Permanently installed containers shall be provided with substantial noncombustible supports on firm noncombustible foundations.
- (iii) Each portable container shall be legibly marked with the name "hydrogen" in accordance with "marking compressed gas containers to identify the material contained" ANSI Z48.1–1954. Each manifolded hydrogen supply unit shall be legibly marked with the name hydrogen or a legend such as "this unit contains hydrogen."
  - (b) Safety relief devices.
- (i) Hydrogen containers shall be equipped with safety relief devices as required by the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII Unfired Pressure Vessels, 1968 or the DOT specifications and regulations under which the container is fabricated.
- (ii) Safety relief devices shall be arranged to discharge upward and unobstructed to the open air in such a manner as to prevent any impingement of escaping gas upon the container, adjacent structure of personnel. This requirement does not apply to DOT specification containers having an internal volume of 2 cubic feet or less.
- (iii) Safety relief devices or vent piping shall be designed or located so that moisture cannot collect and freeze in a manner which would interfere with proper operation of the device.
  - (c) Piping, tubing, and fittings.
- (i) Piping, tubing, and fittings shall be suitable for hydrogen service and for the pressures and temperatures involved. Case iron pipe and fittings shall not be used.

- (ii) Piping and tubing shall conform to Section 2—"Industrial Gas and Air Piping"—Code for Pressure Piping, ANSI B31.1-1967 with addenda B31.1-1969.
- (iii) Joints in piping and tubing may be made by welding or brazing or by use of flanged, threaded, socket, or compression fittings. Gaskets and thread sealants shall be suitable for hydrogen service.
  - (d) Equipment assembly.
- (i) Valves, gauges, regulators, and other accessories shall be suitable for hydrogen service.
- (ii) Installation of hydrogen systems shall be supervised by personnel familiar with proper practices with reference to their construction and use.
- (iii) Storage containers, piping, valves, regulating equipment, and other accessories shall be readily accessible, and shall be protected against physical damage and against tampering.
- (iv) Cabinets or housings containing hydrogen control or operating equipment shall be adequately ventilated.
- (v) Each mobile hydrogen supply unit used as part of a hydrogen system shall be adequately secured to prevent movement.
- (vi) Mobile hydrogen supply units shall be electrically bonded to the system before discharging hydrogen.
- (e) Marking. The hydrogen storage location shall be permanently placarded as follows: "HYDROGEN—FLAMMABLE GAS—NO SMOKING—NO OPEN FLAMES," or equivalent.
- (f) Testing. After installations, all piping, tubing, and fittings shall be tested and proved hydrogen gas tight at maximum operating pressure.
  - (2) Location.
  - (a) General.
- (i) The system shall be located so that it is readily accessible to delivery equipment and to authorized personnel.
  - (ii) Systems shall be located above ground.
- (iii) Systems shall not be located beneath electric power lines.
- (iv) Systems shall not be located close to flammable liquid piping or piping of other flammable gases.
- (v) Systems near aboveground flammable liquid storage shall be located on ground higher then the flammable liquid storage except when dikes, diversion curbs, grading, or separating solid walls are used to prevent accumulation of flammable liquids under the system.
  - (b) Specific requirements.
- (i) The location of a system, as determined by the maximum total contained volume of hydrogen, shall be in the order of preference as indicated by Roman numerals in Table H-1.

TABLE H-1

NT. 4	hyd	Size of hydrogen system			
Nature of location	Less than 3,000 CF	3,000 CF to 15,000 CF	excess of 15,000		
Outdoors  In a separate building  In a special room	— II —	ĪI -	—— II. — Not per–		
Inside buildings not in a special room and exposed to other occupancies	IV	per-	mitted.  Not per mitted.		

- (ii) The minimum distance in feet from a hydrogen system of indicated capacity located outdoors, in separate buildings or in special rooms to any specified outdoor exposure shall be in accordance with Table H-2.
- (iii) The distances in Table H-2 Items 1, 14, and 3 to 10 inclusive do not apply where protective structures such as adequate fire walls are located between the system and the exposure.
- (iv) Hydrogen systems of less than 3,000 CF when located inside buildings and exposed to other occupancies shall be situated in the building so that the system will be as follows:
- (A) In an adequately ventilated area as in (3)(b)(ii) of this section.
- (B) Twenty feet from stored flammable materials or oxidizing gases.
- (C) Twenty-five feet from open flames, ordinary electrical equipment or other sources of ignition.
  - (D) Twenty-five feet from concentrations of people.
- (E) Fifty feet from intakes of ventilation or air-conditioning equipment and air compressors.
  - (F) Fifty feet from other flammable gas storage.
- (G) Protected against damage or injury due to falling objects or working activity in the area.
- (H) More than one system of 3,000 CF or less may be installed in the same room, provided the systems are separated by at least 50 feet. Each such system shall meet all of the requirements of this section.
  - (3) Design consideration at specific locations.
  - (a) Outdoor locations.
- (i) Where protective walls or roofs are provided, they shall be constructed of noncombustible materials.
- (ii) Where the enclosing sides adjoin each other, the area shall be properly ventilated.
- (iii) Electrical equipment shall meet the requirements for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations of WAC 296-24-95613.
  - (b) Separate buildings.

- (i) Separate buildings shall be built of at least non-combustible construction. Windows and doors shall be located so as to be readily accessible in case of emergency. Windows shall be of glass or plastic in metal frames.
- (ii) Adequate ventilation to the outdoors shall be provided. Inlet openings shall be located near the floor in exterior walls only. Outlet openings shall be located at the high point of the room in exterior walls or roof. Inlet and outlet openings shall each have minimum total area of one square foot per 1,000 cubic feet of room volume. Discharge from outlet openings shall be directed or conducted to a safe location.
- (iii) Explosion venting shall be provided in exterior walls or roof only. The venting area shall be equal to not less than 1 square foot per 30 cubic feet of room volume and may consist of any one or any combination of the following: Walls of light noncombustible material, preferably single thickness, single strength glass; lightly fastened hatch covers; lightly fastened swinging doors in exterior walls opening outward; lightly fastened walls or roof designed to relieve at a maximum pressure of 25 pounds per square foot.
- (iv) There shall be no sources of ignition from open flames, electrical equipment, or heating equipment.
- (v) Electrical equipment shall meet the requirements for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations of WAC 296-24-95613.
- (vi) Heating, if provided, shall be by steam, hot water, or other indirect means.
  - (c) Special rooms.
- (i) Floor, walls, and ceiling shall have a fire—resistance rating of at least 2 hours. Walls or partitions shall be continuous from floor to ceiling and shall be securely anchored. At least one wall shall be an exterior wall. Openings to other parts of the building shall not be permitted. Windows and doors shall be in exterior walls and shall be located so as to be readily accessible in case of emergency. Windows shall be of glass or plastic in metal frames.
- (ii) Ventilation shall be as provided in (3)(b)(ii) of this section.
- (iii) Explosion venting shall be as provided in (3)(b)(iii) of this section.
- (iv) There shall be no sources of ignition from open flames, electrical equipment or heating equipment.
- (v) Electrical equipment shall meet the requirements for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations of WAC 296-24-95613.
- (vi) Heating, if provided, shall be by steam, hot water, or indirect means.
- (4) Operating instructions. For installations which require any operation of equipment by the user, legible instructions shall be maintained at operating locations.
  - (5) Maintenance.
- (a) The equipment and functioning of each charged gaseous hydrogen system shall be maintained in a safe operating condition in accordance with the requirements of this section. The area within 15 feet of any hydrogen container shall be kept free of dry vegetation and combustible material.

TABLE H-2

			hydı	Size of hydrogen system		
	Type of	outdoor exposure	Less than 3,000 CF	3,000 CF to 15,000 CF	In excess of 15,000 CF	
1.	Building or structure——	Wood frame construc-				
	<b>5.7. 255.2</b>	tion*————————————————————————————————————	10	25	50	
		nary construction*— Fire-resistive construc-	0	10	**25	
•	XX 11	tion*	0	0	0	
2.	Wall openings –	Not above any part of a system  Above any part of a	10	10	10	
		system ———	25	25	25	
3.	Flammable liq- uids above	0 4 1 000 - 11-	10	25	25	
	ground ———	0 to 1,000 gallons —— In excess of 1,000 gallons —————	10 25	25 50	25 50	
4.	Flammable liq- uids below ground—0 to	guitons	23	30	30	
	1,000 gallons —	Tank————Vent or fill opening of	10	10	10	
5.	Flammable liq- uids below	tank —	25	25	25	
	ground—in ex- cess of 1,000	Touls	20	20	20	
	gallons	Vent or fill opening of	25	25	25	
6.	Flammable gas storage, either high pressure or low pressure—	0 to 15,000 CF capac-				
	iow prossure	ity————————————————————————————————————	10	25	25	
7.	Oxygen storage	capacity ————————————————————————————————————		50 NFPA system		
				g and cu		
		More than 12,000 CF-	Refer to NFPA No. 566, bulk oxygen systems at consumer sites (1969).			
8.	Fast burning solids such as ordinary lum- ber, excelsior or		Sites (1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
9.	Slow burning solids such as heavy timber or		50	50	25	
10.	Open flames and other		25	25	25	
11.	sources of igni- tion————————————————————————————————————		25	25	50	
	intakes or inlets to ventilating or air-condition					
12.	equipment ————————————————————————————————————		50	50	50	

TABLE H-2

	hydi	Size of hydrogen system		
Type of outdoor exposure	Less than 3,000 CF	3,000 CF to 15,000 CF	In excess of 15,000 CF	
13. Public side-	15	15	15	
14. Line of adjoining property which may be built upon	5	5	5	

- \*Refer to NFPA No. 220 standard types of building construction for definitions of various types of construction. (1969 Ed.)
- \*\*But not less than one-half the height of adjacent side wall of the structure.
- \*\*\*In congested areas such as offices, lunchrooms, locker rooms, time-clock areas, and places of public assembly.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–31503, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–31503, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–31503, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–31503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–31503, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-31505 Liquefied hydrogen systems. (1) Design.

- (a) Containers.
- (i) Hydrogen containers shall comply with the following: Storage containers shall be designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with appropriate requirements of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessels (1968) or applicable provisions of API Standard 620, Recommended Rules for Design and Construction of Large, Welded, Low-Pressure Storage Tanks, Second Edition (June 1963) and Appendix R (April 1965).
- (ii) Portable containers shall be designed, constructed and tested in accordance with DOT specifications and regulations.
- (b) Supports. Permanently installed containers shall be provided with substantial noncombustible supports securely anchored on firm noncombustible foundations. Steel supports in excess of 18 inches in height shall be protected with a protective coating having a 2-hour fire-resistance rating.
- (c) Marking. Each container shall be legibly marked to indicate "LIQUEFIED HYDROGEN—FLAMMABLE GAS."
  - (d) Safety relief devices.
- (i) Stationary liquefied hydrogen containers shall be equipped with safety relief devices sized in accordance with CGA Pamphlet S-1-1966, Part 3, Safety Relief Device Standards for Compressed Gas Storage Containers.
- (A) Portable liquefied hydrogen containers complying with the U.S. Department of Transportation regulations shall be equipped with safety relief devices as required in the U.S. Department of Transportation specifications and regulations. Safety relief devices shall be sized in

- accordance with the requirements of CGA Pamphlet S-1-1966, Safety Relief Device Standards, Part 1, Compressed Gas Cylinders and Part 2, Cargo and Portable Tank Containers.
- (ii) Safety relief devices shall be arranged to discharge unobstructed to the outdoors and in such a manner as to prevent impingement of escaping liquid or gas upon the container, adjacent structures or personnel. See (2)(a)(vi) of this section for venting of safety relief devices in special locations.
- (iii) Safety relief devices or vent piping shall be designed or located so that moisture cannot collect and freeze in a manner which would interfere with proper operation of the device.
- (iv) Safety relief devices shall be provided in piping wherever liquefied hydrogen could be trapped between closures
  - (e) Piping, tubing, and fittings.
- (i) Piping, tubing, and fittings and gasket and thread sealants shall be suitable for hydrogen service at the pressures and temperatures involved. Consideration shall be given to the thermal expansion and contraction of piping systems when exposed to temperature fluctuations of ambient to liquefied hydrogen temperatures.
- (ii) Gaseous hydrogen piping and tubing (above—20°F) shall conform to the applicable sections of Pressure Piping Section 2—Industrial Gas and Air Piping, ANSI B31.1-1967 with addenda B31.1-1969. Design of liquefied hydrogen or cold (-20°F or below) gas piping shall use Petroleum Refinery Piping ANSI B31.3-1966 or Refrigeration Piping ANSI B31.5-1966 with addenda B31.5a-1968 as a guide.
- (iii) Joints in piping and tubing shall preferably be made by welding or brazing; flanged, threaded, socket, or suitable compression fittings may be used.
- (iv) Means shall be provided to minimize exposure of personnel to piping operating at low temperatures and to prevent air condensate from contacting piping, structural members, and surfaces not suitable for cryogenic temperatures. Only those insulating materials which are rated nonburning in accordance with ASTM Procedures D1692-68 may be used. Other protective means may be used to protect personnel. The insulation shall be designed to have a vapor—tight seal in the outer covering to prevent the condensation of air and subsequent oxygen enrichment within the insulation. The insulation material and outside shield shall also be of adequate design to prevent attrition of the insulation due to normal operating conditions.
- (v) Uninsulated piping and equipment which operate at liquefied-hydrogen temperature shall not be installed above asphalt surfaces or other combustible materials in order to prevent contact of liquid air with such materials. Drip pans may be installed under uninsulated piping and equipment to retain and vaporize condensed liquid air.
  - (f) Equipment assembly.
- (i) Valves, gauges, regulators, and other accessories shall be suitable for liquefied hydrogen service and for the pressures and temperatures involved.

- (ii) Installation of liquefied hydrogen systems shall be supervised by personnel familiar with proper practices and with reference to their construction and use.
- (iii) Storage containers, piping, valves, regulating equipment, and other accessories shall be readily accessible and shall be protected against physical damage and against tampering. A shutoff valve shall be located in liquid product withdrawal lines as close to the container as practical. On containers of over 2,000 gallons capacity, this shutoff valve shall be of the remote control type with no connections, flanges, or other appurtenances (other than a welded manual shutoff valve) allowed in the piping between the shutoff valve and its connection to the inner container.
- (iv) Cabinets or housings containing hydrogen control equipment shall be ventilated to prevent any accumulation of hydrogen gas.
  - (g) Testing.
- (i) After installation, all field-erected piping shall be tested and proved hydrogen gas-tight at operating pressure and temperature.
- (ii) Containers if out of service in excess of 1 year shall be inspected and tested as outlined in (1) of this section. The safety relief devices shall be checked to determine if they are operable and properly set.
  - (h) Liquefied hydrogen vaporizers.
- (i) The vaporizer shall be anchored and its connecting piping shall be sufficiently flexible to provide for the effect of expansion and contraction due to temperature changes.
- (ii) The vaporizer and its piping shall be adequately protected on the hydrogen and heating media sections with safety relief devices.
- (iii) Heat used in a liquefied hydrogen vaporizer shall be indirectly supplied utilizing media such as air, steam, water, or water solutions.
- (iv) A low temperature shutoff switch shall be provided in the vaporizer discharge piping to prevent flow of liquefied hydrogen in the event of the loss of the heat source.
  - (i) Electrical systems.
- (i) Electrical wiring and equipment located within 3 feet of a point where connections are regularly made and disconnected, shall meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for Class I, Division 1 locations.
- (ii) Except as provided in (l) of this section, electrical wiring, and equipment located within 25 feet of a point where connections are regularly made and disconnected or within 25 feet of a liquid hydrogen storage container, shall meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for Class I, Division 2 locations. When equipment approved for Class I, environments is not commercially available, the equipment may be:
- (A) Purged or ventilated in accordance with NFPA No. 496-1967, Standard for Purged Enclosures for Electrical Equipment in Hazardous Locations,
  - (B) Intrinsically safe, or
- (C) Approved for Class I, Group C atmospheres. This requirement does not apply to electrical equipment

- which is installed on mobile supply trucks or tank cars from which the storage container is filled.
- (j) Bonding and grounding. The liquefied hydrogen container and associated piping shall be electrically bonded and grounded.
  - (2) Location of liquefied hydrogen storage.
  - (a) General requirements.
- (i) The storage containers shall be located so that they are readily accessible to mobile supply equipment at ground level and to authorized personnel.
- (ii) The containers shall not be exposed by electric power lines, flammable liquid lines, flammable gas lines, or lines carrying oxidizing materials.
- (iii) When locating liquefied hydrogen storage containers near above—ground flammable liquid storage or liquid oxygen storage, locate the liquefied hydrogen container on ground higher than flammable liquid storage or liquid oxygen storage.
- (iv) Where it is necessary to locate the liquefied hydrogen container on ground that is level with or lower than adjacent flammable liquid storage or liquid oxygen storage, suitable protective means shall be taken (such as by diking, diversion, curbs, grading), with respect to the adjacent flammable liquid storage or liquid oxygen storage, to prevent accumulation of liquids within 50 feet of the liquefied hydrogen container.
- (v) Storage sites shall be fenced and posted to prevent entrance by unauthorized personnel. Sites shall also be placarded as follows: "Liquefied hydrogen—Flammable gas—No smoking—No open flames."
- (vi) If liquefied hydrogen is located in (as specified in Table H-3) a separate building, in a special room, or inside buildings when not in a special room and exposed to other occupancies, containers shall have the safety relief devices vented unobstructed to the outdoors at a minimum elevation of 25 feet above grade to a safe location as required in (1)(d)(ii) of this section.
  - (b) Specific requirements.
- (i) The location of liquefied hydrogen storage, as determined by the maximum total quantity of liquefied hydrogen, shall be in the order of preference as indicated by Roman numerals in the following Table H-3.

TABLE H-3

MAXIMUM TOTAL QUANTITY OF LIQUEFIED HYDROGEN

STORAGE PERMITTED

Name of Institute	Size of hydrogen storage (capacity in gallons)			
Nature of location	39.63 (150 liters) to 50	51 to 300		In excess of 600
Outdoors	I		I	I
In a separate building -	II	II	II	Not
In a special room—				per- mitted. Not per- mitted.

Inside buildings not in a special room and ex-			
posed to other occu-			
	—— IV —— Not	Not	Not
	per-	per-	per-
	mitted	mitted	mitted.

Note: This table does not apply to the storage in dewars of the type generally used in laboratories for experimental purposes.

(ii) The minimum distance in feet from liquefied hydrogen systems of indicated storage capacity located outdoors, in a separate building, or in a special room to any specified exposure shall be in accordance with Table H-4.

TABLE H-4

MINIMUM DISTANCE (FEET) FROM LIQUEFIED
HYDROGEN SYSTEMS TO EXPOSURE

	Liquefied hydrogen storage (capacity in gallons)			
Type of exposure	39.63 (150 liters) to 3,500	3,501 to 15,000	15,001 to 30,000	
1. Fire-resistive building and fire walls*	5	5	5	
2. Noncombustible build-				
ing*	25	50	75	
<ul> <li>3. Other buildings*</li> <li>4. Wall openings, air-compressor intakes, inlets for air-conditioning or</li> </ul>	50	75	100	
ventilating equipment – 5. Flammable liquids (above ground and vent or fill openings if below ground) (see 513 and	75	75	75	
6. Between stationary lique- fied hydrogen contain-	50	75	100	
ers	5	5	5	
<ul><li>7. Flammable gas storage—</li><li>8. Liquid oxygen storage and other oxidizers</li></ul>	50	. 75	100	
(see 513 and 514) ——	100	100	100	
9. Combustible solids ————————————————————————————————————	50	75	100	
and welding ————————————————————————————————————	50	50	50	
ple**  12. Public ways, railroads,	75	75	75	
and property lines ——	25	50	75	

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to standard types of building construction, NFPA No. 220-1969 for definitions of various types of construction.

Note 2: Where protective structures are provided, ventilation and confinement of product should be considered. The 5-foot distance in Nos. 1 and 6 facilitates maintenance and enhances ventilation.

- (c) Handling of liquefied hydrogen inside buildings other than separate buildings and special rooms. Portable liquefied hydrogen containers of 50 gallons or less capacity as permitted in Table H-3 and in compliance with (2)(a)(vi) of this section when housed inside buildings not located in a special room and exposed to other occupancies shall comply with the following minimum requirements:
- (i) Be located 20 feet from flammable liquids and readily combustible materials such as excelsior or paper.
- (ii) Be located 25 feet from ordinary electrical equipment and other sources of ignition including process or analytical equipment.
  - (iii) Be located 25 feet from concentrations of people.
- (iv) Be located 50 feet from intakes of ventilation and air-conditioning equipment or intakes of compressors.
- (v) Be located 50 feet from storage of other flammable-gases or storage of oxidizing gases.
- (vi) Containers shall be protected against damage or injury due to falling objects or work activity in the area.
- (vii) Containers shall be firmly secured and stored in an upright position.
- (viii) Welding or cutting operations, and smoking shall be prohibited while hydrogen is in the room.
- (ix) The area shall be adequately ventilated. Safety relief devices on the containers shall be vented directly outdoors or to a suitable hood. See (1)(d)(ii) of this section and (2)(a)(vi) of this section.
  - (3) Design considerations at specific locations.
  - (a) Outdoor locations.
- (i) Outdoor location shall mean outside of any building or structure, and includes locations under a weather shelter or canopy provided such locations are not enclosed by more than two walls set at right angles and are provided with vent—space between the walls and vented roof or canopy.
- (ii) Roadways and yard surfaces located below liquefied hydrogen piping, from which liquid air may drop, shall be constructed of noncombustible materials.
- (iii) If protective walls are provided, they shall be constructed of noncombustible materials and in accordance with the provisions of (3)(a)(i) of this section as applicable.
- (iv) Electrical wiring and equipment shall comply with (l)(i)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (v) Adequate lighting shall be provided for nighttime transfer operation.
  - (b) Separate buildings.
- (i) Separate buildings shall be of light noncombustible construction on a substantial frame. Walls and roofs shall be lightly fastened and designed to relieve at a maximum internal pressure of 25 pounds per square foot. Windows shall be of shatterproof glass or plastic in metal frames. Doors shall be located in such a manner that they will be readily accessible to personnel in an emergency.
- (ii) Adequate ventilation to the outdoors shall be provided. Inlet openings shall be located near the floor level in exterior walls only. Outlet openings shall be located at the high point of the room in exterior walls or roof. Both the inlet and outlet vent openings shall have a minimum

<sup>\*\*</sup>In congested areas such as offices, lunchrooms, locker rooms, time-clock areas, and places of public assembly.

Note. 1: The distance in Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 12 in Table H-4 may be reduced where protective structures, such as firewalls equal to height of top of the container, to safeguard the liquefied hydrogen storage system, are located between the liquefied hydrogen storage installation and the exposure.

total area of 1 square foot per 1,000 cubic feet of room volume. Discharge from outlet openings shall be directed or conducted to a safe location.

- (iii) There shall be no sources of ignition.
- (iv) Electrical wiring and equipment shall comply with (1)(i)(i) and (ii) of this section except that the provisions of (1)(i)(ii) of this section shall apply to all electrical wiring and equipment in the separate building.
- (v) Heating, if provided, shall be by steam, hot water, or other indirect means.
  - (c) Special rooms.
- (i) Floors, walls, and ceilings shall have a fire resistance rating of at least 2 hours. Walls or partitions shall be continuous from floor to ceiling and shall be securely anchored. At least one wall shall be an exterior wall. Openings to other parts of the building shall not be permitted. Windows and doors shall be in exterior walls and doors shall be located in such a manner that they will be accessible in an emergency. Windows shall be of shatterproof glass or plastic in metal frames.
- (ii) Ventilation shall be as provided in (3)(b)(ii) of this section.
- (iii) Explosion venting shall be provided in exterior walls or roof only. The venting area shall be equal to not less than 1 square foot per 30 cubic feet of room volume and may consist of any one or any combination of the following: Walls of light noncombustible material; lightly fastened hatch covers; lightly fastened swinging doors opening outward in exterior walls; lightly fastened walls or roofs designed to relieve at a maximum pressure of 25 pounds per square foot.
  - (iv) There shall be no sources of ignition.
- (v) Electrical wiring and equipment shall comply with (l)(i)(i) and (ii) of this section except that the provisions of (l)(i)(ii) of this section shall apply to all electrical wiring and equipment in the special room.
- (vi) Heating, if provided, shall be steam, hot water, or by other indirect means.
  - (4) Operating instructions.
- (a) Written instructions. For installation which require any operation of equipment by the user, legible instructions shall be maintained at operating locations.
- (b) Attendant. A qualified person shall be in attendance at all times while the mobile hydrogen supply unit is being unloaded.
- (c) Security. Each mobile liquefied hydrogen supply unit used as part of a hydrogen system shall be adequately secured to prevent movement.
- (d) Grounding. The mobile liquefied hydrogen supply unit shall be grounded for static electricity.
  - (5) Maintenance.
- (a) The equipment and functioning of each charged liquefied hydrogen system shall be maintained in a safe operating condition in accordance with the requirements of this section. Weeds or similar combustibles shall not be permitted within 25 feet of any liquified hydrogen equipment.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-31505, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85-10-004 (Order 85-09), § 296-24-31505, filed 4/19/85; Order 76-6, § 296-24-31505, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-

5, \$ 296-24-31505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, \$ 296-24-31505, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-320 Oxygen.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-320, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-320, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-32001 Scope. This section applies to the installation of bulk oxygen systems on industrial and institutional consumer premises. This section does not apply to oxygen manufacturing plants or other establishments operated by the oxygen supplier or his agent for the purpose of storing oxygen and refilling portable containers, trailers, mobile supply trucks, or tank cars, nor to systems having capacities less than those stated in WAC 296-24-32003(1).

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-32001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-32001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-32003 Bulk oxygen systems. (1) Definitions. As used in this section: A bulk oxygen system is an assembly of equipment, such as oxygen storage containers, pressure regulators, safety devices, vaporizers, manifolds, and interconnecting piping, which has storage capacity of more than 13,000 cubic feet of oxygen, normal temperature and pressure (NTP), connected in service or ready for service, or more than 25,000 cubic feet of oxygen (NTP) including unconnected reserves on hand at the cite. The bulk oxygen system terminates at the point where oxygen at service pressure first enters the supply line. The oxygen containers may be stationary or movable, and the oxygen may be stored as gas or liquid.
  - (2) Location.
- (a) General. Bulk oxygen storage systems shall be located above ground out of doors, or shall be installed in a building of noncombustible construction, adequately vented, and used for that purpose exclusively. The location selected shall be such that containers and associated equipment shall not be exposed by electric power lines, flammable or combustible liquid lines, or flammable gas lines.
- (b) Accessibility. The system shall be located so that it is readily accessible to mobile supply equipment at ground level and to authorized personnel.
- (c) Leakage. Where oxygen is stored as a liquid, non-combustible surfacing shall be provided in an area in which any leakage of liquid oxygen might fall during operation of the system and filling of a storage container. For purposes of these standards, asphaltic or bituminous paving is considered to be combustible.
- (d) Elevation. When locating bulk oxygen systems near above ground flammable or combustible liquid storage which may be either indoors or outdoors, it is advisable to locate the system on ground higher than the flammable or combustible liquid storage.
- (e) Dikes. Where it is necessary to locate a bulk oxygen system on ground lower than adjacent flammable or combustible liquid storage suitable means shall be taken (such as by diking, diversion curbs, or grading) with respect to the adjacent flammable or combustible liquid

storage to prevent accumulation of liquids under the bulk oxygen system.

- (3) Distance between systems and exposures.
- (a) General. The minimum distance from any bulk oxygen storage container to exposures, measured in the most direct line except as indicated in (3)(f) and (g) of this section shall be as indicated in (3)(b) to (r) of this section inclusive.
- (b) Combustible structures. Fifty feet from any combustible structures.
- (c) Fire resistive structures. Twenty-five feet from any structures with fire-resistive exterior walls or sprinklered buildings or other construction, but not less than one-half the height of adjacent side wall of the structure.
- (d) Openings. At least 10 feet from any opening in adjacent walls of fire resistive structures. Spacing from such structures shall be adequate to permit maintenance, but shall not be less than 1 foot.
  - (e) Flammable liquid storage above ground.

Distance (feet)	Capacity (gallons)
50	0–1000
90	1001 or more

(f) Flammable liquid storage below ground.

measured horizontally from oxygen storage container to flammable liquid tank (feet)	Distance from oxygen storage container to filling and vent connections or openings to flammable liquid tank (feet)	Capacity gallons
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(g) Combustible liquid storage above ground.

Distance	Capacity
(feet)	(gallons)
25	0-1000
50	— 1001 or more

(h) Combustible liquid storage below ground.

Distance measured horizontally from oxygen storage container to combustible liquid tank (feet)	Distance from oxygen storage container to filling and vent connections or openings to combustible liquid tank (feet)
15	40

(i) Flammable gas storage. (Such as compressed flammable gases, liquefied flammable gases and flammable gases in low pressure gas holders):

Distance	Capacity
(feet)	(cu. ft. NTP)
50 ———	-Less than 5000
90	- 5000 or more

- (j) Highly combustible materials. Fifty feet from solid materials which burn rapidly, such as excelsior or paper.
- (k) Slow-burning materials. Twenty-five feet from solid materials which burn slowly, such as coal and heavy timber.
- (1) Ventilation. Seventy-five feet in one direction and 35 feet in approximately 90° direction from confining walls (not including firewalls less than 20 feet high) to provide adequate ventilation in courtyards and similar confining areas.
- (m) Congested areas. Twenty-five feet from congested areas such as offices, lunchrooms, locker rooms, time clock areas, and similar locations where people may congregate.
- (n) Public areas. Fifty feet from places of public assembly.
- (o) Patients. Fifty feet from areas occupied by non-ambulatory patients.
  - (p) Sidewalks. Ten feet from any public sidewalk.
- (q) Adjacent property. Five feet from any line of adjoining property.
- (r) Exceptions. The distances in (3)(b), (c), (e) to (k) inclusive, and (p) and (q) of this section do not apply where protective structures such as firewalls of adequate height to safeguard the oxygen storage systems are located between the bulk oxygen storage installation and the exposure. In such cases, the bulk oxygen storage installation may be a minimum distance of 1 foot from the firewall.
  - (4) Storage containers.
- (a) Foundations and supports. Permanently installed containers shall be provided with substantial noncombustible supports on firm noncombustible foundations.
- (b) Construction—Liquid. Liquid oxygen storage containers shall be fabricated from materials meeting the impact test requirements of paragraph UG-84 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessels—1968. Containers operating at pressures above 15 pounds per square inch gage (p.s.i.g.) shall be designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with appropriate requirements of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VII—Unfired Pressure Vessels—1968. Insulation surrounding the liquid oxygen container shall be noncombustible.
- (c) Construction—Gaseous. High-pressure gaseous oxygen containers shall comply with one of the following:
- (i) Designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with appropriate requirements of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessels—1968.
- (ii) Designed, constructed, tested, and maintained in accordance with DOT specifications and regulations.

- (5) Piping, tubing, and fittings.
- (a) Selection. Piping, tubing, and fittings shall be suitable for oxygen service and for the pressures and temperatures involved.
- (b) Specification. Piping and tubing shall conform to Section 2—Gas and Air Piping Systems of Code for Pressure Piping, ANSI, B31.1–1967 with addenda B31.10a–1969.
- (c) Fabrication. Piping or tubing for operating temperatures below -20°F shall be fabricated from materials meeting the impact test requirements of paragraph UG-84 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessels—1968, when tested at the minimum operating temperature to which the piping may be subjected in service.
  - (6) Safety relief devices.
- (a) General. Bulk oxygen storage containers, regardless of design pressure shall be equipped with safety relief devices as required by the ASME code or the DOT specifications and regulations.
- (b) DOT containers. Bulk oxygen storage containers designed and constructed in accordance with DOT specification shall be equipped with safety relief devices as required thereby.
- (c) ASME containers. Bulk oxygen storage containers designed and constructed in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII—Unfired Pressure Vessel—1968 shall be equipped with safety relief devices meeting the provisions of the Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet "Safety Relief Device Standards for Compressed Gas Storage Containers," S-1, Part 3.
- (d) Insulation. Insulation casings on liquid oxygen containers shall be equipped with suitable safety relief devices.
- (e) Reliability. All safety relief devices shall be so designed or located that moisture cannot collect and freeze in a manner which would interfere with proper operation of the device.
  - (7) Liquid oxygen vaporizers.
- (a) Mounts and couplings. The vaporizer shall be anchored and its connecting piping be sufficiently flexible to provide for the effect of expansion and contraction due to temperature changes.
- (b) Relief devices. The vaporizer and its piping shall be adequately protected on the oxygen and heating medium sections with safety relief devices.
- (c) Heating. Heat used in an oxygen vaporizer shall be indirectly supplied only through media such as steam, air, water, or water solutions which do not react with oxygen.
- (d) Grounding. If electric heaters are used to provide the primary source of heat, the vaporizing system shall be electrically grounded.
  - (8) Equipment assembly and installation.
- (a) Cleaning. Equipment making up a bulk oxygen system shall be cleaned in order to remove oil, grease or other readily oxidizable materials before placing the system in service.

- (b) Joints. Joints in piping and tubing may be made by welding or by use of flanged, threaded, slip, or compression fittings. Gaskets or thread sealants shall be suitable for oxygen service.
- (c) Accessories. Valves, gages, regulators, and other accessories shall be suitable for oxygen service.
- (d) Installation. Installation of bulk oxygen systems shall be supervised by personnel familiar with proper practices with reference to their construction and use.
- (e) Testing. After installation all field erected piping shall be tested and proved gas tight at maximum operating pressure. Any medium used for testing shall be oil free and nonflammable.
- (f) Security. Storage containers, piping, valves, regulating equipment, and other accessories shall be protected against physical damage and against tampering.
- (g) Venting. Any enclosure containing oxygen control or operating equipment shall be adequately vented.
- (h) Placarding. The bulk oxygen storage location shall be permanently placarded to indicate: "OXYGEN—NO SMOKING—NO OPEN FLAMES," or an equivalent warning.
- (i) Electrical wiring. Bulk oxygen installations are not hazardous locations as defined and covered by WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. Therefore, general purpose or weatherproof types of electrical wiring and equipment are acceptable depending upon whether the installation is indoors or outdoors. Such equipment shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (9) Operating instructions. For installations which require any operation of equipment by the user, legible instructions shall be maintained at operating locations.
  - (10) Maintenance.
- (a) The equipment and functioning of each charged bulk oxygen system shall be maintained in a safe operating condition in accordance with the requirements of this section. Wood and long dry grass shall be cut back within 15 feet of any bulk oxygen storage container.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09),  $\S$  296–24–32003, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6,  $\S$  296–24–32003, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5,  $\S$  296–24–32003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4,  $\S$  296–24–32003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-325 Nitrous oxide. The piped systems for the in-plant transfer and distribution of nitrous oxide shall be designed, installed, maintained, and operated in accordance with Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet G8.1-1964.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–325, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–325, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-330 Flammable and combustible liquids.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-330, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-330, filed 9296-24-300

WAC 296-24-33001 Definitions. The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-330 in the section number.

- (1) Aerosol shall mean a material which is dispensed from its container as a mist, spray, or foam by a propellant under pressure.
- (2) Atmospheric tank shall mean a storage tank which has been designed to operate at pressures from atmospheric through 0.5 p.s.i.g.
- (3) Automotive service station shall mean that portion of property where flammable or combustible liquids used as motor fuels are stored and dispensed from fixed equipment into the fuel tanks of motor vehicles and shall include any facilities available for the sale and service of tires, batteries, and accessories, and for minor automotive maintenance work. Major automotive repairs, painting, body and fender work are excluded.
- (4) Basement shall mean a story of a building or structure having one-half or more of its height below ground level and to which access for fire fighting purposes is unduly restricted.
- (5) Boiling point shall mean the boiling point of a liquid at a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute (p.s.i.a.) (760 mm.). Where an accurate boiling point is unavailable for the material in question, or for mixtures which do not have a constant boiling point, for purposes of this section the ten percent point of a distillation performed in accordance with the Standard Method of Test for Distillation of Petroleum Products, ASTM D-86-62, may be used as the boiling point of the liquid.
- (6) Boilover shall mean the expulsion of crude oil (or certain other liquids) from a burning tank. The light fractions of the crude oil burnoff producing a heat wave in the residue, which on reaching a water strata may result in the expulsion of a portion of the contents of the tank in the form of froth.
- (7) Bulk plant shall mean that portion of a property where flammable or combustible liquids are received by tank vessel, pipelines, tank car, or tank vehicle, and are stored or blended in bulk for the purpose of distributing such liquids by tank vessel, pipeline, tank car, tank vehicle, or container.
- (8) Chemical plant shall mean a large integrated plant or that portion of such a plant other than a refinery or distillery where flammable or combustible liquids are produced by chemical reactions or used in chemical reactions.
- (9) Closed container shall mean a container as herein defined, so sealed by means of a lid or other device that neither liquid nor vapor will escape from it at ordinary temperatures.
- (10) Crude petroleum shall mean hydrocarbon mixtures that have a flash point below 150°F and which have not been processed in a refinery.
- (11) Distillery shall mean a plant or that portion of a plant where flammable or combustible liquids produced by fermentation are concentrated, and where the concentrated products may also be mixed, stored, or packaged.
- (12) Fire area shall mean an area of a building separated from the remainder of the building by construction having a fire resistance of at least one hour and having all communicating openings properly protected by an

- assembly having a fire resistance rating of at least one hour.
- (13) Fire resistance or fire resistive construction shall mean construction to resist the spread of fire.
- (14) Flammable aerosol shall mean an aerosol which is required to be labeled "Flammable" under the Federal Hazardous Substances Labeling Act (15 U.S.C. 1261). For the purposes of WAC 296-24-33009, such aerosols are considered Class IA liquids.
- (15) "Flashpoint" means the minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off vapor within a test vessel in sufficient concentration to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid, and shall be determined as follows:
- (a) For a liquid which has a viscosity of less than 45 SUS at 100°F (37.8°C), does not contain suspended solids, and does not have a tendency to form a surface film while under test, the procedure specified in the Standard Method of Test for Flashpoint by Tag Closed Tester (ASTM D-56-70) shall be used.
- (b) For a liquid which has a viscosity of 45 SUS or more at 100°F (37.8°C), or contains suspended solids, or has a tendency to form a surface film while under test, the Standard Method of Test for Flashpoint by Pensky-Martens Closed Tester (ASTM D-93-71) shall be used, except that the methods specified in Note 1 to section 1.1 of ASTM D-93-71 may be used for the respective materials specified in the note.
- (c) For a liquid that is a mixture of compounds that have different volatilities and flashpoints, its flashpoint shall be determined by using the procedure specified in (a) or (b) of this subsection on the liquid in the form it is shipped. If the flashpoint, as determined by this test, is 100°F (37.8°C) or higher, an additional flashpoint determination shall be run on a sample of the liquid evaporated to ninety percent of its original volume, and the lower value of the two tests shall be considered the flashpoint of the material.
- (d) Organic peroxides, which undergo autoaccelerating thermal decomposition, are excluded from any of the flashpoint determination methods specified in this section.
- (16) Hotel shall mean buildings or groups of buildings under the same management in which there are sleeping accommodations for hire primarily used by transients who are lodged with or without meals including but not limited to inns, clubs, motels, and apartment hotels.
- (17) Institutional occupancy shall mean the occupancy or use of a building or structure or any portion thereof by persons harbored or detained to receive medical, charitable or other care or treatment, or by persons involuntarily detained.
- (18) Liquid shall mean, for the purpose of these standards, any material which has a fluidity greater than that of 300 penetration asphalt when tested in accordance with ASTM Test for Penetration for Bituminous Materials, D-5-65. When not otherwise identified, the term liquid shall include both flammable and combustible liquids.

- (19) "Combustible liquid" means any liquid having a flashpoint at or above 100°F (37.8°C). Combustible liquids shall be divided into two classes as follows:
- (a) "Class II liquids" shall include those with flashpoints at or above 100°F (37.8°C) and below 140°F (60°C), except any mixture having components with flashpoints of 200°F (93.3°C) or higher, the volume of which make up ninety-nine percent or more of the total volume of the mixture.
- (b) "Class III liquids" shall include those with flashpoints at or above 140°F (60°C). Class III liquids are subdivided into two subclasses:
- (i) "Class IIIA liquids" shall include those with flashpoints at or above 140°F (60°C) and below 200°F (93.3°C) except any mixture having components with flashpoints of 200°F (93.3°C) or higher, the total volume of which make up ninety-nine percent or more of the total volume of the mixture.
- (ii) "Class IIIB liquids" shall include those with flashpoints at or above 200°F (93.3°C). This section does not cover Class IIIB liquids. Where the term "Class III liquids" is used in this section, it shall mean only Class IIIA liquids.
- (c) When a combustible liquid is heated for use to within 30°F (16.7°C) of its flashpoint, it shall be handled in accordance with the requirements for the next lower class of liquids.
- (20) "Flammable liquid" means any liquid having a flashpoint below 100°F (37.8°C), except any mixture having components with flashpoints of 100°F (37.8°C), or higher, the total of which make up ninety-nine percent or more of the total volume of the mixture. Flammable liquids shall be known as Class I liquids. Class I liquids are divided into three classes as follows:
- (a) Class IA shall include liquids having flashpoints below 73°F (22.8°C) and having a boiling point below 100°F (37.8°C).
- (b) Class IB shall include liquids having flashpoints below 73°F (22.8°C) and having a boiling point at or above 100°F (37.8°C).
- (c) Class IC shall include liquids having flashpoints at or above 73°F (22.8°C) and below 100°F (37.8°C).
- (21) Unstable (reactive) liquid shall mean a liquid which in the pure state or as commercially produced or transported will vigorously polymerize, decompose, condense, or will become self-reactive under conditions of shocks, pressure, or temperature.
- (22) Low-pressure tank shall mean a storage tank which has been designed to operate at pressures above 0.5 p.s.i.g. but not more than 15 p.s.i.g.
- (23) Marine service station shall mean that portion of a property where flammable or combustible liquids used as fuels are stored and dispensed from fixed equipment on shore, piers, wharves, or floating docks into the fuel tanks or self-propelled craft, and shall include all facilities used in connection therewith.
- (24) Mercantile occupancy shall mean the occupancy or use of a building or structure or any portion thereof for the displaying, selling, or buying of goods, wares, or merchandise.

- (25) Office occupancy shall mean the occupancy or use of a building or structure or any portion thereof for the transaction of business, or the rendering or receiving of professional services.
- (26) Portable tank shall mean a closed container having a liquid capacity over sixty United States gallons and not intended for fixed installation.
- (27) Pressure vessel shall mean a storage tank or vessel which has been designed to operate at pressures above 15 p.s.i.g.
- (28) Protection for exposure shall mean adequate fire protection for structures on property adjacent to tanks, where there are employees of the establishment.
- (29) Refinery shall mean a plant in which flammable or combustible liquids are produced on a commercial scale from crude petroleum, natural gasoline, or other hydrocarbon sources.
- (30) Safety can shall mean an approved container, of not more than five gallons capacity, having a spring-closing lid and spout cover and so designed that it will safely relieve internal pressure when subjected to fire exposure.
- (31) Vapor pressure shall mean the pressure, measured in pounds per square inch (absolute) exerted by a volatile liquid as determined by the "Standard Method of Test for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products (Reid Method)," American Society for Testing and Materials ASTM D323-68.
- (32) Ventilation as specified in these standards is for the prevention of fire and explosion. It is considered adequate if it is sufficient to prevent accumulation of significant quantities of vapor-air mixtures in concentration over one-fourth of the lower flammable limit.
- (33) Storage: Flammable or combustible liquids shall be stored in a tank or in a container that complies with WAC 296-24-33009(2).
- (34) Barrel shall mean a volume of forty-two United States gallons.
  - (35) Container shall mean any can, barrel, or drum.
- (36) Approved unless otherwise indicated, approved, or listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
  - (37) Listed see subsection (36) of this section.
- (38) "SUS" means Saybolt Universal Seconds as determined by the Standard Method of Test for Saybolt Viscosity (ASTM D-88-56), and may be determined by use of the SUS conversion tables specified in ASTM Method D2161-66 following determination of viscosity in accordance with the procedures specified in the Standard Method of Test for Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (ASTM D445-65).
  - (39) "Viscous" means a viscosity of 45 SUS or more.

Note: The volatility of liquids is increased when artificially heated to temperatures equal to or higher than their flashpoints. When so heated Class II and III liquids shall be subject to the applicable requirements for Class I or II liquids. These standards may also be applied to high flashpoint liquids when so heated even though these same liquids when not heated are outside of its scope.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-33001, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-08-026 (Order 82-10), § 296-24-33001, filed 3/30/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80-17-015 (Order 80-21), 8296-24-33001, filed 11/13/80; Order 76-29, § 296-24-33001, filed 9/30/76; Order 76-6, § 296-24-33001, filed 3/1/76; Order 74-27, § 296-24-33001, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-33001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-33001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-33003 Scope. This section applies to the handling, storage, and use of flammable and combustible liquids with a flash point below 200°F. This section does not apply to:
- (1) Bulk transportation of flammable and combustible liquids;
- (2) Storage, handling, and use of fuel oil tanks and containers connected with oil burning equipment;
- (3) Storage of flammable and combustible liquids on farms:
- (4) Liquids without flashpoints that may be flammable under some conditions, such as certain halogenated hydrocarbons and mixtures containing halogenated hydrocarbons;
- (5) Mists, sprays, or foams, except flammable aerosols covered in WAC 296-24-33009; or
- (6) Installations made in accordance with requirements of the following standards:
- (a) National Fire Protection Association Standard for Drycleaning Plants, NFPA No. 32–1970;
- (b) National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Manufacture of Organic Coatings, NFPA No. 35– 1970;
- (c) National Fire Protection Association Standard for Solvent Extraction Plants, NFPA No. 36-1967; or
- (d) National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Installation and Use of Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines, NFPA No. 37–1970.

[Order 73–5, § 296–24–33003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-33005 Tank storage. (1) Design and construction of tanks.

- (a) Materials.
- (i) Tanks shall be built of steel except as provided in (1)(a)(ii) through (v) of this section.
- (ii) Tanks may be built of materials other than steel for installation underground or if required by the properties of the liquid stored. Tanks located above ground or inside buildings shall be of noncombustible construction.
- (iii) Tanks built of materials other than steel shall be designed to specifications embodying principles recognized as good engineering design for the material used.
- (iv) Unlined concrete tanks may be used for storing flammable or combustible liquids having a gravity of 40°API or heavier. Concrete tanks with special lining may be used for other services provided the design is in accordance with sound engineering practice.
- (v) Tanks may have combustible or noncombustible linings.
- (vi) Special engineering consideration shall be required if the specific gravity of the liquid to be stored

exceeds that of water or if the tanks are designed to contain flammable or combustible liquids at a liquid temperature below 0°F.

- (b) Fabrication.
- (i) Tanks may be of any shape or type consistent with sound engineering design.
- (ii) Metal tanks shall be welded, riveted, and caulked, brazed, or bolted, or constructed by use of a combination of these methods. Filler metal used in brazing shall be nonferrous metal or an alloy having a melting point above 1000°F and below that of the metal joined.
  - (c) Atmospheric tanks.
- (i) Atmospheric tanks shall be built in accordance with acceptable good standards of design. Atmospheric tanks may be built in accordance with:
- (A) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., Subjects No. 142, Standard for Steel Aboveground Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids, 1968; No. 58, Standards for Steel Underground Tanks for Flammable and COMBUSTIBLE Liquids, Fifth Edition, December 1961; or No. 80, Standard for Steel Inside Tanks for Oil-Burner Fuel, September 1963.
- (B) American Petroleum Institute Standards No. 12A, Specification for Oil Storage Tanks with Riveted Shells, Seventh Edition, September 1951, or No. 650, Welded Steel Tanks for Oil Storage, Third Edition, 1966.
- (C) American Petroleum Institute Standards No. 12B, Specification for Bolted Production Tanks, Eleventh Edition, May 1958, and Supplement 1, March 1962; No. 12D, Specification for Large Welded Production Tanks, Seventh Edition, August 1957; or No. 12F, Specification for Small Welded Production Tanks, Fifth Edition, March 1961. Tanks built in accordance with these standards shall be used only as production tanks for storage of crude petroleum in oil-producing areas.
- (ii) Tanks designed for underground service not exceeding 2,500 gallons capacity may be used aboveground.
- (iii) Low-pressure tanks and pressure vessels may be used as atmospheric tanks.
- (iv) Atmospheric tanks shall not be used for the storage of a flammable or combustible liquid at a temperature at or above its boiling point.
  - (d) Low pressure tanks.
- (i) The normal operating pressure of the tank shall not exceed the design pressure of the tank.
- (ii) Low-pressure tanks shall be built in accordance with acceptable standards of design. Low-pressure tanks may be built in accordance with:
- (A) American Petroleum Institute Standard No. 620, Recommended Rules for the Design and Construction of Large, Welded, Low-Pressure Storage Tanks, Third Edition, 1966.
- (B) The principles of the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels, Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessels Code, 1968.
- (iii) Atmospheric tanks built according to the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., requirements in (1)(c)(i) of this section may be used for operating pressures not exceeding 1 p.s.i.g. and shall be limited to 2.5 p.s.i.g. under

emergency venting conditions. Pressure vessels may be used as low-pressure tanks.

- (e) Pressure vessels.
- (i) The normal operating pressure of the vessel shall not exceed the design pressure of the vessel.
- (ii) Pressure vessels shall be built in accordance with the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels, Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1968.
- (f) Provisions for internal corrosion. When tanks are not designed in accordance with the American Petroleum Institute, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, or the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.'s standards, or if corrosion is anticipated beyond that provided for in the design formulas used, additional metal thickness or suitable protective coatings or linings shall be provided to compensate for the corrosion loss expected during the design life of the tank.
  - (2) Installation of outside aboveground tanks.
- (a) Location with respect to property lines and public ways.
- (i) Every aboveground tank for the storage of flammable or combustible liquids, except those liquids with boil—over characteristics and unstable liquids, operating at pressures not in excess of 2.5 p.s.i.g. and equipped with emergency venting which will not permit pressures to exceed 2.5 p.s.i.g. shall be located in accordance with Table H-5.
- (ii) Every aboveground tank for the storage of flammable or combustible liquids, except those liquids with boil—over characteristics and unstable flammable or combustible liquids, operating at pressures exceeding 2.5 p.s.i.g. or equipped with emergency venting which will permit pressures to exceed 2.5 p.s.i.g. shall be located in accordance with Table H-6.

TABLE H-5

Type of tank	Protection	Minimum distance in feet from property line which may be built upon, including the opposite side of a public way.	Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building and shall be not less than 5 feet.
Floating roof -	Protection for exposures.	1/2 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 90 ft.	1/6 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 30 ft.
	None ——	Diameter of tank but need not exceed 175 ft.	1/6 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 30 ft.
Vertical with weak roof to shell seam	Approved foam or inerting system on the tank.	1/2 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 90 ft. and shall not be less than 5 ft.	1/6 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 30 ft.
	Protection for exposures.	Diameter of tank but, need not exceed 175 ft.	1/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 60 ft.
$x_{i}$	None ——	<ul> <li>2 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 350 ft.</li> </ul>	1/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 60 ft.

Horizontal and vertical, with emergency relief venting to limit pressures to 2.5 p.s.i.g.	Approved inerting system on the tank or approved foam system on vertical tanks.	1/2 times Table H-9 but shall not be less than 5 ft.	1/2 times Table H-9.
	Protection for		
	exposures.	Table H-9-	Table H-9
	None —	2 times table	Table H–9

#### TABLE H-6

Type of tank	Protection	Minimum distance in feet from property line which may be built upon, including the opposite side of a public way.	Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building.
Any type —	Protection for exposures.	1 1/2 times Table H-9 but shall not be less than 25 ft.	1 1/2 times Table H-9 but shall not be less than 25 ft.
	•	- 3 times Table H-9 but shall not be less than 50 ft.	1 1/2 times Table H-9 but shall not be less than 25 ft.

(iii) Every aboveground tank for the storage of flammable or combustible liquids with boil—over characteristics shall be located in accordance with Table H-7.

TABLE H-7

Type of tank	Protection	Minimum distance in feet from property line which may be built upon, including the opposite side of a public way.	Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building
Floating roof —	Protection  for exposures.	Diameter of tank but need not exceed 175 ft.	1/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 60 ft.
	None —	<ul> <li>2 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 350 ft.</li> </ul>	1/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 60 ft.
Fixed roof ——	Approved  — foam or inerting system.	Diameter of tank but need not exceed 175 ft.	1/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 60 ft.
	Protection for exposures.	2 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 350 ft.	2/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 120 ft.
	None ——	- 4 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 350 ft.	2/3 times diameter of tank but need not exceed 120 ft.

(iv) Every aboveground tank for the storage of unstable liquids shall be located in accordance with Table H-8.

TABLE H-8

Type of tank	Protection	Minimum distance in feet from property line which may be built upon, including the opposite side of a public way.	Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building.
Horizontal and vertical tanks with emergency relief venting to permit pressure not in excess of 2.5 p.s.i.g.	Tank protected with any of the following: Approved water spray, approved inerting, approved insulation and refrigeration, approved barricade.	See Table H-9, but the distance may be not less than 25 ft.	Not less than 25 ft.
	Protection for exposures.	2 1/2 times Table H-9 but not less than 50 ft.	Not less than 50 ft.
	None ———	5 times Table H-9 but not less than 100 ft.	Not less than 100 ft.
Horizontal and vertical tanks with emergency relief venting to permit pressure over 2.5 p.s.i.g.	Tank protected with any one of the following: Approved water spray, approved inerting, approved insulation and refrigeration, approved barricade.	2 times Table H-9 but not less than 50 ft.	Not less than 50 ft.
	Protection for exposures.	4 times Table H-9 but not less than 100 ft.	Not less than 100 ft.
	None —	8 times Table H-9 but not less than 150 ft.	Not less than 150 ft.

(v) Reference minimum distances for use in Tables H-5 to H-8 inclusive.

TABLE H-9

Capacity tank gallons		Minimum distance in feet from property line which may be built upon, including the opposite side of a public way.	Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building.
275 or	less	5	5
276 to	750 -	10	5
751 to	12,000 -	15	5
12,001 to	30,000 -	20	5
30,001 to	50,000 -	30	10
50,001 to	100,000 -	50	15
100,001 to	500,000 -	80	25
500,001 to	1,000,000 -	100	35
1,000,001 to	2,000,000 -	<del></del> 135	45
2,000,001 to	3,000,000 -	<del></del> 165	. 55
3,000,001 or	more —	175	60

- (vi) Where end failure or horizontal pressure tanks and vessels may expose property, the tank shall be placed with the longitudinal axis parallel to the nearest important exposure.
- (b) Spacing (shell-to-shell) between aboveground tanks.
- (i) The distance between any two flammable or combustible liquid storage tanks shall not be less than 3 feet.
- (ii) Except as provided in (2)(b)(iii) of this section, the distance between any two adjacent tanks shall not be less than one—sixth the sum of their diameters. When the diameter of one tank is less than one—half the diameter of the adjacent tank, the distance between the two tanks shall not be less than one—half the diameter of the smaller tank.
- (iii) Where crude petroleum in conjunction with production facilities are located in noncongested areas and have capacities not exceeding 126,000 gallons (3,000 barrels), the distance between such tanks shall not be less than 3 feet.
- (iv) Where unstable flammable or combustible liquids are stored, the distance between such tanks shall not be less than one-half the sum of their diameters.
- (v) When tanks are compacted in three or more rows or in an irregular pattern, greater spacing or other means shall be provided so that inside tanks are accessible for firefighting purposes.
- (vi) The minimum separation between a liquefied petroleum gas container and a flammable or combustible liquid storage tank shall be 20 feet, except in the case of flammable or combustible liquid tanks operating at pressures exceeding 2.5 p.s.i.g. or equipped with emergency venting which will permit pressures to exceed 2.5 p.s.i.g. in which case the provisions of (2)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section shall apply. Suitable means shall be taken to prevent the accumulation of flammable or combustible liquids under adjacent liquefied petroleum gas containers such as by diversion curbs or grading. When flammable or combustible liquid storage tanks are within a diked area, the liquefied petroleum gas containers shall be outside the diked area and at least 10 feet away from the centerline of the wall of the diked area. The foregoing provisions shall not apply when liquefied petroleum gas containers of 125 gallons or less capacity are installed adjacent to fuel oil supply tanks of 550 gallons or less capacity.
- (c) Location of outside aboveground tanks with respect to important buildings on same property. Every outside aboveground tank shall be separated from important buildings on the same property by distances not less than those specified in (2)(a)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this section, whichever is applicable. The appropriate distance column in Tables H-5, H-6, H-7, H-8, or H-9, that shall be used shall be the one reading: "Minimum distance in feet from nearest side of any public way or from nearest important building."
- (d) Normal venting for aboveground tanks. (i) Atmospheric storage tanks shall be adequately vented to prevent the development of vacuum or pressure sufficient to distort the roof of a cone roof tank or exceed the design pressure in the case of other atmospheric tanks,

as a result of filling or emptying, and atmospheric temperature changes.

- (ii) Normal vents shall be sized either in accordance with: (A) The American Petroleum Institute Standard 2000 (1968), Venting Atmospheric and Low-Pressure Storage Tanks; or (B), other accepted standard; or (C) shall be at least as large as the filling or withdrawal connection, whichever is larger but in no case less than 1 1/4 inch nominal inside diameter.
- (iii) Low-pressure tanks and pressure vessels shall be adequately vented to prevent development of pressure or vacuum, as a result of filling or emptying and atmospheric temperature changes, from exceeding the design pressure of the tank or vessel. Protection shall also be provided to prevent over-pressure from any pump discharging into the tank or vessel when the pump discharge pressure can exceed the design pressure of the tank or vessel.
- (iv) If any tank or pressure vessel has more than one fill or withdrawal connection and simultaneous filling or withdrawal can be made, the vent size shall be based on the maximum anticipated simultaneous flow.
- (v) Unless the vent is designed to limit the internal pressure 2.5 p.s.i. or less, the outlet of vents and vent drains shall be arranged to discharge in such a manner as to prevent localized overheating of any part of the tank in the event vapors from such vents are ignited.
- (vi) Tanks and pressure vessels storing Class IA liquids shall be equipped with venting devices which shall be normally closed except when venting to pressures or vacuum conditions. Tanks and pressure vessels storing Class IB and IC liquids shall be equipped with venting devices which shall be normally closed except when venting under pressure or vacuum conditions, or with approved flame arresters.

Exemption: Tanks of 3,000 bbls. capacity or less containing crude petroleum in crude-producing areas; and, outside above-ground atmospheric tanks under 1,000 gallons capacity containing other than Class IA flammable liquids may have open vents. (See (2)(f)(ii) of this section.)

- (vii) Flame arresters or venting devices required in (2)(e)(vi) of this section may be omitted for Class IB and IC liquids where conditions are such that their use may, in case of obstruction, result in tank damage.
- (e) Emergency relief venting for fire exposure for aboveground tanks.
- (i) Every aboveground storage tank shall have some form of construction or device that will relieve excessive internal pressure caused by exposure fires.
- (ii) In a vertical tank the construction referred to in (2)(e)(i) of this section may take the form of a floating roof, lifter roof, a weak roof—to—shell seam, or other approved pressure relieving construction. The weak roof—to—shell seam shall be constructed to fail preferential to any other seam.
- (iii) Where entire dependence for emergency relief is placed upon pressure relieving devices, the total venting

capacity of both normal and emergency vents shall be enough to prevent rupture of the shell or bottom of the tank if vertical, or of the shell or heads if horizontal. If unstable liquids are stored, the effects of heat or gas resulting from polymerization, decomposition, condensation, or self-reactivity shall be taken into account. The total capacity of both normal and emergency venting devices shall be not less than that derived from Table H-10 except as provided in (2)(e)(v) and (vi) of this section. Such device may be a self-closing manhole cover, or one using long bolts that permit the cover to lift under internal pressure, or an additional or larger relief valve or valves. The wetted area of the tank shall be calculated on the basis of 55 percent of the total exposed area of a sphere or spheriod, 75 percent of the total exposed area of a horizontal tank and the first 30 feet above grade of the exposed shell area of a vertical tank.

TABLE 10
WETTED AREA VERSUS CUBIC FEET
FREE AIR PER HOUR
(14.7 psia and 60°F)

Square feet	CFH	Square feet	CFH	Square feet	CFH
20	21,100	200	211,000	1,000	524,000
30	31,600	250	239,000	1,200	557,000
40	42,100	300	265,000	1,400	587,000
50	52,700	350	288,000	1,600	614,000
60	63,200	400	312,000	1,800	639,000
70	73,700	500	354,000	2,000	662,000
80	84,200	600	392,000	2,400	704,000
90	94,800	700	428,000	2,800	742,000
100	105,000	800	462,000	and	
120	126,000	900	493,000	over	
140	147,000	1,000	524,000		
160	168,000	•	,		
180	190,000				
200	211,000				

(iv) For tanks and storage vessels designed for pressure over 1 p.s.i.g., the total rate of venting shall be determined in accordance with Table H-10, except that when the exposed wetted area of the surface is greater than 2,800 square feet, the total rate of venting shall be calculated by the following formula:

$$CFH = 1,107A^{0.82}$$

Where:

CFH = Venting requirement, in cubic feet of free air per hour.

A = Exposed wetted surface, in square feet.

Note: The foregoing formula is based on  $Q = 21,000A^{0.82}$ .

(v) The total emergency relief venting capacity for any specific stable liquid may be determined by the following formula: Cubic feet of free air per hour = V

$$V = \frac{1337}{L M}$$

- V = Cubic feet of free air per hour from Table H-10.
- L = Latent heat of vaporization of specific liquid in B.t.u. per pound.
- M = Molecular weight of specific liquids.
- (vi) The required airflow rate of (2)(e)(iii) or (v) of this section may be multiplied by the appropriate factor listed in the following schedule when protection is provided as indicated. Only one factor may be used for any one tank.
  - 0.5 for drainage in accordance with (2)(g)(ii) of this section for tanks over 200 square feet of wetted area.
  - 0.3 for approved water spray.
  - 0.3 for approved insulation.
  - 0.15 for approved water spray with approved insulation.
- (vii) The outlet of all vents and vent drains on tanks equipped with emergency venting to permit pressures exceeding 2.5 p.s.i.g. shall be arranged to discharge in such a way as to prevent localized overheating of any part of the tank, in the event vapors from such vents are ignited.
- (viii) Each commercial tank venting device shall have stamped on it the opening pressure, the pressure at which the valve reaches the full open position, and the flow capacity at the latter pressure, expressed in cubic feet per hour of air at 60°F and at a pressure of 14.7 p.s.i.a.
- (ix) The flow capacity of tank venting devices 12 inches and smaller in nominal pipe size shall be determined by actual test of each type and size of vent. These flow tests may be conducted by the manufacturer if certified by a qualified impartial observer, or may be conducted by an outside agency. The flow capacity of tank venting devices larger than 12 inches nominal pipe size, including manhole covers with long bolts or equivalent, may be calculated provided that the opening pressure is actually measured, the rating pressure and corresponding free orifice area are stated, the word "calculated" appears on the nameplate, and the computation is based on a flow coefficient of 0.5 applied to the rated orifice area
  - (f) Vent piping for aboveground tanks.
- (i) Vent piping shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-33007 of this section.
- (ii) Where vent pipe outlets for tanks storing Class I liquids are adjacent to buildings or public ways, they shall be located so that the vapors are released at a safe point outside of buildings and not less than 12 feet above the adjacent ground level. In order to aid their dispersion, vapors shall be discharged upward or horizontally away from closely adjacent walls. Vent outlets shall be located so that flammable vapors will not be trapped by

eaves or other obstructions and shall be at least five feet from building openings.

- (iii) When tank vent piping is manifolded, pipe sizes shall be such as to discharge within the pressure limitations of the system, the vapors they may be required to handle when manifolded tanks are subject to the same fire exposure.
  - (g) Drainage, dikes, and walls for aboveground tanks.
- (i) Drainage and diked areas. The area surrounding a tank or a group of tanks shall be provided with drainage as in (2)(g)(ii) of this section, or shall be diked as provided in (2)(g)(iii), to prevent accidental discharge of liquid from endangering adjoining property or reaching waterways.
- (ii) Drainage. Where protection of adjoining property or waterways is by means of a natural or manmade drainage system, such systems shall comply with the following:
- (A) A slope of not less than 1 percent away from the tank toward the drainage system shall be provided.
- (B) The drainage system shall terminate in vacant land or other area or in an impounding basin having a capacity not smaller than that of the largest tank served. This termination area and the route of the drainage system shall be so located that, if the flammable or combustible liquids in the drainage system are ignited, the fire will not seriously expose tanks or adjoining property.
- (C) The drainage system, including automatic drainage pumps, shall not discharge to adjoining property, natural water courses, public sewers, or public drains unless the discharge of flammable or combustible liquids would not constitute a hazard, or the system is so designed that it will not permit flammable or combustible liquids to be released.
- (iii) Diked areas. Where protection of adjoining property or waterways is accomplished by retaining the liquid around the tank by means of a dike, the volume of the diked area shall comply with the following requirements:
- (A) Except as provided in (2)(g)(iii)(B) of this section, the volumetric capacity of the diked area shall not be less than the greatest amount of liquid that can be released from the largest tank within the diked area, assuming a full tank. The capacity of the diked area enclosing more than one tank shall be calculated by deducting the volume of the tanks other than the largest tank below the height of the dike.
- (B) For a tank or group of tanks with fixed roofs containing crude petroleum with boilover characteristics, the volumetric capacity of the diked area shall be not less than the capacity of the largest tank served by the enclosure, assuming a full tank. The capacity of the diked enclosure shall be calculated by deducting the volume below the height of the dike of all tanks within the enclosure.
- (C) Walls of the diked area shall be of earth, steel, concrete or solid masonry designed to be liquidtight and to withstand a full hydrostatic head. Earthen walls 3 feet or more in height shall have a flat section at the top not less than 2 feet wide. The slope of an earthen wall shall

be consistent with the angle of repose of the material of which the wall is constructed.

- (D) The walls of the diked area shall be restricted to an average height of 6 feet above interior grade.
- (E) Where provision is made for draining water from diked areas, drainage shall be provided at a uniform slope of not less than 1 percent away from tanks toward a sump, drainbox, or other safe means of disposal located at the greatest practical distance from the tank. Such drains shall normally be controlled in a manner so as to prevent flammable or combustible liquids from entering natural water courses, public sewers, or public drains, if their presence would constitute a hazard. Control of drainage shall be accessible under fire conditions.
- (F) No loose combustible material, empty or full drum or barrel, shall be permitted within the diked area.
- (G) Each diked area containing two or more tanks shall be subdivided preferably by drainage channels or at least by intermediate curbs in order to prevent spills from endangering adjacent tanks within the diked area as follows:
- (I) When storing normally stable liquids in vertical cone roof tanks constructed with weak roof—to—shell seam or approved floating roof tanks or when storing crude petroleum in producing areas in any type of tank, one subdivision for each tank in excess of 10,000 bbls. and one subdivision for each group of tanks (no tank exceeding 10,000 bbls. capacity) having an aggregate capacity not exceeding 15,000 bbls.
- (II) When storing normally stable flammable or combustible liquids in tanks not covered in (g)(iii)(G)(I) of this subsection, one subdivision for each tank in excess of 100,000 gallons (2,500 bbls.) and one subdivision for each group of tanks (no tank exceeding 100,000 gallons capacity) having an aggregate capacity not exceeding 150,000 gallons (3,570 bbls.).
- (III) When storing unstable liquids in any type of tank, one subdivision for each tank except that tanks installed in accordance with the drainage requirements of NFPA 15-1969, Standard for Water Spray Fixed Systems for Fire Protection shall require no additional subdivision.
- (IV) The drainage channels or intermediate curbs shall be located between tanks so as to take full advantage of the available space with due regard for the individual tank capacities. Intermediate curbs, where used, shall be not less than 18 inches in height.
- (h) Tank openings other than vents for aboveground tanks.
- (i) Connections for all tank openings shall be vaportight and liquid tight. Vents are covered in (2)(d) through (f) of this section.
- (ii) Each connection to an aboveground tank through which liquid can normally flow shall be provided with an internal or an external valve located as close as practical to the shell of the tank. Such valves, when external, and their connections to the tank shall be of steel except when the chemical characteristics of the liquid stored are incompatible with steel. When materials other than

- steel are necessary, they shall be suitable for the pressures, structural stresses, and temperatures involved, including fire exposures.
- (iii) Each connection below the liquid level through which liquid does not normally flow shall be provided with a liquid tight closure. This may be a valve, plug, or blind, or a combination of these.
- (iv) Openings for gaging shall be provided with a vapor tight cap or cover.
- (v) For Class IB and Class IC liquids other than crude oils, gasolines, and asphalts, the fill pipe shall be so designed and installed as to minimize the possibility of generating static electricity. A fill pipe entering the top of a tank shall terminate within 6 inches of the bottom of the tank and shall be installed to avoid excessive vibration.
- (vi) Filling and emptying connections which are made and broken shall be located outside of buildings at a location free from any source of ignition and not less than 5 feet away from any building opening. Such connection shall be closed and liquidtight when not in use. The connection shall be properly identified.
  - (3) Installation of underground tanks.
- (a) Location. Excavation for underground storage tanks shall be made with due care to avoid undermining of foundations of existing structures. Underground tanks or tanks under buildings shall be so located with respect to existing building foundations and supports that the loads carried by the latter cannot be transmitted to the tank. The distance from any part of a tank storing Class I liquids to the nearest wall of any basement or pit shall be not less than 1 foot, and to any property line that may be built upon, not less than 3 feet. The distance from any part of a tank storing Class II or Class III liquids to the nearest wall of any basement, pit or property line shall not be less than 1 foot.
- (b) Depth and cover. Underground tanks shall be set on firm foundations and surrounded with at least 6 inches of noncorrosive, inert materials such as clean sand, earth, or gravel well tamped in place. The tank shall be placed in the hole with care since dropping or rolling the tank into the hole can break a weld, puncture or damage the tank, or scrape off the protective coating of coated tanks. Tanks shall be covered with a minimum of 2 feet of earth or shall be covered with not less than 1 foot of earth, on top of which shall be placed a slab of reinforced concrete not less than 4 inches thick. When underground tanks are, or are likely to be, subject to traffic, they shall be protected against damage from vehicles passing over them by at least 3 feet of earth cover, or 18 inches of well-tamped earth, plus 6 inches of reinforced concrete or 8 inches of asphaltic concrete. When asphaltic or reinforced concrete paving is used as part of the protection, it shall extend at least 1 foot horizontally beyond the outline of the tank in all directions.
- (c) Corrosion protection. Corrosion protection for the tank and its piping shall be provided by one or more of the following methods:
  - (i) Use of protective coatings or wrappings;
  - (ii) Cathodic protection; or,
  - (iii) Corrosion resistant materials of construction.

- (d) Vents.
- (i) Location and arrangement of vents for Class I liquids. Vent pipes from tanks storing Class I liquids shall be so located that the discharge point is outside of buildings, higher than the fill pipe opening, and not less than 12 feet above the adjacent ground level. Vent pipes shall discharge only upward in order to disperse vapors. Vent pipes 2 inches or less in nominal inside diameter shall not be obstructed by devices that will cause excessive back pressure. Vent pipe outlets shall be so located that flammable vapors will not enter building openings, or be trapped under eaves or other obstructions. If the vent pipe is less than 10 feet in length, or greater than 2 inches in nominal inside diameter, the outlet shall be provided with a vacuum and pressure relief device or there shall be an approved flame arrester located in the vent line at the outlet or within the approved distance from the outlet.
- (ii) Size of vents. Each tank shall be vented through piping adequate in size to prevent blow-back of vapor or liquid at the fill opening while the tank is being filled. Vent pipes shall be not less than 1 1/4 inch nominal inside diameter.

TABLE H-11
VENT LINE DIAMETERS

Maximum flow GPM	Pipe length*		
GFM	50 feet	100 feet	200 feet
	Inches	Inches	Inches
100	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
200	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
300	1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/2
400	1 1/4	1 1/2	2 ′
500	—— 1 1 <sup>′</sup> /2	1 1/2	2
600	1 1/2	2 ′	2
700	2 -' -	2	2
800	2	$\overline{2}$	3
900	<u></u>	2	3
1,000	<u>2</u>	2	3

- \*Vent lines of 50 ft., 100 ft., and 200 ft. of pipe plus 7 ells.
- (iii) Location and arrangement of vents for Class II or Class III liquids. Vent pipes from tanks storing Class II or Class III flammable liquids shall terminate outside of the building and higher than the fill pipe opening. Vent outlets shall be above normal snow level. They may be fitted with return bends, coarse screens or other devices to minimize ingress of foreign material.
- (iv) Vent piping shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-33007. Vent pipes shall be so laid as to drain toward the tank without sags or traps in which liquid can collect. They shall be located so that they will not be subjected to physical damage. The tank end of the vent pipe shall enter the tank through the top.
- (v) When tank vent piping is manifolded, pipe sizes shall be such as to discharge, within the pressure limitations of the system, the vapors they may be required to handle when manifolded tanks are filled simultaneously.
  - (e) Tank openings other than vents.

- (i) Connections for all tank openings shall be vapor or liquid tight.
- (ii) Openings for manual gaging, if independent of the fill pipe, shall be provided with a liquid-tight cap or cover. If inside a building, each such opening shall be protected against liquid overflow and possible vapor release by means of a spring loaded check valve or other approved device.
- (iii) Fill and discharge lines shall enter tanks only through the top. Fill lines shall be sloped toward the tank.
- (iv) For Class IB and Class IC liquids other than crude oils, gasolines, and asphalts, the fill pipe shall be so designed and installed as to minimize the possibility of generating static electricity by terminating within 6 inches of the bottom of the tank.
- (v) Filling and emptying connections which are made and broken shall be located outside of buildings at a location free from any source of ignition and not less than 5 feet away from any building opening. Such connection shall be closed and liquid-tight when not in use. The connection shall be properly identified.
  - (4) Installation of tanks inside of buildings.
- (a) Location. Tanks shall not be permitted inside of buildings except as provided in WAC 296-24-33011 and 296-24-33015 through 296-24-33019.
- (b) Vents. Vents for tanks inside of buildings shall be as provided in (2)(d), (e), (f)(ii) and (3)(d) of this section, except that emergency venting by the use of weak roof seams on tanks shall not be permitted. Vents shall discharge vapors outside the buildings.
- (c) Vent piping. Vent piping shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-33007.
  - (d) Tank openings other than vents.
- (i) Connections for all tank openings shall be vapor or liquidtight. Vents are covered in (4)(b) of this section.
- (ii) Each connection to a tank inside of buildings through which liquid can normally flow shall be provided with an internal or an external valve located as close as practical to the shell of the tank. Such valves, when external, and their connections to the tank shall be of steel except when the chemical characteristics of the liquid stored are incompatible with steel. When materials other than steel are necessary, they shall be suitable for the pressures, structural stresses, and temperatures involved, including fire exposures.
- (iii) Flammable or combustible liquid tanks located inside of buildings, except in one-story buildings designed and protected for flammable or combustible liquid storage, shall be provided with an automatic-closing heat-actuated valve on each withdrawal connection below the liquid level, except for connections used for emergency disposal, to prevent continued flow in the event of fire in the vicinity of the tank. This function may be incorporated in the valve required in (4)(d)(ii) of this section, and if a separate valve, shall be located adjacent to the valve required in (4)(d)(ii) of this section.
- (iv) Openings for manual gaging, if independent of the fill pipe (see (4)(d)(vi) of this section), shall be provided with a vaportight cap or cover. Each such opening

shall be protected against liquid overflow and possible vapor release by means of a spring loaded check valve or other approved device.

- (v) For Class IB and Class IC liquids other than crude oils, gasolines, and asphalts, the fill pipe shall be so designed and installed as to minimize the possibility of generating static electricity by terminating within 6 inches of the bottom of the tank.
- (vi) The fill pipe inside of the tank shall be installed to avoid excessive vibration of the pipe.
- (vii) The inlet of the fill pipe shall be located outside of buildings at a location free from any source of ignition and not less than 5 feet away from any building opening. The inlet of the fill pipe shall be closed and liquidtight when not in use. The fill connection shall be properly identified.
- (viii) Tanks inside buildings shall be equipped with a device, or other means shall be provided, to prevent overflow into the building.
- (5) Supports, foundations, and anchorage for all tank locations.
- (a) General. Tank supports shall be installed on firm foundations. Tank supports shall be of concrete, masonry, or protected steel. Single wood timber supports (not cribbing) laid horizontally may be used for outside aboveground tanks if not more than 12 inches high at their lowest point.
- (b) Fire resistance. Steel supports or exposed piling shall be protected by materials having a fire resistance rating of not less than 2 hours, except that steel saddles need not be protected if less than 12 inches high at their lowest point. Water spray protection or its equivalent may be used in lieu of fire-resistive materials to protect supports.
- (c) Spheres. The design of the supporting structure for tanks such as spheres shall receive special engineering consideration.
- (d) Load distribution. Every tank shall be so supported as to prevent the excessive concentration of loads on the supporting portion of the shell.
- (e) Foundations. Tanks shall rest on the ground or on foundations made of concrete, masonry, piling, or steel. Tank foundations shall be designed to minimize the possibility of uneven settling of the tank and to minimize corrosion in any part of the tank resting on the foundation.
- (f) Flood areas. Where a tank is located in an area that may be subjected to flooding, the applicable precautions outlined in (5)(f) of this section shall be observed.
- (i) No aboveground vertical storage tank containing a flammable or combustible liquid shall be located so that the allowable liquid level within the tank is below the established maximum flood stage, unless the tank is provided with a guiding structure such as described in (5)(f)(xiii), (xiv) and (xv) of this section.
- (ii) Independent water supply facilities shall be provided at locations where there is no ample and dependable public water supply available for loading partially empty tanks with water.

- (iii) In addition to the preceding requirements, each tank so located that more than 70 percent, but less than 100 percent, of its allowable liquid storage capacity will be submerged at the established maximum flood stage, shall be safeguarded by one of the following methods: Tank shall be raised, or its height shall be increased, until its top extends above the maximum flood stage a distance equivalent to 30 percent or more of its allowable liquid storage capacity: *Provided, however*, That the submerged part of the tank shall not exceed two and one—half times the diameter. Or, as an alternative to the foregoing, adequate noncombustible structural guides, designed to permit the tank to float vertically without loss of product, shall be provided.
- (iv) Each horizontal tank so located that more than 70 percent of its storage capacity will be submerged at the established flood stage, shall be anchored, attached to a foundation of concrete or of steel and concrete, of sufficient weight to provide adequate load for the tank when filled with flammable or combustible liquid and submerged by flood waters to the established flood stage, or adequately secured by other means.
- (v) Spherical and spheroidal tanks shall be protected by applicable methods as specified for either vertical or horizontal tanks.
- (vi) At locations where there is no ample and dependable water supply, or where filling of underground tanks with liquid is impracticable because of the character of their contents, their use, or for other reasons, each tank shall be safeguarded against movement when empty and submerged by high ground water or flood waters by anchoring, weighting with concrete or other approved solid loading material, or securing by other means. Each such tank shall be so constructed and installed that it will safely resist external pressures due to high ground water or flood waters.
- (vii) At locations where there is an ample and dependable water supply available, underground tanks containing flammable or combustible liquids, so installed that more than 70 percent of their storage capacity will be submerged at the maximum flood stage, shall be so anchored, weighted, or secured by other means, as to prevent movement of such tanks when filled with flammable or combustible liquids, and submerged by flood waters to the established flood stage.
- (viii) Pipe connections below the allowable liquid level in a tank shall be provided with valves or cocks located as closely as practicable to the tank shell. Such valves and their connections to tanks shall be of steel or other material suitable for use with the liquid being stored. Cast iron shall not be used.
- (ix) At locations where an independent water supply is required, it shall be entirely independent of public power and water supply. Independent source of water shall be available when flood waters reach a level not less than 10 feet below the bottom of the lowest tank on a property.
- (x) The self-contained power and pumping unit shall be so located or so designed that pumping into tanks may be carried on continuously throughout the rise in

flood waters from a level 10 feet below the lowest tank to the level of the potential flood stage.

- (xi) Capacity of the pumping unit shall be such that the rate of rise of water in all tanks shall be equivalent to the established potential average rate of rise of flood waters at any stage.
- (xii) Each independent pumping unit shall be tested periodically to insure that it is in satisfactory operating condition.
- (xiii) Structural guides for holding floating tanks above their foundations shall be so designed that there will be no resistance to the free rise of a tank, and shall be constructed of noncombustible material.
- (xiv) The strength of the structure shall be adequate to resist lateral movement of a tank subject to a horizontal force in any direction equivalent to not less than 25 pounds per square foot acting on the projected vertical cross-sectional area of the tank.
- (xv) Where tanks are situated on exposed points or bends in a shoreline where swift currents in flood waters will be present, the structures shall be designed to withstand a unit force of not less than 50 pounds per square foot
- (xvi) The filling of a tank to be protected by water loading shall be started as soon as flood waters reach a dangerous flood stage. The rate of filling shall be at least equal to the rate of rise of the floodwaters (or the established average potential rate of rise).
- (xvii) Sufficient fuel to operate the water pumps shall be available at all times to insure adequate power to fill all tankage with water.
- (xviii) All valves on connecting pipelines shall be closed and locked in closed position when water loading has been completed.
- (xix) Where structural guides are provided for the protection of floating tanks, all rigid connections between tanks and pipelines shall be disconnected and blanked off or binded before the floodwaters reach the bottom of the tank, unless control valves and their connections to the tank are of a type designed to prevent breakage between the valve and the tank shell.
- (xx) All valves attached to tanks other than those used in connection with water loading operations shall be closed and locked.
- (xxi) If a tank is equipped with a swing line, the swing pipe shall be raised to and secured at its highest position.
- (xxii) Inspections. The director or his designated representative shall make periodic inspections of all plants where the storage of flammable or combustible liquids is such as to require compliance with the foregoing requirements, in order to assure the following:
- (A) That all flammable or combustible liquid storage tanks are in compliance with these requirements and so maintained
- (B) That detailed printed instructions of what to do in flood emergencies are properly posted.
- (C) That station operators and other employees depended upon to carry out such instructions are thoroughly informed as to the location and operation of such valves and other equipment necessary to effect these requirements.

- (g) Earthquake areas. In areas subject to earthquakes, the tank supports and connections shall be designed to resist damage as a result of such shocks.
- (6) Sources of ignition. In locations where flammable vapors may be present, precautions shall be taken to prevent ignition by eliminating or controlling sources of ignition. Sources of ignition may include open flames, lightning, smoking, cutting and welding, hot surfaces, frictional heat, sparks (static, electrical, and mechanical), spontaneous ignition, chemical and physical-chemical reactions, and radiant heat.
  - (7) Testing.
- (a) General. All tanks, whether shop built or field erected, shall be strength tested before they are placed in service in accordance with the applicable sections of the code under which they were built. The American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) code stamp. American Petroleum Institute (API) monogram, or the label of the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., on a tank shall be evidence of compliance with this strength test. Tanks not marked in accordance with the above codes shall be strength tested before they are placed in service in accordance with good engineering principles and reference shall be made to the sections on testing in the codes listed in (l)(c)(i), (d)(ii) or (e)(ii) of this section.
- (b) Strength. When the vertical length of the fill and vent pipes is such that when filled with liquid the static head imposed upon the bottom of the tank exceeds 10 pounds per square inch, the tank and related piping shall be tested hydrostatically to a pressure equal to the static head thus imposed.
- (c) Tightness. In addition to the strength test called for in (7)(a) and (b), all tanks and connections shall be tested for tightness. Except for underground tanks, this tightness test shall be made at operating pressure with air, inert gas, or water prior to placing the tank in service. In the case of field—erected tanks the strength test may be considered to be the test for tank tightness. Underground tanks and piping, before being covered, enclosed, or placed in use, shall be tested for tightness hydrostatically, or with air pressure at not less than 3 pounds per square inch and not more than 5 pounds per square inch.
- (d) Repairs. All leaks or deformations shall be corrected in an acceptable manner before the tank is placed in service. Mechanical caulking is not permitted for correcting leaks in welded tanks except pinhole leaks in the roof.
- (e) Derated operations. Tanks to be operated at pressures below their design pressure may be tested by the applicable provisions of (7)(a) or (b) based upon the pressure developed under full emergency venting of the tank.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–33005, filed 11/14/88; Order 76–6, § 296–24–33005, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–33005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-33007 Piping, valves, and fittings. (1) General.

- (a) Design. The design (including selection of materials) fabrication, assembly, test, and inspection of piping systems containing flammable or combustible liquids shall be suitable for the expected working pressures and structural stresses. Conformity with the applicable provisions of Pressure Piping, ANSI B31-1967 series and the provisions of this section, shall be considered prima facie evidence of compliance with the foregoing provisions.
- (b) Exceptions. This section does not apply to any of the following:
- (i) Tubing or casing on any oil or gas wells and any piping connected directly thereto.
- (ii) Motor vehicle, aircraft, boat, or portable or stationary engines.
- (iii) Piping within the scope of any applicable boiler and pressures vessel code.
- (c) Definitions. As used in this section, piping systems consist of pipe, tubing flanges, bolting, gaskets, valves, fittings, the pressure containing parts of other components such as expansion joints and strainers, and devices which serve such purposes as mixing, separating, snubbing, distributing, metering, or controlling flow.
  - (2) Materials for piping, valves, and fittings.
- (a) Required materials. Materials for piping, valves, or fittings shall be steel, nodular iron or malleable iron, except as provided in subsections (b), (c) and (d).
- (b) Exceptions. Materials other than steel, nodular iron, or malleable iron may be used underground, or if required by the properties of the flammable or combustible liquid handled. Material other than steel, nodular iron, or malleable iron shall be designed to specifications embodying principles recognized as good engineering practices for the material used.
- (c) Linings. Piping, valves, and fittings may have combustible or noncombustible linings.
- (d) Low-melting materials. When low-melting point materials such as aluminum and brass or materials that soften on fire exposure such as plastics, or nonductile materials such as cast iron, are necessary, special consideration shall be given to their behavior on fire exposure. If such materials are used in aboveground piping systems or inside buildings, they shall be suitably protected against fire exposure or so located that any spill resulting from the failure of these materials could not unduly expose persons, important buildings or structures or can be readily controlled by remote valves.
- (3) Pipe joints. Joints shall be made liquid tight. Welded or screwed joints or approved connectors shall be used. Threaded joints and connections shall be made up tight with a suitable lubricant or piping compound. Pipe joints dependent upon the friction characteristics of combustible materials for mechanical continuity of piping shall not be used inside buildings. They may be used outside of buildings above or below ground. If used aboveground, the piping shall either be secured to prevent disengagement at the fitting or the piping system shall be so designed that any spill resulting from such disengagement could not unduly expose persons, important buildings or structures, and could be readily controlled by remote valves.

- (4) Supports. Piping systems shall be substantially supported and protected against physical damage and excessive stresses arising from settlement, vibration, expansion, or contraction.
- (5) Protection against corrosion. All piping for flammable or combustible liquids, both aboveground and underground, where subject to external corrosion, shall be painted or otherwise protected.
- (6) Valves. Piping systems shall contain a sufficient number of valves to operate the system properly and to protect the plant. Piping systems in connection with pumps shall contain a sufficient number of valves to control properly the flow of liquid in normal operation and in the event of physical damage. Each connection to pipelines, by which equipment such as tankcars or tank vehicles discharge liquids by means of pumps into storage tanks, shall be provided with a check valve for automatic protection against backflow if the piping arrangement is such that backflow from the system is possible.
- (7) Testing. All piping before being covered, enclosed, or placed in use shall be hydrostatically tested to 150 percent of the maximum anticipated pressure of the system, or pneumatically tested to 110 percent of the maximum anticipated pressure of the system, but not less than 5 pounds per square inch gage at the highest point of the system. This test shall be maintained for a sufficient time to complete visual inspection of all joints and connections, but for at least 10 minutes.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-33007, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-33007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-33007, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-33009 Container and portable tank storage. (1) Scope.

- (a) General. This section shall apply only to the storage of flammable or combustible liquids in drums or other containers (including flammable aerosols) not exceeding 60 gallons individual capacity and those portable tanks not exceeding 660 gallons individual capacity.
- (b) Exceptions. This section shall not apply to the following:
- (i) Storage of containers in bulk plants, service stations, refineries, chemical plants, and distilleries;
- (ii) Class I or Class II liquids in the fuel tanks of a motor vehicle, aircraft, boat, or portable or stationary engine;
- (iii) Flammable or combustible paints, oils, varnishes, and similar mixtures used for painting or maintenance when not kept for a period in excess of 30 days;
- (iv) Beverages when packaged in individual containers not exceeding 1 gallon in size.
  - (2) Design, construction, and capacity of containers.
- (a) General. Only approved containers and portable tanks shall be used. Metal containers and portable tanks meeting the requirements of and containing products authorized by Chapter I, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations October 1, 1972, (regulations issued by the hazardous materials regulations board, department of transportation), shall be deemed to be acceptable.
- (b) Emergency venting. Each portable tank shall be provided with one or more devices installed in the top

with sufficient emergency venting capacity to limit internal pressure under fire exposure conditions to 10 p.s.i.g., or 30 percent of the bursting pressure of the tank, whichever is greater. The total venting capacity shall be not less than that specified in WAC 296-24-33005 (2)(e)(iii) or (v). At least one pressure-actuated vent having a minimum capacity of 6,000 cubic feet of free air (14.7 p.s.i.a. and 60°F) shall be used. It shall be set to open at not less than 5 p.s.i.g. If fusible vents are used, they shall be actuated by elements that operate at a temperature not exceeding 300°F.

TABLE H-12

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SIZE OF CONTAINERS AND PORTABLE TANKS

O-vatetee.	Flar	nmable liqi	quids Combustible Li		
Container Type	Class IA	Class IB	Class IC	Class II 8	Class
Glass or approved					
plastic —	1 pt.	1 qu.	l gal.	1 gal.	1 gal.
Metal (other than	•	-		Ū	
DOT drums) —	1 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.
Safety cans—	2 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.	5 gal.
Metal drums (DOT	_	Ū	·	Ū	Ū
spec.)	60 gal.	60 gal.	60 gal.	60 gal.	60 gal.
Approved portable	Ü	J	U		
tanks —	660 gal.	660 gal.	660 gal.	660 gal.	660 gal.

### Container exemptions:

- (i) Medicines, beverages, foodstuffs, cosmetics and other common consumer items, when packaged according to commonly accepted practices, shall be exempt from the requirements of (4)(a) and (b) of this section.
- (c) Size. Flammable and combustible liquid containers shall be in accordance with Table H-12, except that glass or plastic containers of no more than 1-gallon capacity may be used for a Class IA or IB flammable liquid if:
- (i) Such liquid either would be rendered unfit for its intended use by contact with metal or would excessively corrode a metal container so as to create a leakage hazard; and
- (ii) The user's process either would require more than 1 pint of Class IA liquid or more than 1 quart of a Class IB liquid of a single assay lot to be used at one time, or would require the maintenance of an analytical standard liquid of a quality which is not met by the specified standards of liquids available, and the quantity of the analytical standard liquid required to be used in any one control process exceeds one—sixteenth the capacity of the container allowed under Table H-12 for the class of liquid; or
- (iii) The containers are intended for direct export outside the United States.
- (3) Design, construction, and capacity of storage cabinets.

- (a) Maximum capacity. Not more than 60 gallons of Class I or Class II liquids, nor more than 120 gallons of Class III liquids may be stored in a storage cabinet.
- (b) Fire resistance. Storage cabinets shall be designed and constructed to limit the internal temperature to not more than 325°F when subjected to a 10-minute fire test using the standard time-temperature curve as set forth in Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, NFPA 251-1969. All joints and seams shall remain tight and the door shall remain securely closed during the fire test. Cabinets shall be labeled "Flammable—Keep fire away," to meet specifications set forth in WAC 296-24-140.
- (i) Metal cabinets constructed in the following manner shall be deemed to be in compliance. The bottom, top, door, and sides of cabinet shall be at least No. 18 gage sheet iron and double walled with 1 1/2-inch air space. Joints shall be riveted, welded or made tight by some equally effective means. The door shall be provided with a three-point lock, and the door sill shall be raised at least 2 inches above the bottom of the cabinet.
- (ii) Wooden cabinets constructed in the following manner shall be deemed in compliance. The bottom, sides, and top shall be constructed of an approved grade of plywood at least 1 inch in thickness, which shall not break down or delaminate under fire conditions. All joints shall be rabbetted and shall be fastened in two directions with flathead woodscrews. When more than one door is used, there shall be a rabbetted overlap of not less than 1 inch. Hinges shall be mounted in such a manner as not to lose their holding capacity due to loosening or burning out of the screws when subjected to the fire test.
  - (4) Design and construction of inside storage rooms.
- (a) Construction. Inside storage rooms shall be constructed to meet the required fire-resistive rating for their use. Such construction shall comply with the test specifications set forth in Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, NFPA 251-1969. Where an automatic sprinkler system is provided, the system shall be designed and installed in an acceptable manner. Openings to other rooms or buildings shall be provided with noncombustible liquid-tight raised sills or ramps at least 4 inches in height, or the floor in the storage area shall be at least 4 inches below the surrounding floor. Openings shall be provided with approved self-closing fire doors. The room shall be liquid tight where the walls join the floor. A permissible alternate to the sill or ramp is an open-grated trench inside of the room which drains to a safe location. Where other portions of the building or other properties are exposed, windows shall be protected as set forth in the Standard for Fire Doors and Windows, NFPA No. 80-1968, for Class E or F openings. Wood at least 1 inch nominal thickness may be used for shelving, racks, dunnage, scuffboards, floor overlay, and similar installations.
- (b) Rating and capacity. Storage in inside storage rooms shall comply with Table H-13.

TABLE H-13
STORAGE IN INSIDE ROOMS

Fire protection* provided	Fire resistance	Maximum size	Total allowable quantities (gals./sq. ft./floor area)
Yes —	— 2 hours —	— 500 sq.ft. —	10
No	— 2 hours ———	– 500 sq.ft. –	4
Yes —	— 1 hour ———	- 150 sq.ft	5
No	— 1 hour ———	— 150 sq.ft. ——	2

<sup>\*</sup>Fire protection system shall be sprinkler, water spray, carbon dioxide, or other system.

- (c) Wiring. Electrical wiring and equipment within inside storage rooms used to store Class I liquids shall comply with the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for Class I, Division 2 locations. For inside storage rooms used to store Class II and III liquids the pertinent provisions WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 apply.
- (d) Ventilation. Every inside storage room shall be provided with either a gravity or a mechanical exhaust ventilation system. Such system shall be designed to provide for a complete change of air within the room at least six times per hour. If a mechanical exhaust system is used, it shall be controlled by a switch located outside of the door. The ventilating equipment and any lighting fixtures shall be operated by the same switch. A pilot light shall be installed adjacent to the switch if Class I flammable liquids are dispensed within the room. Where gravity ventilation is provided, the fresh air intake, as well as the exhaust outlet from the room, shall be on the exterior of the building in which the room is located.
- (e) Storage in inside storage rooms. In every inside storage room there shall be maintained one clear aisle at least 3 feet wide. Containers over 30 gallons capacity shall not be stacked one upon the other. Dispensing shall be by approved pump or self-closing faucet only.
  - (5) Storage inside building.
- (a) Egress. Flammable or combustible liquids, including stock for sale, shall not be stored so as to limit use of exits, stairways, or areas normally used for the safe egress of people.
- (b) Containers. The storage of flammable or combustible liquids in containers or portable tanks shall comply with (4)(c) through (e) of this section.
- (c) Office occupancies. Storage shall be prohibited except that which is required for maintenance and operation of building and operation of equipment. Such storage shall be kept in closed metal containers stored in a storage cabinet or in safety cans or in an inside storage room not having a door that opens into that portion of the building used by the public.
  - (d) Mercantile occupancies and other retail stores.
- (i) In rooms or areas accessible to the public, storage shall be limited to quantities needed for display and

- normal merchandising purposes but shall not exceed 2 gallons per square foot of gross floor area. The gross floor area used for computing the maximum quantity permitted shall be considered as that portion of the store actually being used for merchandising flammable and combustible liquids.
- (ii) Where the aggregate quantity of additional stock exceeds 60 gallons of Class IA, or 120 gallons of Class IB, or 180 gallons of Class IC, or 240 gallons of Class II, or 500 gallons of Class III liquids, or any combination of Class I and Class II liquids exceeding 240 gallons, it shall be stored in a room or portion of the building that complies with the construction provisions for an inside storage room as prescribed in (4) of this section. For water miscible liquids, these quantities may be doubled.
- (iii) Containers in a display area shall not be stacked more than 3 feet or two containers high, whichever is the greater, unless the stacking is done on fixed shelving or is otherwise satisfactorily secured.
- (iv) Shelving shall be of stable construction, of sufficient depth and arrangement such that containers displayed thereon shall not be easily displaced.
- (v) Leaking containers shall be removed to a storage room or taken to a safe location outside the building and the contents transferred to an undamaged container.
- (e) General purpose public warehouses. Storage shall be in accordance with Table H-14 or H-15 and in buildings or in portions of such buildings cut off by standard firewalls. Material creating no fire exposure hazard to the flammable or combustible liquids may be stored in the same area.

TABLE H-14
INDOOR CONTAINER STORAGE

Class liquid	Storage level	Protected storage maximum per pile		Unprotected storage maximum per pile	
		Gal.	Ht.	Gal.	Ht.
A	Ground and	******			
	upper floors	2,750	3 ft.	660	3 ft.
	• •	(50)	(1)	(12)	(1)
	Basement ———			Not pern	
В	-Ground and				
	upper floors	5,500	6 ft.	1,375	3 ft.
	••	(100)	(2)	(25)	(1)
	Basement ———	Not per- mitted	( )	Not pern	
C	-Ground and				
	upper floors	16,500	6 ft.	4,125	3 ft.
		(300)	(2)	(75)	(1)
	Basement ———	Not per- mitted	. ,	Not pern	itted
1	-Ground and				
	upper floors	16,500	9 ft.	4,125	9 ft.
		(300)	(3)	(75)	(3)
	Basement	3,500 (100)	9 ft. (3)	Not perm	itted

TABLE H-14
INDOOR CONTAINER STORAGE

Class liquid	<b>U</b>	Protected storage maximum per pile		Unprotected storage maximum per pile	
		Gal.	Ht.	Gal.	Ht.
 []]	Ground and				
	upper floors	55,000	15 ft.	13,750	12 ft.
	• •	(1,000)	(5)	(250)	(4)
	Basement	8,250	9 ft.	Not peri	nitted
		(450)	(3)		

Note 1: When 2 or more classes of materials are stored in a single pile, the maximum gallonage permitted in that pile shall be the smallest of the 2 or more separate maximum gallonages.

Note 2: Aisles shall be provided so that no container is more than 12 ft. from an aisle. Main aisles shall be at least 8 ft. wide and side aisles at least 4 ft. wide.

(Numbers in parentheses indicate corresponding number of 55-gal. drums.)

Note 3: Each pile shall be separated from each other by at least 4 ft.

TABLE H-15
INDOOR PORTABLE TANK STORAGE

Class liquid	Storage level		Protecte storage maximu per pile		Unprotected storage maximum per pile
		Gals.	Ht.	Gals.	Ht.
IA-	Ground and				
	upper floors —	Not peri	mitted	Not perr	nitted
	Basement	Not per	mitted	Not peri	nitted
IB	-Ground and	•		•	
	upper floors —	20,000	7 ft.	2,000	7 ft.
	Basement	Not per	mitted	Not peri	nitted
IC	-Ground and	•		•	
	upper floors	40.000	14 ft.	5,500	7 ft.
	Basement ——			Not peri	nitted
II ——	-Ground and				
	upper floors -	40,000	14 ft.	5,500	7 ft.
	Basement		7 ft.	,	
III	-Ground and	,,,,		1.11 pen	
	upper floors	60.000	14 ft.	22,000	7 ft.
	Basement ——	•		Not perr	

Note 1: When 2 or more classes of materials are stored in a single pile, the maximum gallonage permitted in that pile shall be the smallest of the 2 or more separate maximum gallonages.

Note 2: Aisles shall be provided so that no portable tank is more than 12 ft. from an aisle. Main aisles shall be at least 8 ft. wide and side aisles at least 4 ft. wide.

Note 3: Each pile shall be separated from each other by at least 4 ft.

- (f) Flammable and combustible liquid warehouses or storage buildings. (i) If the storage building is located 50 feet or less from a building or line of adjoining property that may be built upon, the exposing wall shall be a blank wall having a fire—resistance rating of at least 2 hours.
- (ii) The total quantity of liquids within a building shall not be restricted, but the arrangement of storage shall comply with Table H-14 or H-15.

- (iii) Containers in piles shall be separated by pallets or dunnage where necessary to provide stability and to prevent excessive stress on container walls.
- (iv) Portable tanks stored over one tier high shall be designed to nest securely, without dunnage and adequate materials handling equipment shall be available to handle tanks safely at the upper tier level.
- (v) No pile shall be closer than 3 feet to the nearest beam, chord, girder, or other obstruction, and shall be 3 feet below sprinkler deflectors or discharge orifices of water spray, or other overhead fire protection systems.
- (vi) Aisles of at least 3 feet wide shall be provided where necessary for reasons of access to doors, windows or standpipe connections.
  - (6) Storage outside buildings.
- (a) General. Storage outside buildings shall be in accordance with Table H-16 or H-17, and (6)(b) and (d) of this section.

TABLE H-16
OUTDOOR CONTAINER STORAGE

1	2	3	4	5
Class	Maximum	Distance	Distance	Distance
	per pile	between	to	to
	(see note 1)	piles	property	street,
		(see	line that	alley,
		note 2)	can be	public
			built	way
			upon	(see note
			(see notes	4)
			3 & 4)	
	gal.	ft.	ft.	ft.
Α	1,100	5	20	10
В	2,200	5	20	10
C	4,400	5	20	10
I	8,800	5	10	5
II	22,000	5	10	5

- Note 1: When 2 or more classes of materials are stored in a single pile, the maximum gallonage in that pile shall be the smallest of the 2 or more separate gallonages.
- Note 2: Within 200 ft. of each container, there shall be 12-ft. wide access way to permit approach of fire control apparatus.
- Note 3: The distances listed apply to properties that have protection for exposures as defined. If there are exposures, and such protection for exposures does not exist, the distances in column 4 shall be doubled.
- Note 4: When total quantity stored does not exceed 50 percent of maximum per pile, the distances in columns 4 and 5 may be reduced 50 percent, but not less than 3 ft.
- (b) Maximum storage. A maximum of 1,100 gallons of flammable or combustible liquids may be located adjacent to buildings located on the same premises and under the same management provided the provisions of (6)(b)(i) and (ii) are complied with.
- (i) The building shall be a one-story building devoted principally to the handling and storing of flammable or combustible liquids or the building shall have 2 hour fire-resistive exterior walls having no opening within 10 feet of such storage.
- (ii) Where quantity stored exceeds 1,100 gallons, or provisions of (6)(b)(i) cannot be met, a minimum distance of 10 feet between buildings and nearest container of flammable or combustible liquid shall be maintained.

TABLE H-17
OUTDOOR PORTABLE TANK STORAGE

1	2	3	4	5
Class	Maximum	Distance	Distance	Distance
	per pile	between	to	to
		piles	property	street,
			line that	alley,
			can be	public
			built	way
			upon	
	gal.	ft.	ft.	ft.
A	2,200	5	20	10
В ——	4,400	5	20	10
C	8,800	5	20	10
[]	17,600	5	10	5
III ——	<b>44,000</b>	5	10	5

- Note 1: When 2 or more classes of materials are stored in a single pile, the maximum gallonage in that pile shall be the smallest of the 2 or more separate gallonages.
- Note 2: Within 200 ft. of each portable tank, there shall be a 12-ft. wide access way to permit approach of fire control apparatus.
- Note 3: The distances listed apply to properties that have protection for exposures as defined. If there are exposures, and such protection for exposures does not exist, the distances in column 4 shall be doubled.
- Note 4: When total quantity stored does not exceed 50 percent of maximum per pile, the distances in columns 4 and 5 may be reduced 50 percent, but not less than 3 ft.
- (c) Spill containment. The storage area shall be graded in a manner to divert possible spills away from buildings or other exposures or shall be surrounded by a curb at least 6 inches high. When curbs are used, provisions shall be made for draining of accumulations of ground or rain water or spills of flammable or combustible liquids. Drains shall terminate at a safe location and shall be accessible to operation under fire conditions.
- (d) Security. The storage area shall be protected against tampering or trespassers where necessary and shall be kept free of weeds, debris and other combustible material not necessary to the storage.
  - (7) Fire control.
- (a) Extinguishers. Suitable fire control devices, such as small hose or portable fire extinguishers, shall be available at locations where flammable or combustible liquids are stored.
- (i) At least one portable fire extinguisher having a rating of not less than 12-B units shall be located outside of, but not more than 10 feet from, the door opening into any room used for storage.
- (ii) At least one portable fire extinguisher having a rating of not less than 12-B units must be located not less than 10 feet, nor more than 25 feet, from any Class I or Class II liquid storage area located outside of a storage room but inside a building.
- (b) Sprinklers. When sprinklers are provided, they shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-605 through 296-24-60509.
- (c) Open flames and smoking. Open flames and smoking shall not be permitted in flammable or combustible liquid storage areas.

(d) Water reactive materials. Materials which will react with water shall not be stored in the same room with flammable or combustible liquids.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–33009, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–33009, filed 3/1/76; Order 74–27, § 296–24–33009, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–33009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33009, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-33011 Industrial plants. (1) Scope.

- (a) Application. This paragraph shall apply to those industrial plants where:
- (i) The use of flammable or combustible liquids is incidental to the principal business, or
- (ii) Where flammable or combustible liquids are handled or used only in unit physical operations such as mixing, drying, evaporating, filtering, distillation, and similar operations which do not involve chemical reaction. This section shall not apply to chemical plants, refineries or distilleries.
- (b) Exceptions. Where portions of such plants involve chemical reactions such as oxidation, reduction, halogenation, hydrogenation, alkylation, polymerization, and other chemical processes, those portions of the plant shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-33017.
- (2) Incidental storage or use of flammable and combustible liquids.
- (a) Application. This shall be applicable to those portions of an industrial plant where the use and handling of flammable or combustible liquids is only incidental to the principal business, such as automobile assembly, construction of electronic equipment, furniture manufacturing, or other similar activities.
- (b) Containers. Flammable or combustible liquids shall be stored in tanks or closed containers.
- (i) Except as provided in (b)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection all storage shall comply with WAC 296-24-33009 (3) or (4).
- (A) When the only operation involved is the storage of flammables in containers or tanks that are closed and remain closed throughout the storage, WAC 296-24-33009(5) and tables H-14 and H-15 will apply.
- (B) When the procedure involved is mixing, transferring, or other exposure of liquids to vaporization through operational procedures in which containers or tanks do not remain closed in the storage area, WAC 296-24-33009(4) and table H-13 shall be used to determine permissible quantities.
- (ii) The quantity of liquid that may be located outside of an inside storage room or storage cabinet in a building or in any one fire area of a building shall not exceed:
- (A) Twenty-five gallons of Class IA liquids in containers.
- (B) One hundred twenty gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in containers.
- (C) Six hundred sixty gallons of Class IB, IC, II, or III liquids in a single portable tank.
- (iii) Where large quantities of flammable or combustible liquids are necessary, storage may be in tanks which shall comply with the applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-33005.

- (c) Separation and protection. Areas in which flammable or combustible liquids are transferred from one tank or container to another container shall be separated from other operations in the building by adequate distance or by construction having adequate fire resistance. Drainage or other means shall be provided to control spills. Adequate natural or mechanical ventilation shall be provided.
  - (d) Handling liquids at point of final use.
- (i) Flammable liquids shall be kept in covered containers when not actually in use.
- (ii) Where flammable or combustible liquids are used or handled, except in closed containers, means shall be provided to dispose promptly and safely of leakage or spills.
- (iii) Class I liquids may be used only where there are no open flames or other sources of ignition within the possible path of vapor travel.
- (iv) Flammable or combustible liquids shall be drawn from or transferred into vessels, containers, or portable tanks within a building only through a closed piping system, from safety cans, by means of a device drawing through the top, or from a container or portable tanks by gravity through an approved self-closing valve. Transferring by means of air pressure on the container or portable tanks shall be prohibited.
  - (3) Unit physical operations.
- (a) Application. This subsection (3) shall be applicable in those portions of industrial plants where flammable or combustible liquids are handled or used in unit physical operations such as mixing, drying, evaporating, filtering, distillation, and similar operations which do not involve chemical change. Examples are plants compounding cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, solvents, cleaning fluids, insecticides, and similar types of activities.
- (b) Location. Industrial plants shall be located so that each building or unit of equipment is accessible from at least one side for firefighting and fire control purposes. Buildings shall be located with respect to lines of adjoining property which may be built upon as set forth in WAC 296-24-33017 (2)(a) and (b) except that the blank wall referred to in WAC 296-24-33017 (2)(b) shall have a fire resistance rating of at least two hours.
- (c) Chemical processes. Areas where unstable liquids are handled or small scale unit chemical processes are carried on shall be separated from the remainder of the plant by a fire wall of two-hour minimum fire resistance rating.
  - (d) Drainage.
- (i) Emergency drainage systems shall be provided to direct flammable or combustible liquid leakage and fire protection water to a safe location. This may require curbs, scuppers, or special drainage systems to control the spread of fire; see WAC 296-24-33005 (2)(g)(ii).
- (ii) Emergency drainage systems, if connected to public sewers or discharged into public waterways, shall be equipped with traps or separators.
- (iii) The industrial plant shall be designed and operated to prevent the normal discharge of flammable or combustible liquids into public waterways, public sewers, or adjoining property.

- (e) Ventilation.
- (i) Areas as defined in subsection (1)(a) of this section using Class I liquids shall be ventilated at a rate of not less than one cubic foot per minute per square foot of solid floor area. This shall be accomplished by natural or mechanical ventilation with discharge or exhaust to a safe location outside of the building. Provision shall be made for introduction of makeup air in such a manner as not to short circuit the ventilation. Ventilation shall be arranged to include all floor areas or pits where flammable vapors may collect.
- (ii) Equipment used in a building and the ventilation of the building shall be designed so as to limit flammable vapor—air mixtures under normal operating conditions to the interior of equipment, and to not more than five feet from equipment which exposes Class I liquids to the air. Examples of such equipment are dispensing stations, open centrifuges, plate and frame filters, open vacuum filters, and surfaces of open equipment.
- (f) Storage and handling. The storage, transfer, and handling of liquid shall comply with WAC 296-24-33017(4) of this section.
- (4) Tank vehicle and tank car loading and unloading. Tank vehicle and tank car loading or unloading facilities shall be separated from aboveground tanks, warehouses, other plant buildings or nearest line of adjoining property which may be built upon by a distance of twenty-five feet for Class I liquids and fifteen feet for Class II and Class III liquids measured from the nearest position of any fill stem. Buildings for pumps or shelters for personnel may be a part of the facility. Operations of the facility shall comply with the appropriate portions of WAC 296-24-33013(3).
  - (5) Fire control.
- (a) Portable and special equipment. Portable fire extinguishment and control equipment shall be provided in such quantities and types as are needed for the special hazards of operation and storage.
- (b) Water supply. Water shall be available in volume and at adequate pressure to supply water hose streams, foam—producing equipment, automatic sprinklers, or water spray systems as the need is indicated by the special hazards of operation, dispensing and storage.
- (c) Special extinguishers. Special extinguishing equipment such as that utilizing foam, inert gas, or dry chemical shall be provided as the need is indicated by the special hazards of operation dispensing and storage.
- (d) Special hazards. Where the need is indicated by special hazards of operation, flammable or combustible liquid processing equipment, major piping, and supporting steel shall be protected by approved water spray systems, deluge systems, approved fire—resistant coatings, insulation, or any combination of these.
- (e) Maintenance. All plant fire protection facilities shall be adequately maintained and periodically inspected and tested to make sure they are always in satisfactory operating condition, and they will serve their purpose in time of emergency.
  - (6) Sources of ignition.

- (a) General. Adequate precautions shall be taken to prevent the ignition of flammable vapors. Sources of ignition include but are not limited to open flames; lightning; smoking; cutting and welding; hot surfaces; frictional heat; static, electrical and mechanical sparks; spontaneous ignition, including heat—producing chemical reactions; and radiant heat.
- (b) Grounding. Class I liquids shall not be dispensed into containers unless the nozzle and container are electrically interconnected. Where the metallic floorplate on which the container stands while filling is electrically connected to the fill stem or where the fill stem is bonded to the container during filling operations by means of a bond wire, the provisions of these standards shall be deemed to have been complied with.
  - (7) Electrical.
- (a) All electrical wiring and equipment shall be installed according to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (b) Locations where flammable vapor-air mixtures may exist under normal operations shall be classified Class I, Division 1 according to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. For those pieces of equipment installed in accordance with the requirements of subsection (3)(e)(ii) of this section, the Division 1 area shall extend five feet in all directions from all points of vapor liberation. All areas within pits shall be classified Division 1 if any part of the pit is within a Division 1 or 2 classified area, unless the pit is provided with mechanical ventilation.
- (c) Locations where flammable vapor-air mixtures may exist under abnormal conditions and for a distance beyond Division 1 locations shall be classified Division 2 according to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. These locations include an area within twenty feet horizontally, three feet vertically bevond a Division 1 area, and up to three feet above floor or grade level within twenty-five feet, if indoors, or ten feet if outdoors, from any pump, bleeder, withdrawal fitting, meter, or similar device handling Class I liquids. Pits provided with adequate mechanical ventilation within a Division 1 or 2 area shall be classified Division 2. If Class II or Class III liquids only are handled, then ordinary electrical equipment is satisfactory though care shall be used in locating electrical apparatus to prevent hot metal from falling into open equipment.
- (d) Where the provisions of (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection require the installation of electrical equipment suitable for Class I, Division 1 or Division 2 locations, ordinary electrical equipment including switchgear may be used if installed in a room or enclosure which is maintained under positive pressure with respect to the hazardous area. Ventilation makeup air shall be uncontaminated by flammable vapors.
- (8) Repairs to equipment. Hot work, such as welding or cutting operations, use of spark-producing power tools, and chipping operations shall be permitted only under supervision of an individual in responsible charge. The individual in responsible charge shall make an inspection of the area to be sure that it is safe for the work

to be done and that safe procedures will be followed for the work specified.

- (9) Housekeeping.
- (a) General. Maintenance and operating practices shall be in accordance with established procedures which will tend to control leakage and prevent the accidental escape of flammable or combustible liquids. Spills shall be cleaned up promptly.
- (b) Access. Adequate aisles shall be maintained for unobstructed movement of personnel and so that fire protection equipment can be brought to bear on any part of flammable or combustible liquid storage, use, or any unit physical operation.
- (c) Waste and residue. Combustible waste material and residues in a building or unit operating area shall be kept to a minimum, stored in covered metal receptacles and disposed of daily.
- (d) Clear zone. Ground area around buildings and unit operating areas shall be kept free of weeds, trash, or other unnecessary combustible materials.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–33011, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–33011, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–33011, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–33011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33011, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-33013 Bulk plants. (1) Storage.

- (a) Class I liquids. Class I liquids shall be stored in closed containers, or in storage tanks above ground outside of buildings, or underground in accordance with WAC 296-24-33005.
- (b) Class II and III liquids. Class II and Class III liquids shall be stored in containers, or in tanks within buildings or above ground outside of buildings, or underground in accordance with WAC 296-24-33005.
- (c) Piling containers. Containers of flammable or combustible liquids when piled one upon the other shall be separated by dunnage sufficient to provide stability and to prevent excessive stress on container walls. The height of the pile shall be consistent with the stability and strength of containers.
  - (2) Buildings.
- (a) Exits. Rooms in which flammable or combustible liquids are stored or handled by pumps shall have exit facilities arranged to prevent occupants from being trapped in the event of fire.
- (b) Heating. Rooms in which Class I liquids are stored or handled shall be heated only by means not constituting a source of ignition, such as steam or hot water. Rooms containing heating appliances involving sources of ignition shall be located and arranged to prevent entry of flammable vapors.
  - (c) Ventilation.
- (i) Ventilation shall be provided for all rooms, buildings, or enclosures in which Class I liquids are pumped or dispensed. Design of ventilation systems shall take into account the relatively high specific gravity of the vapors. Ventilation may be provided by adequate openings in outside walls at floor level unobstructed except by louvers or course screens. Where natural ventilation is inadequate, mechanical ventilation shall be provided.

- (ii) Class I liquids shall not be stored or handled within a building having a basement or pit into which flammable vapors may travel, unless such area is provided with ventilation designed to prevent the accumulation of flammable vapors therein.
- (iii) Containers of Class I liquids shall not be drawn from or filled within buildings unless provision is made to prevent the accumulation of flammable vapors in hazardous concentrations. Where mechanical ventilation is required, it shall be kept in operation while flammable liquids are being handled.
  - (3) Loading and unloading facilities.
- (a) Separation. Tank vehicle and tank car loading or unloading facilities shall be separated from aboveground tanks, warehouses, other plant buildings or nearest line of adjoining property that may be built upon by a distance of 25 feet for Class I liquids and 15 feet for Class II and Class III liquids measured from the nearest position of any fill spout. Buildings for pumps or shelters for personnel may be a part of the facility.
- (b) Class restriction. Equipment such as piping, pumps, and meters used for the transfer of Class I liquids between storage tanks and the fill stem of the loading rack shall not be used for the transfer of Class II or Class III liquids.
- (c) Valves. Valves used for the final control for filling tank vehicles shall be of the self-closing type and manually held open except where automatic means are provided for shutting off the flow when the vehicle is full or after filling of a preset amount.
  - (d) Static protection.
- (i) Bonding facilities for protection against static sparks during the loading of tank vehicles through open domes shall be provided:
  - (A) Where Class I liquids are loaded, or
- (B) Where Class II or Class III liquids are loaded into vehicles which may contain vapors from previous cargoes of Class I liquids.
- (ii) Protection as required in (3)(d)(i) of this section shall consist of a metallic bond wire permanently electrically connected to the fill stem or to some part of the rack structure in electrical contact with the fill stem. The free end of such wire shall be provided with a clamp or equivalent device for convenient attachment to some metallic part in electrical contact with the cargo tank of the tank vehicle.
- (iii) Such bonding connection shall be made fast to the vehicle or tank before dome covers are raised and shall remain in place until filling is completed and all dome covers have been closed and secured.
- (iv) Bonding as specified in (3)(d)(i), (ii) and (iii) of this section is not required:
- (A) Where vehicles are loaded exclusively with products not having a static accumulating tendency, such as asphalt, most crude oils, residual oils, and water soluble liquids:
- (B) Where no Class I liquids are handled at the loading facility and the tank vehicles loaded are used exclusively for Class II and Class III liquids; and
- (C) Where vehicles are loaded or unloaded through closed bottom or top connections.

- (v) Filling through open domes into the tanks of tank vehicles or tank cars, that contain vapor—air mixtures within the flammable range or where the liquid being filled can form such a mixture, shall be by means of a downspout which extends near the bottom of the tank. This precaution is not required when loading liquids which are nonaccumulators of static charges.
- (e) Stray currents. Tank car loading facilities where Class I liquids are loaded through open domes shall be protected against stray currents by bonding the pipe to at least one rail and to the rack structure if of metal. Multiple lines entering the rack area shall be electrically bonded together. In addition, in areas where excessive stray currents are known to exist, all pipe entering the rack area shall be provided with insulating sections to electrically isolate the rack piping from the pipelines. No bonding between the tank car and the rack or piping is required during either loading or unloading of Class II or III liquids.
- (f) Container filling facilities. Class I liquids shall not be dispensed into containers unless the nozzle and container are electrically interconnected. Where the metallic floorplate on which the container stands while filling is electrically connected to the fill stem or where the fill stem is bonded to the container during filling operations by means of a bond wire, the provisions of these standards shall be deemed to have been complied with.
  - (4) Wharves.
- (a) Definition, application. The term wharf shall mean any wharf, pier, bulkhead, or other structure over or contiguous to navigable water used in conjunction with a bulk plant, the primary function of which is the transfer of flammable or combustible liquid cargo in bulk between the bulk plant and any tank vessel, ship, barge, lighter boat, or other mobile floating craft; and this subparagraph shall apply to all such installations except marine service stations as covered in WAC 296–24–33015.
- (b) Package cargo. Package cargo of flammable and combustible liquids, including full and empty drums, bulk fuel, and stores may be handled over a wharf and at such times and places as may be agreed upon by the wharf superintendent and the senior deck officer on duty.
- (c) Location. Wharves at which flammable or combustible liquid cargoes are to be transferred in bulk quantities to or from tank vessels shall be at least 100 feet from any bridge over a navigable waterway, or from an entrance to or superstructure of any vehicular or railroad tunnel under a waterway. The termination of the wharf loading or unloading fixed piping shall be at least 200 feet from a bridge or from an entrance to or superstructure of a tunnel.
- (d) Design and construction. Substructure and deck shall be substantially designed for the use intended. Deck may employ any material which will afford the desired combination of flexibility, resistance to shock, durability, strength, and fire resistance. Heavy timber construction is acceptable.

- (e) Tanks. Tanks used exclusively for ballast water or Class II or Class III liquids may be installed on suitably designed wharves.
- (f) Pumps. Loading pumps capable of building up pressures in excess of the safe working pressure of cargo hose or loading arms shall be provided with bypasses, relief valves, or other arrangement to protect the loading facilities against excessive pressure. Relief devices shall be tested at not more than yearly intervals to determine that they function satisfactorily at the pressure at which they are set.
- (g) Hoses and couplings. All pressure hoses and couplings shall be inspected at intervals appropriate to the service. The hose and couplings shall be tested with the hose extended and using the "inservice maximum operating pressures." Any hose showing material deteriorations, signs of leakage, or weakness in its carcass or at the couplings shall be withdrawn from service and repaired or discarded.
- (h) Piping and fittings. Piping, valves, and fittings shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-33007 with the following exceptions and additions:
- (i) Flexibility of piping shall be assured by appropriate layout and arrangement of piping supports so that motion of the wharf structure resulting from wave action, currents, tides, or the mooring of vessels will not subject the pipe to repeated strain beyond the elastic limit.
- (ii) Pipe joints depending upon the friction characteristics of combustible materials or grooving of pipe ends for mechanical continuity of piping shall not be used.
- (iii) Swivel joints may be used in piping to which hoses are connected, and for articulated swivel—joint transfer systems, provided that the design is such that the mechanical strength of joint will not be impaired if the packing material should fail, as by exposure to fire.
- (iv) Piping systems shall contain a sufficient number of valves to operate the system properly and to control the flow of liquid in normal operation and in the event of physical damage.
- (v) In addition to the requirements of (4)(h)(iv), each line conveying flammable liquids leading to a wharf shall be provided with a readily accessible block valve located on shore near the approach to the wharf and outside of any diked area. Where more than one line is involved, the valves shall be grouped in one location.
- (vi) Means of easy access shall be provided for cargo line valves located below the wharf deck.
- (vii) Pipelines on flammable or combustible liquids wharves shall be adequately bonded and grounded. If excessive stray currents are encountered, insulating points shall be installed. Bonding and grounding connections on all pipelines shall be located on wharfside of hose-riser insulating flanges, if used, and shall be accessible for inspection.
- (viii) Hose or articulated swivel—joint pipe connections used for cargo transfer shall be capable of accommodating the combined effects of change in draft and maximum tidal range, and mooring lines shall be kept adjusted to prevent the surge of the vessel from placing stress on the cargo transfer system.

- (ix) Hose shall be supported so as to avoid kinking and damage from chafing.
- (i) Fire protection. Suitable portable fire extinguishers with a rating of not less than 12–BC shall be located with 75 feet of those portions of the facility where fires are likely to occur, such as hose connections, pumps, and separator tanks.
- (i) Where piped water is available, ready-connected fire hose in size appropriate for the water supply shall be provided so that manifolds where connections are made and broken can be reached by at least one hose stream.
- (ii) Material shall not be placed on wharves in such a manner as to obstruct access to firefighting equipment, or important pipeline control valves.
- (iii) Where the wharf is accessible to vehicle traffic, an unobstructed roadway to the shore end of the wharf shall be maintained for access of firefighting apparatus.
- (j) Operations control. Loading or discharging shall not commence until the wharf superintendent and officer in charge of the tank vessel agree that the tank vessel is properly moored and all connections are properly made. Mechanical work shall not be performed on the wharf during cargo transfer, except under special authorization by a delegated person or his authorized representative based on a review of the area involved, methods to be employed, and precaution necessary.
  - (5) Electrical equipment.
- (a) Application. This subsection shall apply to areas where Class I liquids are stored or handled. For areas where Class II or Class III liquids only are stored or handled, the electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for ordinary locations.
- (b) Conformance. All electrical equipment and wiring shall be of a type specified by and shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (c) Classification. So far as it applies Table H-18 shall be used to delineate and classify hazardous areas for the purpose of installation of electrical equipment under normal circumstances. In Table H-18 a classified area shall not extend beyond an unpierced wall, roof, or other solid partition. The area classifications listed shall be based on the premise that the installation meets the applicable requirements of this section in all respects.

TABLE H-18
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS
AREAS—BULK PLANTS

Location	NEC Class I Group D division	Extent of classified area
Tank vehicle and tank car: 1 Loading through open dome	1	Within 3 feet of edge of dome, extending in all directions.

[Title 296 WAC-p 635]

### TABLE H-18

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS AREAS—BULK PLANTS

# TABLE H-18 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS AREAS—BULK PLANTS

Location	NEC Class I Group D division	Extent of classified area	Location	NEC Class I Group D division	Extent of classified area
Loading through bot-	2	Area between 3 feet and 5 feet from edge of dome, extending in all directions.		2	Area between 3 feet and 5 feet from vent or fill opening, extending in all directions. Also up to 18
tom connections with atmospheric venting —	1	Within 3 feet of point of venting to atmosphere, extending in all			inches above floor or grade level within a hori- zontal radius of 10 feet from vent or fill opening.
	2	directions. Area between 3 feet and 5	Tank—Aboveground: Shell, ends, or roof and dike area	2	Within 10 feet from shell,
		feet from point of vent- ing to atmosphere, ex- tending in all directions.		2	ends, or roof of tank, area inside dikes to level of top of dike.
		Also up to 18 inches above grade within a horizontal radius of 10 feet from point of load-	Vent-	1	Within 5 feet of open end of vent, extending in all directions.
Loading through closed dome with atmos-		ing connection.		2	Area between 5 feet and 10 feet from open end of vent, extending in all
pheric venting ———	1	Within 3 feet of open end of vent, extending in all directions.	Floating roof	1	directions.  Area above the roof and within the shell.
	2	Area between 3 feet and 5 feet from open end of vent, extending in all directions. Also within 3 feet of edge of dome, extending in all directions.	Pits: Without mechanical ventilation	1	Entire area within pit if any part is within a Division 1 or 2 classified area.
Loading through closed dome with vapor re-		-	With mechanical venti-	2	Entire area within pit if
covery	2	Within 3 feet of point of connection of both fill and vapor lines, extending in all directions.	Containing valves, fit-		any part is within a Divi- sion 1 or 2 classified area.
Bottom loading with vapor recovery or any bottom unloading	2	Within 3 feet of point of	tings or piping, and not within a Division 1 or 2 classified area –	2	Entine mit
Ū		connections extending in all directions. Also up to 18 inches above grade within a horizontal ra-	Pumps, bleeders, with- drawal fittings, me- ters and similar		Entire pit.
Drum and container		dius of 10 feet from point of connection.	devices: Indoors	2	Within 5 feet of any edge of such devices, extend-
filling: Outdoors, or indoors with adequate venti-					ing in all directions. Also up to 3 feet above floor or grade level within 25
lation —	1	Within 3 feet of vent and fill opening, extending in all directions.	Outdoors ————	2	feet horizontally from any edge of such devices. Within 3 feet of any edge of such devices, extend-
	2	Area between 3 feet and 5 feet from vent or fill opening, extending in all directions. Also up to 18 inches above floor or grade level within a hori-			ing in all directions. Also up to 18 inches above grade level within 10 feet horizontally from any edge of such devices.
Outdoors, or indoors		zontal radius of 10 feet from vent or fill opening.	Storage and repair garage for tank vehicles		All pits or spaces below floor level.
with adequate venti- lation ——————	1	Within 3 feet of vent and fill opening, extending in all directions.		2	Area up to 18 inches above floor or grade level for entire storage or repair garage.

## TABLE H-18 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS AREAS—BULK PLANTS

Location	NEC Class I Group D division	Extent of classified area
Drainage ditches, separa- tors, impounding ba-		
sins	2	Area up to 18 inches above ditch, separator or basin. Also up to 18 inches above grade within 15 feet horizontally from any edge.
Garages for other than	0-4:	TC thank is any anadina to
tank vehicles	— Ordinary	If there is any opening to these rooms within the extent of an outdoor classified area, the entire room shall be classified the same as the area classification at the point of the opening.
Outdoor drum storage  Indoor warehousing where there is no flammable	— Ordinary	
liquid transfer	— Ordinary	If there is any opening to these rooms within the extent of an indoor clas- sified area, the room shall be classified the same as if the wall, curb or partition did not exist.
Office and rest rooms -	— Ordinary	

<sup>1</sup>When classifying the extent of the area, consideration shall be given to the fact that tank cars or tank vehicles may be spotted at varying points. Therefore, the extremities of the loading or unloading positions shall be used.

- (6) Sources of ignition. Class I liquids shall not be handled, drawn, or dispensed where flammable vapors may reach a source of ignition. Smoking shall be prohibited except in designated localities. "No smoking" signs shall be conspicuously posted where hazard from flammable liquid vapors is normally present.
- (7) Drainage and waste disposal. Provision shall be made to prevent flammable or combustible liquids which may be spilled at loading or unloading points from entering public sewers and drainage systems, or natural waterways. Connection to such sewers, drains, or waterways by which flammable or combustible liquids might enter shall be provided with separator boxes or other approved means whereby such entry is precluded. Crankcase drainings and flammable or combustible liquids shall not be dumped into sewers, but shall be stored in tanks or tight drums outside of any building until removed from the premises.
- (8) Fire control. Suitable fire-control devices, such as small hose or portable fire extinguishers, shall be available to locations where fires are likely to occur. Additional fire-control equipment may be required where a tank of more than 50,000 gallons individual capacity contains Class I liquids and where an unusual exposure

hazard exists from surrounding property. Such additional fire—control equipment shall be sufficient to extinguish a fire in the largest tank. The design and amount of such equipment shall be in accordance with approved engineering standards.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–33013, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–33013, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–33013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33013, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-33015 Service stations. (1) Storage and handling.

- (a) General provisions.
- (i) Liquids shall be stored in approved closed containers not exceeding 60 gallons capacity, in tanks located underground, in tanks in special enclosures as described in (b) of this subsection, or in aboveground tanks as provided for in (3)(b)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this section.
- (ii) Aboveground tanks, located in an adjoining bulk plant, may be connected by piping to service station underground tanks if, in addition to valves at aboveground tanks, a valve is also installed within control of service station personnel.
- (iii) Apparatus dispensing Class I liquids into the fuel tanks of motor vehicles of the public shall not be located at a bulk plant unless separated by a fence or similar barrier from the area in which bulk operations are conducted.
- (iv) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall not prohibit the dispensing of flammable liquids in the open from a tank vehicle to a motor vehicle. Such dispensing shall be permitted provided:
- (A) The tank vehicle complies with the requirements covered in the Standard on Tank Vehicles for Flammable Liquids, NFPA 385-1966.
- (B) The dispensing is done on premises not open to the public.
- (C) The dispensing hose does not exceed 50 feet in length.
- (D) The dispensing nozzle is a listed automatic-closing type without a latch-open device.
- (vi) Class I liquids shall not be stored or handled within a building having a basement or pit into which flammable vapors may travel, unless such area is provided with ventilation designed to prevent the accumulation of flammable vapors therein.
- (vii) Accurate inventory records shall be maintained and reconciled on all Class I liquid storage tanks for possible indication of leakage from tanks or piping.
  - (b) Special enclosures.
- (i) When installation of tanks in accordance with WAC 296-24-33005(3) is impractical because of property or building limitations, tanks for flammable or combustible liquids may be installed in buildings if properly enclosed.
- (ii) The enclosure shall be substantially liquid and vaportight without backfill. Sides, top, and bottom of the enclosure shall be of reinforced concrete at least 6 inches thick, with openings for inspection through the top only. Tank connections shall be so piped or closed that neither

vapors nor liquid can escape into the enclosed space. Means shall be provided whereby portable equipment may be employed to discharge to the outside any liquid or vapors which might accumulate should leakage occur.

- (iii) At automotive service stations provided in connection with tenant or customer parking facilities at or below grade level in large buildings of commercial, mercantile, or residential occupancy, tanks containing Class I liquids, installed of necessity in accordance with subsection (1)(b)(ii) of this section, shall not exceed 6,000 gallons individual or 18,000 gallons aggregate capacity.
  - (c) Inside buildings.
- (i) Except where stored in tanks as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section, no Class I liquids shall be stored within any service station building except in closed containers of aggregate capacity not exceeding 60 gallons. One container not exceeding 60 gallons capacity equipped with an approved pump is permitted.
- (ii) Class I liquids may be transferred from one container to another in lubrication or service rooms of a service station building provided the electrical installation complies with Table H-19 and provided that any heating equipment complies with subsection (5) of this section.
- (iii) Class II and Class III liquids may be stored and dispensed inside service station buildings from tanks of not more than 120 gallons capacity each.
- (d) Labeling. No sale or purchase of any Class I, II, or III liquids shall be made in containers unless such containers are clearly marked with the name of the product contained therein.
- (e) Dispensing into portable containers. No delivery of any Class I liquids shall be made into portable containers unless the container is constructed of metal, has a tight closure with screwed or spring cover, and is fitted with a spout or so designed that the contents can be poured without spilling.
  - (2) Dispensing systems.
- (a) Location. Dispensing devices at automotive service stations shall be so located that all parts of the vehicle being served will be on the premises of the service station.
- (b) Inside location. Approved dispensing units may be located inside of buildings. The dispensing area shall be separated from other areas in an approved manner. The dispensing unit and its piping shall be mounted either on a concrete island or protected against collision damage by suitable means and shall be located in a position where it cannot be struck by a vehicle descending a ramp or other slope out of control. The dispensing area shall be provided with an approved mechanical or gravity ventilation system. When dispensing units are located below grade, only approved mechanical ventilation shall be used and the entire dispensing area shall be protected by an approved automatic sprinkler system. Ventilating systems shall be electrically interlocked with gasoline dispensing units so that the dispensing units cannot be operated unless the ventilating fan motors are energized.
- (c) Emergency power cutoff. A clearly identified and easily accessible switch(es) or a circuit breaker(s) shall

be provided at a location remote from dispensing devices, including remote pumping systems, to shut off the power to all dispensing devices in the event of an emergency.

- (d) Dispensing units.
- (i) Class I liquids shall be transferred from tanks by means of fixed pumps so designed and equipped as to allow control of the flow and to prevent leakage or accidental discharge.
- (ii) Only listed devices may be used for dispensing Class I liquids. No such device may be used if it shows evidence of having been dismantled.
- (iii) Every dispensing device for Class I liquids installed after December 31, 1978, shall contain evidence of listing so placed that any attempt to dismantle the device will result in damage to such evidence, visible without disassembly or dismounting of the nozzle.
- (iv) Class I liquids shall not be dispensed by pressure from drums, barrels, and similar containers. Approved pumps taking suction through the top of the container or approved self—closing faucets shall be used.
- (v) The dispensing units, except those attached to containers, shall be mounted either on a concrete island or protected against collision damage by suitable means.
  - (e) Remote pumping systems.
- (i) This subdivision shall apply to systems for dispensing Class I liquids where such liquids are transferred from storage to individual or multiple dispensing units by pumps located elsewhere than at the dispensing units.
- (ii) Pumps shall be designed or equipped so that no part of the system will be subjected to pressures above its allowable working pressure. Pumps installed above grade, outside of buildings, shall be located not less than 10 feet from lines of adjoining property which is/or may be built upon, and not less than 5 feet from any building opening. When an outside pump location is impractical, pumps may be installed inside of buildings, as provided for dispensers in (b) of this subsection, or in pits as provided in (e)(iii) of this subsection. Pumps shall be substantially anchored and protected against physical damage by vehicles.
- (iii) Pits for subsurface pumps or piping manifolds of submersible pumps shall withstand the external forces to which they may be subjected without damage to the pump, tank, or piping. The pit shall be no larger than necessary for inspection and maintenance and shall be provided with a fitted cover.
- (iv) A control shall be provided that will permit the pump to operate only when a dispensing nozzle is removed from its bracket on the dispensing unit and the switch on this dispensing unit is manually actuated. This control shall also stop the pump when all nozzles have been returned to their brackets.
- (v) An approved impact valve, incorporating a fusible link, designed to close automatically in the event of severe impact or fire exposure shall be properly installed in the dispensing supply line at the base of each individual dispensing device.
- (vi) Testing. After the completion of the installation, including any paving, that section of the pressure piping

system between the pump discharge and the connection for the dispensing facility shall be tested for at least 30 minutes at the maximum operating pressure of the system. Such tests shall be repeated at 5-year intervals thereafter.

- (f) Delivery nozzles.
- (i) A listed manual or automatic—closing type hose nozzle valve shall be provided on dispensers used for the dispensing of Class I liquids.
- (ii) Manual-closing type valves shall be held open manually during dispensing. Automatic-closing type valves may be used in conjunction with an approved latch-open device.
  - (g) Special type dispensers.
- (i) Emergency controls shall be installed at an acceptable location, but controls shall not be more than 100 feet from dispensers.
- (ii) Instructions for the operation of dispensers shall be conspicuously posted.
  - (3) Marine service stations.
  - (a) Dispensing.
- (i) The dispensing area shall be located away from other structures so as to provide room for safe ingress and egress of craft to be fueled. Dispensing units shall in all cases be at least 20 feet from any activity involving fixed sources of ignition.
- (ii) Dispensing shall be by approved dispensing units with or without integral pumps and may be located on open piers, wharves, or floating docks or on shore or on piers of the solid fill type.
- (iii) Dispensing nozzles shall be automatic-closing without a hold-open latch.
  - (b) Tanks and pumps.
- (i) Tanks, and pumps not integral with the dispensing unit, shall be on shore or on a pier of the solid fill type, except as provided below.
- (ii) Where shore location would require excessively long supply lines to dispensers, tanks may be installed on a pier provided that applicable portions of WAC 296-24-33005 relative to spacing, diking, and piping are complied with and the quantity so stored does not exceed 1,100 gallons aggregate capacity.
- (iii) Shore tanks supplying marine service stations may be located above ground, where rock ledges or high water table make underground tanks impractical.
- (iv) Where tanks are at an elevation which would produce gravity head on the dispensing unit, the tank outlet shall be equipped with a pressure control valve positioned adjacent to and outside the tank block valve specified in WAC 296-24-33005 (2)(h)(ii), so adjusted that liquid cannot flow by gravity from the tank in case of piping or hose failure.
  - (c) Piping.
- (i) Piping between shore tanks and dispensing units shall be as described in WAC 296-24-33007, except that, where dispensing is from a floating structure, suitable lengths of oil-resistant flexible hose may be employed between the shore piping and the piping on the floating structure as made necessary by change in water level or shoreline.

- (ii) A readily accessible valve to shut off the supply from shore shall be provided in each pipeline at or near the approach to the pier and at the shore end of each pipeline adjacent to the point where flexible hose is attached.
- (iii) Piping shall be located so as to be protected from physical damage.
- (iv) Piping handling Class I liquids shall be grounded to control stray currents.
  - (4) Electrical equipment.
- (a) Application. This subsection shall apply to areas where Class I liquids are stored or handled. For areas where Class II or Class III liquids are stored or handled the electrical equipment may be installed in accordance with the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for ordinary locations.
- (b) All electrical equipment and wiring shall be of a type specified by and shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (c) So far as it applies, Table H-19 shall be used to delineate and classify hazardous areas for the purpose of installation of electrical equipment under normal circumstances. A classified area shall not extend beyond an unpierced wall, roof, or other solid partition.
- (d) The area classifications listed shall be based on the assumption that the installation meets the applicable requirements of this section in all respects.

# TABLE H-19 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS AREAS—SERVICE STATIONS

Location	NEC Class 1, Group D division	Extent of classified area
Jnderground tank:		
Fill opening	1	Any pit, box or space be- low grade level, any part of which is within the Division 1 or 2 classified area.
	2	Up to 18 inches above grade level within a horizontal radius of 10 feet from a loose fill connection and within a horizontal radius of 5 feet from a tight fill connection.
Vent—Discharging u ward———	p- 1	Within 3 feet of open end of vent, extending in all directions.
	2	Area between 3 feet and 5 feet of open end of vent, extending in all directions.
Dispenser:		
Pits	1	Any pit, box or space be- low grade level, any part of which is within the Division 1 or 2 classified area.

## TABLE H-19 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HAZARDOUS AREAS—SERVICE STATIONS

Location	NEC Class 1, Group D division	Extent of classified area
Dispenser enclosure	1	The area 4 feet vertically above base within the enclosure and 18 inches horizontally in all directions.
Outdoor  Indoor:	2	Up to 18 inches above grade level within 20 feet horizontally of any edge of enclosure.
With mechanical		
With growity vertile	2	Up to 18 inches above grade or floor level within 20 feet horizontally of any edge of enclosure.
With gravity ventila- tion ————————————————————————————————————	2	Up to 18 inches above grade or floor level within 25 feet horizon- tally of any edge of enclosure.
Remote pump—Outdoor —	1	Any pit, box or space be- low grade level if any part is within a horizon- tal distance of 10 feet from any edge of pump.
	2	Within 3 feet of any edge of pump, extending in all directions. Also up to 18 inches above grade level within 10 feet horizon- tally from any edge of pump.
Remote pump—Indoor——	1 2	Entire area within any pit. Within 5 feet of any edge of pump, extending in all directions. Also up to 3 feet above floor or grade level within 25 feet horizontally from any edge of pump.
Lubrication or service room	1 2	Entire area within any pit. Area up to 18 inches above floor or grade level within entire lubrication room.
Dispenser for Class I liq- uids	2	Within 3 feet of any fill or dispensing point, extending in all directions.
Special enclosure inside building per WAC 296-24-33013	,	
(1)(b)——————————————————————————————————	1	Entire enclosure.
rooms ———	— Ordinary	If there is any opening to these rooms within the extent of a Division I area, the entire room shall be classified as Di- vision 1.

(5) Heating equipment.

- (a) Conformance. Heating equipment shall be installed as provided in (b) through (e) of this subsection.
- (b) Application. Heating equipment may be installed in the conventional manner in an area except as provided in (c), (d) or (e) of this subsection.
- (c) Special room. Heating equipment may be installed in a special room separated from an area classified by Table H-19 by walls having a fire resistance rating of at least 1 hour and without any openings in the walls within 8 feet of the floor into an area classified in Table H-19. This room shall not be used for combustible storage and all air for combustion purposes shall come from outside the building.
- (d) Work areas. Heating equipment using gas or oil fuel may be installed in the lubrication, sales, or service room where there is no dispensing or transferring of Class I liquids provided the bottom of the combustion chamber is at least 18 inches above the floor and the heating equipment is protected from physical damage by vehicles. Heating equipment using gas or oil fuel listed for use in garages may be installed in the lubrication or service room where Class I liquids are dispensed provided the equipment is installed at least 8 feet above the floor.
- (e) Electric heat. Electrical heating equipment shall conform to subsection (4) of this section.
- (6) Drainage and waste disposal. Provision shall be made in the area where Class I liquids are dispensed to prevent spilled liquids from flowing into the interior of service station buildings. Such provision may be by grading driveways, raising door sills, or other equally effective means. Crankcase drainings and flammable or combustible liquids shall not be dumped into sewers but shall be stored in tanks or drums outside of any building until removed from the premises.
- (7) Sources of ignition. In addition to the previous restrictions of this section, the following shall apply: There shall be no smoking or open flames in the areas used for fueling, servicing fuel systems for internal combustion engines, receiving or dispensing of flammable or combustible liquids. Conspicuous and legible signs prohibiting smoking shall be posted within sight of the customer being served. The motors of all equipment being fueled shall be shut off during the fueling operation.
- (8) Fire control. Each service station shall be provided with at least one fire extinguisher having a minimum approved classification of 6 B, C located so that an extinguisher will be within 75 feet of each pump, dispenser, underground fill pipe opening, and lubrication or service room.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85-10-004 (Order 85-09), § 296-24-33015, filed 4/19/85; 83-24-013 (Order 83-34), § 296-24-33015, filed 11/30/83; Order 76-6, § 296-24-33015, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-33015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-33015, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-33017 Processing plants. (1) Scope. This section shall apply to those plants or buildings which contain chemical operations such as oxidation, reduction, halogenation, hydrogenation, alkylation, polymerization, and other chemical processes but shall not apply to chemical plants, refineries or distilleries.

- (2) Location.
- (a) Classification. The location of each processing vessel shall be based upon its flammable or combustible liquid capacity. Processing vessels shall be located, with respect to distances to lines of adjoining property which may be built upon, in accordance with Table H-20, except when the processing plant is designed in accordance with (2)(b) of this section.

TABLE H-20

Processing vessels with emergency relief venting to permit pressure	Stable liquids	Unstable liquids
Not in excess of 2.5 p.s.i.g.	Table H-9	2 1/2 times Table H–9.
Over 2.5. p.s.i.g.	1 1/2 times Table H-9.	4 times

- (b) Exception. The distances required in (2)(a) of this section may be waived when the vessels are housed within a building and the exterior wall facing the line of adjoining property which may be built upon is a blank wall having a fire—resistance rating of not less than 4 hours. When Class IA or unstable liquids are handled, the blank wall shall have explosion resistance in accordance with good engineering practice, see (3)(d) of this section.
  - (3) Processing building.
  - (a) Construction.
- (i) Processing buildings shall be of fire-resistance or noncombustible construction, except heavy timber construction with load-bearing walls may be permitted for plants utilizing only stable Class II or Class III liquids. Except as provided in (2)(b) of this section or in the case of explosion resistant walls used in conjunction with explosion relieving facilities, see (3)(d) of this section, loadbearing walls are prohibited. Buildings shall be without basements or covered pits.
- (ii) Areas shall have adequate exit facilities arranged to prevent occupants from being trapped in the event of fire. Exits shall not be exposed by the drainage facilities described in (3)(b) of this section.
  - (b) Drainage.
- (i) Emergency drainage systems shall be provided to direct flammable or combustible liquid leakage and fire protection water to a safe location. This may require curbs, scuppers, or special drainage systems to control the spread of fire, see WAC 296-24-33005 (2)(g)(ii).
- (ii) Emergency drainage systems, if connected to public sewers or discharged into public waterways, shall be equipped with traps or separators.
- (iii) The processing plant shall be designed and operated to prevent the normal discharge of flammable or combustible liquids to public waterways, public sewers, or adjoining property.
  - (c) Ventilation.

- (i) Enclosed processing buildings shall be ventilated at a rate of not less than 1 cubic foot per minute per square foot of solid floor area. This shall be accomplished by natural or mechanical ventilation with discharge or exhaust to a safe location outside of the building. Provision shall be made for introduction of makeup air in such a manner as not to short circuit the ventilation. Ventilation shall be arranged to include all floor areas or pits where flammable vapors may collect.
- (ii) Equipment used in a building and the ventilation of the building shall be designed so as to limit flammable vapor—air mixtures under normal operating conditions to the interior of equipment, and to not more than 5 feet from equipment which exposes Class I liquids to the air. Examples of such equipment are dispensing stations, open centrifuges, plate and frame filters, open vacuum filters, and surfaces of open equipment.
- (d) Explosion relief. Areas where Class IA or unstable liquids are processed shall have explosion venting through one or more of the following methods:
  - (i) Open air construction.
  - (ii) Lightweight walls and roof.
  - (iii) Lightweight wall panels and roof hatches.
  - (iv) Windows of explosion venting type.
  - (4) Liquid handling.
  - (a) Storage.
- (i) The storage of flammable or combustible liquids in tanks shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of WAC 296-24-33005.
- (ii) If the storage of flammable or combustible liquids in outside aboveground or underground tanks is not practical because of temperature or production considerations, tanks may be permitted inside of buildings or structures in accordance with the applicable provisions of WAC 296-24-33005.
- (iii) Storage tanks inside of buildings shall be permitted only in areas at or above grade which have adequate drainage and are separated from the processing area by construction having a fire resistance rating of at least 2 hours.
- (iv) The storage of flammable or combustible liquids in containers shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of WAC 296-24-33009.
  - (b) Piping, valves, and fittings.
- (i) Piping, valves, and fittings shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-33007.
- (ii) Approved flexible connectors may be used where vibration exists or where frequent movement is necessary. Approved hose may be used at transfer stations.
- (iii) Piping containing flammable or combustible liquids shall be identified.
  - (c) Transfer.
- (i) The transfer of large quantities of flammable or combustible liquids shall be through piping by means of pumps or water displacement. Except as required in process equipment, gravity flow shall not be used. The use of compressed air as a transferring medium is prohibited.
- (ii) Positive displacement pumps shall be provided with pressure relief discharging back to the tank or to pump suction.

- (d) Equipment.
- (i) Equipment shall be designed and arranged to prevent the unintentional escape of liquids and vapors and to minimize the quantity escaping in the event of accidental release.
- (ii) Where the vapor space of equipment is usually within the flammable range, the probability of explosion damage to the equipment can be limited by inerting, by providing an explosion suppression system, or by designing the equipment to contain the peak explosion pressure which may be modified by explosion relief. Where the special hazards of operation, sources of ignition, or exposures indicate a need, consideration shall be given to providing protection by one or more of the above means.
- (5) Tank vehicle and tank car loading and unloading. Tank vehicle and tank car loading or unloading facilities shall be separated from aboveground tanks, warehouses, other plant buildings, or nearest line of adjoining property which may be built upon by a distance of 25 feet for Class I liquids and 15 feet for Class II and Class III liquids measured from the nearest position of any fill stem. Buildings for pumps or shelters for personnel may be a part of the facility. Operations of the facility shall comply with the appropriate portions of WAC 296-24-33013(3).
  - (6) Fire control.
- (a) Portable extinguishers. Approved portable fire extinguishers of appropriate size, type and number shall be provided.
- (b) Other controls. Where the special hazards of operation or exposure indicate a need, the following fire control provision shall be provided.
- (i) A reliable water supply shall be available in pressure and quantity adequate to meet the probable fire demands.
- (ii) Hydrants shall be provided in accordance with accepted good practice.
- (iii) Hose connected to a source of water shall be installed so that all vessels, pumps, and other equipment containing flammable or combustible liquids can be reached with at least one hose stream. Nozzles that are capable of discharging a water spray shall be provided.
- (iv) Processing plants shall be protected by an approved automatic sprinkler system or equivalent extinguishing system. If special extinguishing systems including but not limited to those employing foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical are provided, approved equipment shall be used and installed in an approved manner.
- (c) Alarm systems. An approved means for prompt notification of fire to those within the plant and any public fire department available shall be provided. It may be advisable to connect the plant system with the public system where public fire alarm system is available.
- (d) Maintenance. All plant fire protection facilities shall be adequately maintained and periodically inspected and tested to make sure they are always in satisfactory operating condition and that they will serve their purpose in time of emergency.
  - (7) Sources of ignition.

- (a) General.
- (i) Precautions shall be taken to prevent the ignition of flammable vapors. Sources of ignition include but are not limited to open flames; lightning; smoking; cutting and welding; hot surfaces; frictional heat; static, electrical, any mechanical sparks; spontaneous ignition, including heat-producing chemical reactions; and radiant heat.
- (ii) Class I liquids shall not be dispensed into containers unless the nozzle and container are electrically interconnected. Where the metallic floorplate on which the container stands while filling is electrically connected to the fill stem or where the fill stem is bonded to the container during filling operations by means of a bond wire, the provisions of this section shall be deemed to have been complied with.
  - (b) Maintenance and repair.
- (i) When necessary to do maintenance work in a flammable or combustible liquid processing area, the work shall be authorized by a responsible representative of the employer.
- (ii) Hot work such as welding or cutting operations, use of spark-producing power tools, and chipping operations shall be permitted only under supervision of an individual in responsible charge who shall make an inspection of the area to be sure that it is safe for the work to be done and that safe procedures will be followed for the work specified.
  - (c) Electrical.
- (i) All electrical wiring and equipment within storage or processing areas shall be installed in accordance with nationally recognized good practice.
- (ii) Locations where flammable vapor-air mixtures may exist under normal operations shall be classified Class I, Division 1 according to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. For those pieces of equipment installed in accordance with (3)(c)(ii) of this section, the Division 1 area shall extend 5 feet in all directions from all points of vapor liberation. All areas within pits shall be classified Division 1 if any part of the pit is within a Division 1 or 2 classified area, unless the pit is provided with mechanical ventilation.
- (iii) Locations where flammable vapor-air mixtures may exist under abnormal conditions and for a distance beyond Division 1 locations shall be classified Division 2 according to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. These locations include an area within 20 feet horizontally, 3 feet vertically beyond a Division 1 area, and up to 3 feet above floor or grade level within 25 feet, if indoors, or 10 feet if outdoors, from any pump, bleeder, withdrawal fittings, meter, or similar device handling Class I liquids. Pits provided with adequate mechanical ventilation within a Division 1 or 2 area shall be classified Division 2. If Class II or Class III liquids only are handled, then ordinary electrical equipment is satisfactory though care shall be used in locating electrical apparatus to prevent hot metal from falling into open equipment.
- (iv) Where the provisions of (7)(c)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section require the installation of explosion-proof equipment, ordinary electrical equipment including

switchgear may be used if installed in a room or enclosure which is maintained under positive pressure with respect to the hazardous area. Ventilation makeup air shall be uncontaminated by flammable vapors.

- (8) Housekeeping.
- (a) General. Maintenance and operating practices shall be in accordance with established procedures which will tend to control leakage and prevent the accidental escape of flammable or combustible liquids. Spills shall be cleaned up promptly.
- (b) Access. Adequate aisles shall be maintained for unobstructed movement of personnel and so that fire protection equipment can be brought to bear on any part of the processing equipment.
- (c) Waste and residues. Combustible waste material and residues in a building or operating area shall be kept to a minimum, stored in closed metal waste cans, and disposed of daily.
- (d) Clear zone. Ground area around buildings and operating areas shall be kept free of tall grass, weeds, trash, or other combustible materials.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–33017, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–33017, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–33017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–33017, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-33019 Refineries, chemical plants, and distilleries. (1) Storage tanks. Flammable or combustible liquids shall be stored in tanks, in containers, or in portable tanks. Tanks shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-33005. Tanks for the storage of flammable or combustible liquids in tank farms and in locations other than process areas shall be located in accordance with WAC 296-24-33005 (2)(a) and (b).
- (2) Wharves. Wharves handling flammable or combustible liquids shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-33013(4).
  - (3) Fired and unfired pressure vessels.
- (a) Fired vessels. Fired pressure vessels shall be constructed in accordance with the Code for Fired Pressure Vessels, section I of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code—1968.
- (b) Unfired vessels shall be constructed in accordance with the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels, section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code—1968.
- (4) Location of process units. Process units shall be located so that they are accessible from at least one side for the purpose of fire control. Where topographical conditions are such that flammable or combustible liquids may flow from a processing area so as to constitute a fire hazard to property of others, provision shall be made to divert or impound the flow by curbs, drains, or other suitable means.
  - (5) Fire control.
- (a) Portable equipment. Portable fire extinguishment and control equipment shall be provided in such quantities and types as are needed for the special hazards of operation and storage.
- (b) Water supply. Water shall be available in volume and at adequate pressure to supply water hose streams,

foam producing equipment, automatic sprinklers, or water spray systems as the need is indicated by the special hazards of operation and storage.

(c) Special equipment. Special extinguishing equipment such as that utilizing foam, inert gas, or dry chemical shall be provided as the need is indicated by the special hazards of operation and storage.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-33019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-33019, filed 5/7/73.]

### WAC 296-24-370 Spray finishing using flammable and combustible materials.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-370, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-370, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37001 Definitions. (1) Aerated solid powders. Aerated powders shall mean any powdered material used as a coating material which shall be fluidized within a container by passing air uniformly from below. It is common practice to fluidize such materials to form a fluidized powder bed and then dip the part to be coated into the bed in a manner similar to that used in liquid dipping. Such beds are also used as sources for powder spray operations.
- (2) Spraying area. Any area in which dangerous quantities of flammable vapors or mists, or combustible residues, dusts, or deposits are present due to the operation of spraying processes.
- (3) Spray booth. A power-ventilated structure provided to enclose or accommodate a spraying operation to confine and limit the escape of spray, vapor, and residue, and to safely conduct or direct them to an exhaust system.
- (4) Waterwash spray booth. A spray booth equipped with a water washing system designed to minimize dusts or residues entering exhaust ducts and to permit the recovery of overspray finishing material.
- (5) Dry spray booth. A spray booth not equipped with a water washing system as described in subsection (4) of this section. A dry spray booth may be equipped with (a) distribution or baffle plates to promote an even flow of air through the booth or cause the deposit of overspray before it enters the exhaust duct; or (b) overspray dry filters to minimize dusts; or (c) overspray dry filters to minimize dusts or residues entering exhaust ducts; or (d) overspray dry filter rolls designed to minimize dusts or residues entering exhaust ducts; or (e) where dry powders are being sprayed, with powder collection systems so arranged in the exhaust to capture oversprayed material.
- (6) Fluidized bed. A container holding powder coating material which is aerated from below so as to form an air-supported expanded cloud of such material through which the preheated object to be coated is immersed and transported.
- (7) Electrostatic fluidized bed. A container holding powder coating material which is aerated from below so as to form an air-supported expanded cloud of such material which is electrically charged with a charge opposite to the charge of the object to be coated; such object

is transported through the container immediately above the charged and aerated materials in order to be coated.

- (8) Approved. Shall mean approved and listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CRF 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (9) Listed. See "approved" in subsection (8) of this section.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-37001, filed 11/14/88; Order 76-6, § 296-24-37001, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-37001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37001, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37003 Spray booths. (1) Construction. Spray booths shall be substantially constructed of steel, securely and rigidly supported, or of concrete or masonry except that aluminum or other substantial noncombustible material may be used for intermittent or low volume spraying. Spray booths shall be designed to sweep air currents toward the exhaust outlet.
- (2) Interiors. The interior surfaces of spray booths shall be smooth and continuous without edges and otherwise designed to prevent pocketing of residues and facilitate cleaning and washing without injury.
- (3) Floors. The floor surface of a spray booth and operator's working area, if combustible, shall be covered with noncombustible material of such character as to facilitate the safe cleaning and removal of residues.
- (4) Distribution or baffle plates. Distribution or baffle plates, if installed to promote an even flow of air through the booth or cause the deposit of overspray before it enters the exhaust duct, shall be of noncombustible material and readily removable or accessible on both sides for cleaning. Such plates shall not be located in exhaust ducts.
- (5) Dry type overspray collectors—(Exhaust air filters). In conventional dry type spray booths, overspray dry filters or filter rolls, if installed, shall conform to the following:
- (a) The spraying operations except electrostatic spraying operations shall be so designed, installed and maintained that the average air velocity over the open face of the booth (or booth cross section during spraying operations) shall be not less than 100 linear feet per minute. Electrostatic spraying operations may be conducted with an air velocity over the open face of the booth of not less than 60 linear feet per minute, or more, depending on the volume of the finishing material being applied and its flammability and explosion characteristics. Visible gauges or audible alarm or pressure activated devices shall be installed to indicate or insure that the required air velocity is maintained. Dry spray booths equipped with a filter roll which is automatically advanced when the air velocity is reduced to that specified in this section should be arranged to cause shutdown of spraying operations if the filter roll fails to advance automatically. Maintenance procedures should be established to assure replacing filter pads before excessive restriction to airflow occurs. Filter pads should be inspected after each period of use and clogged filter pads

- discarded and replaced. Filter rolls shall be inspected to insure proper replacement of filter media.
- (b) All discarded filter pads and filter rolls shall be immediately removed to a safe, well-detached location or placed in a water-filled metal container and disposed of at the close of the day's operation unless maintained completely in water.
- (c) The location of filters in a spray booth shall be so as to not reduce the effective booth enclosure of the articles being sprayed.
- (d) Space within the spray booth on the downstream and upstream sides of filters shall be protected with an approved automatic sprinkler system meeting one of the following requirements:
- (i) An automatic sprinkler system as defined in WAC 296-24-607; or
- (ii) A fixed dry chemical extinguishing system as defined in WAC 296-24-622; or
- (iii) A fixed carbon dioxide gaseous agent system as defined in WAC 296-24-623.
- (e) Filters or filter rolls shall not be used when applying a spray material known to be highly susceptible to spontaneous heating and ignition.
- (f) Clean filters or filter rolls shall be noncombustible or of a type having a combustibility not in excess of Class 2 filters as listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. Filters and filter rolls shall not be alternately used for different types of coating materials, where the combination of materials may be conducive to spontaneous ignition. See also WAC 296-24-37013(6).
- (6) Frontal area. Each spray booth having a frontal area larger than 9 square feet shall have a metal deflector or curtain not less than 2 1/2 inches deep installed at the upper outer edge of the booth over the opening.
- (7) Conveyors. Where conveyors are arranged to carry work into or out of spray booths, the openings therefor shall be as small as practical.
- (8) Separation of operations. Each spray booth shall be separated from other operations by not less than 3 feet, or by a greater distance, or by such partition or wall as to reduce the danger from juxtaposition of hazardous operations. See also WAC 296-24-37005(1).
- (9) Cleaning. Spray booths shall be so installed that all portions are readily accessible for cleaning. A clear space of not less than 3 feet on all sides shall be kept free from storage or combustible construction.
- (10) Illumination. When spraying areas are illuminated through glass panels or other transparent materials, only fixed lighting units shall be used as a source of illumination. Panels shall effectively isolate the spraying area from the area in which the lighting unit is located, and shall be of a noncombustible material of such a nature or so protected that breakage will be unlikely. Panels shall be so arranged that normal accumulations of residue on the exposed surface of the panel will not be raised to a dangerous temperature by radiation or conduction from the source of illumination.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89–11–035 (Order 89–03), § 296–24–37003, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89; Order 76–6, § 296–24–37003, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–37003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–37003, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37005 Electrical and other sources of ignition. (1) Conformance. All electrical equipment, open flames and other sources of ignition shall conform to the requirements of this section, except as follows:
- (a) Electrostatic apparatus shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37015 and 296-24-37017.
- (b) Drying, curing, and fusion apparatus shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37019.
- (c) Automobile undercoating spray operations in garages shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37021.
- (d) Powder coating equipment shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37023.
- (2) Minimum separation. There shall be no open flame or spark producing equipment in any spraying area nor within 20 feet thereof, unless separated by a partition.
- (3) Hot surfaces. Space-heating appliances, steampipes, or hot surfaces shall not be located in a spraying area where deposits of combustible residues may readily accumulate.
- (4) Wiring conformance. Electrical wiring and equipment shall conform to the provisions of this section and shall otherwise be in accordance with WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (5) Combustible residues, areas. Unless specifically approved for locations containing both deposits of readily ignitable residue and explosive vapors, there shall be no electrical equipment in any spraying area, whereon deposits of combustible residues may readily accumulate, except wiring in rigid conduit or in boxes or fittings containing no taps, splices, or terminal connections.
- (6) Wiring type approved. Electrical wiring and equipment not subject to deposits of combustible residues but located in a spraying area as herein defined shall be of explosion-proof type approved for Class I, Group D locations and shall otherwise conform to the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960, for Class I, Division 1, hazardous locations. Electrical wiring, motors, and other equipment outside of but within twenty feet of any spraying area, and not separated therefrom by partitions, shall not produce sparks under normal operating conditions and shall otherwise conform to the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for Class I, Division 2, hazardous locations.
- (7) Lamps. Electric lamps outside of, but within twenty feet of any spraying area, and not separated therefrom by a partition, shall be totally enclosed to prevent the falling of hot particles and shall be protected from mechanical injury by suitable guards or by location.
- (8) Portable lamps. Portable electric lamps shall not be used in any spraying area during spraying operations. Portable electric lamps, if used during cleaning or repairing operations, shall be of the type approved for hazardous Class I locations.
  - (9) Grounding.
- (a) All metal parts of spray booths, exhaust ducts, and piping systems conveying flammable or combustible liquids or aerated solids shall be properly electrically grounded in an effective and permanent manner.

(b) "Airless" high-fluid pressure spray guns and any conductive object being sprayed should be properly electrically grounded.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85-10-004 (Order 85-09),  $\S$  296-24-37005, filed 4/19/85; Order 76-6,  $\S$  296-24-37005, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5,  $\S$  296-24-37005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4,  $\S$  296-24-37005, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37007 Ventilation. (1) Conformance. Ventilating and exhaust systems shall be in accordance with the Standard for Blower and Exhaust Systems for Vapor Removal, NFPA No. 91-1961, where applicable and shall also conform to the provisions of this section.
- (2) General. All spraying areas shall be provided with mechanical ventilation adequate to remove flammable vapors, mists or powders to a safe location and to confine and control combustible residues so that life is not endangered. Mechanical ventilation shall be kept in operation at all times while spraying operations are being conducted and for a sufficient time thereafter to allow vapors from drying coated articles and drying finishing material residue to be exhausted.
- (3) Independent exhaust. Each spray booth shall have an independent exhaust duct system discharging to the exterior of the building, except that multiple cabinet spray booths in which identical spray finishing material is used with a combined frontal area of not more than 18 square feet may have a common exhaust. If more than one fan serves one booth, all fans shall be so interconnected that one fan cannot operate without all fans being operated.
- (4) Fan-rotating element. The fan-rotating element shall be nonferrous or nonsparking or the casing shall consist of or be lined with such material. There shall be ample clearance between the fan-rotating element and the fan casing to avoid a fire by friction, necessary allowance being made for ordinary expansion and loading to prevent contact between moving parts and the duct or fan housing. Fan blades shall be mounted on a shaft sufficiently heavy to maintain perfect alignment even when the blades of the fan are heavily loaded, the shaft preferably to have bearings outside the duct and booth. All bearings shall be of the self-lubricating type, or lubricated from the outside duct.
- (5) Electric motors. Electric motors driving exhaust fans shall not be placed inside booths or ducts. See also WAC 296-24-37005.
- (6) Belts. Belts shall not enter the duct or booth unless the belt and pulley within the duct or booth are thoroughly enclosed.
- (7) Exhaust ducts. Exhaust ducts shall be constructed of steel and shall be substantially supported. Exhaust ducts without dampers are preferred; however, if dampers are installed, they shall be maintained so that they will be in a full open position at all times the ventilating system is in operation.
- (a) Exhaust ducts shall be protected against mechanical damage and have a clearance from unprotected combustible construction or other combustible material of not less than 18 inches.

- (b) If combustible construction is provided with the following protection applied to all surfaces within 18 inches, clearances may be reduced to the distances indicated:
  - (i) 28-gage sheet metal on 1/4-inch 12 inches. asbestos mill board.
  - (ii) 28-gage sheet metal on 1/8-inch 9 inches. asbestos mill board spaced out 1 inch on noncombustible spacers.
  - (iii) 22-gage sheet metal on 1-inch 3 inches. rockwool batts reinforced with wire mesh or the equivalent.
  - (iv) Where ducts are protected with an approved automatic sprinkler system, properly maintained, the clearance required in (7)(a) of this section may be reduced to 6 inches.
- (8) Discharge clearance. Unless the spray booth exhaust duct terminal is from a water—wash spray booth, the terminal discharge point shall be not less than 6 feet from any combustible exterior wall or roof nor discharge in the direction of any combustible construction or unprotected opening in any noncombustible exterior wall within 25 feet.
- (9) Air exhaust. Air exhaust from spray operations shall not be directed so that it will contaminate makeup air being introduced into the spraying area or other ventilating intakes, nor directed so as to create a nuisance. Air exhausted from spray operations shall not be recirculated.
- (10) Access doors. When necessary to facilitate cleaning, exhaust ducts shall be provided with an ample number of access doors.
- (11) Room intakes. Air intake openings to rooms containing spray finishing operations shall be adequate for the efficient operation of exhaust fans and shall be so located as to minimize the creation of dead air pockets.
- (12) Drying spaces. Freshly sprayed articles shall be dried only in spaces provided with adequate ventilation to prevent the formation of explosive vapors. In the event adequate and reliable ventilation is not provided such drying spaces shall be considered a spraying area. (See also WAC 296-24-37019.)

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–37007, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–37007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–37007, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37009 Flammable and combustible liquids—Storage and handling. (1) Conformance. The storage of flammable or combustible liquids in connection with spraying operations shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-330, where applicable.
- (2) Quantity. The quantity of flammable or combustible liquids kept in the vicinity of spraying operations shall be the minimum required for operations and should ordinarily not exceed a supply for 1 day or one shift. Bulk storage of portable containers of flammable or combustible liquids shall be in a separate, constructed building detached from other important buildings or cut off in a standard manner.

- (3) Containers. Original closed containers, approved portable tanks, approved safety cans or a properly arranged system of piping shall be used for bringing flammable or combustible liquids into spray finishing room. Open or glass containers shall not be used.
- (4) Transferring liquids. Except as provided in (5) of this section, the withdrawal of flammable and combustible liquids from containers having a capacity of greater than 60 gallons shall be by approved pumps. The withdrawal of flammable or combustible liquids from containers and the filling of containers, including portable mixing tanks, shall be done only in a suitable mixing room or in a spraying area when the ventilating system is in operation. Adequate precautions shall be taken to protect against liquid spillage and sources of ignition.
- (5) Spraying containers. Containers supplying spray nozzles shall be of closed type or provided with metal covers kept closed. Containers not resting on floors shall be on metal supports or suspended by wire cables. Containers supplying spray nozzles by gravity flow shall not exceed 10 gallons capacity. Original shipping containers shall not be subject to air pressure for supplying spray nozzles. Containers under air pressure supplying spray nozzles shall be of limited capacity, not exceeding that necessary for 1 day's operation; shall be designed and approved for such use; shall be provided with a visible pressure gage; and shall be provided with a relief valve set to operate in conformance with the requirements of the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels, Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code—1968. Containers under air pressure supplying spray nozzles, air-storage tanks and coolers shall conform to the standards of the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels, Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code-1968 for construction, tests, and maintenance.
  - (6) Pipes and hoses.
- (a) All containers or piping to which is attached a hose or flexible connection shall be provided with a shutoff valve at the connection. Such valves shall be kept shut when spraying operations are not being conducted.
- (b) When a pump is used to deliver products, automatic means shall be provided to prevent pressure in excess of the design working pressure of accessories, piping, and hose.
- (c) All pressure hose and couplings shall be inspected at regular intervals appropriate to this service. The hose and couplings shall be tested with the hose extended, and using the "inservice maximum operating pressures." Any hose showing material deteriorations, signs of leakage, or weakness in its carcass or at the couplings, shall be withdrawn from service and repaired or discarded.
- (d) Piping systems conveying flammable or combustible liquids shall be of steel or other material having comparable properties of resistance to heat and physical damage. Piping systems shall be properly bonded and grounded.
- (7) Spray liquid heaters. Electrically powered spray liquid heaters shall be approved and listed for the specific location in which used (see WAC 296-24-37005). Heaters shall not be located in spray booths nor other locations subject to the accumulation of deposits or

combustible residue. Agitators, if used, should preferably be driven by compressed air, water, or low-pressure steam. If an electric motor is used, (see WAC 296-24-37005).

- (8) Pump relief. If flammable or combustible liquids are supplied to spray nozzles by positive displacement pumps, the pump discharge line shall be provided with an approved relief valve discharging to a pump suction or a safe detached location, or a device provided to stop the prime mover if the discharge pressure exceeds the safe operating pressure of the system.
- (9) Grounding. Whenever flammable or combustible liquids are transferred from one container to another, both containers shall be effectively bonded and grounded to prevent discharge sparks of static electricity.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-37009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37009, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-37011 Protection. (1) Conformance. In sprinklered buildings, the automatic sprinkler system in rooms containing spray finishing operations shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-607. In unsprinklered buildings where sprinklers are installed only to protect spraying areas, the installation shall conform to such standards insofar as they are applicable. Sprinkler heads shall be located so as to provide water distribution throughout the entire booth.

- (2) Valve access. Automatic sprinklers protecting each spray booth (together with its connecting exhaust) shall be under an accessibly located separate outside stem and yoke (OS&Y) subcontrol valve.
- (3) Cleaning of heads. Sprinklers protecting spraying areas shall be kept as free from deposits as practical by cleaning daily if necessary. (See also WAC 296-24-37013.)
- (4) Portable extinguishers. An adequate supply of suitable portable fire extinguishers shall be installed near all spraying areas.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-37011, filed 12/24/81; Order 73-5, § 296-24-37011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37011, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-37013 Operations and maintenance. (1) Spraying. Spraying shall not be conducted outside of predetermined spraying areas.

- (2) Cleaning. All spraying areas shall be kept as free from the accumulation of deposits of combustible residues as practical, with cleaning conducted daily if necessary. Scrapers, spuds, or other such tools used for cleaning purposes shall be of nonsparking material.
- (3) Residue disposal. Residue scrapings and debris contaminated with residue shall be immediately removed from the premises and properly disposed of. Approved metal waste cans shall be provided wherever rags or waste are impregnated with finishing material and all such rags or waste deposited therein immediately after use. The contents of waste cans shall be properly disposed of at least once daily or at the end of each shift.
- (4) Clothing storage. Spray finishing employees' clothing shall not be left on the premises overnight unless kept in metal lockers.

- (5) Cleaning solvents. The use of solvents for cleaning operations shall be restricted to those having flashpoints not less than 100°F; however, for cleaning spray nozzles and auxiliary equipment, solvents having flashpoints not less than those normally used in spray operations may be used. Such cleaning shall be conducted inside spray booths and ventilating equipment operated during cleaning.
- (6) Hazardous materials combinations. Spray booths shall not be alternately used for different types of coating materials, where the combination of the materials may be conducive to spontaneous ignition, unless all deposits of the first used material are removed from the booth and exhaust ducts prior to spraying with the second used material.
- (7) "No smoking" signs. "No smoking" signs in large letters on contrasting color background shall be conspicuously posted at all spraying areas and paint storage rooms. (See WAC 296-24-140.)

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-37013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37013, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-37015 Fixed electrostatic apparatus. (1) Conformance. Where installation and use of electrostatic spraying equipment is used, such installation and use shall conform to all other requirements contained in WAC 296-24-370 through 296-24-37027.

- (2) Type approval. Electrostatic apparatus and devices used in connection with coating operations shall be of approved types.
- (3) Location. Transformers, power packs, control apparatus, and all other electrical portions of the equipment, with the exception of high-voltage grids, electrodes, and electrostatic atomizing heads and their connections, shall be located outside of the spraying area, or shall otherwise conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37005.
- (4) Support. Electrodes and electrostatic atomizing heads shall be adequately supported in permanent locations and shall be effectively insulated from the ground. Electrodes and electrostatic atomizing heads which are permanently attached to their bases, supports, or reciprocators, shall be deemed to comply with this section. Insulators shall be nonporous and noncombustible.
- (5) Insulators, grounding. High-voltage leads to electrodes shall be properly insulated and protected from mechanical injury or exposure to destructive chemicals. Electrostatic atomizing heads shall be effectively and permanently supported on suitable insulators and shall be effectively guarded against accidental contact or grounding. An automatic means shall be provided for grounding the electrode system when it is electrically deenergized for any reason. All insulators shall be kept clean and dry.
- (6) Safe distance. A safe distance shall be maintained between goods being painted and electrodes or electrostatic atomizing heads or conductors of at least twice the sparking distance. A suitable sign indicating this safe distance shall be conspicuously posted near the assembly.

- (7) Conveyors required. Goods being painted using this process are to be supported on conveyors. The conveyors shall be so arranged as to maintain safe distances between the goods and the electrodes or electrostatic atomizing heads at all times. Any irregularly shaped or other goods subject to possible swinging or movement shall be rigidly supported to prevent such swinging or movement which would reduce the clearance to less than that specified in (6) of this section.
- (8) Prohibition. This process is not acceptable where goods being coated are manipulated by hand. When finishing materials are applied by electrostatic equipment which is manipulated by hand, see WAC 296-24-37017 for applicable requirements. (Rev. 1-23-76)
- (9) Fail-safe controls. Electrostatic apparatus shall be equipped with automatic controls which will operate without time delay to disconnect the power supply to the high voltage transformer and to signal the operator under any of the following conditions:
- (a) Stoppage of ventilating fans or failure of ventilating equipment from any cause.
- (b) Stoppage of the conveyor carrying goods through the high voltage field.
- (c) Occurrence of a ground or of an imminent ground at any point on the high voltage system.
- (d) Reduction of clearance below that specified in (6) of this section.
- (10) Guarding. Adequate booths, fencing, railings, or guards shall be so placed about the equipment that they, either by their location or character or both, assure that a safe isolation of the process is maintained from plant storage or personnel. Such railings, fencing, and guards shall be of conducting material, adequately grounded.
- (11) Ventilation. Where electrostatic atomization is used the spraying area shall be so ventilated as to insure safe conditions from a fire and health standpoint.
- (12) Fire protection. All areas used for spraying, including the interior of the booth, shall be protected by automatic sprinklers where this protection is available. Where this protection is not available, other approved automatic extinguishing equipment shall be provided.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–37015, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–37015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–37015, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37017 Electrostatic hand spraying equipment. (1) Application. This section shall apply to any equipment using electrostatically charged elements for the atomization and/or, precipitation of materials for coatings on articles, or for other similar purposes in which the atomizing device is hand held and manipulated during the spraying operation.
- (2) Conformance. Electrostatic hand spraying equipment shall conform with the other provisions of WAC 296-24-370 through 296-24-37027.
- (3) Equipment approval and specifications. Electrostatic hand spray apparatus and devices used in connection with coating operations shall be of approved types. The equipment should be so designed that the maximum surface temperature of the equipment in the spraying area shall not exceed 150°F under any condition. The high voltage circuits shall be designed so as to not

- produce a spark of sufficient intensity to ignite any vapor—air mixtures nor result in appreciable shock hazard upon coming in contact with a grounded object under all normal operating conditions. The electrostatically charged exposed elements of the handgun shall be capable of being energized only by a switch which also controls the coating material supply.
- (4) Electrical support equipment. Transformers, powerpacks, control apparatus, and all other electrical portions of the equipment, with the exception of the handgun itself and its connections to the powder supply shall be located outside of the spraying area or shall otherwise conform to the requirements of WAC 296–24–37005.
- (5) Spray gun ground. The handle of the spraying gun shall be electrically connected to ground by a metallic connection and to be so constructed that the operator in normal operating position is in intimate electrical contact with the grounded handle.
- (6) Grounding—General. All electrically conductive objects in the spraying area shall be adequately grounded. This requirement shall apply to paint containers, wash cans, and any other objects or devices in the area. The equipment shall carry a prominent permanently installed warning regarding the necessity for this grounding feature.
- (7) Maintenance of grounds. Objects being painted or coated shall be maintained in metallic contact with the conveyor or other grounded support. Hooks shall be regularly cleaned to insure this contact and areas of contact shall be sharp points or knife edges where possible. Points of support of the object shall be concealed from random spray where feasible and where the objects being sprayed are supported from a conveyor, the point of attachment to the conveyor shall be so located as to not collect spray material during normal operation.
- (8) Interlocks. The electrical equipment shall be so interlocked with the ventilation of the spraying area that the equipment cannot be operated unless the ventilation fans are in operation.
- (9) Ventilation. The spraying operation shall take place within a spray area which is adequately ventilated to remove solvent vapors released from the operation.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-37017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37017, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37019 Drying, curing, or fusion apparatus. (1) Conformance. Drying, curing, or fusion apparatus in connection with spray application of flammable and combustible finishes shall conform to the Standard for Ovens and Furnaces, NFPA 86A-1969, where applicable and shall also conform with the following requirements of this section.
- (2) Alternate use prohibited. Spray booths, rooms, or other enclosures used for spraying operations shall not alternately be used for the purpose of drying by any arrangement which will cause a material increase in the surface temperature of the spray booth, room, or enclosure.
- (3) Adjacent system interlocked. Except as specifically provided in (4) of this section, drying, curing, or

fusion units utilizing a heating system having open flames or which may produce sparks shall not be installed in a spraying area, but may be installed adjacent thereto when equipped with an interlocked ventilating system arranged to:

- (a) Thoroughly ventilate the drying space before the heating system can be started;
- (b) Maintain a safe atmosphere at any source of ignition;
- (c) Automatically shut down the heating system in the event of failure of the ventilating system.
- (4) Alternate use permitted. Automobile refinishing spray booths or enclosures, otherwise installed and maintained in full conformity with this section, may alternately be used for drying with portable electrical infrared drying apparatus when conforming with the following:
- (a) Interior (especially floors) of spray enclosures shall be kept free of overspray deposits.
- (b) During spray operations, the drying apparatus and electrical connections and wiring thereto shall not be located within spray enclosure nor in any other location where spray residues may be deposited thereon.
- (c) The spraying apparatus, the drying apparatus, and the ventilating system of the spray enclosure shall be equipped with suitable interlocks so arranged that:
- (i) The spraying apparatus cannot be operated while the drying apparatus is inside the spray enclosure.
- (ii) The spray enclosure will be purged of spray vapors for a period of not less than 3 minutes before the drying apparatus can be energized.
- (iii) The ventilating system will maintain a safe atmosphere within the enclosure during the drying process and the drying process apparatus will automatically shut off in the event of failure of the ventilating system.
- (d) All electrical wiring and equipment of the drying apparatus shall conform with the applicable sections of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. Only equipment of a type approved for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations shall be located within 18 inches of floor level. All metallic parts of the drying apparatus shall be properly electrically bonded and grounded.
- (e) The drying apparatus shall contain a prominently located, permanently attached warning sign indicating that ventilation should be maintained during the drying period and that spraying should not be conducted in the vicinity that spray will deposit on apparatus.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–37019, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–37019, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–37019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–37019, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-37021 Automobile undercoating in garages. Automobile undercoating spray operations in garages, conducted in areas having adequate natural or mechanical ventilation, are exempt from the requirements pertaining to spray finishing operations, when using undercoating materials not more hazardous than kerosene (as listed by Underwriters' Laboratories in respect to fire hazard rating 30-40) or undercoating materials using only solvents listed as having a flash point

in excess of 100°F. Undercoating spray operations not conforming to these provisions are subject to all requirements of WAC 296-24-370 through 296-24-37027, pertaining to spray finishing operations.

[Order 73–5, 296-24-37021, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 296-24-37021, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-37023 Powder coating. (1) Electrical and other sources of ignition. Electrical equipment and other sources of ignition shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-37005 and 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.

- (2) Ventilation.
- (a) In addition to the provisions of WAC 296-24-37007, where applicable, exhaust ventilation shall be sufficient to maintain the atmosphere below the lowest explosive limits for the materials being applied. All non-deposited air—suspended powders shall be safely removed via exhaust ducts to the powder recovery cyclone or receptacle. Each installation shall be designed and operated to meet the foregoing performance specification.
- (b) Powders shall not be released to the outside atmosphere.
- (3) Drying, curing, or fusion equipment. The provisions of the Standard for Ovens and Furnaces, NFPA No. 86A-1969 shall apply where applicable.
  - (4) Operation and maintenance.
- (a) All areas shall be kept free of the accumulation of powder coating dusts, particularly such horizontal surfaces as ledges, beams, pipes, hoods, booths, and floors.
- (b) Surfaces shall be cleaned in such manner as to avoid scattering dust to other places or creating dust clouds.
- (c) "No smoking" signs in large letters on contrasting color background shall be conspicuously posted at all powder coating areas and powder storage rooms.
- (5) Fixed electrostatic spraying equipment. The provisions of WAC 296-24-37015 and other subsections of this section shall apply to fixed electrostatic equipment, except that electrical equipment not covered therein shall conform to (1) of this section.
- (6) Electrostatic hand spraying equipment. The provisions of WAC 296-24-37017 and other subsections of this section, shall apply to electrostatic handguns when used in powder coating, except that electrical equipment not covered therein shall conform to (1) of this section.
  - (7) Electrostatic fluidized beds.
- (a) Electrostatic fluidized beds and associated equipment shall be of approved types. The maximum surface temperature of this equipment in the coating area shall not exceed 150°F. The high voltage circuits shall be so designed as to not produce a spark of sufficient intensity to ignite any powder—air mixtures nor result in appreciable shock hazard upon coming in contact with a grounded object under normal operating conditions.
- (b) Transformers, powerpacks, control apparatus, and all other electrical portions of the equipment, with the exception of the charging electrodes and their connections to the power supply shall be located outside of the powder coating area or shall otherwise conform to the requirements of (1) of this section.

- (c) All electrically conductive objects within the charging influence of the electrodes shall be adequately grounded. The powder coating equipment shall carry a prominent, permanently installed warning regarding the necessity for grounding these objects.
- (d) Objects being coated shall be maintained in contact with the conveyor or other support in order to insure proper grounding. Hangers shall be regularly cleaned to insure effective contact and areas of contact shall be sharp points or knife edges where possible.
- (e) The electrical equipment shall be so interlocked with the ventilation system that the equipment cannot be operated unless the ventilation fans are in operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85-10-004 (Order 85-09),  $\S$  296-24-37023, filed 4/19/85; Order 76-6,  $\S$  296-24-37023, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5,  $\S$  296-24-37023, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4,  $\S$  296-24-37023, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-37025 Organic peroxides and dual component coatings. (1) Conformance. All spraying operations involving the use of organic peroxides and other dual component coatings shall be conducted in approved sprinklered spray booths meeting the requirements of this section.
- (2) Smoking. Smoking shall be prohibited and "no smoking" signs shall be prominently displayed and only nonsparking tools shall be used in any area where organic peroxides are stored, mixed or applied.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-37025, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37025, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-37027 Scope. This section applies to flammable and combustible finishing materials when applied as a spray by compressed air, "airless" or "hydraulic atomization," steam, electrostatic methods, or by any other means in continuous or intermittent processes. The section also covers the application of combustible powders by powder spray guns, electrostatic powder spray guns, fluidized beds, or electrostatic fluidized beds. The section does not apply to outdoor spray application of buildings, tanks or other similar structures, nor to small portable spraying apparatus not used repeatedly in the same location.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-37027, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-37027, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-405 Dip tanks containing flammable or combustible liquids.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–405, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–405, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-40501 Definitions. (1) Dip tank. Shall mean a tank, vat, or container of flammable or combustible liquid in which articles or materials are immersed for the purpose of coating, finishing, treating, or similar processes.
- (2) Vapor area. Shall mean any area containing dangerous quantities of flammable vapors in the vicinity of dip tanks, their drainboards or associated drying, conveying, or other equipment during operation or shutdown periods.

- (3) Approved. Unless otherwise indicated, approval or listing by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (4) Listed. See "approved" in subsection (3) of this section.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-40501, filed 11/14/88; Order 73-5, § 296-24-40501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-40501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-40503 Ventilation. (1) Vapor area ventilation. Vapor areas as defined in WAC 296-24-40501(2) shall be limited to the smallest practical space by maintaining a properly designed system of mechanical ventilation arranged to move air from all directions towards the vapor area origin and thence to a safe outside location. Ventilating systems shall conform to the Standards for Blower and Exhaust Systems (NFPA Pamphlet No. 91-1969). Required ventilating systems shall be so arranged that the failure of any ventilating fan shall automatically stop any dipping conveyor system. See also WAC 296-24-40505(6).
- (2) Ventilation combined with drying. When a required ventilating system serves associated drying operations utilizing a heating system which may be a source of ignition, means shall be provided for preventilation before the heating system can be started; the failure of any ventilating fan shall automatically shut down the heating system; and the installation shall otherwise conform to the Standard for Ovens and Furnaces (NFPA No. 86A-1969).

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–40503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–40503, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-40505 Construction of dip tanks. (1) General. Dip tanks, including drainboards if provided, shall be constructed of substantial noncombustible material, and their supports shall be of heavy metal, reinforced concrete, or masonry. Where dip tanks extend through a floor to the story below or where the weakening of the tank supports by fire may result in the tank collapse, supports should be of material having not less than 1-hour fire resistance.
  - (2) Overflow pipes.
- (a) Dip tanks of over 150 gallons in capacity or 10 square feet in liquid surface area shall be equipped with a properly trapped overflow pipe leading to a safe location outside buildings. Smaller dip tanks should also be so equipped, where practical. The discharge of the overflow pipe should be so located and arranged that if the entire combustible contents of the dip tank is overflowed through overflow pipe by the application of water during fire fighting, property will not be endangered. The size of the overflow pipe should be sufficient to conduct the maximum rate of flow of water expected to be applied to the liquid surface of the dip tank from automatic sprinklers or from other sources in the event of fire.
- (b) Overflow pipes shall be of sufficient capacity to overflow the maximum delivery of dip tank liquid fill pipes but shall not be less than 3 inches in diameter and

shall be increased in size depending upon the area of the liquid surface and the length and pitch of pipe.

- (c) Piping connections on drains and overflow lines shall be designed so as to permit ready access for inspection and cleaning of the interior.
- (d) The bottom of the overflow connection shall be not less than 6 inches below the top of the tank. See also (6) of this section and WAC 296-24-40513 (3)(b).
  - (3) Bottom drains.
- (a) Dip tanks over 500 gallons in liquid capacity shall be equipped with bottom drains automatically and manually arranged to quickly drain the tank in the event of fire, unless the viscosity of the liquid at normal atmospheric temperature makes this impractical. Manual operation shall be from a safely accessible location. Where gravity flow is not practicable, automatic pumps shall be required.
- (b) Such drain shall be trapped and discharge to a closed properly vented salvage tank or to a safe location outside which will not endanger property.
- (c) According to tank capacity the diameter of bottom drainpipe shall be not less than the following:

Gallons:	Inche
500 to 750	3
750 to 1,000	4
1,000 to 2,500	5
2,500 to 4,000	6
Over 4.000	8

- (4) Salvage tanks. The capacity of the salvage tank shall be greater than the capacity of the dip tank or tanks to which they are connected.
- (5) Automatic extinguishing facilities. Except as noted in WAC 296-24-40515(1) (applying to hardening and tempering tanks), all dip tanks exceeding 150 gallons liquid capacity or having a liquid surface area exceeding 4 square feet shall be protected with at least one of the automatic extinguishing facilities conforming to WAC 296-24-40513 (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6).
- (6) Conveyor systems. Dip tanks utilizing a conveyor system shall be so arranged that in the event of fire, the conveyor system shall automatically cease motion and required bottom drains shall open. Conveyor systems shall automatically cease motion unless required ventilation is in full operation. See also WAC 296-24-40503(1).
- (7) Heating dip tank liquids. When dip tank liquids are artificially heated, either by the dipping of heated articles, or by other application of heat to the liquid, provision shall be made to prevent a temperature rise greater than 50°F below the flashpoint of the liquid. See also WAC 296-24-40515(1).

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-40505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-40505, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-40507 Liquids used in dip tanks, storage and handling. The storage of flammable and combustible liquids in connection with dipping operation shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-330,

where applicable. Where portable containers are used for the replenishment of flammable and combustible liquids, provision shall be made so that both the container and tank shall be positively grounded and electrically bonded to prevent static electric sparks.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–40507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–40507, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-40509 Electrical and other sources of ignition. (1) Vapor areas.

- (a) There shall be no open flames, spark producing devices, or heated surfaces having a temperature sufficient to ignite vapors in any vapor area. Except as specifically permitted in WAC 296-24-40515(3), relating to electrostatic apparatus, electrical wiring and equipment in any vapor area (as defined in WAC 296-24-40501(2)) shall be explosion proof type as required of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960 for Class I, locations and shall otherwise conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.
- (b) Unless specifically approved for locations containing both deposits of readily ignitable residues and explosive vapors, there shall be no electrical equipment in the vicinity of dip tanks or associated drainboards or drying operations which are subject to splashing or dripping of dip tank liquids, except wiring in rigid conduit or in threaded boxes or fittings containing no taps, splices, or terminal connections, and except as specifically permitted in WAC 296-24-40515(3).
- (2) Adjacent areas. In any floor space outside a vapor area but within 20 feet and not separated by tight partitions, there shall be no open flames or spark producing devices except as specifically permitted in NFPA Standard No. 86A-1969, Ovens and Furnaces, paragraph 200-7. Electrical wiring and equipment shall conform to the provisions of WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85–10–004 (Order 85–09), § 296–24–40509, filed 4/19/85; Order 76–6, § 296–24–40509, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–40509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–40509, filed 5/7/73.]

# WAC 296-24-40511 Operations and maintenance. (1) General. Areas in the vicinity of dip tanks shall be kept as clear of combustible stock as practical and shall be kept entirely free of combustible debris.

- (2) Waste cans. When waste or rags are used in connection with dipping operations, approved metal waste cans shall be provided and all impregnated rags or waste deposited therein immediately after use. The contents of waste cans shall be properly disposed of at least once daily at the end of each shift.
- (3) Inspection. Periodic inspection or tests of all dip tank facilities shall be made, including covers, overflow pipe inlets and discharge, bottom drains and valves, electrical wiring and equipment and grounding connections, ventilating facilities, and all extinguishing equipment. Any defects found shall be promptly corrected.
- (4) Warning signs. "No smoking" signs in large letters on contrasting color background shall be conspicuously posted in the vicinity of dip tanks.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-40511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-40511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-40513 Extinguishment. (1) Extinguishers. Areas in the vicinity of dip tanks shall be provided with manual fire extinguishers suitable for flammable and combustible liquid fires, conforming to WAC 296-24-592.
- (2) Automatic water spray extinguishing systems. Automatic water spray extinguishing systems shall conform to WAC 296-24-627 and shall be arranged to protect tanks, drainboards, and stock over drainboards.
- (3) Automatic foam extinguishing systems. Automatic foam extinguishing systems shall conform to WAC 296-24-627 and;
- (a) Foam producing material selected shall be suitable for intended use, taking into account characteristics of the dip tank liquid;
- (b) Overflow pipe shall be arranged to prevent the floating away of foam and clogging overflow pipe. This may be accomplished by either of the following:
- (i) Overflow pipe may be extended through tank wall and terminated in an ell pointing downward. The bottom of the overflow pipe at the point it pierces tank wall should not be over 2 inches above the opening or face of the ell.
- (ii) Overflow pipe inlet may be provided with a removable screen of 1/4-inch mesh having an area at least twice the cross-sectional area of overflow pipe. Screens which may be clogged by dip tank ingredients shall be inspected and cleaned periodically.
- (4) Automatic carbon dioxide systems. Automatic carbon dioxide systems shall conform to WAC 296-24-623 and shall be arranged to protect both dip tanks and drainboards and unless stock over drainboards is otherwise protected with automatic extinguishing facilities, shall also be arranged to protect such stock.
- (5) Dry chemical extinguishing systems. Dry chemical extinguishing systems shall conform to WAC 296-24-622 and shall be arranged to protect both dip tanks and drainboards, and unless stock over drainboards is otherwise protected with automatic extinguishing facilities, shall also be arranged to protect such stock.
  - (6) Dip tank covers.
- (a) Covers arranged to close automatically in the event of fire shall be actuated by approved automatic devices and shall also be arranged for manual operation.
- (b) Covers shall be of substantial noncombustible material or of tin-clad type with enclosing metal applied with locked joints.
- (c) Chains or wire rope shall be used for cover support or operating mechanism where the burning of a cord would interfere with the action of a device.
- (d) Covers shall be kept closed when tanks are not in use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–02–003 (Order 81–32), § 296–24–40513, filed 12/24/81; Order 73–5, § 296–24–40513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–40513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-40515 Special dip tank applications. (1) Hardening and tempering tanks.

- (a) Tanks shall be located as far as practicable from furnaces and shall not be located on or near combustible floors.
- (b) Tanks shall be provided with a noncombustible hood and vent or other equally effective means of venting to the outside of the building to serve as a vent in case of fire. All such vent ducts shall be treated as flues and be kept well away from combustible roofs or materials.
- (c) Tanks shall be so designed that the maximum workload is incapable of raising the temperature of the cooling medium to within 50° below its flashpoint, or such tanks shall be equipped with circulating cooling systems which will accomplish the same result.
- (d) Tanks shall be equipped with a high temperature limit switch arranged to sound an alarm when the temperature of the quenching medium reaches within 50°F below the flashpoint. If practical from an operating standpoint, such limit switches shall also shut down conveying equipment supplying work to the tank.
- (e) The provisions of WAC 296-24-40505(5) shall apply to tanks having a liquid surface area of 25 square feet or more or a capacity of 500 gallons or more.
- (f) Air under pressure shall not be used to fill or to agitate oil tanks.
- (g) Drain facilities from the bottom of the tank may be combined with the oil circulating system or arranged independently to drain the oil to a safe location. The drain valve shall be operated automatically with approved heat actuated devices or manually, and if the latter, the valve shall be operated from a safe distance.
  - (2) Flow coat; general.
- (a) Except as modified in this subsection, all of the preceding standards for dip tanks apply.
- (b) All piping shall be strongly erected and rigidly supported.
- (c) Paint shall be supplied by direct low-pressure pumping arranged to automatically shut down by means of approved heat actuated devices, in the case of fire, or paint may be supplied by a gravity tank not exceeding 10 gallons in capacity.
- (d) The area of the sump and any areas on which paint flows should be considered the area of dip tank.
  - (3) Electrostatic apparatus; general.
- (a) Installation and use of electrostatic detearing equipment shall conform to WAC 296-24-40501 through 296-24-40513.
- (b) Electrostatic apparatus and devices used in connection with paint detearing operations shall be of approved types.
- (c) Transformers, powerpacks, control apparatus, and all other electrical portions of the equipment, with the exception of high voltage grids and their connections, shall be located outside the vapor area or shall conform to the requirements of WAC 296-24-40509.
- (d) Electrodes shall be of substantial construction, shall be rigidly supported in permanent locations and shall be effectively insulated from ground. Insulators shall be nonporous and noncombustible.
- (e) High voltage leads to electrodes shall be effectively and permanently supported on suitable insulators,

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and shall be effectively guarded against accidental contact or grounding. An automatic means shall be provided for grounding and discharging any accumulated residual charge on the electrode assembly or the secondary circuit of the high voltage transformer when the transformer primary is disconnected from the source of supply.

- (f) A space shall be maintained between goods being deteared and electrodes or conductors of at least twice the sparking distance. A suitable sign stating the sparking distance shall be conspicuously posted near the assembly.
- (g) Goods being deteared using this electrostatic process are to be supported on conveyors. The conveyors shall be so arranged as to maintain safe distances between the goods and the electrodes at all times. All goods shall be so supported as to prevent any swinging or movement which would reduce the clearance to less than specified in (3)(f) of this section.
- (h) This electrostatic process is not approved where goods being deteared are manipulated by hand.
- (i) Electrostatic apparatus shall be equipped with automatic controls which will operate without time delay to disconnect the power supply to the high voltage transformer and to signal the operator under any of the following conditions:
- (i) Stoppage of ventilating fans or failure of ventilating equipment from any cause.
- (ii) Stoppage of the conveyor carrying goods past the high voltage grid.
- (iii) Occurrence of a ground or of an imminent ground at any point on the high voltage system.
- (iv) Reduction of clearance below that specified in (3)(f) of this section.
- (j) Adequate fencing, railings, or guards shall be so placed about the equipment that they, either by their location or character or both, assure that a safe isolation of the process is maintained from plant storage or personnel. Such railings, fencing and guards shall be of conducting material, adequately grounded, and should be at least 5 feet from processing equipment.
  - (k) Electrode insulators shall be kept clean and dry.
- (1) The detearing area shall be ventilated by exhausting adequate air from the area as specified in WAC 296-24-40503.
- (m) All areas for detearing shall be protected by automatic sprinklers where this protection is available. Where this protection is not available, other approved automatic extinguishing equipment shall be provided.
- (n) Drip plates and screens subject to paint deposits shall be removable and shall be taken to a safe place for cleaning.
  - (4) Roll coating.
- (a) The processes of roll coating, spreading, and impregnating, in which fabrics, paper, or other materials are passed directly through a tank or through containing flammable or combustible liquids, or over the surface of a roller that revolves partially submerged in a Class I or Class II liquid, as these terms are defined in WAC 296–24–33001, shall conform to the applicable requirements of WAC 296–24–40501 through 296–24–40513.

(b) Adequate arrangements shall be made to prevent sparks from static electricity by electrically bonding and grounding all metallic rotating and other parts of machinery and equipment and by the installation of static collectors or maintaining a conductive atmosphere such as a high relative humidity.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-40515, filed 3/1/76; Order 74-27, § 296-24-40515, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-40515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-40515, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-450 Chlorine cylinders used in chlorinator systems. Ventilation, storage of tanks and use of tanks shall meet specifications of The Chlorine Manual, The Chlorine Institute, Inc., third edition, 1959.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-450, filed 5/7/74.]

## Part F-1 STORAGE AND HANDLING OF LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES

296-24-475	Storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gases.
296-24-47501	Definitions.
296-24-47503	Scope.
296-24-47505	Basic rules.
296-24-47507	Cylinder systems.
296-24-47509	Systems utilizing containers other than DOT
	containers.
296-24-47511	Liquefied petroleum gas as a motor fuel.
296-24-47513	Storage of containers awaiting use or resale.
296-24-47515	LP-gas system installations on commercial vehicles.
296-24-47517	Liquefied petroleum gas service stations.

## WAC 296-24-475 Storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gases.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-475, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-475, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-47501 Definitions. (1) API-ASME container. A container constructed in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-47505 (3)(a).

- (2) ASME container. A container constructed in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-47505 (3)(a).
- (3) Container assembly. An assembly consisting essentially of the container and fittings for all container openings, including shutoff valves, excess flow valves, liquid-level gaging devices, safety relief devices, and protective housing.
- (4) Containers. All vessels, such as tanks, cylinders, or drums, used for transportation or storing liquefied petroleum gases.
  - (5) DOT. Department of transportation.
- (6) DOT container. A container constructed in accordance with the applicable requirements of 49 CFR chapter 1.
- (7) "Liquefied petroleum gases." "LPG" and "LP-gas." Any material which is composed predominantly of any of the following hydrocarbons, or mixtures of them; propane, propylene, butanes (normal butane or iso-butane), and butylenes.
- (8) Movable fuel storage tenders or farm carts. Containers not in excess of 1,200 gallons water capacity,

equipped with wheels to be towed from one location of usage to another. They are basically nonhighway vehicles, but may occasionally be moved over public roads or highways. They are used as a fuel supply for farm tractors, construction machinery and similar equipment.

- (9) P.S.I.G. Pounds per square inch gauge.
- (10) P.S.I.A. Pounds per square inch absolute.
- (11) Systems. An assembly of equipment consisting essentially of the container or containers, major devices such as vaporizers, safety relief valves, excess flow valves, regulators, and piping connecting such parts.
- (12) Vaporizer-burner. An integral vaporizer-burner unit, dependent upon the heat generated by the burner as the source of heat to vaporize the liquid used for dehydrators or dryers.
- (13) Ventilation, adequate. When specified for the prevention of fire during normal operation, ventilation shall be considered adequate when the concentration of the gas in a gas—air mixture does not exceed 25 percent of the lower flammable limit.
- (14) Approved. Unless otherwise indicated, listing or approval by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (15) Listed. See "approved" in WAC 296-24-47501(14).
- (16) DOT specifications. Regulations of the department of transportation published in 49 CFR chapter I.
  - (17) DOT regulations. See WAC 296-24-47501(16).
- (18) DOT requirements. See WAC 296-24-47501(16).
- (19) DOT cylinders. Cylinders meeting the requirements of 49 CFR chapter I.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-47501, filed 11/14/88; Order 73-5, § 296-24-47501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-47503 Scope. (1) Application. (a) WAC 296-24-47505 applies to installations made in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-47507 through 296-24-47511, 296-24-47515 and 296-24-47517, except as noted in each of those sections.
- (b) WAC 296-24-47507 through 296-24-47517 apply as provided in each of those sections.
  - (2) Inapplicability. These sections do not apply to:
- (a) Marine and pipeline terminals, natural gas processing plants, refineries, or tank farms other than those at industrial sites.
  - (b) LP-gas refrigerated storage systems;
- (c) LP-gas when used with oxygen. The requirements of WAC 296-24-680 through 296-24-722 shall apply to such use;
- (d) LP-gas when used in utility gas plants. The National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases at Utility Gas Plants, NFPA No. 59-1968, shall apply to such use;
- (e) Low-pressure (not in excess of one-half pound per square inch or 14 inches water column) LP-gas piping systems, and the installation and operation of residential

- and commercial appliances including their inlet connections, supplied through such systems. For such systems, the National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Installation of Gas Appliances and Gas Piping, NFPA 54-1969 shall apply.
- (3) Retroactivity. Unless otherwise stated, it is not intended that the provisions of these sections be retroactive.
- (a) Existing plants, appliances, equipment, buildings, structures, and installations for the storage, handling or use of LP-gas, which were in compliance with the current provisions of the National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases NFPA NO. 58-1972, 1973 at the time of manufacture or installation may be continued in use, if such continued use does not constitute a recognized hazard that is causing or is likely to cause death or serious physical harm to employees.
- (b) Stocks of equipment and appliances on hand in such locations as manufacturers' storage, distribution warehouses, and dealers' storage and showrooms, which were in compliance with the current provisions of the National Fire Protection Association Standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, NFPA No. 58–1972, 1973, at the time of manufacture, may be placed in service, if such use does not constitute a recognized hazard that is causing or is likely to cause death or serious physical harm to employees.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-47503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47503, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-47505 Basic rules. (1) Odorizing gases.

- (a) All liquefied petroleum gases shall be effectively odorized by an approved agent of such character as to indicate positively, by distinct odor, the presence of gas down to concentration in air of not over one-fifth the lower limit of flammability. Odorization, however, is not required if harmful in the use of further processing of the liquefied petroleum gas, or if odorization will serve no useful purpose as a warning agent in such use or further processing.
- (b) The odorization requirement of (a) of this subsection shall be considered to be met by the use of 1.0 pounds of ethyl mercaptan, 1.0 pounds of thiophane or 1.4 pounds of amyl mercaptan per ten thousand gallons of LP-gas. However, this listing of odorants and quantities shall not exclude the use of other odorants that meet the odorization requirements of (a) of this subsection.
  - (2) Approval of equipment and systems.
- (a) Each system utilizing DOT containers in accordance with 49 CFR Part 178 shall have its container valves, connectors, manifold valve assemblies, and regulators approved.
- (b) Each system for domestic or commercial use utilizing containers of two thousand gallons or less water capacity, other than those constructed in accordance with 49 CFR Part 178, shall consist of a container assembly and one or more regulators, and may include

other parts. The system as a unit or the container assembly as a unit, and the regulator or regulators, shall be individually listed.

- (c) In systems utilizing containers of over two thousand gallons water capacity, each regulator, container, valve, excess flow valve, gaging device, and relief valve installed on or at the container, shall have its correctness as to design, construction, and performance determined by listing by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (d) The provisions of subsection (3)(a) of this section shall not be construed as prohibiting the continued use or reinstallation of containers constructed and maintained in accordance with the standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases NFPA No. 58 in effect at the time of fabrication.
- (e) Containers used with systems embodied in this section and WAC 296-24-47509 (3)(c) and 296-24-47513, shall be constructed, tested, and stamped in accordance with DOT specifications effective at the date of their manufacture.
- (3) Requirements for construction and original test of containers.
- (a) Containers used with systems embodied in WAC 296-24-47509, 296-24-47513 through 296-24-47517, except as provided in WAC 296-24-47511 (3)(c) and 296-24-47515 (2)(a), shall be designed, constructed, and tested in accordance with the Rules for Construction of Unfired Pressure Vessels, section VIII, Division 1, American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1968 edition.
- (b) Containers constructed according to the 1949 and earlier editions of the ASME Code do not have to comply with U-2 through U-10 and U-19 thereof. Containers constructed according to U-70 in the 1949 and earlier editions do not meet the requirements of this section.
- (c) Containers designed, constructed, and tested prior to July 1, 1961, according to the Code for Unfired Pressure Vessels for Petroleum Liquids and Gases, 1951 edition with 1954 Addenda, of the American Petroleum Institute and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers shall be considered in conformance. Containers constructed according to API-ASME Code do not have to comply with section I or with appendix to section I. W-601 to W-606 inclusive in the 1943 and earlier editions do not apply.
  - (4) Welding of containers.
- (a) Welding to the shell, head, or any other part of the container subject to internal pressure, shall be done in compliance with the code under which the tank was fabricated. Other welding is permitted only on saddle plates, lugs, or brackets attached to the container by the tank manufacturer.
- (b) Where repair or modification involving welding of DOT containers is required, the container shall be returned to a qualified manufacturer making containers of the same type, and the repair or modification made in compliance with DOT regulations.
  - (5) Markings on container.

- (a) Each container covered in subsection (3)(a) of this section except as provided in subsection (2)(d) of this section shall be marked as specified in the following:
- (i) With a marking identifying compliance with, and other markings required by, the rules of the reference under which the container is constructed; or with the stamp and other markings required by the laws, rules or regulations as administered by the state of Washington, department of labor and industries pertaining to such containers.
- (ii) With notation as to whether the container is designed for underground or aboveground installation or both. If intended for both and different style hoods are provided, the marking shall indicate the proper hood for each type of installation.
- (iii) With the name and address of the supplier of the container, or with the trade name of the container.
- (iv) With the water capacity of the container in pounds or gallons, United States standard.
- (v) With the pressure in p.s.i.g., for which the container is designed.
- (vi) With the wording "This container shall not contain a product having a vapor pressure in excess of—p.s.i.g. at 100°F," see WAC 296-24-47509, Table H-31.
- (vii) With the tare weight in pounds or other identified unit of weight for containers with a water capacity of three hundred pounds or less.
- (viii) With marking indicating the maximum level to which the container may be filled with liquid at temperatures between 20°F and 130°F, except on containers provided with fixed maximum level indicators or which are filled by weighing. Markings shall be increments of not more than 20°F. This marking may be located on the liquid level gaging device.
  - (ix) With the outside surface area in square feet.
- (b) Markings specified shall be on a metal nameplate attached to the container and located in such a manner as to remain visible after the container is installed.
- (c) When LP-gas and one or more other gases are stored or used in the same area, the containers shall be marked to identify their content. Marking shall be in compliance with American National Standard Z48.1-1954, "Method of Marking Portable Compressed Gas Containers to Identify the Material Contained."
  - (6) Location of containers and regulating equipment.
- (a) Containers, and first stage regulating equipment if used, shall be located outside of buildings, except under one or more of the following:
- (i) In buildings used exclusively for container charging, vaporization pressure reduction, gas mixing, gas manufacturing, or distribution.
- (ii) When portable use is necessary and in accordance with WAC 296-24-47507(5).
- (iii) LP-gas fueled stationary or portable engines in accordance with WAC 296-24-47511 (11) or (12).
- (iv) LP-gas fueled industrial trucks used in accordance with WAC 296-24-47511(13).
- (v) LP-gas fueled vehicles garaged in accordance with WAC 296-24-47511(14).

- (vi) Containers awaiting use or resale when stored in accordance with WAC 296-24-47513.
- (b) Each individual container shall be located with respect to the nearest important building or group of buildings or line of adjoining property which may be built on in accordance with Table H-23.

TABLE H-23

	Minimum distances											
Water capacity per	Containe	Between above-										
container	Under– ground	Above- ground	ground containers									
Less than												
125 gals <sup>1</sup> ————	10 feet-	None	None									
125 to 250												
gallons —	10 feet	10 feet -	None.									
251 to 500												
gallons	10 feet	10 feet	3 feet.									
501 to 2,000												
gallons —	25 feet <sup>2</sup> -	25 feet <sup>2</sup> -	3 feet.									
2,001 to 30,000												
gallons	50 feet	50 feet	5 feet.									
30,001 to 70,000 gallons ————————————————————————————————————	50 feet —		1/4 of sum of diame-									
70,001 to			con									
90,000			tain-									
	50 feet -	100 feet -										

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If the aggregate water capacity of a multicontainer installation at a consumer site is five hundred one gallons or greater, the minimum distance shall comply with the appropriate portion of this table, applying the aggregate capacity rather than the capacity per container. If more than one installation is made, each installation shall be separated from another installation by at least twenty-five feet. Do not apply the MINIMUM DISTANCES BETWEEN ABOVE-GROUND CONTAINERS to such installations.

<sup>2</sup>Note: The above distance requirements may be reduced to not less than ten feet for a single container of one thousand two hundred gallons water capacity or less, providing such a container is at least twenty-five feet from any other LP-gas container of more than one hundred twenty-five gallons water capacity.

- (c) Containers installed for use shall not be stacked one above the other.
- (d) In industrial installations involving containers of one hundred eighty thousand gallons aggregate water capacity or more, where serious mutual exposures between the container and adjacent properties prevail, firewalls or other means of special protection designed and constructed in accordance with good engineering practices are required.
- (e) In the case of buildings devoted exclusively to gas manufacturing and distributing operations, the distances required by Table H-23 may be reduced provided that in no case shall containers of water capacity exceeding five hundred gallons be located closer than ten feet to such gas manufacturing and distributing buildings.
- (f) Readily ignitible material such as weeds and long dry grass shall be removed within ten feet of any container.

- (g) The minimum separation between liquefied petroleum gas containers and flammable liquid tanks shall be twenty feet, and the minimum separation between a container and the centerline of the dike shall be ten feet. The foregoing provision shall not apply when LP-gas containers of one hundred twenty-five gallons or less capacity are installed adjacent to Class III flammable liquid tanks of two hundred seventy-five gallons or less capacity.
- (h) Suitable means shall be taken to prevent the accumulation of flammable liquids under adjacent liquefied petroleum gas containers, such as by diking, diversion curbs, or grading.
- (i) When dikes are used with flammable liquid tanks, no liquefied petroleum gas containers shall be located within the diked area.
  - (7) Container valves and container accessories.
- (a) Valves, fittings, and accessories connected directly to the container including primary shutoff valves, shall have a rated working pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g. and shall be of material and design suitable for LP-gas service. Cast iron shall not be used for container valves, fittings, and accessories. This does not prohibit the use of container valves made of malleable or nodular iron.
- (b) Connections to containers, except safety relief connections, liquid level gaging devices, and plugged openings, shall have shutoff valves located as close to the container as practicable.
- (c) Excess flow valves, where required shall close automatically at the rated flows of vapor or liquid as specified by the manufacturer. The connections or line including valves, fittings, etc., being protected by an excess flow valve shall have a greater capacity than the rated flow of the excess flow valve.
- (d) Liquid level gaging devices which are so constructed that outward flow of container contents shall not exceed that passed by a No. 54 drill size opening, need not be equipped with excess flow valves.
- (e) Openings from container or through fittings attached directly on container to which pressure gage connection is made, need not be equipped with shutoff or excess flow valves if such openings are restricted to not larger than No. 54 drill size opening.
- (f) Except as provided in WAC 296-24-47507 (5)(a)(ii), excess flow and back pressure check valves where required by this section shall be located inside of the container or at a point outside where the line enters the container; in the latter case, installation shall be made in such manner that any undue strain beyond the excess flow or back pressure check valve will not cause breakage between the container and such valve.
- (g) Excess flow valves shall be designed with a bypass, not to exceed a No. 60 drill size opening to allow equalization of pressures.
- (h) Containers of more than thirty gallons water capacity and less than two thousand gallons water capacity, filled on a volumetric basis, and manufactured after December 1, 1963, shall be equipped for filling into the vapor space.
  - (8) Piping—Including pipe, tubing, and fittings.

- (a) Pipe, except as provided in WAC 296-24-47511 (6)(a) and 296-24-47515 (10)(c) shall be wrought iron or steel (black or galvanized), brass, copper, or aluminum alloy. Aluminum alloy pipe shall be at least Schedule 40 in accordance with the specifications for Aluminum Alloy Pipe, American National Standards Institute (ANSI) H38.7-1969 (ASTM, B241-1969), except that the use of alloy 5456 is prohibited and shall be suitably marked at each end of each length indicating compliance with American National Standard Institute specifications. Aluminum alloy pipe shall be protected against external corrosion when it is in contact with dissimilar metals other than galvanized steel, or its location is subject to repeated wetting by such liquids as water (except rain water), detergents, sewage, or leaking from other piping, or it passes through flooring, plaster, masonry, or insulation. Galvanized sheet steel or pipe, galvanized inside and out, may be considered suitable protection. The maximum nominal pipe size for aluminum pipe shall be three-fourths inch and shall not be used for pressures exceeding 20 p.s.i.g. Aluminum alloy pipe shall not be installed within six inches of the ground.
- (i) Vapor piping with operating pressures not exceeding 125 p.s.i.g. shall be suitable for a working pressure of at least 125 p.s.i.g. Pipe shall be at least Schedule 40 ASTM A-53-69, Grade B Electric Resistance Welded and Electric Flash Welded Pipe or equal.
- (ii) Vapor piping with operating pressures over 125 p.s.i.g. and all liquid piping shall be suitable for a working pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g. Pipe shall be at least Schedule 80 if joints are threaded or threaded and back welded. At least Schedule 40 (ASTM A-53-1969 Grade B Electric Resistance Welded and Electric Flash Welded Pipe or equal) shall be used if joints are welded, or welded and flanged.
- (b) Tubing shall be seamless and of copper, brass, steel, or aluminum alloy. Copper tubing shall be of Type K or L or equivalent as covered in the Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube, ANSI H23.1–1970 (ASTM B88–1969). Aluminum alloy tubing shall be of Type A or B or equivalent as covered in Specification ASTM B210–1968 and shall be suitably marked every eighteen inches indicating compliance with ASTM specifications. The minimum nominal wall thickness of copper tubing and aluminum alloy tubing shall be as specified in Table H–24 and Table H–25.

TABLE H-24
WALL THICKNESS OF COPPER TUBING<sup>1</sup>

Note: The standard size by which tube is designated is one-eighth-inch smaller than its nominal outside diameter.

Standard size		Nominal wall thickness (inches)								
(inches)	(menes)	Type K	Type L							
1/4	0.375	0.035	0.030							
3/8	0.500	0.049	0.035							

TABLE H-24—cont.

Standard Nomin size O.D. (inches) (inche		Nomin thickness					
(menes)	(menes)	Type K	Type L				
1/2	0.625	0.049	0.040				
5/8	0.750	0.049	0.042				
3/4	0.875	0.065	0.045				
1 '	1.125	0.065	0.050				
1 1/4	1.375	0.065	0.055				
1 1/2	1.625	0.072	0.060				
2 '	2.125	0.083	0.070				

<sup>1</sup>Based on data in Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tubing, ANSI H23.1-1970 (ASTM B-88-69).

Outside diameter (inches)		all thickness hes)
(menes)	Type A	Type B
3/8	0.035	0.049
1/2	0.035	0.049
5/8	0.042	0.049
3/4	0.049	0.058

<sup>1</sup>Based on data in Standard Specification for Aluminum-Alloy Drawn Seamless Coiled Tubes for Special Purpose Applications, ASTM B210-68.

Aluminum alloy tubing shall be protected against external corrosion when it is in contact with dissimilar metals other than galvanized steel, or its location is subject to repeated wetting by liquids such as water (except rainwater), detergents, sewage, or leakage from other piping, or it passes through flooring, plaster, masonry, or insulation. Galvanized sheet steel or pipe, galvanized inside and out, may be considered suitable protection. The maximum outside diameter for aluminum alloy tubing shall be three-fourths inch and shall not be used for pressures exceeding 20 p.s.i.g. Aluminum alloy tubing shall not be installed within six inches of the ground.

- (c) In systems where the gas in liquid form without pressure reduction enters the building, only heavy walled seamless brass or copper tubing with an internal diameter not greater than three thirty-seconds inch, and a wall thickness of not less than three sixty-fourths inch shall be used. This requirement shall not apply to research and experimental laboratories, buildings, or separate fire divisions of buildings used exclusively for housing internal combustion engines, and to commercial gas plants or bulk stations where containers are charged, nor to industrial vaporizer buildings, nor to buildings, structures, or equipment under construction or undergoing major renovation.
- (d) Pipe joints may be screwed, flanged, welded, soldered, or brazed with a material having a melting point

exceeding 1,000°F. Joints on seamless copper, brass, steel, or aluminum alloy gas tubing shall be made by means of approved gas tubing fittings, or soldered or brazed with a material having a melting point exceeding 1,000°F.

- (e) For operating pressures of 125 p.s.i.g. or less, fittings shall be designed for a pressure of at least 125 p.s.i.g. For operating pressures above 125 p.s.i.g., fittings shall be designed for a minimum of 250 p.s.i.g.
- (f) The use of threaded cast iron pipe fittings such as ells, tees, crosses, couplings, and unions is prohibited. Aluminum alloy fittings shall be used with aluminum alloy pipe and tubing. Insulated fittings shall be used where aluminum alloy pipe or tubing connects with a dissimilar metal.
- (g) Strainers, regulators, meters, compressors, pumps, etc., are not to be considered as pipe fittings. This does not prohibit the use of malleable, nodular, or higher strength gray iron for such equipment.
- (h) All materials such as valve seats, packing, gaskets, diaphragms, etc., shall be of such quality as to be resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gas under the service conditions to which they are subjected.
- (i) All piping, tubing, or hose shall be tested after assembly and proved free from leaks at not less than normal operating pressures. After installation, piping and tubing of all domestic and commercial systems shall be tested and proved free of leaks using a manometer or equivalent device that will indicate a drop in pressure. Test shall not be made with a flame.
- (j) Provision shall be made to compensate for expansion, contraction, jarring, and vibration, and for settling. This may be accomplished by flexible connections.
- (k) Piping outside buildings may be buried, above ground, or both, but shall be well supported and protected against physical damage. Where soil conditions warrant, all piping shall be protected against corrosion. Where condensation may occur, the piping shall be pitched back to the container, or suitable means shall be provided for revaporization of the condensate.
  - (9) Hose specifications.
- (a) Hose shall be fabricated of materials that are resistant to the action of LP-gas in the liquid and vapor phases. If wire braid is used for reinforcing the hose, it shall be of corrosion-resistant material such as stainless steel.
- (b) Hose subject to container pressure shall be marked "LP-gas" or "LPG" at not greater than tenfoot intervals.
- (c) Hose subject to container pressure shall be designed for a bursting pressure of not less than 1,250 p.s.i.g.
- (d) Hose subject to container pressure shall have its correctness as to design construction and performance determined by being listed (see WAC 296-24-47501(15)).
- (e) Hose connections subject to container pressure shall be capable of withstanding, without leakage, a test pressure of not less than 500 p.s.i.g.
- (f) Hose and hose connections on the low-pressure side of the regulator or reducing valve shall be designed

- for a bursting pressure of not less than 125 p.s.i.g. or five times the set pressure of the relief devices protecting that portion of the system, whichever is higher.
- (g) Hose may be used on the low-pressure side of regulators to connect to other than domestic and commercial gas appliances under the following conditions:
- (i) The appliances connected with hose shall be portable and need a flexible connection.
- (ii) For use inside buildings the hose shall be of minimum practical length, but shall not exceed six feet except as provided in WAC 296-24-47507 (5)(a)(vii) and shall not extend from one room to another, nor pass through any walls, partitions, ceilings, or floors. Such hose shall not be concealed from view or used in a concealed location. For use outside of buildings, the hose may exceed this length but shall be kept as short as practical.
- (iii) The hose shall be approved and shall not be used where it is likely to be subjected to temperatures above 125°F. The hose shall be securely connected to the appliance and the use of rubber slip ends shall not be permitted.
- (iv) The shutoff valve for an appliance connected by hose shall be in the metal pipe or tubing and not at the appliance end of the hose. When shutoff valves are installed close to each other, precautions shall be taken to prevent operation of the wrong valve.
- (v) Hose used for connecting to wall outlets shall be protected from physical damage.
  - (10) Safety devices.
- (a) Every container except those constructed in accordance with DOT specifications and every vaporizer (except motor fuel vaporizers and except vaporizers described in subsection (11)(b)(iii) of this section and WAC 296-24-47509 (4)(e)(i)) whether heated by artificial means or not, shall be provided with one or more safety relief valves of spring-loaded or equivalent type. These valves shall be arranged to afford free vent to the outer air with discharge not less than five feet horizontally away from any opening into the building which is below such discharge. The rate of discharge shall be in accordance with the requirements of (b) or (d) of this subsection in the case of vaporizers.
- (b) Minimum required rate of discharge in cubic feet per minute of air at one hundred twenty percent of the maximum permitted start to discharge pressure for safety relief valves to be used on containers other than those constructed in accordance with DOT specification shall be as follows:

Surfac (sq.	e area ft.)	Flow rate CFM air
20	or less	626
25		751
30		872
35		990
40		1,100
45		1,220
50		1,330
55		1,430
60		1,540

sq. i	area t.)	Flow rate CFM air
65	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
70		· · · · · · · · · - <b>- ·</b> · · -
75		
80		
85		
90		
95		· · · · · · · · · —,— · ·
00		•
05		2,440
10		2,530
15		
20		2,720
25		2,810
30		
35		2,990
40		
45		
50		•
55		
60		
65		3 530
70		•
75		•
80		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
85	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-,
90	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
95	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
.00		
10		, , -
20		
30		
40		4,800
50		4,960
60		5,130
70		5,290
80		
90		
00		
10		
20		
30		
40		,
50		
60		
70		
80		
		•
90	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
50	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,
50		
00		
50		<b> ,</b>
00		11,550
50		
00		
50		13.540

Surface area	Flow rate
(sq. ft.)	CFM air
950	14,830
1,000	15,470
1,050	16,100
1,100	16,720
1,150	17,350
1,200	17,960
1,250	40
1,300	40.400
1,350	40,000
1,400	20,380
1,450	
1,500	21,570
1,550	
1,600	22,740
1,650	
1,700	
1,750	~
1,800	-
1,850	•
1,900	
1,950	
2,000	
	4

Surface area = total outside surface area of container in square feet.

- (c) When the surface area is not stamped on the nameplate or when the marking is not legible, the area can be calculated by using one of the following formulas:
  - (i) Cylindrical container with hemispherical heads:

Area = Overall length x outside diameter x 3.1416.

(ii) Cylindrical container with other than hemispherical heads:

Area = (Overall length + 0.3 outside diameter) x outside diameter x 3.1416.

Note: This formula is not exact, but will give results within the limits of practical accuracy for the sole purpose of sizing relief valves.

(iii) Spherical container:

Area = Outside diameter squared x = 3.1416.

Flow rate-CFM air = Required flow capacity in cubic feet per minute of air at standard conditions, 60°F and atmospheric pressure (14.7 p.s.i.a.).

The rate of discharge may be interpolated for intermediate values of surface area. For containers with total outside surface area greater than two thousand square feet, the required flow rate can be calculated using the formula, flow rate—CFM air = 53.632 A<sup>0.82</sup>.

A = Total outside surface area of the container in square feet.

Valves not marked "air" have flow rate marking in cubic feet per minute of liquefied petroleum gas. These can be converted to ratings in cubic feet per minute of air by multiplying the liquefied petroleum gas ratings by factors listed below. Air flow ratings can be converted to

ratings in cubic feet per minute of liquefied petroleum gas by dividing the air ratings by the factors listed below.

#### AIR CONVERSION FACTORS

Container type 100 Air	125	150	175	200
conversion factor 1.162	1.142	1.113	1.078	1.010

(d) Minimum required rate of discharge for safety relief valves for liquefied petroleum gas vaporizers (steam heated, water heated, and direct fired).

The minimum required rate of discharge for safety relief valves shall be determined as follows:

- (i) Obtain the total surface area by adding the surface area of vaporizer shell in square feet directly in contact with LP-gas and the heat exchanged surface area in square feet directly in contact with LP-gas.
- (ii) Obtain the minimum required rate of discharge in cubic feet of air per minute, at 60°F and 14.7 p.s.i.a. from (b) of this subsection, for this total surface area.
- (e) Container and vaporizer safety relief valves shall be set to start-to-discharge, with relation to the design pressure of the container, in accordance with Table H-26.

TABLE H-26

Containers	Minimum (percent)	Maximum (percent)
ASME Code; Par.		
U–68, U–69—		
1949 and earlier		
editions	110	<sup>1</sup> 125
ASME Code; Par.		
U-200, U-201—		
1949 edition	88	¹100
ASME Code—1950,		
1952, 1956, 1959,		
1962, 1965 and		
1968 (Division I)		
editions	88	<sup>1</sup> 100
API—ASME Code—		
all editions	88	1100
DOT—As pre-		
scribed in 49 CFR		
Chapter I—		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Manufacturers of safety relief valves are allowed a plus tolerance not exceeding ten percent of the set pressure marked on the valve.

(f) Safety relief devices used with systems employing containers other than those constructed according to DOT specifications shall be so constructed as to discharge at not less than the rates shown in (b) of this subsection, before the pressure is in excess of one hundred twenty percent of the maximum (not including the

ten percent referred to in (e) of this subsection) permitted start to discharge pressure setting of the device.

- (g) In certain locations sufficiently sustained high temperatures prevail which require the use of a lower vapor pressure product to be stored or the use of a higher designed pressure vessel in order to prevent the safety valves opening as the result of these temperatures. As an alternative the tanks may be protected by cooling devices such as by spraying, by shading, or other effective means.
- (h) Safety relief valves shall be arranged so that the possibility of tampering will be minimized. If pressure setting or adjustment is external, the relief valves shall be provided with approved means for sealing adjustment.
- (i) Shutoff valves shall not be installed between the safety relief devices and the container, or the equipment or piping to which the safety relief device is connected except that a shutoff valve may be used where the arrangement of this valve is such that full required capacity flow through the safety relief device is always afforded.
- (j) Safety relief valves shall have direct communication with the vapor space of the container at all times.
- (k) Each container safety relief valve used with systems covered by WAC 296-24-47509, 296-24-47511, 296-24-47515 and 296-24-47517, except as provided in WAC 296-24-47511 (3)(c) shall be plainly and permanently marked with the following: "Container type" of the pressure vessel on which the valve is designed to be installed; the pressure in p.s.i.g. at which the valve is set to discharge; the actual rate of discharge of the valve in cubic feet per minute of air at 60°F and 14.7 p.s.i.a.; and the manufacturer's name and catalog number, for example: T200-250-4050 AIR—indicating that the valve is suitable for use on a Type 200 container, that it is set to start to discharge at 250 p.s.i.g.; and that its rate of discharge is four thousand fifty cubic feet per minute of air as determined in (b) of this subsection.
- (l) Safety relief valve assemblies, including their connections, shall be of sufficient size so as to provide the rate of flow required for the container on which they are installed.
- (m) A hydrostatic relief valve shall be installed between each pair of shutoff valves on liquefied petroleum gas liquid piping so as to relieve into a safe atmosphere. The start-to-discharge pressure setting of such relief valves shall not be in excess of 500 p.s.i.g. The minimum setting on relief valves installed in piping connected to other than DOT containers shall not be lower than one hundred forty percent of the container relief valve setting and in piping connected to DOT containers not lower than 400 p.s.i.g. Such a relief valve should not be installed in the pump discharge piping if the same protection can be provided by installing the relief valve in the suction piping. The start-to-discharge pressure setting of such a relief valve, if installed on the discharge side of a pump, shall be greater than the maximum pressure permitted by the recirculation device in the system.
- (n) The discharge from any safety relief device shall not terminate in or beneath any building, except relief

devices covered by subsection (6)(a)(i) through (vi) of this section, or WAC 296-24-47507 (4)(a) or (5).

- (o) Container safety relief devices and regulator relief vents shall be located not less than five feet in any direction from air openings into sealed combustion system appliances or mechanical ventilation air intakes.
  - (11) Vaporizer and housing.
- (a) Indirect fired vaporizers utilizing steam, water, or other heating medium shall be constructed and installed as follows:
- (i) Vaporizers shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of subsection (3)(a) through (c) of this section and shall be permanently marked as follows:
- (A) With the code marking signifying the specifications to which the vaporizer is constructed.
- (B) With the allowable working pressure and temperature for which the vaporizer is designed.
- (C) With the sum of the outside surface area and the inside heat exchange surface area expressed in square feet
  - (D) With the name or symbol of the manufacturer.
- (ii) Vaporizers having an inside diameter of six inches or less exempted by the ASME Unfired Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code—1968 shall have a design pressure not less than 250 p.s.i.g. and need not be permanently marked.
- (iii) Heating or cooling coils shall not be installed inside a storage container.
- (iv) Vaporizers may be installed in buildings, rooms, sheds, or lean-tos used exclusively for gas manufacturing or distribution, or in other structures of light, non-combustible construction or equivalent, well ventilated near the floor line and roof.

When vaporizing and/or mixing equipment is located in a structure or building not used exclusively for gas manufacturing or distribution, either attached to or within such a building, such structure or room shall be separated from the remainder of the building by a wall designed to withstand a static pressure of at least one hundred pounds per square foot. This wall shall have no openings or pipe or conduit passing through it. Such structure or room shall be provided with adequate ventilation and shall have a roof or at least one exterior wall of lightweight construction.

- (v) Vaporizers shall have, at or near the discharge, a safety relief valve providing an effective rate of discharge in accordance with subsection (10)(d) of this section, except as provided in WAC 296-24-47509 (4)(e)(i).
- (vi) The heating medium lines into and leaving the vaporizer shall be provided with suitable means for preventing the flow of gas into the heat systems in the event of tube rupture in the vaporizer. Vaporizers shall be provided with suitable automatic means to prevent liquid passing through the vaporizers to the gas discharge piping.
- (vii) The device that supplies the necessary heat for producing steam, hot water, or other heating medium may be installed in a building, compartment, room, or lean—to which shall be ventilated near the floorline and

roof to the outside. The device location shall be separated from all compartments or rooms containing lique-fied petroleum gas vaporizers, pumps, and central gas mixing devices by a wall designed to withstand a static pressure of at least one hundred pounds per square foot. This wall shall have no openings or pipes or conduit passing through it. This requirement does not apply to the domestic water heaters which may supply heat for a vaporizer in a domestic system.

- (viii) Gas-fired heating systems supplying heat exclusively for vaporization purposes shall be equipped with automatic safety devices to shut off the flow of gas to main burners, if the pilot light should fail.
- (ix) Vaporizers may be an integral part of a fuel storage container directly connected to the liquid section or gas section or both.
- (x) Vaporizers shall not be equipped with fusible plugs.
- (xi) Vaporizer houses shall not have unprotected drains to sewers or sump pits.
- (b) Atmospheric vaporizers employing heat from the ground or surrounding air shall be installed as follows:
  - (i) Buried underground, or
- (ii) Located inside the building close to a point at which pipe enters the building provided the capacity of the unit does not exceed one quart.
- (iii) Vaporizers of less than one quart capacity heated by the ground or surrounding air, need not be equipped with safety relief valves provided that adequate tests demonstrate that the assembly is safe without safety relief valves.
- (c) Direct gas-fired vaporizers shall be constructed, marked, and installed as follows:
- (i) In accordance with the requirements of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code—1968 that are applicable to the maximum working conditions for which the vaporizer is designed.
- (ii) With the name of the manufacturer; rated BTU input to the burner; the area of the heat exchange surface in square feet; the outside surface of the vaporizer in square feet; and the maximum vaporizing capacity in gallons per hour.
- (iii) Vaporizers may be connected to the liquid section or the gas section of the storage container, or both; but in any case there shall be at the container a manually operated valve in each connection to permit completely shutting off when desired, of all flow of gas or liquid from container to vaporizer.
- (iv) Vaporizers with capacity not exceeding thirty-five gallons per hour shall be located at least five feet from container shutoff valves. Vaporizers having capacity of more than thirty-five gallons but not exceeding one hundred gallons per hour shall be located at least ten feet from the container shutoff valves. Vaporizers having a capacity greater than one hundred gallons per hour shall be located at least fifteen feet from container shutoff valves.
- (v) Vaporizers may be installed in buildings, rooms, housings, sheds, or lean-tos used exclusively for vaporizing or mixing of liquefied petroleum gas. Vaporizing

housing structures shall be of noncombustible construction, well ventilated near the floorline and the highest point of the roof. When vaporizer and/or mixing equipment is located in a structure or room attached to or within a building, such structure or room shall be separated from the remainder of the building by a wall designed to withstand a static pressure of at least one hundred pounds per square foot. This wall shall have no openings or pipes or conduit passing through it. Such structure or room shall be provided with adequate ventilation, and shall have a roof or at least one exterior wall of lightweight construction.

- (vi) Vaporizers shall have at or near the discharge, a safety relief valve providing an effective rate of discharge in accordance with subsection (10)(d) of this section. The relief valve shall be so located as not to be subjected to temperatures in excess of 140°F.
- (vii) Vaporizers shall be provided with suitable automatic means to prevent liquid passing from the vaporizer to the gas discharge piping of the vaporizer.
- (viii) Vaporizers shall be provided with means for manually turning off the gas to the main burner and pilot.
- (ix) Vaporizers shall be equipped with automatic safety devices to shut off the flow of gas to main burners if the pilot light should fail. When the flow through the pilot exceeds 2,000 B.T.U. per hour, the pilot also shall be equipped with an automatic safety device to shut off the flow of gas to the pilot should the pilot flame be extinguished.
- (x) Pressure regulating and pressure reducing equipment if located within ten feet of a direct fired vaporizer shall be separated from the open flame by a substantially airtight noncombustible partition or partitions.
- (xi) Except as provided in (c)(v) of this subsection, the following minimum distances shall be maintained between direct fired vaporizers and the nearest important building or group of buildings or line of adjoining property which may be built upon:
- (A) Ten feet for vaporizers having a capacity of fifteen gallons per hour or less vaporizing capacity.
- (B) Twenty-five feet for vaporizers having a vaporizing capacity of sixteen to one hundred gallons per hour.
- (C) Fifty feet for vaporizers having a vaporizing capacity exceeding one hundred gallons per hour.
- (xii) Direct fired vaporizers shall not raise the product pressure above the design pressure of the vaporizer equipment nor shall they raise the product pressure within the storage container above the pressure shown in the second column of Table H-31. (See WAC 296-24-47509.)
- (xiii) Vaporizers shall not be provided with fusible plugs.
- (xiv) Vaporizers shall not have unprotected drains to sewers or sump pits.
- (d) Direct gas-fired tank heaters, shall be constructed and installed as follows:
- (i) Direct gas-fired tank heaters, and tanks to which they are applied, shall only be installed above ground.
- (ii) Tank heaters shall be permanently marked with the name of the manufacturer, the rated B.T.U. input to

the burner, and the maximum vaporizing capacity in gallons per hour.

Note: Tank heaters may be an integral part of a fuel storage container directly connected to the container liquid section, or vapor section, or both.

- (iii) Tank heaters shall be provided with a means for manually turning off the gas to the main burner and pilot.
- (iv) Tank heaters shall be equipped with an automatic safety device to shut off the flow of gas to main burners, if the pilot light should fail. When flow through pilot exceeds 2,000 B.T.U. per hour, the pilot also shall be equipped with an automatic safety device to shut off the flow of gas to the pilot should the pilot flame be extinguished.
- (v) Pressure regulating and pressure reducing equipment if located within ten feet of a direct fired tank heater shall be separated from the open flame by a substantially airtight noncombustible partition.
- (vi) The following minimum distances shall be maintained between a storage tank heated by a direct fired tank heater and the nearest important building or group of buildings or line of adjoining property which may be built upon:
- (A) Ten feet for storage containers of less than five hundred gallons water capacity.
- (B) Twenty-five feet for storage containers of five hundred to one thousand two hundred gallons water capacity.
- (C) Fifty feet for storage containers of over one thousand two hundred gallons water capacity.
- (vii) No direct fired tank heater shall raise the product pressure within the storage container over seventy-five percent of the pressure set out in the second column of Table H-31. (See WAC 296-24-47509.)
- (e) The vaporizer section of vaporizer-burners used for dehydrators or dryers shall be located outside of buildings; they shall be constructed and installed as follows:
- (i) Vaporizer-burners shall have a minimum design pressure of 250 p.s.i.g. with a factor of safety of five.
- (ii) Manually operated positive shutoff valves shall be located at the containers to shut off all flow to the vaporizer-burners.
- (iii) Minimum distances between storage containers and vaporizer-burners shall be as follows:

Water capacity per container (gallons)															d	is	nimum tances feet)
Less than 501																	10
501 to 2,000																	25
Over 2.000																	50

(iv) The vaporizer section of vaporizer-burners shall be protected by a hydrostatic relief valve. The relief valve shall be located so as not to be subjected to temperatures in excess of 140°F. The start-to-discharge pressure setting shall be such as to protect the components involved, but not less than 250 p.s.i.g. The discharge shall be directed upward and away from

component parts of the equipment and away from operating personnel.

- (v) Vaporizer-burners shall be provided with means for manually turning off the gas to the main burner and pilot.
- (vi) Vaporizer-burners shall be equipped with automatic safety devices to shut off the flow of gas to the main burner and pilot in the event the pilot is extinguished.
- (vii) Pressure regulating and control equipment shall be located or protected so that the temperatures surrounding this equipment shall not exceed 140°F except that equipment components may be used at higher temperatures if designed to withstand such temperatures.
- (viii) Pressure regulating and control equipment when located downstream of the vaporizer shall be designed to withstand the maximum discharge temperature of the vapor.
- (ix) The vaporizer section of vaporizer-burners shall not be provided with fusible plugs.
- (x) Vaporizer coils or jackets shall be made of ferrous metal or high temperature alloys.
- (xi) Equipment utilizing vaporizer—burners shall be equipped with automatic shutoff devices upstream and downstream of the vaporizer section connected so as to operate in the event of excessive temperature, flame failure, and, if applicable, insufficient airflow.
  - (12) Filling densities.
- (a) The "filling density" is defined as the percent ratio of the weight of the gas in a container to the weight of water the container will hold at 60°F. All containers shall be filled according to the filling densities shown in Table H-27.

TABLE H-27
MAXIMUM PERMITTED FILLING DENSITY

	Above g contai		
	0 to	Over	
	1,200	1,200	
	U.S.	U.S.	
	gals.	gals.	Under-
	(1,000	(1,000	ground
Specific	imp. gal.	imp. gals.	contain-
gravity	4,550	4,550	ers, all
at 60°F	liters)	liters)	capaci-
(15.6°C)	total	total	ties
	water	water	
	cap.	cap.	
	Percent	Percent	Percent
0.496-0.503	41	44	45
.504510	42	45	46
.511519	43	46	47
.520527	44	47	48
.528536	45	48	49
.537544	46	49	50
.545552	47	50	51
.553560	48	51	52
.561568	49	52	53
.569576	50	53	54
.577584	51	54	55
.585592	52	55	56
.593600	53	56	57

- (b) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, any container including mobile cargo tanks and portable tank containers regardless of size or construction, shipped under DOT jurisdiction or constructed in accordance with 49 CFR Chapter I specifications shall be charged according to 49 CFR Chapter I requirements.
- (c) Portable containers not subject to DOT jurisdiction (such as, but not limited to, motor fuel containers on industrial and lift trucks, and farm tractors covered in subsection (5) of this section, or containers recharged at the installation) may be filled either by weight, or by volume using a fixed length dip tube gaging device.
  - (13) LP-gas in buildings.
- (a) Vapor shall be piped into buildings at pressures in excess of 20 p.s.i.g. only if the buildings or separate areas thereof,
  - (i) Are constructed in accordance with this section;
- (ii) Are used exclusively to house equipment for vaporization, pressure reduction, gas mixing, gas manufacturing, or distribution, or to house internal combustion engines, industrial processes, research and experimental laboratories, or equipment and processes using such gas and having similar hazard;
- (iii) Buildings, structures, or equipment under construction or undergoing major renovation.
  - (b) Liquid may be permitted in buildings as follows:
- (i) Buildings, or separate areas of buildings, used exclusively to house equipment for vaporization, pressure reduction, gas mixing, gas manufacturing, or distribution, or to house internal combustion engines, industrial processes, research and experimental laboratories, or equipment and processes using such gas and having similar hazard; and when such buildings, or separate areas thereof are constructed in accordance with this section.
- (ii) Buildings, structures, or equipment under construction or undergoing major renovation provided the temporary piping meets the following conditions:
- (A) Liquid piping inside the building shall conform to the requirements of subsection (8) of this section, and shall not exceed three-fourths iron pipe size. Copper tubing with an outside diameter of three-fourths inch or less may be used provided it conforms to Type K of Specifications for Seamless Water Tube, ANSI H23.1-1970 (ASTM B88-1969) (see WAC 296-24-47505 Table H-24). All such piping shall be protected against construction hazards. Liquid piping inside buildings shall be kept to a minimum. Such piping shall be securely fastened to walls or other surfaces so as to provide adequate protection from breakage and so located as to subject the liquid line to lowest ambient temperatures.
- (B) A shutoff valve shall be installed in each intermediate branch line where it takes off the main line and shall be readily accessible. A shutoff valve shall also be placed at the appliance end of the intermediate branch line. Such shutoff valve shall be upstream of any flexible connector used with the appliance.
- (C) Suitable excess flow valves shall be installed in the container outlet line supplying liquid LP-gas to the building. A suitable excess flow valve shall be installed immediately downstream of each shutoff valve. Suitable

excess flow valves shall be installed where piping size is reduced and shall be sized for the reduced size piping.

- (D) Hydrostatic relief valves shall be installed in accordance with subsection (10)(m) of this section.
- (E) The use of hose to carry liquid between the container and the building or at any point in the liquid line, except at the appliance connector, shall be prohibited.
- (F) Where flexible connectors are necessary for appliance installation, such connectors shall be as short as practicable and shall comply with subsection (8)(b) or (9) of this section.
- (G) Release of fuel when any section of piping or appliances is disconnected shall be minimized by either of the following methods:
- (I) Using an approved automatic quick-closing coupling (a type closing in both directions when coupled in the fuel line), or
- (II) Closing the valve nearest to the appliance and allowing the appliance to operate until the fuel in the line is consumed.
- (III) Portable containers shall not be taken into buildings except as provided in subsection (6)(a) of this section.
- (14) Transfer of liquids. The employer shall assure that:
- (a) At least one attendant shall remain close to the transfer connection from the time the connections are first made until they are finally disconnected, during the transfer of the product.
- (b) Containers shall be filled or used only upon authorization of the owner.
- (c) Containers manufactured in accordance with specifications of 49 CFR Part 178 and authorized by 49 CFR Chapter 1 as a "single trip" or "nonrefillable container" shall not be refilled or reused in LP-gas service.
- (d) Gas or liquid shall not be vented to the atmosphere to assist in transferring contents of one container to another, except as provided in WAC 296-24-47511 (5)(d) and except that this shall not preclude the use of listed pump utilizing LP-gas in the vapor phase as a source of energy and venting such gas to the atmosphere at a rate not to exceed that from a No. 31 drill size opening and provided that such venting and liquid transfer shall be located not less than fifty feet from the nearest important building.
- (e) Filling of fuel containers for industrial trucks or motor vehicles from industrial bulk storage containers shall be performed not less than ten feet from the nearest important masonry—walled building or not less than twenty—five feet from the nearest important building or other construction and, in any event, not less than twenty—five feet from any building opening.
- (f) Filling of portable containers, containers mounted on skids, fuel containers on farm tractors, or similar applications, from storage containers used in domestic or commercial service, shall be performed not less than fifty feet from the nearest important building.
- (g) The filling connection and the vent from the liquid level gages in containers, filled at point of installation, shall not be less than ten feet in any direction from air

- openings into sealed combustion system appliances or mechanical ventilation air intakes.
- (h) Fuel supply containers shall be gaged and charged only in the open air or in buildings especially provided for that purpose.
- (i) The maximum vapor pressure of the product at 100°F which may be transferred into a container shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-47509(2) and 296-24-47511(3). (For DOT containers use DOT requirements.)
- (j) Marketers and users shall exercise precaution to assure that only those gases for which the system is designed, examined, and listed, are employed in its operation, particularly with regard to pressures.
- (k) Pumps or compressors shall be designed for use with LP-gas. When compressors are used they shall normally take suction from the vapor space of the container being filled and discharge to the vapor space of the container being emptied.
- (1) Pumping systems, when equipped with a positive displacement pump, shall include a recirculating device which shall limit the differential pressure on the pump under normal operating conditions to the maximum differential pressure rating of the pump. The discharge of the pumping system shall be protected so that pressure does not exceed 350 p.s.i.g. If a recirculation system discharges into the supply tank and contains a manual shutoff valve, an adequate secondary safety recirculation system shall be incorporated which shall have no means of rendering it inoperative. Manual shutoff valves in recirculation systems shall be kept open except during an emergency or when repairs are being made to the system.
- (m) When necessary, unloading piping or hoses shall be provided with suitable bleeder valves for relieving pressure before disconnection.
- (n) Agricultural air moving equipment, including crop dryers, shall be shut down when supply containers are being filled unless the air intakes and sources of ignition on the equipment are located fifty feet or more from the container.
- (o) Agricultural equipment employing open flames or equipment with integral containers, such as flame cultivators, weed burners, and, in addition, tractors, shall be shut down during refueling.
- (15) Tank car or transport truck loading or unloading points and operations.
- (a) The track of tank car siding shall be relatively level.
- (b) A "tank car connected" sign, as covered by DOT rules, shall be installed at the active end or ends of the siding while the tank car is connected.
- (c) While cars are on side track for loading or unloading, the wheels at both ends shall be blocked on the rails.
- (d) The employer shall insure that an employee is in attendance at all times while the tank car, cars, or trucks are being loaded or unloaded.
- (e) A backflow check valve, excess—flow valve, or a shutoff valve with means of remote closing, to protect against uncontrolled discharge of LP—gas from storage

tank piping shall be installed close to the point where the liquid piping and hose or swing joint pipe is connected.

- (f) Except as provided in (g) of this subsection, when the size (diameter) of the loading or unloading hoses and/or piping is reduced below the size of the tank car or transport truck loading or unloading connections, the adaptors to which lines are attached shall be equipped with either a backflow check valve, a properly sized excess flow valve, or shutoff valve with means of remote closing, to protect against uncontrolled discharge from the tank car or transport truck.
- (g) The requirement of (f) of this subsection shall not apply if the tank car or transport is equipped with a quick-closing internal valve that can be remotely closed.
- (h) The tank car or transport truck loading or unloading point shall be located with due consideration to the following:
  - (i) Proximity to railroads and highway traffic.
- (ii) The distance of such unloading or loading point from adjacent property.
  - (iii) With respect to buildings on installer's property.
  - (iv) Nature of occupancy.
  - (v) Topography.
  - (vi) Type of construction of buildings.
- (vii) Number of tank cars or transport trucks that may be safely loaded or unloaded at one time.
  - (viii) Frequency of loading or unloading.
- (i) Where practical, the distance of the unloading or loading point shall conform to the distances in subsection (6)(b) of this section.
- (16) Instructions. Personnel performing installation, removal, operation, and maintenance work shall be properly trained in such function.
- (17) Electrical equipment and other sources of ignition.
- (a) Electrical equipment and wiring shall be of a type specified by and shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960, for ordinary locations except that fixed electrical equipment in classified areas shall comply with subsection (18) of this section.
- (b) Open flames or other sources of ignition shall not be permitted in vaporizer rooms (except those housing direct-fired vaporizers), pumphouses, container charging rooms or other similar locations. Direct-fired vaporizers shall not be permitted in pumphouses or container charging rooms.

Note: Liquefied petroleum gas storage containers do not require lightning protection. Since liquefied petroleum gas is contained in a closed system of piping and equipment, the system need not be electrically conductive or electrically bonded for protection against static electricity (see NFPA No. 77–1972–1973, Recommended Practice for Static Electricity).

(c) Open flames (except as provided for in (b) of this subsection), cutting or welding, portable electric tools,

and extension lights capable of igniting LP-gas, shall not be permitted within classified areas specified in Table H-28 of this section unless the LP-gas facilities have been freed of all liquid and vapor, or special precautions observed under carefully controlled conditions.

- (18) Fixed electrical equipment in classified areas. Fixed electrical equipment and wiring installed within classified areas shall comply with Table H-28 of this section and shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960. This provision does not apply to fixed electrical equipment at residential or commercial installations of LP-gas systems or to systems covered by WAC 296-24-47511 or 296-24-47515.
  - (19) Liquid-level gaging device.
- (a) Each container manufactured after December 31, 1965, and filled on a volumetric basis shall be equipped with a fixed liquid—level gage to indicate the maximum permitted filling level as provided in (e) of this subsection. Each container manufactured after December 31, 1969, shall have permanently attached to the container adjacent to the fixed level gage a marking showing the percentage full that will be shown by that gage. When a variable liquid—level gage is also provided, the fixed liquid—level gage will also serve as a means for checking the variable gage. These gages shall be used in charging containers as required in subsection (12) of this section.
- (b) All variable gaging devices shall be arranged so that the maximum liquid level for butane, for a fifty-fifty mixture of butane and propane, and for propane, to which the container may be charged is readily determinable. The markings indicating the various liquid levels from empty to full shall be on the system nameplate or gaging device or part may be on the system nameplate and part on the gaging device. Dials of magnetic or rotary gages shall show whether they are for cylindrical or spherical containers and whether for aboveground or underground service. The dials of gages intended for use only on aboveground containers of over one thousand two hundred gallons water capacity shall be so marked.
- (c) Gaging devices that require bleeding of the product to the atmosphere, such as the rotary tube, fixed tube, and slip tube, shall be designed so that the bleed valve maximum opening is not larger than a No. 54 drill size, unless provided with excess flow valve.
- (d) Gaging devices shall have a design working pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g.
- (e) Length of tube or position of fixed liquid-level gage shall be designed to indicate the maximum level to which the container may be filled for the product contained. This level shall be based on the volume of the product at 40°F at its maximum permitted filling density for aboveground containers and at 50°F for underground containers. The employer shall calculate the filling point for which the fixed liquid level gage shall be designed according to the method in this subsection.

TABLE H-28

		TABLE H-28					Equipment shall
Part	Location	Extent of classified area	Equipment shall be suitable for National Electrical Code, Class 1, Group D <sup>2</sup>	Part	Location	Extent of classified area	be suitable for National Electrical Code, Class 1, Group D <sup>2</sup>
A	Storage containers other than DOT cylinders.	Within 15 feet in all directions from connections, except connections otherwise covered in Table H-28.	Division 2.			Within 15 feet of the exterior side of any exterior wall or roof that is not vaportight or within 15 feet of any exterior	Division 2.
В	Tank vehicle and tank car loading and unloading. <sup>3</sup>	Within 5 feet in all directions from connections regularly made or disconnected for product transfer.	Division 1.		Indoors with adequate ventilation. <sup>4</sup>	opening.  Entire room and any adjacent room not separated by a gastight partition.	Division 2.
		Beyond 5 feet but within 15 feet in all directions from a point where connections are regularly made or disconnected and within the cylindrical volume between the	Division 2.		Outdoors in open air at or abovegrade.	Within 15 feet in all directions from this equipment and within the cylindrical volume between the horizontal equator of the sphere and grade. See Figure H-1.	Division 2.
		horizontal equator of the sphere and grade. (See Figure H-1.)	•	F	Service station dispensing units.	Entire space within dispenser enclosure, and 18 inches horizontally from	Division 1.
С	Gage vent openings other than those on DOT cylinders.	Within 5 feet in all directions from point of discharge.	Division 1.			enclosure exterior up to an elevation 4 ft. above dispenser base.	
		Beyond 5 feet but within 15 feet in all directions from point of discharge.	Division 2.			Entire pit or open space beneath dispenser.	
D	Relief valve discharge other than those on DOT cylinders.	Within direct path of discharge.	Division 1.  NOTE—Fixed electrical equipment should preferably not be installed.			Up to 18 inches abovegrade within 20 ft. horizontally from any edge of enclosure.  NOTE: For pits within this area, see Part F of this	Division 2.
		Within 5 feet in all directions from point of discharge.	Division 1.	G	Pits or trenches	table.	
		Beyond 5 feet but within 15 feet in all directions from point of discharge except within the direct path of	Division 2.		containing or located beneath LP-gas valves, pumps, compressors, regulators, and similar equipment.		
		discharge.	and the second		Without mechanical ventilation.	Entire pit or trench	Division 1.
E	Pumps, compressors, gas-air mixers and vaporizers other than direct fired.				venthation.	Entire room and any adjacent room not separated by a gastight partition.	Division 2.
	Indoors without ventilation	Entire room and any adjacent room not separated by a gastight partition.	Division 1.			Within 15 feet in all directions from pit or trench when located outdoors.	Division 2.
Title	296 WACn 6661						(1080 Ed.)

Part	Location	Extent of classified area	Equipment shall be suitable for National Electrical Code, Class Group D <sup>2</sup>
	With adequate mechanical ventilation.	Entire pit or trench	Division 2.
	ventuation.	Entire room and any adjacent room not separated by a gastight partition.	Division 2.
		Within 15 feet in all directions from pit or trench when located outdoors.	Division 2.
H	Special buildings or rooms for storage of portable containers.	Entire room	Division 2.
I	Pipelines and connections containing operational bleeds, drips, vents or drains.	Within 5 ft. in all directions from point of discharge.	Division 1.
		Beyond 5 ft. from point of discharge, same as Part E of this table.	
J ·	Container filling: Indoors without ventilation.	Entire room	Division 1.
	Indoors with adequate ventilation. <sup>4</sup>	Within 5 feet in all directions from connections regularly made or disconnected for product transfer.	Division 1.
		Beyond 5 feet and entire room	Division 2.
	Outdoors in open air	Within 5 feet in all directions from connections regularly made or disconnected for product transfer.	Division 1.
		Beyond 5 feet but within 15 feet in all directions from a point where connections are regularly made or disconnected and within the cylindrical volume between the horizontal equator of the sphere and grade (See Fig. H-1.)	Division 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The classified area shall not extend beyond an unpierced wall, roof, or solid vaportight partition.

<sup>2</sup>See chapter 296-46 WAC, and WAC 296-24-956 through 296-24-960.

<sup>3</sup>When classifying extent of hazardous area, consideration shall be given to possible variations in the spotting of tank cars and tank vehicles at the unloading points and the effect these variations of actual spotting point may have on the point of connection.

<sup>4</sup>Ventilation, either natural or mechanical, is considered adequate when the concentration of the gas in a gas-air mixture does not exceed twenty-five percent of the lower flammable limit under normal operating conditions.

SPHEAR HAVING RADIUS OF IS FT. - DIVISION & SPHERE MAVING RADIUS OF S FT. -DIVISION I HORIZONTAL EQUATOR OF SPHERE POINT OF CONNECTION OR SOURCE OF EXCESSIVE ALLEASE OF LIQUID OR GAS GRADE LEVEL CYLINDRICAL VOLUME -DIVISION & (INCLUDES BOTTOM HALF OF 18 FT. RADIUS SPHERE)

#### Figure H-1

Note: It is impossible to set out in a table the length of a fixed dip tube for various capacity tanks because of the varying tank diameters and lengths and because the tank may be installed either in a vertical or horizontal position. Knowing the maximum permitted filling volume in gallons, however, the length of the fixed tube can be determined by the use of a strapping table obtained from the container manufacturer. The length of the fixed tube should be such that when its lower end touches the surface of the liquid in the container, the contents of the container will be the maximum permitted volume as determined by the following formula:

Water capacity (gals.) of container* x filling density**	Maximum volume
Specific gravity of LP-gas* x volume correction factor*** x 100	of LP-gas

<sup>\*</sup>Measure at 60°F.

\*\*From subsection (12)(a) of this section "filling densities."

(i) Formula for determining maximum volume of liquefied petroleum gas for which a fixed length of dip tube shall be set:

TABLE H-29
VOLUME CORRECTION FACTORS

Specific gravity	Aboveground	Underground
0.500	1.033	1.017
.510	1.031	1.016

[Title 296 WAC-p 667]

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>For aboveground containers the liquid temperature is assumed to be 40°F and for underground containers the liquid temperature is assumed to be 50°F. To correct the liquid volumes at these temperatures to 60°F the following factors shall be used.

Specific gravity	Aboveground	Underground
.520	1.029	1.015
.530	1.028	1.014
.540	1.026	1.013
.550	1.025	1.013
.560	1.024	1.012
.570	1.023	1.011
.580	1.021	1.011
.590	1.020	1.010

- (ii) The maximum volume of LP-gas which can be placed in a container when determining the length of the dip tube expressed as a percentage of total water content of the container is calculated by the following formula.
- (iii) The maximum weight of LP-gas which may be placed in a container for determining the length of a fixed dip tube is determined by multiplying the maximum volume of liquefied petroleum gas obtained by the formula in (e)(i) of this subsection by the pounds of liquefied petroleum gas in a gallon at 40°F for aboveground and at 50°F for underground containers. For example, typical pounds per gallon are specified below:

Example: Assume a one hundred-gallon total water capacity tank for aboveground storage of propane having a specific gravity of 0.510 of 60°F.

a specific gravity of 0.510 of 60°F.  100 (gals.) x 42 (filling density from (12)(a) of this subsection)	4200
0.510 x 1.031 (correction factor from Table H-29) x 100	52.6
4200 = 79.8 gallons propane, the maximum amount permitted to be placed in a 100-gallon total water capacity aboveground container equipped with a fixed dip tube.	
Maximum volume of LP-gas (from formula in (e)(i) of this subsection) x 100  Maximum percent	
Total water content of LP-gas of container in gallons.	

	Aboveground, pounds per gallon	Underground, pounds per gallon
Propane	4.37	4.31
N Butane		4.92

(f) Fixed liquid-level gages used on containers other than DOT containers shall be stamped on the exterior of the gage with the letters "DT" followed by the vertical distance (expressed in inches and carried out to one decimal place) from the top of container to the end of the dip tube or to the centerline of the gage when it is located at the maximum permitted filling level. For portable containers that may be filled in the horizontal and/or vertical position the letters "DT" shall be followed by "V" with the vertical distance from the top of

- the container to the end of the dip tube for vertical filling and with "H" followed by the proper distance for horizontal filling. For DOT containers the stamping shall be placed both on the exterior of the gage and on the container. On aboveground or cargo containers where the gages are positioned at specific levels, the marking may be specified in percent of total tank contents and the marking shall be stamped on the container.
- (g) Gage glasses of the columnar type shall be restricted to charging plants where the fuel is withdrawn in the liquid phase only. They shall be equipped with valves having metallic handwheels, with excess flow valves, and with extra—heavy glass adequately protected with a metal housing applied by the gage manufacturer. They shall be shielded against the direct rays of the sun. Gage glasses of the columnar type are prohibited on tank trucks, and on motor fuel tanks, and on containers used in domestic, commercial, and industrial installations.
- (h) Gaging devices of the float, or equivalent type which do not require flow for their operation and having connections extending to a point outside the container do not have to be equipped with excess flow valves provided the piping and fittings are adequately designed to withstand the container pressure and are properly protected against physical damage and breakage.
  - (20) Requirements for appliances.
- (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, new commercial and industrial gas consuming appliances shall be approved.
- (b) Any appliance that was originally manufactured for operation with a gaseous fuel other than LP-gas and is in good condition may be used with LP-gas only after it is properly converted, adapted, and tested for performance with LP-gas before the appliance is placed in use.
- (c) Unattended heaters used inside buildings for the purpose of animal or poultry production or care shall be equipped with an approved automatic device designed to shut off the flow of gas to the main burners, and pilot if used, in the event of flame extinguishment.
- (d) All commercial, industrial, and agricultural appliances or equipment shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of these standards and in accordance with the following:
- (i) Domestic and commercial appliances—NFPA 54–1969, Standard for the Installation of Gas Appliances and Gas Piping.
- (ii) Industrial appliances—NFPA 54A-1969, Standard for the Installation of Gas Piping and Gas Equipment on Industrial Premises and Certain Other Premises.
- (iii) Standard for the Installation and Use of Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines—NFPA 37-1970.
- (iv) Standard for the Installation of Equipment for the Removal of Smoke and Grease-Laden Vapors from Commercial Cooking Equipment, NFPA 96-1970.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-47505, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 85-10-004 (Order 85-09), § 296-24-47505,

filed 4/19/85; Order 76-6, § 296-24-47505, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-47505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47505, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-47507 Cylinder systems. (1) Application. This section applies specifically to systems utilizing containers constructed in accordance with DOT specifications. All requirements of WAC 296-24-47505 apply to this section unless otherwise noted in WAC 296-24-47505.
  - (2) Marking of containers.
- (a) Containers shall be marked in accordance with DOT regulations. Additional markings not in conflict with DOT regulations may be used.
- (b) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection each container shall be marked with its water capacity in pounds or other identified unit of weight.
- (c) If a container is filled and maintained only by the owner or his representative and if the water capacity of each container is identified by a code, compliance with (b) of this subsection is not required.
- (d) Each container shall be marked with its tare weight in pounds or other identified unit of weight including all permanently attached fittings but not the cap.
- (3) Description of a system. A system shall include the container base or bracket, containers, container valves, connectors, manifold valve assembly, regulators, and relief valves.
- (4) Containers and regulating equipment installed outside of buildings or structures.
- (a) Containers shall not be buried below ground. However, this shall not prohibit the installation in a compartment or recess below grade level, such as a niche in a slope or terrace wall which is used for no other purpose, providing that the container and regulating equipment are not in contact with the ground and the compartment or recess is drained and ventilated horizontally to the outside air from its lowest level, with the outlet at least three feet away from any building opening which is below the level of such outlet.

Except as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(n), the discharge from safety relief devices shall be located not less than three feet horizontally away from any building opening which is below the level of such discharge and shall not terminate beneath any building unless such space is well ventilated to the outside and is not enclosed on more than two sides.

- (b) Containers shall be set upon firm foundation or otherwise firmly secured; the possible effect on the outlet piping of settling shall be guarded against by a flexible connection or special fitting.
- (5) Containers and equipment used inside of buildings or structures.
- (a) When operational requirements make portable use of containers necessary and their location outside of buildings or structures is impracticable, containers and equipment are permitted to be used inside of buildings or structures in accordance with (a)(i) through (xii) of this subsection, and, in addition, such other provisions of this section as are applicable to the particular use or occupancy.

- (i) Containers in use shall mean connected for use.
- (ii) Systems utilizing containers having a water capacity greater than two and one—half pounds (nominal one pound LP—gas capacity) shall be equipped with excess flow valves. Such excess flow valves shall be either integral with the container valves or in the connections to the container valve outlets. In either case, an excess flow valve shall be installed in such a manner that any undue strain beyond the excess flow valve will not cause breakage between the container and the excess flow valve. The installation of excess flow valves shall take into account the type of valve protection provided.
- (iii) Regulators, if used, shall be either directly connected to the container valves or to manifolds connected to the container valves. The regulator shall be suitable for use with LP-gas. Manifolds and fittings connecting containers to pressure regulator inlets shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. service pressure.
- (iv) Valves on containers having a water capacity greater than fifty pounds (nominal twenty pounds LP-gas capacity) shall be protected while in use.
- (v) Containers shall be marked in accordance with WAC 296-24-47505 (5)(c) and subsection (2) of this section.
- (vi) Pipe or tubing shall conform to WAC 296-24-47505(8) except that aluminum pipe or tubing shall not be used.
- (vii) Hose shall be designed for a working pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g. Hose and hose connections shall have their correctness as to design, construction and performance determined by listing by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (A) The hose length may exceed the length specified in WAC 296-24-47505 (9)(g)(ii), but shall be as short as practicable. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (B) Hose shall be long enough to permit compliance with spacing provisions of this section without kinking or straining or causing hose to be so close to a burner as to be damaged by heat.
- (viii) Portable heaters, including salamanders, shall be equipped with an approved automatic device to shut off the flow of gas to the main burner, and pilot if used, in the event of flame extinguishment. Such heaters having inputs above 50,000 B.t.u. manufactured on or after May 17, 1967, and such heaters having inputs above 100,000 B.t.u. manufactured before May 17, 1967, shall be equipped with either:
- (A) A pilot which must be lighted and proved before the main burner can be turned on; or
- (B) An electric ignition system. The provisions of (a)(viii) of this subsection do not apply to tar kettle burners, torches, melting pots, nor do they apply to portable heaters under 7,500 B.t.u.h. input when used with containers having a maximum water capacity of two and one—half pounds. Container valves, connectors, regulators, manifolds, piping, and tubing shall not be used as structural supports for heaters.
- (ix) Containers, regulating equipment, manifolds, pipe, tubing, and hose shall be located so as to minimize

exposure to abnormally high temperatures (such as may result from exposure to convection or radiation from heating equipment or installation in confined spaces), physical damage, or tampering by unauthorized persons.

- (x) Heat producing equipment shall be located and used so as to minimize the possibility of ignition of combustibles.
- (xi) Containers having water capacity greater than two and one-half pounds (nominal one pound LP-gas capacity) connected for use, shall stand on a firm and substantially level surface and, when necessary, shall be secured in an upright position.
- (xii) Containers, including the valve protective devices, shall be installed so as to minimize the probability of impingement of discharge of safety relief devices upon containers.
- (b) Containers having a maximum water capacity of two and one-half pounds (nominal one pound LP-gas capacity) are permitted to be used inside of buildings as part of approved self-contained hand torch assemblies or similar appliances.
- (c) Containers having a maximum water capacity of twelve pounds (nominal five pounds LP-gas capacity) are permitted to be used temporarily inside of buildings for public exhibition or demonstration purposes, including use for classroom demonstrations.
- (d) When buildings frequented by the public are open to the public, containers are permitted to be used for repair or minor renovation as follows:
- (i) The maximum water capacity of individual containers shall be fifty pounds (nominal twenty pounds LP-gas capacity).
- (ii) The number of LP-gas containers shall not exceed the number of workmen assigned to using the LP-gas.
- (iii) Containers having a water capacity of greater than two and one-half pounds (nominal one pound LP-gas capacity[)] shall not be left unattended in such buildings.
- (e) When buildings frequented by the public are not open to the public, containers are permitted to be used for repair or minor renovations, as follows:

The provisions of (f) of this subsection shall apply except that containers having a water capacity greater than two and one-half pounds (nominal one pound LP-gas capacity) shall not be left unattended in such buildings.

- (f) Containers are permitted to be used in buildings or structures under construction or undergoing major renovation when such buildings or structures are not occupied by the public, as follows:
- (i) The maximum water capacity of individual containers shall be two hundred forty-five pounds (nominal one hundred pounds LP-gas capacity).
- (ii) For temporary heating such as curing concrete, drying plaster and similar applications, heaters (other than integral heater-container units) shall be located at least six feet from any LP-gas container. This shall not prohibit the use of heaters specifically designed for attachment to the container or to a supporting standard, provided they are designed and installed so as to prevent direct or radiant heat application from the heater onto

the container. Blower and radiant type heater shall not be directed toward any LP-gas container within twenty feet

- (iii) If two or more heater—container units, of either the integral or nonintegral type, are located in an unpartitioned area on the same floor, the container or containers of each unit shall be separated from the container or containers of any other unit by at least twenty feet.
- (iv) When heaters are connected to containers for use in an unpartitioned area on the same floor, the total water capacity of containers manifolded together for connection to a heater or heaters shall not be greater than seven hundred thirty—five pounds (nominal three hundred pounds LP—gas capacity). Such manifolds shall be separated by at least twenty feet.
- (v) On floors on which heaters are not connected for use, containers are permitted to be manifolded together for connection to a heater or heaters on another floor, provided:
- (A) The total water capacity of containers connected to any one manifold is not greater than two thousand four hundred fifty pounds (nominal one thousand pounds LP-gas capacity) and;
- (B) Where more than one manifold having a total water capacity greater than seven hundred thirty-five pounds (nominal three hundred pounds LP-gas capacity) are located in the same unpartitioned area, they shall be separated by at least fifty feet.
- (vi) Storage of containers awaiting use shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-47513.
- (g) Containers are permitted to be used in industrial occupancies for processing, research, or experimental purposes as follows:
- (i) The maximum water capacity of individual containers shall be two hundred forty-five pounds (nominal one hundred pounds LP-gas capacity).
- (ii) Containers connected to a manifold shall have a total water capacity not greater than seven hundred thirty-five pounds (nominal three hundred pounds LP-gas capacity) and not more than one such manifold may be located in the same room unless separated at least twenty feet from a similar unit.
- (iii) The amount of LP-gas in containers for research and experimental use shall be limited to the smallest practical quantity.
- (h) Containers are permitted to be used in industrial occupancies with essentially noncombustible contents where portable equipment for space heating is essential and where a permanent heating installation is not practical, as follows: Containers and heaters shall comply with and be used in accordance with (f) of this subsection.
- (i) Containers are permitted to be used in buildings for temporary emergency heating purposes, if necessary to prevent damage to the buildings or contents, when the permanent heating system is temporarily out of service, as follows:
- (i) Containers and heaters shall comply with and be used in accordance with (f) of this subsection.

- (ii) The temporary heating equipment shall not be left unattended.
- (j) Containers are permitted to be used temporarily in buildings for training purposes related in installation and use of LP-gas systems, as follows:
- (i) The maximum water capacity of individual containers shall be two hundred forty-five pounds (nominal one hundred pounds LP-gas capacity), but the maximum quantity of LP-gas that may be placed in each container shall be twenty pounds.
- (ii) If more than one such container is located in the same room, the containers shall be separated by at least twenty feet.
- (iii) Containers shall be removed from the building when the training class has terminated.
  - (6) Container valves and accessories.
- (a) Valves in the assembly of multiple container systems shall be arranged so that replacement of containers can be made without shutting off the flow of gas in the system.

Note: This provision is not to be construed as requiring an automatic changeover device.

- (b) Regulators and low-pressure relief devices shall be rigidly attached to the cylinder valves, cylinders, supporting standards, the building walls or otherwise rigidly secured and shall be so installed or protected that the elements (sleet, snow, or ice) will not affect their operation.
- (c) Valves and connections to the containers shall be protected while in transit, in storage, and while being moved into final utilization, as follows:
- (i) By setting into the recess of the container to prevent the possibility of their being struck if the container is dropped upon a flat surface, or
- (ii) By ventilated cap or collar, fastened to the container capable of withstanding a blow from any direction equivalent to that of a thirty-pound weight dropped four feet. Construction must be such that a blow will not be transmitted to the valve or other connection.
- (d) When containers are not connected to the system, the outlet valves shall be kept tightly closed or plugged, even though containers are considered empty.
- (e) Containers having a water capacity in excess of fifty pounds (approximately twenty—one pounds LP—gas capacity), recharged at the installation, shall be provided with excess flow or backflow check valves to prevent the discharge of container contents in case of failure of the filling or equalizing connection.
  - (7) Safety devices.
- (a) Containers shall be provided with safety devices as required by DOT regulations.
- (b) A final stage regulator of an LP-gas system (excluding any appliance regulator) shall be equipped on the low-pressure side with a relief valve which is set to start to discharge within the limits specified in Table H-30.

TABLE H-30

Regulator delivery pressure	Relief valve start to discharge pressure setting (percent of regulator deliver pressure)		
	Minimum	Maximum	
1 p.s.i.g. or less ——————————————————————————————————	200	300	
over 3 p.s.i.g.  Above 3 p.s.i.g.		200 200	

- (c) When a regulator or pressure relief valve is used inside a building for other than purposes specified in WAC 296-24-47505 (6)(a)(i) through (vi), the relief valve and the space above the regulator and relief valve diaphragms shall be vented to the outside air with the discharge outlet located not less than three feet horizontally away from any building opening which is below such discharge. These provisions do not apply to individual appliance regulators when protection is otherwise provided nor to subsection (5) of this section and WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(n). In buildings devoted exclusively to gas distribution purposes, the space above the diaphragm need not be vented to the outside.
- (8) Reinstallation of containers. Containers shall not be reinstalled unless they are requalified in accordance with DOT regulations.

Permissible product. A product shall not be placed in a container marked with a service pressure less than four-fifths of the maximum vapor pressure of product at 130°F.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-47507, filed 11/14/88; Order 73-5, § 296-24-47507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47507, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-47509 Systems utilizing containers other than DOT containers. (1) Application. This section applies specifically to systems utilizing storage containers other than those constructed in accordance with DOT specifications. Wac 296-24-47505 of this section applies to this section unless otherwise noted in WAC 296-24-47505.

- (2) Design pressure and classification of storage containers. Storage containers shall be designed and classified in accordance with Table H-31.
- (3) Container valves and accessories, filler pipes, and discharge pipes.
- (a) The filling pipe inlet terminal shall not be located inside a building. For containers with a water capacity of 125 gallons or more, such terminals shall be located not less than 10 feet from any building (see WAC 296–24–47505 (6)(b)), and preferably not less than 5 feet from any driveway, and shall be located in a protective housing built for the purpose.

TABLE H-31

	For gases		n design pressures f container er sq. in. gage	
Container type	with vapor press. Not to exceed lb. per sq. in. gage at 100°F (37.8°C.)	1949 and earlier editions of ASME Code (Par. U-68 U-69)	1949 edition of Code (Par. U-200, U-201); 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division I) editions of ASME Code; All editions of API-ASME Code <sup>3</sup>	
80 <sup>1</sup>	80¹	801	1001	
100	100	100	125	
125	125	125	156	
150	150	150	187	
175	175	175	219	
$200^{2}$	215	200	250	

<sup>1</sup>New storage containers of the 80 type have not been authorized since Dec. 31, 1947.

<sup>2</sup>Container type may be increased by increments of 25. The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 100% of the container type designations when constructed under 1949 or earlier editions of the ASME Code (Par. U–68 and U–69). The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 125% of the container type designation when constructed under: (1) The 1949 ASME Code (Par. U–200 and U–201), (2) 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division 1) editions of the ASME Code, and (3) all editions of the API–ASME Code.

<sup>3</sup>Construction of containers under the API-ASME Code is not authorized after July 1, 1961.

- (b) The filling connection shall be fitted with one of the following:
- (i) Combination back-pressure check valve and excess flow valve.
- (ii) One double or two single back-pressure check valves.
- (iii) A positive shutoff valve in conjunction with either:
  - (A) An internal back pressure valve, or
  - (B) An internal excess flow valve.
- (c) All openings in a container shall be equipped with approved automatic excess flow valves except in the following: Filling connections as provided in (3)(b) of this section; safety relief connections, liquid—level gaging devices as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(d), (19)(c) and (19)(h); pressure gage connections as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(e), as provided in (3)(d), (f) and (g) of this section.
- (d) An excess flow valve is not required in the withdrawal service line providing the following are complied with:
- (i) Such systems' total water capacity does not exceed 2,000 U.S. gallons.
- (ii) The discharge from the service outlet is controlled by a suitable manually operated shutoff valve which is:
- (A) Threaded directly into the service outlet of the container; or
- (B) Is an integral part of a substantial fitting threaded into or on the service outlet of the container; or
- (C) Threaded directly into a substantial fitting threaded into or on the service outlet of the container.

- (iii) The shutoff valve is equipped with an attached handwheel or the equivalent.
- (iv) The controlling orifice between the contents of the container and the outlet of the shutoff valve does not exceed five-sixteenths inch in diameter for vapor withdrawal systems and one-eighth inch in diameter for liquid withdrawal systems.
- (v) An approved pressure—reducing regulator is directly attached to the outlet of the shutoff valve and is rigidly supported, or that an approved pressure—reducing regulator is attached to the outlet of the shutoff valve by means of a suitable flexible connection, provided the regulator is adequately supported and properly protected on or at the tank.
- (e) All inlet and outlet connections except safety relief valves, liquid level gaging devices and pressure gages on containers of 2,000 gallons water capacity, or more, and on any container used to supply fuel directly to an internal combustion engine, shall be labeled to designate whether they communicate with vapor or liquid space. Labels may be on valves.
- (f) In lieu of an excess flow valve openings may be fitted with a quick-closing internal valve which, except during operating periods shall remain closed. The internal mechanism for such valves may be provided with a secondary control which shall be equipped with a fusible plug (not over 220°F melting point) which will cause the internal valve to close automatically in case of fire.
- (g) Not more than two plugged openings shall be permitted on a container of 2,000 gallons or less water capacity.
- (h) Containers of 125 gallons water capacity or more manufactured after July 1, 1961, shall be provided with an approved device for liquid evacuation, the size of which shall be three-fourths inch national pipe thread minimum. A plugged opening will not satisfy this requirements.
  - (4) Safety devices.
  - (a) All safety devices shall comply with the following:
- (i) All container safety relief devices shall be located on the containers and shall have direct communication with the vapor space of the container.
- (ii) In industrial and gas manufacturing plants, discharge pipe from safety relief valves on pipe lines within a building shall discharge vertically upward and shall be piped to a point outside a building.
- (iii) Safety relief device discharge terminals shall be so located as to provide protection against physical damage and such discharge pipes shall be fitted with loose raincaps. Return bends and restrictive pipefittings shall not be permitted.
- (iv) If desired, discharge lines from two or more safety relief devices located on the same unit, or similar lines from two or more different units, may be run into a common discharge header, provided that the cross-sectional area of such header be at least equal to the sum of the cross-sectional area of the individual discharge lines, and that the setting of safety relief valves are the same.
- (v) Each storage container of over 2,000 gallons water capacity shall be provided with a suitable pressure gage.

- (vi) A final stage regulator of an LP-gas system (excluding any appliance regulator) shall be equipped on the low-pressure side with a relief valve which is set to start to discharge within the limits specified in Table H-30.
- (vii) When a regulator or pressure relief valve is installed inside a building, the relief valve and the space above the regulator and relief valve diaphragms shall be vented to the outside air with the discharge outlet located not less than 3 feet horizontally away from any opening into the building which is below such discharge. (These provisions do not apply to individual appliance regulators when protection is otherwise provided. In buildings devoted exclusively to gas distribution purposes, the space above the diaphragm need not be vented to the outside.)
- (b) Safety devices for aboveground containers shall be provided as follows:
- (i) Containers of 1,200 gallons water capacity or less which may contain liquid fuel when installed above ground shall have the rate of discharge required by WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(b) provided by a spring-loaded relief valve or valves. In addition to the required spring-loaded relief valve(s) suitable fuse plug(s) may be used provided the total discharge area of the fuse plug(s) for each container does not exceed 0.25 square inch.
- (ii) The fusible metal of the fuse plugs shall have a yield temperature of 208°F minimum and 220°F maximum. Relief valves and fuse plugs shall have direct communication with the vapor space of the container.
- (iii) On a container having a water capacity greater than 125 gallons, but not over 2,000 gallons, the discharge from the safety relief valves shall be vented away from the container vertically upwards and unobstructed to the open air in such a manner as to prevent any impingement of escaping gas upon the container; loose-fitting rain caps shall be used. Suitable provision shall be made for draining condensate which may accumulate in the relief valve or its discharge pipe.
- (iv) On containers of 125 gallons water capacity or less, the discharge from safety relief devices shall be located not less than 5 feet horizontally away from any opening into the building below the level of such discharge.
- (v) On a container having a water capacity greater than 2,000 gallons, the discharge from the safety relief valves shall be vented away from the container vertically upwards to a point at least 7 feet above the container, and unobstructed to the open air in such a manner as to prevent any impingement of escaping gas upon the container; loose-fitting rain caps shall be used. Suitable provision shall be made so that any liquid or condensate that may accumulate inside of the safety relief valve or its discharge pipe will not render the valve inoperative. If a drain is used, a means shall be provided to protect the container, adjacent containers, piping, or equipment against impingement of flame resulting from ignition of product escaping from the drain.

- (c) On all containers which are installed underground and which contain no liquid fuel until buried and covered, the rate of discharge of the spring-loaded relief valve installed thereon may be reduced to a minimum of 30 percent of the rate of discharge specified in WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(b). Containers so protected shall not be uncovered after installation until the liquid fuel has been removed therefrom. Containers which may contain liquid fuel before being installed under ground and before being completely covered with earth are to be considered aboveground containers when determining the rate of discharge requirement of the relief valves.
- (d) On underground containers of more than 2,000 gallons water capacity, the discharge from safety relief devices shall be piped vertically and directly upward to a point at least 7 feet above the ground.

Where there is a probability of the manhole or housing becoming flooded, the discharge from regulator vent lines shall be above the highest probable water level. All manholes or housings shall be provided with ventilated louvers or their equivalent, the area of such openings equaling or exceeding the combined discharge areas of the safety relief valves and other vent lines which discharge their content into the manhole housing.

- (e) Safety devices for vaporizers shall be provided as follows:
- (i) Vaporizers of less than 1 quart total capacity, heated by the ground or the surrounding air, need not be equipped with safety relief valves provided that adequate tests certified by any of the authorities referred to in WAC 296-24-47505(2), demonstrate that the assembly is safe without safety relief valves.
  - (ii) No vaporizer shall be equipped with fusible plugs.
- (iii) In industrial and gas manufacturing plants, safety relief valves on vaporizers within a building shall be piped to a point outside the building and be discharged upward.
- (5) Reinstallation of containers. Containers may be reinstalled if they do not show any evidence of harmful external corrosion or other damage. Where containers are reinstalled underground, the corrosion resistant coating shall be put in good condition (see (7)(f) of this section). Where containers are reinstalled above ground, the safety devices and gaging devices shall comply with (4) of this section and WAC 296-24-47505(19) respectively for aboveground containers.
- (6) Capacity of containers. A storage container shall not exceed 90,000 gallons water capacity.
  - (7) Installation of storage containers.
- (a) Containers installed above ground, except as provided in (7)(g) of this section, shall be provided with substantial masonry or noncombustible structural supports on firm masonry foundation.
- (b) Aboveground containers shall be supported as follows:
- (i) Horizontal containers shall be mounted on saddles in such a manner as to permit expansion and contraction. Structural metal supports may be employed when they are protected against fire in an approved manner. Suitable means of preventing corrosion shall be provided

on that portion of the container in contact with the foundations or saddles.

- (ii) Containers of 2,000 gallons water capacity or less may be installed with nonfireproofed ferrous metal supports if mounted on concrete pads or footings, and if the distance from the outside bottom of the container shell to the concrete pad, footing, or the ground does not exceed 24 inches.
- (c) Any container may be installed with nonfireproofed ferrous metal supports if mounted on concrete pads or footings, and if the distance from the outside bottom of the container to the ground does not exceed 5 feet, provided the container is in an isolated location.
- (d) Containers may be partially buried providing the following requirements are met:
- (i) The portion of the container below the surface and for a vertical distance not less than 3 inches above the surface of the ground is protected to resist corrosion, and the container is protected against settling and corrosion as required for fully buried containers.
- (ii) Spacing requirements shall be as specified for underground tanks in WAC 296-24-47505 (6)(b).
- (iii) Relief valve capacity shall be as required for aboveground containers.
- (iv) Container is located so as not to be subject to vehicular damage, or is adequately protected against such damage.
- (v) Filling densities shall be as required for above-ground containers as specified in Table H-27. See WAC 296-24-47505.
- (e) Containers buried underground shall be placed so that the top of the container is not less than 6 inches below grade. Where an underground container might be subject to abrasive action or physical damage due to vehicular traffic or other causes, then it shall be:
  - (i) Placed not less than 2 feet below grade, or
- (ii) Otherwise protected against such physical damage.

It will not be necessary to cover the portion of the container to which manhole and other connections are affixed; however, where necessary, protection shall be provided against vehicular damage. When necessary to prevent floating, containers shall be securely anchored or weighted.

- (f) Containers shall be given a protective coating before being placed underground. This coating shall be equivalent to hot-dip galvanizing or to two coatings of red lead followed by a heavy coating of coal tar or asphalt. In lowering the container into place, care shall be exercised to prevent damage to the coating. Any damage to the coating shall be repaired before backfilling.
- (i) Containers shall be set on a firm foundation (firm earth may be used) and surrounded with earth or sand firmly tamped in place. Backfill should be free of rocks or other abrasive materials.
- (g) Containers with foundations attached (portable or semiportable containers with suitable steel "runners" or "skids" and popularly known in the industry as "skid tanks") shall be designed, installed, and used in accordance with these rules subject to the following provisions:

- (i) If they are to be used at a given general location for a temporary period not to exceed 6 months they need not have fire—resisting foundations or saddles but shall have adequate ferrous metal supports.
- (ii) They shall not be located with the outside bottom of the container shell more than 5 feet above the surface of the ground unless fire—resisting supports are provided.
- (iii) The bottom of the skids shall not be less than 2 inches or more than 12 inches below the outside bottom of the container shell.
- (iv) Flanges, nozzles, valves, fittings, and the like, having communication with the interior of the container, shall be protected against physical damage.
- (v) When not permanently located on fire-resisting foundations, piping connections shall be sufficiently flexible to minimize the possibility of breakage or leakage of connections if the container settles, moves, or is otherwise displaced.
- (vi) Skids, or lugs for attachment of skids, shall be secured to the container in accordance with the code or rules under which the container is designed and built (with a minimum factor of safety of four) to withstand loading in any direction equal to four times the weight of the container and attachments when filled to the maximum permissible loaded weight.
- (h) Field welding where necessary shall be made only on saddle plates or brackets which were applied by the manufacturer of the tank.
- (i) For aboveground containers, secure anchorage or adequate pier height shall be provided against possible container flotation wherever sufficiently high floodwater might occur.
- (j) When permanently installed containers are interconnected, provision shall be made to compensate for expansion, contraction, vibration, and settling of containers, and interconnecting piping. Where flexible connections are used, they shall be of an approved type and shall be designed for a bursting pressure of not less than five times the vapor pressure of the product at 100°F. The use of nonmetallic hose is prohibited for permanently interconnecting such containers.
- (k) Container assemblies listed for interchangeable installation above ground or under ground shall conform to the requirements for aboveground installations with respect to safety relief capacity and filling density. For installation above ground all other requirements for aboveground installations shall apply. For installation under ground all other requirements for underground installations shall apply.
  - (8) Protection of container accessories.
- (a) Valves, regulating, gaging, and other container accessory equipment shall be protected against tampering and physical damage. Such accessories shall also be so protected during the transit of containers intended for installation underground.
- (b) On underground or combination aboveground-underground containers, the service valve handwheel, the terminal for connecting the hose, and the opening through which there can be a flow from safety relief valves shall be at least 4 inches above the container and this opening shall be located in the dome or housing.

Underground systems shall be so installed that all the above openings, including the regulator vent, are located above the normal maximum water table.

- (c) All connections to the underground containers shall be located within a substantial dome, housing, or manhole and with access thereto protected by a substantial cover.
- (9) Drips for condensed gas. Where vaporized gas on the low-pressure side of the system may condense to a liquid at normal operating temperatures and pressures, suitable means shall be provided for revaporization of the condensate.
- (10) Damage from vehicles. When damage to LP-gas systems from vehicular traffic is a possibility, precautions against such damage shall be taken.
- (11) Pits and drains. Every effort should be made to avoid the use of pits, except pits fitted with automatic flammable vapor detecting devices. No drains or blowoff lines shall be directed into or in proximity to sewer systems used for other purposes.
- (12) General provisions applicable to systems in industrial plants (of 2,000 gallons water capacity and more) and to bulk filling plants.
- (a) When standard watch service is provided, it shall be extended to the LP-gas installation and personnel properly trained.
- (b) If loading and unloading are normally done during other than daylight hours, adequate lights shall be provided to illuminate storage containers, control valves, and other equipment.
- (c) Suitable roadways or means of access for extinguishing equipment such as wheeled extinguishers or fire department apparatus shall be provided.
- (d) To minimize trespassing or tampering, the area which includes container appurtenances, pumping equipment, loading and unloading facilities, and cylinder-filling facilities shall be enclosed with at least a 6-foot-high industrial type fence unless otherwise adequately protected. There shall be at least two means of emergency access.
  - (13) Container-charging plants.
- (a) The container-charging room shall be located not less than:
  - (i) Ten feet from bulk storage containers.
- (ii) Twenty-five feet from line of adjoining property which may be built upon.
- (b) Tank truck filling station outlets shall be located not less than:
- (i) Twenty-five feet from line of adjoining property which may be built upon.
- (ii) Ten feet from pumps and compressors if housed in one or more separate buildings.
- (c) The pumps or compressors may be located in the container—charging room or building, in a separate building, or outside of buildings. When housed in separate building, such building (a small noncombustible weather cover is not to be construed as a building) shall be located not less than:
  - (i) Ten feet from bulk storage tanks.
- (ii) Twenty-five feet from line of adjoining property which may be built upon.

- (iii) Twenty-five feet from sources of ignition.
- (d) When a part of the container—charging building is to be used for a boiler room or where open flames or similar sources of ignition exist or are employed, the space to be so occupied shall be separated from container charging room by a partition wall or walls of fire—resistant construction continuous from floor to roof or ceiling. Such separation walls shall be without openings and shall be joined to the floor, other walls, and ceiling or roof in a manner to effect a permanent gas—tight joint.
- (e) Electrical equipment and installations shall conform with WAC 296-24-47505 (17) and (18).
  - (14) Fire protection.
- (a) Each bulk plant shall be provided with at least one approved portable fire extinguisher having a minimum rating of 12-B, C.
- (b) In industrial installations involving containers of 150,000 gallons aggregate water capacity or more, provision shall be made for an adequate supply of water at the container site for fire protection in the container area, unless other adequate means for fire control are provided. Water hydrants shall be readily accessible and so spaced as to provide water protection for all containers. Sufficient lengths of firehose shall be provided at each hydrant location on a hose cart, or other means provided to facilitate easy movement of the hose in the container area. It is desirable to equip the outlet of each hose line with a combination fog nozzle. A shelter shall be provided to protect the hose and its conveyor from the weather.
- (15) Painting. Aboveground containers shall be kept properly painted.
- (16) Lighting. Electrical equipment and installations shall conform to WAC 296-24-47505 (17) and (18).
- (17) Vaporizers for internal combustion engines. The provisions of WAC 296-24-47511(8) shall apply.
- (18) Gas regulating and mixing equipment for internal combustion engines. The provisions of WAC 296–24–47511(9) shall apply.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-47509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47509, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-47511 Liquefied petroleum gas as a motor fuel. (1) Application.

- (a) This section applies to internal combustion engines, fuel containers, and pertinent equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gases as a motor fuel on easily movable, readily portable units including self—propelled vehicles.
- (b) Fuel containers and pertinent equipment for internal combustion engines using liquefied petroleum gas where installation is of the stationary type are covered by WAC 296-24-47509. This section does not apply to containers for transportation of liquefied petroleum gases nor to marine fuel use. All requirements of WAC 296-24-47505 apply to this section, unless otherwise noted in WAC 296-24-47505.
  - (2) General.
- (a) Fuel may be used from the cargo tank of a truck while in transit, but not from cargo tanks on trailers or

semitrailers. The use of fuel from the cargo tanks to operate stationary engines is permitted providing wheels are securely blocked.

- (b) Passenger-carrying vehicles shall not be fueled while passengers are on board.
- (c) Industrial trucks (including lift trucks) equipped with permanently mounted fuel containers shall be charged outdoors. Charging equipment shall comply with the provisions of WAC 296-24-47517.
- (d) LP-gas fueled industrial trucks shall comply with the Standard for Type Designations, Areas of Use, Maintenance and Operation of Powered Industrial Trucks, NFPA 505-1969.
- (e) Engines on vehicles shall be shut down while fueling if the fueling operation involves venting to the atmosphere.
- (3) Design pressure and classification of fuel containers.
- (a) Except as covered in (3)(b) and (c) of this section, containers shall be in accordance with Table H-32.
- (b) Fuel containers for use in industrial trucks (including lift trucks) shall be either DOT containers authorized for LP-gas service having a minimum service pressure of 240 p.s.i.g or minimum Container Type 250. Under 1950 and later ASME Codes, this means a 312.5-p.s.i.g design pressure container.

TABLE H-32

		Minimum design pressure of container lb. per sq. in. gage		
Container type	For gases with vapor press. Not to exceed lb. per sq. in. gage at 100°F. (37.8°C.)	1949 and earlier editions of ASME Code (Par. U-68, U-69)	1949 edition of ASME Code (Par. U-200, U-201); 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division I) editions of ASME Code; All editions of API-ASME Code <sup>2</sup>	
200 <sup>1</sup>	215	200	250	

<sup>1</sup>Container type may be increased by increments of 25. The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 100% of the container type designation when constructed under 1949 or earlier editions of the ASME Code (Par. U-68 and U-69). The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 125% of the container type designation when constructed under: (1) The 1949 ASME Code (Par. U-200 and U-201) (2) 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division I) editions of the ASME Code, and (3) all editions of the API-ASME Code.

<sup>2</sup>Construction of containers under the API-ASME Code is not authorized after July 1, 1961.

- (c) Containers manufactured and maintained under DOT specifications and regulations may be used as fuel containers. When so used they shall conform to all requirements of this section.
- (d) All container inlets and outlets except safety relief valves and gaging devices shall be labeled to designate whether they communicate with vapor or liquid space. (Labels may be on valves.)
  - (4) Installation of fuel containers.

- (a) Containers shall be located in a place and in a manner to minimize the possibility of damage to the container. Containers located in the rear of trucks and buses, when protected by substantial bumpers, will be considered in conformance with this requirement. Fuel containers on passenger—carrying vehicles shall be installed as far from the engine as is practicable, and the passenger space and any space containing radio equipment shall be sealed from the container space to prevent direct seepage of gas to these spaces. The container compartment shall be vented to the outside. In case the fuel container is mounted near the engine or the exhaust system, the container shall be shielded against direct heat radiation.
- (b) Containers shall be installed with as much clearance as practicable but never less than the minimum road clearance of the vehicle under maximum spring deflection. This minimum clearance shall be to the bottom of the container or to the lowest fitting on the container or housing, whichever is lower.
- (c) Permanent and removable fuel containers shall be securely mounted to prevent jarring loose, slipping, or rotating, and the fastenings shall be designed and constructed to withstand static loading in any direction equal to twice the weight of the tank and attachments when filled with fuel using a safety factor of not less than four based on the ultimate strength of the material to be used. Field welding, when necessary, shall be made only on saddle plates, lugs or brackets, originally attached to the container by the tank manufacturer.
- (d) Fuel containers on buses shall be permanently installed.
- (e) Containers from which vapor only is to be withdrawn shall be installed and equipped with suitable connections to minimize the accidental withdrawal of liquid.
  - (5) Valves and accessories.
- (a) Container valves and accessories shall have a rated working pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g., and shall be of a type suitable for liquefied petroleum gas service.
- (b) The filling connection shall be fitted with an approved double back-pressure check valve, or a positive shutoff in conjunction with an internal back-pressure check valve. On a removable container the filler valve may be a hand operated shutoff valve with an internal excess flow valve. Main shutoff valves on the container on liquid and vapor must be readily accessible.
- (c) With the exceptions of (5)(d)(iii) of this section, filling connections equipped with approved automatic back-pressure check valves, and safety relief valves, all connections to the containers having openings for the flow of gas in excess of a No. 54 drill size shall be equipped with approved automatic excess flow valves to prevent discharge of content in case connections are broken.
  - (d) Liquid-level gaging devices:
- (i) Variable liquid—level gages which require the venting of fuel to the atmosphere shall not be used on fuel containers of industrial trucks (including lift trucks).
- (ii) On portable containers that may be filled in the vertical and/or horizontal position, the fixed liquid-level gage shall indicate maximum permitted filling level for

both vertical and horizontal filling with the container oriented to place the safety relief valve in communication with the vapor space.

- (iii) In the case of containers used solely in farm tractor service and charged at a point at least 50 feet from any important building, the fixed liquid—level gaging device may be so constructed that the outward flow of container content exceeds that passed by a No. 54 drill size opening, but in no case shall the flow exceed that passed by a No. 31 drill—size opening. An excess flow valve is not required. Fittings equipped with such restricted drill size opening and container on which they are used shall be marked to indicate the size of the opening.
- (iv) All valves and connections on containers shall be adequately protected to prevent damage due to accidental contact with stationary objects or from loose objects thrown up from the road, and all valves shall be safeguarded against damage due to collision, overturning or other accident. For farm tractors where parts of the vehicle provide such protection to valves and fittings, the foregoing requirements shall be considered fulfilled. However, on removable type containers the protection for the fittings shall be permanently attached to the container.
- (v) (Exchange of removable fuel containers preferable should be done outdoors but may be done indoors.) When removable fuel containers are used, means shall be provided in the fuel system to minimize the escape of fuel when the containers are exchanged. This shall be accomplished by one of the following methods:
- (A) Using an approved automatic quick-closing coupling (a type closing in both directions when uncoupled) in the fuel line, or
- (B) Closing the valve at the fuel container and allowing the engine to run until the fuel in the line is consumed.
  - (6) Piping—Including pipe, tubing, and fittings.
- (a) Pipe from fuel container to first-stage regulator shall be not less than schedule 80 wrought iron or steel (black or galvanized), brass or copper; or seamless copper, brass, or steel tubing. Steel tubing shall have a minimum wall thickness of 0.049 inch. Steel pipe or tubing shall be adequately protected against exterior corrosion. Copper tubing shall be types K or L or equivalent having a minimum wall thickness of 0.032 inch. Approved flexible connections may be used between container and regulator or between regulator and gasair mixer within the limits of approval. The use of aluminum pipe or tubing is prohibited. In the case of removable containers an approved flexible connection shall be used between the container and the fuel line.
- (b) All piping shall be installed, braced, and supported so as to reduce to a minimum the possibility of vibration strains or wear.
  - (7) Safety devices.
- (a) Spring-loaded internal type safety relief valves shall be used on all motor fuel containers.
- (b) The discharge outlet from safety relief valves shall be located on the outside of enclosed spaces and as far as practicable from possible sources of ignition, and vented

- upward within 45 degrees of the vertical in such a manner as to prevent impingement of escaping gas upon containers, or parts of vehicles, or on vehicles in adjacent lines of traffic. A rain cap or other protector shall be used to keep water and dirt from collecting in the valve.
- (c) When a discharge line from the container safety relief valve is used, the line shall be metallic, other than aluminum, and shall be sized, located, and maintained so as not to restrict the required flow of gas from the safety relief valve. Such discharge line shall be able to withstand the pressure resulting from the discharge of vapor when the safety relief valve is in the full open position. When flexibility is necessary, flexible metal hose or tubing shall be used.
- (d) Portable containers equipped for volumetric filling may be filled in either the vertical or horizontal position only when oriented to place the safety relief valve in communication with the vapor space.
- (e) WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(1) for hydrostatic relief valves shall apply.
  - (8) Vaporizers.
- (a) Vaporizers and any part thereof and other devices that may be subjected to container pressure shall have a design pressure of at least 250 p.s.i.g.
- (b) Each vaporizer shall have a valve or suitable plug which will permit substantially complete draining of the vaporizer. It shall be located at or near the lowest portion of the section occupied by the water or other heating medium.
- (c) Vaporizers shall be securely fastened so as to minimize the possibility of becoming loosened.
- (d) Each vaporizer shall be permanently marked at a visible point as follows:
- (i) With the design pressure of the fuel-containing portion in p.s.i.g.
- (ii) With the water capacity of the fuel-containing portion of the vaporizer in pounds.
- (e) Devices to supply heat directly to a fuel container shall be equipped with an automatic device to cut off the supply of heat before the pressure inside the fuel container reaches 80 percent of the start to discharge pressure setting of the safety relief device on the fuel container.
- (f) Engine exhaust gases may be used as a direct source of heat supply for the vaporization of fuel if the materials of construction of those parts of the vaporizer in contact with exhaust gases are resistant to the corrosive action of exhaust gases and the vaporizer system is designed to prevent excessive pressures.
- (g) Vaporizers shall not be equipped with fusible plugs.
  - (9) Gas regulating and mixing equipment.
- (a) Approved automatic pressure reducing equipment shall be installed in a secure manner between the fuel supply container and gas—air mixer for the purpose of reducing the pressure of the fuel delivered to the gas—air mixer.
- (b) An approved automatic shutoff valve shall be provided in the fuel system at some point ahead of the inlet of the gas—air mixer, designed to prevent flow of fuel to the mixer when the ignition is off and the engine is not

running. In the case of industrial trucks and engines operating in buildings other than those used exclusively to house engines, the automatic shutoff valve shall be designed to operate if the engine should stop. Atmospheric type regulators (zero governors) shall be considered adequate as an automatic shutoff valve only in cases of outdoor operation such as farm tractors, construction equipment, irrigation pump engines, and other outdoor stationary engine installations.

- (c) The source of the air for combustion shall be completely isolated from the passenger compartment, ventilating system, or air—conditioning system.
- (10) Capacity of containers. No single fuel container used on passenger carrying vehicles shall exceed 200 gallons water capacity. No single fuel container on other vehicles normally operating on the highway shall exceed 300 gallons water capacity except as provided in (2)(a) of this section.
- (11) Stationary engines in buildings. Stationary engines and gas turbines installed in buildings, including portable engines used instead of or to supplement stationary engines, shall comply with the Standard for the Institution and Use of Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines, NFPA 37–1970, and the appropriate provisions of WAC 296–24–47505 through 296–24–47509.
  - (12) Portable engines in buildings.
- (a) Portable engines may be used in buildings only for emergency use, except as provided by (11) of this section.
- (b) Exhaust gases shall be discharged to outside the building or to an area where they will not constitute a hazard.
- (c) Provision shall be made to supply sufficient air for combustion and cooling.
- (d) An approved automatic shutoff valve shall be provided in the fuel system ahead of the engine, designed to prevent flow of fuel to the engine when the ignition is off or if the engine should stop.
- (e) The capacity of LP-gas containers used with such engines shall comply with the applicable occupancy provision of WAC 296-24-47507(5).
  - (13) Industrial trucks inside buildings.
- (a) LP-gas-fueled industrial trucks are permitted to be used in buildings and structures.
- (b) No more than two LP-gas containers shall be used on an industrial truck for motor fuel purposes.
- (c) LP-gas-fueled industrial trucks are permitted to be used in buildings frequented by the public, when occupied by the public. The total water capacity of containers on each industrial truck shall not exceed 105 pounds (nominal 45 pounds LP-gas).
- (d) Trucks shall not be left unattended in areas occupied by the public.
- (e) Industrial trucks shall not be parked and left unattended in areas of possible excessive heat or sources of ignition.
  - (14) Garaging LP-gas-fueled vehicles.
- (a) LP-gas-fueled vehicles may be stored or serviced inside garages provided there are no leaks in the fuel

- system and the fuel tanks are not filled beyond the maximum filling capacity specified in WAC 296-24-47505 (12)(a).
- (b) LP-gas-fueled vehicles being repaired in garages shall have the container shutoff valve closed except when fuel is required for engine operation.
- (c) Such vehicles shall not be parked near sources of heat, open flames, or similar sources of ignition or near open pits unless such pits are adequately ventilated.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-47511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-47513 Storage of containers awaiting use or resale. (1) Application. This section shall apply to the storage of portable containers not in excess of one thousand pounds water capacity, filled or partially filled, at user location but not connected for use, or in storage for resale by dealers or resellers. This section shall not apply to containers stored at charging plants or at plants devoted primarily to the storage and distribution of LP-gas or other petroleum products.
  - (2) General.
- (a) Containers in storage shall be located so as to minimize exposure to excessive temperature rise, physical damage, or tampering by unauthorized persons.
- (b) Containers when stored inside shall not be located near exits, stairways, or in areas normally used or intended for the safe exit of people.
- (c) Container valves shall be protected while in storage as follows:
- (i) By setting into recess of container to prevent the possibility of their being struck if the container is dropped upon a flat surface, or
- (ii) By ventilated cap or collar, fastened to container capable of withstanding blow from any direction equivalent to that of a thirty-pound weight dropped four feet. Construction must be such that a blow will not be transmitted to a valve or other connection.
- (d) The outlet valves of containers in storage shall be closed.
- (e) Empty containers which have been in LP-gas service should preferably be stored in the open. When stored inside, they shall be considered as full containers for the purpose of determining the maximum quantity of LP-gas permitted by this section.
  - (3) Storage within buildings frequented by the public.
- (a) DOT specification containers having a maximum individual water capacity of two and one-half pounds, used with completely self-contained hand torches and similar applications, are permitted to be stored or displayed in a building frequented by the public. The display of such containers shall be limited to a total of twenty-four units of each brand and size. The total quantity on display and in storage shall not exceed two hundred pounds LP-gas.
- (b) Storage as provided in subsection (5) of this section shall not be permitted within or attached to such a building.
- (4) Storage within buildings not frequented by the public (such as industrial buildings).

- (a) The quantity of LP-gas stored shall not exceed three hundred pounds (approximately two thousand five hundred fifty cubic feet in vapor form) except as provided in subsection (5) of this section.
- (b) Containers carried as a part of service equipment on highway mobile vehicles are not to be considered in the total storage capacity in (a) of this subsection provided such vehicles are stored in private garages, and are limited to one container per vehicle with an LP-gas capacity of not more than one hundred pounds. All container valves shall be closed.
  - (5) Storage within special buildings or rooms.
- (a) The quantity of LP-gas stored in special buildings or rooms shall not exceed ten thousand pounds.
- (b) The walls, floors, and ceilings of container storage rooms that are within or adjacent to other parts of the building shall be constructed of material having at least a two-hour fire resistance rating.
- (c) A portion of the exterior walls or roof having an area not less than ten percent of that of the combined area of the enclosing walls and roof shall be of explosion relieving construction.
- (d) Each opening from such storage rooms to other parts of the building shall be protected by a one and one-half-hour "(B)" fire door listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (e) Such rooms shall have no open flames for heating or lighting.
- (f) Such rooms shall be adequately ventilated both top and bottom to the outside only. The openings from such vents shall be at least five feet away from any other opening into any building.
- (g) The floors of such rooms shall not be below ground level. Any space below the floor shall be of solid fill or properly ventilated to the open air.
- (h) Such storage rooms shall not be located adjoining the line of property occupied by schools, churches, hospitals, athletic fields or other points of public gathering.
- (i) Fixed electrical equipment shall be installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-47505(18).
  - (6) Storage outside of buildings.
- (a) Storage outside of buildings, for containers awaiting use or resale, shall be located in accordance with Table H-33 with respect to:
- (i) The nearest important building or group of buildings;
- (ii) The line of adjoining property which may be built upon;
  - (iii) Busy thoroughfares;
- (vi) The line of adjoining property occupied by schools, churches, hospitals, athletic fields, or other points of public gathering.

#### TABLE H-33

Quantity of LP-Gas Stored:	Distance
500 pounds or less	0
501 to 2,500 pounds————	0*
	10 feet
	20 feet
Over 10,000 pounds————	25 feet

\*Container or containers shall be at least ten feet from any building on adjoining property, any sidewalk, or any of the exposures described in (a)(iii) or (iv) of this subsection.

- (b) Containers shall be in a suitable enclosure or otherwise protected against tampering.
- (7) Fire protection. Storage locations other than supply depots separated and located apart from dealer, reseller, or user establishments shall be provided with at least one approved portable fire extinguisher having a minimum rating of 8-B, C.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-47513, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49-17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80-17-015 (Order 80-21), § 296-24-47513, filed 11/13/80; Order 76-6, § 296-24-47513, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-47513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47513, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-47515 LP-gas system installations on commercial vehicles. (1) Application. This paragraph applies to LP-gas-system installations on vehicles (whether self-propelled or of the trailer or semitrailer type) used for commercial, construction, or public service purposes such as mobile libraries and clinics; to all exchangeable container systems with container capacities greater than 105 pounds water capacity (approximately 45 pounds LP-gas capacity) and to systems using containers permanently mounted on vehicles. It does not apply to LP-gas motor fuel systems covered by WAC 296-24-47511. WAC 296-24-47505 applies to this section unless otherwise noted. When such a vehicle is permanently parked, and LP-gas is supplied from a system not mounted on and secured to the unit, WAC 296-24-47507 and 296-24-47509 shall apply.

- (2) Construction and marking of containers. Containers shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-47505(3), and marked in accordance with the applicable requirements of WAC 296-24-47505(5), and shall also meet the following:
- (a) Containers designed for use as portable cylinders shall be constructed in accordance with DOT specifications, and in accordance with WAC 296-24-47505 (2)(e); where applicable.
- (b) All other containers whether designed for permanent mounting, or for portable or semiportable use (such as skid tanks), shall be constructed as provided for by WAC 296-24-47505 (2)(d) and (3)(a). Mounting, securing, and protection of such containers shall be as in (2)(c) and (d) of this section.
- (c) Permanently installed containers shall meet the requirements of (2)(c)(i) and (ii) of this section with regard to container valves and accessories, and (2)(c)(iii) through (vi) of this section as to mounting.

- (i) Nonrecessed container fittings and appurtenances shall be protected against damage by either:
  - (A) Their location.
  - (B) The vehicle frame or bumper, or
- (C) protective housing. The protective housing, if used, shall comply with the requirements under which the tanks are fabricated with respect to design and construction and shall be designed to withstand static loadings in any direction equal to twice the weight of the tank and attachments when filled with the lading using a safety factor of not less than four, based on the ultimate strength of the material to be used. The housing shall be provided with a weather cover if necessary to insure proper operation of valves and safety devices.
- (ii) Manually operated shutoff valves, except as covered in WAC 296-24-47511 (2)(a), or self-closing internal valves shall be closed except during transfer operations.
- (iii) Tank motor vehicles with frames not made integral with the tank, as by welding, shall be provided with turnbuckles or similar positive devices for drawing the tank down tight on the frame. In addition, suitable stops or anchors shall be attached to the frame and/or the tank to prevent relative motion between them due to starting, stopping, and turning. The stops and anchors shall be so installed as to be readily accessible for inspection and maintenance.
- (iv) Any tank motor vehicle designed and constructed so that the cargo tank constitutes in whole or in part the stress member used in lieu of a frame shall be supported by external cradles subtending at least 120 degrees of the shell circumference. The design calculations shall include beam stress, shear stress, torsion stress, bending moment, and acceleration stress for the cargo tank as a whole using a factor of safety of four, based on the ultimate tensile strength of the material. Maximum concentrated stresses which might be created at pads and cradles due to shear, bending, and torsion shall also be calculated in accordance with Appendix G of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Unfired Pressure Vessel Code, 1968. Fully loaded vehicles shall be assumed to be operating under highway conditions equal to two "g" loading. The effects of fatigue shall be taken into consideration. Cargo tanks mounted on frames may be supported by longitudinal members attached to pads providing the above-stated factors are taken into account.
- (v) Where any tank support is attached to any part of a tank head, the stresses imposed upon the head shall be provided for as required in (2)(c)(iv) of this section.
- (vi) Tank supports, stops, anchors, and bumpers shall not be welded directly to the tank but shall be attached by means of pads of the same material as the tank. The pad thickness shall be not less than one-fourth inch, or the thickness of the shell material if less, and no greater than the shell material. Each pad shall extend at least four times its thickness, in each direction, beyond the weld attaching the support, bumper, stop, or anchor. Each pad shall be preformed to an inside radius no greater than the outside radius of the tank at the place of attachment. Each pad corner shall be rounded to a

- radius at least one—fourth the width of the pad, and no greater than one—half the width of the pad. Weepholes and tell—tale holes, if used, shall be drilled or punched before the pads are attached to the tank. Each pad shall be attached to the tank by continuous fillet welding using filler material having properties conforming to the recommendations of the maker of the shell and head material.
- (d) Portable or semiportable containers (skid tanks as covered by WAC 296-24-47509 (7)(g)) shall meet the applicable requirements of (2)(d)(i) to (vi) of this section inclusive with regard to container valves and accessories and WAC 296-24-47511 (4)(c) as to mounting. Containers designed for permanent installation as part of systems under WAC 296-24-47509 shall not be used.
- (i) Nonrecessed container fittings and appurtenances shall be protected against damage by either—
  - (A) Their location.
  - (B) The vehicle frame or bumper, or
- (C) A protective housing. The protective housing, if used, shall comply with the requirements under which the tanks are fabricated with respect to design and construction and shall be designed to withstand static loadings in any direction equal to twice the weight of the tank and attachments when filled with the lading using a safety factor of not less than four, based on the ultimate strength of the material to be used. The housing shall be provided with a weather cover if necessary to insure proper operation of valves and safety devices.
- (ii) Filling connections shall be provided with approved automatic back pressure check valves, excess flow check valves or quick closing internal valves to prevent excessive escape of gas in case the filling connection is broken, except that where the filling and discharge connect on a common opening in the container shell, and that opening is fitted with a quick—closing internal valve as specified in (2)(d)(iii) of this section, the automatic valve shall not be required. In addition every inlet and outlet connection shall be equipped with a manually or automatically operated shutoff valve. Liquid discharge openings, except those for engine fuel lines, on tanks built after September 1, 1965, shall be fitted with a remotely controlled internal shutoff valve. Such valve shall conform to the following requirements:
- (A) The seat of the valve shall be inside the tank, or in the opening nozzle or flange, or in a companion flange bolted to the nozzle or flange.
- (B) All parts of the valve inside the tank, nozzle, or companion flange shall be made of material not subject to corrosion or other deterioration in the presence of the lading.
- (C) The arrangement of parts shall be such that damage to parts exterior to the tank will not prevent effective seating of the valve.
- (D) The valve may be operated normally by mechanical means, by hydraulic means, or by air, or gas pressure.
- (E) The valve shall be provided with remote means of automatic closure, both mechanical and thermal, in at least two places for tanks over 3,500 gallons water capacity. These remote control stations shall be located at

each end of the tank and diagonally opposite each other. The thermal control mechanism shall have a fusible element with a melting point not over 220°F or less then 208°F. At least one remote control station shall be provided for tanks of 3,500 gallons water capacity or less, and such actuating means may be mechanical.

(iii) All other connections to containers, except those used for gaging devices, thermometer wells, safety relief devices, and plugged openings, shall be provided with suitable automatic excess flow valves, or in lieu thereof may be fitted with quick-closing internal valves.

The control mechanism for the internal valve shall be provided with a secondary control, remote from the fill or discharge connections (for use in the event of accidents or fire during delivery operations), and such control mechanism shall have a fusible element with a melting point not over 220°F or less than 208°F.

- (iv) Manually operated shutoff valves, except as covered in WAC 296-24-47511 (2)(a), or self-closing internal valves shall be closed except during transfer operations.
- (v) Excess flow valves shall close automatically at the rated flow of vapor or liquid as specified by the valve manufacturers. The flow rating of the piping beyond the excess flow valve shall be greater than that of the excess flow valve and such rating shall include valves, fittings, and hose, except, when branching or necessary restrictions are incorporated in such a piping system so that flow ratings are less than that of the excess flow valve and the tank, then additional excess flow valves shall be installed in the piping where such flow rate is reduced.
- (vi) Container inlets and outlets, except those used for safety relief valves, liquid-level gaging devices, and pressure gages, shall be labeled to designate whether they communicate with vapor or liquid space when the container is filled to maximum permitted filling density. (Labels may be on valves.)
- (3) Capacity of a system. No single fuel container used on passenger carrying vehicles shall exceed 200 gallons water capacity.
- (4) Description of a system. A system consists of an assembly of equipment installed on a commercial vehicle.
  - (5) Location of containers and systems.
- (a) Containers shall not be installed, transported, or stored (even temporarily) inside any vehicle covered by these standards except as provided by the applicable regulations of DOT.
- (b) Containers, control valves, and regulating equipment comprising a complete system shall be suitably protected against damage and weather. Systems may be installed in a recess vaportight to the inside of the vehicle and accessible from and vented to the outside.
- (c) Systems installed outside of mobile units shall be so located that discharge from safety relief devices shall be not less than 3 feet horizontally away from any opening into the unit below the level of such discharge. When the system is located in a recess vaportight to the inside, vent openings in such recess shall be not less than 3 feet horizontally away from any opening into the mobile unit below the level of these vents.

- (d) There shall be no fuel connection between tractor and trailer or other vehicle units.
- (e) The container or container carrier shall be secured in place by fastenings designed and constructed with a minimum safety factor of four to withstand loading in any direction equal to twice the weight of the container when filled to normal capacity with LP-gas.
- (6) Container valves and accessories. Container valves and accessories shall be provided, protected and mounted as follows:
- (a) Systems utilizing DOT cylinders in accordance with WAC 296-24-47507(6).
- (b) All other systems in accordance with WAC 296-24-47509 (3)(b) through (g).
- (c) Portable, semiportable and permanently mounted containers shall be mounted and protected as provided under (2)(b) through (d) of this section.
  - (7) Safety-relief devices.
- (a) DOT containers shall be provided with safety-relief devices as required by the regulations of DOT.
- (b) ASME containers and API-ASME containers shall be provided with safety-relief devices as required by WAC 296-24-47505(10).
- (c) A final stage regulator of an LP-gas system (excluding any appliance regulator) shall be equipped on the low-pressure side with a relief valve which is set to start to discharge within the limits specified in Table H-30. (See WAC 296-24-47509.)
- (i) The relief valve and space above the regulator and relief valve diaphragms shall be vented to the outside air and terminate at a position to minimize the possibility of vapors accumulating at sources of ignition.
- (d) Whenever equipment such as a cargo heater or cooler on commercial vehicles is a type designed to be in operation while in transit, suitable means to stop the flow such as an excess flow valve or other device, shall be installed. This device will be actuated to stop the flow in the event of the break in the fuel supply line. All excess flow valves shall comply with WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(c).
- (8) System design and line pressure. Systems may be of either vapor withdrawal or liquid withdrawal type and shall comply with the applicable requirements for the type of usage involved.
  - (9) System enclosure and mounting.
- (a) Housing or enclosures shall be designed to provide proper ventilation.
- (b) Hoods, domes, or removable portions of cabinets shall be provided with means to keep them firmly in place during transit.
- (c) Provision shall be incorporated in the assembly to hold the containers firmly in position and prevent their movement during transit in accordance with WAC 296-24-47511 (4)(c).
- (d) Containers shall be mounted on a substantial support or base secured firmly to the vehicle chassis. Neither the container nor its support shall extend below the frame.
  - (10) Piping—Including pipe, tubing, and fittings.
- (a) Regulators shall be connected directly to the container valve outlet or mounted securely by means of

support bracket and connected to the container valve or valves with a listed high pressure flexible connector.

- (b) Provision shall be made between the regulator outlet and the gas service lines by either a flexible connector or a tubing loop to provide for expansion, contraction, jarring, and vibration.
- (c) Pipe, tubing, and fittings shall conform to WAC 296-24-47505(8) except that the use of aluminum alloy piping is prohibited. Steel tubing shall have a minimum wall thickness of 0.049 inch. Steel piping or tubing shall be adequately protected against exterior corrosion.
- (d) Approved gas tubing fittings shall be employed for making tubing connections.
- (e) The fuel line shall be firmly fastened in a protected location and where under the vehicle and outside and below any insulation or false bottom, fastenings shall be such as to prevent abrasion or damage to the gas line due to vibration. Where the fuel line passes through structural members or floors, a rubber grommet or equivalent shall be installed to prevent chafing.
- (f) The fuel line shall be installed to enter the vehicle through the floor directly beneath or adjacent to the appliance which it serves. When a branch line is required the tee connection shall be in the main fuel line and located under the floor and outside the vehicle.
- (g) All parts of the system assembly shall be so designed and secured as to preclude such parts working loose during transit.
  - (11) Appliances.
- (a) LP-gas appliances shall be approved for use on commercial vehicles.
- (b) In the case of vehicles not intended for human occupancy and where the gas-fired heating appliance is used to protect the cargo, such heater may be of the unvented type but provision shall be made to dispose of the products of combustion to the outside.
- (c) In the case of vehicles intended for human occupancy, all gas-fired heating appliances, including water heaters, shall be designed or installed to provide for complete separation of the combustion system from the atmosphere of the living space. Such appliances shall be installed with the combustion air inlet assembly furnished as a component of the appliance and, also, with either—
- (i) The flue gas outlet assembly furnished as a component of the appliance, or
- (ii) A listed roof jack if the appliance is listed for such use.

The combustion air inlet assembly, flue gas outlet assembly, and roof jack shall extend to the outside atmosphere.

- (d) Provision shall be made to insure an adequate supply of outside air for combustion.
- (e) All gas—fired heating appliances and water heaters shall be equipped with an approved automatic device designed to shut off the flow of gas to the main burner and to the pilot in the event the pilot flame is extinguished.
- (f) Gas-fired appliances installed in the cargo space shall be located so they are readily accessible.

- (g) Appliances shall be constructed or protected to reduce to a minimum possible damage or impaired operation resulting from cargo shifting or handling.
- (h) Appliances inside the vehicle shall be located so that a fire at an appliance will not block egress of persons therefrom.
  - (12) General precautions.
- (a) DOT containers shall be marked, maintained, and requalified for use in accordance with the regulations of DOT.
- (b) Containers which have not been requalified as required by DOT regulations shall be removed from service. Requalified containers shall be stamped with the date of requalification. When DOT cylinders are requalified by retesting, such retest shall be made in accordance with DOT regulations.
- (c) Containers shall not be charged with fuel unless they bear the proper markings of the code or specifications under which they were constructed, and in addition, with their water capacity. In the case of cylinders or portable containers filled by weight, the container shall be marked with its tareweight.
- (d) DOT containers which have been involved in a fire shall not be recharged until they have been requalified for service according to DOT regulations.
- (e) American Petroleum Institute-American Society of Mechanical Engineers (API-ASME) containers or ASME containers which have been involved in a fire shall not be recharged until they have been retested in accordance with the requirements for their original hydrostatic test and found to be suitable for continued service.
- (f) Containers shall not be charged without the consent of the owner.
- (g) A permanent caution plate shall be provided on the appliance or adjacent to the container outside of any enclosure. It shall include the word "caution" and following instructions, or instructions embodying substantially similar language.
- (i) Be sure all appliance valves are closed before opening container valve.
- (ii) Connections at appliances, regulators, and containers must be checked periodically for leaks with soapy water or its equivalent.
- (iii) A match or flame shall not be used to check for leaks.
- (iv) Container valves shall be closed when the equipment is not in use.
- (13) Charging of containers. Containers shall be charged as provided in WAC 296-24-47505(12).
- (14) Fire extinguisher. Mobile cook-units shall be provided with at least one approved portable fire extinguisher having a minimum rating of 8-B, C.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–47515, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–47515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–47515, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-47517 Liquefied petroleum gas service stations. (1) Application. This section applies to storage containers, and dispensing devices, and pertinent equipment in service stations where LP-gas is stored and is dispensed into fuel tanks of motor vehicles. See WAC

296-24-47511 for requirements covering use of LP-gas as a motor fuel. All requirements of WAC 296-24-47505 apply to this section unless otherwise noted.

- (2) Design pressure and classification of storage containers. Storage containers shall be designed and classified in accordance with Table H-34.
  - (3) Container valves and accessories.
- (a) A filling connection on the container shall be fitted with one of the following:
- (i) A combination back-pressure check and excess flow valve.
  - (ii) One double or two single back-pressure valves.
- (iii) A positive shutoff valve, in conjunction with either:
  - (A) An internal back-pressure valve, or
  - (B) An internal excess flow valve.

In lieu of an excess flow valve, filling connections may be fitted with a quick-closing internal valve, which shall remain closed except during operating periods. The mechanism for such valves may be provided with a secondary control which will cause it to close automatically in case of fire. When a fusible plug is used its melting point shall not exceed 220°F.

TABLE H-34

		Minimum design pressure of container, lb. per sq. in gage		
Container type	For gases with vapor press. not to exceed lb. per sq. in. gage at 100°F. (37.8°C.)	1949 and earlier editions of ASME Code (Par. U-68, U-69)	1949 edition of ASME Code (Par. U-200, U-201); 1950, 1952 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division I) editions of ASME Code; All editions of API-ASME Code <sup>2</sup>	
200 <sup>1</sup>	215	200	250	

<sup>1</sup>Container type may be increased by increments of 25. The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 100% of the container type designation when constructed under 1949 or earlier editions of ASME Code (Par. U-68 and U-69). The minimum design pressure of containers shall be 125% of the container type designation when constructed under: (1) The 1949 ASME Code (Par. U-200 and U-201), (2) 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, and 1968 (Division I) editions of the ASME Code, and (3) all editions of the API-ASME Code.

<sup>2</sup>Construction of containers under the API-ASME Code is not authorized after July 1, 1961.

- (b) A filling pipe inlet terminal not on the container shall be fitted with a positive shutoff valve in conjunction with either:
  - (i) A back pressure check valve, or
  - (ii) An excess flow check valve.
- (c) All openings in the container except those listed below shall be equipped with approved excess flow check valves:
- (i) Filling connections as provided in (3)(a) of this section.
- (ii) Safety relief connections as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(b).

- (iii) Liquid-level gaging devices as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(d) and (19)(d).
- (iv) Pressure gage connections as provided in WAC 296-24-47505 (7)(e).
- (d) All container inlets and outlets except those listed below shall be labeled to designate whether they connect with vapor or liquid (labels may be on valves):
  - (i) Safety relief valves.
  - (ii) Liquid-level gaging devices.
  - (iii) Pressure gages.
- (e) Each storage container shall be provided with a suitable pressure gage.
  - (4) Safety-relief valves.
- (a) All safety-relief devices shall be installed as follows:
- (i) On the container and directly connected with the vapor space.
- (ii) Safety-relief valves and discharge piping shall be protected against physical damage. The outlet shall be provided with loose-fitting rain caps. There shall be no return bends or restrictions in the discharge piping.
- (iii) The discharge from two or more safety relief valves having the same pressure settings may be run into a common discharge header. The cross-sectional area of such header shall be at least equal to the sum of the individual discharges.
- (iv) Discharge from any safety relief device shall not terminate in any building nor beneath any building.
- (b) Aboveground containers shall be provided with safety relief valves as follows:
- (i) The rate of discharge, which may be provided by one or more valves, shall be not less than that specified in WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(b).
- (ii) The discharge from safety relief valves shall be vented to the open air unobstructed and vertically upwards in such a manner as to prevent any impingement of escaping gas upon the container; loose-fitting rain caps shall be used. On a container having a water capacity greater than 2,000 gallons, the discharge from the safety relief valves shall be vented away from the container vertically upwards to a point at least 7 feet above the container. Suitable provisions shall be made so that any liquid or condensate that may accumulate inside of the relief valve or its discharge pipe will not render the valve inoperative. If a drain is used, a means shall be provided to protect the container, adjacent containers, piping, or equipment against impingement of flame resulting from ignition of the product escaping from the drain
- (c) Underground containers shall be provided with safety relief valves as follows:
- (i) The discharge from safety-relief valves shall be piped vertically upward to a point at least 10 feet above the ground. The discharge lines or pipes shall be adequately supported and protected against physical damage.
- (ii) Where there is a probability of the manhole or housing becoming flooded, the discharge from regulator vent lines should be above the highest probable water level.

- (iii) If no liquid is put into a container until after it is buried and covered, the rate of discharge of the relief valves may be reduced to not less than 30 percent of the rate shown in WAC 296-24-47505 (10)(b). If liquid fuel is present during installation of containers, the rate of discharge shall be the same as for aboveground containers. Such containers shall not be uncovered until emptied of liquid fuel.
- (5) Capacity of liquid containers. Individual storage containers shall not exceed 30,000 gallons water capacity.
  - (6) Installation of storage containers.
- (a) Each storage container used exclusively in service station operation shall comply with the following table which specifies minimum distances to a building, groups of buildings, and adjoining property lines which may be built upon.

	Minimum distances			
Water capacity per container (gallons)	Aboveground and underground (feet)	Between aboveground containers (feet)		
Up to 2,000 ——— Over 2,000 —	25 50	3		

Note: The above distances may be reduced to not less than 10 feet for service station buildings of other than wood frame construction.

- (i) Readily ignitible material including weeds and long dry grass, shall be removed within 10 feet of containers.
- (ii) The minimum separation between LP-gas containers and flammable liquid tanks shall be 20 feet and the minimum separation between a container and the centerline of the dike shall be 10 feet.
- (iii) LP-gas containers located near flammable liquid containers shall be protected against the flow or accumulation of flammable liquids by diking, diversion curbs, or grading.
- (iv) LP-gas containers shall not be located within diked areas for flammable liquid containers.
- (v) Field welding is permitted only on saddle plates or brackets which were applied by the container manufacturer.
- (vi) When permanently installed containers are interconnected, provision shall be made to compensate for expansion, contraction, vibration, and settling of containers and interconnecting piping. Where flexible connections are used, they shall be of an approved type and shall be designed for a bursting pressure of not less than five times the vapor pressure of the product at 100°F. The use of nonmetallic hose is prohibited for interconnecting such containers.
- (vii) Where high water table or flood conditions may be encountered protection against container flotation shall be provided.

- (b) Aboveground containers shall be installed in accordance with this section.
- (i) Containers may be installed horizontally or vertically.
- (ii) Containers shall be protected by crash rails or guards to prevent physical damage unless they are so protected by virtue of their location. Vehicles shall not be serviced within 10 feet of containers.
- (iii) Container foundations shall be of substantial masonry or other noncombustible material. Containers shall be mounted on saddles which shall permit expansion and contraction, and shall provide against the excessive concentration of stresses. Corrosion protection shall be provided for tank-mounting areas. Structural metal container supports shall be protected against fire. This protection is not required on prefabricated storage and pump assemblies, mounted on a common base, with container bottom not more than 24 inches above ground and whose water capacity is 2,000 gallons or less if the piping connected to the storage and pump assembly is sufficiently flexible to minimize the possibility of breakage or leakage in the event of failure of the container supports.
- (c) Underground containers shall be installed in accordance with this section.
- (i) Containers shall be given a protective coating before being placed under ground. This coating shall be equivalent to hot—dip galvanizing or to two coatings of red lead followed by a heavy coating of coal tar or asphalt. In lowering the container into place, care shall be exercised to minimize abrasion or other damage to the coating. Damage to the coating shall be repaired before back—filling.
- (ii) Containers shall be set on a firm foundation (firm earth may be used) and surrounded with earth or sand firmly tamped in place. Backfill should be free of rocks or other abrasive materials.
- (iii) A minimum of 2 feet of earth cover shall be provided. Where ground conditions make compliance with this requirement impractical, equivalent protection against physical damage shall be provided. The portion of the container to which manhole and other connections are attached need not be covered. If the location is subjected to vehicular traffic, containers shall be protected by a concrete slab or other cover adequate to prevent the weight of a loaded vehicle imposing concentrated direct loads on the container shell.
- (7) Protection of container fittings. Valves, regulators, gages, and other container fittings shall be protected against tampering and physical damage.
  - (8) Transport truck unloading point.
- (a) During unloading, the transport truck shall not be parked on public thoroughfares and shall be at least 5 feet from storage containers and shall be positioned so that shutoff valves are readily accessible.
- (b) The filling pipe inlet terminal shall not be located within a building nor within 10 feet of any building or driveway. It shall be protected against physical damage.
  - (9) Piping, valves, and fittings.

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(a) Piping may be underground, above ground, or a combination of both. It shall be well supported and protected against physical damage and corrosion.

(b) Piping laid beneath driveways shall be installed to

prevent physical damage by vehicles.

(c) Piping shall be wrought iron or steel (black or galvanized), brass or copper pipe; or seamless copper, brass, or steel tubing and shall be suitable for a minimum pressure of 250 p.s.i.g. Pipe joints may be screwed, flanged, brazed, or welded. The use of aluminum alloy piping or tubing is prohibited.

(d) All shutoff valves (liquid or gas) shall be suitable for liquefied petroleum gas service and designed for not less than the maximum pressure to which they may be subjected. Valves which may be subjected to container pressure shall have a rated working pressure of at least

250 p.s.i.g.

- (e) All materials used for valve seats, packing, gaskets, diaphragms, etc., shall be resistant to the action of LP-gas.
- (f) Fittings shall be steel, malleable iron, or brass having a minimum working pressure of 250 p.s.i.g. Cast iron pipe fittings, such as ells, tees and unions shall not be used.
- (g) All piping shall be tested after assembly and proved free from leaks at not less than normal operating pressures.
- (h) Provision shall be made for expansion, contraction, jarring, and vibration, and for settling. This may be accomplished by flexible connections.
- (10) Pumps and accessories. All pumps and accessory equipment shall be suitable for LP-gas service, and designed for not less than the maximum pressure to which they may be subjected. Accessories shall have a minimum rated working pressure of 250 p.s.i.g. Positive displacement pumps shall be equipped with suitable pressure actuated bypass valves permitting flow from pump discharge to storage container or pump suction.

(11) Dispensing devices.

- (a) Meters, vapor separators, valves, and fittings in the dispenser shall be suitable for LP-gas service and shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 250 p.s.i.g.
- (b) Provisions shall be made for venting LP-gas contained in a dispensing device to a safe location.
- (c) Pumps used to transfer LP-gas shall be equipped to allow control of the flow and to prevent leakage or accidental discharge. Means shall be provided outside the dispensing device to readily shut off the power in the event of fire or accident.
- (d) A manual shutoff valve and an excess flow check valve shall be installed downstream of the pump and ahead of the dispenser inlet.
- (i) Dispensing hose shall be resistant to the action of LP-gas in the liquid phase and designed for a minimum bursting pressure of 1,250 p.s.i.g.
- (ii) An excess flow check valve or automatic shutoff valve shall be installed at the terminus of the liquid line at the point of attachment of the dispensing hose.
- (e) LP-gas dispensing devices shall be located not less than 10 feet from aboveground storage containers

greater than 2,000 gallons water capacity. The dispensing devices shall not be less then 20 feet from any building (not including canopies), basement, cellar, pit, or line of adjoining property which may be built upon and not less than 10 feet from sidewalks, streets, or thoroughfares. No drains or blowoff lines shall be directed into or in proximity to the sewer systems used for other purposes.

- (i) LP-gas dispensing devices shall be installed on a concrete foundation or as part of a complete storage and dispensing assembly mounted on a common base, and shall be adequately protected from physical damage.
- (ii) LP-gas dispensing devices shall not be installed within a building except that they may be located under a weather shelter or canopy provided this area is not enclosed on more than two sides. If the enclosing sides are adjacent to each other, the area shall be properly ventilated.
- (f) The dispensing of LP-gas into the fuel container of a vehicle shall be performed by a competent attendant who shall remain at the LP-gas dispenser during the entire transfer operation.
- (12) Additional standards. There shall be no smoking on the driveway of service stations in the dispensing areas or transport truck unloading areas. Conspicuous signs prohibiting smoking shall be posted within sight of the customer being served. Letters on such signs shall be not less than 4 inches high. The motors of all vehicles being fueled shall be shut off during the fueling operations.
- (13) Electrical. Electrical equipment and installations shall conform to WAC 296-24-47505 (17) and (18).
- (14) Fire protection. Each service station shall be provided with at least one approved portable fire extinguisher having at least an 8-B, C, rating.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-47517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-47517, filed 5/7/73.]

## Part F-2 STORAGE AND HANDLING OF ANHYDROUS AMMONIA

Storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia

270-24-310	Storage and handling of anniyerous antinoma.
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296-24-51005	Definitions.
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	mounted aboveground or underground, nonrefrigera- ted storage.
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WAC 296-24-510 Storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-510, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-510, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51001 Scope. (1) This standard is intended to apply to the design, construction, location, installation, and operation of anhydrous ammonia systems including refrigerated ammonia storage systems.

- (2) This standard does not apply to:
- (a) Ammonia manufacturing plants.
- (b) Refrigeration plants where ammonia is used solely as a refrigerant. Such systems are covered in American National Standard Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration, B-9.1. (See Appendix C for availability.) The provisions of ANSI B-9.1 are not appropriate to refrigerated ammonia storage systems as covered in this standard.
  - (c) Ammonia transportation pipelines.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-51001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51003 General. (1) The term "anhydrous ammonia" as used in this standard refers to the compound formed by a combination of two gaseous elements, nitrogen and hydrogen, in the proportion of one part nitrogen to three parts hydrogen by volume. Anhydrous ammonia may be in either gaseous or liquid form. It is not to be confused with aqua ammonia which is a solution of ammonia gas in water. Whenever the term "ammonia" appears in this standard, it is understood to mean anhydrous ammonia.

- (2) It is important that personnel understand the properties of this gas and that they be thoroughly trained in safe practices for its storage and handling. Some of the important physical properties of ammonia are listed in (4) of this section.
- (3) Gaseous ammonia liquefies under pressure at ambient temperature. Advantage of this characteristic is taken by industry and for convenience this commodity is usually shipped and stored under pressure as a liquid. When refrigerated to or below its normal boiling point (-28°F) it may be shipped and stored as a liquid at atmospheric pressure.
  - (4) Physical properties of ammonia:

Molecular symbol	$NH_3$
Molecular weight	17.032
Boiling point at one at-	
mosphere (one atmos-	
phere = $14.7 \text{ psia}$ )	−28°F
Melting point at one at-	
mosphere	−107.9°F
Critical temperature	271.4°F
Critical pressure	1657 psia
Latent heat at -28°F and	
one atmosphere	589.3 BTU per pound
Relative density of vapor	
compared to dry air at	
32°F and one atmos-	
nhere	0.5970

Vapor density at -28°F and one atmosphere	0.05555 lb. per cu. ft.
Specific gravity of liquid at -28°F compared to	por ou. re.
water at 39.2°F	0.6819
Liquid density at -28°F and one atmosphere	42.57 lb. per
·	cu. ft.
Specific volume of vapor at 32°F and one at-	•
mosphere	20.78 cu. ft. per pound
Flammable limits by vol- ume in air at atmos-	
pheric pressure	16% to 25%
Ignition temperature (in a standard quartz con-	
tainer)	1562°F
Specific heat, gas, 15 C, one atm at constant	
pressure, C <sub>p</sub>	0.5232 Btu/lb.
at constant volume, $C_v$ .	0.3995 Btu/lb. degree °F

- (5) Experience has shown that ammonia is extremely hard to ignite and under normal conditions is a very stable compound. It takes temperatures of 840–930°F to cause it to dissociate slightly at atmospheric pressure. The flammable limits at atmospheric pressure are 16% to 25% by volume of ammonia in air. Experiments conducted by a nationally recognized laboratory indicated that an ammonia-air mixture in a standard quartz test container does not ignite below 1562°F. Ammonia is classified by the United States Department of Transportation and the U.S. Coast Guard as a nonflammable compressed gas for the purpose of transportation.
- (6) Ammonia should be handled only by properly trained personnel. In no case shall ammonia be used in conjunction with chemicals unless the possible reactions have first been adequately investigated. Under some circumstances ammonia and ammonium compounds can form explosive products with other chemicals. For additional information refer to NFPA 491M "Manual on Hazardous Chemical Reactions" (see Appendix C for availability) and CG-388, the "Chemical Data Guide for Bulk Shipment by Water" (1969 Edition).
- (7) Ammonia gas irritates the skin and mucous membrane. At 50 ppm its odor is detectable by most people. The maximum allowable concentration for an 8 hour working exposure is specified as 50 PPM by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists. Because it serves as its own warning agent, no person will voluntarily remain in concentrations which are hazardous. At 5000 ppm it is rapidly fatal. Since ammonia gas is lighter than air, adequate ventilation is the best means of preventing any accumulation.
- (8) The common metals are not attacked by dry ammonia. Zinc, copper and copper base alloys such as brass are subject to rapid destructive action by ammonia in the presence of water.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-51003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51005 Definitions. The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-510 in the section number and shall be construed to have the meanings below. (1) "Approved" as used in these standards means:

(a) Listed by a recognized testing laboratory, or

- (b) Recommended by the manufacturer as suitable for use with anhydrous ammonia and so marked, or
  - (c) Accepted by the authority having jurisdiction.
- (2) "Appurtenance" refers to all devices such as pumps, compressors, safety relief devices, liquid-level gaging devices, valves and pressure gages.
- (3) "Capacity" refers to the total volume of the container measured in U.S. gallons, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) "Cylinder" means a container of 1000 pounds water capacity or less constructed in accordance with United States Department of Transportation Specifications.
- (5) The "code" refers to the Unfired Pressure Vessel Code of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (Section VIII of the ASME Boiler Construction Code), 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965, 1968 and 1971 editions, the joint code of the American Petroleum Institute and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (API-ASME Code) 1951 edition, and subsequent amendments to or later editions of the same, as adopted.
- (6) "Container" includes all vessels, tanks, cylinders or spheres used for transportation, storage or application of anhydrous ammonia.
- (7) "Design pressure" is identical to the term "maximum allowable working pressure" used in the code.
- (8) An "implement of husbandry" is a farm wagon—type tank vehicle of not over 3000 gallons capacity, used as a field storage "nurse tank" supplying the fertilizer to a field applicator and moved on highways only for bringing the fertilizer from a local source of supply to farms or fields or from one farm or field to another.
- (9) "Filling density" means the per cent ratio of the weight of the gas in a container to the weight of water at 60°F that the container will hold. One lb. H<sup>2</sup>O = 27.737 cu. in. at 60°F. For determining the weight capacity of the tank in pounds, the weight of a gallon (231 cubic inches) of water at 60°F in air shall be 8.32828 pounds.
- (10) "Gas" refers to anhydrous ammonia in either the gaseous or liquefied state.
- (11) "Gas mask" refers to gas masks approved by the Bureau of Mines. See American National Standard for Respiratory Protection, Z88.2. (See Appendix C for availability.)
- (12) "DOT regulations" refer to hazardous materials regulations of the department of transportation (Title 49—Transportation, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 171 to 190), including Specifications for Shipping Containers.

- (13) "Systems" as used in these standards refers to an assembly of equipment consisting essentially of the container or containers, appurtenances, pumps, compressors, and interconnecting piping.
- (14) The abbreviations "psig" and "psia" refer to pounds per square inch gage and pounds per square inch absolute, respectively.
- (15) The terms "charging" and "filling" are used interchangeably and have the same meaning.
- (16) "Trailer" as used in these standards refers to every vehicle designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and so constructed that no part of its weight except the towing device rests upon the towing vehicle.
- (17) "Tank motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle designed or used for the transportation of anhydrous ammonia in any tank designed to be permanently attached to any motor vehicle or any container not permanently attached to any motor vehicle which by reason of its size, construction or attachment to any motor vehicle must be loaded and/or unloaded without being removed from the motor vehicle.
- (18) "Semitrailer" refers to every vehicle designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and so constructed that some part of its weight and that of its load rests upon or is carried by another vehicle.
- (19) "Safety relief valve" refers to an automatic spring loaded or equivalent type pressure activated device for gas or vapor service characterized by pop action upon opening, sometimes referred to as a pop valve. (Refer to American National Standard Terminology for Pressure Relief Devices, B95.1.)
- (20) "Hydrostatic relief valve" refers to an automatic pressure activated valve for liquid service characterized by throttle or slow weep opening (nonpop action). (Refer to American National Standard Terminology for Pressure Relief Devices, B95.1.)

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–51005, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–51005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–51005, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-51007 Use of water in emergencies. (1) The concentration of ammonia vapor in air can ef-

fectively be reduced by the use of adequate volumes of water applied through spray or fog nozzles.

- (2) Water should be used on liquid ammonia spills only if sufficient water is available. For the purpose of this section, sufficient water may be taken to be 100 parts of water to one part of ammonia.
- (3) If an ammonia container is exposed to fire and cannot be removed, water should be used to cool it.
- (4) Under some circumstances ammonia in a container is colder than the available water supply. Under these circumstances water should not be sprayed on the container walls since it would heat the ammonia and aggravate any gas leak.
- (5) If it is found necessary to dispose of ammonia, as from a leaking container, liquid ammonia should be discharged into a vessel containing water sufficient to absorb it. Sufficient water may be taken to be ten parts of

water per part ammonia. The ammonia should be injected into the water as near the bottom of the vessel as practical.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-51007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51007, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-51009 Basic rules. This section applies to all sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-510 in the section number unless otherwise noted.
- (1) Approval of equipment and systems. Each appurtenance shall be approved in accordance with (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection.
- (a) It was installed before February 8, 1973 and was approved and tested, and installed in accordance with either the provisions of the American National Standard for the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia, K61.1, or the Fertilizer Institute Standards for the Storage and Handling of Agricultural Anhydrous Ammonia, M-1, in effect at the time of installation; or
- (b) It is accepted, or certified, or listed, or labeled, or otherwise determined to be safe by a nationally recognized testing laboratory; or
- (c) It is a type which no nationally recognized testing laboratory does, or will undertake to accept, certify, list, label, or determine to be safe; and such equipment is inspected or tested by any federal, state, municipal, or other local authority responsible for enforcing occupational safety provisions of a federal, state, municipal or other local law, code, or regulation pertaining to the storage, handling, transport, and use of anhydrous ammonia, and found to be in compliance with either the provisions of the American National Standard for the Storage and Handling of Anhydrous Ammonia, K61.1, or the Fertilizer Institute Standards for the Storage and Handling of Agricultural Anhydrous Ammonia, M-1, in effect at the time of installation; or
- (d) It is a custom-designed and custom-built unit, which no nationally recognized testing laboratory, or federal, state, municipal or local authority responsible for the enforcement of a federal, state, municipal, or local law, code or regulation pertaining to the storage, transportation and use of anhydrous ammonia is willing to undertake to accept, certify, list, label or determine to be safe, and the employer has on file a document attesting to its safe condition following the conduct of appropriate tests. The document shall be signed by a registered professional engineer or other person having special training or experience sufficient to permit him/her to form an opinion as to safety of the unit involved. The document shall set forth the test bases, test data and results, and also the qualifications of the certifying person.
- (e) For the purposes of this section the word "listed" means that equipment is of a kind mentioned in a list which is published by a nationally recognized laboratory which makes periodic inspection of the production of such equipment, and states such equipment meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found safe for use in a specified manner. "Labeled" means there is attached to it a label, symbol, or other

- identifying mark of a nationally recognized testing laboratory which makes periodic inspections of the production of such equipment, and whose labeling indicates compliance with nationally recognized standards or tests to determine safe use in a specified manner. "Certified" means it has been tested and found by a nationally recognized testing laboratory to meet nationally recognized standards or to be safe for use in a specified manner, or is of a kind whose production is periodically inspected by a nationally recognized testing laboratory, and it bears a label, tag, or other record of certification.
- (f) For purposes of this section, refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (2) Requirements for construction, original test and requalification of not-refrigerated containers.
- (a) Containers used with systems covered in WAC 296-24-51011 and 296-24-51017 through 296-24-51021 shall be constructed and tested in accordance with the code except that construction under Table UW-12 at a basic joint efficiency of under eighty percent is not authorized.

Containers built according to the code do not have to comply with paragraphs UG-125 to UG-128, inclusive, and paragraphs UG-132 and UG-133 of the code.

- (b) Containers exceeding thirty-six inches in diameter or two hundred fifty gallons water capacity shall be constructed to comply with one or more of the following:
- (i) Containers shall be stress relieved after fabrication in accordance with the code, or
- (ii) Cold-formed heads, when used, shall be stress relieved or,
  - (iii) Hot-formed heads shall be used.
- (c) Welding to the shell, head, or any other part of the container subject to internal pressure shall be done in compliance with WAC 296-24-51005(5). Other welding is permitted only on saddle plates, lugs, or brackets attached to the container by the container manufacturer.
- (d) Containers used with systems covered by subsection (3)(b)(iv) of this section shall be constructed and tested in accordance with the DOT specifications.
- (e) The provisions of (a) of this subsection shall not be construed as prohibiting the continued use or reinstallation of containers constructed and maintained in accordance with the 1949, 1950, 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962, 1965 and 1968 editions of the Unfired Pressure Vessel Code of the ASME or any revisions thereof in effect at the time of fabrication.
- (3) Markings on nonrefrigerated containers and systems other than DOT containers.
- (a) System nameplates, when required, shall be permanently attached to the system so as to be readily accessible for inspection and shall include markings as prescribed in (b) of this subsection.
- (b) Each container or system covered in WAC 296-24-51011, 296-24-51017, 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021 shall be marked as specified in the following:
- (i) With a marking identifying compliance with the rules of the code under which the container is constructed.

- (ii) With a notation on the container and system nameplate when the system is designed for underground installation.
- (iii) With the name and address of the supplier of the container or the trade name of the container and with the date of fabrication.
- (iv) With the water capacity of the container in pounds at 60°F or gallons, United States standard.
- (v) With the design pressure in pounds per square inch gage.
  - (vi) With the wall thickness of the shell and heads.
- (vii) With marking indicating the maximum level to which the container may be filled with liquid anhydrous ammonia at temperatures between 20°F and 100°F except on containers provided with fixed maximum level indicators, such as fixed length dip tubes, or containers that are filled by weight. Markings shall be in increments of not more than 20°F.
  - (viii) With the outside surface area in square feet.
- (ix) With minimum temperature in Fahrenheit for which the container is designed.
- (x) Marking specified on container shall be on the container itself or on a nameplate permanently affixed thereto.
- (c) All main operating valves on permanently installed containers having a capacity of over three thousand water gallons shall be identified to show whether the valve is in liquid or vapor service. The recommended method of identification may be legend or color code as specified in (c)(i) and (ii) of this subsection:
- (i) Legend: The legend LIQUID (or LIQUID VALVE), VAPOR (or VAPOR VALVE), as appropriate, shall be placed on or within twelve inches of the valve by means of a stencil tag, or decal.
- (ii) Color code: Liquid valves shall be painted orange and vapor valves shall be painted yellow. The legend ORANGE-LIQUID, YELLOW-VAPOR shall be displayed in one or more conspicuous places at each permanent storage location. The legend shall have letters at least two inches high and shall be placed against a contrasting background. This is in accordance with American National Standard A13.1 "Schemes for Identification of Piping Systems"—1956, Page 5.
- (4) Marking refrigerated containers. (See WAC 296–24–51013(3). Marking refrigerated containers.)
  - (5) Location of containers.
- (a) Consideration shall be given to the physiological effects of ammonia as well as to adjacent fire hazards in selecting the location for a storage container. Containers shall be located outside of buildings or in buildings or sections thereof especially approved for this purpose.
- (b) Containers shall be located at least fifty feet from a dug well or other sources of potable water supply, unless the container is a part of a water treatment installation.
- (c) The location of permanent storage containers shall be outside densely populated areas.
- (d) Container locations shall comply with the following table:

Minimum Distances (feet) from Container to:

Nominal Capacity of Container		ty Pr	ine of Adjoining operty Which may be Built upon, ghways & Mainline of Railroad	Place of Public Assembly	Institution Occupancy
Over	500 to	2,000	25	150	250
Over	2,000 to	30,000	50	300	500
Over	30,000 to	100,000	50	450	750
	Over	100,000	50	600	1,000

- (e) Storage areas shall be kept free of readily ignitable materials such as waste, weeds and long dry grass.
  - (6) Container appurtenances.
- (a) All appurtenances shall be designed for not less than the maximum working pressure of that portion of the system on which they are installed. All appurtenances shall be fabricated from materials proved suitable for anhydrous ammonia service.
- (b) All connections to containers except safety relief devices, gaging devices, or those fitted with a No. 54 drill size orifice shall have shutoff valves located as close to the container as practicable.
- (c) Excess flow valves where required by these standards shall close automatically at the rated flows of vapor or liquid as specified by the manufacturer. The connections and line including valves and fittings being protected by an excess flow valve shall have a greater capacity than the rated flow of the excess flow valve.
- (d) Liquid level gaging devices that require bleeding of the product to the atmosphere and which are so constructed that outward flow will not exceed that passed by a No. 54 drill size opening need not be equipped with excess flow valves.
- (e) Openings from container or through fittings attached directly on container to which pressure gage connections are made need not be equipped with excess flow valves if such openings are not larger than No. 54 drill size.
- (f) Excess flow and back pressure check valves where required by these standards shall be located inside of the container or at a point outside as close as practicable to where the line enters the container. In the latter case, installation shall be made in such manner that any undue stress beyond the excess flow or back pressure check valve will not cause breakage between the container and the valve.
- (g) Excess flow valves shall be designed with a bypass, not to exceed a No. 60 drill size opening to allow equalization of pressures.
- (h) Shutoff valves provided with an excess flow valve shall be designed for proper installation in a container connection so that the excess flow valve will close should the shutoff valve break.
- (i) All excess flow valves shall be plainly and permanently marked with the name or trademark of the manufacturer, the catalog number, and the rated capacity.
  - (7) Piping, tubing and fittings.
- (a) All piping, tubing and fittings shall be made of material suitable for anhydrous ammonia service.

- (b) All piping, tubing and fittings shall be designed for a pressure not less than the maximum pressure to which they may be subjected in service.
- (c) All piping shall be well supported and provision shall be made for expansion and contraction. All refrigeration system piping shall conform to the Refrigeration Piping Code (ANSI B31.5 1966 addenda B31.1a-1968), a section of the American Standard Code for Pressure Piping, as it applies to ammonia.
- (d) Piping used on nonrefrigerated systems shall be at least ASTM A-53-1969 Grade B Electric Resistance Welded and Electric Flash Welded Pipe or equal. Such pipe shall be at least Schedule 40 when joints are welded, or welded and flanged. Such pipe shall be at least Schedule 80 when joints are threaded. Brass, copper, or galvanized steel pipe or tubing shall not be used.
- (e) All metal flexible connections for permanent installations shall have a minimum working pressure of 250 p.s.i.g. (safety factor of 4). For temporary installations, hose meeting the requirement of subsection (8) of this section may be used.
- (f) Cast iron fittings shall not be used but this shall not prohibit the use of fittings made specially for ammonia service of malleable or nodular iron such as Specification ASTM A47 or ASTM A395.
- (g) Provisions shall be made for expansion, contraction, jarring, vibration, and for settling.
- (h) Adequate provisions shall be made to protect all exposed piping from physical damage that might result from moving machinery, the presence of automobiles or trucks, or any other undue strain that may be placed upon the piping.
  - (i) Joint compounds shall be resistant to ammonia.
- (j) After assembly, all piping and tubing shall be tested and proved to be free from leaks at a pressure not less than the normal operating pressure of the system.
  - (8) Hose specification.
- (a) Hose used in ammonia service and subject to container pressure shall conform to the joint Rubber Manufacturers Association and the Fertilizer Institute "Hose Specifications for Anhydrous Ammonia" (see Appendix B).
- (b) Hose subject to container pressure shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 350 p.s.i.g. and a minimum burst pressure of 1750 p.s.i.g. Hose assemblies, when made up, shall be capable of withstanding a test pressure of 500 p.s.i.g.
- (c) Hose and hose connections located on the low pressure side of flow control or pressure reducing valves on devices discharging to atmospheric pressure shall be designed for the maximum low side working pressure. All connections shall be designed, constructed, and installed so that there will be no leakage when connected.
- (d) Where liquid transfer hose is not drained of liquid upon completion of transfer operations, such hose shall be equipped with an approved shutoff valve at the discharge end. Provision shall be made to prevent excessive hydrostatic pressure in the hose. (See subsection (9)(j) of this section.)
- (e) On all hose one-half inch O.D. and larger, used for the transfer of anhydrous ammonia liquid or vapor,

there shall be etched, cast, or impressed at five-foot intervals the following information:

"Anhydrous Ammonia"
xxx p.s.i.g. (Maximum working pressure)
Manufacturer's Name or Trademark
Year of Manufacture

- (9) Safety relief devices.
- (a) Every container used in systems covered by WAC 296-24-51011, 296-24-51017, 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021 shall be provided with one or more safety relief valves of the spring-loaded or equivalent type. The discharge from safety relief valves shall be vented away from the container, upward and unobstructed to the atmosphere. All safety relief valve discharge openings shall have suitable raincaps that will allow free discharge of the vapor and prevent the entrance of water. Provision shall be made for draining condensate which may accumulate. The rate of the discharge shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix A.
- (b) Container safety relief valves shall be set to start-to-discharge as follows, with relations to the design pressure of the container.

Containers	Minimum 1	Maximum*
ASME U-68, U-69	110%	125%
ASME U-200, U-201	95%	100%
ASME 1952, 1956, 1959, 1962,		
1965, 1968 or 1971	95%	100%
API-ASME	95%	100%
U.S. Coast Guard		

(As required by USCG regulations)
DOT (As required by DOT regulations)

\*Note: A relief valve manufacturer's tolerance of plus ten percent is permitted.

- (c) Safety relief devices used in systems covered by WAC 296-24-51011, 296-24-51017, 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021 shall be constructed to discharge at not less than the rates required in (a) of this subsection before the pressure is in excess of one hundred twenty percent (not including the ten percent tolerance referred to in (b) of this subsection) of the maximum permitted start-to-discharge pressure setting of the device.
- (d) Safety relief valves shall be so arranged that the possibility of tampering will be minimized. If the pressure setting adjustment is external, the relief valves shall be provided with means for sealing the adjustment.
- (e) Shutoff valves shall not be installed between the safety relief valves and the containers or systems described in WAC 296-24-51011, 296-24-51017, 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021, except that a shutoff valve may be used where the arrangement of this valve is such as always to afford required capacity flow through the relief valves.

Note: The above exception is made to cover such cases as a threeway valve installed under two safety relief valves, each of which has the required rate of discharge and is so installed as to allow either of the safety relief valves to be closed off, but does not allow both safety valves to be closed off at the same time. Another exception to this may be where two separate relief valves are installed with individual shutoff valves. In this case, the two shutoff valve stems shall be mechanically interconnected

in a manner which will allow full required flow of one safety relief valve at all times. Still another exception is a safety relief valve manifold which allows one valve of two, three, four or more to be closed off and the remaining valve or valves will provide not less than the rate of discharge shown on the manifold nameplate.

- (f) Safety relief valves shall have direct communication with the vapor space of the container.
- (g) Each safety relief valve used with systems described in WAC 296-24-51011, 296-24-51017, 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021 shall be plainly and permanently marked as follows:
  - (i) With the letters "AA" or the symbol "NH3."
- (ii) The pressure in pounds per square inch gage (p.s.i.g.) at which the valve is set to start-to-discharge.
- (iii) The rate of discharge of the valve in cubic feet per minute of air at 60°F and atmospheric pressure (14.7 p.s.i.a.).
  - (iv) The manufacturer's name and catalog number.

For example, a safety relief valve marked AA-250-4200 (air) would mean that this valve is suitable for use on an anhydrous ammonia container; that it is set to start-to-discharge at 250 p.s.i.g.; and that its rate of discharge (see subsection (8)(a) through (c) of this section) is four thousand two hundred cubic feet per minute of air.

- (h) The flow capacity of the safety relief valve shall not be restricted by any connection to it on either the upstream or downstream side.
- (i) The manufacturer or supplier of a safety relief valve manifold shall publish complete data showing the flow rating through the combined assembly of the manifold with safety relief valves installed. The manifold flow rating shall be determined by testing the manifold with all but one valve discharging. If one or more openings have restrictions not present in the remaining openings, the restricted opening or openings or those having the lowest flow shall be used to establish the flow rate marked on the manifold nameplate. The marking shall be similar to that required in (g) of this subsection for individual valves.
- (j) A hydrostatic relief valve shall be installed between each pair of valves in the liquid ammonia piping or hose where liquid may be trapped so as to relieve into the atmosphere at a safe location.
- (k) Discharge from safety relief devices shall not terminate in or beneath any building.
- (10) Safety. See CGA Pamphlet G-2, TFI Operational Safety Manual M-2 and MCA Safety Data Sheet SD-8 (see Appendix C for availability).
- (a) Personnel required to handle ammonia shall be trained in safe operating practices and the proper action to take in the event of emergencies. Personnel shall be instructed to use the equipment listed in (c) of this subsection in the event of an emergency. (Rev. 1-22-76)
- (b) If a leak occurs in an ammonia system, the personnel trained for and designated to act in such emergencies shall:
- (i) See that persons not required to deal with an emergency are evacuated from the contaminated area.
  - (ii) Put on a suitable gas mask.

- (iii) Wear gauntlet type plastic or rubber gloves and wear plastic or rubber suits in heavily contaminated atmospheres.
  - (iv) Shut off the appropriate valves.
- (c) All storage systems shall have on hand, as a minimum, the following equipment for emergency and rescue purposes:
- \*(i) One full face gas mask with anhydrous ammonia refill canisters.
  - \*\*(ii) One pair of protective gloves.
  - \*\*(iii) One pair of protective boots.
- \*\*(iv) One protective slicker and/or protective pants and jacket.
- (v) Easily accessible shower and/or at least fifty gallons of clean water in an open top container.
- (vi) Tight fitting vented goggles or one full face shield.
  - \*An ammonia canister is effective for short periods of time in light concentrations of ammonia vapor, generally fifteen minutes in concentrations of three percent and will not protect breathing in heavier concentrations. If ammonia vapors are detected when mask is applied the concentration is too high for safety. The life of a canister in service is controlled by the percentage of vapors to which it is exposed. Canisters must not be opened until ready for use and should be discarded after use. Unopened canisters may be guaranteed for as long as three years. All should be dated when received because of this limited life. In addition to this protection, an independently supplied air mask of the type used by fire departments may be used for severe emergencies.
  - \*\*Gloves, boots, slickers, jackets and pants shall be made of rubber or other material impervious to ammonia.
- (d) Where several persons are usually present, additional safety equipment may be desirable.
- (e) Each tank motor vehicle transporting anhydrous ammonia, except farm applicator vehicles, shall carry a container of at least five gallons of water and shall be equipped with a full face gas mask, a pair of tight-fitting goggles or one full face shield. The driver shall be instructed in their use and the proper action to take to provide for his/her safety.
- (f) If a leak occurs in transportation equipment and it is not practical to stop the leak, the driver should move the vehicle to an isolated location away from populated communities or heavily traveled highways.
- (g) If liquid ammonia contacts the skin or eyes, the affected area should be promptly and thoroughly flushed with water. Do not use neutralizing solutions or ointments on affected areas. A physician shall treat all cases of eye exposure to liquid ammonia.
  - (11) Filling densities. (See WAC 296-24-51005(9).)
- (a) The filling densities for nonrefrigerated containers shall not exceed the following:

Aboveground Underground

- (i) Uninsulated
- 56%\*
- 58%

- (ii) Insulated
- 57%
- (iii) DOT containers shall be filled in accordance with DOT regulations.
- \*This corresponds to 82% by volume at -28°F, 85% by volume at 5°F, 87.5% by volume at 30°F, and 90.6% by volume at 60°F.
- (b) The filling density for refrigerated storage tanks temperature corresponding to the vapor pressure at the

- start-to-discharge pressure setting of the safety relief valve.
- (c) If containers are to be filled according to liquid level by any gaging method other than a fixed length dip tube gage, each container should have a thermometer well so that the internal liquid temperature can be easily determined and the amount of liquid and vapor in the container corrected to a 60°F basis.
  - (12) Transfer of liquids.
- (a) Anhydrous ammonia shall always be at a temperature suitable for the material of construction and design of the receiving containers. Ordinary steels are not suitable for refrigerated ammonia. See Appendix R of API Standard 620 "Recommended Rules for Design and Construction of Large Welded Low-Pressure Storage Tanks" for materials for low temperature service.
- (b) At least one attendant shall supervise the transfer of liquids from the time the connections are first made until they are finally disconnected.
- (c) Flammable gases or gases which will react with ammonia (such as air) shall not be used to unload tank cars or transport trucks.
- (d) Containers shall be charged or used only upon authorization of the owner.
- (e) Containers shall be gaged and charged only in the open atmosphere or in buildings approved for that purpose.
- (f) Pumps used for transferring ammonia shall be recommended and labeled for ammonia service by the manufacturer.
- (i) Pumps shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. working pressure.
- (ii) Positive displacement pumps shall have installed, off the discharge port, a constant differential relief valve discharging into the suction port of the pump through a line of sufficient size to carry the full capacity of the pump at relief valve setting, which setting and installation shall be according to pump manufacturer's recommendations.
- (iii) On the discharge side of the pump, before the relief valve line, there shall be installed a pressure gage graduated from 0 to 400 p.s.i.g.
- (iv) Plant piping shall contain shutoff valves located as close as practical to pump connections.
- (g) Compressors used for transferring or refrigerating ammonia shall be recommended and labeled for ammonia service by the manufacturer.
- (i) Compressors, except those used for refrigeration, shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. working pressure. Crank cases of compressors not designed to withstand system pressure shall be protected with a suitable safety relief valve.
- (ii) Plant piping shall contain shutoff valves located as close as practical to compressor connections.
- (iii) A safety relief valve large enough to discharge the full capacity of the compressor shall be connected to the discharge before any shutoff valve.
- (iv) Compressors shall have pressure gages at suction and discharge graduated to at least one and one-half times the maximum pressure that can be developed.

- (v) Adequate means, such as drainable liquid trap, may be provided on the compressor suction to minimize the entry of liquid into the compressor.
- (vi) Where necessary to prevent contamination, an oil separator shall be provided on the discharge side of the compressor.
- (h) Loading and unloading systems shall be protected by suitable devices to prevent emptying of the storage container or the container being loaded or unloaded in the event of severance of the hose. Backflow check valves or properly sized excess flow valves shall be installed where necessary to provide such protection. In the event that such valves are not practical, remotely operated shutoff valves may be installed.
- (i) Meters used for the measurement of liquid anhydrous ammonia shall be recommended and labeled for ammonia service by the manufacturer.
- (i) Liquid meters shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 250 p.s.i.g.
- (ii) The metering system shall incorporate devices that will prevent the inadvertent measurement of vapor.
  - (13) Tank car unloading points and operations.
- (a) Provisions for unloading tank cars shall conform to the regulations of the department of transportation.
- (b) Unloading operations shall be performed by reliable persons properly instructed and made responsible for careful compliance with all applicable procedures.
- (c) Caution signs shall be so placed on the track or car as to give necessary warning to persons approaching car from open end or ends of siding and shall be left up until after car is unloaded and disconnected from discharge connections. Signs shall be of metal or other suitable material, at least twelve by fifteen inches in size and bear the words "STOP—Tank car connected" or "STOP—Men at work" the word "STOP," being in letters at least four inches high and the other words in letters at least two inches high. The letters shall be white on a blue background.
- (d) The track of a tank car siding shall be substantially level.
- (e) Brakes shall be set and wheels blocked on all cars being unloaded.
- (f) Tank cars of anhydrous ammonia shall be unloaded only at approved locations meeting the requirements of subsections (9)(c) and (12)(h) of this section.
  - (14) Liquid level gaging device.
- (a) Each container except those filled by weight shall be equipped with an approved liquid level gaging device.
- (b) All gaging devices shall be arranged so that the maximum liquid level to which the container is filled is readily determined. (See subsection (4)(b)(vii) of this section.)
- (c) Gaging devices that require bleeding of the product to the atmosphere such as the rotary tube, fixed tube, and slip tube devices, shall be designed so that the maximum opening of the bleed valve is not larger than No. 54 drill size unless provided with an excess flow valve. (This requirement does not apply to farm vehicles used for the application of ammonia as covered in WAC 296-24-51021.)

- (d) Gaging devices shall have a design pressure equal to or greater than the design pressure of the container on which they are installed.
- (e) Fixed liquid level gages shall be so designed that the maximum volume of the container filled by liquid shall not exceed eighty—five percent of its water capacity. The coupling into which the fixed liquid level gage is threaded must be placed at the eighty—five percent level of the container. If located elsewhere, the dip tube of this gage must be installed in such a manner that it cannot be readily removed.

Note: This does not apply to refrigerated storage.

- (f) Gage glasses of the columnar type shall be restricted to stationary storage installation. They shall be equipped with shutoff valves having metallic handwheels, with excess-flow valves, and with extra heavy glass adequately protected with a metal housing applied by the gage manufacturer. They shall be shielded against the direct rays of the sun.
- (15) Painting of containers. Aboveground uninsulated containers should have a reflective surface maintained in good condition. White is recommended for painted surfaces, but other light reflecting colors are acceptable.
  - (16) Electrical equipment and wiring.
- (a) Electrical equipment and wiring for use in ammonia installations shall be general purpose or weather resistant as appropriate.
- (b) Where concentrations of ammonia in air in excess of sixteen percent by volume are likely to be encountered, electrical equipment and wiring shall be of a type specified by and be installed in accordance with National Electrical Code, NFPA 70 (ANSI-C1), for Class I, Group D locations.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–51009, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–51009, filed 11/13/80; Order 76–6, § 296–24–51009, filed 3/1/76; Order 74–27, § 296–24–51009, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–51009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–51009, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-51011 Systems utilizing stationary, pier-mounted or skid-mounted aboveground or underground, nonrefrigerated storage. This section applies to stationary, pier-mounted, skid-mounted, aboveground or underground, nonrefrigerated storage installations utilizing containers other than those constructed in accordance with department of transportation specifications. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section unless otherwise noted.
- (1) Design pressure and construction of containers. The minimum design pressure for nonrefrigerated aboveground containers shall be 250 psig. (See WAC 296-24-51009 (2)(a)(i).)
- Note: U-68 and U-69 ASME Code containers with a design pressure of 200 psig are acceptable if recertified to 250 psig and equipped with safety relief valves set at 250 psig as permitted in WAC 296-24-51009 (9)(b).
- (2) Container valves and accessories, filling and discharging connections.

- (a) Each filling connection shall be provided with combination back—pressure check valve and excess flow valve; one double or two single back—pressure check valves; or a positive shutoff valve in conjunction with either an internal back—pressure check valve or an internal excess flow valve.
- (b) All vapor and liquid connections, except safety relief valves and those specifically exempt in WAC 296–24–51009 (6)(d) and (e) shall be equipped with approved excess flow valves; or in lieu thereof, may be fitted with approved quick—closing internal valves which, except during operating periods, shall remain closed.
- (c) Each storage container shall be provided with a pressure gage graduated from 0 to 400 psig. Gages shall be designated for use in ammonia service.
- (d) All containers shall be equipped with an approved vapor return valve.
- (e) All containers shall be equipped with a fixed maximum liquid level gage.
  - (3) Safety relief devices.
- (a) Every container shall be provided with one or more safety relief valves of spring-loaded or equivalent type and shall comply with the following:
- (i) The discharge from safety relief valves shall be directed away from the container upward and unobstructed to the open air. Vent pipes shall not be restrictive or smaller in size than the safety relief outlet connection. All safety relief valve discharges shall have suitable rain caps that will allow free discharge of the vapor and prevent the entrance of water. Suitable provision shall be made for draining condensate which may accumulate.
- (ii) If desired, vent pipes from two or more safety relief devices located on the same unit, or similar lines from two or more different units, may be run into a common header, provided the cross-sectional area of such header is at least equal to the sum of the cross-sectional areas of the individual vent pipes.
- (b) The rate of discharge of spring-loaded safety relief valves installed on underground containers may be reduced to a minimum of 30 percent of the rate of discharge specified in Appendix A. Containers so protected shall not be uncovered after installation until the liquid ammonia has been removed. Containers which may contain liquid ammonia before being installed underground and before being completely covered with earth are to be considered aboveground containers when determining the rate of discharge requirements of the safety relief valves.
- (c) On underground installations where there is a probability of the manhole or housing becoming flooded, the discharge from vent lines shall be located above the high water level. All manholes or housings shall be provided with ventilated louvres or their equivalent, the area of such openings equaling or exceeding combined discharge areas of safety relief valves and vent lines which discharge their content into the manhole housing.
  - (4) Installation of storage containers.
- (a) Containers installed aboveground shall be provided with substantial reinforced concrete footings and

foundations or structural steel supports mounted on reinforced concrete foundations. In either case, the reinforced concrete foundations or footings shall extend below the established frost line and shall be of sufficient width and thickness to support the total weight of the containers and contents adequately. The foundation shall maintain the lowest point of the tank at not less than 18 inches above the ground. Floating type foundations shall also be acceptable providing the foundations are designed to adequately support the tank, contents and pumping equipment. (See WAC 296-24-51009(7).)

- (b) Horizontal aboveground containers shall be mounted on foundations in such a manner as to permit expansion and contraction. Every container shall be supported so as to prevent the concentration of excessive loads on the supporting portion of the shell. The bearing afforded by the saddles shall extend over at least one third of the circumference of the shell. Suitable means for preventing corrosion shall be provided on that portion of the container in contact with the foundations or saddles.
- (c) Containers buried underground shall be placed so that the top of the container is at least one foot below the surface of the ground. Should ground conditions make compliance with these requirements impracticable, precautions shall be taken to prevent physical damage to the container. It is not necessary to cover the portion of the container to which a manhole and other connections are affixed when necessary to prevent floating, containers shall be securely anchored or weighted.
- (d) Underground containers shall be set on firm foundations (firm earth may be used) and surrounded with soft earth or sand well tamped in place. As a further means of resisting corrosion, the container, prior to being placed underground, shall be given a protective coating satisfactory to the authority having jurisdiction. Such protective coating shall be equivalent to hot dip galvanizing, or to two preliminary coatings of red lead followed by a heavy coating of coal tar or asphalt. The container thus coated shall be lowered into place in such a manner as to prevent abrasion or other damage to the coating.
- (e) Distance between aboveground and underground containers of over 1,200 gallons capacity shall be at least five feet.
- (f) Secure anchorage or adequate pier height shall be provided against container flotation wherever sufficiently high flood water might occur.
  - (5) Reinstallation of containers.
- (a) Containers once installed underground shall not later be reinstalled aboveground or underground, unless they successfully withstand hydrostatic pressure retests at the pressure specified for the original hydrostatic test as required by the code under which the tank was constructed and show no evidence of serious corrosion.
- (b) Where containers are reinstalled underground, the corrosion resistant coating shall be put in good condition; see WAC 296-24-51011 (4)(d). Where containers are reinstalled aboveground, safety relief devices or gaging devices shall comply with WAC 296-24-51009(9)

- and 296-24-51011(3) respectively for aboveground containers.
- (6) Marking of containers. Each container or group of containers shall be marked on at least two sides with the words "anhydrous ammonia" or "caution—ammonia" in sharply contrasting colors with letters not less than four inches high.
  - (7) Protection of container appurtenances.
- (a) Valves and other appurtenances shall be protected against physical damage. Main container shut-off valves shall be kept closed and locked when the installation is unattended. If the facility is protected against tampering by fencing or other suitable means, valve locks are not required.
- (b) All connections to underground containers should be located within a substantial dome, housing or manhole fitted with a substantial removable cover. Appurtenances shall also be protected during the transit of containers intended for installation underground.
  - (c) Storage containers need not be grounded.
- (8) Identification. A sign shall be displayed in a conspicuous place stating the name, address, and phone number of the nearest representative, agent, or owner of the storage system.

[Order 76–6, § 296–24–51011, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–51011, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–51011, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-51013 Refrigerated storage. This section applies specifically to systems utilizing tanks for the storage of anhydrous ammonia under refrigerated conditions. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section unless inconsistent with the requirements of this section.
  - (1) Design of tanks.
- (a) Tanks may be designed for any storage pressure desired as determined by economical design of the refrigerated system.
- (b) The design temperature shall be the minimum temperature to which the container will be refrigerated and shall be so designated.
- (c) Containers with a design pressure exceeding 15 p.s.i.g. shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-51009(2) and the material shall be selected from those listed in API Standards 620, 4th edition 1970, Recommended Rules for Design and Construction of Large, Welded Low-Pressure Storage Tanks, Tables 2.02, R.2.1, R.2.2, R.2.3 or R.2.4.
- (d) Tanks with a design pressure of 15 p.s.i.g. and less shall be constructed in accordance with the general requirements of API Standard 620, 4th edition, 1970, including Appendix R.
- (e) When austenitic steels or nonferrous materials are used, the ASME Code shall be used as a guide in selection of materials for use at the design temperature.
- (f) The filling density for refrigerated storage containers shall be such that the container will not be liquid full at a liquid temperature corresponding to the vapor pressure at the start-to-discharge pressure setting of the safety-relief valve. (New 1-22-76)
  - (2) Installation of storage tanks.

- (a) Tanks shall be supported on suitable noncombustible foundations designed to accommodate the type of tank being used.
- (b) Adequate protection against flotation or other water damage shall be provided wherever high flood water might occur.
- (c) Tanks for product storage at less than 32°F shall be supported in such a way, or heat shall be supplied, to prevent the effects of freezing and consequent frost heaving.
- (d) The area surrounding a refrigerated tank or group of tanks shall be provided with drainage, or shall be diked to prevent accidental discharge of liquid from spreading to uncontrolled areas.
- (e) When drainage is employed, a slope of not less than one percent shall be provided. The drainage system shall terminate in an impounding basin having a capacity as large as the largest tank served.
- (f) Provision shall be made for drainage of rain water from the diked or impounding area. Such drainage shall not permit the release of ammonia.
- (g) When a dike surrounding the tank is employed, the capacity of the diked enclosure shall be as large as the largest tank served.
- (h) The walls of a diked enclosure or the wall of an impounding basin used in a drainage system shall be of earth, steel or concrete designed to be liquid tight and to withstand the hydrostatic pressure and the temperature. Earth walls shall have a flat top at least 2 feet wide. The slope shall be stable and consistent with the angle of repose of the earth used.
- (i) The ground in an impounding basin or within a diked enclosure, should be graded so that small spills, or the early part of a large spill, will accumulate at one side or corner contacting a relatively small area of ground and exposing a relatively small surface area for heat gain. Shallow channels in the ground surface or low curbs of earth can help guide the liquid to these low areas without contacting a large ground area.
  - (3) Marking refrigerated containers.

Each refrigerated container shall be marked with a nameplate on the outer covering in an accessible place as specified in the following:

- (a) With the name and address of the builder and the date of fabrication.
- (b) With the maximum volume or weight of the product whichever is most meaningful to user.
  - (c) With the design pressure.
- (d) With the minimum temperature in degrees Fahrenheit for which the container was designed.
- (e) With the maximum allowable water level to which the container may be filled for the test purposes.
- (f) With the density of the product in pounds per cubic foot for which the container was designed.
- (g) With the maximum level to which the container may be filled with liquid anhydrous ammonia.
  - (4) Tank valves, fill pipes and discharge pipes.
  - (a) Shut-off valves shall be:
- (i) Provided for all connections except those with a No. 54 drill size restriction, plugs, safety valves, thermometer wells, and

- (ii) Located as close to the tank as practicable.
- (b) When operating conditions make it advisable, a check valve shall be installed on the fill connection and a remotely operated shut-off valve on other connections located below the maximum liquid level.
  - (5) Safety relief devices.
- (a) Safety relief valves shall be set to start—to—discharge at a pressure not in excess of the design pressure of the tank and shall have a total relieving capacity sufficient to prevent a maximum pressure in a tank of more than one hundred twenty percent of the design pressure.
- (b) The total relieving capacity shall be the larger requirement of (b)(i) or (ii) of this subsection.
- (i) Possible refrigeration system upset such as (A) cooling water failure, (B) power failure, (C) instrument air or instrument failure, (D) mechanical failure of any equipment, (E) excessive pumping rates, (F) changing atmospheric conditions.
- (ii) Either one of the following formulas for fire exposure, (A) for valve manufacturers who use weight of vapors to be relieved as basis for classifying valves:

$$W = \frac{34,500 \text{ F A}^{0.82}}{L}$$

or (B) for valve manufacturers that classify valves on the basis of air flow:

$$Q_a = \frac{633,000 \text{ F A}^{0.82}}{\text{L C}} \sqrt{\frac{\text{Z T}}{\text{M}}}$$

Where

- W = weight of vapors to be relieved in pounds/hour at relieving conditions;
- Q<sub>a</sub> = air flow in cubic feet per minute at standard conditions (60F and 14.7 psi);
- F = fireproofing credit. Use F = 1.0 except when an approved fireproofing material of recommended thickness is used, then use F = 0.2.
- A = total surface area in square feet up to 25 feet above grade or to the equator of a sphere, whichever is greater;
- Z = compressibility factor of ammonia at relieving conditions (if not known, use Z = 1.0);
- T = temperature in degrees R (460 + temperature in degrees F of gas at relieving conditions);
- M = molecular weight = 17 for ammonia;
- L = latent heat of ammonia at relieving conditions;
- C = constant based on relation of specific heats.
  (C may be obtained from the following table.)

(If K is not known use C = 315.)

K	C	K	C	K	С
1.00 1.02			343 345	1.52 1.54	

K	C	K	C	K	C
1.04	320	1.30	347	1.56	369
1.06	322	1.32	349	1.58	371
1.08	324	1.34	351	1.60	372
1.10	327	1.36	352	1.62	374
1.12	329	1.38	354	1.64	376
1.14	331	1.40	356	1.66	377
1.16	333	1.42	358	1.68	379
1.18	335	1.44	359	1.70	380
1.20	337	1.46	361	2.00	400
1.22	339	1.48	363	2.20	412
1.24	341	1.50	364		•

Where  $K = C_p/C_v$  at atmospheric conditions and

 $C_p$  = specific heat of vapor at constant pressure.  $C_v$  = specific heat of vapor at constant volume.

- (c) Shut-off valves of adequate flow capacity may be provided and used to facilitate inspection and repair of safety relief valves. When a shut-off valve is provided it shall be so arranged that it can be locked or sealed open, and it shall not be closed except by an authorized person who shall remain stationed there while the valve remains closed, and who shall again lock or seal the valve open when leaving the station.
- (d) Safety relief devices shall comply with the following:
- (i) If stacks are used they shall be suitably designed to prevent obstruction by rain, snow, ice or condensate. The outlet size shall not be smaller than the nominal size of the safety relief valve outlet connection.
- (ii) Discharge lines may be used if desired. Multiple safety relief valves on the same storage unit may be run into a common discharge header. The discharge line and header shall be designed to accommodate the maximum flow and a back pressure not exceeding ten percent of the design pressure of the storage container. This back pressure shall be included in the one hundred twenty percent total maximum pressure given in (a) of this subsection. No other container or system shall exhaust into this discharge line or header. The vent lines shall be installed to prevent accumulation of liquid in the lines.
- (e) Atmospheric storage shall be provided with vacuum breakers. Ammonia gas may be used to provide a pad.
- (6) Protection of container appurtenances. Refrigerated storage containers shall comply with the provisions of WAC 296-24-51011(7).
- (7) Reinstallation of containers. Containers of such size as to require field fabrication shall, when moved and reinstalled, be reconstructed and reinspected in complete accordance with the code under which they were constructed. The containers shall be subjected to a pressure retest, and if rerating is necessary, it shall be done in accordance with the applicable code pressures.
- (8) Damage from vehicles. Precaution shall be taken to avoid any damage by trucks, tractors, or other vehicles.
  - (9) Refrigeration load and equipment.

- (a) The total refrigeration load shall be computed as the sum of the following:
- (i) Load imposed by heat flow into the container caused by the temperature differential between the ambient temperature and the design storage temperature.
- (ii) Load imposed by heat flow into the tank caused by maximum sun radiation.
- (iii) Maximum load imposed by filling the tank with ammonia warmer than the design storage temperature.
- (b) More than one storage tank may be handled by the same refrigeration system.
- (c) Compressors. (See also WAC 296-24-51009 (12)(g).)
- (i) A minimum of two compressors shall be provided, either of which is of sufficient size to handle the loads listed in (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection. Where more than two compressors are provided, minimum standby equipment equal to the largest normally operating equipment shall be installed. Compressors required for (a)(iii) of this subsection may be used as standby equipment for compressors required in (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) Compressors shall be sized to operate with a suction pressure at least ten percent below the minimum setting of the safety relief valve(s) on the storage tank and shall withstand a suction pressure at least equal to one hundred twenty percent of the design pressure of the tank. Discharge pressure will be governed by condensing conditions.
  - (d) Compressor drives.
- (i) Each compressor shall have its individual driving unit.
- (ii) Any standard drive consistent with good design may be used.
- (iii) An emergency source of power of sufficient capacity to handle the loads listed in (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall be provided, unless facilities are provided to safely dispose of vented vapors while the refrigeration system is not operating.
  - (e) Automatic control equipment.
- (i) The refrigeration system shall be arranged with suitable controls to govern the compressor operation in accordance with the load as evidenced by the pressure in the container(s).
- (ii) An emergency alarm system shall be installed to function in the event the pressure in the container(s) rises to the maximum or falls to the minimum allowable operating pressure.
- (iii) An emergency alarm and shut-off shall be located in the condenser system to respond to excess discharge pressure caused by failure of the cooling medium.
- (iv) All automatic controls shall be installed in a manner to preclude operation of alternate compressors unless the controls will function with the alternate compressors.
  - (f) Separators.
- (i) An entrainment separator of suitable size and design pressure shall be installed in the compressor suction line. The separator shall be equipped with a drain and gaging device.

- (ii) An oil separator of suitable size shall be installed in the compressor discharge line. It shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. and shall be equipped with a gaging device and drain valve.
- (g) Condensers. The condenser system may be cooled by air or water or both. The condenser shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. Provision shall be made for purging noncondensibles either manually or automatically.
- (h) Receiver and liquid drain. A receiver shall be provided which is equipped with an automatic float valve to discharge the liquid ammonia to storage or with a high pressure liquid drain trap of suitable capacity. The receiver shall be designed for at least 250 p.s.i.g. operating pressure and be equipped with the necessary connections, safety relief valves and gaging device.
- (i) Insulation. Refrigerated containers and pipe lines which are insulated shall be covered with a material of suitable quality and thickness for the temperatures encountered. Insulation shall be suitably supported and protected against the weather. Weatherproofing shall be of a type which will not support flame propagation.
- (10) Safety equipment. All refrigerated storage plants shall have on hand the minimum safety equipment required under WAC 296-24-51009 (10)(c).

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–51013, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80–17–015 (Order 80–21), § 296–24–51013, filed 11/13/80; Order 76–6, § 296–24–51013, filed 3/1/76; Order 73–5, § 296–24–51013, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–51013, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51015 Systems utilizing portable DOT containers. This section applies specifically to systems utilizing cylinders, portable tanks (DOT-51), or "ton containers" (DOT-106A, DOT-110A), constructed in accordance with department of transportation specifications. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section, unless otherwise noted.

- (1) Containers.
- (a) Containers shall comply with department of transportation specifications and shall be maintained, filled, packaged, marked, labeled and shipped to comply with current DOT regulations and American National Standard Method of Marking Portable Compressed Gas Containers to Identify the Material Contained, Z48.1. (See Appendix C for availability.)
- (b) Containers shall be stored in an area free from ignitable debris and in such manner as to prevent external corrosion. (Storage may be indoors or outdoors.)
  - (c) Containers shall not be buried below ground.
- (d) Containers shall be set upon firm foundations or otherwise firmly secured. The possible effect of settling on the outlet piping shall be guarded against by a flexible connection or special fitting.
- (e) Containers shall be protected from heat sources such as radiant flame and steam pipes. Do not apply heat directly to containers to raise the pressure.
- (f) Containers shall be stored in such manner as to protect them from moving vehicles or external damage.
- (g) Any container which is designed to have a valve protection cap shall have the cap securely in place when the container is not in service.

- (2) Container valves and regulating equipment.
- (a) Container valves and pressure regulating equipment shall be protected against tampering when installed for use.
- (b) Container valves shall be protected while in transit, in storage, and while being moved into final utilizations, as follows:
  - (i) By setting them into a recess of the container, or
- (ii) By ventilated cap or collar, fastened to the container, capable of withstanding a blow from any direction equivalent to that of a 30-lb. weight dropped four feet. Construction must be such that a blow will not be transmitted to the valves or other connections.
- (c) When containers are not connected for service, the outlet valves shall be kept tightly closed even though containers are considered empty.
- (3) Safety relief devices. Containers shall be provided with safety relief devices as required by department of transportation regulations.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-51015, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51015, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51017 Systems mounted on trucks, semi-trailers, and trailers for transportation of ammonia. This section applies specifically to systems mounted on trucks, semi-trailers and trailers (other than those covered under WAC 296-24-51019 and 296-24-51021) used for the transportation of ammonia. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section unless otherwise noted. Systems for trucks and trailers for transportation of anhydrous ammonia, in addition to complying with the requirements of these standards, shall also comply where required, with the requirements of the department of transportation and those of any other regulatory body which may apply.

- (1) Design pressure of containers.
- (a) Containers used in intrastate commerce shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-51009(2) with a minimum design pressure of 250 psig. Containers used in interstate commerce shall meet DOT regulations.
- (b) The shell or head thickness of any container shall not be less than 3/16 inch.
- (c) All container openings, except safety relief valves, liquid level gaging devices and pressure gages, shall be labeled to designate whether they communicate with liquid or vapor space. Labels may be on valves.
  - (d) Baffles are not required for cargo tanks.
  - (2) Mounting containers on truck.
- (a) The means of attachment of any container to the cradle, frame or chassis of a vehicle shall be designed on a basis of two "g" loading in either direction, using a safety factor of not less than 4, based on the ultimate strength of the material used. For purposes of this requirement, two "g" of load support is equivalent to three times the static weight of the articles supported; two "g" of loading and bending, acceleration, and torsion is equivalent to twice the static weight support applied horizontally at the road surface.
- (b) "Hold-down" devices, when used, shall anchor the container to the cradle, frame or chassis in a suitable

and safe manner that will not introduce undue concentration of stresses. These devices shall incorporate positive means for drawing the container down tight, and suitable stops or anchors shall be provided to prevent relative movement between container and framing due to stopping, starting or changes in direction.

- (c) Vehicles designed and constructed so that the cargo tanks constitute in whole or in part the stress member used in lieu of the frame shall be supported by external cradles suspending at least 120° of the shell circumference. The design calculation shall include beam stress, shear stress, torsion stress, bending moment and acceleration stress, in addition to those covered by the code under which the cargo tank was designed.
- (d) If a liquid withdrawal line is installed in the bottom of a container, the connections thereto, including hose, shall not be lower than the lowest horizontal edge of the trailer axle.
- (e) Provisions shall be made to secure both ends of the hose while in transit.
- (f) When the cradle and the container are not welded together, suitable material shall be used between them to eliminate metal-to-metal friction.
  - (3) Container appurtenances.
- (a) Nonrecessed container fittings and appurtenances shall be protected against physical damage by either: (i) A protected location, (ii) the vehicle frame or bumper, or (iii) a protective housing. The protective housing, if used, shall comply with the requirements under which the containers are fabricated with respect to design and construction, and shall be designed to withstand static loadings in any direction equal to twice the weight of the container and attachments when filled with the lading using a safety factor of not less than 4, based on the ultimate strength of the material to be used. The protective housing if used shall be protected with a weather cover, if necessary, to insure proper operation of valves and safety relief devices.
- (b) All connections to containers, except filling connections (see WAC 296-24-51017 (3)(c)), safety relief devices, and liquid level and pressure gage connections, shall be provided with suitable automatic excess flow valves, or in lieu thereof, may be fitted with quick-closing internal valves, which shall remain closed except during delivery operations. The control mechanism for such valves may be provided with a secondary control remote from the delivery connections and such control mechanism shall be provided with a fusible section (melting point 208F to 220F) which will permit the internal valve to close automatically in case of fire.
- (c) Filling connections shall be provided with automatic back-pressure check valves, excess-flow check valves, or quick-closing internal valves, to prevent back-flow in case the filling connection is broken. Where the filling and discharge connect to a common opening in the container shell and that opening is fitted with a quick-closing internal valve as specified in WAC 296-24-51017 (3)(b), the automatic valve shall not be required.

- (d) All containers shall be equipped for spray loading (filling in the vapor space) or with an approved vapor return valve of adequate capacity.
- (e) All containers shall be equipped with a fixed maximum liquid level gage.
- (f) All containers shall be equipped with a pressure—indicating gage having a dial graduated from 0-400 psig.
  - (4) Piping and fittings.
- (a) All piping, tubing and fittings shall be securely mounted and protected against physical damage.
- (b) Piping used on nonrefrigerated systems shall be at least ASTM A-53 Grade B electric resistance welded and electric flash welded pipe or equal. Such pipe shall be at least Schedule 40 when joints are welded, or welded and flanged. Such pipe shall be at least Schedule 80 when joints are threaded. Brass, copper, or galvanized steel pipe or tubing shall not be used.
- (c) The truck unloading line shall be provided with an excess flow valve at the hose connection unless an approved quick closing internal valve is provided in the container unloading connection. (See WAC 296-24-51017 (3)(b).)
- (5) Safety relief devices. The discharge from container safety relief valves shall be vented away from the container upward and unobstructed to the open air in such a manner as to prevent any impingement of escaping gas upon the container; loose fitting rain caps shall be used. Size of discharge lines from safety relief valves shall not be smaller than the nominal size of the safety relief valve outlet connection. Suitable provision shall be made for draining condensate which may accumulate in the discharge pipe.
- (6) Marking of container. Every container, whether loaded or empty, shall be conspicuously and legibly marked on each side and rear thereof on a background of sharply contrasting color with the words "COMPRESSED GAS" in letters at least four inches high; or with the words "ANHYDROUS AMMONIA" in letters at least four inches high; or in compliance with department of transportation regulations.
  - (7) Transfer of liquids.
- (a) The content of tank motor vehicle containers shall be determined by weight, by suitable liquid level gaging devices, meters, or other approved methods.
- Note: If the content of a container is to be determined by liquid level measurement, the container shall have a thermometer well so that the internal liquid temperature can be easily determined. This volume when converted to weight shall not exceed the filling density specified by the department of transportation regulations.
- (b) Pumps or compressors shall be designed and installed in accordance with WAC 296-24-51009(12) and protected against physical damage when mounted upon ammonia tank trucks and trailers.
- (c) Tank motor vehicles of greater than 3500 water gallons capacity shall be unloaded only at approved locations meeting the requirements of WAC 296-24-51009 (10)(c) and (12)(h).
  - (8) Trailers and semi-trailers.

- (a) Trailers shall be firmly and securely attached to the vehicle drawing them by means of suitable drawbars, supplemented by suitable safety chain (or chains) or safety cables.
- (b) Every trailer and semi-trailer shall be equipped with an emergency braking system to be activated in the event of hitch failure.
- (c) Trailers shall be of a type of construction which will prevent the towed vehicle from whipping or swerving dangerously from side to side and which will cause it to follow substantially in the path of the towing vehicle.
- (d) Where a fifth wheel is employed on a semi-trailer, it shall be ruggedly designed, securely fastened to both units, and equipped with a positive locking mechanism which will prevent separation of the two units except by manual release.
- (e) Every trailer or semi-trailer shall be provided with side lights and a tail light.
- (9) Electrical equipment and lighting. Tank trucks, tank trailers, and tank semi-trailers, may not be equipped with any artificial light other than electric light. Electric lighting circuits shall have suitable overcurrent protection (fuses or automatic circuit breakers). The wiring shall have sufficient carrying capacity and mechanical strength, and shall be suitably secured, insulated and protected against physical damage.
- (10) Protection against collision. Each tank motor vehicle shall be provided with properly attached bumpers or chassis extensions arranged to protect the tank, piping, valves and fittings from physical damage in case of collision.
- (11) Chock blocks. At least two chock blocks shall be provided. These blocks shall be placed to prevent rolling of the vehicle whenever it is parked during loading and unloading operations.
- (12) Portable tanks (including skid tanks). When portable tanks are used in lieu of cargo tanks and are permanently mounted on tank motor vehicles for the transportation of ammonia, they shall comply with the requirements of WAC 296-24-51017. Where portable tanks, including those built to DOT Specification 51, 106A or 110A, are used for farm storage they shall comply with WAC 296-24-51011. When portable tanks are used as shipping containers in interstate commerce they shall comply with WAC 296-24-51015.
  - (13) Safety equipment.
- (a) All tank trucks, trailers, and semi-trailers should be equipped with the following for emergency and rescue purposes:
- (i) One full face gas mask with anhydrous ammonia refill canisters.
- (ii) One pair of protective gloves made of rubber or other material impervious to ammonia.
  - (iii) Tight-fitting goggles or one full face shield.
- (iv) A container of not less than five gallons of readily available clean water.
  - \*An ammonia canister is effective for short periods of time in light concentrations of ammonia vapor, generally 15 minutes in concentrations of 3% and will not protect breathing in heavier concentrations. If ammonia vapors are detected when mask is applied the concentration is too high for safety. The life of a canister in

service is controlled by the percentage of vapors to which it is exposed. Canisters must not be opened until ready for use and should be discarded after us. Unopened canisters may be guaranteed for as long as three years. All should be dated when received because of this limited life. In addition to this protection, an independently supplied air mask of the type used by fire departments may be used for severe emergencies.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80-17-015 (Order 80-21), § 296-24-51017, filed 11/13/80; Order 76-6, § 296-24-51017, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-51017, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51017, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51019 Systems mounted on farm wagons (implements of husbandry) for the transportation of ammonia. This section applies to containers of 3000 gallons capacity or less and pertinent equipment mounted on farm wagons (implements of husbandry) and used for the transportation of ammonia. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section unless otherwise noted.

- (1) Design of containers. Containers shall be constructed in accordance with WAC 296-24-51009(2).
  - (2) Mounting containers.
- (a) A suitable "stop" or "stops" shall be mounted on the farm wagon or on the container in such a way that the container shall not be dislodged from its mounting due to farm wagon coming to a sudden stop.
- (b) A suitable "hold-down" device shall be provided which will anchor the container to the farm wagon at one or more places on each side of the container.
- (c) When containers are mounted on four—wheel farm wagons, care shall be taken to insure that the weight is distributed evenly over both axles.
- (d) When the cradle and the container are not welded together, suitable material shall be used between them to eliminate metal-to-metal friction.
  - (3) Container appurtenances.
- (a) All containers shall be equipped with a fixed maximum liquid level gage.
- (b) All containers with a capacity exceeding 250 gallons shall be equipped with a pressure gage having a dial graduated from 0-400 psi.
- (c) The filling connection shall be fitted with combination back-pressure check valve and excess-flow valve; one double or two single back-pressure check valves; or a positive shut-off valve in conjunction with either an internal back-pressure check valve or an internal excess flow valve.
- (d) All containers with a capacity exceeding 250 gallons shall be equipped for spray loading or with an approved vapor return valve.
- (e) All vapor and liquid connections, except safety relief valves and those specifically exempt in WAC 296-24-51009 (6)(e), shall be equipped with approved excess flow valves or may be fitted with quick-closing internal valves which, except during operating periods, shall remain closed.
- (f) Fittings shall be protected from physical damage by means of a rigid guard designed to withstand static loading in any direction equal to twice the weight of the container and lading using a safety factor of four based upon the ultimate strength of the material used. If the

guard is fully enclosed, the safety relief valves shall be properly vented through the guard.

- (g) If a liquid withdrawal line is installed in the bottom of a container, the connections thereto, including hose, shall not be lower than the lowest horizontal edge of the farm wagon axle.
- (h) Both ends of the hose shall be made secure while in transit.
- (4) Marking of container. There shall appear on each side and on the rear end of the container in letters at least four inches high, the words "ANHYDROUS AMMONIA" or, "CAUTION—AMMONIA" or the container shall be marked in accordance with department of transportation regulations.
  - (5) Farm wagons (implements of husbandry).
- (a) Farm wagons (implements of husbandry) shall conform with state regulations.
- (b) All farm wagons shall be securely attached to the vehicle drawing them by means of drawbars supplemented by suitable safety chains.
- (c) A farm wagon shall be constructed so that it will follow substantially in the path of the towing vehicle and will prevent the towed farm wagon from whipping or swerving dangerously from side to side.
- (d) All farm wagons shall have five gallons or more of readily available clean water.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-51019, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 9296-24-51019, filed 9296-24-51019

WAC 296-24-51021 Systems mounted on farm equipment (implements of husbandry) for the application of ammonia. This section applies to systems mounted on farm equipment and used for the field application of ammonia. All basic rules of WAC 296-24-51009 apply to this section unless otherwise noted.

- (1) Design of containers. The minimum design for containers shall be in accordance with WAC 296-24-51009(2).
- (2) Mounting of containers. All containers shall be securely mounted.
  - (3) Container valves and appurtenances.
- (a) Each container shall have a fixed maximum liquid-level gage.
- (b) The filling connection shall be fitted with combination back-pressure check valve and excess-flow valve; one double or two single back-pressure check valves; or a positive shut-off valve in conjunction with either an internal back-pressure check valve or an internal excess-flow valve.
- (c) An excess-flow valve is not required in the vapor connection, provided the controlling orifice is not in excess of seven-sixteenths of an inch in diameter and the valve is hand-operated (attached hand wheel or equivalent) shut-off valve. To assist in filling applicator tanks, it is permissible to bleed vapors to the open air, providing the preceding requirements are met.
- (d) Metering devices may be connected directly to the tank withdrawal valve. A union type connection is permissible between the tank valve and metering device.

Remote mounting of metering devices is permissible using hose which meets with specifications set out in Appendix B. When the applicator tank is trailed and the metering device is remotely mounted, such as on the tractor tool bar, an automatic break—a—way type, self—closing, coupling must be used.

(e) No excess-flow valve is required in the liquid withdrawal line provided the controlling orifice between the contents of the container and the outlet of the shut-off valve (see WAC 296-24-51009 (6)(b)) does not exceed 7/16 inch in diameter.

#### APPENDIX A

Minimum required rate of discharge in cubic feet per minute of air at 120 percent of the maximum permitted start—to—discharge pressure for safety relief valves to be used on containers other than those constructed in accordance with United States Department of Transportation cylinder specifications.

Surface Area sq. ft.	Flow Rate CFM Air
20	258
25	310
30	360
35	408
40	455
45	501
50	547
55	591
60	635
65	678
70	720
75	762
80	804
85	845
90	885
95	925
100	965
105	1,010
110	1,050
115	1,090
120·	1,120
125	1,160
130	1,200
135	1,240
140	1,280
145	1,310
150	1,350
155	1,390
160	1,420
165	1,460
170	1,500
175	1,530
180	1,570
185	1,600
190	1,640
195	1,670
200	1,710
210	1,780

[Title 296 WAC-p 701]

	Flow Rate		Flow Rate
Surface	CFM	Surface	CFM
Area sq. ft.	Air	Area sq. ft.	Air
220	1,850	2,250	12,400
230	1,920	2,300	12,630
240	1,980	2,350	12,850
250	2,050	2,400	13,080
260	2,120	2,450	13,300
270	2,180	2,500	13,520
280	2,250		
290	2,320		
300	2,380	Surface area = total outside	e surface area of container
310	2,450	in square feet. When the surfa	ace area is not stamped on
320	2,510	the name plate or when the	narking is not legible, the
330	2,570	area can be calculated by u	sing one of the following
340	2,640	formulas:	_
350	2,700	(1) Cylindrical conta	iner with hemispherical
360	2,760	heads	•
370		Area = overall le	ngth in feet times outside
	2,830	diameter in feet ti	
380	2,890		ner with other than hemi-
390	2,950	spherical heads	
400	3,010		ength in feet plus 0.3 out-
450	3,320		eet) times outside diameter
500	3,620	in feet times 3.141	
550	3,910	(3) Spherical contains	
600	4,200		diameter in feet squared
650	4,480	times 3.1416.	diameter in feet squared
700	4,760	Flow rate — CFM air = c	this feet per minute of air
750	5,040	required at standard condition	
800	5,300		ms, our and atmospheric
850	5,590	pressure (14.7 psia).	he intermeleted for inter-
900	5,850	The rate of discharge may	
950	6,120	mediate values of surface area	
1,000	6,380	outside surface area greater	
1,050	6,640	quired flow rate can be calc	
1,100	6,900	flow rate CFM air = $22.11$	
1,150	7,160	surface area of the container i	n square feet.
1,200	7,410	APPEND	IX B
1,250	7,660		
1,300	7,910	TFI-RMA SPECIFICATION FOR	
1,350	8,160	HOS TFI–RMA STAND	
1,400	8,410		
1,450	8,650	(1) Scope. This specification	n covers hose and hose as-
1,500	8,900	semblies commonly referred	to as "pressure transfer
1,550	9,140	hose," used to convey anhydr	ous ammonia liquid or to
1,600	9,380	convey anhydrous ammonia ga	as where the gas is in con-
1,650	9,620	tact with liquid ammonia. T	
1,700	9,860	covers hose and hose assembli	
1,750	10,090	burst pressure of 1750 psig, a	
1,800	10,330	maximum working pressure of	
1,850	10,560	should not be misconstrued t	
1,900	10,800	maximum pressures to which	
1,950	11,030	and hose assemblies are built,	
2,000	11,030	and hose assemblies are	
	11,490	applications.	available for special
2,050	11,720	(2) Sizes and tolerances.	Anhydrous ammonia hosa
2,100		shall be made with the fo	
2,150	11,950		mowing dimensions and
2,200	12,180	tolerances:	

(1989 Ed.)

## RUBBER COVERED HOSE FOR USE WITH TWO-PIECE SCREW TYPE COUPLINGS

I.D.	Tolerance	O.D.	Tolerance
1/2"	± 1/32"	15/16"	± 1/32"
3/4"	± 1/32"	1 1/4"	± 1/32"
1 "	± 1/16"	1 1/2"	± 1/16"

## NONRUBBER COVERED AND RUBBER COVERED HOSE FOR USE WITH FULL FLOW COUPLINGS

I.D.	Tolerance	O.D.	Tolerance	Nominal Tubing O.D.
13/32"	+.039"015"	49/64"	± .031"	1/2"
1/2"	+.047"015"	59/64"	± .031"	5′/8"
5/8"	+.047"015"	1-5/64"	± .031"	3/4"
7/8"	+.047"015"	1-15/64"	± .031"	1 "
1 1/8"	+.062"015"	1 1/2"	± .047"	1 1/4"
1 3/8"	+.062"015"	1 3/4"	± .047"	1 1/2"
1-13/16"	+.062"015"	2-7/32"	± .047"	2 "

#### HOSE FOR USE WITH OTHER TYPES OF COUPLINGS\*

I.D.	Tolerance	
1/2" 3/4" 1 " 1 1/4" 1 1/2" 2 "	± 1/32" ± 1/32" ± 1/16" ± 1/16" ± 1/16" ± 1/16"	

\*The O.D. dimension and tolerance were intentionally omitted from this tabulation to provide for developments in both hose and couplings.

#### (3) Construction.

- (a) Inner tube. The tube shall be uniform in quality and thickness and free from injurious defects. It shall meet the physical requirements of (4) of Appendix B. The material shall be resistant to hardening or other deterioration due to the action of ammonia.
- (b) Reinforcement. The reinforcement shall consist of any material not adversely affected by permeating ammonia. The reinforcement shall be applied evenly and uniformly, and in such a way that it will meet the physical requirements of (4) of Appendix B. In constructions utilizing a ply or plies of wire reinforcement, the composition of the wire shall be a suitable corrosion resistant stainless steel.
- (c) Cover. A rubber cover if used shall be uniform in quality and thickness and free from injurious defects. It shall meet the physical requirements of (4) of Appendix B. The cover shall be so compounded or constructed that it will not blister in service, and will be resistant to deterioration due to the action of ammonia. A gas tight cover shall be pricked to relieve pressure build-up between inner tube and cover. The cover shall be resistant to deterioration due to exposure to the elements.

#### (4) Physical tests.

(a) Tension test of tube and cover.

Tensile, psi. min. Elongation, percent, min.		Tube 800 150	Cover 1200 200
(b) Adhesion test			
Adhesion lbs./in.	Tube 10	Ply 8	Cover 10

- (i) In constructions having braided wire or woven wire filler reinforcing members, only the cover adhesion requirement will apply, as it is impractical to prepare adhesion test specimens except for determining cover adhesion.
- (c) Burst test. All sizes have a minimum burst of 1750 psig. (See scope.)
- (d) Ammonia performance test. During the conditioning and flexing described in (7)(d) and (7)(d)(ii) of Appendix B there shall be no evidence of cover blistering or leakage. At the conclusion of the conditioning and at the conclusion of the flexing test, the burst must still meet the requirements of (4)(c) of Appendix B. There shall be no evidence of separation of the component parts when the remainder of the samples are examined.
- (e) Low temperatures test. The hose shall not fail at minus 40F plus or minus 2°, when tested as described in (7)(e) of Appendix B.

#### (5) Types of tests.

- (a) Acceptance inspection. This includes all the test specified, with the exception of the ammonia performance test.
- (b) Qualification tests. The qualification tests are intended to establish that the hose is properly designed and constructed to give satisfactory service life. These tests shall be conducted by a recognized independent laboratory. The qualification tests shall consist of all the tests specified herein including the ammonia performance test.

#### (6) Method of sampling.

- (a) Acceptance inspection. A 24-inch sample of each size and type hose, representative of the lot, shall be selected from each lot manufactured at one time, or from each 25,000 feet, whichever is smaller.
- (b) Qualification test. In addition to the samples specified in (6)(a) of Appendix B, two 12-foot lengths of each size hose shall be selected for the ammonia performance test. Each new hose shall be subjected to a qualification test, and again whenever there has been a design change.

#### (7) Methods of testing.

- (a) Tension test of tube and rubber cover. The tension test shall be made in accordance with ASTM D-380.
- (b) Friction test. The friction test shall be made in accordance with ASTM D-380.
- (c) Burst test. The burst test shall be made in accordance with ASTM D-380 using the method entitled "straight bursting test."
- (d) Ammonia performance test. Two 12-foot lengths of hose, to be marked "A" and "B" shall be filled with liquid anhydrous ammonia by connecting to a tank and

flushing out with ammonia to remove all the air. One end of each length shall be sealed and the other end left connected to the liquid space of a tank of anhydrous ammonia. The hose shall then be conditioned for 14 days at ambient temperature of 60 to 100F. A valve between the ammonia tank and the hose may be closed providing it is opened at least once each day to completely fill the hose with liquid anhydrous ammonia. The hose shall be examined each day for visible defects. There shall be no evidence of the cover blistering or perceptible leakage. If the hose is valved off at each end when liquid full, a hydrostatic relief valve should be provided between the block valves.

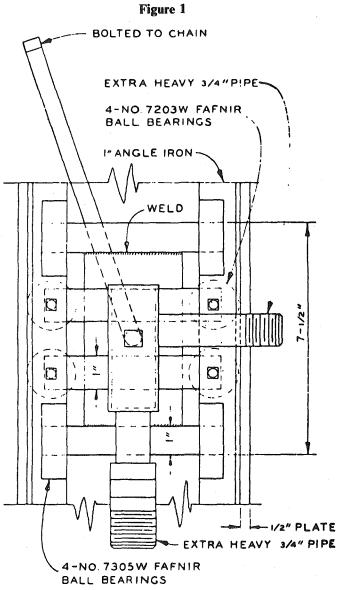
- (i) Conditioned hose burst test. A 24-inch sample cut from hose marked "A" shall be subjected to a straight hydrostatic bursting test in accordance with (7)(c) of Appendix B.
  - (ii) Conditioned hose flexing test.
- (A) The 12-foot hose length marked "B" shall be installed in flexing test machine (Fig. 1). One end of the hose is to be connected to the traveling block and the free end passed around two pulleys with diameters as shown in Table 1. A 30-pound weight shall then be attached to the free end.
- (B) From the remainder of hose length marked "A", (sizes 1 inch and under only), cut a section to length indicated in Table 1. Connect one end to the vertically traveling block as shown in Fig. 1 and connect the other end to the liquid space of a tank of anhydrous ammonia. Maintain the temperature of hose and ammonia between 70F and 90F. The test on the feeder hose does not apply to sizes over 1 inch. To conduct the flex test on the larger sizes any convenient hose may be used as a feeder hose.
- (C) The flexing test shall continue for 72 hours at a rate of approximately 470 cycles per hour with a 42-inch vertical movement of the traveling block. A valve between the ammonia tank and the hose may be closed providing it is opened at least once each day to pressurize the hose. The hose shall be examined each day for visible defect. There shall be no evidence of cover blistering or leakage.
- (D) At the conclusion of the flexing period, cut a 24—inch sample from hose "A" and from hose "B" and subject each sample to a straight burst test in accordance with (7)(c) of Appendix B. All samples shall have a minimum burst of 1750 psig.

TABLE 1				
Hose Size	Pulley Diameter	Feeder Hose Length		
1/2"	14" ± 1/4"	36"		
3/4"	$14" \pm 1/4"$ $14" \pm 1/4"$	36" 36"		
1 1/4" 1 1/2"	$15" \pm 1/4"$ $18" \pm 1/4"$			
2 "	24" ± 1/4"			

- (E) Low temperature test. A straight piece of hose at least 24 inches long, conditioned to minus 40F plus or minus 2F for 5 hours, and bent 180° within two seconds around a mandrel 12 times the nominal inside diameter of the hose, shall not break or show cracks in the tube or cover.
- (8) Retests and rejections. Any hose which fails in one or more tests may be resampled and retested, for which purpose two additional samples shall be selected from the hose for the test that failed to meet the requirements. Failure of either of the retested samples shall be cause for final rejection.
- (9) Hose assemblies. The couplings must be so designed and constructed, that an assembly shall have sufficient strength that it will reach the minimum burst pressure, as required by (4)(c) of Appendix B, before the end fittings leak or come off when pressure is applied as specified in ASTM D-380 for hydrostatic tests. Fittings must be resistant to the action of anhydrous and aqueous ammonia and in no case may assemblies be supplied with copper alloy fittings.
- (10) Markings. Hose shall be clearly marked at least once every five feet with manufacturer's name or trademark, "anhydrous ammonia," the maximum working pressure in psig, year of manufacturer, and "TFI-RMA Spec.," for all hose manufactured after January 1, 1964. As indicated in the scope, the maximum working pressure must not be less than 350 psig.

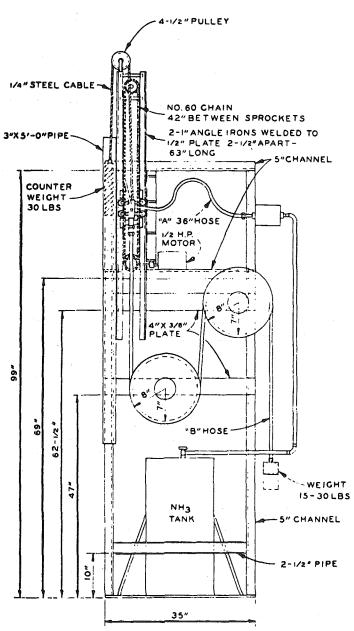
#### (11) Packaging.

- (a) Packing. Unless otherwise specified, hose shall be packed in substantial commercial containers of the type, size and kind commonly used for the purpose, so constructed as to insure acceptance and safe delivery to common or other carriers, at the lowest rate, to the point of delivery specified on the order.
- (b) Identification. Unless otherwise specified, shipping containers shall be marked with the size and quantity of hose therein, the name of the manufacturer, and the number of the order.



Note: 1/2 H.P. electric motor-1750 RPM 20:1 gear reduction unit sprockets-14 teeth.

#### TROLLEY



TYPICAL HOSE FLEXING MACHINE

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040, 49.17.050, 49.17.240, chapters 43.22 and 42.30 RCW. 80-17-015 (Order 80-21), § 296-24-51021, filed 11/13/80; Order 73-5, § 296-24-51021, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-51021, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-51099 Appendix C--Availability of reference material.

#### APPENDIX C

AVAILABILITY OF REFERENCE MATERIAL

American National Standards Institute, Inc. (ANSI) [formerly United States of America Standards Institute (USASI) formerly American Standards Association (ASA)]

1430 Broadway

New York, New York 10018

American Petroleum Institute (API) 1801 "K" Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)

345 East 47th Street

New York, New York 10017

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

1916 Race Street

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

Bureau of Explosives\* 1920 "L" Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

Compressed Gas Association, Incorporated (CGA) 500 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York 10036

The Fertilizer Institute (TFI) (formerly Agricultural Nitrogen Institute—National Plant Food Institute)

1015 – 18th Street N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

Manufacturing Chemists' Association (MCA)
Universal Building

1825 Connecticut Ave., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20009

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 60 Batterymarch Street Boston, Massachusetts 02110

Bureau of Mines U.S. Department of the Interior 4800 Forbes Avenue Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213

Superintendent of Documents\*
U.S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D.C. 20402

\*DOT regulations available at nominal cost.

[Order 76-6, § 296-24-51099, filed 3/1/76.]

## Part G-1 MEANS OF EGRESS

WAC	
296-24-550	Means of egress.
296-24-55001	Definitions.
296-24-55003	General requirements.
296-24-55005	Fundamental requirements.
296-24-55007	Protection of employees exposed by construction and repair operations.
296-24-55009	Maintenance.
296-24-565	Means of egress, general.
296-24-56501	Permissible exit components.
296-24-56503	Protective enclosure of exits.
296-24-56505	Width and capacity of means of egress.
296-24-56507	Egress capacity and occupant load.
296-24-56509	Arrangement of exits.
296-24-56511	Access to exits.
296-24-56513	Exterior ways of exit access.
296-24-56515	Discharge from exits.
296-24-56517	Headroom.

296-24-56519	Changes in elevation.
296-24-56521	Maintenance and workmanship.
296-24-56523	Furnishings and decorations.
296-24-56525	Automatic sprinkler systems.
296-24-56527	Fire alarm signaling systems.
296-24-56529	Fire retardant paints.
296-24-56531	Exit marking.
296-24-567	Employee emergency plans and fire prevention plans.

#### WAC 296-24-550 Means of egress.

296-24-56701 Appendix.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-550, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-550, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-55001 Definitions. (1) Means of egress. A means of egress is a continuous and unobstructed way of exit travel from any point in a building or structure to a public way and consists of three separate and distinct parts: The way of exit access, the exit, and the way of exit discharge. A means of egress comprises the vertical and horizontal ways of travel and shall include intervening room spaces, doorways, hallways, corridors, passageways, balconies, ramps, stairs, enclosures, lobbies, escalators, horizontal exits, courts, and yards.

(2) Exit access. Exit access is that portion of a means of egress which leads to an entrance to an exit.

(3) Exit. Exit is that portion of a means of egress which is separated from all other spaces of the building or structure by construction or equipment as required in these standards to provide a protected way of travel to the exit of discharge.

(4) Exit discharge. Exit discharge is that portion of a means of egress between the termination of an exit and a public way.

(5) Low hazard contents. Low hazard contents shall be classified as those of such low combustibility that no self-propagating fire therein can occur and that consequently the only probable danger requiring the use of emergency exits will be from panic, fumes, or smoke, or fire from some external source.

(6) High-hazard contents. High-hazard contents shall be classified as those which are liable to burn with extreme rapidity or from which poisonous fumes or explosions are to be feared in the event of fire.

(7) Ordinary hazard contents. Ordinary hazard contents shall be classified as those which are liable to burn with moderate rapidity and to give off a considerable volume of smoke but from which neither poisonous fumes nor explosions are to be feared in case of fire.

(8) Approved. For the purposes of WAC 296-24-550 through 296-24-56701, Part G-1, WAC 296-24-585 through 296-24-58517, Part G-2, and WAC 296-24-590 through 296-24-63599, Part G-3, approved shall mean listed or approved equipment by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Refer to WAC 296-24-58501(19) for definition of listed, and federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for nationally recognized testing laboratory.

(9) Emergency action plan. A plan for a workplace, or parts thereof, describing what procedures the employer and employees must take to ensure employee safety from fire or other emergencies.

(10) Emergency escape route. The route that employees are directed to follow in the event they are required to evacuate the workplace or seek a designated refuge area.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-55001, filed 11/14/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-55001, filed 12/24/81; Order 73-5, § 296-24-55001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-55001, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-55003 General requirements. (1) Application. WAC 296-24-550 through 296-24-55005 contain general fundamental requirements essential to providing a safe means of egress from fire and like emergencies. Nothing in these standards shall be construed to prohibit a better type of building construction, more exits, or otherwise safer conditions than the minimum requirements specified in these standards. Exits from vehicles, vessels, or other mobile structures are not covered by these standards.

[Order 73–5, 9296-24-55003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, 296-24-55003, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-55005 Fundamental requirements. (1) Every building or structure, new or old, designed for human occupancy shall be provided with exits sufficient to permit the prompt escape of occupants in case of fire or other emergency. The design of exits and other safeguards shall be such that reliance for safety to life in case of fire or other emergency will not depend solely on any single safeguard; additional safeguards shall be provided for life safety in case any single safeguard is ineffective due to some human or mechanical failure.

- (2) Every building or structure shall be so constructed, arranged, equipped, maintained, and operated as to avoid undue danger to the lives and safety of its occupants from fire, smoke, fumes, or resulting panic during the period of time reasonably necessary for escape from the building or structure in case of fire or other emergency.
- (3) Every building or structure shall be provided with exits of kinds, numbers, location, and capacity appropriate to the individual building or structure, with due regard to the character of the occupancy, the number of persons exposed, the fire protection available, and the height and type of construction of the building or structure, to afford all occupants convenient facilities for escape.
- (4) In every building or structure exits shall be so arranged and maintained as to provide free and unobstructed egress from all parts of the building or structure at all times when it is occupied. No lock or fastening to prevent free escape from the inside of any building shall be installed except in mental, penal, or corrective institutions where supervisory personnel are continually on duty and effective provisions are made to remove occupants in case of fire or other emergency.
- (5) Every exit shall be clearly visible or the route to reach it shall be conspicuously indicated in such a manner that every occupant of every building or structure who is physically and mentally capable will readily know the direction of escape from any point, and each path of

escape, in its entirety, shall be so arranged or marked that the way to a place of safety outside is unmistakable. Any doorway or passageway not constituting an exit or way to reach an exit, but of such a character as to be subject to being mistaken for an exit, shall be so arranged or marked as to minimize its possible confusion with an exit and the resultant danger of persons endeavoring to escape from fire finding themselves trapped in a dead—end space, such as a cellar or storeroom, from which there is no other way out.

- (6) In every building or structure equipped for artificial illumination, adequate and reliable illumination shall be provided for all exit facilities.
- (7) In every building or structure of such size, arrangement, or occupancy that a fire may not itself provide adequate warning to occupants, fire alarm facilities shall be provided where necessary to warn occupants of the existence of fire so that they may escape, or to facilitate the orderly conduct of fire exit drills.
- (8) Every building or structure, section, or area thereof of such size, occupancy, and arrangement that the reasonable safety of numbers of occupants may be endangered by the blocking of any single means of egress due to fire or smoke, shall have at least two means of egress remote from each other, so arranged as to minimize any possibility that both may be blocked by any one fire or other emergency conditions.
- (9) Compliance with WAC 296-24-550 through 296-24-55005 shall not be construed as eliminating or reducing the necessity for other provisions for safety of persons using a structure under normal occupancy conditions, nor shall any provision of these standards be construed as requiring or permitting any condition that may be hazardous under normal occupancy conditions.
- (10) Freezer rooms or refrigerated rooms. The opening device on all doors of walk-in refrigerated or freezer rooms must be the type, when locked from the outside with a lock, can be opened from inside.

[Order 74–27, § 296–24–55005, filed 5/7/74; Order 73–5, § 296–24–55005, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, § 296–24–55005, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-55007 Protection of employees exposed by construction and repair operations. (1) No building or structure under construction shall be occupied in whole or in part until all exit facilities required for the part occupied are completed and ready for use.

- (2) No existing building shall be occupied during repairs or alterations unless all existing exits and any existing fire protection are continuously maintained, or in lieu thereof other measures are taken which provide equivalent safety.
- (3) No flammable or explosive substances or equipment for repairs or alterations shall be introduced in a building of normally low or ordinary hazard classification while the building is occupied, unless the condition of use and safeguards provided are such as not to create any additional danger or handicap to egress beyond the normally permissible conditions in the building.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-55007, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-55007, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-55009 Maintenance. (1) Every required exit, way of approach thereto, and way of travel from the exit into the street or open space, shall be continuously maintained free of all obstructions or impediments to full instant use in the case of fire or other emergency.
- (2) Every automatic sprinkler system, fire detection and alarm system, exit lighting, fire door, and other item of equipment, where provided, shall be continuously in proper operating condition.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-55009, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-55009, filed 5/7/73.]

#### WAC 296-24-565 Means of egress, general.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-565, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-565, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56501 Permissible exit components. An exit shall consist only of the approved components. Exit components shall be constructed as an integral part of the building or shall be permanently affixed thereto.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56503 Protective enclosure of exits. When an exit is protected by separation from other parts of the building the separating construction shall meet the following requirements.
- (1) The separation shall have at least a 1-hour fire resistance rating when the exit connects three stories or less. This applies whether the stories connected are above or below the story at which exit discharge begins.
- (2) The separation shall have at least a 2-hour fire resistance rating when the exit connects four or more stories, whether above or below the floor of discharge. It shall be constructed of noncombustible materials, and shall be supported by construction having at least a 2-hour fire resistance rating.
- (3) Any opening therein shall be protected by an approved self-closing fire door.
- (4) Openings in exit enclosures shall be confined to those necessary for access to the enclosure from normally occupied spaces and for egress from the enclosure.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56503, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56505 Width and capacity of means of egress. (1) The capacity in number of persons per unit of exit width for approved components of means of egress shall be as follows:

- (a) Level egress components (including Class A ramps) 100 persons.
- (b) Inclined egress components (including Class B ramps) 60 persons.
- (c) A ramp shall be designated as Class A or Class B in accordance with the following Table E-1:

TABLE E-1

	Class A	Class B
Width	44 inches	30 to 44
	and greater.	inches.
Slope		1 3/16 to 2
•	inches in	inches in
	12 inches.	12 inches.
Maximum height	between	
landings		12 feet.

- (2) Means of egress shall be measured in units of exit width of 22 inches. Fractions of a unit shall not be counted, except that 12 inches added to one or more full units shall be counted as one—half a unit of exit width.
- (3) Units of exit width shall be measured in the clear at the narrowest point of the means of egress except that a handrail may project inside the measured width on each side not more than 5 inches and a stringer may project inside the measured width not more than 1 1/2 inches. An exit or exit access door swinging into an aisle or passageway shall not restrict the effective width thereof at any point during its swing to less than the minimum widths hereafter specified.

[Order 73–5, \$ 296–24–56505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73–4, \$ 296–24–56505, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56507 Egress capacity and occupant load. (1) The capacity of means of egress for any floor, balcony, tier, or other occupied space shall be sufficient for the occupant load thereof. The occupant load shall be the maximum number of persons that may be in the space at any time.
- (2) Where exits serve more than one floor, only the occupant load of each floor considered individually need be used in computing the capacity of the exits at that floor, provided that exit capacity shall not be decreased in the direction of exit travel.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56507, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56509 Arrangement of exits. When more than one exit is required from a story, at least two of the exits shall be remote from each other and so arranged as to minimize any possibility that both may be blocked by any one fire or other emergency condition.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56509, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56511 Access to exits. (1) Exits shall be so located and exit access shall be so arranged that exits are readily accessible at all times. Where exits are not immediately accessible from an open floor area, safe and continuous passageways, aisles, or corridors leading directly to every exit and so arranged as to provide convenient access for each occupant to at least two exits by separate ways of travel, except as a single exit or limited dead ends are permitted by other provisions of these standards shall be maintained.

- (2) A door from a room to an exit or to a way of exit access shall be of the side-hinged, swinging type. It shall swing with exit travel when the room is occupied by more than 50 persons or used for a high hazard occupancy.
- (3) In no case shall access to an exit be through a bathroom, or other room subject to locking, except where the exit is required to service only the room subject to locking.
- (4) Ways of exit access and the doors to exits to which they lead shall be so designed and arranged as to be clearly recognizable as such. Hangings or draperies shall not be placed over exit doors or otherwise so located as to conceal or obscure any exit. Mirrors shall not be placed on exit doors. Mirrors shall not be placed in or adjacent to any exit in such a manner as to confuse the direction of exit.
- (5) Exit access shall be so arranged that it will not be necessary to travel toward any area of high hazard occupancy in order to reach the nearest exit, unless the path of travel is effectively shielded from the high hazard location by suitable partitions or other physical barriers.
- (6) The minimum width of any way of exit access shall in no case be less than 28 inches. Where a single way of exit access leads to an exit, its capacity in terms of width shall be at least equal to the required capacity of the exit to which it leads. Where more than one way of exit access leads to an exit, each shall have a width adequate for the number of persons it must accommodate.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56511, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56511, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56513 Exterior ways of exit access. (1) Access to an exit may be by means of any exterior balcony, porch, gallery, or roof that conforms to the requirements of this section.
- (2) Exterior ways of exit access shall have smooth, solid floors, substantially level, and shall have guards on the unenclosed sides.
- (3) Where accumulation of snow or ice is likely because of the climate, the exterior way of exit access shall be protected by a roof, unless it serves as the sole normal means of access to the rooms or spaces served, in which case it may be assumed that snow and ice will be regularly removed in the course of normal occupancy.
- (4) A permanent, reasonably straight path of travel shall be maintained over the required exterior way of exit access. There shall be no obstruction by railings, barriers, or gates that divide the open space into sections appurtenant to individual rooms, apartments, or other uses. Where the director or his/her duly authorized representative finds the required path of travel to be obstructed by furniture or other movable objects, he/she may require that they be fastened out of the way or he/she may require that railings or other permanent barriers by installed to protect the path of travel against encroachment.
- (5) An exterior way of exit access shall be so arranged that there are no dead ends in excess of 20 feet. Any

- unenclosed exit served by an exterior way of exit access shall be so located that no part of the exit extends past a vertical plane 20 feet and one—half the required width of the exit from the end of and at right angles to the way of exit access.
- (6) Any gallery, balcony, bridge, porch or other exterior exit access that projects beyond the outside wall of the building shall comply with the requirements of this section as to width and arrangement.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-23-054 (Order 88-25), § 296-24-56513, filed 11/14/88; Order 73-5, § 296-24-56513, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56513, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56515 Discharge from exits. (1) All exits shall discharge directly to the street, or to a yard, court, or other open space that gives safe access to a public way. The streets to which the exits discharge shall be of width adequate to accommodate all persons leaving the building. Yards, courts, or other open spaces to which exits discharge shall also be of adequate width and size to provide all persons leaving the building with ready access to the street.
- (2) Stairs and other exits shall be so arranged as to make clear the direction of egress to the street. Exit stairs that continue beyond the floor of discharge shall be interrupted at the floor of discharge by partitions, doors, or other effective means.
- (3) Where a doorway or corner of a building is located near a railroad or trolley track so that a workman is liable to walk upon the track in front of an approaching engine or cars a standard safeguard shall be installed with a warning sign.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56515, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56515, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56517 Headroom. Means of egress shall be so designed and maintained as to provide adequate headroom, but in no case shall the ceiling height be less than 7 feet 6 inches nor any projection from the ceiling be less than 6 feet 8 inches from the floor.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56517, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56517, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56519 Changes in elevation. Where a means of egress is not substantially level, such differences in elevation shall be negotiated by stairs or ramps.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56519, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56519, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56521 Maintenance and workmanship. (1) Doors, stairs, ramps, passages, signs, and all other components of means of egress shall be of substantial, reliable construction and shall be built or installed in a workmanlike manner.
- (2) Means of egress shall be continuously maintained free of all obstructions or impediments to full instant use in the case of fire or other emergency.
- (3) Any device or alarm installed to restrict the improper use of an exit shall be so designed and installed that it cannot, even in cases of failure, impede or prevent emergency use of such exit.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56521, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56521, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56523 Furnishings and decorations. (1) No furnishings, decorations, or other objects shall be so place as to obstruct exits, access thereto, egress therefrom, or visibility thereof.

(2) No furnishings or decorations of an explosive or highly flammable character shall be used in any occupancy.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56523, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56523, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56525 Automatic sprinkler systems. All automatic sprinkler systems shall be continuously maintained in reliable operating condition at all times, and such periodic inspections and tests shall be made as are necessary to assure proper maintenance.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56525, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56525, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56527 Fire alarm signaling systems. The employer shall assure that fire alarm signaling systems are maintained and tested in accordance with the requirements of WAC 296-24-63107.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-56527, filed 12/24/81; Order 73-5, § 296-24-56527, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56527, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-56529 Fire retardant paints. Fire retardant paints or solutions shall be renewed at such intervals as necessary to maintain the necessary flame retardant properties.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56529, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56529, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-56531 Exit marking. (1) Exits shall be marked by a readily visible sign. Access to exits shall be marked by readily visible signs in all cases where the exit or way to reach it is not immediately visible to the occupants.
- (2) Any door, passage, or stairway which is neither an exit nor a way of exit access, and which is so located or arranged as to be likely to be mistaken for an exit, shall be identified by a sign reading "not an exit" or similar designation, or shall be identified by a sign indicating its actual character, such as "to basement," "storeroom," "linen closet," or the like.
- (3) Every required sign designating an exit or way of exit access shall be so located and of such size, color, and design as to be readily visible. No decorations, furnishings, or equipment which impair visibility of an exit sign shall be permitted, nor shall there be any brightly illuminated sign (for other than exit purposes), display, or object in or near the line of vision to the required exit sign of such a character as to so detract attention from the exit sign that it may not be noticed.
- (4) Every exit sign shall be distinctive in color and shall provide contrast with decorations, interior finish, or other signs.

- (5) A sign reading "exit," or similar designation, with an arrow indicating the direction, shall be placed in every location where the direction of travel to reach the nearest exit is not immediately apparent.
- (6) Every exit sign shall be suitably illuminated by a reliable light source giving a value of not less than 5-foot candles on the illuminated surface. Artificial lights giving illumination to exit signs other than the internally illuminated types shall have screens, discs, or lenses of not less than 25 square inches area made of translucent material to show red or other specified designating color on the side of the approach.
- (7) Each internally illuminated exit sign shall be provided in all occupancies where reduction of normal illumination is permitted.
- (8) Every exit sign shall have the word "exit" in plainly legible letters not less than 6 inches high, with the principal strokes of letters not less than three-fourths—inch wide.

[Order 73-5, § 296-24-56531, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-56531, filed 5/7/73.]

## WAC 296-24-567 Employee emergency plans and fire prevention plans. (1) Emergency action plan.

- (a) Scope and application. This subdivision applies to all emergency action plans required by a particular WISHA standard. The emergency action plan shall be in writing, and shall cover those designated actions employers and employees must take to ensure employee safety from fire and other emergencies.
- (b) Elements. The following elements, at a minimum, shall be included in the plan:
- (i) Emergency escape procedures and emergency escape route assignments;
- (ii) Procedures to be followed by employees who remain to operate critical plant operations before they evacuate;
- (iii) Procedures to account for all employees after emergency evacuation has been completed;
- (iv) Rescue and medical duties for those employees who are to perform them;
- (v) The preferred means of reporting fires and other emergencies; and
- (vi) Names or regular job titles of persons or departments who can be contacted for further information or explanation of duties under the plan.
  - (c) Alarm systems.
- (i) The employer shall establish an employee alarm system which complies with WAC 296-24-631.
- (ii) If the employee alarm system is used for alerting fire brigade members, or for other purposes, a distinctive signal for each purpose shall be used.
- (d) Evacuation. The employer shall establish in the emergency action plan the types of evacuation to be used in emergency circumstances.
  - (e) Training.
- (i) Before implementing the emergency action plan, the employer shall designate and train a sufficient number of persons to assist in the safe and orderly emergency evacuation of employees.

- (ii) The employer shall review the plan with each employee covered by the plan at the following times:
  - (A) Initially when the plan is developed;
- (B) Whenever the employee's responsibilities or designated actions under the plan change; and
  - (C) Whenever the plan is changed.
- (iii) The employer shall review with each employee upon initial assignment those parts of the plan which the employee must know to protect the employee in the event of an emergency. The written plan shall be kept at the workplace and made available for employee review.
  - (2) Fire prevention plan.
- (a) Scope and application. This subsection applies to all fire prevention plans required by a particular WISHA standard. The fire prevention plan shall be in writing.
- (b) Elements. The following elements, at a minimum, shall be included in the fire prevention plan:
- (i) A list of the major workplace fire hazards and their proper handling and storage procedures, potential ignition sources (such as welding, smoking and others) and their control procedures, and the type of fire protection equipment or systems which can control a fire involving them;
- (ii) Names or regular job titles of those personnel responsible for maintenance of equipment and systems installed to prevent or control ignitions or fires; and
- (iii) Names or regular job titles of those personnel responsible for control of fuel source hazards.
- (c) Housekeeping. The employer shall control accumulations of flammable and combustible waste materials and residues so that they do not contribute to a fire emergency. The housekeeping procedures shall be included in the written fire prevention plan.
  - (d) Training.
- (i) The employer shall apprise employees of the fire hazards of the materials and processes to which they are exposed.
- (ii) The employer shall review with each employee upon initial assignment those parts of the fire prevention plan which the employee must know to protect the employee in the event of an emergency. The written plan shall be kept in the workplace and made available for employee review.
- (e) Maintenance. The employer shall regularly and properly maintain, according to established procedures, equipment and systems installed on heat producing equipment to prevent accidental ignition of combustible materials. The maintenance procedures shall be included in the written fire prevention plan.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 89-11-035 (Order 89-03), § 296-24-567, filed 5/15/89, effective 6/30/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-567, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-56701 Appendix. This appendix serves as a nonmandatory guideline to assist employers in complying with the appropriate requirements.

(1) Employee emergency plans. Emergency action plan elements. The emergency action plan should address emergencies that the employer may reasonably expect in the workplace. Examples are: Fire, toxic chemical releases; hurricanes; tornadoes; blizzards; floods; and others. The elements of the emergency action plan presented in WAC 296-24-567 (1)(b) can be supplemented by the following to more effectively achieve employee safety and health in an emergency. The employer should list in detail the procedures to be taken by those employees who have been selected to remain behind to care for essential plant operations until their evacuations become absolutely necessary. Essential plant operations may include the monitoring of plant power supplies, water supplies, and other essential services which cannot be shut down for every emergency alarm. Essential plant operations may also include chemical or manufacturing processes which must be shut down in stages or steps where certain employees must be present to assure that safe shut down procedures are completed.

The use of floor plans or workplace maps which clearly show the emergency escape routes should be included in the emergency action plan. Color coding will aid employees in determining their route assignments.

The employer should also develop and explain in detail what rescue and medical first aid duties are to be performed and by whom. All employees are to be told what actions they are to take in these emergency situations that the employer anticipates may occur in the workplace.

(2) Emergency evacuation. At the time of an emergency, employees should know what type of evacuation is necessary and what their role is in carrying out the plan. In some cases where the emergency is very grave. total and immediate evacuation of all employees is necessary. In other emergencies, a partial evacuation of nonessential employees with a delayed evacuation of others may be necessary for continued plant operation. In some cases, only those employees in the immediate area of the fire may be expected to evacuate or move to a safe area such as when a local application fire suppression system discharge employee alarm is sounded. Employees must be sure that they know what is expected of them in all such emergency possibilities which have been planned in order to provide assurance of their safety from fire or other emergency.

The designation of refuge or safe areas for evacuation should be determined and identified in the plan. In a building divided into fire zones by fire walls, the refuge area may still be within the same building but in a different zone from where the emergency occurs.

Exterior refuge or safe areas may include parking lots, open fields or streets which are located away from the site of the emergency and which provide sufficient space to accommodate the employees. Employees should be instructed to move away from the exit discharge doors of the building, and to avoid congregating close to the building where they may hamper emergency operations.

(3) Emergency action plan training. The employer should assure that an adequate number of employees are available at all times during working hours to act as evacuation wardens so that employees can be swiftly moved from the danger location to the safe areas. Generally, one warden for each twenty employees in the workplace should be able to provide adequate guidance and instruction at the time of a fire emergency. The employees selected or who volunteer to serve as wardens should be trained in the complete workplace layout and the various alternative escape routes from the workplace. All wardens and fellow employees should be made aware of handicapped employees who may need extra assistance, such as using the buddy system, and of hazardous areas to be avoided during emergencies. Before leaving, wardens should check rooms and other enclosed spaces in the workplace for employees who may be trapped or otherwise unable to evacuate the area.

After the desired degree of evacuation is completed, the wardens should be able to account for or otherwise verify that all employees are in the safe areas.

In buildings with several places of employment, employers are encouraged to coordinate their plans with the other employers in the building. A building-wide or standardized plan for the whole building is acceptable provided that the employers inform their respective employees of their duties and responsibilities under the plan. The standardized plan need not be kept by each employer in the multi-employer building provided there is an accessible location within the building where the plan can be reviewed by affected employees. When multi-employer, building-wide plans are not feasible, employers should coordinate their plans with the other employers within the building to assure that conflicts and confusion are avoided during time of emergencies. In multistory buildings where more than one employer is on a single floor, it is essential that these employers coordinate their plans with each other to avoid conflicts and confusion.

(4) Fire prevention housekeeping. The standard calls for the control of accumulations of flammable and combustible waste materials.

It is the intent of this standard to assure that hazardous accumulations of combustible waste materials are controlled so that a fast developing fire, rapid spread of toxic smoke, or an explosion will not occur. This does not necessarily mean that each room has to be swept each day. Employers and employees should be aware of the hazardous properties of materials in their workplaces, and the degree of hazard each poses. Certainly, oil soaked rags have to be treated differently than general paper trash in office areas. However, large accumulations of waste paper or corrugated boxes, etc., can pose a significant fire hazard. Accumulations of materials which can cause large fires or generate dense smoke that are easily ignited or may start from spontaneous combustion, are the types of materials with which this standard is concerned. Such combustible materials may be easily ignited by matches, welder's sparks, cigarettes, and similar low level energy ignition sources.

(5) Maintenance of equipment under the fire prevention plan. Certain equipment is often installed in workplaces to control heat sources or to detect fuel leaks. An example is a temperature limit switch often found on

deep-fat food fryers found in restaurants. There may be similar switches for high temperature dip tanks, or flame failure and flashback arrester devices on furnaces and similar heat producing equipment. If these devices are not properly maintained or if they become inoperative, a definite fire hazard exists. Again employees and supervisors should be aware of the specific type of control devices on equipment involved with combustible materials in the workplace and should make sure, through periodic inspection or testing, that these controls are operable. Manufacturers' recommendations should be followed to assure proper maintenance procedures.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-56701, filed 12/24/81.]

## Part G-2 FIRE PROTECTION

WAC 296-24-585 Fire protection. 296-24-58501 Definitions applicable to fire protection. 296-24-58503 Scope, application and definitions applicable. 296-24-58505 Fire brigades. 296-24-58507 Organization. 296-24-58509 Training and education. 296-24-58511 Fire fighting equipment. 296-24-58513 Protective clothing. 296-24-58515 Respiratory protection devices. Appendix A-Fire brigades. 296-24-58517

#### WAC 296-24-585 Fire protection.

[Order 73-5, \$ 296-24-585, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, \$ 296-24-585, filed 5/7/73.]

WAC 296-24-58501 Definitions applicable to fire protection. (1) "Class A fires" are fires in ordinary combustible materials, such as wood, cloth, paper, and rubber.

- (2) "Class B fires" are fires in flammable liquids, gases, and greases.
- (3) "Class C fires" are fires which involve energized electrical equipment where the electrical nonconductivity of the extinguishing media is of importance. (When electrical equipment is deenergized, extinguisher for Class A or B fires may be used safely.)
- (4) "Class D fires" are fires in combustible metals, such as magnesium, titanium, zirconium, sodium, and potassium.
- (5) Classification of portable fire extinguishers: "Portable fire extinguishers" are classified for use on certain classes of fires and rated for relative extinguishing effectiveness at a temperature of plus 70°F by nationally recognized testing laboratories. This is based upon the preceding classification of fires and the fire extinguishment potentials as determined by fire tests.

Note: The classification and rating system described in this section is that used by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. and Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada and is based on extinguishing preplanned fires of determined size and description as follows:

(a) Class A rating—Wood and excelsior fires excluding deep-seated conditions.

- (b) Class B rating—Two-inch depth gasoline fires in square pans.
- (c) Class C rating—No fire test. Agent must be a nonconductor of electricity.
- (d) Class D rating—Special tests on specific combustible metal fires.
- (6) A "light hazard" is a situation where the amount of combustibles or flammable liquids present is such that fires of small size may be expected. These may include offices, schoolrooms, churches, assembly halls, telephone exchanges, etc.
- (7) An "ordinary hazard" is a situation where the amount of combustibles or flammable liquids present is such that fires of moderate size may be expected. These may include mercantile storage and display, auto showrooms, parking garages, light manufacturing, warehouses not classified as extra hazard, school shop areas, etc.
- (8) An "extra hazard" is a situation where the amount of combustibles or flammable liquids present is such that fires of severe magnitude may be expected. These may include woodworking, auto repair, aircraft servicing, warehouses with high-piled (14 feet or higher) combustibles, and processes such as flammable liquid handling, painting, dipping, etc.
- (9) Sprinkler system: A "sprinkler system," for fire protection purposes, is an integrated system of underground and overhead piping designed in accordance with fire protection engineering standards. The system includes a suitable water supply, such as a gravity tank, fire pump, reservoir, or pressure tank and/or connection by underground piping to a city main. The portion of the sprinkler system above ground is a network of specially sized or hydraulically designed piping installed in a building, structure or area, generally overhead, and to which sprinklers are connected in a systematic pattern. The system includes a controlling valve and a device for actuating an alarm when the system is in operation. The system is usually activated by heat from a fire and discharges water over the fire area.
- Note: The design and installation of water supply facilities such as gravity tanks, fire pumps, reservoirs, or pressure tanks, and underground piping are covered by NFPA Standards No. 22–1970, Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection; No. 20–1970, Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps and No. 24–1970, Outside Protection.
- (10) Sprinkler alarms: A "sprinkler alarm" unit is an assembly of apparatus approved for the service and so constructed and installed that any flow of water from a sprinkler system equal to or greater than that from a single automatic sprinkler will result in an audible alarm signal on the premises.
- (11) Class of service—Standpipe systems: "Standpipe systems" are grouped into three general classes of service for the intended use in the extinguishment of fire.
- (a) Class I: For use by fire departments and those trained in handling heavy fire streams (2 1/2-inch hose).
- (b) Class II: For use primarily by the building occupants until the arrival of the fire department (small hose).

- (c) Class III: For use by either fire departments and those trained in handling heavy hose streams or by the building occupants.
- (12) Class I service: "Class I service" is a standpipe system capable of furnishing the effective fire streams required during the more advanced stages of fire on the inside of buildings or for exposure fire.
- (13) Class II service: "Class II service" is a standpipe system which affords a ready means for the control of incipient fires by the occupants of buildings during working hours and by watchmen and those present during the night time and holidays.
- (14) Class III service: "Class III service" is a standpipe system capable of furnishing the effective fire streams required during the more advanced stages of fire on the inside of buildings as well as providing a ready means for the control of fires by the occupants of the building.
- (15) Standpipe system: "Standpipe systems" are usually of the following types:
- (a) A wet standpipe system having a supply valve open and water pressure maintained at all times.
- (b) A standpipe system so arranged through the use of approved devices as to admit water to the system automatically by opening a hose valve.
- (c) A standpipe system arranged to admit water to the system through manual operation of approved remote control devices located at each hose station.
- (d) Dry standpipe having no permanent water supply. See also (11) of this section.
- (16) Type I storage: "Type I storage" is that in which combustible commodities or noncombustible commodities involving combustible packaging or storage aids are stored over 15 feet but not more than 21 feet high in solid piles or over 12 feet but not more that 21 feet high in piles that contain horizontal channels. Minor quantities of commodities of hazard greater than ordinary combustibles may be included without affecting this general classification.
- (17) Type II storage: "Type II storage" is that in which combustible commodities or noncombustible commodities involving combustible packaging or storage aids are stored not over 15 feet high in solid piles or not over 12 feet high in piles that contain horizontal channels. Minor quantities of commodities of hazard greater than ordinary combustibles may be included without affecting this general classification.
- (18) Type III storage: "Type III storage" is that in which the stored commodities, packaging, and storage aids are noncombustible or contain only a small concentration of combustibles which are incapable of producing a fire that would cause appreciable damage to the commodities stored or to noncombustible wall, floor or roof construction. Ordinary combustible commodities in completely sealed noncombustible containers may qualify in this classification. General commodity storage that is subject to frequent changing and storage of combustible packaging and storage aids is excluded from this category.

(19) Approved: "Approved" means listed or approved by: (a) At least one of the following nationally recognized testing laboratories: Factory Mutual Engineering Corp.; Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., or (b) federal agencies such as Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior; Department of Transportation; or U.S. Coast Guard, which issue approvals for such equipment.

[Order 74-27, § 296-24-58501, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-58501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-58501, filed 5/7/73.]

- WAC 296-24-58503 Scope, application and definitions applicable. (1) Scope. This section contains requirements for fire brigades, and all portable and fixed fire suppression equipment, fire detection systems, and fire or employee alarm systems installed to meet the fire protection requirements of this chapter.
- (2) Application. This section applies to all employments except for maritime, construction, and agriculture.
  - (3) Definitions applicable to this section.
- (a) "After-flame," means the time a test specimen continues to flame after the flame source has been removed.
- (b) "Aqueous film forming foam (AFFF)," means a fluorinated surfactant with a foam stabilizer which is diluted with water to act as a temporary barrier to exclude air from mixing with the fuel vapor by developing an aqueous film on the fuel surface of some hydrocarbons which is capable of suppressing the generation of fuel vapors.
- (c) "Approved," means acceptable to the director under the following criteria:
- (i) If it is accepted, or certified, or listed, or labeled or otherwise determined to be safe by a nationally recognized testing laboratory; or
- (ii) With respect to an installation or equipment of a kind which no nationally recognized testing laboratory accepts, certifies, lists, labels, or determines to be safe, if it is inspected or tested by another federal agency and found in compliance with the provisions of the applicable National Fire Protection Association Fire Code; or
- (iii) With respect to custom-made equipment or related installations which are designed, fabricated for, and intended for use by its manufacturer on the basis of test data which the employer keeps and makes available for inspection to the director; and
  - (iv) For the purposes of (c) of this subsection:
- (A) Equipment is listed if it is of a kind mentioned in a list which is published by a nationally recognized testing laboratory which makes periodic inspections of the production of such equipment and which states that such equipment meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found safe for use in a specified manner;
- (B) Equipment is labeled if there is attached to it a label, symbol, or other identifying mark of a nationally recognized testing laboratory which makes periodic inspections of the production of such equipment and whose labeling indicates compliance with nationally recognized standards or tests to determine safe use in a specified manner;

- (C) Equipment is accepted if it has been inspected and found by a nationally recognized testing laboratory to conform to specified plans or to procedures of applicable codes;
- (D) Equipment is certified if it has been tested and found by a nationally recognized testing laboratory to meet nationally recognized standards or to be safe for use in a specified manner or is of a kind whose production is periodically inspected by a nationally recognized testing laboratory, and if it bears a label, tag, or other record of certification; and
- (E) Refer to federal regulation 29 CFR 1910.7 for definition of nationally recognized testing laboratory.
- (d) "Automatic fire detection device," means a device designed to automatically detect the presence of fire by heat, flame, light, smoke or other products of combustion.
- (e) "Buddy-breathing device," means an accessory to self-contained breathing apparatus which permits a second person to share the same air supply as that of the wearer of the apparatus.
- (f) "Carbon dioxide," means a colorless, odorless, electrically nonconductive inert gas (chemical formula CO<sub>2</sub>) that is a medium for extinguishing fires by reducing the concentration of oxygen or fuel vapor in the air to the point where combustion is impossible.
- (g) "Class A fire," means a fire involving ordinary combustible materials such as paper, wood, cloth, and some rubber and plastic materials.
- (h) "Class B fire," means a fire involving flammable or combustible liquids, flammable gases, greases and similar materials, and some rubber and plastic materials.
- (i) "Class C fire," means a fire involving energized electrical equipment where safety to the employee requires the use of electrically nonconductive extinguishing media.
- (j) "Class D fire," means a fire involving combustible metals such as magnesium, titanium, zirconium, sodium, lithium and potassium.
- (k) "Dry chemical," means an extinguishing agent composed of very small particles of chemicals such as, but not limited to, sodium bicarbonate, potassium bicarbonate, urea—based potassium bicarbonate, potassium chloride, or monoammonium phosphate supplemented by special treatment to provide resistance to packing and moisture absorption (caking) as well as to provide proper flow capabilities. Dry chemical does not include dry powders.
- (1) "Dry powder," means a compound used to extinguish or control Class D fires.
- (m) "Education," means the process of imparting knowledge or skill through systematic instruction. It does not require formal classroom instruction.
- (n) "Enclosed structure," means a structure with a roof or ceiling and at least two walls which may present fire hazards to employees, such as accumulations of smoke, toxic gases and heat similar to those found in buildings.
- (o) "Extinguisher classification," means the letter classification given an extinguisher to designate the class

or classes of fire on which an extinguisher will be effective.

- (p) "Extinguisher rating," means the numerical rating given to an extinguisher which indicates the extinguishing potential of the unit based on standardized tests developed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
- (q) "Fire brigade," (private fire department, industrial fire department) means an organized group of employees who are knowledgeable, trained, and skilled in at least basic fire fighting operations.
- (r) "Fixed extinguishing system," means a permanently installed system that either extinguishes or controls a fire at the location of the system.
- (s) "Flame resistance," is the property of materials, or combinations of component materials, to retard ignition and restrict the spread of flame.
- (t) "Foam," means a stable aggregation of small bubbles which flow freely over a burning liquid surface and form a coherent blanket which seals combustible vapors and thereby extinguishes the fire.
- (u) "Gaseous agent," is a fire extinguishing agent which is in the gaseous state at normal room temperature and pressure. It has low viscosity, can expand or contract with changes in pressure and temperature, and has the ability to diffuse readily and to distribute itself uniformly throughout an enclosure.
- (v) "Halon 1211," means a colorless, faintly sweet smelling, electrically nonconductive liquefied gas (chemical formula CBrC1F<sub>2</sub>) which is a medium for extinguishing fires by inhibiting the chemical chain reaction of fuel and oxygen. It is also known as bromochlorodifluoromethane.
- (w) "Halon 1301," means a colorless, odorless, electrically nonconductive gas (chemical formula CBrF<sub>3</sub>) which is a medium for extinguishing fires by inhibiting the chemical chain reaction of fuel and oxygen. It is also known as bromotrifluoromethane.
- (x) "Helmet," is a head protective device consisting of a rigid shell, energy absorption system and chin strap intended to be worn to provide protection for the head or portions thereof, against impact, flying or falling objects, electric shock, penetration, heat and flame.
- (y) "Incipient stage fire," means a fire which is in the initial or beginning stage and which can be controlled or extinguished by portable fire extinguishers, Class II standpipe or small hose systems without the need for protective clothing or breathing apparatus.
- (z) "Inspection," means a visual check of fire protection systems and equipment to ensure that they are in place, charged, and ready for use in the event of a fire.
- (aa) "Interior structural fire fighting," means the physical activity of fire suppression, rescue or both, inside of buildings or enclosed structures which are involved in a fire situation beyond the incipient stage.
- (bb) "Lining," means a material permanently attached to the inside of the outer shell of a garment for the purpose of thermal protection and padding.
- (cc) "Local application system," means a fixed fire suppression system which has a supply of extinguishing agent, with nozzles arranged to automatically discharge

- extinguishing agent directly on the burning material to extinguish or control a fire.
- (dd) "Maintenance," means the performance of services on fire protection equipment and systems to assure that they will perform as expected in the event of a fire. Maintenance differs from inspection in that maintenance requires the checking of internal fitting, devices and agent supplies.
- (ee) "Multipurpose dry chemical," means a dry chemical which is approved for use on Class A, Class B and Class C fires.
- (ff) "Outer shell," is the exterior layer of material on the fire coat and protective trousers which forms the outermost barrier between the fire fighter and the environment. It is attached to the vapor barrier and liner and is usually constructed with a storm flap, suitable closures, and pockets.
- (gg) "Positive-pressure breathing apparatus," means self-contained breathing apparatus in which the pressure in the breathing zone is positive in relation to the immediate environment during inhalation and exhalation.
- (hh) "Predischarge employee alarm," means an alarm which will sound at a set time prior to actual discharge of an extinguishing system so that employees may evacuate the discharge area prior to system discharge.
- (ii) "Quick disconnect valve," means a device which starts the flow of air by inserting of the hose (which leads from the facepiece) into the regulator of self—contained breathing apparatus, and stops the flow of air by disconnection of the hose from the regulator.
- (jj) "Sprinkler alarm," means an approved device installed so that any waterflow from a sprinkler system equal to or greater than that from single automatic sprinkler will result in an audible alarm signal on the premises.
- (kk) "Sprinkler system," means a system of piping designed in accordance with fire protection engineering standards and installed to control or extinguish fires. The system includes an adequate and reliable water supply, and a network of specially sized piping and sprinklers which are interconnected. The system also includes a control valve and a device for actuating an alarm when the system is in operation.
  - (ll) "Standpipe systems:"
- (i) "Class I standpipe system," means a two and one-half-inch (6.3 cm) hose connection for use by fire departments and those trained in handling heavy fire streams.
- (ii) "Class II standpipe system," means a one and one-half-inch (3.8 cm) hose system which provides a means for the control or extinguishment of incipient stage fires.
- (iii) "Class III standpipe system," means a combined system of hose which is for the use of employees trained in the use of hose operations and which is capable of furnishing effective water discharge during the more advanced stages of fire (beyond the incipient stage) in the interior of workplaces. Hose outlets are available for both one and one-half-inch (3.8 cm) and two and one-half-inch (6.3 cm) hose.

- (iv) "Small hose system," means a system of hose ranging in diameter from five-eighths-inch (1.6 cm) up to one and one-half-inch (3.8 cm) which is for the use of employees and which provides a means for the control and extinguishment of incipient stage fires.
- (mm) "Total flooding system," means a fixed suppression system which is arranged to automatically discharge a predetermined concentration of agent into an enclosed space for the purpose of fire extinguishment or control.
- (nn) "Training," means the process of making proficient through instruction and hands—on practice in the operation of equipment, including respiratory protection equipment, that is expected to be used in the performance of assigned duties.
- (00) "Vapor barrier," means that material used to prevent or substantially inhibit the transfer of water, corrosive liquids and steam or other hot vapors from the outside of a garment to the wearer's body.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88–23–054 (Order 88–25), § 296–24–58503, filed 11/14/88; 87–24–051 (Order 87–24), § 296–24–58503, filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82–02–003 (Order 81–32), § 296–24–58503, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-58505 Fire brigades. Scope and application.

- (1) Scope. This section contains requirements for the organization, training and personal protective equipment of fire brigades whenever they are established by an employer.
- (2) Application. The requirements of this section apply to fire brigades, industrial fire departments and private or contractual type fire departments. Personal protective equipment requirements apply only to members of fire brigades performing interior structural fire fighting. The requirements of this section do not apply to airport crash rescue or forest fire fighting operations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58505, filed 12/24/81.]

- WAC 296-24-58507 Organization. (1) Organizational statement. The employer shall prepare and maintain a statement or written policy which establishes the existence of a fire brigade; the basic organizational structure; the type, amount, and frequency of training to be provided to fire brigade members; the expected number of members in the fire brigade; and the functions that the fire brigade is to perform at the workplace. The organizational statement shall be available for inspection by the director and by employees or their designated representatives.
- (2) Personnel. The employer shall assure that employees who are expected to do interior structural fire fighting are physically capable of performing duties which may be assigned to them during emergencies. The employer shall not permit employees with known heart disease, epilepsy, or emphysema, to participate in fire brigade emergency activities unless a physician's certificate of the employees' fitness to participate in such activities is provided. For employees assigned to fire

brigades before September 15, 1980, this section is effective on September 15, 1990. For employees assigned to fire brigades on or after September 15, 1980, this section is effective thirty days after filing with the code reviser.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58507, filed 12/24/81.]

- WAC 296-24-58509 Training and education. (1) The employer shall provide training and education for all fire brigade members commensurate with those duties and functions that fire brigade members are expected to perform. Such training and education shall be provided to fire brigade members before they perform fire brigade emergency activities. Fire brigade leaders and training instructors shall be provided with training and education which is more comprehensive than that provided to the general membership of the fire brigade.
- (2) The employer shall assure that training and education is conducted frequently enough to assure that each member of the fire brigade is able to perform the member's assigned duties and functions satisfactorily and in a safe manner so as not to endanger fire brigade members or other employees. All fire brigade members shall be provided with training at least annually. In addition, fire brigade members who are expected to perform interior structural fire fighting shall be provided with an education session or training at least quarterly.
- (3) The quality of the training an education program for fire brigade members shall be similar to those conducted by such fire training schools as the Maryland Fire and Rescue Institute; Iowa Fire Service Extension; West Virginia Fire Service Extension; Georgia Fire Academy; New York State Department, Fire Prevention and Control; Louisiana State University Firemen Training Program; or Washington State's Fire Service Training Commission for Vocational Education. (For example, for the oil refinery industry, with its unique hazards, the training and education program for those fire brigade members shall be similar to those conducted by Texas A and M University, Lamar University, Reno Fire School, or the Delaware State Fire School.)
- (4) The employer shall inform fire brigade members about special hazards such as storage and use of flammable liquids and gases, toxic chemicals, radioactive sources, and water reactive substances, to which they may be exposed during fire and other emergencies. The fire brigade members shall also be advised of any changes that occur in relation to the special hazards. The employer shall develop and make available for inspection by fire brigade members, written procedures that describe the actions to be taken in situations involving the special hazards and shall include these in the training and education program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), \$ 296-24-58509, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-58511 Fire fighting equipment. The employer shall maintain and inspect, at least annually, fire fighting equipment to assure the safe operational condition of the equipment. Portable fire extinguishers

and respirators shall be inspected at least monthly. Fire fighting equipment that is in damaged or unserviceable condition shall be removed from service and replaced.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58511, filed 12/24/81.]

- WAC 296-24-58513 Protective clothing. The following requirements apply to those employees who perform interior structural fire fighting. The requirements do not apply to employees who use fire extinguishers or standpipe systems to control or extinguish fires only in the incipient stage.
  - (1) General.
- (a) The employer shall provide at no cost to the employee and assure the use of protective clothing which complies with the requirements of this section. The employer shall assure that protective clothing ordered or purchased after January 1, 1982, meets the requirements contained in this section. As the new equipment is provided, the employer shall assure that all fire brigade members wear the equipment when performing interior structural fire fighting. After July 1, 1985, the employer shall assure that all fire brigade members wear protective clothing meeting the requirements of this section when performing interior structural fire fighting.
- (b) The employer shall assure that protective clothing protects the head, body, and extremities, and consists of at least the following components: Foot and leg protection; hand protection; body protection; eye, face and head protection.
  - (2) Foot and leg protection.
- (a) Foot and leg protection shall meet the requirements of (b) and (c) of this subsection, and may be achieved by either of the following methods:
- (i) Fully extended boots which provide protection for the legs; or
- (ii) Protective shoes or boots worn in combination with protective trousers that meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section.
- (b) Protective footwear shall meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-088 for Class 75 footwear. In addition, protective footwear shall be water-resistant for at least five inches (12.7 cm) above the bottom of the heel and shall be equipped with slip-resistant outer soles.
- (c) Protective footwear shall be tested in accordance with paragraph (1) Appendix E, and shall provide protection against penetration of the midsole by a size 8D common nail when at least 300 pounds (1330 N) of static force is applied to the nail.
  - (3) Body protection.
- (a) Body protection shall be coordinated with foot and leg protection to ensure full body protection for the wearer. This shall be achieved by one of the following methods:
- (i) Wearing of a fire-resistive coat meeting the requirements of (b) of this subsection, in combination with fully extended boots meeting the requirements of subsection (2)(b) and (c) of this section; or
- (ii) Wearing of fire-resistive coat in combination with protective trousers both of which meet the requirements of (b) of this subsection.

- (b) The performance, construction, and testing of fire-resistive coats and protective trousers shall be at least equivalent to the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standard NFPA No. 1971-1975, "Protective Clothing for Structural Fire Fighting," (see Appendix D) with the following permissible variations from those requirements:
- (i) Tearing strength of the outer shell shall be a minimum of eight pounds (35.6 N) in any direction when tested in accordance with paragraph (2) of Appendix E; and
- (ii) The outer shell may discolor but shall not separate or melt when placed in a forced air laboratory oven at a temperature of 500°F (260°C) for a period of five minutes. After cooling to ambient temperature and using the test method specified in paragraph (3) of Appendix E, char length shall not exceed 4.0 inches (10.2 cm) and after-flame shall not exceed 2.0 seconds.
  - (4) Hand protection.
- (a) Hand protection shall consist of protective gloves or glove system which will provide protection against cut, puncture, and heat penetration. Gloves or glove system shall be tested in accordance with the test methods contained in the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) 1976 publication, "The Development of Criteria for Fire Fighter's Gloves; Vol. II, Part II: Test Methods," (see Appendix D to Subpart L) and shall meet the following criteria for cut, puncture, and heat penetration:
- (i) Materials used for gloves shall resist surface cut by a blade with an edge having a 60 degree included angle and a .001 inch (.0025 cm.) radius, under an applied force of 16 lbf (72N) and at a slicing velocity of greater or equal to 60 in/min. (2.5 cm/sec);
- (ii) Materials used for the palm and palm side of the fingers shall resist puncture by a penetrometer (simulating a 4d lath nail), under an applied force of 13.2 lbf (60N) and at a velocity greater or equal to 20 in/min. (.85 cm/sec); and
- (iii) The temperature inside the palm and gripping surface of the fingers of gloves shall not exceed 135°F (57°C) when gloves or glove system are exposed to 932°F (500°C) for five seconds at 4 psi (28 kPa) pressure.
- (b) Exterior materials of gloves shall be flame resistant and shall be tested in accordance with paragraph (3) of Appendix E. Maximum allowable after—flame shall be 2.0 seconds, and the maximum char length shall be 4.0 inches (10.2 cm).
- (c) When design of the fire-resistive coat does not otherwise provide protection for the wrists, protective gloves shall have wristlets of at least 4.0 inches (10.2 cm) in length to protect the wrist area when the arms are extended upward and outward from the body.
  - (5) Head, eye and face protection.
- (a) Head protection shall consist of a protective head device with ear flaps and chin strap which meet the performance, construction, and testing requirements of the National Fire Safety and Research Office of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, United States Department of Commerce (now known as

the United States Fire Administration), which are contained in, "Model Performance Criteria for Structural Firefighters' Helmets," (August 1977) (see Appendix D).

- (b) Protective eye and face devices which comply with WAC 296-24-078 shall be used by fire brigade members when performing operations where the hazards of flying or falling materials which may cause eye and face injuries are present. Protective eye and face devices provided as accessories to protective head devices (face shields) are permitted when such devices meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-078.
- (c) Full facepieces, helmets, or hoods of breathing apparatus which meet the requirements of WAC 296-62-071 and 296-24-58515, shall be acceptable as meeting the eye and face protection requirements of (b) of this subsection.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 88-14-108 (Order 88-11), § 296-24-58513, filed 7/6/88; 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), § 296-24-58513, filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58513, filed 12/24/81.]

## WAC 296-24-58515 Respiratory protection devices. (1) General requirements.

- (a) The employer shall provide at no cost to the employee and assure the use of respirators which comply with the requirements of this paragraph. The employer shall assure that respiratory protective devices worn by brigade members meet the requirements contained in WAC 296-62-071, and the requirements contained in this paragraph, and are certified under 30 CFR Part II.
- (b) Approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full-facepiece, or with approved helmet or hood configuration, shall be provided to and worn by fire brigade members while working inside buildings or confined spaces where toxic products of combustion or an oxygen deficiency may be present. Such apparatus shall also be worn during emergency situations involving toxic substances.
- (c) Approved self-contained breathing apparatus may be equipped with either a "buddy-breathing" device or a quick disconnect valve, even if these devices are not certified by NIOSH. If these accessories are used, they shall not cause damage to the apparatus, or restrict the air flow of the apparatus, or obstruct the normal operation of the apparatus.
- (d) Approved self-contained compressed air breathing apparatus may be used with approved cylinders from other approved self-contained compressed air breathing apparatus provided that such cylinders are of the same capacity and pressure rating. All compressed air cylinders used with self-contained breathing apparatus shall meet DOT and NIOSH criteria.
- (e) Self-contained breathing apparatus shall have a minimum service life rating of thirty minutes in accordance with the methods and requirements of the mine safety and health administration (MSHA) and NIOSH, except for escape self-contained breathing apparatus (ESCBA) used only for emergency escape purposes.
- (f) Self-contained breathing apparatus shall be provided with an indicator which automatically sounds an

audible alarm when the remaining service life of the apparatus is reduced to within a range of twenty to twenty-five percent of its rated service time.

(2) Positive-pressure breathing apparatus.

- (a) The employer shall assure that self-contained breathing apparatus ordered or purchased after January 1, 1982, for use by fire brigade members performing interior structural fire fighting operations, are of the pressure-demand or other positive-pressure type. Effective July 1, 1983, only pressure-demand or other positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus shall be worn by fire brigade members performing interior structural fire fighting.
- (b) This section does not prohibit the use of a self—contained breathing apparatus where the apparatus can be switched from a demand to a positive—pressure mode. However, such apparatus shall be in the positive—pressure mode when fire brigade members are performing interior structural fire fighting operations.
- (c) Negative-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with a rated service life of more than two hours and which have a minimum protection factor of 5,000, as determined by an acceptable quantitative fit test performed on each individual, is acceptable for use only during those interior structural fire fighting situations for which the employer demonstrates that long duration breathing apparatus is necessary. Quantitative fit test procedures shall be available for inspection by the director or authorized representative. Such negative-pressure breathing apparatus will continue to be acceptable for eighteen months after a positive-pressure breathing apparatus with the same or longer rated service life is certified by NIOSH. After this eighteen-month period, all self-contained breathing apparatus used for these long duration situations shall be of the positive-pressure type.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58515, filed 12/24/81.]

# WAC 296-24-58517 Appendix A--Fire brigades. (1) Scope. This section does not require an employer to organize a fire brigade. However, if an employer does decide to organize a fire brigade, the requirements of this section apply.

- (2) Prefire planning. It is suggested that prefire planning be conducted by the local fire department and/or the workplace fire brigade in order for them to be familiar with the workplace and process hazards. Involvement with the local fire department or fire prevention bureau is encouraged to facilitate coordination and cooperation between members of the fire brigade and those who might be called upon for assistance during a fire emergency.
- (3) Organizational statement. In addition to the information required in the organizational statement, WAC 296-24-58507(1), it is suggested that the organizational statement also contain the following information: A description of the duties that the fire brigade members are expected to perform; the line authority of each fire brigade officer; the number of the fire brigade officers and number of training instructors; and a list

and description of the types of awards or recognition that brigade members may be eligible to receive.

(4) Physical capability. The physical capability requirement applies only to those fire brigade members who perform interior structural fire fighting. Employees who cannot meet the physical capability requirement may still be members of the fire brigade as long as such employees do not perform interior structural fire fighting. It is suggested that fire brigade members who are unable to perform interior structural fire fighting be assigned less stressful and physically demanding fire brigade duties, e.g., certain types of training, recordkeeping, fire prevention inspection and maintenance, and fire pump operations.

Physically capable can be defined as being able to perform those duties specified in the training requirements of WAC 296-24-58509. Physically capable can also be determined by physical performance tests or by a physical examination when the examining physician is aware of the duties that the fire brigade member is expected to perform.

It is also recommended that fire brigade members participate in a physical fitness program. There are many benefits which can be attributed to being physically fit. It is believed that physical fitness may help to reduce the number of sprain and strain injuries as well as contributing to the improvement of the cardiovascular system.

(5) Training and education. The paragraph on training and education does not contain specific training and education requirements because the type, amount, and frequency of training and education will be as varied as are the purposes for which fire brigades are organized. However, the paragraph does require that training and education be commensurate with those functions that the fire brigade is expected to perform; i.e., those functions specified in the organizational statement. Such a performance requirement provides the necessary flexibility to design a training program which meets the needs of individual fire brigades.

At a minimum, hands—on training is required to be conducted annually for all fire brigade members. However, for those fire brigade members who are expected to perform interior structural fire fighting, some type of training or education session must be provided at least quarterly.

In addition to the required hands—on training, it is strongly recommended that fire brigade members receive other types of training and education such as: Classroom instruction, review of emergency action procedures, prefire planning, review of special hazards in the workplace, and practice in the use of self—contained breathing apparatus.

It is not necessary for the employer to duplicate the same training or education that a fire brigade member receives as a member of a community volunteer fire department, rescue squad, or similar organization. However, such training or education must have been provided to the fire brigade member within the past year and it must be documented that the fire brigade member has received the training or education. For example: There is

no need for a fire brigade member to receive another training class in the use of positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus if the fire brigade member has recently completed such training as a member of a community fire department. Instead, the fire brigade member should receive training or education covering other important equipment or duties of the fire brigade as they relate to the workplace hazards, facilities and processes.

It is generally recognized that the effectiveness of fire brigade training and education depends upon the expertise of those providing the training and education as well as the motivation of the fire brigade members. Fire brigade training instructors must receive a higher level of training and education than the fire brigade members they will be teaching. This includes being more knowledgeable about the functions to be performed by the fire brigade and the hazards involved. The instructors should be qualified to train fire brigade members and demonstrate skills in communication, methods of teaching, and motivation. It is important for instructors and fire brigade members alike to be motivated toward the goal of the fire brigade and be aware of the importance of the service that they are providing for the protection of other employees and the workplace.

It is suggested that publications from the International Fire Service Training Association, the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA-1041), the International Society of Fire Service Instructors and other fire training sources be consulted for recommended qualifications of fire brigade training instructors.

In order to be effective, fire brigades must have competent leadership and supervision. It is important for those who supervise the fire brigade during emergency situations, e.g., fire brigade chiefs, leaders, etc., to receive the necessary training and education for supervising fire brigade activities during these hazardous and stressful situations. These fire brigade members with leadership responsibilities should demonstrate skills in strategy and tactics, fire suppression and prevention techniques, leadership principles, prefire planning, and safety practices. It is again suggested that fire service training sources be consulted for determining the kinds of training and education which are necessary for those with fire brigade leadership responsibilities.

It is further suggested that fire brigade leaders and fire brigade instructors receive more formalized training and education on a continuing basis by attending classes provided by such training sources as universities and university fire extension services.

The following recommendations should not be considered to be all of the necessary elements of a complete comprehensive training program, but the information may be helpful as a guide in developing a fire brigade training program.

All fire brigade members should be familiar with exit facilities and their location, emergency escape routes for handicapped workers, and the workplace "emergency action plan."

In addition, fire brigade members who are expected to control and extinguish fires in the incipient stage should, at a minimum, be trained in the use of fire extinguishers, standpipes, and other fire equipment they are assigned to use. They should also be aware of first aid medical procedures and procedures for dealing with special hazards to which they may be exposed. Training and education should include both classroom instruction and actual operation of the equipment under simulated emergency conditions. Hands—on type training must be conducted at least annually but some functions should be reviewed more often.

In addition to the above training, fire brigade members who are expected to perform emergency rescue and interior structural fire fighting should, at a minimum, be familiar with the proper techniques in rescue and fire suppression procedures. Training and education should include fire protection courses, classroom training, simulated fire situations including "wet drills" and, when feasible, extinguishment of actual mock fires. Frequency of training or education must be at least quarterly, but some drills or classroom training should be conducted as often as monthly or even weekly to maintain the proficiency of fire brigade members.

There are many excellent sources of training and education that the employer may want to use in developing a training program for the workplace fire brigade. These sources include publications, seminars, and courses offered by universities.

There are also excellent fire school courses by such facilities as Texas A and M University, Delaware State Fire School, Lamar University, and Reno Fire School, that deal with those unique hazards which may be encountered by fire brigades in the oil and chemical industry. These schools, and others, also offer excellent training courses which would be beneficial to fire brigades in other types of industries. These courses should be a continuing part of the training program, and employers are strongly encouraged to take advantage of these excellent resources.

It is also important that fire brigade members be informed about special hazards to which they may be exposed during fire and other emergencies. Such hazards as storage and use areas of flammable liquids and gases, toxic chemicals, water—reactive substances, etc., can pose difficult problems. There must be written procedures developed that describe the actions to be taken in situations involving special hazards. Fire brigade members must be trained in handling these special hazards as well as keeping abreast of any changes that occur in relation to these special hazards.

(6) Fire fighting equipment. It is important that fire fighting equipment that is in damaged or unserviceable condition be removed from service and replaced. This will prevent fire brigade members from using unsafe equipment by mistake.

Fire fighting equipment, except portable fire extinguishers and respirators, must be inspected at least annually. Portable fire extinguishers and respirators are required to be inspected at least monthly.

- (7) Protective clothing.
- (a) General. WAC 296-24-58513 does not require all fire brigade members to wear protective clothing. It is

not the intention of these standards to require employers to provide a full ensemble of protective clothing for every fire brigade member without consideration given to the types of hazardous environments to which the fire brigade member might be exposed. It is the intention of these standards to require adequate protection for those fire brigade members who might be exposed to fires in an advanced stage, smoke, toxic gases, and high temperatures. Therefore, the protective clothing requirements only apply to those fire brigade members who perform interior structural fire fighting operations.

Additionally, the protective clothing requirements do not apply to the protective clothing worn during outside fire fighting operations (brush and forest fires, crash crew operations) or other special fire fighting activities. It is important that the protective clothing to be worn during these types of fire fighting operations reflect the hazards which are expected to be encountered by fire brigade members.

(b) Foot and leg protection. WAC 296-24-58505 permits an option to achieve foot and leg protection.

The section recognizes the interdependence of protective clothing to cover one or more parts of the body. Therefore, an option is given so that fire brigade members may meet the foot and leg requirements by either wearing long fire-resistive coats in combination with fully extended boots, or by wearing shorter fire-resistive coats in combination with protective trousers and protective shoes or shorter boots.

(c) Body protection. WAC 296-24-58513(3) provides an option for fire brigade members to achieve body protection. Fire brigade members may wear a fire-resistive coat in combination with fully extended boots, or they may wear a fire-resistive coat in combination with protective trousers.

Fire-resistive coats and protective trousers meeting all of the requirements contained in NFPA 1971-1975, "Protective Clothing for Structural Fire Fighters," are acceptable as meeting the requirements of this standard.

The lining is required to be permanently attached to the outer shell. However, it is permissible to attach the lining to the outer shell material by stitching in one area such as at the neck. Fastener tape or snap fasteners may be used to secure the rest of the lining to the outer shell to facilitate cleaning. Reference to permanent lining does not refer to a winter liner which is a detachable extra lining used to give added protection to the wearer against the effects of cold weather and wind.

(d) Hand protection. The requirements of subsection (4) of this section on hand protection may be met by protective gloves or a glove system. A glove system consists of a combination of different gloves. The usual components of a glove system consist of a pair of gloves, which provide thermal insulation to the hand, worn in combination with a second pair of gloves which provide protection against flame, cut and puncture.

It is suggested that protective gloves provide dexterity and a sense of feel for objects. Criteria and test methods for dexterity are contained in the NIOSH publications, "The Development of Criteria for Firefighters' Gloves; Vol. I: Glove Requirements," and "Vol. II: Glove Criteria and Test Methods." These NIOSH publications also contain a permissible modified version of Federal Test Method 191, Method 5903, (paragraph (3) of Appendix E) for flame resistance when gloves, rather than glove material, are tested for flame resistance.

(e) Head, eye and face protection. Head protective devices which meet the requirements contained in NFPA No. 1972 are acceptable as meeting the requirements of this standard for head protection.

Head protective devices are required to be provided with ear flaps so that the ear flaps will be available if needed. It is recommended that ear protection always be used while fighting interior structural fires.

Many head protective devices are equipped with face shields to protect the eyes and face. These face shields are permissible as meeting the eye and face protection requirements of this paragraph as long as such face shields meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-078 of the general safety and health standards.

Additionally, full facepieces, helmets or hoods of approved breathing apparatus which meet the requirements of WAC 296-62-071 and 296-24-58515 are also acceptable as meeting the eye and face protection requirements.

It is recommended that a flame resistant protective head covering such as a hood or snood, which will not adversely affect the seal of a respirator facepiece, be worn during interior structural fire fighting operations to protect the sides of the face and hair.

(8) Respiratory protective devices. Respiratory protection is required to be worn by fire brigade members while working inside buildings or confined spaces where toxic products of combustion or an oxygen deficiency is likely to be present; respirators are also to be worn during emergency situations involving toxic substances. When fire brigade members respond to emergency situations, they may be exposed to unknown contaminants in unknown concentrations. Therefore, it is imperative that fire brigade members wear proper respiratory protective devices during these situations. Additionally, there are many instances where toxic products of combustion are still present during mop—up and overhaul operations. Therefore, fire brigade members should continue to wear respirators during these types of operations.

Self-contained breathing apparatus are not required to be equipped with either buddy-breathing device or a quick disconnect valve. However, these accessories may be very useful and are acceptable as long as such accessories do not cause damage to the apparatus, restrict the air flow of the apparatus, or obstruct the normal operation of the apparatus.

Buddy-breathing devices are useful for emergency situations where a victim or another fire brigade member can share the same air supply with the wearer of the apparatus for emergency escape purposes.

The employer is encouraged to provide fire brigade members with an alternative means of respiratory protection to be used only for emergency escape purposes if the self-contained breathing apparatus becomes inoperative. Such alternative means of respiratory protection may be either a buddy-breathing device or an escape self-contained breathing apparatus (ESCBA). The ESCBA is a short-duration respiratory protective device which is approved for only emergency escape purposes. It is suggested that if ESCBA units are used, that they be of at least five minutes service life.

Quick disconnect valves are devices which start the flow of air by insertion of the hose (which leads to the facepiece) into the regulator of self-contained breathing apparatus, and stop the flow of air by disconnecting the hose from the regulator. These devices are particularly useful for those positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus which do not have the capability of being switched from the demand to the positive-pressure mode.

The use of a self-contained breathing apparatus where the apparatus can be switched from a demand to a positive-pressure mode is acceptable as long as the apparatus is in the positive-pressure mode when performing interior structural fire fighting operations. Also acceptable are approved respiratory protective devices which have been converted to the positive-pressure type when such modification is accomplished by trained and experienced persons using kits or parts approved by NIOSH and provided by the manufacturer and by following the manufacturer's instructions.

There are situations which require the use of respirators which have a duration of two hours or more. Presently, there are no approved positive-pressure apparatus with a rated service life of more than two hours. Consequently, negative-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with a rated service life of more than two hours and which have a minimum protection factor of 5,000 as determined by an acceptable quantitative fit test performed on each individual, will be acceptable for use during situations which require long duration apparatus. Long duration apparatus may be needed in such instances as working in tunnels, subway systems, etc. Such negative-pressure breathing apparatus will continue to be acceptable for a maximum of eighteen months after a positive-pressure apparatus with the same or longer rated service life of more than two hours is certified by NIOSH/MSHA. After this eighteen-month phase-in period, all self-contained breathing apparatus used for these long duration situations will have to be of the positive-pressure type.

Protection factor (sometimes called fit factor) is defined as the ratio of the contaminant concentrations outside of the respirator to the contaminant concentrations inside the facepiece of the respirator.

PF = Concentration outside respirator
Concentration inside facepiece

Protection factors are determined by quantitative fit tests. An acceptable quantitative fit test should include the following elements:

(a) A fire brigade member who is physically and medically capable of wearing respirators, and who is trained in the use of respirators, dons a self-contained breathing apparatus equipped with a device that will

monitor the concentration of a contaminant inside the facepiece.

- (b) The fire brigade member then performs a qualitative fit test to assure the best face—to—facepiece seal as possible. A qualitative fit test can consist of a negative—pressure test, positive—pressure test, isoamyl acetate vapor (banana oil) test, or an irritant smoke test. For more details on respirator fitting see the NIOSH booklet entitled, "A Guide to Industrial Respiratory Protection," June 1976, and HEW publication No. (NIOSH) 76—189.
- (c) The wearer should then perform physical activity which reflects the level of work activity which would be expected during fire fighting activities. The physical activity should include simulated fire-ground work activity or physical exercise such as running-in-place, a step test, etc.
- (d) Without readjusting the apparatus, the wearer is placed in a test atmosphere containing a nontoxic contaminant with a known, constant concentration.

The protection factor is then determined by dividing the known concentration of the contaminant in the test atmosphere by the concentration of the contaminant inside the facepiece when the following exercises are performed:

- (i) Normal breathing with head motionless for one minute;
- (ii) Deep breathing with head motionless for thirty seconds;
- (iii) Turning head slowly from side to side while breathing normally, pausing for at least two breaths before changing direction. Continue for at least one minute:
- (iv) Moving head slowly up and down while breathing normally, pausing for at least two breaths before changing direction. Continue for at least two minutes;
- (v) Reading from a prepared text, slowly and clearly, and loudly enough to be heard and understood. Continue for one minute; and
- (vi) Normal breathing with head motionless for at least one minute.

The protection factor which is determined must be at least 5,000. The quantitative fit test should be conducted at least three times. It is acceptable to conduct all three tests on the same day. However, there should be at least one hour between tests to reflect the protection afforded by the apparatus during different times of the day.

The above elements are not meant to be a comprehensive, technical description of a quantitative fit test protocol. However, quantitative fit test procedures which include these elements are acceptable for determining protection factors. Procedures for a quantitative fit test are required to be available for inspection by the director or authorized representative.

Organizations such as Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, Lawrence Livermore Laboratory, NIOSH, and American National Standards Institute (ANSI) are excellent sources for additional information concerning qualitative and quantitative fit testing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-58517, filed 12/24/81.]

## Part G-3 FIRE SUPPRESSION EQUIPMENT

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### DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS SUBCHAPTER

296-24-63599 Appendix E-Test methods for protective clothing.

296-24-590 Portable fire suppression equipment—Portable fire extinguishers. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-590, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-590, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 88-11-021 (Order 88-04),

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	filed 5/11/88. Sta	tutory Aut	hority: Cha	pter 49.17
296-24-59001	RCW. General requiremen filed 5/9/73 and O 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 11/30/87. Sta	order 73–4, I by 87–24	§ 296–24–59 ⊢051 (Orde	9001, filed or 87–24),
296–24–59003	RCW. Selection of extingu 59003, filed 5/7/7 filed 5/9/73 and O 5/7/73.] Repealed	4; Order 7 Order 73–4, I by 87–24	3–5, § 296– § 296–24–5! ⊢051 (Orde	24–59003, 9003, filed or 87–24),
296–24–59005	filed 11/30/87. Sta RCW. Distribution of porta 5, § 296-24-59005 296-24-59005, file	able fire ext , filed 5/9/ ed 5/7/73.]	inguishers. [ 73 and Ord Repealed b	Order 73- er 73-4, § by 87-24-
296–24–59007	051 (Order 87-24) thority: Chapter 49 Inspection, mainten 74-27, § 296-24-59 296-24-59007, filed 24-59007, filed 5,	.17 RCW. ance, and hy 9007, filed d 5/9/73 ar	ydrostatic tes 5/7/74; Ord nd Order 73-	sts. [Order er 73–5, § -4, § 296–
296–24–600	(Order 87-24), file Chapter 49.17 RCV Standpipe and hose 600, filed 5/9/73 filed 5/7/73.] Rep	d 11/30/87 W. systems. [C and Order realed by 8	7. Statutory  Order 73-5, 73-4, § 29 7-24-051 (6	Authority: \$ 296-24-6-24-600, Order 87-
296–24–60001	24), filed 11/30/8 49.17 RCW. General requiremen filed 5/9/73 and O 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 11/30/87. Sta	its. [Order 7 Order 73-4, I by 87-24	73–5, § 296– § 296–24–66 ⊢051 (Orde	24-60001, 0001, filed or 87-24),
296-24-60003	RCW. Hose outlets. [Order 73– and Order 73–4, § pealed by 87–24–05	er 74–27, § 5, § 296–2 296–24–600	\$ 296–24–60 4–60003, file 003, filed 5/2	0003, filed ed 5/9/73 7/73.] Re-
296-24-60005	Statutory Authority Water supplies. [Or 5/9/73 and Orde 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 11/30/87. Sta	7: Chapter 4 rder 73–5, er 73–4, § I by 87–24	9.17 RCW. § 296–24–60 296–24–600 –051 (Orde	0005, filed 005, filed or 87–24),
296–24–60007	RCW. Tests and mainten 60007, filed 5/9/7 60007, filed 5/7/73 87-24), filed 11/30 49.17 RCW.	73 and Ore	der 73-4, § by 87-24-0	296-24- 51 (Order
296-24-605	Fixed fire suppressive systems. [Ordon 5/9/73 and Ordo 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 5/11/88. Star RCW.	der 73–5, er 73–4, by 88–11	§ 296–24–6 § 296–24–6 –021 (Orde	505, filed 505, filed r 88–04),
296-24-60501	General requirement filed 5/9/73 and O 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 11/30/87. Sta	order 73–4, by 87–24	§ 296–24–60 –051 (Orde	0501, filed r 87–24),
296-24-60503	RCW. Fire department con 60503, filed 5/9/7 60503, filed 5/7/73 87-24), filed 11/30	73 and Ore	der 73–4, § by 87–24–0	296-24- 51 (Order
296-24-60505	49.17 RCW. Sprinkler alarms. [C 5/9/73 and Orde 5/7/73.] Repealed filed 11/30/87. Sta	r 73–4, § by 87–24	296-24-605 -051 (Orde	505, filed r 87–24),
296-24-60507	RCW. Maintenance of spring 24-60507, filed 3			

24-60507, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-60507, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-

60507, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order

87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter

296-24-60509 Sprinkler head clearance. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-60509, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-60509, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 296-24-615 Fixed dry chemical extinguishing systems. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-615, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-615, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 296-24-61501 General requirements. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-61501, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-61501, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 296-24-61503 Alarms and indicators. [Order 74-27, § 296-24-61503, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-61503, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-61503, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 296-24-61505 Inspection and maintenance. [Order 76-6, § 296-24-61505, filed 3/1/76; Order 73-5, § 296-24-61505, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-61505, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 296-24-620 Carbon dioxide extinguishing systems. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-620, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-620, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW. 296-24-62001 General requirements. [Order 73-5, § 296-24-62001, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-62001, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 **RCW** 296-24-62003 Inspection and maintenance. [Order 74-27, § 296-24-62003, filed 5/7/74; Order 73-5, § 296-24-62003, filed 5/9/73 and Order 73-4, § 296-24-62003, filed 5/7/73.] Repealed by 87-24-051 (Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17 RCW 296-24-625 Local fire alarm signaling systems. [Order 74-27, § 296-24-625, filed 5/7/74.] Repealed by 87-24-051

WAC 296-24-592 Portable fire extinguishers. All sections of this chapter which include WAC 296-24-592 in the section number apply to portable fire extinguish-

Chapter 49.17 RCW.

(Order 87-24), filed 11/30/87. Statutory Authority:

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-592, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-59201 Scope and application. The requirements of this section apply to the placement, use, maintenance, and testing of portable fire extinguishers provided for the use of employees. WAC 296-24-59207 does not apply to extinguishers provided for employee use on the outside of workplace buildings or structures. Where extinguishers are provided but are not intended for employee use and the employer has an emergency action plan and a fire prevention plan which meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-567, then only the requirements of WAC 296-24-59209 and 296-24-59211 apply.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-59201, filed 12/24/81.]

49.17 RCW.

WAC 296-24-59203 Exemptions. (1) Where the employer has established and implemented a written fire safety policy which requires the immediate and total evacuation of employees from the workplace upon the sounding of a fire alarm signal and which includes an emergency action plan and a fire prevention plan which meet the requirements of WAC 296-24-567, and when extinguishers are not available in the workplace, the employer is exempt from all requirements of this section unless a specific standard in chapter 296-24 WAC requires that a portable fire extinguisher be provided.

(2) Where the employer has an emergency action plan meeting the requirements of WAC 296-24-567, which designates certain employees to be the only employees authorized to use the available portable fire extinguishers, and which requires all other employees in the fire area to immediately evacuate the affected work area upon the sounding of the fire alarm, the employer is exempt from the distribution requirements in WAC 296-24-59207.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-59203, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-59205 General requirements. (1) The employer shall provide portable fire extinguishers and shall mount, locate and identify them so that they are readily accessible to employees without subjecting the employees to possible injury.

(2) Only approved portable fire extinguishers shall be used to meet the requirements of this section.

- (3) The employer shall not provide or make available in the workplace portable fire extinguishers using carbon tetrachloride or chlorobromomethane extinguishing agents.
- (4) The employer shall assure that portable fire extinguishers are maintained in a fully charged and operable condition and kept in their designated places at all times except during use.
- (5) The employer shall permanently remove from service by January 1, 1982, all soldered or riveted shell self-generating soda acid or self-generating foam or gas cartridge water type portable fire extinguishers which are operated by inverting the extinguisher to rupture the cartridge or to initiate an uncontrollable pressure generating chemical reaction to expel the agent.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-59205, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-59207 Selection and distribution. (1) Portable fire extinguishers shall be provided for employee use and selected and distributed based on the classes of anticipated workplace fires and on the size and degree of hazard which would affect their use.

(2) The employer shall distribute portable fire extinguishers for use by employees on Class A fires so that the travel distance for employees to any extinguisher is 75 feet (22.9 m) or less.

(3) The employer may use uniformly spaced standpipe systems or hose stations connected to a sprinkler system installed for emergency use by employees instead of Class A portable fire extinguishers, provided that such

systems meet the respective requirements of WAC 296-24-602 or 296-24-607, that they provide total coverage of the area to be protected, and that employees are trained at least annually in their use.

(4) The employer shall distribute portable fire extinguishers for use by employees on Class B fires so that the travel distance from the Class B hazard area to any extinguisher is 50 feet (15.2 m) or less.

(5) The employer shall distribute portable fire extinguishers used for Class C hazards on the basis of the appropriate pattern for the existing Class A or Class B hazards.

(6) The employer shall distribute portable fire extinguishers or other containers of Class D extinguishing agent for use by employees so that the travel distance from the combustible metal working area to any extinguishing agent is 75 feet (22.9 m) or less. Portable fire extinguishers for Class D hazards are required in those combustible metal working areas where combustible metal powders, flakes, shavings, or similarly sized products are generated at least once every two weeks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-59207, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-59209 Inspection, maintenance and testing. (1) The employer shall be responsible for the inspection, maintenance and testing of all portable fire extinguishers in the workplace.

(2) Portable extinguishers or hose used in lieu thereof under WAC 296-24-59207(3) shall be visually inspected monthly.

- (3) The employer shall assure that portable fire extinguishers are subjected to an annual maintenance check. Stored pressure extinguishers do not require an internal examination. The employer shall record the annual maintenance date and retain this record for one year after the last entry or the life of the shell, whichever is less. The record shall be available to the director upon request.
- (4) The employer shall assure that stored-pressure dry chemical extinguishers that require a twelve-year hydrostatic test are emptied and subjected to applicable maintenance procedures every six years. Dry chemical extinguishers having nonrefillable disposable containers are exempt from this requirement. When recharging or hydrostatic testing is performed, the six-year requirement begins from that date.
- (5) The employer shall assure that alternate equivalent protection is provided when portable fire extinguishers are removed from service for maintenance and recharging.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.040 and 49.17.050. 82-02-003 (Order 81-32), § 296-24-59209, filed 12/24/81.]

WAC 296-24-59211 Hydrostatic testing. (1) The employer shall assure that hydrostatic testing is performed by trained persons with suitable testing equipment and facilities.

(2) The employer shall assure that portable extinguishers are hydrostatically tested at the intervals listed