Title 220 WAC FISHERIES, DEPARTMENT OF

Chapters		220–64–020	Fetuses and the unborn excluded. [Order 236, § 5,
220-12	Food fish and shellfish—Classified.	220-64-030	filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72. Amount of bounty. [Order 236, § 2, filed 3/1/60.]
220-16	Definitions.	220-04-030	Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.
220-20	General provisions.	220-64-040	Application for bounty—Proof of kill. [Order 236, §§
220-22	Management and catch reporting areas.		3, 4 and 6, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 988,
220-24	Pacific Ocean waters.	220 (4.050	filed 4/28/72.
220-28	Emergency regulations.	220–64–050	Bounty payments only for Washington kills. [Order 236, § 7, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 988, filed
220-32	Columbia River.		4/28/72.
220-32	Columbia River—Commercial fisheries be-	220-64-060	Disposal of evidence by director. [Order 236, § 8,
220-33	low Bonneville Dam.		filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.
220-36	Grays Harbor.		Chapter 220-68
220-40	Willapa Harbor.		FISH RECEIVING TICKET BOOKS
220-44	Coastal waters—Marine fish.		FISH RECEIVING FICKET BOOKS
220-47	Puget Sound—Salmon.	220-68-001	Promulgation. [Order 282, Promulgation, filed
220-48			3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65.
	Puget Sound—Fish other than salmon.	220-68-010	Later promulgation, see chapter 220–69 WAC. Tickets—Issuance, applicability, licenses, taxes and
220-49	Puget Sound commercial bait fish.	220-08-010	reports. [Order 282, § 1, subsections 1–7, filed
220-52	Shellfish.		3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed $4/30/65$.
220-55	Personal-use licenses.		Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69 WAC.
220-56	Personal-use fishery.	220-68-020	Ticket data—Signatures. [Order 282, § 2, subsections
220-57	Fresh water angling—Open areas and		1-11, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65. Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69
AAA === 1	seasons.		WAC.
220-57A	Fresh water lakes.	220-68-030	Ticket copies—Fisherman to furnish data. [Order
220-60	Oysters and clams—Sales from state		282, § 3, subsections 1-3, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by
000 (0	reserves.		Order 640, filed 4/30/65. Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69 WAC.
220–69	Fish receiving tickets—Weight delivery	220-68-040	Duties of receivers and purchasers. [Order 282, § 4,
	sheets.	220 00 0,10	filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65.
220-72	Oyster diseases and pests.		Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69 WAC.
220-74	Surplus salmon eggs.	220-68-050	Ticket books. [Order 282, § 5, filed 3/1/60.]
220-76	Aquaculture.		Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65. Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69 WAC.
220-77	Aquaculture disease control.	220-68-060	Misrepresentations—Forms. [Order 282, § 6, filed
220-80	Public records.		3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65.
220-85	Commercial license moratorium advisory	(0 0	Later promulgation, see chapter 220-69 WAC.
	review board regulations.	220–68–070	Fishermen's cooperatives. [Order 282, § 7, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 640, filed 4/30/65.
220-87	Puget Sound whiting.		Later promulgation, see chapter 220–69 WAC.
220-90	Commercial herring fishing license hardship		France-Bases
	validation review board regulations.		Chapter 220-105.
220-95	Commercial fishing gear reduction	SAL	MON ANGLING LICENSE REGULATIONS
	program.	220-105-010	Salmon angling license. [Order 77-121, § 220-105-
220-100	State Environmental Policy Act rules.		010, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order
220-110	Hydraulic code rules.		80-12), filed $2/27/80$, effective $4/1/80$. Statutory
220-120	Stream obstruction hearings procedure.		Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see
220-130	Volunteer cooperative fisheries enhance-	220-105-015	WAC 220-55-070. Salmon angling license validation stamp. [Order 77-
	ment programs.	220 103 013	121, § 220–105–015, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by
220-140	Regional fisheries enhancement groups.		80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective
			4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later
DISPOSITION	OF CHAPTERS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS	220-105-020	promulgation, see WAC 220-55-075. Validation date. [Order 77-121, § 220-105-020, filed
	TITLE	220 103-020	10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12),
	Chanten 220 (4		filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority:
	Chapter 220–64		RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-
	SEALS AND SEA LIONS	220-105-025	55-080. Fresh and saltwater angling. [Order 77-121, § 220-
220-64-001	Promulgation. [Order 236 (part), filed 3/1/60.]	220-103-023	105–025, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064
	Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.		(Order $80-12$), filed $2/27/80$, effective $4/1/80$.
220-64-010	Taking or killing lawful. [Order 236, § 1, filed		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later
	3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.		promulgation, see WAC 220-55-085.
(1990 Ed.)			[Title 220 WACp 1]

220–105–030	Salmon angling license dealer. [Order 77-121, § 220-105-030, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-55-090.
220–105–035	Salmon angling license distribution agent. [Order 77–121, § 220–105–035, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–55–095.
220-105-040	Blind person. [Order 77–121, § 220–105–040, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–55–100.
220–105–045	License issuing procedures. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–105–045, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–121, § 220–105–045, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later
220–105–046	promulgation, see WAC 220-55-105. Bond requirements. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-105-046, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-55-110.
220–105–047	Stamp sales reporting and fee remittances. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-105-047, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-55-115.
220–105–050	Free license issuing procedure. [Order 77-121, § 220-105-050, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-55-120.
220–105–055	Duties of a salmon angling license dealer. [Order 77–121, § 220–105–055, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–55–125.
220105060	Valid license required. [Order 77–121, § 220–105–060, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–55–130.
220–105–065	Stamp redemption. [Order 77–121, § 220–105–065, filed 10/19/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–55–135.

Chapter 220-12 WAC FOOD FISH AND SHELLFISH--CLASSIFIED

Food fish—Classification. Shellfish—Classification.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER		
220–12–001	Food fish and shellfish—Promulgation. [Order 807, § 220-12-001, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Order 677, Promulgation, filed 3/31/66; Order 256, Promulgation, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.	
220-12-002	Food fish and shellfish—Classification and preamble. [Order 807. § 220-12-002. filed 1/2/69. effective	

2/1/69; Order 677, Preamble, filed 3/31/66; Order 256, Preamble, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

The CWe:

	ood fishClassification.
following fishes are classi	fied as food fish under Ro
75.08.080 and are subject	to the provisions of this titl
•	•
Barracuda	C-1
Pacific barracuda	Sphyraena argentea
Cyprinids	Compinus as min
Carp Cods and hake	Cyprinus carpio
Pacific hake or whiting	Merluccius productus
Walleye pollock	Theragra chalcogrammus
Pacific Tomcod	Microgadus proximus
Pacific Cod or true cod	Gadus macrocephalus
Flounder, sole and halibut	Gadus macrocepharus
Butter sole or Bellingham sole	Isopsetta isolepis
C-O sole	Pleuronichtys coenosus
Dover sole	Microstomus pacificus
English sole	Parophrys vetulus
Flathead sole	Hippoglossoides elassodon
Pacific halibut	Hippoglossus stenolepis
Petrale sole	Eopsetta jordani
Rex sole	Glyptocephalus zachirus
Rock sole	Lepidopsetta bilineata
Pacific sand dab	Citharichthys sordidus
Sand sole	Psettichthys melanostictus
Slender sole	Lyopsetta exilis
Speckled sand dab	Citharichthys stigmaeus
Starry flounder	Platichthys stellatus
Furbot or Arrowtooth flounder	Atheresthes stomias
All other species of sole and	Atherestiles stomas
flounder	(Pleuronectiformes)
Giant wrymouth	Delolepsis gigantea
Greenling	Delolepsis giganica
Lingcod	Ophiodon elongatus
Rock greenling	Hexagrammos superciliosus
Kelp greenling	Hexagrammos decagrammus
All other species of greenling	(Hexagrammidae)
Herring and herring-like	(Hexagrammidae)
fishes	
Northern anchovy	Engraulis mordax
Pacific sand lance or candlefish	Ammodytes hexapterus
Pacific herring	Clupea harengus pallasi
Pacific sardine or pilchard	Sardinops sagax
American shad	Alosa sapidissima
Mackerels, tunas and jacks	mosa saprassima
(carangids)	
Pacific bonito	Sarda chiliensis
Pacific mackerel	Scomber japonicus
Jack mackerel	Trachurus symmetricus
Monterey Spanish mackerel	Scomberomorus concolor
Spanish mackerel	Scomberomorus maculatus
Yellowtail	Seriola dorsalis
Albacore	Thunnus alalunga
Bluefin tuna	Thunnus alalunga Thunnus thynnus
Skipjack tuna Yellowfin tuna	Euthynnus pelamis Thunnus albacares
i chowilli tulia	i numius aivacaies

(Scombridae) Brama japonica Peprilus simillimus Parichthys notatus Hydrolagus colliei (Coryphaenoididae)

All other species of tunas and

mackerels

Rattails, all species Skates Longnose skate

All other species of skates

Pacific pomfret

Ratfish

Big skate

Rockfish Bocaccio

Black rockfish

Brown rockfish

Pacific pompano Plainfin midshipman

> Raja rhina Raja binoculata (Rajidae)

Sebastes paucispinis Sebastes melanops Sebastes auriculatus

WAC

220-12-010

220-12-020

Copper rockfish
Greenstriped rockfish
Canary rockfish
Pacific Ocean perch
Yelloweye or rasphead rockfish
Rosefish or splitnose rockfish
Silvergray rockfish
Quillback rockfish
Yellowtail rockfish
All other species of rockfish
Sablefish
Salmon

Salmon
Chinook or King salmon
Chum or dog salmon
Pink or humpback
Coho or silver
Sockeye or blue back

Masu
Sculpins
Brown Irish lord
Buffalo sculpin
Cabezon
Great sculpin

Pacific Staghorn sculpin
Red Irish lord
Seabass and drums
White seabass
All other seabass and drums

Sharks
Sixgill shark

Soupfin shark
Dogfish or spiny dogfish
All other species of sharks
Smelts

Eulachon or Columbia River smelt Longfin smelt

Surf smelt All other species of smelt

Sturgeons
Green sturgeon
White sturgeon
Surfperches

Blue perch or striped seaperch Kelp perch Redtail surfperch Shiner perch Pile perch Walleye surfperch White seaperch All other species of perch

Wolf-eel
Hagfishes
Pacific hagfish
Black hagfish

Sebastes caurinus Sebastes elongatus Sebastes pinniger Sebastes alutus Sebastes ruberrimus Sebastes diploproa Sebastes brevispinis Sebastes maliger Sebastes flavidus (Scorpaenidae) Anoplopoma fimbria

Oncorhynchus tshawytscha Oncorhynchus keta Oncorhynchus gorbuscha Oncorhynchus kisutch Oncorhynchus nerka Oncorhynchus masu

Hemilepidotus spinosus Enophrys bison Scorpaenichthys marmoratus Myoxocephalus polyacanthocephalus Leptocottus armatus Hemilepidotus hemilepidotus

Cynoscion nobilis (Sciaenidae and Serranidae)

Hexanchus griseus Galeorhinus zyopterus Squalus acanthias (Squaliformes and Hexanchiformes)

Thaleichthys pacificus Spirinchus dilatus Hypomesus pretiosus (Osmeridae)

Acipenser medirostris Acipenser transmontanus

Embiotoca lateralis
Brachyistius frenatus
Amphistichus rhodoterus
Cymatogaster aggregata
Rhacochilus vacca
Hyperprosopon argenteum
Phanerodon furcatus
(Embiotocidae)
Anarthichthys ocellatus

Eptatretus stouti Eptatretus deani

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–14–010 (Order 89–48), § 220–12–010, filed 6/22/89; 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-12-010, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220–12–010, filed 3/18/82; Order 1057, § 220-12-010, filed 5/22/73; Order 807, § 220-12-010, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Order 677, Food fish classification, filed 3/31/66; Order 256, Food fish classification, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-12-020 Shellfish—Classification. The following species are classified as shellfish under RCW 75.08.080 and are subject to the provisions of this title:

Abalone

Red abalone Pinto abalone Haliotis refescens Haliotis kamtschatkana Mussel

Blue mussel California mussel Scallops

Pacific pink scallop Rock scallop Spiny scallop Weathervane scallop Clams

All other macoma clams Butter clam Common cockle Geoduck

Bent nose clam

Horse or Gaper clam

Mud or soft shell clam Manila clam Piddock Razor clam

Rock or native little neck clam

Oysters
Eastern oyster
Olympia or native oyster
Pacific oyster
Kumamoto oyster
European oyster
All other oysters
Squid

Pacific Coast squid Nail squid Flying squid All other squid

Octopus
Octopus
Barnacles

Goose barnacle
Shrimp
Coonstripe shrimp
Coonstripe shrimp
Ghost or sand shrimp

Humpy shrimp Mud shrimp Ocean pink shrimp Pink shrimp Sidestripe shrimp Spot shrimp

Crab

Dungeness or Pacific
Red crab

Tanner crab
Crawfish
Crawfish

Sea cucumber Sea cucumber

Sea cucumber Sea urchin Green urchin Red urchin

Purple urchin

Mytilis edulis Mytilis californianus

Chlamys rubida Crassadoma gigantea Chlamys hastata Patinopecten caurinus

Macoma secta
Macoma spp.
Saxidomus giganteus
Clinocardium nuttalli
Panope abrupta
Tresus nuttalli,
Tresus capax
Mya arenaria
Tapes philippinarum
Zirfaea pilsbryi
Siliqua patula
Protothaca staminea

Crassostrea virginica Ostrea lurida Crassostrea gigas Crassostrea gigas (kumamoto) Ostrea edulis

Loligo opalescens Onychoteuthis borealijaponica Ommastrephes bartramai Sepioidea or Teuthoiden

Octopus dolfeni

(Ostreidae)

Pollicipes polymerus

Pandalus danae
Pandalus hypsinotus
Callianassa spp.
Pandalus goniurus
Upogebia pugettensis
Pandalus jordani
Pandalus borealis
Pandalopsis dispar
Pandalus platyceros

Cancer magister Cancer productus Chionoecetes tanneri

Pacifastacus sp.

Parastichopus californicus Cucumaria miniata

Strongylocentrotus droebachiensis Strongylocentrotus franciscanus Strongylocentrotus purpuratus

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–12–025 (Order 88–28), § 220–12–020, filed 5/25/88, effective 8/22/88; 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), § 220–12–020, filed 11/6/87; 86–24–046 (Order 86–190), § 220–12–020, filed 11/26/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–12–020, filed 4/9/85; 85–01–010 (Order 84–214), § 220–12–020, filed 12/7/84; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–12–020, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 1186, § 220–12–020, filed 1/13/75; Order 990, § 220–12–020, filed 5/11/72; Order 807, § 220–12–020, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Order 677, Shellfish classification, filed 3/31/66; Order 256, Shellfish classification, filed 3/1/60; Abalone and octopus from Order 483 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

Chapter 220-16 WAC

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS $\operatorname{CHAPTER}$

DEFINITIONS		220–16–018 220–16–020	Definitions—Bottom sink set net. [Order 810, § 220–16–018, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).] Repealed by Order 1193, filed 3/4/75. Definitions—Geographical districts. [Order 726, § 1
WAC 220–16–010	Definitions—Fishing gear.	220-10-020	(part), filed 4/26/67; subsections 1–3, 5–9, 11 from Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Orders 355 and 256, filed
220–16–015 220–16–025	General definitions—Trawl gear. Definitions—Brush weir.		3/1/60; subsection 10 from Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 12-14
220-16-028	Definitions—Dip bag net.		from Orders 414 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 15
220–16–035 220–16–040	Definitions—Drag seine. Definitions—Gill net—Drift net.		from Order 507, filed 4/13/60; subsection 16 from Order 547, filed 7/5/62; Order 256, filed 3/1/60.]
220–16–051	Definitions—Commercial jig.		Repealed by filing of later enactment. See WAC
220–16–055 220–16–065	Definitions—Hook and line—Angling. Definitions—Lampara.	22016030	220–16–200 through 220–16–275.
220-16-075	Definitions—Purse seine.	220-10-030	Definitions—General definitions. [Order 726, § 1, (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1, 2, 5, 7, 9, 10
220–16–080 220–16–085	Definitions—Reef net. Definitions—Ring net.		from Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/65; subsections 3,
220-16-090	Definitions—Set line.		8, 12 from Orders 452 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 635, filed 3/31/65; Order 568,
220–16–095 220–16–100	Definitions—Set net. Definitions—Shellfish pot.		filed 3/26/63; Orders 452 and 256, filed 3/1/60;
220-16-105	Definitions—Snag line.		subsection 6 from Orders 385 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by filing of later enactment. See WAC
220–16–110 220–16–120	Definitions—Snag net. Definitions—Trammel net.	220 16 045	220–16–300 through 220–16–355.
220-16-125	Definitions—Troll line.	220–16–045	Definitions—Hand dip net. [Order 1105, § 220–16–045, filed 12/28/73; Order 810, § 220–16–045, filed
220–16–126 220–16–140	Troll spread. Definitions—Herring rake.		4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).] Re-
220-16-145	Definitions—Bottom fish pot.		pealed by 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority:
220–16–200 220–16–205	Geographical definitions—District 1. Geographical definitions—District 2.		RCW 75.08.080.
220-16-210	Geographical definitions—Puget Sound.	220–16–050	Definitions—Hand line. [Order 810, § 220–16–050, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]
220–16–211 220–16–215	Geographical definitions—Puget Sound tributaries. Geographical definitions—Grays Harbor.		Repealed by 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), filed
220–16–220	Geographical definitions—Willapa Harbor.	220–16–060	2/15/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Definitions—Jigger. [Order 810, § 220–16–060, filed
220–16–225 220–16–230	Geographical definitions—Columbia River. Geographical definitions—Outside Initiative 77 line.	220-10-000	4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).] Re-
220-16-235	Geographical definitions—Inside Initiative 77 line.		pealed by 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), filed 2/15/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–16–240 220–16–245	Geographical definitions—Coastal waters. Geographical definitions—River mouths.	220-16-070	Definitions—Otter trawl. [Statutory Authority: RCW
220-16-250	Geographical definitions—Mile measurement.		75.08.080. 79-05-007 (Order 79-20), § 220-16-070, filed 4/11/79; Order 810, § 220-16-070, filed
220–16–255 220–16–257	Geographical definitions—Razor clam areas. Razor clam beds.		4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).] Re-
220–16–260	Geographical definitions—Skagit Bay shrimp fishing		pealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82.
220-16-265	area. Geographical definitions—Lopez Island shrimp fish-	220-16-115	Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Definitions—Suspension set net. [Order 810, § 220–16–115, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010
220-16-270	ing area. Geographical definitions—Skagit River.		(part).] Repealed by Order 1193, filed 3/4/75.
220–16–275	Geographical definitions—Village point.	220–16–130	Definitions—Shrimp trawl. [Statutory Authority:
220–16–280 220–16–300	Geographical definitions—Clam and oyster districts. General definitions—Personal use.		RCW 75.08.080. 80–13–064, (Order 80–123), § 220–16–130, filed 9/17/80; Order 77–145, § 220–16–130,
220–16–305	General definitions—Commercial purposes.		filed 12/13/77; Order 945, § 220–16–130, filed
220–16–310 220–16–315	General definitions—Net length measurement. General definitions—Net mesh measurement.		8/16/71; Order 810, § 220-16-130, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).] Repealed by
220–16–313	General definitions—Fish length measurement.		82-14-056 (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory
220-16-325	General definitions—Dressed fish length measurement.	220-16-132	Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Scallop dredge. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-
220-16-330	General definitions—Dressed fish.		.080. 82-03-045 (Order 82-6), § 220-16-132, filed
220–16–335	General definitions—Spawning salmon.		1/19/82.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–16–340 220–16–345	General definitions—Bottomfish. General definitions—Time.	220-16-135	Definitions—Smelt rake. [Order 810, § 220-16-135,
220–16–350 220–16–355	General definitions—Jack salmon. General definitions—Soft-shelled crab.		filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).] Repealed by 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), filed
220–16–353	General definitions—Bait purposes.		11/30/83, effective 1/1/84. Statutory Authority:
220–16–370	General definitions—Sac-roe herring purposes.	220-16-385	RCW 75.08.080. Sea urchin districts. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-
220–16–375 220–16–380	Westport Boat Basin. English Camp Tidelands.	220-10-383	.08.080. 86–20–028 (Order 86–123), § 220–16–385,
220–16–395	Buoy 13 line.		filed 9/23/86.] Repealed by 87-23-006 (Order 87-
220–16–400 220–16–405	Definition—Lower Columbia River. Definition—SMCRA.		187), filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220-16-410	Definition—Extenuating circumstances.	220-16-390	Sea cucumber districts. [Statutory Authority: RCW
220–16–420 220–16–430	Explosive substance. Spawn on kelp.		75.08.080. 87-02-013 (Order 86-199), § 220-16-390, filed 12/30/86.] Repealed by 87-23-006 (Order
220–16–440 220–16–450	San Juan Islands Marine Preserve Area. Light 26 Line.		87–187), filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-16-010 Definitions—Fishing gear. It shall be unlawful to operate in any area of the state of Washington or any area over which the state of Washington has concurrent jurisdiction any of the types of fishing gear defined hereinafter in this section for any purpose or by any means whatsoever except at the times, places and in the manners and for the species, quantities, sizes and sexes of food fish and shellfish or fish for food fish and shellfish with any type of fishing appliance not defined hereinafter in this section.

[Order 810, § 220–16–010, filed 4/17/69; subsections 2, 7 rescinded by Order 758, § 1, filed 10/16/67; subsection 14 amended by Order 758, § 2, filed 10/16/67; subsections 1–28 amended by Order 726, filed 4/24/67; subsections 1–4, 6, 7, 10, 12, 15–21, 23–25 from Order 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 15 amended by Order 677, filed 3/31/66; subsection 25 amended by Order 672, filed 12/28/65; subsections 5 and 9 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 313 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 9 amended by Order 635, filed 3/31/65; subsection 8 from Orders 406 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 11 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 13 from Orders 285 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 14 from Order 591, filed 10/28/63; Orders 480 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 22 from Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 26 from Orders 480 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 27, 28 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61.]

WAC 220-16-015 General definitions—Trawl gear. (1) "Otter trawl" shall be defined as a cone or funnel—shaped net which is towed or drawn through the water by one or two vessels. Otter trawl nets may be used both on and off the seabed. Otter trawl nets may be fished with or without trawl doors, and may employ warps or cables to direct fish. Otter trawl nets are restricted to the following three categories:

(a) "Bottom trawl" means an otter trawl in which the otter boards or the footrope of the net contact the seabed, and includes Danish and Scottish seine gear.

- (b) "Roller trawl" or "bobbin trawl" are identical, and mean an otter trawl with footropes equipped with rollers or bobbins made of wood, steel, rubber, plastic, or other hard material which protects the net during fishing on the seabed.
- (c) "Pelagic trawl" means an otter trawl in which the otter boards may be in contact with the seabed but the footrope of the net remains above the seabed. Pelagic trawl nets may not have footropes protected at the trawl mouth with rollers, bobbins, or discs.
- (2) "Beam trawl" shall be defined as a bag-shaped trawl net not utilizing weighted otter frames or otter doors when operated. The minimum mesh size for beam trawl nets is four and one-half inches in a food fish fishery and one and one-half inches in a shrimp fishery, unless otherwise provided.
- (3) "Shrimp trawl" shall be defined as a tapered, funnel—shaped trawl net in which the mesh size is two inches or less in the intermediate and codend sections of the trawl. Otter doors or boards are used to spread the mouth of the net horizontally as it is towed. The mouth of the net is formed on the upper edge by a line to which floats are attached (headrope) and on the lower edge by a line which is usually weighted (footrope). Additional webbing is frequently attached to the codend section to prevent the net from chafing.

(4) "Scallop dredge" shall be defined as trawl gear with interlocking metal ring meshes, which is legal gear for harvest of scallops.

- (5) "Codend" shall be defined as the terminal, closed end of a trawl net.
- (a) Single-walled codend is a codend constructed of a single wall of webbing knitted with single-ply mesh, or with double-ply mesh (double twine tied into a single knot).
- (b) Double-walled codend is a codend constructed of two walls of webbing. The double-walled portion of the codend must be tied knot-to-knot to the trawl net, and may not be longer than twenty-five trawl meshes or twelve feet, whichever is greater. The use of double-walled codends is unlawful in pelagic trawls, roller trawls, and bobbin trawls.
- (6) "Chafing gear" shall be defined as webbing or other material attached to the bottom (underside) or around the codend of a trawl net to protect the codend from wear. Chafing gear must not be connected to the terminal (closed) end of the codend.
- (7) "Trawl riblines" shall be defined as heavy ropes or lines that run down the sides, top or underside of a trawl net from the mouth of the net to the terminal end of the codend to strengthen the net during fishing.
- (8) "Trawl mesh size" shall be defined as the distance between the inside of one knot and the inside of the opposite vertical knot in trawl mesh. Minimum trawl mesh size requirements are met if a wedge of legal size can be passed without undue force through sixteen of twenty sets of two meshes each of wet mesh in the codend.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-16-015, filed 7/1/82; Order 810, § 220-16-015, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-025 Definitions—Brush weir. "Brush weir" shall be defined as a stationary impounding net constructed on piling, with one lead and not to exceed two hearts, and constructed according to specifications of the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 220-16-025, filed 2/15/79; Order 810, § 220-16-025, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-028 Definitions—Dip bag net. "Dip bag net" shall be defined as a section of netting distended by a rigid frame and includes hand dip nets and smelt rakes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-16-028, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 220-16-028, filed 2/15/79; Order 1105, § 220-16-028, filed 12/28/73; Order 810, § 220-16-028, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-035 Definitions—Drag seine. "Drag seine" shall be defined as fishing gear consisting of a lead line, cork line, auxiliary lines and a mesh net webbing fashioned in such a manner that it can be used to encircle fish in waters adjacent to any beach, with the catch landed directly on the beach. It shall include gear commonly known as "beach seine" and "smelt drag bag net."

[Order 810, § 220-16-035, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-040 Definitions—Gill net—Drift net. "Gill net" or "drift net" gear shall be defined as a gill net of single web construction, not anchored, tied, staked, placed, or weighted in such a manner that it cannot drift.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–16–040, filed 9/2/88; Order 810, § 220–16–040, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-051 Definitions—Commercial jig. Commercial jig gear shall be defined as a line or lines hand held or attached to poles or machines, and to which may be attached any number of hooks or lures. The gear shall be fished from a single vessel that is not under power.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-16-051, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 220-16-051, filed 2/15/79.]

WAC 220-16-055 Definitions—Hook and line—Angling. "Hook and line" and "angling" shall be identical in meaning and, except as provided in WAC 220-56-115, shall be defined as the use of not more than one line with one lure in the act of fishing for personal use and not for sale or barter, to be attached to a pole held in hand while landing fish, or the use of a hand operated line without rod or reel, to which may be attached not more than one lure. When fishing for bottomfish, "angling" and "jigging" shall be identical in meaning.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–16–055, filed 6/9/82; Order 810, § 220–16–055, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-065 Definitions—Lampara. Lampara gear shall be defined as fishing gear having no purse line or rings, but employing a lead line, cork line, special tag or auxiliary lines attached to the lead line and webbing in such a manner that the fish are encircled in open water. This gear is not lawful for the taking of salmon.

[Order 76–148, § 220–16–065, filed 12/2/76; Order 817, § 220–16–065, filed 5/29/69; Order 810, § 220–16–065, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-075 Definitions—Purse seine. (1) "Purse seine" is defined as including all types of fishing gear consisting of a lead line, cork line, auxiliary lines, purse line and purse rings and mesh net webbing fashioned in such a manner that it is used to encircle fish, and in addition prevents their escape under the bottom or lead line of the net by drawing in the bottom of the net by means of the purse line so that it forms a closed bag.

(2) "Bunt" is defined as the portion of the purse seine net located at the end of the net designed to form the bag that holds the net's catch after the net is pursed and is the last portion of the net to be pulled aboard the catching vessel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-16-075, filed 7/14/87; Order 810, § 220-16-075, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-080 Definitions—Reef net. "Reef net" shall be defined as a non self-fishing open bunt square or rectangular section of mesh netting suspended between two anchored boats fashioned in such a manner that to impound salmon passing over the net, the net be raised to the surface. The lead or leads of any "reef net" must be floating at all times, except under stress of tidal conditions, and shall not be fixed to any piling whatsoever, nor shall the lead or leads be constructed of any kind of mesh webbing. In the construction of any "reef net" no principle of a fyke net or fish trap may be employed.

[Order 810, \$ 220–16–080, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-085 Definitions—Ring net. "Ring net" shall be defined to include all fishing gear having a rigid frame measuring no more than ten feet in diameter that is used to take shellfish in a live condition. The sides and all other parts of the gear must lie flat on the bottom in such a manner that the gear does not entrap or restrict the free movement of shellfish until lifted.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), § 220–16–085, filed 4/26/88; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–16–085, filed 3/27/84; Order 810, § 220–16–085, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-090 Definitions—Set line. "Set line" shall be defined as a stationary, buoyed, and anchored ground line with hooks attached.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-16-090, filed 7/1/82; Order 810, § 220-16-090, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-095 Definitions—Set net. "Set net" shall be defined as a gill net which is anchored, tied, staked, laid in part on shore or whose lead line is so heavily weighted that it cannot drift.

[Order 810, \$ 220–16–095, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-100 Definitions—Shellfish pot. "Shellfish pot" shall be defined as a movable trap with one or more entrance tunnels used to entrap shellfish in a live condition.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–16–100, filed 3/27/84; Order 1179, § 220–16–100, filed 11/19/74; Order 810, § 220–16–100, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-105 Definitions—Snag line. "Snag line" shall be defined as a line with one or more unbaited hooks attached thereto used to the purpose of snagging any species of food fish.

[Order 810, § 220-16-105, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-110 Definitions—Snag net. "Snag net" shall be defined as a single web gill net, constructed of webbing having mesh of not less than fourteen inches stretch measure and used for the purpose of clearing

snags or similar obstructions from gill net drifts and operated in an area where a gill net fishery is from time to time lawful.

[Order 810, § 220-16-110, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-120 Definitions--Trammel net. "Trammel net" shall be defined as a gill net that is hung with two or more mesh webs substantially parallel to each other, suspended from a single common cork line and having either one or several lead lines.

[Order 810, § 220-16-120, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-125 Definitions—Troll line. "Troll line" when relating to its use for commercial purposes shall be defined as a fishing line used to drag a lure or lures behind a vessel that is under power.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), 220-16-125, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 810, 220-16-125, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-126 Troll spread. "Troll spread" shall be defined as a readily detachable line more than 4 inches in length, which has one or more lures attached to it, and is attached to the main troll line which cannot be removed from the vessel during its operation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–16–126, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-16-140 Definitions—Herring rake. "Herring rake" shall be defined as a long—handled, streamlined board, oar—like in shape, with a lower portion of the leading edge studded with sharp—pointed nails upon which the fish are impaled when the rake is forced through the water edgewise.

[Order 810, § 220-16-140, filed 4/17/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-010 (part).]

WAC 220-16-145 Definitions—Bottomfish pot. "Bottomfish pot" shall be defined as a portable, enclosed device with one or more gates or entrances and one or more lines attached to surface floats. Bottomfish pots must have biodegradable escape panels constructed with #21 or smaller untreated cotton twine in such a manner that an opening at least eight inches in diameter results when the twine deteriorates.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–16–145, filed 7/1/82; Order 866, § 220–16–145, filed 6/12/70.]

WAC 220-16-200 Geographical definitions—District 1. The term "District 1" shall be construed to include the Strait of Juan de Fuca, and the waters of the Pacific Ocean over which the state of Washington has jurisdiction, exclusive of bays, inlets, canals, coves, sounds and estuaries.

[Order 817, § 220-16-200, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-205 Geographical definitions—District 2. The term "District 2" shall be construed to include all lands and waters over which the state of Washington has jurisdiction, excepting District 1.

[Order 817, 220-16-205, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-210 Geographical definitions—Puget Sound. The term "Puget Sound" shall be construed to include all the waters of Puget Sound outside the mouth of any river or stream including the Strait of Juan de Fuca, Georgia Strait, and all bays and inlets thereof.

[Order 817, \$ 220-16-210, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-211 Geographical definitions—Puget Sound tributaries. The term "Puget Sound tributaries" shall be construed to include the waters of all fresh water rivers and streams tributary to Puget Sound as defined in WAC 220-15-210 and including all tributaries flowing into said rivers and streams.

[Order 920, § 220-16-211, filed 5/13/71.]

WAC 220-16-215 Geographical definitions—Grays Harbor. The term "Grays Harbor" shall be construed to include all the waters of Grays Harbor outside the mouth of any tributary river or stream inside and easterly of a line projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost end of the south jetty.

[Order 817, § 220-16-215, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-220 Geographical definitions—Willapa Harbor. The term "Willapa Harbor" shall be construed to include all the waters of Willapa Harbor outside the mouth of any tributary river or stream inside and easterly of a line projected from Leadbetter Point to Cape Shoalwater Light.

[Order 817, § 220-16-220, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-225 Geographical definitions—Columbia River. The term "Columbia River" shall be construed to include all the waters of the Columbia River, including sloughs tributary thereto, upstream and easterly of a line projected from the inshore end of the north jetty to the knuckle of the south jetty at the entrance to the river.

[Order 817, $\$ 220-16-225, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-230 Geographical definitions—Outside Initiative 77 line. The term "outside Initiative 77 line" shall be construed to include all waters of Puget Sound lying westerly and northerly of the Initiative 77 line described in chapter 75.12 RCW.

[Order 817, § 220-16-230, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-235 Geographical definitions—Inside Initiative 77 line. The term "inside Initiative 77 line"

shall be construed to include all waters of Puget Sound lying southerly and easterly of the Initiative 77 line described in chapter 75.12 RCW.

[Order 817, § 220-16-235, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-240 Geographical definitions—Coastal waters. The term "coastal waters" shall be construed to include those waters of the Pacific Ocean lying within the jurisdiction of the state of Washington, unless otherwise provided, and all streams tributary thereto, exclusive of the Grays Harbor, Willapa Harbor and Columbia River districts.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-16-240, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; Order 817, § 220-16-240, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-245 Geographical definitions—River mouths. Unless otherwise defined, any reference to the mouths of rivers or streams shall be construed to include those waters of any river or stream, including sloughs and tributaries, upstream and inside of a line projected between the outermost uplands at the mouth. The term "outermost upland" shall be construed to mean those lands not covered by water during an ordinary high tide.

[Order 817, § 220-16-245, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-250 Geographical definitions--Mile measurement. Any reference to the term "mile" shall mean a nautical mile.

[Order 817, § 220-16-250, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-255 Geographical definitions—Razor clam areas. "Razor clam area 1" shall include the tidelands and waters of the Pacific Ocean and Willapa Harbor between Cape Disappointment and Cape Shoalwater; "razor clam area 2" shall include the tidelands and waters of the Pacific Ocean and Grays Harbor between Cape Shoalwater and Point Brown; "razor clam area 3" shall include the tidelands and waters of the Pacific Ocean between Point Brown and Cape Flattery.

[Order 817, § 220-16-255, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-257 Razor clam beds. "Razor clam beds" are defined as that portion of Pacific Ocean beaches westerly of a line 500 feet seaward and parallel to the base of the primary dune or cliff or any portion of Pacific Ocean beaches posted as a razor clam bed and marked with boundary markers. The detached Willapa Harbor Spits that are north of Ledbetter Channel, west of Ellen Sands and south of the Willapa Ship Channel are also defined as "razor clam beds," as are those portions of the mouths of Grays Harbor and Willapa Harbor which contain razor clams.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-16-257, filed 3/18/82; 80-13-064 (Order 80-123), § 220-16-257, filed 9/17/80.]

WAC 220-16-260 Geographical definitions—Skagit Bay shrimp fishing area. "Skagit Bay shrimp fishing area" shall include those waters of Puget Sound lying within the following lines. A line commencing at West Point on Whidbey Island projected True north to Fidalgo Island, and a line projected from Point Demock on Camano Island to Point Polnell on Whidbey Island.

[Order 817, § 220-16-260, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-265 Geographical definitions—Lopez Island shrimp fishing area. "Lopez Island shrimp fish area" shall include those waters of Puget Sound lying inside and southerly of a line projected from Spencer Spit on Lopez Island to Fauntleroy Point on Decatur Island and a line projected from Decatur Light across Lopez Pass to the nearest point of Lopez Island.

[Order 817, § 220-16-265, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-270 Geographical definitions—Skagit River. The term "Skagit River" shall be construed to mean those waters of the Skagit River upstream and inside of a line projected from white monument on the easterly point of Ika Island, across the Skagit River, to the terminus of the jetty with McGlinn Island.

[Order 817, § 220-16-270, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

WAC 220-16-275 Geographical definitions—Village Point. The term "Village Point," used in describing the Lummi Island reef net fishing area, shall be construed to mean a point of location on Village Point, Lummi Island, at the mean high tide on a true bearing 43 degrees 53 minutes a distance of 457 feet to the center of the chimney of a wood frame house on the east side of the county road. Said chimney and house being described as "Village Point Chimney" on page 612 of United States Coast and Geodetic Survey list of geographic positions No. G-5455, Rosario Strait.

[Order 817, § 220-16-275, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-020 (part).]

- WAC 220-16-280 Geographical definitions—Clam and oyster districts. The following clam and oyster districts are defined pursuant to RCW 75.28.280 and 75.28.281.
- (1) Northern Puget Sound district shall include all waters and tidelands of Puget Sound northerly and westerly of lines drawn from Olele Point to the southern tip of Double Bluff on Whidbey Island and from Possession Point true east to the mainland.
- (2) Southern Puget Sound district shall include all waters and tidelands of Puget Sound southerly of lines drawn from Olele Point to the southern tip of Double Bluff on Whidbey Island, thence following the shoreline to Possession Point and thence from Possession Point true east to the mainland.
- (3) Grays Harbor District shall include all waters and tidelands of Grays Harbor inside and easterly of a line

projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost end of the south jetty.

(4) Willapa Harbor district shall include all waters and tidelands of Willapa Harbor inside and easterly of a line projected from Leadbetter Point to Cape Shoalwater.

[Order 857, § 220-16-280, filed 12/11/69.]

WAC 220-16-300 General definitions—Personal use. The taking or possession of food fish or shellfish for personal use is defined as the taking or fishing for food fish and shellfish or parts thereof by angling or by such other means, with such gear and for such limits as the director may authorize for personal use, or possessing the same for the use of the person fishing for, taking or possessing the same, and not for sale or barter.

[Order 817, § 220-16-300, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-305 General definitions—Commercial purposes. The taking, fishing for, possession, processing, or otherwise dealing in or disposing of food fish and shellfish for commercial purposes is defined as the taking or fishing for food fish with any gear unlawful for fishing for personal use, or taking or possessing food fish and shellfish in excess of the limits permitted for personal use, or taking, fishing for, handling, processing, or otherwise disposing of or dealing in food fish with the intent of disposing of such food fish, shellfish or parts thereof for profit or by sale, barter, trade or in commercial channels.

[Order 817, § 220-16-305, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-310 General definitions—Net length measurement. The length of any net is defined as its measurement along the cork line.

[Order 817, § 220-16-310, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-315 General definitions—Net mesh measurement. The size of a mesh of any net except purse seine net, trawl net, and Hood Canal shrimp pot net shall be defined as the distance between the inside of one knot to the outside of the opposite vertical knot of one mesh when the mesh is stretched vertically, while wet, by using a tension of ten pounds on any three consecutive meshes, then measuring the middle mesh of the three while under tension; purse seine net mesh — see WAC 220-47-301; trawl net mesh — see WAC 220-16-015; Hood Canal shrimp pot net — see WAC 220-52-053.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 86–13–038 (Order 86–46), § 220–16–315, filed 6/12/86; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–16–315, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–16–315, filed 7/1/82; 82–03–045 (Order 82–6), § 220–16–315, filed 1/19/82; Order 1105, § 220–16–315, filed 12/28/73; Order 817, § 220–16–315, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-320 General definitions—Fish length measurement. The length of a fish, unless otherwise provided, is defined as the shortest distance between the extreme tip of the tail and extreme tip of the snout or jaw, whichever extends the farthest, measured while the fish is lying in a prone and normal position.

[Order 817, § 220-16-320, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-325 General definitions—Dressed fish length measurement. The length of any dressed fish, unless otherwise provided, is defined as the shortest distance between the posterior end of the gill opening and the fork of the tail.

[Order 817, § 220-16-325, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-330 General definitions—Dressed fish. A dressed fish is defined as one from which the viscera or the viscera and head has been removed.

[Order 817, 220-16-330, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-335 General definitions—Spawning salmon. The term "spawning male salmon" is one from which the milt flows freely. The term "spawning female salmon" is one from which the eggs flow freely or has matured to the point that the eggs may be extruded by pressure applied to the abdomen of the salmon.

[Order 866, § 220-16-335, filed 6/12/70; Order 817, § 220-16-335, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-340 General definitions—Bottomfish. The term "bottomfish," unless otherwise provided, is defined as including Pacific cod, Pacific tomcod, Pacific hake, walleye pollock all species of dabs, sole and flounders (except Pacific halibut), lingcod and all other species of greenling, ratfish, sablefish, cabezon, buffalo sculpin, great sculpin, red Irish lord, brown Irish lord, Pacific staghorn sculpin, wolf-eel, giant wry mouth, plainfin midshipman, spiny dogfish, six gill shark, soupfin shark and all other species of shark, and all species of skate, rockfish, rattails and surfperches except shiner perch.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–16–340, filed 4/9/85; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–16–340, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–16–340, filed 3/18/82; 79–05–007 (Order 79–20), § 220–16–340, filed 4/11/79; Order 77–147, § 220–16–340, filed 12/16/77; Order 817, § 220–16–340, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-345 General definitions—Time. All Times referred to in any order or regulation shall be Pacific Standard Time, except that during the period from the last Sunday in February to the last Sunday in October all times referred to shall be Pacific Daylight Time.

[Order 1193, § 220–16–345, filed 3/4/75; Order 817, § 220–16–345, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220–16–030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-350 General definitions-Jack salmon. A jack salmon is defined as any salmon which has matured and begun its spawning migration one or

more years before the normal term of maturity of other members of its species, and which has visibly developed eggs or milt.

[Order 817, 220-16-350, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-355 General definitions—Soft-shelled crab. A soft-shelled crab is defined as a crab whose shell, including shell covering of the legs, is not fully hardened and said shell is flexible and depresses to digital pressure.

[Order 817, § 220-16-355, filed 5/29/69. Formerly WAC 220-16-030 (part).]

WAC 220-16-360 General definitions—Bait purposes. The taking or possession of food fish for bait is defined as capturing food fish which will be used to entice or lure other fish or shellfish to a hook, lure, trap or other fishing gear for the purpose of capture for sport or commercial use and shall not include food fish or shell-fish taken for feeding to zoo or domestic animals.

[Order 1105, § 220-16-360, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-16-370 General definitions—Sac-roe herring purposes. Taking or possessing herring for sac-roe purposes is defined as capturing herring which will have the roe (eggs) removed for separate processing or resale. Sac-roe is *not* equivalent to human consumption even though the carcasses may subsequently be used for food.

[Order 76-148, § 220-16-370, filed 12/2/76.]

WAC 220-16-375 Westport boat basin. "Westport boat basin" shall include those waters of Grays Harbor inside the breakwater surrounding the boat basin and inside of lines drawn between lighted day markers 10 and 11 and between lighted day markers 1 and 2 which mark the two entrances to the boat basin.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-16-375, filed 4/11/84.]

WAC 220-16-380 English Camp tidelands. "English Camp tidelands" includes those waters of Wescott Bay lying inside the boundaries of San Juan Island National Historical Park (English Camp).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-16-380, filed 4/11/84.]

WAC 220-16-395 Buoy 13 line. The term "Buoy 13 line" is defined as a line drawn true north-south through Grays Harbor Channel Marker Number 13 near the mouth of Grays Harbor.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-16-395, filed 4/21/87.]

WAC 220-16-400 Definition—Lower Columbia River. "Lower Columbia River" is defined as Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, and 1E as defined in WAC 220-22-010 and tributaries to these areas.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–16–400, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-16-405 Definition—SMCRA. "SMCRA" means Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–16–405, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-16-410 Definition—Extenuating circumstances. "Extenuating circumstances" for purposes of this title mean circumstances that lessen the seriousness or magnitude of an act, and which are to be considered in determining if an individual is to be granted extraordinary relief. Such personal characteristics as age, education, fishing experience, and physical capability, as well as other personal characteristics, and such physical circumstances as weather, age of vessel, and vessel propulsion mechanism, as well as other physical circumstances, may be considered when reviewing a set of facts for extenuating circumstances.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-03-068 (Order 90-05), § 220-16-410, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90; 89-15-032 (Order 89-61), § 220-16-410, filed 7/14/89.]

WAC 220-16-420 Explosive substance. The term "explosive substance" includes, but is not limited to, any gaseous discharge that generates pressure waves capable of harming food fish or shellfish.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-03-068 (Order 90-05), § 220-16-420, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90.]

WAC 220-16-430 Spawn on kelp. "Spawn on kelp" is defined as herring eggs which have been deposited on any type of aquatic vegetation. It is unlawful to take spawn on kelp for commercial purposes unless a person has a spawn on kelp permit issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.28.245. 90-07-003 (Order 90-17), § 220-16-430, filed 3/8/90, effective 4/8/90.]

- WAC 220-16-440 San Juan Islands Marine Preserve Area. The following tidal and submerged lands are included within the definition of the "San Juan Islands Marine Preserve Area":
- (1) False Bay: The tidelands and bedlands of False Bay on San Juan Island, including all University of Washington-owned tidelands beginning at a marker 400 feet east of the east entrance of False Bay and extending to the entrance of False Bay, all University of Washington-owned tidelands and bedlands within a line beginning at the University of Washington marker on the shore at the east entrance of False Bay, projected 500 yards offshore, thence northwesterly to a point 500 yards offshore along a line projected from a University of Washington marker on the shore at the west side of a small peninsula at the west entrance of False Bay, thence to shore along said line to the marker, and all University of Washington-owned tidelands west of the marker to a University of Washington marker 600 feet west of the small peninsula.
- (2) Friday Harbor: Those tidelands and bedlands adjacent to San Juan Island within a line beginning on the

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shore 500 yards north of Point Caution, thence 500 yards offshore, thence south and east following the shoreline to the intersection with a line projected from a University of Washington marker located 100 feet north of the north entrance of the floating breakwater of the Port of Friday Harbor and projected towards Reid Island, thence along said line to shore on San Juan Island.

- (3) Argyle Lagoon: Those University of Washington—owned tidelands and all bedlands enclosed by the inner spit of Argyle Lagoon on San Juan Island.
- (4) Yellow and Low Islands: All tidelands and bedlands within 300 yards of Yellow Island and 300 yards of Low Island.
- (5) Shaw Island: Those tidelands and bedlands within a line beginning at a University of Washington marker on the shore at Hicks Bay, 122 degrees, 58 minutes, 15 seconds west longitude, thence due south 500 yards, thence north and west at a distance of 500 yards from shore to the intersection with a line projected 261 degrees true from a University of Washington marker on the shore of Parks Bay, which line passes just south of the unnamed island at the north end of Parks Bay, thence along said line to the shore of Shaw Island, including all tidelands and bedlands of Parks Bay south of said line.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-16-440, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90.]

WAC 220-16-450 Light 26 Line. The "Light 26 Line" is defined as a line in the Columbia River from the landward end of the Chinook Jetty following the jetty to Chinook Jetty Light No. 7, then southerly in a straight line to Desdemona Sands Light, then southeasterly in a straight line through Light 26 to the Oregon shore.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-16-450, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90.]

Chapter 220-20 WAC GENERAL PROVISIONS

WAC	
220-20-010	General provisions—Lawful and unlawful acts—
	Salmon, other food fish and shellfish.
220-20-012	Unlawful sale of food fish and shellfish.
220-20-015	Lawful and unlawful acts—Salmon.
220-20-016	Sale of commercial caught salmon.
220-20-017	Commercial salmon licenses—Renewal.
220-20-019	Requirement to provide sales documents.
220-20-020	General provisions—Lawful and unlawful acts—Food
	fish other than salmon.
220-20-021	Sale of commercially caught sturgeon and bottomfish.
220-20-025	General provisions—Shellfish.
220-20-038	Shellfish—Import and transfer.
220-20-039	Live fish—Import and transfer.
220-20-040	General provisions—Rearing and planting food fish.
220-20-045	Scientific permits.
220-20-050	Display of registration and commercial license decals
	and identification numbers.
220-20-055	Commercial license conditions.
220-20-060	Commercial fishing license transfer—Notarization.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-20-030 General provisions—Off-reservation treaty Indian ceremonial fishing. [Order 866, § 220-20-030, filed 6/12/70.] Repealed by 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), filed 6/12/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-20-010 General provisions—Lawful and unlawful acts—Salmon, other food fish and shellfish. (1) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for, possess or transport for any purpose food fish, shellfish or parts thereof, in or from any of the waters or land over which the state of Washington has jurisdiction, or from the waters of the Pacific Ocean, except at the times, places and in the manners and for the species, quantities, sizes or sexes provided for in the regulations of the department of fisheries.

- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to have in possession or under control or custody any food fish or shellfish within the land or water boundaries of the state of Washington, except in those areas which are open to commercial fishing or wherein the possession, control or custody of salmon or other food fish or shellfish for commercial purposes is made lawful under a statute of the state of Washington or the rules and regulations of the director of fisheries, unless otherwise provided.
- (3) It shall be lawful to fish for, possess, process and otherwise deal in food fish and fish offal or scrap for any purpose, provided; that it shall be unlawful to use any of the following listed species for purposes other than human consumption or fishing bait:

Pacific halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis)

Pacific herring (Clupea harengus pallasi)
(except as prescribed in WAC 220-49-020)

Salmon
Chinook
Coho
Coho
Chum
Pink
Concorhynchus kisutch)
Concorhynchus keta)
Pink
Concorhynchus gorbuscha)
Concorhynchus nerka)
Masu
Concorhynchus masu)

- (4) It shall be unlawful for any person to fish for food fish or shellfish while in possession in the field of food fish or shellfish that are in violation of the harvest regulations for the area being fished. This regulation does not apply to vessels in transit.
- (5) It shall be unlawful for the owner or operator of any commercial food fish or shellfish gear to leave such gear unattended in waters of the state or offshore waters unless said gear is marked with a buoy to which shall be affixed in a visible and legible manner the department of fisheries approved and registered buoy brand provided that:
- (a) Buoys affixed to unattended gear must be visible on the surface of the water except during strong tidal flow or extreme weather conditions.
- (b) When two or more shellfish pots are attached to a common ground line the number of pots so attached must be clearly labeled on the required buoy.

- (c) It shall be unlawful at any time to leave a gill net unattended in the commercial salmon fishery.
- (6) It shall be unlawful to place any commercial food fish or shellfish gear in any waters closed to commercial fishing, provided; that this provision shall not apply to reef nets or brush weirs or to gear being tested under supervision of the department of fisheries, provided further that it shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish with any type of commercial fishing gear in the waters of Carr Inlet north of north latitude 47° 20' from August 15 through November 30 except as provided in chapter 220–47 WAC.
- (7) It shall be unlawful for the owner or operator of any fishing gear to refuse to submit such gear to inspection in any manner specified by authorized representatives of the department of fisheries.
- (8) It shall be unlawful for any person taking or possessing food fish or shellfish taken from any of the waters or beaches of the Columbia River, the state of Washington or the Pacific Ocean for any purpose to fail to submit such food fish or shellfish for inspection by authorized representatives of the department of fisheries.
- (9) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed under the fisheries code of Washington to fail to make any report or return required of him by the department of fisheries relative to the taking, selling, possessing, transporting, processing, freezing and storing of food fish or shellfish whether taken within the jurisdiction of the state of Washington or beyond or on Indian reservations or usual and accustomed Indian fishing grounds.
- (10) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess or to injure, kill or molest fish in any fishway, fish ladder, fish screen, holding pond, rearing pond, or other fish protective device, or to interfere in any manner with the proper operation of such fish protective devices.
- (11) It shall be unlawful to club, gaff, shoot, snag, snare, dip net, harass, spear, stone or otherwise molest, injure, kill or destroy any food fish or shellfish or parts thereof, or for any person to attempt to commit such acts, or to have any fish, shellfish or parts thereof so taken in possession, except as provided for in this subsection:
- (a) It shall be lawful to use a dip net, gaff or club in the landing of food fish taken by personal—use angling unless otherwise provided.
- (b) It shall be lawful to use a dip net, gaff, or club in the landing of food fish or shellfish taken for commercial purposes, except that it is unlawful to use a fish pew, pitchfork, or any other instrument that will penetrate the body of the food fish or shellfish while sorting commercial catches during the act of discarding those fish that are not going to be retained.
- (c) It shall be lawful to use a spear in underwater spear fishing as provided for in WAC 220-56-160.
- (d) It shall be lawful to use a spear to take carp as provided for in WAC 220-56-280.
- (e) It shall be lawful to snag herring, smelt, anchovies, pilchard, sand lance, and squid when using baitfish jigger gear or squid jigs.
- (12) It shall be unlawful to take or possess for any purpose any food fish or shellfish smaller than the lawful

- minimum size limits. Any such fish either snagged, hooked, netted or gilled must be immediately returned to the water with the least possible injury to the fish or shellfish and it shall be unlawful to allow undersized salmon entangled in commercial nets to pass through a power block or onto a power reel or drum.
- (13) It shall be unlawful to possess aboard any vessel engaged in commercial fishing or having commercially caught fish aboard, any food fish or shellfish in such condition that its species, length, weight or sex cannot be determined if a species, length, weight, or sex limit is prescribed for said species and it is unlawful to possess food fish or shellfish mutilated in any manner such that the natural length or weight cannot be determined if a length or weight limit is prescribed for said species.
- (14) It shall be unlawful in any area to use, operate or carry aboard a commercial fishing vessel a licensed net or combination of such nets, whether fished singly or separately, in excess of the maximum lawful size or length prescribed for a single net in that area, except as otherwise provided for in the rules and regulations of the department of fisheries.
- (15) It shall be unlawful for any permit holder to fail to comply with all provisions of any special permit or letter of approval issued to him under the authority of the director of fisheries, or to perform any act not specifically authorized in said document or in the regulations of the director of fisheries.
- (16) It shall be unlawful to use, place or cause to be placed in the waters or on the beaches or tidelands of the state any substance or chemical used for control of predators or pests affecting food fish or shellfish or other aquatic marine organisms, without first having obtained a special permit to do so from the director of fisheries.
- (17) It shall be unlawful to test commercial fishing gear except as follows:
- (a) Bellingham Bay inside and northerly of a line from Governor's Point to the south tip of Eliza Island to Point Frances in waters 10 fathoms and deeper.
- (b) Boundary Bay north of a line from Birch Point to Point Roberts and south of the international boundary in waters 10 fathoms and deeper during times not under IPSFC control.
- (c) San Juan Channel within a 1 mile radius of Point Caution during times not under IPSFC control.
- (d) Port Angeles inside and westerly of a line projected from the east tip of Ediz Hook through buoy C "1" to the mainland.
- (e) Port Gardner within a 2 mile radius of the entrance to Everett breakwater in waters 10 fathoms and deeper.
- (f) Central Puget Sound between lines from Meadow Point to Point Monroe and Skiff Point to West Point in waters 50 fathoms and deeper.
- (g) East Pass between lines from Point Robinson true east to the mainland-and from Dash Point to Point Piner in waters 50 fathoms and deeper.
- (h) Port Townsend westerly of a line from the Coast Guard station in Port Townsend to Walan Point to Kala Point in waters 10 fathoms and deeper.

- (i) All tows or sets are limited to 20 minutes exclusive of setting and retrieving time.
- (j) All testing is to be accomplished between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.
- (k) Codends of trawl nets must be left open, all hooks of set line gear must be unbaited, and no lures or baited hooks shall be used with jig or troll gear.
- (1) Any and all incidentally caught fish and shellfish must be returned to the waters immediately, and no fish or shellfish are to be retained aboard the vessel at any time during a gear test operation.
- (m) It shall be unlawful for any person conducting such gear testing operations to fail to notify the fisheries patrol office in Olympia prior to testing.
- (18) It is unlawful for any person or corporation either licensed by the department of fisheries or bringing food fish or shellfish into the state to fail to comply with the directions of authorized department personnel related to the collection of sampling data or material from food fish or shellfish. It is also unlawful for any such person or corporation to fail to relinquish to the department, upon request, any part of a salmon or other food fish containing coded—wire tags, including but not limited to, the snouts of those salmon that are marked by having clipped adipose fins.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 91-01-023, § 220-20-010, filed 12/10/90, effective 1/10/91; 89-02-022 (Order 88-186), § 220-20-010, filed 12/29/88; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-20-010, filed 4/26/88; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-20-010, filed 4/9/85; 85-08-023 (Order 85-24), § 220-20-010, filed 4/1/85; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-20-010, filed 3/27/84; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-20-010, filed 7/15/82; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-20-010, filed 3/18/82; 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-20-010, filed 1/7/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-20-010, filed 8/6/80; 80-07-017 (Order 80-45), § 220-20-010, filed 6/11/80; 79-10-013 (Order 79-75), § 220-20-010, filed 9/7/79; Order 77-14, § 220-20-010, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-20-010, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220-20-010, filed 3/4/75; Order 1179, § 220-20-010, filed 11/19/74; Order 1106, § 220-20-010, filed 1/10/74; Order 1057, § 220-20-010, filed 5/22/73; Order 945, § 220-20-010, filed 8/16/71; Order 920, § 220-20-010, filed 5/13/71; Order 817, § 220-20-010, filed 5/29/69; Order 810, § 220-20-010, filed 4/17/69; Order 771-A, § 220-20-010, filed 3/29/68; Order 767, § 1, filed 12/22/67; Order 758, § 3, filed 10/16/67; Order 726, §§ 2, 3, filed 4/24/67; Order 721, § 1, filed 3/9/67; Subsections 1, 2 from Orders 405 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 3 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Subsection 16 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 4 from Order 591, filed 10/28/63; Orders 479 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 5 from Orders 383 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 6, 26, 35 from Order 568, filed 3/26/63; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 7-11, 13-15, 17, 18, 22 from Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 12 from Orders 407 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 19, 27 from Orders 480 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 20 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Orders 483 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 23 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Order 568, filed 3/26/63; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 24 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 407 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 25 from Orders 449 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 28-33 from Orders 456 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 34 from Orders 486 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 36 from Order 591, filed 10/28/63; Subsections 37 and 38 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Subsection 39 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65.]

WAC 220-20-012 Unlawful sale of food fish and shellfish. In order to prevent the sale of food fish or shellfish taken under personal-use fishing regulations, it

shall be unlawful to sell, or offer for sale or purchase, or offer to purchase, any food fish or shellfish unless taken with lawful commercial gear, in an area open to commercial fishing for that species, and the fisherman has in his possession at the time of sale a valid commercial fishing license.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-20-012, filed 1/7/81; 79-11-069 (Order 79-111), § 220-20-012, filed 10/18/79.]

- WAC 220-20-015 Lawful and unlawful acts—Salmon. (1) It is unlawful to operate in any river, stream or channel any gill net gear longer than three—fourths the width of the stream; this provision shall supersede all other regulations in conflict with it.
- (2) It is unlawful to operate any net for removing snags from state waters without permit from the department of fisheries.
- (3) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess for commercial purposes chinook salmon less than 28 inches in length or coho salmon less than 16 inches in length except as follows:
- (a) In the Puget Sound, Grays Harbor, Willapa Bay and Columbia River commercial salmon net fisheries there is no minimum size limit on salmon taken with gill net gear.
- (b) In the Pacific Ocean commercial salmon troll fishery frozen chinook salmon, dressed heads off shall be 21 1/2 inches minimum and frozen coho salmon dressed heads off shall be 12 inches minimum, measured from the midpoint of the clavicle arch to the fork of the tail.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to salmon raised in aquaculture.
- (4) It is unlawful to set, maintain, or operate any reef net gear at any location which places the stern ends of either or both reef net boats of said gear less than a distance of 800 feet in front of or behind the head buoys of any row or reef net gear, within the boundaries of the Lummi Island Reef Net Fisheries Area, as described in RCW 75.12.140.
- (5) It is lawful to possess salmon for any purpose which were lawfully obtained from state and federal government fish hatcheries and facilities. Subsections (3) and (12) of WAC 220–20–010 and subsection (3) of WAC 220–20–015 do not apply to salmon possessed under this subsection.
- (6) It is unlawful to take or fish for food fish from a commercial salmon trolling vessel with gear other than lawful troll line gear while said vessel is engaged in commercial fishing or has commercially caught fish aboard.
- (7) It shall be unlawful to angle for salmon for personal use from any vessel that is engaged in commercial salmon trolling or has commercially caught salmon aboard.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), § 220–20–015, filed 6/21/84; 79–10–013 (Order 79–75), § 220–20–015, filed 9/7/79; 78–05–067 (Order 78–20), § 220–20–015, filed 4/27/78; Order 77–66, § 220–20–015, filed 8/5/77; Order 77–14, § 220–20–015, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–24A, § 220–20–015, filed 4/20/76; Order 1251, § 220–20–015, filed 8/18/75; Order 1210, § 220–20–015, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220–20–015, filed 8/8/74; Order 1116, §

220–20–015, filed 4/30/74; Order 1049, § 220–20–015, filed 4/11/73; Order 984, § 220–20–015, filed 2/17/72; Order 925, § 220–20–015, filed 6/3/71; Order 920, § 220–20–015, filed 5/13/71; Order 810, § 220–20–015, filed 4/17/69.]

- WAC 220-20-016 Sale of commercial caught salmon. It is unlawful for any person licensed to take salmon for commercial purposes as required under chapter 75.28 RCW to:
- (1) Keep more than three salmon taken under such license for personal use, up to a maximum of six salmon in possession for multi-day trips. The daily limit and possession limit described in this subsection also apply to crew members of the licensed fishing vessel.
- (2) Sell any salmon he takes under such license to anyone other than a licensed wholesale dealer located within or outside the state of Washington: *Provided*, That a person who is himself licensed as a wholesale dealer under the provisions of RCW 75.28.300 may sell his catch to individuals or corporations other than licensed wholesale dealers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–20–016, filed 5/10/85; 80–01–021 (Order 79–137), § 220–20–016, filed 12/14/79.]

WAC 220-20-017 Commercial salmon licenses—Renewal. The license application deadline for commercial salmon licenses is December 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–13–004 (Order 89–44), § 220–20–017, filed 6/8/89; 86–24–047 (Order 86–191), § 220–20–017, filed 11/26/86.]

WAC 220-20-019 Requirement to provide sales documents. It is unlawful for any individual, firm, or corporation to fail to show on demand to any authorized employee or enforcement officer of the department of fisheries state of Washington fish receiving tickets or sales documents pursuant to WAC 220-69-240.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–17–040 (Order 82–105), § 220–20–019, filed 8/13/82.]

- WAC 220-20-020 General provisions—Lawful and unlawful acts—Food fish other than salmon. (1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess for commercial purposes any round, undressed sturgeon less than 48 inches or greater than 72 inches in length.
- (2) It is unlawful to fish for or possess for commercial purposes or possess aboard a commercial fishing vessel for any purpose any species of halibut (Hippoglossus) unless permitted by the current regulations of the International Pacific Halibut Commission.
- (3) It is unlawful to fish for or possess for commercial purposes sturgeon taken from any of the waters of Puget Sound or tributaries, and any sturgeon taken with any type of commercial gear incidental to a lawful fishery shall immediately be returned to the water unharmed.
- (4) It is unlawful to fish for food fish for commercial purposes in the waters of Shilshole Bay inland and inside a line projected in a southwesterly direction from Meadow Point to West Point.
- (5) It is unlawful to fish for or possess for commercial purposes any starry flounder less than 14 inches in

- length taken by any commercial gear, in all Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Areas.
- (6) It shall be unlawful to harvest herring eggs naturally deposited on marine vegetation or other substrate, unless a person has a permit issued by the director.
- (7) It is unlawful to fish for or possess food fish other than salmon taken for commercial purposes from the San Juan Islands Marine Preserve, except that is is lawful to take herring.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.28.245. 90–07–003 (Order 90–17), \S 220–20–020, filed 3/8/90, effective 4/8/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–045 (Order 90–15), \S 220–20–020, filed 3/1/90, effective 4/1/90; 80–09–072 (Order 80–69), \S 220–20–020, filed 7/18/80; 79–03–014 (Order 79–11), \S 220–20–020, filed 2/15/79; Order 77–147, \S 220–20–020, filed 12/16/77; Order 77–14, \S 220–20–020, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–148, \S 220–20–020, filed 12/2/76; Order 76–26, \S 220–20–020, filed 4/20/76; Order 1193–A, \S 220–20–020, filed 3/5/75; Order 1193, \S 220–20–020, filed 3/4/75; Order 1143, \S 220–20–020, filed 8/8/74; Order 1105, \S 220–20–020, filed 12/28/73; Order 1057, \S 220–20–020, filed 5/22/73; Order 1045, \S 220–20–020, filed 3/8/73; Order 988, \S 220–20–020, filed 4/28/72; Order 920, \S 220–20–020, filed 5/13/71; Order 862, \S 220–20–020, filed 4/16/70; Order 817, \S 220–20–020, filed 5/29/69; Order 810, \S 220–20–020, filed 4/17/69.]

- WAC 220-20-021 Sale of commercially caught sturgeon and bottomfish. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person while engaged in commercial fishing for sturgeon or bottom fish to:
- (a) Keep in excess of three sturgeon not less than 48 inches in length nor more than 72 inches in length or more than one limit of sport caught bottom fish for personal use. Any lingcod to be retained for personal use taken east of the mouth of the Sekiu River must be greater than 22 inches in length.
- (b) Sell any sturgeon or bottom fish taken under such license to anyone other than a licensed wholesale dealer within or outside the state of Washington, except that a person who is licensed as a wholesale dealer under the provisions of RCW 75.28.300 may sell to individuals or corporations other than licensed wholesale dealers.
- (c) Sell, barter, or attempt to sell or barter sturgeon eggs that have been removed from the body cavity of any sturgeon taken under such license prior to the time that the sturgeon is sold under subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any wholesale dealer licensed under RCW 75.28.300 to purchase or attempt to purchase sturgeon eggs from sturgeon taken by any person licensed to take sturgeon for commercial purposes under chapter 75.28 RCW if the sturgeon eggs have been removed from the body cavity of the sturgeon prior to the sale of the sturgeon.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–08–023 (Order 85–24), § 220–20–021, filed 4/1/85; 82–17–040 (Order 82–105), § 220–20–021, filed 8/13/82.]

- WAC 220-20-025 General provisions—Shellfish. (1) It is unlawful to drive or operate any motor—propelled vehicle, land any airplane or ride or lead any horse on the razor clam beds of the state of Washington, as defined in WAC 220-16-257.
- (2) It is unlawful to possess any soft-shelled crab for any purpose.

- (3) It is unlawful to possess in the field any crab from which the back shell has been removed.
- (4) It is unlawful to use any irritant chemicals when taking or fishing for octopus.
- (5) It is unlawful to willfully damage crab or other shellfish. Any crab taken incidentally to a net fishery must be immediately returned to the water with the least possible damage to the crab.
- (6) It is unlawful to fish for or possess shellfish taken for commercial purposes from the San Juan Islands Marine Preserve, except it is lawful to fish for crab in Parks Bay.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–045 (Order 90–15), § 220–20–025, filed 3/1/90, effective 4/1/90; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–20–025, filed 9/17/80; Order 1179, § 220–20–025, filed 11/19/74; Order 990, § 220–20–025, filed 5/11/72; Order 810, § 220–20–025, filed 4/17/69.]

WAC 220-20-038 Shellfish—Import and transfer. It shall be unlawful to import, transfer, ship or otherwise cause live shellfish of any kind or form or associated pest, predators or disease organisms, to be introduced into the marine waters of the state of Washington without first obtaining written permission from the director of fisheries or his authorized agent. The permit shall accompany the shellfish during transit and at the point of introduction. It shall be unlawful for the permit holder to fail to comply with all terms, conditions and provisions of the permit or to perform any act in connection with the permit that is not specifically authorized in the permit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-13-064 (Order 80-123), § 220-20-038, filed 9/17/80.]

WAC 220-20-039 Live fish-Import and transfer. (1) It is unlawful for any person, group, corporation, association, or government entity to import into, transport, or possess within the state of Washington live fish and/or the viable sexual products thereof, except aquarium fish, game fish, indigenous marine baitfish, and mosquito fish (Gambusia spp.) when used by agencies authorized by chapter 17.28 RCW without having first obtained a permit to do so from the director of the department of fisheries. The permit shall accompany the fish and/or sexual products at all times within the state of Washington and shall be presented to department of fisheries employees on demand.

(2) The director may impose conditions in any permit as necessary to insure the protection of food fish within this state from infectious, contagious or communicable diseases and pests. It shall be unlawful to violate the terms and conditions of any permit. In addition to any other penalties provided by law, violation of these rules on the terms and conditions of any permit may result in the suspension and/or revocation of the permit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-17-040 (Order 82-105), § 220-20-039, filed 8/13/82.]

WAC 220-20-040 General provisions—Rearing and planting food fish. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person, group, corporation, association, or governmental entity to plant or release any food fish into the waters of

the state of Washington without first obtaining a permit from the department of fisheries. No permit shall be issued unless the following time periods are observed, and the following information provided the department prior to planting.

- (a) Thirty days prior to obtaining food fish or food fish eggs, fry, or fingerlings, or importing the same with the eventual intent to plant in the waters of the state of Washington, the person, group, corporation, association, or governmental entity so intending to plant shall provide the department information as to the source of the food fish or food fish eggs, fry, or fingerlings, species, race, and time and place for the proposed release or other disposition and the size of the food fish to be planted.
- (b) Thereafter, the department shall examine the provided information and determine if a permit for the planting of the food fish should be issued. If a proposed plant presents an important conflict or competition to the established stocks in the waters to be planted, conflicts with the department's overall management plan for the waters to be planted, would cause a significant decrease in the abundance of stocks already present, or would significantly inhibit the ability to harvest existing stocks, a permit for planting shall not be issued.
- (c) Thirty days prior to planting, and within ten days of the actual plant, the food fish to be released must be made available to the department for inspection for disease. If the department's representative so inspecting is not satisfied the food fish are disease—free, or otherwise in a condition specified in paragraph (b) of this regulation, the food fish shall not be released in the waters of the state, and any prior departmental approval for such planting is automatically withdrawn. The department will consider a certification by department—approved pathologists that the food fish to be released are disease—free in lieu of actual department inspection.
- (d) Any person, group, corporation, association or governmental entity intending to release food fish in the waters of the state, shall report immediately to the department the outbreak of any disease among the food fish, food fish eggs, fry or fingerlings intended to be released. If such outbreak presents a threat to such fishery resource of the state, the department may immediately order such action necessary to protect the state's fisheries, including quarantine or destruction of stocks, sterilization of closures and facilities, cessation of activities, and disposal of the infected fish in a manner satisfactory to the department.
- (e) No food fish covered by a permit issued under this regulation shall be branded, tattooed, tagged, finclipped or otherwise marked for identification without prior approval by the department.
- (f) No facilities shall be constructed or operated for the purpose of food fish propagations or rearing without first obtaining a permit from the department. No permit shall be issued unless the following information is provided the department prior to beginning construction of such facility:

- (i) The person, group, corporation, association, or governmental entity so intended to construct such facility shall provide the department information as to the species to be produced in the facility or otherwise affected by the facility, and a general plan of times and places for the proposed releases or other disposition and the size, age, and maturity of the food fish to be released. Functional plans for construction of such facility shall also be provided to the department.
- (ii) Thereafter, the department shall examine the provided information and determine if the permit for construction of the facility shall be issued. If the proposed planting, release, or operational scheme presents an important conflict or competition to established stocks of food fish, conflicts with the department's overall management plan for the waters or areas to be planted, would cause a significant decrease in the abundance of stocks already present, or will significantly inhibit the ability to harvest existing stocks, a permit for construction will not be issued.
- (iii) A permit for construction or operation of a propagation facility will be revoked if any food fish are planted, released, or otherwise disposed of by any person, group, corporation, association or governmental entity which is the holder of a construction or operation permit under this paragraph if the holder does not, prior to planting or releasing, provide the department with the additional information and secure the additional permits required by this regulation.
- (g) An advisory committee of potentially affected groups will be established to provide technical input.

[Order 76-96, § 220-20-040, filed 9/23/76.]

- WAC 220-20-045 Scientific permits. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person, group, corporation, association, or governmental entity to conduct any scientific study involving the handling, collection, or release of food fish or shellfish on the beaches or in the waters of the state of Washington without first obtaining a permit from the department of fisheries, and it shall be unlawful to fail to comply with any of the provisions of the permit.
- (a) A request for such a permit must be received 30 days prior to the date such study, collection, release, or research is started.
- (b) Each request for a permit must be accompanied by the following information:
 - (i) A study title.
- (ii) An introduction describing the management problems to be addressed and why resolution is necessary.
- (iii) An objective(s) for the proposed project including defining an identifiable end point or conclusion toward which efforts are to be directed.
- (iv) A justification which identifies the user(s) of the information and indicates how the findings will be used.
- (v) A procedure which explains the approach or plan of action and which provides the organizational framework and logical sequence of events that will lead to the attainment of the study objectives.
 - (vi) A location of the study area.
- (vii) An identification of supervisory and technical personnel responsible for the study.

- (c) A final report must be submitted to the department upon completion of the study, research, collection, or release, and interim reports will be required.
- (d) Permits will normally be granted for requests which increase the data base, increase or maximize the fishery resource, avoid damage to the various resources and do not unnecessarily duplicate previous research.
- (e) Continuing studies or research or other scientific projects may be extended annually by concurrence of the director.
- (f) An advisory committee of potentially affected groups will be established to provide technical input.

[Order 76-96, § 220-20-045, filed 9/23/76.]

- WAC 220-20-050 Display of registration and commercial license decals and identification numbers. The vessel registration and commercial year license decals issued to each commercial fishing vessel by the licensing division of the department:
- (1) Must be affixed to the registered and licensed vessel in a permanent manner;
- (2) Must be affixed in such a manner that they are clearly visible from each side of the vessel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.10.120. 87-21-018 (Order 87-150), § 220-20-050, filed 10/9/87.]

- WAC 220-20-055 Commercial license conditions. (1) Upon being convicted twice or more for commercial fishing violations within a five-year period, a fisherman is required to post a security each year to obtain a license until the fisherman has only one conviction within the immediate five prior calendar years. The amount of the security is based upon an accumulation of points, and the security is subject to forfeiture as a civil penalty in the event the fisherman receives a third or subsequent conviction.
- (2) The following points will be assigned for each conviction of the indicated type:
- (a) All commercial fishing violations, except salmon time and area violations requiring mandatory suspension under RCW 75.10.130 and those violations provided for in (c) of this subsection 2 points.
- (b) Charter boat violations involving gear, angler permits, and time and area violations other than salmon -2 points.
- (c) Violations for failure to display boat registration numbers, buoy brand numbers, or herring validation pennant -1 point.
- (3) Upon conviction of the second offense, the fisherman must post a security in the following amount depending on the point total of the convictions within the immediate five prior calendar years:

2nd Conviction	3rd Conviction	4th Conviction
2 points - \$2,000 3 points - \$3,000 4 points - \$4,000	3 points - \$ 6,000 4 points - \$ 8,000 5 points - \$10,000 6 points - \$12,000	4 points - \$12,000 5 points - \$15,000 6 points - \$18,000 7 points - \$21,000 8 points - \$24,000

Except: During calendar year 1990 the amount shall be the number of points as provided in subsection (2) of this section times \$1,000.

- (4) Upon subsequent conviction for an offense committed during any time period in which the security is required as provided for in this section, the security shall be forfeited to the department and a new security must be posted with the department based upon the total number of points accumulated within the five—year period prior to receiving a fishing license. After the fifth conviction for offenses committed within a five—year period, the fisherman must appeal to the director for issuance of a license, and the director may impose both a security amount and additional conditions.
- (5) When sufficient time has elapsed such that the convicted fisherman has only one conviction within the immediate five prior calendar years, the department shall release the security, except that if criminal charges are pending, the security shall not be released pending resolution of the criminal charges. The security shall only be released upon written notification from the department.
- (6) An acceptable security shall be a corporate surety bond executed in favor of the department by a corporation authorized to do business in the state of Washington under chapter 48.28 RCW and approved by the department, a cash deposit, negotiable securities acceptable to the department, or an assignment of a savings account or savings certificate in a bank on an assignment form prescribed by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.10.120. 89-09-052 (Order 89-22), § 220-20-055, filed 4/18/89; 87-21-018 (Order 87-150), § 220-20-055, filed 10/9/87.]

WAC 220-20-060 Commercial fishing license transfer—Notarization. Any person making application to transfer a commercial fishing license or charter boat angler permit must have the signature of the transferor notarized, and without notarization the department will not transfer a license or angler permit, except the department may transfer the license or angler permit of a decedent without notarization but with appropriate legal certification supporting the transfer.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–16–074 (Order 88–69), 220-20-060, filed 8/2/88.]

Chapter 220–22 WAC MANAGEMENT AND CATCH REPORTING AREAS

WAC	
220-22-010	Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas.
220-22-020	Coast, Willapa Harbor, Grays Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas.
220–22–030	Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas.
220–22–400	Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas, Puget Sound.
220-22-410	Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas, coastal waters.
220-22-510	Aquaculture districts.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-22-310 Treaty Indian—Columbia River. [Order 76-35, § 220-22-310, filed 5/11/76.] Repealed by 79-07-045

(Order 79-42), filed 6/22/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-22-320 Treaty Indian coast, Willapa Harbor, Grays Harbor. [Order 76-35, § 220-22-320, filed 5/11/76.] Repealed by 79-07-045 (Order 79-42), filed 6/22/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-22-330 Treaty Indian, Puget Sound. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-22-330, filed 4/13/78; Order 76-35, § 220-20-330 (codified as WAC 220-22-330), filed 5/11/76.] Repealed by 79-07-045 (Order 79-42), filed 6/22/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-22-010 Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas. (1) Area 1A shall include those waters of the Columbia River easterly of a line projected from the inshore end of the north jetty in the state of Washington to the knuckle of the south jetty in the state of Oregon, and westerly of a line projected from Grays Point in Washington to Tongue Point in Oregon.

- (2) Area 1B shall include those waters of the Columbia River easterly of a line projected from Grays Point in the state of Washington to Tongue Point in the state of Oregon, westerly of a line projected true north from the water storage tank at the Beaver Munitions Storage Terminal in Oregon, including all waters of Grays Bay, those waters of Deep River downstream of the Highway 4 Bridge, all waters of Seal Slough, those waters of Grays River downstream of a line projected between fishing boundary markers on both banks at the Leo Reisticka farm, and those waters of Elokomin Slough and Elokomin River downstream of the Highway 4 Bridge.
- (3) Area 1C shall include those waters of the Columbia River easterly of a line projected true north from the water storage tank at the Beaver Munitions Storage Terminal in the state of Oregon, and downstream of a line projected true west from the east or upstream bank of the Lewis River mouth in Washington.
- (4) Area 1D shall include those waters of the Columbia River upstream of a line projected true west from the east or upstream bank of the Lewis River mouth in Washington state and westerly of a line projected true north from Rooster Rock in Oregon, and those waters of Camas Slough downstream of the westernmost powerline crossing at the Crown Zellerbach mill
- (5) Area 1E shall include those waters of the Columbia River easterly of a line projected true north from Rooster Rock in the state of Oregon, and downstream of a line projected between fishing boundary markers located 4 miles downstream from Bonneville Dam.
- (6) Area 1F (Bonneville Pool) shall include those waters of the Columbia River upstream from the Bridge of the Gods, located approximately 2.3 miles above Bonneville Dam, and downstream of a line projected from the west end of the Port of The Dalles Dock across the Columbia River to a Washington department of fisheries' boundary marker on the Washington shore.

- (7) Area 1G (The Dalles Pool) shall include those waters of the Columbia River upstream from a line projected from an Oregon department of fish and wildlife deadline marker on the Oregon shore to the 5-mile-lock light (6 seconds red) on an island near the Oregon shore, to an island near the Washington shore to a Washington department of fisheries' fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore at the southwest corner of Horsethief Lake, SP&S Railroad fill and downstream of a line projected across the thread of the Columbia River at the grain elevator at Rufus, Oregon, to a deadline marker on the Washington shore.
- (8) Area 1H (John Day Pool) shall include those waters of the Columbia River upstream from a line projected across the thread of the Columbia River from a fishing boundary marker approximately 1/2-mile above the John Day River, Oregon, to a fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore and downstream of a line projected across the thread of the Columbia River from the upstream bank of the Umatilla River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-07-045 (Order 79-42), § 220-22-010, filed 6/22/79; Order 77-14, § 220-22-010, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-35, § 220-22-010, filed 5/11/76.]

WAC 220-22-020 Coast, Willapa Harbor, Grays Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas.
(1) Area 1 shall include those waters of District 1 and the Oregon coast westerly of a line projected from the inshore end of the north Columbia River jetty in the state of Washington to the knuckle of the south Columbia River jetty in the state of Oregon, northerly of a line projected true west from Tillamook Head in Oregon and southerly of a line projected true west from Leadbetter Point in Washington.

- (2) Area 2 shall include those waters of District 1 northerly of a line projected true west from Leadbetter Point and southerly of a line projected true west from the Queets River mouth.
- (3) Area 2A shall include those waters of Grays Harbor and the Chehalis River estuary upstream from the Union Pacific Railroad Bridge at Aberdeen to a line projected from the Lakeside Industries asphalt plant tower at a right angle to the thread of the stream to the opposite shore.
- (4) Area 2B shall include those waters of Grays Harbor lying easterly of a straight line projected from the Point Chehalis light, located 123 feet above mean high water at Westport, through the Coast Guard look out tower to the shore near Point Brown, southerly of a line projected from a fishing boundary marker at Ocean Shores Marina, to a fishing boundary marker on Sand Island and thence to the tripod station at Brackenridge Bluff, westerly of a line projected from the tripod station at Brackenridge Bluff southward and extending through channel marker 8 in the south channel at the mouth of Johns River to the mainland, and northerly of the Bay City Bridge.
- (5) Area 2C shall include those waters of Grays Harbor northerly of a line projected from a fishing boundary marker at Ocean Shores Marina to a fishing boundary

- marker on Sand Island to the tripod station at Bracken-ridge Bluff and westerly of a line starting at a monument located at the point of Holman Bluff near the mouth of Grass Creek and projected to a monument set on Point New, exclusive of those waters within 1/4 mile of a monument set on the beach near the mouth of Chenois Creek and those waters northerly of a line starting at a monument located near the beach in front of the Giles Hogan residence located west of the mouth of the Humptulips River, thence projected in a southerly tip of the grass spit at the mouth of the Humptulips River, thence projected in an easterly direction to a point on Chenois Bluff at 47° 0' 32" N latitude, 124° 1' W longitude.
- (6) Area 2D shall include those waters of Grays Harbor and the Chehalis River estuary easterly of a line projected from the tripod station at Brackenridge Bluff southward and through channel marker 8 at the mouth of Johns River in the south channel to the mainland and westerly of the Union Pacific Railroad Bridge in Aberdeen and westerly (downstream) of the Highway 105 Bridge on Johns River.
- (7) Area 2G shall include those waters of Willapa Harbor northerly of a line projected from Needle Point approximately 305° true to the Island Sands light approximately 2 miles south of Riddle Spit light No. 10 and thence true west to the North Beach Peninsula, westerly of a line projected from Needle Point northerly to day beacon No. 14 and thence to Ramsey Point, outside and westerly of a line projected from Stony Point to the Bay Center Channel light (F1 4 seconds, 16 feet) to the northern tip of Goose Point, downstream and westerly of a line projected 235 degrees true from the north shore of the Willapa River through Willapa River light number 33 to the south shore, outside and southerly of a line commencing at a boundary marker on the west shore of the North River projected 82 degrees true through channel marker No. 16 to a boundary marker on the east shore, outside and southerly of a line projected from the Cedar River's meander corner between Section 31, Township 15N, and Section 6, Township 14N, Range 10W, W.M., to the meander corner between Sections 36, Township 15N, and Section 1, Township 14N, Range 11W, W.M., and inside and easterly of a straight line projected from the Cape Shoalwater light through buoy 8A, located between buoy 8 and buoy 10, approximately 1,500 yards from Cape Shoalwater light on a line 171° true, to Leadbetter
- (8) Area 2H shall include those waters of Willapa Harbor and the Willapa River estuary easterly of Area 2G and downstream from a line projected true north from the Standard Oil dock in South Bend to the opposite shore of the Willapa River.
- (9) Area 2J shall include those waters of Willapa Harbor lying southerly and westerly of a line projected from Diamond Point to the Island Sands light, approximately 2 miles south of Riddle Spit light No. 10, and thence due west to the North Beach Peninsula, and northerly of a line projected true east—west through

marker 20 between Long Island and the North Beach Peninsula.

- (10) Area 2K shall include those waters of Willapa Harbor easterly of a line projected from the northern tip of Goose Point to the Bay Center Channel light (F1 4 seconds, 16 feet) to Stony Point and westerly of the Palix River Highway 101 Bridge.
- (11) Area 2M shall include those waters of Willapa Harbor lying southerly and easterly of a line projected from Needle Point approximately 285° true to the Island Sands light, approximately 2 miles south of Riddle Spit light No. 10, and south to Diamond Point, downstream and westerly of the Highway 101 Bridge over the Naselle River, and northerly and easterly of a line from Stanley Point to Paradise Point.
- (12) Area 3 shall include those waters of District 1 northerly of a line projected true west from the Queets River mouth and southerly of a line projected true west from Cape Alava.
- (13) Area 4 shall include those waters of District 1 northerly of a line projected true west from Cape Alava, westerly of lines projected from the northern tip of Portage Head to the southern tip of Waatch Point and from the Tatoosh Island light to Bonilla Point and southerly of a line projected true west from the intersection of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line with the U.S.-Canada International Boundary Line.
- (14) Area 4A shall include those waters easterly and inside of a line projected from the northern tip of Portage Head to the southern tip of Waatch Point, outside and westerly of the mouth of any river or stream flowing to the sea.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–03–068 (Order 90–05), § 220–22–020, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90; 84–15–008 (Order 84–66), § 220–22–020, filed 7/6/84; 82–13–048 (Order 82–63), § 220–22–020, filed 6/11/82; 81–13–005 (Order 81–37), § 220–22–020, filed 6/8/81; 80–09–072 (Order 80–69), § 220–22–020, filed 7/18/80; 78–07–067 (Order 78–45), § 220–22–020, filed 6/30/78; Order 77–71, § 220–22–020, filed 8/18/77; Order 77–14, § 220–22–020, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–35, § 220–22–020, filed 5/11/76.]

- WAC 220-22-030 Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas. (1) Area 4B shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from the Bonilla Point light on Vancouver Island to the Tatoosh Island light, thence to the most westerly point on Cape Flattery and westerly of a line projected true north from the fishing boundary marker at the mouth of the Sekiu River.
- (2) Area 5 shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected true north from the fishing boundary marker at the mouth of the Sekiu River and westerly of a line projected true north from Low Point.
- (3) Area 6 shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from the Angeles Point Monument to the William Head light on Vancouver Island, northerly of a line projected from the Dungeness Spit light to the Partridge Point light, westerly of a line projected from the Partridge Point light to the Smith Island light, and southerly of a line projected from the Smith Island light to vessel traffic lane buoy R to the Trial Island light.

- (4) Area 6A shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from the Partridge Point light to the Smith Island light to the most northeasterly of the Lawson Reef lighted buoys (RB 1 Qk Fl Bell) to Northwest Island to the Initiative 77 marker on Fidalgo Island and westerly of a line projected from Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island to West Point on Whidbey Island
- (5) Area 6B shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from the Dungeness Spit light to the Partridge Point light, westerly of a line projected from the Partridge Point light to the Point Wilson light and easterly of a line projected 155° true from Dungeness Spit light to Kulo Kala Point.
- (6) Area 6C shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected true north from Low Point and westerly of a line projected from the Angeles Point Monument to the William Head light on Vancouver Island.
- (7) Area 6D shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly of a line projected 155° true from Dungeness Spit light to Kulo Kala Point.
- (8) Area 7 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected true east-west through Sandy Point Light No. 2 (48 degrees, 47.2 minutes north latitude, 122 degrees, 42.7 minutes west longitude as per U.S. Coast Guard Light List No. 19880), northerly of a line projected from the Trial Island light to vessel traffic lane buoy R to the Smith Island light to the most northeasterly of the Lawson Reef lighted buoys (RB 1 Qk Fl Bell) to Northwest Island to the Initiative 77 marker on Fidalgo Island, and westerly of a line projected from Sandy Point Light No. 2 to Point Migley, thence along the eastern shore-line of Lummi Island to Carter Point, thence to the most northerly tip of Vendovi Island, thence to Clark Point on Guemes Island following the shoreline to Southeast Point on Guemes Island, thence to March Point on Fidalgo Island, excluding those waters of East Sound northerly of a line projected due west from Rosario Point on Orcas Island.
- (9) Area 7A shall include those waters of Puget Sound northerly of a line projected true east—west through Sandy Point Light No. 2 (48 degrees, 47.2 minutes north latitude, 122 degrees, 42.7 minutes west longitude as per U.S. Coast Guard Light List No. 19880), terminating on the west at the international boundary and on the east at the landfall on Sandy Point.
- (10) Area 7B shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly of a line projected 154 degrees true from Sandy Point Light No. 2 (48 degrees, 47.2 minutes north latitude, 122 degrees, 42.7 minutes west longitude as per U.S. Coast Guard Light List No. 19880) to the landfall on Gooseberry Point, easterly of a line projected from Sandy Point Light No. 2 to Point Migley, thence along the eastern shoreline of Lummi Island to Carter Point, thence to the most northerly tip of Vendovi Island, thence to Clark Point on Guemes Island following the shoreline to Southeast Point on Guemes Island, thence to March Point on Fidalgo Island, northerly of the Burlington Northern railroad bridges at the north entrances to Swinomish Channel and westerly of a line

projected from William Point light on Samish Island 28° true to the range light near Whiskey Rock on the north shore of Samish Bay and southwesterly of the mouth of Whatcom Creek, defined as a line projected approximately 14 degrees true from the flashing light at the southwest end of the Port of Bellingham North Terminal to the southernmost point of the dike surrounding the Georgia Pacific treatment pond.

- (11) Area 7C shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from William Point light on Samish Island 28° true to the range light near Whiskey Rock on the north shore of Samish Bay.
- (12) Area 7D shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected 154 degrees true from Sandy Point Light No. 2 (48 degrees, 47.2 minutes north latitude, 122 degrees, 42.7 minutes west longitude as per U.S. Coast Guard Light List No. 19880) to the landfall on Gooseberry Point and south of a line projected true east from Sandy Point Light No. 2 to the landfall on Sandy Point.
- (13) Area 7E shall include those waters of Puget Sound within East Sound northerly of a line projected due west from Rosario Point on Orcas Island.
- (14) Area 8 shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from West Point on Whidbey Island to Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island, westerly of a line projected from the light on East Point 340° true to the light on Camano Island (Saratoga Pass light #2, Fl Red 4 Sec) southerly of the Burlington Northern railroad bridges at the north entrances to Swinomish Channel and northerly of the state highway 532 bridges between Camano Island and the mainland.
- (15) Area &A shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from the East Point light on Whidbey Island 340° true to the light on Camano Island (Saratoga Pass light #2, Fl Red 4 Sec), northerly of a line projected from the southern tip of Possession Point 110° true to the shipwreck on the opposite shore, southerly of the State Highway 532 bridges between Camano Island and the mainland excluding those waters of Area &D.
- (16) Area 8D shall include those waters of Puget Sound inside and easterly of a line projected 225 degrees from the pilings at old Bower's Resort to a point 2,000 feet offshore, thence northwesterly to a point 2,000 feet off Mission Point, thence across the mouth of Tulalip Bay to a point 2,000 feet off Hermosa Point, thence northwesterly following a line 2,000 feet offshore to the intersection with a line projected 233 degrees from the fishing boundary marker on the shore at the slide north of Tulalip Bay.
- (17) Area 9 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly and easterly of a line projected from the Partridge Point light to the Point Wilson light, northerly of the site of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge, northerly of a line projected true west from the shoreward end of the Port Gamble tribal dock on Point Julia to the mainland in the community of Port Gamble, southerly of a line projected from the southern tip of Possession Point 110° true to the shipwreck on the opposite shore and northerly of a line projected from the Apple Cove Point light

- to the light at the south end of the Edmond's breakwater at Edwards Point.
- (18) Area 9A shall include those waters of Puget Sound known as Port Gamble Bay southerly of a line projected true west from the shoreward end of the Port Gamble tribal dock on Point Julia to the mainland in the community of Port Gamble.
- (19) Area 10 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from the Apple Cove Point light to the light at the south end of the Edmond's breakwater at Edwards Point, westerly of a line projected 233° true from the Azteca Restaurant near Shilshole Marina through entrance piling No. 8 to the southern shore of the entrance to the Lake Washington Ship Canal, westerly of a line projected 185° true from the southwest corner of Pier 91 through the Duwamish Head light to Duwamish Head, northerly of a true eastwest line passing through the Point Vashon light, easterly of a line projected from Orchard Point to Beans Point on Bainbridge Island, and northerly and easterly of a line projected true west from Agate Point on Bainbridge Island to the mainland.
- (20) Area 10A shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected 185° true from the southwest corner of Pier 91 through the Duwamish Head light to Duwamish Head.
- (21) Area 10C shall include those waters of Lake Washington southerly of the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge.
- (22) Area 10D shall include those waters of the Sammamish River south of the State Highway 908 Bridge and Lake Sammamish.
- (23) Area 10E shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly of a line projected from Orchard Point to Beans Point on Bainbridge Island and southerly and westerly of a line projected true west from Agate Point on Bainbridge Island to the mainland.
- (24) Area 10F shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected 233° true from the Azteca Restaurant near Shilshole Marina through entrance piling Number 8 to the southern shore of the entrance to the Lake Washington Ship Canal and those waters of the Lake Washington Ship Canal westerly of a line projected from Webster Point true south to the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge including the waters of Salmon Bay, the Lake Washington Ship Canal, Lake Union and Portage Bay.
- (25) Area 10G shall include those waters of Lake Washington northerly of the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge, easterly of a line projected from Webster Point true south to the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge and those waters of the Sammamish River north of the State Highway 908 Bridge.
- (26) Area 11 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a true east—west line passing through the Point Vashon light, northerly of a line projected 259 degrees true from Browns Point to the land fall in line with the site of Asarco smelter stack on the opposite shore of Commencement Bay, and northerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge.

- (27) Area 11A shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected 259 degrees true from Browns Point to the land fall in line with the site of Asarco smelter stack on the opposite shore of Commencement Bay.
- (28) Area 12 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of the site of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge and northerly and easterly of a line projected from the Tskutsko Point light to Misery Point.
- (29) Area 12A shall include those waters of Puget Sound northerly of a line projected from Pulali Point true east to the mainland.
- (30) Area 12B shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from Pulali Point true east to the mainland, northerly of a line projected from Ayock Point true east to the mainland, and westerly of a line projected from the Tskutsko Point light to Misery Point.
- (31) Area 12C shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from Ayock Point true east to the mainland and northerly and westerly of a line projected from Ayres Point to the public boat ramp at Union.
- (32) Area 12D shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from Ayres Point to the public boat ramp at Union.
- (33) Area 13 shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge and a line projected from Green Point to Penrose Point and northerly and easterly of a line projected from the Devil's Head light to Treble Point, thence through lighted buoy No. 3 to the mainland and westerly of the railroad trestle at the mouth of Chambers Bay.
- (34) Area 13A shall include those waters of Puget Sound northerly of a line projected from Green Point to Penrose Point.
- (35) Area 13C shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of the railroad trestle at the mouth of Chambers Bay.
- (36) Area 13D shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly of a line projected from the Devil's Head light to Treble Point, thence through lighted buoy Number 3 to the mainland, northerly of a line projected from Johnson Point to Dickenson Point, northerly of a line projected from the light at Dofflemeyer Point to Cooper Point, easterly of a line projected from Cooper Point to the southeastern shore of Sanderson Harbor, easterly of a line projected from the northern tip of Steamboat Island to the light at Arcadia to Hungerford Point and southerly of a line projected true east—west through the southern tip of Stretch Island.
- (37) Area 13E shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from Johnson Point to Dickenson Point.
- (38) Area 13F shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from the light at Dofflemeyer Point to Cooper Point.
- (39) Area 13G shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of a line projected from Cooper Point to the southeastern shore of Sanderson Harbor.

- (40) Area 13H shall include those waters of Puget Sound southwesterly of a line projected from the northern tip of Steamboat Island to the light at Arcadia and those waters easterly of a line projected 64° true from Kamilche Point to the opposite shore.
- (41) Area 13I shall include those waters of Puget Sound southwesterly of a line projected 64° true from Kamilche Point to the opposite shore.
- (42) Area 13J shall include those waters of Puget Sound northwesterly of a line projected from the light at Arcadia to Hungerford Point.
- (43) Area 13K shall include those waters of Puget Sound northerly of a line projected true east—west through the southern tip of Stretch Island.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220–22–030, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220–22–030, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220–22–030, filed 7/4/87; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220–22–030, filed 7/14/87; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220–22–030, filed 7/14/87; 85-13-032 (Order 82-83), § 220–22–030, filed 7/15/82; 81-18-017 (Order 82-83), § 220–22–030, filed 7/15/82; 81-18-017 (Order 81-101), § 220–22–030, filed 8/25/81; 80-04-070 (Order 80-17), § 220–22–030, filed 8/5/77; Order 8/

- WAC 220-22-400 Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas, Puget Sound. (1) Area 20A shall include those waters of Puget Sound north of a line projected from Village Point, Lummi Island through the navigation buoy just east of Matia Island thence to the buoy at Clements Reef thence to the east-ernmost point of Patos Island and from the westernmost point of Patos Island due east to the international boundary; and west of a line from Point Francis through the marker north of Inati Bay, Lummi Island to Lummi Island.
- (2) Area 20B shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of Area 20A, westerly of a line from Lummi Island through Lummi Rocks to the northernmost tip of Sinclair Island, and northerly of a line from the northernmost tip of Sinclair Island to Lawrence Point on Orcas Island and a line which runs from Steep Point on Orcas Island to Limestone Point on San Juan Island and then to Green Point on the eastern tip of Speiden Island and from the western tip of Speiden Island true west to the international boundary.
- (3) Area 21A shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly and easterly of Areas 20A and 20B, and westerly of a line from William Point to Governor's Point, and northerly of a line from William Point to the southernmost tip of Vendovi Island to the Sinclair Island light.
- (4) Area 21B shall include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of and adjacent to Area 21A.
- (5) Area 22A shall include those waters of Puget Sound south of Area 20B, westerly of 122° 40' W between Sinclair Island and Fidalgo Island and the Deception Pass Bridge; northerly of a line due east from the international boundary to a point 1 nautical mile from Pile Point, San Juan Island, thence southeasterly along a line 1 nautical mile from the southern shores of San

Juan Island and Lopez Island to Davidson Rock near Point Colville, then easterly to a point one nautical mile south of the buoy at Lawson Reef and than due east to Whidbey Island.

- (6) Area 22B shall include those waters of Puget Sound south of Area 21A, east of 22A, and north of the railroad bridges at Swinomish Channel.
- (7) Area 23A shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of Area 22A; westerly and northerly of a line described as follows: A line segment from Davidson Rock near Point Colville, Lopez Island to a point 2 nautical miles from the Smith Island light thence continuing westerly and southerly 2 nautical miles from the Smith Island light until the line intersects with a line between Smith Island light and the vessel traffic service buoy north of Dungeness Spit, thence to the vessel traffic service buoy, thence southerly and westerly to a point 1 1/2 nautical miles north of the Ediz Hook light thence north to the international boundary.
- (8) Area 23B shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of Area 22A; easterly of 23A; and northerly of a line due west from Partridge Point, Whidbey Island to its intersection with Area 23A.
- (9) Area 23C shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly of Area 23A and a line due north from the Ediz Hook light to the international boundary; and easterly of a line projected due north from the mouth of the Sekiu River.
- (10) Area 23D shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of Area 23A and easterly of Area 23C and westerly of a line from the Dungeness light to the vessel traffic service buoy north of Dungeness light.
- (11) Area 24A shall include those waters of Saratoga Passage and Skagit Bay east of a line between Polnell Point and Rocky Point, Camano Island; south of Area 22B; and east of Area 22A, and north of the Highway 532 Bridge between Camano Island and the mainland.
- (12) Area 24B shall include those waters of Port Susan south of Area 24A and north of a line from Camano Head on Camano Island to the north tip of Gedney Island and from the southern tip of Gedney Island east to the mainland.
- (13) Area 24C shall include those waters of Saratoga Passage west of Area 24A; north of a line projected due west of Hackney Island; and northwest of a line from Sandy Point, Whidbey Island to Camano Head, Camano Island.
- (14) Area 24D shall include Holmes Harbor south of a line projected due west from Hackney Island to Whidbey Island.
- (15) Area 25A shall include those waters of Puget Sound south of Areas 23A and 23B; east of Area 23D; north of a line projected from Diamond Point to Cape George, and westerly of a line projected from Point Partridge on Whidbey Island to Point Wilson.
- (16) Area 25B shall include those waters of Admiralty Inlet east of Area 25A; northeast of a line projected from Point Hudson to Marrowstone Point; and north of a line projected from Olele Point to Foulweather Bluff continuing to Double Bluff on Whidbey Island.

- (17) Area 25C shall include those waters of Hood Canal south of Area 25B and north of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge.
- (18) Area 25D shall include those waters of Port Townsend Bay southwest of Area 25B.
- (19) Area 25E shall include those waters of Discovery Bay south of Area 25A.
- (20) Area 26A shall include those waters of Puget Sound south of Areas 24B, 24C, and 25B and northerly of a line from Apple Cove Point to Point Edwards.
- (21) Area 26B shall include those waters of Puget Sound south of Area 26A, and east of a line from Point Monroe, Bainbridge Island to the mouth of Miller Bay, and east of a line from Beans Point on Bainbridge Island to Orchard Point, and northerly of a line from the ferry dock at Point Southworth to Brace Point.
- (22) Area 26C shall include those waters of Puget Sound westerly and adjacent to Area 26B.
- (23) Area 26D shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly of Area 26B and northerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge.
- (24) Area 27A shall include those waters of Hood Canal southerly of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge and northerly of a line from Misery Point to Quatsap Point.
- (25) Area 27B shall include those waters of Hood Canal south of Area 27A and north of a line from Lilliwaup Creek to Dewatto.
- (26) Area 27C shall include those waters of Hood Canal south of Area 27B.
- (27) Area 28A shall include those waters of Puget Sound southerly and westerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge, south of a line projected from Penrose Point to Green Point in Carr Inlet, south of a line projected from Point Wilson to Whiteman Cove in Case Inlet, and east of a line projected from Brisco Point to Dofflemyer Point.
- (28) Area 28B shall include all waters of Carr Inlet north of a line projected from Penrose Point to Green Point.
- (29) Area 28C shall include those waters of Case Inlet and Pickering Passage north of a line projected from Wilson Point to Whiteman Cove, and north of the highway bridge from the west side of Hartstene Island.
- (30) Area 28D shall include those waters west of Area 28A and south of Area 28C.
- (31) Area 29 shall include those waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca west of Area 23C and east of a line projected from the Bonilla Point light on Vancouver Island to the Tatoosh Island light, then to the most westerly point of Cape Flattery.
- (32) This WAC will not apply to hardshell clams, oysters, or geoducks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220-22-400, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-080 (Order 82-215), § 220-22-400, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-22-400, filed 4/13/78; Order 76-148, § 220-22-400, filed 12/2/76.]

WAC 220-22-410 Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas, coastal waters. (1) Area 50 shall include waters of the Bering Sea north of the Aleutian Islands.

- (2) Area 51 shall include waters south of the Aleutian Islands and west of longitude 159° W.
- (3) Area 52 shall include waters west of longitude 154° W and east of Area 51.
- (4) Area 53 shall include waters west of longitude 147° W and east of Area 52.
- (5) Area 54 shall include waters west of longitude 137° W and east of Area 53.
- (6) Area 55 shall include waters north of latitude 54° 40' N and east of Area 54.
- (7) Area 56 shall include waters north of latitude 50° 30' N and south of Area 55.
- (8) Area 57 shall include waters north of latitude 48° 26' N and south of Area 56.
- (9) Area 58A shall include waters north of the United States Canada boundary and south of Area 57.
- (10) Area 58B shall include waters west of a line projected 220° true southwest from the equidistant point between the United States and Canada along the Cape Flattery to Bonilla Point line, north of a line projected true west from Point Grenville and south of Area 58A.
- (11) Area 59A shall include waters east of the 220° true line, west of a line from Cape Flattery to Bonilla Point, and north of a line true west from Point Grenville excluding coastal waters (0-3 miles) north of a line projected true west from Cape Alava.
- (12) Area 59B shall include coastal waters (0-3 miles) northerly of a line projected true west from Cape Alava and west of a line projected from the Bonilla Point light on Vancouver Island to the Tatoosh Island light and then to the most westerly point of Cape Flattery.
- (13) Area 60A shall include waters north of a line projected true west from the Washington-Oregon boundary in the Columbia River, and south of Areas 58, 59A, and 59B exclusive of the Columbia River estuary, Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay.
- (14) Area 60B shall include the waters of Grays Harbor east of a line projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost end of the south jetty.
- (15) Area 60°C shall include the saltwater areas of Willapa Bay east of a line from Leadbetter Point to Cape Shoalwater light.
- (16) Area 60D shall include waters of the Columbia River east of a line projected from the inshore end of the north jetty in the state of Washington to the knuckle of the south jetty in the state of Oregon, and west of the Megler-Astoria Bridge.
- (17) Area 61 shall include waters north of latitude 42° 00' N, and south of Area 60A, exclusive of the Columbia River estuary.
- (18) Area 62 shall include waters north of latitude 38° 00' N, and south of Area 61.
- (19) Area 63 shall include waters north of latitude 32° 00' N, and south of Area 62.
- (20) Area 64 shall include all waters south of Area 63.
- (21) This WAC will not apply to hardshell clams, oysters, or geoducks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–22–410, filed 3/27/84; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–22–410,

filed 7/1/82; 80-07-017 (Order 80-45), \$ 220-22-410, filed 6/11/80; Order 76-148, \$ 220-22-410, filed 12/2/76.]

- WAC 220-22-510 Aquaculture districts. (1) Area 41A shall include all waters of Budd Inlet south of a line between Dofflemeyer Point to Cooper Point.
- (2) Area 41B shall include all waters of Carr Inlet north and west of a line between Gibson Point on Fox Island and Hyde Point on McNeil Island and a line crossing Pitt Passage southwest from Signal Tower No. 5, and all waters of Hale Passage west of a line from Point Fosdick and Fox Point on Fox Island.
- (3) Area 41C shall include all waters of Case Inlet between Harstene Island and the Longbranch Peninsula between an east—west line from the extreme north shore of Herron Island, and an east—west line from Johnson Point.
- (4) Area 41D shall include all waters of Case Inlet north of Area 41C and west of a line running north from Dougall Point.
- (5) Area 41E shall include all waters of Eld Inlet south of a line across the entrance of Eld Inlet projected from Dofflemeyer Point through Cooper Point.
- (6) Area 41F shall include all waters surrounding Anderson Island south of Area 41B and 41C and a southwesterly line from Gibson Point on Fox Island to Sunset Beach.
- (7) Area 41G shall include all waters of Hammersley Inlet and Oakland Bay west of a line between Hungerford Point and Arcadia and the entrance of Hammersley Inlet.
- (8) Area 41H shall include all waters of Totten and Skookum Inlets southwest of a line from Arcadia to Hunter Point.
- (9) Area 41J shall include all waters of Pickering Passage and Peale Passage bounded by Areas 41A, 41C, 41H, 41G, 41D, and a line running south from Brisco Point on Harstene Island.
- (10) Area 41K shall include all waters of Henderson Inlet and Dana Passage east of Area 41J and south of Area 41C.
- (11) Area 41L shall include all waters of The Narrows, Dalco Passage, and Commencement Bay north and west of Areas 41F and 41B and south of a line from the Gig Harbor entrance marker to Neill Point on Vashon Island to Browns Point.
- (12) Area 41M shall include all waters of East Passage north and east of Area 41L and south of a line from Point Vashon to Brace Point.
- (13) Area 41N shall include all waters of Colvos Passage north of Area 41L and south of a line from Point Southworth to Point Vashon.
- (14) Area 42A shall include all waters of Dyes Inlet, the Washington Narrows, and Sinclair Inlet west of a southeast line from the north shore of the Washington Narrows entrance.
- (15) Area 42B shall include all waters of Discovery Bay south of a line between Diamond Point and Cape George.
- (16) Area 42C shall include all waters of all waters of Hood Canal south of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge

- and north of a line between Quatsap Point and the entrance of Stavis Bay.
- (17) Area 42D shall include all waters of Hood Canal south of Area 42C and north of a line between Lilliwaup Creek and the south entrance of Dewatto Bay.
- (18) Area 42E shall include all waters of Hood Canal south of Area 42D.
- (19) Area 42F shall include all waters of Oak Bay west of a line from Liplip Point on Marrowstone Island to Olele Point and east of the bridge connecting Indian Island and the mainland.
- (20) Area 42G shall include all waters near Port Angeles south of a line between Angeles Point and the northern extremity of Dungeness Spit.
- (21) Area 42H shall include all waters north of the Hood Canal Bridge and south of a line between Olele Point and Foulweather Bluff.
- (22) Area 42J shall include all waters of Port Madison east of the Agate Pass Bridge and west of a line between Point Jefferson and Skiff Point on Bainbridge Island.
- (23) Area 42K shall include all waters of Port Orchard south of an east—west line at Battle Point on Bainbridge Island, west of a line projected from Restoration Point on Bainbridge Island through the westernmost portion of Blake Island to the Mainland in Yukon Harbor, excluding Area 42A.
- (24) Area 42L shall include all waters of Port Townsend and Kilisut Harbor bounded by the Indian Island Bridge and a line from Marrowstone Point to Point Wilson.
- (25) Area 42M shall include all waters of Liberty Bay and those contiguous waters north of Area 42K and south of Area 42J.
- (26) Area 42N shall include all waters of Admiralty Inlet and Puget Sound north of Areas 41N and 41M, east of 42K and 42J, east of Areas 42H, 42F and 42L, south of a line between Point Wilson and Admiralty Head, and west of a line between Possession Point and Picnic Point.
 - (27) Area 42P shall include all waters of Sequim Bay.
- (28) Area 42R shall include all waters south of a line between the northern extremity of Dungeness Spit and Point Wilson, excluding Areas 42B and 42P.
- (29) Area 43A shall include all waters of Padilla Bay west of the line from Shannon Point and the closest portion of Guemes Island, and south of a line between Clark Point on Guemes Island and William Point on Samish Island.
- (30) Area 43B shall include all waters of Lummi Bay and Bellingham Bay east of the line between Sandy Point and Point Migley on Lummi Island, northeast of the line between William Point on Samish Island and Governors Point.
- (31) Area 43C shall include all waters of Boundary Bay and Crayton Harbor northeast of the line between Point Roberts and Birch Point, and south of the international border.
- (32) Area 43D shall include all waters of Possession Sound east of Area 42N, and south of a line from Sandy

- Point on Whidbey Island, to Camano Head, then to south entrance of Tulalip Bay.
- (33) Area 43E shall include all waters of Port Susan north of Area 43D.
- (34) Area 43F shall include all waters of Samish Bay southwest of Area 43B.
- (35) Area 43G shall include all waters of Saratoga Passage between a line from Sandy Point on Whidbey Island and Camano Head, and a line from Polnell Point on Whidbey Island to Rocky Point on Camano Island.
- (36) Area 43H shall include all waters of Skagit Bay and Similk Bay north of Area 43G, south of the La Conner Bridge, and east of the Deception Pass Bridge.
- (37) Area 43J shall include all United States waters of the Strait of Georgia, the United States waters surrounding the San Juan Islands, and the United States waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca east of Angeles Point.
- (38) Area 43K shall include all United States waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca west of Angeles Point and east of a line between Tatoosh Island and Bonilla Point.
- (39) Area 44A shall include all waters of Grays Harbor north of the marked Chehalis River Channel and west of a line between Point Chehalis and the southwestern most point of the Ocean Shores Peninsula.
- (40) Area 44B shall include all waters of Grays Harbor south of the marked Chehalis River Channel and west of a line between Point Chehalis and the southwestern most point of the Ocean Shores Peninsula.
- (41) Area 45A shall include all waters of Willapa Bay north of the Willapa River Channel and west of the North River Channel.
- (42) Area 45B shall include all waters of Willapa Bay north of the Willapa River Channel, west of the North River Channel and west of a line between Cape Shoalwater and Leadbetter Point.
- (43) Area 45C shall include all waters of Willapa Bay south of the Willapa River Channel and east of Stoney Point.
- (44) Area 45D shall include all waters of Willapa Bay south of the Willapa River Channel, west of Stoney Point, east of the Nahcotta Channel, and north and east of a line running north from Goose Point to the middle of the Bay Center Channel and then westerly following the Bay Center Channel to the Nahcotta Channel.
- (45) Area 45E shall include all waters of Willapa Bay east of the Nahcotta Channel, south of Area 45D, and north of a line projected west from Sandy Point.
- (46) Area 45F shall include all waters of Willapa Bay east of the Nahcotta Channel, south of Area 45E, and northeast of a line following the Nemah River Channel to channel marker "4" then west of the Nahcotta Channel.
- (47) Area 45G shall include all waters of Willapa Bay west of Diamond Point, southwest of the Nahcotta Channel, south of Area 45F, and north of a line between Paradise Point on Long Island and Sunshine Point.
- (48) Area 45H shall include all waters of Willapa Bay south of Area 45G and north and west of the ferry crossing to Long Island.

- (49) Area 45J shall include all waters of Willapa Bay west of the Long Island ferry crossing and south of High Point.
- (50) Area 45K shall include all waters of Willapa Bay north of High Point, east of the Nahcotta Channel, and south of the line between Diamond Point and the Nahcotta Boat Basin.
- (51) Area 45L shall include all waters of Willapa Bay north of High Point, west of the Nahcotta Channel and south of the line between Diamond Point and the Nahcotta Boat Basin.
- (52) Area 45M shall include all waters of Willapa Bay east of the line between Cape Shoalwater and Leadbetter Point, south of Area 45B, west of Areas 45D, 45E, and 45F, and north of latitude 46 degrees, 35 minutes north.
- (53) Area 45N shall include all waters of Willapa Bay south of Area 45M, east of Areas 45F and 45G, and north of Areas 45K and 45L.
- (54) Area 47A shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Clallam County.
- (55) Area 47B shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Clark County.
- (56) Area 47C shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Cowlitz County.
- (57) Area 47D shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Grays Harbor County.
- (58) Area 47E shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Island County.
- (59) Area 47F shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Jefferson County.
- (60) Area 47G shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in King County.
- (61) Area 47H shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Kitsap County.
- (62) Area 47J shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Lewis County.
- (63) Area 47K shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Mason County.
- (64) Area 47L shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Pacific County.
- (65) Area 47M shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Pierce County.
- (66) Area 47N shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in San Juan County.
- (67) Area 470 shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Skagit County.
- (68) Area 47P shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Skamania County.
- (69) Area 47Q shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Snohomish County.
- (70) Area 47R shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Thurston County.
- (71) Area 47S shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Wahkiakum County.
- (72) Area 47T shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Whatcom County.
- (73) Area 48A shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Adams County.
- (74) Area 48B shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Asotin County.

- (75) Area 48C shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Benton County.
- (76) Area 48D shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Chelan County.
- (77) Area 48E shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Columbia County.
- (78) Area 48F shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Douglas County.
- (79) Area 48G shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Ferry County.
- (80) Area 48H shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Franklin County.
- (81) Area 48J shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Garfield County.
- (82) Area 48K shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Grant County.
- (83) Area 48L shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Kittitas County.
- (84) Area 48M shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Klickitat County.
- (85) Area 48N shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Lincoln County.
- (86) Area 480 shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Okanogan County.
- (87) Area 48P shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Pend Oreille County.
- (88) Area 48Q shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Spokane County.
- (89) Area 48R shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Stevens County.
- (90) Area 48S shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Walla Walla County.
- (91) Area 48T shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Whitman County.
- (92) Area 48U shall include all freshwater streams, ponds or lakes in Yakima County.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–22–510, filed 9/12/86.]

Chapter 220-24 WAC PACIFIC OCEAN WATERS

WAC
220-24-010 Unlawful acts.
220-24-020 Lawful acts.
220-24-030 Closed areas.

- WAC 220-24-010 Unlawful acts. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess in or transport through the waters of District No. 1 for commercial purposes any chinook salmon taken from said waters, or from the waters of the Pacific Ocean and District No. 2 during the period November 1 through April 30 of the following year and during the period June 16 through June 30, except as provided in WAC 220-24-020.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess or transport through the waters of District No. 1 for commercial purposes any silver salmon taken from said waters, or from the waters of the Pacific Ocean and District No. 2 from November 1 through June 30 of the year following, except as provided in WAC 220-24-020.

- (3) It shall be unlawful for any person engaged in the business of canning, packing, processing, freezing, salting, smoking, kippering, preserving in ice, or otherwise involved in dealing in or curing any food fish or shellfish, or in the wholesale selling of food fish or shellfish for commercial purposes, to have in his possession within the boundaries of the state of Washington any fresh chinook salmon during the period November 1 through April 30, of the following year and during the period June 16 through June 30: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to chinook salmon lawfully taken from the concurrent waters of the Columbia River, or as otherwise provided.
- (4) During the period May 1 through June 14, it shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon with troll gear for commercial purposes except with single, barbless hooks except on bait hooks and artificial salmon plugs. Bait hooks must have a natural bait attached as its primary attraction while fishing. Spoons, wobblers, dodgers and flexible plastic lures must have barbless hooks. For the purpose of this regulation, a single, barbless hook is defined as a hook with one primary point and no secondary points or barbs curving or projected in any opposite direction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78–05–067 (Order 78–20), § 220–24–010, filed 4/27/78; Order 76–24A, § 220–24–010, filed 4/23/76; Order 76–24, § 220–24–010, filed 4/20/76; subsection 3 rescinded by Order 758, § 1, filed 10/16/67; Order 726, filed 4/24/67; Orders 398 and 256, subsection 1, filed 3/1/60; Orders 355 and 256, subsection 2, filed 3/1/60; Order 564, subsection 3, filed 11/28/62; Order 542, filed 2/15/62; Orders 480 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Order 569, subsection 4, filed 4/11/63; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 403 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

- WAC 220-24-020 Lawful acts. (1) It shall be lawful to take, fish for or possess salmon other than coho taken for commercial purposes with "troll line" gear in waters of District No. 1 west of a line projected true north from Cape Flattery during the period May 1 through June 14 except as provided in WAC 220-44-020.
- (2) It shall be lawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes with "troll line" gear in the waters of District No. 1 west of a line projected true north from Cape Flattery during the period July 1 through September 15 except as provided in WAC 220-44-020.
- (3) It shall be lawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes with "troll line" gear in the waters of District No. 1 south of a line projected true west from Point Grenville during the period July 1 through October 31.
- (4) It shall be lawful for a common or contract carrier to transport during seasons in which the taking, catching, or possession of chinook or silver salmon is unlawful in the state of Washington or in waters over which the state of Washington has jurisdiction, an original package or packages containing either silver or chinook salmon which original package or packages both originate from and are destined for some other state, territory or foreign country: *Provided*, That for the purpose of this regulation the term "original package" shall mean a

package from which fish cannot be extracted without an opening or breaking thereof and which is accompanied by documentary proof that the original point of shipment and the point of destination are another state, territory or foreign country: *Provided further*, That it shall be unlawful for any such carrier to open or break any such original package while the same is in his possession, except for the purpose of reicing: *Provided further*, That the waters of the Pacific Ocean shall not be considered a state, territory or foreign country.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–07–046 (Order 79–43), § 220–24–020, filed 6/22/79; 78–05–067 (Order 78–20), § 220–24–020, filed 4/27/78; Order 76–24, § 220–24–020, filed 4/20/76; Order 1221, § 220–24–020, filed 7/1/75; Order 1116, § 220–24–020, filed 4/30/74; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; Order 677, subsection 1, filed 3/31/66; Orders 398 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Order 677, subsection 2, filed 3/31/66; Orders 357 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Orders 401 and 256, subsection 3, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-24-030 Closed areas. (1) It shall be unlawful to take fish for or possess salmon, for commercial purposes, with troll line gear within a 3 nautical mile radius of the following river mouths during the times specified

- (a) Quillayute River May 1 to June 15
- (b) Hoh River May 1 to September 15
- (c) Queets River May 1 to September 15.

[Order 77-31, § 220-24-030, filed 5/11/77.]

Chapter 220–28 WAC EMERGENCY REGULATIONS

WAC

220-28-010 Emergency regulations.

WAC 220-28-010 Emergency regulations. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken contrary to the provisions of any special season or emergency closed period prescribed in this chapter.

[Order 810, § 220-28-010, filed 4/17/69; Order 568, filed 4/25/63; Orders 386 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

Reviser's note: The department of fisheries frequently adopts emergency rules of limited duration that relate to seasons, closures, gear, and other special matters concerning the industry. Such rules are filed with and may be inspected at the Office of the Code Reviser, Legislative Building, Olympia, but because of their transitory nature they are omitted from this compilation under the authority of RCW 34.04.050(3). Copies of emergency rules may be obtained from the Director of Fisheries, General Administration Building, Olympia, Washington 98504.

Chapter 220-32 WAC COLUMBIA RIVER

WAC	
220-32-050	Indian fishery—Area and qualification.
220-32-051	Seasons—Salmon.
220-32-052	Weekly open fishing periods—Salmon.
220-32-053	Lawful salmon gear—Mesh.
220-32-054	Open area salmon—Lone Pine.
220-32-055	Off-reservation Indian subsistence fishing
220-32-056	Season and gear—Shad.

220–32–057 220–32–058	Season—Sturgeon. Closed areas salmon—River mouths.		Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and
220–32–059	Unlawful provision—Salmon.		75.08.080.
220-32-060	Columbia River—Columbia River off-reservation treaty Indian ceremonial fishing.	220-32-030	Salmon seasons—Areas. [Order 77-14, § 220-32-030, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, § 220-32-030, filed
DISPOSITIO	ON OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER		2/22/73; Order 915, § 220–32–030, filed 3/4/71; Order 860, § 220–32–030, filed 3/3/70; Subsections 1 and 2 amended by Order 768, § 2, filed 2/1/68;
220-32-010	Columbia River—Area 1. [Order 915, § 220-32-010,		Order 719, § 1 (part), filed 1/30/67; Subsections 1 and 2 from Order 633, filed 2/15/65; Order 600,
	filed 3/4/71; Order 860, § 220–32–010, filed 3/3/70; Order 719, § 1, (part), filed 1/30/67; Orders 416 and		filed 1/30/64; Order 566, filed 2/8/63; Order 542,
	256, §§ 1, 2, 3, 4, filed 3/1/60; Orders 417 and 256,		filed 2/15/61; Order 524, filed 2/6/61; Orders 504
	§ 5, filed 3/1/60; Order 674, §§ 6, 7, filed 2/1/66.]		and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 3 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 547, filed 7/5/62; Orders 495
220-32-011	Repealed by Order 76–35, filed 5/11/76. Columbia River—Area 1–A. [Order 915, § 220–32–		and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 4 from Order 524,
	011, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by Order 76-35, filed		filed 2/6/61; Orders 504 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 5, 9, 10 from Orders 416 and 256, filed
220-32-012	5/11/76. Columbia River—Area 2. [Order 915, § 220–32–012,		3/1/60; Subsection 10 amended by Order 638, filed
220-32-012	filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by Order 76-35, filed		4/28/65; Subsection 6 from Order 633, filed
	5/11/76.		2/15/65; Orders 504 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 7 from Order 633, filed 2/15/65; Order 566,
220–32–013	Columbia River—Area 3. [Order 1221, § 220–32–013, filed 7/1/75; Order 915, § 220–32–013, filed		filed 2/8/63; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 8
	3/4/71.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed 5/11/76.		from Orders 447 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection
220–32–014	Columbia River—Area 4. [Order 915, § 220–32–014,		11 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 447 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 12 from Order 677,
	filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by Order 76-35, filed 5/11/76.		filed 3/31/66.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-
220-32-015	Columbia River—Area 4-A. [Order 915, § 220-32-		151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75-
	015, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed 5/11/76.	220-32-031	.08.070 and 75.08.080. Weekly open fishing periods—Areas [Order 77–14, §
220-32-016	Columbia River—Shad Area 1. [Order 915, § 220–		220-32-031, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, § 220-32-
	32-016, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Or-		031, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220–32–031, filed
	der 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070
220-32-017	Columbia River—Shad Area 2. [Order 915, § 220-		and 75.08.080.
	32-017, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority:	220–32–032	Lawful salmon gear—Mesh. [Order 77–14, § 220–32–032, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, § 220–32–032,
	RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220–32–032, filed
220-32-020	Lawful gear—Salmon. [Order 77–14, § 220–32–020,		3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151),
	filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220-32-020, filed 3/4/71; Order 808, § 220-32-020, filed 2/3/69;		filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.
	Subsection 5, Order 768, § 1, filed 2/1/68; Order	220-32-033	Columbia River—Closed area salmon—Gill nets.
	719, filed 1/30/67; Subsections 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9 from Orders 416, 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 3, 4 from	-	[Order 915, § 220–32–033, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed
	Orders 417, 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 5 amended		by 88–22–005 (Order 88–151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.
	by Order 674, filed 2/1/66; Subsection 9 amended by Order 635, filed 3/31/65. Repealed by 88-22-005	220-32-034	Columbia River—Closed area salmon—Troll line.
	(Order 88–151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority:		[Order 915, § 220–32–034, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88–22–005 (Order 88–151), filed 10/20/88. Stat-
220 22 021	RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		utory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.
220-32-021	Lawful gear and seasons—Smelt. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-08-039 (Order 86-12), §	220-32-035	Columbia River—Emergency. [Order 860, § 220–32–
	220-32-021, filed 3/27/86; Order 77-14, § 220-32-		035, filed 3/3/70; Order 719, § 1 (part), filed 1/30/67; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 483 and
	021, filed 4/15/77; Order 983, § 220–32–021, filed 2/17/72; Order 915, § 220–32–021, filed 3/4/71.]		256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1106, filed
	Repealed by 88–22–005 (Order 88–151), filed	220 22 026	1/10/74.
	10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and	220-32-036	Closed areas salmon—River mouths. [Order 77–14, § 220–32–036, filed 4/15/77; Order 983, § 220–32–
220-32-022	75.08.080. Lawful gear—Sturgeon. [Statutory Authority: RCW		036, filed 2/17/72; Order 915, § 220-32-036, filed
	75.08.080. 82-19-083 (Order 82-142), § 220-32-		3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070
	022, filed 9/21/82; Order 77–14, § 220–32–022, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220–32–022, filed 3/4/71.]		and 75.08.080.
	Repealed by 88–22–005 (Order 88–151), filed	220-32-040	Season and areas—Sturgeon. [Statutory Authority:
	10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		RCW 75.08.080. 82–19–083 (Order 82–142), § 220–32–040, filed 9/21/82; Order 77–14, § 220–32–040,
220-32-023	Gill net construction—Shad. [Order 76–26, § 220–		filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220–32–040, filed
	32-023, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 915, § 220-		3/4/71; Order 860, § 220–32–040, filed 3/3/70;
	32-023, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority:		Subsection 3 amended by Order 758, § 3, filed 2/1/68; Order 719, § 1 (part), filed 1/30/67; Sub-
	RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		section 1 from Orders 420 and 256, filed 3/1/60;
220-32-024	Areas and lawful gear—Carp. [Order 77–14, § 220–		Subsection 2 from Orders 417 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsection 3 from Order 674, filed 2/1/66; Order
	32-024, filed 4/15/77; Order 983, § 220-32-024, filed 2/17/72; Order 915, § 220-32-024, filed		633, filed 2/15/65; Order 600, filed 1/30/64; Order
	3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151),		566, filed 3/8/63; Order 542, filed 2/15/62; Order
	filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.		524, filed 2/6/61; Orders 504 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Subsections 4 and 6 from Orders 416 and 256, filed
220-32-025	Lawful gear size. [Order 77-14, § 220-32-025, filed		3/1/60; Subsection 5 from Orders 447 and 256, filed
	4/15/77; Order 915, § 220–32–025, filed 3/4/71.]		3/1/60; Subsection 7 from Order 544, filed 4/3/62;
(1990 Ed.)			[Title 220 WACp 27]

88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.

220-32-041 Seasons and areas—Shad. [Order 77-14, § 220-32-041, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 76-26, § 220-32-041, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220-32-041, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220-32-041, filed 3/4/71.]

Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.

Subsection 8 from Order 674, filed 2/1/66; Subsec-

tion 9 from Order 675, filed 2/11/66,] Repealed by

220-32-042 Columbia River—Weekly closures—Smelt. [Order 915, § 220-32-042, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 86-08-039 (Order 86-12), filed 3/27/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-32-043 Columbia River—Season—Carp. [Order 915, § 220-32-043, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88-22-005 (Order 88-151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.

220–32–044 Area and gear—Herring, anchovies, candlefish, and pilchards. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–32–044, filed 3/27/84; Order 77–14, § 220–32–044, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–26, § 220–32–044, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 1105, § 220–32–044, filed 12/28/73; Order 915, § 220–32–044, filed 3/4/71.] Repealed by 88–22–005 (Order 88–151), filed 10/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080.

WAC 220-32-050 Indian fishery—Area and qualification. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish for commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H except that it shall be lawful for individuals possessing treaty fishing rights pursuant to the Yakima Treaty (12 Stat. 951), the Warm Springs Treaty (12 Stat. 963), the Umatilla Treaty (12 Stat. 945), and the Nez Perce Treaty (12 Stat. 957), while having on their person their Federal Tribal Identification Card to take, fish for and possess food fish for commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H in accordance with the following regulations.

[Order 77–14, § 220–32–050, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220–32–050, filed 3/4/71; Order 860, § 220–32–050, filed 3/3/70.]

WAC 220-32-051 Seasons—Salmon. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess salmon for commercial purposes taken with drift gill nets and set nets not exceeding 300 feet in length, and with dip nets and hoop nets in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H during the following season:

No open season.

[Order 77–14, § 220–32–051, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, § 220–32–051, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220–32–051, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-052 Weekly open fishing periods—Salmon. It shall be unlawful during any open season in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H to take, fish for or possess salmon for commercial purposes except during the weekly open period hereinafter designated:

No open season.

[Order 77–14, \$ 220–32–052, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, \$ 220–32–052, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, \$ 220–32–052, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-053 Lawful salmon gear—Mesh. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes with any net in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H containing gill net mesh larger than 4-1/2 inches stretch measure during the period 12 noon June 28 to 12 noon July 2; and containing mesh smaller than 7-1/4 inches stretch measure during the period 12 noon August 9 to 12 noon August 20.

[Order 77-14, § 220-32-053, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220-32-053, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-054 Open area salmon—Lone Pine. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess salmon taken for commercial purposes with dip nets, bag nets, and hoop nets at the Lone Pine Indian fishing site located immediately above The Dalles Interstate Bridge during the times it is lawful to take salmon commercially in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H.

[Order 77-14, § 220-32-054, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220-32-054, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-055 Off-reservation Indian subsistence fishing. (1) It is unlawful for any person, including treaty Indian fishermen, to take, fish for, or possess salmon or other food fish for subsistence purposes except in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- (2) It is lawful for individuals possessing treaty fishing rights pursuant to the Yakima Treaty, the Warm Springs Treaty, the Umatilla Treaty, and the Nez Perce Treaty to fish for food fish for subsistence family—use purposes subject to the following provisions:
- (a) Such fishing is permitted year-round in the following areas: That area of the mainstem Columbia River from a line between a marker on the Washington shore and a marker on the Oregon shore, such line located approximately one-half mile upstream from the mouth of Eagle Creek, upstream to a point at the foursecond flashing light #67 approximately 1/2 mile downstream of the Dalles Bridge; that area of the mainstem Columbia River from a point 200 feet above the Dalles Dam fishway exit upstream to a point 600 feet downstream of the John Day Dam fishway entrance; that area of the mainstem Columbia River from a point 200 feet above the John Day Dam fishway exit upstream to a point at the downstream end of the wingwall of the McNary Dam boat lock; that area of Columbia River from a point 200 feet above the McNary Dam fishway exit upstream to the Highway 12 bridge; excluding those areas within 1/4 mile radius of the mouth of Wind River, Little White Salmon River (Drano Lake), Klickitat River, and Spring Creek Hatchery fishway entrance.
- (b) Lawful fishing gear by treaty Indians in the above—designated area includes dip nets and bag nets of a mesh size not exceeding 5 inches attached to a hoop 24 feet or less in circumference, spear, gaff, club, and foul hook.
- (c) It is lawful to use sport angling gear in places and at times allowed under chapter 220-56 WAC series for treaty Indian subsistence purposes.

- (d) It is unlawful to use drift gill nets or set gill nets for treaty Indian subsistence fishing in the mainstem of the Columbia River except as authorized by the director of the department of fisheries under the provisions of WAC 220-32-060.
- (e) It is unlawful to use gill nets, set nets, hoop nets, dip or bag nets with a mesh size exceeding 5 inches, set lines, or any other type of fishing gear not otherwise specifically authorized except during times and in areas where such gear is authorized for commercial fishing purposes.
- (3) In accordance with RCW 75.08.265, it is lawful for the following Wanapum Indians to take, fish for, and possess food fish for subsistence purposes in the vicinity of Priest Rapids Dam in specified areas at specified times using specified gear authorized by the director of the department of fisheries. The individuals designated below may be revised from time to time by agreement between the Wanapum Indians and the director of the department of fisheries:

Frank Buck Jade Buck

Stanley Buck Robert S. Tomanawash, Sr.

Willie Buck
Harry Buck
Ken Buck
Rex Buck, Jr.
Phillip Buck
Richard Buck
Willie Buck
Lester Umtuch
Grant Wyena
Douglas Wyena
Jimmy Wyena
Patrick Wyena

The following provisions apply to this fishery:

- (a) It is unlawful to fish at any time, place, or using gear other than that designated by the director of the department of fisheries and authorized by regulation.
- (b) It is unlawful for Wanapum Indian fishermen to fail to report, in writing, their total catch to the department of fisheries within five days of the end of fishing activity under subsection (3)(a) of this section.
- (c) Should any Wanapum Indian be convicted of violating the provisions of this section, or sell, barter, or attempt or sell or barter any fish taken in this fishery or any treaty Indian fishery, that fishermen will be ineligible to further participate in the Wanapum Indian subsistence fishery unless otherwise determined by the director of the department of fisheries.
- (4) It is unlawful to sell, barter, or offer for sale or barter, buy, or for a commercially licensed buyer or wholesale fish dealer to have in possession food fish taken in an Indian subsistence fishery under the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section.
- (5) It is unlawful for fishermen participating in an Indian subsistence fishery to fail to submit their catch to department of fisheries employees for the conduct of biological sampling or to fail to allow necessary biological samples to be taken.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–18–027 (Order 85–112), § 220–32–055, filed 8/27/85; 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–32–055, filed 2/21/84; 82–17–040 (Order 82–105), § 220–32–055, filed 8/13/82; Order 77–14, § 220–32–055, filed 4/15/77; Order 866, § 220–32–055, filed 6/12/70.]

WAC 220-32-056 Season and gear-Shad. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess shad taken for

commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H with single-wall floater gill net and set net gear containing mesh of a size not less than 5-3/8 inches or larger than 6-1/4 inches stretch measure and said mesh webbing shall be of a breaking strength not greater than a 10-pound pull from 12 noon July 4 to 12 noon July 11. It shall be unlawful to sell any salmon taken during this lawful shad fishery.

[Order 77–14, § 220–32–056, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–26, § 220–32–056, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 915, § 220–32–056, filed 3/4/71.]

- WAC 220-32-057 Season-Sturgeon. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess sturgeon taken for commercial purposes in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H except as provided for in this section:
- (1) Individuals possessing treaty fishing rights pursuant to the Yakima, Warm Springs, Umatilla, and Nez Perce treaties may fish for sturgeon with setline gear from 12:00 noon August 1, 1982 to 12:00 noon January 15, 1983.
- (2) Set line gear is limited to not more than 100 hooks per setline.
- (3) Minimum hook size is 9/0 and treble hooks are prohibited.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–19–083 (Order 82–142), § 220–32–057, filed 9/21/82; Order 77–14, § 220–32–057, filed 4/15/77; Order 1043, § 220–32–057, filed 2/22/73; Order 915, § 220–32–057, filed 3/4/71.]

- WAC 220-32-058 Closed areas salmon—River mouths. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes in or from the following designated closed waters adjacent to the mouths of streams tributary to Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H during the time periods specified.
- (1) Those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream at right angles to the thread of the Columbia River between points one—half mile upstream from the eastern shoreline to one mile downstream from the western shoreline of the mouths of Hood River, Deschutes River, and Umatilla River are closed the entire year.
- (2) Those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream at right angles to the thread of the Columbia River between points one—half mile upstream from the eastern shoreline to three—quarters mile downstream from the western shoreline of the mouth of the Little White Salmon River are closed the entire year.
- (3) Those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream at right angles to the thread of the Columbia River between points one—half mile upstream from the eastern shoreline to one mile downstream from the western shoreline of the mouths of Herman Creek and the Big White Salmon River are closed from August 1 to November 1 of each year.
- (4) Those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream at right angles to the thread of the Columbia River between points one—half mile upstream from the eastern shoreline to one— and one—half miles downstream

from the western shoreline of the mouths of the Klickitat River and Wind River are closed the entire year.

(5) Those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream at right angles to the thread of the Columbia River between points one—half mile upstream from the eastern shoreline to one— and one—half miles downstream from the western shoreline of the mouth of Spring Creek are closed from August 1 to November 1 of each year.

[Order 77-14, § 220-32-058, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, § 220-32-058, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-059 Unlawful provision—Salmon. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes in or from the waters of the Klickitat River between the swinging bridge, approximately one—and one—half miles upstream, and a monument located in Section 25, Township 3N, Range 12E, a distance of 25 feet downstream from the entrance to the upper Klickitat Falls Fishway (No. 5), except during the lawful seasons, times, and manners as provided for such fishing in Columbia River Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 1F, 1G, and 1H under WAC 220-32-051 and 220-32-052.

[Order 77–14, \$ 220–32–059, filed 4/15/77; Order 915, \$ 220–32–059, filed 3/4/71.]

WAC 220-32-060 Columbia River—Columbia River off-reservation treaty Indian ceremonial fishing. (1) It shall be unlawful for any Indian or group of Indians to conduct ceremonial fishing on the Washington side of the Columbia River or in Washington Columbia River tributaries outside of an Indian reservation without first providing at least one week advance written notification to the director of the Washington state department of fisheries, including all of the following information:

- (a) Name, place, and time of ceremony for which fish will be used.
- (b) Name of individuals and helpers who will be fishing and transporting fish. Only these individuals will be allowed to fish on the occasion covered by the notice.
- (c) Exact location(s) of fishing and the amount of gear to be used at each location.
- (d) Exact beginning and ending dates of ceremonial fishing.
 - (e) Type of gear to be used in ceremonial fishing.
- (f) Estimated number of pounds of fish needed for ceremonial fishing.
- (g) If fish are to be stored prior to a ceremony, the location of storage must be identified. If they are not to be stored, it must be so indicated.
- (h) The signature of the designated tribal official certified to the Washington department of fisheries in advance.
 - (2) It shall be unlawful to:
- (a) Fish for ceremonial purposes with commercial fishing gear except in those areas where such fishing gear is authorized for commercial fishing.
- (b) Engage in ceremonial fishing during any portion of a week within a commercial fishing season which is closed to commercial fishing.

- (c) Sell or barter, offer for sale or barter, buy, or for a commercial licensed fish buyer or wholesale fish dealer to have in his possession fish taken for ceremonial purposes.
- (d) Engage in ceremonial fishing unless done in compliance with all provisions contained in the advance notice to the department of fisheries of the state of Washington.
- (3) Any individual engaged in ceremonial fishing must have in his possession a signed copy or duplicate copy of the written tribal notification to the director of the Washington state department of fisheries that such fishing is to be conducted.
- (4) All fishing gear shall be marked and identified at all times while fishing for ceremonial purposes.
- (5) A record of the numbers of fish taken for ceremonial purposes will be made and sent promptly to the director of the Washington state department of fisheries upon conclusion of each ceremonial fishing activity.

[Order 1043, § 220-32-060, filed 2/22/73.]

Chapter 220-33 WAC

COLUMBIA RIVER--COMMERCIAL FISHERIES BELOW BONNEVILLE DAM

220-33-001	General provision—Commercial fishing
220-33-005	Definitions—River mouth sanctuaries.
220-33-010	Salmon.
220-33-020	Sturgeon.
220-33-030	Shad.
220-33-040	Smelt.
220-33-050	Carp.
220-33-060	Herring and anchovies.

WAC 220-33-001 General provision—Commercial fishing regulated. It is unlawful to fish for food fish in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess food fish taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–001, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-005 Definitions—River mouth sanctuaries. As used in this chapter and emergency rules of the director, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

GRAYS BAY

WAC

(1) "Grays Bay sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River and Grays Bay northerly of a line projected from Rocky Point Light (flashing green 4-second) easterly to Harrington Point.

ELOKOMIN

- (2) "Elokomin-A sanctuary" means those waters of Elokomin Slough and the Columbia River lying northerly and easterly of a straight line from light "37" on the Washington shore to light "39" on Hunting Island.
- (3) "Elokomin-B sanctuary" means those waters of Elokomin Slough, Steamboat Slough and the Columbia River lying inside, northerly and easterly of a straight

regulated.

line from light "35" (group flashing green) located on Price Island to light "39" (flashing green) on Hunting Island and northerly and easterly of a line between flashing light "33" on Price Island and quick flashing green light "31" on the Washington shore.

ABERNATHY

(4) "Abernathy sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River near the mouth of Abernathy Creek from a point 1,300 yards downstream from Abernathy Creek at light "81" (flashing green 4-second) to a point one-half mile upstream and extending to the mid shipping channel of the Columbia River.

COWLITZ

(5) "Cowlitz sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River and Carrolls Channel lying inside the center of the shipping channel between a fishing boundary marker at the junction of the Port of Longview docks and international paper docks on the Washington shore approximately one mile downstream from the Cowlitz River mouth and flashing green light "29A" on Cottonwood Island and also those waters of Carrolls Channel downstream of a line between a fishing boundary marker approximately 3000 feet upstream of the Cowlitz River mouth and a fishing boundary marker on Cottonwood Island.

KALAMA

- (6) "Kalama-A sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River between a fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore approximately one mile downstream and a point one-half mile upstream of the mouth of the Kalama River and lying within one-quarter mile of the Washington shore.
- (7) "Kalama-B sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River between a fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore approximately one mile downstream and a point one-half mile upstream of the mouth of the Kalama River and extending completely across the Columbia River, excepting those waters west of a line projected from Coffin Rock Light "42" in Oregon to the Kalama Range Light "47A" on the Washington shore.

LEWIS

- (8) "Lewis-A sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River between a point one mile downstream and a point one-half mile upstream of the mouth of the Lewis River and lying within one-quarter mile of the Washington shore.
- (9) "Lewis-B sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River near the mouth of the Lewis River lying easterly of lines projected from light "79" (flashing green) to the Red Buoy No. 4 thence to a fishing boundary marker on Bachelor Island.

WASHOUGAL

(10) "Washougal sanctuary" means those waters of Camas Slough lying upstream from a line projected true north from the most western tip of Lady Island to the

Washington shore and inside of the State Highway 14 Bridge.

OREGON

- (11) "Big Creek sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River at the mouth of Big Creek from the Oregon shore across Knappa Slough to Karlson Island about one-quarter mile upstream of the east bank of Big Creek, at the Gnat Creek deadline downstream to the east end of Minaker Island which is about three-quarters mile downstream from the west bank at the mouth of Big Creek.
- (12) "Gnat Creek sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River between a point one mile downstream and a point at the upper easterly bank at the mouth of Gnat Creek and lying within one-quarter mile of the Oregon shore.
- (13) "Sandy River sanctuary" means those waters of the Columbia River between a point one mile downstream and a point at the upper easterly bank at the mouth of the Sandy River and lying within one—quarter mile of the Oregon shore.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–09–051 (Order 89–21), § 220–33–005, filed 4/18/89; 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–005, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-010 Salmon. It is unlawful to fish for salmon in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess salmon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

GEAR

(1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for salmon if it does not exceed 1,500 feet in length along the cork line and is not constructed of monofilament webbing. Gill net gear includes trammel nets.

FISHING PERIODS

(2) The lower Columbia River is closed to commercial salmon fishing, except as provided by emergency rule of the director.

GENERAL

- (3) Unless otherwise specified by emergency rule of the director, the following areas of the lower Columbia River remain closed during open salmon fishing periods:
- (a) All tributaries flowing into the lower Columbia River.
 - (b) Grays Bay sanctuary.
 - (c) Elokomin-A sanctuary.
 - (d) Cowlitz sanctuary.
 - (e) Kalama-A sanctuary.
 - (f) Lewis-A sanctuary.
 - (g) Washougal sanctuary.
 - (h) Big Creek sanctuary.
 - (i) Gnat Creek sanctuary.
 - (i) Sandy River sanctuary.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–010, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-020 Sturgeon. It is unlawful to fish for sturgeon in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess sturgeon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

GEAR

(1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for sturgeon if it does not exceed 1,500 feet in length along the cork line and is not constructed of monofilament webbing. Gill net gear includes trammel nets.

FISHING PERIODS

(2) The lower Columbia River is closed to commercial sturgeon fishing, except as provided by emergency rule of the director. Sturgeon taken incidentally during an open commercial salmon fishing period may be retained for commercial purposes.

GENERAL

- (3) Sturgeon less than 48 inches or greater than 72 inches in length may not be retained for commercial purposes and shall be returned immediately to the water.
- (4) A person engaged in commercial fishing may retain two sturgeon of legal commercial length for personal use.
- (5) Sturgeon eggs may not be removed from the body cavity of the sturgeon prior to the time the sturgeon is sold to a wholesale dealer licensed under RCW 75.28.300.
- (6) The head or tail may not be removed from a sturgeon prior to the time the sturgeon is sold to a wholesale dealer licensed under RCW 75.28.300.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–020, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-030 Shad. It is unlawful to fish for shad in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess shad taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

GEAR

- (1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for shad if:
- (a) The cork line of the gill net does not exceed 1,500 feet in length and has sufficient buoyancy to float the cork line on the surface.
- (b) The webbing of the gill net is constructed of mesh having a breaking strength of less than 10 pounds. The gill net may be constructed of monofilament webbing or twine.
- (c) The mesh size of the gill net is not less than 5-3/8 inches or more than 6-1/4 inches stretch measure.
- (d) The gill net does not have more than a single web. The gill net web shall be suspended between a single cork line and a single lead line.
- (e) The gill net does not have added lines, strings, backwalls, trammels, or aprons. Riplines may be used but may not be less than 10 fathoms (60 feet) apart.

FISHING PERIODS

(2) The lower Columbia River is closed to commercial shad fishing, except as provided by emergency rule of the director. Shad taken incidentally during an open commercial salmon fishing period may be retained for commercial purposes.

GENERAL

- (3) As used in this chapter and emergency rules of the director, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- (a) "Shad Area 2S" means those waters of SMCRA 1D and 1E that are upstream of a line projected true north and south through the Washougal blinker light (light "50" flashing red) to a fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore and to the Oregon shore.
- (b) "Camas-Washougal Reef Area" means those waters of SMCRA 1D inside of a line commencing at the white six-second equal-interval light approximately 3/4 mile east of the Washougal Woolen Mill pipeline and projected westerly to the Washougal blinker light, thence to the white four-second blinker light on the east end of Lady Island, thence easterly and along the shoreline of Lady Island to the State Highway 14 Bridge, thence easterly and along the shoreline of Lady Island to the State Highway 14 Bridge, thence easterly across the State Highway 14 Bridge to the mainland.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–030, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-040 Smelt. It is unlawful to fish for smelt in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess smelt taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

GEAR

- (1) Otter trawl gear may be used to fish for smelt if:
- (a) The head rope of the trawl does not exceed 25 feet in length.
- (b) The foot rope or groundline of the trawl does not exceed 25 feet in length.
- (c) The dimensions of the trawl's otter doors do not exceed 3 feet by 4 feet.
- (d) The bag length of the trawl, as measured from the center of the head rope to the terminal end of the bunt, does not exceed 35 feet.
- (e) the bridal rope from the rear of the otter doors to the foot and head ropes does not exceed 8 feet.
 - (f) Each breast rope does not exceed 5 feet.
- (g) The mesh size used in the trawl does not exceed 2 inches stretch measure.
- (h) Only one trawl net is fished from the boat at a time.
- (2) Gill net gear may be used to fish for smelt if it does not exceed 1,500 feet in length along the cork line and the mesh size of the net does not exceed 2 inches stretch measure. Gill net gear includes trammel nets.
- (3) Hand dip net gear may be used to fish for smelt if it does not measure more than 36 inches across the bag frame.

FISHING PERIODS

(4) Otter trawl gear may be used to fish for smelt in SMCRA 1A from 6 p.m. Monday to 6 p.m. Wednesday of each week from March 1 through March 31, and for boats not exceeding 32 feet in length, in SMCRA 1B, 1C, 1D and 1E 7 days per week from December 1 through March 31 of the following year.

(5) Gill net gear may be used to fish for smelt in SMCRA 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D and 1E 7 days per week from December 1 of each year through March 31 of the fol-

lowing year.

(6) Hand dip net gear may be used to fish for smelt in SMCRA 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D and 1E and tributaries to these areas 7 days per week from December 1 of each year through March 31 of the following year.

(7) The following areas of the lower Columbia River remain closed to smelt fishing during the open time pe-

riods specified in this section:

- (a) Those waters within one mile of a dam or other obstruction.
- (b) Those waters of the Cowlitz River upstream from a monument located at Peterson's Eddy, also known as Miller's Eddy.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88-18-066 (Order 88-86), § 220-33-040, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-050 Carp. It is unlawful to fish for carp in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess carp taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

Except as authorized by written permit of the director, the lower Columbia River is closed to commercial carp fishing. Carp taken incidentally during an open commercial fishing period may be retained for commercial purposes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88-18-066 (Order 88-86), § 220-33-050, filed 9/2/88.]

WAC 220-33-060 Herring and anchovies. It is unlawful to fish for herring or anchovies in the lower Columbia River for commercial purposes or to possess herring or anchovies taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except as provided in this section:

GEAR

(1) Purse seine, lampara, or round haul gear may be used to fish for herring or anchovies if the cork line of the gear does not exceed 1,400 feet in length and the mesh size of the gear does not exceed one-half inch stretch measure.

FISHING PERIODS

(2) Purse seine, lampara, or round haul gear may be used to fish for herring or anchovies in SMCRA 1A 7 days per week from January 1 through December 31 of each year.

GENERAL

WAC

(3) Species of fish other than herring or anchovies taken in the operation of the purse seine, lampara, or round haul gear shall be returned immediately to the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–18–066 (Order 88–86), § 220–33–060, filed 9/2/88.]

Chapter 220-36 WAC GRAYS HARBOR

WAC	
220-36-015	Gill net gear—Grays Harbor specifications.
220-36-020	Grays Harbor salmon fishing—Lawful gear.
220-36-021	Salmon—Grays Harbor—Summer fishery.
220-36-023	Grays Harbor salmon—Fall fishery.
220-36-025	Closed areas—Grays Harbor and tributaries.
220-36-03001	Grays Harbor—Seasons and lawful gear—Varieties
	other than salmon and sturgeon.
220_36_031	Grave Harbor Season and gear Sturgeon

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-36-010	Salmon fishing areas. [Order 1049, § 220–36–010, filed 4/11/73; Order 925, § 220–36–010, filed
	6/3/71; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsec-
	tion 2 amended by Order 638, filed 4/28/65; subsec-
	tion 1 from Orders 336 and 256, filed 3/1/60;
	subsection 2 from Orders 465 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]
	Repealed by Order 76-35, filed 5/11/76.

	Repealed by Order 76-35, filed 5/11/76.
220-36-022	Salmon fishing areas—Weekly periods. [Statutory
	Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-21-041 (Order 87-
	161), § 220–36–022, filed 10/14/87; 86–15–016 (Or-
	der 86-55), § 220-36-022, filed 7/10/86; 85-13-073
	(Order 85–64), § 220–36–022, filed 6/19/85; 84–15–
	008 (Order 84–66), § 220–36–022, filed 7/6/84; 83–
	13-054 (Order 83-53), § 220-36-022, filed 6/15/83;
	82-13-048 (Order 82-63), § 220-36-022, filed
	6/11/82; 81-13-005 (Order 81-37), § 220-36-022,
	filed 6/8/81; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-36-
	022, filed 7/18/80; Order 77-71, § 220-36-022, filed
	8/18/77; Order 77-44, § 220-36-022, filed 6/3/77;
	Order 76-73, § 220-36-022, filed 8/16/76; Order
	1221, § 220-36-022, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, §
	220-36-022, filed 7/19/74.] Repealed by 88-19-098
	(Order 88-116), filed 9/20/88. Statutory Authority:
	RCW 75.08.080.

	RCW 75.08.080.
220–36–024	Salmon fishing areas—Mesh sizes—Gear. [Statutory
	Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-21-041 (Order 87-
	161), § 220-36-024, filed 10/14/87; 86-15-016 (Or-
	der 86-55), § 220-36-024, filed 7/10/86; 85-13-073
	(Order 85-64), § 220-36-024, filed 6/19/85; 84-15-
	008 (Order 84–66), § 220–36–024, filed 7/6/84; 83–
	13-054 (Order 83-53), § 220-36-024, filed 6/15/83;
	82-13-048 (Order 82-63), § 220-36-024, filed
	6/11/82; 81–13–005 (Order 81–37), § 220–36–024,
	filed 6/8/81; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-36-
	024, filed 7/18/80; Order 77-71, § 220-36-024, filed
	8/18/77; Order 76-73, § 220-36-024, filed 8/16/76;
	Order 1221, § 220–36–024, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133,
	§ 220-36-024, filed 7/19/74.] Repealed by 88-19-
	098 (Order 88-116), filed 9/20/88. Statutory Au-
	thority: RCW 75.08.080.

	thority, item 15.001000.
220-36-030	Emergencies. [From Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order
	507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 483 and 256, filed
	3/1/60.] Repealed by deletion, Order 726, filed
	4/24/67

220-36-040 Seasons and lawful gear—Other varieties. [Subsections 1 and 2 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 336 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 3-6 from Orders 336 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 7 from

Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 336 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed and reenacted by Order 726, filed 4/24/67, as WAC 220-36-030.

WAC 220-36-015 Gill net gear--Grays Harbor specifications. It is unlawful to fish for food fish in Grays Harbor for commercial purposes with gill net gear or to possess food fish taken from those waters with gill net gear unless:

- (1) The gill net does not exceed 1,500 feet in length along the cork line; and
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the mesh size of the gill net is not less than 5 inches or greater than 6-1/2 inches stretch measure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-16-056 (Order 89-71), § 220-36-015, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89.]

WAC 220-36-020 Grays Harbor salmon fishing—Lawful gear. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes in Grays Harbor fishing areas except for salmon taken with gill net gear as provided for in this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–36–020, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89; 86–15–016 (Order 86–55), § 220–36–020, filed 7/10/86; 80–09–072 (Order 80–69), § 220–36–020, filed 7/18/80; Order 1221, § 220–36–020, filed 7/1/75; Order 1116, § 220–36–020, filed 4/30/74; Order 1049, § 220–36–020, filed 4/11/73; Order 995, § 220–36–020, filed 6/8/72; Order 925, § 220–36–020, filed 6/3/71; Order 864, § 220–36–020, filed 5/12/70; Order 813, § 220–36–020, filed 5/5/69; Order 772–A, § 220–36–020, filed 4/15/68; subsections 1, 2 and 3 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66; subsection 4 from Order 679, filed 3/31/66; Order 638, filed 4/28/65; Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60.]

WAC 220-36-021 Salmon-Grays Harbor-Summer fishery. From July 5 through August 15 of each year, it is unlawful to fish for salmon in Grays Harbor for commercial purposes or to possess salmon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except that:

FISHING PERIOD

(1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for salmon from 6:00 p.m. July 5 to 6:00 p.m. August 15 in (a) SMCRA 2B; (b) that portion of SMCRA 2C south of a line true east—west through the northernmost tip of Goose Island, and west of a line true north—south through the southernmost tip of Goose Island; and (c) that portion of SMCRA 2D south of a line true east—west through light "35" (flashing green) near Moon Island, and west of a line from light "35" to the mouth of O'Leary Creek.

GEAR

(2) Gill net gear shall be used as provided in WAC 220-36-015, except there is no maximum mesh size.

GENERAL

(3) Notwithstanding WAC 220-36-031, from 6:00 p.m. July 5 to 11:59 p.m. July 31 all white sturgeon must be released immediately and returned to the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–18–023 (Order 90–77), § 220–36–021, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–36–021, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89; 88–19–098 (Order 88–116), § 220–36–021, filed 9/20/88; 87–21–041 (Order 87–161), § 220–36–021, filed 10/14/87; 86–15–016 (Order 86–55), §

220–36–021, filed 7/10/86; 85–13–073 (Order 85–64), § 220–36–021, filed 6/19/85; 84–15–008 (Order 84–66), § 220–36–021, filed 7/6/84; 83–13–054 (Order 83–53), § 220–36–021, filed 6/15/83; 82–13–048 (Order 82–63), § 220–36–021, filed 6/11/82; 81–13–005 (Order 81–37), § 220–36–021, filed 6/8/81; 80–09–072 (Order 80–69), § 220–36–021, filed 7/18/80; Order 77–71, § 220–36–021, filed 8/16/76; Order 77–44, § 220–36–021, filed 6/3/77; Order 76–73, § 220–36–021, filed 8/16/76; Order 1221, § 220–36–021, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220–36–021, filed 7/19/74.]

WAC 220-36-023 Grays Harbor salmon—Fall fishery. From August 16 through December 31 of each year, it is unlawful to fish for salmon in Grays Harbor for commercial purposes or to possess salmon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except that:

FISHING PERIOD

- (1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for salmon from:
- (a) 6:00 p.m. August 20 to 6:00 p.m. August 21 in SMCRA 2A, 2B, and 2D;
- (b) 6:00 p.m. August 25 to 6:00 p.m. August 26 in SMCRA 2A and 2D;
- (c) 6:00 p.m. August 30 to 6:00 p.m. August 31 in SMCRA 2A and 2D;
- (d) 6:00 p.m. September 4 to 6:00 p.m. September 5 in SMCRA 2A and 2D;
- (e) 6:00 p.m. September 9 to 6:00 p.m. September 10 in SMCRA 2A and 2D;
- (f) 6:00 p.m. September 14 to 6:00 p.m. September 15 in SMCRA 2A and 2D;
- (g) 6:00 p.m. October 2 to 6:00 p.m. October 5 in SMCRA 2C;
- (h) 6:00 p.m. October 9 to 6:00 p.m. October 12 in SMCRA 2C;
- (i) 6:00 p.m. October 16 to 6:00 p.m. October 19 in SMCRA 2C.

GEAR

(2) Gill net gear shall be used as provided in WAC 220-36-015 except August 1 through September 30, 7-1/2 inch minimum mesh size.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-18-023 (Order 90-77), § 220-36-023, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 89-16-056 (Order 89-71), § 220-36-023, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89.]

WAC 220-36-025 Closed areas—Grays Harbor and tributaries. (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes from those waters at the mouth of Grays Harbor lying westerly of a line projected from the Point Chehalis Light at Westport through the Coast Guard tower to the shore at Point Brown and easterly of a line projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost end of the south jetty.

- (2) During the period March 1 through July 31, it is unlawful for any person, including treaty Indian fishermen, to take, fish for, or possess foodfish taken for any purpose from the waters of the Chehalis River or any tributary of the Chehalis River upstream of the Porter Bridge.
- (3) It is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes from the Westport Boat Basin.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-15-016 (Order 86-55), § 220-36-025, filed 7/10/86; 83-10-015 (Order 83-30), § 220-36-025, filed 4/26/83; 78-07-067 (Order 78-45), § 220-36-025, filed 6/30/78; Order 77-14, § 220-36-025, filed 4/15/77; Order 1133, § 220-36-025, filed 7/19/74.]

WAC 220-36-03001 Grays Harbor--Seasons and lawful gear--Varieties other than salmon and sturgeon. (1) It shall be unlawful in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B to fish for food fish, other than sturgeon and salmon, with purse seine or lampara gear exceeding 900 feet in length or having meshes of less than one-half inch stretch measure, or with drag seine gear exceeding 700 feet in length or having meshes less than 4-1/2 inches stretch measure, except as provided in WAC 220-36-03001(6). It is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon or sturgeon taken with purse seine, lampara, or drag seine gear.

(2) It shall be lawful to fish for and possess bottomfish in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B at any time with set line and hand line jig gear.

- (3) It shall be lawful to retain for commercial purposes bottomfish taken incidental to any lawful commercial salmon fishery in Grays Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 2A, 2B, 2C, and 2D, and it shall be lawful to retain bottomfish taken incidental to any lawful sturgeon fishery in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B.
- (4) It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess smelt taken for commercial purposes in all waters of Grays Harbor except during weekly closed periods extending from 8:00 a.m. Thursday to 8:00 p.m. Saturday.
- (5) It shall be lawful to fish for and possess herring, anchovies, candlefish, or pilchards taken for commercial purposes with dip bag net gear at any time in the waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B.
- (6)(a) June 1 through October 31 It shall be lawful to fish for, take and possess herring, anchovies, candlefish, or pilchards with purse seine or lampara in the waters of Grays Harbor, provided such gear shall not exceed 1,400 feet in length nor contain meshes of less than 1/2-inch stretch measure. All species of fish other than herring, pilchard, candlefish, and anchovy taken in operation of such purse seine or lampara gear must be immediately, with care, returned to the water.
- (b) March 1 through April 15 Closed to all commercial herring, anchovy, candlefish, or pilchard fishing except dip bag net.
- (7) It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess herring, candlefish, pilchards, or anchovies taken for commercial purposes with a herring weir from April 1 through September 30 in the waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B, provided that the lead shall not exceed 300 feet in length or extend into any navigation channel or customary gill net drifting lane. It shall be unlawful for any person to install or operate a herring weir without obtaining written permission from the director of fisheries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-06-033 (Order 85-14), § 220-36-03001, filed 3/1/85; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-36-03001, filed 3/27/84; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-36-03001, filed 7/18/80; 79-05-007 (Order 79-20), § 220-36-03001, filed 4/11/79; 78-07-067 (Order 78-45), § 220-36-03001, filed 6/30/78; Order 77-14, § 220-36-030 (codified as WAC 220-36-03001), filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-36-030 (codified as WAC 220-36-03001), filed 12/2/76; Order 1049, § 220-36-030, filed 4/11/73; Order 925, § 220-36-030, filed 6/3/71; Order 864, § 220-36-030, filed 5/12/70; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1 and 2 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; subsection 7 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 336 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-36-031 Grays Harbor-Season and gear--Sturgeon. It is unlawful to fish for or possess sturgeon taken for commercial purposes from Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B except at those times, with the gear, and subject to the provisions of this section:

- (1) It is unlawful to take sturgeon by angling from any vessel that is engaged in commercial sturgeon fishing, has been engaged in commercial sturgeon fishing that same day, or has commercially caught sturgeon aboard.
- (2) It is unlawful to retain sturgeon not of lawful size, as provided for in WAC 220-20-020(1), and all sturgeon in transit must not have head or tail removed.
- (3) It is lawful to retain for commercial purposes sturgeon taken incidental to any lawful commercial salmon fishery in any Grays Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area except it is unlawful to retain white sturgeon taken prior to August 1st.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-18-023 (Order 90-77), § 220-36-031, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 85-06-033 (Order 85-14), § 220–36–031, filed 3/1/85.]

Chapter 220-40 WAC WILLAPA HARBOR

WAC	
220-40-015	Willapa Bay—Gill net gear specifications.
220-40-020	Willapa Bay salmon—Seasons and lawful gear—
	Salmon.
220-40-021	Willapa Bay salmon—Summer fishery.
220-40-027	Salmon—Willapa Bay fall fishery.
220-40-030	Willapa Harbor—Seasons and lawful gear—Varieties
	other than salmon and sturgeon.
220-40-031	Willapa Harbor—Seasons and lawful gear—
	Sturgeon.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-40-010	Willapa Harbor—Areas. [Order 1221, § 220-40-010, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220-40-010, filed 7/19/74; Order 995, § 220-40-010, filed 8/6/72; Order 925, § 220-40-010, filed 6/3/71; Order 864, § 220-40-010, filed 5/12/70; Order 813, § 220-40-010, filed 5/5/69; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1 and 2 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66; subsections 2d and 2e from Order 544, filed 4/3/62; subsections 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, from Orders 341 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 1b, 1c, 1d, from Orders 476 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 2c, 2f from Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; Re-
220-40-022	pealed by Order 76-35, filed 5/11/76. Willapa Harbor—Weekly periods. [Statutory Au-

thority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-21-041 (Order 87-161),

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§ 220-40-022, filed 10/14/87; 86-15-016 (Order 86-55), § 220-40-022, filed 7/10/86; 85-13-073 (Order 85-64), § 220-40-022, filed 6/19/85; 84-15-008 (Order 84-66), § 220-40-022, filed 7/6/84; 83-13-054 (Order 83-53), § 220-40-022, filed 6/15/83; 82-13-048 (Order 82-63), \$ 220-40-022, filed 6/11/82; 81-13-005 (Order 81-37), \$ 220-40-022, filed 6/8/81; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-40-022, filed 7/18/80; 79-07-046 (Order 79-43), § 220-40-022, filed 6/22/79; 78-09-041 (Order 78-61), § 220-40-022, filed 8/18/78; Order 77-71, § 220-40-022, filed 8/18/77; Order 77-44, § 220-40-022, filed 6/3/77; Order 76-73, § 220-40-022, filed 8/16/76; Order 1221, § 220-40-022, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220-40-022, filed 7/19/74.] Repealed by 88-19-098 (Order 88-116), filed 9/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-40-024

Willapa Harbor-Mesh sizes-Gear. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-21-041 (Order 87-161), § 220-40-024, filed 10/14/87; 86-15-016 (Order 86-55), § 220-40-024, filed 7/10/86; 85-13-073 (Order 85-64), § 220-40-024, filed 6/19/85; 84-15-008 (Order 84-66), § 220-40-024, filed 7/6/84; 83-13-054 (Order 83-53), § 220-40-024, filed 6/15/83; 82-13-048 (Order 82-63), § 220-40-024, filed 6/11/82; 81-13-005 (Order 81-37), § 220-40-024, filed 6/8/81; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-40-024, filed 7/18/80; 79-07-046 (Order 79-43), § 220-40-024, filed 6/22/79; 78-09-041 (Order 78-61), § 220-40-024, filed 8/18/78; Order 77-71, § 220-40-024, filed 8/18/77; Order 76-73, § 220-40-024, filed 8/16/76; Order 1221, § 220-40-024, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220-40-024, filed 7/19/74.] Repealed by 88-19-098 (Order 88-116), filed 9/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-40-025

Willapa Harbor—Closed area. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–07–046 (Order 79–43), § 220–40–025, filed 6/22/79; Order 77–44, § 220–40–025, filed 6/3/77; Order 76–73, § 220–40–025, filed 8/16/76; Order 1221, § 220–40–025, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220–40–025, filed 7/19/74.] Repealed by 88–19–098 (Order 88–116), filed 9/20/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-40-026 S

Salmon—Willapa Bay late summer fishery. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–40–026, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89.] Repealed by 90–18–023 (Order 90–77), filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-40-040

Willapa Harbor—Emergencies. [Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 507 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by deletion by Order 726, filed 4/24/67.

WAC 220-40-015 Willapa Bay-Gill net gear specifications. It is unlawful to fish for food fish in Willapa Bay for commercial purposes with gill net gear or to possess food fish taken from those waters with gill net gear unless:

- (1) The gill net does not exceed 1,500 feet in length along the cork line; and
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the mesh size of the gill net is not less than 5 inches or greater than 6-1/2 inches stretch measure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-16-056 (Order 89-71), § 220-40-015, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89.]

WAC 220-40-020 Willapa Bay salmon—Seasons and lawful gear—Salmon. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes in Willapa Bay fishing areas except for salmon taken with gill net gear as provided for in this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–40–020, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89; 86–15–016 (Order 86–55), § 220–40–020, filed 7/10/86; Order 1221, § 220–40–020, filed 7/17/5; Order 1116, § 220–40–020, filed 4/30/74; Order 1049, § 220–40–020, filed 4/11/73; Order 995, § 220–40–020, filed 6/8/72; Order 925, § 220–40–020, filed 6/3/71; Order 864, § 220–40–020, filed 5/12/70; Order 813, § 220–40–020, filed 5/5/69; Order 772–B, filed 4/15/68; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1 and 5 from Orders 341 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; subsection 6 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66; Orders 341 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 3 and 4 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 341 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-40-021 Willapa Bay salmon—Summer fishery. From July 5 through August 15 of each year, it is unlawful to fish for salmon in Willapa Bay for commercial purposes or to possess salmon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except that:

FISHING PERIOD

(1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for salmon from 6:00 p.m. July 5 to 6:00 p.m. August 15 in: (a) That portion of SMCRA 2G east of a line drawn true north—south through Willapa Channel Entrance Buoy 10; and (b) that portion of SMCRA 2H west of Willapa Channel Marker 35.

GEAR

(2) Gill net gear shall be used as provided in WAC 220-40-015, except there is no maximum mesh size.

GENERAL

(3) Notwithstanding WAC 220-40-031, from 6:00 p.m. July 5 to 11:59 p.m. July 31 all white sturgeon must be released immediately and returned to the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–18–023 (Order 90–77), § 220–40–021, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–40–021, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89; 88–19–098 (Order 88–116), § 220–40–021, filed 9/20/88; 87–21–041 (Order 87–161), § 220–40–021, filed 10/14/87; 86–15–016 (Order 86–55), § 220–40–021, filed 7/10/86; 85–13–073 (Order 85–64), § 220–40–021, filed 6/19/85; 84–15–008 (Order 84–66), § 220–40–021, filed 7/6/84; 83–13–054 (Order 83–53), § 220–40–021, filed 6/15/83; 82–13–048 (Order 82–63), § 220–40–021, filed 6/11/82; 81–13–005 (Order 81–37), § 220–40–021, filed 6/8/81; 80–09–072 (Order 80–69), § 220–40–021, filed 7/18/80; 79–07–046 (Order 79–43), § 220–40–021, filed 6/22/79; 78–09–041 (Order 78–61), § 220–40–021, filed 8/18/78; Order 77–71, § 220–40–021, filed 8/18/77; Order 77–44, § 220–40–021, filed 6/3/77; Order 76–73, § 220–40–021, filed 8/16/76; Order 1221, § 220–40–021, filed 7/1/75; Order 1133, § 220–40–021, filed 7/19/74.]

WAC 220-40-027 Salmon—Willapa Bay fall fishery. From August 16 through December 31 of each year, it is unlawful to fish for salmon in Willapa Bay for commercial purposes or to possess salmon taken from those waters for commercial purposes, except that:

FISHING PERIOD

- (1) Gill net gear may be used to fish for salmon from:
- (a) 6:00 p.m. August 20 to 6:00 p.m. August 22 in that portion of SMCRA 2G east of a line drawn true north-south through Willapa Channel Entrance Buoy 10, and that portion of SMCRA 2H west of Willapa Channel Marker 35;

- (b) 6:00 p.m. August 27 to 6:00 p.m. August 28 in that portion of SMCRA 2G east of a line drawn true north—south through Willapa Channel Entrance Buoy 10, and that portion of SMCRA 2H west of Willapa Channel Marker 35;
- (c) 6:00 p.m. September 16 to 6:00 p.m. November 30 in SMCRA 2G east of Willapa Channel Marker 24 and SMCRA 2H;
- (d) 6:00 p.m. September 16 to 6:00 p.m. October 10 in SMCRA 2M and that portion of SMCRA 2G west of Willapa Channel Marker 24 and east of a line drawn true north—south through Willapa Channel Entrance Buoy 10 except on September 16 and September 22, only, west of Willapa Channel Marker 24 and east of a line drawn true north—south through Willapa Channel Entrance Buoy 12;
- (e) 6:00 p.m. Monday to 6:00 p.m. Tuesday and 6:00 p.m. Thursday to 6:00 p.m. Friday of each week September 17 to October 9 in SMCRA 2J and 2K;
- (f) 6:00 p.m. November 5 to 6:00 p.m. November 30 in SMCRA 2G, 2J, 2K and 2M.

GEAR

- (2) Gill net gear shall be used as provided in WAC 220-40-015 except:
- (a) Before September 16, there is no maximum mesh size; and
- (b) After November 19, the minimum mesh size is 7-1/2 inches.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–18–023 (Order 90–77), § 220–40–027, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 89–16–056 (Order 89–71), § 220–40–027, filed 7/28/89, effective 8/28/89.]

WAC 220-40-030 Willapa Harbor-Seasons and lawful gear-Varieties other than salmon and sturgeon. (1) It shall be unlawful in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C to fish for food fish, other than sturgeon and salmon, with purse seine or lampara gear exceeding 900 feet in length or having meshes of less than one-half inch stretch measure, or with drag seine gear exceeding 700 feet in length or having meshes of less than 4-1/2 inches stretch measure, except as provided in WAC 220-40-030(3). It is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon or sturgeon taken with purse seine, lampara, or drag seine gear.

(2) It shall be lawful to fish for and possess bottomfish taken for commercial purposes in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C, at anytime with set line and hand line jig gear.

(3)(a) June 1 through October 31 – It shall be lawful to fish for and possess herring, anchovy, candlefish, or pilchards taken for commercial purposes with purse seine or lampara in the waters of Willapa Bay, provided such gear shall not exceed 1,400 feet in length nor contain meshes less than one-half inch stretch measure. All species of fish other than herring, anchovy, candlefish and pilchard taken in operation with such purse seine or lampara gear must be immediately, with care, returned to the water.

- (b) February 1 through March 15 Closed to all commercial herring, anchovy, candlefish or pilchard fishing except dip bag net.
- (c) It shall be lawful to fish for, take and possess herring, anchovy, candlefish, or pilchards with dip bag net gear at any time in the waters of Willapa Bay.
- (4) It shall be lawful to retain for commercial purposes bottomfish taken incidental to any lawful commercial salmon fishery in Willapa Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 2G, 2H, 2J, 2K, and 2M, and it shall be lawful to retain bottomfish taken incidental to any lawful sturgeon fishery in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C.
- (5) It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess smelt taken with hand dip nets in any of the waters of Willapa Harbor except during weekly closed periods extending from 8:00 a.m. Thursday to 8:00 p.m. Saturday.
- (6) It shall be lawful to take bottom fish with drag seine in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C from March 1 through June 30.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-06-033 (Order 85-14), § 220-40-030, filed 3/1/85; 84-15-008 (Order 84-66), § 220-40-030, filed 7/6/84; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-40-030, filed 3/27/84; 80-09-072 (Order 80-69), § 220-40-030, filed 7/18/80; 79-05-007 (Order 79-20), § 220-40-030, filed 4/11/79; Order 77-14, § 220-40-030, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-40-030, filed 12/2/76; Order 76-26, § 220-40-030, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 925, § 220-40-030, filed 6/3/71; Order 864, § 220-40-030, filed 5/12/70; Order 726, \S 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1, 2, 3 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66; Order 638, filed 4/28/65; Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 483 and 256, filed 2/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 from Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 6, 8, 9 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 341 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 7 from Orders 346 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-40-031 Willapa Harbor--Seasons and lawful gear--Sturgeon. It is unlawful to fish for or possess sturgeon taken for commercial purposes from Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C except at those times, with the gear, and subject to the provisions of this section:

- (1) It is unlawful to take sturgeon by angling from any vessel that is engaged in commercial sturgeon fishing, has been engaged in commercial sturgeon fishing that same day, or has commercially caught sturgeon aboard.
- (2) It is unlawful to retain sturgeon not of lawful size, as provided for in WAC 220-20-020(1), and all sturgeon in transit must not have head or tail removed.
- (3) It is lawful to retain for commercial purposes sturgeon taken incidental to any lawful commercial salmon fishery in any Willapa Harbor Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area except it is unlawful to retain white sturgeon taken prior to August 1st.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-18-023 (Order 90-77), § 220-40-031, filed 8/24/90, effective 9/24/90; 85-06-033 (Order 85-14), § 220-40-031, filed 3/1/85.]

Chapter 220-44 WAC COASTAL WATERS--MARINE FISH

WAC	
220-44-020	Coastal baitfish gear.
220-44-030	Coastal bottomfish gear.
220-44-040	Coastal bottomfishing seasons.
220-44-050	Coastal bottomfish catch limits.
220-44-080	Otter trawl logbook required.

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DISPOSITION	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER
220-44-010	Coastal waters—Areas. [Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsections 1 and 3 from Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 355 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed 5/11/76.
220-44-025	Coastal waters—Special closures. [Order 813, § 220–44–025, filed 5/5/69.] Repealed by Order 1116, filed 4/30/74.
220-44-027	Coastal waters—Quillayute River—Indian fishery. [Order 1049, § 220–44–027, filed 4/11/73; Order 995, § 220–44–027, filed 6/8/72; Order 925, § 220–44–027, filed 6/3/71; Order 866, § 220–44–027, filed 6/12/70.] Repealed by Order 77–14, filed 4/15/77.
220-44-029	Coastal waters—Hoh River—Indian fishery. [Order 1049, § 220-44-029, filed 4/11/73; Order 925, § 220-44-029, filed 6/3/71; Order 866, § 220-44-029, filed 6/12/70.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.
220-44-060	Commercial jig logbook required. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-44-060, filed 3/27/84.] Repealed by 87-04-033 (Order 87-03), filed 1/22/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220-44-070	Bottomfish troll logbook required. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-44-070, filed 3/27/84.] Repealed by 87-04-033 (Order 87-03), filed 1/22/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-44-020 Coastal baitfish gear. (1) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess smelt taken for commercial purposes with purse seine, drag seine, or gill net gear from Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, 60A, and that portion of Area 58 within the United States 200-mile Fishery Conservation Zone.

- (2) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for and possess smelt taken for commercial purposes except by hand net gear not exceeding 72 inches maximum frame width in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, and 60A. It is unlawful to take smelt for commercial purposes in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, and 60A during weekly closed periods extending from 8:00 a.m. Friday to 8:00 a.m. Sunday.
- (3) It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess for commercial purposes sturgeon, shad, candlefish, anchovies and pilchards taken in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, 60A, and that portion of Area 58 within the United States 200-mile Fishery Conservation Zone with any lawful commercial fishing gear.
- (4) It shall be unlawful except by permit to take and fish for herring for commercial purposes or possess herring taken for commercial purposes from Marine Fish—

Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, 60A, and that portion of Area 58 within the United States 200-mile Fishery Conservation and Management Zone with any type of gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–44–020, filed 3/27/84; 79–06–085 (Order 79–38), § 220–44–020, filed 6/4/79; 78–10–046 (Order 78–83), § 220–44–020, filed 9/20/78; 78–05–067 and 78–06–002 (Order 78–20), § 220–44–020, filed 4/27/78 and 5/4/78; 78–04–039 (Order 78–11), § 220–44–020, filed 3/20/78; Order 77–14, § 220–44–020, filed 4/15/77; Order 1221, § 220–44–020, filed 7/1/75; Order 813, § 220–44–020, filed 5/5/69; Order 726, § 4 (part), filed 4/24/67; subsection 1 from Order 547, filed 7/5/62; Orders 384 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Orders 397 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 from Orders 406 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-44-030 Coastal bottomfish gear. It is unlawful to take, fish for, possess, transport through the waters of the state or land in any Washington state ports, bottomfish taken for commercial purposes in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 59A, 59B, 60A and that portion of Area 58 within the United States 200-mile Fishery Conservation Zone with any gear except as provided in this section:

- (1) Otter trawl and beam trawl.
- (a) It is unlawful to use, operate or carry aboard any fishing vessel otter trawl gear having meshes measuring less than 3 inches.
- (b) It is unlawful to use or operate any bottom trawl having meshes less than 4.5 inches. A bottom trawl must have a minimum of two continuous riblines sewn to the net and extending from the mouth of the trawl net to the terminal end of the codend if the fishing vessel is simultaneously carrying aboard a net of less than 4.5—inch minimum mesh size.

For all bottom trawls, chafing gear must have a minimum mesh size of 15 inches unless only the bottom one-half (underside) of the codend is covered by chafing gear.

- (c) It is unlawful to use or operate a roller or bobbin trawl with meshes less than 3.0 inches. Chafing gear covering the upper one-half (top side) of the codend must have a minimum mesh size of 6.0 inches. Rollers, bobbins, or discs used in roller or bobbin trawls must be a minimum of 14 inches in diameter.
- (d) Double wall codends may not be used in any trawl with mesh size less than 4.5 inches. If a double wall codend is used, the double walled layers must be the same mesh size and coincide, knot-to-knot, and may not be longer than 25 trawl meshes or 12 feet, whichever is greater.
- (e) It is unlawful to use or operate a pelagic trawl with meshes less than 3.0 inches. It is unlawful to use a double wall codend in any pelagic trawl. Chafing gear covering the upper one-half (top side) of the codend must have a minimum mesh size of 6 inches. Footropes of pelagic trawls must be less than 1.75 inches in diameter, including twine necessary for seizing material. Sweeplines, including the bottom leg of the bridle, must be bare.
- (2) Set lines. It is unlawful for the operator of set lines to leave such gear unattended unless marked as

provided in WAC 220-20-010(5). Set lines must be attended at least once every seven days. Set lines must be marked at the surface at each terminal end with a pole, flag, light, radar reflector, and a buoy displaying clear identification of the owner or operator.

- (3) Bottomfish pots. It is unlawful for the operator of bottomfish pots to leave such gear unattended unless marked as provided in WAC 220-20-010(5). Bottomfish pots must be attended at least once every seven days. Bottomfish pots set individually must be marked at the surface with a pole and a flag, light, or radar reflector, and a buoy displaying clear identification of the owner. Bottomfish pots laid on a groundline must be marked at the surface at each terminal end of the groundline with a pole and a flag, light, and radar reflector, and a buoy displaying clear identification of the owner or operator.
 - (4) Commercial jig gear.
- (5) Troll lines. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon while fishing for bottomfish with troll line gear under authority of a bottomfish troll license, except that in any coastal waters it is lawful to retain for commercial purposes any species of bottomfish taken with commercial salmon gear incidental to a lawful salmon fishery.
- (6) Shrimp trawls. It is unlawful in any coastal waters, to retain for commercial purposes more than 1,500 pounds per day of any bottomfish species other than Pacific whiting, shortbelly rockfish or arrowtooth flounder taken with shrimp trawl gear incidental to a lawful shrimp fishery.
- (7) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess any species of shellfish taken with lawful bottomfish gear except as provided in WAC 220-52-053, 220-52-063, 220-52-066, 220-52-069, and 220-52-071.
- (8) It is unlawful to take or possess lingcod taken for commercial purposes with any gear from December 1 through April 14 in Coastal Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 59B.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88-22-033 (Order 88-157), § 220-44-030, filed 10/27/88; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-44-030, filed 3/27/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-44-030, filed 7/1/82; 82-03-045 (Order 82-6), § 220-44-030, filed 1/19/82; 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-44-030, filed 1/7/81; 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 220-44-030, filed 2/15/79; 78-04-039 (Order 78-11), § 220-44-030, filed 3/20/78.]

WAC 220-44-040 Coastal bottomfishing seasons. It is lawful to take, fish for, and possess for commercial purposes bottomfish in coastal waters taken with gear described in WAC 220-44-030 all year in Coastal Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 58B, 59A, 59B, and 60A, unless otherwise provided.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–44–040, filed 3/27/84; 83–10–016 (Order 83–31), § 220–44–040, filed 4/26/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–44–040, filed 7/1/82; 81–02–053 (Order 81–3), § 220–44–040, filed 1/7/81; 79–03–014 (Order 79–11), § 220–44–040, filed 2/15/79; 78–04–039 (Order 78–11), § 220–44–040, filed 3/20/78.]

WAC 220-44-050 Coastal bottomfish catch limits. It is unlawful to possess, transport through the waters of

the state, or land in any Washington state port bottomfish taken from Coastal Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 58B, 59A, 59B, 60A, 61, 62, or 63 in excess of the amounts or less than the minimum sizes shown below for the species indicated. All weights are in round pounds:

- (1) Widow rockfish (Sebastes entomelas) 15,000 pounds per vessel trip per calendar week, defined as Wednesday through the following Tuesday except that a fisherman having made a 1990 declaration of intent may make one landing of not more than 25,000 pounds biweekly, defined as Wednesday through the second Tuesday following. There is no limit on the number of landings of less than 3,000 pounds.
- (2) Shortbelly rockfish (Sebastes jordani) no maximum poundage per vessel trip; no minimum size.
- (3) Pacific Ocean perch (Sebastes alutus) No restriction on landing up to 1,000 pounds per vessel trip. Landings above 1,000 pounds allowed only if Pacific Ocean perch represent 20 percent or less of total weight of fish on board. Under no circumstances may a vessel land more than 3,000 pounds of Pacific Ocean perch in any one vessel trip.
- (4) All other species of rockfish (Sebastes spp.) 25,000 pounds of all other species combined per vessel trip per calendar week, defined as Wednesday through the following Tuesday, of which no more than 7,500 pounds may be yellowtail rockfish (Sebastes flavidus), except that a fisherman having made a 1990 declaration of intent may make either one landing of no more than 50,000 pounds of all other species combined per vessel trip biweekly, defined as Wednesday through the second Tuesday following, of which no more than 15,000 pounds may be yellowtail rockfish, or two landings of not more than 12,500 pounds of all other species in any one calendar week of which not more than 3,750 pounds in any one landing may be yellowtail rockfish. It is unlawful for any vessel to make other than one landing in excess of 3,000 pounds of other rockfish species in any calendar week, if no declaration to land other species of rockfish twice weekly has been made.
 - (5) Sablefish
- (a) Trawl vessels No trip limit. No restrictions on landing up to 1,000 pounds per vessel trip. Landings above 1,000 pounds allowed only if sablefish represent 25 percent or less of the total combined round weight of the deepwater complex (Sablefish, Dover Sole, Arrowtooth Flounder and Thorneyhead or Idiot Rockfish) on board. To convert sablefish to round weight from dressed weight multiply the dressed weight by 1.75. Sablefish minimum size 22 inches in length, unless dressed in which case minimum size 15.5 inches in length from the anterior insertion of the first dorsal fin to the tip of the tail. Trawl vessels are allowed an incidental sablefish catch less than the minimum size of 1,000 pounds or 25 percent of the total combined round weight of the deepwater complex, but not to exceed 5,000 pounds per trip.
- (b) Nontrawl vessels No trip limit. Minimum size 22 inches in length, unless dressed, in which case minimum size 15.5 inches in length from the anterior insertion of the first dorsal fin to the tip of the tail. Nontrawl

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vessels are allowed an incidental catch less than the minimum size of 1,500 pounds, round weight or 3% round weight of all sablefish on board, whichever is greater, per trip. To convert to round weight from dressed weight multiply the dressed weight by 1.75.

- (6) 1990 Declarations of intent A 1990 declaration must be made to make other than one vessel trip per week and land in excess of the minimum amounts as provided for in this section. The 1990 declaration of intent to make other than one vessel trip per week must be mailed or delivered to the Department of Fisheries, 115 General Administration Building, Olympia, WA 98504, and must be received prior to the beginning of such fishing. The declaration of intent must contain the name and address of the fisherman, the name and registration number of the vessel, the date on which such fishing will commence and must be signed and dated by the fisherman. The fisherman may return to the one vessel trip per calendar week fishing by filing a declaration of intent to stop fishing other than once weekly with the department in the above manner. The declaration to stop such fishing and begin one vessel trip per calendar week fishing must be received prior to the beginning of the week in which the one vessel trip per calendar week fishing will resume. The date of first landing will determine the beginning of biweekly periodicity. Biweekly periodicity will restart after a landing that occurs more than four calendar weeks after the immediate prior landing. A calendar week is defined as Wednesday through the following Tuesday.
- (7) It is unlawful during unloading of the catch and prior to its being weighed or leaving the unloading facility to intermix with any other species a species or category of bottomfish having a vessel trip limit.
- (8) For purposes of this section, a vessel trip is defined as having occurred upon the initiation of transfer of catch from the fishing vessel, and all fish aboard the vessel are considered part of the vessel trip limit at the initiation of transfer of catch.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–108 (Order 90–26), § 220–44–050, filed 6/21/90, effective 7/22/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.070 and 75.08.080. 89–14–069 (Order 89–54), § 220–44–050, filed 6/30/89; 89–06–030 (Order 89–07), § 220–44–050, filed 2/24/89; 88–14–020 (Order 88–42), § 220–44–050, filed 6/28/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–07–042 (Order 87–17), § 220–44–050, filed 3/16/87; 86–12–027 (Order 86–39), § 220–44–050, filed 5/28/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. and 75.08.080. 85–07–022 (Order 85–17), § 220–44–050, filed 3/13/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–44–050, filed 3/27/84; 83–17–030 (Order 83–88), § 220–44–050, filed 8/10/83; 83–10–016 (Order 83–31), § 220–44–050, filed 4/26/83.]

WAC 220-44-080 Otter trawl logbook required. It shall be unlawful for any operator of otter trawl gear to fail to possess and maintain a "Washington-Oregon-California Trawl Logbook" while fishing in Coastal Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 58B, 59A, 59B, 60A, 61, 62, 63, or Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 29. The logbook must be kept aboard the vessel while it is fishing in the above areas, or while having fish aboard that were caught in the above areas. The vessel operator must submit the completed logbook

for inspection immediately upon request by authorized department of fisheries representatives. For each vessel trip, the operator shall record the vessel name and registration number, crew size, fuel used, departure and return date and time, general locality fished and buyers of fish landed. For each trawl tow conducted the vessel operator shall record the month and day, duration of tow, area fished, depth fished, net type, target species, and estimated weight of each species of fish retained. The departments copies of completed log sheets must be submitted to the department for each month in which fishing activity occurs. The departments copies must be received within ten days following any calendar month in which fishing activity occurred, or within ten days following the termination of commercial fishing activity, whichever occurs first.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-08-023 (Order 85-24), § 220-44-080, filed 4/1/85.]

Chapter 220–47 WAC PUGET SOUND--SALMON

,,,,,	
220-47-001	General provision.
220-47-121	Treaty Indian gear identification.
220-47-252	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Drayton Harbor.
220-47-262	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—San Juan Island.
220–47–266	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Strait of Juan de Fuca.
220-47-269	Puget Sound—Area 7A salmon fishery separation lines.
220-47-301	Puget Sound—Lawful gear—Purse seine.
220-47-302	Puget Sound—Lawful gear—Gill net.
220-47-303	Puget Sound—Lawful gear—Reef nets.
220-47-304	Puget Sound—All citizen salmon species seasons.
220-47-307	Closed areas—Puget Sound salmon.
220-47-311	Purse seine—Open periods.
220-47-319	Special purse seine mesh size.
220-47-401	Reef net open periods.
220-47-411	Gill net—Open periods.
220-47-412	Gill net—Minimum mesh sizes.
220-47-500	Limited participation salmon net fisheries.

220-47-412	Gill net—Minimum mesh sizes.				
220-47-500	Limited participation salmon net fisheries.				
DISPOSITIO	DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS				
	CHAPTER				
220-47-010	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing areas. [Order 920, § 220-47-010, filed 5/13/71; Order 771-B, § 220-47-010, filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.				
220–47–020	Puget Sound—Salmon preserves. [Order 920, § 220–47–020, filed 5/13/71; Order 771–B, § 220–47–020,				
	filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.				
220–47–030	Puget Sound—Salmon—Lawful gear. [Order 771-B, § 220-47-030, filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.				
220-47-040	Puget Sound—Salmon—Purse seine. [Order 920, § 220-47-040, filed 5/13/71; Order 862, § 220-47-040, filed 4/16/70; Order 810, § 220-47-040, filed				
	4/17/69; Order 771-B, § 220-47-040, filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.				
220-47-050	Puget Sound—Salmon—Reef net. [Order 920, § 220–47–050, filed 5/13/71; Order 862, § 220–47–050, filed 4/16/70; Order 810, § 220–47–050, filed				
220–47–060	4/17/69; Order 771-B, § 220-47-050, filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72. Puget Sound—Salmon—Gill net. [Order 920, § 220-47-060, filed 5/13/71; Order 862, § 220-47-060, filed 4/16/70; Order 810, § 220-47-060, filed				

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	4/17/69; Order 771-B, § 220-47-060, filed		84-13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory
220 45 250	3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.	220 47 252	Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–47–070	Puget Sound—Troll line seasons—Closed periods. [Order 866, § 220-47-070, filed 6/12/70; Order 810,	220-47-253	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Elliott Bay. [Order 988, § 220-47-253, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
	§ 220-47-070, filed 4/17/69; Order 771-B, § 220-		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
	47-070, filed 3/29/68.] Repealed by Order 988, filed 4/28/72.	220-47-254	thority: RCW 75.08.080. Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Fidalgo Bay. [Order
220-47-100	Puget Sound-Off reservation Indian fishery-		988, § 220-47-254, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
	Squaxin. [Order 1057, § 220-47-100, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-100, filed 4/28/72; Order 920,		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	§ 220–47–100, filed 5/13/71; Order 866, § 220–47–	220-47-255	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Hood Canal. [Order
	100, filed 6/12/70; Order 810, § 220-47-100, filed		988, § 220–47–255, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84–
220-47-105	4/17/69.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77. Puget Sound—Off reservation Indian fishery—		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	Makah. [Order 1057, § 220-47-105, filed 5/22/73;	220-47-256	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Kitsap. [Order 988,
	Order 988, § 220-47-105, filed 4/28/72; Order 920, § 220-47-105, filed 5/13/71; Order 866, § 220-47-		§ 220–47–256, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84–13– 078 (Order 84–53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Author-
	105, filed 6/12/70.] Repealed by Order 77–14, filed		ity: RCW 75.08.080.
220 47 110	4/15/77. Puget Sound—Nisqually River—Indian fishery. [Or-	220–47–257	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Ballard. [Order
220–47–110	der 1057, § 220–47–110, filed 5/22/73; Order 1013,		988, § 220-47-257, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84- 13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
	§ 220-47-110, filed 8/17/72; Order 920, § 220-47-		thority: RCW 75.08.080.
	110, filed 5/13/71; Order 866, § 220-47-110, filed 6/12/70.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.	220-47-258	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—South Puget Sound. [Order 988, § 220–47–258, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed
220-47-115	Puget Sound—Puyallup River—Indian fishery. [Or-		by 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), filed 6/21/84. Statu-
	der 1057, § 220-47-115, filed 5/22/73; Order 1013, § 220-47-115, filed 8/17/72; Order 920, § 220-47-	220 47 250	tory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	115, filed 5/13/71; Order 875, § 220-47-115, filed	220-47-259	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Point No Point. [Order 1057, § 220–47–259, filed 5/22/73; Order
220 47 120	8/13/70.] Repealed by Order 77–14, filed 4/15/77.		988, § 220-47-259, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
220–47–120	Puget Sound—Tulalip—Indian fishery. [Order 1057, § 220-47-120, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	120, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed	220-47-260	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Commencement
220-47-201	4/15/77. Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 1. [Order 988,		Bay. [Order 988, § 220–47–260, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), filed 6/21/84.
220 17 201	§ 220–47–201, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220 47 202	76–35, filed 5/11/76.	220-47-261	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Samish Bay. [Order
220–47–202	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 2. [Order 988, \$ 220-47-202, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order		988, § 220-47-261, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
	76–35, filed 5/11/76.		thority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–47–203	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 3. [Order 1210, § 220-47-203, filed 5/26/75; Order 988, § 220-47-	220-47-263	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Skagit Bay. [Order 988, § 220-47-263, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
	203, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
220 47 204	5/11/76. Puget Sound Solmon fighing Area 4 [Order 988]	220-47-264	thority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–47–204	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 4. [Order 988, § 220-47-204, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order	220-47-204	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Port Gardner. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–18–017
220 47 205	76–35, filed 5/11/76.		(Order 81–101), § 220–47–264, filed 8/25/81; Order
220–47–205	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 4-A. [Order 988, § 220-47-205, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Or-		988, § 220-47-264, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
	der 76-35, filed 5/11/76.		thority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–47–206	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 5. [Order 1066, § 220-47-206, filed 7/19/73; Order 988, § 220-47-	220–47–265	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Port Susan. [Order 988, § 220-47-265, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
	206, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Au-
220 47 207	5/11/76.	220 47 267	thority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–47–207	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 6. [Order 988, § 220-47-207, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order	220–47–267	Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Washington Harbor. [Order 988, § 220-47-267, filed 4/28/72.] Re-
000 17	76–35, filed 5/11/76.		pealed by 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84.
220–47–208	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 7. [Order 988, § 220-47-208, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order	220-47-268	Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Gig Harbor. [Order
	76–35, filed 5/11/76.	220 17 200	988, § 220-47-268, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-
220–47–209	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 8. [Order 1210, § 220-47-209, filed 5/26/75; Order 988, § 220-47-		13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	209, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76–35, filed	220-47-312	Purse seine—Open periods. [Statutory Authority:
	5/11/76.		RCW 75.08.080. 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-
220–47–210	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 9. [Order 988, \$ 220-47-210, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order		47-312, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-312, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72),
	76–35, filed 5/11/76.		§ 220–47–312, filed 7/14/87; 86–13–038 (Order 86–
220–47–211	Puget Sound—Salmon fishing—Area 10. [Order 1066, § 220-47-211, filed 7/19/73; Order 988, §		46), § 220–47–312, filed 6/12/86; 85–13–032 (Order 85–60), § 220–47–312, filed 6/12/85; 84–13–078
•	220-47-211, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76-		(Order 84–53), § 220–47–312, filed 6/21/84; 83–14–
220 47 250	35, filed 5/11/76. Puggt Sound Solmon processes [Order 988 8 220]		020 (Order 83-57), § 220-47-312, filed 6/28/83; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-47-312, filed
220–47–250	Puget Sound—Salmon preserves. [Order 988, § 220–47–250, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 80–10–058 (Or-		7/15/82; 81–18–017 (Order 81–101), § 220–47–312,
	der 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW		filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-
220-47-251	75.08.080. Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Discovery Bay. [Or-		312, filed 8/6/80; 78–05–018 (Order 78–16), § 220–47–312, filed 4/13/78; Order 77–66, § 220–47–312,
	der 988, § 220-47-251, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by		filed 8/5/77; Order 77-14, § 220-47-312, filed
(1000 T.L.)			[TC:Al., 220 W/AC 41]

(1990 Ed.)

220-47-313

220-47-403

4/15/77; Order 76-41, § 220-47-312, filed 6/4/76; Order 1251, § 220-47-312, filed 8/18/75; Order 1210, § 220-47-312, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220-47-312, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, \$ 220-47-312, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, \$ 220-47-312, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220-47-312, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-312, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Purse seine—Daily hours. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-47-313, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), §

220-47-313, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-313, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-313, filed 6/12/86; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220-47-313, filed 6/12/85; 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-313, filed 6/21/84; 83-14-020 (Order 83-57), § 220-47-313, filed 6/28/83; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-47-313, filed 7/15/82; 81–18–017 (Order 81–101), § 220–47–313, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-313, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47–313, filed 4/13/78; Order 77–66, § 220–47–313, filed 8/5/77; Order 76–41, § 220–47–313, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220–47–313, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220-47-313, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220-47-313, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, § 220-47-313, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220-47-313, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-313, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-314 Point Roberts. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-314, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-314, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-14, § 220-47-314, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-41, \$ 220-47-314, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, \$ 220-47-314, filed 5/26/75; Order 1125, § 220-47-314, filed 6/6/74; Order 1057, § 220-47-314, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-314, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), filed 6/21/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-315 Puget Sound-Purse seine-West Beach. [Order 1210, § 220-47-315, filed 5/26/75; Order 1125, § 220-47-315, filed 6/6/74; Order 1057, § 220-47-315, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-315, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76-41, filed 6/4/76.

220-47-316 Puget Sound-Purse seine-East Pass. [Order 988, § 220-47-316, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

Carr Inlet. [Order 77-14, § 220-47-317, filed 220-47-317 4/15/77; Order 1143, § 220-47-317, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220-47-317, filed 6/6/74; Order 1057, § 220-47-317, filed 5/22/73; Order 1000, § 220-47-317, filed 6/28/72; Order 988, § 220-47-317, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-318 Puget Sound—Discovery Bay. [Order 988, § 220-47-318, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1057, filed

220-47-320 Puget Sound-Purse seine-Liplip Point-Point Wells. [Order 1057, § 220-47-320, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-320, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-321 Puget Sound—Purse seine—Port Susan. [Order 1066, § 220-47-321, filed 7/19/73.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

Puget Sound-Purse seine-Samish Bay. [Order 220-47-322 1251, § 220-47-322, filed 8/18/75; Order 1066, § 220-47-322, filed 7/19/73.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-323 Puget Sound-Purse seine-Point No Point. [Order 1066, § 220-47-323, filed 7/19/73.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

Cherry Point. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-324, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-14, § 220-47-324, filed 220-47-324

4/15/77.] Repealed by 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Reef net—Weekly periods. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-220-47-402 47-402, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-402, filed 6/12/86; 81-18-017 (Order 81-101), § 220–47–402, filed 8/25/81; 80–10–058 (Order 80–83), § 220–47–402, filed 8/6/80; 78–05–018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-402, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-66, § 220-47-402, filed 8/5/77; Order 77-14, § 220-47-402, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-41, § 220-47-402, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220-47-402, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220–47–402, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220–47–402, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, § 220-47-402, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220-47-402, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-402, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90-13-025 (Order 90-49),

> ity: RĆW 75.08.080. Reef net-Daily hours. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-403, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-403, filed 6/12/86; 81-18-017 (Order 81-101), § 220-47-403, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-403, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-403, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-66, § 220-47-403, filed 8/5/77; Order 76-41, § 220-47-403, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220-47-403, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220-47-403, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220-47-403, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, § 220-47-403, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220-47-403, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-403, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Author-

Gill net-Daily hours. [Statutory Authority: RCW 220-47-413 75.08.080. 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-47-413, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-413, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-413, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-413, filed 6/12/86; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220-47-413, filed 6/12/85; 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-413, filed 6/21/84; 83-14-020 (Order 83-57), § 220-47-413, filed 6/28/83; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-47-413, filed 7/15/82; 81-18-017 (Order 81-101), § 220-47-413, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-413, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-413, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-66, § 220-47-413, filed 8/5/77; Order 76-41, § 220-47-413, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220–47–413, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220–47–413, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220-47-413, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, § 220-47-413, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220–47–413, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220–47–413, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-414 Gill net-Mesh sizes. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-47-414, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-414, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-414, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-414, filed 6/12/86; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220-47-414, filed 6/12/85; 84-13-078 (Order 84–53), § 220–47–414, filed 6/21/84; 83–14–020 (Order 83–57), § 220–47–414, filed 6/28/83; 82–15– 040 (Order 82–83), § 220–47–414, filed 7/15/82; 81–18–017 (Order 81–101), § 220–47–414, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-414, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-414, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-66, § 220-47-414, filed 8/5/77; Order 77-14, § 220-47-414, filed 4/15/77;

Order 76–41, § 220–47–414, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220–47–414, filed 5/26/75; Order 1143, § 220–47–414, filed 8/8/74; Order 1125, § 220–47–414, filed 6/6/74; Order 1066, § 220–47–414, filed 7/19/73; Order 1057, § 220–47–414, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220–47–414, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-415 Gill net—Point Roberts. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-415, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-14, § 220-47-415, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-41, § 220-47-415, filed 6/4/76; Order 1210, § 220-47-415, filed 5/26/75; Order 1125, § 220-47-415, filed 6/6/74; Order 1057, § 220-47-415, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-415, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-416 Puget Sound—Gill net—West Beach. [Order 1210, § 220-47-416, filed 5/26/75; Order 1125, § 220-47-416, filed 6/6/74; Order 1057, § 200-47-416, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-416, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 76-41, filed 6/4/76.

220-47-417 Puget Sound—Gill net—East Pass. [Order 988, § 220-47-417, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-418 Carr Inlet. [Order 77-14, \$ 220-47-418, filed 4/15/77; Order 1143, \$ 220-47-418, filed 8/8/74; Order 1057, \$ 220-47-418, filed 5/22/73; Order 1000, \$ 220-47-418, filed 6/28/72; Order 988, \$ 220-47-418, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-419 Puget Sound—Discovery Bay. [Order 988, § 220-47-419, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1057, filed 5/22/73.

220-47-420 Puget Sound—Gill net—Liplip Point—Point Wells. [Order 1057, § 220-47-420, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-420, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-421 Puget Sound—Admiralty Inlet. [Order 988, § 220-47-421, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1066, filed 7/19/73.

220-47-422 Puget Sound—Saratoga Passage. [Order 988, § 220-47-422, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1057, filed 5/22/73.

220-47-423 Puget Sound—Gill net—Samish Bay. [Order 1057, § 220-47-423, filed 5/22/73; Order 988, § 220-47-423, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-424 Puget Sound—Gill net—Point No Point. [Order 1066, § 220-47-424, filed 7/19/73.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-425 Puget Sound—Gill net—Port Susan. [Order 1066, § 220-47-425, filed 7/19/73.] Repealed by Order 77-14, filed 4/15/77.

220-47-426 Cherry Point. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-426, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-14, § 220-47-426, filed 4/15/77.] Repealed by 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), filed 8/6/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-501 Puget Sound—Troll lines—Seasons. [Order 988, § 220-47-501, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1116, filed 4/30/74. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-47-50101.

220-47-50101 Puget Sound troll line seasons—Salmon. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-50101, filed 6/21/84; Order 76-41, § 220-47-501 (codified as WAC 220-47-50101), filed 6/4/76; Order 1221, § 220-47-501 (codified as WAC 220-47-501], filed 7/1/75. Formerly WAC 220-47-501.] Repealed by 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), filed 7/14/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-502 Puget Sound—Weekly periods. [Order 988, § 220-47-502, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by Order 1116,

filed 4/30/74. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-47-50201.

220-47-50201 Puget Sound troll line weekly periods. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-50201, filed 6/21/84; Order 76-41, § 220-47-502 (codified as WAC 220-47-50201), filed 6/4/76; Order 1221, § 220-47-502 (codified as WAC 220-47-502), filed 7/1/75. Formerly WAC 220-47-502.] Repealed by 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), filed 7/14/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-47-503 Puget Sound troll line closed areas. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-503, filed 6/21/84; Order 76-41, § 220-47-503, filed 6/4/76; Order 1221, § 220-47-503, filed 7/1/75; Order 1116, § 220-47-503, filed 4/30/74; Order 988, § 220-47-503, filed 4/28/72.] Repealed by 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), filed 7/14/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-47-001 General provision. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon for commercial purposes in any Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area unless taken lawfully by specific regulations in chapter 220-47 or 220-28 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-018 (Order 78-16), § 220-47-001, filed 4/13/78; Order 77-14A, § 202-47-001 (codified as WAC 220-47-001), filed 4/21/77; Order 77-14, § 220-47-001, filed 4/15/77.]

WAC 220-47-121 Treaty Indian gear identification. It shall be unlawful for any person exercising his or her treaty Indian fishing rights at usual and accustomed grounds and stations within the Point No Point, Makah, Quinault, Medicine Creek, and Point Elliott treaty areas to leave any gear unattended unless there is affixed to it an identification tag of tribal affiliation and specific fisherman identification.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), § 220–47–121, filed 6/21/84; Order 76–26, § 220–47–121, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.]

WAC 220-47-252 Puget Sound-Salmon preserve-Drayton Harbor. "Drayton Harbor Salmon Preserve" shall include all the waters of Drayton Harbor and tributaries thereto lying inside and easterly of a line projected from Semiahmoo Spit to the Blaine Boathaven Dock.

[Order 988, § 220-47-252, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-262 Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Sam Juan Island. "San Juan Island Salmon Preserve" shall include those waters of Puget Sound lying inside the following lines: A line projected from Decatur Island Light across Lopez Pass to Lopez Island, a line projected from Fauntleroy Point on Decatur Island through Lawson Rock to Blakely Island; a line projected from Deer Point on Orcas Island across Spindle Rock to Blakely Island; a line projected from the most southwesterly point of Orcas Island, located in Section 13, Township 36 North, Range 3 West, W.M., to Neck Point on Shaw Island; and a line projected from Flat Point on Lopez Island to the most westerly point on Canoe Island, thence true north to the shoreline of Shaw

Island, excluding the waters of Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area 7E.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-262, filed 6/12/86; Order 988, § 220-47-262, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-266 Puget Sound—Salmon preserve—Strait of Juan de Fuca. "The Strait of Juan de Fuca Salmon Preserve" shall include those waters and tributaries thereto lying within three miles off shore between a line projected 30 degrees true from a point three miles west of the Sekiu River mouth to a line projected 45 degrees true from a point three miles east of the Dungeness River mouth, excluding the waters of Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Area 6D

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–14–133 (Order 88–48), § 220–47–266, filed 7/6/88; Order 988, § 220–47–266, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-269 Puget Sound—Area 7A salmon fishery separation lines. (1) The "East Point Line" shall be defined as a line projected from the low water range marker in Boundary Bay on the international boundary through the east tip of Point Roberts to the East Point light on Saturna Island in the province of British Columbia.

(2) The "Iwersen Dock Line" shall be defined as a line projected from Iwersen Dock on Point Roberts to the Georgina Point Light at the entrance to Active Pass in British Columbia.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-269, filed 7/6/88.]

WAC 220-47-301 Puget Sound—Lawful gear—Purse seine. (1) Lawful purse seine salmon nets in Puget Sound shall not exceed 1,800 feet in length along the cork line while wet and purse seine and lead combined shall not exceed 2,200 feet. Neither shall contain meshes of a size less than 4 inches, nor shall the meshes of the seine and lead be lashed together to form one continuous piece of webbed gear. It shall be lawful as part of the purse seine to have a bunt 10 fathoms long and 200 meshes deep which may contain mesh of a size not less than 3-1/2 inches.

- (2) It shall be unlawful to take or fish for salmon with purse seine gear in Puget Sound which contains mesh webbing constructed of a twine size smaller than 210/30d nylon, 12 thread cotton or the equivalent diameter in any other material.
- (3) It shall be unlawful for any purse seine vessel to carry an extra lead or portion thereof unless stowed below decks during the fishing operation, nor may an extra lead or portion thereof be carried aboard its skiff.
- (4) Purse seine mesh size shall be defined as the distance between the inside of one knot to the outside of the opposite vertical knot of one mesh. Minimum mesh size is met if a wedge of legal size can be passed without undue force through the mesh while wet.
- (5) A purse seine will not be considered to be fishing once both ends of the seine are attached to the primary vessel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–059 (Order 87–72), § 220–47–301, filed 7/14/87; 86–13–038 (Order 86–46), § 220–47–301, filed 6/12/86; Order 988, § 220–47–301, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-302 Puget Sound—Lawful gear—Gill net. Lawful gill net salmon nets in Puget Sound shall not exceed 1,800 feet in length nor contain meshes of a size less than 5 inches. The nets shall be operated substantially in a straight line. Circle setting with a gill net or setting a gill net other than substantially in a straight line shall be unlawful.

[Order 988, § 220-47-302, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-303 Puget Sound-Lawful gear-Reef nets. Lawful reef net salmon nets in Puget Sound shall not exceed 300 meshes on any side nor contain meshes of a size less than 3-1/2 inches nor utilize more than two leads. Each of said leads shall not exceed 200 feet in length measured from the bows of the reef net boats to the nearest end of the head buoys. The use of any false, detached or auxiliary lead shall be unlawful.

[Order 988, § 220-47-303, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-304 Puget Sound--All citizen salmon species seasons. The following are Puget Sound all citizens salmon species seasons listed by area and species:

AREA	SPECIES	DATE	RANGE
6D:	СОНО	9/23 -	10/27
7,7A:	COHO	9/2 -	10/13
	CHUM	10/14 -	11/30
7B:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/8
	COHO	9/9 -	10/27
	CHUM	10/28 -	11/30
7C:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	8/25
7E:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/8
8:	CHUM	10/28 -	11/24
8A:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/8
	COHO	9/9 -	10/20
	CHUM	10/21 -	11/30
8D:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/22
	COHO	9/23 -	11/10
	CHUM	11/11 -	11/30
10,11:	COHO	9/9 –	10/20
	CHUM	10/21 –	11/30
12:	COHO	9/9 -	10/20
	CHUM	10/21 -	11/17
12A:	COHO	9/9 -	10/20
	CHUM	10/21 -	11/17
12B:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/8
	COHO	9/9 -	10/20
	CHUM	10/21 -	11/17
12C:	CHINOOK	7/29 -	9/8
	CHUM	10/28 -	11/30

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), § 220-47-304, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; Order 988, § 220-47-304, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-307 Closed areas—Puget Sound salmon. It is unlawful at any time, unless otherwise provided, to take, fish for, or possess salmon taken for commercial purposes with any type of gear from the following portions of Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas:

Areas 4B, 5, 6, 6B, and 6C – The Strait of Juan de Fuca Preserve as defined in WAC 220-47-266.

Area 6D – That portion within 1,000 feet of each mouth of the Dungeness River.

Area 7 – The San Juan Island Preserve as defined in WAC 220-47-262.

Area 7A – The Drayton Harbor Preserve as defined in WAC 220-47-252.

Area 7B – That portion south and east of a line from William Point on Samish Island to Saddlebag Island to the southeastern tip of Guemes Island, and that portion northerly of the railroad trestle in Chuckanut Bay.

Area 7C - That portion southeasterly of a line projected from the mouth of Oyster Creek 237° true to a fishing boundary marker on Samish Island.

Area 8 – That portion of Skagit Bay easterly of a line projected from Brown Point on Camano Island to a white monument on the easterly point of Ika Island, thence across the Skagit River to the terminus of the jetty with McGlinn Island.

Area 8A – Those waters easterly of a line projected from Mission Point to Buoy C1, excluding the waters of Area 8D, thence to the green light at the entrance jetty of the Snohomish River thence across the mouth of the Snohomish River to the red light at Western Gear Corporation and those waters northerly of a line from Camano Head to the northern boundary of Area 8D.

Area 9 – Those waters lying inside and westerly of a line projected from the Point No Point light to Sierra Echo buoy thence to Forbes Landing wharf, east of Hansville.

Area 10 – That portion easterly of a line projected from Meadow Point to West Point and that portion of Port Madison northwest of a line from the Agate Pass entrance light to the light on the end of the Indianola dock.

Area 10E – Those waters of Liberty Bay north of a line projected due east from the southernmost Keyport dock, those waters of Dyes Inlet north of the Manette Bridge, and those waters of Sinclair Inlet southwest of a line projected true east from the Bremerton ferry terminal.

Area 11 – Those waters northerly of a line projected true west from the light at the mouth of Gig Harbor and those waters south of a line from Browns Point to the northernmost point of land on Point Defiance.

Area 12 – Those waters inside and easterly of a line projected from Lone Rock to the navigation light off Big Beef Creek, thence southerly to the tip of the outermost northern headland of Little Beef Creek.

Area 12A – Those waters north of a line projected from Fisherman's Point on the Bolton Peninsula to the boat haven at Quilcene and those waters north of a line projected due east from Broad Spit.

Area 12B – Those waters within 1/4 mile of the mouths of the Dosewallips, Duckabush, and Hamma Hamma rivers.

Areas 12, 12A, and 12B – Additional chinook seasonal closure: Those waters north and east of a line projected from Tekiu Point to Triton Head.

Area 12C – Those waters within 1,000 feet of the western shore between the dock at Glen Ayr R.V. Park and the Hoodsport marina dock and those waters south of a line projected from the Cushman Powerhouse to the public boat ramp at Union.

Areas 12, 12B, 12C, and 12D – Additional coho and chum seasonal closure: Those waters of Area 12 south and west of a line projected 94 degrees true from Hazel Point to the light on the opposite shore, bounded on the west by the Area 12/12B boundary line, and those waters of Areas 12B, 12C, and 12D south of a line projected from Tekiu Point to Triton Head.

Area 13A – Those waters of Burley Lagoon north of State Route 302, those waters within 1,000 feet of the outer oyster stakes off Minter Creek Bay including all waters of Minter Creek Bay, those waters westerly of a line drawn due north from Thompson Spit at the mouth of Glen Cove, and those waters within 1/4 mile of Green Point.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220–47–307, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 88–14–133 (Order 88–48), § 220–47–307, filed 7/6/88; 85–13–032 (Order 85–60), § 220–47–307, filed 6/12/85; 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), § 220–47–307, filed 6/21/84; 83–14–020 (Order 83–57), § 220–47–307, filed 6/28/83; 82–15–040 (Order 82–83), § 220–47–307, filed 7/15/82; 81–18–017 (Order 81–101), § 220–47–307, filed 8/25/81; 80–10–058 (Order 80–83), § 220–47–307, filed 8/6/80.]

WAC 220-47-311 Purse seine—Open periods. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken with purse seine gear for commercial purposes from Puget Sound except in the following designated Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the periods provided for hereinafter in each respective Management and Catch Reporting Area:

AREA	TIME				DATE	
6D:	5AM	SUN	9/23		4PM FRI 10/26	(PDT)
7,7A:	5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM	_ _ _ _	9PM 9PM 9PM 8PM 8PM	PDT PDT PDT PST PST	-1	
7B:	5AM 5AM 5AM	MON MON MON	9/10 10/29 11/5	<u>-</u> 	4PM FRI 10/26 4PM FRI 11/2 4PM FRI 11/9	(PDT) (PST) (PST)
10,11:	5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM	-	9PM 9PM 9PM 9PM 9PM 8PM 8PM	PDT PDT PDT PDT PDT PST PST	TUE 9/18 MON 9/24 TUE 10/23 WED 10/24	
12,12 B :	5AM 5AM 5AM 5AM	- - -	9PM 9PM 9PM 8PM	PDT PDT PDT PST	MON 9/10 TUE 9/18 TUE 10/23 MON 10/29	

AREA TIME DATE

12A: 5AM - 9PM PDT MON 9/10 5AM - 9PM PDT TUE 9/18

All other saltwater and freshwater areas - closed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220-47-311, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-47-311, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-311, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-311, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-311, filed 6/12/86; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220-47-311, filed 6/12/85; 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-311, filed 6/21/84; 83-14-020 (Order 83-57), § 220-47-311, filed 6/28/83; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-47-311, filed 8/5/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-311, filed 8/6/80; 8-05-018 (Order 8-100), § 8/78-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 8/78-10-058 (Order 8/78-10-058), § 8/78-10-058 (Order 8/78-10-058), § 8/78-10-058),

WAC 220-47-319 Special purse seine mesh size. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken with purse seine gear in Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas 6B, 6D, 8, 8A, 8D, 9, 9A, 10, 10A, 10C, 10D, 10E, 10F, 10G, 11, 11A, 12, 12A, 12B, 12C, 12D, 13, 13A, 13C, 13D, 13E, 13F, 13G, 13H, 13I, 13J and 13K from the second Monday in September through November 30 unless said purse seine gear is constructed so that the first 100 meshes below the corkline that are within 75 fathoms of the bunt, excluding the bunt, are of a size not less than 5 inches stretch measure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220–47–319, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 85–13–032 (Order 85–60), § 220–47–319, filed 6/12/85; 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), § 220–47–319, filed 6/21/84; 80–10–058 (Order 80–83), § 220–47–319, filed 8/6/80; Order 77–14, § 220–47–319, filed 4/15/77; Order 1066, § 220–47–319, filed 7/19/73; Order 988, § 220–47–319, filed 4/28/72.]

WAC 220-47-401 Reef net open periods. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken with reef net gear for commercial purposes in Puget Sound except in the following designated Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas, during the periods provided for hereinafter in each respective area:

AREA TIME DATE

7,7A:	5AM - 9PM	PDT	MON 9/17
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	WED 9/19
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	FRI 9/28
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	MON 10/1
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	SUN 10/14
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	THU 10/25
	5AM - 9PM	PDT	FRI 10/26
	5AM - 8PM	PST	SUN 10/28
	5AM - 8PM	PST	MON 10/29

All other saltwater and freshwater areas – closed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220–47–401, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220–47–401, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220–47–401, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220–47–401, filed 7/14/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220–47–401, filed 8/18-18-17 (Order 81-101), § 220–47–401, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220–47–401, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 80-83), § 220–47–401, filed 8/6/80; 78-05-018 (Order 80-83), § 220–47–401, filed 8/5/77; Order 80-83), § 220–47–401, filed 8/6/80; 80-830, § 220–47–401, filed 8/6/800; § 220–

WAC 220-47-411 Gill net—Open periods. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken with gill net gear for commercial purposes from Puget Sound except in the following designated Puget Sound Salmon Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons provided for hereinafter in each respective fishing area:

ARI	EA	TIME				DATE(S)						
6D:		5AM	SUN	9/23	_	4PM	FRI	10/26	(PDT)			
7,7A	A :	5PM 4PM	_	9AM 8AM	PDT PST	NIGHTLY NIGHTLY	MON MON	10/15, 10/29,	MON TUE	10/22, 10/30	TUE	10/23
7B:		7PM 7PM 6PM 6PM 6PM 5AM 5AM		9:30AM 9:30AM 9AM 9AM 9/9 10/29	NIGHTLY NIGHTLY NIGHTLY NIGHTLY - -	MON MON MON MON 4PM 4PM 4PM	7/30, 8/6, 8/13, 8/20, FRI FRI FRI	TUE TUE TUE 10/26 11/2 11/9	7/31 8/7, 8/14, 8/21 (PDT) (PST) (PST)	WED WED	8/8 8/15	(PDT) (PDT) (PDT) (PDT)
7C:		7PM 7PM 6PM 6PM	_ _ _	9:30AM 9:30AM 9AM 9AM	NIGHTLY NIGHTLY NIGHTLY NIGHTLY	MON MON MON MON	7/30, 8/6, 8/13, 8/20,	TUE TUE TUE TUE	7/31 8/7, 8/14, 8/21	WED WED	8/8 8/15	(PDT) (PDT) (PDT) (PDT)
10,1	1:	5PM 5PM 4PM	_ _ _	9AM 9AM 8AM	PDT PDT PST	NIGHTLY NIGHTLY NIGHTLY	MON MON MON	9/10, 10/22, 10/29,	MON TUE TUE	9/17, 10/23 10/30	MON	9/24
12,1	2B:	5PM 5PM 4PM		9AM 9AM 8AM	PDT PDT PST	NIGHTLY MON MON	MON 10/22 10/29	9/10,	MON	9/17		
12A	:	5PM	_	9AM	PDT	NIGHTLY	MON	9/10,	MON	9/17		

All other saltwater and freshwater areas – closed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220-47-411, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 89-13-004 (Order 89-44), § 220-47-411, filed 6/8/89; 88-14-133 (Order 88-48), § 220-47-411, filed 7/6/88; 87-15-059 (Order 87-72), § 220-47-411, filed 7/4/87; 86-13-038 (Order 86-46), § 220-47-411, filed 6/12/86; 85-13-032 (Order 85-60), § 220-47-411, filed 6/12/85; 84-13-078 (Order 84-53), § 220-47-411, filed 6/28/83; 82-15-040 (Order 82-83), § 220-47-411, filed 8/25/81; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-411, filed 8/6/80; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-411, filed 8/6/80; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 220-47-411, filed 8/6/80; 80-10-058 (Order 80-83), § 80-1058 (Order 80-83), § 80-1058 (Order 80-1058), § 80-1058 (Orde

WAC 220-47-412 Gill net—Minimum mesh sizes. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken with gill net gear using mesh less than the size hereinafter designated for each species season:

CHINOOK SEASON 7" MINIMUM MESH
COHO SEASON 5" MINIMUM MESH
PINK SEASON 5" MINIMUM MESH
CHUM SEASON 6" MINIMUM MESH

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–13–025 (Order 90–49), § 220–47–412, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90; 89-13–004 (Order 89-44), § 220–47–412, filed 6/8/89; 88–14–133 (Order 88–48), § 220–47–412, filed 7/6/88; 87–15–059 (Order 87–72), § 220–47–412, filed 7/4/87; 86–13–038 (Order 86–46), § 220–47–412, filed 6/12/86; 85–13–032 (Order 85–60), § 220–47–412, filed 6/12/85; 84–13–078 (Order 84–53), § 220–47–412, filed 6/21/84; 83–14–020 (Order 83–57), § 220–47–412, filed 6/28/83; 82–15–040 (Order 82–83), § 220–47–412, filed 8/5/81; 80–10–058 (Order 80–83), § 220–47–412, filed 8/6/80; 80–5–018 (Order 80–83), § 220–47–412, filed 8/6/80; 80–20–47–412, filed 8/5/77; Order 80–11, § 220–47–412, filed 8/5/77; O

WAC 220-47-500 Limited participation salmon net fisheries. (1) When the director determines that a harvestable amount of salmon appears to be available, but that full-fleet fishing effort has an unacceptable risk of exceeding the available harvest, the director may authorize a limited participation fishery. Such a fishery may be authorized for experimental or developmental fisheries, fisheries necessary to refine run size data, fisheries necessary to provide biological information, or in cases where:

- (a) There is a reasonable expectation that foregone opportunity will be claimed and the harvestable surplus cannot be carried forward to the next year of harvest; and
- (b) Full-fleet participation with time, space, or gear restrictions cannot achieve the harvest goal.
- (2) Only licensed commercial salmon fishers may participate in a limited participation fishery. Fishers who wish to have their name placed on a limited participation register must mark the appropriate box on their license renewal application, or so notify the department, in

writing, by July 31st. Interested fishers must provide a message phone number at which they may be contacted.

(3) Each year the department will, from the list of interested fishers, use random selection to create a priority list for gillnet fishers and a priority list for purse seine fishers. Priority registers will be available for inspection at the department's Olympia office, or upon written request to the department. Once the priority lists have been created, sale or transfer of the license shall invalidate the receiver from participation in that year's limited participation fishery.

(4) The number of units of each gear type selected to participate in a limited participation fishery will reflect the most recent ratio of gear types in the full-fleet fishery directed at the species in question, except when conservation concerns or biological data collection needs dictate alternative ratios or use of a single gear type.

(5) When a limited participation fishery is authorized, the department will contact fishers from the priority register at least twenty-four hours prior to the opening of the fishery. When a fisher cannot be contacted after reasonable effort, the department will select the next name, until the maximum number of allowable units of gear is reached. If not reached, the fisher's name will remain at the priority position, but the fisher may not participate in that limited participation fishery. Agreement to participate, or declining to participate, will remove the fisher from the priority position, and place the name at the bottom of the priority list.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-13-025 (Order 90-49), § 220-47-500, filed 6/11/90, effective 7/12/90.]

Chapter 220–48 WAC PUGET SOUND--FISH OTHER THAN SALMON

WAC	
220-48-001	Puget Sound bottomfish gear.
220-48-005	Puget Sound bottomfish—General provisions
220-48-011	Beam trawl and otter trawl—Gear.
220-48-013	Beam trawl and otter trawl logbooks.
220-48-015	Beam trawl and bottom trawl—Seasons.
220-48-017	Pelagic trawl—Seasons.
220-48-019	Roller trawl—Seasons.
220-48-025	Set net—Pacific cod—Gear.
220-48-026	Set net—Pacific cod—Seasons.
220-48-027	Set net—Pacific cod—Logbooks.
220-48-028	Set net—Dogfish—Gear.
220-48-029	Set net—Dogfish—Seasons.
220-48-031	Set line—Gear.
220-48-032	Set line—Seasons.
220-48-041	Commercial jig—Gear.
220-48-042	Commercial jig—Seasons.
220-48-051	Troll lines—Bottomfish—Gear.
220-48-052	Troll lines—Bottomfish—Seasons.
220-48-061	Drag seines—Gear.
220-48-062	Drag seines—Seasons.
220-48-071	Bottomfish pots—Gear and seasons.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-48-010 Puget Sound—Salmon fishing areas. [Order 721, § 3 (part), filed 3/9/67; subsection 1 from Orders 421 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 2, 11 from Orders 448 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 3, 7, 9 from

220-48-060

Orders 380 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from

Puget Sound—Salmon—Troll line seasons. [Order 721, § 3 (part), filed 3/9/67; subsections 1-3 from Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Orders 380 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection (5) from Order 543, filed Order 568, filed 3/26/63; Orders 483 and 256, filed 3/20/62; subsection 6 from Orders 422 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Rescinded by Order 771-B, filed 3/29/68. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-47-070. 3/1/60; subsection 8 from Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 380 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 10 from 220-48-065 Puget Sound-Emergencies, [Order 525, § 15, filed Orders 452 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Rescinded by Or-5/3/61; Order 507, § 12, filed 4/13/60; Orders 483 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 721, § 2 der 771-B, filed 3/29/68. Later promulgation, see (part), filed 3/9/67. WAC 220-47-010. 220-48-070 Puget Sound-Bottomfish areas. [Order 758, § 4 220-48-020 Puget Sound—Salmon preserves. [Order 721, § 3 (part), filed 3/9/67; subsections 1-4, 6-10, 12, 15, 17 (part), filed 10/16/67; Orders 344 and 256, filed from Orders 380 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 76-148, filed 12/2/76. Puget Sound bottomfish gear. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-220-48-080 from Order 568, filed 3/26/63; Orders 380 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 11 from Order 677, filed 48-080, filed 1/7/81; 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 3/31/66; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 380 and 220-48-080, filed 2/15/79; 78-04-039 (Order 78-256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 13 from Orders 452 and 11), § 220-48-080, filed 3/20/78; Order 77-147, § 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 14, 18 from Orders 421 220-48-080, filed 12/16/77; Order 77-14, § 220-48and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 16 from Order 605, 080, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-080, filed 4/21/64; Orders 421 and 256, filed 3/1/60; filed 12/2/76; 76-26, § 220-48-080, filed 1:45 P.M., subsection 19 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66.] Re-4/20/76; Order 1193-A, § 220-48-080, filed 3/5/75; scinded by Order 771-B, filed 3/29/68. Later pro-Order 1193, § 220-48-080, filed 3/4/75; Order 1105, mulgation, see WAC 220-47-020. § 220-48-080, filed 12/28/73; Order 945, § 220-48-220-48-030 Puget Sound-Salmon, lawful gear. [Order 721, § 3 080, filed 8/16/71; Order 892, § 220-48-080, filed (part), filed 3/9/67; subsections 1-4 from Order 677, 9/22/70; Order 817, § 220-48-080, filed 5/29/69; filed 3/31/66; Order 635, filed 3/31/66; Orders 317 Order 770-A, § 220-48-080, filed 2/15/68; Order and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 569, 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsections 1a-1e, 2filed 4/11/63; Orders 421 and 256, filed 3/1/60; 7 from Orders 344 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection subsection 3 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 1f from Orders 444 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 317 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Rescinded by Order 771-8 from Orders 396 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed B, filed 3/29/68. Later promulgation, see WAC 220by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 220-48-040 Puget Sound-Salmon-Purse seine and reef net sea-Otter trawl and beam trawl seasons. [Order 77-147, § 220-48-090 sons. [Order 721, § 3 (part), filed 3/9/67; subsections 220-48-090, filed 12/16/77; Order 77-14, § 220-48-1-6 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 635, filed 090, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-090, 3/31/65; Order 603, filed 3/25/64; Order 568 (part), filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220-48-090, filed filed 3/26/63; Order 543 (part), filed 3/20/62; Order 3/4/75; Order 817, § 220-48-090, filed 5/29/69; 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order Order 770-A, § 220-48-090, filed 2/15/68; Order 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 7 from Order 570, filed 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsections 1-4 from 5/17/63; subsection 8 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 344, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 from Order Order 635, filed 3/31/65; subsection 9 from Order 355, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 from Orders 370 and 638, filed 4/28/66.] Rescinded by Order 771-B, filed 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 3/29/68. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-47-040 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW and 220-47-050. 75.08.080. 220-48-045 Puget Sound-Emergencies. [Order 570, filed 220-48-09001 Size limit—Dab and sole. [Statutory Authority: 5/17/63.] Repealed by Order 721, § 2 (part), filed RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-3/9/67. 48-09001, filed 1/7/81.] Repealed by 82-14-056 220-48-046 Commercial jig-Logbooks. [Statutory Authority: (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-RCW 75.08.080. 48-046, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-080 220-48-091 Set net-Pacific cod-Seasons. [Statutory Authority: (Order 82-215), § 220-48-046, filed 12/1/82, effec-RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220tive 1/1/83.] Repealed by 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), 48-091, filed 1/7/81; Order 77-147, § 220-48-091, filed 12/16/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-091, filed filed 1/22/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Puget Sound—Salmon—Gill net seasons. [Order 725, 220-48-050 12/2/76.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 1, filed 4/11/67; Order 722, § 1, filed 3/14/67; filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Order 721, § 3 (part), filed 3/9/67; subsections 1-7 Set net-Pacific cod-Gear. [Statutory Authority: 220-48-092 from Order 677, filed 3/31/66; Order 635, filed RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-3/31/65; 603, filed 3/25/64; Order 568 (part), filed 48-092, filed 1/7/81; Order 77-147, § 220-48-092, 3/26/63; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 525, filed filed 12/16/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-092, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order 256, filed 12/2/76.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), 3/1/60; subsections 8 and 9 from Order 568, filed filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 3/26/63; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 525, filed 220-48-095 Set net-Dogfish-Gear. [Order 77-147, § 220-48-5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order 25, filed 095, filed 12/16/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-095, 3/1/60; subsection 10 from Order 677, filed filed 12/2/76.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-3/31/66.] Rescinded by Order 771-B, filed 3/29/68. 72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW Later promulgation, see WAC 220-47-060. 75.08.080. 220-48-055 Puget Sound-Emergencies. [Order 568, filed 220-48-096 Set net-Dogfish-Seasons. [Statutory Authority: 3/26/63.] Repealed by Order 721, § 2 (part), filed RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-48-096, filed 1/7/81; 78-04-039 (Order 78-11), § 220-48-056 Troll lines-Bottomfish-Logbooks. [Statutory Au-220-48-096, filed 3/20/78; Order 77-147, § 220-48thority: RCW 75.08.080, 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), 096, filed 12/16/77; Order 76-148, § 220-48-096, § 220-48-056, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82filed 12/2/76.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-

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RCW 75.08.080.

24-080 (Order 82-215), § 220-48-056, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83.] Repealed by 87-04-003

(Order 87-03), filed 1/22/87. Statutory Authority:

72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW

Lingcod-Seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-

.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-48-098,

filed 1/7/81; 78-04-039 (Order 78-11), § 220-48-098, filed 3/20/78.] Repealed by 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220–48–100 Seasons—Other bottomfish gears. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–02–053 (Order 81–3), § 220–48–100, filed 1/7/81; 79–03–014 (Order 79–11), § 220–48–100, filed 2/15/79; Order 77–147, § 220–48–100, filed 12/16/77; Order 76–148, § 220–48–100, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220–48–100, filed 3/4/75; Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsection 1 from Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Orders 398 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 370, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Orders 350 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), filed 7/1/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-48-110 Puget Sound—Herring and candlefish—Areas. [Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsections 1-5 from Orders 479 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-120 Puget Sound—Herring and candlefish—Lawful gear. [Order 866, § 220-48-120, filed 6/12/70; Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; Orders 437 and 256, subsections 1, 3-9, filed 3/1/60; Orders 479 and 256, subsection 2, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

Puget Sound—Unlawful herring/candlefish fishery. [Order 817, § 220-48-130, filed 5/29/69; Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsections 1-5 from Orders 437 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 from Orders 505 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-140 Puget Sound—Herring/candlefish—Seasons. [Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; subsections 1, 2, 5, 6 from Orders 437 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Order 591, filed 10/28/63; Orders 505 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 505 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 437 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-150 Puget Sound—Perch fishery. [Order 758, § 4 (part), filed 10/16/67; Order 256, § 56, filed 3/16/60; Order 517, filed 9/21/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-170 Puget Sound—Anchovy, pilchard—Areas. [Subsections 1-3 from Order 256, § 58, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-180 Puget Sound—Anchovy, pilchard—Lawful gear. [Subsections 1-6 from Order 256, § 59, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-190 Puget Sound—Anchovy, pilchard—Unlawful acts.
[Subsections 1, 2 from Order 256, § 60, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-200 Puget Sound—Anchovy, pilchard—Lawful acts— Seasons. [Subsections 1-3 from Order 256, § 61; filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-210 Puget Sound—Smelt fishery—Areas. [Subsections 1-13 from Order 256, § 62, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

220-48-220 Puget Sound—Smelt fishery—Lawful gear. [Subsections 1-6 from Order 256, § 63, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

Puget Sound—Smelt fishery—Seasons, time and gear. [Subsections 1-3 from Order 483; Order 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73

220-48-240 Puget Sound—Smelt fishery—Unlawful acts. [Order 817, § 220-48-240, filed 5/29/69; Order 591, filed 11/27/63; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Order 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1105, filed 12/28/73.

WAC 220-48-001 Puget Sound bottomfish gear. It is unlawful to fish for bottomfish for commercial purposes in Puget Sound with any gear except as follows:

(1) Beam trawl and otter trawls, which include bottom trawl, roller trawl, and pelagic trawl.

(2) Set lines.

(3) Commercial jig.

(4) Troll lines.

(5) Drag seines.

(6) Bottomfish pots.

(7) Set nets, which include Pacific cod set nets and dogfish set nets.

Note: Gear specifications and seasons are provided for in the rest of chapter 220-48 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-001, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-001, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-005 Puget Sound bottomfish--General provisions. (1) It is unlawful to retain for commercial purposes any English sole less than 12 inches in length taken by any commercial bottomfish gear in all Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas except Areas 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D.

(2) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess for commercial purposes any starry flounder less than 14 inches in length taken by any commercial bottomfish gear in all Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas.

(3) It is unlawful to take or possess lingcod taken for commercial purposes with any gear the entire year in Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 23D, 24A, 24B, 24C, 24D, 25B, 25C, 25D, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D.

(4) It is unlawful to retain for commercial purposes any lingcod less than 22 inches in length taken by any commercial bottomfish gear in all state waters east of the mouth of the Sekiu River.

(5) It is unlawful to take or possess lingcod taken for commercial purposes with any gear from December 1 through April 14 in Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, 21B, 22A, 22B, 23A, 23B, 23C, 25A, 25E and 29.

(6) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess any species of shellfish taken with lawful bottomfish gear except as provided in WAC 220-52-053, 220-52-063, 220-52-066, 220-52-069, and 220-52-071.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–08–023 (Order 85–24), § 220–48–005, filed 4/1/85; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–48–005, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–005, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–005, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-011 Beam trawl and otter trawl—Gear. (1) Mesh sizes. It is unlawful to use or operate beam trawls or otter trawls having mesh size in the codend section less than 4 1/2 inches in waters of Puget Sound, unless otherwise provided.

(a) It is lawful to use or operate bottom trawl gear having mesh size in the codend section of not less than 3

inches in Marine Fish-Shellfish Catch Reporting Areas 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D, during December 1 through April 14.

- (b) It is lawful to use or operate pelagic trawl gear having mesh size in the codend section of not less than 3 inches while fishing for Pacific whiting during the seasons provided in WAC 220-48-017 (1) and (2).
 - (2) Chafing gear.
- (a) For bottom trawls, chafing gear must have a minimum mesh size of 15 inches unless only the bottom one-half (underside) of the codend is covered by chafing gear.
- (b) For roller trawls and pelagic trawls chafing gear covering the upper one-half (top side) of the codend must have a minimum mesh size of 6.0 inches.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-48-011, filed 1/22/87; 85-08-023 (Order 85-24), § 220-48-011, filed 4/1/85; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-48-011, filed 3/27/84; 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-011, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-011, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-013 Beam trawl and otter trawl logbooks. It shall be unlawful for any operator of beam trawl or otter trawl gears to fail to obtain and accurately maintain a "Washington Inside Waters Trawl Logbook" while fishing for, or while in possession of, bottomfish taken from east of the mouth of the Sekiu River. A logbook must be obtained from the Washington department of fisheries and must be kept aboard the vessel while fishing, or in possession of bottomfish taken east of the mouth of the Sekiu River. The vessel operator must submit the completed logbook for inspection immediately upon request by authorized department of fisheries representatives. For each fishing trip, and prior to landing, vessel operators shall record the vessel name and state registration number, the dates and times of departure from and return to port, and the buyer(s) of the fish landed. In addition, for each trawl tow conducted during the trip, the vessel operator shall record the month and day, duration of the tow, specific area fished, depth fished, net type, target species and estimated weight of each species of fish retained. The department copies of the completed logbook sheet(s) must be submitted to the department for each calendar month in which fishing activity occurs. Department copies must be received within ten days following any calendar month in which fishing activity occurred and by the tenth day following the termination of commercial fishing activity, whichever occurs first.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-08-023 (Order 85-24), § 220-48-013, filed 4/1/85.]

WAC 220-48-015 Beam trawl and bottom trawl-Seasons. (1) It is lawful to fish for and possess bottom-fish taken with bottom trawl and beam trawl gear in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, 22A, 22B, 23A, 23B, 23C, 25A, 25B, 25D, and 29 the entire year with the following exceptions:

(a) Those waters of Area 20A east of a line projected from Point Whitehorn to Sandy Point are closed the entire year.

- (b) Those waters of Area 20A within an area bounded by lines from Lilly Point to Birch Point and from the southwest corner of Point Roberts to Point Whitehorn to where these two lines are intersected by a line south from Kwomais Point in British Columbia and a line from Lilly Point to the north Alden Bank buoy are closed April 15 through May 31.
- (c) Those waters of Area 20A within an area bounded by lines from Lilly Point to Birch Point and Lilly Point to the north Alden Bank buoy to where those lines are intersected by a line projected approximately 230 degrees south from Birch Point to Alden Point on Patos Island are closed June 1 through June 30.
- (d) Those waters of Area 25A lying southerly and westerly of a line projected from Kiapot Point to Gibson Spit (Sequim Bay) are closed the entire year.
- (e) Area 25D is closed from February 1 through April 14 each year.
- (2) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess bottom-fish taken with bottom trawl or beam trawl gear in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 25E except on Monday through Thursday from December 1 through February 14 with the following exception: Those waters of Area 25E lying southerly of a line projected from Mill Point due east to the opposite shore, are closed the entire year.
- (3) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess bottom-fish taken with bottom trawl or beam trawl gear for commercial purposes in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 21B, 23D, 24A, 24B, 24C, 24D, 25C, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D the entire year.
- (4) It is unlawful to operate bottom trawl or beam trawl in waters less than 60 feet in depth in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 25A, 25B, 25D, or 25E, and it is unlawful to operate bottom trawl or beam trawl in waters less than 30 feet deep in all other waters of Puget Sound east of the mouth of the Sekiu River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–14–010 (Order 89–48), § 220–48–015, filed 6/22/89; 87–04–003 (Order 87–03), § 220–48–015, filed 1/22/87; 85–08–023 (Order 85–24), § 220–48–015, filed 4/1/85; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–48–015, filed 3/27/84; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–48–015, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 83–04–025 (Order 83–04), § 220–48–015, filed 1/27/83; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–015, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–015, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-017 Pelagic trawl—Seasons. It is unlawful to take, fish for and possess bottomfish taken with pelagic trawl gear except in the Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas and during the times as follows:

- (1) Area 24C south of a line projected due west from the flashing red light northwest of Lowell Point – Open Monday through Thursday, October 1 through January 14 unless otherwise provided.
- (2) Area 26A Open Monday through Thursday, October 1 through January 14.
- (3) Areas 24B, that portion of 24C south of a line projected due west from the flashing red light northwest of Lowell Point, and 26A Open Monday and

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Wednesday, January 15 until the in-season quota is taken but not beyond May 15 in any case.

- (4) Area 20A Open March 1 through April 14.
- (5) In any area at any time so designated by a permit issued by the director of the department of fisheries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-48-017, filed 1/22/87; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-48-017, filed 3/27/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-017, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-019 Roller trawl--Seasons. It is lawful to use roller trawls in the same areas and during the same seasons as bottom trawl.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–019, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-025 Set net--Pacific cod--Gear. Pacific cod set net gear may not be used in Puget Sound.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-48-025, filed 1/22/87; 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-025, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-025, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-026 Set net--Pacific cod--Seasons. It is unlawful to fish for or possess Pacific cod, other foodfish, or shellfish taken with Pacific cod set net gear in any Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-48-026, filed 1/22/87; 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-026, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-24-080 (Order 82-215), § 220-48-026, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-026, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-027 Set net--Pacific cod--Logbooks. Pacific cod set net gear may not be used in Puget Sound.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-48-027, filed 1/22/87; 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-027, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84.]

WAC 220-48-028 Set net-Dogfish-Gear. (1) It is lawful to take, fish for and possess dogfish with set net gear as described below:

- (a) Maximum four nets, per vessel each net having a length not to exceed 1,000 feet.
 - (b) Net depth must not exceed 25 meshes.
 - (c) Net mesh must not be less than 5 inches.
- (d) Net web material must be no finer than 210/30 denier nylon which is regular seine thread size number 12, or 0.048 inches in diameter.
- (e) Dogfish set net tags, issued by the department of fisheries for the current year must be affixed to buoys on each end of each net.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-028, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-028, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-029 Set net—Dogfish—Seasons. It is lawful to take, fish for and possess dogfish and other species of bottomfish, except halibut, salmon and shell-fish, taken with dogfish set net gear for commercial purposes in the following Puget Sound Marine Fish—

Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons designated below:

- (1) Areas 20A and 20B November 1 through June 15.
 - (2) Area 21A March 1 through June 15.
- (3) Areas 21B, 22A, 22B, 23A, and 23B Closed all year.
 - (4) Areas 23C and 23D Open all year.
 - (5) Areas 24A, 24B, and 24D Open all year.
- (6) Area 24C Open all year, except those waters south of a line projected due east of East Point on Whidbey Island are closed all year.
- (7) Areas 25A, 25B and that portion of Area 25C west of a line from Twin Spits to the Port Gamble Millstack Open all year.
- (8) Area 25D and that portion of 25C east of line from Twin Spits to the Port Gamble Millstack Closed all year.
- (9) Area 25E Closed all year except by permit issued by the director.
- (10) Area 26A Open all year, except those waters southerly and westerly of a line between the ferry dock at Mukilteo and the ferry dock at Clinton are closed all year.
- (11) Area 26B Open all year except those waters provided for in WAC 220–20–020(4) (Shilshole Bay) are closed at all times and those waters west of a line from Point Jefferson to Point Monroe are closed from January 1 to April 15. Those waters west of a line projected 178 degrees true from the end of the Indianola dock to the landfall on the south shore of Port Madison are closed at all times.
- (12) Area 26C Open April 16 through December 31, except those waters north of a line projected true east of Point Bolin and those waters west of a line projected 178 degrees true from the end of the Indianola dock to the landfall on the south shore of Port Madison are closed at all times.
- (13) Area 26D Open all year, except those waters south of lines projected from Dash Point to Point Piner on Maury Island and from Point Dalco true west to the Kitsap Peninsula are closed all year.
 - (14) Areas 27A, 27B, and 27C Open all year.
- (15) Area 28A Open all year, except those waters north of a line projected true east of Fox Point on Fox Island, and east of a line projected due north from the northwest tip of Fox Island are closed all year.
- (16) Areas 28B, 28C, and 28D Open all year except those waters provided for in WAC 220–20–010(6) (upper Carr Inlet).
 - (17) Area 29 Open all year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–14–010 (Order 89–48), § 220–48–029, filed 6/22/89; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–48–029, filed 3/27/84; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–029, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–029, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-031 Set line--Gear. It is unlawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish in Puget Sound except with set line gear as described below:

(1) Hook size must not be smaller than size 7/0 for Kirby style hooks or size 8 for tuna circle style hooks.

- (2) Gangions made of single strand monofilament synthetic material are unlawful.
- (3) Set lines must be marked at the surface at each terminal end as described in WAC 220-20-010(5).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–48–031, filed 3/27/84; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–48–031, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–031, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-032 Set line—Seasons. It is lawful to take, fish for, and possess dogfish and other bottomfish with set lines in all Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas the entire year except as follows:
- (1) That portion of Area 26C north of a line projected due east from Point Bolin to Bainbridge Island is closed all year.
- (2) That portion of Area 26D south of lines projected due west of Point Dalco on Vashon Island, and from Dash Point to Point Piner on Maury Island, is closed all year.
- (3) That portion of Area 28A east of a line projected due north from the northwest tip of Fox Island, and north of a line projected due east from Fox Point on Fox Island is closed all year.
- (4) Those waters provided for in WAC 220-20-010(6) and 220-20-020(4).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–04–003 (Order 87–03), \$220-48-032, filed 1/22/87; 82-24-080 (Order 82-215), \$220-48-032, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), \$220-48-032, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-041 Commercial jig-Gear. It is lawful to fish for and possess bottomfish with commercial jig gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-48-041, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82-14-056 (Order 82-72), § 220-48-041, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-042 Commercial jig--Seasons. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for, and possess bottom-fish for commercial purposes with commercial jig gear except in the following Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons designated below:
- (1) Areas 20A, 21A, 21B, 23A, and 23B Open April 15 through November 30.
- (2) Areas 23C and 23D Open December 1 through April 14.
 - (3) Area 29 Open all year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–48–042, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–042, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–042, filed 7/1/82.]

WAC 220-48-051 Troll lines-Bottomfish-Gear. It is lawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish with troll line gear as specified below, unless otherwise provided:

- (1) No more than two troll lines per vessel.
- (2) No more than four spreads per line.
- (3) The top spread can not be more than twenty-four feet from the weight on the end of the line.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–051, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-052 Troll lines—Bottomfish—Seasons. (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish, unless otherwise provided, with troll lines for commercial purposes except in the following Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons designated below:
- (a) Areas 20A, 21A, 21B, 23A, and 23B Open April 15 through November 30.
 - (b) Area 29 Open all year.
- (2) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon while fishing for bottomfish with troll line gear under authority of a bottomfish troll license, provided; in any waters of Puget Sound it is lawful to retain for commercial purposes bottomfish taken with commercial salmon gear incidental to a lawful salmon fishery, except lingcod during closures provided in WAC 220-48-005.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–48–052, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–052, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–052, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-061 Drag seines—Gear. It is lawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish, unless otherwise provided, with drag seine or beach seine gear as described below:
 - (1) Seines must not be longer than 350 feet in length.
- (2) Net mesh must not be smaller than 1/2 inch stretch measure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–061, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-062 Drag seines—Seasons. It is unlawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish with drag seine gear for commercial purposes except in the following Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons designated below:
- (1) Areas 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D Open January 1 through April 30.
- (2) All other areas Open September 1 through April 30.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–14–010 (Order 89–48), § 220–48–062, filed 6/22/89; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), § 220–48–062, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), § 220–48–062, filed 7/1/82.]

- WAC 220-48-071 Bottomfish pots—Gear and seasons. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for, and possess bottomfish for commercial purposes with bottomfish pot gear as described in WAC 220-16-145, except in the following Puget Sound Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas during the seasons designated below:
- (1) Areas 20A, 21A, 21B, 23A, and 23B Open April 15 through November 30.
- (2) Areas 23C and 23D Open December 1 through April 14.
 - (3) Area 29 Open all year.
- (4) All other areas are closed the entire year, except by permit from the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), \$ 220–48–071, filed 3/27/84; 82–24–080 (Order 82–215), \$ 220–48–071, filed 12/1/82, effective 1/1/83; 82–14–056 (Order 82–72), \$ 220–48–071, filed 7/1/82.]

Chapter 220–49 WAC PUGET SOUND COMMERCIAL BAIT FISH

Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Lawful gear—Drag seine.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Purse seine.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Dip bag net.
Lampara.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Brush weir.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Gill net.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Otter trawl.
Seasons—Lawful gear—Purposes.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Weekly periods.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Special provisions—Closed areas.
Reporting.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing— Live boxes—Identification.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy, and pilchard fishing— Identification—Herring fishing vessel.
Herring, candlefish, anchovy, and pilchard fishing— Identification—Herring buyer.
Smelt fishing—Lawful gear.
Smelt fishing—Seasons.
Smelt fishing—Weekly periods.
Spawn on kelp permits—Applications.
Spawn on kelp permit contract conditions.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

	CHAPIER
220-49-001	Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Area 1. [Order 1105, § 220-49-001, filed 12/28/73.]
220-49-002	Repealed by Order 76–148, filed 12/2/76. Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Area 2. [Order 1105, § 220–49–002, filed 12/28/73.]
220-49-003	Repealed by Order 76–148, filed 12/2/76. Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Area 3. [Order 1105, § 220–49–003, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76–148, filed 12/2/76.
220-49-004	Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Area 4. [Order 1105, § 220-49-004, filed 12/28/73.]
220-49-040	Repealed by Order 76–148, filed 12/2/76. Smelt fishing—Area 1. [Order 1105, § 220–49–040, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76–158, filed 12/29/76.
220-49-041	Smelt fishing—Area 2. [Order 1105, § 220–49–041, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76–158, filed 12/29/76.
220-49-042	Smelt fishing—Area 3. [Order 1105, § 220–49–042, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76–158, filed 12/29/76.
220-49-043	Smelt fishing—Area 4. [Order 1105, § 220–49–043, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76–158, filed 12/29/76.
220-49-044	Smelt fishing—Area 5. [Order 1105, § 220–49–044,

filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed

Smelt fishing—Area 6. [Order 1105, § 220-49-045,

filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed

220-49-046 Smelt fishing—Area 7. [Order 1105, § 220-49-046, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed 12/29/76.

220-49-047 Smelt fishing—Area 8 [Order 1105, § 220-49-047]

220-49-047 Smelt fishing—Area 8. [Order 1105, § 220-49-047, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed 12/29/76.

220-49-048 Smelt fishing—Area 9. [Order 1105, § 220-49-048, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed 12/29/76.

220-49-049 Smelt fishing—Area 10. [Order 1105, § 220-49-049, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 76-158, filed 12/29/76.

220-49-060 Perch fishing—Season. [Order 1105, § 220-49-060, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 77-147, filed 12/16/77.

220-49-061 Perch fishing—Lawful gear. [Order 1105, § 220-49-061, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 77-147, filed 12/16/77.

220-49-062 Perch fishing—Incidental catch. [Order 1105, § 220-49-062, filed 12/28/73.] Repealed by Order 77-147, filed 12/16/77.

WAC 220-49-011 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Lawful gear—Drag seine. Lawful drag seine gear in the Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishery shall not exceed 350 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1/2 inch stretch measure.

[Order 1105, § 220–49–011, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-012 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Purse seine. Lawful purse seine gear in the Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy, and pilchard fishery shall not exceed 600 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1/2-inch stretch measure, except that in Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B, lawful purse seine gear shall not exceed 1,650 feet in length.

[Order 76–148, § 220–49–012, filed 12/2/76; Order 1105, § 220–49–012, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-013 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Dip bag net. Lawful dip bag net gear in the Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishery shall not exceed 18 feet square or 18 feet in diameter.

[Order 1105, § 220-49-013, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-014 Lampara. Lawful lampara gear in the Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishery shall not exceed 200 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1/2-inch stretch measure.

[Order 77-14, § 220-49-014, filed 4/15/77; Order 1105, § 220-49-014, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-015 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Brush weir. Lawful brush weir gear in the Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishery shall be constructed according to written specifications approved in advance by the director of fisheries. Such specifications shall include conditions under which such gear may be operated.

[Order 1105, § 220-49-015, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-016 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing--Gill net. Lawful gill net gear in the

220-49-045

12/29/76.

Puget Sound herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishery shall not exceed 720 feet (120 fathoms) in length or contain meshes less than 2-1/4 inch stretch measure.

[Order 76–148, \$ 220–49–016, filed 12/2/76; Order 1105, \$ 220–49–016, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-017 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Otter trawl. It is unlawful to fish for herring, candlefish, anchovy, or pilchard using otter trawl gear except as authorized by permit issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-14-010 (Order 89-48), § 220-49-017, filed 6/22/89; Order 1105, § 220-49-017, filed 12/28/73.]

- WAC 220-49-020 Seasons—Lawful gear—Purposes. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess for commercial purposes herring, candlefish, anchovy or pilchards in Puget Sound except during lawful seasons, with lawful gear and for such purposes as provided for hereinafter in each respective fishing area:
 - (1) Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B.
- (a) Closed September 1 through April 15 to all commercial fishing gear.
- (b) Open April 16 through May 31, with purse seine, lampara, dip bag net, and gill net, except as provided in WAC 220-49-021.
- (c) Open June 1 through August 31 with drag seine, purse seine, lampara, and dip bag net for bait and human consumption only except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (2) Areas 22A, 22B, 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, and 29 Open entire year with drag seine, purse seine, lampara, and dip bag net for human consumption or bait only except as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- (3) Areas 24A, 24B, 24C, 24D, 25A, 25B, 25C, 25D, 25E, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D Open entire year, with drag seine, lampara, or dip bag net, for human consumption or bait only except as provided in subsection (4) of this section: *Provided*, That it shall be unlawful for any fisherman, including treaty Indian fishermen, to take, fish for or possess herring with any net gear which exceeds 200 feet in length, except drag seine gear (350 foot length).
- (4) The director may authorize by permit the taking of herring in specified areas, quantities, and times, for emergency use as food for zoo animals; permit application requires written certification from the zoo director that no other source of herring suitable for zoo food is available and the shortage will damage the health or well-being of the zoo animals in custody of the zoo director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), \$ 220–49–020, filed 3/27/84; 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), \$ 220–49–020, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 83–04–025 (Order 83–04), \$ 220–49–020, filed 1/27/83; 79–03–014 (Order 79–11), \$ 220–49–020, filed 2/15/79; Order 76–148, \$ 220–49–020, filed 12/2/76; Order 1105, \$ 220–49–020, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-021 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Weekly periods. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess herring, candlefish, anchovy or

- pilchards in Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B from April 15 to May 31, except during weekly periods and daily hours hereinafter designated:
 - (1) Weekly periods: Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday.
 - (2) Daily hours: 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on open days.

[Order 76–148, § 220–49–021, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220–49–021, filed 3/4/75; Order 1105, § 220–49–021, filed 12/28/73.]

- WAC 220-49-022 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Special provisions—Closed areas. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess herring, candlefish, anchovy, or pilchards for commercial purposes except with dip bag net gear from the following areas during the following closed seasons:
 - (1) Areas closed entire year:
- (a) Waldron Island Cowlitz Bay inside of a line from Sandy Point to Point Disney, and the small bay on the east side of the island.
 - (b) Stuart Island Reid Harbor.
- (c) Swinomish Channel Waters between the highway bridge at LaConner and a line drawn across the channel at a right angle to the thread of the channel at the northeast end of the LaConner boat basin.
 - (2) Areas closed February 1 to April 30:
- (a) Orcas Island East Sound north of a line running due west from Cascade Bay, and West Sound.
- (b) San Juan Island Roche Harbor, Wescott Bay, and Mosquito Pass.
 - (c) Lopez Island Mud Bay and Hunter Bay.
 - (d) Homes Harbor.
- (e) Skagit Bay east of Deception Pass bridge and north of a line from Strawberry Point to Point Brown.
- (f) Hood Canal south of a line true east from Hazel Point and north of a line from Triton Head to Tekiu Point (including Dabob Bay and Quilcene Bay).
 - (g) Quartermaster Harbor.
 - (h) Gig Harbor.
 - (i) Wollochet Bay.
 - (3) Areas closed February 1 through March 30:
 - (a) Discovery Bay.
 - (b) Sequim Bay.
 - (c) Port Townsend.
 - (d) Kilisut Harbor.
 - (e) Port Gamble.
- (f) Hood Canal east of a line from Ayres Point to
- (g) Padilla Bay south of a line from the lighted buoy at Capsante Bluff, Anacortes, to the Southeast Point of Guemes Island to William Point.
- (h) Totten Inlet and Squaxin Passage south of a line from Arcadia navigation marker to Potlatch Point on Squaxin Island, and north of a line from Unsal Point on Squaxin Island to Hunter Point.
- (i) Port Orchard west of a line projected from Point Bolin to Battle Point and thence to University Point, and east of the power cables at the mouth of Liberty Bay near Lemolo.
- (j) Port Madison west of a line projected from the light at Point Monroe to the light at Indianola.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-49-022, filed 1/7/81; 79-03-014 (Order 79-11), § 220-49-022,

filed 2/15/79; Order 76-148, § 220-49-022, filed 12/2/76; Order 1105, § 220-49-022, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-023 Reporting. (1) It shall be unlawful for the original receiver of herring taken from Puget Sound Herring Fishing Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B during the period April 16 through May 31 to fail to report each calendar day's receipts by noon of the following day to the Washington department of fisheries, Olympia, Washington; telephone (206) 753-6637.

(2) It shall be unlawful for original buyer of herring from Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, 21A or 21B to process or resell such herring until after the herring have been landed at a shore station.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-024 (Order 83-200), § 220-49-023, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 81-02-053 (Order 81-3), § 220-49-023, filed 1/7/81; Order 77-147, § 220-49-023, filed 12/16/77; Order 77-14, § 220-49-023, filed 4/15/77; Order 76-148, § 220-49-023, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220-49-023, filed 3/4/75; Order 1105, § 220-49-023, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-024 Herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard fishing—Live boxes—Identification. All herring, candlefish, anchovy and pilchard live boxes or other devices for holding live bait shall have attached thereto the name and boat license numbers of the owner in plainly legible letters not less than 3 inches in height, clearly visible above the waterline. In the case of licensed dealers and boathouse operators the owner's name or corporation name and dealer's license number shall be displayed as described above. It shall be unlawful to fail to identify live boxes as prescribed in this section.

[Order 1105, § 220-49-024, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-025 Herring, candlefish, anchovy, and pilchard fishing—Identification—Herring fishing vessel. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a fishing vessel engaged in a lawful herring sac—roe fishery without displaying a herring validation pennant above the deckhouse and readily visible from both sides of the vessel. Said pennant shall be furnished to any person who has in his possession a validated commercial herring license as provided for in RCW 75.28.410 and 75.28.420, by the Washington state department of fisheries.

[Order 76–148, § 220–49–025, filed 12/2/76; Order 76–26, § 220–49–025, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.]

WAC 220-49-026 Herring, candlefish, anchovy, and pilchard fishing—Identification—Herring buyer. It shall be unlawful for any wholesale dealer or fish buyer, who is the original receiver, to purchase any herring, taken during a lawful herring sac—roe fishery, without displaying a herring buyer's pennant. When the receipt of sac—roe herring takes place on a vessel, tender, or barge, the "buyer's pennant" must be displayed above the house and readily visible from both sides of the vessel. When herring are received at a shore station, the "buyer's pennant" must be displayed in a prominent place in the buying station. Said pennant shall be furnished by the Washington state department of fisheries.

[Order 76–148, § 220–49–026, filed 12/2/76; Order 76–26, § 220–49–026, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.]

- WAC 220-49-055 Smelt fishing—Lawful gear. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess smelt for commercial purposes in Puget Sound except with such lawful gear as follows:
- (1) Hand dip net gear in the Puget Sound smelt fishery shall not exceed 36 inches across the frame.
- (2) Drag seine gear in the Puget Sound smelt fishery shall not exceed 350 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1/2 inch stretch measure.
- (3) Purse seine gear in the Puget Sound smelt fishery shall not exceed 350 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1/2 inch stretch measure.
- (4) Gill net gear in the Puget Sound smelt fishery shall not exceed 350 feet in length or contain meshes less than 1-1/4 inch stretch measure.

[Order 1105, § 220-49-055, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-056 Smelt fishing—Seasons. It shall be unlawful during any open season to take, fish for or possess smelt for commercial purposes in Puget Sound except during the following seasons:

- (1) Area 21A July 1 to April 14.
- (2) Area 22B December 1 to April 14.
- (3) Areas 24A, 24B, 24C, and 24D July 1 to April 14.
 - (4) Areas 25A and 25E November 1 to April 14.
- (5) Areas 26C, 27B, 27C, 28B, 28C, and 28D October 1 to April 14.
 - (6) Area 28A September 1 to April 14.
 - (7) All other areas open the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–024 (Order 83–200), § 220–49–056, filed 11/30/83, effective 1/1/84; 83–04–025 (Order 83–04), § 220–49–056, filed 1/27/83; Order 76–148, § 220–49–056, filed 1/2/2/76; Order 76–26, § 220–49–056, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 1105, § 220–49–056, filed 12/28/73.]

WAC 220-49-057 Smelt fishing—Weekly periods. It shall be unlawful during any open season to take or fish for smelt for commercial purposes in Puget Sound except from 8:00 a.m. Sunday to 8:00 a.m. Friday and it shall be unlawful to possess smelt taken during such closed period.

[Order 1105, § 220-49-057, filed 12/28/73.]

- WAC 220-49-063 Spawn on kelp permits—Applications. (1) Any herring fisher holding a herring validation under RCW 75.30.140 may participate in an auction for spawn on kelp permits. Proof of current validation must be presented before entering the auction.
- (2) The department shall offer spawn on kelp permits under the following conditions:
- (a) The department shall establish a minimum acceptable bid for a permit.
- (b) Permits shall be offered by open bidding at auction. The permit will be awarded to the bidder with the highest bid.
- (c) The successful bidder for a permit must submit a certified check equal to the minimum acceptable bid at

the conclusion of the auction as a down payment on the winning bid price.

- (d) The successful bidder for a permit is required to sign and return to the department a copy of the spawn on kelp permit within 10 days after the award of a permit together with the balance of the bid amount. Failure to return the permit and bid balance will invalidate the award of the permit and result in forfeiture of the deposit. In such case the permit shall be offered to the other bidders in descending order of their bid amount. If the permit is not sold in this manner, the permit may be offered to any person possessing a herring validation who offers the largest amount within a specified time period.
- (e) The department may revoke the permit for non-compliance with the terms of the permit. In such case, the bid amount shall be retained by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.28.245. 90-07-003 (Order 90-17), § 220-49-063, filed 3/8/90, effective 4/8/90.]

- WAC 220-49-064 Spawn on kelp permit contract conditions. (1) Permit contracts shall protect the environment, prevent waste, ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and ensure faithful performance of lease terms and conditions.
- (2) Permittees shall not sell any spawn on kelp to anyone who is not a licensed wholesale dealer, except that the permittee may be a licensed wholesale dealer, and, after completing a state of Washington fish receiving ticket, may sell the spawn on kelp to someone who is not a wholesale dealer.
- (3) Spawn on kelp permits are transferrable to any person holding a herring validation except a person currently holding a spawn-on-kelp permit. The transfer shall be made on a form provided by the department, and the transferee shall be subject to the same terms and conditions of the original permit.
- (4) Every permittee may surrender the permit and shall be relieved of any obligation under the permit except as otherwise provided. The permittee must notify the department in writing of intention to surrender the permit. If operations under the permit have been conducted, the permittee shall correct any adverse environmental effects caused by the operations, including but not limited to, release of any entrapped herring, removal of any herring enclosure, and placement of any herring spawn upon habitat suitable for hatch and release of herring fry. If the permit is surrendered, the department will retain the amount of the bid.
- (5) The permit shall provide for revocation for non-compliance with the terms of the permit. Grounds for revocation for noncompliance shall include, but not be limited to, failure to provide catch records as required, failure to provide required data on fishing and harvesting related activities, and failure to notify the department of anticipated times of fishing and harvesting. The permittee shall be notified, in writing, of noncompliance, the necessary corrective measures and the amount of time allowed to take corrective action. The permittee's remedying of the noncompliance within the specified time shall result in no revocation of the permit. The

permittee may appeal any cancellation under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(6) The permit contract shall allow the permittee to conduct operations reasonably necessary for the production of spawn on kelp. Nothing in this section shall relieve the permittee of any responsibility under applicable laws or regulations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.28.245. 90-07-003 (Order 90-17), § 220-49-064, filed 3/8/90, effective 4/8/90.]

Chapter 220-52 WAC SHELLFISH

WAC	
220-52-001	Shellfish—Geographical definitions.
220-52-010	Shellfish—Unlawful acts.
220-52-018	Clams—Gear.
220-52-019	Geoduck clams—Gear and unlawful acts.
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220-52-020	Clams—Puget Sound—Seasons and areas.
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220-52-035	Crab and shrimp pot gear—Escape mechanism
	required.
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220-52-043	Crab fishery—Gear.
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220-52-050	Shrimp fishery—Coastal waters.
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220-52-060	Crawfish fishery.
220-52-063	Octopus fishery.
220-52-066	Squid fishery.
220-52-069	Scallop fishery.
220-52-070	Goose barnacle fishery.
220-52-071	Sea cucumbers.
220-52-073	Sea urchins.
220-52-075	Shellfish harvest logs.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220–52–015	Clams—Lawful acts. [Order 807, § 220–52–015, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Orders 414, 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), filed 3/27/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–52–053	Shrimp fishery—Seasons—Areas and gear. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–053, filed 3/27/84; 83–09–014 (Order 83–24), § 220–52–053, filed 4/12/83; 82–03–045 (Order 82–6), § 220–52–053, filed 1/19/82; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–053, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–145, § 220–52–053, filed 12/13/77; Order 76–148, § 220–52–053, filed 12/2/76; Order 1242, § 220–52–053, filed 8/7/75, effective 9/16/75; Order 1049, § 220–52–053, filed 4/11/73; Order 1047, § 220–52–053, filed 3/8/73; Order 1045, § 220–52–053, filed 3/8/73; Order 945, § 220–52–053, filed 8/16/71; Order 807, § 220–52–053, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–050 (1), (2), (3), (4) and (7).] Repealed by 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

- 220-52-054 Shrimp fishery—Unlawful gear. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-03-045 (Order 82-6), § 220-52-054, filed 1/19/82; 80-13-064 (Order 80-123), § 220-52-054, filed 9/17/80.] Repealed by 87-23-006 (Order 87-187), filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-52-072 Sea cucumbers—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-02-013 (Order 86-199), § 220-52-072, filed 12/30/86.] Repealed by 87-23-006 (Order 87-187), filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-52-074

Sea urchin—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–20–028 (Order 86–123), § 220–52–074, filed 9/23/86; 85–24–044 (Order 85–189), § 220–52–074, filed 11/27/85; 85–01–010 (Order 84–214), § 220–52–074, filed 12/7/84; 83–04–025 (Order 83–04), § 220–52–074, filed 1/27/83; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–074, filed 9/17/80; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–074, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–145, § 220–52–074, filed 12/13/77; Order 76–152, § 220–52–074, filed 12/13/77; Order 76–152, § 220–52–074, filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-52-001 Shellfish-Geographical definitions. (1) "Puget Sound" means Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, 21B, 22A, 22B, 23A, 23B, 23C, 23D, 24A, 24B, 24C, 25A, 25B, 25C, 25D, 25E, 26A, 26B, 26C, 26D, 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, 28D, and 29.

- (2) "Grays Harbor" means Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60B.
- (3) "Willapa Harbor" means Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60C.
- (4) "Columbia River" means Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 60D.
- (5) "Coastal Waters" means Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 58B, 59A, 59B, and 60A.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-52-001, filed 3/27/84.]

- WAC 220-52-010 Shellfish--Unlawful acts. (1) It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess geoduck clams for commercial purposes except from registered aquatic farms under permit issued by the director or as provided in WAC 220-52-019.
- (2) It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess clams taken for commercial purposes within the boundaries of any state park located on tidewater unless authorized by a permit issued by the director.
- (3) It shall be unlawful to take oysters or clams for commercial purposes from tidelands reserved for public use unless authorized by a permit issued by the director.
- (4) It shall be unlawful to take oysters, clams, or mussels for commercial purposes from state oyster reserves without being licensed under RCW 75.28.290 and having permission of the director of fisheries.
- (5) It shall be unlawful to take from any building, scow, boat, live—box, container, trap, net or vehicle any caught or impounded shellfish with intent to deprive the rightful owner of such shellfish.
- (6) All geoduck and mechanical clam harvester vessels shall be issued an identification number. This number will be placed in a visible location on each side of the vessel and on the top of the cabin or deck awning to be visible from the air. A sign board or banner arranged so the numbers can be seen at all times from directly overhead may be substituted if the vessel does not have a fixed roof. The numbers shall be black on a white background and shall be not less than 18 inches high and of proportionate width.
- (7) It shall be unlawful for a commercial clam digger to harvest clams from intertidal ground without having

on his person a signed authorization from the registered clam farmer for whom he is harvesting. The digger will also be required to have suitable personal identification with him when engaged in clam harvesting. The authorization from the registered clam farmer must be legible, dated and must contain the date on which the authorization expires, provided that in no instance may the authorization go beyond the end of any calendar year. The authorization must additionally contain the name of each bay or area where the registered clam farmer has owned or leased ground from which the named clam digger is authorized to harvest.

(8) It is unlawful to fish for or possess ghost or mud shrimp taken for commercial purposes unless authorized by a permit issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–12–025 (Order 88–28), § 220–52–010, filed 5/25/88, effective 8/22/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–52–010, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–010, filed 3/27/84; Order 77–145, § 220–52–010, filed 12/13/77; Order 1258, § 220–52–010, filed 8/25/75; Order 857, § 220–52–010, filed 12/11/69; Order 807, § 220–52–010, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; subsections 1, 3–5, Orders 414, 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2, Orders 443, 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-52-018 Clams—Gear. It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess clams, geoducks, or mussels taken for commercial purposes from any of the tidelands in the state of Washington except with a pick, mattock, fork or shovel operated by hand, except that permits for the use of mechanical clam digging devices to take clams other than geoducks may be obtained from the director of fisheries subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Any or all types of mechanical devices used in the taking or harvesting of shellfish must be approved by the director of fisheries.
- (2) A separate permit shall be required for each and every device and the permit shall be attached to the specific unit at all times.
- (3) All types of clams to be taken for commercial use must be of legal size and in season during the proposed operations unless otherwise provided in specially authorized permits for the transplanting of seed to growing areas or for research purposes.
- (4) The holder of a permit to take shellfish from tidelands by mechanical means shall limit operations to privately owned or leased land.
- (5) The taking of clams from bottoms under navigable water below the level of mean lower low water by any mechanical device shall be prohibited except as authorized by the director of fisheries. Within the enclosed bays and channels of Puget Sound, Strait of Juan de Fuca, Grays Harbor and Willapa Harbor, the operators of all mechanical devices shall confine their operations to bottoms leased from the Washington department of natural resources, subject to the approval of the director of fisheries. The harvesting of shellfish from bottoms of the Pacific Ocean westward from the western shores of the state shall not be carried out in waters less than two fathoms deep at mean lower low water. In said waters more than two fathoms deep the director of fisheries

may reserve all or certain areas thereof and prevent the taking of shellfish in any quantity from such reserves established on the ocean bottoms.

- (6) Noncompliance with any part of these regulations or with special requirements of individual permits will result in immediate cancellation of and/or subsequent nonrenewal of all permits held by the operator.
- (7) Applications must be made on the forms provided by the department of fisheries and permits must be in the possession of the operator before digging commences.
- (8) All permits to take or harvest shellfish by mechanical means shall expire on December 31 of the year of issue.
- (9) All mechanical clam harvesting machines must have approved instrumentation that will provide deck readout of water pressure.
- (10) All clam harvest machines operating on intertidal grounds where less than ten percent of the substrate material is above 500 microns in size must be equipped with a propeller guard suitable for reducing the average propeller wash velocity at the end of the guard to approximately twenty—five percent of the average propeller wash velocity at the propeller. The propeller guard must also be positioned to provide an upward deflection to propeller wash.
- (11) Clam harvest machines operating in fine substrate material where less than ten percent of the substrate material is above 500 microns in size, shall have a maximum harvest head width of 3 feet (overall) and the maximum pump volume as specified by the department of fisheries commensurate with the basic hydraulic relationship of 828 gpm at 30 pounds per square inch, pressure to be measured at the pump discharge.
- (12) Clam harvest machines operating in coarser substrate material where more than ten percent of the substrate material is above 500 microns in size, shall have a maximum harvest head width of 4 feet (overall) and a maximum pump volume as specified by the department of fisheries commensurate with a basic hydraulic relationship of 1,252 gpm at 45 pounds per square inch, pressure to be measured at the pump discharge.
- (13) All clam harvest machine operators must submit accurate performance data showing revolutions per minute, gallons per minute, and output pressure for the water pump on their machine. In addition, they shall furnish the number and sizes of the hydraulic jets on the machines. If needed, the operator shall thereafter modify the machine (install a sealed pressure relief valve) as specified by the department of fisheries to conform with values set forth in either WAC 220-52-018 (11) or (12) of this section. Thereafter, it shall be illegal to make unauthorized changes to the clam harvester water pump or the hydraulic jets. Exact description of the pump volume, maximum pressure and number and size of the hydraulic jet for each harvester machine shall be included in the department of fisheries' clam harvest permit.
- (14) All clam harvest machines shall be equipped with a 3/4-inch pipe thread tap and valve that will allow rapid coupling of a pressure gauge for periodic testing by enforcement personnel.

(15) Each mechanical clam harvester must have controls so arranged and situated near the operator which will allow the operator to immediately cut off the flow of water to the jet manifold without affecting the capability of the vessel to maneuver.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–018, filed 3/27/84; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–018, filed 1/30/79; Order 76–152, § 220–52–018, filed 12/17/76; Order 1258, § 220–52–018, filed 8/25/75; Order 807, § 220–52–018, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–010(2).]

- WAC 220-52-019 Geoduck clams—Gear and unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess geoduck clams taken for commercial purposes from any of the beds of navigable waters of the state of Washington except as provided for in RCW 75.24.100.
- (2) Validations for the use of hand-held manually operated water jet or suction devices for harvesting geoduck clams for commercial purposes, pursuant to RCW 75.24.100, may be obtained from the director of fisheries subject to the following conditions:
- (a) All harvesting methods and types of water jet and suction devices used in the taking or harvesting of geoduck clams must be approved by the director of fisheries prior to their use, except that water jet devices meeting the following requirements are approved for use:

Any water jet having an automatic spring-triggered shutoff valve or a manual valve capable of being operated from full flow to completely off within one-half turn and consisting of not more than one jet, the nozzle of which shall not exceed 5/8 inch inside diameter.

- (b) It is unlawful in the commercial harvest of geoducks for through-hull fittings for water discharge hoses connected to the harvest gear to be below the surface of the water. Any through-hull fitting connected to the harvest gear which is above the surface of the water must be visible at all times.
- (3) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess geoduck clams taken from one-half hour before official sunset to official sunrise or to 6:00 a.m. whichever is later. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess geoduck clams taken on Sunday.
- (4) It is unlawful to harvest geoduck clams with any instrument that penetrates the skin, neck or body of the geoduck.
- (5) It is unlawful to retain any shellfish other than geoduck clams during geoduck harvesting operations unless the operator is licensed for the taking of clams other than geoduck clams as provided for in chapter 75.28 RCW. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess sea cucumbers during geoduck clam harvesting operations, or possess sea cucumbers on a vessel that has geoducks aboard.
- (6) It is unlawful for more than six divers to harvest geoducks at any one time on a single geoduck tract. It is the responsibility of the holder of the harvest agreement to assure that no more than six divers are harvesting at one time.
- (7) At all times when geoduck harvest is occurring, copies of the official geoduck tract map and complete tract boundary identification documents or photographs

as issued by the department of natural resources for the specific tract must be on board the vessel.

- (8) It is unlawful to process geoducks on board any harvest vessel.
- (9) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess geoduck clams for commercial purposes except those taken within boundaries of subtidal tracts for which geoduck harvest agreements have been issued by the department of natural resources.
- (10) It shall be unlawful to harvest from bottoms which are shallower than 18 feet below mean lower low water (0.0 feet), or which lie in areas bounded by the line of ordinary high tide (mean high tide), and a line 200 yards seaward from and parallel to said line of ordinary high tide on subtidal tracts.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–019, filed 3/27/84; 81–11–006 (Order 81–31), § 220–52–019, filed 5/11/81; 79–12–039 (Order 79–129), § 220–52–019, filed 11/20/79; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–019, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–65, § 220–52–019, filed 8/5/77 and 8/25/77; Order 76–152, § 220–52–019, filed 12/17/76; Order 76–26, § 220–52–019, filed 12/17/76; Order 76–26, § 220–52–019, filed 12/17/69.]

WAC 220-52-01901 Geoduck validations. (1) Numbered validations will be issued only to holders of valid subtidal geoduck harvest agreements issued by the department of natural resources and persons who hold current geoduck tract licenses issued by the department of fisheries. The validation will be issued for each licensed tract.

- (2) The number of validations to be issued to each holder of a harvest agreement shall be determined by the director of fisheries based upon the number of individual geoduck tracts for which harvest agreements have been issued by the department of natural resources, their total acreage, past geoduck production, present number of nozzle licenses held for the operation, and other factors as deemed appropriate by the director of fisheries.
- (3) The number of geoduck validations held by the holder of the harvest agreement may be adjusted from time to time as deemed necessary by the director of fisheries and when changes in leases occur.
- (4) The geoduck validation will expire at the end of each calendar year, provided that the director may issue temporary validations for restricted time periods. In the event a validation is lost, a new validation will be issued upon receipt of a signed affidavit from the holder of the harvest agreement attesting to the loss. Any request to assign or transfer a validation from one holder of a harvest agreement to another must be made in writing. No validation will be assigned or transferred without the written approval of the director of fisheries.
- (5) The holder of the harvest agreement is responsible for notifying each designated vessel operator and diver to whom he provides a validation of all the laws and regulations of the state of Washington department of fisheries pertaining to commercial geoduck harvest. The holder of the harvest agreement, designated vessel operator or diver may be held criminally or civilly liable for violation of the applicable rules and regulations of the department of fisheries. Violations by the holder of the

harvest agreement, designated vessel operator or the diver can result in suspension or cancellation of the validation subject to the holder's right to opportunity for a hearing as specified in chapter 34.04 RCW. The director of fisheries may refuse to issue a validation to any holder of a harvest agreement who has failed to comply with these regulations.

- (6) Applications for geoduck validations must be made on forms provided by the department of fisheries.
- (7) At all times when geoduck harvest is occurring, the geoduck personal commercial fishing license and validation card for each and every diver who is harvesting or attempting to harvest geoducks from that tract must be physically on board the harvesting vessel, and evidence of the geoduck tract license for the specific tract must be prominently displayed on board the vessel. It is the responsibility of the holder of the harvest agreement to ensure that the required number of validation cards are on board the harvesting vessel during geoduck harvesting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), \$ 220–52–01901, filed 3/27/84; \$0–13–064 (Order \$0–123), \$ 220–52–01901, filed 9/17/80; 79–12–039 (Order 79–129), \$ 220–52–01901, filed 11/20/79; Order 77–65, \$ 220–52–01901, filed 8/5/77 and 8/25/77.]

WAC 220-52-020 Clams—Puget Sound—Seasons and areas. (1) It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess clams, cockles, borers, and mussels, not including geoduck clams, taken for commercial purposes from the tidelands of licensed clam farms in Puget Sound except during the following seasons:

- (a) Those tidelands lying west of the tip of Dungeness Spit from November 1 through March 31.
 - (b) Elsewhere on Puget Sound the entire year.
- (2) It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess clams, cockles, borers and mussels except razor clams taken for commercial purposes from the tidelands of the state of Washington except from licensed clam farms.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–020, filed 3/27/84; Order 807, § 220–52–020, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; subsections 1 and 2 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66; subsections 1, 1a, 2 from Orders 351 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 1b from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; Orders 443 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-52-030 Clams--Coastal--Seasons and areas. (1) It shall be lawful to take, dig for or possess clams, cockles, borers and mussels taken for commercial purposes, not including razor clams, from the tidelands of licensed clam farms in Grays Harbor and Willapa Harbor the entire year.

- (2) It shall be unlawful to take, dig for or possess razor clams taken for commercial purposes from Washington waters except as provided for in subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) It shall be lawful to possess razor clams for commercial purposes for use within the state of Washington that are lawfully taken from within the boundaries of the Quinault Indian Reservation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–030, filed 3/27/84; Order 807, § 220–52–030, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Order 770 B, § 220–52–030, filed 2/15/68; Order 718, § 1, filed 1/26/67; subsection 1 from Order 679, filed 4/20/66;

Orders 443 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 673, filed 1/24/66; Order 631, filed 1/13/65; Order 599, filed 1/29/64; Order 566, filed 2/8/63; Order 540, filed 1/15/62; Order 524, filed 2/6/61; Order 510, filed 7/8/60; Order 508, filed 4/29/60; Order 506, filed 3/16/60; Orders 482 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Order 673, filed 1/24/66; Order 599, filed 1/29/64; Orders 499 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 599, filed 1/29/64; Order 567, filed 2/15/63; Order 524, filed 2/6/61; Order 506, filed 3/16/60; Orders 482 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 from Order 673, filed 1/24/66.]

WAC 220-52-035 Crab and shrimp pot gear—Escape mechanism required. After October 1, 1988, it is unlawful to fish for or possess crab or shrimp taken for commercial purposes with shellfish pot gear unless the gear allows for escapement using at least one of the following methods:

- (1) Attachment of pot lid hooks or tiedown straps with a single strand or loop of untreated cotton twine or other natural fiber no larger than thread size 120 for crab pots or 100 for shrimp pots so that the pot lid will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.
- (2) An opening in the pot mesh no less than three inches by five inches which is laced or sewn closed with untreated cotton twine or other natural fiber no larger than thread size 120 for crab pots or 100 for shrimp pots. The opening must be located within the top half of the pot and be unimpeded by the entry tunnels, bait boxes, or any other structures or materials.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-23-006 (Order 87-187), § 220-52-035, filed 11/6/87.]

- WAC 220-52-040 Crab fishery—Lawful and unlawful. (1) It is unlawful for any vessel geared or equipped with commercial net fishing gear to have aboard any quantity of crab while fishing with said gear or having commercially caught food fish or other species of shellfish aboard.
- (2) Unless otherwise provided, it is unlawful to set, maintain, or operate any baited or unbaited shellfish pots or ring nets for taking crabs, for commercial purposes, in any area at any time when it is unlawful to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes therein.
- (3) It is unlawful to have in the water any baited or unbaited shellfish pots or ring nets for taking crabs for commercial purposes, in any area at any time when it is unlawful to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes therein: *Provided*, That following the close of a commercial crab season, permission may be granted by the director on a case—by—case basis for fishermen to recover shellfish pots that have become irretrievable due to extreme weather conditions. Fishermen must apply to fisheries patrol for such permission within twenty—four hours prior to the close of season.
- (4) It is unlawful for any person to take, or possess for commercial purposes female Dungeness crabs, or male Dungeness crabs measuring less than 6-1/4 inches, caliper measurement, across the back immediately in front of the tips.
- (5) It is unlawful for any person to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes in the Puget Sound licensing district with more than 100 shellfish pots or ring nets in the aggregate, and it shall be unlawful for any

- group of persons using the same vessel to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes in Puget Sound with more than 100 shellfish pots or ring nets in the aggregate, provided it shall be unlawful for any person, or group of persons using the same vessel, to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes with more than 20 shellfish pots or ring nets in the aggregate within the waters of Dungeness Bay lying west of a line projected from the new Dungeness Light southward to the outermost end of the abandoned dock at the Three Crabs Restaurant on the southern shore of Dungeness Bay.
- (6) It is unlawful for any fisherman or wholesale dealer or buyer to land or purchase Dungeness crab taken from Grays Harbor, Willapa Bay, Columbia River, Washington coastal or adjacent waters of the Pacific Ocean during the first thirty days following the opening of a coastal crab season from any vessel which has not been issued a Washington crab vessel inspection certificate. The certificate will be issued to vessels made available for inspection in a Washington coastal port and properly licensed for commercial crab fishing if no Dungeness crabs are aboard. Inspections will be performed by authorized department of fisheries personnel not earlier than twelve hours prior to the opening of the coastal crab season and during the following thirty-day period.
- (7) It is unlawful for any licensed fisherman to fish for or possess Dungeness crab taken for commercial purposes with shellfish pot gear from Puget Sound waters unless the fisherman has on his person a current Puget Sound crab pot/buoy brand certificate. The certificate shall contain space for: Vessel name; name of vessel operator(s); buoy brand(s) to be used; number of pots to be fished; Puget Sound endorsement number. The certificate may be obtained at a time and place specified by the director prior to the season opening upon inspection of all pots and buoys to be fished. It is unlawful for a fisherman to have aboard the fishing vessel or in the water more pots than the number shown on the certificate or to have buoys aboard the vessel with numbers other than those shown on the certificate. Upon inspection of gear, the certificate may be amended during the fishing season.
- (8) It is unlawful for any person to take or possess for commercial purposes red rock crabs in the Puget Sound licensing district without having first obtained a license and permit to fish for red rock crabs for commercial purposes authorized by the director of the department of fisheries. The permit must accompany the fisherman at all times while fishing for red rock crabs for commercial purposes and must be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the department of fisheries.
- (9) It is unlawful to take or possess tanner crab taken for commercial purposes from Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 58B, 59, or 60A without having in possession a permit issued by the director authorizing fishing activity for tanner crab.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–01–010 (Order 84–214), 220-52-040, filed 12/7/84; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), 220-52-040, filed 3/27/84; 83-01-026 (Order 82-221), 220-52-040, filed

 $12/8/82;\ 80-13-064$ (Order $80-123),\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">9/17/80;\ 79-02-053$ (Order $79-6),\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">1/30/79;$ Order $77-145,\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">12/13/77;$ Order $76-152,\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">12/17/76;$ Order $76-26,\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">1:45\ p.m.,\ 4/20/76;$ Order $1045,\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">3/8/73;$ Order $807,\ 220-52-040,\ filed <math display="inline">1/2/69,\ effective\ 2/1/69;\ subsection\ 1,\ 5,\ 6,\ from\ Orders\ 409$ and $256,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 2\ from\ Orders\ 500,\ and\ 256,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 4\ from\ Order\ 528,\ filed\ 6/1/61;\ Order\ 525,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 4\ from\ Order\ 528,\ filed\ 6/1/61;\ Order\ 525,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 4\ from\ Order\ 526,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 7\ from\ Order\ 414\ and\ 256,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 8\ from\ Order\ 410\ and\ 256,\ filed\ 3/1/60;\ subsection\ 9\ from\ Order\ 409,\ filed\ 9/14/56.]$

WAC 220-52-043 Crab fishery—Gear. (1) It shall be unlawful to take or fish for crabs for commercial purposes except with shellfish pots and ring nets.

(2) It shall be unlawful to use or operate any shellfish pot gear in the commercial Dungeness crab fishery unless such gear meets the following requirements:

(a) Pot gear must have not less than two escape rings or ports not less than 4-1/4 inches inside diameter.

(b) Escape rings or ports described above must be located in the upper half of the trap.

(3) All buoys attached to commercial crab gear in Puget Sound waters must consist of a durable material and remain floating on the water's surface when five pounds of weight is attached. It is unlawful to use bleach or antifreeze bottles or any other container as a float.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–043, filed 3/27/84; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–043, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–145, § 220–52–043, filed 12/13/77; Order 1179, § 220–52–043, filed 11/19/74; Order 807, § 220–52–043, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–040(1).]

WAC 220-52-046 Crab fishery—Seasons and areas. It is unlawful to fish for or possess Dungeness crabs taken for commercial purposes except during the lawful open seasons and areas as follows:

(1) All Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas except 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D — open October 1 through April 15, provided that it is unlawful to set any crab gear prior to 9:00 a.m. on the opening day of the season.

(2) Coastal, Pacific Ocean, Grays Harbor, Willapa Harbor and Columbia River waters – open December 1 through September 15 except that it is lawful to set baited crab gear beginning at 8:00 a.m. November 27.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–05–038 (Order 87–08), § 220–52–046, filed 2/18/87; 85–01–010 (Order 84–214), § 220–52–046, filed 12/7/84; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–046, filed 3/27/84; 83–01–026 (Order 82–221), § 220–52–046, filed 12/8/82; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–046, filed 9/17/80; Order 76-152, § 220–52–046, filed 12/17/76; Order 1179, § 220–52–046, filed 11/19/74; Order 1112, § 220–52–046, filed 4/15/74; Order 1057, § 220–52–046, filed 5/22/73; Order 920, § 220–52–046, filed 5/13/71; Order 807, § 220–52–046, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–040 (2), (3), (4) and (9).]

WAC 220-52-050 Shrimp fishery—Coastal waters. It is unlawful to fish for or possess shrimp taken for commercial purposes from coastal waters except as provided for in this section:

- (1) TRAWL GEAR:
- (a) SEASON Open to trawl fishing April 1 through October 31 of each year.

- (b) GEAR RESTRICTIONS The following gear is prohibited:
- (i) Shrimp trawl gear having a mesh size greater than two inches or smaller than one and three—eighths inches in the intermediate or codend. At least seventy—five percent of the meshes measured randomly throughout the net by means of a metal tapered gauge must fit on the gauge for compliance. It is lawful to have mesh larger than two inches in the wings or body of the trawl.
- (ii) Shrimp trawl gear having a lined or double layered codend, except it is lawful to employ a lifting bag or additional layer of webbing if the lifting bag webbing is not less than three inch mesh not smaller in circumference than the shrimp trawl at its greatest circumference.
- (iii) Shrimp trawl gear employing layers of protective webbing or chafing gear over the codend unless such webbing is attached at only one strip around the circumference of the codend, trails freely, and has a minimum mesh of three inches.
- (iv) It is unlawful for any fisherman to be in possession of any gear described in (i) through (iii) above while any shrimp are aboard the vessel.
 - (2) SHELLFISH POT GEAR:
- (a) SEASON Open to shellfish pot gear fishing the entire year.
 - (b) GEAR RESTRICTIONS No mesh restriction.
 - (3) MINIMUM NUMBER OF SHRIMP PER POUND:

The count must average no more than 160 shrimp per pound for a minimum of two samples increasing at a rate of one sample per one thousand pounds landed or in possession up to a maximum requirement of twenty samples. Such samples shall consist of at least one pound each of whole unbroken shrimp taken at random from throughout the individual load landed or in possession. This subsection applies only to loads of 3,000 pounds of shrimp or more.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), § 220–52–050, filed 11/6/87; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–050, filed 3/27/84; 83–04–025 (Order 83–04), § 220–52–050, filed 1/27/83; 82–03–045 (Order 82–6), § 220–52–050, filed 1/19/82; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–050, filed 9/17/80; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–050, filed 1/30/79; Order 76–152, § 220–52–050, filed 12/17/76; Order 76–26, § 220–52–050, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 1242, § 220–52–050, filed 8/7/75, effective 9/16/75; Order 1179, § 220–52–050, filed 11/19/74; Order 1112, § 220–52–050, filed 4/15/74; Order 945, § 220–52–050, filed 8/16/71; Order 807, § 220–52–050, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; subsections 1, 5, 6 from Orders 414 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Orders 420 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61.]

WAC 220-52-051 Shrimp fishery--Puget Sound. It is unlawful to fish for or possess shrimp taken for commercial purposes from Puget Sound except as provided for in this section:

- (1) SHRIMP DISTRICTS: The following areas are defined as shrimp fishing districts:
- (a) Shrimp District 1 (Protection Island, Discovery Bay) Waters south of a line from McCurdy Point on the Quimper Peninsula to the northern tip of Protection Island then to Rocky Point on the Miller Peninsula and all waters of Discovery Bay.

- (b) Shrimp District 2 (Griffin Bay) Waters south of a line projected true east—west through Turn Rock Light from San Juan Island to Lopez Island and north of a line projected true east from Cattle Point on San Juan Island to Lopez Island.
- (c) Shrimp District 3 (Port Angeles) Waters inside Ediz Hook west of a line from the tip of Ediz Hook to the ITT Rayonier Dock.
- (d) Shrimp District 4 (Sequim Bay) Waters of Sequim Bay south of a line projected true west from Travis Spit on the Miller Peninsula.
- (e) Shrimp District 5 (Hood Canal) Waters south of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge.
- (f) Shrimp District 6 (Carr Inlet) Waters of Carr Inlet north of a line projected from Penrose Point to Green Point.
 - (2) TRAWL GEAR:
- (a) SEASONS Open to trawl gear April 15 through October 15 except closed in:
 - (i) Shrimp Districts 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.
 - (ii) Waters south of the Narrows Bridge.
- (iii) Waters closed to trawl fishing in WAC 220-49-015.
- (b) GEAR RESTRICTIONS Otter trawl gear may not be used.
 - (3) SHELLFISH POT GEAR:
- (a) SEASONS Open to shellfish pot gear April 15 through October 15 except:
- (i) Open in Shrimp Districts 1, 2, and 3 from May 15 through September 15.
- (ii) Closed in Shrimp Districts 4, 5, and 6 unless opened by emergency regulation.
 - (b) GEAR RESTRICTIONS -
- (i) In all areas, maximum 100 pots per fisherman, except:
- (A) Maximum 75 pots per fisherman in Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 28B.
- (B) Maximum 50 pots per fisherman in Shrimp Districts 1, 2, and 5.
- (C) Maximum 10 pots per fisherman in Shrimp District 3.
 - (ii) In all shrimp districts:
- (A) Buoys must be orange in color and consist of durable material that will remain floating on the surface with five pounds attached; bleach or antifreeze bottles or other containers may not be used as floats.
- (B) The line attaching the pot to the buoy must be weighted sufficiently to prevent the line from floating on the surface.
 - (iii) In Shrimp Districts 2 and 5:
- (A) The entire top, bottom, and sides of the pot, except entrance tunnels, must be constructed of mesh material having a minimum mesh of such size that a 7/8 inch square peg can pass through without changing the shape of the opening.
- (B) All entrance tunnels must open into the pot from the sides.
- (C) The sum of the maximum widths of all entrance tunnels must not exceed one—half of the perimeter of the bottom of the pot.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), § 220–52–051, filed 11/6/87.]

WAC 220-52-060 Crawfish fishery. It is unlawful to fish for or possess crawfish taken for commercial purposes except as provided for in this section:

- (1) General crawfish provisions:
- (a) Crawfish may not be taken for commercial purposes with gear other than shellfish pots and no person may fish more than 400 pots.
- (b) The open season for commercial crawfish fishing is first Monday in May through October 31, except in Washington waters of the Columbia River downstream from the mouth of the Walla Walla River crawfish may be taken from April 1 through October 31.
- (c) The minimum commercial crawfish size is 3-1/4 inches in length from the tip of the rostrum (nose) to the tip of the tail and all undersize crawfish and female crawfish with eggs or young attached to the abdomen must be immediately returned unharmed to the waters from which taken. Fishermen must sort and return illegal crawfish to the waters from which taken immediately after the crawfish are removed from the shellfish pot and prior to lifting additional pots from the water.
- (d) Fishermen may not discard into any water of the state any crawfish bait.
- (e) Crawfish fishing is not allowed within 1/4 mile of the shoreline of developed parks.
- (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to the commercial culture of crawfish at a registered aquatic farm
- (2) It is lawful for an individual fisherman to fish for crawfish in the waters set out below with up to the number of pots shown.

Name of Lake, River, or Slough	County	Max. Pots Allowed
Alder Lake (Res.)	Pierce/Thurston	200
Aldwell Lake (Res.)	Clallam	100
Alkali Lake	Grant	100
Bachelor Slough	Clark	100
Baker Lake	Whatcom	200
Banks Lake	Grant	200
Big Lake	Skagit	200
Black Lake	Thurston	200
Blue Lake	Grant	200
Bonaparte Lake	Okanogan	100
Buckmire Slough	Clark	100
Camas Slough	Clark	100
Campbell Lake	Skagit	100
Cassidy Lake	Snohomish	100
Cavanaugh Lake	Skagit	200
Chehalis River	Lewis/Grays Harbor	100
Chelan Lake	Chelan	200
Clear Lake	Skagit	100
Coal Creek Slough	Cowlitz	100
Columbia River	Clark, Cowlitz, etc.	200
Copalis River	Grays Harbor, etc.	100
Cowlitz River	Clark, Cowlitz, etc.	100
Curlew Lake	Ferry	200
Cushman Lake #1	Clark	100
Deep River	Wahkiakum	100
Deschutes River	Thurston	100
Diablo Lake	Whatcom	200
Drano Lake	Skamania	100
Elochoman River	Wahkiakum	100
Erie Lake	Skagit	100
Evergreen Reservoir	Grant	100

Name of Lake, River, or Slough	County	Max. Pots Allowed
Fisher Island Slough	Cowlitz	100
Goose Lake (upper)	Grant	100
Grays River	Pacific	100
Harts Lake	Pierce	100
Hoquiam River	Grays Harbor	100
Humptulips River	Grays Harbor	100
John's River	Grays Harbor	100
Kapowsin Lake	Pierce	200
Kalama River	Cowlitz, etc.	100
Klickitat	Klickitat	100
Lackamas Lake (Res.)	Clark	100
Lake River	Clark	100
Lawrence Lake	Thurston	100
Lenore Lake	Grant	200
Lewis River	Clark/Cowlitz	100
Loomis Lake	Pacific	100 200
Mayfield Lake	Lewis	100
McIntosh Lake	Thurston	100
McMurray Lake	Skagit Clark/Cowlitz	200
Merwin Lake	Clark/Cowlitz	200
Moses Lake	Grant Pacific, etc.	100
Naselle River	•	100
Nisqually River	Pierce, etc.	100
Nooksack River North River	Whatcom Grays Harbor	100
Padden Lake	Whatcom	100
Palmer Lake	Okanogan	100
Patterson Lake (Res.)	Okanogan	100
Portage Bay	King	100
Rattlesnake Lake	King	100
Ross Lake (Res.)	Whatcom	200
Salmon Lake	Okanogan	100
Samish Lake	Whatcom	200
Satsop River	Grays Harbor	100
Shannon Lake (Res.)	Skagit	200
Sidley Lake	Okanogan	100
Silver Lake	Pierce	100
Silver Lake	Cowlitz	200
Skagit River	Skagit/Whatcom	200
Skamokawa River	Wahkiakum	100
Snake River	Franklin/Walla Walla	200
Snohomish River	Snohomish	100
St. Clair Lake	Thurston	. 100
Swift Lake (Res.)	Skamania	200
Terrell Lake	Whatcom	100
Toutle River	Cowlitz	100
Union Lake	King	200
Vancouver Lake	Clark	200
Warden Lake	Grant	100
Washington Lake	King	200
Washougal River	Clark/Skamania	100
Whatcom Lake	Whatcom	200
Whitestone Lake	Okanogan	100
Willapa River	Pacific	100
Wiser Lake	Whatcom	100
Wind River	Cowlitz	100
Wishkah River	Grays Harbor	100
Woodland Slough	Clark	100
Wynoochee River	Grays Harbor	100
Yakima River	Kittitas	100
Yale Lake (Res.)	Clark/Cowlitz	200

- (3) Commercial crawfish harvest permits will be issued to prescribe the number of allowable crawfish pots per fisherman per body of water in suitable crawfish harvest sites not listed in subsection (2) of this section as follows:
 - (a) Under 20 acres no commercial harvest.
 - (b) 20 acres to 100 acres 50 pots.
 - (c) 101 acres to 400 acres 100 pots.

- (d) Over 400 acres 200 pots.
- (e) Permits will be issued only in waters where fishing will not conflict with high density residential or recreational areas, and no permit will be issued where developed parks encompass more than one—half of the water shoreline.
- (f) The department of fisheries shall fix the maximum number of pots to be permitted in any given body of water. Once the permitted maximum number of pots for any given body of water has been reached, no further permits will be issued. Permits will be issued on a firstcome, first-serve basis consistent with all other regulations concerning issuance of commercial crawfish harvest permits.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), § 220–52–060, filed 11/6/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–52–060, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–060, filed 9/17/80; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–060, filed 1/30/79; Order 76–26, § 220–52–060, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76; Order 945, § 220–52–060, filed 8/16/71; Order 807, § 220–52–060, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; subsections 1–7, Orders 414 and 256, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-52-063 Octopus fishery. (1) It shall be lawful at any time to take or fish for octopus for commercial purposes with shellfish pot or ring net gear in any of the waters of the state of Washington except in those waters of the Tacoma Narrows between a line from the north end of Days Island to the southern tip of Point Fosdick and a line from the navigational buoy at Point Defiance to the navigational buoy at the entrance to Gig Harbor.

- (2) It shall be lawful to possess octopus for commercial purposes taken incidentally to any other lawful bottom fish or shellfish fishery, except that it shall be unlawful for divers to take octopus for commercial purposes except as authorized by permit issued by the director for display or scientific purposes.
- (3) It shall be unlawful to possess any octopus mutilated in the process of its fishing or taking.
- (4) It is unlawful to fish for octopus using more than 200 shellfish pots without first having obtained a permit authorized by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–022 (Order 87–69), § 220–52–063, filed 7/8/87; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–063, filed 3/27/84; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–063, filed 9/17/80; Order 807, § 220–52–063, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–060 (2), (3) and (4).]

WAC 220-52-066 Squid fishery. (1) It is lawful at any time to take or fish for squid for commercial purposes with drag seine gear not exceeding 350 feet in length and having meshes of not less than 1-1/4 inches stretch measure, dip bag net, brail, and squid jigging gear. Dip bag net and brail may not exceed 10 feet in diameter nor have a mesh less than one inch stretch measure. Other gear may be used to fish for squid commercially if authorized by a permit issued by the director.

(2) Food fish, other shellfish, and squid eggs caught while fishing for squid must be returned to the water

immediately. It is lawful to retain for commercial purposes squid taken incidental to another commercial fishery.

- (3) Each vessel fishing for squid may use a lighting system with a combined power of not more than 10 kilowatts (10,000 watts). Lights of 200 watts or greater must be shielded and may not be directed to any point more than 100 feet from the vessel while fishing for or attracting squid.
- (4) It is unlawful to fish for squid for commercial purposes within 1/4 mile of the shoreline of an incorporated city or town.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–066, filed 3/27/84; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–066, filed 9/17/80; Order 807, § 220–52–066, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–060 (5) and (6).]

WAC 220-52-069 Scallop fishery. (1) It is lawful at any time to take or fish for scallops for commercial purposes in coastal waters with otter trawl or beam trawl or scallop dredge gear. Minimum and maximum size for trawl gear are concurrent with sizes used in coastal shrimp fishing, see WAC 220-52-054. Scallop dredge gear may not exceed fifteen feet in width nor have a ring size of less than three inches inside diameter except as authorized under a permit issued by the director.

- (2) It is lawful at any time to take or fish for scallops for commercial purposes in Puget Sound waters with scallop dredge gear not exceeding fifteen feet in width or having a ring size of not less than three inches inside diameter. It is lawful to take and possess scallops taken incidental to bottomfish trawl fishing as authorized under chapter 220–48 WAC. The taking of scallops with trawl gear at times or of size other than those authorized under chapter 220–48 WAC, with scallop dredge gear of a size other than that provided for in this section, or by shellfish diver gear is prohibited except as authorized under permit issued by the director.
- (3) It is unlawful at any time to take or possess rock scallop unless a person has first obtained a rock scallop aquaculture permit issued by the department. The permit will specify location, time, and quantity of rock scallop that can be taken for brood stock or culture purposes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–022 (Order 87–69), § 220–52–069, filed 7/8/87; 86–08–056 (Order 86–14), § 220–52–069, filed 3/28/86; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–069, filed 3/27/84; 82–03–045 (Order 82–6), § 220–52–069, filed 1/19/82; Order 807, § 220–52–069, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220–52–060(7).]

WAC 220-52-070 Goose barnacle fishery. It is unlawful to take or possess Pacific goose barnacles taken for commercial purposes without having first obtained a permit to do so issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-24-046 (Order 86-190), § 220-52-070, filed 11/26/86.]

WAC 220-52-071 Sea cucumbers. It is unlawful to take or possess sea cucumbers taken for commercial purposes except as provided for in this section.

- (1) Sea cucumber districts:
- (a) Sea Cucumber District 1 is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, 21B, 22A, 22B, and 23B outside of the following closed areas:
- (i) San Juan Channel and Upright Channel within the following lines: North of a line from Cattle Point on San Juan Island to Davis Point on Lopez Island and south of a line projected from Flat Point on Lopez Island true west to Shaw Island; west of a line from Neck Point on Shaw Island to Steep Point on Orcas Island; south of a line from Steep Point on Orcas Island to Limestone Point on San Juan Island.
- (ii) Haro Strait north of a line projected east-west one-half mile south of Eagle Point on San Juan Island and south of a line projected east-west one-quarter mile north of Lime Kiln Light on San Juan Island.
- (iii) Within one-quarter mile of Green Point on Spieden Island.
- (iv) Within one-quarter mile of Gull Reef, located between Spieden Island and Johns Island.
- (b) Sea Cucumber District 2 is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 23A, 23C, 23D, 25A, 25B, 25C, 25D, 25E, 29 and those waters west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh Line, Pacific Ocean waters, Grays Harbor, Willapa Bay, and the waters at the mouth of the Columbia River west of the Buoy 10 Line.
- (c) Sea Cucumber District 3 is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 24A, 24B, 24C, 24D, 26A, 26B, 26C, and 26D.
- (d) Sea Cucumber District 4 is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 27A, 27B, 27C, 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D.
 - (2) Sea cucumber areas and seasons:
 - (a) District 1 open May 1 through October 31, 1987.
 - (b) District 2 open May 1 through October 31, 1988.
 - (c) District 3 open May 1 through October 31, 1989.
 - (d) District 4 open May 1 through October 31, 1990.(e) Other areas and times as authorized by permit is-
- sued by the director.

 (3) Shellfish diver gear:
- (a) Divers must have a permit issued by the director to take sea cucumbers for commercial purposes.
- (b) Divers operating from a vessel must have a number assigned by the department placed on both sides and the top of the vessel in such a manner that the number is clearly visible when the vessel is viewed from either side or from the air, and the letters must be black on white no less than eighteen inches in height and of proportional width.
- (c) Divers may not take sea cucumbers from one-half hour before official sunset to official sunrise or 6:00 a.m. whichever is later, or on Sunday.
- (d) Divers may not fish for or possess geoduck clams during commercial sea cucumber harvesting operations, or possess geoduck clams on a vessel that has sea cucumbers on board.
 - (4) Trawl gear:

- (a) Trawl gear is limited to that gear and those times authorized under chapter 220-48 WAC, or otherwise as authorized by a permit issued by the director.
- (b) Up to one hundred pounds of sea cucumbers may be taken without regard to other species aboard, but landings of more than one hundred pounds are lawful only if sea cucumbers represent no more than twenty percent of the total weight of fish on board. No trawl vessel may land more than two hundred fifty pounds of sea cucumbers in any one vessel trip except as authorized by permit issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–23–006 (Order 87–187), \$ 220–52–071, filed 11/6/87; 87–15–022 (Order 87–69), \$ 220–52–071, filed 7/8/87; 87–02–013 (Order 86–199), \$ 220–52–071, filed 12/30/86; 81–11–006 (Order 81–31), \$ 220–52–071, filed 5/11/81; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), \$ 220–52–071, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–45, \$ 220–52–071, filed 12/13/77; Order 77–65, \$ 220–52–071, filed 8/5/77; Order 1105, \$ 220–52–071, filed 12/28/73; Order 990, \$ 220–52–071, filed 5/11/72.]

WAC 220-52-073 Sea urchins. It is unlawful to take or possess sea urchins taken for commercial purposes except as provided for in this section.

- (1) Sea urchin districts:
- (a) Sea Urchin District 1 (Northern San Juan Islands) is defined as Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 20A, 20B, and those waters of Area 22A north of a line projected east-west one-quarter mile north of Lime Kiln Light on San Juan Island and west of a line projected true north from Limestone Point on San Juan Island. The following areas within Sea Urchin District 1 are closed to the harvest of sea urchins at all times:
- (i) Those waters within one-quarter mile of Green Point on Spieden Island.
- (ii) Those waters within one-quarter mile of Gull Reef, located between Spieden and Johns Island.
- (b) Sea Urchin District 2 (Southern San Juan Islands and Port Townsend) is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 22A south of a line projected east-west one-quarter mile north of Lime Kiln Light on San Juan Island and east of a line projected true north from Limestone Point on San Juan Island and Areas 23B and 25A. The following areas within Sea Urchin District 2 are closed to the harvest of sea urchins at all times:
- (i) Those waters of Haro Strait north of a line projected east—west one—half mile south of Eagle Point on San Juan Island and south of a line projected east—west one—quarter mile north of Lime Kiln Light on San Juan Island.
- (ii) Those waters of San Juan Channel and Upright Channel within the following lines: North of a line from Cattle Point on San Juan Island to Davis Point on Lopez Island; south of a line projected from Flat Point on Lopez Island true west to Shaw Island; west of a line from Neck Point on Shaw Island to Steep Point on Orcas Island; south of a line from Steep Point on Orcas Island to Limestone Point on San Juan Island.
- (c) Sea Urchin District 3 (Port Angeles) is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and

Catch Reporting Area 23C east of a line projected true north from Low Point, and Area 23D.

- (d) Sea Urchin District 4 (Sekiu) is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 23C west of a line projected true north from Low Point and those waters of Area 29 east of a line projected true north from the mouth of Rasmussen Creek (3.1 miles southeast of Sail Rock).
- (e) Sea Urchin District 5 is defined as those waters of Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area 29 west of a line projected true north from the mouth of Rasmussen Creek (3.1 miles southeast of Sail Rock) and Areas 59A and 59B. Within Sea Urchin District 5, waters within one-quarter mile of Tatoosh Island are closed to the harvest of sea urchins at all times.
 - (2) Sea urchin areas, seasons, species, and sizes:
- (a) District 2 is open October 1, 1987 through March 31, 1988 to harvest red sea urchins between 4.0 and 5.25 inches.
- (b) District 5 is open October 1, 1987 through March 31, 1988 to harvest red sea urchins between 3.25 and 4.5 inches.
- (c) District 1 is open October 1, 1988 through March 31, 1989 to harvest red sea urchins between 4.0 and 5.25 inches.
- (d) District 4 is open October 1, 1988 through March 31, 1989 to harvest red sea urchins between 3.25 and 5.0 inches.
- (e) District 3 is open October 1, 1989 through March 31, 1990 to harvest red sea urchins between 3.25 and 5.0 inches.
- (f) Otherwise as authorized by a permit issued by the director.
- (g) All sizes in this subsection are shell diameter exclusive of the spines.
 - (3) Shellfish diver gear:
- (a) Divers may only use hand-operated equipment that does not penetrate the shell.
- (b) Sea urchins may not be taken from water shallower than 10 feet below mean lower low water.
 - (c) Green and purple sea urchins may not be taken.
- (d) Divers operating from a vessel must have a number assigned by the department, placed on both sides and the top of the vessel in such a manner that the number is clearly visible when the vessel is viewed from either side or from the air and the number must be black on white no less than 18 inches high and of proportionate width.
- (e) Divers may not take sea urchins from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise.
- (f) No processing of sea urchins is permitted aboard the harvest vessel.
- (g) Divers may not take sea urchins for use other than as human food.
- (h) Variance from any of the provisions of this subsection is only allowed if authorized by a permit issued by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-23-006 (Order 87-187), § 220-52-073, filed 11/6/87; 87-15-022 (Order 87-69), § 220-52-073, filed 7/8/87; 86-20-028 (Order 86-123), § 220-52-073, filed 9/23/86; 85-01-010 (Order 84-214), § 220-52-073, filed 12/7/84; 83-04-025 (Order 83-04), § 220-52-073, filed 1/27/83; 80-13-064

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(Order 80–123), § 220–52–073, filed 9/17/80; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–073, filed 1/30/79; Order 77–145, § 220–52–073, filed 12/13/77; Order 76–152, § 220–52–073, filed 12/17/76; Order 1105, § 220–52–073, filed 12/28/73; Order 990, § 220–52–073, filed 5/11/72.]

WAC 220-52-075 Shellfish harvest logs. It is unlawful for any vessel operator engaged in commercial crawfish, sea cucumber, sea urchin, scallop, shrimp, squid, or octopus fishing or operator of mechanical clam digging device to fail to obtain and accurately maintain the appropriate harvest log available from the Washington department of fisheries. The harvest log must be kept aboard the vessel while the vessel is engaged in harvest or has crawfish, sea cucumbers, sea urchins, shrimp, scallops, or clams aboard. The vessel operator must submit the log book for inspection upon request by authorized department of fisheries representatives. The department's copies of the completed harvest log must be submitted to the department for each calendar month in which fishing activity occurs. State copies must be received within ten days following any calendar month in which fishing activity occurred, except that commercial sea cucumber harvest logs must be received for each month of the season provided for in WAC 220-52-072 regardless of whether harvest activity occurred during the month, and all shellfish harvesters must submit a log that must be received by the tenth day following the termination of commercial fishing activity showing that shellfish harvest has terminated for the year.

- (1) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of shrimp or crawfish with shellfish pot or ring net gear must record the vessel Washington department of fisheries boat registration number, number of pots or ring nets pulled, date pulled, soak time, and gear location before leaving the catch area where taken, and weights must be recorded upon landing or sale. In addition, vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of shrimp in Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas 27A, 27B, or 27C (Hood Canal) must record the total number of pots they have in the water and the total number of buoys attached to those pots, and the department's copy of the completed harvest log must be submitted weekly, postmarked no later than Friday and showing harvest activity for the period Thursday of the week previous to submission through Wednesday of the week the harvest log is submitted.
- (2) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of shrimp with beam trawl or shrimp trawl gear must record the vessel identity, date, location, duration and estimated weight of shrimp caught for each tow before leaving the catch area where taken.
- (3) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of sea urchins or sea cucumbers must record the vessel identity, date, location, and the approximate number of sea urchins or sea cucumbers before leaving the catch area where taken and the exact weight must be recorded upon landing or sale.
- (4) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of clams with mechanical digging devices must record the vessel identity, location, and date of harvest before the

end of each day's fishing and the weights by clam species must be recorded upon landing or sale.

- (5) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of scallops with dredge or trawl gear must record the vessel identity, date, location, and duration of harvest and estimated weight of scallops caught for each tow before leaving the catch area where taken.
- (6) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of squid, except when taken incidental to any other lawful fishery, must record before leaving the Marine Fish—Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area where taken, the vessel WDF boat registration number, gear type, catch area, starting and ending time of fishing, and numbers of other species caught and returned. Weights of squid must be recorded on landing or sale.
- (7) Vessel operators engaged in commercial harvest of octopus, except when taken incidental to any other lawful fishery, must record before leaving the Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Area where taken, the vessel WDF boat registration number, gear type and amount, catch area and hours fished. Weights of octopus must be recorded on landing or sale.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–022 (Order 87–69), § 220–52–075, filed 7/8/87; 87–02–013 (Order 86–199), § 220–52–075, filed 12/30/86; 84–08–014 (Order 84–24), § 220–52–075, filed 3/27/84; 83–09–014 (Order 83–24), § 220–52–075, filed 4/12/83; 82–03–045 (Order 82–6), § 220–52–075, filed 1/19/82; 81–11–006 (Order 81–31), § 220–52–075, filed 5/11/81; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–52–075, filed 9/17/80; 79–12–039 (Order 79–129), § 220–52–075, filed 11/20/79; 79–02–053 (Order 79–6), § 220–52–075, filed 1/30/79.]

Chapter 220-55 WAC PERSONAL-USE LICENSES

WAC	
220-55-010	Razor clam license and razor clam tag.
220-55-015	Valid razor clam license and tag required.
220-55-040	Prepaid recreational license issuing procedures.
220-55-050	License sales reporting and fee remittances.
220-55-055	Free license issuing procedure.
220-55-060	Recreational license stamp redemption.
220-55-065	Expiration.
220-55-070	Valid catch record card.
220-55-075	Sport catch record license stamp.
220-55-080	Validation date.
220-55-086	Two-consecutive-day combined license and catch
	record card.
220-55-090	Recreational license dealer.
220-55-100	Blind person.
220-55-105	License issuing procedures.
220-55-110	Recreational license stamp bond requirements.
220-55-115	License stamp sales reporting and fee remittances.
220-55-120	Free recreational license issuing procedure.
220-55-125	Duties of a recreational license dealer.
220-55-130	Valid personal use license.
220-55-140	Valid recreational Hood Canal shrimp license.
220-55-150	Dealers fees.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-55-020 Information required. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-020, filed 8/10/79.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

- 220-55-025 Signature required. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-55-025, filed 4/21/87; 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-025, filed 8/10/79.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-030 Razor clam license distribution agent. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-030, filed 8/10/79.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-035 Razor clam license dealer. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-035, filed 8/10/79.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-045

 Bond requirements. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-045, filed 8/10/79.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-085 Fresh and saltwater angling. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-085, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-025.] Repealed by 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), filed 2/4/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-095 Salmon angling license distribution agent. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-095, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-035.] Repealed by 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), filed 2/4/88. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- 220-55-135 Stamp redemption. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-135, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-135, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-065.] Repealed by 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), filed 3/20/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
- WAC 220-55-010 Razor clam license and razor clam tag. (1) A personal-use razor clamming license, hereinafter designated "razor clam license," shall consist of a razor clam license stamp printed by the department of fisheries which has been affixed to a recreational license form and on which recreational license form is written the licensee's razor clam tag number. The license shall be invalid unless the angler identification information on the recreational license form has been completed and the licensee has signed the recreational license form.
- (2) A razor clam tag shall consist of a tag issued by the department on which is printed the razor clam tag number. The razor clam tag shall be provided with an opening for attachment or display on outer clothing and shall be color—coded to designate resident, nonresident, or juvenile—senior citizen.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-010, filed 3/20/89; 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-010, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-015 Valid razor clam license and tag required. It shall be unlawful for any person to take or possess razor clams without having in his possession a valid razor clam license and razor clam tag. The razor clam tag must be displayed on outer clothing while digging razor clams or in possession of razor clams on the digging beach.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), § 220–55–015, filed 3/20/89; 79–09–021 (Order 79–58), § 220–55–015, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-040 Prepaid recreational license issuing procedures. Recreational license stamps will be distributed by the department or designated distribution agents to license dealers. The stamps may be sold to license dealers on a prepaid basis.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-040, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-040, filed 2/4/88; 86-24-047 (Order 86-191), § 220-55-040, filed 11/26/86; 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-040, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-050 License sales reporting and fee remittances. Bonded dealers shall report license sales on forms provided by the department and remit receipts from those sales to the department no later than the tenth day of each month following the close of business for the previous calendar month.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-050, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-055 Free license issuing procedure. A free razor clam license shall be issued by the license supervisor or a dealer designated by the department of fisheries, to any qualified applicant, upon receipt of the applicant's affidavit on a form provided by the department and payment of the dealer fee. If a license is lost or becomes illegible, a new license must be obtained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-055, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-060 Recreational license stamp redemption. Recreational license stamps may be redeemed at face value by license dealers upon return to the license division of the department of fisheries, Olympia, Washington, not later than January 31 of the year following expiration, or by returning them by mail to that office, provided they are postmarked no later than January 31st.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-060, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-060, filed 2/4/88; 79-09-021 (Order 79-58), § 220-55-060, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-065 Expiration. The expiration date of each resident or nonresident license and catch record card, unless otherwise provided, shall be December 31st of the year printed on the license or catch record card. In case of a free license, the license shall not expire, except a license issued to a person under 16 years of age shall expire on that person's 16th birthday. A two consecutive day combined license and catch record card shall expire at the close of the day after the validation date, except when the validation date is December 31st, in which case the expiration date is also December 31st.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220–55–065, filed 2/4/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–55–065, filed 4/21/87; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–55–065, filed 9/17/80; 79–09–021 (Order 79–58), § 220–55–065, filed 8/10/79.]

WAC 220-55-070 Valid catch record card. A catch record card shall be invalid unless:

(1) The appropriate license stamp, if required, is affixed to the recreational license form. A sport catch record license stamp, issued by the department, is required to be affixed to the recreational license form of persons who do not meet the qualifications for issuance of a free personal use license, salmon catch record card (punchcard), or two-consecutive-day combined license and catch record card (punchcard) as set out in RCW 75.25.110. Qualifications for a free sturgeon catch record card (punchcard) are identical to those for a free salmon catch record card.

(2) The validation date is legibly written in ink on the face of the stamp, if required.

If the validation date is illegible or altered, or if the stamp affixed to the recreational license form has been mutilated, the catch record card is invalid. The department will not replace a lost or mutilated stamp.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-070, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-070, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-070, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-010.]

WAC 220-55-075 Sport catch record license stamp. A sport catch record license stamp shall be a stamp issued by the department of fisheries to be affixed to a recreational license form.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), § 220–55–075, filed 3/20/89; 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220–55–075, filed 2/4/88; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–55–075, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–105–015.]

WAC 220-55-080 Validation date. On a two consecutive day combined license and catch record card, the validation date shall be the first day on which an angler may fish for or possess foodfish.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-080, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-080, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-020.]

WAC 220-55-086 Two-consecutive-day combined license and catch record card. A two-consecutive-day combined license and catch record card (also referred to as a punchcard in chapter 75.25 RCW) shall consist of a two-consecutive-day license stamp affixed to a recreational license form and the appropriate catch record card or a two-consecutive-day license stamp affixed to the appropriate catch record card.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-03-068 (Order 90-05), \$ 220-55-086, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90; 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), \$ 220-55-086, filed 3/20/89.]

WAC 220-55-090 Recreational license dealer. A recreational license dealer is defined as any person, business, corporation, or governmental agency authorized by the director to issue licenses and catch record cards.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-090, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-090, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-090, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-030.]

WAC 220-55-100 Blind person. For the purpose of a free salmon angling license, a blind person shall be defined as a person who has no vision or whose vision, with corrective glasses, is so defective as to prevent the performance of ordinary activities for which eyesight is essential.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-100, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-040.]

WAC 220-55-105 License issuing procedures. Recreational license stamps will be distributed and sold by the department to license dealers. The stamps will be sold or issued in sheets.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-105, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-105, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-105, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-045.]

WAC 220-55-110 Recreational license stamp bond requirements. Persons requesting authorization as a bonded dealer must post a minimum two thousand dollar surety bond. The total face value of license stamps issued to bonded dealers at any one time shall not exceed that dealer's bond. Dealers who prepay for license stamps are not required to be bonded.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), § 220–55–110, filed 3/20/89; 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220–55–110, filed 2/4/88; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–55–110, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–105–046.]

WAC 220-55-115 License stamp sales reporting and fee remittances. Bonded dealers shall report stamp sales on forms provided by the department and remit receipts from those sales to the department no later than the tenth day of each month following the close of business for the previous calendar month.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), § 220–55–115, filed 3/20/89; 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220–55–115, filed 2/4/88; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–55–115, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–105–047.]

WAC 220-55-120 Free recreational license issuing procedure. (1) Upon request, a free recreational license and valid catch record card shall be issued by license dealers to persons who qualify under RCW 75.25.040 and 75.25.110(1).

(2) Upon request a free recreational license and valid catch record card shall be issued by the license supervisor of the Department of Fisheries, Olympia, Washington, to any other qualified applicant as provided for in RCW 75.25.110. A lost or illegible free license will be replaced by the license supervisor upon request and showing of proof.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), \$ 220–55–120, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), \$ 220–55–120, filed 2/4/88; 84-05-046 (Order 84-11), \$ 220–55–120, filed 2/21/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), \$ 220–55–120, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–105–050.]

WAC 220-55-125 Duties of a recreational license dealer. A license dealer shall, at the time of sale of a two

220-56-145

consecutive day combined license stamp, write the validation date in ink on the face of the stamp, and it shall be unlawful for him to fail to do so.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-125, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-125, filed 2/4/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-125, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-055.]

WAC 220-55-130 Valid personal use license. A valid personal use license shall consist of a personal use license stamp, if required, affixed to a recreational license form issued by the department. A recreational license form shall be invalid unless the angler identification information on the recreational license form is completed and the angler has signed the recreational license form.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-130, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-55-130, filed 2/4/88; 84-05-046 (Order 84-11), § 220-55-130, filed 2/21/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-55-130, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-105-060.]

WAC 220-55-140 Valid recreational Hood Canal shrimp license. (1) A valid recreational Hood Canal shrimp license shall consist of a Hood Canal shrimp license stamp affixed to a recreational license form.

(2) All Hood Canal shrimp fishers must have a valid Hood Canal shrimp license in the fisher's immediate possession while shrimping in Hood Canal or while in possession of shrimp in Hood Canal or immediately adjacent thereto.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-55-140, filed 3/20/89.]

WAC 220-55-150 Dealers fees. Personal use license dealers may retain a recreational license fee of fifty cents for each recreational license sold. No license fee may be charged or retained for free licenses issued under RCW 75.25.110.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 90-03-068 (Order 90-05), § 220-55-150, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90.]

Chapter 220-56 WAC PERSONAL-USE FISHERY

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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS		
DISPUSITOR	OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER	
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Possession of food fish or shellfish in unlawful

220-56-010 Definitions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-010, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-010, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-010, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 858, § 220-56-010, filed 1/14/70; Order 806, § 220-56-010, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69; Order 767, § 2, filed 12/22/67; Order 717, § 1 (part), filed 12/21/66; subsections 1, 2 from Orders 356, 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 3 and 7 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 356, 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 4 and 5 from Orders 391 and 256, filed 3/1/60;

subsection 6 from Order 507, filed 4/13/60; subsection 8 from Order 630, filed 12/2/64.] See WAC 220-56-013, 220-56-016, and 220-56-019. Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-013

Definitions—Bag limit code definitions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–07–046 (Order 79–43), \$ 220–56–013, filed 6/22/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), \$ 220–56–013, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, \$ 220–56–013, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, \$ 220–56–013, filed 4/5/76; Order 76–14, \$ 220–56–013, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1116, \$ 220–56–013, filed 4/30/74; Order 1101, \$ 220–56–013, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, \$ 220–56–013, filed 12/28/70; Order 806, \$ 220–56–013, filed 12/28/70; Order 806, \$ 220–56–013, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69. Formerly (9) of WAC 220–56–010.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-016

Definitions—Season code definitions. [Order 806, § 220–56–016, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/68; Formerly (10) of WAC 220–56–010.] Repealed by Order 77–71, filed 8/18/77.

220-56-019

Definitions—River mouth definitions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–56–019, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–56–019, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220–56–019, filed 1/13/75; Order 978, § 220–56–019, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220–56–019, filed 12/28/70; Order 867, § 220–56–019, filed 6/16/70; Order 858, § 220–56–019, filed 1/14/70; Order 806, § 220–56–019, filed 1/20/68, effective 1/20/69. Formerly (11) of WAC 220–56–010.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-020

Definitions-Lawful and unlawful provisions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-020, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-020, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-020, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220–56–020, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–56–020, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-56-020, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, \$ 220-56-020, filed 12/10/71 and 12/17/71; Order 910, \$ 220-56-020, filed 12/28/70; Order 866, § 220-56-020, filed 6/12/70; Order 858, § 220–56–020, filed 1/14/70; Order 806, § 220–56–020, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69; Order 720, § 1, filed 2/1/67; Order 717, § 1 (part), filed 12/21/66; subsection 1 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; subsections 2 and 11 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; subsection 3 from Order 527, filed 5/16/61; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 6, 7, 8, 9 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 7 amended by Order 635, filed 3/31/65; subsection 10 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65; subsection 11 amended by Order 630, filed 12/2/64.] See WAC 220-56-023. Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-021

Definitions—Hook regulations—Fresh water angling. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-021, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77-3, § 220-56-021, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-021, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220-56-021, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-56-021, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 978, § 220-56-021, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-56-021, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12),

filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-022

Definitions—Special fishery—Elderly and handicapped persons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-022, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-022, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-022, filed 4/5/76; Order 76-14, § 220-56-022, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 910, § 220-56-022, filed 12/18/70.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-023

Salmon catch record cards. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–56–023, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–121, § 220–56–023, filed 10/19/77; Order 76–153, § 220–56–023, filed 12/17/76; Order 910, § 220–56–023, filed 12/28/70; Order 806, § 220–56–023, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69; Formerly (12) of WAC 220–56–020.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–175.

220-56-030

Definitions—Possession limits—Food fish other than salmon. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–56–030, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 1186, § 220–56–030, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–56–030, filed 11/14/73, eff. 1/1/74; Order 717, § 1, (part), filed 12/21/66; subsection 1 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; subsection 2 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 544, filed 4/13/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 457 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2(b) amended by Order 630, filed 12/2/64.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-040

Definitions—Shellfish—Possession limits. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-040, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-040, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-040, filed 4/5/76; Order 76-14, § 220-56-040, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220-56-040, filed 1/13/75; Order 1039, § 220-56-040, filed 12/22/72; Order 990, § 220-56-040, filed 5/11/72; Order 910, § 220-56-040, filed 12/28/70; Order 767, § 3, filed 12/22/67; Order 717, § 1 (part), filed 12/21/66; subsections 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 483 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 506, filed 3/16/60; Order 569, subsection 4, filed 4/11/63; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 483 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-050

General provisions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 79-04-041 (Order 79-17), § 220-56-050, filed 3/23/79; Order 1106, § 220-56-050, filed 1/10/74; Order 717, § 1, (part), filed 12/21/66; subsections 1, 3, 4-9 from Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Orders 391 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 10 from Order 630, filed 12/2/64; Orders 429 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 11 from Orders 453 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 12 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-060

General provisions—Personal use fishery—Areas and seasons—Salmon. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-060, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 978, § 220-56-060, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-56-060, filed 12/28/70; Order 867, § 220-56-060, filed 6/16/70;

Order 858, § 220-56-060, filed 1/14/70; Order 806, § 220-56-060, filed 12/20/68, eff. 1/20/69; Order 767, §§ 4, 5, filed 12/22/67; Order 717, § 1, (part), filed 12/21/66; subsection 1 from Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Order 672, (part), filed 12/28/65; Order 635, (part), filed 3/31/65; Order 630, filed 12/2/64; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 511, filed 6/27/60; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 3 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 429 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 4 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 5 from Order 672, (part), filed 12/28/65; Order 630, (part), filed 12/2/64; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Orders 391, 384, 383, and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 from Order 630, filed 12/2/64; subsections 7, 14 from Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 8 from Order 672, (part), filed 12/28/65; Order 630, (part), filed 12/2/64; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 404 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 9 from Orders 404 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 10 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 476 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 11 from Orders 417 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 12 from Order 630, filed 12/2/64; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 455 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 13 from Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 452 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 15 from Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 16 from Orders 357 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 17 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65; Order 543, filed 3/20/62; Orders 400 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 18 from Order 544, filed 4/3/62; Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 502 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsections 19 and 20 from Order 630, filed 12/2/64; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 452 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 21 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65; Order 569, filed 4/11/63; Order 507, filed 4/13/60; subsection 22 from Order 672, filed 12/28/65; Order 630, filed 12/2/64; subsection 23 from Order 525, filed 5/3/61; Order 507, filed 4/13/60.] Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-063 and 220-56-066. Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. General provisions-Salt water seasons and bag lim-

220-56-063

its. [Order 77-31, § 220-56-063, filed 5/11/77; Order 77-3, § 220-56-063, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-063, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1221, § 220-56-063, filed 7/1/75; Order 1193, § 220-56-063, filed 3/4/75; Order 1186, § 220-56-063, filed 1/13/75; Order 1143, § 220-56-063, filed 8/8/74; Order 1116, § 220-56-063, filed 4/30/74; Order 1101, § 220-56-063, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 982, § 220-56-063, filed 2/16/72; Order 978, § 220-56-063, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-56-063, filed 12/28/70; Order 806, § 220-56-063, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69. Formerly (2) of WAC 220-56-060.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-064

Special provisions—Saltwater seasons and bag limits. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–56–064, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–31, § 220–56–064, filed 5/11/77; Order 77–3, § 220–56–064, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–190.

220-56-065

Personal use fishery—Areas and seasons—Other food fish and shellfish. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-065, filed

1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-065, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-065, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 910, § 220-56-065, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-128.

220-56-066

Personal use fishery—Fresh water seasons and bag limits. [Order 866, § 220–56–066, filed 6/12/70; Order 858, § 220–56–066, filed 1/14/70; Order 806, § 220–56–066, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69; Formerly (3) of WAC 220–56–060.] Repealed by Order 77–71, filed 8/18/77. See WAC 220–57–001 through 220–57–105.

220-56-070

General provisions—Smelt—Areas and seasons. [Order 76–14, § 220–56–070, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220–56–070, filed 1/13/75; Order 910, § 220–56–070, filed 12/28/70; Order 806, § 220–56–070, filed 12/20/68, effective 1/20/69; Order 717, § 1 (part), filed 12/21/66; subsection 1 from Order 591, filed 10/28/63; Orders 447 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 2 from Orders 378 and 256, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–270 and 220–56–275.

220-56-071

General provisions—Halibut—Season. [Order 1101, § 220-56-071, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-255.

220-56-072

General provisions—Shad and sturgeon areas and seasons. [Order 912, § 220-56-072, filed 1/26/71; Order 858, § 220-56-072, filed 1/14/70.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-285 and 220-56-295.

220-56-073

General provisions—Sturgeon—Snake River. [Order 867, § 220–56–073, filed 6/16/70.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–305.

220-56-074

General provisions—Sturgeon—Area—Bonneville Dam. [Order 76–14, § 220–56–074, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–300.

220-56-080

General provisions—Clams—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-080, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-080, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-080, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-080, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1186, § 220-56-080, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-56-080, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 990, § 220-56-080, filed 5/11/72; Order 807, § 220-56-080, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69; Order 717, § 1 (part), filed 12/21/66; subsections 1, 3 from Order 605, filed 4/21/64; subsection 3 amended by Order 679, filed 4/20/66; subsection 2 from Order 631, filed 1/13/65, Order 599, filed 1/29/64; Order 540, filed 1/15/62; Order 524, filed 2/6/61; subsections 4, 6 from Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 6 amended by Order 672, filed 12/28/65; subsection 5 from Order 507, filed 4/13/60; Orders 356 and 256, filed 3/1/60; subsection 7 from Order 569, filed 4/11/60.] See WAC 220-56-082, 220-56-084, 220-56-086 and 220-56-088. Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-082

General provisions—Crab—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order

78–8), \$220-56-082, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76-14, \$220-56-082, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 807, \$220-56-082, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220-56-080(4).] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-330, 220-56-340, 220-56-345, 220-56-350, and 220-56-355.

220-56-084

General provisions—Shrimp—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-084, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-084, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76-14, § 220-56-084, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1101, § 220-56-084, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 807, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220-56-080(5).] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-325.

220-56-086

General provisions—Oysters—Areas and seasons. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-086, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-086, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-56-086, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-56-086, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 1101, § 220-56-086, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 807, § 220-56-086, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly WAC 220-56-080(6).] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-380.

220-56-088

General provisions—Shellfish gear—Unlawful. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-56-088, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-56-088, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76-14, § 220-56-088, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76; Order 807, § 220-56-088, filed 1/2/69, effective 2/1/69. Formerly 220-56-080(7).] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-320.

220-56-090

General provisions—Sea cucumbers. [Order 990, § 220-56-090, filed 5/11/72.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-56-410.

220-56-092

General provisions—Sea urchins. [Order 990, § 220–56–092, filed 5/11/72.] Repealed by 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–56–405.

220-56-120

Closed areas—Angling. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), § 220–56–120, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–120, filed 4/21/87; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–120, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.] Repealed by 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), filed 3/16/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-135

Edmonds and Elliott Bay fishing piers. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–56–135, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–135, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.] Repealed by 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), filed 3/18/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-198

Duwamish Waterway—Unlawful provisions. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-198, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-56-198, filed 3/17/83.] Repealed by 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), filed 4/9/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-201 Marking sport-caught salmon. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-201, filed 4/11/84.] Repealed by 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), filed 4/9/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080

220-56-260

Bottomfish—Lawful gear. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–260, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.] Repealed by 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), filed 6/9/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-300

Sturgeon—Area—Bonneville Dam. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–300, filed 6/9/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–300, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–074.] Repealed by 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), filed 3/17/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-56-345

Clams, oysters—Culling prohibited. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–345, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–082.] Repealed by 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), filed 3/16/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-56-100 Definitions—Personal use. (1) "Personal—use possession" and "daily bag limits" are defined as the numbers or pounds of food fish or shell-fish which may be taken in a single day or held in possession at one time, unless otherwise provided.

- (2) A "single hook" is defined as a hook having a single point or barb; a "double hook" as a hook having two points or barbs on a common shank; and a "treble hook" as a hook having three points or barbs on a common shank.
- (3) A "lure" is defined as any object made of animal, vegetable or mineral materials which has attached thereto one or more hooks and is used as bait while angling for food fish.
- (4) The term "processed" as it applies in this chapter is defined as food fish or shellfish which have been processed by heat for human consumption as kippered, smoked, or canned fish and is exclusive of iced, frozen, or salted fish.
- (5) The term "fresh fish" is defined as salmon or other food fish which has not been processed by heat for human consumption and is inclusive of iced, frozen, or salted fish except that fresh fish as provided in WAC 220-56-180 shall not include frozen.
- (6) "Hook and line" or "angling" shall be identical in meaning and, except as provided in WAC 220-56-115, shall be defined as the use of not more than one line with one lure in the act of fishing for personal use and not for sale or barter, to be attached to a pole held in hand while landing fish, or the use of a hand-operated line without rod or reel, to which may be attached not more than one lure. When fishing for bottomfish, "angling" and "jigging" shall be identical in meaning.
- (7) The term "snag or snagging" is defined as any method of taking or attempting to take food fish with one or more hooks in such a manner that the fish does not take the hook or hooks voluntarily in its mouth.
- (8) The term "underwater spearfishing" is defined as any method of taking or attempting to take food fish by using any object or objects to impale or hook fish while the fisherman is swimming or floating in the water.

- (9) The term "bow and arrow fishing" is defined as any method of taking, or attempting to take, food fish by the use of an arrow equipped with a barbed head and a line attached, and propelled by a bow, as in the sport of archery, while the fisherman is above the surface of the water.
- (10) The term "natural bait," unless otherwise provided, is defined as a lure consisting of an animal or part of an animal with one single hook.
- (11) The term "freshwater area" means, for purposes of this chapter:
- (a) Within any freshwater river, lake, stream, or pond.
- (b) On the bank or within 10 yards of any freshwater river, lake, stream, or pond.
- (c) On or within any boat launch, ramp, or parking facility associated with any freshwater river, lake, stream, or pond.
- (12) The term "Bonilla-Tatoosh Line" is defined as a line projected from the most westerly point on Cape Flattery to the Tatoosh Island Light then to Bonilla Point on Vancouver Island.
- (13) The term "Buoy 10 Line" is defined as a true north-south line projected through Buoy 10 near the mouth of the Columbia River.
- (14) The term "Buoy 10 Fishery" is defined as a fishery between the down stream side of the Megler-Astoria Bridge and the Buoy 10 Line.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-100, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-100, filed 4/9/85; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-56-100, filed 6/9/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-100, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-105 River mouth definitions. When pertaining to food fish angling, unless otherwise defined, any reference to the mouths of rivers or streams shall be construed to include those waters of any river or stream including sloughs and tributaries upstream and inside of a line projected between the outermost uplands at the mouth. The term "outermost upland" shall be construed to mean those lands not covered by water during an ordinary high tide. The following river mouths are hereby otherwise defined:

Abernathy Creek - Highway 4 Bridge.

Bear River – Highway 101 Bridge.

Bone River - Highway 101 Bridge.

Chehalis River - U.P. Railway Bridge in Aberdeen.

Chinook River - The tide gates at the Highway 101 Bridge.

Cowlitz River – A line projected across the river between two fishing boundary markers set on each bank of the river approximately one-half mile downstream from the lower-most railroad bridge crossing the Cowlitz River.

Dakota Creek – A line from the outermost headland of the south bank to a house at 1285 Runge Avenue, Blaine, Washington, approximately one-quarter mile downstream from the Blaine Road Bridge.

Duwamish River - First Avenue South Bridge.

Elk River - Highway 105 Bridge.

Entiat River - Highway 97 Bridge.

Germany Creek - Highway 4 Bridge.

Hoquiam River - Highway 101 Bridge.

Humptulips River - Mouth of Jessie Slough.

Johns River – Highway 105 Bridge.

Kennedy Creek - Highway 101 Bridge.

Lake Washington Ship Canal – Line 400 feet below the fish ladder at the Chittenden Locks.

Lewis River – A straight line running from a marker on Austin Point south across the Lewis River to a marker on the opposite shore.

Methow River - Highway 97 Bridge.

Mill Creek - Highway 4 Bridge.

Naselle River - Highway 101 Bridge.

North Nemah River – Line from markers approximately one-half mile below the Highway 101 Bridge.

Niawiakum River - Highway 101 Bridge.

North River - Highway 105 Bridge.

Palix River - Highway 101 Bridge.

Puyallup River – 11th Street Bridge.

Samish River - The Samish Island Bridge (Bayview-Edison Road).

Sammamish River - Kenmore Highway Bridge.

Skagit River – A line projected from the terminus of the jetty with McGlinn Island to the white monument on the easterly end of Ika Island, then to a white monument on the westerly end of Craft Island, then to a white monument near the corner of the levee on the westerly side of Dry Slough, and then to a white monument on the easterly side of Tom Moore Slough.

Skamokawa Creek – Highway 4 Bridge.

Skookum Creek – A line 400 yards below the old railroad bridge.

Snohomish River – Burlington Northern Railway Bridges crossing main river and sloughs.

South Nemah River – Lynn Point 117 degrees true to the opposite shore.

Tucannon River - State Highway 261 Bridge.

Washougal River – A straight line from the Crown Zellerbach pumphouse southeasterly across the Washougal River to the east end of the Highway 14 Bridge near the upper end of Lady Island.

Whatcom Creek – A line projected approximately 14 degrees true from the flashing light at the southwesterly end of the Port of Bellingham North Terminal to the southernmost point of the dike surrounding the Georgia Pacific treatment pond.

White Salmon River – Highway 14 Bridge.

Little White Salmon River – At boundary markers on river bank downstream from the federal salmon hatchery.

Willapa River – Highway 101 Bridge. Yakima River – Highway 240 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–105, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–105, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–105, filed 4/26/88; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–105, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–105, filed 4/11/84; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–105, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–56–105, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–105, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-110 Possession of personal-use food fish and shellfish. (1) The personal-use possession limit of food fish shall include all fresh, frozen, canned and other processed fish in the immediate possession of an individual, together with fish held for him by a custom canner or processor, and fish consigned by him for processing, preserving, storing, or transporting to a place other than where such food fish were taken.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any custom canner, or any person operating as a canner or processor of personaluse catches of food fish to accept, process or hold in the name of an individual more than his lawful possession limit.
- (3) Custom canners or processors of personal—use food fish or shellfish, resort operators and others who hold fish on their premises for sport fishermen, shall maintain accurate written accounts of such fish. These records shall be made available for inspection by the department of fisheries, and shall contain the name, signature and permanent address of the taker, the date and area of catch; the number, weight, species and date submitted for processing or holding and the final quantities processed by numbers of units.
- (4) It shall be unlawful for any commercial fish dealer, cold storage plant operator, restaurant or hotel to store or have in possession any food fish or shellfish taken by any person for personal use, unless it is identified by tags attached bearing the names and addresses of the persons taking such food fish or shellfish.
- (5) It shall be unlawful for any person taking food fish or shellfish for personal use to intermingle his catch or part of his catch with that of any duly licensed person taking food fish or shellfish for commercial purposes except for commercially caught fish retained for personal use as provided for in WAC 220-20-016 and 220-20-021.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), § 220-56-110, filed 5/10/85; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-110, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-112 Sampling data and tag recovery. It is unlawful for any person to fail to comply with the directions of authorized department of fisheries personnel related to the collection of sampling data or material from salmon or other food fish. It is also unlawful for any person to fail to relinquish upon request to the department any fish tag or any part of a salmon or other food fish containing coded wire tags, including but not

limited to, the snouts of those salmon that are marked by having clipped adipose fins.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-112, filed 3/18/82.]

- WAC 220-56-115 Angling-Lawful and unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful for any person to use more than one line with one lure at any one time while angling for food fish for personal use except:
- (a) It is lawful to use two natural baits per line while angling in freshwater.
- (b) It is lawful to use two lures per line while angling in marine waters for food fish other than salmon or baitfish.
- (c) A second line using baitfish jigger gear is lawful while angling in the Strait of Juan de Fuca east of the mouth of the Sekiu river, Georgia Strait, the San Juan Islands, and Puget Sound.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to take, fish for or possess food fish taken for personal use by any means other than angling with a line attached to a pole held in hand while landing the fish or with a hand—operated line without rod or reel except as follows:
- (a) It is lawful to leave the pole in a pole holder while playing or landing the fish if the pole is capable of being readily removed from the pole holder.
- (b) It is lawful to use an electric power-operated reel designed for sport fishing attached to a pole.
- (c) It is lawful to fish for or possess salmon taken for personal use with hand lines (lines not attached to a handheld pole) except use of hand lines is unlawful in those waters west of the mouth of the Sekiu River, the Pacific Ocean, Washington waters at the mouth of the Columbia River west of a line projected true north and south through Buoy 10, Grays Harbor, and Willapa Bay.
- (3) It shall be unlawful for any person while angling for food fish to fail to keep his angling gear under his direct and immediate physical control.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–115, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220–56–115, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220–56–115, filed 4/21/87; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220–56–115, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220–56–115, filed 4/11/84; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220–56–115, filed 6/9/82; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220–56–115, filed 3/18/82; 80-12-040 (Order 80-107), § 220–56–115, filed 8/29/80; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220–56–115, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-116 Salmon-Barbless hooks. (1) Barbless hooks are hooks on which the barb has been filed off, removed, pinched down, or deleted when manufactured.
- (2) It is unlawful to use barbed hooks while angling for salmon in all marine waters of Puget Sound, the Pacific Ocean, Grays Harbor, Willapa Bay, and waters at the mouth of the Columbia River westerly of a line drawn true north—south through Buoy 10.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–10–032 (Order 89–26), § 220–56–116, filed 4/27/89; 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), § 220–56–116, filed 4/26/88; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–116; filed 4/9/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–116, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–116, filed 6/9/82.]

WAC 220-56-117 Retention of tagged bottomfish and herring. Nothing in Title 220 WAC shall prohibit the retention and landing of any bottomfish or herring which bears a tag of a governmental agency at the time of capture.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-117, filed 3/18/82.]

- WAC 220-56-125 Unlawful provisions—Shilshole Bay. (1) It is unlawful to use artificial lures to fish for food fish in that portion of Shilshole Bay east of a line which is parallel to the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge and approximately 175 feet westerly of the bridge, and which runs through the wooden piling tower structure near the south shore (west of the Chittenden Locks).
- (2) It is unlawful to take, or fish for food fish, for personal use, from a boat in that portion of Shilshole Bay easterly of the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-125, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-125, filed 4/11/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-125, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-126 Unlawful provisions—Duwamish Waterway. During the period September 1 through October 15, in those waters of the Duwamish Waterway downstream from the First Avenue South Bridge to an east—west line through SW Hanford Street on Harbor Island and parallel to SW Spokane Street where it crosses Harbor Island:

- (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon using any gear other than that gear that meets the requirements of this subsection:
- (a) Nonbuoyant lures are defined as lures that do not have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater. Nonbuoyant lures other than natural bait lures must have no more than one single hook and that hook must not exceed 3/4 inch from point to shank. Nonbuoyant natural bait lures may have up to two single hooks not exceeding 3/4 inch from point to shank.
- (b) Buoyant lures are defined as lures that have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater and may have any number of hooks.
- (c) No leads, weights, or sinkers may be attached below or less than 12 inches above a lure.
- (d) All hooks must be attached within 3 inches of the bait or lure.
- (2) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish from one hour after official sunset to one hour before official sunrise.
 - (3) It is unlawful to use baitfish jigger gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–126, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–126, filed 3/16/89; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–126, filed 4/9/85.]

WAC 220-56-127 Unlawful provisions—Budd Inlet. During the period July 16 through October 31, in those waters of Budd Inlet south of a line projected true west

from the KGY Radio Station Tower to the western shore of the inlet and northerly of a line from the northwesterly corner of the Bayview Market Building to a point 100 yards north of the railroad bridge located on the western side of the inlet opposite the Bayview Market Building (excluding waters of the embayment west of the railroad bridge):

- (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess food fish using any gear other than that gear which meets the requirements of this subsection:
- (a) Nonbuoyant lures are defined as lures that do not have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater. Nonbuoyant lures, other than natural bait lures, must have no more than one single hook, and that hook must not exceed 3/4 inch from point to shank. Nonbuoyant natural bait lures may use either one or two single hooks, none of which may exceed 3/4 inch from point to shank.
- (b) Buoyant lures are defined as lures that have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater, and they may have any number of hooks.
- (c) No leads, weights, or sinkers may be attached below or less than 12 inches above a lure.
- (d) All hooks must be attached within 3 inches of the bait or lure.
- (2) It is unlawful to take, fish for, or possess food fish or shellfish from one hour after official sunset to one hour before official sunrise.
 - (3) It is unlawful to use baitfish jigger gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-127, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90.]

WAC 220-56-128 Food fish fishing—Closed areas. It is unlawful to fish for or possess food fish taken from the following areas during the times indicated.

- (1) It is unlawful at all times to fish for or possess food fish taken for personal use in waters lying within one mile below any fish rack, fishway, dam or other artificial or natural obstruction, either temporary or permanent, unless otherwise provided.
- (2) Waters of Budd Inlet at Olympia south of the Fourth Avenue Bridge are closed at all times, and all contiguous waters lying between the Fourth Avenue Bridge and a line from the northwesterly corner of the Bayview Market Building to a point 100 yards north of the railroad bridge located on the western side of the inlet opposite the Bayview Market Building are closed during the period July 16 through October 31.
- (3) The waters of Percival Cove are closed at all times.
- (4) Those waters of Hood Canal within a radius of one hundred feet from the confluence of Finch Creek with tidewater adjacent to the Hood Canal Salmon Hatchery are closed December 1 through October 31. Those waters within 50 feet of the confluence are closed from November 1 through November 30.
- (5) Waters within a radius of 100 yards from the Enetai Hatchery Outfall Creek where it enters saltwater are closed at all times.
- (6) Those waters of Sinclair Inlet inside a line fifty yards from the pierhead line of the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard at Bremerton are closed at all times.

- (7) Those waters of Hood Canal within 100 feet of the Seabeck Highway Bridge over Big Beef Creek are closed August 1 through November 30.
- (8) In Shilshole Bay waters east of the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge are closed to salmon angling. For food fish other than salmon, those waters easterly of the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge are closed June 1 through September 30. During the period October 1 through May 31 it is lawful to fish for food fish other than salmon up to the mouth of the Lake Washington Ship Canal.
- (9) Those waters of the Chinook River upstream from tide gate at the Highway 101 Bridge are closed at all times.
- (10) Those waters of the Columbia River between the Vernita Bridge and the Hanford power line crossing (wooden towers at S24, T13N, R27E) are closed October 23 through June 15.
- (11) Those waters of the Columbia River between the upstream line of Bonneville Dam to a point 600 feet below the fish ladder at the new Bonneville Dam Powerhouse are closed at all times.
- (12) Waters of the Lake Washington Ship Canal west of a north-south line 400 feet east of the eastern end of the north wing wall of Chittendon Locks to the mouth of the Lake Washington Ship Canal are closed to food fish angling at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, 220-56-128, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), 220-56-128, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), 220-56-128, filed 4/26/88; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), 220-56-128, filed 4/9/85; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), 220-56-128, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), 220-56-128, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–065.]

WAC 220-56-130 Edmonds underwater marine park. (1) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish and shellfish by any means from within the boundaries of the city of Edmonds underwater marine park located inside the following lines:

That portion of Edmonds tidelands fronting on Government Lot 2, Section 23, Township 27 North, Range 3 East, W.M., described as extending between the mean high tide and the Outer Harbor Line, and lying between the northeasterly line of Main Street and its westerly projection and a line parallel with and 250 feet northerly of (measured at right angles) the northeasterly line of Main Street.

(2) It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken by any means from within the boundaries of the underwater artificial reef surrounding the Edmonds public fishing pier as described in this subsection, except while fishing from the Edmonds public fishing pier.

Underwater artificial reef area: Those waters lying northerly and easterly of the north breakwater of the port of Edmonds marina inside of a line from a boundary marker on the north breakwater, northwesterly 275 feet to a marker buoy thence northeasterly 1350 feet to a marker buoy thence southeasterly to the northeastern end of the city of Edmonds public beach.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-130, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-131 Elliott Bay public fishing pier underwater artificial reef area. (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken by any means from within the boundaries of the underwater artificial reef surrounding the Elliott Bay public fishing pier as described in subsection (2) of this section, except while fishing from the Elliott Bay public fishing pier.

(2) Elliott Bay public fishing pier underwater artificial reef area includes those waters lying inside connecting lines projected from:

(a) The northwesterly white fishing boundary marker on the shore to the most westerly reef marker buoy;

- (b) The most westerly reef marker buoy to the most easterly reef marker buoy;
- (c) The most easterly reef marker buoy to the southeasterly white fishing boundary marker on the shore; and
- (d) Along the shoreline from the southeasterly white fishing boundary marker to the northwesterly white fishing boundary marker.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-131, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-131, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81.]

WAC 220-56-132 Les Davis public fishing pier underwater artificial reef area. (1) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken by any means from within the boundaries of the underwater artificial reef described in subsection (2) of this section except while fishing from the Les Davis public fishing pier.

(2) The Les Davis public fishing pier underwater artificial reef area includes those waters lying inside lines projected from the southeasterly white fishing boundary marker on the shore to the easterly reef marker buoy thence to the westerly reef marker buoy thence to the northwesterly white fishing boundary marker on shore.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-132, filed 4/11/84.]

WAC 220-56-133 Des Moines public fishing pier. It is unlawful to fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken within 100 yards of the Des Moines public fishing pier except while fishing from the Des Moines public fishing pier.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-133, filed 3/16/89.]

WAC 220-56-140 Wastage of food fish or shellfish. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess food fish or shellfish taken for personal use with the intent of wasting or destroying such food fish or shellfish.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-140, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-145 Possession of food fish or shell-fish in unlawful condition. (1) It is unlawful to possess in the field for any purpose any salmon in such a condition:

(a) That its size or species cannot be determined.

- (b) That its weight or sex cannot be determined if a weight or sex restriction is prescribed for said salmon.
- (2) It is unlawful to possess in the field for any purpose any food fish other than salmon in such a condition that its size, weight, or sex cannot be determined, if a size, weight, or sex restriction is prescribed for said food fish.
- (3) It is unlawful to possess in the field for any purpose any shellfish in such a condition that its size, weight, or sex cannot be determined, if a size, weight, or sex restriction is prescribed for said shellfish.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–145, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–145, filed 6/9/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–145, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-150 Unlawful to take another's limit. It is unlawful for any person to catch, dig or possess food fish or shellfish for another person except razor clams as provided in WAC 220-56-370.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-150, filed 4/9/86; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-150, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-155 Total possession limit. The lawful total cumulative number of salmon or amounts of other food fish and shellfish possessed when taken from more than one area shall not exceed the daily catch or possession limit for a single area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-155, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-156 Landing Canadian origin food fish and shellfish. It is unlawful to land in any Washington state port shellfish or food fish taken for personal use from Canadian waters unless the person landing the shellfish or food fish possesses a Canadian sport fishing license and catch record, if one is required, valid for the period when the shellfish or food fish were taken.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-08-001 (Order 90-22), § 220-56-156, filed 3/22/90, effective 4/22/90; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-156, filed 4/9/85.]

WAC 220-56-160 Spearfishing. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess food fish taken for personal use in saltwater, except salmon and sturgeon, if such food fish are taken with underwater spearfishing gear commonly used in the sport of "skin diving."

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-160, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-160, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-165 Bow and arrow fishing. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess food fish, except salmon, shad, or sturgeon, for personal use by bow and arrow fishing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-165, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 80-07-017 (Order 80-45), § 220-56-165, filed 6/11/80; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-165, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-175 Salmon, sturgeon, and halibut catch record cards. It is unlawful for any person to fail to comply with the catch record requirements as provided for in this section:
- (1) In order to take or possess for personal use anadromous salmon, Columbia River, Grays Harbor, or Willapa Harbor sturgeon (including sturgeon taken from any tributary) or halibut a fisherman must obtain and have in his possession the appropriate catch record card (also referred to as punch card in chapter 75.25 RCW) as described in WAC 220-69-237, 220-69-238, and 220-69-239 except for commercially caught salmon retained for personal use as provided for in WAC 220-20-016 and commercially caught sturgeon retained for personal use as provided for in WAC 220-021.
- (2) Any angler, when obtaining a catch record card shall completely, accurately, and legibly complete all personal identification information in ink on the catch record card prior to detaching the catch record card from the underlying copy of the catch record card.
- (3) Immediately upon catching and possessing a salmon, sturgeon or halibut, the angler shall enter in the appropriate space the place, date of catch, species (catch type), and, for sturgeon, length.
- (4) Every person possessing a catch record card shall by January 31 of the year following the year printed on the card return such card to the department of fisheries.
- (5) Any person possessing a catch record card shall, upon demand of any law enforcement officer or authorized fisheries department employee, exhibit said card to such officer or employee for inspection.
- (6) A catch record card shall not be transferred, borrowed, altered, or loaned to another person.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-175, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-56-175, filed 3/20/89; 88-05-002 (Order 88-03), § 220-56-175, filed 2/4/88; 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), § 220-56-175, filed 5/10/85; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-175, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-023.]

WAC 220-56-180 Bag limit codes. (1) Code A: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit in any one day is six salmon not less than 12 inches in length, not more than two of these six salmon may be any combination of the following:

Chinook over 24 inches in length

Coho over 20 inches in length

Pink, chum or sockeye over 10 inches in length.

- (2) Code C: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit in any one day is six chinook and coho salmon in the aggregate not less than 12 inches in length or more than the following:
- 24 inches in length for chinook; 20 inches in length for coho.
- (3) Code D: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit in any one day is six salmon not less than 12 inches in length not more than two of which may be sockeye salmon; all chinook salmon greater than 24 inches in length and all coho salmon greater than 20 inches in length must be released.
- (4) Code F: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit in any one day is two salmon provided that:

- (a) Chinook salmon must be not less than 24 inches in length, coho salmon must be not less than 16 inches, but there is no minimum size on other salmon.
- (b) During the period April 16 through June 15 in waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca between the mouth of the Sekiu River and a line from the most westerly point on Cape Flattery to the Tatoosh Island Light then to Bonilla Point on Vancouver Island, it is unlawful to take and retain chinook salmon greater than 30 inches in length.
- (5) Code G: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit is four salmon, not more than two of which may be chinook salmon and the minimum size for chinook salmon is 22 inches in length.
- (6) Code H: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit in any one day is three salmon provided that:
- (a) Chinook salmon must be not less than 22 inches in length, but there is no minimum size for other salmon.
- (b) During the period April 16 through June 15 in Catch Record Card Areas 5, 6, and 7, it is unlawful to retain or possess chinook salmon greater than 30 inches in length.
- (c) In contiguous marine waters of Puget Sound east of the mouth of the Sekiu River, no more than two of the three salmon daily bag limit may be chinook, except the daily bag limit in Catch Record Card Area 12 is three salmon of any species.
- (7) Code I: In waters having this code designation, the bag limit, size restrictions, and opening and closing dates are the same as those for gamefish as regulated under Title 77 RCW by the Washington wildlife commission. Salmon angling catch record card is not required, but a gamefish license is required to take, fish for or possess gamefish.
- (8) The possession limit in all waters regulated under Bag Limits A, C, D, F, G, H, and special bag limits shall not exceed the equivalent of two daily bag limits of fresh salmon, and additional salmon may be possessed in frozen or processed form. The possession limit in waters regulated under Bag Limit I is the same as the possession limit for gamefish as regulated under Title 77 RCW by the Washington wildlife commission.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–180, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–180, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–180, filed 4/26/88; 87–08–006 (Order 87–19), § 220–56–180, filed 3/23/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–180, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–180, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–180, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–180, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–180, filed 3/17/83; 82–03–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–180, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–180, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-185 Marine area codes. The term "marine area code numbers" is defined as the catch area for the salmon catch record card. The following is a list of the catch areas:
- (1) Area 1 (Ilwaco): West of the Megler-Astoria Bridge north to Leadbetter Point. Effective January 1, 1989, Area 1 includes only waters west of the Buoy 10 Line and north to Leadbetter Point.

- (2)(a) Area 2 (Westport-Ocean Shores): From Leadbetter Point north to the Queets River. Effective January 1, 1989, Area 2 excludes waters of Willapa Bay and Grays Harbor.
- (b) Effective January 1, 1989, Area 2-1: Willapa Bay.
- (c) Effective January 1, 1989, Area 2–2: Grays Harbor east of a north-south line through Grays Harbor Channel Marker 13.
- (3) Area 3 (La Push): From the Queets River north to Cape Alava.
- (4) Area 4 (Neah Bay): From Cape Alava north and inside Juan de Fuca Strait to the Sekiu River.
- (5) Area 5 (Sekiu and Pillar Point): From mouth of Sekiu River east to Low Point, mouth of the Lyre River.
- (6) Area 6 (East Juan de Fuca Strait): From Low Point east to the Partridge Point-Point Wilson line north to the line from Trial Island (near Victoria, B.C.) Navigation Buoy BW "R" Smith Island the most northeasterly of the Lawson Reef lighted buoys (RB1 QK Fl Bell) Northwest Island the Initiative 77 marker on Fidalgo Island.
- (7) Area 7 (San Juan Islands): All marine waters north of the line described under Area 6 to the United States—Canadian boundary.
- (8)(a) Area 8 (Deception Pass, Hope and Camano Islands): Line projected from West Point on Whidbey Island to Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island east through Deception Pass, including all waters east of Whidbey Island to the Possession Point Shipwreck Line.
- (b) Area 8-1 (Deception Pass and Hope Island): East of a line projected from West Point on Whidbey Island to Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island, south of the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge at the north end of Swinomish Slough, north of the Highway 532 Bridge between Camano Island and the mainland, and westerly of a line from the East Point Light on Whidbey Island to the Saratoga Pass Light #2 on Camano Island (Fl red 4 sec.).
- (c) Area 8-2 (Port Susan and Port Gardner): East of a line from the East Point Light on Whidbey Island to the Saratoga Pass Light #2 on Camano Island (Fl red 4 sec.) and north of a line from the south tip of Possession Point 110 degrees true to a shipwreck on the opposite shore.
- (9) Area 9 (Admiralty Inlet): All waters inside and south of the Partridge Point-Point Wilson Line and a line projected from the southerly tip of Possession Point 110 degrees true to a shipwreck on the opposite shore and northerly of the Hood Canal Bridge and the Apple Cove Point-Edwards Point Line.
- (10) Area 10 (Seattle-Bremerton): From the Apple Cove Point-Edwards Point Line to a line projected true east-west through the northern tip of Vashon Island.
- (11) Area 11 (Tacoma-Vashon Island): From the northern tip of Vashon Island to the Tacoma Narrows Bridge.
- (12) Area 12 (Hood Canal): All contiguous waters south of the Hood Canal Bridge and adjacent waters north of the Hood Canal Bridge when fishing from the pontoon beneath the bridge.

(13) Area 13 (South Puget Sound): All contiguous waters south of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-185, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-56-185, filed 4/26/88; 85-18-026 (Order 85-111), § 220-56-185, filed 5/27/85; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-185, filed 4/9/85; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-185, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-190 Saltwater seasons and bag limits—Salmon. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken by angling for personal use except from the following areas, during the seasons, in the quantities, sizes and for the species designated in this section and as defined in the bag limit codes in WAC 220-56-180:

- (1) Puget Sound:
- (a) Catch Record Card Areas 5, 6, 7, 8-1, 8-2, 9, and 12 Bag Limit H open the entire year.
- (b) Catch Record Card Areas 10, 11, and 13 Bag Limit G open the entire year.
- (c) In the above waters there are specified closures as provided for in WAC 220-56-128, 220-56-130, and 220-56-195.
- (2) Strait of Juan de Fuca from the mouth of the Sekiu River to the Bonilla-Tatoosh Line Bag Limit F except during the period April 16 through June 15 maximum size limit of 30 inches on chinook salmon if the waters described in this subsection are open open concurrently with the ocean, and these waters will remain open through October 31 or until the ocean salmon quota for any species is taken.
- (3) Pacific Ocean coastal waters: All waters west of a line from Tatoosh Island Light to Bonilla Point, Pacific Ocean, and Washington waters at the mouth of the Columbia River west of a line projected true north and south through Buoy 10 Bag Limit F when opened by emergency regulation.
- (4) Grays Harbor (waters east of a line from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost exposed end of the south jetty including the waters of the Westport Boat Basin) (a) Open to salmon angling coincidentally with the season, bag limit, size, and gear restrictions in adjacent waters of the Pacific Ocean. Lawful to fish from the bank only of the north and south jetties 7 days per week when the recreational season is in progress in adjacent ocean waters, (b) Bag Limit A—August 16 through January 31: Waters of the Westport Boat Basin only.
- (5) Willapa Harbor (waters east of a line from Leadbetter Point to Cape Shoalwater Light and downstream from river mouths as defined in WAC 220-56-105) (a) Open to salmon angling coincidentally with the season, bag limit, size, and gear restrictions in adjacent waters of the Pacific Ocean, (b) Bag Limit A August 16 through January 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-190, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-190, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-56-190, filed 4/21/87; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-190, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-190, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-190, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-56-190, filed 3/17/83; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-56-

190, filed 6/9/82; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-190, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-190, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-064.]

WAC 220-56-195 Closed areas—Saltwater salmon angling. The following areas shall be closed to salmon angling during the times indicated:

- (1) Skagit Bay: Those waters lying easterly of a line projected from West Point on Whidbey Island to Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island, northerly of a line projected from Polnell Point to Rocky Point, northerly of the state Highway 532 Bridge between Camano Island and the mainland and south of a line between the south end of McGlinn Island and the light at the south end of Fidalgo Island (Qk Fl) at the south end of Swinomish Slough shall be closed to salmon angling April 16 through June 15.
- (2) Bellingham Bay: Those waters of Bellingham, Samish and Padilla Bays southerly of a line projected from the most westerly point of Gooseberry Point to Sandy Point, easterly of a line from Sandy Point to Point Migley thence along the eastern shoreline of Lummi Island to Carter Point, thence to the most northerly tip of Vendovi Island thence to Clark Point on Guemes Island following the shoreline to Southeast Point on Guemes Island thence to March Point on Fidalgo Island and north of the Burlington Railroad Bridges at the north end of Swinomish Slough shall be closed to salmon angling April 16 through July 15.
 - (3) Carr Inlet:
- (a) Those waters north of a line from Green Point to Penrose Point are closed to salmon angling from April 16 through July 31.
- (b) Those waters of Carr Inlet within 1,000 feet of the outer oyster stakes at the mouth of Minter Creek are closed to salmon angling April 16 through September 30.
- (c) Those waters of Carr Inlet and Hale Passage north of a line from Penrose Point to the Carr Inlet Acoustic Range Naval Facility Pier and northwesterly of the Fox Island Bridge shall be closed to salmon angling from April 16 through June 15.
- (4) Dabob Bay: Those waters north of a line projected true east from Pulali Point are closed to salmon angling April 16 through August 15.
- (5) Dungeness Bay: Those waters westerly of a line projected 155 degrees true from Dungeness Spit Light to Kulakala Point are closed to salmon angling April 16 through June 30.
- (6) Samish Bay: Those waters southerly of a line projected true east from Fish Point are closed to salmon angling August 1 through October 15.
- (7) Port Susan: Those waters of Port Susan north of a line from Camano Head to Hermosa Point are closed to salmon angling April 16 through August 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–195, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–195, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–195, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–195, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–195, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–195, filed 4/9/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–195, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–

56-195, filed 6/9/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-195, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-196 Closed areas—Pink salmon angling. It is unlawful to take or possess pink salmon taken for personal use from the following marine waters: None.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-196, filed 3/16/89; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-196, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-56-196, filed 3/17/83.]

WAC 220-56-197 Closed areas—Coho salmon angling. Coho only closures—None.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-197, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-197, filed 4/9/85.]

WAC 220-56-199 Closed areas—Chinook salmon angling. It is unlawful to take or possess chinook salmon from those waters of Port Susan lying northerly of a line projected from Camano Head to Hermosa Point during the period April 15 through June 15.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–199, filed 4/26/88; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–199, filed 4/9/85.]

WAC 220-56-200 Salmon angling unlawful from commercial vessels. It shall be unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon for personal use by angling from any vessel engaged in any type of commercial fishing or having commercially caught food fish aboard.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-200, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-205 Hook regulations—Freshwater salmon angling. It is unlawful to fish for or to possess salmon taken for personal use from freshwater unless the hooks used meet the requirements of this section:
- (1) Nonbuoyant lures are defined as lures that do not have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater. Nonbuoyant lures other than natural bait lures must have no more than one single hook and that hook must not exceed 3/4 inch from point to shank. Nonbuoyant natural bait lures may have up to two single hooks not exceeding 3/4 inch from point to shank.
- (2) Buoyant lures are defined as lures that have enough buoyancy to float in freshwater and may have any number of hooks.
- (3) No leads, weights or sinkers may be attached below or less than 12 inches above a lure.
- (4) All hooks must be attached within three inches of the bait or lure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–205, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–205, filed 4/26/88; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–205, filed 4/9/86; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–205, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–56–205, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–205, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-210 Fly fishing-Salmon. It is unlawful for any person to fish for or take salmon in or

from waters restricted to fly fishing only by use of any metal, plastic, or wooden lure, plug, spinner, or spinner fly, or to use tackle where a weight of any kind is attached externally to either the line or the leader. Fixed spool reels and/or monofilament lines may not be used in fishing those waters restricted to fly fishing only. Under this regulation, monofilament line may be used for backing and leader, provided this backing is attached to not less than twenty—five feet of conventional fly line at the terminal end and the leader is not less than four feet nor more than fifteen feet in length, nor more than twelve pounds in breaking strength. Any type of angling whereby the fly is cast directly from the reel shall be prohibited.

Lawful fly sizes shall not exceed 1/2 inch when measured from the outside of the shank of the hook directly across the gap of the hook to the point.

Thread, feathers, hackle, and yarn are to be used as decorations on the hook, and a minimum of half the shank of the hook is to be covered by this decoration. Metallic colored tape, tinsel, mylar or beadeyes may be used as an integral design of the fly pattern, but not as an additional weight to the fly itself.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-210, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-215 Unlawful possession of snagged salmon. It shall be unlawful to possess salmon taken for personal use from freshwater areas that were not hooked inside the mouth or on the head.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-215, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-220 Salmon eggs--Unlawful acts. It shall be unlawful to remove eggs from any salmon for the purpose of using or preserving them for bait without retaining the carcass of the fish from which they were removed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-220, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-225 Salmon angling hours—Freshwater. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon for personal use in all freshwater areas of the state from one hour after official sunset to one hour before official sunrise.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-225, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-225, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-230 Bottomfish—Closed areas. It is unlawful to fish for or possess bottomfish taken for personal use from the San Juan Islands Marine Preserve Area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-230, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90.]

WAC 220-56-235 Possession limits—Bottomfish. It is unlawful, unless otherwise provided, for any one person to take in any one day more than the following quantities of bottomfish for personal use. The possession

limit at any one time shall not exceed the equivalent of two daily bag limits of fresh bottomfish. Additional bottomfish may be possessed in a frozen or processed form.

- (1) Coastal (Punch Card Areas 1 through 4):
- (a) Lingcod:
- (i) 3 fish in Punch Card Areas 1 through 3 and Area 4 west of a line projected from the most westerly point on Cape Flattery to the Tatoosh Island light, thence to Bonilla Point:
- (ii) 2 fish in Punch Card Area 4 east of a line projected from the most westerly point on Cape Flattery to the Tatoosh Island light, thence to Bonilla Point.
 - (b) Rockfish 15 fish.
 - (c) All other species no limit.
 - (2) Puget Sound:
- (a) East of the mouth of the Sekiu River and west and north of a line from Point Partridge to Point Wilson and west of a line between west point on Whidbey Island and Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island. (Punch Card Areas 5 through 7) 15 fish in the aggregate of all species of bottomfish, no more than 2 of which may be lingcod and no more than 10 of which may be rockfish or surfperch. It is unlawful to possess lingcod less than 22 inches in length taken by angling. The daily bag limit taken by spear fishing may include no more than one lingcod in the 15 fish aggregate, with no size restriction.
- (b) All contiguous marine waters east and south of a line from Point Partridge to Point Wilson and east of a line projected from West Point on Whidbey Island to Reservation Head on Fidalgo Island (Punch Card Areas 8-1 through 13) 15 fish in the aggregate of all species of bottomfish, no more than 1 of which may be lingcod, no more than 5 of which may be rockfish or walleye pollock, and no more than 10 of which may be surfperch or Pacific cod. It is unlawful to possess lingcod less than 22 inches in length taken by angling. There is no size restriction on the one lingcod allowed in the daily bag limit if taken by spear fishing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-235, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-235, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-56-235, filed 4/26/88; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-235, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-235, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-56-235, filed 3/17/83; 80-07-017 (Order 80-45), § 220-56-235, filed 6/11/80; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-235, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-240 Bag limits—Other food fish. It is unlawful for any one person to take in any one day more than the following quantities and sizes of food fish taken for personal use:

- (1) Sturgeon: 2 fish not less than 36 inches nor more than 72 inches in length state—wide, except:
- (a) 1 fish not less than 48 inches nor more than 66 inches in length in the Columbia River and tributaries upstream from a line perpendicular to the river flow where the river ceases to be the Oregon/Washington boundary approximately 17.3 miles above McNary Dam to the United States/Canada border and those waters of the Snake River and tributaries from its mouth upstream to the powerline crossing below Highway 12 Bridge at Clarkston.

- (b) 2 fish not less than 40 inches nor more than 72 inches in length in Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay and all rivers and streams draining into each.
- (c) 2 fish not less than 40 inches nor more than 72 inches in length in the Columbia River and tributaries downstream from a line perpendicular to the river flow where the river becomes the Oregon/Washington boundary approximately 17.3 miles above McNary Dam.
- (d) The possession limit is two daily bag limits of fresh sturgeon. Additional sturgeon may be possessed in a frozen or processed form.
- (e) There is an annual personal use bag limit of 15 sturgeon.
- (f) Effective January 1, 1991, the personal use daily bag limit and size limits for sturgeon are as follows:

Sturgeon: Except as provided for in subsection (1)(a) of this section, the state—wide daily limit for sturgeon is two fish in total, with the following size restrictions:

- (i) Minimum size is 40 inches in length;
- (ii) Maximum size is 72 inches in length;
- (iii) Not more than one of the two fish may be less than 48 inches in length; and
- (iv) Not more than one of the two fish may equal or exceed 48 inches in length.
- (2) Smelt: 20 pounds. The daily bag limit and the possession limit are the same. It is unlawful for any person to possess more than 20 pounds of smelt at any time.
- (3) Herring: 20 pounds fresh. Additional herring may be possessed in a frozen or processed form.
- (4) All other food fish not otherwise provided for in this chapter: No limit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–240, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220–56–240, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-012 (Order 88-14), § 220–56–240, filed 4/26/88; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220–56–240, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220–56–240, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220–56–240, filed 4/11/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220–56–240, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-245 Halibut—Bag and possession limits. (1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess more than:

- (a) 1 halibut taken from Catch Record Card Areas 1 or 2 in any one day.
- (b) 2 halibut taken from those waters of Catch Record Card Areas 3 through 13 in any one day.
- (2) The possession limit shall not exceed one daily bag limit of fresh halibut.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-245, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-012 (Order 88-14), § 220-56-245, filed 4/26/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-245, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-250 Lingcod-Areas and seasons. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess lingcod for personal use except during the seasons and within the areas herein provided:
- (1) Coastal area (a) Salmon Punch Card Areas 1 through 3 open the entire year, (b) Salmon Punch Card Area 4 April 16 through November 30.
- (2) Salmon Punch Card Areas 5, 6, and 7 April 16 through November 30.

(3) Salmon Punch Card Areas 8 through 13 – April 16 through May 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–10–032 (Order 89–26), § 220–56–250, filed 4/27/89; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–250, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–250, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–250, filed 3/18/82; 80–07–017 (Order 80–45), § 220–56–250, filed 6/11/80; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–250, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-255 Halibut-Season. It is unlawful to fish for or possess halibut taken for personal use except from:
- (1) Catch Record Card Areas 1 and 2: April 1 through September 30 open seven days per week.
- (2) Catch Record Card Area 3 and those waters of Catch Record Card Area 4 west of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line: May 6 through June 27 Tuesday through Saturday; June 30 through July 29 Friday and Saturday; September 1 through September 10 open seven days per week.
- (3) Catch Record Card Area 4 east of the Bonilla—Tatoosh line and Catch Record Card Areas 5 through 13: April 8 through June 15 open seven days per week; June 16 through August 11 Fridays only.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–255, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–255, filed 4/26/88; 85–10–062 (Order 85–39), § 220–56–255, filed 5/1/85; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–255, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–071.]

WAC 220-56-265 Baitfish-Lawful gear. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess herring, candle-fish, pilchards, anchovies and smelt taken for personal use with rake, hand dip net gear not exceeding 36 inches across the bag frame and baitfish jigger gear having not more than three treble or nine single hooks. Baitfish jigger gear hooks may not have a gap between the shank and the point exceeding 3/8 inch. Baitfish jigger gear as defined herein is considered as one lure.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), 220-56-265, filed 4/26/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), 220-56-265, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-270 Smelt—Areas and seasons. Smelt fishing is permitted the entire year on Pacific Ocean beaches and in all rivers. Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca are open the entire year except they are closed weekly from 8:00 a.m. Wednesday to 8:00 a.m. Friday for all types of gear except jigger gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-270, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-070.]

WAC 220-56-275 Smelt—Unlawful acts. It shall be unlawful for any person taking smelt for personal use to fail to retain the first 20 pounds of smelt caught.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-275, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-070.]

WAC 220-56-280 Carp-Lawful gear. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess in any quantity carp

taken for personal use by angling or spearing or with bow and arrow.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-280, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-282 Sturgeon—Lawful gear. (1) It is unlawful to fish for sturgeon with other than natural bait, and it is unlawful to use other than single barbless hooks.
- (2) It is unlawful to fish for sturgeon using barbed hooks in Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay and all rivers and streams draining into each, and in those waters of the Columbia River and tributaries upstream from a line perpendicular to the river flow where the river ceases to be the Oregon/Washington boundary approximately 17.3 miles above McNary Dam.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–282, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–282, filed 3/16/89.]

- WAC 220-56-285 Shad and sturgeon-Areas and seasons. It is lawful the entire year to fish for or possess sturgeon and shad taken for personal use except in the following closed waters:
- (1) Waters lying one mile downstream below any rack, dam or other obstruction concurrent with salmon angling boundaries provided for in chapter 220–57 WAC, except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) Waters lying 400 feet downstream below any dam, rack or obstruction in the Snake River.
- (3) Columbia River waters between the upstream line of Bonneville Dam and the lowermost Bonneville power-line crossing, approximately 1–1/4 mile downstream from the dam, are closed to the fishing for or possession of sturgeon, except when fishing with hand—casted hook and line gear from the mainland shore in those waters lying downstream of a line running southerly from a fishing boundary marker on the Washington shore (approximately 3/4 mile downstream from the dam) to the downstream end of Cascade Island thence to the Oregon angling boundary marker on Bradford Island (located approximately 600 feet downstream from the fish ladder entrance).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), § 220–56–285, filed 4/26/88; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–285, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–56–285, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–56–285, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–285, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–072.]

WAC 220-56-290 Sturgeon angling hours. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess sturgeon for personal use in all freshwater areas, except the Chehalis River, from one hour after official sunset to one hour before official sunrise.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-290, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-290, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-295 Sturgeon—Unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful to possess in the field or transport for personal use any sturgeon from which either the head or tail or both have been removed or to possess sturgeon eggs without having retained the carcass of the fish from which the eggs have been removed.
- (2) It is unlawful to use a gaff or other fish landing aid that penetrates the fish while restraining, handling or landing any sturgeon.
- (3) It is unlawful to fail to immediately return to the water any sturgeon that is not of legal size.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), \$ 220–56–295, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), \$ 220–56–295, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), \$ 220–56–295, filed 4/9/86; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), \$ 220–56–295, filed 4/11/84; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \$ 220–56–295, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \$ 220–56–295, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–072.]

WAC 220-56-305 Sturgeon—Snake River. It is unlawful to fish for and possess sturgeon taken for personal use from those waters of the Snake River within 400 feet down stream below any dam, rack or obstruction, and in waters of the Snake River and tributaries upstream from the powerline crossing below the U.S. 12 Bridge at Clarkston, it is unlawful for anglers to retain any sturgeon and those hooked must be immediately released and returned to the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-305, filed 4/9/86; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-305, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-073.]

WAC 220-56-307 Shellfish—Closed areas. It is unlawful to fish for or possess shellfish taken for personal use from the San Juan Islands Marine Preserve Area, except that it is lawful to take crab for personal use from Parks Bay, using personal use crab gear.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-307, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90.]

- WAC 220-56-310 Shellfish-Daily bag limits. It is unlawful for any one person to take in any one day for personal use more than the following quantities and sizes of shellfish:
- (1) Cockles, borers and clams in the shell, other than razor clams, geoduck clams and horse clams, 40 clams in the aggregate, or 10 pounds, whichever is achieved first except:
- (a) In Skagit Bay, east of a line projected from Browns Point to Swinomish Slough entrance diggers may additionally retain up to 20 pounds of eastern softshell clams in the shell.
- (b) Willapa Bay diggers may additionally retain up to twenty-four cockles.
 - (2) Razor clams: 15 clams.
 - (3) Geoduck clams: 3 clams.
 - (4) Horse clams: First 7 clams taken.
 - (5) Oysters: 18 oysters.
 - (6) Rock scallops: 12 scallops.
 - (7) Sea scallops: 12 scallops (over 4 inches).
- (8) Common or pink scallops: 10 pounds or 5 quarts in the shell.

- (9) Shrimp: 10 pounds, whole in the shell.
- (10) Octopus: 2 octopus.
- (11) Abalone (Kamschatka): 5 abalone, minimum size limit 3-1/2 inches measured in horizontal line across the longest portion of the shell.
 - (12) Crawfish: 10 pounds in the shell.
 - (13) Squid: 10 pounds or 5 quarts.
 - (14) Sea cucumbers: 25 sea cucumbers.
 - (15) Red sea urchins: 18 sea urchins.
 - (16) Purple sea urchins: 18 sea urchins.
 - (17) Green sea urchins: 36 sea urchins.
 - (18) Dungeness crabs: 6 male crabs.
 - (19) Red rock crabs: 12 crabs.
- (20) Blue mussels and sea mussels: 10 pounds in the shell.
- (21) Goose barnacles: 10 pounds of whole barnacles or 5 pounds of barnacle stalks.
 - (22) Ghost and mud shrimp: 10 dozen.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–310, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–310, filed 3/16/89; 88–12–025 (Order 88–28), § 220–56–310, filed 5/25/88, effective 8/22/88; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–310, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–310, filed 4/21/87; 86–24–046 (Order 86–190), § 220–56–310, filed 11/26/86; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–310, filed 4/9/86; 85–12–046 (Order 85–57), § 220–56–310, filed 6/5/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–310, filed 4/11/84; 83–04–027 (Order 83–06), § 220–56–310, filed 1/27/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–310, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–310, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-312 Shellfish—Possession limits. It is unlawful for any one person to possess at any time more than one daily bag limit of fresh shellfish. Additional shellfish may be possessed in a frozen or processed form.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-312, filed 4/9/86.]

- WAC 220-56-315 Crabs, shrimp, crawfish—Unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful to take and possess crabs, shrimp, and crawfish taken for personal use except by hand or with hand dip nets, ring nets, shellfish pots, and any hand—operated instrument that will not penetrate the shell.
- (2) It is unlawful to use more than two units of gear at any one time except that in Puget Sound waters it is unlawful to use at any one time more than two units of gear for the purpose of taking crabs and two additional units of gear for the purpose of taking shrimp. One unit of gear is equivalent to one ring net or one shellfish pot.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person to operate a shellfish pot not attached to a buoy bearing that person's name, except that a second person may assist the pot owner in operation of the gear.
- (4) It is unlawful to salvage or attempt to salvage shellfish pot gear from Hood Canal that has been lost without first obtaining a permit authorizing such activity issued by the director, and it is unlawful to fail to comply with all provisions of such permit.
- (5) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot or ring net gear from the waters of Fidalgo Bay within 25 yards of the Burlington Northern Railroad trestle connecting March Point and

Anacortes except from one hour before official sunrise to one hour after official sunset.

- (6) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot or ring net gear from the waters of Padilla Bay or Swinomish Slough within 25 yards of the Burlington Northern Railroad crossing the northern end of Swinomish Slough except from one hour before official sunrise to one hour after official sunset.
- (7) It is unlawful to dig for or possess ghost or mud shrimp taken for personal use by any method except hand operated suction devices or dug by hand.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-315, filed 3/16/89; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-315, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-315, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-320 Shellfish gear--Unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful for the owner or operator of any personal use shellfish gear to leave such gear unattended in the waters of the state unless said gear is marked with a buoy to which shall be affixed in a permanent visible and legible manner the first and last name and permanent mailing address of the operator, and in the case of Hood Canal shrimp gear, the name and address must appear exactly as it occurs on the recreational license form. It is unlawful for more than one person's name and address to appear on the same marker buoy. Unattended shellfish gear left in the waters of Puget Sound must have the line attaching the buoy to the pot weighted sufficiently to prevent the line from floating on the water's surface. The following additional requirements apply to buoys attached to unattended shellfish pots in Puget Sound waters:

- (a) All buoys must consist of durable material and remain floating on the water's surface when at least 5 pounds of weight are attached. It is unlawful to use bleach, antifreeze or detergent bottles, paint cans or any other container.
- (b) All buoys attached to shrimp gear must be yellow or fluorescent yellow in color. Flags and staff, if attached, may be any color.
- (c) All buoys attached to crab gear must be half fluorescent red in color and half white in color. Flags and staff, if attached, may be any color.
- (d) The number of pots attached to each buoy must be marked on the buoy in a manner that is visible and legible at all times.
- (2) The maximum perimeter of any shrimp pot shall not exceed 10 feet, and the pot shall not exceed 1-1/2 feet in height.
- (3) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess crab taken with shellfish pot gear that are equipped with tunnel triggers or other devices which prevent free exit of crabs under the legal limit unless such gear is equipped with not less than one escape ring not less than 4-1/8 inches inside diameter located in the upper half of the crab pot.
- (4) It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess shrimp taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear in the waters of Hood Canal southerly of the site of the Hood

Canal Floating Bridge unless such gear meets the following requirements:

- (a) The entire top, bottom, and sides of the shellfish pots must be constructed of mesh material and except for the entrance tunnels have the minimum mesh opening size defined below.
- (b) The minimum mesh opening size for Hood Canal shrimp pots is defined as a mesh that a 7/8-inch square peg will pass through each mesh without changing the shape of the mesh opening.
- (c) All entrance tunnels must open into the pot from the side.
- (d) The sum of the maximum widths of all entrance tunnels must not exceed 1/2 the perimeter of the bottom of the pot.
- (5) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab or shrimp taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear unless the gear allows for escapement using at least one of the following methods:
- (a) Attachment of pot lid hooks or tiedown straps with a single strand or loop of untreated, 100 percent cotton twine no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.
- (b) An opening in the pot mesh no less than three inches by five inches which is laced or sewn closed with untreated, 100 percent cotton twine no larger than thread size 120. The opening must be located within the top half of the pot and be unimpeded by the entry tunnels, bait boxes, or any other structures or materials.
- (c) Attachment of pot lid or one pot side serving as a pot lid with no more than three single loops of untreated 100 percent cotton or other natural fiber twine no larger than thread size 120 so that the pot lid or side will open freely if the twine or fiber is broken.
- (6) Shellfish pots must be set in a manner that they are covered by water at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–56–320, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–320, filed 3/16/89; 88–12–025 (Order 88–28), § 220–56–320, filed 5/25/88, effective 8/22/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–320, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–56–320, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–320, filed 4/11/84; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–320, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–56–320, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–320, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–088.]

WAC 220-56-325 Shrimp—Areas and seasons. (1) The following areas shall be defined as personal use shrimp fishing Districts 1 through 6:

- (a) Shrimp District 1 All waters south of a line from McCurdy Point on the Quimper Peninsula to the northern tip of Protection Island, to Rocky Point on the Miller Peninsula, and including all waters of Discovery Bay;
- (b) Shrimp District 2 All waters of Griffin Bay south of a line projected east—west through Turn Rock Light from San Juan Island to Lopez Island, and north of a line projected east from Cattle Point on San Juan Island to Lopez Island;
- (c) Shrimp District 3 All waters of Port Angeles Harbor west of a line from the eastern tip of Ediz Hook to the ITT-Rayonier dock;

- (d) Shrimp District 4 All waters of Sequim Bay south of a line projected west from Travis Spit on the Miller Peninsula;
- (e) Shrimp District 5 All waters of Hood Canal south of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge;
- (f) Shrimp District 6 All waters of Carr Inlet north of a line from Penrose Point to Green Point.
- (2) It shall be unlawful to fish for or possess shrimp taken for personal use from the following areas, except as provided in this subsection:
 - (a) District 1 May 16 through September 15;
 - (b) District 2 May 16 through September 15;
 - (c) District 3 May 16 through September 15;
 - (d) District 4 Closed to all shrimp fishing;
- (e) District 5 9:00 a.m. on the third Saturday in May until closed by emergency regulation;
 - (f) District 6 Closed to all shrimp fishing;
 - (g) All other areas April 16 through October 15.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–56–325, filed 3/16/89; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–325, filed 4/9/86; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–56–325, filed 4/11/84; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–325, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–084.]

- WAC 220-56-330 Crab--Areas and seasons. (1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess crab taken for personal use with shellfish pot gear or to have in the water, set or fish any shellfish pot gear except during the open shellfish pot gear season. The open shellfish pot gear season for crab in Puget Sound waters may open by emergency regulation prior to July 16, but if not previously opened by emergency regulation will open July 16 through April 15. The open shellfish pot gear season in waters of the Pacific Ocean, Grays Harbor, Willapa Harbor, and waters of the Columbia River is December 1 through September 15.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, it is lawful to fish for and possess male Dungeness crabs taken for personal use the entire year in state waters.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, it is lawful to fish for and possess red rock crabs of either sex taken for personal use the entire year in state waters.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-330, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-330, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-330, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-330, filed 4/11/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-330, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-082.]

- WAC 220-56-335 Crab--Unlawful acts. (1) It is unlawful for any person to take or possess for personal use any female Dungeness crabs.
- (2) It is unlawful to take or possess any male Dungeness crabs which measure less than 6 1/4 inches taken for personal use except for those waters of Hood Canal south of the Hood Canal Floating Bridge, when the minimum size is 6 inches.
- (3) All measurement shall be made horizontally across the back (caliper measurement) immediately in front of the points.

(4) It is unlawful to possess in the field any crab or parts thereof without retaining the back shell.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–56–335, filed 4/26/88; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–56–335, filed 4/9/86; 85–07–023 (Order 85–18), § 220–56–335, filed 3/13/85; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–335, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-340 General provisions—Clams, cockles, mussels—Gear. (1)(a) It is lawful to take, dig for and possess clams (excluding razor clams), cockles, and mussels taken for personal use by hand or with hand—operated forks, picks, mattocks and shovels.
- (b) It is lawful to take, dig for and possess razor clams taken for personal use by hand, shovels or with cylindrical cans, tubes or hinged digging devices. The opening of tubes or cans must be either circular or elliptical with the circular can/tube having a minimum outside diameter of 4 inches and the elliptical can/tube having a minimum dimension of 4 inches long and 3 inches wide outside diameter. The hinged digging device when opened in a cylindrical position, must have a minimum outside diameter of 4 inches at the bottom.
- (2) Any newly-designed or modified digging device intended for the recreational use of razor clams must receive the specific approval of the director of fisheries.
- (3) Each digger, including holders of razor clam disability permits, must have his or her daily bag limit in a separate container.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), \$ 220–56–340, filed 4/9/86; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), \$ 220–56–340, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \$ 220–56–340, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \$ 220–56–340, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220–56–082.]

- WAC 220-56-350 Hardshell clams, cockles, mussels—Areas and seasons. (1) It is lawful to take, dig for and possess clams, cockles, borers and mussels taken for personal use on Puget Sound the entire year except that it is unlawful to take, dig for or possess such shellfish taken for personal use:
- (a) West of the tip of Dungeness Spit from April 1 through October 31.
- (b) Garrison Bay: All state—owned and federally—owned tidelands of Guss Island and those tidelands south of a boundary marker located approximately 1,010 yards southerly of Bell Point are closed to clam digging the entire year. Those tidelands north of the above—described boundary marker are open to harvest the entire year.
- (c) Saltwater State Park—All state—owned tidelands at Saltwater State Park shall be closed to the personal use harvest of all species of clams from June 16 through December 31.
- (d) Twanoh State Park—All state—owned tidelands at Twanoh State Park shall be closed to the personal use harvest of all species of clams from July 1 through December 31.
- (e) Kayak Point County Park—All county—owned tidelands at Kayak Point County Park are closed except county tidelands north of the county fishing pier are open January 1 to June 15 of even—numbered years and

county tidelands south of the pier are open January 1 to June 15 of odd-numbered years.

- (f) The following areas are closed to clam digging through April 15, 1991:
 - (i) All state-owned tidelands at Bywater Bay.
 - (ii) All state—owned tidelands at Point Whitney.
 - (iii) All state-owned tidelands at Eagle Creek.
- (g) All state—owned tidelands at Camano Island State Park are closed to clam digging Sunday through Friday of each week.
- (h) Penrose Point State Park—All state—owned tidelands at Penrose Point State Park are closed August 1, 1990, through August 31, 1990.
- (i) Puget Sound state oyster reserves are closed to clam digging the entire year except the following areas are open for personal use clam harvest:
- (i) Oakland Bay—The state—owned oyster reserve tidelands on the channel of the northwest shore of the Bayshore Peninsula between department markers.
- (ii) Case Inlet—The state—owned oyster reserve tidelands on the east side of North Bay at the north end of the inlet.
- (2) It is lawful to take, dig for and possess clams, cockles, borers, and mussels, not including razor clams, taken for personal use in Grays Harbor and Willapa Harbor the entire year, except from state oyster reserves, which are closed to clam digging the entire year.
- (3) It is lawful to take, dig for and possess clams, cockles, borers, and mussels, not including razor clams taken for personal use from the Pacific Ocean beaches from November 1 through March 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-350, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-350, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-56-350, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-56-350, filed 4/21/87; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-350, filed 4/9/86; 85-12-046 (Order 85-57), § 220-56-350, filed 6/5/85; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-56-350, filed 3/17/83; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-350, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-350, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-082.]

WAC 220-56-355 Clams--Unlawful acts. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person digging hardshell clams for personal use to fail to fill in holes created during the digging operation. Beach terrain must be returned to approximately its original condition by clam diggers before leaving the scene.

- (2) It shall be unlawful to maim, injure or attempt to capture a geoduck by thrusting any instrument through its siphon or to possess only the siphon or neck portion of a geoduck.
- (3) It is unlawful to possess Manila, native, or butter clams taken for personal use which measure less than 1–1/2 inches across the longest dimension of the shell.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-355, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-56-355, filed 4/26/88; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-355, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-082.]

WAC 220-56-360 Razor clams—Areas and seasons. (1) It is unlawful to take, dig for or possess razor clams taken for personal use from any beaches in Razor

Clam Areas 1, 2, and 3 except as provided for by emergency regulation adopted by the director.

(2) It is unlawful to dig for razor clams at any time in the Long Beach or Copalis Beach Razor Clam Sanctuaries as defined in WAC 220-56-372.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–360, filed 4/21/87; 85–19–067 (Order 85–134), § 220–56–360, filed 9/17/85; 85–12–007 (Order 85–51), § 220–56–360, filed 5/23/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–360, filed 3/17/83; 83–04–026 (Order 83–05), § 220–56–360, filed 1/27/83; 83–01–025 (Order 82–220), § 220–56–360, filed 12/8/82; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–360, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–56–360, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-365 Razor clams—Unlawful acts. It is unlawful to return any razor clams to the beach or water regardless of size or condition, and all razor clams taken for personal use must be retained by the digger as a part of his daily bag limit.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-365, filed 4/9/86; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-365, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-365, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-370 Razor clams—Disability permits. It shall be lawful to dig the personal use daily bag limit of razor clams for another person if that person has in possession a physical disability permit signed by the director and is physically present with the digger on the site where such digging occurs and both the disabled person and the digger are licensed to dig razor clams for personal use under chapter 75.25 RCW. Such permit may be obtained by providing to the director written certification from a licensed physician that said person is physically unable to dig razor clams.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-370, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-372 Razor clam sanctuaries. The following areas are hereby set aside for experimental purposes by the department of fisheries razor clam enhancement project. As need arises in the future, specific sections of these areas will be closed to public use.
- (1) Long Beach from a line extending westward from the middle of the Oysterville approach north for one quarter mile (1,320 feet).
- (2) Twin Harbors Beach from a line extending westward from the middle of the county line approach south for one quarter mile (1,320 feet).
- (3) Copalis Beach from a point beginning twotenths of a mile south of the Copalis Beach approach (Heath Street) and extending south for one quarter mile (1,320 feet).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–56–372, filed 4/21/87; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–56–372, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–56–372, filed 3/18/82; 80–13–064 (Order 80–123), § 220–56–372, filed 9/17/80.]

WAC 220-56-375 Oysters and scallops—Gear. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess oysters and scallops taken for personal use by hand or with any hand-operated instrument.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-375, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-380 Oysters—Areas and seasons. (1) It is unlawful to take oysters for any purpose from state oyster reserves without written permission of the director of fisheries.

- (2) It is unlawful to take or possess oysters for personal use from public tidelands from July 16 through September 15. In addition, it is unlawful to take or possess oysters taken from the following areas except during the periods indicated:
- (a) Hood Canal south of a line from Misery Point to Quatsap Point October 1 through June 30.
- (b) Seal Rock Forest Service campground May 16 through July 15.
- (c) The following areas are closed through April 15, 1991:
- (i) Bywater Bay State Tidelands—All state-owned tidelands.
 - (ii) Point Whitney—All state-owned tidelands.
- (d) Kitsap Memorial State Park May 16 through June 15.
- (e) Scenic Beach State Park April 16 through May 15.
- (f) Department of fisheries tidelands at Hoodsport Salmon Hatchery closed year round.
 - (g) Eagle Creek April 1 through April 30.
 - (h) Brown Point April 1 through May 15.
- (i) Twanoh State Park January 1 through June 30. Open to harvest Thursday through Sunday of each week.
- (3) It is unlawful to pick or take oysters for personal use from waters measuring more than two feet in depth at the time of removal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-380, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-56-380, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-012 and 88-10-013 (Orders 88-14 and 88-15), § 220-56-380, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-56-380, filed 4/21/87; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-380, filed 4/9/86; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-56-380, filed 4/11/84; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-56-380, filed 6/9/82; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-56-380, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-56-380, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-380, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-086.]

- WAC 220-56-382 Oysters and clams on private tidelands—Personal use. (1) WAC 220-56-340 through 220-56-355, and 220-56-375 through 220-56-385 shall not apply to private tideland owners or lessees of state tidelands taking or possessing oysters, clams, cockles, borers and mussels for personal use from their own tidelands or leased state tidelands.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for private tideland owners or lessees of state tidelands to transport or possess unfrozen or unprocessed oysters, clams, cockles, borers, or mussels away from their owned or leased tidelands or adjoining owned or leased uplands in excess of the daily bag limit.
 - (3) This section shall not apply to razor clams.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-382, filed 4/9/86; 80-13-064 (Order 80-123), § 220-56-382, filed 9/17/80.]

WAC 220-56-385 Oysters—Unlawful acts. Oysters taken for personal use from the waters or beaches of the state of Washington must be shucked before removing oysters from the intertidal zone and the shells replaced on the tidelands at the approximate tide level from which originally taken and it shall be unlawful for any person to fail to do so.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-385, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-390 Squid, octopus. It is unlawful to take, fish for or possess squid taken for personal use with more than one line. A maximum of four squid lures may be used. If gear utilizes conventional hooks, it shall not exceed a total of nine points. Herring rakes and hand dip net gear may be used to take squid. Octopus may be taken by hand or by any instrument which will not penetrate or mutilate the body.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), \$ 220–56–390, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), \$ 220–56–390, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \$ 220–56–390, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

- WAC 220-56-400 Abalone. (1) It is unlawful to remove undersized abalone from the water, and any undersized abalone must be replaced immediately with the shell outward to the site from which is [it] was removed.
- (2) The first five legal size abalone taken must be retained, and it is unlawful to detach abalones once the daily bag limit has been taken.
- (3) It is unlawful to possess in the field any abalone taken for personal use which has the shell removed.
- (4) Abalone harvest is limited to use of hands or abalone irons. Abalone irons must be less than 24 inches in length, straight, wider than 3/4 inch and thicker than 1/16 inch. All edges must be rounded. Use of curved irons, knives, or other sharp instruments is prohibited.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-026, § 220-56-400, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-56-400, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-56-400, filed 4/9/85; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-400, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-56-405 Sea urchins. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess sea urchins for personal use with any hand-operated instrument which does not penetrate the shell.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-405, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-090.]

WAC 220-56-410 Sea cucumbers. It shall be lawful to take, fish for and possess sea cucumbers for personal use with any hand-operated instrument which does not penetrate the animal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-56-410, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Formerly WAC 220-56-090.]

	Chapter 220-57 WAC	220-57-435	Skykomish River.
•		220-57-440	Smith Creek (Pacific County).
FRESH WATER ANGLINGOPEN AREAS AND		220-57-445	Snake River.
	SEASONS	220-57-450 220-57-455	Snohomish River. Snoqualmie River.
		220-57-460	Soleduck River.
WAC		220-57-465	Stillaguamish River.
220-57-001	Freshwater seasons and bag limits.	220-57-470	Tahuya River.
220-57-120	Bear River.	220-57-473	Tilton River.
220–57–125 220–57–130	Big Beef Creek. Bogachiel River.	220-57-475	Tolt River.
220-57-135	Calawah River.	220-57-480 220-57-485	Toutle River. Tucannon River.
220-57-137	Carbon River.	220-57-490	Union River.
220-57-138	Chambers Creek.	220–57–495	Washougal River.
220-57-140	Chehalis River.	220-57-497	Wenatchee River.
220-57-145	Cispus River.	220-57-500	West Twin River.
220–57–150 220–57–155	Clallam River. Clearwater River (Jefferson County).	220-57-502	Whatcom Creek.
220-57-160	Columbia River.	220-57-505 220-57-510	White Salmon River. Willapa River.
220-57-165	Copalis River.	220-57-515	Wind River.
220-57-170	Coweeman River.	220-57-520	Wishkah River.
220-57-175	Cowlitz River.	220-57-525	Wynoochee River.
220-57-180	Curley Creek (Kitsap County).		
220-57-181 220-57-185	Dakota Creek. Deep Creek (Clallam County).	DISPOSITIO	ON OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS
220-57-183	Deschutes River.		CHAPTER
220-57-195	Dewatto Creek.		
220-57-200	Dickey River.	220-57-002	Personal use fishery—Armstrong, Lake (Snohomish
220-57-205	Dosewallips River.		County). [Order 1193, § 220–57–002, filed 3/4/75; Order 1186, § 220–57–002, filed 1/13/75; Order
220-57-210	Duckabush River.		1101, § 220–57–002, filed 11/14/73, effective
220–57–215 220–57–220	Dungeness River. Duwamish River.		1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–002, filed 12/22/72;
220-57-225	East Twin River.		Order 910, § 220-57-002, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed
220-57-230	Elk River.		by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.
220-57-235	Elochoman River.	220 57 002	Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-010.
220-57-240	Elwha River.	220–57–003	Personal use fishery—Big Beef Creek. [Order 910, § 220-57-003, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220-57-245	Grande Ronde River.		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
220-57-250	Grays River (Coudity County)		tion, see WAC 220-57-125.
220–57–255 220–57–260	Green River (Cowlitz County). Green River (King County).	220-57-004	Personal use fishery—Bogachiel River. [Order 910, §
220-57-265	Hamma Hamma River.		220-57-004, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220-57-270	Hoh River.		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
220-57-275	Hoko River.	220-57-005	tion, see WAC 220-57-130. Personal use fishery—Bosworth, Lake. [Order 1101, §
220-57-280	Hoquiam River.	220-37-003	220–57–005, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order
220-57-285 220-57-290	Humptulips River. Icicle River.		910, § 220–57–005, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by
220-57-295	Joe Creek (Grays Harbor County).		Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later
220-57-300	Johns River.		promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-020.
220-57-305	Kalaloch Creek.	220–57–006	Personal use fishery—Calawah River. [Order 910, §
220-57-310	Kalama River.		220-57-006, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220-57-315	Klickitat River.		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-135.
220-57-319 220-57-325	Lewis River. Lyre River.	220-57-007	Personal use fishery—Capitol Lake. [Order 910, §
220-57-326	McAllister Creek.		220-57-007, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220-57-327	McLane Creek.		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
220-57-330	Morse Creek (Clallam County).		tion, see WAC 220-57A-030.
220-57-335	Naselle River.	220-57-008	Personal use fishery—Chehalis River. [Order 1221, §
220-57-340	Nemah River.		220-57-008, filed 7/1/75; Order 910, § 220-57-008, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed
220-57-342 220-57-345	Niawiakum River. Nisqually River.		3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see
220-57-350	Nooksack River.		WAC 220-57-140.
220-57-355	North River.	220-57-009	Personal use fishery—Clallam River. [Order 910, §
220-57-365	Palix River.		220-57-009, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220-57-370	Puyallup River.		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
220-57-375	Pysht River.	220-57-010	tion, see WAC 220-57-150. Personal use fishery—Clearwater River (Jefferson
220–57–380 220–57–385	Quilcene (Big Quilcene) River. Quillayute River.	220-37-010	County). [Order 910, § 220–57–010, filed 12/28/70.]
220-57-390	Quinault River.		Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective
220-57-395	Salmon Creek (Clark County).		5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-155.
220-57-400	Salmon River (Jefferson County).	220-57-011	Personal use fishery—Columbia River. [Order 1186,
220-57-405	Samish River.	•	§ 220–57–011, filed 1/13/75; Order 1116, § 220–57–
220-57-410	Sammamish River (Slough).		011, filed 4/30/74; Order 1101, § 220–57–011, filed
220–57–415 220–57–420	Satsop River. Sekiu River.		11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57– 011, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–011, filed
220-57-425	Skagit River.		12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76,
220-57-427	Skamokawa Creek.		effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-
220-57-430	Skokomish River.		57–160.

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220–57–012	Personal use fishery—Copalis River. [Order 1101, §		76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-210.
	220-57-012, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 978, § 220-57-012, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, §	220-57-027	Personal use fishery—Dungeness River. [Order 1101,
	220-57-012, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-	220 37 021	§ 220–57–027, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Or-
	14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-		der 1039, § 220-57-027, filed 12/22/72; Order 910,
	tion, see WAC 220-57-165.		§ 220-57-027, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order
220-57-013	Personal use fishery—Coweeman River. [Order 1039,		76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later pro-
	§ 220–57–013, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–		mulgation, see WAC 220-57-215.
	013, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed	220-57-028	Personal use fishery—Duwamish River. [Order 1039,
	3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see		§ 220–57–028, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–
220-57-014	WAC 220-57-170. Personal use fishery—Cowlitz River. [Order 1186, §		028, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see
220-37-014 .	220-57-014, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-		WAC 220-57-220.
	014, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, §	220-57-029	Personal use fishery—East Twin River. [Order 910, §
	220-57-014, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220-57-		220-57-029, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
	014, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-57-014, filed		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
	12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76,		tion, see WAC 220–57–225.
	effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-	220–57–030	Personal use fishery—Elk River. [Order 910, § 220—
220-57-015	57-175. Personal use fishery—Curley Creek (Kitsap County).		57-030, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation,
220-37-013	[Order 910, § 220–57–015, filed 12/28/70.] Re-		see WAC 220–57–230.
	pealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective	220-57-031	Personal use fishery—Elokomin River. [Order 1101, §
	5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-180.		220-57-031, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order
220-57-016	Personal use fishery—Cushman, Lake (Mason		1039, § 220-57-031, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, §
	County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-016, filed 1/13/75;		220-57-031, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
	Order 1101, § 220–57–016, filed 11/14/73, effective		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
	1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–016, filed 12/22/72;	220 57 022	tion, see WAC 220–57–235.
	Order 910, § 220–57–016, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.	220-57-032	Personal use fishery—Elwha River. [Order 1101, § 220-57-032, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order
	Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-040.		1039, § 220–57–032, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, §
220-57-017	Personal use fishery—Davisson Lake (Lewis County).		220-57-032, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
	[Order 910, § 220-57-017, filed 12/28/70.] Re-		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
	pealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective		tion, see WAC 220-57-240.
	5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-045.	220–57–033	Personal use fishery—Flowing Lake (Snohomish County). [Order 1101, § 220-57-033, filed
220~57-018	Personal use fishery—Deep Creek (Clallam County).		11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–
220 37 010	[Order 910, § 220–57–018, filed 12/28/70.] Re-		033, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–033, filed
	pealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective		12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76,
	5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-185.		effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-
220-57-019	Personal use fishery—Deep Lake (Grant County).		57A-075.
	[Order 1101, § 220–57–019, filed 11/14/73, effective	220-57-034	Personal use fishery—Goodwin, Lake (Snohomish
	1/1/74; Order 910, § 220–57–019, filed 12/28/70.]		County). [Order 1186, § 220–57–034, filed 1/13/75;
	Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–		Order 1101, § 220–57–034, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–034, filed 12/22/72;
	050.		Order 910, § 220–57–034, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed
220-57-020	Personal use fishery—Deep Lake (King County).		by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.
	[Order 1101, § 220-57-020, filed 11/14/73, effective		Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-080.
	1/1/74; Order 910, § 220–57–020, filed 12/28/70.]	220-57-035	Personal use fishery—Grande Ronde River. [Order
	Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–		910, § 220–57–035, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by
	055.		Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–245.
220-57-021	Personal use fishery—Deschutes River. [Order 910, §	220-57-036	Personal use fishery—Grays River. [Order 1101, §
	220-57-021, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-		220-57-036, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order
	14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-		1039, § 220-57-036, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, §
	tion, see WAC 220-57-190.		220-57-036, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-
220–57–022	Personal use fishery—Dewatto Creek. [Order 910, §		14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
	220-57-022, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-	220-57-037	tion, see WAC 220-57-250. Personal use fishery—Green River (Cowlitz County).
	tion, see WAC 220–57–195.	220-37-037	[Order 1186, § 220–57–037, filed 1/13/75; Order
220-57-023	Personal use fishery—Dickey River. [Order 910, §		1101, § 220-57-037, filed 11/14/73, effective
	220-57-023, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-		1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-037, filed 12/22/72;
	14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-		Order 978, § 220–57–037, filed 12/10/71; Order 910,
220 57 024	tion, see WAC 220-57-200.		§ 220–57–037, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order
220–57–024	Personal use fishery—Dosewallips River. [Order 910, \$ 220-57-024, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order		76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-255.
	76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later pro-	220-57-038	Personal use fishery—Green River (King County).
	mulgation, see WAC 220-57-205.		[Order 1186, § 220–57–038, filed 1/13/75; Order
220-57-025	Personal use fishery—Drano Lake. [Order 1101, §		1101, § 220-57-038, filed 11/14/73, effective
	220-57-025, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order		1/1/74; Order 910, § 220–57–038, filed 12/28/70.]
	1039, § 220–57–025, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, §		Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective
	220-57-025, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-	220-57-039	5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-260. Personal use fishery—Hamma Hamma River. [Order
	tion, see WAC 220–57A–060.	220-31-037	910, § 220–57–039, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by
220-57-026	Personal use fishery—Duckabush River. [Order 910,		Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later
	§ 220-57-026, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order		promulgation, see WAC 220-57-265.

220-57-040	Personal use fishery—Hoh River. [Order 910, § 220–57–040, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–270.	220–57–054	Personal use fishery—Mayfield, Lake (Lewis County). [Order 910, § 220-57-054, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-
220–57–041	Personal use fishery—Hoko River. [Order 910, § 220-57-041, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation and WAC 220 57 275	220-57-055	110. Personal use fishery—Meridian, Lake (King County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-055, filed 1/13/75; Order
220-57-042	tion, see WAC 220-57-275. Personal use fishery—Hoquiam River. [Order 1101, § 220-57-042, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-042, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-280.	220–57–056	1101, § 220-57-055, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-055, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-055, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-115. Personal use fishery—Morse Creek (Clallam
220-57-043	Personal use fishery—Humptulips River. [Order 1039, § 220–57–043, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–043, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–285.	220 07 000	County). [Order 1101, § 220-57-056, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-056, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-056, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-
220-57-044	Personal use fishery—Icicle River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-044, filed 1/13/75; Order 910, § 220-57-044, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-290.	220–57–057	57–330. Personal use fishery—Naselle River. [Order 1101, § 220–57–057, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–057, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–057, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Letter propulses
220–57–045	Personal use fishery—Joe Creek (Grays Harbor County). [Order 1101, § 220–57–045, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220–57–045, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–295.	220–57–058	14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-335. Personal use fishery—Nemah River. [Order 1101, § 220-57-058, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-058, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220-57-058, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-57-058, filed 910, § 220-57-058, §
220–57–046	Personal use fishery—Johns River. [Order 910, § 220-57-046, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-300.	220–57–059	058, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-340. Personal use fishery—Nisqually River. [Order 1101,
220–57–047	Personal use fishery—Kalaloch Creek. [Order 910, § 220–57–047, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–305.		§ 220-57-059, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-059, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-059, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-345.
220–57–048	Personal use fishery—Kalama River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–048, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–57–048, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–048, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220–57–048, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220–57–048, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76,	220–57–060	Personal use fishery—Nooksack River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-060, filed 1/13/75; Order 910, § 220-57-060, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-350.
220–57–049	effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–310. Personal use fishery—Klickitat River. [Order 1039, §	220–57–061	Personal use fishery—North River. [Order 910, § 220–57–061, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–355.
	220-57-049, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, \$ 220-57-049, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-315.	220–57–062	Personal use fishery—Ozette Lake. [Order 910, § 220–57–062, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–125.
22057050	Personal use fishery—Lewis River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–050, filed 1/13/75; Order 1039, § 220–57–050, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–050, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–	220–57–063 220–57–064	Personal use fishery—Ozette River. [Order 910, § 220-57-063, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-360. Personal use fishery—Palix River. [Order 910, § 220-
220–57–051	57-319 and 220-57-320. Personal use fishery—Lower Goose Lake (Grant County). [Order 1101, § 220-57-051, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-	220–57–065	57-064, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-365. Personal use fishery—Park Lake (Grant County).
220 57 052	051, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–100.		[Order 1101, § 220-57-065, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-065, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective
220–57–052	Personal use fishery—Lyre River. [Order 910, § 220–57–052, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–325.	220–57–066	5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-130. Personal use fishery—Puyallup River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-066, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-
220–57–053	Personal use fishery—Martha Lake (Snohomish County, Alderwood Manor). [Order 1193, § 220-57-053, filed 3/4/75; Order 1186, § 220-57-053, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-053, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-053, filed		066, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-066, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-066, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-370.
	12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-053, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-105.	220–57–067	Personal use fishery—Pysht River. [Order 910, § 220–57–067, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–375.

220-57-068	Personal use fishery—Queets River. [Order 910, § 220-57-068, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-		3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-435.
220–57–069	14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Personal use fishery—Quilcene River. [Order 1039, § 220-57-069, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-069, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see	220–57–084	Personal use fishery—Smith Creek (Pacific County). [Order 1101, § 220-57-084, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-084, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-440.
220–57–070	WAC 220-57-380. Personal use fishery—Quillayute River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-070, filed 1/13/75; Order 910, § 220-57-070, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed	220-57-085	Personal use fishery—Snake River. [Order 910, § 220-57-085, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-445.
220-57-071	3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-385. Personal use fishery—Quinault River. [Order 910, §	220-57-086	Personal use fishery—Snohomish River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–086, filed 1/13/75; Order 910, § 220–57–086, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed
	220-57-071, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-390.	220–57–087	3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-450. Personal use fishery—Snoqualmie River. [Order 910,
220-57-072	Personal use fishery—Roesiger, Lake. [Order 1186, § 220-57-072, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-072, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-072, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-		§ 220-57-087, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-455.
	072, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-135.	220–57–088	Personal use fishery—Soleduck River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–088, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–57–088, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–088, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–
220–57–073	Personal use fishery—Salmon Creek (Clark County). [Order 910, § 220–57–073, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–395.	220–57–089	088, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-460.
220–57–074	Personal use fishery—Salmon River. [Order 910, § 220-57-074, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-400.	220-37-089	Personal use fishery—Stillaguamish River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–089, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–57–089, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–089, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–089, filed 910, § 220–57–089,
220–57–075	Personal use fishery—Samish River. [Order 1039, § 220-57-075, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-075, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see	220–57–090	220-57-089, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-465. Personal use fishery—Storm Lake (Snohomish
220–57–076	WAC 220-57-405. Personal use fishery—Sammamish, Lake. [Order 910, § 220-57-076, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-145.		County). [Order 1101, § 220-57-090, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-090, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-090, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-
220–57–077	Personal use fishery—Sammamish River. [Order 910, § 220-57-077, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-410.	220–57–091	57A-170. Personal use fishery—Tahuya River. [Order 910, § 220-57-091, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-470.
22057078	Personal use fishery—Satsop River. [Order 978, § 220-57-078, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-57-078, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-415.	220–57–092	Personal use fishery—Tolt River. [Order 910, § 220–57–092, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–475.
220–57–079	Personal use fishery—Sekiu River. [Order 910, § 220-57-079, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-420.	220–57–093	Personal use fishery—Toutle River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–093, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220–57–093, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220–57–093, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220–57–
220–57–080	Personal use fishery—Serene, Lake. [Order 1193, § 220-57-080, filed 3/4/75; Order 1186, § 220-57-080, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-080, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-	220 77 204	093, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220–57–093, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–480.
	080, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–150.	220–57–094	Personal use fishery—Tucannon River. [Order 910, § 220–57–094, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-
220–57–081	Personal use fishery—Skagit River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-081, filed 1/13/75; Order 1039, § 220-57-081, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220-57-081, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-57-081, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76,	220–57–095	tion, see WAC 220-57-485. Personal use fishery—Union River. [Order 910, § 220-57-095, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-490.
220–57–082	effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–425. Personal use fishery—Skokomish River. [Order 1101, § 220–57–082, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220–57–082, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by	220–57–096	Personal use fishery—Washington, Lake. [Order 1039, § 220-57-096, filed 12/22/72; Order 978, § 220-57-096, filed 12/10/71; Order 910, § 220-57-096, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see
220-57-083	Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57–430. Personal use fishery—Skykomish River. [Order 1039, § 220–57–083, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–083, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed	220–57–097	WAC 220-57A-175. Personal use fishery—Washington Ship Canal, Lake (Including Lake Union). [Order 1039, § 220-57-097, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-097, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76,
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220–57–098	effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A-180. Personal use fishery—Washougal River. [Order 1186, § 220–57–098, filed 1/13/75; Order 1039, § 220–57–098, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220–57–098, filed	220-57-112	Personal use fishery—Duck Lake (Grays Harbor County). [Order 1186, § 220–57–112, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–065.
220-57-099	12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-495. Personal use fishery—West Twin River. [Order 910, § 220-57-099, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order	220–57–113	Personal use fishery—Green Lake (King County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-113, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-085.
	76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-500.	220-57-114	Personal use fishery—Hewitt Lake (Thurston County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-114, filed 1/13/75.]
220–57–100	Personal use fishery—White Salmon River. [Order 910, § 220-57-100, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-505.	220–57–115	Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–090. Personal use fishery—East Medical Lake (Spokane
220–57–101	Personal use fishery—Lake Wilderness (King County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-101, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-101, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-101, filed 12/22/72;		County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-115, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-070.
220-57-102	Order 910, § 220-57-101, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-185. Personal use fishery—Willapa River. [Order 1186, §	220–57–116	Personal use fishery—Roosevelt Lake (Ferry County). [Order 1186, § 220–57–116, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–
	220-57-102, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-102, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-102, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-102, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-510.	220–57–117	140. Personal use fishery—Shoecraft Lake (Snohomish County). [Order 1193, § 220-57-117, filed 3/4/75; Order 1186, § 220-57-117, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-155.
220-57-103	Personal use fishery—Wind River. [Order 1039, § 220-57-103, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-103, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-515.	220–57–118	Personal use fishery—Sprague Lake (Lincoln County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-118, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-160.
220-57-104	Personal use fishery—Wishkah River. [Order 1221, § 220-57-104, filed 7/1/75; Order 1186, § 220-57-104, filed 1/13/75; Order 1101, § 220-57-104, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 910, § 220-57-104, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see	220–57–119	Personal use fishery—Wynoochee Reservoir (Grays Harbor County). [Order 1186, § 220–57–119, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76–14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220–57A–190. Lewis River (North Fork). [Statutory Authority:
220–57–105	WAC 220-57-520. Personal use fishery—Wynoochee River. [Order 1101, § 220-57-105, filed 11/14/73, effective 1/1/74; Order 1039, § 220-57-105, filed 12/22/72; Order 910, § 220-57-105, filed 12/28/70.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-525.		RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57-320, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57-320, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-320, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-050(part).] Repealed by 83-10-023 (Order 83-34), filed 4/28/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–57–106	Personal use fishery—Bear River. [Order 1039, § 220-57-106, filed 12/22/72.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57-120.	220–57–360	Ozette River. [Order 76-14, § 220-57-360, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-063.] Repealed by 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), filed
220–57–107	Personal use fishery—American Lake (Pierce County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-107, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-005.		2/27/80, effective 4/1/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 0-57-001 Freshwater seasons and bag lim-
220-57-108	Personal use fishery—Banks Lake (Grant County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-108, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-	salmon take areas during	be unlawful to take, fish for or possess n for personal use, except from the following the seasons, in the quantities, sizes, and for designated as follows in chapters 220-57 and
220-57-109	015. Personal use fishery—Campbell Lake (Skagit		VAC and for the bag limits as defined in 56–180. All freshwater streams and lakes not

WAC 220–56–180. All freshwater streams and lakes not listed as open for salmon fishing are closed. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–001, filed 4/9/86; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–001, filed 3/18/82; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57–001, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57–001, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–001, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76;

WAC 220-57-120 Bear River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the lime

Order 910, § 220-57-001, filed 12/28/70.]

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220-57-110

220-57-111

County). [Order 1186, § 220-57-109, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-

Personal use fishery—Chelan, Lake (Chelan County).

[Order 1186, § 220-57-110, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-57A-

Personal use fishery—Cispus River. [Order 1186, § 220-57-111, filed 1/13/75.] Repealed by Order 76-

14, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Later promulga-

tion, see WAC 220-57-145.

quarry road to Highway 101 Bridge (a distance of approximately 2 stream miles).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), \$ 220–57–120, filed 3/16/89; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), \$ 220–57–120, filed 4/11/84; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), \$ 220–57–120, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), \$ 220–57–120, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, \$ 220–57–120, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, \$ 220–57–120, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–106.]

WAC 220-57-125 Big Beef Creek. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-125, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76-14, § 220-57-125, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-003.]

WAC 220-57-130 Bogachiel River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-130, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57-130, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-130, filed 4/21/87; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-130, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-130, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-130, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-130, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-130, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-130, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-130, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 80-

WAC 220-57-135 Calawah River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–135, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–135, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–135, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–048 (Order 85–33), § 220–57–135, filed 4/16/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–135, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–135, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–135, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–135, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–135, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–135, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–135, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–006.]

WAC 220-57-137 Carbon River. Bag Limit A - October 1 through November 30.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–137, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–137, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–137, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–137, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79.]

WAC 220-57-138 Chambers Creek. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 15: Downstream from a set of markers 400 feet below the Boise-Cascade Dam (immediately upstream from the Boise-Cascade West Tacoma Mill).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57-138, filed 4/9/86; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-138, filed 3/17/83; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-138, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-138, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81.]

WAC 220-57-140 Chehalis River. (1) Bag Limit A – May 1 through June 30: Downstream from the Porter Bridge.

(2) Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Fuller Bridge to the Union Pacific Railroad Bridge in Aberdeen.

(3) Bag Limit A – September 1 through September 30: Downstream from Porter Bridge to the Fuller Bridge. Coho salmon greater than 20 inches in length must be released immediately.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–140, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–140, filed 3/16/89; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–140, filed 4/9/86; 84–08–024 (Order 84–25), § 220–57–140, filed 3/28/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–140, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–140, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–140, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–140, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, § 220–57–140, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–140, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–008.]

WAC 220-57-145 Cispus River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), \$ 220-57-145, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76-14, \$ 220-57-145, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-111.]

WAC 220-57-150 Clallam River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-150, filed 3/16/89; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-150, filed 4/11/84; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-150, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-150, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76-14, § 220-57-150, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-009.]

WAC 220-57-155 Clearwater River (Jefferson County). Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the mouth of the Snahapish River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–155, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–155, filed 4/21/87; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–155, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–155, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–155, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–155, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–155, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–155, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–155, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–010.]

WAC 220-57-160 Columbia River. (1) Bag Limit D – June 1 through December 31: Downstream from Chief Joseph Dam to Rocky Reach Dam. The following are closed waters:

(a) Chief Joseph Dam – waters between the west end of the tailrace deck downstream 400 feet to boundary markers in Okanogan County.

(b) Wells Dam – waters between the upstream line of Wells Dam to boundary markers 400 feet below the spawning channel discharge on the Chelan County side and the fish ladder on the Douglas County side.

(2) Rocky Reach Dam to Priest Rapids Dam: Bag Limit D – June 1 through September 15; Bag Limit A September 16 through December 31. The following are closed waters: Rocky Reach, Rock Island and Wanapum

Dams – waters between the upstream lines of these dams and boundary markers 400 feet downstream of the fish ladders at Rocky Reach and Rock Island Dams and boundary markers at Wanapum Dam 750 feet below the east fish ladder and 500 feet below the west fish ladder.

- (3) Priest Rapids Dam to the Vernita Bridge: Bag Limit D June 1 through August 15; Bag Limit A August 16 through October 31; Bag Limit C November 1 through December 31. The following are closed waters:
- (a) Priest Rapids Dam waters between the upstream line of Priest Rapids Dam and boundary markers 650 feet below the fish ladders.
- (b) Jackson (Moran) Creek All waters of the Priest Rapids hatchery system including Columbia River waters out to midstream between markers located 100 feet upstream and 400 feet downstream of the mouth of the hatchery outlet.
- (4) Vernita Bridge to old Hanford townsite wooden power line towers; Bag Limit D June 16 through August 15; Bag Limit A August 16 through October 22.
- (5) Old Hanford townsite wooden power line towers to Highway 395 Bridge connecting Pasco and Kennewick: Bag Limit D June 1 through August 15; Bag Limit A August 16 through December 31. Additionally, Special Bag Limit: 2 salmon per day April 1 through July 31: Bank fishing only from the hatchery side of the Columbia River from the WDF marker located approximately 1/2 mile upstream of Spring Creek (Ringold Hatchery rearing pond outlet) downstream to a WDF boundary marker approximately 1/4 mile downstream of Ringold waterway outlet.
- (6) Highway 395 Bridge connecting Pasco and Kennewick to the Interstate 5 Bridge: Bag Limit A January 1 through March 15; Bag Limit C March 16 through March 31; Bag Limit D June 16 through July 31; Bag Limit A August 1 through December 31.

The following waters are closed to fishing for food fish at all times:

- (a) McNary Dam waters between the upstream line of McNary Dam and a line across the river from the red and white marker on the Oregon shore to the downstream end of the wingwall of the boat lock near the Washington shore.
- (b) John Day Dam waters between the upstream line of John Day Dam and markers approximately 3,000 feet downstream, except that fishing is permitted from the Washington shore to within 400 feet of the fishway entrance.
- (c) The Dalles Dam waters between the upstream line of the Dalles Dam and the upstream side of the Interstate 197 Bridge, except that fishing is permitted from the Washington shore to within 400 feet of the fishway entrance.
- (d) Spring Creek waters within 1/4 mile of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Hatchery grounds between posted boundary markers located 1/4 mile on either side of the fish ladder entrance.
- (e) Bonneville Dam waters between the upstream line of Bonneville Dam and a point 600 feet below the fish ladder at the new Bonneville Dam powerhouse.

- (7) Interstate 5 Bridge to the Megler-Astoria Bridge: Bag Limit A January 1 through March 31; Bag Limit D May 16 through July 31; Bag Limit A August 1 through December 31. During the month of September, it is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon taken for personal use in those waters of the Columbia River extending to midstream between a line projected perpendicular to the stream flow from Abernathy Point Light to a line projected perpendicular to the stream flow from a boundary marker east of the mouth of Abernathy Creek.
 - (8) Megler-Astoria Bridge to the Buoy 10 Line:
 - (a) Bag Limit A October 1 through March 31.
- (b) Bag Limit F August 1 through August 15 except waters westerly of the Light 26 Line are closed.
 - (c) Bag Limit F August 16 through Labor Day.
- (9) North Jetty (mouth of Columbia River): Open to angling from the bank only when state waters north of the conservation zone are open to salmon angling. During such periods fishing from the north jetty is open 7 days per week and the bag limit shall be the same as for the ocean waters when open. Also open to angling from the bank only concurrent with the Buoy 10 fishery. Bag limit and gear requirement will be identical with those in the Buoy 10 fishery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–160, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–15–022 (Order 89–56), § 220–57–160, filed 7/12/89; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–160, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–160, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–160, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–160, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–160, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–160, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–160, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–160, filed 6/9/82; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–160, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–160, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–160, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–160, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–160, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–160, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–011.]

WAC 220-57-165 Copalis River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Carlisle Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-165, filed 3/16/89; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-165, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77-3, § 220-57-165, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-165, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-012.]

WAC 220-57-170 Coweeman River. Bag Limit C – September 1 through December 31 – downstream from the mouth of Mulholland Creek.

[Order 76-14, § 220-57-170, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-013.]

WAC 220-57-175 Cowlitz River. (1) Special bag limit – April 1 through July 31: Downstream from fishing boundary markers approximately 400 feet below barrier dam structures at the Cowlitz Salmon Hatchery Barrier Dam. Bag limit is six salmon per day not less than 10 inches in length, only three of which may exceed 24 inches in length.

(2) That portion of the Cowlitz River downstream from the mouth of Mill Creek is open to salmon angling 24 hours per day during the period April 1 to July 31.

(3) Bag Limit A – August 1 through March 31: Downstream from fishing boundary markers approximately 400 feet below the barrier dam structures except, during the period October 1 through December 31, chinook salmon over 28 inches in length taken upstream of the mouth of Blue Creek must be released.

(4) Salmon angling from boats is prohibited the entire year in designated open waters between the barrier dam and a line from the mouth of Mill Creek to a boundary marker on the opposite shore.

(5) Bag Limit A – open the entire year: From the confluence of the Muddy Fork and Ohanapecosh rivers downstream to Riffe (Davisson) Lake.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–175, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–175, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–175, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–175, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–175, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–175, filed 6/9/82; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–175, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–175, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, § 220–57–175, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–175, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–014.]

WAC 220-57-180 Curley Creek (Kitsap County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-180, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-180, filed 6/9/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-180, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-015.]

WAC 220-57-181 Dakota Creek. Bag Limit A – October 1 through December 31: Downstream from the Giles Road Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-181, filed 3/16/89; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-181, filed 3/17/83.]

WAC 220-57-185 Deep Creek (Clallam County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-185, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-185, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-185, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76-14, § 220-57-185, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-018.]

WAC 220-57-190 Deschutes River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Upstream from Interstate 5 Bridge except closed from a point 400 feet below the lower fish ladder at Tumwater Falls upstream to the Old Highway 99 Bridge immediately upstream from Tumwater Falls.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–190, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–190, filed 6/9/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–190, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, § 220–57–190, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–190, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–021.]

WAC 220-57-195 Dewatto Creek. Bag Limit A - August 1 through November 30: Downstream from Dewatto Bay Road Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-195, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-195, filed 6/9/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-195, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-022.]

WAC 220-57-200 Dickey River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream of the mouth of east fork of the Dickey River to the National Park boundary.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 4/26/88; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 4/9/86; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 4/11/84; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76–14, $\,$ 220–57–200, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–023.]

WAC 220-57-205 Dosewallips River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–205, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–205, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–205, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–205, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–57–205, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–024.]

WAC 220-57-210 Duckabush River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-210, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-210, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-210, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-210, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76-14, § 220-57-210, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-026.]

WAC 220-57-215 Dungeness River. Bag Limit A except that up to six coho salmon may be retained in the daily bag limit. Chinook salmon and pink salmon must be released immediately – October 1 through December 31: Downstream from markers at Duncan Road, the former Taylor Bridge site, approximately one mile below the state salmon hatchery rack.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–215, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–215, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–215, filed 4/9/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–215, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–215, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–215, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–215, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–215, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–215, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–027.]

WAC 220-57-220 Duwamish River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the Highway 405 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–220, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–220, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–220, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–220, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–220, filed 4/9/86; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–220, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–220, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–220, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–220, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–

7), § 220–57–220, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–220, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–220, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–028.]

WAC 220-57-225 East Twin River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–225, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–225, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–225, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–225, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–029.]

WAC 220-57-230 Elk River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the confluence of the west and middle forks to the Highway 105 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-230, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57-230, filed 4/26/88; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-230, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-230, filed 3/17/83; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-230, filed 3/17/81, effective 3/17/81; Order 3/181; O

- WAC 220-57-235 Elochoman River. (1) Bag Limit A September 1 through September 30: Downstream from the mouth of the west fork.
- (2) Bag Limit A October 1 through December 31: Downstream from the mouth of the west fork to the Foster Road Bridge. All chinook salmon greater than 28 inches in length must be released immediately.
- (3) Bag Limit A October 1 through December 31: Downstream from the Foster Road Bridge.

The following waters are closed to salmon angling at all times:

- (a) From a point 100 feet above the upper hatchery rack to the Elokomin Salmon Hatchery Bridge located approximately 400 feet below the upper hatchery rack.
- (b) From the department of fisheries temporary rack downstream to Foster (Risk) Road Bridge while this rack is installed in the river.
- (c) Between points 50 feet above and 100 feet below the outlet pipes from the most downstream Elokomin Salmon Hatchery rearing pond and extending 30 feet out from the south bank of the river.
- (d) From the Beaver Creek Bridge to 200 feet below the weir at Beaver Creek Hatchery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-235, filed 4/21/87; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57-235, filed 4/9/86; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-235, filed 3/17/83; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-235, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-235, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-235, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76-14, § 220-57-235, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-031.]

WAC 220-57-240 Elwha River. (1) Bag Limit A except that up to six coho salmon may be retained in the daily bag limit. Chinook salmon and pink salmon must be released immediately – October 1 through December 31.

(2) It is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon from the waters of the Elwha River between markers located approximately 50 yards upstream and downstream from the tribal hatchery outfall or from the slough connecting the hatchery outfall to the mainstem of the river.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-240, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57-240, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-240, filed 4/21/87; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-240, filed 4/21/87; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-240, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-240, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77-3, § 220-57-240, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-240, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-032.]

WAC 220-57-245 Grande Ronde River. Closed the entire year.

[Order 77-3, § 220-57-245, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-245, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-035.]

WAC 220-57-250 Grays River. Bag Limit A – September 1 through December 31: Open from mouth to 7000-line bridge. During the period October 1 through December 31, chinook salmon greater than 28 inches in length must be released immediately in those waters upstream from the covered bridge. West Fork Grays River closed to salmon angling.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–250, filed 4/21/87; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–250, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76–14, § 220–57–250, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–036.]

WAC 220-57-255 Green River (Cowlitz County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–255, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–255, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–255, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57–255, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76–14, § 220–57–255, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–037.]

WAC 220-57-260 Green River (King County). Bag Limit A – July 1 through October 15: Downstream from the Auburn Eighth Street N.E. Bridge to the Highway 405 Bridge. Bay Limit A – October 16 through November 30: Downstream from the downstream side of the Highway 18 Bridge to the Highway 405 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–260, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–260, filed 3/16/89; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–260, filed 4/9/86; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–260, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–260, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–260, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–260, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 99–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–260, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–260, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–260, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–038.]

WAC 220-57-265 Hamma Hamma River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), \$ 220–57–265, filed 3/16/89; 82-13–040 (Order 82–61), \$ 220–57–265, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \$ 220–57–265, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), \$ 220–57–265, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, \$ 220–57–265, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–039.]

WAC 220-57-270 Hoh River. (1) Bag Limit C – May 16 through November 30: Downstream from the mouth of the south fork Hoh to Morgan's Crossing boat launch site.

(2) Bag Limit A – May 16 through November 30: Downstream from Morgan's Crossing boat launch site.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–270, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–270, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–270, filed 4/21/87; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–270, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–270, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–270, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–270, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–270, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/79; 76–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–270, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 73–3, § 220–57–270, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57–270, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–270, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–040.]

WAC 220-57-275 Hoko River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–275, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–275, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–275, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–275, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–041.]

WAC 220-57-280 Hoquiam River. Main Hoquiam River, west fork of Hoquiam River downstream from the bridge on the Dekay Road and east fork of Hoquiam River downstream from the abandoned flat car bridge below the mouth of Berryman Creek – Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-280, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-280, filed 4/21/87; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-280, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-280, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-280, filed 3/18/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-280, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-042.]

WAC 220-57-285 Humptulips River. (1) Bag Limit C – July 1 through January 31: Downstream of confluence of east and west forks to Highway 101 Bridge.

(2) Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), 220-57-285, filed 3/16/89; 85-09-048 (Order 85-33), 220-57-285, filed 4/16/85; 84-09-026 (Order 220-57-285, filed 4/11/84; 220-57-285, filed 220-57-285, file

WAC 220-57-290 Icicle River. Special Bag Limit: Two salmon per day – May 16 through June 30: Downstream from a point 400 feet below Leavenworth National Fish Hatchery to fishing boundary markers at the mouth of the Icicle River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–290, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–290, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–290, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–290, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–290, filed 4/9/86; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–290, filed 3/17/83; 80–03–064 (Order 80–

12), § 220-57-290, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-290, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57-290, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57-290, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-290, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-044.]

WAC 220-57-295 Joe Creek (Grays Harbor County). Bag Limit A – September 1 through November 30: Downstream from the County Highway 101 Bridge to the State Highway 109 Bridge, except that chinook salmon greater than 24 inches in length must be released immediately.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-09-048 (Order 85-33), § 220-57-295, filed 4/16/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-295, filed 4/11/84; Order 77-3, § 220-57-295, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-295, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-045.]

WAC 220-57-300 Johns River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from Old M&B Logging Camp Bridge at upper boundary of Johns River Habitat Management Area to Highway 105 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-300, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-300, filed 4/21/87; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-300, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-300, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-300, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-300, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-300, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77-3, § 220-57-300, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-300, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-046.]

WAC 220-57-305 Kalaloch Creek. Bag Limit C – July 1 through October 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-305, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76-14, § 220-57-305, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-047.]

WAC 220-57-310 Kalama River. (1) Bag Limit A except minimum size limit is 12 inches in length – last Saturday in May through December 31: From Summers Creek upstream to the 6420 Road (approximately one mile above the gate at the end of the county road) is open to the taking of salmon with lawful fly fishing tackle only. Legal flies are limited to single—hook artificial flies measuring not more than 1/2 inches between shank and point.

- (2) Bag Limit A except minimum size limit is 12 inches in length last Saturday in May through December 31: Downstream from the mouth of Summers Creek to the markers at the Kalama Falls (Upper) Salmon Hatchery.
- (3) Bag Limit A except minimum size limit is 12 inches in length open the entire year: Downstream from a point 1,000 feet below the fishway at the upper salmon hatchery, with the following special gear restrictions: During the period September 1 through October 31, that portion of the Kalama River from markers at the Lower Kalama Hatchery pumphouse (intake) downstream to the natural gas pipeline crossing at Mahaffey's Campground will be open for fly fishing only and lawful salmon angling gear in those waters upstream from the fly fishing area to a point 1,000 feet below the fishway

at the upper salmon hatchery and downstream from the fly fishing area to the Interstate 5 Bridge is limited to bait or lures with one single point hook only, measuring not more than 1/2 inch from point to shank.

October 1 through December 31: Chinook salmon over 28 inches caught in the area downstream from a point 1,000 feet below the fishway at the upper salmon hatchery to the natural gas pipeline must be released.

(4) During the time the department of fisheries temporary rack is installed just below the Modrow Bridge, that portion of the river from a point 200 feet above the temporary rack downstream to a set of markers 1,500 feet below the temporary rack is closed to salmon angling.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220-57-310, filed 4/21/87; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-310, filed 4/9/85; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-310, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-310, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-310, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-310, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57-310, filed 1/28/77, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57-310, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-310, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-048.]

- WAC 220-57-315 Klickitat River. (1) Bag Limit A April 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Fisher Hill Bridge approximately 1-1/2 miles above the mouth, except open to salmon angling only from 12:00 noon Thursdays to 12:00 noon Mondays from April 1 through May 31.
- (2) Bag Limit C May 30 through July 31 downstream from fishing boundary markers at the downstream end of the Klickitat River Salmon Hatchery grounds to a point 400 feet above the No. 5 Fishway.
- (3) Bag Limit A August 1 through January 31: Downstream from fishing boundary markers at the downstream end of the Klickitat River Salmon Hatchery grounds to a point 400 feet above the No. 5 Fishway.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), \$ 220–57–315, filed 4/21/87; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), \$ 220–57–315, filed 3/17/83; 82–14–090 (Order 82–75), \$ 220–57–315, filed 7/7/82; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), \$ 220–57–315, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \$ 220–57–315, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \$ 220–57–315, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76–14, \$ 220–57–315, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–049.]

WAC 220-57-319 Lewis River. (1) Mainstem - Bag Limit A - open entire year: Downstream from east fork to mouth.

- (2) East fork:
- (a) Bag Limit A open entire year: Downstream from the LaCenter Bridge.
- (b) Bag Limit A April 1 through December 31: Downstream from Lucia Falls to the LaCenter Bridge. All chinook salmon over 28 inches caught after September 30 must be released immediately.
 - (3) North fork:
- (a) Bag Limit A January 1 through September 30: Downstream from overhead power lines below Ariel Dam except as provided in subsection (3)(b).
- (b) Bag Limit A open entire year: Downstream from the mouth of Colvin Creek (approximately 1/4

mile upstream of the salmon hatchery) to the mouth of the east fork, except that at all times it is unlawful to take, fish for or possess salmon taken for personal use from waters shoreward of the cable, buoy, and corkline located at the mouth of the Lewis River Salmon Hatchery Fishway.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), \S 220–57–319, filed 4/9/86; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), \S 220–57–319, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), \S 220–57–319, filed 3/17/83; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \S 220–57–319, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \S 220–57–319, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, \S 220–57–319, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, \S 220–57–319, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–050 (part).]

WAC 220-57-325 Lyre River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–325, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–325, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–325, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–325, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–052.]

WAC 220-57-326 McAllister Creek. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the downstream side of the Olympia-Steilacoom Road Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–326, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–326, filed 6/9/82.]

WAC 220-57-327 McLane Creek. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Open from a line 100 feet upstream and parallel to the south bridge of Highway 101 at Mud Bay to a line 50 feet north of and parallel to the Mud Bay Road Bridge, except waters within 400 feet of the outfall of the Allison Springs chinook rearing pond are closed to salmon angling.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-327, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57-327, filed 4/26/88; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-327, filed 3/17/83.]

WAC 220-57-330 Morse Creek (Clallam County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–330, filed 3/16/89; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–330, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–330, filed 6/9/82; Order 76–14, § 220–57–330, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–056.]

WAC 220-57-335 Naselle River. (1) Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the Highway 4 Bridge to Highway 101 Bridge.

- (2) Bag Limit A October 16 through January 31: Downstream from the Big Hill Bridge to the Highway 4 Bridge.
- (3) Waters within 400 feet both upstream and downstream from the entrance to the Naselle Salmon Hatchery Attraction Channel are closed to salmon angling at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–335, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–335, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–335, filed 4/21/87; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–335, filed 4/9/86; 85–

09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-335, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-335, filed 4/11/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-335, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76-14, § 220-57-335, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-057.]

WAC 220-57-340 Nemah River. (1) Middle Nemah, Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the department of natural resources bridge on the Middle Nemah A Line Road.

- (2) North Nemah Bag Limit A October 16 through January 31: Downstream from lower bridge on dead end Lower Nemah Road to the mouth.
- (3) South Nemah Bag Limit A July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the confluence of the Middle Nemah to the mouth.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), \S 220–57–340, filed 3/16/89; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), \S 220–57–340, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), \S 220–57–340, filed 3/17/83; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \S 220–57–340, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, \S 220–57–340, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, \S 220–57–340, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–058.]

WAC 220-57-342 Niawiakum River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the South Bend-Palix Road Bridge to the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-342, filed 3/16/89.]

WAC 220-57-345 Nisqually River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from military tank-crossing bridge located one mile upstream from the mouth of Muck Creek. Closed to the taking of pink salmon in odd-numbered years.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–345, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–345, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–345, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–345, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–57–345, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–059.]

WAC 220-57-350 Nooksack River. (1) Bag Limit A except that up to six coho salmon may be retained in the daily bag limit – August 1 through December 31: Downstream from the confluence of north and south forks to Lummi Indian Reservation boundary.

- (2) North Fork Bag Limit A October 1 through December 31: Downstream from Maple Creek to mouth of north fork.
- (3) South Fork Bag Limit A October 1 through December 31: Downstream from the Saxon Bridge to mouth of south fork.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-350, filed 3/16/89; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57-350, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-350, filed 4/9/85; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-350, filed 3/17/83; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-350, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-350, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-350, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76-14, § 220-57-350, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-350, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-060.]

WAC 220-57-355 North River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31 – downstream from the mouth of Salmon Creek.

[Order 76–14, \S 220–57–355, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–061.]

WAC 220-57-365 Palix River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the confluence of the south and middle forks to the Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–365, filed 3/16/89; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–365, filed 4/11/84; Order 76–14, § 220–57–365, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–064.]

WAC 220-57-370 Puyallup River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the mouth of the Carbon River to the 11th Street Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-370, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-370, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-370, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-370, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-370, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77-3, § 220-57-370, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 1/28/77, effective 1/28/77, order 1/28/77, effective 1/28/77, order 1/28/77, effective 1/28/77, order 1/28/77, order 1/28/77, effective 1/28/77, order 1/28/77

WAC 220-57-375 Pysht River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–375, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–375, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–375, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–375, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–067.]

WAC 220-57-380 Quilcene (Big Quilcene) River. Bag Limit A – September 1 through January 31: Downstream from Highway 101 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–380, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–012 (Order 88–14), § 220–57–380, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–380, filed 4/21/87; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–380, filed 3/18/82; Order 77–3, § 220–57–380, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–380, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–069.]

WAC 220-57-385 Quillayute River. Bag Limit A – May 16 through November 30: Downstream from the confluence of the Soleduck and Bogachiel rivers including Olympic National Park waters.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–385, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–385, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–385, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–048 (Order 85–33), § 220–57–385, filed 4/16/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–385, filed 4/11/84; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–385, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–385, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–385, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–385, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57–385, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–385, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–070.]

WAC 220-57-390 Quinault River. Bag Limit C – July 1 through October 31: Downstream from the bridge connecting Graves Creek and North Shore roads.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-390, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-390, filed 3/18/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-390, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-071.]

WAC 220-57-395 Salmon Creek (Clark County). Bag Limit C – July 1 through October 31 – downstream from the Interstate 5 freeway bridge.

[Order 76–14, § 220–57–395, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–073.]

WAC 220-57-400 Salmon River (Jefferson County). Bag Limit A – September 16 through November 30: Downstream from the Q 1000 Road Bridge including waters within Olympic National Park outside the boundaries of the Quinault Indian Reservation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-400, filed 3/16/89; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-400, filed 4/9/85; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-400, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 27-7), § 220-57-400, filed 27-70, effective 27-71, order 27-72, § 220-57-400, filed 27-73, effective 27-73, § 220-57-4005, filed 27-74, effective 27-75, order 27-76, effective 27-77, order 27-77, order 27-78, effective 27-79, effective

WAC 220-57-405 Samish River. Bag Limit A — October 16 through December 31: Downstream from Interstate 5 Bridge to markers located approximately one—quarter mile downstream from Samish Island Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-405, filed 3/16/89; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-405, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-405, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-405, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77-3, § 220-57-405, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-405, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-075.]

- WAC 220-57-410 Sammamish River (Slough). (1) Bag Limit A August 16 through December 31: Downstream from the 102 Avenue NE Bridge to the Kenmore Highway Bridge. All sockeye salmon must be released.
- (2) Bag Limit A October 16 through December 31: Upstream from the 102 Avenue NE Bridge to Lake Sammamish. All sockeye salmon must be released immediately.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-410, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-410, filed 4/21/87; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-410, filed 6/9/82; Order 77-3, § 220-57-410, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-410, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-077.]

WAC 220-57-415 Satsop River. Bag Limit A – October 1 through January 31: Downstream from the bridge at Schafer State Park on east fork. Chinook salmon must be released immediately.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-415, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-415, filed 4/21/87; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-415, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-415, filed 3/18/82; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-415, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77-3, § 220-57-415, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-415, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-078.]

WAC 220-57-420 Sekiu River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–420, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–420, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–420, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–420, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–079.]

- WAC 220-57-425 Skagit River. (1) Bag Limit A August 1 through December 31: Downstream from the mouth of the Cascade River to Gilligan Creek. Chinook salmon must be released immediately.
- (2) Bag Limit A June 1 through December 31: Downstream from Gilligan Creek.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-425, filed 3/16/89; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-425, filed 4/9/85; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-425, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-425, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 77-3, § 220-57-425, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-425, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-081.]

WAC 220-57-427 Skamokawa Creek. Bag Limit A – August 16 through December 31: Downstream from mouth of first west fork downstream to Highway 4 Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-427, filed 3/18/82.]

WAC 220-57-430 Skokomish River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through January 31: Downstream from the mouth of Vance Creek. Terminal gear on the Skokomish River is limited to one bait or lure with one single-pointed hook only, measuring no more than 1/2 inch from point to shank.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–430, filed 3/16/89; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–430, filed 4/11/84; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–430, filed 6/9/82; Order 77–3, § 220–57–430, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–430, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–082.]

WAC 220-57-435 Skykomish River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through December 31: Downstream from the confluence of north and south forks.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-435, filed 3/16/89; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57-435, filed 4/9/86; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-435, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-435, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-435, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-435, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 1/30/79, effective 1/30/79, order 1/30/79, order 1/30/79, effective 1/30/79, order 1/30/79, order 1/30/79, effective 1/30/79, order 1

WAC 220-57-440 Smith Creek (Pacific County). Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from Highway 101 Bridge to the mouth.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-440, filed 3/16/89; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-440, filed 4/11/84; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-440, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76-14, § 220-57-440, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-084.]

WAC 220-57-445 Snake River. Bag Limit C – September 1 through November 30: Downstream from a

point 400 feet below Little Goose Dam to the mouth, except waters within 400 feet of the Lyons Ferry hatchery fishway and waters at both Lower Monumental Dam and Ice Harbor Dam between the upstream line of each dam and points 400 feet below each dam are closed to fishing for food fish at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-445, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57-445, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-445, filed 4/21/87; Order 77-3, § 220-57-445, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-445, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-085.]

WAC 220-57-450 Snohomish River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through December 31: Downstream from confluence of Skykomish and Snoqualmie rivers.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-450, filed 3/16/89; 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57-450, filed 4/9/86; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-450, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-450, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-450, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77-3, § 220-57-450, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-450, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-086.]

WAC 220-57-455 Snoqualmie River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through December 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–455, filed 3/16/89; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57–455, filed 4/9/86; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–455, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–455, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–455, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–455, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77–3, § 220–57–455, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–455, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–087.]

WAC 220-57-460 Soleduck River. Bag Limit A – May 16 through November 30: Downstream from the concrete pump station at the Soleduck Hatchery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–460, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–460, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–460, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–048 (Order 85–33), § 220–57–460, filed 4/16/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–460, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–460, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–460, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–460, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–460, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–460, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 88–8), § 220–57–460, filed 1/28/77, effective 4/1/78; Order 76–14, § 220–57–460, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–460, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–088.]

WAC 220-57-465 Stillaguamish River. Bag Limit A – August 16 through December 31: Downstream from confluence of north and south forks except waters of Cook Slough are closed at all times from the water flow control structure to a point 400 feet downstream.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–465, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–465, filed 3/16/89; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–465, filed 4/9/85; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–465, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–465, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–465, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–57–465, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–089.]

WAC 220-57-470 Tahuya River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through November 30: Downstream from a marker approximately one mile above the North Shore Road Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-470, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-470, filed 6/9/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-470, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-091.]

WAC 220-57-473 Tilton River. (1) Mainstem – Bag Limit A – last Saturday in May through December 31: Downstream from west fork Tilton River.

(2) North fork – Bag Limit A – last Saturday in May through October 31: Downstream from markers 400 feet above the 73 Road Bridge to the Tilton River (approximately lower two miles).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–473, filed 4/21/87; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–473, filed 4/11/84; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–473, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–473, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79.]

WAC 220-57-475 Tolt River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-475, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-475, filed 6/9/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-475, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-092.]

WAC 220-57-480 Toutle River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-480, filed 3/18/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57-480, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57-480, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57-480, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57-480, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57-480, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57-480, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-093.]

WAC 220-57-485 Tucannon River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–485, filed 3/17/83; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–485, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, § 220–57–485, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–485, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–094.]

WAC 220-57-490 Union River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through November 30: Downstream from the North Shore Road Bridge.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-490, filed 3/16/89; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57-490, filed 6/9/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-490, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-095.]

WAC 220-57-495 Washougal River. Bag Limit A – January 1 through December 31: Downstream from bridge at Salmon Falls to mouth. During the period October 1 through December 31, in waters upstream from the mouth of Little Washougal River, chinook salmon over 28 inches in length must be released. From September 1 to October 31, lawful salmon angling gear shall be restricted to bait or lures with one single point

hook only, measuring no more than 1/2 inch from point to shank.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–495, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–495, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–495, filed 4/9/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–495, filed 3/17/83; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–495, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 77–3, § 220–47–495 (codified WAC 220–57–495), filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–495, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–098.]

WAC 220-57-497 Wenatchee River. Special bag limit: 2 salmon per day – May 16 through June 15. Downstream from the mouth of the Icicle River to the Highway 2 Bridge at Leavenworth.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-06-044 (Order 90-14), § 220-57-497, filed 3/1/90, effective 4/1/90.]

WAC 220-57-500 West Twin River. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–500, filed 3/16/89; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57–500, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–500, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76–14, § 220–57–500, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–099.]

WAC 220-57-502 Whatcom Creek. Bag Limit A – August 1 through December 31: Downstream from the footbridge below Dupont Street in Bellingham.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57-502, filed 3/16/89; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57-502, filed 4/9/85.]

- WAC 220-57-505 White Salmon River. (1) Bag Limit C October 1 through December 31: Upstream from a set of markers approximately 1/2 mile north of Highway 14 Bridge to a line 400 feet downstream from Condit Dam.
- (2) Bag Limit A January 1 through September 30: Downstream from a line 400 feet downstream from Condit Dam, and October 1 through December 31: Downstream from a set of markers approximately 1/2 mile north of the Highway 14 Bridge.
- (3) (Little) White Salmon River (Drano Lake): Bag Limit A August 1 through December 31: Downstream from markers on point of land downstream and across from Federal Salmon Hatchery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57–505, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–505, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–505, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–505, filed 4/9/85; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–505, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57–505, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–505, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–505, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–57–505, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–100.]

WAC 220-57-510 Willapa River. (1) Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from Highway 6 Bridge, approximately 2 miles below the mouth of Trap Creek, to the Highway 101 Bridge.

(2) Bag Limit A – October 16 through January 31: Downstream from mouth of Fork Creek to the Highway 6 Bridge approximately 2 miles below the mouth of Trap Creek.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–510, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–510, filed 4/21/87; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57–510, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–510, filed 4/11/84; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–510, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76–14, § 220–57–510, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–102.]

WAC 220-57-515 Wind River. Bag Limit A – August 1 through October 31: Downstream from the Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge to the mouth.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57–515, filed 4/26/88; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–515, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–515, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–515, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57–515, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57–515, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57–515, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57–515, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–103.]

WAC 220-57-520 Wishkah River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the mouth of the west fork.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220-57-520, filed 3/16/89; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57-520, filed 4/21/87; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57-520, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57-520, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57-520, filed 3/18/82; Order 76-14, § 220-57-520, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-104.]

WAC 220-57-525 Wynoochee River. Bag Limit A – July 1 through January 31: Downstream from the mouth of Schafer Creek.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57–525, filed 3/16/89; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57–525, filed 4/21/87; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57–525, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57–525, filed 3/17/83; 82–14–090 (Order 82–75), § 220–57–525, filed 7/7/82; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57–525, filed 3/18/82; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57–525, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; Order 76–14, § 220–57–525, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–105.]

Chapter 220-57A WAC FRESH WATER LAKES

220-57A-001	General provisions—Lakes.
220-57A-005	American Lake (Pierce County).
220-57A-010	Armstrong Lake (Snohomish County).
220-57A-012	Baker Lake (Whatcom County).
220-57A-015	Banks Lake (Grant County).
220-57A-017	Big Lake (Skagit County).
220-57A-020	Bosworth Lake.
220-57A-025	Campbell Lake (Skagit County).
220-57A-030	Capitol Lake.
220-57A-035	Chelan Lake (Chelan County).
220-57A-037	Clear Lake (Pierce County).
220-57A-040	Cushman Lake (Mason County).
220-57A-045	Davisson Lake (Riffe) (Lewis County).
220-57A-050	Deep Lake (Grant County).
220-57A-055	Deep Lake (King County).
220-57A-065	Duck Lake (Grays Harbor County).
220-57A-070	East Medical Lake (Snokane County)

WAC

Flowing Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-075 220-57A-080 Goodwin Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-082 (Upper) Goose Lake (Grant County). Green Lake (King County). 220-57A-085 Hewitt Lake (Thurston County). 220-57A-090 220-57A-095 Hicks Lake (Thurston County). 220-57A-100 Lower Goose Lake (Grant County). 220-57A-105 Martha Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-110 Mayfield Lake (Lewis County). 220-57A-112 McMurray Lake (Skagit County). 220-57A-115 Meridian Lake (King County). 220-57A-120 Merwin Lake (Reservoir). 220-57A-125 Ozette Lake 220-57A-130 Park Lake (Grant County). 220-57A-135 Roesiger Lake. Roosevelt Lake (Ferry County). 220-57A-140 220-57A-145 Sammamish Lake. 220-57A-150 Serene Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-152 Shannon Reservoir (Skagit County). Shoecraft Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-155 220-57A-160 Sprague Lake (Lincoln County). St. Clair (Thurston County). 220-57A-165 Storm Lake (Snohomish County). 220-57A-170 220-57A-175 Lake Washington. Washington Ship Canal, Lake (including Lake 220-57A-180 Union). 220-57A-183 Lake Wenatchee. 220-57A-185 Wilderness Lake (King County). 220-57A-190 Wynoochee Reservoir (Grays Harbor County).

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-57A-060 Drano Lake. [Order 76-14, § 220-57A-060, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-025.] Repealed by 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-57A-001 General provisions—Lakes. (1) It is unlawful to fish for or possess salmon taken from any lake not listed in this chapter.

- (2) The daily bag limit, possession limit, opening and closing hours, and seasons of all lakes regulated under Bag Limit I are identical with those limits and times as provided for gamefish, as regulated by the Washington game commission under Title 77 RCW.
- (3) The daily bag limit, possession limit, and seasons of all lakes regulated under Bag Limit A, Bag Limit C, or special bag limits, are in addition to gamefish limits as regulated by the Washington game commission, under Title 77 RCW.
- (4) The daily bag limit, possession limit, opening and closing hours, and seasons codified by the department of game in chapter 232–24 WAC are incorporated herein and by reference made a part hereof.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), 220-57A-001, filed 4/9/86.]

WAC 220-57A-005 American Lake (Pierce County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–005, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–005, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–005, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–005, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–005, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–005, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–107.]

WAC 220-57A-010 Armstrong Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–010, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–010, filed 4/11/84; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–010, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–010, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–010, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–010, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–010, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–010, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–002.]

WAC 220-57A-012 Baker Lake (Whatcom County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 4/9/85; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), \$ 220–57A–012, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-57A-015 Banks Lake (Grant County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-015, filed 4/9/86; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57A-015, filed 3/17/83; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-015, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-108.]

WAC 220-57A-017 Big Lake (Skagit County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-017, filed 4/9/86; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57A-017, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-57A-020 Bosworth Lake. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Order 76-14, § 220-57A-020, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-005.]

WAC 220-57A-025 Campbell Lake (Skagit County). Closed the entire year.

[Order 77-3, § 220-57A-025, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-025, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-109.]

WAC 220-57A-030 Capitol Lake. Bag Limit A – July 1 through November 30: Downstream from the Interstate 5 Bridge to the shear boom at the north end of the lake. Percival Cove shall be defined as those waters of Capitol Lake lying westerly of a set of markers on the western shoreline of the south basin of Capitol Lake. Percival Cove is closed to food fish angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), \$ 220–57A–030, filed 3/16/89; \$2-13–040 (Order \$2-61), \$ 220–57A–030, filed 6/9/82; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), \$ 220–57A–030, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, \$ 220–57A–030, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, \$ 220–57A–030, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–007.]

WAC 220-57A-035 Chelan Lake (Chelan County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-035, filed 4/9/86; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-035, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-110.]

WAC 220-57A-037 Clear Lake (Pierce County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57A–037, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–037, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–037, filed 4/11/84.]

WAC 220-57A-040 Cushman Lake (Mason County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57A–040, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–040, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–040, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–040, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–040, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–040, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–040, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–040, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–040, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–040, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–040, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–016.]

WAC 220-57A-045 Davisson Lake (Riffe) (Lewis County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-045, filed 4/9/86; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-045, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-045, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-017.]

WAC 220-57A-050 Deep Lake (Grant County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76–14, $\$ 220–57A–050, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–019.]

WAC 220-57A-055 Deep Lake (King County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76–14, $\$ 220–57A–055, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–020.]

WAC 220-57A-065 Duck Lake (Grays Harbor County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–065, filed 4/11/84; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–065, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–065, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–065, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–065, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–065, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–065, filed 3/15/76, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–065, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–112.]

WAC 220-57A-070 East Medical Lake (Spokane County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–070, filed 3/17/83; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–070, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–070, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–115.]

WAC 220-57A-075 Flowing Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76-14, § 220-57A-075, filed 4/5/76; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-075, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-033.]

WAC 220-57A-080 Goodwin Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57A–080, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57A–080, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–080, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–080, filed 4/1/84; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–080, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–080, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–080, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–080, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/71; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–080, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–034.]

WAC 220-57A-082 (Upper) Goose Lake (Grant County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–082, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–082, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–082, filed 3/18/82.]

WAC 220-57A-085 Green Lake (King County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57A-085, filed 3/17/83; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-085, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-085, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-113.]

WAC 220-57A-090 Hewitt Lake (Thurston County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-090, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-090, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-114.]

WAC 220-57A-095 Hicks Lake (Thurston County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–095, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–095, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–095, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–095, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–095, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–095, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.]

WAC 220-57A-100 Lower Goose Lake (Grant County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76-14, § 220-57A-100, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-051.]

WAC 220-57A-105 Martha Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–105, filed 3/17/83; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–105, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–105, filed 4/5/76; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–105, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–053.]

WAC 220-57A-110 Mayfield Lake (Lewis County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-110, filed 4/9/86; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-110, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-054.]

WAC 220-57A-112 McMurray Lake (Skagit County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-112, filed 4/9/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57A-112, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57A-112, filed 4/11/84; 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57A-112, filed 3/17/83; 82-07-047 (Order 82-19), § 220-57A-112, filed 3/18/82.]

WAC 220-57A-115 Meridian Lake (King County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–115, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–115, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–115, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–115, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–115, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–115, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–055.]

WAC 220-57A-120 Merwin Lake (Reservoir). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57A–120, filed 4/9/86; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–120, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–120, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–120, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–120, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–120, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–120, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–120, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–120, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.]

WAC 220-57A-125 Ozette Lake. Bag Limit C – July 1 through October 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57A-125, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-125, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-125, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-062.]

WAC 220-57A-130 Park Lake (Grant County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76–14, \S 220–57A–130, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–065.]

WAC 220-57A-135 Roesiger Lake. Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–135, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–135, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–135, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–135, filed 3/24/76; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–135, filed 3/15/76 and 3/24/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–072.]

WAC 220-57A-140 Roosevelt Lake (Ferry County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-140, filed 4/9/86; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-140, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-116.]

WAC 220-57A-145 Sammamish Lake. Bag Limit A – August 16 through December 31: Waters within 1/4 mile of the mouth of Issaquah Creek are closed to salmon angling at all times. Closed to the taking of sockeye salmon.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57A-145, filed 6/9/82; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-145, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-145,

filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–145, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–076.]

WAC 220-57A-150 Serene Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57A-150, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57A-150, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-150, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-150, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-080.]

WAC 220-57A-152 Shannon Reservoir (Skagit County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–09–020 (Order 86–08), § 220–57A–152, filed 4/9/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–152, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–152, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–152, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–152, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–152, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–152, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80.]

WAC 220-57A-155 Shoecraft Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-155, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57A-155, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57A-155, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57A-155, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-155, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-155, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57A-155, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.

WAC 220-57A-160 Sprague Lake (Lincoln County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-160, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-160, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-118.]

WAC 220-57A-165 St. Clair (Thurston County). Closed to salmon angling the entire year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-07-043 (Order 83-16), § 220-57A-165, filed 3/17/83; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-165, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-165, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76.]

WAC 220-57A-170 Storm Lake (Snohomish County). Closed to salmon angling entire year.

[Order 76–14, \S 220–57A–170, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–090.]

WAC 220-57A-175 Lake Washington. (1) Waters north of the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge – Bag Limit A – August 1 through December 31. Sockeye salmon must be released immediately.

(2) Waters south of the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge – Bag Limit A – October 16 through December 31. Sockeye salmon must be released immediately.

Waters within a 1,000-foot radius of the mouth of the Cedar River are closed to salmon angling at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 89-07-060 (Order 89-12), § 220-57A-175, filed 3/16/89; 88-10-013 (Order 88-15), § 220-57A-175, filed 4/26/88; 87-09-066 (Order 87-16), § 220-57A-175, filed 4/21/87; 82-13-040 (Order 82-61), § 220-57A-175, filed 6/9/82;

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81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-175, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 77-3, § 220-57A-175, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76-14, § 220-57A-175, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220-57-096.]

WAC 220-57A-180 Washington Ship Canal, Lake (including Lake Union). Bag Limit A – August 1 through December 31: West of University Bridge, to a north—south line located 400 east of the eastern end of the north wingwall of the Chittenden Locks. Sockeye salmon must be released immediately. Waters between the University Bridge and the concrete abutment ends east of the Montlake Bridge are closed to salmon angling at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–06–026, § 220–57A–180, filed 2/28/90, effective 3/31/90; 89–07–060 (Order 89–12), § 220–57A–180, filed 3/16/89; 88–10–013 (Order 88–15), § 220–57A–180, filed 4/26/88; 87–09–066 (Order 87–16), § 220–57A–180, filed 4/21/87; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–180, filed 3/17/83; 82–13–040 (Order 82–61), § 220–57A–180, filed 6/9/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–180, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–180, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–180, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–097.]

WAC 220-57A-183 Lake Wenatchee. Special daily bag limit of three sockeye salmon not less than 16 inches in length - August 1 through Labor Day, except closed to salmon angling within 300 feet of the mouths of the Little Wenatchee River and the White River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86-09-020 (Order 86-08), § 220-57A-183, filed 4/9/86.]

WAC 220-57A-185 Wilderness Lake (King County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–08–040 (Order 86–13), § 220–57A–185, filed 3/27/86; 85-09-017 (Order 85-20), § 220-57A-185, filed 4/9/85; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-57A-185, filed 4/1/84; 81-05-027 (Order 81-13), § 220-57A-185, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80-03-064 (Order 80-12), § 220-57A-185, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79-02-052 (Order 79-7), § 220-57A-185, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78-03-034 (Order 78-8), § 220-57A-185, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 27-3, § 220-57A-185, filed 2/21/78, effective 3/1/77; Order 27-3, § 220-57A-185, filed 2/21/78, effective 3/1/77; Order 27-3, § 27-37-185, filed 27-37-37-185, filed 27-37-185, filed 27-37-185, filed 27-37-185, filed 27-37-185, fi

WAC 220-57A-190 Wynoochee Reservoir (Grays Harbor County). Bag Limit I.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 86–08–040 (Order 86–13), § 220–57A–190, filed 3/27/86; 85–09–017 (Order 85–20), § 220–57A–190, filed 4/9/85; 84–09–026 (Order 84–22), § 220–57A–190, filed 4/11/84; 83–07–043 (Order 83–16), § 220–57A–190, filed 3/17/83; 82–07–047 (Order 82–19), § 220–57A–190, filed 3/18/82; 81–05–027 (Order 81–13), § 220–57A–190, filed 2/17/81, effective 4/1/81; 80–03–064 (Order 80–12), § 220–57A–190, filed 2/27/80, effective 4/1/80; 79–02–052 (Order 79–7), § 220–57A–190, filed 1/30/79, effective 4/1/79; 78–03–034 (Order 78–8), § 220–57A–190, filed 2/21/78, effective 4/1/78; Order 77–3, § 220–57A–190, filed 1/28/77, effective 3/1/77; Order 76–14, § 220–57A–190, filed 3/15/76, effective 5/1/76. Formerly WAC 220–57–190.]

Chapter 220–60 WAC OYSTERS AND CLAMS--SALES FROM STATE RESERVES

220-60-010	Publishing notice of sale.
220-60-020	Director to designate time and place of harvest from
	reserves.
220-60-040	Loads to be measured.
220-60-050	Payment.
220-60-060	Oyster growers' associations.
220-60-070	Purchasers' licenses.
220-60-080	Director may limit use of licenses.
220-60-090	Director to establish sale prices.
220-60-110	Other unlawful conduct.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

Dromulantion

Order 248 Promulantion

filed

220-00-001	Fiolitigation, [Order 246, Fromulgation, med
	3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 1179, filed 11/19/74.
220-60-030	Director to designate place of taking. [Order 248, § 3,
	filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 85-24-045 (Order 85-
	190), filed 11/27/85. Statutory Authority: RCW
	75.08.080.
220-60-100	No resales or processing by purchaser within twenty
	days. [Order 248, § 10, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by
	Order 1179, filed 11/19/74.
220-60-120	Director's agent may issue instructions. [Order 248, §
	12, filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by 85-24-045 (Order
	85-190), filed 11/27/85. Statutory Authority: RCW
	75.08.080.

WAC 220-60-010 Publishing notice of sale. Sales of oysters and/or clams from the oyster reserves of the state in excess of 50 bushels shall take place only after notice of such sales has been published in the Daily Olympian at Olympia, Washington, and one newspaper of general circulation in the area in which such sales shall take place.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-24-045 (Order 85-190), § 220-60-010, filed 11/27/85; Order 248, § 1, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-020 Director to designate time and place of harvest from reserves. All harvesting of oysters shall take place under the supervision of the director or his authorized agent, and such harvesting shall be accomplished only at such times and in such areas as may be specified in writing by such authorized agent of the director, or by the director.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-24-045 (Order 85-190), § 220-60-020, filed 11/27/85; Order 1179, § 220-60-020, filed 11/19/74; Order 248, § 2, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-040 Loads to be measured. Before each scow, or dredge, or other conveyance, containing oysters or clams leaves any state oyster reserve, the person in charge of such scow or dredge shall contact the nearest authorized agent of the director for measuring the load. Such load shall not be removed from the reserve without permission of the director or his authorized agent. Invoices will be issued in triplicate, showing the number of bushels and/or pounds in each such load. One copy of such invoice shall be given to the buyer, one copy shall be forwarded to the central office of the department, and the third copy shall be retained by the authorized agent of the director.

[Order 248, § 4, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-050 Payment. All purchasers of oysters or clams from any of the state oyster reserves shall make remittance for purchases by bank draft or check payable to the treasurer of the state of Washington, and shall render such payment to the authorized agent of the director by Friday of each week for invoices of the previous week.

[Order 1179, § 220-60-050, filed 11/19/74; Order 248, § 5, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-060 Oyster growers' associations. Any organized oyster growers' association may at its discretion appoint a qualified representative to be present at any or all times during purchases of oysters and/or clams from state oyster reserves. Such representative shall have access to the department's boat and all records pertaining to such sales. Any expenses of such representative shall not be borne by the department of fisheries.

[Order 248, § 6, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-070 Purchasers' licenses. All purchasers of oysters or clams from any of the state oyster reserves shall, in advance of the removal of any oysters and/or clams from any such reserve, obtain from the department an oyster reserve license as required by RCW 75.28.290.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-24-045 (Order 85-190), § 220-60-070, filed 11/27/85; Order 248, § 7, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-080 Director may limit use of licenses. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the director or his authorized agent from limiting the number of bushels of oysters or pounds of clams which may be sold to any one oyster reserve licensee. The department of fisheries reserves the right to limit the number of dredges operated by any one licensee.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-24-045 (Order 85-190), § 220-60-080, filed 11/27/85; Order 248, § 8, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-090 Director to establish sale prices. Sale of oysters from the reserves for broodstock purposes to registered oyster farmers in amounts of 50 bushels or less may occur at a price established by the director taking into account costs associated with the sale, but in no event may be less than the average price paid at the latest bid sale. Sale of oysters in amounts over 50 bushels shall be by bid at public auction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–24–045 (Order 85–190), § 220–60–090, filed 11/27/85; Order 248, § 9, filed 3/1/60.]

WAC 220-60-110 Other unlawful conduct. It is unlawful to violate any of the provisions of this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-24-045 (Order 85-190), § 220-60-110, filed 11/27/85; Order 248, § 11, filed 3/1/60.]

Chapter 220-69 WAC

FISH RECEIVING TICKETS--WEIGHT DELIVERY SHEETS

WAC	
220-69-210	Purpose.
220-69-215	Compliance and misrepresentation.
220-69-220	Definition of terms.
220-69-230	Description of Washington state nontreaty fish re-
	ceiving tickets.
220-69-234	Description of treaty Indian fish receiving ticket.
220-69-23402	Description of aquatic farm production report.
220-69-237	Description of sport salmon catch record and required information.
220–69–238	Description of sturgeon catch record and required information.
220–69–239	Description of halibut catch record card and required information.
220-69-240	Duties of commercial purchasers and receivers.
220-69-241	Duties of commercial fisherman.
220–69–242	Duties of commercial shellfish purchasers, receivers, and shuckers.
220-69-243	Duties of aquatic farmers.
220–69–245	Duties of sport salmon and sturgeon catch record card issuers.
220–69–250	Required information on nontreaty fish receiving tickets.
220–69–254	Required information on treaty Indian fish receiving tickets.
220–69–260	Distribution of copies of cannery and troll fish receiving ticket.
220-69-262	Distribution of copies of marine and utility fish receiving ticket.
220-69-264	Distribution of copies of treaty Indian fish receiving tickets.
220-69-26401	Distribution of copies of shellfish receiving ticket.
220-69-270	License cards.
220-69-271	Dealer and buyer plates.
220-69-272	Treaty Indian identification cards.
220-69-273	Imprinters.
220–69–274	Signatures.
220-69-280	Fish receiving ticket accountability.
220-69-290	Annual production report.
220-69-300	Commercial food fish and shellfish transportation ticket.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

Promulgation. [Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed

by Order 76-25, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective

220-69-001

	7/1/76.
220-69-005	Definitions. [Order 1298, § 220-69-005, filed
	9/25/75.] Repealed by Order 76-153, filed
	12/17/76.
22069010	Nontreaty salmon fish receiving ticket. [Order 76-25,
	§ 220-69-010, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective
	7/1/76; Order 1298, § 220–69–010, filed 9/25/75;
	Order 995, § 220-69-010, filed 6/8/72; Order 640,
	filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-153, filed
	12/17/76.
220-69-011	Nontreaty shellfish and food fish other than salmon
	fish receiving ticket. [Order 76-25, § 220-69-011,
	filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76.] Repealed

- by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.

 220–69–012 Treaty Indian fish receiving ticket. [Order 76–25, § 220–69–012, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 1298, § 220–69–012, filed 9/25/75.]

 Repealed by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.
- 220-69-020 Weight delivery sheets—Form—Contents. [Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-25, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76.
- 220-69-030 Duties of receivers and purchasers. [Order 76-25, § 220-69-030, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 1298, § 220-69-030, filed 9/25/75;

	Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-	220-69-23401	Description of shellfish receiving ticket. [Statutory
	153, filed 12/17/76.		Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-14-039 (Order 81-
220–69–040	Fish receiving tickets—Duties of fishermen and grow-		44), § 220–69–23401, filed 6/29/81; 80–05–093 (Or-
	ers. [Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.		der 80–27), § 220–69–23401, filed 5/2/80.] Repealed by 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/2/83. Statu-
220-69-050	Oyster purchasers, receivers, shuckers—Duties. [Or-		tory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	der 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-153,	220-69-235	Description of oyster production report. [Statutory
	filed 12/17/76.		Authority: RCW 78.08.080 [75.08.080]. 78-03-031
220-69-060	Additional requirements. [Order 76–25, § 220–69–		(Order 78–7), § 220–69–235, filed 2/17/78; Order
	060, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76–153,		76–153, § 220–69–235, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory
	filed 12/17/76.		Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.
220-69-070	Weight delivery sheets—Rules for use of. [Order 640,	220-69-23501	Description of hardshell clam and mussel production
	filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-25, filed 1:50		report. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-
220 (0.000	p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76.		24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–23501, filed
220–69–080	Fish receiving tickets—Signatures. [Order 920, § 220-69-080, filed 5/13/71; Order 640, filed		12/2/83; 81-03-032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-23501, filed 1/13/81.] Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-
	4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76–153, filed		102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75-
	12/17/76.		.08.080 and 75.58.040.
220-69-081	License cards. [Order 76-25, § 220-69-081, filed	220–69–247	Required information on sport salmon catch record.
	1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 920, §		[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 84–09–026
	220-69-081, filed 5/13/71.] Repealed by Order 76-153, filed 12/17/76.		(Order 84–22), § 220–69–247, filed 4/11/84.] Repealed by 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), filed 3/20/89.
220-69-082	Mechanical imprinter. [Order 76–25, § 220–69–082,		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76.] Repealed	220-69-251	Required information on troll fish receiving tickets.
	by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.		[Order 76–153, § 220–69–251, filed 12/17/76.] Re-
220–69–083	Treaty identification cards. [Order 76–25, § 220–69–		pealed by 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83.
	083, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 1298, § 220–69–083, filed 9/25/75.] Repealed by	220-69-252	Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Required information on marine fish receiving tickets.
	Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.	220 07 202	[Order 76–153, § 220–69–252, filed 12/17/76.] Re-
220-69-085	Dealer's plate. [Order 76-25, § 220-69-085, filed		pealed by 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83.
	1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order 920, §		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	220-69-085, filed 5/13/71.] Repealed by Order 76-	220–69–253	Required information on utility fish receiving tickets.
220-69-090	153, filed 12/17/76. Nontreaty fish receiving tickets—Disposition. [Order		[Order 76–153, § 220–69–253, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/2/83.
220 07 070	76–25, § 220–69–090, filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, ef-		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	fective 7/1/76; Order 1298, § 220-69-090, filed	220-69-25401	Required information on shellfish receiving ticket.
	9/25/75; Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by		[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80–05–093
220 60 001	Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.		(Order 80–27), § 220–69–25401, filed 5/2/80.] Re-
220–69–091	Treaty Indian fish receiving tickets copies disposition. [Order 1298, § 220-69-091, filed 9/25/75.] Re-		pealed by 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/2/83. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	pealed by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76.	220-69-25402	Required information on aquaculture production re-
220-69-095	Imprinters—Control. [Order 76-25, § 220-69-095,		port. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-03-
	filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76.] Repealed		032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-25402, filed 1/13/81.]
220-69-100	by Order 76–153, filed 12/17/76. Voided, unused, tickets. [Order 76–25, § 220–69–100,		Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and
220-07-100	filed 1:50 p.m., 4/20/76, effective 7/1/76; Order		75.58.040.
	640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 76-153, filed	220-69-255	Required information on oyster production report.
	12/17/76.		[Statutory Authority: RCW 78.08.080 [75.08.080].
220–69–110	Compliance required—Misrepresentations—Forms.		78–03–031 (Order 78–7), § 220–69–255, filed
	[Order 640, filed 4/30/65.] Repealed by Order 77–31, filed 5/11/77.		2/17/78; Order 76-153, § 220-69-255, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed 86-19-043 (Order 86-102),
220-69-231	Description of troll fish receiving ticket. [Statutory		filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080
	Authority: RCW 78.08.080 [75.08.080]. 78-03-031		and 75.58.040.
	(Order 78-7), § 220-69-231, filed 2/17/78; Order	220-69-25501	Required information on hardshell clam and mussel
	77–14, § 220–69–231, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–153,		production report. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-
	§ 220-69-231, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83. Statutory Au-		.080. 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-25501, filed 12/2/83; 81-03-032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-
	thority: RCW 75.08.080.		25501, filed 1/13/81.] Repealed by 86-19-043 (Or-
220-69-232	Description of marine fish receiving ticket. [Statutory		der 86-102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority:
	Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-05-093 (Order 80-	220 (0.26)	RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.
	27), § 220–69–232, filed 5/2/80. Statutory Author-	220–69–261	Distribution of copies of troll fish receiving tickets.
	ity: RCW 78.08.080 [75.08.080]. 78–03–031 (Order 78–7), § 220–69–232, filed 2/17/78; Order 76–153, §		[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80–05–093 (Order 80–27), § 220–69–261, filed 5/2/80; Order
	220-69-232, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 83-24-		76–153, § 220–69–261, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by
	049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83. Statutory Au-		83-24-049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83. Statutory
220 (0 222	thority: RCW 75.08.080.	220 (0.252	Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
220–69–233	Description of utility fish receiving ticket. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-05-093 (Order 80-	220–69–263	Distribution of copies of utility fish receiving ticket. [Order 76–153, § 220–69–263, filed 12/17/76.] Re-
	27), § 220–69–233, filed 5/2/80. Statutory Author-		pealed by 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/2/83.
	ity: RCW 78.08.080 [75.08.080]. 78–03–031 (Order		Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.
	78-7), § 220-69-233, filed 2/17/78; Order 76-153, §	220-69-26402	Distribution of copies of aquaculture production re-
	220-69-233, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 83-24-		port. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 81–03–
	049 (Order 83–203), filed 12/2/83, Statutory Au-		032 (Order 81–6), 8 220–69–26402 filed 1/13/81.1

049 (Order 83-203), filed 12/2/83. Statutory Au-

thority: RCW 75.08.080.

032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-26402, filed 1/13/81.]

Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), filed

9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.

220-69-265

Distribution of copies of oyster production report. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81–03–032 (Order 81–6), § 220–69–265, filed 1/13/81; Order 76–153, § 220–69–265, filed 12/17/76.] Repealed by 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.

220-69-26501

Distribution of copies of hardshell clam and mussel production report. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-.080. 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-26501, filed 12/2/83; 81-03-032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-26501, filed 1/13/81.] Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.

WAC 220-69-210 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter shall be to:

- (1) Describe the use of all fisheries' catch reporting forms.
- (2) Describe the duties of fisherman, sellers, deliverers, growers, purchasers, and receivers regarding catch reporting.
- (3) Describe the required information on each catch reporting form.
- (4) Describe the distribution of each copy of each catch reporting form.
- (5) Describe the use of mechanical imprinters, imprinter cards, and imprinter plates.
- (6) Describe the accountability methods for all catch reporting forms.
- (7) Ensure compliance with all orders of this chapter. [Order 76–153, § 220–69–210, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-215 Compliance and misrepresentation. It shall be unlawful for any person dealing with or possessing food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof:

(1) To fail to completely and accurately carry out the

provisions of this chapter.

- (2) To misrepresent, falsify, or omit any required entry made upon official state of Washington fish receiving ticket, sport salmon catch record, production report, or commercial food fish and shellfish transportation ticket, or to enter information that is so illegible as to be misinterpreted.
- (3) To utilize any forms other than official state of Washington fish receiving tickets, sport salmon catch record, or production report as described in this chapter for catch reporting.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–69–215, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–215, filed 12/2/83; Order 76–153, § 220–69–215, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-220 Definition of terms. (1) DEPART-MENT OF FISHERIES as referred to in this chapter means:

Department of Fisheries Data Processing Section Room 115 General Administration Building Olympia, Washington 98504 Telephone (206) 753-2540 or (206) 753-6580

(2) **DEALER** as referred to in this chapter means the original purchaser or receiver of food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof.

- (3) BUYER as referred to in this chapter means the person who originally receives food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof on behalf of a dealer whose name appears on the buyer's license.
- (4) FISHERMAN as referred to in this chapter means the person who catches or delivers food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof.
- (5) ORIGINAL RECEIVER OR RECEIVER as referred to in this chapter means the first person in possession of food fish or shellfish in the state of Washington who is a licensed wholesale dealer or fish handler or who is acting in that capacity, after the food fish or shellfish have been caught or harvested by a commercial fisherman.
- (6) TREATY as referred to in this chapter means any person, group, or activity thereof made unique by virtue of descendancy from Indian tribes signatory to treaties made with the United States government in the mid-1850's where such treaties reserved certain rights in what is now the state of Washington or waters bordering that state.
- (7) NONTREATY as used in this chapter means all entities not qualified by definition as treaty.
- (8) TREATY INDIAN as referred to in this chapter means an individual treaty Indian fisherman.
- (9) WORKING DAY as referred to in this chapter means Monday through Friday exclusive of a Washington state or federal holiday.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–03–068 (Order 90–05), $\,$ 220–69–220, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), $\,$ 220–69–220, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), $\,$ 220–69–220, filed 12/2/83; 78–03–031 (Order 78–7), $\,$ 220–69–220, filed 2/17/78; Order 76–153, $\,$ 220–69–220, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-230 Description of Washington state nontreaty fish receiving tickets. (1) There is hereby created the following nontreaty fish receiving ticket forms to be prepared, printed, and distributed upon request, by the department of fisheries: Cannery, troll, marine, utility, and shellfish. These forms shall contain space for the following information:

- (a) Fisherman: Name of licensed deliverer.
- (b) Address: Address of licensed deliverer.
- (c) Boat name: Name or Coast Guard number of landing vessel.
- (d) WDF boat registration: Washington department of fisheries boat registration number.
- (e) Gear: Code number or name of specific type of gear used.
- (f) Fisherman's signature: Signature of licensed deliverer.
 - (g) Date: Date of landing.
- (h) Dealer: Name of dealer, and department of fisheries' number assigned to dealer.
- (i) Buyer: Name of buyer, and department of fisheries' number assigned to buyer.
 - (j) Receiver's signature: Signature of original receiver.
 - (k) Number of days fished: Days spent catching fish.
- (1) Fish caught inside or outside 3-mile limit: Check one box.

- (m) Catch area: Salmon catch area code if salmon are caught. Marine fish/shellfish catch area code if marine fish are caught or shellfish are caught or harvested.
- (n) Tally space for dealer's use: Used at dealer's discretion.
- (o) Species code: Department of fisheries' assigned species code.
- (p) Number of fish, species description, pounds, and value: Summary information for species landed. All species or categories of bottomfish having a vessel trip limit must be listed separately (see WAC 220-44-050).
- (q) Work area for dealer's use: Used at dealer's discretion.
 - (r) Total amount: Total value of landing.
- (s) Take-home fish: Species, number, and pounds of fish retained for personal use.
- (t) Crew: Name and signature of crew members who take home fish.
 - (2) The cannery fish receiving ticket shall be used for:
- (a) Deliveries of nontreaty salmon caught in inland waters.
- (b) Any other delivery of nontreaty salmon where the catch may be easily recorded.
- (c) Any imports of fresh salmon into the state of Washington.
 - (3) The troll fish receiving ticket shall be used for:
- (a) Deliveries of nontreaty coastal salmon and incidental catch.
- (b) Any other nontreaty deliveries where the species delivered may be easily recorded.
- (c) Any imports of fresh salmon into the state of Washington.
 - (4) The marine fish receiving ticket shall be used for:
- (a) Nontreaty deliveries of marine fish or bottomfish that do not include salmon.
 - (b) Any imports of fresh marine fish or bottomfish.
 - (5) The utility fish receiving ticket shall be used for:
- (a) Any nontreaty deliveries that do not include salmon, where other fish receiving tickets are not appropriate.
- (b) Any imports of fresh fish or shellfish that do not include salmon.
 - (6) The shellfish receiving ticket shall be used for:
 - (a) Any nontreaty deliveries of shellfish.
 - (b) Any imports of fresh shellfish.
- (c) Any incidental catch of bottomfish made while fishing for shellfish. The species name, total pounds, and price per pounds must be entered for each species of bottomfish caught.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), § 220-69-230, filed 5/10/85; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), § 220-69-230, filed 3/27/84; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-230, filed 12/2/83; 80-05-093 (Order 80-27), § 220-69-230, filed 5/2/80; 78-03-031 (Order 78-7), § 220-69-230, filed 2/17/78; Order 76-153, § 220-69-230, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-234 Description of treaty Indian fish receiving ticket. (1) There is hereby created a treaty Indian fish receiving ticket form to be prepared, printed, and distributed upon request, by the department of fisheries, which shall contain space for the following information:

- (a) Tribal name: Name or identification number of tribe.
- (b) Fisherman: Name or identification number of deliverer.
- (c) Signature: Signature of deliverer on tribal copy of ticket.
 - (d) Date: Date of landing.
- (e) Dealer: Name of dealer, and department of fisheries' number assigned to dealer.
- (f) Buyer: Name of buyer, and department of fisheries' number assigned to buyer.
- (g) Gear: Code name or number of specific gear type used.
- (h) Receiver's signature: Signature of original receiver.
- (i) Catch area: River name for river catch, salmon catch area for saltwater salmon catch, marine fish/shellfish catch area for nonsalmon saltwater catch.
- (j) Tally space for dealer's use: Used at dealer's discretion.
- (k) Species and description: Species name of fish landed.
- (l) Number of fish, pounds, and value: Information for each species landed.
 - (m) Subtotal: Total price of catch landed.
 - (n) Tribal tax: Tribal tax collected.
 - (o) Total: Total price paid seller or deliverer.
- (p) Take-home fish: Species, number, and pounds of fish retained for personal, ceremonial, or subsistence use.
- (2) The treaty Indian fish receiving ticket shall be used for any deliveries of fish or shellfish caught by Washington treaty Indians.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–234, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–69–234, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–234, filed 12/2/83; 80–05–093 (Order 80–27), § 220–69–234, filed 5/2/80; 78–03–031 (Order 78–7), § 220–69–234, filed 2/17/78; Order 76–153, § 220–69–234, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-23402 Description of aquatic farm production report. (1) There is hereby created an aquaculture production report form to be prepared, printed and distributed on request by the department of fisheries. The aquatic farmer shall provide the following information:
- (a) Firm name: Name of aquaculture firm and telephone number
 - (b) Firm address: Address of aquaculture firm
- (c) Aquatic farm registration number: Department of fisheries assigned dealer number
- (d) Species: Common name of species grown at aquatic farm site
- (e) Quantity harvested for sale: Quantity, in production units, of each species harvested for sale each month
- (f) Signature: Signature of firm executive or authorized representative and date signed
- (2) The aquaculture production report shall be used for monthly reporting of aquaculture production as specified in WAC 220-69-243.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), § 220-69-23402, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority:

RCW 75.08.080. 81-03-032 (Order 81-6), § 220-69-23402, filed 1/13/81.]

WAC 220-69-237 Description of sport salmon catch record and required information. (1) There is hereby created a sport salmon catch record form to be prepared, printed, and distributed on request, by the department of fisheries,

- (2) The sport salmon catch record card shall contain space for the following information:
 - (a) Name of angler.
 - (b) Home address.
 - (c) City, state, zip code.
 - (d) Date of issue.
 - (e) Angler's home phone.
 - (f) Month of catch.
 - (g) Day of catch.
 - (h) Marine code or stream: Location of catch.
 - (i) Species: Catch type code.

The information in (a) through (d) of this subsection must be completed prior to the catch record card being separated from the underlying copy of the catch record card. The information in (f) through (i) of this subsection must be completed immediately upon catching a salmon to be retained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-17-080 (Order 90-55), § 220-69-237, filed 8/16/90, effective 9/16/90; 90-03-068 (Order 90-05), § 220-69-237, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90; 89-07-071 (Order 89-05), § 220-69-237, filed 3/20/89; 84-09-026 (Order 84-22), § 220-69-237, filed 4/11/84; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-237, filed 12/2/83; Order 77-121, § 220-69-237, filed 10/19/77; Order 76-153, § 220-69-237, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-238 Description of sturgeon catch record and required information. (1) There is hereby created a sturgeon catch record form to be prepared, printed, and distributed on request, by the department of fisheries.

- (2) The sturgeon catch record card shall contain space for the following information:
 - (a) Name of angler.
 - (b) Home address.
 - (c) City, state, zip code.
 - (d) Date of issue.
 - (e) Angler's home phone.
 - (f) Month of catch.
 - (g) Day of catch.
- (h) Marine code, river code, or stream: Location of catch.
 - (i) Species: Catch type code.
 - (i) Length of fish.
- (3) The information in subsection (2)(a) through (d) of this section must be completed prior to separating the catch record card from the underlying copy of the catch record card. The information in subsection (2)(f) through (j) of this section must be completed immediately upon catching a sturgeon to be retained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–17–080 (Order 90–55), § 220–69–238, filed 8/16/90, effective 9/16/90; 90–03–068 (Order 90–05), § 220–69–238, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90; 89–07–071 (Order 89–05), § 220–69–238, filed 3/20/89; 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220–69–238, filed 2/4/88.]

- WAC 220-69-239 Description of halibut catch record card and required information. (1) There is hereby created a halibut catch record form to be prepared, printed, and distributed on request by the department of fisheries.
- (2) The halibut catch record card shall contain space for the following:
 - (a) Name of angler.
 - (b) Home address.
 - (c) City, state, zip code.
 - (d) Date of issue.
 - (e) Angler's home phone.
 - (f) Month of catch.
 - (g) Day of catch.
 - (h) Marine code: Location of catch.
- (i) Catcher vessel type: Type of vessel from which retained halibut taken charter boat (c) or personal vessel/kicker boat (k).
- (3) The information in subsection (2)(a) through (d) of this section must be completed prior to separating the catch record card from the underlying copy of the catch record card. The information in subsection (2)(f) through (i) of this section must be completed immediately upon catching a halibut to be retained.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90-17-080 (Order 90-55), § 220-69-239, filed 8/16/90, effective 9/16/90.]

WAC 220-69-240 Duties of commercial purchasers and receivers. (1) Every person originally receiving or purchasing fresh or iced food fish or shellfish or parts thereof, or frozen food fish or shellfish or parts thereof that have not been previously landed in another state, territory, or country from fishermen, firms, or individuals, regardless of whether or not the receiver or purchaser holds a license as required under Title 75 RCW, must immediately, completely, accurately, and legibly prepare the appropriate state of Washington fish receiving ticket regarding each and every purchase or receipt of such commodities. Any employee of a licensed wholesale dealer who has authorization to receive or purchase fish or shellfish for that dealer on the premises of the primary business address or any of its branch plant locations shall be authorized to initiate and sign fish receiving tickets on behalf of his employer. The business or firm shall be responsible for the accuracy and legibility of all such documents initiated in its name. Each delivery must be recorded on a separate state of Washington fish receiving ticket.

- (2) State of Washington fish receiving tickets are required for:
- (a) Fresh food fish and shellfish landed in the state of Washington.
- (b) Fresh food fish and shellfish previously landed in another state, territory, or country and shipped or transported into the state of Washington to an original receiver.
- (c) Frozen food fish or shellfish not previously landed in another state, territory, or country and shipped or transported into the state of Washington to an original receiver.

- (3) State of Washington fish receiving tickets are not required for:
- (a) Purchases or receipts made by individuals or consumers at retail.
- (b) Purchases or receipts from any person possessing a valid Washington wholesale dealer's license except that a wholesale dealer purchasing fish from a commercial fisherman or shellfish gatherer shall complete the appropriate fish receiving ticket regardless of whether the commercial fisherman or shellfish gatherer possesses a wholesale dealer's license. It is the purchaser's responsibility to obtain the name, address, and Washington wholesale dealer's license number, together with such sales receipt documents or information as may be required, to show the deliverer's name, quantity of fish, and date of the transaction and retain these with the food fish or shellfish.
- (c) Fresh or frozen food fish or shellfish that are in transit through the state of Washington, if no storage, handling, processing, or repackaging occurs within the state.
 - (d) Private sector cultured aquatic products.
- (4) Fishermen, fishermen-wholesalers, and wholesalers shall determine the weight of baitfish contained in an average and normal brail and multiply the number of such brailers of baitfish by this weight factor and report such baitfish in both dozens and total weight: Provided, That it is lawful for such fishermen, fishermen-wholesalers, and wholesalers, when receiving herring, candlefish, anchovy, or pilchards for bait purposes, to delay completing that portion of the fish receiving ticket which indicates number of herring received, only if the herring, candlefish, anchovy, or pilchards are sold individually or counted as dozens. Such counts must be entered on the fish tickets immediately. An estimate of herring, candlefish, anchovy, or pilchards caught but not sold due to mortality must be included on the fish ticket as "loss estimate."
- (5) It is lawful for an original receiver, when receiving purse seine—caught herring taken from Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B during the period April 15 through May 31, to delay completing that portion of the fish receiving ticket which indicates the weight of herring received only until the herring are off—loaded from the original receiver's vessel. The herring must then be weighed and the weight immediately entered in the appropriate space on the ticket. A separate state of Washington fish receiving ticket must be initiated at the time of each individual receipt of herring from the purse seine catching vessel.
- (6) The original receiver of herring taken from Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Catch Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B, during the period April 16 through May 31 must report each calendar day's receipts by noon of the following day to the Department of Fisheries, Olympia, Washington; telephone (206) 753-6637.
- (7) It is unlawful for any person receiving or purchasing geoducks from fishermen, firms, or individuals, regardless of whether or not the purchaser or receiver holds a license as required under Title 75 RCW, to fail

- to accurately and legibly complete the fish receiving ticket initiated on the harvest tract immediately upon the actual landing of geoducks from the harvesting vessel onto the shore. This fish receiving ticket shall accompany the harvested geoducks from the department of natural resources harvest tract to the point of landing.
- (8) It is unlawful for the original receiver of Pacific whiting to fail to enter an estimated weight of Pacific whiting on the fish receiving ticket immediately upon completion of the landing. The exact weights of whiting, by grade, and all incidental species in the landing must be entered on the fish receiving ticket within twenty-four hours of the landing.
- (9) It is unlawful for the original receiver to fail to initiate the completion of the fish receiving ticket immediately upon receipt of any portion of a commercial catch. Should the unloading of a catch take more than one day, the date that the unloading is completed shall be entered on the fish receiving ticket as the date of landing. If, for any purpose, the vessel leaves the unloading site, the original receiver must immediately enter the current date on the fish receiving ticket.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–240, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–69–240, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–240, filed 12/2/83; 82–17–040 (Order 82–105), § 220–69–240, filed 8/13/82; 81–11–006 (Order 81–31), § 220–69–240, filed 5/11/81; Order 77–14, § 220–69–240, filed 4/15/77; Order 76–153, § 220–69–240, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-241 Duties of commercial fisherman.

- (1) Every fisherman selling his food fish or shellfish to the consumer, restaurant, boathouse, or other retail outlet, and every fisherman who places, or attempts to place, into inter-state commerce any food fish or shellfish previously landed in this state, or caught, or harvested from the territorial waters of this state, is required to:
- (a) Immediately, completely, accurately, and legibly prepare the appropriate state of Washington fish receiving ticket in his own name for each retail sale or out-of-state shipment so made, or
- (b) At the close of each day's business, completely, accurately, and legibly prepare the appropriate state of Washington fish receiving ticket in his own name for the total day's activities, or
- (2) In the commercial geoduck fishery, a vessel operator so designated by the geoduck tract holder must be present at all times on each vessel commercially harvesting geoducks or having commercially harvested geoducks aboard. For each day's harvest of geoducks from each tract, the designated operator must legibly and accurately enter the following information on a fish receiving ticket before leaving the department of natural resources geoduck harvest tract:
- (a) Enter in the "dealer's use" column the number of cages of geoducks harvested.
- (b) Write across the top of the fish receiving ticket directly below the tear strip, the harvest vessel name, its Washington department of fisheries identification number and the date.
 - (c) Sign the fish receiving ticket as the fisherman.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), \S 220-69-241, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), \S 220-69-241, filed 12/2/83; 81-11-006 (Order 81-31), \S 220-69-241, filed 5/11/81; 81-03-032 (Order 81-6), \S 220-69-241, filed 1/13/81; Order 76-153, \S 220-69-241, filed 1/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-242 Duties of commercial shellfish purchasers, receivers, and shuckers. Every person receiving, purchasing, or shucking shellfish for resale, excluding privately cultured aquatic products, shall keep complete and accurate records showing the person from whom the shellfish were received, the quantity received, the quantity of shellfish shucked or opened, if applicable, and the location from which the shellfish were harvested, and shall completely, accurately, and legibly prepare the appropriate state of Washington fish receiving ticket for each and every day's activities.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), \$ 220–69–242, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), \$ 220–69–242, filed 12/2/83; Order 76–153, \$ 220–69–242, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-243 Duties of aquatic farmers. Every aquatic farmer selling or shipping out of state his private sector cultured aquatic products shall keep complete and accurate records showing the quantity of these products sold and the location of the aquatic farm where they were grown, and shall completely, accurately, and legibly prepare an aquatic farm production report. An aquatic farm production report shall be prepared for each aquatic farm and shall be mailed to the department within thirty days of the end of each quarter for which production is reported.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–243, filed 9/12/86.]

WAC 220-69-245 Duties of sport salmon and sturgeon catch record card issuers. Any person issuing catch record cards shall be subject to the following orders:

- (1) Sport catch record cards shall be issued in numerical sequence starting with the lowest numbered record card in possession of the issuer.
- (2) Sport catch record card books shall not be transferred from one issuer to another without written permission of the department of fisheries.
- (3) Any issuer terminating business or closing for the year shall return any partially used sport catch record card books to the department of fisheries within thirty days after terminating business or closing for the year, and must return any complete unused books or report complete unused books by providing the department with a list of unused card numbers within thirty days of terminating business or closing for the year.
- (4) All sport catch record cards that are void, lost, destroyed, or otherwise missing from a dealership, shall be accounted for in writing to the department of fisheries.
- (5) All sport catch record card books in which all cards have been issued shall be returned to the department of fisheries within thirty days of the date of issuance of the last catch record card in each book.

(6) All sport catch record card books, whether used or unused, shall be returned to the department of fisheries by January 31 of the year following the year printed on the catch record cards, except unused catch record card books may be reported by providing the department with a list of unused card numbers by January 31st.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 88–05–002 (Order 88–03), § 220-69-245, filed 2/4/88; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-245, filed 12/2/83; Order 76-153, § 220-69-245, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-250 Required information on nontreaty fish receiving tickets. (1) WAC 220-69-230 (1)(a) through (m), (p), (s), and (t) shall be required on each completed nontreaty fish receiving ticket except that WAC 220-69-230 (1)(s) and (t) are not required for bottom fish landings from Pacific Ocean waters and waters of Puget Sound west of the mouth of the Sekiu River.

- (2) A valid license card or duplicate license card issued by the department of fisheries shall be used in conjunction with an approved mechanical imprinter in lieu of WAC 220-69-230 (1)(a) through (e) except as provided in WAC 220-69-273.
- (3) A valid dealer or buyer card issued by the department of fisheries shall be used in conjunction with an approved mechanical imprinter in lieu of WAC 220-69-230 (1)(h) and (i).
- (4) During the period December 1 through December 30, the crab inspection certificate number is a required entry on all shellfish receiving tickets documenting landings and sale of Dungeness crab from Pacific Ocean, Coastal Washington, Grays Harbor, Willapa Harbor, and Columbia River waters. The crab inspection certificate number must be entered legibly on the left hand side of the ticket in the space indicated for dealer's use.
- (5) The Puget Sound crab pot/buoy brand certification number is a required entry on all shellfish receiving tickets documenting landings and sale of Dungeness crab taken with shellfish pot gear from Puget Sound waters. The Puget Sound crab pot/buoy brand certification number must be entered legibly on the left hand side of the ticket in the space indicated for dealer's use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), \S 220-69-250, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), \S 220-69-250, filed 5/10/85; 85-01-010 (Order 84-214), \S 220-69-250, filed 12/7/84; 84-08-014 (Order 84-24), \S 220-69-250, filed 3/27/84; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), \S 220-69-250, filed 12/2/83; Order 76-153, \S 220-69-250, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-254 Required information on treaty Indian fish receiving tickets. (1) WAC 220-69-234 (1)(a) through (k), (m), (n), (q), and (r) shall be required on each completed treaty Indian fish receiving ticket.

- (2) A valid treaty Indian identification card may be used in lieu of WAC 220-69-234 (1)(a) and (b).
- (3) A valid dealer or buyer card issued by the department of fisheries shall be used in lieu of WAC 220-69-234 (1)(e) and (f).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–254, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW

75.08.080. 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), § 220-69-254, filed 5/10/85; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-254, filed 12/2/83; 78-03-031 (Order 78-7), § 220-69-254, filed 2/17/78; Order 76-153, § 220-69-254, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-260 Distribution of copies of cannery and troll fish receiving ticket. State of Washington cannery and troll fish receiving tickets shall be made out in quintuplicate (five copies) at the time of landing. Upon completion of the fish receiving ticket the copies shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) The dealer copy #1 (white) shall be retained by receiver for their use.
- (2) The state copies #1 and #2 (green and pink) shall be mailed to the department of fisheries. It is required that the state copies be received by the department no later than the fourth working day after the day the ticket was completed by the original receiver.
- (3) Dealer copy #2 (yellow) shall be retained by receiver for their use.
- (4) Fisherman copy (gold) shall be retained by the deliverer for their use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–03–068 (Order 90–05), \S 220–69–260, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), \S 220–69–260, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), \S 220–69–260, filed 12/2/83; 80–05–093 (Order 80–27), \S 220–69–260, filed 5/2/80; Order 76–153, \S 220–69–260, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-262 Distribution of copies of marine and utility fish receiving ticket. State of Washington marine and utility fish receiving tickets shall be made out in quadruplicate (four copies) at the time of landing. Upon completion of the fish receiving ticket, the copies shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) The dealer copy #1 (white) shall be retained by receiver for their use.
- (2) The state copy (green) shall be mailed to the department of fisheries. It is required that the state copy be received by the department no later than the fourth working day after the day the ticket was completed by the original receiver.
- (3) The dealer copy #2 (yellow) shall be retained by receiver for their use.
- (4) The fisherman copy (gold) shall be retained by the deliverer for their use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–262, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–262, filed 12/2/83; Order 76–153, § 220–69–262, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-264 Distribution of copies of treaty Indian fish receiving tickets. State of Washington treaty Indian fish receiving tickets shall be made out in quintuplicate (five copies) at the time of landing. Upon completion of the treaty Indian fish receiving ticket, the copies shall be distributed as follows:
- (1) The dealer copy #1 (white) shall be retained by receiver for their use.
- (2) The state copy (green) and the game copy (pink) shall be mailed to the Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission, P.O. Box 5247, Lacey, Washington 98503. It is

- required that the state copy and game copy be received by the Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission no later than the fourth working day after the day the ticket was completed by the original receiver.
- (3) The tribal copy (yellow) shall be mailed with the state and game copies to the Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission, P.O. Box 5247, Lacey, Washington 98503: *Provided*, That upon written agreement received by the department of fisheries from a specific tribe and buyer indicating the desire to transmit the tribe's copy directly to the fisherman's tribe, then that one copy may be so disposed.
- (4) The fisherman copy (gold) shall be retained by the deliverer for their use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 90–03–068 (Order 90–05), \S 220–69–264, filed 1/19/90, effective 2/19/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), \S 220–69–264, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), \S 220–69–264, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), \S 220–69–264, filed 12/2/83; 80–05–093 (Order 80–27), \S 220–69–264, filed 5/2/80; Order 76–153, \S 220–69–264, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-26401 Distribution of copies of shell-fish receiving ticket. State of Washington shellfish receiving tickets shall be made out in quintuplicate (five copies) at the time of landing. Upon completion of the shellfish receiving ticket, the copies shall be distributed as follows:

- (1) The dealer copy #1 (white) shall be retained by receiver of their use.
- (2) The state copy #1 (green) shall be mailed to the department of fisheries. It is required that the state copy be received by the department no later than the fourth working day after the day the ticket was completed by the original receiver.
- (3) The state copy #2 (pink) shall be mailed with state copy #1 (green) to the department of fisheries.
- (4) The dealer copy #2 shall be retained by the receiver for their use.
- (5) The fisherman copy (gold) shall be retained by the deliverer for their use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–26401, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–26401, filed 12/2/83; 80–05–093 (Order 80–27), § 220–69–26401, filed 5/2/80.]

- WAC 220-69-270 License cards. (1) Upon lawful application, a commercial fishing license or permit in the form of a license card will be issued by the department of fisheries. The license card will be designed for use with an approved mechanical imprinting device. The license card will contain the boat owner's name; boat name or number, length, and gear type; boat operator's name, description, and address; license expiration date; gear code; license number; and department of fisheries' boat plate number.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to use or possess a license card other than the fisherman to whom the card is issued, or the receiver to whom the fish are being offered for receipt.

(3) Upon written request to the department of fisheries by any person holding a valid license card, a duplicate license card will be issued. The duplicate license card will contain the names of the boat owner and operator, boat name or number, gear code, license number, and department of fisheries' boat plate number. The duplicate license card shall be retained by the buyer for preparing the appropriate state of Washington fish receiving ticket in the deliverer's absence.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), § 220-69-270, filed 12/2/83; Order 76-153, § 220-69-270, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-271 Dealer and buyer plates. (1) Upon lawful application for a wholesale dealer's license, a dealer's plate will be issued by the department of fisheries for any receiver acting as or intending to act as an original receiver. The receiver's plate will be designed for use with an approved mechanical imprinting device and shall contain the dealer's name, dealer's license number, year for which the license is valid, and department of fisheries' dealer number.
- (2) Upon lawful application for a wholesale buyer's license or a branch plant license, a buyer's plate will be issued by the department of fisheries for any buyer acting or intending to act on the behalf of an original receiver. The buyer's plate will be designed for use with an approved mechanical imprinting device and shall contain the dealer's name, dealer's license number, year for which the license is valid, department of fisheries' dealer number, buyer name, and department of fisheries' buyer number.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 80-05-093 (Order 80-27), § 220-69-271, filed 5/2/80; 78-03-031 (Order 78-7), § 220-69-271, filed 2/17/78; Order 76-153, § 220-69-271, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-272 Treaty Indian identification cards. Washington treaty Indians delivering fish or shellfish may use a treaty Indian identification card, properly embossed with the tribe number and treaty Indian identification number, in lieu of hand-written fisherman information except that the fisherman's signature is required on the tribal copy of the treaty Indian fish receiving ticket.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), \S 220-69-272, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-11-020 (Order 85-43), \S 220-69-272, filed 5/10/85; 83-24-049 (Order 83-203), \S 220-69-272, filed 12/2/83; Order 76-153, \S 220-69-272, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-273 Imprinters. Use of a mechanical imprinter approved by the department of fisheries, in conjunction with a license card, duplicate license card, or treaty Indian identification card to identify the deliverer, and a dealer plate or buyer plate to identify the receiver on all state of Washington fish receiving tickets is hereby made mandatory.

Provided, That license card information may be recorded manually on the state of Washington fish receiving tickets in the following exceptions:

(1) Oregon licensed fishermen delivering fish caught in the Columbia River.

- (2) Purchases made from out-of-state firms.
- (3) Fishermen selling on a delivery permit who have not received a delivery permit card from the department.
- (4) For nontreaty fishermen, any instance where a commercial gear license is not required and license card has not been issued.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–273, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–273, filed 12/2/83; Order 76–153, § 220–69–273, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-274 Signatures. (1) The deliverer of nontreaty food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof, shall sign the complete nontreaty fish receiving ticket, which signature shall be deemed certification of the correctness of all entries thereon. The original receiver of nontreaty food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof, shall sign the complete nontreaty fish receiving ticket.
- (2) The deliverer of treaty food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof shall sign the tribal copy of the treaty Indian fish receiving ticket, which signature shall be deemed certification of the correctness of all entries on the complete fish receiving ticket. The original receiver of treaty food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof, shall sign the complete treaty Indian fish receiving ticket.
- (3) Where the fisherman is unable to deliver the catch, an agent of the fisherman is authorized to sign the fish receiving ticket if the person has first obtained an additional operator's license for the fishing vessel operated by the fisherman.
- (4) Should the receiver receive the food fish, shellfish, or parts thereof, by other than direct delivery, the receiver shall affix his or her signature to the fish receiving ticket, and the fish receiving ticket shall be completed and submitted without the deliverer's signature together with a statement as to the reasons the signature was not obtained, and the receiver shall assume complete responsibility for the correctness of all entries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–69–274, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–69–274, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–274, filed 12/2/83; Order 76–153, § 220–69–274, filed 12/17/76.]

- WAC 220-69-280 Fish receiving ticket accountability. Only current year state of Washington fish receiving tickets shall be used, and shall be subject to the following orders:
- (1) Official state of Washington fish receiving tickets may be ordered free of charge from the department of fisheries.
- (2) Fish receiving ticket books shall be used in numerical sequence, starting with the lowest numbered ticket book issued to the purchaser or receiver.
- (3) Fish receiving tickets or ticket books shall not be transferred from one purchaser or receiver to another purchaser or receiver without written permission from the department of fisheries.
- (4) Any purchaser or receiver terminating business shall notify the department of fisheries in writing and shall return all unused fish receiving tickets and ticket

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books to the department of fisheries within thirty days after termination of business.

- (5) All fish receiving tickets that are incorrectly made out, voided, or otherwise unused, shall be submitted to the department of fisheries accompanying, and in sequence with, other fish receiving tickets.
- (6) All fish receiving tickets that are lost, destroyed, or otherwise missing, shall be accounted for in writing to the department of fisheries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), § 220-69-280, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–020 (Order 85–43), § 220–69–280, filed 5/10/85; 83–24–049 (Order 83–203), § 220–69–280, filed 12/2/83; 82–17–040 (Order 82-105), § 220-69-280, filed 8/13/82; 80-05-093 (Order 80-27), § 220–69–280, filed 5/2/80; 78–03–031 (Order 78–7), § 220–69– 280, filed 2/17/78; Order 76-153, § 220-69-280, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-290 Annual production report. There is hereby created a state of Washington annual production report form to be prepared, printed, and distributed annually by the department of fisheries to all wholesale dealers, canners, custom canners, and by-product manufacturers. The annual production report shall be completed and returned to the department of fisheries not later than January 31 for the preceding year of business activities.

[Order 76–153, § 220–69–290, filed 12/17/76.]

WAC 220-69-300 Commercial food fish and shellfish transportation ticket. (1) It is unlawful for any person to transport commercial quantities of food fish or shellfish in Washington state unless the person has in possession a completed state of Washington commercial food fish and shellfish transportation ticket (referred to hereafter as a "transportation ticket").

- (2) The transportation ticket shall contain space for:
- (a) The name of the fisherman who caught the fish.
- (b) The fisherman's vessel registration number.
- (c) The signature of the fisherman or additional operator.
 - (d) The name of the transporter.
 - (e) The signature of the transporter.
- (f) The catch area where the food fish or shellfish were caught.
- (g) The species of food fish or shellfish being transported.
- (h) The number or approximate pounds of food fish or shellfish being transported.
- (3) The information in subsection (2)(a) through (h) of this section are required entries on all completed transportation tickets.
- (4) The transportation ticket is to be mailed together with the state copy of the fish receiving ticket as provided for in WAC 220-69-260, 220-69-262, 220-69-264, and 220-69-26401.
- (5) It is unlawful for any transporter of commercial quantities of food fish or shellfish to fail to show the transportation ticket, on demand, to a fisheries patrol officer or ex officio fisheries patrol officer.
 - (6) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

- (a) Food fish and shellfish purchased at retail, provided the purchaser has, in possession, a sales receipt documenting purchase.
- (b) Food fish or shellfish for which a fish receiving ticket has been completed.
- (c) Food fish or shellfish being transported by the department.
 - (d) Hatchery carcass sales.

- (e) Private sector cultured aquatic products in transport.
- (f) Food fish or shellfish being transported on an Oregon transportation ticket.
- (g) Food fish or shellfish being transported in the catching vessel.

Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040, 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), § 220-69-300, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-11-021 (Order 85-44), § 220-69-300, filed 5/10/85.]

Chapter 220-72 WAC OYSTER DISEASES AND PESTS

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220-72-002	Promulgation.
220-72-013	Restricted shellfish areas—Drayton Harbor.
220-72-016	Restricted shellfish areas—Samish Bay.
220-72-019	Restricted shellfish areas—Padilla Bay.
220-72-022	Restricted shellfish areas—Similk Bay.
220-72-025	Restricted shellfish areas—Liberty Bay.
220-72-028	Restricted shellfish areas—Dyes Inlet.
220-72-031	Restricted shellfish areas—Case Inlet—Rocky Bay and North Bay.
220-72-034	Restricted shellfish areas—Hammersley Inlet— Oakland Bay.
220-72-037	Restricted shellfish areas—Totten Inlet—Oyster Bay.
220-72-040	Restricted shellfish areas—Eld Inlet—Mud Bay.
220-72-043	Restricted shellfish areas—Nisqually Flats.
220–72–046	Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Quilcene Bay.
220-72-049	Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Lynch Cove.
220-72-052	Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Hamma Hamma Flats.
220-72-055	Restricted shellfish areas—Henderson Inlet—South Bay.
220-72-058	Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Middle Sands.
220-72-061	Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Nemah.
220–72–064	Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Bay Center.
220-72-067	Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Cedar River.
220-72-070	Unrestricted shellfish areas.
220-72-073	Unlawful acts—Oyster transfer.
220-72-076	Unlawful acts—Permit display.
220-72-079	Unlawful acts—Compliance.
220-72-082	Imports—Inspection.
220-72-085	Imports—Written permission.
220-72-088	Imports—Certification.
220-72-091	Imports—Importation period.
220-72-094	Imports—Shipping season.
DISPOSITIO	N OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-72-001	Promulgation.	[Order	413,	Promu	lgation,	filed
	3/1/60.] Repe	aled by (Order	847, filed	9/24/6	9 and
	5/27/70.					

220-72-010 Restricted and unrestricted areas-Unlawful acts. [Order 413, § 1(1)-(3), filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 847, filed 9/24/69 and 5/27/70.

220-72-020 Imports. [Order 413, § 2(1)-(5), filed 3/1/60.] Repealed by Order 847, filed 9/24/69 and 5/27/70.

WAC 220-72-002 Promulgation. In order to suppress and prevent the spread of infectious, contagious, communicable diseases and pests affecting oysters, the following regulations are adopted [WAC 220-72-013 through 220-72-094].

[Order 847, § 220-72-002, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-013 Restricted shellfish areas—Drayton Harbor. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound inside and southerly of a line projected from the end of Semiahmoo Spit to where the International Boundary line intersects the mainland.

[Order 847, § 220–72–013, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-016 Restricted shellfish areas—Samish Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound inside and easterly of a line starting at the most westerly tip of the point at the south entrance of Chuckanut Bay and projected in a southerly direction to William Point on Samish Island.

[Order 847, § 220-72-016, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-019 Restricted shellfish areas—Padilla Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Padilla Bay easterly and southerly of a line starting at William Point on Samish Island and projected southerly to March Point on Fidalgo Island.

[Order 847, § 220-72-019, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-022 Restricted shellfish areas—Similk Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Skagit Bay and Similk Bay northerly of a line projected across said area and following latitude 48 degrees 20 minutes north.

[Order 847, § 220-72-022, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-025 Restricted shellfish areas—Liberty Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Liberty Bay inside, westerly and northerly of a line projected true south from Tower Point.

[Order 847, § 220-72-025, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-028 Restricted shellfish areas—Dyes Inlet. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Dyes Inlet inside and northerly of a line starting at the mouth of Baker's Creek, and projected true west.

[Order 847, § 220-72-028, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-031 Restricted shellfish areas—Case Inlet—Rocky Bay and North Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Case Inlet northerly of a line projected true west from the westerly tip of Windy Bluff across Case Inlet through the northerly tip of Reach Island to the west shore of Case Inlet.

[Order 847, § 220-72-031, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-034 Restricted shellfish areas—Hammersley Inlet—Oakland Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound inside, westerly and northerly of a line starting at Munson Point and projected in a southerly direction to Eagle Point.

[Order 847, § 220-72-034, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-037 Restricted shellfish areas—Totten Inlet—Oyster Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Totten Inlet lying inside and southerly of a line starting at the most northeasterly tip of Kamilche Point, at the southerly entrance of Skookum Inlet, and projected true southeast to the mainland.

[Order 847, § 220-72-037, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-040 Restricted shellfish areas—Eld Inlet—Mud Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Eld Inlet lying inside, southerly and westerly of a line starting at Flapjack Point and projected true south to the mainland.

[Order 847, § 220-72-040, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-043 Restricted shellfish areas—Nisqually Flats. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound lying southerly of a line starting at the end of the DuPont Dock and projected true west to the mainland.

[Order 847, § 220-72-043, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-046 Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Quilcene Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands and northerly of a line starting at the old trestle, located immediately south of the Quilcene Boat Harbor, and projected southeasterly to the most southerly tip of Bolton Peninsula.

[Order 847, § 220-72-046, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-049 Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Lynch Cove. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound and Lynch Cove inside of the following described lines: Starting at a white monument set on the beach at the southerly side of the

mouth of the Union River and projected in a southwesterly direction to where such line intersects a line projected true south from Johnson's Point.

[Order 847, § 220-72-049, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-052 Restricted shellfish areas—Hood Canal—Hamma Hamma Flats. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Hood Canal inside and westerly of lines drawn from:

```
Point No. 1 at 47° 33' 15" N. Lat.
123° 01' 42" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 2 at 47° 32' 54" N. Lat.
123° 01' 06" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 3 at 47° 32' 54" N. Lat.
123° 01' 48" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 4 at 47° 32' 21" N. Lat.
123° 01' 54" W. Long.
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[Order 847, § 220-72-052, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-055 Restricted shellfish areas—Henderson Inlet—South Bay. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands inside and southerly of a line commencing at a point on the west shore of Henderson Inlet where the south line of Section 17, Twp 19 N R 1 WWM intersects the shoreline, thence projected true east across Henderson Inlet to the east shoreline.

[Order 847, § 220-72-055, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-058 Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Middle Sands. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Willapa Bay lying inside of lines drawn from:

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Point No. 1 at 46° 30' 00" N. Lat.

124° 01' 20" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 2 at 46° 30' 00" N. Lat.

124° 00' 50" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 3 at 46° 27' 50" N. Lat.

124° 00' 50" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 4 at 46° 28' 20" N. Lat.

124° 01' 15" W. Long. and thence to

point of beginning.
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[Order 847, § 220-72-058, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-061 Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Nemah. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Willapa Bay inside lines drawn from:

```
Point No. 1 at 46° 33' 00" N. Lat.
123° 56' 47" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 2 at 46° 32' 23" N. Lat.
123° 55' 44" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 3 at 46° 30' 55" N. Lat.
123° 56' 00" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 4 at 46° 30' 43" N. Lat.
123° 56' 36" W. Long. thence to
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Point No. 5 at 46° 30' 50" N. Lat.

123° 57' 20" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 6 at 46° 31' 34" N. Lat.

123° 57' 41" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 7 at 46° 32' 37" N. Lat.

123° 57' 25" W. Long. and thence to

point of beginning.
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[Order 847, § 220-72-061, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-064 Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Bay Center. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Willapa Bay lying inside lines drawn from:

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Point No. 1 at 46° 38' 48" N. Lat.

123° 57' 30" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 2 at 46° 38' 40" N. Lat.

123° 57' 25" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 3 at 46° 38' 30" N. Lat.

123° 58' 10" W. Long. thence to

Point No. 4 at 46° 38' 45" N. Lat.

123° 58' 15" W. Long. and thence to

point of beginning.
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[Order 847, § 220-72-064, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-067 Restricted shellfish areas—Willapa Bay—Cedar River. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Willapa Bay lying inside lines drawn from:

```
Point No. 1 at 46° 42' 23" N. Lat.
                123° 57' 53" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 2 at
                46° 42' 55" N. Lat.
                123° 59' 25" W. Long. thence to
Point No. 3 at
                46° 43' 25" N. Lat.
                123° 59' 25" W. Long. thence to
               46° 44' 10" N. Lat.
Point No. 4 at
                123° 58' 35" W. Long. thence to
               46° 44' 12" N. Lat.
Point No. 5 at
                123° 58' 10" W. Long. thence to
               46° 44' 00" N. Lat.
Point No. 6 at
                123° 57' 55" W. Long, thence to
               46° 43' 27" N. Lat.
Point No. 7 at
                123° 57' 52" W. Long. thence to
               46° 42' 55" N. Lat.
Point No. 8 at
                123° 57' 35" W. Long. and thence to
                point of beginning.
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[Order 847, § 220-72-067, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-070 Unrestricted shellfish areas. All waters, tidelands and oyster handling facilities operated in conjunction with said waters and tidelands of Puget Sound, Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay lying outside the restricted shellfish areas as defined in chapter 220-72 WAC are hereby designated as unrestricted shellfish areas.

[Order 847, § 220-72-070, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-073 Unlawful acts-Oyster transfer. It shall be unlawful without first obtaining written permission from the director of fisheries or his authorized agent to move or transfer any oysters, oyster seed, oyster cultch, oyster shell, oystering equipment, boats, scows, other material or any marine organisms adversely affecting oysters between unrestricted shellfish areas, between restricted shellfish areas, from a restricted shellfish area into an unrestricted area and from an unrestricted shellfish area into a restricted shellfish area. The director of fisheries or his authorized agent may require such written permit be obtained by any person, firm or corporation to move or transfer oysters, oyster seed, oyster cultch, oyster shell, oystering equipment, boats, scows, other material or any marine organisms adversely affecting oysters within an unrestricted shellfish area or within a restricted shellfish area.

[Order 847, § 220-72-073, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-076 Unlawful acts—Permit display. It shall be unlawful to execute any transfer of oysters, oyster seed, oyster cultch, oyster shell, or any marine organisms adversely affecting oysters under a permit required by this Order unless such permit is affixed to or otherwise accompanies the conveyance affecting the physical transfer of such oysters, oyster shell or marine organisms harmful to oysters.

[Order 847, § 220-72-076, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-079 Unlawful acts—Compliance. It shall be unlawful for any person to refuse to take such action if the director or any of his authorized agents consider it necessary for the controlling or eradication of diseases and pests of any restricted or unrestricted shell-fish areas.

[Order 847, § 220-72-079, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-082 Imports—Inspection. It shall be unlawful to import into the state of Washington any oysters, oyster shell or oyster seed for the purpose of planting which have not been inspected at the source of supply by the department of fisheries at a time, place and manner specified by an authorized representative of the department, and which are not accompanied by an inspection certificate declaring that oysters, oyster shell or oyster seed are free of drills and other pests.

[Order 847, § 220-72-082, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-085 Imports—Written permission. It shall be unlawful to import into the state of Washington any oysters, oyster shell or oyster seed for the purpose of planting without written permission from the department of fisheries. This permission must be applied for at least 30 days prior to the start of any seed oyster packing. The application shall state the maximum quantity to be imported, the general area where they can be inspected, the name of the exporter, and the approximate time the shipment will be made.

[Order 1045, § 220–72–085, filed 3/8/73; Order 847, § 220–72–085, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-088 Imports—Certification. Prior to issuance of the inspection certificate, the Washington state department of fisheries must be furnished certification from suitable, state prefectural, central, or other government authority attesting to the origin of the seed oysters being considered for import to the state of Washington.

[Order 1045, § 220–72–088, filed 3/8/73; Order 847, § 220–72–088, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-091 Imports—Importation period. It shall be unlawful to import oyster seed from Japan that is packed prior to or after the oyster seed packing season established by the director of fisheries or his authorized representative. Subsequent to consultation with known Washington state seed oyster importers, the director of fisheries shall no later than January 15 of each year set the opening date for the seed oyster packing season in Japan. Minimum packing time shall be ten days. The on—site inspector will determine maximum length of the packing season, provided that all packing terminates no later than March 31. In the event an importer requires inspection of seed packed prior to or after the established packing season, he will be required to pay all costs of that inspection.

[Order 1045, § 220–72–091, filed 3/8/73; Order 847, § 220–72–091, filed 9/24/69.]

WAC 220-72-094 Imports—Shipping season. It shall be unlawful to import oyster seed from Japan prior to the starting date of the shipping season established by the director of fisheries, or later than April 30, of each year, provided that after April 15 the seed shall be held only on holding racks approved by the department of fisheries to provide extra protection to insure it will remain free from contamination by oyster pests.

[Order 1045, $220\mbox{-}72\mbox{-}094, filed 3/8/73; Order 847, <math display="inline">220\mbox{-}72\mbox{-}094, filed 9/24/69.]$

Chapter 220-74 WAC SURPLUS SALMON EGGS

WAC

220-74-010 Purpose.

220-74-015 Surplus salmon eggs.

220-74-020 Priorities.

220-74-022 Certain sales disallowed.

220-74-025 Purchases.

WAC 220-74-010 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter shall be to establish an orderly means for the department to dispose of surplus live salmon eggs in a manner that provides optimum benefits to the citizens of the state.

All surplus salmon eggs sold pursuant to chapter 220–74 WAC shall be used in accordance with the provisions of WAC 220–20–040 through 220–20–045.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-071 (Order 78-66), § 220-74-010, filed 8/25/78.]

WAC 220-74-015 Surplus salmon eggs. It is the duty of the department to preserve, protect, perpetuate and manage the food fish in the waters of the state so that the taking or other disposition of such food fish shall be at times and in a manner as will not impair the supply thereof. In a manner consistent with this conservation purpose, it is also the department's duty to seek to maintain the economic well-being and stability of the commercial fishing industry of the state. It is also the duty of the department to authorize the harvesting of salmon surplus to natural or artificial spawning requirements for the economic well-being of the citizens of the state.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-071 (Order 78-66), § 220-74-015, filed 8/25/78.]

WAC 220-74-020 Priorities. (1) It is the duty of the department to assure that egg requirements for state hatcheries and natural spawning escapements are satisfied. Once these requirements have been met, eggs surplus to these requirements will be provided to voluntary cooperative salmon culture programs under the supervision of the department, to qualified transferees and to qualified exchangees. Once these requirements are satisfied, the eggs may be made available for sale under chapter 220-74 WAC.

Qualified transferees are governmental hatcheries in Washington and Oregon or hatcheries of federally approved tribes in Washington to whom eggs are moved, not sold, under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, chapter 39.34 RCW, for release or experiments designed to benefit the citizens of the state and private or other governmental laboratories to whom eggs are moved, not sold, for experiments designed to benefit the citizens of the state. Qualified exchangees are governmental entities who are provided eggs by the department and from whom the department obtains eggs on a mutually agreeable basis and for the benefit of the citizens of the state.

- (2) To encourage the use of surplus live salmon eggs available for sale for the optimum benefit of the citizens of the state, the following priorities will be followed, within practical limitations, in distributing surplus live salmon eggs resulting from returns to artificial production facilities:
- (a) Sales to in-state aquaculturists when the eggs would be hatched, the resulting fry reared, by a person or corporation engaged in the fish industry in this state.
- (b) Sales to private Oregon sea ranchers where fish are to be released for migration from Oregon sites to the Pacific Ocean and thus subject to the public capture fisheries of the state of Washington.
- (c) Sales to the hatcheries located in California and Alaska where the fish are to be released at sites located in those states for migration to the Pacific Ocean for harvest by public capture fisheries and thus subjected to public capture by fishermen of the state of Washington.
- (d) Sales to other state, federal and private aquaculture programs which neither qualify as qualified transferees or exchangees nor meet the requirements of the first three priorities.

(e) Sales to foreign governmental entities which are not qualified transferees or exchangees and to other foreign entities (corporations).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–10–013 (Order 79–75), § 220–74–020, filed 9/7/79; 78–09–071 (Order 78–66), § 220–74–020, filed 8/25/78.]

WAC 220-74-022 Certain sales disallowed. (1) Sales of surplus eggs as described in WAC 220-74-020 shall not be allowed where the person or corporation seeking to buy said eggs has not paid all fees and taxes due and owing to the state of Washington.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 220-74 WAC, the department reserves the right to refuse to sell surplus salmon eggs to any purchaser for good cause.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–74–022, filed 2/21/84; 79–10–013 (Order 79–75), § 220–74–022, filed 9/7/79.]

WAC 220-74-025 Purchases. Purchases of surplus salmon eggs will occur within the following framework:

- (1) The price of eggs sold during a spawning season will be determined by the director after reviewing the results of an annual assessment of existing marketing conditions. The price will be the same for all purchases.
- (2) Within priority 1, requests for available eggs will be satisfied in accordance with the earliest date of receipt of the application for a salmon aquaculture permit by the department (WAC 220-76-010): Provided, That a firm request for eggs is received prior to September 1. All firm requests for eggs received after September 1 will be satisfied in order of their receipt on an eggs-available basis.
- (3) Within priority 1, up to one million eggs will be offered to the first qualified applicant before selling eggs to the next applicant. If eggs are still available after each applicant has had an opportunity to buy one million eggs, the procedure will be repeated until all requests within this priority have been satisfied.
- (4) Within priorities 2 and 3, requests for eggs will be satisfied in accordance with the firm requests that have the greatest likelihood of contributing to the public capture fisheries of the state of Washington.
- (5) Within priorities 4 and 5, requests for eggs will be satisfied in accordance with the earliest firm requests for eggs received.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-071 (Order 78-66), § 220-74-025, filed 8/25/78.]

Chapter 220-76 WAC AQUACULTURE

WAC	
220-76-001	Aquaculture.
220-76-010	Aquatic farm registration required.
220-76-015	Aquatic farm—Definition.
220–76–020	Aquatic farm registration form—Required information.
220-76-030	Aquaculture—Disease—Control.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-76-016 Aquaculture—Salmon eggs—Resale. [Order 980, § 220-76-016, filed 2/3/72.] Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.

220-76-025 Aquaculture—Sale of products—Invoices. [Order 980, § 220-76-025, filed 2/3/72.] Repealed by 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040.

WAC 220-76-001 Aquaculture. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to cultivate food fish, shellfish, or other aquatic animals for commercial purposes except as follows in chapter 220-76 WAC.

[Order 980, § 220-76-001, filed 2/3/72.]

WAC 220-76-010 Aquatic farm registration required. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to cultivate aquatic products (private sector cultured aquatic products as defined under RCW 15.85.020(3)) without the aquatic farmer having first registered the aquatic farm with the department. Any aquatic farm must be registered with the department prior to the commencement of culture activities. The department shall grant registration to qualified persons within seven days of the receipt of a complete aquatic farm registration form.

- (2) Aquatic farm registrations are nontransferable. In the event there is a change of ownership of an aquatic fish farm established under chapter 220-76 WAC the aquatic farm registration issued to the previous owner shall be invalid.
- (3) Registrations must be renewed annually, prior to December 31 for the succeeding calendar year. Reporting of aquaculture activity (WAC 220-69-243) during the previous calendar year shall constitute renewal for the following year.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 89–10–033 (Order 89–27), § 220–76–010, filed 4/27/89; 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–76–010, filed 9/12/86. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–76–010, filed 2/21/84; Order 980, § 220–76–010, filed 2/3/72.]

WAC 220-76-015 Aquatic farm-Definition. An aquatic farm is any facility or tract of land used for private, commercial culture of aquatic products. Each geographically separate facility or tract of land used for commercial culture shall constitute a separate farm. In marine waters, facilities, or tracts of land in the same marine aquaculture district which are owned or operated by the same person shall be considered to be a single farm for the purposes of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 86–19–043 (Order 86–102), § 220–76–015, filed 9/12/86; Order 980, § 220–76–015, filed 2/3/72.]

WAC 220-76-020 Aquatic farm registration form—Required information. There is hereby created an aquatic farm registration form to be prepared, printed, and distributed on request by the department of fisheries. The following information shall be provided by the aquatic farmer.

- (1) Company name/owner: Name of individual or company owning or leasing the aquatic farm, mailing address and telephone number.
- (2) Contact person: Name and telephone number of the individual immediately responsible for operation of the aquatic farm.
- (3) DSHS shellfish certification no.: Department of social and health services shellfish certification number where required by the department of social and health services.
- (4) Species cultured: Common name of aquatic species cultured.
- (5) Culture method: Method(s) of cultured used on aquatic farm.
- (6) Legal description, street address, county and aquaculture district for freshwater or onshore aquatic farm, and the number of separate tracts or facilities within that district which comprise the aquatic farm.
- (7) Name of bay or inlet, county and aquaculture district for marine aquatic farms.
 - (8) Signature: Signature of company official or owner.
- (9) A site drawing of the aquatic farm and a brief narrative describing the facility and its operation. Freshwater farms should identify the source of culture water, where the water is discharged, and the watershed where the facility is located.
- (10) Documentation of ownership or present right of possession of land comprising the aquatic farm is required to be submitted together with the aquatic farm registration form.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080 and 75.58.040. 89-10-033 (Order 89-27), § 220-76-020, filed 4/27/89; 86-19-043 (Order 86-102), § 220-76-020, filed 9/12/86; Order 980, § 220-76-020, filed 2/3/72.]

WAC 220-76-030 Aquaculture—Disease—Control. Outbreaks of disease affecting food fish, shellfish, and aquatic animals in fish farm facilities shall be reported immediately to the department. If such outbreaks represent a serious threat to fisheries resources of the state, the director may immediately order such actions as deemed necessary to protect the fisheries resource of the state such as, but not limited to, quarantining, destruction of stock, sterilization of facilities and disposal of mortalities.

[Order 980, § 220-76-030, filed 2/3/72.]

Chapter 220-77 WAC AQUACULTURE DISEASE CONTROL

WAC	
220-77-010	Intent.
220-77-020	Definitions—Aquaculture disease control.
220-77-030	Finfish aquaculture disease control.
220-77-040	Shellfish aquaculture disease control.
220-77-050	Amphibian aquaculture disease control.
220-77-060	Marine plant aquaculture disease control.
220-77-070	Aquaculture disease control—Emergency provisions.
22077080	Aquaculture fee schedule.

WAC 220-77-010 Intent. The intent of this chapter is to establish rules to protect the aquaculture industry

and wild stock fisheries from a loss of productivity due to aquatic diseases or maladies. These rules will identify the conditions that will be required for transfer and importation of live aquaculture products and the circumstances when action will be taken to control disease. These rules have been developed jointly by the department and the department of agriculture.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-010, filed 3/27/87.]

WAC 220-77-020 Definitions—Aquaculture disease control. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Aquaculture products" are defined as private sector cultured aquatic products propagated, farmed, or cultivated on aquatic farms under the supervision and management of an aquatic farmer, or such products naturally set on lands under the active supervision and management of an aquatic farmer.
- (2) "Disease" is defined as infection, contagious disease, parasite, or pest, occurring on or within the aquaculture product or on or within the water and substrate associated with the aquaculture product, or an occurrence of significant mortality suspected of being of an infectious or contagious nature.
- (3) "Finfish" is defined as live fish, fish eggs, or fish gametes, but not to include aquaria species commonly sold in the pet store trade when raised in indoor containers, indigenous marine baitfish, or mosquito fish.
- (4) "Shellfish" is defined as all members of the phyla mollusca, arthropoda, and echinodermata.
- (5) "Epizootic" is defined as the occurrence of a specific disease which can be detected in fifty percent of the mortality or moribund individual fish in an affected container, and which results in an average daily mortality of at least one—half of one percent of the affected individual fish for five or more days in any thirty—day period.
- (6) "Marine plant" is defined as nonvascular plants belonging to the phlya Chlorophyta, Phaeophyta, or Rhodophyta and vascular plants belonging to the family Zosteraceae when growing in marine or estuarine waters, and includes the seeds, spores, or any life-history phase of the plants. "Marine plants" do not include aquaria plants or phytoplankton.
- (7) "Working day" is defined as any day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a Washington state holiday.
- (8) "Department" is defined as the department of fisheries.
- (9) "Quarantine" is defined as isolation of the organism in a department approved facility.
- (10) "Pest" is defined as parasite, parasitoid, predator, or fouling agent.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-020, filed 3/27/87.]

WAC 220-77-030 Finfish aquaculture disease control. (1) It is unlawful for any person to import into or transport within the state of Washington finfish aquaculture products without first having obtained a permit to do so issued by the department. A copy of the permit

- shall accompany the finfish aquaculture products at all times within the state of Washington, and must be presented upon request to department employees.
- (2) The director may impose permit conditions as necessary to ensure the protection of aquaculture products and native finfish from disease when the director concludes that there is a reasonable risk of disease transmission associated with the finfish aquaculture products.
- (3) Upon confirmed diagnosis of viral hemorrhagic septicemia, or confirmed diagnosis of whirling disease, infectious hematopoietic necrosis, or infectious pancreatic necrosis in a previously uninfected lot, the department must be notified by the end of the following working day after diagnosis by an accredited pathologist.
- (4) The director will issue, upon request, a pamphlet containing policy guidelines for importers and transferors of finfish aquaculture products.
- (5) The director will issue or deny a permit within thirty days after a completed application containing all requested information is received by the department.
- (6) Violation of these rules or the conditions of the permit may result in the suspension or revocation of the permit.
- (7) In the event of denial, suspension, or revocation of an importation or transfer permit, the affected person may appeal the decision to the director. Additional appeals may be made through the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW). A suspended or revoked permit will remain suspended or revoked during the appellate process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-030, filed 3/27/87.]

- WAC 220-77-040 Shellfish aquaculture disease control. (1) It is unlawful for any person to import into or transport within the state of Washington shellfish aquaculture products for planting in Washington waters, without first having obtained a permit to do so issued by the department. A copy of the permit shall accompany the shellfish aquaculture products at all times within the state of Washington, and must be presented upon request to department employees. Possession of an oyster transfer permit issued under RCW 74.24.110 will meet the requirements of this subsection.
- (2) The director may impose permit conditions as necessary to ensure the protection of aquaculture products and native shellfish from disease when the director concludes that there is a reasonable risk of disease transmission associated with the shellfish aquaculture products.
- (3) For established species and established routes of commerce, the department will issue import and transfer permits if the following criteria are met:
- (a) A regular pattern of importation with no more than a one-year time lapse between importations.
- (b) Documentation of recent mortality and disease history of the shellfish aquaculture product in the area of origin showing a lack of significant mortality.
- (c) Verification that there has been no introduction of diseased stocks into the area of origin.

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- (d) Documentation that the shellfish aquaculture product proposed for import is from the approved area.
- (4) For established species not from established routes of commerce, the department will additionally require the following before deciding whether to issue an import or transfer permit:
- (a) Documentation of mortality and disease of the shellfish aquaculture product for the past ten years from the area of origin, together with similar information for closely related species, if deemed necessary.
- (b) A history of those diseases in the area of origin that may affect aquaculture products or native fauna and flora.
- (c) When applicable, documentation of an agreement with the appropriate governmental agency with management responsibility in the area of origin.
- (5) For nonestablished species, the department will additionally consider the following criteria, which will require the importer to provide a detailed life history and comply with the requirements of SEPA:
- (a) The capability of the receiving facility to hold the shellfish aquaculture product in quarantine.
- (b) The ability of the shellfish aquaculture product to naturally reproduce or interbreed with endemic species in state waters.
- (c) The ability of the shellfish aquaculture product to compete with or prey upon endemic species.
- (6) For purposes of verification of the disease-free status of shellfish aquaculture products in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, the department may require sufficient samples for histological evaluation either prior to or after subjecting the shellfish aquaculture products to stress tests to detect latent disease conditions. In the event of failure to obtain permit approval, consideration will be given to introduction after hatchery production of a second generation stock.
- (7) Violation of these rules or the conditions of the permit may result in the suspension or revocation of the permit.
- (8) In the event of denial, suspension, or revocation of an importation or transfer permit, the affected person may appeal the decision to the director. Additional appeals may be made through the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW). A suspended or revoked permit will remain suspended or revoked during the appellate process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-040, filed 3/27/87.]

- WAC 220-77-050 Amphibian aquaculture disease control. (1) It is unlawful to import into the state of Washington amphibian aquaculture products without having first obtained a permit to do so issued by the director.
- (2) It is unlawful to possess African clawed frogs for aquaculture.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-050, filed 3/27/87.]

WAC 220-77-060 Marine plant aquaculture disease control. (1) It is unlawful for any person to import into

- the state of Washington marine plant aquaculture products without having first obtained a permit to do so issued by the department. A copy of the permit shall accompany the imported marine plant aquaculture products at all times until the initial point of entry into the marine environment, and must be presented upon request to department employees.
- (2) The director may impose permit conditions as necessary to ensure the protection of aquaculture products and native marine plants from disease or pests when the director concludes there is a reasonable risk of disease or pest transmission associated with marine plant aquaculture products.
- (3) For *Porphyra yezoensis* and *P. tenera*, the director will issue import and transfer permits if the plants are in the form of:
- (a) Unialgal conchocelis culture of free living material; or
- (b) Conchocelis-phase culture in shells after the shells and conchocelis have been washed and soaked in fresh water for at least twenty-four hours; or
- (c) Blade phase on netting after two weeks at a temperature of minus twenty degrees centigrade or lower.
- (4) For import of other species, the department will consider at least the following criteria, which may require the importer to provide a detailed life history and comply with the requirements of SEPA:
- (a) The ability of the marine plant aquaculture product to naturally reproduce or interbreed with existing species in state waters.
- (b) The ability of the marine plant aquaculture product to compete with existing species.
- (5) Importation of marine plant aquaculture products for scientific study in a laboratory or under other controlled conditions is allowed without having obtained a permit when measures are taken to prevent release of the products or release of their gametes, spores, or tissue fragments into state waters. The director may inspect facilities to ensure appropriate control measures.
- (6) For purposes of verification of the disease-free status of the marine plant aquaculture product in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, the department may require sufficient samples for evaluation. In event of failure to obtain permit approval, consideration will be given to introduction after laboratory production of a second generation.
- (7) It is unlawful to transfer marine plant aquaculture products between any of the following geographic areas without having first obtained a transfer permit: Columbia River; Pacific Ocean waters; Willapa Harbor; Grays Harbor; Puget Sound. No transfer permit is necessary for transfer within any of the geographic regions described above. When required, a copy of the transfer permit shall accompany the marine plant aquaculture products at all times until the products are reintroduced into state waters, and the transfer permit must be presented upon request to department employees.
- (8) Violation of these rules, or the condition of any permit may result in suspension or revocation of the permit.

(9) In the event of denial, suspension, or revocation of an importation or transfer permit, the affected person may appeal the decision to the director. Additional appeals may be made through the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW). A suspended or revoked permit will remain suspended or revoked during the appellate process.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-060, filed 3/27/87.]

WAC 220-77-070 Aquaculture disease control— Emergency provisions. (1) The director may take the following emergency enforcement actions when evidence indicates these actions are necessary to protect aquaculture products and native stocks from disease or severe mortality from an unexplained source:

- (a) Deny issuance of an import or transfer permit.
- (b) Quarantine the aquaculture products.
- (c) Confiscate or order the destruction of the aquaculture products.
- (d) Require removal of the aquaculture product from state waters.
- (2) Confiscation or destruction will be ordered without a hearing if confirmed diagnosis by an accredited pathologist is made that finfish aquaculture products are infected with the causative agent of viral hemorrhagic septicemia (Egtved virus).
- (3) For finfish, shellfish, amphibian, and marine plant aquaculture products:
- (a) Isolation may be ordered without a hearing when aquaculture products are transferred without appropriate inspections or permits or transferred in violation of the conditions of a permit.
- (b) Isolation may be ordered without a hearing when evidence demonstrates that aquaculture products, previously imported, may introduce a disease not known to occur in Washington.
- (4) For finfish aquaculture products, an epizootic of whirling disease, infectious hematopoietic necrosis or infectious pancreatic necrosis may result in quarantine, confiscation, or destruction, subject to the aquatic farmer's right to an emergency departmental hearing, if confiscation or destruction are ordered.
- (5) For shellfish aquaculture products, an outbreak of serious mortality in which contagious disease is suspected may result in quarantine or require removal of the suspected diseased shellfish aquaculture products from state waters, subject to the aquatic farmer's right to an emergency departmental hearing, if removal from state waters is ordered.
- (6) When there is evidence that continued presence of aquaculture products in state waters may cause disease that would harm other aquaculture products or native fauna or flora, the director may order quarantine, confiscation, destruction, or removal from state waters. Except as provided for in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the aquatic farmer has a right to a departmental hearing. In the event the director has ordered emergency action of confiscation, destruction, or removal from state waters, the director shall give notice to the affected

aquatic farmer. At the time of notice of emergency action, the affected aquatic farmer may request an emergency departmental hearing. If requested, the hearing will take place no later than the third working day after notice is received by the aquatic farmer. The hearing will be presided over by a hearing officer appointed by the director, who will consider the severity of the disease outbreak, remedies, and alternate courses of action. The hearing officer shall present a recommendation to the director. The director will then review the emergency action and, if appropriate, order confiscation, destruction, or removal from state waters. If so ordered, the emergency action will take place no sooner that fortyeight hours after the order. If no request for an emergency departmental hearing is received, the emergency action of confiscation, destruction, or removal from state waters, may take place immediately after the third working day after the notice is received by the aquatic farmer.

(7) If the department refuses to issue an import or transfer permit, or orders quarantine or isolation of aquaculture products, the aquatic farmer has a right to a hearing under the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 87-08-033 (Order 87-20), § 220-77-070, filed 3/27/87.]

WAC 220-77-080 Aquaculture fee schedule. (1) The following is a list of the charges to be assessed for tissue samples submitted to the department for pathogen examination. All samples for stock certification must be collected by department personnel or individuals approved by the department.

Virology

Kidney/spleen or other tissue	\$15/sample
Ovarian fluid	12/sample

Bacteriology

Bacterial Kidney Disease - FAT	\$ 7/slide
Culture and characterization	10/sample
Gram stain	1/sample

Parasitology

C. shasta	\$ 1/fish
M. cerebralis	1.50/fish (0-30 grams)
	2.00/fish (30-100 grams)
	10.00/fish (>100 grams)

Collection Fees

Collecting samples (includes travel time) \$27/hour Mileage at published OFM rates
Per diem (if applicable) at published OFM rates

Diagnostic Service

Diagnostic services (includes travel time) \$27/hour Mileage at published OFM rates Per diem (if applicable) at published OFM rates

(2) The funds received from the aquatic farmers who use disease inspection and other services provided by department personnel shall be placed into a designated account. Funds from the account shall be used solely for

administering the disease inspection and control program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.58.010. 89-06-031 (Order 89-06), § 220-77-080, filed 2/24/89.]

Chapter 220-80 WAC PUBLIC RECORDS

WAC	
220-80-010	Purpose.
220-80-020	Definitions.
220-80-030	Description of organization of the department of fisheries.
220-80-040	Operations and procedures.
220-80-050	Public records available.
220-80-060	Public records officer.
220-80-070	Office hours.
220-80-080	Requests for public records.
220-80-090	Copying.
220-80-100	Exemptions.
220-80-110	Review of denials of public records requests.
220-80-120	Protection of public records.
220-80-130	Records index.
220-80-140	Address for request.
220-80-150	Use of record request form.

WAC 220-80-010 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter shall be to ensure compliance by the department of fisheries with the provisions of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 (Initiative 276), Disclosure—Campaign finances—Lobbying—Records; and in particular with sections 25—32 of that act, dealing with public records.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-010, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-020 Definitions. (1) Public records. "Public record" includes any writing containing information relating to the conduct of governmental or the performance of any governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used or retained by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics.

- (2) Writing. "Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any form of communication or representation including letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and prints, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums and other documents.
- (3) Department of fisheries. The department of fisheries is the agency delegated by the legislature to preserve, protect, perpetuate and manage the food fish and shellfish in the waters of the state and the offshore waters thereof. The department of fisheries shall hereinafter be referred to as the "department." Where appropriate, the term "department" also refers to the staff and employees of the department of fisheries.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-020, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-030 Description of organization of the department of fisheries. (1) Department. The department is a line staff agency. The administrative office of the department and its staff are located at Room 115,

General Administration Building, Olympia, Washington 98504.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-030, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-040 Operations and procedures. The department is operated with a director as its head assisted by a deputy director. The department is divided into four operational programs. Each program is supervised by an assistant director.

The department handles numerous functions affecting the public, as described in RCW 75.08.012 and 75.08.080.

To accomplish these goals the director formulates regulations as provided for by the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW).

[Order 77-14, § 220-80-040, filed 4/15/77; Order 1104, § 220-80-040, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-050 Public records available. All public records of the department, as defined in WAC 220-80-020, are deemed to be available for public inspection and copying pursuant to these rules, except as otherwise provided by section 31, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and WAC 220-80-100.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-050, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-060 Public records officer. The department's public records shall be the responsibility of the public records officer designated by the department. The person so designated shall be located in the administrative office of the department. The public records officer shall be responsible for the following: The implementation of the department's rules and regulations regarding release of public records, coordinating the staff of the department in this regard, and generally ensuring compliance by the staff with the public records disclosure requirements of chapter 1, Laws of 1973.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-060, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-070 Office hours. Public records shall be available for inspection and copying during the customary office hours of the department. For the purposes of this chapter, the customary office hours shall be from 8:00 a.m. to noon and from 12:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-070, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-080 Requests for public records. In accordance with requirements of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 that agencies prevent unreasonable invasions of privacy, protect public records from damage or disorganization, and prevent excessive interference with essential functions of the agency, public records may be inspected or copied or copies of such records may be obtained by members of the public, upon compliance with the following procedures:

(1) A request shall be made in writing upon a form prescribed by the department which shall be available at its administrative office. The form shall be presented to

the public records officer or to any member of the department's administrative office staff if the public records officer is not available, at the administrative office of the department during customary office hours as described in WAC 220-80-070. The request shall include the following information:

- (a) The name of the person requesting the record;
- (b) The time of day and calendar date on which the request was made;
 - (c) The nature and purpose of the request;
- (d) A reference to the requested record as it is described within the current index maintained by the records officer; or an appropriate description of the record requested, if the requested matter is not identifiable by reference to the department's current index;
- (2) It shall be the obligation of the public records officer or staff member to whom the request is referred to assist the member of the public in appropriately identifying the public record requested.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-080, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-090 Copying. No fee shall be charged for the inspection of public records. The department shall charge a fee per page of copy for providing copies of public records as follows:

Loose leaf material up
to 11" x 18"
(Xerox copy)

Bound material
(Xerox copy)

Blueprints and material over
11" x 18" (Bruning)

Microfilm or microfiche
(paper copies)

\$0.10 per sheet

1.00 per sheet

These charges are the approximate amounts necessary to reimburse the department for its actual costs.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-090, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-100 Exemptions. (1) The department reserves the right to determine that a public record requested in accordance with the procedures outlined in WAC 220-80-080 is exempt under the provisions of section 31, chapter 1, Laws of 1973.

- (2) The following records are exempt:
- (a) Personal information in files maintained for the department's members of the extent that disclosure would violate their rights to privacy.
- (b) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative files compiled by the department, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.
- (c) Information revealing the identity of persons who file complaints with the department, except as the complainant may authorize.
- (d) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data.
- (e) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition of property, until the project is abandoned or until such time as all of the

property has been acquired; but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

- (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
- (g) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which the department is, or could reasonably expect to be, a party, but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
- (h) Lists or records of purchasers of licenses issued by the department: *Provided*, That such may be made available for bona fide noncommercial purposes if the person requesting such lists or records provides a sworn affidavit containing an outline of the usage of such list, the identity of the sponsor, and an affirmation that such lists or records will be adequately safeguarded so as to prevent their use for any commercial purpose.
- (i) All catch, tax or fiscal records where release of such information will conflict with any individual or company's right to privacy.
- (j) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings and research data obtained by department within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
- (k) Any other information which is exempt from public inspection under any provision of Initiative 276 or any other applicable law.
- (3) In addition, pursuant to section 26, chapter 1, Laws of 1973, the department reserves the right to delete identifying details when it makes available or publishes any public record when there is reason to believe that disclosure of such details would be an invasion of personal privacy protected by chapter 1, Laws of 1973. The public records officer will fully justify such deletion in writing.
- (4) All denials of requests for public records must be accompanied by a written statement specifying the reason for the denial, including the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-100, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-110 Review of denials of public records requests.

- (1) Any person who objects to the denial of a request for a public record may petition for prompt review of such decision by tendering a written request for review. The written request shall specifically refer to the written statement by the public records officer or other staff member which constituted or accompanied the denial.
- (2) Immediately after receiving a written request for review of a decision denying a public record, the public records officer or other staff member denying the request shall refer it to the director of the department. The director or his designee shall consider the matter and either affirm or reverse such denial. The request shall be

returned with a final decision within two business days following the original denial.

(3) Administrative remedies shall not be considered exhausted until the department has returned the petition with a decision or until the close of the second business day following denial of inspection, whichever occurs first.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-110, filed 11/26/73.]

- WAC 220-80-120 Protection of public records. In order to provide full and orderly public access to official public records, protect said records from damage or disorganization, and to prevent excessive interference with other essential functions of the department, the following rules are established:
- (1) All requests for access shall be in writing on the form provided for in WAC 220-80-150.
- (2) All requests must be approved by the records officer or designee.
- (3) Times for inspection of public records shall be the times shown in WAC 220-80-070.
- (4) If inspection of the records requested would interfere with other essential functions of the department, the records officer may delay such inspection up to two working days from the time of request.
- (5) The records officer or designated representative may, if deemed advisable, remain in attendance at any time records are being inspected.
- (6) No public record shall be allowed to be removed from a department office by anyone other than an officially authorized person.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-120, filed 11/26/73.]

- WAC 220-80-130 Records index. (1) Index. The department has available for review a current index which provides identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted or promulgated since June 30, 1972:
- (a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases:
- (b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute and the constitution which have been adopted by the agency;
- (c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public;
- (d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions;
- (e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultants' reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others; and
- (f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.

(2) Availability. The current index promulgated by the department shall be available to all persons under the same rules and on the same conditions as are applied to public records available for inspection.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-130, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-140 Address for request. All communications with the department including, but not limited to the submission of materials pertaining to its operations and/or the administration or enforcement of chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and these rules, requests for copies of the department's decisions and other matters, shall be addressed as follows: Department of Fisheries, c/o Public Records Officer, Room 115, General Administration Building, Olympia, Washington 98504.

[Order 1104, § 220-80-140, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC 220-80-150 Use of record request form. All persons requesting inspection and/or copying or copies of department records must use the form supplied by the department entitled "request for public record."

[Order 1104, § 220-80-150, filed 11/26/73.]

WAC

Chapter 220-85 WAC

COMMERCIAL LICENSE MORATORIUM ADVISORY REVIEW BOARD REGULATIONS

WAC	
220-85-015	License moratorium review boards.
220-85-030	Moratorium advisory review boards—Secretarial and investigative assistance, place of hearings.
220-85-040	Moratorium advisory review boards—Director's action on license applications—Reasons stated in writing.
220-85-050	Moratorium advisory review boards—Who may appeal.
220-85-060	Moratorium advisory review boards—Proceedings to be informal—Rules of evidence inapplicable—Record to be kept.
220-85-070	Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Requirements—Form for appeal.
220-85-080	Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Time for scheduling hearings—Conduct of hearings.
220-85-090	Moratorium advisory review boards—Decisions by advisory review board—Form and content.
220-85-100	Moratorium advisory review boards—Decision on appeal by director.
220-85-110	Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Information procedures optional.
220-85-115	Rules of practice and procedure.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-85-010	Salmon moratorium advisory review board-Ap-
	pointment, composition, tenure, and compensation.
	[Order 1193, § 220-85-010, filed 3/4/75.] Repealed
	by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Stat-
	utory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-020 Salmon moratorium advisory review board—Designation of board, list furnished by industry. [Order 1193, § 220-85-020, filed 3/4/75.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-210 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Appointment, composition, tenure, and compensation. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-210, filed

8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080

220-85-220 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Designation of board, list furnished by industry. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-220, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-230 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Secretarial and investigative assistance, place of hearings. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-230, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-240 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Director's action on salmon license applications—Reasons stated in writing. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-240, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-250 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Who may appeal. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-250, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-260 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Proceedings to be informal—Rules of evidence inapplicable—Record to be kept. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-260, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-270 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Appeals—Requirements—Form for appeal. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-270, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-280 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Appeals—Time for scheduling hearings—Conduct of hearings. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-280, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-290 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Decisions by advisory review board—Form and content. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-290, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-300 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Decision on appeal by director. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-300, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-85-310 Salmon charter boat moratorium advisory review board—Appeals—Information procedures optional. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-09-072 (Order DE 78-67), § 220-85-310, filed 8/25/78.] Repealed by 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), filed 12/11/80. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-85-015 License moratorium review boards. The director shall appoint advisory boards of review as necessary to hear appeals pursuant to the commercial salmon license moratorium, the salmon charter boat license moratorium, commercial herring license

moratorium and the Puget Sound commercial crab license moratorium (chapter 75.30 RCW).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–85–015, filed 2/21/84; 81–01–042 (Order 80–194), § 220–85–015, filed 12/11/80.]

WAC 220-85-030 Moratorium advisory review boards—Secretarial and investigative assistance, place of hearings. The department shall provide advisory review boards with such secretarial or investigative help as may be necessary to conduct the hearings and to report its decision to the director. The department shall furnish and/or arrange accommodations for the boards to conduct their hearings.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-030, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-030, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-040 Moratorium advisory review boards—Director's action on license applications—Reasons stated in writing. Whenever the director shall reject or deny an application for a commercial salmon fishing license, vessel delivery permit, salmon charter boat license or Puget Sound crab license endorsement, his decision shall be in writing and give the reason(s) therefor.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-040, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-040, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-050 Moratorium advisory review boards—Who may appeal. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the department pursuant to chapter 75.30 RCW, may voluntarily request that a board of review be impaneled to hear his case.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–85–050, filed 2/21/84; 81–01–042 (Order 80–194), § 220–85–050, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220–85–050, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-060 Moratorium advisory review boards—Proceedings to be informal—Rules of evidence inapplicable—Record to be kept. The hearing before the advisory review board shall be informal and the rules of evidence shall not be applicable to the proceedings. A record of the proceedings shall be kept as provided by chapter 34.04 RCW.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-060, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-060, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-070 Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Requirements—Form for appeal. (1) Appeals by an aggrieved person pursuant to chapter 75-.30 RCW, from determinations of the department shall be in writing and should include:

- (a) A concise statement of why the appeal is made,
- (b) The basis upon which the aggrieved person believes a different decision should be made,
 - (c) A statement of any other relevant facts.
- (2) Appeals must be postmarked within thirty days of the date of denial, or received in person at the department of fisheries not more than thirty days from the

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date of denial. The director may waive the thirty day requirement for good cause.

(3) The appeal may be in any written form; however, the department will furnish or make available upon request a form that can be used for making appeals pursuant to the provisions of these regulations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–85–070, filed 2/21/84; 81–01–042 (Order 80–194), § 220–85–070, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220–85–070, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-080 Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Time for scheduling hearings—Conduct of hearings. Upon receipt of a written request for a hearing before an advisory review board, the department shall set the time, place, and date of hearing to take place within thirty days from the time of receipt of said written request or as soon thereafter as a board may be convened.

- (1) The department shall inform all parties as to the date, time and place of hearing at least seven days prior to the hearing, except that the board can by agreement or for good cause shown shorten the notice requirement.
- (2) The hearing before the advisory review board shall be informal and the board shall:
- (a) Have authority to continue or adjourn the proceedings as circumstances may require,
 - (b) Permit oral or written argument.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-080, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-080, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-090 Moratorium advisory review boards—Decisions by advisory review board—Form and content. (1) The advisory review board shall inform in writing both the director and the initiating party of whether or not the board agrees or disagrees with the department's decision, and shall state the reasons for such agreement or disagreement.

(2) The decision of the advisory review board shall, except where there may be extenuating circumstances, be made within five days from the conclusion of the hearing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-090, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-090, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-100 Moratorium advisory review boards—Decision on appeal by director. (1) Upon receipt of the advisory review board's findings, the director, at his discretion, may either uphold or reverse the department's action.

(2) The decision of the director shall, except when there may be extenuating circumstances, be in writing and mailed to the appealing party within five days from the date he receives the findings and decision of the board.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-100, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220-85-100, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-110 Moratorium advisory review boards—Appeals—Information procedures optional. Pursuant to the provisions of chapter 75.30 RCW, an aggrieved person may proceed under chapter 34.04 RCW (Administrative Procedure Act) and the procedural rules for appeal and hearing thereunder applicable to all state agencies as provided for in WAC 1-08-010 through 1-08-590 will govern proceedings initiated thereunder.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–85–110, filed 2/21/84; 81–01–042 (Order 80–194), § 220–85–110, filed 12/11/80; Order 1193, § 220–85–110, filed 3/4/75.]

WAC 220-85-115 Rules of practice and procedure. The department of fisheries hereby adopts chapter 220-85 WAC as its rules of practice and procedure governing the appeals of commercial salmon and commercial Puget Sound crab license holders and salmon charter boat license holders pursuant to Title 75 RCW. Chapter 1-08 WAC, Uniform procedural rules, shall not apply to license appeal procedures before department of fisheries advisory review boards.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-01-042 (Order 80-194), § 220-85-115, filed 12/11/80.]

Chapter 220–87 WAC PUGET SOUND WHITING

WAC

220-87-010

Puget Sound whiting endorsement validation

procedure.

220-87-020

Puget Sound whiting endorsement—Transfer.

WAC 220-87-010 Puget Sound whiting endorsement validation procedure. (1) A Puget Sound whiting endorsement for the current year will be issued to a natural person who meets the following qualifications:

(a) Is the possessor of a valid trawl license.

- (b) Submits proof of landing as required by RCW 75.30.170.
- (c) Submits proof of ownership or lease, as of January 1, 1986, of an otter trawl vessel and otter trawl net, which may be either a pelagic trawl net or a bottom trawl net.
- (2) The possessor of the Puget Sound whiting endorsement must be aboard the vessel at all times while the vessel is fishing for whiting or has whiting aboard, except during unloading.
- (3) Only a natural person may obtain a yearly Puget Sound whiting endorsement. A corporation or partnership that meets the qualifications in subsection (1) of this section may designate one natural person to receive the endorsement. The designation is irrevocable.
- (4) The Puget Sound whiting endorsement is valid for one person and one vessel. An individual may not possess more than one endorsement.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-87-010, filed 1/22/87.]

WAC 220-87-020 Puget Sound whiting endorsement—Transfer. (1) A person may transfer a Puget Sound whiting endorsement to that person's spouse or

natural or step-child only. The person making the transfer is required to show proof of the relationship. Acceptable proof is a marriage certificate, birth certificate, or decree of adoption. A Puget Sound whiting endorsement will only be transferred to a person who has a valid trawl license, and transfer must be documented at the department's licensing division.

(2) A person may transfer a Puget Sound whiting endorsement from one vessel to another vessel by making application at the department's licensing division for a transfer of the person's trawl license from the first vessel to the second vessel, and informing the licensing division. in writing, that the person is additionally transferring the Puget Sound whiting endorsement. In the case of an individual having more than one trawl license, the transfer of the Puget Sound whiting endorsement from one vessel to a second vessel will be made in substantially the same form as if a trawl license was being transferred.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080, 87-04-003 (Order 87-03), § 220-87-020, filed 1/22/87.]

Chapter 220-90 WAC

COMMERCIAL HERRING FISHING LICENSE HARDSHIP VALIDATION REVIEW BOARD REGULATIONS

WAC

220-90-010 Herring hardship validations, qualifications and

conditions

220-90-015

Resort or marina—Owner or operator.

- WAC 220-90-010 Herring hardship validations, qualifications and conditions. The director of fisheries may validate an individual or operator to fish for herring under the following provisions:
- (1) Submit proof of investment made in boat and herring fishing equipment prior to April 26, 1973 to the department of fisheries.
 - (a) Fish caught shall be utilized for bait only.
- (b) No such fishing in Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B from April 16 to May 31.
- (c) Validation will be revoked if the conditions are violated.

[Order 76-148, § 220-90-010, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220-90-010, filed 3/4/75.

WAC 220-90-015 Resort or marina-Owner or operator. The director of fisheries may validate an individual or operator to fish for herring under the following provisions:

- (1) Submit proof in the form of a notarized affidavit to the department of fisheries that live, fresh, or frozen herring (dependent on need) cannot be purchased from a minimum of three commercial sources at a fair market price.
- (a) Validations will be for the calendar year only. Renewal is dependent upon submission of a new affidavit.
- (b) No such fishing in Puget Sound Marine Fish-Shellfish Areas 20A, 20B, 21A, and 21B from April 16 to May 31.

- (c) Herring caught under this provision must be sold retail for bait by, and at, said resort or marina.
- (d) Validations under this provision will be nontransferrable.
- (e) Validations will be revoked if the above conditions are violated.

[Order 76-148, § 220-90-015, filed 12/2/76; Order 1193, § 220-90-015, filed 3/4/75.]

Chapter 220-95 WAC COMMERCIAL FISHING GEAR REDUCTION **PROGRAM**

WAC		
220-95-011	Application to sell.	
220-95-016	Ranking of applications.	
220 05 021	Decaram ontions	

220-95-026 Surveys-Vessels-License-Permit values.

220-95-031 Use restrictions and penalties.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS **CHAPTER**

220-95-010 Application to sell-Qualification. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 81-09-018 (Order 81-22), § 220–95–010, filed 4/10/81; 79–11–069 (Order 79–111), § 220–95–010, filed 10/18/79; 79–03–025 (Order 79-13), § 220-95-010, filed 2/22/79; Order 76-26, § 220–95–010, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-012 Marginal production. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75-.08.080. 81-09-018 (Order 81-22), § 220-95-012, filed 4/10/81.] Repealed by 85-11-011 (Order 85-42), filed 5/7/85. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-015 Survey-Vessel-Gear-License-Permit, [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79–10–013 (Order 79–75), \$ 220–95–015, filed 9/7/79; 79–03–025 (Order 79-13), § 220-95-015, filed 2/22/79; Order 76-98, § 220-95-015, filed 9/22/76; Order 76-26, § 220-95-015, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-017 Bonus payments. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08-.080. 81-09-018 (Order 81-22), § 220-95-017, filed 4/10/81.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

Offer to sell. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 220-95-020 79–10–013 (Order 79–75), § 220–95–020, filed 9/7/79; Order 76–26, § 220–95–020, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-025 Survey (owner's expense)—Recomputed offer to sell. [Order 76-98, § 220-95-025, filed 9/22/76; Order 76-26, § 220-95-025, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 79-10-013 (Order 79-75), filed 9/7/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. Later promulgation, see WAC 220-95-015, 220-95-020, and 220-95–030.

Offer to sell-Forms. [Statutory Authority: RCW 220-95-030 75.08.080. 79-10-013 (Order 79-75), § 220-95-030, filed 9/7/79; Order 76-26, § 220-95-030, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW

220-95-035 Advisory board. [Order 76-26, § 220-95-035, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 79-10-013 (Order 79-75), filed 9/7/79. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-040 Protection—Undisclosed liens, claims, etc. [Order 76-26, § 220–95–040, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82–19–082 (Order 82–141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 220-95-045 Selling of vessels, equipment, gear-Conditions. [Order 76-26, § 220-95-045, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 220-95-050 Use of buy-back vessels. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 79-10-013 (Order 79-75), § 220-95-050, filed 9/7/79; Order 76-45, § 220-95-050, filed 6/10/76; Order 76-26, § 220-95-050, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-95-055 Violations—Conditions—Penalties. [Order 76-26, § 220-95-055, filed 1:45 p.m., 4/20/76.] Repealed by 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), filed 9/21/82. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-95-011 Application to sell. A person desiring to sell a license or vessel restriction to the department of fisheries shall submit an application to the department. The application must be notarized, received during an open-application period established by the department, submitted on a departmental form and from an individual listed as a vessel owner on a license who has not accepted retraining benefits under a buy-back program administered by the department. The applicant must provide his name, address, phone number, and date of birth together with a description of the vessel, a list of licenses, and license numbers held at the time of application and a statement of whether the applicant is offering the license(s) only or the license(s) and vessel restriction pursuant to WAC 220-95-021.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), § 220-95-011, filed 9/21/82.]

WAC 220-95-016 Ranking of applications. (1) The department shall separate applicants into one of the following license categories:

- (a) Troll and vessel delivery permit;
- (b) Purse seine;
- (c) Puget Sound gill net;
- (d) Willapa and Grays Harbor gill net;
- (e) Charter;
- (f) Reef net.
- (2) The department shall establish priority rankings within each category. The department shall use license and catch records maintained by the department and may, for charters, use other license and catch records as the director finds appropriate to establish the rankings. Within a category, the department shall rank applicants beginning with applicants who have held a license the greatest cumulative number of years. For applicants other than charters with the same number of years, the department shall rank applicants beginning with the largest average poundage catch within the state for the years 1973-1977. For charters with the same number of years, the department shall rank applicants beginning with the highest average income generated by the license for sale in 1981, 1982, and 1983. The department shall accept only federal income tax records to document income.

(3) A marginal fisherman is a fisherman having an average catch for 1973–1977 ranked in the bottom five percent of all catches in that respective license category or a charter boat owner who cannot document at least four thousand dollars of income derived in Washington state from charter fishing generated by the license for sale in 1981, 1982, or 1983. The department shall accept only federal income tax records to document required income.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-013 (Order 84-215), § 220-95-016, filed 12/10/84; 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), § 220-95-016, filed 9/21/82.]

WAC 220-95-021 Program options. (1) The department may purchase either an applicant's license(s) or an applicant's license(s) and a restriction on the vessel prohibiting the vessel's use as a commercial or charter salmon fishing vessel or salmon delivery vessel.

- (2) The department may purchase license(s) or vessel restriction if the applicant's vessel is currently licensed to fish for or deliver salmon within the state, the applicant is qualified pursuant to RCW 75.44.110, and the applicant owned said vessel on or prior to December 22, 1980.
- (3) Each vessel use restriction shall be purchased for thirty percent of the fair market value of the vessel not to exceed a total of \$45,000, being thirty percent of \$150,000 limit set by director under RCW 75.44.120. Purchase offers will be made in order of priority ranking established for each category of applicants pursuant to WAC 220-95-016.
- (4) The department shall not purchase vessel use restrictions from marginal applicants as defined in WAC 220-95-016.
- (5) License and vessel values shall be established as provided in WAC 220-95-026. After the value of the vessel has been established and the applicant has provided paid receipts for the first two surveys, the department may communicate a purchase offer to the applicant. If the applicant accepts the offer, the applicant shall sign and return the offer within ten calendar days of the date of the offer.
- (6) The department may not purchase more than one vessel restriction or license from an applicant until all applicants have had an opportunity to sell.
- (7) A person who previously sold either a vessel or license to the program may sell only other licenses and restrictions on other vessels owned at the time the person first sold to the program.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–11–011 (Order 85–42), § 220–95–021, filed 5/7/85; 85–01–013 (Order 84–215), § 220–95–021, filed 12/10/84; 84–05–046 (Order 84–11), § 220–95–021, filed 2/21/84; 82–19–082 (Order 82–141), § 220–95–021, filed 9/21/82.]

WAC 220-95-026 Surveys—Vessels—License—Permit values. (1) The department shall conduct a yearly market survey in consultation with the advisory board established pursuant to RCW 75.44.140 in order to determine the fair market value of licenses in each license category.

(2) The department shall establish fair market value for vessels using the following method:

WAC

220-100-010

- (a) Each vessel shall be surveyed by two marine surveyors chosen by the applicant from a list provided by the department.
- (b) A third survey shall be done if the value of the lower survey is less than fifty thousand dollars and the difference between the surveys is more than twenty percent of the lower survey, or the value of the lower survey is more than fifty thousand dollars and the difference between the surveys is more than ten percent of the lower survey value. The department shall randomly select the third surveyor from the same list supplied to the applicant. The department shall not conduct a third survey until the applicant provides the department with paid receipts for the first two surveys.
- (c) The applicant and program manager or their representatives shall be in attendance during each survey.
- (d) Each surveyor shall send copies of the survey to the applicant and to the department.
- (e) The cost of the first two surveys shall be borne by the applicant. The department shall reimburse this cost if the applicant accepts the purchase offer. The cost of the third survey shall be borne by the department.
- (f) The fair market value of the vessel shall be computed by the department averaging the two closest survey values.
- (g) The department shall maintain confidentiality of the surveys prior to completion of the purchase by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-05-046 (Order 84-11), \$ 220-95-026, filed 2/21/84; 82-19-082 (Order 82-141), \$ 220-95-026, filed 9/21/82.]

WAC 220-95-031 Use restrictions and penalties. (1) For a period of ten years from the date of the purchase of the vessel's restriction by the department it shall be unlawful to:

- (a) Use the vessel as a commercial or charter salmon fishing vessel or as a salmon delivery vessel other than as a vessel used for angling or other personal use in waters within the state of Washington, including the concurrent waters of the Columbia River.
- (b) Use the vessel as a commercial or charter salmon fishing vessel or as a salmon delivery vessel other than as a vessel used for angling or other personal use in waters outside the three mile limit off the Washington coast in an area from the southern jetty at the mouth of the Columbia River north to the United States/Canadian border.
- (c) Use the vessel as a commercial or charter salmon fishing vessel or as a salmon delivery vessel with the intent to deliver fish in another state, in waters outside the three mile limit off the Washington coast in an area from the southern jetty at the mouth of the Columbia River north to the United States/Canadian border.
- (2) Failure to comply with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section will cause the state substantial damage and the amount of damage will be difficult to ascertain precisely. The vessel owner will pay to the department of fisheries as liquidated damages, in addition to all other sums payable hereunder, two hundred

dollars for each day or portion thereof on which the vessel is used by any person or entity in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section.

- (3) The department shall have relief by injunction to prevent the operation of the vessel for the purposes prohibited in subsection (1) of this section, together with any other relief provided by law. If the vessel is used for any purpose in violation of subsection (1) of this section, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, said vessel's fish, equipment, gear and personal property on board will be subject to immediate confiscation by, and forfeiture to, the state without notice to any owner or user of the vessel. If catches of the vessel prohibited by subsection (1) of this section have been sold or transferred, the owner or user of the vessel is liable to the department in the amount thereof and all Washington state commercial fishing licenses and/or permits issued to the owner or user shall be immediately revoked without notice by the department.
- (4) The vessel owner and any subsequent transferee assigns to the department any and all rights to enforce the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. At any time the department may inspect the vessel for the limited purpose of ascertaining whether the vessel is being used for any purpose or use in violation of subsection (1) of this section. If any subsequent transferee is a treaty Indian, the department will require proof of treaty status prior to approving a transfer of vessel ownership or use. Nonapplicability of use restrictions to treaty Indians will not affect imposition of use restrictions to non-Indian transferees, owners or users of any vessel.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 82–19–082 (Order 82–141), § 220–95–031, filed 9/21/82.]

Chapter 220–100 WAC STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT RULES

220-100-020	Impact of SEPA on fisheries.
220-100-030	Purpose.
220-100-040	Scope and coverage of this chapter.
220-100-045	Agency policy—Substantive authority and mitigation.
220-100-055	Timing of the SEPA process.
220-100-060	Summary of information which may be required of a
	private applicant.
220-100-065	Assumption of lead agency status.
220-100-070	Designation of responsible official.
220-100-075	Mitigated DNS.
220-100-080	SEPA public information center.
220-100-095	Public notice.
220-100-110	Adoption by reference—Substantial compliance.
220-100-115	Severability.

Definitions.

DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

220-100-050 Additional elements of the environment. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-029 (Order 78-17), § 220-100-050, filed 4/17/78; Order 76-40, § 220-100-050, filed 5/25/76.] Repealed by 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), filed 9/18/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-100-090 Department responsibilities when a consulted agency. [Order 76-40, \$ 220-100-090, filed 5/25/76.] Repealed by 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), filed 9/18/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-100-100 Filing of agency action—Publication—Form—Time limitation for commencing challenge to action. [Order 76-40, § 220-100-100, filed 5/25/76.] Repealed by 78-05-029 (Order 78-17), filed 4/17/78. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

220-100-120 Use of final declaration of nonsignificance for hydraulic project approvals. [Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 78-05-029 (Order 78-17), § 220-100-120, filed 4/17/78.] Repealed by 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), filed 9/18/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080.

WAC 220-100-010 Definitions. The definitions of the words and terms of WAC 197-11-700 through 197-11-799 are made a part of this chapter along with the following addition: Fisheries means Washington department of fisheries.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–010, filed 9/18/84; Order 76–40, § 220–100–010, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-020 Impact of SEPA on fisheries. Fisheries fully endorses the intent and purpose of SEPA and will make every effort to implement and fulfill the intent and requirements of SEPA and the SEPA rules. The capacity of fisheries to provide full service to the public and other agencies is limited by funds and manpower. Fisheries will make every effort to implement SEPA in the best manner possible with the resources available.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–020, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–020, filed 4/17/78; Order 76–40, § 220–100–020, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-030 Purpose. (1) The purpose of this chapter is to implement chapter 197-11 WAC, SEPA rules, as applicable to fisheries.

(2) These policies and procedures are developed to implement SEPA in a manner which reduces duplication, establishes effective and uniform guidelines, encourages public involvement, and promotes certainty with respect to the requirements of the act.

(3) These policies and procedures are not intended to cover compliance by fisheries with respect to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA). In those situations where fisheries is required by federal law or regulations to perform some element of compliance with NEPA, compliance will be governed by the applicable federal statute and regulations.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), § 220-100-030, filed 9/18/84; Order 76-40, § 220-100-030, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-040 Scope and coverage of this chapter. (1) It is the intent of fisheries that compliance with this chapter shall constitute complete procedural compliance with SEPA for all actions as defined in WAC 197-11-704.

(2) This chapter applies to all actions as defined in WAC 197-11-704 and applies to all activities of fisheries. Furthermore, although these guidelines normally do

not apply to actions of fisheries exempted under WAC 197-11-800 and 197-11-835, fisheries accepts the responsibility of attempting to follow the intent of SEPA and its decision making process for exempt actions.

(3) To the fullest extent possible, fisheries shall integrate procedures required by this chapter with existing planning and licensing procedures. These procedures should be initiated early, and undertaken in conjunction with other governmental operations to avoid lengthy time delays and unnecessary duplication of effort.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–040, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–040, filed 4/17/78; Order 76–40, § 220–100–040, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-045 Agency policy-Substantive authority and mitigation. (1) The overriding policy of fisheries is to avoid or mitigate adverse environmental impacts which may result from its decisions. This policy results from:

- (a) The legislated duty of fisheries to preserve, protect and perpetuate the food fish and shellfish resources of the state in a manner that does not impair the resource (RCW 75.08.012); and
- (b) Recognition of the fact that each person has a fundamental and inalienable right to a healthful environment and that each person has a responsibility to contribute to the preservation and enhancement of the environment (RCW 43.21C.020(31)).
- (2) If an action is subject to SEPA, including an activity or activities requiring a permit from fisheries, and is reasonably likely to have an adverse environmental impact as identified in an environmental document, fisheries will:
- (a) Require reasonable alternatives to the action and/ or proven measures which will mitigate or eliminate the identified potential adverse impact, and make such alternatives and/or proven mitigation measures conditions of fisheries approval; or
- (b) Deny the proposal if significant adverse impacts as identified in a final or supplemental environmental impact statement prepared under chapter 197–11 WAC are not satisfactorily avoided or mitigated by proven techniques.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–045, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–045, filed 4/17/78.]

WAC 220-100-055 Timing of the SEPA process. (1) The environmental review process will normally begin upon receipt of a determination of nonsignificance (DNS), determination of significance (DS), scoping notice, or draft environmental impact statement (DEIS) when another agency is the lead agency. When fisheries is the lead agency for nonagency actions, review will normally begin upon receipt of a complete permit application and a complete environmental checklist. For agency actions, environmental review will normally begin when the proposed action is sufficiently developed to allow preliminary decisions.

(2) Upon written request of an applicant, preliminary environmental review will be conducted prior to receipt

of detailed project plans and specifications. In such instances, the applicant shall submit information judged by fisheries to be sufficient to make a preliminary review.

(3) The preliminary review will be advisory only and not binding upon fisheries. Final review and determination will be made only upon receipt of detailed project plans and specifications.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), § 220-100-055, filed 9/18/84.]

WAC 220-100-060 Summary of information which may be required of a private applicant. (1) The applicant for each project for which fisheries is the lead agency shall submit a complete environmental checklist along with a complete application for the required approval.

(2) After review of the environmental checklist, fisheries may require the applicant to submit additional information necessary to properly evaluate the potential environmental impacts of the project. Field investigation or research may be required of the applicant or con-

ducted by fisheries at the applicant's cost.

- (3) A draft and final EIS is required for each project for which a determination is made that the proposal will have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. The applicant may prepare the EIS if judged by fisheries to be qualified, have fisheries develop the EIS, or hire a consultant to do so. In any case, the EIS shall be prepared under the direction of the responsible official at the expense of the applicant and final approval is that of the responsible official. Cost of preparing the EIS shall be paid by the applicant and shall include fees of the consultant, fisheries consultation time and cost of any required materials. If the applicant chooses to hire a consultant to prepare the EIS, the consultant shall be chosen from a list of consultants provided by fisheries. A performance bond in an amount specified by fisheries may be required of the applicant to ensure payment of fisheries' expenses. Private applicants are encouraged to be involved in the EIS preparation process.
- (4) A supplemental EIS shall be prepared as an addition to either the draft or final EIS if fisheries decides that:
- (a) There are substantial changes to a proposal which will have a probable significant adverse environmental impact; or
- (b) There is significant new information relative to the probable significant environmental impact of a proposal.
- (c) Its written comments on the DEIS warrant additional discussion for the purposes of it's action than that found in the lead agency's FEIS.

The provisions of subsection (3) of this section except for the first sentence, also pertain to a supplemental EIS or addendum.

(5) Upon the written request of an applicant for a project for which fisheries is the lead agency, fisheries will consider initiating environmental review and preparation of an EIS at the conceptual stage as opposed to the final detailed design stage.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–060, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–060, filed 4/17/78; Order 76–40, § 220–100–060, filed 5/25/76.]

- WAC 220-100-065 Assumption of lead agency status. (1) Whenever fisheries feels that a DNS issued by another lead agency is inappropriate and that the proposal in question could cause significant harm to the resources under its jurisdiction, fisheries will assume lead agency status per WAC 197-11-948.
- (2) Within ten days of assuming lead agency status, fisheries will notify the proponent of the proposal in writing as to the reasons for its assumption of lead agency status.
- (3) Prior to preparation of an EIS for the proposal, fisheries will consult with the proponent and give the proponent an opportunity to modify or change the proposal in such a way that an EIS may not be necessary as outlined in WAC 197-11-360(4).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–065, filed 9/18/84.]

WAC 220-100-070 Designation of responsible official. Under normal circumstances, the responsible official is the habitat management division chief. The responsible official shall carry out duties and functions for the purpose of assuring fisheries compliance with SEPA and SEPA guidelines. The responsible official may delegate duties and functions assigned under this chapter and chapter 197-11 WAC; the responsible official alone, however, is wholly responsible for proper accomplishment of such duties and functions. When significant involvements of fisheries converge at a level higher than the habitat management division chief, the deputy director or director may assume the role of responsible official.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–070, filed 9/18/84; Order 76–40, § 220–100–070, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-075 Mitigated DNS. (1) An applicant may ask fisheries whether issuance of a DS is likely for a proposal. This request for early notice must:

- (a) Be written;
- (b) Follow submission of a permit application and environmental checklist for a nonexempt proposal for which fisheries is lead agency; and
- (c) Precede fisheries actual threshold determination for the proposal.
- (2) The responsible official shall respond to the request within ten working days of receipt of the letter; the response shall:
 - (a) Be written;
- (b) State whether fisheries is considering issuance of a DS;
- (c) Indicate the general or specific area(s) of concern that led fisheries to consider a DS; and
- (d) State that the applicant may change or clarify the proposal to mitigate the impacts indicated in the letter, revising the environmental checklist as necessary to reflect the changes or clarifications.

- (3) Fisheries shall not continue with the threshold determination until receiving a written response from the applicant changing or clarifying the proposal or asking that the threshold determination be based on the original proposal.
- (4) If the applicant submits a changed or clarified proposal, along with a revised environmental checklist, fisheries will make its threshold determination based on the changed or clarified proposal.
- (a) If fisheries response to the request for early notice indicated specific mitigation measures that would remove all probable significant adverse environmental impacts, and the applicant changes or clarifies the proposal to include all of those specific mitigation measures, fisheries shall issue a DNS and circulate the DNS for comments as in WAC 197-11-340(2).
- (b) If fisheries indicated general or specific areas of concern, but did not indicate specific mitigation measures that would allow it to issue a DNS, fisheries shall determine if the changed or clarified proposal may have a probable significant environmental impact, issuing a DNS or DS as appropriate.
- (5) Fisheries may specify mitigation measures that would allow it to issue a DNS without a request for early notice from an applicant. If it does so, and the applicant changes or clarifies the proposal to include those measures, fisheries shall issue a DNS and circulate it for review under WAC 197-11-340(2).
- (6) When an applicant changes or clarifies the proposal, the clarifications or changes may be included in written attachments to the documents already submitted. If the environmental checklist and supporting documents would be difficult to read and/or understand because of the need to read them in conjunction with the attachment(s) fisheries may require the applicant to submit a new checklist.
- (7) Fisheries may change or clarify features of its own proposals before making the threshold determination.
- (8) Fisheries' written response under subsection (2) of this section shall not be construed as a determination of significance. In addition, preliminary discussion of clarification of or changes to a proposal, as opposed to a written request for early notice, shall not bind fisheries to consider the clarification or changes in the threshold determination.
- (9) When an applicant submits a changed or clarified proposal pursuant to this section, it shall be considered part of the applicant's application for a permit or other approval for all purposes. Unless fisheries' decision expressly states otherwise, when a mitigated DNS is issued for a proposal, any decision approving the proposal shall be based on the proposal as changed or clarified pursuant to this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), § 220-100-075, filed 9/18/84.]

WAC 220-100-080 SEPA public information center. Fisheries designates the habitat management division office as its SEPA public information center. The mailing address is Room 115, General Administration

Building, Olympia, Washington 98504; telephone: (206) 753-6650.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–080, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–080, filed 4/17/78; Order 76–40, § 220–100–080, filed 5/25/76.]

- WAC 220-100-095 Public notice. (1) When required under chapter 197-11 WAC, fisheries will give public notice by one or more of the following methods as appropriate for the specific circumstances:
- (a) Notifying public and private groups and agencies with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposals being considered;
- (b) Notifying individuals with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
- (c) Publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the proposal will be implemented; and/or
 - (d) Posting the property.
- (2) Fisheries may require an applicant to perform the public notice requirements at the applicant's expense.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), § 220-100-095, filed 9/18/84.]

WAC 220-100-110 Adoption by reference—Substantial compliance. Except as modified by this chapter, fisheries adopts the SEPA guidelines as adopted by the department of ecology (chapter 197-11 WAC) and as modified or amended from time to time. Substantial compliance with these guidelines shall constitute compliance with this chapter.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84–19–053 (Order 84–144), § 220–100–110, filed 9/18/84; 78–05–029 (Order 78–17), § 220–100–110, filed 4/17/78; Order 76–40, § 220–100–110, filed 5/25/76.]

WAC 220-100-115 Severability. If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 84-19-053 (Order 84-144), § 220-100-115, filed 9/18/84.]

Chapter 220-110 WAC HYDRAULIC CODE RULES

WAC	
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WAC 220-110-010 Purpose. Pursuant to RCW 75.20.100, 75.20.103, 75.20.106, 75.20.130, and 75.20.140, this chapter establishes regulations for the construction of any form of hydraulic project or performance of other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, and sets forth procedures for obtaining a hydraulic project approval. In addition, this chapter incorporates criteria and guidelines generally used by the department of fisheries and the department of game for project review and conditioning hydraulic project approvals. It is not intended that the technical provisions will automatically apply to each hydraulic project approval. Rather, each application will be reviewed on an individual basis.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–010, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–010, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–010, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-020 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

- (1) "Beach area" means the beds between the ordinary high water line and extreme low tide.
- (2) "Bed" means the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition shall not include irrigation ditches, canals, storm-water run-off devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man.
- (3) "Bed materials" means natural-occurring material found in the beds of waters of the state.
- (4) "Cofferdam" means a temporary enclosure used to keep water from a work area.
- (5) "Departments" means the department of fisheries and the department of game.
 - (6) "Dredging" means removal of bed material.
- (7) "Emergency" means an immediate threat to life, public or private property, or an immediate threat of serious environmental degradation, arising from weather or stream flow conditions or other natural conditions.
- (8) "Equipment" means any device powered by internal combustion; hydraulics; electricity, except less than

- one horsepower; or livestock used as draft animals, except saddle horses; and the lines, cables, arms, or extensions associated with the device.
- (9) "Established ford" means a crossing place in a river or stream which has existed for at least three years and has an identifiable approach on the stream bank.
- (10) "Extreme low tide" means the lowest level reached by a receding tide.
- (11) "Filter blanket" means a layer or combination of layers of pervious materials (mineral or man-made) designed and installed in such a manner as to provide drainage, yet prevent the movement of soil particles due to flowing water.
- (12) "Fish life" means all fish species, including but not limited to food fish, shellfish, and game fish, and all stages of development of those species.
- (13) "Food fish" means those species of the classes Osteichthyes, Agnatha, and Chondrichthyes that shall not be fished for except as authorized by rule of the director of the department of fisheries.
- (14) "Freshwater area" means those state waters and associated beds below the ordinary high water line that are upstream of river mouths including all lakes, ponds, and streams.
- (15) "Game fish" means those species of the class Osteichthyes that shall not be fished for except as authorized by rule of the state game commission.
- (16) "General provisions" means those provisions that are contained in every hydraulic project approval.
- (17) "Hand-held tools" means tools that are held by hand and are not powered by internal combustion, hydraulics, pneumatics, or electricity. Examples are shovels, rakes, and hammers, etc.
- (18) "Hydraulic project" means construction or performance of other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state.
- (19) "Hydraulic project application" means a form provided by and submitted to the department of fisheries or the department of game accompanied by plans and specifications of the proposed hydraulic project.
 - (20) "Hydraulic project approval" (HPA) means:
- (a) A written approval for a hydraulic project signed by the director of the department of fisheries or the director of the department of game, or by employees designated and authorized to do so; or
- (b) A verbal approval for an emergency hydraulic project from the director of the department of fisheries or the director of the department of game, or by employees designated and authorized to do so.
- (21) "Mean lower low water" or "MLLW" means the 0.0 tidal elevation. It is determined by averaging each days' lowest tide at a particular location over a period of 18.6 years. It is the datum base for tide levels and vertical references in the saltwater area.
 - (22) "Mitigation" means:
- (a) Avoiding the impact altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of an action; and/or
- (b) Minimizing impacts by limiting the degree or magnitude of the action and its implementation; and/or

- (c) Rectifying the impact by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected environment; and/or
- (d) Reducing or eliminating the impact over time by preservation and maintenance operations during the life of the action; and/or
- (e) Compensating for the impact by replacing or providing substitute resources or environments; and/or
- (f) Monitoring the impact and taking appropriate corrective measures.
- (23) "Natural conditions" means those conditions which arise in or are found in nature. This is not meant to include artificial or manufactured conditions.
- (24) "Ordinary high water line" means the mark on the shores of all waters that will be found by examining the bed and banks and ascertaining where the presence and action of waters are so common and usual and so long continued in ordinary years, as to mark upon the soil a character distinct from that of the abutting upland, in respect to vegetation: *Provided*, That in any area where the ordinary high water line cannot be found the ordinary high water line adjoining saltwater shall be the line of mean higher high water and the ordinary high water line adjoining freshwater shall be the line of mean high water.
- (25) "Person" means an individual or a public or private entity or organization. The term "person" includes local, state, and federal government agencies, and all business organizations.
- (26) "River or stream" means waters in which fish may spawn, reside, or through which they may pass. This includes watercourses which exist on an intermittent basis or which fluctuate in level during the year and applies to the entire bed of such watercourse whether or not the water is at peak level. This also includes any natural watercourses which have been altered by man. This definition is not meant to include irrigation ditches, canals, storm water run—off devices, or other entirely artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse which has been altered by man.
- (27) "Saltwater area" means those state waters and associated beds below the ordinary high water line and downstream of river mouths.
- (28) "Shellfish" means those species of marine and freshwater invertebrates that shall not be taken except as authorized by rule of the director of the department of fisheries. The term "shellfish" includes all stages of development and the bodily parts of shellfish species.
- (29) "Special provisions" means those conditions that are a part of the hydraulic project approval, but are site or project specific, and are used to supplement or amend the technical provisions.
- (30) "Technical provisions" means those conditions that are a part of the hydraulic project approval and apply to most projects of that nature.
- (31) "Watercourse" means any portion of a channel, bed, bank, or bottom within the ordinary high water line of waters of the state. This definition is not meant to include irrigation ditches, canals, storm water run-off devices, or other entirely artificial watercourses, except where they exist in a natural watercourse which has been altered by man.

- (32) "Waters of the state" means all marine waters and fresh waters within ordinary high water lines and within the territorial boundaries of the state.
- (33) "Wetted perimeter" means the areas of a water-course covered with water, flowing or nonflowing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–020, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–020, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–020, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-030 Hydraulic project approvals—Procedures. (1) A person shall secure a hydraulic project approval before conducting a hydraulic project.

- (2) A person seeking hydraulic project approval shall submit to the department of fisheries or the department of game general plans for the overall project, complete plans and specifications for the proposed construction or work below the ordinary high water line of state waters, and complete plans and specifications for the proper protection of fish life.
- (3) Application for hydraulic project approval shall be submitted to the department of fisheries or department of game. The department having jurisdiction of a particular site will cooperate with the other department to protect all species of fish. If either department receives an application concerning a site not in its jurisdiction, it will transmit the application to the other department within three days, and the applicant will be notified.
- (a) For projects located in the following areas, an application shall be submitted to the Department of Fisheries, Habitat Management Division, 115 General Administration Building, Olympia, WA 98504, (206) 753-6650:
- (i) Western Washington, which includes all lands lying west of the summit of the Cascade Mountains;
- (ii) The mainstem Snake River and the mainstem Columbia River downstream from Chief Joseph Dam.
- (b) For projects located in the following areas, an application shall be submitted to the Department of Game, Habitat Management Division, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, WA 98504, (206) 753-5897:

Eastern Washington, which includes all lands lying east of the summit of the Cascade Mountains, including Klickitat County except those areas in (a)(ii) of this subsection.

- (c) The departments reserve the right to exchange jurisdiction on individual projects.
- (d) Receipt of any one of the following documents at the addresses listed in (a) and (b) of this subsection constitutes application for a hydraulic project approval:
- (i) A completed hydraulic project application submitted to the department of fisheries or department of game;
- (ii) A completed forest practice application submitted to the department of natural resources, if the hydraulic project is part of a forest practice as defined in WAC 222-16-010(19); or
- (iii) A section 10 or 404 public notice circulated by the Army Corps of Engineers or United States Coast Guard.

- (4) The appropriate department shall grant or deny approval within forty-five calendar days of the receipt of a complete application and notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the State Environmental Policy Act (chapter 43.21C RCW). The departments shall strive to process hydraulic project applications in less than thirty days. The forty-five day requirement shall be suspended if:
 - (a) An incomplete application is received;
 - (b) The site is physically inaccessible for inspection;
- (c) After ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project;
 - (d) The applicant requests delay.
- (5) Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended, the appropriate department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay.
- (6) Verbal approval shall be granted immediately upon request for emergency work to repair existing structures, move obstructions, restore banks, or protect property that is subject to immediate danger by weather, flow, or other natural conditions. Verbal approval shall be granted immediately upon request for driving across a stream during an emergency, as defined in WAC 220–110–020(7).
- (7) The departments may accept written or verbal requests for time extensions, renewals, or alterations of an existing approval.
- (8) Each approval is usually specific to a watercourse, stating the exact location of the project site, and usually consists of general, technical, and special provisions.
- (9) The written hydraulic project approval, or an exact copy, shall be on the project site when work is being conducted and shall be immediately available for inspection.
- (10) All hydraulic project approvals may be granted for a period of up to five years. However, approvals issued under RCW 75.20.103 for work of a seasonal nature that diverts water for irrigation or stock watering purposes shall remain in effect without need for periodic renewal, provided the permittee notifies the agency that issued the approval before commencing the work each year. All permittees must demonstrate substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project relating to the hydraulic approval within two years of the date of issuance.
- (11) A hydraulic project application will be denied when, in the judgment of the department of fisheries or department of game, the project is directly or indirectly harmful to fish life unless adequate mitigation can be assured by conditioning the approval or modifying the proposal. If approval is denied, the department of fisheries or department of game will provide the applicant, in writing, a statement of the specific reason(s) why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish life.
- (12) Protection of fish life shall be the only ground upon which an approval may be denied or conditioned.
- (13) Hydraulic project approvals may have specific time limitations on project activities to protect fish life.

- (14) Hydraulic project approvals do not exempt the applicant from obtaining other appropriate permits and following the rules or regulations of local, other state, and federal agencies.
- (15) Administration of this chapter shall be conducted in compliance with the State Environmental Policy Act, chapter 43.21C RCW, chapters 197-11, 220-100 or 232-19 WAC.
- (16) If a person commences any activity subject to RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103 without having first obtained approval of the department of fisheries or department of game or if any person fails to follow or carry out any of the requirements or provisions as are made a part of such approval, that person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. In lieu of gross misdemeanor charges, at the discretion of the department of fisheries or the department of game, the person who violates RCW 75.20-.100, 75.20.103, or chapter 220-110 WAC may be subject to a civil penalty of up to one hundred dollars per day. The amount of the civil penalty will be imposed by notice in writing, either by certified mail or personal service to the person incurring the penalty. The notice will describe the violation, the amount of the penalty, how to pay the penalty, and the appeal rights of the person incurring the penalty.
- (17) In addition to hydraulic project approval, mechanical or hydraulic clam harvesters shall be governed by the provisions of WAC 220-52-018 and shall obtain and comply with the provisions of the department of fisheries' permit to operate a clam harvesting machine.
- (18) The hydraulic code cannot be used to limit the amount or timing of water diverted under a water right. However, construction of structures or placement of devices or other work within waters of the state which will use, divert, obstruct or change the natural flow or bed of any river or stream, or that will utilize any of the waters of the state in order to take water allowed by a water right requires a hydraulic project approval. Regulation of water flow from a permanent irrigation structure by operating valves, or manipulating stop logs, check boards or head boards, does not require hydraulic project approval.
- (19) Persons who have historically used and are currently using a gravel berm dam as the method of diversion shall be permitted to continue to do so. The departments can, however, condition the approval of gravel berms.
- (20) The following general provisions apply to and are found on each hydraulic project approval:
- (a) This approval is to be available on the job site at all times and its provisions followed by the permittee and operator performing the work.
- (b) The person(s) to whom this approval is issued may be held liable for any loss or damage to fish life or fish habitat which results from failure to comply with the provisions of this approval.
- (c) Failure to comply with the provisions of this approval could result in a civil penalty of up to one hundred dollars per day or a gross misdemeanor charge, possibly punishable by fine and/or imprisonment.

- (d) All hydraulic project approvals issued pursuant to RCW 75.20.100 are subject to additional restrictions, conditions, or revocation if the department of fisheries or department of game determine that new biological or physical information indicates the need for such action. The permittee has the right pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW, to appeal such decisions. All hydraulic project approvals issued pursuant to RCW 75.20.103 may be modified by the department of fisheries or department of game due to changed conditions after consultation with the permittee: *Provided however*, That such modifications shall be subject to appeal to the hydraulic appeals board established in RCW 75.20.130.
- (e) This approval pertains only to the provisions of the fisheries and game codes. Additional authorization from other public agencies may be necessary for this project.
- (21) Cleaning, adjusting, operating, and maintaining existing irrigation diversion structures or maintaining established fords, by use of hand-held tools, may be accomplished without first securing a written hydraulic project approval. For these purposes, this subsection, or the latest edition of the *Irrigation and Fish* pamphlet issued by the departments of fisheries and game, shall serve as the hydraulic project approval. This does not include the use of equipment as defined in WAC 220–110–020(8). If adverse impacts to fish life occur, the project shall immediately cease, and an application for approval shall be made in accordance with WAC 220–110–030 (1), (2), and (3).
- (22) Aquatic weed control by hand pulling or hand tools does not require hydraulic project approval. This does not include the use of equipment as defined in WAC 220-110-020(8).
- (23) Driving a vehicle, or operating equipment, on or across an established ford does not require a hydraulic project approval. However, ford repair with equipment or construction work within the ordinary high water lines requires a hydraulic project approval. Driving a vehicle or operating equipment on or across wetted stream beds at areas other than established fords requires a hydraulic project approval.
- (24) The installation, by hand or hand tools, of small scientific markers, oyster stakes, boundary markers, or property line markers does not require a hydraulic project approval.
- (25) The installation and operation of portable boat hoists in lakes does not require a hydraulic project approval, provided:
- (a) Equipment is not operated below the ordinary high water line during installation;
- (b) The hoist is not installed at the mouth of any river or stream; and
- (c) Dredging, filling, or pile driving is not conducted as part of the project.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–030, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–21–060 (Order 84–176), § 220–110–030, filed 10/15/84; 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–030, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–030, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-040 Freshwater technical provisions. WAC 220-110-050 through 220-110-220 set forth technical provisions that typically apply to freshwater hydraulic projects. Certain technical provisions may be required depending upon the individual proposal and site specific characteristics. Additional special provisions may be included. Those provisions, where applicable, shall be contained in the hydraulic project approval, as necessary to protect fish life.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–040, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–040, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-050 Bank protection. The following technical provisions may apply to bank protection projects:

- (1) Bank protection work shall be confined to damaged banks.
- (2) Watercourse encroachment shall be held to a minimum.
- (3) Bank protection material shall not appreciably reduce normal watercourse capacity or configuration.
- (4) The toe shall be designed to protect the integrity of bank protection material.
- (5) Bank sloping shall be accomplished in a manner that will prevent the release of overburden material into the water.
- (6) Bank protection material shall be clean, angular rock or other material of a sufficient size to prevent its being washed away by water action. River gravels shall not be used as exterior armor.
- (7) Bank protection and filter blanket material shall be placed from the bank or a barge. Dumping onto the bank face shall be permitted only if the toe is established and the material can be confined to the bank face.
- (8) Filter blanket material shall be placed prior to placement of bank protection material.
- (9) Alteration or disturbance of the bank and bank vegetation shall be held to a minimum.
- (10) Overburden material resulting from this project shall be deposited so as not to reenter the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–050, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–050, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-060 Bridge, pier, and piling construction. The following technical provisions may apply to bridge, pier, and piling construction projects:

- (1) Excavation for the footings, piers, or abutments shall be isolated from the wetted perimeter by a dike, cofferdam, or similar mechanism.
- (2) Wastewater discharged to receiving waters shall not adversely impact fish life.
- (3) Structures containing concrete or wood preservatives shall be cured or dried prior to water encroachment.
- (4) Abutments, piers, piling, sills, etc., shall not restrict the flow so as to cause any appreciable increase in backwater elevation or scour and shall be aligned to

cause the least effect on the hydraulics of the body of water.

- (5) Riprap materials used for structure protection shall be clean and of sufficient size to prevent their being washed away.
- (6) Backfilling and armoring around each structure shall take place prior to removal of cofferdams.
- (7) The bridge shall be constructed high enough to pass the fifty-year flood level. Exception shall be granted if applicant provides design criteria to support a more appropriate level.
- (8) Alteration or disturbance of bank or bank vegetation shall be held to a minimum, and all disturbed areas shall be protected from erosion and revegetated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–060, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–060, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-070 Bridge construction—Stringer type. The following technical provisions may apply to bridge construction—Stringer type projects:

- (1) Unless construction is separated from state waters by use of a cofferdam or similar mechanism, excavation for and placement of the foundation and superstructure shall be outside the ordinary high water line.
- (2) At least one end of the bridge or stringer shall be securely anchored.
- (3) The stringers or structure shall be placed by floating equipment or by working from outside the ordinary high water line and in a manner as to not damage the beds or banks.
- (4) Alteration or disturbance of bank or bank vegetation shall be held to a minimum and all disturbed areas shall be revegetated or otherwise protected from erosion.
- (5) Removal of existing or temporary structures shall be accomplished so that the structure and associated material does not enter the watercourse and placed so it will not re-enter the watercourse.
- (6) The bridge shall be constructed high enough to pass the fifty-year flood level. Exception shall be granted if applicant provides design criteria to support a more appropriate level.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-070, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-080 Channel change—Temporary and permanent. The following technical provisions may apply to channel change—Temporary and permanent projects:
- (1) Permanent new channels shall be similar in length, width, depth, gradient, and meander configuration as the old channel.
- (2) The new channel shall provide fish habitat similar to that which previously existed in the old channel.
- (3) During construction, the new channel shall be isolated from the flowing stream by plugs at the upstream and downstream ends of the new channel.
- (4) Diversion of flow into a new channel shall be accomplished by: (a) First removing the downstream plug;

- (b) removing the upstream plug; and (c) closing the upstream end of the old channel.
- (5) Filling of the old channel shall begin from the upstream closure and the fill material compacted. Water discharging from the fill shall not adversely impact fish life.
- (6) Before water is diverted into a permanent new channel, the banks shall be armored to prevent erosion.
- (7) The angle of the structure used to divert the water into the new channel shall allow a smooth transition of water flow.
- (8) After completion of the permanent new channel and filling of the old channel, all unprotected banks shall be revegetated or otherwise protected to prevent erosion.
- (9) If fish may be endangered as a result of this project, the permittee will be required to capture and safely transport game and food fish from the job site to the nearest free-flowing water. The permittee may request the department of fisheries or department of game to assist in capturing and safely transporting game and food fish from the job site to free-flowing water, and assistance may be granted if personnel are available.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–080, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–080, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-090 Channel realignment. The following technical provisions may apply to channel realignment projects:

- (1) The realigned channel shall provide fish habitat similar to that which previously existed.
- (2) All material removal from the new channel shall take place before any filling operations within the existing channel. Material removal shall proceed from midstream toward the bank and be completed prior to filling.
- (3) Excavation and filling may take place simultaneously if excavated materials are to be used in the filling operation.
- (4) Prior to filling, an armored dike or other approved mechanism shall be constructed to divert the flowing stream and isolate the fill area.
- (5) Filling shall begin at the upstream end and proceed downstream.
- (6) Water discharging from the fill area shall not adversely impact fish life.
- (7) If fish may be endangered as a result of this project, the permittee will be required to capture and safely transport game and food fish from the job site to the nearest free—flowing water. The permittee may request the department of fisheries or department of game to assist in capturing and safely transporting game and food fish from the job site to free—flowing water, and assistance may be granted if personnel are available.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–090, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–090, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-100 Conduit crossing. The following technical provisions may apply to conduit crossing projects:

- (1) Conduit alignment shall be as nearly perpendicular to the watercourse as possible.
- (2) The conduit shall be installed at sufficient depth so that subsequent disturbance of the bed of the water-course is avoided.
 - (3) If the method used is boring or jacking:
 - (a) Pits shall be isolated from surface water flow;
- (b) All drainage water removed from the boring or jacking pit shall not adversely impact fish life; and
- (c) Provisions of subsection (4)(a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section shall not apply.
 - (4) If the method used is trench excavation:
- (a) Trenches shall be excavated in the dry or shall be isolated from the flowing watercourse by the installation of a cofferdam, culvert, flume, or other approved method;
- (b) Plowing, placement, and covering shall occur in a single pass of the equipment;
- (c) Disturbance of the bed as a result of the plowing operation shall be held to a minimum; and
- (d) Provisions of subsection (3)(a), (b), and (c) of this section shall not apply.
- (5) Trenches shall be backfilled with approved materials and the bed shall be returned to preproject condition.
- (6) Excess spoils shall be disposed of so as not to reenter the watercourse.
- (7) The conduit approach trench shall be isolated from the watercourse until laying of the conduit across the watercourse takes place.
- (8) Alteration or disturbance of banks or bank vegetation shall be held to a minimum and all denuded areas shall be revegetated or otherwise protected from erosion.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–100, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–100, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-110 Culvert installation. The following technical provisions may apply to culvert installation projects:
- (1) Culverts shall be designed and constructed so as not to impede fish passage.
- (2) The culvert shall be of a sufficient size to pass the fifty—year flood level. Exception shall be granted if applicant provides design criteria to support a more appropriate level.
- (3) Disturbance of the bed of a watercourse shall be held to a minimum and affected bed areas shall be restored to preproject condition following installation of the culvert.
- (4) Fill associated with the culvert installation shall be protected from erosion.
- (5) Culverts shall be designed and constructed to avoid inlet and outlet scouring.
- (6) The culvert facility shall be maintained, in perpetuity, by the owner(s), such that fish passage is not impeded.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–110, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–110, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–110, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-120 Temporary bypass culvert or flume. The following technical provisions may apply to temporary bypass culvert or flume projects:

- (1) The temporary bypass culvert or flume shall be in place prior to initiation of other work in the wetted perimeter.
- (2) A sandbag revetment or similar device shall be installed at the inlet to divert the entire flow through the culvert or flume.
- (3) A sandbag revetment or similar device shall be installed at the downstream end of the culvert or flume to prevent backwater from entering the work area.
- (4) Culvert or flume shall be of sufficient size to pass flows and debris occurring during the project.
- (5) Prior to releasing the water flow to the project area, all bank protection or armoring shall be completed.
- (6) Upon completion of the project, all material used in the temporary bypass shall be removed from the site and the site returned to preproject conditions.
- (7) If fish may be endangered as a result of this project, the permittee will be required to capture and safely transport game and food fish from the job site to the nearest free—flowing water. The permittee may request the department of fisheries or department of game to assist in capturing and safely transporting game and food fish from the job site to free—flowing water, and assistance may be granted if personnel are available.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), \$ 220–110–120, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), \$ 220–110–120, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-130 Dredging. The following technical provisions may apply to dredging projects:

- (1) Dredging shall not be conducted in fish spawning areas.
- (2) During the dredging of a lake or pond, a boom or similar device shall be installed to contain floatable materials.
- (3) Dredged bed materials shall be disposed of at department of natural resources open water disposal sites or upland sites approved by the departments.
- (4) Dredging shall be conducted with dredge types that cause the lowest mortality on fish life.
- (5) Dredging shall stop when distressed or dead fish are observed in the work area. The departments shall be notified immediately.
- (6) If a hydraulic dredge is used, it shall be operated with the intake on or below the surface of the material being removed. Reverse purging of the intake line shall be held to a minimum.
- (7) If a dragline or clamshell is used, it shall be operated to minimize turbidity. During excavation, each pass with the clamshell or dragline bucket shall be complete. Dredged material shall not be stockpiled in the water.

(8) Upon completion of the dredging the watercourse bed shall not contain pits, potholes, or large depressions.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-130, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-140 Gravel removal. The following technical provisions may apply to gravel removal projects:
- (1) An excavation line shall be established. "Excavation line" means a line on the dry bed, parallel to the water's edge; two feet vertically above the existing water level, unless otherwise stated, and changes with water level fluctuations.
- (2) Bed material shall not be removed from the water side of the excavation line.
- (3) Excavation shall begin at the excavation line and proceed toward the bank, perpendicular to the alignment of the watercourse.
- (4) The maximum distance of excavation toward the bank from the excavation line shall be approximately equal throughout the excavation zone. "Excavation zone" means the area between the excavation line and the bank.
- (5) The excavation zone shall be identified by boundary markers.
- (6) A minimum two percent gradient upward from the excavation line shall be maintained in the excavation zone.
- (7) At the end of each days' operation the excavation zone shall not contain pits or potholes.
- (8) Excavated materials shall not be stockpiled or spoiled within the ordinary high water line.
- (9) Equipment shall not enter the wetted perimeter of the watercourse.
- (10) Debris in the excavation zone shall be disposed of so as not to reenter the watercourse.
- (11) Gravel washing or crushing operations shall not take place below the ordinary high water line.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), \$ 220–110–140, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), \$ 220–110–140, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-150 Log and log jam removal. The following technical provisions may apply to log and log jam projects:
- (1) Logs or log jams shall be removed by yarding from the bank.
- (2) Where logs are to be yarded up a bank, skid logs or similar methods shall be used to prevent bank damage.
- (3) Upon completion of the yarding operation skid logs shall be removed and the bank restored to preproject condition.
- (4) Material associated with the log or debris jam shall be removed and disposed of so as not to reenter the watercourse.
- (5) Logs embedded in a bank or bed shall be cut off at the bank or bed line.

- (6) Log or debris jam removal shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents the release of logs or debris downstream.
- (7) Depressions created in gravel bars shall be filled, smoothed over, and sloped toward the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-150, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-160 Logging. The following technical provisions may apply to logging projects:
- (1) Trees shall not be felled into or across a watercourse.
- (2) Logs transported across a watercourse shall be suspended so no portion of the logs or limbs can enter the watercourse or damage the bed and banks.
- (3) Debris resulting from the project shall be removed from the bed during the operation and before removal of equipment from the site. Debris removal shall be accomplished so the watercourse, bed or banks are not disturbed.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-160, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-170 Outfall structures. The following technical provisions may apply to outfall structure projects:
- (1) The outfall structure shall be designed and constructed to prevent the entry of fish.
- (2) The watercourse bank and bed at the point of discharge shall be armored to prevent scouring.
- (3) Excavation for placement of the structure or armoring materials shall be isolated from the wetted perimeter.
- (4) Alteration or disturbance of banks or bank vegetation shall be held to a minimum, and all disturbed areas shall be revegetated or otherwise protected from erosion.
- (5) Structures containing concrete or wood preservatives shall be cured prior to water encroachment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-170, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-180 Pond construction. The following technical provisions may apply to pond construction projects:
- (1) Ponds shall not be constructed within the watercourse.
- (2) Ponds shall be designed and constructed to prevent the entry of fish.
- (3) Flow from the pond to the watercourse shall be by gravity. Pond return flow shall be located near the inlet.
- (4) Initial filling of the pond shall occur during a high flow period. Fifty percent of the flow shall be maintained within the watercourse during initial filling of the pond.
- (5) The work area shall be isolated from the water-course during construction of the pond, the diversion system, and the return flow system.
- (6) Prior to the initial filling, all disturbed banks shall be revegetated or otherwise protected to prevent erosion.

(7) Ponds shall be designed and constructed so the outflow temperature is not harmful to fish life.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080, 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-180, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-190 Water diversions. The following technical provisions may apply to water diversions:

- (1) Gravel berm dams shall be constructed of gravels available on site. No dirt from outside the ordinary high water line shall be used to seal them and no logs or woody debris presently in the river may be utilized for their construction.
- (2) Logs and woody debris may be removed from the river or stream only if they block water flow into the ditch or inhibit construction.
- (3) As long as the applicant or permittee can divert enough water to satisfy the water right, the gravel berm dam shall be constructed so that it does not hinder upstream and downstream adult and juvenile fish passage. If passage problems develop, department of fisheries or department of game personnel may, after consultation, require modification of the gravel berm dam.
- (4) At pump stations, a backhoe may be used to remove accumulated silts and gravel from the pumping sump. Material removed shall be placed so it will not be washed back into the river.
- (5) A diversion device used for conducting water from a lake, river, stream or other watercourse for any purpose shall be equipped with a fish guard (screen) approved by the department of fisheries pursuant to RCW 75.20.040 and the department of game pursuant to RCW 77.16.220 to prevent the passage of fish into the diversion device.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–190, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–190, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–190, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-200 Mineral prospecting (panning). The following technical provisions may apply to mineral prospecting (panning) projects:

- (1) Gold pans, mini-rocker boxes, and nonmotorized sluice boxes are allowed. Sluice box size shall not exceed one-foot width by three-foot length in the riffle area, and not to exceed fifty percent of the width of the wetted perimeter.
- (2) All work will be performed by hand or hand tools only.
- (3) There shall be no disturbance of graveled spawning areas.
 - (4) There shall be no streambank excavation.
- (5) There shall be no disturbance of rooted or embedded woody plants (trees, shrubs, etc.).
- (6) Materials too large to be moved by hand will not be disturbed.
 - (7) There shall be no damming of the flowing stream.
- (8) All pits, furrows, potholes and diversions must be filled, leveled, or removed prior to leaving the project site, to prevent fish entrapment.
- (9) No motorized, tracked or wheeled vehicles will be allowed within the wetted perimeter of the stream.

- (10) Any siltation in excess of state water quality standards resulting from this project may be considered damaging to fish life, causing operations to be terminated.
- (11) Entry onto private property or removal of minerals from an existing mining claim is not authorized. It is the applicant's responsibility to determine if a claim has been issued. The department of natural resources or bureau of land management should be contacted regarding this.
- (12) A copy of the current Gold and Fish Pamphlet shall be on the job site at all times and shall serve as a formal approval.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–200, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–200, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-210 Mineral prospecting (sluicing). The following technical provisions may apply to mineral prospecting (sluicing) projects:

- (1) Nonmotorized sluice boxes are allowed. Sluice boxes shall not be wider than two feet in the riffle area and not to exceed fifty percent of the wetted perimeter.
- (2) Suction removal of aggregate from sluice or sluice tailings may be performed by a suction device powered by an engine of not more than 3 HP with a maximum intake nozzle size of 1.5 inches.
 - (3) There shall be no stream bank excavation.
- (4) There shall be no disturbance of graveled spawning areas.
- (5) All excavations shall be performed by hand or hand-held tools only.
- (6) Materials too large to be moved by hand or handheld tools shall not be disturbed.
- (7) Diversion of the flowing stream shall be only that necessary to direct water into a sluice box.
 - (8) There shall be no damming of the flowing stream.
- (9) All pits, furrows, potholes and diversions must be filled, leveled, or removed prior to leaving the project site, to prevent fish entrapment.
- (10) No motorized, tracked or wheeled vehicles shall be allowed within the wetted perimeter of the stream.
- (11) Any siltation in excess of state water quality standards resulting from this project may be considered damaging to fish life, causing operations to be terminated and the hydraulics project approval cancelled.
- (12) This approval does not authorize entry onto private property or removal of minerals from an existing mining claim. It is the applicant's responsibility to determine if a claim has been issued. The department of natural resources or bureau of land management should be contacted regarding this.
- (13) A copy of the current Gold and Fish Pamphlet shall be on the job site at all times.
- (14) There shall be no disturbance of rooted or imbedded woody plants (trees, shrubs, etc.).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-15-086 (Order 87-48), § 220-110-210, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-210, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-220 Mineral prospecting (dredging). The following technical provisions may apply to mineral prospecting (dredging) projects:
- (1) This approval authorizes the use of a suction dredge having a nozzle intake size not to exceed that allowed in the stream listing section of the current Gold and Fish Pamphlet for the area in which it is operated.
- (2) There shall be no hydraulicing (jet or nozzle) outside of the wetted perimeter.
 - (3) There shall be no streambank excavation.
- (4) There shall be no disturbance of rooted or embedded woody plants (trees, shrubs, etc.).
- (5) There shall be no disturbance of graveled spawning areas.
- (6) All pits, furrows, and potholes must be filled or leveled prior to leaving the project site, to prevent fish entrapment.
- (7) Damming or diversion of the stream shall be allowed only to the extent necessary to operate a dredge, and shall be removed prior to leaving the site.
- (8) No motorized, tracked, or wheeled vehicles shall be allowed within the wetted perimeter of the stream.
- (9) Motorized tools shall not be used to move materials offering fish cover (boulders, logs, stumps, etc.) too large to be moved by hand.
 - (10) Stable woody debris jams shall not be disturbed.
- (11) Extreme care shall be taken to assure that no petroleum products or other deleterious material is allowed to fall, be wasted into, or otherwise deposited so as to enter surface waters.
- (12) Any siltation in excess of state water quality standards resulting from this project may be considered damaging to fish life, causing operations to be terminated and the hydraulic project approval cancelled.
- (13) This approval does not authorize entry onto private property or removal of minerals from an existing mining claim. It is the applicant's responsibility to determine if a claim has been issued. The department of natural resources or the bureau of land management should be contacted regarding this.
- (14) A copy of the current Gold and Fish Pamphlet shall be on the job site at all times.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–220, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–220, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-230 Saltwater technical provisions. WAC 220-110-240 through 220-110-330 set forth technical provisions that typically apply, and additional definitions applicable to saltwater hydraulic projects. Certain technical provisions may be required depending upon the individual proposal and site specific characteristics. Additional special provisions may be included. Those provisions where applicable shall be contained in the hydraulic project approval, as necessary to protect fish life.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-230, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-240 Tidal reference areas. Tidal reference areas are defined as follows:
- (1) Tidal Reference Area 1 (Shelton): All saltwater area in Oakland Bay and Hammersley Inlet westerly of a line projected from Hungerford Point to Arcadia.
- (2) Tidal Reference Area 2 (Olympia): All saltwater area between a line projected from Hungerford Point to Arcadia and a line projected from Johnson Point to Devil's Head. This includes Totten, Eld, Budd, Case and Henderson Inlets, and Pickering Passage.
- (3) Tidal Reference Area 3 (South Puget Sound): All saltwater area easterly and northerly of a line projected from Johnson Point to Devil's Head and southerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge.
- (4) Tidal Reference Area 4 (Tacoma): All saltwater area northerly of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge and southerly of a line projected true west and true east across Puget Sound from the northern tip of Vashon Island.
- (5) Tidal Reference Area 5 (Seattle): All saltwater area northerly of a line projected true west and true east across Puget Sound from the northern tip of Vashon Island and southerly of a line projected true east from Point Jefferson at 47° 15′ N. latitude across Puget Sound. This area includes Port Orchard, Port Madison, and Dyes and Sinclair Inlets.
- (6) Tidal Reference Area 6 (Edmonds): All saltwater area northerly of a line projected true east from Point Jefferson at 47° 15' N. latitude across Puget Sound and southerly of a line projected true east from Possession Point to Chenault Beach and from Foulweather Bluff to Double Bluff.
- (7) Tidal Reference Area 7 (Everett): All saltwater area northerly of a line projected true east from Possession Point to Chenault Beach, easterly of a line projected 5° true from East Point to Lowell Point, and southerly of the Stanwood to Camano Island Highway. This area includes Port Gardner, Port Susan, and parts of Possession Sound and Saratoga Passage.
- (8) Tidal Reference Area 8 (Yokeko Point): All saltwater area westerly and northerly of a line projected 5° true from East Point to Lowell Point, north of the Stanwood to Camano Island Highway, and easterly and southerly of Deception Pass Bridge and the Swinomish Channel Bridge on State Highway 536. This area includes Holmes Harbor, Saratoga Passage, Skagit Bay, Similk Bay, and most of the Swinomish Channel.
- (9) Tidal Reference Area 9 (Blaine): All saltwater area in Skagit County and Whatcom County that lies northerly of the Swinomish Channel Bridge on State Highway 536 and westerly and northerly of Deception Pass Bridge.
- (10) Tidal Reference Area 10 (Port Townsend): All saltwater area of Puget Sound as defined in WAC 220–16–210 except Hood Canal south of a line projected from Tala Point to Foulweather Bluff, and except all waters defined in Tidal Reference Areas 1 through 9. Area 10 includes waters of the San Juan Islands, Admiralty Inlet, the Strait of Juan de Fuca, and associated bays and inlets.

- (11) Tidal Reference Area 11 (Union): All saltwater area of Hood Canal southerly and easterly of a line projected from Lilliwaup Bay to Dewatto Bay.
- (12) Tidal Reference Area 12 (Seabeck): All saltwater area of Hood Canal northerly of a line projected from Lilliwaup Bay to Dewatto Bay and southerly of a line projected true east from Hazel Point. This area includes Dabob Bay and Quilcene Bay.
- (13) Tidal Reference Area 13 (Bangor): All saltwater area of Hood Canal northerly of a line projected true east from Hazel Point and south of a line projected from Tala Point to Foulweather Bluff. This area includes Port Gamble.
- (14) Tidal Reference Area 14 (Ocean Beaches): All saltwater area between Cape Flattery and the Oregon border at the mouth of the Columbia River, excluding Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay.
- (15) Tidal Reference Area 15 (Westport): All saltwater area in Grays Harbor easterly of a line projected from the outermost end of the north jetty to the outermost end of the south jetty, and westerly of 123° 59' W. longitude.
- (16) Tidal Reference Area 16 (Aberdeen): All saltwater area in Grays Harbor easterly of 123° 59' W. longitude and westerly of the Union Pacific railroad bridge across the Chehalis River.
- (17) Tidal Reference Area 17 (Willapa Bay): All saltwater area in Willapa Bay easterly of a line projected from Leadbetter Point to Cape Shoalwater Light.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-240, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-250 Surf smelt spawning beds. Surf smelt spawning beds are defined as follows:

- (1) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 2 between +9.0 feet and +14.0 feet above MLLW in:
- (a) Totten Inlet westerly and southerly of a line projected from Windy Point to Gallagher Cove, except Skookum Inlet westerly of a line projected true north from the entrance to Wildcat Cove, and except that part of Oyster Bay westerly of a line projected true south from the Olympia Oyster Company plant;
- (b) Eld Inlet from Flapjack Point southerly to Rocky Point, and from Cooper Point south to the line of 47° 3' 36" N. latitude;
- (c) Budd Inlet from Cooper Point south to 47° 4' 6" N. latitude, and from Dofflemyer Point south to 47° 3' 48" N. latitude;
- (d) Henderson Inlet from Johnson Point southerly to 47° 7' N. latitude; and
- (e) Case Inlet (North Bay) from the mouth of Sherwood Creek north to a point 1/4 mile north of the city of Tacoma's Lake Cushman transmission line.
- (2) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 4 between +7.0 feet and +11.5 feet above MLLW in Quartermaster Harbor north of a line projected true west from the northern tip of Dockton.
- (3) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 5 between +7.0 feet and +11.0 feet above MLLW in:
- (a) Sinclair Inlet from the west city limits of Port Orchard west to 122° 40' W. longitude;

- (b) Liberty Bay northerly of a line projected from Bolin Point westerly to the southern property line of the United States Naval Facility;
 - (c) Dyes Inlet from Silverdale south to Chico;
- (d) Dyes Inlet along the west shore of Marine Drive Peninsula from its northern terminus south to a point 300 feet south of Madrona Point;
- (e) Dyes Inlet along the west shore of Madrona Point from the southern boundary of Section 9 north a distance of 600 feet; and
- (f) Dyes Inlet along the southern shore of Elwood Point Peninsula.
- (4) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 7 between +7.0 feet and +11.0 feet above MLLW in Port Susan from the entrance to Triangle Cove south to Camano Country Club.
- (5) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 8 between +7.0 feet and +11.0 feet above MLLW in:
- (a) Saratoga Passage from Onamac Point northerly to Rocky Point, then easterly to Brown Point in Skagit Bay:
- (b) Skagit Bay from the mouth of Dugualla Bay southeasterly for about 2 miles to 48° 19' 54" N. latitude;
- (c) Saratoga Passage from Muellers Park in Penn Cove easterly and southerly to a point on Whidbey Island determined by projecting a line true west from Onamac Point;
 - (d) Penn Cove from San de Fuca to Penn Cove Park;
- (e) Oak Harbor from the boat ramp to Blowers Bluff; and
- (f) Crescent Harbor adjacent to the United States Naval Air Station property.
- (6) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 9 between +6.0 feet and +8.5 feet above MLLW in:
- (a) Fidalgo Bay along the north side of Weaverling Spit;
- (b) Fidalgo Bay from the tip of Crandall Spit northerly and easterly to the east side of March Point; and
- (c) Along the east shore of Fidalgo Bay between a point 1350 feet south of Fidalgo and a point 3900 feet north of Fidalgo.
- (7) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 10 between +5.5 feet and +8.0 feet above MLLW in:
- (a) Kilisut Harbor (Scow Bay) south of a line projected true west from the mouth of Mystery Bay;
- (b) Dungeness Harbor from "Gun Club Spit" at Old Town westerly to the boundary of the Dungeness Wildlife Refuge at the base of Dungeness Spit;
- (c) The Strait of Juan de Fuca from 300 yards east of the mouth of East Twin River westerly to 300 yards west of the mouth of West Twin River; and
- (d) The Strait of Juan de Fuca at the mouth of Deep Creek and easterly for 1,400 yards.
- (8) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 11 between +7.0 feet and +11.5 feet above MLLW in Hood Canal east of a line projected true south from the west side of the Tahuya River and west of a line projected from Rose Point to the mouth of Little Mission Creek.

(9) All beach area within Tidal Reference Area 14 below +9.0 feet above MLLW from Cape Johnson south to the Ouinault Indian Reservation.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04-047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–250, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–250, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-260 Pacific herring spawning beds. Pacific herring spawning beds are defined as follows:

- (1) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 2 between +3.0 feet (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW):
- (a) In and at the mouth of Wildcat Harbor (Skookum Inlet);
- (b) In Totten Inlet at the west and east entrances to Gallagher Cove between 47° 8' 45" and 47° 9' 18" N. latitude:
- (c) In Squaxin Passage south of a line projected true east from the northern tip of Steamboat Island to Hope Island and northerly and westerly of Hunter Point, and in addition, all beds in this described area between -15 feet and -60 feet; and
- (d) Along the west side of Squaxin Island from Unsal Point north to 47° 10′ 36″ N. latitude.
- (2) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 3 between +3.0 feet (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW) in the south part of Mayo Cove between 47° 15' 24" and 47° 15' 48" N. latitude.
- (3) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 4 between +3.0 feet (above MLLW) and -25.0 feet (below MLLW) beginning near Tahlequah on Vashon Island at 122° 30′ W. longitude and extending continuously throughout Quartermaster Harbor to Piner Point on Maury Island, then northeasterly along the east side of Maury Island to 47° 22′ 36″ N. latitude.
- (4) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 5 between +3.0 feet (above MLLW) and -30.0 feet (below MLLW), except as stated otherwise:
- (a) In Port Orchard from University Point northerly to Keyport;
- (b) In Port Orchard from Battle Point northeasterly to Arrow Point;
- (c) In Port Orchard from the north entrance to Manzanita Bay northerly to Seabold;
- (d) In Port Orchard from Lemolo southeasterly to Point Bolin, then north to 47° 42' 21" N. latitude in Agate Passage;
- (e) In Agate Passage and Port Madison from Agate Pass Bridge northerly to Agate Point, then southerly and easterly to the western tip of Point Monroe, and including the southern extension of Port Madison within these boundaries;
- (f) In Agate Passage and Port Madison from Agate Pass Bridge northerly to and including lower Miller Bay, then easterly to Indianola; and
- (g) In Dyes Inlet, an area oval in shape situated in a northwest to southeast orientation approximately 1700 feet in width between latitudes 47° 38' 21" N. and 47° 37' 46" N. between tidal elevations 0.0 (MLLW) and minus 40.0 feet (below MLLW).

- (5) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 7 between elevations 0.0 feet (MLLW) and 20 feet (below MLLW), except as stated otherwise:
- (a) Throughout Tulalip Bay and north to a point about 2.800 feet northwest of Hermosa Point:
- (b) At Spee-Bi-Dah for a distance of about 1,000 feet between latitudes 48° 04' 52" and 48° 05' 35":
- (c) Beginning about 1,500 feet south of Tulare Beach northward to a point 2,500 feet northwest of Kayak Point;
- (d) In Port Susan along the east shore of Camano Island from the western boundary of Section 3, Township 30 North, Range 3 East southerly to the western boundary of Section 13, Township 30 North, Range 3 East between tidal elevations 0.0 (MLLW) and minus 10.0 (below MLLW) excluding the area from Tillicum Beach northerly to Sunny Shore Acres;
- (e) In Saratoga Passage from a point 2000 feet west of Camano Head easterly and northerly to a point 1400 feet north of Camano Head in Port Susan between tidal elevations 0.0 (MLLW) and minus 10.0 (below MLLW).
- (6) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 8 between +3.0 (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW):
- (a) In Holmes Harbor south of a line projected from Dines Point 125° true across Holmes Harbor;
- (b) At the entrance to Holmes Harbor northerwesterly of Rocky Point in the vicinity of Baby Island;
- (c) In northern Skagit Bay, from Hunot Point, Fidalgo Island, south to the dredged entrance to Swinomish Channel, and from Ala Spit, Whidbey Island south through Dugualla Bay to 48° 20′ 30″ N. latitude; and
- (d) On the east side of Similk Bay from 48° 26' N. latitude north to 48° 26' 54" N. latitude in Turners Bay.
- (7) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 9 between +3.0 (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW):
- (a) In and throughout Fidalgo Bay from Cap Sante waterway south to the southern boundary of Section 32 then northerly along the west shore of March Point and entirely around March Point to a point 800 feet south of Kavanaugh Road on the east shore of March Point, except the tidal channel draining southern Fidalgo Bay below elevation minus 6.0 (below MLLW);
- (b) In Padilla Bay north of a line projected true east through Saddlebag Island, south of William Point, and east of a line projected from Saddlebag Island to William Point;
- (c) On the east side of Samish Bay from 48° 35' 30" N. latitude northwesterly to Wildcat Cove;
- (d) Along Lummi Island from Village Point northerly to Point Migley, then southeasterly along the west side of Hale Passage to 48° 41' N. latitude;
- (e) Surrounding Portage Island and including Portage Bay, and extending northerly up the east side of Hale Passage to Gooseberry Point;
- (f) On the east side of the Strait of Georgia beginning southeast of Sandy Point at 48° 46′ 15″ N. latitude and extending northerly to Point Whitehorn, then northeasterly to 48° 54′ 45″ N. latitude in Birch Bay;

- (g) Along the entire southern border of Sandy Point and extending in a southeasterly direction a distance of 5500 feet;
- (h) Along the northwest shore of Lummi Bay from Sandy Point to a point 2500 feet north of the southern boundary of Section 9, Township 38 North, Range 1 East;
- (i) Beginning at 122° 47′ 6″ W. longitude on the north side of Birch Bay and extending northerly to Semiahmoo Bay at the United States-Canadian border;
 - (j) In Drayton Harbor; and
- (k) Bordering all of Point Roberts from the Canadian border in the Strait of Georgia to the Canada border in Boundary Bay.
- (8) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 10 between +3.0 (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW), except as stated otherwise:
- (a) In East Sound (Fishing Bay and Ship Bay) north of a line projected true east from Judd Cove;
- (b) In East Sound from Dolphin Bay northwesterly for 0.5 miles;
- (c) On the north side of West Sound from Indian Point northerly and easterly around Massacre Bay to the northern entrance to White Beach Bay;
- (d) On the west side of West Sound from 48° 37' N. latitude southerly to Caldwell Point, then westerly about 1/2 mile along the north side of Pole Pass to the Beacon;
 - (e) In Blind Bay, Shaw Island;
 - (f) In Shoal Bay, Lopez Island;
 - (g) In Hunter Bay and Mud Bay, Lopez Island;
- (h) In Westcott Bay, Garrison Bay, and Horseshoe Bay, San Juan Island;
- (i) Off the mouth of Mitchell Bay and northerly to Hanbury Point, and Mosquito Pass northerly to and adjacent to White Point, San Juan Island;
- (j) Along the south shore of new Dungeness Harbor from Clark Road to a point 1200 feet east of the base of Dungeness Spit between tidal elevations 0.0 (MLLW) and minus 5.0 (below MLLW);
- (k) Along the inner shore of Dungeness Spit between latitudes 48° 09' 20" N. and 48° 09' 35" N. between tidal elevations 0.0 (MLLW) and minus 5.0 (below MLLW);
- (1) On the east side of Sequim Bay from Goose Point northerly to Kiapot Point, and on the west side of Sequim Bay from Schoolhouse Point northerly to 48° 3' 24" N. latitude near Pitship Point, and in addition all beds in this described area between -15.0 feet and -40.0 feet:
- (m) On the east side of Discovery Bay from 48° N. latitude near Fairmont northerly to 48° 3' 24" N. latitude, and on the west side of Discovery Bay from 48° N. latitude near Maynard northerly to Carr Point, additionally all beds between -15.0 feet and -40.0 feet in this described area;
- (n) On the west side of Port Townsend from Glen Cove southerly to the mouth of Chimacum Creek and on the east side of Port Townsend from Crane Point northerly outside the entrance to Kilisut Harbor to 48° 5′ 36″ N. latitude; and

- (o) In Kilisut Harbor (Scow Bay) south of 48° 5' 9" N. latitude, and in addition all beds in this described area between -15.0 feet and -30.0 feet.
- (9) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 11 between +3.0 (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW) east of 122° 59′ 36″ W. longitude and west of 122° 51′ 18″ W. longitude.
- (10) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 12 between +3.0 (above MLLW) and -15.0 feet (below MLLW):
 - (a) In Quilcene Bay north of 47° 47' 6" N. latitude;
- (b) On the west side of Dabob Bay from Whitney Point south to 47° 43' 42" N. latitude in Right Smart Cove near Wawa Point;
- (c) On the west side of Hood Canal from 47° 40' 18" N. latitude south to Quatsap Point (including Pleasant Harbor), then west to a line projected true south from the mouth of the Duckabush River; and
- (d) On the east side of Hood Canal in Stavis Bay, Seabeck Bay, and on the north side of Misery Point.
- (11) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 13 between +3.0 and -15.0 feet on the east side of Hood Canal from Lofall northeasterly to Sheltered Bay and including Port Gamble Bay.
- (12) All beds within Tidal Reference Area 17 between +3.0 and -5.0 feet:
- (a) On the west side of Willapa Bay from the Nahcotta Dock north to 46° 38' N. latitude; and
- (b) Between the mouths of Cedar River and North River.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), \S 220–110–260, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), \S 220–110–260, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-270 Common technical provisions. Technical provisions that commonly apply to projects in the saltwater area are as follows:

- (1) Use of equipment on the beach area shall be held to a minimum and confined to specific access and work corridors.
- (2) Beach area material shall not be utilized for project fills.
- (3) Fresh concrete shall be cured or covered to prevent leaching, prior to water contact.
- (4) Beach area depressions created during project activities shall be reshaped to preproject beach level upon project completion. Hydraulic clam harvesters shall comply with those conditions specified in WAC 220-52-018.
- (5) Debris or deleterious material resulting from construction shall be removed from the beach area and prevented from entering state waters.
- (6) Project activities shall be conducted to minimize siltation on beach areas.
- (7) Materials treated with creosote or other preservatives shall be dry before use in the water.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-270, filed 4/13/83.]

- WAC 220-110-280 Bulkheads and associated fills. The following technical provisions commonly apply to bulkhead and associated fill projects.
- (1) The construction of sloping or vertical bulkheads and the placement of associated fill is restricted to the tidal elevations and time periods provided for in this section.
- (2) The lowest tidal elevations for the toe of sloping or vertical bulkheads is as follows:

	Reference Area Name to	Vertical or Sloping - bulkheads adjacent smelt spawning bed	All other beach areas	
Tidal No.				
1	Shelton	N/A ¹	+11.5 ft	+8.0 ft
2	Olympia	+14.0 ft	+11.6	+8.3
3	South Puget Sound	d N/A	+10.7	+7.7
4	Tacoma	+11.5	+9.4	+6.9
5	Seattle	+11.0	+9.0	+6.6
6	Edmonds	N/A	+8.9	+6.6
7	Everett	+11.0	+8.8	+6.5
8	Yokeko Point	+11.0	+8.7	+6.5
9	Blaine	+8.5	+7.5	+6.1
10	Port Townsend	+8.0	+6.5	+5.1
11	Union	+11.5	+9.4	+6.9
12	Seabeck	N/A	+9.2	+6.8
13	Bangor	N/A	+8.7	+6.5
14	Ocean Beaches	+9.0	+7.8	+7.8
15	Westport	N/A	+8.3	+4.8
16	Aberdeen	N/A	+9.4	+5.4
17	Willapa Bay	N/A	+9.1	+5.2

¹Not applicable because there are no known surf smelt spawning beds.

- (3) The faces of bulkheads shall be constructed of permanent material not readily subject to erosion.
- (4) Sloping bulkheads shall have a slope not steeper than 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical.
- (5) Bulkheads shall be constructed only during periods of low tide.
- (6) Bulkhead forms shall be constructed so that leaching of concrete is minimized. Exposed concrete shall be covered or cured prior to water contact.
- (7) Bulkhead construction is restricted to the following time periods:
- (a) Tidal Reference Area 1: June 16 through March 14.
- (b) Tidal Reference Area 2: June 16 through March 14 except June 16 through July 20 only adjacent to smelt spawning beds.
- (c) Tidal Reference Area 3: June 16 through March 14.
- (d) Tidal Reference Area 4: June 16 through March 14, except March 1 through March 14 and June 16 through September 30 adjacent to smelt spawning beds.
- (e) Tidal Reference Area 5: June 16 through March 14, except:
- (i) March 1 through March 14 and June 16 through August 30 adjacent to Liberty Bay smelt spawning beds; and
- (ii) June 16 through October 15 adjacent to smelt spawning beds within Sinclair Inlet and Dyes Inlet.
- (f) Tidal Reference Area 6: June 16 through March 14.

- (g) Tidal Reference Area 7: June 16 through March 14, except October 16 through March 14 adjacent to smelt spawning beds.
- (h) Tidal Reference Area 8: June 16 through March 14, except October 16 through March 14 adjacent to smelt spawning beds.
- (i) Tidal Reference Area 9: June 16 through March 14, except June 16 through September 30 adjacent to smelt spawning beds.
- (j) Tidal Reference Area 10: June 16 through March 14, except:
- (i) June 16 through September 10 and November 10 through March 14 adjacent to smelt spawning beds within Kilisut Harbor;
- (ii) June 16 through October 15 and January 15 through March 14 adjacent to smelt spawning beds within Dungeness Harbor; and
- (iii) September 1 through May 1 adjacent to Smelt spawning beds at Twin Rivers and Deep Creek.
- (k) Tidal Reference Area 11: June 16 through March 14, except June 16 through September 10 and February 1 through March 15 adjacent to smelt spawning beds in southern Hood Canal.
- (1) Tidal Reference Area 12: June 16 through March 14.
- (m) Tidal Reference Area 13: June 16 through March 14.
- (n) Tidal Reference Area 14 through 17: January 1 through December 31.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-280, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-290 Boat launches. The following technical provisions commonly apply to boat launch projects.

- (1) Railway-type boat launches on smelt and herring spawning beds shall be designed to cause minimal interference with tidal currents and littoral drift.
- (2) The construction of concrete boat launch ramps or the placement of other material for solid boat launch ramps is prohibited on smelt and herring spawning beds.
- (3) The slope of boat launch sides shall be no steeper than 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), \S 220–110–290, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-300 Piers, pilings, docks, and floats. The following technical provisions commonly apply to pier, piling, dock, and float projects.

(1) Pile driving in or adjacent to surf smelt and herring spawning beds is permitted only as follows:

Tidal Reference	Permitted Times	
Area	Smelt spawning beds	Herring spawning beds
1	January 1-December 31	January 1-December 31
2	April 1-July 20	April 1-December 31
3	January 1-December 31	January 1-December 31
4	March 1-October 1	April 1-January 10
5	March 1-September 1 in Liberty Bay	March 20-January 20 in Port Orchard

Tidal Reference	Permitted Times	
Area	Smelt spawning beds	Herring spawning beds
	February 15-October 15 in Sinclair-Dyes Inlet	April 10-February 20 in Port Madison March 25-January 10 in Dyes Inlet
6	January 1-December 31	January 1-December 31
7	October 15-May 15	April 15-February 15
8	October 15-May 15	April 10-February 10
9	March 15-October 1	June 1-January 31 at Point Roberts
		June 15-February 10 Blaine-Birch Bay; Point Whitehorn to Sandy Point; and Hale Passage and Portage Bay
		April 10-February 20 in Samish Bay
		April 10-February 10 in Padilla Bay, Fidalgo Bay
10	January 15-October 15 in Dungeness Harbor	April 15-February 1 West Sound, East Sound, Orcas Island
	November 10-September 10 in Kilisut Harbor	March 15-January 15 Hunter Bay, Lopez Island
	September 1-May 1 at Twin Rivers and Deep Creek	April 10-January 10 Mosquito Pass, San Juan Islands
	200p clova	March 20-January 31 New Dungeness Harbor April 10-February 1,
		Discovery Bay
		March 1-January 31 Sequim Bay
		March 20-January 31 Por Townsend, Kilisut Harbor
11	December 1-September 10	March-January 15
12	January 1-December 31	April 15-February 10
13	January 1-December 31	April 1-January 31
14	September 1-April 1	January 1-December 31
15	January 1-December 31	January 1-December 31
16 17	January 1-December 31 January 1-December 31	January 1-December 31 March 15-January 15

- (2) In addition to those limitations listed in WAC 220-110-300(1) pile driving may be further restricted to protect juvenile salmonids or other species of fish.
- (3) Floats and rafts shall be located and anchored to prevent grounding on smelt and herring spawning beds during periods of low tides.
- (4) Anchoring systems for floating structures shall be designed and deployed so that beds are not damaged.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84-04-047 (Order 84-04), § 220-110-300, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-300, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-310 Utility lines. The following technical provisions commonly apply to utility line projects.

(1) Digging trenches in the beach area for the installation of cables, sewer lines, and other utilities is restricted to the same time periods provided for driving piles (WAC 220-110-300) and dredging (WAC 220-110-320).

- (2) Excavation of trenches in beach areas shall be conducted in the dry during low tide periods.
- (3) Trenches in the beach area shall be backfilled expeditiously and all disturbed areas restored to preproject conditions.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-310, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-320 Dredging. The following technical provisions commonly apply to dredging projects.

- (1) Dredging in Tidal Reference Areas 1 through 13 is limited to the period June 16 through March 15.
- (2) Dredging in Tidal Reference Area 14 is permitted year-round.
- (3) Dredging in Tidal Reference Area 15 in water shallower than the minus twenty (-20.0) foot contour (MLLW = 0.0) is limited to the period May 1 through February 28.
- (4) Dredging in Tidal Reference Area 16 in water shallower than the minus twenty (-20.0) foot contour (MLLW = 0.0) is limited to the period June 16 through February 15.
- (5) Dredging in Tidal Reference Area 17 in water shallower than the minus twenty (-20.0) foot contour (MLLW = 0.0) is limited to the period May 1 through February 15.
- (6) Floatable materials such as debris and piling shall not be disposed of in the water.
- (7) Dredging shall stop if distressed or dead fish are observed in the work area, and the departments shall be notified immediately.
- (8) A hydraulic dredge shall not be operated with the intake above the surface of the material being removed. The intake may be raised not over 3 feet above the bed for brief periods of purging or flushing the intake system. This provision does not apply to hopper dredges.
- (9) Dredged bed materials shall be disposed of at department of natural resources deep water disposal sites or approved upland sites.
- (10) Dredging shall be conducted to a depth not greater than the channel depth at the seaward end.
 - (11) Dredging is prohibited on herring spawning beds.
- (12) Dredging shall be conducted with dredge types that cause the least adverse impact on fish and shellfish and their habitat.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87-15-086 (Order 87-48), § 220-110-320, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-320, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-330 Marinas. The following policies and technical provisions commonly apply to marina projects.

- (1) Open-type construction, utilizing floating breakwaters and open pile work, shall be used whenever practicable.
- (2) Physical modeling, numerical models, or other information that demonstrates adequate water exchange and circulation may be required.

- (3) All navigation channels and breaches shall be maintained at or below marina depth to provide adequate fish passage.
- (4) Isolated breakwaters beyond the line of extreme low tide shall be constructed of permanent material. No slope restrictions apply.
- (5) The following provisions apply to marina construction shoreward of the existing ordinary high water line:
 - (a) A single entrance may be required.
- (b) The entire inner shoreline shall be in conformance with bulkheading provisions in WAC 220-110-280. Between the bulkhead toe and the 0-tide level the beach face shall be sloped a minimum of 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical.
- (6) The following provisions apply to marina construction waterward of the ordinary high water line:
- (a) The beach area inside the marina may be protected in accordance with bulkheading provisions in WAC 220-110-280. Between the elevation of the toe of the bulkhead and the 0-tide level the beach face shall not exceed a slope of 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical.
- (b) For a single entrance or breach marina, the breakwater structure shall not exceed a 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical slope inside and outside the marina.
- (c) The following provisions apply when a marina includes breaches that form shore breakwaters (jetties) and detached breakwaters:
- (i) The toe of the shore breakwaters (jetties) may extend seaward to the 0-foot tide level, but shall not extend seaward more than 250 feet from MHHW.
- (ii) The shore breakwaters shall have a minimum slope of 1.5 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical throughout.
- (iii) The breaches between the shore breakwaters and the detached breakwaters shall be not less than 20 feet in width measured at the toe of the slope.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080, 83-09-019 (Order 83-25), § 220-110-330, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-340 Informal appeal of adverse administrative decisions. Any person who has received a civil penalty notice of violation of any provision of RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103, any person who, upon proper application pursuant to RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103, is denied a requested hydraulic project approval, any person who wishes to contest a condition placed in a granted approval, or any person who is aggrieved by a hydraulic project approval or the conditions thereon issued pursuant to RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103 may initiate an informal agency review of any such decision by notifying a field representative of the department having jurisdiction over the project site. Upon the receipt of a request for informal agency review, the department having jurisdiction over the site shall coordinate a comprehensive review of the agency decision by the chief of the habitat management division whose ultimate decision shall be approved or disapproved by the director or designee. If, following this informal agency review process, any person still feels aggrieved by the agency decision, a formal appeal may be taken pursuant to WAC 220–110–350. All parties are encouraged to take advantage of this informal appeal process prior to initiating a formal appeal.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–340, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–340, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–340, filed 4/13/83.]

WAC 220-110-350 Formal appeal of adverse administrative decisions. (1) Any person issued a civil penalty pursuant to RCW 75.20.106 for being in violation of RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103, any person denied a hydraulic project approval requested pursuant to RCW 75.20.100, any person wishing to contest a condition placed in an approval granted pursuant to RCW 75.20-.100, or any person aggrieved by a hydraulic project approval or the conditions thereon issued pursuant to RCW 75.20.100 is entitled to an opportunity for hearing, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.04 RCW. To obtain a hearing, a written request must be filed with the department that issued or denied the approval or levied the civil penalty. The mailing addresses are: Department of Fisheries, Habitat Management Division, Room 115, General Administration Building, Olympia, WA 98504; Department of Game, Habitat Management Division, 600 North Capitol Way, Olympia, WA 98504. Requests must be received within thirty days from the date of denial of a hydraulic approval or issuance of an approval with contested conditions. Hearings are conducted pursuant to the Uniform Procedure Rules, chapter 1-08 WAC, unless modified in writing and by agreement of the parties. Ordinarily, it is expected that an aggrieved party seeking administrative review will waive the notice of hearing requirements provided by RCW 34.04.090(1) in order to provide an expeditious decision. An administrative law judge will hear all evidence; subsequently, proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, proposed order, and exceptions and replies thereto, and written argument, if any, shall be prepared and presented to the director, together with a tape of the contested case hearing, for final decision. All final decisions are appealable as provided by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.04 RCW. Administrative law judges will be provided by the office of administrative hearings.

(2) Any person denied a hydraulic project approval requested pursuant to RCW 75.20.103, any person wishing to contest a condition or modification of an approval granted pursuant to RCW 75.20.103, or any person aggrieved by a hydraulic project approval or the conditions thereon issued pursuant to RCW 75.20.103 is entitled to an opportunity for hearing before the hydraulic appeals board established in RCW 75.20.130 and outlined in chapter 259–04 WAC.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 87–15–086 (Order 87–48), § 220–110–350, filed 7/20/87. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.012, 75.08.080 and 75.20.100. 84–04–047 (Order 84–04), § 220–110–350, filed 1/30/84. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.20.100 and 75.08.080. 83–09–019 (Order 83–25), § 220–110–350, filed 4/13/83.]

Chapter 220–120 WAC STREAM OBSTRUCTION HEARINGS PROCEDURE

WAC	
220-120-010	Application.
220-120-020	Purpose.
220-120-030	Investigation and determination.
220-120-040	Contested determination.
220-120-050	Notice.
220-120-060	Venue.
220-120-070	Hearing procedure.
220-120-080	Rules of evidence.
220-120-090	Disposition of contested cases—Presentation of addi-
	tional evidence.
220-120-100	Appeals to the court—Notice and certification.

WAC 220-120-010 Application. In accordance with chapter 34.04 RCW, this chapter is applicable to and governs decisions by the director under RCW 75.20.060 and 75.20.061.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-010, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-020 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to provide for an administrative hearing after the department has alleged that an obstruction exists and has proposed a method for removing the obstruction. The hearing officer is directed to find all relevant facts, draw appropriate conclusions of law, and set forth an administrative decision in the form of a proposed order. This order shall set forth whether an obstruction within the meaning of these rules exists, and, if so, shall set forth means to insure free passage of fish. Such fish passage shall be accomplished by installation of a fishway or removal of the obstruction as provided for in RCW 75.20.060.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–01–020 (Order 84–217), $\$ 220–120–020, filed 12/10/84.]

- WAC 220-120-030 Investigation and determination. (1) Upon receiving a report of a violation of RCW 75-.20.060, the department shall investigate the alleged obstruction.
- (2) An "obstruction" is defined, for the purposes of RCW 75.20.060, as a dam or other obstacle in or across a waterway that denies free passage of fish at any time. An obstruction results from any of the following:
- (a) The inability of fish to expeditiously discover the entrance to a fishway or other device installed to assist their passage.
- (b) The inability of fish to freely pass through a fishway or other device provided to assist their passage.
- (c) The absence of a fishway or other device to assist the passage of fish.
- (3) If the department determines that an obstruction exists, a means for providing free passage of fish shall be proposed.
- (4) After the department determines that an obstruction exists and has proposed a means for providing fish passage, notice shall be served as set forth in WAC 220–120–050.

(5) No sooner than thirty days from first public notice a hearing shall be held as set forth in WAC 220-120-070.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-030, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-040 Contested determination. (1) Any person who wishes to contest the department's determination that an obstruction exists, to contest the means for providing fish passage proposed by the department, or to contest any matter related to the removal of the obstruction, shall do so at the administrative hearing provided for by this chapter.

(2) All contested facts and disputed points of law shall be made a matter of record at the administrative hearing.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-040, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-050 Notice. If an obstruction, as defined in WAC 220-120-030, is determined by the department to exist, notice of the existence of the alleged obstruction, the proposed means for providing fish passage, and notice of the date, time, and place of hearing required to be held under WAC 220-120-020 shall be served as follows:

- (1) To all persons with real property interest of record in the land upon which the alleged obstruction is located, notice shall be served in the manner of a summons and complaint in a civil proceeding or by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall contain the following:
- (a) A simple, plain statement of the existence of an obstruction and the department's proposed means for providing fish passage.
- (b) The general location of the obstruction and the legal description of the property upon which the obstruction exists.
- (c) A statement of the time, place, and nature of the hearing.
- (d) A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is being held.
- (e) The following statement: "Any person who wishes to contest whether an obstruction exists as above—described, the department's proposed means for providing fish passage, or any related matter may do so at the administrative hearing above scheduled. Any person desiring to testify or present any matters at the above hearing must notify the department in writing at least ten days prior to the hearing date. The written notice shall include the name and address of the party testifying or presenting material together with a short, plain statement of the matters that they intend to present. Written notice shall be delivered to the following address: Washington State Department of Fisheries, Habitat Management Division, 115 General Administration Building, Olympia, Washington, 98504."
- (2) Public notice shall also be required by publication of the sum and substance of the notice set forth in subsection (1) of this section at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the obstruction exists.

(3) Notice consisting of the sum and substance of the notice as set forth in subsection (1) of this section shall also be posted at the site of the obstruction.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–01–020 (Order 84–217), 220-120-050, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-060 Venue. The hearing shall be held in the county where the alleged obstruction exists or in Thurston County, as determined by the department.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-060, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-070 Hearing procedure. Unless otherwise set forth in this chapter, the hearing procedures set forth in chapter 1-08 WAC shall govern administrative hearing held under this chapter. Where no provision of chapter 1-08 WAC applies, the civil rules promulgated for use by the superior courts of the state of Washington shall govern.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-070, filed 12/10/84.]

- WAC 220-120-080 Rules of evidence. (1) Rulings. The hearings officer, on objection or sua sponte, shall exclude all irrelevant or unduly repetitious evidence. All rulings upon objections to the admissibility of evidence shall be made in accordance with the rules set forth in this chapter.
- (2) Objections and motions to strike. Objections to the admission or exclusion of evidence shall be in short form, stating the legal grounds of objection relied upon, and the hearing transcript shall not include extended argument or debate.
- (3) Tentative admission/exclusion—Discontinuance—Objections. When objection is made to admissibility of evidence, such evidence may be received subject to a later ruling. The hearings officer conducting the hearing may, either with or without objection, exclude inadmissable evidence or order cumulative evidence discontinued. The parties objecting to the introduction of evidence shall state the precise grounds of such objection at the time such evidence is offered.
- (4) Admissibility criteria. Subject to the other provisions of this chapter, all relevant evidence is admissible which, in the opinion of the officer conducting the hearing, is the best evidence reasonably obtainable, having due regard for its necessity, availability, and trustworthiness. In passing upon the admissibility of evidence, the officer conducting the hearing shall give consideration to, but shall not be bound to follow, the rules of evidence governing civil proceedings in matters not involving trial by jury in the superior courts of the state of Washington.
- (5) Material facts. In the absence of contraverting evidence, the hearings officer, upon request made before or during the hearing or in a proposed decision may officially notice:
- (a) Hearings proceedings. The pendency of, the issues and positions of the parties therein, and the disposition of any proceeding then pending before or theretofore

- concluded by the hearings officer with regard to the present or other alleged obstructions.
- (b) Business customs. General customs and practices followed in the transaction of business.
- (c) Notorious facts. Facts so generally and widely known to all well informed persons as not to be subject to reasonable dispute, or specific facts which are capable of immediate and accurate demonstration by resort to accessible sources of generally accepted authority, including but not exclusively, facts stated in any publication authorized or permitted by law to be made by any federal or state agency.
- (d) Requests or suggestions. Any party may request, or the hearings officer may suggest, that official notice be taken of a material fact, which shall be clearly and precisely stated orally on the record at any prehearing conference or oral hearing, or argument, or may make such request or suggestion by written notice, and pleading, motion, memorandum, or brief served upon all parties at any time prior to a final decision.
- (e) Statement. Where an initial or final decision of the hearings officer rests in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact, such fact shall be clearly and precisely stated in such decision. In determining whether to take official notice of material facts, the hearings officer may consult any source of pertinent information, whether or not furnished as it may be by any party, and whether or not admissible under the rules of evidence.
- (f) Controversy. Any party may contravert a request or a suggestion that official notice of a material fact be taken. The controversy must be raised at the time official notice is requested if the request is made orally. If the request is made in pleadings the controversy shall appear in response to the pleading, or in the brief or notice in which the request is made or suggested. If any decision is stated to rest in whole or in part upon official notice of a material fact which the parties have not had prior opportunity to contest, any party may contest such fact by appropriate exceptions if such notice is taken in an initial or intermediate decision or by petitioning for reconsideration if the notice of such fact be taken in a final report. Such contraversion shall concisely and clearly set forth the sources, authority, and other data relied upon to show the existence or nonexistence of the material fact assumed or denied in the decision.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85–01–020 (Order 84–217), 220-120-080, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-090 Disposition of contested cases—Presentation of additional evidence. (1) After the parties have rested, or upon review of the record, the hearings officer may on his own motion, or at the request of the department, reopen the hearing to take further testimony, evidence, or argument. Any such additional evidence, testimony, or argument shall be received subject to full opportunity for cross examination or rebuttal by all parties.

(2) The hearings officer shall provide copies of the findings of fact, conclusions of law, and proposed order to any person requesting a copy of same.

- (3) Within ten days after the hearings officer has issued his findings of fact, conclusions of law, and proposed order, any party may take written exception to them. Such exception shall be taken by delivering a written copy of such exception to the director.
- (4) No final decision shall be made until the director reviews all matters of record and all timely exceptions offered. The director may adopt the proposed order, modify the proposed order, or reopen the hearing for the purpose of taking additional evidence.
- (5) The director's final decision and order shall be the final decision of the department for purposes of judicial review.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-090, filed 12/10/84.]

WAC 220-120-100 Appeals to the court-Notice and certification. (1) Any person aggrieved by final decision of the director may institute a proceeding for review under RCW 34.04.130. The appealing party shall serve the hearings officer and all parties of record with a copy of the notice of appeal to superior court as provided in RCW 34.04.130.

(2) Within thirty days of the service of the petition for review upon the hearings officer, or within such further time as the court may allow, the hearings officer shall certify and transmit to the reviewing court the record of the proceedings as set forth in RCW 34.04.130(4).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-01-020 (Order 84-217), § 220-120-100, filed 12/10/84.]

Chapter 220–130 WAC VOLUNTEER COOPERATIVE FISHERIES ENHANCEMENT PROGRAMS

WAC

220-130-010 Purpose.

220-130-020 Definitions.

220-130-030 Proposal.

220-130-040 Review procedure.

220-130-060 Project termination.

220-130-070 Project recovery of reimbursable expenses.

WAC 220-130-010 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to establish the procedure for entering into a cooperative agreement between the department and volunteer groups pursuant to chapter 75.52 RCW to increase the food fish and shellfish resources of the state, to provide educational opportunity and improve communication between the department and the public. This procedure includes the method of application, review process, priority of distribution of available supplies and technical support, recovery of reimbursable expenses, and the method of revocation of the agreement and termination of the project, including grounds for such action.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.52.035. 89-03-015 (Order 89-02), § 220-130-010, filed 1/6/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-010, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-020 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) Project means a volunteer fisheries resource project.
- (2) Director's designee means the deputy director or the assistant director for resource management having departmental authority over the species being enhanced by the volunteer program.
- (3) Reimbursable expense means an actual expense of the volunteer cooperative project that may be reimbursed by the department to the project from funds generated by the sale of surplus salmon eggs and salmon carcasses from that project. Reimbursable expenses include but are not limited to: Fish food; hardware items; lumber; telephone; electricity; salary for hired labor; office supplies; mileage; insurance; fish culture supplies. Nonreimbursable expenses include purchases of items that have certificate of title or ownership, including but not limited to real estate and motor vehicles, or expenses for debt reduction.
- (4) Volunteer cooperative project surplus salmon eggs means those viable salmon eggs that are surplus to both the needs of all programs of the department and other public entities within the state and to the volunteer cooperative project itself. Use of viable eggs by the department and other public entities is the highest priority, and project use is second only to departmental and public entity use.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.52.035. 89-03-015 (Order 89-02), § 220-130-020, filed 1/6/89. Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-020, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-030 Proposal. (1) All proposals for volunteer fisheries resource projects shall be made in writing to the department on the department's application form and shall provide the following information:

- (a) Date of proposal.
- (b) Name of volunteer group or person proposing the project, including name, address and telephone number of contact person. The volunteer group shall immediately notify the department in writing of a change in contact person.
 - (c) Location and description of proposed project.
- (d) Annual dates of initiation and completion of project, or an indication that the project is ongoing throughout the year.
- (e) List of supplies, materials and technical assistance requested from the department and necessary for the completion or operation of the project.
- (2) Applications for projects to culture and release food fish and shellfish also must provide:
- (a) Number of eggs, larvae, juveniles or adult food fish or shellfish requested by species.
 - (b) The preferred stock.
 - (c) The method and type of culturing proposed.
- (d) The number of food fish or shellfish to be cultured.
 - (e) The date of release.
 - (f) Size at release.
 - (g) Release location(s).

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-030, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-040 Review procedure. (1) A written response will be mailed to the contact person within forty-five calendar days of receipt of the application. The response shall include notice if the application is incomplete and that additional information is required, or any identifiable conflicts with legally existing land, water, or property rights, or any identifiable and unacceptable biological or resource management conflicts, or any identifiable lack of supplies, labor, or expertise either biological or nonbiological, or financial resources necessary for project completion or operation. The department shall provide suggested modifications to the proposal which would increase its likelihood of approval together with the name and telephone number of a person in the department responsible for monitoring the review of the proposal, and a list of identifiable state and federal permits that will be required prior to implementation of the project. The list shall not be represented as all-inclusive. The department will identify the date by which a final acceptance or rejection of the proposal can be expected together with an explanation of why that date was selected and the process of further review to occur prior to that date.

- (2) During its review of the proposal, the department will coordinate with other agencies and Indian Tribes and assist in the preparation of and coordinate the review of any necessary hydraulic project application, shellfish import and transfer permit or live fish import and transfer permit or applicable requirements of the State Environmental Policy Act.
- (3) The department will exempt the volunteer group from payment of permit and license fees to the department for activities relating to the project.
- (4) The department will determine its ability to meet the requirements of a project for supplies, technical expertise and other assistance, both biological and nonbiological, by considering:
- (a) The project's consistency with department goals to preserve, protect and enhance the fishery resources of the state.
- (b) The ability to maximize the number of persons participating in or benefitting from the volunteer fisheries resource program.
- (c) The desire to maximize public awareness of the resource.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-040, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-050 Acceptance or rejection of proposal. (1) The terms and conditions for an acceptable project will be set forth in a written agreement between the department and the volunteer group and provide specifics for project implementation. Agreements may be for up to five years.

(2) If a proposal is rejected, the department must provide in writing to the volunteer group the reasons for

the rejection. The volunteer group may appeal any decision rejecting a proposal to the director or the director's designee.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-050, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-060 Project termination. (1) The department may revoke approval and terminate projects for cause. Grounds for termination include:

- (a) Violation of the agreement provisions.
- (b) Development of unacceptable biological or resource management conflicts during implementation of the project.
- (c) Unavailability of adequate resources of expertise necessary to complete the project.
- (2) Notice of approval revocation shall be mailed to the contact person for the volunteer cooperative, stating the reason for revocation and, should the reason be violation of the agreement provisions, specifying what agreement provisions were violated and how corrective action can be accomplished to continue with the project.
- (3) The volunteer cooperative may appeal any decision for agreement revocation or project termination to the director or the director's designee.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.08.080. 85-04-045 (Order 85-07), § 220-130-060, filed 2/1/85.]

WAC 220-130-070 Project recovery of reimbursable expenses. (1) In order for a project to recover reimbursable expenses, the project must have an annual budget presubmitted and approved by the department. The budget must generally show expected expenses, including the names of all persons expected to draw salaries as hired labor.

- (2) The department may sell the products of a project when they are available. The project may not sell products. Nonviable salmon eggs and salmon carcasses shall be sold under competitive bidding. Volunteer cooperative project surplus salmon eggs shall be sold as prescribed by chapter 220–74 WAC, Surplus salmon eggs.
- (3) All moneys received by the department from the sale of project products shall be placed into a special account used solely to fund the reimbursable expenses of that project.
- (4) The project shall annually submit a list of expenses, which will be reviewed by the director or his designee. The department may require actual receipts for items purchased and will require signed timesheets for hired labor salary expenses.
- (5) Reimbursable expenses shall be limited to the actual annual operating expenses of the project. No profit may be realized by the project, and no moneys shall apply to amortization or depreciation.
- (6) Moneys accruing in excess of the reimbursable expense amount, as determined by the director, shall annually be remitted to the state general fund.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 75.52.035. 89-03-015 (Order 89-02), § 220-130-070, filed 1/6/89.]

Chapter 220–140 WAC REGIONAL FISHERIES ENHANCEMENT GROUPS

WAC

220-140-001 Purpose. 220-140-010 Definitions.

220-140-020 Geographical regional fisheries enhancement groups.

220-140-030 Establishing a group.

WAC 220-140-001 Purpose. The purpose of this section is to establish regional fisheries enhancement groups, adopt procedures for the implementation of enhancement projects, and provide for accountability.

[Statutory Authority: 1989 c 426 and RCW 75.08.080. 90-04-026 (Order 90-06), § 220-140-001, filed 1/30/90, effective 3/2/90.]

WAC 220-140-010 Definitions. The following definitions apply to this chapter:

- (1) "Regional fisheries enhancement group" or "group" means a nonprofit association established in compliance with Title 24 RCW, representing diverse interests, and which will work together within a predesignated area for the express purpose of enhancing salmon production and habitat in that area.
- (2) "Enhancement project" means a project undertaken or overseen by a group, whether publicly or privately funded, the goal of which project is an increase in the salmon resource of the state. Enhancement projects include both salmon production and salmon habitat improvement.
- (3) "Regional enhancement task force" means persons, representing diverse interests, who have been designated by the department of fisheries to review the establishing of groups, to select among competing prospective groups, and to review start up enhancement project applications. Should the legislature authorize a regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board, the board shall take over the responsibilities of the task force.

[Statutory Authority: 1989 c 426 and RCW 75.08.080. 90-04-026 (Order 90-06), § 220-140-010, filed 1/30/90, effective 3/2/90.]

WAC 220-140-020 Geographical regional fisheries enhancement groups. The following geographical areas are designated as areas from which groups may be formed, and after being established as provided for in this chapter, such groups are eligible to make funding requests through the department. There shall be one group per region.

(1) Region 1: Nooksack/Samish
Marine Areas: 7, 7A, 7B, 7C, 7D
Watersheds: Those entering the above marine areas, including Bellingham Bay,
Samish Bay, and Padilla Bay. Major rivers include Nooksack and Samish.

(2) Region 2: Skagit Marine Areas: 6A, 8 Watersheds: Those entering Skagit Bay and Saratoga Passage south to East Point on Whidbey Island. The major watersheds are the Skagit River and its tributaries. (3) Region 3: Stillaguamish/Snohomish
Marine Areas: 8A, 8D
Watersheds: Those entering Port Susan,
Port Garner, and Possession Sound, also
Saratoga Passage south from Elger Bay.
Major rivers include Stillaguamish and
Snohomish and their tributaries.

(4) Region 4: Mid-Sound Marine Areas: 10, 10A-G, 11 Watersheds: Those entering Elliott Bay, Lake Washington, Lake Sammamish, East Passage, Colvos Passage, Sinclair Inlet, Dyes Inlet, Port Orchard, Port Madison. Major rivers include Cedar and Green.

(5) Region 5: South Sound Marine Areas: 13, 13A-K Watersheds: Those entering Carr Inlet, Commencement Bay, Henderson Bay, Case Inlet, Nisqually Reach, Henderson Inlet, Budd Inlet, Eld Inlet, Totten Inlet, Hammersley Inlet, and Oakland Bay. Major rivers include Puyallup, Nisqually, and Deschutes.

(6) Region 6: Hood Canal Marine Areas: 12, 12A-D Watersheds: Those entering Hood Canal, Dabob Bay, and Quilcene Bay. Major rivers include Skokomish, Hamma Hamma, Duckabush, Dosewallips, and Quilcene.

(7) Region 7: Strait of Juan de Fuca Marine Areas: 4B, 5, 6B, 6C and Area 9 north of Foulweather Bluff. Watersheds: Those entering Admiralty Inlet and the Straits of Juan de Fuca. Major rivers include the Dungeness, Elwha, Lyre, Pysht, Clallam, and Hoko.

(8) Region 8: North Coast
Watersheds: Those entering directly into the Pacific Ocean, including Ozette, Quillayute, Hoh, Queets, and Quinault.

(9) Region 9: Grays Harbor Watersheds: Those entering Grays Harbor, including Humptulips, Hoquiam, Wishkah, Chehalis, and Johns.

(10) Region 10: Willapa Bay Watershed: Those entering Willapa Bay, including North River, Willapa, Nemah, and Naselle.

(11) Region 11: Lower Columbia River
Watersheds: Those entering the Columbia
River below Bonneville Dam, including
Grays, Elochoman, Cowlitz, Kalama, Lewis,
and Washougal.

(12) Region 12: Mid-Columbia River
Watersheds: Those entering the Columbia
River above Bonneville Dam up to Chief
Joseph Dam. Major rivers include Little
White Salmon, White Salmon, Wind,
Yakima, Klickitat, Snake, Wenatchee,
Entiat, Methow, and Okanogan.

[Statutory Authority: 1989 c 426 and RCW 75.08.080. 90-04-026 (Order 90-06), § 220-140-020, filed 1/30/90, effective 3/2/90.]

- WAC 220-140-030 Establishing a group. (1) In order to establish a regional fisheries enhancement group, interested parties must make application through the department. In order to qualify to establish a group, interested parties must:
- (a) Identify which geographic region the interested parties live in.
 - (b) Identify the interested parties, including addresses.
- (c) Identify a representative who will work with the department on the initial application.
- (d) Agree to form a nonprofit corporation, registered with the secretary of state of the state of Washington.
- (e) Agree to periodic audits by the department, or its representative.
- (2) The department will provide coordination and technical assistance to facilitate the application by prospective groups to be fisheries regional enhancement groups. The department shall provide a format and guidelines which any prospective group may use to make initial application. An initial application will be reviewed by the regional enhancement task force within thirty days, and notice will be given in writing of any omissions or errors and corrective action will be discussed with the group representative. The prospective group will be given thirty days for correction and resubmission of the application.
- (3) The goal shall be one prospective group per region, and a department coordinator shall seek reconciliation of competing interests, but in the event two or more prospective groups make application, the department may request a representative of each group to meet with the regional enhancement task force and make a presentation addressing why that group should be the fisheries regional enhancement group for the region. The regional fisheries task force shall recommend to the director which group shall be selected as the regional fisheries enhancement group. The criteria to be considered when choosing from among competing groups shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Representation of diverse interests within the group.
- (b) The intentions of the group regarding salmon production, salmon habitat protection, and salmon habitat enhancement.
- (c) The inclusion of an educational component within the group's planning process.
- (d) Group plans to provide accountability for both salmon production and fiscal matters.
- (e) The expected level of voluntary contributions to and voluntary participation in group projects.

- (4) Upon selection of the prospective group, the department will provide guidance and assistance with the articles of incorporation and establishment as a 501 (C)(3) organization.
- (5) After approval as a group, incorporation, and initial 501 (C)(3) application, one—twelfth of the start up funds provided for in section 9, chapter 426, Laws of 1989, will be made available, as needed, to each group for start up costs, other than incorporation costs, or start up projects. Distribution of start up funds for start up costs or start up projects will be made by the director, based on review and recommendation by the regional enhancement task force. After January 1, 1991, uncommitted start up funds may be distributed by the director to established groups for start up projects, based on review and recommendation of the regional enhancement task force.

[Statutory Authority: 1989 c 426 and RCW 75.08.080. 90-04-026 (Order 90-06), § 220-140-030, filed 1/30/90, effective 3/2/90.]

[Title 220 WAC—p 156] (1990 Ed.)